

Per Year . . . \$1.00
Six Months . . . 50 Cents
Three Months, 25 Cents

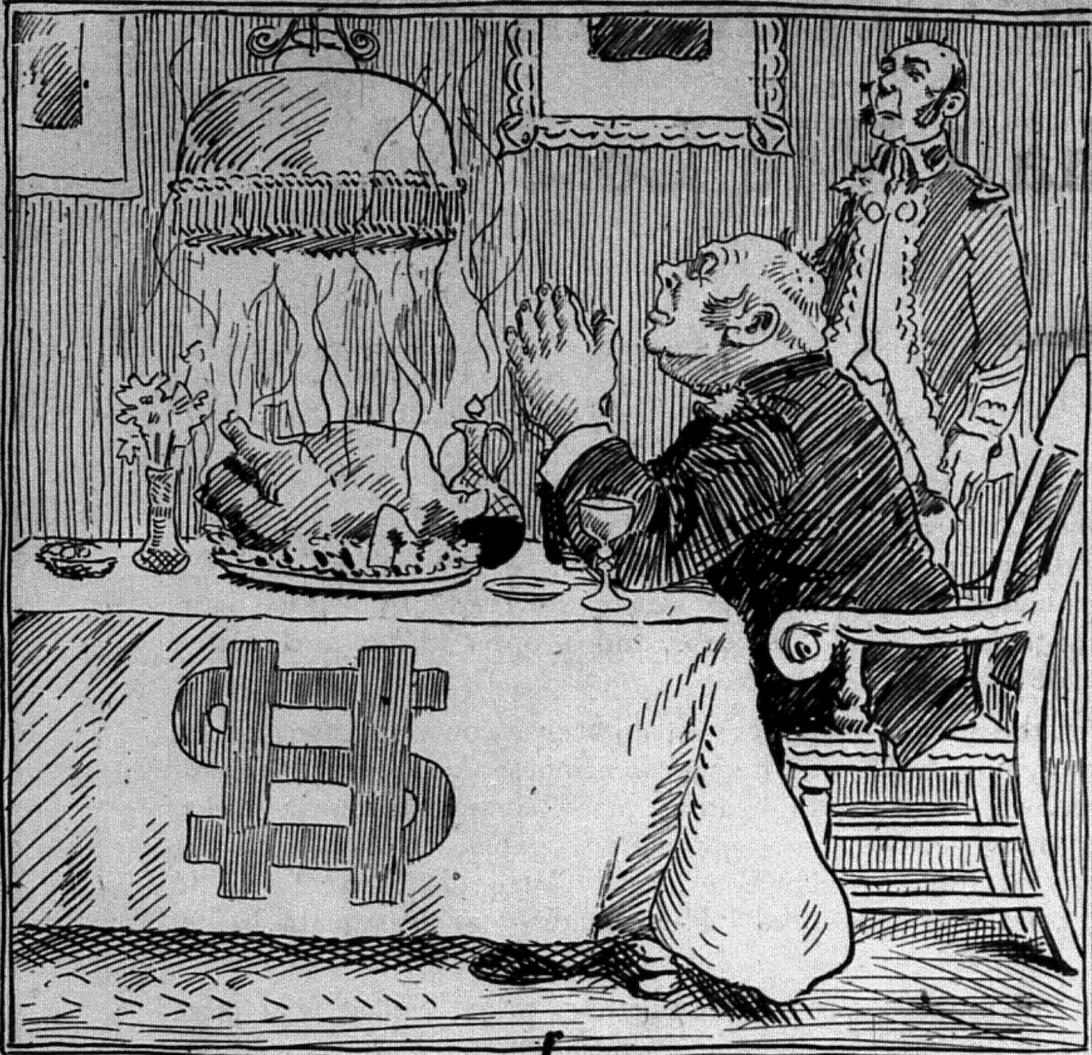
The Socialist

To Organize the Slaves
of Capital to Vote Their
Own Emancipation

Eighth Year--No. 357

Seattle, Washington, Saturday, December 17, 1907

Price Five Cents



"I was an hungered and ye gave me meat."

MASS TRIAL

Individual Rights Abolished -- DeBruler and Gordon Introduce New Court Custom In Seattle--Individual Trials Out of Date--Capital No Longer Concerned with Individual.

The city court in Seattle has gone to the limit. Hoboes and Socialists are now put on trial in masses. It takes too much time to give individuals separate trials and costs too much money!

And what's the use, anyhow? When the decision is made up beforehand, why not deliver it in a business-like manner? Why go through mere forms of law, why pretend to keep up the face of "Individual Rights," when everybody knows there is no such thing ever thought of in a Police Court?

Still, it came as a shock even to well seasoned lawyers, long accustomed to police court procedure.

Forty Socialists were lined up. The city attorney began to read off the names that each one might plead "Guilty," or "Not Guilty," in the way the common law of centuries has taught us, in the way won from autocrats by a thousand years of feald struggle.

But it was too tedious.

"They all plead not guilty, your Honor. Call Officer Humphreys."

In 10 minutes it was all over. Two officers testified the whole forty men were "obstructing the street." Two out of the forty were called and denied obstructing the street, one of them protesting, and demanding a separate trial.

The judge fined them all \$25 apiece and ordered them taken back to jail.

One of the forty made a "scene," insisted to the judge he be given an individual trial, denounced the whole proceeding and refused to move.

The city attorney snarled at him: "You miserable whelp," and the judge directed the bailiff and officers to clear the room.

That's a quick way to put a thousand dollars into the city treasury and to get rid of forty old-fashioned trials without expense to the taxpayers.

Forty trials in ten minutes! That beats the record, one-quarter of a minute to a man. If that is not business, what is?

The effete East, even London, Berlin and St. Petersburg, must take lessons of Seattle, with its Gordon and DeBruler, and it's all right. Capital no longer keeps up the old forms of "Justice" in the police courts.

Why should it? The police court has abolished jury trials. The judge renders the verdict and the prisoner must "appeal," if he wants an old-fashioned "trial by jury." An appeal takes an attorney and bonds. That means property.

But police court prisoners have no property. They are Proletarians. Therefore they have no "rights."

"Individual trial," "trial by jury," the "rights of men," Liberty and Equality--all these old-fashioned things were bourgeois for the bourgeois. When the Bourgeois deals

with the Proletarian, as Capital does with Labor in cities, all these antiquated notions are out of place.

Why, then, keep up the farce? De Bruler and Gordon don't keep it up. They act candidly. They abolish individual trial and substitute mass trial.

In the mines and factories and railroads, wage workers are no longer known by name. They are numbered. Individuality is lost. The mass of workers becomes the unit.

In masses Capital blows up wage workers in its mines. In masses it condemns wage workers in its courts.

