

The emancipation of the Working Class must be accomplished by the workers themselves.

300 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK. TELEPHONE 2303 BEEKMAN.

No. 208.

The New York Call

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF THE WORKING PEOPLE

Socialists have no interests separate and apart from the Working Class as a whole.

WEATHER: GENERALLY FAIR.

Price Two Cents

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JULY 26, 1912.

IN CONGRESS AGAINST RED FLAG

Introduced by Rep. Matthews of New Castle—Socialists Interested.

(By National Socialist Press.)

WASHINGTON, July 25.—Pennsylvania is apparently strong on "patriotism."

A year ago Representative J. Hampton Moore, of Philadelphia, introduced a bill to compel, under penalty, proper observance of the Stars and Stripes. Now Representative Charles Matthews, of New Castle, is out with a bill along the same lines, but with an additional provision for the red flag. New Castle is a Socialist administration.

Patriot Matthews evidently wants to bring his old party friends that he is bringing to the wrath of the federal government down upon the heads of the triumphant Socialists who have the red flag of human brotherhood on the streets of New Castle. Of course the old party yoke does not know that introducing a bill is one thing, and having it appear on the statute books is quite another thing.

Just how gray matter will act under certain conditions and environment is aptly demonstrated in the following masterpiece of proposed legislation:

Whereas it has become a common practice to carry in public processions and parades flags of other nations and the red flag, also defiling the United States flag for purposes of advertisement, and so forth, to the dishonor of our national colors, which tends to breaches of the public peace, and against the good order of society;

That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons, firm, or corporation to write, print, paste upon, or attach to or cause to be written, printed, pasted upon or attached to any flag, standard, or ensign of the United States of America any words, signs, symbols, or characters whatsoever as advertisements for any person, firm or corporation, or to be subject to a fine of not less than \$100 and not more than \$500, or to be imprisoned for a term of not less than three months, or either, at the discretion of the court before which convicted.

Sec. 2. That in all public parades and processions, political, religious, or otherwise, in which flags, banners, and other symbols are carried and displayed, the flag of the United States of America shall be carried unfurled in the advance, or at the front of such parade or procession, and any person or persons neglecting or refusing to do so shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be subject to a fine and penalty, as provided in the first section of this act; provided, that the foregoing shall have no application to foreign embassies and consulates.

Sec. 3. That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons to display in any public assembly, or from any building, building, pole, or other structure, the red flag, except in subordinate position to the flag of the United States of America, or for any person or persons knowingly or wantonly, by violence to pull down or remove any flag, standard, or ensign of the United States of America, carried in any parade or procession, or displayed from any building, building, pole or other structure, or to wantonly stand upon, trample, defoul, mutilate or otherwise deface the same, and any person or persons doing so shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be subject to a fine not exceeding \$1,000 and undergo imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year, or both, at the discretion of the court before which convicted; provided, that the foregoing shall have no application to the use of red flags for purposes of warning or protection of possible injury to life, limb, or property.

Patriot Matthews, according to the Congressional Directory, is engaged in manufacturing and banking. Also, according to inside information, Patriot Matthews is afraid that a Socialist will succeed him next fall. If New Castle continues as it now began, Charles Matthews will take the above bill back home next winter as a remnant of a brief stay in Washington.

MILLIONAIRE CLUBMAN IS SUED FOR DIVORCE

SAN FRANCISCO, July 25.—George Fuller, of the Sausalito Yacht Club, was sued today by Mrs. Anna C. Fuller.

Fuller married Miss Frances Bennett of 751 51st street, Brooklyn, as co-defendant, alleging that Miss Bennett had developed a love affair while Fuller was living at the Fuller home in Sausalito.

According to the complaint, Fuller went to Sausalito with Miss Bennett last March and had been absent since. She has a child and used by Fuller in writing to her about the blunder of which she is the victim before the blotter.

VERIDGE FOR GOVERNOR

CHICAGO, July 25.—Former Governor Albert J. Beveridge declares that he is for Colonel Roosevelt as long as he ever and that he will support the new party was taken here as an indication that the former Governor of the Pullman scandal was not a candidate with enthusiasm.

COST OF MURDER BY STATE \$65,000

Expense of Each "Execution" is About \$400. Exclusive of Maintenance Outlay—9 to Die in August.

ALBANY, July 25.—Inclusive of cost of electrocuting nine men, who are condemned to die next month, this State will have expended \$65,000 for legal murder since that mode of killing people by the commonwealth was introduced.

The State's prison authorities estimate that it costs about \$400 per individual to carry out the capital punishment mandate. This sum is for the infliction of the death penalty alone and does not include the cost of maintenance of the condemned men during the many months they are in prison awaiting final disposition of their cases.

The chief electrician in charge of the legal murder receives \$250 and his assistant \$50 for each man put to death. These attendants also get their traveling and hotel expenses.

There have been 155 men put to death in the electric chair in this State since the law went into effect some twenty-two years ago. Nine men await execution of sentence during the week of August 13, making the total number 164. The cost of executions is paid from the expense account of the various State prisons.

Col. Joseph W. Scott, State superintendent of prisons, believes that a great saving could be effected if there was a central prison for the killings by electricity. He likewise believes that the State Legislature should make a special appropriation for their cost, instead of compelling the prison maintenance accounts to bear the expense.

MRS. BELMONT FAVORS USE OF DIRECT ACTION

NEWPORT, R. I., July 25.—Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont believes in the methods employed by the English suffragists. At a meeting of the Newport County Suffrage League Mrs. Belmont was asked whether or not she approved of the English militant movement and she made the following reply:

"Indeed, I do strongly believe in it, but we here in the States have had such garbled reports and so much misrepresentation of the acts of the English women that I wonder some of our stanch suffragists here think they do not approve. However, when they understand the truth of the matter, they do believe the English women are right."

"For forty years the different political parties of England have used window smashing to show their displeasure when an election has gone against them. If the Liberals were beaten, they smashed windows; if the Conservatives are beaten, they smash windows. The English women had worked for years endeavoring to be heard and made use of all of the conservative measures, such as we are using."

PROTEST FOR LAWRENCE LEADERS IN NEWARK

The Etter and Giovannitti Protest Conference of Newark, N. J., which is composed of the United Italian Society and progressive organizations, have arranged for a parade and mass demonstration to be held at Military Park tomorrow.

The organizations participating will form at Sixth and Clifton avenues at 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon, and the line of march will be Sixth avenue to Clifton, to Norfolk, to Jones, to Springfield, to Broad and thence to Military Park.

The speakers will be Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, W. D. Haywood and Edward Ross.

The 2d and 7th Ward branches of the Socialist party of Newark declared unanimously in favor of participating as a body in the parade and demonstration. To the labor unions of Essex County this conference appeals most urgently for assistance, as it is vitally necessary that the whole force of the organized labor movement be exerted in behalf of the imprisoned leaders in Lawrence, Mass.

SWING FOR DAUGHTER COST ONLY \$50,200

YONKERS, N. Y., July 25.—M. G. Rothchild, president of the Yonkers Security Company, paid \$50,200 for the Columbia Inn and several adjoining lots in South Broadway today because he wanted a swing, which is on the property, for his small daughter.

The property was sold by a referee to settle the estate of the late Nicola Grilli, a private banker of this city. Surprise was expressed when Rothchild began to bid, and the surprise grew when he kept boosting his bids energetically until the property was finally knocked down to him.

Asked by the auctioneer what he intended to do with it, he replied: "There's a fine, big swing back of the inn, and I want it for my little girl."

SEIDEL ADDRESSES BIG CROWD AT SHREVEPORT

SHREVEPORT, La., July 25.—Socialist Vice Presidential Candidate Emil Seidel received a royal welcome here tonight from one of the biggest throngs that has yet turned out to listen to him.

He spoke from a large platform that had been erected in the courthouse square, his audience numbering itself on the courthouse steps. Seidel continued to arouse considerable curiosity as the ex-Mayor of Milwaukee. His story of the fight made by the Socialist administration in Milwaukee, as well as his denunciation of national politics as conducted with enthusiasm.

GOMPERS DENOUNCES CONTEMPT DECISION

Says Judge Wright Discloses Mental Attitude of Bygone Age.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—In bitter phrases, pregnant with feeling, President Samuel Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, today denounced the sentencing by Justice Daniel Thew Wright of himself, Mitchell and Morrison for contempt in the famous Buck Stove case. In a signed editorial in the American Federationist, Gompers says:

"Justice Wright discloses the mental attitude of a bygone age when the masters owned the workmen who were their slaves or serfs. As a lineal descendant of the king, or his representative, the Chancellor, Justice Wright undertook to deny to the workers of our time their equality before the law, their rights gained by the constitution of our country."

Justice Wright would forbid that men ever criticize a Judge for his decision. In so doing he is propagating a dangerous dogma for there is no theory more subservient than that of infallibility. Any court that is compelled to resort to the suppression of criticism in order to protect himself against contempt is not one that is standing for the ideals of democracy, justice and liberty.

The opinion filed is a document that reflects with utmost clearness this 'kingly' viewpoint, the mental bias and mental process that stand out so conspicuously different from the conceptions of the rights of citizenship among our people. Its pseudo-individualistic political theory reverberates like a voice from the tomb of the vested interest philosophers."

President Gompers repeated his declaration made immediately after the decision was rendered, and as instantly denied by Justice Wright, that he had heard the decision in the contempt case was completed prior to the Chicago convention, but withheld.

"We will stake our reputation for veracity with Justice Wright's," the editorial declared.

One statement was that "Russia could not go further" in judicial censorship than had Justice Wright in the contempt decision. The jurist was referred to as "Censor" Wright.

"The judge gave the men no credit for truthfulness or honesty," Gompers continued. "His summary of Mitchell's evidence was a sneer at his veracity."

After examining Gompers' editorial, Justice Wright said:

"There is nothing to answer in it. It is simply personal abuse and vilification of myself, coupled with an attempt to misrepresent the courts and judges. It is exactly similar to previous misrepresentations of the attitude of the courts, as I pointed out in my opinion in the contempt case."

Although Justice Wright refused to indicate whether he would take official cognizance of the attack, he emphasized his own belief that the editorial was distinctly libelous.

HAVEMEYER TACTICS REVEALED IN FRISCO

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 25.—No startling revelations were made today during the proceedings against the Sugar Trust before Special Examiner Brice, but considerable evidence was brought out supplementing the disclosures of the day before in regard to the shifting of competition between sugar refineries in California. Most of this evidence was in the form of letters and telegrams between Secretary Hannam and H. O. Havemeyer.

Some of these letters refer to the desperate attempts made by the trust to continue the closing down of the Hawaiian-American factory after the three year period, for which \$200,000 a year was paid, but these efforts were unsuccessful.

FEARS SOCIALISTS ARE CAPTURING THE UNIONS

CHICAGO, July 25.—W. L. Park, vice president and general manager of the Illinois Central Railroad, against which a strike was declared some time ago by the Federated Shopmen of the Harriman lines, vented his spleen at the convention of the International Railway Foremen's Association, in session here, today.

Park, who is terror-stricken by a vision of the labor unions coming under Socialist control, declared:

"The greatest difficulty in operating a railroad shop, he said, 'is the present attitude of the laborer. Organized ostensibly to benefit their men, the unions have recently become subservient to the avarice of certain individuals of strong Socialist tendency, who sow the seeds of insubordination, dissatisfaction and disunion among the rank and file, which in turn breeds indifference, bickering and strife.'"

UNION MEN INDORSE DEMAND OF BERGER

SEATTLE, Wash., July 25.—The Central Labor Council today adopted resolutions endorsing Socialist Congressman Victor L. Berger's demand for a special Federal Grand Jury to probe the causes leading to the resignation of Federal Judge Hanford while under fire.

The council wishes a special investigation of relations that were said to exist between Hanford and the Northern Pacific Railroad. A copy of the resolutions will be forwarded to Berger at Washington.

