

views have nevertheless triumphed in his own party. Well may he complain that the Roosevelt, who in past campaigns so bitterly assailed him as a dangerous demagogue, has now appropriated his political vagaries, nostrums and heresies and is parading in his political clothes.

"The hatred of the courts which the Progressives share in common with the Socialists, anarchists and Populists, and that part of organized labor and labor unions typified and represented by such men as the McNamara, the Debs and the Parkers, who in truth shamefully misrepresents the great majority of law-abiding and patriotic members of these organizations, has forced into this campaign an unparalleled attack upon our judicial system and the administration of justice."

The planks in the Progressive platform treating of the injunction in labor disputes and the power of the courts to punish for "contempt and disobedience," Guthrie characterized as revolutionary.

"The crusade to deprive the courts of the power to punish for contempt," he said, "began in 1854 when Eugene Debs and his fellow conspirators were found to be guilty of open, continued and defiant disobedience of an injunction order of the United States court which had been duly served upon them. If the courts had not then had power to punish for contempt without a prior conviction by a jury—and imagine the chance of an impartial jury trial during the continuance of a great riot—the Debs party would have had the City of Chicago and the great railway commerce passing through it completely at their mercy. And so would it be in every great strike."

Guthrie closed with an appeal to the American people to flock to the standard of the Republican party. The only feature of interest in the first session of the convention was the speech of Guthrie.

At first the audience was slow to appreciate Guthrie's speech, but as he proceeded there were outbursts of applause.

All told, Guthrie spoke nearly two hours. The convention adjourned until 11 o'clock tomorrow morning. The first session of the convention was not largely attended.

Official Washington Discredits Wild Reports of Killing of U. S. Soldiers in Nicaragua.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Rumors current here today that a number of American marines had been killed by rebels in Nicaragua were absolutely without confirmation in the official dispatch to the State and Navy departments.

The railroad service between Managua and Granada has been resumed after nearly two months of interruption. Trains are guarded by American marines and bluejackets.

COLOM, Panama, Sept. 25.—Advices from Nicaragua tonight report the fall of the city of Leon and the surrender of General Luis Mena. It is believed this will end the revolution, although guerrilla warfare probably will continue for several weeks.

NO BAIL ALLOWED FOR ACCUSED COP Charged With Extorting Money From Ministers—Lawyer for Defense Asks Embarrassing Question.

After the hearing before Magistrate Corrigan in the Jefferson Market Police Court, yesterday afternoon, the charge of extortion made by the Rev. Dr. Joseph M. Young, 208 West 20th street, against Patrolman John A. Williamson, of the West 65th street station, the attorney for the defense, George Martin, former Assistant District Attorney of Kings County, waived further examination.

REACH SETTLEMENT ON DRIVERS' DEMANDS After a lengthy conference of the Arbitration Committee, which was composed of representatives of the Excavating Teamsters and Helpers' Union, 608, of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, and of the Contractors' Protective Association, to settle the grievances of the sand and excavating managers of the city, a settlement was reached early yesterday morning.

H. Delventhal GROCERY AND MEAT MARKET. 145th Ave., Cor. Corstyn Road. Telephone 51 Flatbush.

Drink "Peter Brew" The Wm. Peter Brewing Co. UNION HALL, N. Y.

STILL "BUSTING" THE SUGAR TRUST

Performances Have Been Given Throughout West and Reopened Here Yesterday.

Hearings in the government's suit to "bust" the American Sugar Refining Company and other defendants were resumed yesterday before Special Examiner Wilson B. Brice in the Federal Building.

Assistant United States Attorney James R. Knapp appeared for the government, and Frank Crawford represented the American Sugar Refining Company.

John Jurgensen, retired treasurer of the Matthiessen-Wieckers Sugar Refining Company, testified that his company became part of the American Sugar Refining Company in 1887, when the stock of the companies were exchanged.

Jurgensen testified that, among other things, it was his duty as treasurer to buy the raw material for the manufacture of sugar. This, he said, was done in competition with other and smaller concerns, the names of which he could not recall.

Many Speeches Made on Question of Instructing Delegates to A. of F. L. Convention on This Question.

BAITMORE, Sept. 25.—At today's session of the International Cigar Makers' Union, in convention here, Samuel Gompers gave his opinion on the resolution instructing the delegates of the Cigar Makers' Union to the American Federation of Labor.

When the manufacturers found it out they protested, he said. They saw bloodshed and riot, and when they found out that even fifteen Socialists were enlisted as policemen they stated that the Socialists would surely burn the town.

TURKS ORDER TROOPS TO GO TO ADRIANOPLE CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 25.—Turkey has ordered the concentration of twelve divisions of the army in the Adrianople district in the neighborhood of the Bulgarian frontier.

GLENN CURTISS SELLS RIGHTS. PARIS, Sept. 25.—A dispatch from London says Glenn Curtiss has sold his English rights, including those for hydroaeroplanes, to Vickers' Sons & Maxim.

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TEA. TEA. POST CARD Dear Mrs. Hughes: Rest assured you are getting pure tea when you drink White Rose. I've seen the whole process growing, picking, drying and packing. The little package we buy at home is put up here in Colombo, and from what I've seen I know it is absolutely pure and clean beyond to M. and the Kiddies. Best love. Helen.

ALDRICH'S AUTO INJURES BOY. PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 25.—Robert M. Deane, 13 years old, was struck and seriously injured by former Senator Nelson W. Aldrich's automobile on Pawtucket avenue, East Providence, this afternoon.

ALBANY. Albany, Sept. 25.—State Controller Somner has paid the P. J. Carlin Construction Company of New York City \$78,312, in settlement of a claim based upon the contract for the construction of the proposed State Prison at Winddale, Dutchess County.

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Mrs. A. G. Vanderbilt Will Bring Her Baby to Visit Grandfather



LONDON, Sept. 25.—Mrs. Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt, formerly Mrs. Smith Hollis McKim, will start for America as soon as she and her baby are able to travel to show him to his grandfather, Capt. Isaac E. Emerson, of Baltimore.

CIGAR MAKERS TALK ABOUT REFERENDUM Many Speeches Made on Question of Instructing Delegates to A. of F. L. Convention on This Question.

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CONSERVATIVES TRY TO RETAIN JOBS

Reactionary Crowd at Carpenters' Meet Fight for Their Existence.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The administration of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, which is now holding its convention in this city, has already launched the campaign for the election of general officers.

This was evident on its face today, and a large number of delegates were disgusted over the methods employed to show "the dear brothers at home" how arbitrary "the outsiders" were and how "honest, sincere and true" the interest of the membership was taken care of.

The fact that the administration was out for campaign material was given away by a resolution signed by about 300 delegates, demanding that the members of the "Compensation Committee, elected two years ago at Des Moines, give an explanation why they threw out voters of various local unions. Only two of these were present, Wesley Hall, of Philadelphia, and J. Ryan, of Brooklyn. Hall is an old man who went through the mill, and it sounded ridiculous when, in a dramatic way with tears in his eyes, he said that he stood for justice and that he was always impartial.

When the manufacturers found it out they protested, he said. They saw bloodshed and riot, and when they found out that even fifteen Socialists were enlisted as policemen they stated that the Socialists would surely burn the town.

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The Man Who Cannot Afford to Make Mistakes in Buying Clothes Should Go for His SUITS and OVERCOATS to H. SCHNEIDER 47 Canal St., Bet. Orchard and Ludlow. The man who wants the best at reasonable price is the man we want to get acquainted with. The sooner we can convince him that we can, and will, save him money and worry, the better for him and us. STYLE, TAILORING and RIGHT fabrics are three things that make up satisfactory clothes. You get all the three essentials at Schneider's, and at factory prices. Satisfaction guaranteed or money cheerfully refunded. ALL GARMENTS BEAR THIS UNION LABEL AND ARE MADE UP VERY CAREFULLY BY SKILLFUL UNION WORKERS. H. Schneider UNION TAILOR AND CLOTHIER 47 CANAL ST., BET. ORCHARD AND LUDLOW

SIX POWERS PLAN HOLDUP OF CHINA

Will Begin to "Enforce" Their Demands for Payments in Which Peking Is \$15,000,000 Behind.

PARIS, Sept. 25.—It is expected here that the six Powers will exercise their rights under the Boxer indemnity agreement with China to prevent the attention for any other purposes of any part of those surplus revenues from the salt gabelle which are not already mortgaged for that indemnity or for security for outstanding loans. It is expected that a notice to this effect will be made immediately to the Peking Government.