Very well, ye Capitalist masters. But remember also that in the mass the Proletarian is learning to act as one, and that his mass vastly outnumber your mass. And remember too, that the Proletarian is not so great a fool as you think he is, nor as he once was.

The Week's Fight

Monday night, December 16, as advertised in last week's issue of "The Socialist," at the suggestion of the Finnish Comrades in Seattle, a great meeting of the unemployed was held on Pike Place, an unused spot just off two main thoroughfares.

About five thousand people gathered in a peaceable manner, nearly filling the whole place. Police officers were there in large numbers and proceeded to drive the people off Pike Place and upon First Avenue where the cars run. The crowd was still good-natured, though surprised. While this expulsion of the crowd was going on, some forty comrades and others were arrested the moment they attempted to speak on the box. The crowd cheered every speaker to the echo. At last the great audience was gathered a block long on First Avenue, extending even across to Pike street, PLACED THERE BY THE PO-

LICE, who drove them away from the unused Pike place and prevented them from returning by a strong cordon of officers extending entirely across the intersection of First Avenue and Pike Place.

At this point, Dr. Titus climbed on the one-story market building by a ladder from the rear, pulling the ladder after him. At this moment, when it seemed the police had complete control of the situation, Titus appeared on the building above the crowd and addressed them for ten minutes before the police found a way to reach him from an adjoining building. The crowd cheered wildly.

From this time on, a dozen or more speakers succeeded in attempting to speak on Pike Place, but were all arrested. The city jail was packed with the Socialist prisoners. All were placed in two cells and slept on the stone floors, all except Titus, who was singled out from the rest and placed in the steel cage next the outdoor opening, where there is no heat whatever. Sladden led a few others to go with Titus and the jailer permitted them. It was a frozen night for those in that tank, especially for the Lett, Krumin, who had not even an overcoat.

Titus was kept in the steel tank three days and nights, the last 24 hours alone, denied even blankets, obliged to sleep on the iron slab. Sladden was also selected for special punishment in the steel cage. But not one of the comrades flinched. The Finnish comrades in particular were always smiling and determined.

The first thing after their Mass trial and sentence, referred to elsewhere, as soon as they were marched down into cell No. 9, they organized with Downie for chairman and immediately voted "to pay no fines."

Next they decided unanimously to refuse to go on the chain gang. This was after full discussion in both English and Finnish, translated to all.

Up in the County Jail, where the city boards its chain gangs, all the comrades except Titus, who was left in the cell, awaited their turn. When they smilingly refused, Guard Roberts growled an order to put them in the Black Hole. But this held only nine of them. So all the thirty odd were marched into the "South tank," a cold place of steel, stripped of all furniture to make it as nearly a Black Hole as possible.

Then came the indignation of the public, Judge Gordon's rapid retreat and another victory.

tried separately, many cases being different, some having been arrested for clapping hands, some for cheering, some for addressing the audience, all cases were tried as one, though separate trials were demanded, and all persons arrested were convicted, together, being fined \$25.00 in each case.

Recognizing that we cannot expect fairness of Mayor Moore or those depending on him for jobs, we, the persons arrested Monday night issue the following declarations at a meeting held in cell No. 9 of the city jail: That--

1. We have been convicted without a trial.
2. We are not guilty of obstructing Pike Place, nor breaking the law in any respect, therefore, we refuse to pay the fines unjustly imposed upon us.
3. We positively disapprove of convict labor, therefore we refuse to go to work on Seattle's chain gang. We demand now and shall continue to demand, the abolition of the chain gang and that the work now being done by the chain gang, be done by free labor. The unemployed in Seattle number thousands.
4. We believe the chain gang a reversion to the barbarous practices of the Middle Ages, a form of inhuman cruelty unsurpassed anywhere, and that Seattle which considers itself at the apex of present day civilization should continue to tolerate such a damnable and infamous iniquity is almost unbelievable.

THE GOOD OLD U. S. A.
(By Abe Herschin.)

Paule and lock-out,
Black list and strike,
Boycott, injunction,
Bums on the pike,
"Confidence"--No cash,
Lemon-house check,
This star-spangled country
Is prosperous, by heck!
Laid off's the portion
Of thousands of slaves;
A chronic ten million
Near potter's field graves,
"Rigorous punishment
Of scoundrelly men,"
Is T. R.'s bold message;
Gee, great is the pen!
"Words only good
When backed up by deeds;"
The Strenuous Apostle
Is there with the screeds,
Scandals in high life,
Pup dinners, too;
Behave yourself, wage-stiff,
Whatnell's it to you?
Stay in the station
God's given you;
He knows what is best
For your dear boss to do.
Pray for a good time
In the life that's to come
And we will take care
Of the strife-breeding scum.
Please don't disturb
Our omnipotent right
By joining a union.
(It costs money to fight.)
We are vice-regents
Of Jehovah the Great,
Who's entrusted matters
Pertaining to State
And business interests
To Christ's gentlemen;
Eight hours? HELL, NO, TEN!

"The Socialist" has gained of late in its number of Seattle advertisements. We make especial request of all our readers in this city to notice who they are, to call on them and buy of them whatever you have to buy in their lines. Provided, of course they have what you want at as reasonable rates as you can get it elsewhere.

Refuse to Work

The following was the official refusal of our boys to go on the chain gang:

To whom it may concern and To William Hickman Moore and Chief of Police of Seattle:

A statement to you from all Socialists and others arrested on Pike Place Monday night, December 16th, 1907.

1. The people of Seattle know that Mayor Moore allows street speaking on University Street, between Second and Third Avenue in the very center of the district where traffic is exceptionally heavy.
2. A meeting of Seattle's unemployed was called for Monday night at Pike Place, which was largely attended and although no travel or traffic was obstructed or inconvenienced, forty persons, including one woman were arrested for trying to address and otherwise support a peaceable and very orderly meeting of the unemployed.
3. After being in jail all night, these forty persons were brought before Justice Gordon and without consent of the prisoners, and in spite of the fact that every case should have been

Egan Hall, Arcade Building, Second Avenue, is the gathering place of a thousand or more workers every Sunday night. The reason? A fine hall, the best music, and Revolutionary Socialism.



ROME 65 A.D.



THE INQUISITION 1480 A.D.



SALEM FESTIVITIES 1692 A.D.



SEATTLE 1907 A.D.

First presentation in Seattle of BERNARD SHAW'S
brilliant satirical comedy

CANDIDA

With an excellent cast, special scenery and stage effects

EGAN ARCADE HALL

Tuesday, Dec. 17 - - Wed., Dec. 18

Performances begin 8:30 p. m.—Prices \$1, 75c and 50c

Pike Street

Drugs Help Us and We'll Help You **Drugs**

Give us your trade, we will treat you right
Both Phones, 982 - - Free Delivery

Swift's Pharmacy

Second Avenue and Pike Street - - Seattle, Wash.