HELD ON CHARGE OF USURY

John E. Shultz, of 241 West 125th street, was arraigned before Magistrate Herrman in the Tombs Police Court yesterday charged with usury.

STORY BEARS OUT APPEAL'S EXPOSURE

Escaped Prisoner Describes Horrible Torture, Inflicted on Prisoners at Federal Prison at Leavenworth.

PHILADELPHIA, July 25.—Andrew Tobani, of Long Island City, who escaped from the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kan., in a garbage barrel, after having been placed there unjustly, he says, was arrested today. He told a horrible story of the tortures inflicted on prisoners, saying he saw the water cure, the straitjacket and other hideous punishments in daily use.

His story corroborates the exposure of the barbaric punishments employed at the federal prison, recently published in the Appeal to Reason, the well known Socialist weekly of Girard, Kan.

Tobani, having enlisted in the 5th Cavalry at Fort Sam Houston, under the name of William Jackson, was sentenced to Leavenworth on what he terms a "false charge" of larceny. He was accused of purloining an officer's pistol.

Tobani was beating his way home to 1212 Wilbur street, Long Island City, when he became ill and stopped in Philadelphia.

THREE P. R. WORKERS KILLED; FOUR HURT

Defective Switch Causes New Haven Express to Run Into Freight.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 25.—Three men were killed and four others seriously injured when the Adams Express train from New York for Boston crashed into a freight train at Stonington this morning.

A defective wire in the signal station prevented the towerman from setting the distant signal against the express. Both east and west bound tracks were blocked for upward of twelve hours.

The dead are: Cecil Cheney, Midway, Conn., engineer on second engine of freight; Charles Conley, South Boston, head brakeman on freight; another body is still in the wreckage.

The injured are: Frederick S. Naley, New Haven, fireman on express, left hand amputated, right hand badly crushed, cuts and bruises, may die; Charles H. Maxwell, New Haven, engineer of express, feet crushed and right side badly scalded; James Martenson, Portchester, N. Y., jockey in care of horses on freight, cuts and bruises; Patrick Connell, Portchester, N. Y., jockey in care of horses, cuts and bruises.

The defective signal, combined with high speed on the part of the Adams Express train, which was nearly three hours late, and a bad curve, which shut off the view of the engineer, are the causes attributed for the wreck.

Two of the three locomotives were reduced to scrap from several cars were demolished and the pile of wreckage is several feet high.

BROKE SPEED LAW HE FRAMED; IS FINED \$10

QUEBEC, July 25.—A dozen workmen were buried by the caving in of a ditch twenty feet, in which they were laying a pipe at the new pulp mills being erected at Kenogami, Quebec last night. One was taken out dead, and three mortally injured. Four men are still buried in the ditch.

MAN KILLED IN CAVE-IN

Former Assemblyman Harold Spillberg, of 64 East 7th street, Manhattan, one of the framers of the Callon Speed Law, was fined \$10 yesterday by Magistrate Miller, of Jamaica, on the charge of violating the speed ordinance. He was charged with going thirty-six miles an hour.

The ex-Assemblyman told the judge that the way he interpreted the law was that a man could go at the rate of thirty miles an hour in the country providing he had his car under full control.

The judge said the law permitted a speed of fifteen miles an hour and the city ordinance ten miles, and Spillberg was making more than twice the speed limit.

NEW BEDFORD STRIKE CONTINUES UNCHANGED

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 25.—The local strike situation remains substantially unchanged despite the fact that the Industrial Workers of the World have voted to return to work as a result of their differences with the craft unionists. It is said that few of the Industrial Workers succeeded in obtaining positions in the seven mills which are still operating, as their places are declared to have been filled.

The twelve cotton mills originally struck are still affected, and in the neighborhood of 15,000 are in idleness.

Few policemen are on duty in the mill district, as the striking operatives are very careful to maintain peace.

The strike is for the abolition of the intolerable grading wage system.

TO PROBE JUDGES' SENTENCES OF STRIKERS

BOSTON, July 25.—District Attorney J. C. Peffer today followed up a sensational attack on Boston courts by setting the machinery of his office in motion for a complete investigation of the many cases disposed of against Boston elevated strikers in the municipal courts.

GIRL SUFFOCATED BY CHEMICAL FIRE

Meets Death in Employer's Establishment—Other Mishaps to Workers.

Miss Emma Scheingood, 237 East 10th street was suffocated yesterday while she was at work in the window cleaning establishment of Joseph Silverstein, at 249 1/2 East 12th street. She was overcome by smoke from an explosion in a small room in which Silverstein stored chemicals used in making a patent window cleaning fluid. Silverstein was slightly injured.

According to Silverstein, the girl was at work with him in the large office when he started for the chemical room. As he opened the door he was greeted by an explosion, and sheets of flame swept toward him. He rushed from the room, but his clothing caught fire.

Miss Scheingood, seeing that he was on fire, tried to aid him, but Silverstein, panic-stricken, rushed from the building and across the street to Harry Freeman's tailor shop.

The girl remained and evidently was overcome by the dense smoke that issued from the chemical room and also by the fumes from the chemicals.

Silverstein was wrapped in some pressing blankets. It was not until he was being treated that he remembered the girl.

"My God! She's in there," he shouted, pointing to the building, from which smoke was issuing. Several persons darted across the street and started upstairs, only to be driven back by the smoke, which was coming down in heavy clouds. Three or four ineffectual attempts were made to save the woman, and at length her body was found.

William O'Donnell, 42 years old, of Gale street, Elmville, a foreman employed by the Department of Highways, was probably fatally injured yesterday while superintending some work at Jackson avenue and Trains Meadow road. He was struck by a Flushing-bound trolley car of the New York and Queens County Railway Company and knocked down.

The car did not run over O'Donnell, but he was hurled onto a pile of paving blocks. He was hurried to St. John's Hospital, Long Island City, where it was found that he was suffering from a concussion of the brain and a broken left shoulder, and contusions of the left side of the body.

The motorman of the car said that O'Donnell stepped directly in the way of the car and was knocked down before the motorman had time to shut off the power. There was no arrest made.

While making repairs in the plant of the Brooklyn Milling Company, at Kent avenue and Taylor street, Williamsburgh, yesterday, Peter Quackenbush, a carpenter, 61 years old, of 41 Taylor street, fell from a scaffold. He landed on his head and was insensible when found by employees of the factory. Quackenbush was removed to the Eastern District Hospital, where it was said he may die of a fractured skull.

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GEORGIA CORPORATION PRESIDENT ARRESTED

SPARTANBURG, S. C., July 25.—W. J. Mannie, president of the Georgia Public Service Corporation and other companies and estimated as a millionaire, was arrested here this afternoon as he was passing through on a train from New York to Macon, Ga.

He is wanted in Tennessee on a charge of having attempted by threats to coerce Robert Williams, formerly his employe, into dropping a civil suit against Mannie for defamation of character. Under the Tennessee code this is a felony punishable by imprisonment of from three to ten years.

Governor Blewett of this State, has granted extradition. Governor Smith and Joseph Brown, of Georgia, would not permit Mannie to be surrendered to the Tennessee authorities. Mannie said that while in New York he was constantly trailed by detectives.

PORTO RICAN PLAGUE WELL UNDER CONTROL

WASHINGTON, July 25.—A new case of plague has developed at Puerto de Tierra, Porto Rico, and another suspected case was reported today from Havana.

The new case at Puerto de Tierra is the one that was reported Tuesday as a suspect. The Public Health and Marine Hospital Service in Porto Rico is concentrating this case, and Dr. Croft, in charge of the quarantine, stated in his report today that the infection in the Caribbean district would be entirely stamped out within a day or two.

There is only one case in Havana at present, the first case having been pronounced today as officially confirmed to be passed the stage of danger of infection. The second case died a week ago.

SENATE PASSES CIVIL BILL

WASHINGTON, July 25.—The Senate today passed the civil bill in the proportion 81-15. This bill is one of the most important measures since the passage of the Federal Reserve Act.

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FAMOUS HUNGARIAN TRIAL

LOS ANGELES, July 25.—Frank J. Searlight, American and Hungarian, and his partner, were today held in the city of Los Angeles.

FLOURISH GUNS IN POLITICIANS' FIGHT

Joint Debate of South Carolina Capitalistic State Candidates Ends in Bloody Brawl.

SALUDA, S. C., July 25.—The joint debate of the candidates for State offices here today ended in a fight in which one man was knocked down and badly beaten and several others were less seriously injured. Several pistols were drawn and shooting was imminent, but urgent appeals of the candidates prevented the use of the firearms.

Barney Evans, candidate for Attorney General, provoked the trouble by alleging in his speech that the jury of this county had whitewashed Sheriff Surples in the matter of levying tax executions.

Surples started toward Evans, saying: "Do you refer to me? I have got nothing in my hands."

Simon Coates, an Evans supporter, rushed between the latter and the Sheriff and was struck in the face by the Sheriff's brother and knocked down. He was taken from the stand with the blood streaming down his face. A score or more men rushed upon the stand and a general fight followed, in which pistols were flourished.

Sheriff Surples was once a witness before the Grand Jury in this county which found an indictment against Evans charging him with forgery.

Gov. Cole Blaise and his opponent for the Governorship, Judge Ira Jones, were on the stand and their appeals prevented the use of guns.

7 HURT, 2 BADLY, IN BROOKLYN CAR CRASH

A telegraph pole, though it caused serious injuries to two and minor injuries to a dozen persons, undoubtedly saved the lives of more than forty passengers when a New York bound trolley car collided with it at Neptune and Coney Island avenues yesterday. Had the car not hit the telegraph pole it would undoubtedly have plunged into Coney Island Creek. The injured were:

Tillie Brownovitch, 1805 Stanhope street, Brooklyn, cuts on hand; home.

Stephen Frederick, 85 Central avenue, Brooklyn, injuries to chest and back; home.

James Pearson, 17 Kosuth place, Brooklyn, shock and injuries to the legs; to hospital.

Edward Sklar, motorman, 1040 DeKalb avenue, Brooklyn, contusions left leg and head; home.

Louis Wasserman, 609 Water street, Manhattan, cuts and bruises; home.

Benjamin Warshawer, 691 Bedford street, Brooklyn, fractured left leg; home.

CRIMINAL CHARGES DISMISSED AGAINST CHAUFFEUR SHAPIRO

Important Disclosures Regarding Rosenthal's Murder.

District Attorney Whitman took through the hedge of lies and all cunning stratagems erected by the murderers of Herman Rosenthal when he drew from William Shapiro and Doob Walker, yesterday the story of how the killing was planned and of how spies started between the Metropole and the murder headquarters in Bridge Webber's poker parlor with bulletins of Rosenthal's movements.

He took a long step ahead in the investigation by the Grand Jury to determine whether a partnership had existed between politicians and gamblers as Rosenthal charged in the affidavit against Becker, when Police Lieutenant Daniel E. Costigan, "the honest cop," as they call him in the department, told the Grand Jury that gambling could not endure in the Tenderloin or anywhere else without police protection.

Shapiro, according to the District Attorney, for nearly two years and at the conclusion of the conference both Assistant District Attorney Frank Moss and Aaron A. Levy, counsel for the accused and mobile driver, emerged from Shapiro's private office and said that they had given the most valuable information yet obtained by the grand jury.

Shapiro, it was said, had not only furnished the State with detailed circumstances leading up to the murder of Rosenthal in front of the Hotel Metropole, but had given a long list of the names of the men implicated in the assassination.

Shapiro, according to the District Attorney, has by his admission become a State's witness, but will be held in custody. All criminal charges have been dismissed against him.

Police Lieut. Charles A. Becker, whom Rosenthal accused of being his partner in his place in West 42d street, will be a witness before the Grand Jury next Tuesday. In all probability Becker will waive immunity when he is examined. Unless he does it can be said on high authority that he will be stripped of his uniform and suspended.

