

Socialists have no interests separate and apart from the Working Class as a whole.

WEATHER:
FAIR AND WARM.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JULY 2, 1912.

Price Two Cents

Emancipation of the Working Class must be accomplished by the workers themselves.

100 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.
TELEPHONE 3000 BEEKMAN.

No. 184.

TRANSPORT STRIKE SPREADING FROM MAINE TO PANAMA

Blackleg Crew Disables Ship Which Returns to Port.

S. TARS MAY SCAB

Anchor in the Bay, Fearing Her Crew May Desert.

With about 6,000 longshoremen deserting their posts on the Morgan Line, the Ward Line, the Mallory Line, the Old Dominion Line, the Clyde Line, the Savannah Line, the Porto Rican Line, the Panama Line, the Red D Line, the Hamburg-American and the North German Lloyd Line, the strikers in obedience to the strike order at 7 o'clock yesterday morning, the transport workers' strike began to assume all the earmarks of a labor struggle which will long be remembered.

Over 30,000 men are out now, and encouraging reports of additional walkouts everywhere along the Atlantic and Gulf coast ports continue to come into the union headquarters. Many more longshoremen promised to join the ranks of the strikers today.

It was stated upon good authority yesterday that the scab-manned Morgan liner Comus, which sailed from New York last Saturday four hours late, could not continue on its trip and was compelled to return owing to the incompetency of the scabs, who, as a result of their ignorance, damaged the machinery and made the proceeding of the voyage very risky. The ship was ordered to return to New York.

The longshoremen who obeyed the strike order held a meeting in the hall of the Transport Workers' Federation, at 225 West street, yesterday, and elected a committee of seven from three numbers, representing the different languages spoken by them.

Encouraging Telegrams Pour In.

Encouraging telegrams kept pouring into the office of the union, telling of walkouts everywhere from Portland, Me., down the coast to Galveston and Panama.

The ships of the New England Coal and Coke Company and one of the Panama Line are tied up in Boston and cannot sail, though they were scheduled to leave port several days ago.

Four ships, two of which are of the Panama Line, which were scheduled to leave yesterday, are tied up in Philadelphia.

At Mobile, Ala., one Mallory Line ship in port with a cargo full of perishable goods and cannot sail. Fifteen foreign vessels, chartered by the American Fruit Company, will be loaded as soon as they reach port.

New Orleans, four ships belonging to the Utaria Fruit Company, and two vessels belonging to the firm of Socario Brothers, are tied up.

Seven hundred seamen struck yesterday at Galveston with the result that all ships of the Morgan and Ward lines are tied up.

The strike leaders addressed a meeting on strike at 225 West street, from 10 to 11 a. m., at which they outlined their demands were granted. The officials of the steamship companies say that fewer men than the strikers claim have gone out. While the strikers and their employers argued over the number on strike, large quantities of perishable goods stood on the pier along the piers and in West street.

When James Vidal, secretary of the International Transportation Workers' Federation of America, arrived at headquarters yesterday afternoon, he found that 6,000 men who had gone out yesterday were now standing out for their demands up to 100 percent. Besides the number who went out in the morning, Vidal said, 1,000 more had gone out in Galveston, Texas, and many more in other seacoast ports.

It is American flag.

There is a possibility that the American Line, the only ocean steamship line that hires its men in Alaska, may be affected before long.

BOAT DRILLS MUST BE MORE EFFECTIVE

Sir Rufus Isaacs Declares Titanic Disaster Proves Need of Better Organization of Crews.

LONDON, July 1.—The necessity for more effective boat drills on liners and a more systematic organization of the crews was one of the most powerful lessons drawn from the Titanic disaster, according to Sir Rufus Isaacs, Attorney General, who today continued his argument in the Titanic inquiry.

He said that it was inexplicable, from the evidence, why the lifeboat that took off Sir Cosmo and Lady Du-Rochester, contained only twelve persons instead of forty, its capacity, and why no effort was made by the boat's occupants to rescue some of the drowning, whom they testified they could see struggling in the water.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The House this afternoon passed the Senate resolution granting a \$1,000 gold medal and the thanks of Congress to Captain Rostron of the steamship Carpathia, for his rescue of the survivors of the Titanic disaster last April. The resolution also expressed the gratitude of Congress to the officers and crew of the Carpathia for their valiant services, this to be conveyed to them through Captain Rostron.