The Enterprise Hardware Company

THE TOOL HOUSE

HARDWARE PLUMBING TINNING PAINTING

We Guarantee Every Tool We Sell

Phones: Main 4702, Ind. 2974

409 PIKE STREET



THE RELIABLE FUR STORE

H. Oswald, Practical Furrier

ALL GOODS MADE IN SEATTLE

As I am forced to move on account of rebuilding, I will close out my entire stock of ready made furs at 10 per cent discount. A complete line of everything made in furs, including Jackets, Mitts, Caps, Stolas and all kinds of fancy neck pieces. A full line of Alaska Furs. There is nothing as acceptable or more appreciated as a Christmas gift than well-made furs. Goods made to order.

717 PIKE STREET

PHONE, MAIN 3473

Union Bakery and Restaurant

GOOD THINGS TO EAT

217 Pike St.

Both Phones Main 880

Pike Street Furniture Company

Ramsey & Moody, Proprietors

Want to build up a good business. They believe they can do it by selling Furniture, Carpets, Stoves and Ranges, at a fair price and paying the worth of second hand goods.

TRY THEM

Main 6586

600 PIKE

Ind. 2831

THE PIKE STREET PHARMACY

Complete Stock of New Drugs—Prescriptions Carefully Compounded—Full Line of Christmas Novelties—See Our Prices First

419 PIKE STREET

419 PIKE STREET

Abbott Barber Shop and Baths

Everything First Class

B. H. KAST, Prop. 303 PIKE ST.

Main 6260 Suits to Order

W. M. Young
TAILOR

Repairing, Cleaning and Pressing
1107 Pike St., Seattle, Wash.

SHOES

OF EXTRA VALUE

Raymond & Hoyt

405 Pike St.

The Bell

Clothing, Hats and Furnishings at Popular Prices.

216 PIKE

A. A. Patterson A. L. Patterson

Patterson's Cafe
OPEN ALL NIGHT

309 Pike Street Phone, Ind. 4871

Phones: Main 3404; Independent 39

Murphy Wine & Liquor Co.
Wholesale and Retail Liquor Dealers

Family Trade a Specialty.
308-310 Pike St. Seattle, Wash.

G. JOHNSON

All Kinds Soft Drinks
Dealer in Fine Confectionery, Stationery, Cigars and Tobacco.
618 PIKE STREET

Phones: Ind. 4661; Sunset, Main 1231

Waldorf Market

Fresh and Salt Meats and Poultry
Satisfaction Guaranteed.
714 PIKE STREET

Fremont



PHONES: North 1198—Green 46.

THOMAS W. LOUGH, PHARMACIST

Complete Line of Drugs and Sundries

North End Agent for Edison Phonographs and Records.
Our Policy: "Live and Let Live."

Fremont Drug Co., 3401 Fremont Avenue.

Edward Robinson and Sons

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

BOOTS AND SHOES

622 EWING ST., Bet. Fremont and Evanston Aves. FREMONT.

B. F. Easterbrooks, Pres.

W. L. May, Sec. and Treas.

Fremont Hardware Company

HARDWARE, CUTLERY AND STOVES, TIN AND ENAMELED WARE
PAINTS, OILS AND GLASS

Phones: Sunset N. 155, Ind. Green 467.

3411-13 Fremont Avenue

FRESH AND SALT MEATS

Butter, Eggs, Vegetables and all Kinds of Farm Products at Reasonable Prices

O. F. Murphy,

Corner Forty-third and Sixth Avenue Northwest.

I Carry the Latest Patterns of Wall-paper in Stock.

J. W. Dilsaver

PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER

621 Blewett St. Phone, North 788.

Phones: North 734, White 464.

Cash or Credit.

Fremont Furniture Company

Grow and Hansberry,

COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS

Special Prices on Ladies' and Children's Trimmed Hats.

623 Blewett St., Fremont.

3417 Fremont Avenue.

Seattle.

An Opportunity! Shall We Lose It?

Seattle, December 20th, 1907.

Dear Comrade:

The "Daily News" of this city, which for four years made a gallant effort to survive, discontinued publication some three months ago and the plant went into the hands of a receiver to satisfy the creditors. The plant must be sold within the next couple of weeks, and in order to get quick action the receiver has made us a very low price.

The part of the plant which we want to secure contains a web press, complete with stereotyping outfit, a 15-horsepower motor, a saw trimmer and shaver, a 15-horsepower boiler with heating plant, stones, cabinets, racks, galleys, type—everything needed to get out a daily paper, in fact, with the exception of linotype machines, which have already been disposed of. The press is capable of printing a paper like "The Socialist" at the rate of 10,000 per hour.

We believe this is the opportunity of our lives to get a plant at a price that could not possibly be approached at any other than panic times and we don't like to let the chance go by.

"The Socialist" must be independent of the capitalist class in every way possible. The Free Speech Fight in Seattle demonstrates to what length they will go to get rid of undesirable Socialists. A great effort is being made to close the streets to us. If that succeeds, we will next be shut out of the halls, as has already occurred a couple of times in Seattle. With both those avenues closed, there is only one way in which the propaganda work can be carried on—through the Socialist press. The press is the last resort, and we must do everything possible to make it secure. Even now it is the best instrument we have.

With such a plant as we have in view, we could load it on a scow, if we were shut out of the halls and buildings of the city, and publish our paper on the waters of Puget Sound, which, up-to-date, are free. With such a plant, "The Socialist" need never fear for the future. We could always issue the paper and do it quickly and well. If, at some future time, say in a year or two, the movement in Seattle is ready for a daily, we can establish it with but little additional cost. All we will have to add to the plant as at present constituted is a linotype machine and we can issue a daily.

What do you say to it, comrades? It will take about \$1,000.00 to make the first payment on the plant and buy such supplies as we will need at the start. What can you do to help raise this amount? There are many ways. You may donate what you can. You may buy stock. Or, if you have any large part of this amount, we will give you the plant as security, borrow the amount from you, and give you as good interest as you can secure in any other way.

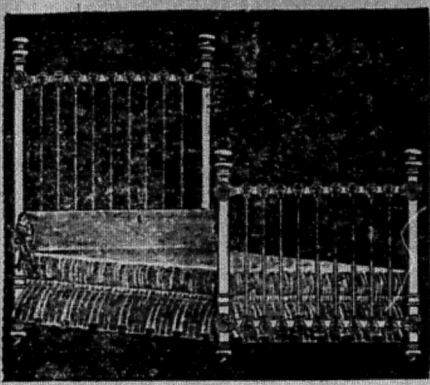
Let us hear from you immediately. We must give our answer before the first of the year. Will you let this opportunity go by and lose the best chance "The Socialist" has ever had to get the plant it has needed for many years to properly do its work for the Socialist movement?

Yours for Revolution,

MANAGER.