It is known that District Attorney Whitman simply wants Becker to tell his story. He holds that no member of the Police Department is in duty bound to aid the State in its present inquiry. He promises Becker no immunity and will leave no loophole under which he may be claimed, as was evidenced yesterday when it was arranged that Becker should appear on Tuesday. He refused to issue a subpoena to him at the request of his counsel, who said that Becker could not do anything to show to his support for his absence on the day of the examination. To issue a subpoena would in a measure make Becker a State's witness.

John the Barber Recants.

The day's work in the Rosenthal murder mystery began yesterday with the recantation of John Barber, "the Barber." Somewhat reassured from the fright he displayed on Wednesday, when the grand jury crowded Conover's saloon and threatened his liberty, and after negotiating for a night in the cell of the Metropole street station, Barber went back to the District Attorney's office and said that he had recanted his former testimony, having seen John Webber running away from the Metropole after the murder of Rosenthal.

He said that in the month of May he had decided to tell the truth about what happened. District Attorney Whitman brought Becker to headquarters, where the grand jury made up an affidavit embracing the substance of the statements he had made to the District Attorney before the grand jury. The statements were that the most important disclosure was that he had seen John Webber running away from the Metropole after the murder of Rosenthal.

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CLASH ON POVERTY PLEA OF R. R. HEADS

Chief Stone, of Engineers, Discredits Bosses' Figures as to Wages.

The alleged serious effect that the proposed concessions of the engineers would have upon the New York Central lines was told to the Straus Arbitration Board at Manhattan Beach yesterday by Vice President A. H. Smith. He was a strong witness and apparently made a great impression upon the commission, who listened to him intently and requested him not to cut his testimony short for the sake of saving time.



MRS. HERMAN ROSENTHAL

dismissed. Paul's hearing before the coroner will be resumed on Monday. Underworld at Hearing.

There was the usual big crowd in Part V of the Court of Special Sessions in the Criminal Courts Building, the room where Coroner Feinberg has been conducting the Rosenthal case hearings, when the cases of Jack Rose, Harry Vallon, William Shapiro and Louis Libby were taken up.

The case of Harry Vallon was called first. At the request of his lawyer it was adjourned until Monday afternoon. District Attorney Whitman then asked for a similar adjournment in the cases of Rose, Shapiro and Libby.

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W. J. Burns Called a Criminal and Jury Fixer on Big Proof

"William J. Burns is a worse criminal than any he ever lagged." He taunts every prosecution with which he has been connected with the suspicion of being a "job."

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Chief Stone, of Engineers, Discredits Bosses' Figures as to Wages.

The alleged serious effect that the proposed concessions of the engineers would have upon the New York Central lines was told to the Straus Arbitration Board at Manhattan Beach yesterday by Vice President A. H. Smith.

From 1907 to 1911 a period of four years, it has been possible, even with the closest economy, to accumulate an additional surplus of only \$10,000,000 from a gross operating revenue of \$1,000,000,000.

The New York Central lines have been doing everything within their financial means to make expenditures which would result in operating economies. Notwithstanding this, practically every dollar saved has been applied in increase in wages.

In regard to the New York Central alone, Smith said that increases in wages during the last four years had amounted to \$16,000,000, and that practically nothing had been added to the property in the way of reserve resources during that time.

"The surplus is a part of the necessary working machinery of the company similar to that of any other business enterprise," Smith continued. "When the reserve is depleted it can be replenished only by the reduction of wages or by the reduction of dividends."

"If the same rates of increase were applied to the other employees who are now paid lower wages, and many of whom are now demanding even a greater increase in wages, the aggregate increase for all classes of labor would be \$6,400,000. This is equivalent to requesting the company to reduce its dividends from 5 per cent to slightly less than 2 1/2 per cent per annum."

Smith thought that the question of the right to operate electric trains ought to be left to the future, for the reason that it would be a long time before there was any extensive substitution of electricity for steam. He said that in answer to the demand for extra pay for detentions away from home that they depended upon the business of the roads, which naturally fluctuated and could not be controlled and he didn't see why they should be further penalized for something that they could not help.

Smith said in answer to the demand for increased wages that this was a time of railroad reconstruction and not of growth, and that for that reason it was hard to interest capital in the railroads. It had been a hard year for the New York Central, he said, and already they were behind last year's figures by a million dollars.

PEDDLERS PLACED IN UNTRUE ATTITUDE

Are Not in Favor of Bill Now Before Board of Aldermen.

It was a committee of very indignant peddlers that telephoned to the Board of Aldermen yesterday and asked that serious misrepresentations to which their organization, the Federation of Citizen Peddlers, has been subjected be set right.

A resolution, the Press Committee of the federation told a Call reporter at their headquarters, 42 Pitt street, is now pending in the board of Aldermen dealing with push carts and markets. Viewed from the standpoint of the man who pushes the cart, who sweats and struggles for a livelihood, it is a very undesirable one.

"Our organization," they said, "has been placed in an altogether untrue attitude with reference to this bill through public statements of men like Joseph Barondess and Mr. Waldman. How do these men, one a Hebrew Charities official, presume to voice the opinions of the peddlers? Where is their authority?"

"Some time ago the market under the New York Central tracks at 110th to 115th street was abolished. The peddlers were forbidden to ply their trade there any longer. Barondess, ex-labor leader, came to their rescue and organized 100 of them out of a total of 4,200. The federation on the other hand has eighteen branch organizations and a membership of over 6,000.

"Now, with a tiny group of 100 to back him, Barondess usurps the right to state the views of this enormous body of peddlers, and announces they favor what they most heartily condemn. The ordinance in question, continued the peddlers, proposes that the city build permanent markets in different parts of the city. Meanwhile no peddling is to be allowed on the streets. Instead they shall be confined along the river fronts and under bridges. Meanwhile the peddlers know full well what that meanwhile means. It would travel miles to a dock or a bridge for a few cents worth of this or that? They know also that 'meanwhile' means forever."

"Should they submit to being driven off the streets, the 'meanwhile' will never end. The federation wants permanent, sanitary, centrally situated market buildings—one for every district of 100,000 population. They are willing to pay rent for stalls therein, willing to surrender, when such markets are built, their present licenses and the right to sell vegetables, etc., in the streets, but not until they ARE built. They regard the present proposition as a bait being markets in the distant future, and in the meanwhile no adequate means of making a living is afforded."

Here is the disclaimer of the federation, in part: "We have been informed that Mr. Joseph Barondess has upon various occasions expressed views in the name of and highly injurious to the livelihood of the peddlers; that they had for some time tolerated this misrepresentation in silence; that statements made by him recently justify our calling upon Mr. Barondess for an explanation."

"Neither he nor Dr. Waldman has any right to speak at any time in the name of the peddlers of New York in a representative capacity. "The peddlers need no mouthpieces. They have confidence in the Mayor and the Aldermen. They will give us markets—markets that have been promised us. "We therefore call upon Mr. Barondess and Dr. Waldman to cease 'representing' the peddlers."

"Press Committee—Harry H. Schlacht, Morris Loopeskov, Jacob Carol. "Jacob Carol, the organizer of the peddlers, said: "There is to be a public hearing in the Mayor's office next Tuesday. The union is calling a mass meeting for Monday so big it will take the Hippodrome to hold it. "Here they will expose their self-appointed leaders and let the public know how the bill really strikes at the means of subsistence of 40,000 citizens."

PHILADELPHIA MAY RUN CHAIN OF STORES

Director Cooke, of the Municipal Department of Supplies, is collecting data for the idea of solving the cost of high living by opening co-operative stores for the benefit of the city employees.

PHILADELPHIA, July 25.—Director Cooke, of the Municipal Department of Supplies, is collecting data for the idea of solving the cost of high living by opening co-operative stores for the benefit of the city employees.

Several days ago at the orders of the director letters were sent to every employe of the Department of Public Works requesting them to have their wives make out a list showing the exact price they paid for household commodities. In the list were included butter, eggs, berries, potatoes, poultry, meats and vegetables.

It develops that Director Cooke has been studying the methods of Mayor Shanker of Indianapolis, and if the plan can be worked out successfully, it will be a chain of grocery stores and meat markets and vegetable stands, taking in every section of the city and to be run by the city.

NEW CASTLE, Pa., July 25.—When the will of the late Thomas W. Phillips, banker, philanthropist and the largest independent oil producer in the country, was probated today, a striking clause was made public.

Phillips makes a number of bequests to religious and educational bodies "provided they do not solicit or receive from John D. Rockefeller or any funds established by him."

The bequests were left principally to denominational institutions.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—Hope for passage of a workmen's compensation bill, to reinforce the employers' liability statute, dwindled today when the House Judiciary Committee failed to report the bill for passage.

LIMA, Peru, July 25.—Troops were ordered sent today to Piura to relieve the suffering from serious earthquake shocks. Communication was so badly interrupted that the town, which has 12,000 population, was reported in ruins.

It was feared that many were killed there and throughout Piura Province, of which the town is the capital.

Get A New Suit Partly At Our Expense

These Big Reductions Come Out of Our Pocket.

Prices 1/3 Less Than Usual

On any Suit you buy here just now—or on any Shirts, Hats, Hose, Ties, etc.—we'll pay part of the cost. Pay it by giving you about one-third reduction in price.

And a one-third reduction here means that you pay less for what you buy than if you got a 50 to 60 per cent reduction at stores which have to charge big prices to make up for their big rent and big expenses.

We probably pay less rent and have smaller expenses than any other good clothing store in New York. And we are satisfied with a smaller profit than most stores. That's why our prices are so low.

See What You Save

Summer Suits Including the famous W. S. Peck & Co. Union Made Clothing and the well known Society Brand Suits. Gray and Blue Serges, Flannels, Worsted, etc. Some in solid color, some with stripes and checks, etc.

\$7.75 Now—Were \$10 and \$12.50 \$11.75 Now—Were \$18 and \$18 \$14.75 Now—Were \$20 and \$22

Need Any Shirts?

Well known makes—guaranteed not to fade. Some with French cuffs and some with stiff—all patterns—splendid bargains.

69c for the \$1 kind 87c for the \$1.15 kind \$1.15 for the \$1.50 kind

SATISFACTION OR YOUR MONEY BACK ON EVERYTHING YOU BUY

Established 1896 "The Daylight Store" CLOTHIER TAILOR HATTER OPEN SATURDAY NIGHT UNTIL 10:30 O'CLOCK. Rickards 430 SIXTH AVE. N. E. Cor. 26th St. New York City MAIL ORDERS FILLED

HEARST ISSUES A JINGO STATEMENT

Denounces Democrats in Congress for Not Providing for a Larger Navy— to Safeguard Interests Abroad. PARIS, July 25.—William Randolph Hearst, in a signed statement on American politics, says: "The failure of the Democrats in Congress in defiance of their party platform, to provide a navy adequate to the nation's needs utterly discredits Democratic promises. No reliance can henceforth be placed upon a party which has no regard for its own honor or the nation's dignity and safety. Patriotic citizens cannot be expected to vote for Democratic candidates who repudiate their solemn pledges and default in personal and patriotic obligations."

"It is not wise to intrust the powers of government to a party of narrow sectionalism and small Americanism, which has no conception as to the nation's danger or the nation's duty or of the nation's destiny. "It is actually not safe to repose the fate of the greatest nation in the world to the care of a party which proposes to contract our national possessions and which refuses either to protect our interests abroad or safeguard our citizens at home. "The democracy's repudiation of its platform pledges is merely squalid dishonesty, but its default in its patriotic duty to the nation is nothing less than treason."

60,000 STOP WORK TO HONOR MADDEN

CHICAGO, July 25.—Sixty thousand building trades workmen in Chicago stopped work for five minutes today out of respect to the memory of Martin E. Madden, who has been a labor leader among local unions for more than ten years. The men ceased work for the time during the hour funeral services were being held at St. Malachy's church.