The payments on the Boxer indemnity are already \$15,000,000 or \$20,000,000 in arrears. It is pointed out in reference to the salt gabelle that the interested Powers consider that under "efficient" foreign supervision with China to prevent the attention for any other purposes of any part of those surplus revenues from the salt gabelle which are not already mortgaged for that indemnity or for security for outstanding loans.

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ODD SITUATION IN COMMERCE COURT

Temporary Retirement of Judge Archbold, Under Impeachment, Raises Perplexing Question.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The temporary retirement of Judge Robert W. Archbold from active duty on the bench of the United States Commerce Court has culminated in a situation which, it developed today, will call for the intervention of Chief Justice White, of the United States Supreme Court. Archbold has voluntarily retired from duty pending the determination of impeachment proceedings against him in the United States Senate.

The Commerce Court meets October 8 for the hearing and disposition of a number of important commercial cases, notably a series which involve the right of the Interstate Commerce Commission to exercise control over pipe line companies as common carriers, the commission having decreed that they must accept all business offered to them just the same as all other carriers in transportation service, must file a schedule of rates, and submit to complete regulation by the commission.

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TO QUIZ ARCHBOLD IN OIL HEARING

Will Take Stand Some Day Next Week. Examine Representative of California Company.

John D. Archbold will be put on the stand some day next week in the hearings of the suit commenced by the Waters-Pierce Oil Company of Missouri against the Standard Oil Company, which are being heard before Commissioner A. L. Jacobs in the office of Samuel Untermyer, at 27 Wall street.

The Standard Oil Company of New York and has offices at 28 Broadway, was the first witness called in the Waters-Pierce hearing yesterday. He remained on the stand less than a minute.

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SEIDEL STIRS HOPE WORKERS' BREASTS

Women and Children Play an Important Part in This Year's Campaign.

By J. L. ENGBAHL

(Correspondence to The Call.)

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 24.—The big phenomena of the presidential campaign is the spirit displayed in the Socialist party mass meetings.

These Socialist campaign meetings have a two-edged surprise. They are a surprise and inspiration to the Socialists themselves. They are a surprise, a revelation and the source of considerable wonderment to new sympathizers and non-Socialists.

The Socialist campaign meetings these days, according to observations and conversations with well-informed Socialists, are made up of persons from all walks of life. It is made up of people speaking many tongues. It is made up of men, women and children.

The influx of women into the Socialist party during the last four years is nowhere so well seen as through a comparison of the campaign meetings this year and in the struggle four years ago. Then there are the Socialist sympathizers among the women and the growing tendency among Socialist husbands to take their wives to Socialist meetings.

No small part of the power behind many a Socialist campaign meeting these days comes from the foreign language organizations of the Socialist party that are to be found in nearly every city in the land where there is an English local. Sometimes they are the pioneers in the Socialist organization.

It cannot be denied, however, that this great mass of foreign speaking workers has not yet been taught in the proper use of the ballot in this country. This, therefore, is another large source of Socialist sentiment and belief that is not registered at the ballot box. As the Socialist organization grows and begins to assert itself this condition will gradually be remedied.

It can therefore be said with truth that the Socialist sentiment that is abroad in the land is more correctly being measured from day to day in the big campaign meetings that are being held than in the votes that will be cast for the Socialist party candidates in November.

White Star Firemen Claim Stakehold Is Undermanned.

SOUTHAMPTON, Sept. 25.—The firemen of the White Star liner Majestic refused to go on duty when the vessel was on the point of departing for New York today. They declared the stockhold of the vessel was undermanned and declined to sail unless more men were engaged. The steamship was delayed only a short time. Some of the men were induced to return and the vacancies were filled by seabs from the quay side.

FUGITIVE SLAYER CAUGHT.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Sept. 25.—Andrea Monca, who on Sunday evening in a crowded street shot and killed Paolo Capanello and escaped, was captured at daylight this morning in a house near Franklin Farm, N. J. There had been an exciting three-days' chase by detectives in automobiles while Monca was on foot. He was completely exhausted when taken by the police this morning and made no resistance.

IS "BULL TRUST" DISSOLVED?

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Although the incandescent electric "bull trust" was "dissolved" only one year ago under the anti-trust law, Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh was compelled today to award contracts aggregating \$450,000 for such lamps to three companies whose bids were identical. The companies were the General Electric Company of Schenectady, N. Y.; the Westinghouse Company of Bluefield, N. J.; and the Franklin Manufacturing Company of Hartford, Conn. The contract was divided equally among the three.

TRUSS MAKER.

HENRY FRAHME

Trussmaker
1499 THIRD AVENUE
Ets. 84th & 85th Sts.

Trusses, Braces, Bandages, Elastic Stockings, Crutches, Suspensories, Artificial Limbs. All stock guaranteed.

McCann's Hats

Are always the best and cheapest.
210 BOWERY.

PARKS AND HALLS.

HARLEM RIVER PARK AND CASINO

Headquarters for Labor Unions and other Organizations.
127th Street and Second Avenue.
MICHAEL NEUMAN, General Manager.

Labor Lyceum

Headquarters for Labor Organizations, Trade and Industrial Unions, and other Organizations.
127th Street and Second Avenue.
MICHAEL NEUMAN, General Manager.

Labor Temple

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MICHAEL NEUMAN, General Manager.

BRIEFS SUBMITTED IN INJUNCTION CASE

Expect Decision Today in Matter of Cordage Trust, and Against Socialists in Kings County.

A decision in the case of the American Manufacturing Company, better known as the Cordage Trust, against the Socialist party in Kings County, in the suit brought by the former to restrain the Socialists from holding noon-hour meetings outside the factory gates at West and Noble streets, Brooklyn, may be handed down today.

Briefs in the matter were submitted yesterday to Justice Kelby in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn.

In bringing the injunction proceedings, the Cordage Trust, through its lawyer, Thomas F. Mazner, alleged that the purpose of the Socialists in holding noon-hour meetings outside its plant is to induce 2,000 or more employers to strike. To lend basis to this statement, the Cordage Trust cites the fact that there was a strike of its employees about two years ago, and that the Socialists played a prominent part in it.

When the papers in the injunction proceedings were served upon Edward Lindgren, organizer of the Socialist party in Kings County, last Friday, he declared that the Socialists would hold meetings daily outside the Cordage Trust plant anyway. And the Socialist spellbinders have been on the job every day this week addressing large and admiring audiences in the face of the attempts of the Cordage Trust, through hurdy gurdy brass bands and other noise provoking media, to drive the orators away.

The police did not deter the Socialists yesterday, although the noise-provoking zeal of the Cordage Trust seemed to have been dampened by the weather.

LAW CANNOT GET GIRLS' WAGES FROM EMPLOYER

Dagny Anderson, the Swedish servant girl who had the aid of a dozen judges, a half dozen courts, the Corporation Counsel, and the Sheriff to collect \$12.45 due her in wages, and then didn't get the money, learned yesterday that she never would get it.

She found out that there was no power in American law or in American justice that can get that \$12.45 for her. All the courts, all the judges, all the Sheriffs, all the giant legal fabric on which the government of the nation is conducted, are together not strong enough to get Dagny that money.

She never will get it, and the reason she never will get it is because Dr. Berkeley, the man who owes it, doesn't want to give it to her. And there is nothing in the mighty law of the country that can make him.

The reason for the inability to collect the money from Berkeley is because the clerk of the Municipal Court neglected to stamp the original summons in the action brought by the girl to collect.

STRIKE DELAYS MAJESTIC.

White Star Firemen Claim Stakehold Is Undermanned.

SOUTHAMPTON, Sept. 25.—The firemen of the White Star liner Majestic refused to go on duty when the vessel was on the point of departing for New York today. They declared the stockhold of the vessel was undermanned and declined to sail unless more men were engaged. The steamship was delayed only a short time. Some of the men were induced to return and the vacancies were filled by seabs from the quay side.

FUGITIVE SLAYER CAUGHT.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Sept. 25.—Andrea Monca, who on Sunday evening in a crowded street shot and killed Paolo Capanello and escaped, was captured at daylight this morning in a house near Franklin Farm, N. J. There had been an exciting three-days' chase by detectives in automobiles while Monca was on foot. He was completely exhausted when taken by the police this morning and made no resistance.

IS "BULL TRUST" DISSOLVED?

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Although the incandescent electric "bull trust" was "dissolved" only one year ago under the anti-trust law, Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh was compelled today to award contracts aggregating \$450,000 for such lamps to three companies whose bids were identical. The companies were the General Electric Company of Schenectady, N. Y.; the Westinghouse Company of Bluefield, N. J.; and the Franklin Manufacturing Company of Hartford, Conn. The contract was divided equally among the three.