Answer Now

Ballard



H. C. Bohlke
 Successor to
BOHLKE & CHRISTENSEN
 The leading furniture store of Ballard. The most complete line of furniture, carpets, stoves, ranges, cooking utensils and wall paper in this part of Greater Seattle. We know we can save you money on heaters, linoleum, and, in fact, anything in our line. For **CHRISTMAS** trade we have a fine line of rockers, centre tables, couches, rugs, book cases, music stands, ladies' desks, Morris chairs, etc., any of which makes a useful present. Come in and get acquainted and get our prices before buying.
H. C. BOHLKE
 The Glass Bldg.,
 Cor. 3rd and Broadway
BALLARD

CITY MARKET
 F. E. Fanslau, Proprietor
FRESH AND CURED MEATS AND POULTRY
 272 Ballard Ave. Ballard

Chas. G. Ingalls
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER
 Dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silverware. Fine Watch Repairing. Jewelry Made to Order.
 Phone, Ballard 69.
 5223 Ballard Ave., Ballard
 P. O. Building, Fremont

When in want of anything in the drug line, give us a call—If we please you tell others; if not, tell us. Our experience of 23 years in the drug business at your service, day or night. We have a fine line of Christmas goods for your inspection.

A. M. PRESTON, Pioneer Pharmacist
 5311 BALLARD AVE., BALLARD

THE EVERGREEN GROCERY
 Peterson & Jensen, Proprietors.
STAPLE & FANCY GROCERIES
 Fruit, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Vegetables, Hay, Grain and Bran.
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1-2 1-2
 Every Garment in this Great Sale Bears the Union Label—A Guarantee of Genuine Worth
THE HUB
 Opposite the Totem Pole
On the Square and On the Square

WALLIN & NORDSTROM
 Well Known Shoe Dealers
 New Location Arcade Building, 1327 Second Avenue.

Good Health Assured If You Eat At The
Vegetarian Cafe
 214 UNION ST. SEATTLE

Star Paint and Wall Paper Company
LATEST AND MOST POPULAR PAPER HANGINGS.
 Distributors of Sherwin Williams Celebrated Paints
 1303 SECOND AVENUE SEATTLE, WASH.

Calhoun, Denny & Ewing
 Insurance and Real Estate
 ALASKA BUILDING SEATTLE

Egan Hall
Sunday Night
Good Music
Be There

A. HERPICK
 Cigars, Tobacco, Stationery and Confectionery
 Try my Washington Belle 5c Cigars, made here in the shop. Cigars wholesale and retail.
 300 W. Forty-First St., SEATTLE

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General Merchandise
 A full line of Staple and Fancy Groceries. We buy in carload lots, enabling us to sell below our competitors on goods that are not listed. We invite your inspection of our Meat Department at any time. Our new department includes Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Rubber Boots, Men's Gloves, Toilet Articles, Notions, Etc. And owing to a delayed shipment of Underwear we are selling at a big reduction. A fine line of Confectionery and Stationery. Hardware, Paints, Oils, Hay and Grain, Etc. We are agents for Miller's Keyless Locks. All goods not paid for will be sent C. O. D.
SPECIAL ATTENTION TO PHONE ORDERS.
 Cash Only and Out Prices
 3326-28-30 Third Ave. W.

W. V. Keeler E. C. Keeler
KEELER & CO.
 Plumbers, Gas Fitters
 All Makes of Gas Lamps and Repairs, Mantles, Etc.
 No. 828 Yeaser Way

The Frisco Lunch
 Fried Chicken, Coney Island Sandwich, Etc., Etc.
 125 Second Avenue S.

THE PEOPLE'S SHOE CO.
 Sole agents for the celebrated Ladies' Julia Marlowe Dress Shoes and Men's Orthopedic Dress Shoes. The best shoes on earth for the money.
 1337 First Ave., Cor. Union.
 Phone, Main 5856

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 Your Laundry Work Done a Little Better, a Little Quicker, and a Little Cheaper Than Anywhere Else.
 Branch Office at 14 News Lane.
 627 1-2 Westlake Boulevard. Seattle.

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Groceries - - Meats
 Importer of Norwegian and Swedish Specialties—Wholesale Agent for "NUTRETO"
 Phones, Main 3428, Ind. 1384
 1925-29 First Ave., cor. Virginia Street
 Sunset Main 223—Phones—Ind. 223

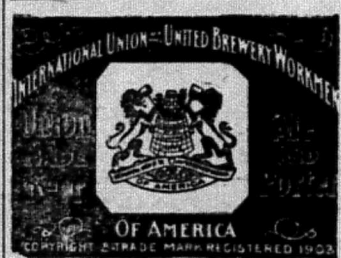
A. Kristoferson
PASTEURIZED MILK AND CREAM
 1218 First Ave., S. SEATTLE

THE BROWN DENTAL PARLORS—
 Dr. E. J. Brown, 713 First Avenue, Parlors 1-6 Union Block, is giving to announce that he is now pleased to announce that he is now giving his personal attention to his dental practice and may be consulted from 8:30 a. m. to 6 p. m. daily; Sundays from 8:30 to 12:30.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST
MISS E. L. HERR, Expert Stenographer. Verbatim reporting a specialty. 507 Peoples' Savings Bank Building. Phone, Independent 2072.

DR. FREDERICK FALK, Physician and Surgeon—Office hours 10-12 a. m., 2-4 p. m., Sundays and evenings by appointment. Phone: Office L2656, Residence L387, Main 3649, 301-302 Washington Bldg., 705 First Avenue, Seattle, Wash.

DR. SAMUEL JOHNSON STEWART, Physician and Surgeon—Residence 923 Twelfth Avenue S., Beacon Hill. Office 609 Pioneer Block, Pioneer Place, Seattle, Wash.



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WORKERS PREPARE FOR 1908!

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TOTAL SUBSCRIBED \$.....

Do It Now! Mail your donation and this check to J. MANLON BARNES, National Secretary, 200 Southern Street, Chicago, Ill.

FIRE SALE

Novelty Annex 1207 Second Avenue

The fire insurance company has paid the loss. Every garment must be sold quickly for what it will bring. The stock is only slightly damaged by smoke—and not perceptible.

Thousands have taken advantage of these bargains—people have come from the neighboring towns by the hundreds. Our tables are still groaning with wonderful buys of garments seasonable and costly, but we must sell them at what we can get.

