

M.P.L.A.
UNIAO NACIONAL Para a INDEPENDENCIA
TOTAL DE ANGOLA.

UNITA.



KWACHA ----- ANGOLA.

HOW SALAZAR FIGHTS FOR THE REMAINS OF OCCIDENTAL CIVILISATION



Terror on 20.6.66. ON the border

FEAR AND death stalk the Angola border. Here, Times of Zambia photographer Ralph Krag-Olsen catches a group of Portuguese soldiers at Lingelengenda, four miles inside Angola. The picture was taken from a moving truck by telephoto lens after he was chased by soldiers.

In the top left of the picture (arrowed) is a machine-gun post. Yesterday, Portuguese planes bombed refugees fleeing to safety in Zambia, says a local missionary.

Over 1,000 refugees have crossed the border here during the past week. They brought tales of Portuguese atrocities, including the burning alive of the brother of Chief Taloshi, an influential chief who has taken refuge in Zambia.

As Portuguese patrol planes scan the bush for guerrillas

REFUGEES

KEEP

POURING

IN

By Martin Meredith

AS Portuguese planes scan the bush for guerrilla fighters and armed boats patrol the Zambezi, hundreds of refugees from Angola are crossing the border into one of the most inaccessible parts of Zambia.

The flat and sandy Kashi Plain, west of Balovale in the North-West Province, is harbour-

ing about 1,000 Angolans. More are seeking refuge in Zambia every day.

They are living in 10 improvised camps set up along the border. Some of the camps can only be reached after a two-day journey from Balovale along tracks across the open plain.

Chiefs

Among them are 17 chiefs from the Eastern Districts of Angola. Other chiefs are being held in detention by the Portuguese.

The exodus from Angola started after guerrilla fighters attacked Portuguese military posts in an area which has previously been left undisturbed by the African nationalists. The Portuguese retaliated.

According to one Angolan nationalist movement, MPLA (Movimento Popular de Libertacao de Angola) bridges linking Vila Luso, a district centre on the Benguela Railways, with the areas on the Zambian border, have been destroyed.

Another post harassed was at Lumbala on the Zambezi. Last month, the MPLA claim, 17 Portuguese soldiers were killed

when a patrol was ambushed by an MPLA group. Only one Angolan freedom fighter was killed in the skirmish.

But other reports say the flag of rebellion has been raised by a new nationalist party formed in the Eastern Districts of Angola. Named UNITA, it is reported to be led by a Dr. Sautimbi, who is a former Minister of Foreign Affairs-in-exile of the Union of the Peoples of Angola.

A number of freedom fighters who left Angola with the refugees, have been told by the Zambian authorities to go back to Angola. While remaining sympathetic, the Government is concerned that Zambia is not used as a base for attacks on neighbouring countries.

THE TRUTH IS
REVOLUTIONARY
AND
THE PEOPLE ARE
THE ONLY FORCE
TO MAKE HISTORY

KWACHA-ANGOLA No 2

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THE UNITA PURSUES ITS EFFORTS OF ORGANISING A POPULAR ARMED STRUGGLE
IN ANGOLA.

We recall that the National Union for the Total Independence of Angola (UNITA) was formed in NUANGAI, Angola in March 1966. The major aim of our party is to organise an armed struggle as the only alternative to get Independence for our beloved country Angola.

The orientation of our party is clearly Anti-colonialism and Anti-imperialism.

PORTUGUESE COLONIALISM: Portugal alone would be incapable to cope with the armed struggle for self determination now waged by the nationalists in Angola, Mocambique and in Portuguese Guinea had she not benefit from the massive material support from the U.S.A., Britain, West Germany, Belgium, France and other western countries. It is understood that U.S.A. is purchasing coffee and other exports from Angola and Cape Verde at the rate of over 57,000,000 dollars per year.

Britain, a NATO member and protector of Portugal itself and its so-called overseas provinces, owns the diamond mines under the auspices of the Tanganyika Concessions registered in London and Rhodesia. They also own the Benguela Railway.

Mr. Alfred Krupp very well known West German industrialist, said in Luanda in November 1965 that "for the time being I am only interested in the export of minerals from the Cassinga region of Angola".

We know how vast the amount of money that Krupp has already put in the project of Cuima. The Cassinga project then, is another further step forward for Krupp to control the iron product of our country.

France has engaged Pechiney Company so deep in Angola's economy that French counter-guerrilla experts are fighting the "lost war" in Angola to-day.