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James Creelman Denies Responsibility for Bad Men on Police Force



JAMES CREELMAN

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Criminal conspiracies of merciless and unscrupulous capitalist antagonism to organized labor are fayed by President Samuel Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, in an article in the October number of the Federatorist, issued today, regarding the dynamite conspiracy against the textile workers in the strike at Lawrence, Mass., last winter.

"The already famous Lawrence strike is apparently yet to perform another service to workingmen in furnishing public substantiation for charges against men 'higher up,'" said Gompers.

The public has felt that some great power has dropped a baffling, impenetrable curtain, shutting them out from the facts in the case, and that the trial of John J. Breen was but an attempt to whitewash. Apparently the truth was to remain an unwritten history of business life—that general public occasionally catches appalling glimpses.

"The story of Ernest W. Pittman and his relations to the dynamite case are more suggestive of the abuses of financial powers. Rumor says he had been expecting financial aid from big mill men.

"Apparently it was determined to destroy labor organizations by discrediting the workers. One way to do it was to show they were lawless users of dynamite.

"The public is anxious to know why the Mayor of Lawrence did not have a thorough investigation of the dynamite case.

"As contrasted with this great, grinding money power, these men of high political, social and moral position, was a group of under-paid foreign workers, without organization—unprotected strangers—the mercy of a protected and specially privileged power.

"When the story of financial greed, heartlessness and determination shall have been established, the world will have confirmed previous criminal conspiracies of merciless and unscrupulous capitalist antagonism to organized labor."

LAWRENCE, Mass., Sept. 25.—Commissioner of Public Safety Lynch today granted the I. W. W. leaders a permit to hold a big parade Sunday from the Common to the little cemetery where the body of Anna La Piazza is buried.

It is in connection with Miss La Piazza's death that Joseph Eitor and Arturo Giovannitti will go on trial Monday on charges of accessories before the fact to her murder, although it is generally believed that she was shot by a policeman named Oscar Benoit.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—The British Eitor-Giovannitti Defense Committee issued another appeal today to trade unionists for funds. "These men are to be sent to the electric chair for the crime of loyalty to the working class," the circular reads. "If you allow this judicial murder to go on unchallenged, the one who fight for labor will be safe."

DEFENSE BODIES HOLD MEETINGS

Lawrence Conference Still Waging Spirited Fight for Liberation of Eitor and Giovannitti.

At the last meeting of the Brooklyn Eitor and Giovannitti Defense Conference, at 157 Willoughby avenue, means were discussed for further funds. More than a score of letters asking for donations have been mailed to various organizations. The 6th Assembly District, Socialist party, donated \$5.

The following delegates were elected to draft a new leaflet: Olsen, Nesbit, Jennings, Jacques, Haefer and Sibert. The conference will hold a very important meeting next Monday.

The New York Conference met at the Labor Temple, 248 East 84th street, in response to a letter from the Arbeiter Ring, Branch 24, this organization was requested to send two delegates to the conference. The Parade Committee reported.

A vote of thanks was extended to all unions, societies and Socialist party branches which participated in the parade and demonstration on September 14. Delegates Gregorio, Flynn and Cassidy were elected to represent the conference at Police Headquarters at the investigation of the red flag incident which occurred during the parade.

It was reported that the Central Federated Union, New York, had declared that it desired no connection with the parade and demonstration of September 14. Mrs. Foye, of Milwaukee, offered the services of her daughter, Mrs. Greenway, a well known vocalist, if a meeting could be held to gather funds for the Eitor-Giovannitti defense. In view of several circumstances, it was decided such a meeting could not be held, although the conference expressed its thanks to Mrs. Foye and Mrs. Greenway.

NEW ENGLAND BOSSES FLAYED BY GOMPERS

Lawrence Strike May Prove Charges Against "Men Higher Up," He Declares.

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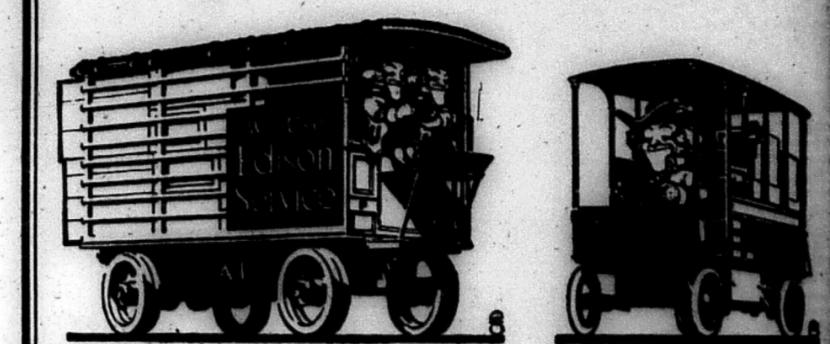
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Increase Your Business by improving your deliveries Below are some of New York's prominent users of Electric Vehicles



In a number of instances, electric vehicles have been in continuous service for the last ten years and are still giving perfect satisfaction

Some Electric Vehicle Users in New York

- Acker, Merrill & Condit Company
- Adams Express Company
- Aeolian Company
- Aitken, Son & Company
- Altman B. & Company
- American Bank Note Company
- American Express Company
- American Meter Company
- American Museum of Natural History
- Anheuser Busch Agency
- Armour & Company
- Arnold, Constable & Company
- Atlas Safe and Machinery Trucking Company
- Austin, Nichols & Company
- Beadleston & Woers
- Bernheimer & Schwartz Company
- Best & Company
- Boettger Company, Henry W.
- Bonwit, Teller & Company
- Brooks Brothers
- Brown, S. S. & Company
- Central Brewing Company of N. Y.
- Central Union Gas Company
- Childs Company
- Claflin Company, H. B.
- Colgate & Company
- Columbia Storage Warehouses
- Consolidated Gas Company of N. Y.
- Curtis-Blaisdell Company
- Cushman, L. A.
- Cushman, S. Sons
- Deering, Milliken & Company
- Diamond Rubber Company of N. Y.
- Doelger, Peter
- Ebling Brewing Company
- Ehrst, George
- Ewing, Bacon & Henry
- Firestone Tire and Rubber Co.
- Fish, George F.
- Fleischmann Company, The
- Franklin Simon & Company
- Gates, Church E. & Company
- General Baking Company
- General Electric Company
- Gimble Brothers
- Globe Storage and Carpet Cleaning Company
- Goldenberg Brothers & Company
- Gorham Company
- Greenhut-Siegel Cooper Company
- Griscam-Spencer Company
- Groh's Sons, M.
- Gutfreund's Olympia Market
- Hammacher, Schlemmer & Company
- Harlem Hospital
- Hearn & Son, James A.
- Held, Henry
- Horn & Hardart Company
- Hornthal & Company
- Hupfel, J. Chr. G. Brewing Company
- Hyde & Sons, A. G.
- Jaekel A. & Company
- Jaekel H. & Sons
- Johnson & Company
- Keith & Proctor's Theatres
- Kendall Nail and Supply Company
- Lewandow
- Lichtenstein Millinery Company
- Lincoln Safe Deposit Company
- Loewer's V. Gambrinus Brewery Co.
- Luchow, A.
- Macy, R. H. & Company
- Maillard, Henry
- Manhattan Storage Company
- McCabe Hanger Mfg. Company
- McCreary & Co., James
- Merritt, Stephen, Embalming Co.
- Metropolitan Opera House
- Meyrowitz, E. C.
- Mirror, The
- Morgan Steam Laundry Company
- Morse & Rogers
- Motor Delivery Company
- Mount Sinai Hospital
- Nathan Manufacturing Company
- New York Butchers' Dressed Meat Co.
- New York Edison Company, The
- New York Hospital
- New York Public Library
- New York Ry. and S.S. Time Table Co.
- New York Railways Company
- New York and Springfield Despatch
- New York Telephone Company
- New York Transfer Company
- New York Zoological Park
- Newcomb, F. J. Mfg. Company
- Niles-Bement-Pond Company
- Ovington Bros. Company
- Piercy, H. C. & A. I. Contracting Co.
- Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company
- Police Department
- Poppe, Edward Company
- Presbyterian Hospital
- Reppel, L.
- Rockefeller Institute Hospital
- Rouza, Charles Broadway
- Runkel Brothers, Inc.
- Ruppert, Jacob
- Safety-Armorite Conduit Company
- Scheffer, F. & M. Brewing Co.
- Schwan, Joseph
- Shaw, Alex. D. & Company
- Sills, J. S. & Sons
- Sils, J. S. & Sons
- Simpson-Crawford Company
- Singer Sewing Machine Company
- Slater, J. & J.
- Sloane, W. & J.
- Speyer & Company
- Sprague Electric Works
- Stelway & Sons
- Stern Brothers
- Sulzberger & Sons Company
- Taylor, H. E. & Company
- Third Avenue Railroad Company
- Thurn, Madam L.
- Tiffany & Company
- Tiffany Studios
- United Cigar Stores Company
- United Dressed Beef Company
- United Electric Light & Power Co.
- Vantine, A. A. & Company
- Vienna Pressed Yeast Company
- Wanamaker, John
- Ward Bros. Company
- Webber, Richard
- Weisbecker, Charles
- West End Storage Warehouse
- Weescott Express Company
- Whitman, Clarence & Company
- Williams, Ichabod T. & Sons
- Williams Printing Company
- Williams, R. C. & Company
- Wilcoxon Condensed Milk Co.
- Zampieri Bros.