CONDUCTOR BLAMED FOR WRECK, OF COU

HARRISBURG, Pa., July 25.—Conductor Kahn is blamed for the Branch Railroad wreck, July 12, in which twenty-three lives were lost, in the report of the State Railroad Commission filed today. The report said either forgot or was unacquainted with the rules, and the combination of these factors caused the wreck.

PIANO CO-OPERATIVE REPAIRING SH

The Piano and Organ Warehouse, located at 200 W. 23rd St., will have a Piano and Organ Co-operative Repairing Shop. Reasonable Charges, Guaranteed Good Work.

COULDN'T GET JOB, GIRL TRIES SUICIDE

Because she could not get a position as a manicure girl in a New York hotel, Miss Lucille Michaels attempted suicide yesterday by inhaling gas in her furnished room at 325 West 35th street.

The girl engaged the room six months ago, telling the landlady that she was employed in the store room in a hotel. She also confided that she wanted to become a manicure, and when she lost her hotel position, about six weeks ago, started out to find employment in a manicure parlor. She failed and became despondent.

HELD ON FORGERY CHARGE

Albert A. Rehner, 39 years old, a real estate dealer of 48 Douglas street, Brooklyn, was arraigned before Magistrate Miller in Jamaica yesterday charged with issuing a forged check for \$3,000 and forging its certification. The check was drawn on the Title Guarantees and Trust Company. He pleaded not guilty and was held for trial.

McCann's Hats Are always the best and cheapest. 225 NASSAU ST.

TO PROBE DISASTER OF FLOODED MINE

HARRISBURG, Pa., July 25.—Pennsylvania State, through its Water Supply Commission, will make a "thorough" investigation of the cause of the flooding of the Superior No. 2 mine at Evans Station, in which thirteen miners lost their lives yesterday.

COLLEGES GET MONEY IF THEY SHUN J. D.

NEW CASTLE, Pa., July 25.—When the will of the late Thomas W. Phillips, banker, philanthropist and the largest independent oil producer in the country, was probated today, a striking clause was made public. Phillips makes a number of bequests to religious and educational bodies "provided they do not solicit or receive from John D. Rockefeller or any funds established by him."



PLACE GUARD ABOUT DEVONPORT'S HOME

Prayer of Dockers Led by Ben Tillett Creates Stir in England.

LONDON, July 25.—Twenty-four workmen today mounted guard over Lord Devonport's residence and the park which surrounds it.

Lord Devonport is the employer for whose death thousands of striking dock workers prayed publicly on Tower Hill yesterday.

The precautions were taken, it is alleged, for fear of an attempt to assassinate him.

Lord Devonport, who, as chairman of the Port of London, incurred the dockers' hatred by refusing to move a inch toward a settlement of the strike, was as determined as ever.

though it was said he was deeply perturbed by yesterday's demonstration of the intensity of the feeling against him.

A charitable and kindly man in private life, today's reviews ranked his lordship as one of the old school of English "captains of industry."

The men of his class and time have left that the foundations of government and of religion itself were involved in the employers' complete victory over the dock workers.

To the danger of assassination, Lord Devonport was indifferent, but to have an immense throng pray with obvious sincerity and reverence for a stroke from heaven to kill him it was said, had disturbed him seriously.

Public sentiment was in a measure turning strongly in the strikers' favor today because the evidences of their own and their families' frightful sufferings could not but create the utmost horror and compassion.

Leaders Ben Tillett said today that in support of the dock workers, other unions also were beginning to talk today of sympathetic strikes, which it was feared might ultimately become general.

The incident has occasioned widespread condemnatory comment in the capitalist press, which urges other labor leaders to shun Tillett. In the House today, William Crooks, a labor member, "reprimanded" Tillett.

The Home Secretary, Reginald McKenna, in answering questions in the House, said he had been advised that the so-called prayer and other allusions to Lord Devonport, such as "what sort of vermin ought to be got rid of," did not constitute language upon which an indictment for the fact of murder could be founded.

ORDERS DOCTOR'S ARREST. Maid says He Owe Her \$12.45 for Services.

Justice McAvoy signed an order yesterday for the arrest of Dr. William Berkeley, of 36 East 53d street, in the suit brought against him by Miss Dagny Anderson to collect \$12.45, which she said was due for services as maid in the Berkeley home.

Miss Anderson started her suit last November and has been heard by eight Supreme Court justices and three Municipal Court judges.

SIG. KLEIN AND ASSISTANTS 50 THIRD AVENUE Near 10th Street, New York. Offer Union Label, Up-to-Date, Clean, Well Made Goods at Standard Prices.

PEASANTS DIG UP RARE TREASURE IN RUSSIA

ST. PETERSBURG, July 25.—While some peasants were digging in a field in the village of Mala recently, they unearthed an old chest containing treasure to the value of \$500,000.

The treasure was in gold and silver coins of the fourth century and several gold and silver vessels.

One of them was a large dish of damascene gold with a richly embossed rim incrustated with precious stones.

A Latin inscription shows that this dish was at one time in the possession of a bishop who lived in the eleventh century.

A similar dish, embossed with the image of Sapor II, a Persian monarch of the fourth century. Other articles were eleven solid gold Persian cups.

The laborers kept the treasure in a cottage for a long time, thinking it was brass and lead. It was through their efforts to make a bargain with the owner of the field on their own valuation that the true worth of the metal in the chest was discovered.

The estimate of valuation placed on the treasure is only what it would bring as bullion and not what it would bring in the world's great markets for antiquities.

PHILADELPHIA CARPET WEAVERS LOCKED OUT

PHILADELPHIA, July 25.—Two thousand carpet weavers are out of employment today at the Falls of Schuylkill Mill because of a strike threatened by 400 employees who sympathized with six men who were discharged because they, in turn, were in sympathy with twelve women who quit when they were refused an increase in wages.

The management of the factory closed the mill. The girls walked out on Monday because their wages were not raised from \$6 to \$7 a week.

STEAMSHIP LANES SHIFTED.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—Dangerous ice in the normal steamship lanes, to which the transatlantic liners recently returned, has caused the routes to be shifted to two degrees south of those in use when the Titanic foundered.

The estimate of valuation placed on the treasure is only what it would bring as bullion and not what it would bring in the world's great markets for antiquities.

The girls walked out on Monday because their wages were not raised from \$6 to \$7 a week.

STAGE HANDS CONFER WITH THEATER BOSSES

Conferences were begun yesterday in this city between Charles C. Shay, president of the International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employees, and the theatrical managers in this city, regarding grievances which the Theatrical Protective Union, the New York local of the alliance, wants to have straightened out before the regular theatrical season begins.

These grievances, it was stated, are the employment of non-union men in some of the theaters.

Edward Conway, financial secretary of the Theatrical Protective Union, said that there would be arbitration conferences over this and other matters. These conferences were authorized, he said, by a referendum vote being the first time conferences of the kind were authorized by the union in that way.

"The referendum vote," he said, "gives the international officials of the union full power in the matter of the adjustment of grievances. There is no suggestion of a strike, and we want to prevent strikes."

THINKING CHILD DEAD; SHOOT AT AUTOISTS

MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., July 25.—Believing that R. L. Wall, City Commissioner and one of the most prominent men in Georgia, had driven his auto over her little child, Mrs. Belle Folds, wife of a wealthy planter, rushed into her home, seized her husband's shotgun and discharged both barrels at Wall and his companion, O. N. Ellison.

Mrs. Folds' aim was bad and neither Wall nor Ellison was wounded, but one of the auto body was shot to pieces.

Mrs. Folds' child was not struck by the auto. The child was in the car's path but Wall turned it into a bank to save the child. Mrs. Folds couldn't see the child, and thinking it was under the machine used the gun.

U. S. MARINES TO LEAVE CUBA.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—At the request of the Navy Department, consent was given by the State Department this afternoon for the withdrawal of all marines now in Cuba except the small force always maintained at the naval station at Guantanamo.

This withdrawal will mark the end of the armed guard maintained in southwestern Cuba ever since the outbreak of the negro revolution.

INTIMIDATED INTO ABANDONING CASE

Charge Against Scab Agent Dropped Through Cowardice of Witnesses.

"There is no doubt that the defendant is guilty, but I think your witnesses have been captured," said Magistrate Leach in the Fifth Avenue Court, Brooklyn, yesterday, while discharging Gaetano Natole, a scab agent who was charged with shooting Jose Rumbó, a striking fireman, in the left thigh during a fight provoked by the former on July 8 in front of 21 President street, Brooklyn.

Before the case was called, both the defendant and the witnesses asked Joseph Darling, attorney for the Marine Firemen, Officers and Water-tenders' Union, to withdraw the case, as their lives had been threatened.

The witnesses had been approached by men who were said to be gangsters, working in the interest of Natole, and attempts were made to get these witnesses out of the courtroom before the trial of the case.

When the case was finally called, Rumbó and his witnesses contradicted the evidence given to Attorney Darling previous to the arrest of Natole. One of them even denied he made any statement about the case.

Attorney Darling then submitted to the court the statement signed by the witnesses who appeared for Rumbó as evidence in the case, whereupon both witnesses admitted they had signed them. The attorney for Natole protested against allowing a statement made outside the courtroom to be submitted as evidence in the case, but Magistrate Leach overruled him.

"I see that the witnesses have evidently backed their testimony, and I want to know why they did it," said the magistrate.

Both Rumbó and his witnesses appeared to be scared when they were called to the witness stand and Magistrate Leach warned them that they were under oath and should tell the truth.

Agree Natole Hit Rumbó.

While the witnesses changed their testimony when it came to identifying Natole as the man who fired the shot, Rumbó agreed that he came over to Natole as he was drinking a glass of lemonade in front of 21 President street. They also agreed that Natole was pulled in the building at 21 President street and that the shot was fired several minutes after.

Rumbó was confined in the Long Island Hospital for several days. The case went unnoticed until after complaints made by Attorney Darling to Police Commissioner Waldo about the neglect of the police to arrest Rumbó's assailant following a request by the latter on Attorney Darling to help him get justice.

At the time he called on Darling he asserted that a police officer carried him from the scene of the shooting to the drug store, and that Natole was the man who fired the shot.

Attorney Darling, who has offices at 116 Nassau street, made the following statement about the proceedings of the case yesterday.

"As I entered the courtroom the witnesses, Curbeira and Cartelle, told me that Rumbó wished to discontinue the proceeding. I found that this was true in the extent that Rumbó begged me to suspend the trial on the ground that after all the witnesses had left my office at 3 p. m. yesterday Rumbó had been threatened with bodily harm, as he claimed, and his friends with criminal prosecutions, in case this case was not dropped. I told him that the case would have to go on. My clerks had also received the same information and were making an affidavit covering this part of the matter to send to the District Attorney."

In the courtroom both detectives Miall and Duane attempted to talk to Rumbó, which I prevented as far as I could.

"Rumbó had given us a complete statement incriminating Natole, and stating it was the latter who fired the shot. The statement was made deliberately, and Natole was described to us by Rumbó. When he testified, Rumbó stated that he could not identify the man who shot him, although he did identify Natole as the man with whom he had had an altercation immediately before the shooting."

"On the suggestion of the Assistant District Attorney, Rumbó was closely questioned as to his previous declaration in my office, in the presence of witnesses, so that a foundation for a charge of perjury was laid.

"The witnesses to the shooting, Curbeira and Cartelle, testified that they had deserted Rumbó and gone into their residence, 20 President street, just as soon as Rumbó and Natole had words together, and that they saw nothing which would connect Natole with the crime. This was a complete contradiction of their earlier statements, which they had signed after conferring with Rumbó and Entenza and Fernandez, and after the statement had been read to them.

"In their written statement, they said that they saw Natole come out of 21 President street, into which house he had been forced by several Italians after Rumbó and Natole were separated, and that Natole had a revolver in his hand on coming out, and that he shot Rumbó in the thigh near the groin with the revolver, Union to Prosecute.