Dr. Salazar the dictator of Portugal and arch colonialist admitted in his new year message to the nation, without shame, that his colonial power is the oldest and he has never thought of giving it up. He went on: "We are also fighting for the remains of occidental civilisation which we brought to Africa and the orient 500 years ago". The only two truths that the sentence contains are:

- (1) That the occident is really engaged on the side of Portugal to suppress the will of freedom of our people.
- (2) That Portugal is the oldest colonial power.



HE WATCHED BOMBS FROM SICK BED

The head of Chivuma mission on Zambia's border with Angola, Mr. Ben Her, rests his injured back in bed. Yesterday he watched distant puffs of smoke from his window.

The smoke came from bombs dropped by NATO-supplied Portuguese planes on refugees fleeing from reprisals by troops and, apparently, by an extremist Angolan party in rebellion against the Colonial Government UNITA.

Mr. Her said that between 800 and 1,000 refugees had crossed into Zambia 20 miles west of Chivuma during the past week. He described their feelings as "bewildered."

Last week, he saw a machine-gun post hurriedly installed at the border town of Lingelengenda. Among the refugees were chiefs warned by prominent local chief Taloshi, who works for the Christian Mission of Many Lands.

Chief Taloshi heard over the radio that he was to be arrested as a hostage against further uprisings in the area. He warned other chiefs. They fled with their people, but some were captured before they could reach Zambian soil.



Two branch chairmen of UNITA in Angola now refugees in Zambia. With them is the UNITA organiser Poison Muyenga



Refugees arriving in Zambia. They are being welcomed by other UNITA refugee members already in Zambia

Referring to Portugal's wars against nationalists in Angola, Mocambique and Portuguese Guinea, Salazar added: "the path is traced, and it cannot, because it must not be exchanged for another one".

This path is the killing of thousands of our innocent people; it is the strafing and bombing of villages of peace loving people; it is indeed the abducting of thousands of Angolan women; it is the mass arrests of workers, peasants and revolutionary intellectuals in Angola; in one word Salazar's path is a criminal war, a reactionary violence, a fascist repression of Angolan people.

When the **anxious eyes** of millions of Angolans turn to the world organisations like UNO as the only hope to their long suffering they are faced with this reality: "The fact that African states could muster only four votes in the security council for a boycott of all Portuguese imports and exports is seen as an indication that economic sanctions as a punitive measure against member states is out as far as the world body is concerned".

We would like to remind public opinion that imports of Portugal includes, weapons that Portugal herself cannot manufacture. Besides the weapons from NATO that Portugal is completely sure about, because of U.S.A policy to secure the use of Azores Islands (in a nuclear weapon and missile era) Salazar won a "boycott" on his imports including weapons.

THE ALTERNATIVE. What alternative then is left to us? Only an armed struggle as the unique means to get our Independence.

UNITA has then embarked on the people mass organisation as the first step towards a general resistance against Portuguese colonialism. UNITA's philosophy on armed struggle is very simple:-

- (1) We believe in the political education of the exploited masses. The first and fore-most thing to do is to educate the people. The Angolan people have to know WHO the enemy is.
- (2) UNITA believes that only when the education of the oppressed people of Angola is correctly completed that active resistance starts. Without the conscious support of the people there cannot be an armed struggle.
- (3) We also believe that the struggle for Angolan Independence will be long and cruel. Therefore we cannot acclaim small victories because we believe that big victories and big defeats still lie ahead of us.
- (4) False war communiques made to mislead international opinion set as baits for more money from foreign countries, are not part of our strategy.
- (5) The education and the organisation for a popular armed struggle of the masses at home are the direct actions that UNITA level seriously against portuguese colonialism.
- (6) UNITA is strengthening its organisations in the following provinces:- Moxico, Iunda, Bie and Cuando-Cubango. The areas where the education of the masses is completed, mass resistance starts. Bridges of Lunguevungu river and Iuena river are all destroyed. This is the only way to stop the colonial soldiers to reach our defenceless population.



Chairman of the Women's Brigade of UNITA in Angola is pictured in Zambia with the President of UNITA. She asked her President: "You have started the struggle and when will Angola be free?"



Some of the Angolan refugees, members of UNITA in Zambia

On 26th April, 1966 a group of 30 portuguese soldiers, attacked our UNITA forces in Moxico Province. In a pitched battle portuguese soldiers had several casualties, of UNITA forces we have to deplore only one young brave activist wounded Zuze Chayiada.

On 11th May 1966 UNITA forces resisted the fascist soldiers who came to our already organised villages along Lungue-bungu river to abduct Angolan women and to steal cattle. On the 21st May 1966, portuguese soldiers invaded the villages in Lumbala area to arrest the chiefs of the villages because of their participation in UNITA activities. The UNITA forces succeeded to repel the aggressors. The portuguese air force stated then to bomb and strafe the area from dawn till dusk.