- \$95.00 Ladies' Fancy Tailored Suits, Fire Sale Price **\$27.50**
- \$15.00 Children's Topcoats, Fire Sale Price **\$4.45**
- \$1.50 Kimonos, Fire Sale Price **\$2.45**
- \$3.00 Kimonos, Fire Sale Price **98c**
- \$10.00 Finest Neck Furs **\$3.95**
- \$7.50 White Long Throws **\$2.45**
- \$12.50 Fur Sets **\$6.25**
- \$10.00 White Linen Skirts **\$2.45**
- \$4.00 White Linen Skirts **\$1.25**
- \$10.00 White Etons **\$3.25**
- \$3.00 Hats **35c**
- \$1.50 Girls' School Hats **19c**
- \$1.00 Caps **25c**
- \$1.50 Children's Bonnets **25c**
- \$1.75 Waists, Fire Sale Price **35c**
- \$12.50 Tailored Skirts, Fire Sale Price **\$3.95**
- \$20.00 Tailored Skirts, Fire Sale Price **\$6.95**
- \$27.50 Topcoats, Fire Sale Price **\$7.85**
- \$35.00 Raincoats, Fire Sale Price **\$8.45**
- \$22.50 Topcoats, Fire Sale Price **\$6.45**
- \$12.50 Silk Petticoats, Fire Sale Price **\$4.35**
- \$4.50 Petticoats, Fire Sale Price **\$1.65**
- \$35.00 Ladies' Fancy Tailored Suits, Fire Sale Price **\$8.45**
- \$42.50 Ladies' Fancy Tailored Suits, Fire Sale Price **\$14.65**
- \$65.00 Ladies' Fancy Tailored Suits, Fire Sale Price **\$19.85**

Hundreds of New, Clean Novelties for Holiday Presents Going At a Mere Trifle.

NO C. O. D.'S. NO GOODS EXCHANGED. BE ON HAND EARLY.

EXTRA SALESPeOPLE WANTED.
DRESS THE WHOLE FAMILY AT A MERE TRIFLE.

Second Ave. 1207 Second Ave.

PRIMARY LAW IN WASHINGTON

The new Primary Law controlling nominations for political offices affects the Socialist Party only in a few particulars until it secures 10 per cent. of the total vote.

First. The date of making our nominations in Convention must be the same as the day for holding the official primaries. For city elections this date is "four weeks before the election." In Seattle this spring this falls on Monday, Feb. 3, 1908. "The existing laws for Conventions" remain in force.

Second. Section 26 provides for minor parties: "No candidate's name shall be printed upon the election ballot until he shall have paid the fee provided by law to be paid by candidates to be nominated at Primary Elections for like offices." This is \$10 for any office with a salary under \$1,000, and one per cent. of higher salaries.

It means in the City of Seattle that Socialists must pay several hundred dollars cash before they can get candidates for all city offices on the ballot. For instance, the Mayor's salary is \$3,000, and the nomination fee is \$30. There are some 16 councilmen, at about \$1,000 a year—making at \$10 each nearly \$200. For City Comptroller, \$36. For Corporation Counsel, \$30. For Treasurer, \$30. It is reported that Spokane Socialists succeeded in getting a local judge to nullify this provision in their case. We shall be glad to get information on this matter from some Spokane comrades.

Third. Minority parties can have no nominees for Supreme or County judges. The Judiciary is reserved by this law for the Majority Party alone—even at the Primaries. It is claimed this provision must be declared unconstitutional.

Fourth. Party Conventions can be held for almost any purpose except nominating candidates and may even fill vacancies on the ticket.

Local Seattle, No. 1 will hold such a Convention Sunday evening at 6 o'clock for the purpose of adopting a Platform for the Spring Election on March 4.
 Fifth. Whenever the Socialist Party reaches the 10 per cent. stage and is forced to enter the regular primaries, there is a provision which may render it impossible for any candidates to appear on the official ballot at the primaries except those chosen by the party. For every candidate must declare "I am a member of the Party," whose nomination he seeks. If he testifies falsely, his name can be excluded from the ballot upon proof of falsity. No member of the Socialist party would enter unless he was approved by the organization.

"THE NEW STORE"
BALLARD SOCIALISTS ATTENTION
 We want your business. Give us a chance to convince you that you can buy everything in Dry Goods, Shoes and Men's Furnishings at same prices and in many instances for less than in Seattle at our store. Four Stores "alleged to the brim" with Christmas merchandise. Let us hear and see you.
CHAS. KNOSEH & COMPANY
 Cor. Ballard and Third Avenues **BALLARD**
"THE NEW STORE"

First, N. of Pike

J. H. SHREWSBURY CASH GROCER
 Largest Grocery House in North Seattle.
 2323 First Avenue. Phones: Main 1455; Ind X1425.

Mr. H. W. Lange, of Uln. Mont., proprietor of the Rocky Mountain Mineral Water, has arrived in Seattle, located at 2115 First Avenue, and is now ready to attend to patients who are suffering from
RHEUMATISM, STOMACH TROUBLE, FEMALE COMPLAINT
 And all kinds of blood diseases. If you are a sufferer from cancer, please come and see what I can do for you. I guarantee a cure for any running sores. Testimonial letters from all over the United States can be seen at my office.

We Make Photos All Sizes at Reasonable Prices
JOHN L. JOHNSON
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Ind. L. 3219 C. H. English, Prop.
PEOPLES OUTFITTING CO
 New and Second-Hand Furniture, Ranges and Stoves
 Cheapest place in the city to buy goods
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Specialty—Ladies' and Children's Aprons Made to Order.
THE BAZAAR
 L. E. Faust, Proprietor
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PETTIBONE TRIAL PROGRESSES

By Ida Crouch-Hazlett, Editor
"Montana News"

ORCHARD THE STAR.

BOISE, Ida., Dec. 11.—Orchard, the grand star in the prosecution's cast, was placed on the stand this morning. He came in looking trim, dapper, well-fed and well-groomed, wearing a new fall tailor-made suit of brown, only two guards accompanying him this time, whereas last fall there were six. However, a guard stood at the door for the first time during the trial, and Reynolds, four-gun Jack and several of the old gun-men faces were in the room. This man has been kept in the greatest comfort possible by the state for two years, solely to be used as a tool to break down the great labor union.

The hall has been crowded to suffocation ever since he came on the stand.

SAME SLIMY TALE.

His tale was substantially the same as in the Haywood trial, Mr. Hawley, in his questions, reading from the transcription of the former proceedings. Orchard, or Albert Horsley rather, told the tale of his early life in Canada, and then of his experiences in the Coeur d'Alenes, of the industrial troubles there, of the stealing of the train by the union men, and the blowing up of the Bunker Hill and Sullivan mine; of how Bill Davis managed the job, and how he, Orchard, helped carry the powder and set off the explosion.

CRIPPLE CREEK NEXT.

The scene then changed to the Cripple Creek difficulties, and Orchard's share in the Vindicator explosion, when McCormick and Beck were killed, the arch-murderer implicating Sherman Parker, W. F. Davis, Easterly, Adams and others. Mr. Darrow objected to all this evidence as it had nothing to do with the Steunenberg murder, and no connection with the defendant. The objection was overruled.