"All agreed, in their written declarations, that the person who first aided Rumbó just as he was shot did not arrest the aggressor, Rumbó. In the morning session, pointed out Miall as being the person who thus aided him. But in the afternoon session, after Detective Miall had made several protests, Rumbó changed his testimony by fixing the day after the shooting, the 9th inst., as being the first date when he saw the detective, and that Miall went to the hospital on that day."

James Vidal, the secretary of the Marine Firemen's Union, on receiving a report of the proceedings, ordered that the affidavits of Entenza and Fernandez be laid before the District Attorney, and that Rumbó, Curbeira and Cartelle be dealt with as the ends of justice might require.

A group of persons who seemed interested in the Natole case were present in the courtroom, and appeared to be made up of the usual ward heeler, thug and criminal types. Some members of the police force who were present seemed to be pleased at the turn that affairs were taking and openly sneered and grinned at the miscarriage of justice brought about by the witnesses' loss of memory.

James Vidal has offered to the District Attorney that he be made in this manner, and it is possible that something may yet be done in the case, as the discharge of Natole is no bar to another prosecution of the same defendant on the same accusation.

MAIL TRAINS RUN 80 MILES AN HOUR

CHICAGO, July 25.—That mail trains frequently are compelled to run more than eighty miles an hour to make the scheduled time demanded by the United States Government was brought out today at the investigation of the recent Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad wreck at Western Springs, in which thirteen lives were lost. The Illinois Railroad and Warehouse Commission is making the investigation.

Robert Rice, superintendent of the railroad, said the speed limit for passenger trains was sixty miles an hour, and that they slowed down while running through frogs, but he told of having ridden more than eighty miles an hour on mail trains.

HEROIC MRS. ATHERTON.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 25.—Gertrude Atherton, the California novelist and a leader in the woman's suffrage movement, has given up a trip to Germany and come to this country in order to register and vote at the September primary election. Mrs. Atherton announces that she will campaign in behalf of Woodrow Wilson.

Russell Roasts Frisco Folks; Says Should Explain Conduct

Charles Edward Russell is taking in the California chauntiques during July with a hot lecture on Socialism. On his arrival in San Francisco, Russell right away lifted his voice with those people who are after a pardon for Abe Ruef. Here is the grilling he gave the men he calls "the San Francisco Pecksniff."

"The more one looks into this prison business, anyway, the more one sickens at soul of the whole thing. The case of the unfortunate man for whom you are pleading is a good example. The real offender in this instance was the whole community. It provided and maintained the conditions under which it was absolutely certain that these things would be done by somebody, if not by Ruef, then by somebody else. Then with conspicuous 'justice' and 'decency' the community turns upon the person that does the inevitable thing and insists upon crushing him. If it wants to punish, why doesn't it punish the real offender, which is itself?"

So it goes, in all these matters. Society provides the conditions that make the thing called crime ordained and certain. Then it picks out some of the men that do this inevitable thing and demands that they shall be ruined for its own fault.

What for? What good results from all this misery?

Is it not a strange and momentous fact that this same society that so implacably and insatiably pursues so selected specimens of its wrongdoers is yet utterly indifferent to others whose deeds are of much greater importance to it?"

For instance, at the suggestion that Abe Ruef should have that right to parole that the law gives to him, you can hear a thousand San Francisco Pecksniff exclaim in horror. But not one of these will take the slightest interest in the fact that every year in this country more than 25,000 men, women and children are murdered in

our productive industries for the sake of dividends and interest.

Here are close upon 2,000,000 little children that are being ground up for profits in our mills, mines and factories, and not one of the gentlemen that are yelling for the blood of Abe Ruef has ever shown the least concern about the monstrous and illimitable crime of child labor.

Here in this country of ours every year about 150,000 women are driven by poverty into the hideous depths of prostitution, and not one of the pillars of society ever seems to stir a pulse over that ineffable horror.

But at any plea that any one of our prison victims may have suffered enough, that his heart may have been wrung enough and his nerves tortured enough, that we may have branded him deep enough and made him shed tears enough and caused him anguish enough and wreaked our wretched vengeance enough and trampled him into the mire enough, at any such plea up spring a thousand protests and a thousand voices cry for more punishment and more pain and more torture.

For all this an explanation is badly needed and I hope earnestly to get it from some of those that want to deny Abe Ruef his legal parole. Let them make the explanation wide and minute, for believe me it needs much defending. If one of the persons that now clamor for more torturing will show that he had been equally insistent against the needless industrial slaughter, that he has made war as earnestly upon child labor, prostitution and human degradation, that he has protested as vehemently against the system of society that breeds darkness and reaps crime, I will admit that he has some right to argue against the release of this man. But otherwise he has too many greater things to combat to give him either time or authority to lead upon further barbarism in this particular case.

RAMBLER AROUND IN UNION MADE RAMBLERS. RAMBLER SHOES For Men and Women \$2.50 UNION MADE Equals Any \$3.50 Shoe Made 60 MODELS FOR MEN. 80 STYLES FOR WOMEN. All Leathers. All Sizes. All Widths. NEARBY RAMBLER STORES: NEW YORK, World Building Basement, 162 E. 125th St., nr. 3d Ave. 419 6th Ave., nr. 26th St. 129-131 Duane St., nr. North Brooklyn—496 Fulton St. JERSEY, 2 Newark Ave. NEWARK, 161 Springfield Ave., nr. Broad St. CITY, 160 Newark Ave.

LOOKING FORWARD TO NEW P. O. LAW

Federal Employees See in It Relief From Excessively Long Hours of Toil—Eight-Hour Day.

(Special to The Call.) WASHINGTON, July 25.—The postoffice appropriation bill, which contains legislation further limiting the hours that letter carriers and postoffice clerks shall work, has taken another step forward and postal employees all over the country are correspondingly elated.

The bill has been held up until those whom it will relieve of excessively long hours had begun to despair of its ever being passed, but now that the Senate Postoffice and Postroads Committee has reported favorably to the upper house there seems to be no doubt that it will become law.

Many will be surprised to learn that postoffice employees work long hours for postmen are generally regarded as having "good jobs." It is a fact, nevertheless, that many of them go to work at 6:30 a. m. and don't complete their day's work till after 6 p. m.

To be sure they work only forty-eight hours a week, but with innumerable layoffs during the day of from ten minutes to several hours, which time is practically of no use to them. They therefore justly regard their hours burdensome.

Up to the time of Postmaster General Hitchcock's administration this men had for years had an eight-hour day. But he had the laws overturned and put in force a law under which he claims he can keep the men on the job as many hours in a day as he chooses so long as he does not work them over forty-eight hours a week.

While such a construction of the law is a manifest violation of one of its clauses no employee has dared to take the matter to court for an interpretation of the law, and so the department puts any construction upon it it pleases.

The law in question reads: "Letter carriers may be required to work as nearly as practicable only eight hours on each working day, but not in any event exceeding forty-eight hours during the six working days of each week."

The evident meaning of this is that postmen shall never be worked over forty-eight hours a week, and that they shall not be worked over eight hours a day except in cases of emergency, like the day before Christmas when it would be "impracticable" not to run over eight hours.

But the present Postmaster General, with true capitalist zeal to get every minute out of the men possible, declares that the word "practicable" completely nullifies the eight-hour-a-day clause, and so he calls it a forty-eight-hour-a-week law. Under it the hours of the men have become in many cases irregular and they have been more or less disgruntled about it, having in many cases to work overtime on Saturday evenings, the day of all others when they would like to get through promptly.

The bill now before Congress, which promises soon to become law, not only limits the working day to eight hours, but requires that those eight hours shall not be spread over more than ten hours. So if a man goes to work at 7 a. m. he will be sure of getting through at 5 p. m., with two hours layoff.

The Senate committee, however, showed its hatred of union labor by striking out of the bill a clause which entitled to postoffice employees the right to organize as well as a provision permitting the right to petition Congress for a redress of grievances.

P. S. C. ORDERS REDUCTION.

ALBANY, July 25.—Complaints about fares on the Syracuse, Lake Shore and Northern Railroad caused the Public Service Commission today to issue an important order. It directs the company to put in effect on or before August 10 a one-way cash fare, not exceeding 5 cents, applying between any point in the city of Fulton and Stop 25, covering an extreme riding distance of 2.79 miles, in place of the present one-way fare of 10 cents, which applies between Stop 25 and any point in the city north of 4th street, and which has been in effect since October 6, 1911.

DRY GOODS AND FURNISHINGS BERGER'S LUCKY SPOT

2525 Atlantic Ave., Parkers, N. Y. UNION LABELS.

TRUST PRESS USES GIRLS AS NEWSIES

They Are Expected to Entice Passengers Into Purchasing Chicago's Scotch Sheets—People Protest.

(Special to The Call.) CHICAGO, July 25.—Trust newspapers have discovered a new way to aid the sale of their product in the "loop" district. They are seeking out pretty girls, 16 years of age or over, to station at downtown street corners and sell the nonunion sheets.

Many public spirited citizens who have observed the step in the war of the unions have been horrified. Just as the Juvenile Protective League has revealed how girls are menaced by work in restaurants and cafes, the newspaper publishers have gone a step farther. They are deliberately exposing young and pretty girls, budding into womanhood, to insult by man using their youthful beauty to entice people to buy the nonunion papers.

Indications are that the Juvenile Protective League will take action to save these inexperienced girls.

A new law prohibiting girls under 18 years of age from being street vendors will go into effect next Saturday and the trust press then will have to dispense with the services of girls under 18. It may hire those over 18, however, and the menace will be just as great, in the opinion of many persons.

Labor union men are opposed to such exploitation of innocent and inexperienced girls and the Federation of Labor probably will take cognizance of this latest and perhaps most debased scheme of the Publishers' Association.

NEW YORK MERCHANT KILLS SELF OUT WEST

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 25.—Despondent over financial reverses, Julius Newman, aged 55, former 8th merchant of 98 Division street, New York City, hanged himself to death this morning with a huge carving knife. Newman was formerly wealthy, but financial reverses swept away his earnings. Jagged wounds in the throat and side showed Newman had made several efforts before succeeding in inflicting a death wound.

The body of the man was found in a rooming house on 1st street. He requested one of his friends to write Mrs. Newman in New York and get for money, so that he could go back East. A wife and four children survive him.

OPTICIAN AND OPTOMETRIST, NEW YORK.

When you are troubled with your eyes, have your eyes examined and if glasses are necessary, have them made at Dr. B. L. Becker's OPTICAL PLACE.

415 East Broadway, 2d, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th and 12th Sts., 1700 Fifth Ave., 1st, Broadway and East St.

OPTICIAN AND OPTOMETRIST, BROOKLYN.

I. M. KURTZ, Expert Optician, 1028 Broadway, Brooklyn. Glasses \$1 up. Open Even.

George Oberdorfer

N. W. Cor Eighth Ave. and 129th Street. Pharmacist. THE PRACTICE OF PHARMACY IS OUR SPECIALTY.

UNION LABELS.

Bread bearing this label is Union Made. Ask for the Label when buying bread.

Workingmen, Do Your Duty

This is the Label of the United Hatters of North America. Buy no hats without it. It is a guarantee that the hats you buy are made by skilled workers under strictly union conditions. It represents a fair wage and honest value. Don't patronize Retailers who try to sell you inferior non-union goods.