FIFTY DEAD IN BIG CANADIAN TORNADO

REGINA, Saskatchewan, July 1.—Thirty-six bodies have been recovered from the ruins caused by the tornado which occurred here last evening. Hundreds of searchers have been busy in the debris since daylight, and have found sixteen bodies, in addition to the twenty recovered last night.

The death list probably will be confined to fifty. The military has been recalled from its annual encampment and is in charge of the city.

The storm lasted only a short time, in fact, it was over so quickly that the people hardly had time to realize what had taken place, and some of the escapes from death were miraculous.

Buildings only a block from the path of the storm were injured only slightly. The first intimation that those outside of the storm zone had of the disaster was when three girls who had escaped from the wrecked telephone exchange belonging to the government telephone lines, appeared at a newspaper office and told their experiences. The young women had fled from the second floor of the telephone building to the basement, carried down by a fifteen-ton switch-board.

\$8,000 JUDGMENT FOR WIDOW OF WORKER

Judgment was entered in the County Clerk's office yesterday for \$8,000 in favor of Mary Conway, widow of Peter Conway, a laborer, who was fatally injured on November 13, 1911, while working on the twenty-story building constructed by Norcross Brothers at Broadway and 38th street.

Conway was injured by falling through an open arch between the floor beams of the first floor. He died nineteen days later.

This is the first case in which a building in the course of construction has been held to be a part of the ways, works, machinery and plant, as defined by the Employers' Liability Law.

50 DEATHS IS TRAFFIC TOLL OF LAST MONTH

Fifty persons were killed and 275 were seriously injured in the streets of this city last month by automobiles, trolley cars, and wagons. This is 17 more than were fatally injured in June, 1911. Twenty of them were under 16 years old, during which 7 more children than were killed during June of last year.

The National Highway Protective Association classifies accidents due to vehicular traffic in the streets of New York City last month as follows: Of 50 persons killed, 26 were run over by automobiles, 10 by trolley cars and 14 by wagons.

AUTO TURNS TURTLE: TWO DEAD

Editor and Friend Killed and Another Injured When Car Overturns.

AUBURN, N. Y., July 1.—Charles Stephenson, editor of the Skaneateles Free Press, and William Topp, also of Skaneateles, were killed, and John Dean, of Auburn, was probably mortally injured when Dean's touring car, going at high speed on the Meridian-Cato State road, near Cato, last night, skidded, went off the road, struck a telephone pole and turned turtle, crushing all three men beneath it.

Dean was taken to the hotel in Cato, where he was attended by physicians, but they held out no hope for his recovery.

HARRIET QUIMBY IS HURLED TO DEATH

William Willard Shares Aviatrix's Fate at Boston Flying Meet.

BOSTON, July 1.—The martyr roll of the science of aviation was increased by two names shortly after 6 o'clock this evening when Harriet Quimby, of New York, premier aviatrix of this continent, the first woman to operate a heavier than air machine across the English Channel, and first to win a pilot's license under the rules of the Aero Club of America, and William A. P. Willard of this city, manager of the third meet on the Harvard field, and father of Charles Foster Willard, the Curtis flyer, were hurled 1,000 feet into Dorchester Bay from Miss Quimby's Flier of the most recent war type, and instantly killed.

Instantly an admiring, applauding gathering of more than 5,000 people was thrown into a hysterical mass. Women shrieked and men jumped from their seats in a mad frenzy. Instantly the orderly stands were a seething mass as the crowds jumped to their feet and made efforts to rush to the western edge of the field on Dorchester Bay, where the bodies had been seen to catapult into the bay about 20 feet from the shore.

Their onward rush was checked by a troop of cavalry, who have been assisting the policing of the field, and the only persons allowed near the scene were those participating in the having actual connection with the meet. The staff of field surgeons were rushed toward the scene in automobiles, for at that time it was thought that there might yet be opportunity to do something for the unfortunate pair. They arrived to find their services useless, for on first reaching the edge of the field there were no trace of the bodies.

On the field a hysterical mob struggled in an effort to break through the police and cavalry lines and reach the scene of the accident. Harry Willard, a younger son of the dead aviatrix, was among the first to reach the edge of the grounds. There were several of the members of the Board of Management at his side, and all peered intently into the water in an effort to locate the resting place of the bodies. Finally they floated to the surface. For a moment there was sobbing by them, and then it was that the young man became fairly frantic. He rushed forward as if to leap into the bay, and in an instant there were a dozen strong hands restraining him.