Judge Wood asked the attorneys for the prosecution when they expected to be through with their evidence, so he could instruct the defense when to have its witnesses ready. Mr. Hawley replied that they thought they would be through by the middle of next week.

LAYS HIS SINS ON PETTIBONE.

In the afternoon Orchard went on to tell of the money agreements made with him by Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone, and how Pettibone usually paid out the money. Moyer, who sits at the table with the defense attorneys, is taking careful notes all the time.

Orchard rehearsed how Pettibone had communicated to him the secret of bomb making and had shown him how sugar, chloride of potash, and sulphuric acid would explode a bomb and could be set off by an alarm clock. He went over the threemore ground of the confession, rehearsing the various designs which he accused the Western Federation of having on governors, judges and prominent personages. He said that Pettibone and Adams assisted him in the Lyte Gregory murder, the gun used was buried in Pettibone's back yard. Lyte Gregory was a detective, who, Orchard averred, had made himself obnoxious to the Federation.

Adams and he were living off money which Pettibone gave them.

RAN THE CONVENTION

According to Orchard's fatalistic tale, as the time for the Western Federation convention drew near, Pettibone said there was liable to be a split and he was afraid Haywood would not be reelected as secretary. He said something must be pulled off in Cripple Creek; they must make some excitement so that nobody would want the offices, and Haywood and the old gang get to stay.

The Independence depot explosion was then pulled off and fourteen men killed. When he got back to Denver Pettibone said it was the finest thing that ever happened, only he wished the scabs had all been killed. The convention had met and adjourned and all the old officers were reelected, reward for the perpetrators of the deed.

CONTINUED THURSDAY.

On Thursday Orchard continued his tale of conspiracy and blood. He told of the dynamiting of Fred Bradley in San Francisco, formerly manager of the Bunker Hill and Sullivan mine in Wardner, North Idaho.

After his return to Denver he said Haywood wanted him to shoot Judge Gabbert and said at that time it might be laid on the democrats, but he didn't want it to be laid on the Federation till after they had got Adams seated as governor. This is certainly a most rational statement, considering that the officers of the Federation were members of the Socialist party, and in the natural order of things would not care a rap about what capitalist candidate was elected as governor.

MORE POLITICS.

Orchard said that Haywood then wanted Peabody taken off because it

looked as though he were going to be seated as governor, and with two more years of him organized labor would have to leave Colorado.

He wanted them to "take off" Judge Goddard of the Supreme bench because he said he blamed him more than any one else for the decision in the Moyer case. He was the attorney for the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company, and Frank Hearn, the president, whom they also tried to kill, had been sent out from Pennsylvania to fix the Colorado legislature.

Pettibone was paying out the money all this time for these jobs.

After the dismal story of operations in Denver, Orchard changed the scene of his crimes to North Idaho where Adams and Simpkins were engineering the timber claim business, and finally to Boise and Caldwell to murder Governor Steunenberg, and then go back to Patterson, New Jersey, the anarchist stronghold of America, and write threatening letters to the other enemies of the Federation, which Orchard said that Moyer claimed would be a living death.

The court room is crowded at every session.

Mr. Hawley thought they would finish with Orchard Thursday evening. But there were still points to be enquired into when the session closed.

The court is holding short sessions of two hours each, forenoon and afternoon, with no evening sessions, so as not to overtax the defendant. Pettibone looks very bad, yet seems to be standing the ordeal all right. His wife is constantly at his side. Steve Adams is still held at Rathdrum, but it is said that Judge Woods is to hold an extra session of court there to honor the requisition of the governor of Colorado.

ORCHARD'S STORY CONTINUED.

BOISE, Dec. 13, 1907.—The prosecution has given notice that it expects to be through with its evidence by next Thursday, and the defense will have its witnesses here by Wednesday. The state continued with Orchard today and the closing part of his statement occupied most of the forenoon. In response to a question from Mr. Hawley he said he had received altogether from the Western Federation from \$3,500 to \$4,000 as the price of his nefarious crimes.

He said Pettibone was an honorary member of the Western Federation and carried proxies of the Denver Smelters' union to the Salt Lake convention.

Mr. Hawley very carefully and particularly asked him if he had any personal feeling towards any of his victims or intended victims, enumerating them all over. Orchard replied that he had none with the exception of the scabs that were blown up by the Independence depot explosion.

REVERSES FORMER TESTIMONY

He was asked in regard to an "inner circle," and although previously he had said he never heard of such a thing, this time he said that an "inner circle" existed, that Haywood had explained it to him and said that no one could get in unless they "went some" themselves. "Went some," he explained as meaning the killing of some one who was in opposition to the Federation. This is the greatest seal that has been placed on the perjury of Orchard's testimony. It is a complete reversal of his former testimony and shows that he has been most carefully coached.

He went on to say that Haywood said that the Western Federation was different from the Mollie Maguire in that the "inner circle" seldom met, and those who were performing the underground work seldom knew each other. They usually fixed up alibis for the men that did the work. They wanted the mine owners to know the attacks came from the Federation. If guns were used they might think the attacks came from some other source, but if dynamite was used they would come pretty near knowing where it came from. Haywood said it would not do to let the rank and file know what was going on, but they must be made to think that such acts would be detrimental to the union and the acts of violence came from the other side.

DARROW'S CROSS-EXAMINATION

BOISE, Ida., Dec. 15, 1907.—At 11:30 Friday forenoon Mr. Darrow began the cross-examination. There was much curiosity as to how this "great criminal witness," as the capitalist papers call the labor traitor, would be handled by the great labor advocate. It was over this point that attorneys Richardson and Darrow had such vital disagreements during the last trial with the result that the questioning was done by Richardson. Many were anxious to see Mr. Darrow get hold of Orchard. The self-accused murderer seemed dubious of Darrow from the first, and has borne a half-frightened expression whenever Darrow asked him a question. A few questions on the cross-examination soon settled what Darrow was going to be able to do with Orchard. His attitude of assurance changed at once, and he began to give his answers in a humble and vanquished manner. Mr. Richardson's overbearing way had called forth the defiance in him, kept him braced up to his job. But Darrow's intellect nonplussed him, and the handling of the labor Judas by the attorney was a marvel of a powerful mind over a weak and cringing one. All the fight in Orchard was gone. His shoulders drooped and he crouched back in his chair as Mr. Darrow's searching questions probed this terrible human heart. Darrow has justified what his friends all thought he could do with Orchard.

FIXED FOR PURPOSE

The evidence is much plainer in this trial than the testimony has been fixed up for a purpose. Hawley is asking questions from prepared notes. Orchard said the "emergency fund" was fixed up so that the auditing committee would not know where it went. Haywood said that they had to have money, and when no outages were being committed they didn't get much money because they didn't have much advertising.