How Many Horses Will You Lose This Summer? On the streets of New York last summer, in 10 days, 1200 horses dropped dead. Thousands more were ruined for hard service. Others could be used only on alternate days. Avoid all this by using electric vehicles, the most economical method of making deliveries. In New York City Electric Vehicles are sold by: Anderson Electric Car Co.—236 Broadway (Passenger and Commercial); Atlantic Vehicle Co.—1600 Broadway (Commercial); Babcock Electric—John Wanamaker, Agent—Broadway and Astor Place (Passenger); S. R. Bailey & Co.—237 West 58th Street (Passenger); Baker Vehicle Co.—1798 Broadway (Passenger and Commercial); Bronx Electric Vehicle Co.—9 Canal Pl. Bronx (Commercial); Champion Electric Vehicle Co.—100 William Street (Commercial); Commercial Truck Co. of America—1777 Broadway (Commercial); Couple Gear Co.—149 Broadway (Commercial); Electric Omnibus Corporation—39 Cortlandt Street (Passenger); Flanders Manufg Co.—1932 Broadway (Passenger); General Motors Truck Co.—240 West 50th Street (Commercial); General Vehicle Co.—505 Fifth Ave. (Commercial); Healey Co.—1654 Broadway (Passenger); Hupp-Yeats Electric Car Co.—1080 Broadway (Passenger and Commercial); International Fritch Co.—505 5th Avenue (Passenger); Landen Co.—Newark N. J. (Commercial); Rauch & Lang—58th St. and Broadway (Passenger); Studebaker Bros. Co. of N. Y.—136 West 52d Street (Passenger and Commercial); Walker Vehicle Co.—30 Church St. (Commercial); Ward Motor Vehicle Co.—1161 Broadway (Commercial); Waverley Co.—2008 Broadway (Passenger and Commercial).

The New York Edison Company—At Your Service 55 Duane Street Phone Worth 3000 Branch Offices for the Convenience of the Public: Address Phone 434 Broadway Spring 8380 124 W. 42d St. Bryant 5262 120 Duane St. Orchard 1900 839 Third Ave. Plaza 6543 27 E. 125th St. Harlem 4020 362 E. 140th St. Madsen 3340

GAYNOR OPPOSED TO USE OF FIREWORKS

Tells City Fathers It Is Unwise to Suspend Ordinance.

Mayor Gaynor sent to the Board of Aldermen yesterday a message disapproving resolutions suspending the fireworks ordinance in favor of the Chesapeake Club and the Thomas J. McManus Association. The Mayor says among other things...

EUROPEAN WORKERS TO STRIKE AGAINST WAR

LONDON, July 25.—English, German and French labor leaders are tentatively negotiating, it became known today, to check the European race for naval supremacy through a workmen's movement.

SHOOTS CANADIAN DEAD.

Immigration Officer Killed by Man Barred at Windsor, Ontario. DETROIT, Mich., July 25.—As he was being escorted across the Detroit River on the ferryboat Excelsior, after having been refused admission into Canada at Windsor by the Canadian immigration officers, James Ferguson, 54 years old, today shot and killed H. C. Herbert, a traveling immigration officer, of Ottawa, Ontario.

The Sunday Call, July 28

It will carry the best of any Socialist paper in the English language. Not only does it have the best, but it also has the most. If you want to keep up with the increasingly rapid progress of Socialism, you must have The New York Sunday Call. It gives dispassionately authoritative articles on all tendencies, and from its pages you can keep in touch with the world movement as you can in no other way.

MORGAN CONTRIBUTED TO G. O. P. IN 1904

Sheldon Tells Senate Committee Harriman Donated \$230,000 to This State.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—That E. H. Harriman, Henry Clay Frick, J. P. Morgan and others were contributors to the Republican campaign fund in 1904 was stated as "probable" today by George R. Sheldon, a New York banker and former treasurer of the Republican National Committee, before the Senate committee investigating campaign contributions.

LACKAWANNA BARS LIQUOR.

Following the action recently taken by the Pennsylvania Railroad in prohibiting the sale of liquor in dining cars while passing through the State of New Jersey, the Lackawanna Railroad officers yesterday sent out word that hereafter there will be no liquor sold on the cars of their road.

RADICAL MOTION REJECTED.

LONDON, July 25.—The House of Commons tonight, by a vote of 331 to 39, rejected an extreme radical motion condemning the foreign policy of the government as being responsible for the increase of armament of all the powers.

TWO GIRLS DROWNED.

HACKENSACK, N. J., July 25.—Bertha Appenzler, 14 years old, of East Milford, and Carrie Conant, 11, of 169 East 102d street, Manhattan, were drowned this afternoon in the Hackensack River near New Milford.

SAME AS WITH US.

Britain is said to have a capital of £14,000,000,000. Of this sum £10,000,000,000 belongs to 124,000 men, £3,000,000,000 to 1,250,000, and £1,000,000,000 to 40,000,000 men, women and children. Taxes were paid as follows: 22 per cent was paid by those who owned the £10,000,000,000 and 24 per cent by those who owned the £3,000,000,000, while the 40,000,000 men, women and children paid at the rate of 54 per cent. Never in the history of any country had capital made so much money as during the past fifteen years, and labor's advance had only been an average of 1 shilling per week. Is the class struggle a dream?

INDIANAPOLIS, July 25.—Today there is a machine that is making bottles, better bottles than can ever be made by hand, and turning them out at a labor expense that amounts practically to nothing. We have been a prosperous labor organization, though always small. Today we number about 8,000. We never have had more than 10,000. But we can't fight this new thing.

Striking Glass Worker Points How Machines Drive Men Out of Mills

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BRONX SOCIALISTS FAVOR COUNTY BILL

Vote for Establishment of Separate Local by Large Majority.

The Socialists of the Bronx turned out en masse last night, at a party meeting which was called for the purpose of discussing and taking a final attitude on the bill to establish the Bronx as a separate county. The meeting was held at the Bronx Labor Lyceum, 75 Courtland avenue.

LA FOLLETTE WOOL BILL PASSES SENATE

WASHINGTON, July 25.—After a struggle in the Senate which lasted from noon until nearly midnight Senator La Follette again emerged as the successful champion of tariff revision. The little Wisconsin senator quickly seized upon an opportunity offered him by the regular Republicans and the Democrats and forced the adoption by the Senate of the identical La Follette revision bill that was introduced by him at the last session and passed by the Senate.

TARRYTOWN A DRY TOWN.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., July 25.—Tarrytown has been a dry town for twenty-four hours. There is a leak in the water mains, and the officials, although they worked all night and all day, have been unable to locate it. As a result the water has been shut off and the whole town is dry.

YANKEES SELL STREET.

Charlie Street, the Yankee catcher, has been sold to the Providence team of the International League, according to an announcement from the New York American League Club yesterday.

5,800 YEAR OLD JEWEL STOLEN.

Man Found Guilty by Jury on Finger Print Evidence. CHICAGO, July 25.—John C. Hartzell was found guilty this afternoon of stealing a golden amulet which at one time belonged to King Kamea, who reigned over Egypt some 5,800 years ago, by a jury in Judge George Kersten's court, upon finger print evidence. The amulet was stolen from the Haskell Oriental Museum of the University of Chicago on February 17.

WOLFGAST IS NOT CHEAP.

Champion Demand Round Sum of \$56,500 to Fight Three Times. SAN FRANCISCO, July 25.—It seems as if Ad Wolfgast, the present lightweight champion, is very modest when it comes to dickering for his services. When James Coffroth, the big fight promoter, named three matches for the king of the lightweights, he indifferently demanded the round sum of \$56,500 for his share.

CROSS AND O'BRIEN MATCHED.

The St. Nicholas Rink has just signed up Leach Cross and Young Jack O'Brien to meet at their club on August 14. The clever Philadelphia boxer has been on the trail of Cross for some time, and now will have a further opportunity of showing the local fantry his full worth.

BILLY ADAMS TO FIGHT FLYNN

Fireworks are promised when Billy Adams, the local middleweight, and Jim Flynn mix it up tonight in the main bout of the new bout at the Queensboro C. Long Island City. L. J. Tommy Hanna, of Providence, has been matched to meet the winner.

WORLD'S CYCLE RECORDS FALL.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, July 25.—Two world's bicycle records were broken here last night. Jack Clarke reduced the one-third mile professional against time from 33 4/5 seconds to 33 seconds, and Alfred Coulet set his own one mile human paced professional against time record from 1:46 1/5 to 1:38 3/5, using seven pacemakers.

SPORTS

PIRATES BEAT DODGERS IN FOURTEENTH INNING

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 25.—The Brooklyn Dodgers stopped over in Pittsburgh today to play off a postponed game of May 8. They lost after fourteen innings, the final score being 8 to 7. The Pirates apparently gained a commanding lead by scoring three runs in the fourth and fifth innings, whereas the visitors did not get a man across the plate. However, the latter never lost heart, and in the sixth inning scored six runs and took the lead.

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3,000 CITIZENS AGAINST ANTI-PRIZE FIGHT BILL

LOS ANGELES, July 25.—The amended anti-prize fight petition, rejected last Monday by the County Clerk because of irregularities in giving the voting precinct of the signers, was presented to that official again today. It bears 3,000 names.

WHITE SOX TAKE FINAL

Ten Inning Struggle at Hilltop Results in Chicago's Victory by Score of 6 to 4. The Yankees celebrated their final game before the Western invasion by losing to the Chicago White Sox yesterday, thereby securing only an even break on the series. It seemed as if the local boys had the game on ice when they scored three times in the fifth inning, making their score 4 to the Sox's 1, but the Chicagoans came right back in the following session and tied the score. They pounded Warhop for two runs in the tenth inning, which won the game for them by the score of 6 to 4.

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HENRY FRAHME Trussmaker 1400 THIRD AVENUE, Between 84th & 85th Sts. Trusses, Braces, Bandages, Elastic Stockings, Crutches, Suspensories, Artificial Limbs. All made guaranteed.

DR. A. CARR SURGEON Special Liberal Prices for Commodities. 123 E. 84th St. Tel. 2867 Lenox. During July and August at 477 Boulevard, Rockaway Beach.

Dr. Ph. Lewin Cor. 149th St. Dr. S. BERLIN SURGEON DENTIST, 22 East 106th St., Cor. Madison Ave. Tel. 540-L Harlem.

SUMMONS. SUPREME COURT, KINGS COUNTY. JAMES H. IRELAND and CHARLES A. VAN DERSTINE, Plaintiffs, against JAN CORNELLIS BROWN, DANIEL POLHEMUS, DANIEL BERMAN and HENRY CRUGER, Defendants.

Chicago. AB. R. H. O. A. E. Rath, 2b..... 5 0 1 2 3 0 Getzer, 4b..... 4 2 4 1 0 Collins, 1b..... 2 2 6 1 0 Lord, 3b..... 5 2 2 1 0 Callahan, cf..... 3 0 2 0 0 Mattick, if..... 1 1 0 0 0 Podie, rf..... 4 1 1 1 0 McIntyre, cf..... 4 0 2 2 0 Sullivan, c..... 4 0 10 4 0 Benz, p..... 4 0 0 1 0 Walsh, p..... 0 0 0 0 0

Chicago. AB. R. H. O. A. E. Daniele, lf..... 4 2 4 0 0 Chase, 1b..... 5 0 1 8 0 Sterrett, cf..... 4 0 1 1 0 Zinn, rf..... 4 0 1 0 0 Simmons, 2b..... 3 0 1 2 5 1 Hartzell, 3b..... 3 0 0 1 0 Martin, ss..... 4 0 0 5 0 Sweeney, c..... 3 1 1 8 1 Caldwell, p..... 2 1 0 0 0 Warhop, p..... 1 0 0 0 2 Wolverton, p..... 1 0 1 0 0

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SOCIALIST NEWS OF THE DAY

All matter intended for publication in this department must be in this office by noon of the day preceding that on which it is to appear.

MEETINGS TODAY

MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

Business Meetings. Branch 1—46 East 29th street. Special meeting at 8:30 p.m. sharp. Nominations for candidates for the Assembly and the launching of a vigorous campaign in the territory will be considered.

Open Air Meetings.

Branch 1—Northwest corner 38th street and Broadway. Speaker, Besenberger, of Cleveland. Branch 2—5th street and Avenue A. Marie MacDonald, 12th street and Second Avenue. August Claessens.

NOONDAY.

Branch 1—Northwest corner Broad and Wall streets. T. Alexander Cairns. Branches 7 and 11, Notice. Members of German branches 7 and 11, please take notice that nominations for State Senators and Assemblymen will take place today at the headquarters of Branch 8, at the Bronx Labor Lyceum, 705 Courtlandt avenue.