When the bodies of Miss Quimby and Willard were brought to shore they were incased in the mud in which they had imbedded themselves the moment they sunk into the bay. At the outset none could determine the effect of the dash through space, but the moment the mud was removed it was seen that the effect had been awful. Practically all the clothes on each of their bodies had been torn into shreds and great black bruises revealed serious injuries. Both bodies were badly crushed.

A few days before leaving for Boston Miss Quimby was dining with a friend, who advised her to quit flying. "I will quit after I make enough money to pay for my aeroplane," she said. "I feel awfully poor with the debt hanging over my head." It was suggested that she had never had an accident, and Miss Quimby said: "Don't say that, it might bring me bad luck. I am always knocking on wood for fear something will happen."

The Aero Club of America refused to sanction the Boston meet because the price money arrangement was not satisfactory.

On her last flight before going to Boston Miss Quimby carried a passenger at the Lincoln aerodrome.

She is the fourth woman to meet death in an aeroplane accident. A few weeks ago Mrs. Julia Clark, another licensed woman pilot, was killed at Springfield, Ill. The other two were Miss Denise Moore, an American girl, who was killed near Paris, and Miss Suzanne Bernard, a French aviatrix.

GERMAN FURRIERS TO DEFER STRIKE ACTION

The solidarity of the striking furriers is beginning to tell on the houses. At union headquarters, Hotel Latham, 4 East 28th street, last night, it was declared that many of the struck firms have already signed agreements with the union while others are negotiating for settlements.

At their headquarters, 67 St. Marks place, last night, the German furriers voted to defer action on their decision of June 29, in which they decided to submit their demands to the fur bosses preparatory to joining the ranks of the strikers. Consequently they will not, as yet, join the strikers' ranks.

GOVERNMENT TIEUP AVERTED.

President Signs Resolution Extending Current Appropriations.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Both House and Senate today agreed to a resolution extending current appropriations through July, thus preventing a tieup of the machinery of the government at midnight as was threatened.

The resolution passed by the Senate last night, and today the House agreed to a similar measure. The House bill provides for the extension of the national debt ceiling.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 1.—The little strike in the city was quiet today as a result of an agreement of the which was made in a conference.

SOCIALISTS LEAVE FOR HOME AFTER GREAT CONVENTION

Auburn Meet Scene of Solid Constructive Work.

LIVELY DEBATES

New York State Will See Hottest Campaign in Its History.

With the nomination of the best candidates to head the Socialist ticket in New York State that has ever been named by any party in this State, the delegates to the convention in Auburn, N. Y., Saturday and Sunday, left for their respective cities prepared to enter upon the campaign with more enthusiasm than has been displayed in former campaigns. All delegates expressed their satisfaction with the selection of the candidates, declaring that the party would not have named a stronger ticket and that the result on November 5 would prove it.

The convention was the most harmonious in the history of the Socialist movement in this State. At the opening of the proceedings there were lengthy discussions about the platform, the delegation from Kings County insisting that a committee be picked by the convention to bring in a platform, but their motion was defeated. Several of the delegates tried to stir up trouble and this aroused the up-State delegation to such an extent that whenever a Kings County delegate was named for a committee or office he was voted down.

The first two sessions were devoted to hearing the reports of State Secretary U. Solomon, and to the election of various committees for the convention.

The third session on Saturday morning was taken up with the discussion of the platform. Joshua Wainwright presented the report for the delegates presented by the committee. Several changes were made in the industrial demands and were adopted as presented after some amendments were turned down by the convention.

Taxation Clause Much Discussed.

There was a heated discussion on the clause in the platform calling for the abolition of all laws exempting church property from taxation. Detlef Wood of Schenectady, moved to strike out this paragraph, claiming that such action would hurt the party. No sooner was delegate Wood through when there were more than a hundred delegates on their feet asking for the floor.