The most sensational statement in all Orchard's dramatic revelations for the day was when he said that Haywood and Pettibone had declared that they were afraid of Moyer, that they believed he was getting weak-kneed at Telluride as he had been conferring

with the officers and it might be well to get him "out of the way when they got around to it." He was trying to get Haywood out of office.

Moyer listened to this startling statement without the quiver of an eye-lash.

A CLASS TRAITOR

Orchard is marked in the history of class struggles as the deep-dyed traitor of his class. Even if all these things were true, all these accusations, he has heaped upon the metaliferous rulers, a man who could work and conspire with his own class in a class contest however waged—the working class against hideous class oppression, under whatever guise it may be viewed—and then turn and fight and betray those comrades of a common resisting cause, become a sneaking, blathering tell-tale, the whimpering tool of the other class, of his own oppressors, to sit up there in the witness chair and be used by them, and face his old comrades in the labor movement, and plot with their enemies to do them to death for the protection of their "superior" social class that he may have good food, clothes and keep, be pampered up like a valuable animal, and cared no more for by the class he so fawningly serves than an animal—such a pulpy mass of perverted cowardice finds his infamous immortality in the universal contempt and detestation of those who

finished by the state. Mr. Darrow asked him if his case was not standing in court on a plea of not guilty. Here is another of the strange anomalies of this strange case. Orchard's "confession" in one court exposes his killing of Steunenberg, while in another court he is claiming he never committed the offense.

Darrow minutely went over the crimes that Orchard had committed, burning a cheese factory and getting the insurance money, stealing cheese, running off with another man's wife, bigamy, murder, theft—all those scattered through his early life, and asked him if he knew Pettibone then and if Pettibone told him to do them, or Moyer or Haywood.

A LIAR BY HIS OWN MOUTH

One of the weightiest facts that Darrow has demonstrated in the course of his grilling of Orchard is that the words urging to crime and destruction which he formerly attributed to Haywood, he now says Pettibone said. Darrow asked him if he would attribute them to Moyer, should he be brought to trial.

Mr. Darrow then proceeded to show that Orchard was an unconscionable liar, out of his own mouth. He took his own statements of things he had told persons all through his life, and asked him whether he told the truth then or not, and Orchard admitted that he had not.



Orchard On Witness Stand

have tried to resist and protest and climb.

He has joined the ranks of the traitors of the ages. His name is written with Judases and Benedict Arnolds of history, those who have halted the onward march of a class and confused its ranks for the time being. There is nothing else for the proletarian fated to do but to stand with their class and its purpose, right or wrong. They are following the instinct that will lead to the final unsalable emancipation and inviolable security of each and all.

But Orchard, the whimpering and shivering lickspittle, fell at the first stroke of danger, and fled to his enemies for safety at the price of delivering into their hands those with whom he had fought.

And the working class stumbles and is non-plussed again at this new staggering blow.

But it will rally again; its vast ranks will go forward again with a rush—towards, poor tactics, ignorance, lack of skill—it makes no difference; the working class is moving forward to the accomplishment of its destiny, the abolition of the proletariat.

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MORE POLITICS.

Orchard said that Haywood then wanted Peabody taken off because it

with Pettibone be stricken out and the jury instructed to ignore it.

The motion was overruled. A similar motion was made in connection with the Coeur d'Alene troubles of 1899, which occurred after Pettibone had been out of the state for six years. This motion was also overruled.

SUPREME COURT JUDGE TESTIFIES.

Judge Goddard was then called to the stand by the prosecution. He is associate justice of the supreme court of Colorado. He told of finding a bomb at his front gate after Orchard and McParland had told him about it. He described the bomb from the exhibits.

The city detective and jailor of Ogden testified that Steve Adams and Williams were arrested for riding in a box car on their way back from California and sent to Haywood for \$75.

FAILS TO DELIVER.

The sensation of the day occurred when Jap Nichols, who was sheriff of Canyon county when Orchard was arrested, was asked by the state to testify in regard to a telegram and a letter that Orchard received while in jail at Caldwell. He said he had taken a copy of the letter but the original was destroyed by Orchard. The copy was read to the jury and the inference was that Pettibone wrote the letter. When it came to the cross-examination, Mr. Wilson asked if he was familiar with Pettibone's writing. He said he was from inspecting his letters while he was in Canyon county jail. He was then asked if the letter that Orchard had received was in Pettibone's handwriting, and he replied that it was not. There was consternation among the counsel for the state. Mr. Hawley looked as serious as though the day of judgment had come. Borah set his jaw with a resigned expression, as though "Well, we've got to stand it."

The defense lawyers were polite enough to try and not look over-pleased.

PINKERTONS FRAME UP PLAY

A number of minor witnesses from various points have been brought on to prove such matters as telegrams, registered letters, banking and other details. When questioned by the defense they all admitted that they had been notified by the Pinkerton agency to be present at the trial, and were paid by the Pinkertons, some of them in sums amounting to several hundred dollars. The expense to the state of Idaho will be something enormous.

DEFENSE HARSHLY OVERRULED

On Tuesday Mr. Darrow was still ill and Mr. Wilson continued the work of leading counsel. The defense witnesses are coming in, about fifteen having arrived from Denver this morning, among them Haywood.

Dave Coates of Wallace is here. There has been much conjecture as to how the Western Federation in Idaho would stand politically provided John Nugent, one of the defense attorneys, is nominated for governor on the Democratic ticket. Coates says he settled that question years ago, and that there is only one ticket so far as he is concerned, and that is the Socialist ticket. It is stated that he is slated to run for governor on the Socialist ticket. He was at one time lieutenant-governor of Colorado. (Editor's Note:—Coates should never be allowed on any Socialist ticket. He has twice compromised the Socialist party in Idaho, to say nothing of his record in Colorado.)

The prosecution introduced witnesses today to prove the explosion in the Vindicator mine at Cripple Creek and the killing of two of the bosses, Charles Johnson, one of these witnesses, said that Arnold, secretary of the Mine Owners' Association of the Cripple Creek district, got him to come and testify, and the Pinkertons in Denver paid him.

Bob Naylor was the most important witness on this subject. He is major in the Colorado national guards, and assistant secretary of the Mine Owners' Association. The judge admitted all this testimony over the vigorous protest of the defense. The purpose of the state is to prove a general conspiracy on the part of the Western Federation to destroy and murder, of which Pettibone and the killing of Steunenberg were only a part.

VENGEANCE ON THE FEDERATION.

Naylor said his duties as assistant secretary of the Mine Owners' association were to issue recommendations to the men to go to work. He said no man could get a job in the district unless he allowed him to, and he would issue no credentials to any member of the of the Western Federation. He uttered this with a Mephistophelian villainy that shows the slave existence the working class may expect whenever their employers take it into their heads to decisively tell them what they can do and so long as the powers of government are in the hands of those who own the jobs. The working man can take his medicine or starve.