Local New York Notes.

Ballots for the national referendum on the recall of J. Mahlon Barnes as national campaign manager were sent to all branches. Financial secretaries who do not receive same in a day or two should call at the office and get some ballots. It is to be hoped that a larger number of members will participate in this referendum than on Referendum B, when only about one-sixth of the membership of the local voted.

THE UNION HATTER

H. Rosenblum. Two doors from Broadway, Brooklyn. Next to John Maras.

SOCIALISTS ARE DESIRABLE

Socialists will have an opportunity to spend their vacation this year at Long Branch. The proprietress of the Sea Breeze Cottages, 280-282 First Avenue, a Comrade, is making special low rates to Socialists and radicals in her effort to fill her places with congenial people. Good bathing, sanitary conditions, clean and airy rooms and excellent board, \$12 a week. Special arrangements for families. Write now. Address Mrs. Mascha Rosenblum, 251 East Eleventh street, New York.

PARKS AND HALLS.

HARLEM RIVER PARK AND CASINO. Headquarters for Labor Unions and other organizations. 127th Street and Second Avenue. MICHAEL KUHMAN, General Manager.

LABOR LYCEUM. 840 Wilhelmy Ave. Brooklyn. Headquarters for the Brooklyn Labor Organization. Meetings and conducted by the Labor Lyceum. Telephone 2541 Wilhelmy.

LABOR TEMPLE. 251 East 44th St. New York. Headquarters for the Educational Association. Meetings, Entertainment and Banquets. Telephone 2541 Wilhelmy.

PRINTERS. CO-OPERATIVE PRESS. 100 Broadway St. PRINTERS. New York. J. SPEYER, Printer. 100 Broadway St. Cor. Spruce, New York. Telephone 1270. Trades Union and Socialist Work.

LAWYERS. William Karlin. 100 Broadway St. NEW YORK.

ed not to arrange any other affair on this date. The speakers at this meeting will be our candidate for President, Eugene V. Debs, Vice Presidential Candidate Emil Seidel, our candidates for Governor and Lieutenant Governor, Comrades Russell and Strebel.

ERON PREP. SCHOOL

185-187 EAST BROADWAY. Commercial, Regents, College and Civil Service Courses. Day and Evening. J. E. ERON, PRINCIPAL.

NEW JERSEY.

Jersey City Street Meeting. Harrison and Monticello avenues—Speaker, Perry Sulc, of Orange.

Hudson County.

Local Hudson County will hold a quarterly meeting at headquarters, 256-58 Central Avenue, Jersey City, tomorrow night. Important business on hand. Every Comrade should be present.

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Entered at the New York Postoffice as second class mail matter.

VOL. 5. FRIDAY, JULY 26. NO. 208.

THE FUTURE OF THE UNITED STATES

THE POLITICAL ASPECT

By ALFRED POMEROY.

When the Constitutional convention at Philadelphia finished its work, on September 17, 1787, there is little doubt that the fifty-five gentlemen present concluded that they had arranged an instrument that would be satisfactory to those who were to profit by it.

There was no safeguard for the political liberties of the people, nor, in fact, any liberties granted to them. There was no bill of rights, no trial arrangements for trial by jury, no guarantee for liberty of the press, no freedom of speech.

It is not strange that Edmund Randolph declared that they would not find nine States to accept it and that George Mason exclaimed that he did not know whether they were setting up a monarchy or a tyranny.

The great mass of the Continentals, who had spent eight years on the battlefields and borne the brunt of the war's sufferings, were not represented at that convention.

It was the same story that has been written across the centuries of time. The struggle through all ages, on the part of the people has been to preserve their liberties from the encroachment of the aristocracy.

The aristocrats, land owners, and overlords reserved to themselves the right to elect all public officials by placing property qualifications upon the electoral franchise and naturally, that deluged the masses from a voice in government affairs.

The Tory of 1871 was the same as the Tory of 1912.

The verse of John Boyle O'Reilly fitsly describes the political and industrial conditions through all ages.

Patron, Aristocrat, Tory, whatever his age or name,
To the people's rights and liberties,
Is traitor ever the same.
The natural crowd is a mob to him, their prayer a vulgar rhyme.

Every intelligent reader of American history clearly discerns the subtle cunning of the exclusive class in allotting the House of Representatives only to the general mass of the people and separating from and placing beyond their influence all other branches of government.

The Senate, the Presidential office and the judiciary were all placed beyond the control of the people, and obviously for holding in check the one branch of government that was to be elected by direct vote of the people.

Had the Alexander Hamilton following been strong enough all of these segregated positions would have been made a life tenure.

It is in round numbers, a century and a quarter since the Constitution went into effect, but the same sentiment of distrust and contempt of the masses, the same acclamation of superiority and Divine right to rule obtains with the Tory element.

This sentiment was well illustrated in the Colorado Legislature of 1908. A constitutional amendment for the Initiative and Referendum was before the House when a lawyer on the Republican side, took the floor and declared that "the gentleman from Lake is mistaken. The people do not want the lawmaking power in their own hands, and even if they do they are incompetent and should not be trusted with it."

During the anthracite coal strike in Pennsylvania Mr. Baer, who controls, directly and indirectly, 98 per cent of the anthracite produced, declared that the working people of this country would be looked after not by the labor agitators, but by those in whose hands it had pleased Divine wisdom to place the property interests of the country. Up to the present Mr. Baer has not produced his commission from Divinity.

Prior to Christianity human slavery was held by the aristocracy of nations as a property right alone, but after the establishment of Christianity it was held as a Divine right. But it never was a right of any kind.

Human or industrial slavery is intolerable because it is a blasphemy against the principles of equity and justice.

The world's oligarchy of wealth has always allied with itself every factor of power to maintain itself. Knowing the weakness of its own foundation, it has been necessary to prop up its superstructure with every element it could use. These factors have made its existence possible by preying upon the superstitions and ignorance of the masses. Education of the common people has always been bitterly opposed by the wealthy classes of the world.

When the organized workmen of Philadelphia and New York agitated for the common school system of education in 1828 the aristocracy and big business interests of the country formed citizens' alliances to oppose it. They denounced it as arrogant and snobbish on the part of the common people. Persistence on the part of the common people finally won a victory for a general system of education.

When the feudal barons of England compelled King John to sign the Magna Charter in 1215 it was not a victory for the common people but was the result of a determined purpose on the part of the titled gentlemen of the kingdom to share, in part, the alleged Divine right of rulership.

The writ of Habeas Corpus in 1679 under King Charles of England and the Bill of Rights in 1689 were to some extent concessions to the people in general. Parliament enacted the Bill of Rights under King William to place restraints upon the crown.

The political conduct of nations has been as arbitrary, despotic, aristocratic, oligarchic and monarchic.

As some few accumulated the wealth of a country they segregated themselves into a distinct class that arrogated to itself certain privileges based on property rights. This element rapidly developed into an oligarchy as it realized that political control of a country gave greater security to the privileges assumed to accompany property rights. But, as the tenure of oligarchy was considered neither sound nor stable enough, a monarchy was founded.

The swing of the cycle has been rapid in the history of the United States.

No sane and intelligent man denies that we are now on the border of the system called oligarchy. It has reached the period of time when the people must decide whether they will accept the system of oligarchy, with the menace of the system which follows after it, or revert to the system of democracy.

Political palliatives may stay the rapidly of present tendencies, but the quicker the people determine to revert to the full meaning of the old Greek word democracy the fewer obstacles they will have to contend with.

Demos, the people, and Krates, to rule. It must be that or the acceptance of the inevitable.

Shall the chain be broken at the link of oligarchy? We are there now and the people must decide.

They must decide whether the nation shall be governed and should be governed by those who produce its wealth and fight the battles of its wars, or whether it shall be governed and should be governed by those who have grown rich and powerful by a system of exploitation and the assumption of Divine rights.

Thomas Jefferson declared that the form of dissolution of our republican form of government was in our form of judiciary. He foresaw that in the system of life tenure and utter irresponsibility of the Federal judges to the people the courts would be used as the bulwark of defense by the rich manufacturers and powerful corporations, behind which they could safely carry on their high crimes and conspiracies against the Commonwealth.

Then the very moderate Berger, who hates the Catholic Church as the devil is said to hate holy water, was so moderate that he only wanted five hundred thousand regular Socialists, and two million alleged workmen sympathizers, to buy rifles and ammunition, so that they could use bullets instead of halts in the coming revolution which alone could regenerate the United States. Of course, when the McNamara brothers confessed their crime, Debs and Berger, and the Appeal to Reason, and the rest of these undesirable, repudiated the unfortunate men, and loudly protested that they were not "comrades," but Democrats and Catholics. Whatever party American workmen may affiliate with, they can rest assured that the triumph of the Socialist party will mean the exploding of a bomb in this republic that will wreck it morally, politically and industrially, more effectually than the McNamara's bomb destroyed the Times Building in Los Angeles.

There is no greater obstacle to the progress of organized labor in this country than Socialism. It draws men away from sane and safe methods, which, though slow to the minds of the impatient, lead inevitably to the reforms desired. There is no legitimate reform in the platform of Socialism that cannot be won by organized labor by adhering to methods sanctioned by the law of God, which underlies our National Constitution, and without which human society would be reduced to the level of the beasts of the jungle. Labor organizations, for their own safety, and for the safety of the cause of labor, in general, should strictly debar adherents of Socialism from membership.

From the True Voice.

MARY ANN

(From the Book of Life.)

By THERESA MALKIEL.

I have heard people say that every evening we are poorer by a day. But if we keep our eyes and ears open we are surely richer by so much more knowledge. In this world, where everything is changeable, one must keep a moving, always learning, always advancing, or one soon finds oneself among the back numbers.

One must accustom oneself to this view of life and stop considering one's own existence the only thing worth while thinking about; then one finds plenty of opportunity to think, to contemplate, to live with the hour.

I am simply amazed at the great big world, with its wonderful lessons which it is opening before me day by day. All incidents and accidents that pass before my eyes, great or small, full of joy or sorrow, they all help me to see the present conditions as something which we ought not put up with much longer.

It is not a woman's business to mix in politics, but it is her business, all right, to step into the man's shoes when he is poor and provide for the family. The poor widow I have come across this afternoon made this seem a greater injustice to me than any argument I have ever heard brought forth.

There she was, paralyzed to her waist. One of her eyes closed, her hand limply flung over the ragged coverlet around her. Placed in a chair by some kind neighbor was hung a big sign nearby: "Take pity on a poor widow with small children."

It is not enough that this woman did her duty as a wife and mother, and though she paid with her limbs and health, she could not have thrust the duty of providing for her children, if not otherwise, then by begging.

Looking at that woman, I suddenly realized that life, as it is, must be some kind of a mistake. And I became anxious to be of some force in this world in order to help correct it. I asked myself, "Who and what am I that I must look helplessly at this great injustice?"

I felt that if we women want to avoid this woman's fate we must not remain strangers to the world and its doings. We must prove in action that we also exist on the map of the country. If men in politics have had the power to pension men for killing men, women in politics will have the power to pension women for bearing men.

And why shouldn't we women be pensioned off? Don't we perform a greater service for our country than the soldiers on the battlefield? We bear those who will make up the world of tomorrow. We gladly and cheerfully give what is best in us. The men we bring into the world will work and increase the riches of the world. We are fully entitled to a share of the riches when we are sick, feeble or otherwise unable to earn a living.

It would pay the nation to take care of its mothers. It seems to me it would not be only a question of justice but an act of sane judgment.

In order to see this done, we women must no longer remain indifferent, but take an interest in that widow and in thousands like her, for we are all like twigs of one great tree, and the future of every one of us separately depends upon the condition of the tree in general.

Women who feel men have committed by their shortcomings or by their vice, we women must remember that they were our follies as well, for we have agreed to them without a protest.