From these savage killings by the portuguese colonial air force, resulted the thousands of Angolans who fled the country into Zambia.

On the 9th June, 1966 the President of UNITA Dr. Jonas Savimbi on request of the Government of Zambia flew to the areas where the refugees are provisionally kept. The party which flew to the Angolan border included officials from the President's office, ministry of Home affairs, the High Commissioner for refugees of UNO and officials of Local Government of the District.

In a message to Angolan refugees H.E. the President of Zambia Dr. Kaunda welcomed them into Zambia soil.

Speaking to the refugees the President of UNITA stressed that UNITA took the responsibility of liberating Angola. That as long as Portuguese domination still prevails in Angola our beloved country is not free. The pictures published in this number show the leaders of UNITA talking to the refugees.

UNITY OF ANGOLAN LIBERATORY MOVEMENT UNITA will pursue its efforts to bring together genuine Angolan Nationalist Movements in order to speed up the Independence of our motherland.

We are still awaiting the reply from F.N.L.A. to our repeated calls for Unity talks. Any other Angolan movement which believes that Unity is strength will meet from UNITA's side understanding and sincere co-operation.

UNITA believes that the important political element which will serve as a base for co-operation among United Angolan Political movements is: (i) A clear anti-colonial attitude.

- (ii) The common method of struggle. Other political elements will merge together during the long struggle for National Independence.

CONCLUSION. We repeat that we are quite aware of all difficulties that lie ahead of us but, we do not fear the Portuguese arms for we proved that we are capable to establish ourselves in the interior of the country nor are we afraid of the arms of those running lackeys of the portuguese colonialists. On the other hand we are too much aware of merchandised support of foreign countries.

We believe in the principle of self reliance. Nobody can win a war without taking a risk because in a war when one is too sure about it, it is then too late.

OTHER NEWS. The Central Committee of UNITA received messages of support from inside Angola, as well as from Katanga and all over Zambia. We continue getting messages of support from our students in Tanzania, Switzerland and U.S.A.

UNITA will not fail to organise the popular armed struggle for the Total Independence of our motherland.

J

MOTHERLAND UNITY FREEDOM.

(PATRIA UNIDADE LIBERDADE)

Lusaka June, 1966.

ARQUIVO L. LARA



The President of UNITA Dr Jonas Savimbi with his members Angolan refugees in Zambia



Mr Solomon Njolomba, organising-secretary of UNITA with some of the refugees

THE EFFECTIVE SOLIDARITY WITH THE STRUGGLING PEOPLE
OF ZIMBABWE.

Portugal, South Africa, Rhodesia, Britain, U.S. America Belgium etc., are deeply engaged in a rapid exploitation of known reserves of petrol in Angola. The major aim of this hustle and bustle is to beat the possible embargoes by the traditional oil supplying countries on recommendations by International bodies such United Nations' Organisation.

The South African Financial Gazette of June 17th, 1966 said: " For in the Angola oil-fields the problem is not one of exploration - only 1/2 million pounds is to be devoted to this purpose- but the more rapid exploitation of known reserves. Such faster development will provide a clear margin of protection for Southern Africa and particularly Rhodesia against embargoes and threatened embargoes by the traditional oil supplying countries. Estimated total consumption of oil and petrol by South Africa, Rhodesia, Mozambique and Angola today stands at 8.5 million tons a year. With half of that demand met by a member country of the Southern Africa Economic groups, no one member can be made a football in the International political arena".

It is why in UNITA we believe that the fascist front of Salazar-Verwoerd-Smith and their allies can only be faced with a UNITED FRONT from African Liberatory Movements supported by African States in a joint action.

The fact that Salazar insist to remain the only colonial power in Africa is very known to the World. The fact that South Africa, Britain, Belgium and U.S. America are bringing more investments in Angola proves beyond doubt that these countries are deliberately looking for a pretext to supply more arms to Portugal to defend their monies. We remind them that these arms to protect their monies, are used to kill innocent people.

The Gazette went on: "Portuguese oil experts believe that the Angolan fields will become by far the largest South of the Sahara and that they may well represent one of the World's largest oil strikes this decade".

The challenge that African Liberatory Movements and African States have to take up is whether they will defeat the Imperialist designs of the Satanic Alliance (Salazar-Smith-Verwoerd) or are they to surrender. UNITA has already taken a clear stand by joining in action those forces in Zimbabwe and Mozambique, that are defying the Imperialist Trio.