In New York City Electric Vehicles are Sold by

- Anderson Electric Car Co.—(Detroit Electric)—Broadway and 80th St. (Passenger and Commercial)
- Atlantic Vehicle Co.—1500 Broadway (Commercial)
- Babcock Electric—John Wanamaker, Agent—Broadway and Astor Place (Passenger)
- Baker Vehicle Co.—179th Broadway (Passenger and Commercial)
- Champion Electric Vehicle Co.—100 William Street (Commercial)
- Commercial Truck Co of America—178 Broadway (Commercial)
- Couple Gear Co.—149 Broadway (Commercial)
- Field Electric Bus Co.—30 Church St (Passenger)
- General Motors Truck Co.—240 West 99th Street (Commercial)
- General Vehicle Co.—305 Fifth Ave (Commercial)
- Healey Co.—1654 Broadway (Passenger)
- Holi-Chandler Co (Flanders Electric)—1933 Broadway (Passenger)
- Hupp-Yeats Electric Car Co.—1980 Broadway (Passenger and Commercial)
- International Frithco Co.—305 5th Avenue (Passenger)
- Lansden Co.—178 Broadway (Commercial)
- Rauch & Lang—Broadway and 58th St (Passenger)
- Studebaker Bros Co of N. Y.—Broadway & 99th St (Passenger and Commercial)
- Walker Vehicle Co.—30 Church St (Commercial)
- Ward Motor Vehicle Co.—Concord Ave and East 143rd St (Commercial)

The New York Edison Company—At Your Service

55 Duane Street Phone Worth 3000

Branch Offices for the Convenience of the Public:

Address	Phone	Address	Phone	Address	Phone
424 Broadway	Spring 9999	124 W. 42d St.	Spring 9999	27 E. 125th St.	Harlem 4222
126 Delancey St.	Ovchard 1800	630 Third Ave.	Phone 6043	302 E. 140th St.	Madison 3040

WAR COSTS ITALY \$68,000,000.

ROME, Sept. 25.—The Turco-Italian struggle has cost the Italian War Department \$68,000,000 thus far, it was announced today. Naval expenses, the Minister of Marine stated, have been \$15,000,000. The Finance Minister added that no foreign loans were needed as yet. The war has been on for nearly a year.

27 COPS FINED FOR TALKING.

Thirty-seven policemen as duty in Manhattan precincts were fined from one to two days' pay yesterday in Police Headquarters for talking while on post. "Chattering on post must stop," Deputy Commissioner Dillon, who tried the men, said. "There will be heavier fines if the talking keeps up."

TO ABSTRACT HOTEL.

BOSTON, Sept. 25.—The cases existing between the Boston and the State Board of Correction and Abstraction. A hearing will be conducted tomorrow morning. The full board.

SOCIALIST NEWS OF THE DAY

matter intended for publication in this department must be in this office by noon of the day preceding that on which it is to appear. The publisher's name and address must be stated. All meetings must be held at 8 p.m., unless otherwise stated.

MEETINGS TODAY

MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

Business Meetings. 1—264 East 10th street. 2—100 West 125th street. 3—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 4—100 West 125th street. 5—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 6—100 West 125th street. 7—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 8—100 West 125th street. 9—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 10—100 West 125th street. 11—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 12—100 West 125th street. 13—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 14—100 West 125th street. 15—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 16—100 West 125th street. 17—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 18—100 West 125th street. 19—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 20—100 West 125th street. 21—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 22—100 West 125th street. 23—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 24—100 West 125th street. 25—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 26—100 West 125th street. 27—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 28—100 West 125th street. 29—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 30—100 West 125th street. 31—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 32—100 West 125th street. 33—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 34—100 West 125th street. 35—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 36—100 West 125th street. 37—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 38—100 West 125th street. 39—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 40—100 West 125th street. 41—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 42—100 West 125th street. 43—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 44—100 West 125th street. 45—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 46—100 West 125th street. 47—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 48—100 West 125th street. 49—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 50—100 West 125th street. 51—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 52—100 West 125th street. 53—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 54—100 West 125th street. 55—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 56—100 West 125th street. 57—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 58—100 West 125th street. 59—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 60—100 West 125th street. 61—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 62—100 West 125th street. 63—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 64—100 West 125th street. 65—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 66—100 West 125th street. 67—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 68—100 West 125th street. 69—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 70—100 West 125th street. 71—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 72—100 West 125th street. 73—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 74—100 West 125th street. 75—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 76—100 West 125th street. 77—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 78—100 West 125th street. 79—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 80—100 West 125th street. 81—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 82—100 West 125th street. 83—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 84—100 West 125th street. 85—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 86—100 West 125th street. 87—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 88—100 West 125th street. 89—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 90—100 West 125th street. 91—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 92—100 West 125th street. 93—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 94—100 West 125th street. 95—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 96—100 West 125th street. 97—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 98—100 West 125th street. 99—162d street and Amsterdam avenue. 100—100 West 125th street.

11th and 42d street, M. Rosenberg. 11th and 17th A. D., Bedford avenue and Monroe street, J. T. Hill and Alex Scott. 13th A. D., Manhattan avenue and Grand street, H. Rappaport and Sol Schwartz. 15th A. D., Branch 1—Manhattan avenue and India street, H. Eiswald and A. Chettle. 19th A. D., Branch 1—Knickerbocker avenue and Storkholm street, Charles H. Matchett and Charles L. Furman. 20th A. D., Branch 2—Saratoga and Pileth avenues, D. Oshinsky and Joseph E. Klein. 21st A. D., Branch 1—Washington and Johnson streets, Alex Scott and M. Rosenberg. Beard and Dwight streets, H. Kantor. Third avenue and 36th street, James Savage.

NOONDAY MEETING.

Washington and Johnson streets, Alex Scott and M. Rosenberg. Beard and Dwight streets, H. Kantor. Third avenue and 36th street, James Savage.

Executive Committee, Kings County.

A regular meeting of the Executive Committee of Kings County was held at the party headquarters Saturday, September 21.

Present were M. Fruechter, C. McM. Smith, A. Paul, C. L. Furman, M. Zucker, E. Lindgren, J. A. Whitehorn, and H. A. Hansen. J. A. Whitehorn was elected chairman. Zucker was elected secretary pro tem.

The Executive Committee reported the difficulty of getting "headliners" for the Masonic Temple course, and recommended that the project be abandoned. After a lengthy discussion a motion was passed that we continue the lecture course and charge 10 cents admission, an amendment to continue at the basis of 25 cents being lost.

A motion that all advertising done in connection with the lecture course be referred to the Executive Committee, without mentioning the change of price, was lost. An amendment to refer the whole matter to the Central Committee was carried.

The committee to visit the Polish branches reported that the Polish branches requested aid from the local in reference to getting speakers and a supply of Polish literature. The report was accepted. The organizer was instructed to have the State Platform translated into Polish, or print some good leaflet presented by the Polish branches, and that he arrange as many open-air meetings as possible and secure Polish speakers.

A committee from the 23d A. D. requested that two additional speakers be assigned for their truck meetings, referred to the organizer; to get combination leaflets from the National Office, and referred to the Debating Committee, to keep them in the local treasury their request cannot be granted.

A communication, including subscription cards, received from the Comins Nation, and referred to the Debating Committee, to keep them on file.