Hubert H. Harrison opposed the motion, saying that the church was attacking the Socialist party, it being a mighty financial factor, and urged that it be voted down. Mayor Lunn, of Schenectady, opposed the insertion of this paragraph and proposed that a paragraph calling for the abolition of laws exempting all property from taxation, excepting property owned by the nation, State and municipality, Algernon Craspey, of Rochester, also urged the convention against passing the resolution calling for the taxation of church property. He said the church property throughout the country was worth billions of dollars and it would not do to tax the property in this State, which contains just a small part of their property.

Henry L. Slobodin said that the fact that church property is exempt from taxation shows that it is working in the interest of the capitalist class against the working class, and urged that the clause stand in the platform. Frank Cassidy, of Buffalo, urged the delegates not to mix the church question in the platform, and stated that the Socialists were fighting against the capitalist class and not religion, and asked the clause to be voted down.

Delegate William Mally said that it was about time for the Socialist party to come out and fight the church. The church has been fighting Socialists for years and is working in an open and an attack in every time it gets a chance, and before the campaign is over the church, and especially the Catholic Church, will be out attacking Socialism, and he supported Slobodin's statement favoring the clause and urging that it stand in the platform.

John Mullen said that church property is just as good as any other property, and said he did not see any reason why it should be exempt from taxation.

He said it exploits the working class the same as any other capitalist and urged the recommitment of the platform be passed.

William E. Duffy, of Syracuse, spoke against the clause and said it was not the business of the Socialist party to mix in religious questions. I. Robinson and Delmar Sherman, of Albany, also spoke against the clause and both made against the proposed clause.

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JUDGE PORTER AIMS BLOW AT SOCIALISTS

New Castle, Pa., Free Press Men Fined \$300 in Contempt Case.

(Special to The Call.)
NEW CASTLE, Pa., July 1.—The notorious Judge Porter struck another blow today at the local Socialist weekly, the Free Press, by sentencing Steve L. Flanagan, its former editor, and Frank M. Hartman, its business manager, each to pay \$100 fine and costs for "contempt of court."

The costs will run about a hundred dollars.

The conviction of these two Socialists grew out of comments in the Free Press on the famous "seditious libel" prosecutions of the paper.

The defendants were acquitted in the "seditious libel" case after a jury had found them guilty of the contempt charge. The Socialists insist that had the contempt case been tried last the defendants would have been acquitted.

Attorney Marston, of Pittsburgh, fought last year to get the prosecution to try the seditious libel case first, but Judge Porter refused to grant that request.

UNCLE SAM AHEAD AT END OF FISCAL YEAR

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The Treasury statement today for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1911, shows an excess of ordinary receipts over ordinary disbursements of \$36,335,830. Compared with the fiscal year ended June 30, 1911, this year is \$10,806,347 behind last year in the amount of the surplus.

There has been no deficit in the ordinary receipts since the fiscal year ended June 30, 1909. In that year there was a deficit of \$38,735,000.

This showing is attributed by Treasury officials largely to the policy of the Treasury in applying new safeguards for the collection of the revenue and to executive and administrative action for reorganization and improvement of methods of conducting the public business.

During the year cash proceeds from sales of Panama Canal bonds were \$33,180,104, which proved nearly sufficient to meet the disbursements of \$33,327,370 for the canal account for the year.

LONG ISLANDER IS FOUND MURDERED

PATUHOUGUE, L. I., July 1.—Shepard Young, a well known resident of Medford, was found dead this morning by the side of the State road between here and his home town with his skull crushed in his new broken and his features battered beyond recognition. A few feet from him was a stout cudgel stained with blood.

This afternoon detectives arrested a man named Tommaso Capello, who has been working on the State road. They say he acknowledged ownership of a pair of trousers, a hat and a coat which were found in the State road laborers' camp, two miles from where Young's body was found, and which were stained with blood. His shoes had blood stains on them. He explained the presence of the blood on his garments by saying that he had had a nose bleed.

District Attorney Green questioned the prisoner, and it is probable that a charge of murder will be made against him tomorrow.

ASK INVESTIGATION OF WASHINGTON'S HOTELS

Responding to a letter which the International Hotel Workers' Union, with headquarters in this city, recently wrote him, Dr. William C. Woodward, health officer of Washington, says that he realizes that the sanitary conditions in the hotels of the capital city are not what they might be.

The union, through its secretary, Edward Blochinger, advised Dr. Woodward that the hoteliers of his city are in sore need of thorough investigation and offered to supply the health officer with information on the question.