Wilson undertook, since Naylor was bringing the authority of his great Association upon the scene, to question him in regard to outrages perpetrated as commander of the guards, such as the destruction of the union

stores with supplies for the existence of the women and children during the strike, pouring coal oil on the provisions of vandalism. Borah remarked standing with his eye on the judge, like a commander of the whole works and objected to every question. Again and again Wilson persisted in asking these questions with such damning evidence of inhuman outrages on the working class; men beaten and shot in their tracks, homes mobbed, offensive working men hounded out of the country. Borah objects; the judge rules with Borah. Finally Mr. Wilson made a most earnest and eloquent plea, said this was virtually the Haywood case over again, that it had been so announced by the state; that the defendant had been allowed to show the animus of these bitter attacks before, and he as certainly had a right to show this feeling and prejudice on the part of the witness now in order to discredit him. The state had been allowed all the latitude it pleased, and such a harsh ruling worked an unheard-of injustice to the defendant.

It was all of no avail. The court ruled against us. The state is obstructing in every possible way so as not to allow the defense the opportunity to counteract its evil reports.

Naylor brazenly asserted in reply to Wilson's queries that his chief duties were to keep any member of the Federation from getting employment in the Cripple Creek district, no matter what his abilities were. He was asked if he also proscribed our witnesses from getting jobs when they went back after testifying in the Haywood case. This was objected to, but such were the facts.

All that Naylor has to do is to put on the Devil's cap and horns to make him look like the god ofimps. His head runs up to a peak, and he has a cruel, expressionless, soulless, conscienceless face, a typical tool of capitalism; not brains enough to have any initiative of his own.

Wilson put up a brave fight to be heard in these instances. He has conducted the case with the utmost credit to himself during the absence of Darrow. His questions are clear, rapid, decisive and to the point—satisfactory in every way.

Naylor made clever evasion of his participation in the Cripple Creek outrage. This has been the most bitterly fought contest of the trial between the struggling counsel to get each its side of the dark drama of unionism before the jury.

RELEASED THURS. NIGHT

The following letters were written Thursday afternoon, Dec. 19, in the county jail. The editor of "The Socialist" was with the chain gang, having been kept back by his demand for a separate trial. The other comrades were in a portion of the "South tank," which had been stripped of furniture for their benefit.

None of us expected to be liberated and we had considerable difficulty in "sneaking" out these two letters, which we supposed would be about all we would be able to write for this week's issue.

Suddenly and unexpectedly we were called out and discharged. Judge Gordon "got cold feet." The public clamor was so tremendous at the unexampled barbarity of putting the Socialists on the chain gang and in the Black Hole for refusing to work on said gang that DeBruiler and Gordon fell over themselves to retreat before the rising storm.

We publish the letters, though our release superseded them, since they have an historic interest at least.

We have to get out this paper in great haste at the best, as all our force was shut up in jail most of this week.

FROM COUNTY JAIL

Thirty Socialists of Seattle, including the editor and managing editor, are in this jail for attempting to speak on the street. There is no one left to issue the paper. Therefore this abridged paper.

Secretary Allison, of Local Seattle, State Organizer Wagenknecht of Washington, State Secretary Sladden of Oregon, two out of five members of the executive committee of Local Seattle, many of the most active members of the Finnish Local in Seattle, are all here in jail, condemned to the chain gang.

We are in solid steel tanks; no mattresses or blankets. It is said we are to have no food until we consent to work on the chain gang, shackles and long chains on our legs, doing convict work for the city in place of the unemployed. This we shall refuse to do whatever the consequences. We will do nothing to support such an infamous institution. We are for free labor, free speech and free streets. It is the age-long fight for freedom against Tyranny, Liberty against Autocracy.

FROM SOUTH TANK

We are determined to win free speech for the working class on the streets of Seattle. The Black Hole, solitary confinement, bread and water, foul air, refrigerator cells, disease-breeding blankets and mattresses, diseases of all kinds, scurvy, syphilis, piles, fever, bronchitis, lumbago and lice and other "crums," break no Socialist's spirit, do not weaken us.

Every minute spent in jail develops greater determination, all punishments inflicted give us more encouragement to battle with the capitalist class of Seattle to win a right which the working class will always fight for.

REVERSED

More later. This may not reach you. For the Revolution.

Signed: Thomas Sladden, John Lehtinen, John Hakala, Frank Langmaid, B. Rickman, Victor Wuorela, John Limatainen, Otto Manninen, A. Basola, I. O. Peuralla, Elis Niemi, Secy Finnish Local; L. Laine, Oscar Hallonem, Francis Niemi, Alex. Birling, A. Jensen, David Laari, Alex. Krumin, P. M. Klement, Emil Niemi, G. O. W. Kelly, Alex. Ball, H. Hiegenroth, J. C. Cohanas, T. E. Latimer, William Koski, Arthur Jensen, E. B. Ault, M. G. Forland, Arvid Lehtonen, Inka Wartrainen, Hjalmar Lehto, John Lehtinen and Ose Henanen.

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Signed: Thomas Sladden, John Lehtinen, John Hakala, Frank Langmaid, B. Rickman, Victor Wuorela, John Limatainen, Otto Manninen, A. Basola, I. O. Peuralla, Elis Niemi, Secy Finnish Local; L. Laine, Oscar Hallonem, Francis Niemi, Alex. Birling, A. Jensen, David Laari, Alex. Krumin, P. M. Klement, Emil Niemi, G. O. W. Kelly, Alex. Ball, H. Hiegenroth, J. C. Cohanas, T. E. Latimer, William Koski, Arthur Jensen, E. B. Ault, M. G. Forland, Arvid Lehtonen, Inka Wartrainen, Hjalmar Lehto, John Lehtinen and Ose Henanen.

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to do whatever the consequences. We will do nothing to support such an infamous institution. We are for free labor, free speech and free streets. It is the age-long fight for freedom against Tyranny, Liberty against Autocracy.

It is Socialism for liberty against capitalism for tyranny. A Democrat-labor mayor arrested us and a Republican judge convicted us, both equally guilty.

We shall be out again on Christmas, our fine of \$25 each being served out at \$3 per day.

Other Socialists are taking the soap box nightly as we shall when we are liberated.

We bespeak the moral and financial aid of our comrades everywhere.

We wish you all a Merry Christmas!

HERMON F. TITUS,
In Chain Gang Cell.

FROM SOUTH TANK

We are determined to win free speech for the working class on the streets of Seattle. The Black Hole, solitary confinement, bread and water, foul air, refrigerator cells, disease-breeding blankets and mattresses, diseases of all kinds, scurvy, syphilis, piles, fever, bronchitis, lumbago and lice and other "crums," break no Socialist's spirit, do not weaken us.

Every minute spent in jail develops greater determination, all punishments inflicted give us more encouragement to battle with the capitalist class of Seattle to win a right which the working class will always fight for.

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