Forty-seven applicants were admitted to membership in the party. A request of an applicant to be admitted at present residing in the 10th A. D., was granted. Two applications were delayed for further investigation. A request from a Comrade to be admitted to membership in this local he not being able to secure a transfer from Local Westmoreland County, Pa., was granted. The organizer was instructed to get further information from the local in Pennsylvania, through State Secretary Hilsner.

Organizer reported that he had secured Arthur M. Lewis to speak at the Debs meeting. The action was concurred in. Reported that the referendum in reference to the Forward march \$1,000 toward the support of the Socialist press had been seconded by enough locals to be sent out to the membership for a vote. That the American Manufacturing

mass meeting to be held at Lieberkranz Hall, with Russell as speaker, and the 7th Senatorial Campaign Committee. MORRIS ZUCKER, Secretary Pro Tem. Fieldman in Brownsville. A mass meeting under the auspices of the 23d A. D. will be held tomorrow evening at New Palm Garden, 34th Street and Liberty Avenue, at which the following speakers will make addresses: Sol Fieldman, Jacob Panken, Charles Vanderporten, candidate for Assembly from the 23d A. D., and Earnest Wolf, candidate for Congress from the 10th District. Fred E. Martin will act as chairman.

Russell in Brooklyn.

The voters of the 7th Senatorial District of Kings County will have a chance to hear Charles Edward Russell on Tuesday evening, October 3, at Lieberkranz Hall, Manhattan Avenue and Meserole Street.

Admission will be 10 cents. Tickets have been sent to every member of the 13th, 14th and 15th Assembly Districts. The committee is confident that the hall, although the largest in the district, will be too small to accommodate all comers, as it is the only chance that the Greenpoint and Williamsburg voters will have to hear the Socialist message presented by our gubernatorial candidate.

English Branch, 23d A. D.

The English speaking branch of the 23d Assembly District, known as Branch 1, will hereafter meet at the headquarters of the district, 1701 Pitkin Avenue. Comrades of the district who prefer to belong to a branch conducted in English are invited to attend Branch 1's meetings, which are held every first and third Wednesday evening. Members of the branch are urged to secure as many English speaking Socialists as possible, since this branch must be built up in order to reach the English element of the district, without whom it would be impossible to record a big vote for the Socialist candidates.

QUEENS.

Open Air Meetings.

Branch 1, 110th Street, No. 1—Cypress and Green Avenues, Chairman, I. Wozniak, speakers, J. Kaufman, S. T. Hirst, Platform Committee, I. Beischer, R. Morlat. Branch 2, 110th Street, No. 2—Wyckoff and Putnam Avenues, Chairman, H. Brelmeyer, speakers, F. Stehle, I. Wozniak, Platform Committee, M. Phillips, J. Drescher.

Long Island City.

Broadway and Ninth Avenue, Harry Kantor, Platform Committee, William Krueger and John Herrmann.

NEW JERSEY.

Nominating Convention.

All party members of the 5th Ward Branch are hereby called to the nominating convention for ward officers, at the meeting room at 189 Monticello Avenue, tonight at 8 o'clock sharp. Other business of importance will also be taken up pertaining to distribution of literature and organization.

GUSTAV CARLSON, Organizer.

Hudson County Candidates.

All candidates running for office in Hudson County, towns, townships, cities and Borough of Secaucus must file statement of expenses of the primary election with the county organizer not later than tomorrow night at 7:30 o'clock. Another appointment must be made for the Campaign Committee for the November election. Comrades, it is your duty to attend to this at once.

FREDERICK GILLIAR, County Organizer.

Open Air Meetings.

JERSEY CITY.

Bowers Street and Central Avenue, William Liebthow, No. 1, St. Pauls and Tonelle Avenues, F. Hubschmitt. Midland Avenue and Elm Street—Charles Ufert.

at East Jersey and Jacques street tonight. ORANGE. Business Meetings. NEWARK. 13th Ward Branch will hold its regular business meeting at Jamieson's Hall, 324 South Orange Avenue. JERSEY CITY. 21 Ward Branch at Butler's Hall, corner of 3d and Grove streets. EAST ORANGE. From now until after election, the branch will meet at headquarters, 36 Eaton place, every Thursday. Attendance at these meetings will be a barometer as to the interest in the movement. BOSTON. Open Air Meetings. Roxbury Crossing—S. J. McBride, South and Poplar. PHILADELPHIA. Open Air Meetings. 20th and Wolf streets—Albert Hirsch and Harry Mawson. 20th and Hunsington—H. Anders and Esther Gerber. CONNECTICUT. New Haven. OPEN AIR MEETINGS. Blockley and Grove streets, I. Polak. Columbus and Water streets (Italian), A. Guerica. Seidel's Automobile Tour. The automobile tour of Emil Seidel in Connecticut is as follows: Tomorrow—Leaves Providence, R. I., at 8 a.m., speaks on the Parade Grounds at New London at 10:30 a.m., dinner at Norwich at 11:30 a.m., speaks in front of the Hopkins & Allen (seam) factory at 12:30 p.m.; at South Manchester at 2:30 p.m.; at East Hartford at 3:20 p.m.; at New Britain at 4 p.m.; at Bristol at 4:30 p.m.; at Southington at 5:20 p.m.; Meriden at 6 p.m.; at Wallingford at 6:40 p.m.; and New Haven in Music Hall, Court street, at 8:15. The tour for Saturday is as follows: J. G. Phelps Stokes and Rose Pastor Stokes spoke here in the Town Hall Tuesday night at the first Socialist meeting of the campaign. Robert Taylor, 123 Monte, candidate for Lieutenant Governor, took the chair. In spite of the rain, there was a very good and attentive audience. Much interest was shown and many intelligent questions asked. The demand for a silver collection will be 10 cent pamphlets being sold. There being no local organization here, the meeting was organized, planned and paid for by LaMonte.

REGISTER NOW! ERON PREP. SCHOOL. 18-17 EAST BROADWAY, N. Y. A Broadway Academy, with an attendance of twelve hundred every evening. College, Regents, Civil Service and Commercial courses. J. E. ERON, PRINCIPAL. Leaves New Haven for Greenwich at 8:05 a.m.; speaks at Greenwich at 9:30 a.m.; at Stamford at 10:15 a.m.; at Danbury at 11 a.m.; at South Norwalk at 11:30 a.m.; at Bridgeport, Washington Park, at 12:20 p.m.; at Shelton at 1:30 p.m.; at Derby at 2 p.m.; at Ansonia at 2:30 p.m.; at Seymour at 3:20 p.m.; at Naugatuck at 4:20 p.m.; at Waterbury at 5 p.m.; and at Hartford, in Foot Guard Armory, at 8:15 p.m. Seidel will be accompanied on this trip by the candidates for Congress in their respective districts, and the candidate for Governor, Samuel E. Beardsley, of Shelton, also a chairman and manager of each meeting to assist the locals in carrying on of the meeting. Seidel will only speak for ten minutes at each place, with the exception of the large cities like Bridgeport, Waterbury, New Britain and Meriden. Connecticut is boiling with Socialist sentiment and the State office looks for great results from this trip. Seidel's automobile will be equipped with a speaker and a microphone. A silver collection will be taken up at each speaking point to help defray the expenses of the trip. New Canaan. J. G. Phelps Stokes and Rose Pastor Stokes spoke here in the Town Hall Tuesday night at the first Socialist meeting of the campaign. Robert Taylor, 123 Monte, candidate for Lieutenant Governor, took the chair. In spite of the rain, there was a very good and attentive audience. Much interest was shown and many intelligent questions asked. The demand for a silver collection will be 10 cent pamphlets being sold. There being no local organization here, the meeting was organized, planned and paid for by LaMonte.

STOCKHOLDERS MEETING. NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of THE LAWYERS' UNION-PRINTERS COMPANY, Inc., will be held at the company at No. 35 Liberty Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Thursday, the 27th day of October, 1934, at three o'clock p.m. for the purpose of electing three directors for the ensuing year and three inspectors of election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting. The polls will remain open from 2 to 4 p.m. Transfer books will be closed from September 25 to October 2, 1934. Dated, New York, Sept. 2, 1934. EDWARD R. GREENE, President. EVERETT N. BLANK, Secretary and Treasurer.

L. BERGER SIGNS. Banners and Transparencies a Specialty. 32 W. 116th St. Tel. Harlem 3879.

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UNION LABELS. This Label stands for fair conditions. The Merchant Tailor using it recognizes the right of workmen facing the price of their own labor. CUSTOM TAILORS. 100% UNION. If your Tailor does not use the Label he is unfair in thought and action. If you believe in people receiving living wages demand the Label. If you see a Union Man prove it by showing the Union Label in your Coat, Pants and Vest. Journeymen Tailors' Union of America. BREAD BEARING. Buy this label in Union Made. Ask for the Label when buying bread.