THE MERCHANT MARINE MARCH
By JOHN T. SMYTH.

Master! you men of the merchant marine,
Under the Union,
And fight!
To be freemen on the foam,
No matter where you roam,
Upon the waters of the world,
Let wealth and its hireling
Highway Host
Never boast
That they beat the brave
Upon the ocean wave.

Advance! you crews of Columbia,
To conquer the capitalist clan
That confines you in chains and in cold
cells
On dark and damp decks to decay,
Death and drugging is upon the deep,
Do not sleep in the storm of strife
While Liberty
Has been born for the brave
Upon the ocean wave.

On to victory, you valiant!
The vanquished in the valley
Call to Columbia's crews to conquer
The despots that drive 'em to despair
And death upon the deep,
Do not sleep in the storm of strife,
While Liberty
Has been born for the brave
Upon the ocean wave.

Arise! from the dark below
To Liberty and Light
And break from your bondage, you brave!
And tyrants shall in terror tremble
In the tempest
When Liberty's light beams bright,
In the breast of the brave
Upon the ocean wave.

Strike, you sons of the sea, for safety!
To your family and friends say a fond
farewell!
Your funeral may be on the foam,
You may never return home,
For death and disaster is on the deep
Do not sleep in the storm of strife
While Liberty
Has been born for the brave,
Upon the ocean wave.

Forward, you fearless on the foam!
For the hearts at home
And your own right hand
Columbia's crews shall command
And crush the greed
That sows the seed
For slavery.
Shoulder to shoulder in the storm
While Liberty
Has been born for the brave,
Upon the ocean wave.

Arise from your slumber upon the sea,
You lovers of liberty!
For despots are upon your decks and
decks,
And Liberty is being driven from our
land
By robber royalist hand.
Arise! take your stand in the storm
of strife
While Liberty
Has been born for the brave,
Upon the ocean wave.

Let no traitors turn traitors in the tempest,
To be convict crews, to crowd and creep,
And be dastards on the deep
While the daring demand their dues,
Let the Union defend our ranks
From dishonor and death.
While Liberty
Has been born for the brave,
Upon the ocean wave.

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THE SIZE OF THE EARTH

By CHESTER M. WRIGHT.

The earth is growing smaller every day—for the poor.

Every day it grows bigger—for the rich.

Every day the capitalist class, sitting serenely, stolidly, uncomprehendingly, in the seats of power, seeks to further curtail the rights of the poor and the dispossessed.

From New York comes a bitter example—a heart breaking story. To the capitalist press it was merely a fair "sob story." To the men and women of the aroused working class it told over again in terms of human life the old, old story of the classes.

A poor woman—a foreigner, of course—had a sick baby. The doctor had told her that the baby would die unless it had fresh air. Air, supposed to be free to the least of earth's creatures—air was the need of this babe.

The father earned \$3 a week for eleven hours a day of work. He couldn't buy fresh air on that wage. He couldn't buy the privilege to live in a place where fresh air circulated.

Air, for him and for his wife and their babe could be had only for the money which they did not have. Monopoly had reached out and taken away the fresh air from this little family. Capitalism had bottled it away from them. For them fresh air was metered and stored and priced above their power to buy.

But then the poor little mother had a happy thought. The people had bought a tract of land and set it apart as a park. They called it Central Park. There she would find air. So she took her feeble child to the open space that the people had bought—to the fresh air that the public owned.

But New York is governed by a capitalist class government and the poor woman hadn't thought of that. So, following the call of nature, she took the little one to an open space where the grass was green and where

the heavens were blue overhead and where the air was fresh!

She hadn't seen the "Keep off the grass" sign. She didn't know that capitalist commissioner had especially ordered that no one invade that particular spot—even to get fresh air to save her baby's life!

And a capitalistic policeman ran up and arrested the little woman. She was taken to a police station, a patrol wagon and taken before a judicial judge because she had committed the crime of trying to get fresh air to save her baby's life!

And the judge fined the woman. He was severe; this woman must be taught a lesson; she must learn her place; she must pay that fine.

The woman was at her wit's end. She hadn't the dollar—out of a weekly income of \$3. She told the judge—so—and then a probation officer pleaded with the judge for the mother. "Reluctantly the judge permitted the child to live," for the probation officer told the judge the assessment of that fine would mean the death of the child—no wonder was the margin between life and death in that little family which is so tragically typical of thousands of others in this broad land where capital stretch unoccupied under summer breezes and where all of the best of earth's products are to be found in overflowing abundance.

Here in America we have everything. The good things of life are here. But in possession they are at the ends of the earth.

The earth is growing smaller to the poor and the good things recede further into the distance as each day passes.

And the rich sit smugly and complacently confident that it will always be so, wondering why there that constant murmur from below.

A FALSE TEACHER

By J. W. BENNETT.

Father Vaughn, the distinguished English prelate, has come to America to point out the unrighteousness of the working class uniting for the purpose of establishing better conditions for themselves and families under a co-operative system of industry called Socialism.

It is contended by the bishop and others high in the church authority that Socialism is against religion.

If the greed and avarice of commercial buccaners is a form of religion to be fostered and sustained, then we are against that kind of religion.

The essence or aim of Socialism is to bring order out of disorder, to harmonize and unify the interests of all. Is this irreligious?

It is bad for the helpless workers to combine to establish better conditions, why was it not bad for the oppressive capitalists to combine? When these powerful, labor crushing organizations were formed you, Bishop Vaughn, and the organization back of you, remained unmoved. They were not stigmatized as against religion. Yet deceit, force and fraud were back of every one of them. In wolfishness and feline mercilessness has the capitalist class ever stalked their quarry, the workers. Yet their actions were never made a target against which to engage in a great moral crusade.

How is it that when the poor workers, whose lives are made miserable by all the flagrant abuses and oppression of private monopoly, organize to right their wrongs at the ballot box you are up in arms against them?

The reason is you fear the rising tide of working class intelligence. The working class is daily getting a better idea of the material basis of life. They begin to understand the motives back of men, and political parties and organizations, and it is making them conscious of the necessity of subjecting all your gross materialism to control, that the spiritual realm may have a chance to develop. They see that private capital in the hands of a Morgan or a Rockefeller or a Roman hierarchy is not a divine but a human institution and that its oppressive character is no longer tolerable for a Judge.

You are educated, Bishop Vaughn, but lack knowledge of the process of social evolution.

Because of your unfortunate situation in being of and representing a class which has made a divinity of material things, you think Socialism threatens your terrier power, and presuming upon the religious inclinations of the people you tell them it is against religion. Again I ask you what kind of religion is it against?

The protection of all this vast material wealth in the hands of the oppressors of labor was more potent in arousing you and those you represent to action than all the untold misery of the working class.

Your conception arises from the narrow whereby you sustain your pharisaical view, by the division of humanity into classes, into master and man, employer and wage worker, and this precludes the possibility of you and the class you represent understanding the necessity of world-wide unity of those who toil.

TRUNKS BY THE INCH.
If your trunk is forty-seven inches in any dimension, you must pay 50 cents when you check it to New York from Rochester after July 1. If it is forty-five inches or less in length, width or thickness, there will be no charge any presented for checking with a "passenger ticket." These are the new regulations of the New York Central and West Shore Railroad companies, and they are of special interest just as the summer tourist season is reaching its height. The Public Service Commission seems to have sanctioned the rule.—Rochester Post-Express.

SHOULD HAVE BEEN PREPARED.
Old Father Epicuremus the Philosopher has just sent us a lettergram stating that "some men's idea of earning a living is just answering a dinner bell." We should have welcomed the communication had the old philosopher not sent his message of Judge.

A Gentle Catholic Rebuke

I perceive that neither of the regular candidates is suitable to Milwaukee's Viennese Socialist leader and mouthpiece Congressman Victor Berger.

This libelous Socialist incident gives a very patronizing opinion of President Taft. He thinks him a well-meaning, conservative gentleman, of a great deal of judicial temperament, and comparatively little executive ability. Of the Democratic standard bearer, Woodrow Wilson, he says that gentleman has said things about immigration, the Roman Catholic Church and prohibition that will require explanation. Well, Woodrow has said many foolish things in his day, but if he said anything uncomplimentary to the Catholic Church, the Catholic Church can stand it, but it should not irritate the chief of the moderate Socialists, whose hatred of the Catholic Church would qualify him for companionship with the worst Christians in Europe. We have not heard the Viennese gentleman's opinion of Teddy Roosevelt, but if Teddy could be given a free hand in the treatment of undesirable citizens, Victor would be hating for a more congenial realm than the United States of America.

If Debs, the wild-mouthed Socialist candidate for President, and the amiable Victor Berger are specimens of the moderate Socialist, the fellow that is not moderate must be worse than a wildcat. When the McNamara were in jail charged with their atrocious crimes, they were "comrades"; and Debs fairly shrieked through the columns of the Appeal to Reason for "Blood! Iago, blood!" He wanted a strike by all kinds of labor to stop the wheels, cut off the nation's food supply, and so infuriate the people that the "plutocrats" would be glad to come to terms with the So-

cialists. Then the very moderate Berger, who hates the Catholic Church as the devil is said to hate holy water, was so moderate that he only wanted five hundred thousand regular Socialists, and two million alleged workmen sympathizers, to buy rifles and ammunition, so that they could use bullets instead of halts in the coming revolution which alone could regenerate the United States. Of course, when the McNamara brothers confessed their crime, Debs and Berger, and the Appeal to Reason, and the rest of these undesirable, repudiated the unfortunate men, and loudly protested that they were not "comrades," but Democrats and Catholics. Whatever party American workmen may affiliate with, they can rest assured that the triumph of the Socialist party will mean the exploding of a bomb in this republic that will wreck it morally, politically and industrially, more effectually than the McNamara's bomb destroyed the Times Building in Los Angeles.

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From the True Voice.

Like the magician in the Arabian Nights, who raised the devil, and, not being able to "lay" him, was finally devoured by the fiend, poor old John D. Rockefeller is having a hard time with his efforts to keep "business" out of 54th street in the neighborhood of his private residence. John has spent, it is said, over \$500,000 already in attempting to repel the pertinacious invader, but from latest reports is being crowded hard by him, and it is freely predicted that John will have to part with several half-millions if he wishes to make his position impregnable. "Business" is creeping northward steadily and has a most insidious and insinuating way of occupying every crack, crevice and interstice that lies in its path.

Rockefeller isn't exactly foolish enough to emulate the King Canute act by saying to "business": "Thus far and no farther. What he is attempting to do is to construct an oasis, so to speak, in the commercial desert or an island of refuge around which the ocean tides of business may whirl and circle, but cannot sweep over.

If we may presume to give some gratuitous advice to old John D.—he has had much in his lifetime from innumerable sources—we should recommend him to fight business with business. Let him purchase the adjacent property, and instead of leasing it for "residential purposes" let him utilize the space to surround himself with a palisade or fortification of oil tanks and gasometers, a sort of passive "business" barricade, as it were. The fact that the barrier has his own property would recompense him for any loss in the aesthetic values, for business, as is well known, is only intolerably ugly in appearance when it belongs to the other fellow.

EXCLUSIVE INFORMATION

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SOCIALIST CANDIDATES

NATIONAL
FOR PRESIDENT
EUGENE V. DEBS, of Indiana
FOR VICE PRESIDENT
EMIL SEIDEL, of Wisconsin

STATE
NEW YORK
FOR GOVERNOR
CHARLES EDWARD RUSSELL
FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR
GUSTAVE STREBEL

MAINE
FOR GOVERNOR
GEORGE ALLAN ENGLAND

NEW HAMPSHIRE
FOR GOVERNOR
WILLIAM H. WILKINS

VERMONT
FOR GOVERNOR
FRED W. SUITOR

MASSACHUSETTS
FOR GOVERNOR
ROLAND D. SAWYER

RHODE ISLAND
FOR GOVERNOR
SAMUEL H. FASSEL

CONNECTICUT
FOR GOVERNOR