In his reply Dr. Woodward explained that as rigid a system of inspection as his limited staff will permit is being maintained and offered to proceed on any specific complaint.

TICKET MAN ARRESTED.

Subway Patron Accuses Agent of Trying to Use Shotgun.

Marion Sepe, whose home is 233 Elton street, Brooklyn, accompanied a blind man into the 85th street station of the subway yesterday afternoon and purchased \$1 worth of tickets. When he proceeded to the ticket office, John M. Brown, that he had received all his tickets, the ticket man came out of the ticket office and attempted to assault him with a shotgun. Sepe called Policemen Smith and had him arrested.

Magistrate Brown, in the West Side Court, held Sepe in \$2,000 bail for a hearing today on a charge of carrying concealed weapons. Sepe is 22 years old and lives at 1223 Boston road.

BRYAN AND CLARK MEN IN FIST FIGHT

Swarming Under Reveries and Attacks of Colonel on Speaker, Missourians Precipitate Violence.

BALTIMORE, July 1.—William J. Bryan was threatened with personal violence and almost mobbed on the floor of the convention today by the Missouri delegation. Fists flew through the air and it was the most disorderly scene thus far. Bryan, white with anger, finally sought safety on the speakers' platform.

The Missouri delegation, incensed by Bryan's public denunciation of Champ Clark, and angry because the Wilson forces had taken the lead in the voting away from the speaker of the House of Representatives, made a demonstration against Bryan, using a banner with an inscription which quoted Bryan as saying that Clark was an incorruptible man with a life above reproach.

They flouted the banner in the face of Bryan, carrying it right to the Nebraska delegation, and the man who has done so much to set things going here, marched over to complain to the chairman of the Missouri delegation. The Missourians shook their fists in Bryan's face, took a fan away from him, talked of lynching him, and said bitter words to him.

A fist fight followed, and the police after difficulty separated the combatants after much disorder. When calm had been restored, Chairman Ollie James announced that hereafter any person who carried a banner on the floor of the convention would be arrested, as the banners of the candidates have been productive of wild scenes and much delay.

MRS. BELMONT MAKES SPEECH ON SUFFRAGE

NEWPORT, R. I., July 1.—That Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont is ever ready to give her time and talk on the suffragist movement was demonstrated this afternoon.

Mrs. Belmont, who arrived at Marble House on Sunday for the summer, was invited this afternoon to attend the annual meeting of the Newport County Suffrage League, which was being held in Portsmouth at the estate of the late Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, now occupied by Mrs. Howe's daughter, Mrs. John Elliott.

Mrs. Elliott's invitation was gladly accepted, and Mrs. Belmont arriving at the meeting was given a hearty cheer by the women assembled. Mrs. Belmont was asked to speak and for several minutes she addressed the audience.

The School Board in Newport and of the work women were doing in the schools. Her account of the strikers' strike in New York was also of interest.

Mrs. John Elliott and Rev. William Safford Jones of this city, were also speakers at the meeting.

INCORPORATE SEX HYGIENE FEDERATION

ALBANY, July 1.—The American Federation of Sex Hygiene was incorporated today with the Secretary of State to operate throughout the country. The principal office will be in New York City and the purpose of the corporation is the voluntary education of the public in the physiology and hygiene of sex, including the study and application of every measure, educational, sanitary, moral and legislative, for the prevention of vice and its diseases.

The directors are Robert W. Hubbard, secretary of the State Board of Charities; Felix Warburg, James B. Reynolds and Dr. Prince A. Morrow, of New York City; Wirt W. Hallam, of Chicago; Dr. Robert N. Wilson, of Philadelphia; Dr. William F. Snow, of San Francisco; Mrs. Caroline B. Alexander, of Hoboken, N. J.; Dr. Donald E. Hooper, Baltimore; Dr. George King and Dr. Arthur T. Cabot, Boston; Dr. Thomas N. Hepburn, Hartford, Conn.; Dr. Edward Jackson, Denver; Dr. Malone Duggan, San Antonio, and Percy Werner, St. Louis.

GAYNOR REAPPOINTS TWO CITY MAGISTRATES

Mayor Gaynor yesterday reappointed to ten-year terms each City Magistrate Matthew P. Breen and Moses Herman, whose former terms of office expired at midnight Sunday.