Open Air Meetings.

2—Jefferson street and Broadway, Dave Dubinsky and J. H. Brown. 3—Clinton and Stanton streets, R. Rosenberg and J. H. Brown. 4—Clinton and Hester streets, William Rosenwald and M. L. L. 5—Hamilton Fish Park, S. Brown, N. Stupiker and E. Weinman. 6—Butlers Square, B. G. Brownman and William Karlin. 7—Pitt and Grand streets, Mrs. Gilbert. 8—47th street and Eighth Avenue, Hubert H. Harrison. 9—125th street and Lenox Avenue, J. C. Frost. 10—115th street and Fifth Avenue, Rev. Dr. Ealer. 11—102d street and Madison Avenue, Sam Kleizes (Jewish), Morris Holtzer and Meyer Weinstein. 12—Prospect and Longwood avenues, J. V. Shubert and Bert Kirk. 13—Prospect Avenue and 104th Street, August Claessens. 14—12th street and Lexington Avenue, L. Baker and Fred Paulsch. NOONDAY MEETING. 1—Madison Avenue and 10th Street, Hubert H. Harrison. Russian Branch Concert and Ball. The First Russian Branch of the Socialist party has arranged a concert and ball for Saturday evening at Clinton Hall, 151 Clinton Street. The Russian-Ukrainian Socialist Singing Society will participate in the concert. As the affair promises to be an exceptionally excellent one, the committee urges all its friends to be present. A Debs Dance. Branch 5 will give its opening entertainment and dance of the season on Sunday night, after the Debs meeting. New and old Comrades will join hands in the merry celebration of the most successful at the Garden. Admission 25 cents. The Claessens lecture will be postponed till next week. Circle 2, Y. P. S. F. After adjournment for almost three months, Circle 2 of the Young People's Socialist Federation will resume its activities tomorrow at the new headquarters of Branch 6, 1459 Third Avenue. Members are requested to bring their friends to help make Circle 2 prosperous for the coming year. All young people between the ages of 14 and 19 years are invited to become members. The purpose of the circle is to interest them in Socialism, lectures, talks, debates and discussions on different phases of Socialism, holding social work such as music, dancing, etc., are the essences of the program each Friday night. BROOKLYN. Business Meetings. 5th A. D., Branch 2—315 47th Street. 11st A. D., Branch 1—57 Graham Avenue. Open Air Meetings. 28 A. D.—Washington and Johnson streets, Harry Kantor and Louis Weiss. 38 A. D.—Indoor meeting at headquarters, Tompkins and Myrtle Avenues, Joseph A. Whitehorn and J. A. Well. 5th A. D., Branch 4—Eighth Avenue. OPTICIAN AND OPTOMETRIST, NEW YORK. When you are troubled with your eyes, have your eyes examined and if glasses are necessary, have them made at Dr. B. L. Becker's. OPTICAL PLACE. 200 East Broadway, Tel. 5265 Graham. 100 Nassau Ave., bet. 11th and 12th Sts. 100 Nassau Ave., bet. Rockaway and Thelard. 100 Nassau Ave., bet. Rockaway and Thelard. 100 Nassau Ave., bet. Rockaway and Thelard. OPTICIAN AND OPTOMETRIST, BROOKLYN. E. M. KURTIS, Expert Optician. 1028 Broadway, Brooklyn. Glasses \$1 & up. Open Ev'g. DENTISTS—New York and Brooklyn. DR. A. CARR SURGEON DENTIST. Special Liberal Prices for Comrades. 300 E. 84th St. Tel. 3967 Lenox. DR. S. BERLIN SURGEON DENTIST. 30 East 100th St. Cor. Madison Ave. Tel. 540-L Harlem. Telephone 9018 Prospect. DR. C. L. FURMAN, Dentist. 140 SIXTH AVENUE BROOKLYN. Hours 9 to 12 M. 1 to 4 P. M. Surgeon Dentist. 530 Brook Ave. Cor. 140th St. Bronx. Ph. Lewin.

Socialist Cyclist Hits N. Y.

On Round the World Tour

Dare Devil Devlin, of Waco, Tex., a Socialist free lance soap boxer who is now on his way on a round the globe bicycle tour, dropped into The Call office yesterday "just to see the boys that make the paper go," as he put it. Charles Devlin, who is 27 years old, is one of the best one-leaved bicycle riders in this country. His right leg below the knee is artificial. He left his home in Waco on May 25 on a \$10,000 purse offered him by the Waco Morning News if he would, starting without any money, complete a bicycle tour around the world, covering some 25,000 odd miles, within two years. No fewer than 20,000 miles of the trip are to be made on land, the rest on sea. So far he has already covered about 2,500 miles, taking in the Middle West and Eastern States. He is now in New York, and after having attended the Debs meeting in Madison Square Garden next Sunday, will sail for Liverpool on Monday morning. From Liverpool he will proceed on his journey through England, Ireland, Scotland, Germany, Austria, Spain, Portugal, Switzerland, France and Italy. From Naples he will sail for Australia and New Zealand via the South Pacific Road. After cycling those countries for a few weeks, he will sail across the Pacific for San Francisco. From San Francisco he will whirl along on his wheel to Los Angeles and will trail the Southern Pacific Road across the Great American Desert back to his starting point. He started penniless and is making his expenses by selling postal pictures of himself and also from sales of Socialist literature. He intends to work his way on ships. Devlin has been a member of the Socialist party for the past three years and has engaged in three debates with anti-Socialists since he left Waco. In McAlester, Okla., he debated a Salvation Army captain, and at Checotah, Okla., he came out the victor in a debate with James Hayes, ex-Attorney General of Kentucky. In almost every town he stopped in he has mounted the soap box and delivered the Socialist message, and has been arrested repeatedly for speaking on the streets without a police permit. Devlin makes it his policy never to ask for permission to speak on public streets, basing his right to their use on his American citizenship. At St. Joseph, Mo., he was arrested by a policeman who did not like Devlin's scathing indictment of capitalism. He acted as his own attorney, and was released. In his travels in the United States he has met many Socialist officials, including about a dozen Mayors, among them Mayor Lunn of Schenectady and H. P. Houghton, Mayor of Girard, Kan. When asked what he would do with the \$10,000 when he gets that bunch of coin, he grinned and said: "Let me get it first, and then I'll think about that. I believe, however, that that sum will settle my economic problem, and when this is done, I see no reason why I will not be able to devote my time and energy toward the spreading of Socialist principles and helping to bring the day of emancipation nearer."

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Union and Society Directory

Brotherhood of Machinists. Affiliated with the International Metal Workers' Federation. 34 PARK ROW, NEW YORK. Any Worker in the Machine or Metal Industry May Join. Initiation, \$1.00. LODGES IN N. Y. DISTRICT. Metropolitan, No. 1, Tuesday, Labor Local 1, 1st and 2nd streets, Brooklyn. Metropolitan, No. 2, 1st and 2nd streets, Brooklyn. Metropolitan, No. 3, 1st and 2nd streets, Brooklyn. Metropolitan, No. 4, 1st and 2nd streets, Brooklyn. Metropolitan, No. 5, 1st and 2nd streets, Brooklyn. Metropolitan, No. 6, 1st and 2nd streets, Brooklyn. Metropolitan, No. 7, 1st and 2nd streets, Brooklyn. Metropolitan, No. 8, 1st and 2nd streets, Brooklyn. Metropolitan, No. 9, 1st and 2nd streets, Brooklyn. Metropolitan, No. 10, 1st and 2nd streets, Brooklyn. Metropolitan, No. 11, 1st and 2nd streets, Brooklyn. Metropolitan, No. 12, 1st and 2nd streets, Brooklyn. Metropolitan, No. 13, 1st and 2nd streets, Brooklyn. Metropolitan, No. 14, 1st and 2nd streets, Brooklyn. 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The New York Call

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VOL. 5. THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 26. No. 270.

WHAT IT ALL LEADS TO.

There is no doubt that Cropsey is right; Mayor Gaynor is right; Creelman is right—and the board that is investigating is right. There is not a single point on which they are wrong or could be wrong. Have they not done everything in their power to make New York a model city? Certainly they have, and done it well. Even they admit it. But there arises the disconcerting question as to whether or not New York is such a city. We who live in it know it is not.

It has the worst traction system in the world. Its streets are a disgrace. There is the constant waste of money, of men and of energy in caring for its affairs.

Gambling houses are wide open. Even the Rosenthal murder did not put an end to that.

Yet our city officials are fighting among themselves as to who is responsible. All of them are. There is and can be no doubt of that. They may have tried their best, but they have accomplished nothing. They have worked out all their various schemes, and New York is what it is at the present time, the worst governed city in the world.

There is one thing on which Socialists here have been negligent. They have not taken advantage of the "local situation." What happens here in New York, in the gambling condition, in violence, in the traction situation, or otherwise, is only a re-emphasis of capitalism generally. It merely happens that we get all the problems in stronger form.

No one doubts that the meanest, most incompetent "public utilities" corporation doing business at the present time is the one that handles passengers going to and from work. No one doubts that this aggregation of sharks has been responsible for an amount of corruption that is unspeakable. Yet they are permitted to go ahead and do what they will.

The gambling situation is not nearly as serious. Gamblers, because of their trade, are naturally looked upon as outlaws. But the others are business men of the highest repute, and as such inflict an enormous amount of damage.

While it is true we are now in a Presidential campaign, and are apparently struggling with national issues, the sordid truth is that the fight centers around the control of municipalities. Every lineup, every move that is being made at the present time, has had to do with this one question, that of control of municipalities. As the largest, the place that offers the greatest "business opportunities," New York has of necessity offered the biggest amount of news, of scandal and of other things in a similar line.

It is all a direct incentive for Socialists to get down to earth, and to get down to work. Our problems are great big, world-wide problems, it is true. The place where we can put them into practical operation is just where we live, and no other place.

Those who study the New York situation cannot be otherwise than encouraged. The city officials themselves have undoubtedly failed. Now there is a tremendous fight on among them as to who is responsible for the failure. They all recognize what is wrong. They realize the traction stealing that has been going on. They recognize the prevalence of vice in all its hideous forms. Yet they try to make the other fellow responsible for all of these things.

We, on the contrary, realize that the capitalist system of ownership is responsible, and that under capitalism there must of necessity be such scenes and such actions as have recently disgraced the city. It is inevitable, for it is all part of the whole system. The control of a municipality is one of the richest sources of income there is. Therefore it happens that there is a keen struggle for that control. Just now those who seek this control are fighting in every possible way to get it. They are fighting even during the investigation, for at such a time they have more chance of getting in and once more fooling the credulous voters.

There is not a city in the world where Socialists have more cause for fighting or have a better opportunity than here. The only trouble is that they do not take advantage of the opportunity that offers itself, or, rather, the one that practically forces itself forward.

POSTLES OF PEACE AND OTHER THINGS

It may be noticed that Arthur Brisbane is a semi-Bull Mooser, and favors the candidacy of Oscar Straus.

It may be noticed that the firm of Macy, with which Straus is financially, though not actively, connected, is a heavy advertiser in the Hearst publications.

This probably is a mere coincidence, and has no other significance. Yet it is not a matter of record that a Hearst paper ever went against an advertiser.

Equally interesting is the fact that at a dinner Brisbane lauded Bourke Cockran, and Cockran lauded Roosevelt as an "apostle of peace."

Once upon a time, Brisbane, in a moment of inspiration, referred to the voluble statesman as "Bought Cockran."

Well, who's bought now?

Cockran is a Bull Mooser, and is running for Congress on the ticket of that party. Brisbane is supporting it, and signifies his support by praising the man he stigmatized as bought.

But that is easy for any one whose profession it is to be bought.

DOWNING THE BOSS

Just previous to the Baltimore convention it was announced that Boss Murphy had been put out of business. He went there and helped run things, and at the critical moment he swung into line and was safe.

Now, at Saratoga, Boss Barnes, who has been regularly put out of business, comes forward as the man who is running things.

The great advantage of the boss is that he is always on hand when he is needed, and most politicians, reformers or otherwise, need him constantly.

Boss Barnes on one side and Boss Murphy on the other have pretty complete control of affairs in this State, and the Bull Moose party is also destined to have its boss, if it manages to survive for any length of time. To the old parties the boss is necessary, for by his control and domination he succeeds in either bullying the members into compliance with the wishes of those who own the party or else in fooling them into remaining in line.

The Incentive Under Capitalism and Socialism

By ANNA E. SCHAROF.

This theme has been touched upon many times, but for the reason that our opponents find the following their ever ready objection against Socialism and that is, "Since under Socialism people will be provided with means of earning a comfortable living, the incentive will disappear and the world will cease to progress." I therefore think it advisable that we comrades make ourselves clear with an answer and by so doing gain deeper insight into the nobleness of our cause. This will do courage and energy in our forward and onward march toward the goal.

It is true that under the present capitalist system, where competition for every enterprise is very great, the incentive is much developed, but let us see what kind of an incentive this is and what its motives are. Are they useful or harmful, and to what do they lead, then we will realize that instead of being proud of it, as our opponents are, we should really be ashamed of it, for it leads to ruin and destruction of humanity at large.

The present incentive can be regarded as a struggle for existence, a struggle with the endeavor to provide for daily bread and if possible a little more. Under the existing urgency of competition, both in business and in work, it is impossible to earn a decent living by honest dealing. It is quite plain that when a few seize and control the means of many, there must remain many in need. The present grab or the so-called free competitive system is therefore similar to the well known law of the survival of the fittest, which exists among animals and uncivilized people, who are not much above the animal stage. Consequently the results of such incentives lead to bad effects.

Let us direct our attention to the energy being exhausted toward material profit.

The greater mass of people are most happy when they find sufficient employment, regardless whether their work be useful to society or not. For example, both workers and manufacturers of ammunition welcome war as an opportunity for disposing of their goods and would exert effort to incite one war after another whenever possible in order to have new demands for their production. Does humanity profit by this incentive? Do we need such murderous occupation and war, what for?

Most working people can have no inspiration for their work under a capitalist system of production, which renders the worker only about one-fifth of what he produces. Laborers join unions to improve the conditions under which they must work, and very frequently are obliged to go out on strike to obtain their demands. At the end of a long strike they lose, then the capitalist rejoices over this misfortune, for he profits by it. Under these prevailing circumstances a feeling of revenge naturally awakens in the hearts of the workers, revenge as a result of losing their bread, and revenge as a result of not having the right to appeal to the public by boycott, to oppose their exploiters. Being thus thrown in such a disgusting situation what incentive can we expect them to reveal? The recent McNamara case is a good example of the same.

Our salesmen waste much time and energy in devising schemes as to how to compete with the other salesmen. Then would it not be better without such competition, rather than exhaust human mind and energy in trying to persuade people to buy?

The same criticism can be applied to the present idealistic field of enterprises. Let us take, for an example, the present inventor and his inventions and we will see that his intention is not directed towards the advancement of art, as his aim is to invent that which the capitalist can make most profit by, so that he, in return, will get more money when selling him his patent. These industrial inventions render the capitalist opportunities for making money, but most of the inventions are not valuable to the greater part of society and, besides, it results in increasing the army of unemployed.

Now, in regard to the study of various sciences, such as medicine, it is safe to say that this is one of the most interesting and most students should, therefore, desire to study it, yet we see that usually one does not select the profession that he likes or has ability for most, but the one that he thinks is least on market, so as to avoid competition when ready to practice it.

Does not that show that we are inclined to consider material profit first? We hurry to get diplomas in order to earn money sooner, and often, therefore, professions are not thoroughly completed. Some patients are being treated for an unnecessary length of time so as to extend the number of visits. Does this add to our progress?

It is true that there are some who reach into the real fountain of knowledge, but they are only those who are provided for economically, or perhaps, influenced by a more progressive society closely related.

Even from the few given illustrations we can readily draw our conclusion that the present incentive pertains to grabbing, cheating and robbing or devising like methods for defending against the same. Most of the time the incentive under capitalism exhausts unnecessary human energy for non-useful things. The human mind is poisoned with mean motives and humanity ruined in body and soul.

Let us now analyze a Socialistic incentive and its advantageous results. It is false to believe that when people will have freer means for economic production that they will cease to progress. The following analysis will show the contrary.

Every living creature struggles for existence, and the human being struggles for a primitive existence and also for a better existence. This has developed in time since he reached the stage of human life and became to him a natural and perpetual function.

A human being in a civilized society, becoming economically provided, attains more ardent desire for greater achievements. He desires to know more and to enjoy more and to show to the community his best possible accomplishments. This leads

THE MASTER PAINTER



Don't Be Fooled

By MAX ENDICOFF.