City Magistrate Frank X. McQuade, who has been serving by monthly appointment during the long absence of Magistrate Leroy B. Crane, also was appointed to serve a full term of ten years. The three men were sworn in by Mayor Gaynor. The salary of city magistrates is \$7,000 a year.

FLAG TOPS WOODWORTH.

Flagon From Highest Pointment Made in World Here One.

The blowing of secondary whistles in Park row yesterday was the signal for the raising of the flag above the 115th floor of the new Woodworth Building at Broadway and Park place. The flag was hoisted to the top of the building, which is 115 stories high, and was seen by the thousands of people who were gathered in the park.

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FIERCE CONFLICT IN CONVENTION OF DEMOCRATIC PARTY

Wilson Ahead of Clark on Forty-second Ballot.

BATTLE IS DELAYED

Party Split Now Seems Inevitable—Row Like G. O. P. Fight.

BALTIMORE, July 1.—The Democratic convention adjourned at 12:25 this morning (11 p. m. local time) after the Clark people had abandoned hope of winning the delegate. They were beaten on the vote divided. They are now how to defeat the nomination of Wilson.

Clark was in Baltimore for a couple of hours today. He had a long conference with his leaders. The report did not cheer the Democrats, who were bitter in his private denunciation of Bryan, and he urged those and other leaders to stand fast in the belief that the tide would turn. Bryan's development of the day demonstrated the defeat of the speaker.

Wilson's vote crept up better than ballot until it passed the 500 mark. Whatever the outcome of the convention, Democrats admit that the battle is almost as badly torn as the Republicans. The fight between Wilson and Clark equals in bitterness the conflict between Taft and Roosevelt forces in Chicago. Many Democrats conceded tonight that the prospect for the election of Taft is brighter than it was yesterday.

The result of the party vote was: Clark, 399; Wilson, 397; Bryan, 104; Harmon, 57; Paul, 5; Kern, 1; Gaynor, 1; Bryan, James, 1; Lewis, 1; about 50 necessary for a choice 725.

No Interest Early in Day.

BALTIMORE, July 1.—If the result had not been thrown open to the public there would have been no vacant seats in the convention hall when the session opened at 11 o'clock this morning. Even when the session was first called, the hall was crowded the galleries and the seats had lots of room. The delegates gathered looking more cheerful than at the last session on Saturday. A few rest, with plenty of sleep, had been taken.

The New York delegation was late in getting its seats. Charles F. Murphy and other leaders, including the last moment, the session for the Illinois delegation, was occupied. The man from Illinois in caucus and it was known that a great majority of them would vote for Wilson, and that Bryan would be the head of the delegation, when he believed the party would come to throw the vote to Wilson, 55 votes from his State in Governor Wilson.

Chairman Ollie James called the convention to order at 11 o'clock. After the Rev. J. Carroll Gibson, assistant pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal Church, of Baltimore, said prayer, the twenty-second session began.

The result of the twenty-second ballot was: Clark, 489; Wilson, 487; Bryan, 122; Harmon, 57; Paul, 5; Kern, 1; Gaynor, 1; Bryan, James, 1; Lewis, 1; about 50 necessary for a choice 725.

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WANTHOPE ON CONVENTION OF N. Y. STATE SOCIALIST PARTY

Auburn Editor Thought There Was Only a Single Irishman Among the Delegates, but He Was Quickly and Thoroughly Disillusioned When Roll Was Examined.

By JOSHUA WANTHOPE.
(Correspondence to The Call.)

AUBURN, N. Y., June 30.—After strenuous labor the great Socialist State convention over in New York State has just closed its work, finished up the last ends of business and adjourned; only remnants of it left in Auburn the fifty odd members of the State Committee, who remain over tomorrow to decide on the general plan of campaign and other matters that may come before them.

The delegates are now leaving, south, east and west by train trolley, with the universal impression of having fully performed their whole duty, but things in shape for the coming campaign, and with cheerful and encouraging outlook for Socialism ahead.

It may be stated, too, that the Socialists of Auburn have well formed their part as hosts of the delegates. The arrangements for the comfort and convenience of the delegates have been tested and found fully satisfactory, and courtesy and hospitality extended the city officials has been generally appreciated. In the matter of providing amusement and recreation the delegates after their labors, the local comrades, at considerable expense, no doubt, arranged to give their visiting comrades an outing on Lake Ontario, a pretty sheet of water four miles long and one and a half miles wide.