Remember, workers, that you cannot compromise with the devil. You cannot expect your salvation to be worked out by those who are utterly and confessedly the tools of the capitalist class. Do you go to the capitalist employer himself and ask him for justice, for freedom and for righteousness? Do you go to him with your complaints of the high cost of living, the corruption and debauchery of public office, the hideous poverty and diseased condition of the masses? Do you go to him to demand that child labor, the blackest stain on present-day civilization, should be wiped out, that millions of idle workers be given employment and that women be given the same place as shoulder to shoulder with the male in his struggle for social improvement? Do you go to the capitalist employer with these complaints and demands? No, you have sense enough to know better. You are intelligent enough to know that if you brought these tales of woe to capitalist palaces you would receive a good, sound drubbing from our "public servant," the policeman, and find yourself lodged in jail.

Then, why in the name of common sense do you go to your Democratic and Republican or your "Progressive" candidate for office and expect him to aid you in any way? They are, one and all, the supporters and hirelings of the capitalist system, and as such, must be inexorably opposed to the interests and demands of the working class. Not one of them can or will deny this charge. Not one of them is against the ruling capitalist system, though this system has proven time and again to be the rich, fecund soil in which thrives all the vicious and pernicious growths that are poisoning our civilization. Capitalism keeps the workers in an economic slavery, more abject, more degrading and more unendurable than chattel slavery. Capitalism is responsible for over 3,000,000 child laborers who are denied their birthright of freedom, health and equal opportunity. Capitalism builds up a million idled slums and thickly congested tenement houses, insanitary, unlighted and unhealthy. Capitalism is to a great extent directly liable for the tremendous growth of prostitution and the development of the most abominable institution known to man—the international traffic of women for immoral purposes. Your Democratic, your Republican and your "Progressive" candidates stand for all this, and they lie to you or confess a shocking ignorance if they deny this.

Of course, these political jackals realize the political strength of your class, and with the craftiness of a fox they come to you on election day with a pile of full of needless bones and stuff it down your hungry throats. And it is to be regretted that they so often succeed. They come to you with their oily smiles and fixed smiles, pat you on the shoulder, hand you a cigar and loudly proclaim their undying affection and friendship for the workman.

Brand them all as liars and crooks. Don't be fooled by such humbug, such hypocrisy. Labor has no friends. Such self-elected "friends of labor" must take their places for or against the workman; they must take their stand with the working class in the struggle to wrest the machinery of government from the hands of the capitalist class, to help the working class in overthrowing the bloody, life-destriving reign of capitalism. Will these so-called "friends of labor" help to under the biting, corroding fetters that have bound the limbs of labor for centuries past? Will they? Look at your Democratic, your Republican or "Progressive" candidate with a cigar perched in the corner of his mouth, with the large, gilt badge, his free camaraderie with every bartender and with a fat "bank roll" donated by a corporation, whose civic duties are "sincere and conscientious." Will they help you? I guess not. There is no money in it.

Sooner or later, you workers will awaken to the true status of these despicable, corrupted tools of capitalism. Sooner or later, you will understand that by supporting and putting in office such enemies of labor you are deceiving yourself and betraying your comrades. Sooner or later, probably when you feel more deeply the fiery, blasting touch of capitalism, will you realize that there never can be any compromise and that the struggle must be to the death. No compromise. The issue is clear and clean cut: Socialism vs. Capitalism. Vague and indecipherable, you feel this conflict in the air. Even now the ranks are drawn out, fast. From far off can be heard the portentous rumblings of the fast approaching titanic struggle. Capitalism is making a last stand by trying to lure the workman from his ranks, offering him dainty tidbits in hope that he may mistake it for solid food; offering him a line with a Roosevelt and "Progressive platform" as bait.

Where do you stand in the coming conflict? Where can you stand; certainly not in the ranks of the plutocrats. They themselves will inform you, as they have in the past, that you should know your place and go where you belong. Take their advice. Wake up! Join the swelling ranks of fellow workers, make yourself ready for the fray, and once for all, show the master class that you cannot be fooled, and on election day show your united strength and power to the help of the Socialist party—your party.

CAMPAIGN MATERIAL.
Political Boss—Well, did you discover anything in Stump's past life that we can use against him?
Detective—Not a thing. All he ever did before he came here was to sell awnings.
Political Boss—Why, that's just what we want! We'll say that he has been mixed up in some decidedly shady transactions.—Judge.

Bull Moose in New Jersey

By RICHARD PERIN

The process of formation of the so-called Progressive movement is, in some respects, extremely interesting to watch. The leaders of the movement may apparently be divided into two classes; first those itching for office but who for some reason or another are not acceptable as candidates to the bosses of the Republican or Democratic parties, and second some comparatively farsighted and alleged-ly honest opponents of Socialism. Those in the first class, that is to say the office-seekers, are apparently using as tools those in the second class, the stayers off of Socialism by means of reform, so much for the leaders, where does the rank and file come from?

As the great majority of the voters in this or any other country, belong to the working class, it is a necessity for any party hoping for success to seek the support of that class. The Progressive is no exception to that rule, but he is making his appeal to the workers in a manner somewhat different from that employed by the two old parties. Those who are directing the policy of this widely heralded and effectively advertised movement are not the office-seekers, but those who have seen and feared the irresistible forward march of Socialist sentiment in the United States. Consequently we may expect to find and do find the Progressive party propagating to itself such of the immediate demands of the Socialist party as the "Bull Moose" believes will constitute an effective appeal to the workers.

The tremendous amount of propaganda work done by the Socialist party during the last ten years has borne fruit far beyond, I believe, the general estimate, and I firmly believe that the Big Bull Moose and those associated with him have a clearer conception of the extent of Socialist sentiment throughout the country than have most Socialist party members themselves. We naturally try to estimate the results of our propaganda by party membership or by votes. There is no other way for us to gain an expressible estimate of the influence of our propaganda, however, the immense effect our propaganda has had in eating into and undermining the conservatism of those who still cling to bourgeois parties. The great mass of the population is becoming saturated with Socialist ideas and ideals, as is conclusively proved by the seeping into bourgeois political platforms of demands (placed there, of course, for the sole purpose of fooling the workers), which in the past we alone have had the temerity to make. When we force our opponents to adopt our demands we have a rule by which to measure our real strength and success far more accurately than by membership or strictly Socialist votes.

Now it is from those of the workers who have heard and only partially digested the Socialist propaganda that the Progressive party will draw the greatest number of its supporters. It is from among those whom a year or so more of poverty and Socialist propaganda would have convinced. Within the Progressive party in the field this year, they would probably have voted the straight Socialist ticket by hundreds of thousands, if not by millions. Fortunately the Big Bull Moose saw the danger of our being overwhelmed by a horde of half-baked demagogues looking for leaders, and, like the true friend to us that he is, determined to sacrifice his ease, his reputation and his honor for our benefit. Nobly he came to the rescue and generously consented to hold just where they were the members of this formless mob of semi-Socialists, to keep us safe from them until after election day, when we can again take up the work of polishing up and completing their education into class-conscious revolutionary Socialists, ready and eager to take over the powers of government for the workers in that year of grace, 1916.

The above is not entirely based on theory, it has a foundation of observation and of facts. Facts or observation in other States might not bear me out, but facts as I have seen them in New Jersey do. A sample or two will suffice to show what I mean. One of the strange branches of the party possessed a member who was continually protesting his zeal for and his firm allegiance to the "cause." He has a certain eloquence, especially when on the subject of women's wrongs, and "the poor little children," but it was dangerous to allow him to speak in public for he preached Socialism as he understood it, which was not at all. He did not care for the disagreeable routine work of the branch, and consequently was more of a trouble than a help, being always

SOCIALIST CANDIDATES

- NATIONAL**
- FOR PRESIDENT
EUGENE V. DEBS, of Indiana
 - FOR VICE PRESIDENT
EMIL SEIDEL, of Wisconsin
- STATE**
- NEW YORK**
FOR GOVERNOR
CHARLES EDWARD RUSSELL
FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR
GUSTAVE STREBEL
 - NEW HAMPSHIRE**
FOR GOVERNOR
WILLIAM H. WILKINS
 - MASSACHUSETTS**
FOR GOVERNOR
ROLAND D. SAWYER
 - RHODE ISLAND**
FOR GOVERNOR
SAMUEL H. FASSEL
 - CONNECTICUT**
FOR GOVERNOR
S. E. BEARDSLEY