There is considerable Irish population in Auburn, and the usual popular superstition to the effect that there are no Irish Socialists prevails here as well as elsewhere. So much so that one of the local journals in its roundup of the composition of the convention, made the startling discovery that one of the delegates bore the seemingly Hibernian name of Flanagan, and speculated considerably as to the meaning of this alleged rarity in such a gathering. It admitted, however, with some expressions of amazement, that there actually did appear to be one Irishman in the assemblage.

It may be imagined that when this it to the notice of the delegates, objections were immediately decided upon, and the thirty-odd Irish delegates decided to give that editor a lesson in Hibernian socialist statistics. They addressed a letter of a few words of explanation, with a string of Celtic signatures attached, calculated to make that journalist drop dead with astonishment, that is, if he originally expressed surprise was really genuine.

No one had thought of counting the members of any particular race before this, but a census was at once taken, showing that some fifty or so of the delegates claimed Celtic nationality or extraction. The rush to sign the letter to the local paper was really an inspiring sight, when the prospect was announced from the platform. A study of the printed list of delegates which the editor in question evidently neglected to look over, shows a considerable number of names besides Flanagan which might reasonably be suspected to be of Hibernian origin.

The very first name on the reading list was that of John Flanagan, of Albany County, which was given a cue. And with Comrade Sheehan appears the name of Dennis F. Dwyer, also of Albany County, as his associate.

Eric County sent Charles and Joseph Hall, two vigorous young Irish Americans, to whose "pernicious activity" Buffalo owes no small part of its present high standing as a Socialist city. And Eric County also sent Frank Cassidy, James Kelly and Sam Leary to keep the Balla company. Five Irish Socialists out of a total of fifteen delegates is not such an insignificant percentage, after all.

Herkimer County sent James L. Nolan, while Kings contributed Kavanagh, Hiley and Shipplaff. The Hibernian credentials of the latter being contested, however, he was not permitted to enroll.

But Monroe County more than made good by contributing John O'Rourke and E. M. Callahan, while Niagara and Onondaga sent James Ryan and W. Coffey, respectively, not forgetting Mrs. Duffy also, whose name is mentioned as unquestioned as that of her husband.

From Ontario County came John H. McCarthy, while Queens sent Tim Walsh and John Flanagan, the latter being the delegate whom the Auburn editor represented as an isolated specimen of his race.

General satisfaction, too, is expressed with the result of the nominations, and it is felt on every hand that no two better standardbearers could have been selected than Charles Edward Russell and Gus Strebel.

So we must get to work now for the campaign ahead, and this sketchy notice may come to a close, for the chairman is now just previous to adjournment telling the delegates that this is the largest and best convention that has ever been held, that the ticket is the best ever nominated and that they are the finest and most intelligent bunch that ever made a Socialist convention a success. The "bunch" seem to agree with this statement (so does the scribe), and are leaving the building singing and cheering as the biggest, finest and most harmonious Socialist State convention ever held comes to a close.

Entering the campaign of 1912, the Socialist party presents itself as the sole political representative of the working class. It maintains that no other political party can be trusted to enact and enforce effective labor legislation or otherwise serve the interests of the workers of this State.

Society is divided into two principal economic classes: The capitalists, who own the sources and instruments of wealth production and the workers, who, in order to live, must use this machinery of production under the conditions imposed by the capitalist owners: the employers, who derive their income from "profits," and the employees, who depend for their living on "wages." The profits of the employer come from the work of the hired hand. The smaller the wages, the larger the profits. The employer must strive to maintain or increase his profits under penalty of industrial extermination. The worker must strive to maintain or increase his wages under pain of physical degradation. The material interests of the two classes are directly opposed to each other and no man and no party can serve both at the same time. Each political party stands for the interests of an economic class or of a specific portion of that class. The Socialist party represents the working class. All other political parties in this State serve the possessing classes.

Whereas a local newspaper has made the statement that Comrade John Flanagan, of Queens County, is the only Irish delegate in this convention, and

Whereas, being Irish is, in our opinion, the greatest honor next to being a Socialist that can possibly come to any one, the undersigned hereby declare that being Irish they could not consistently be other than Socialists and be true to their race, since Socialism is the greatest cause that Irishmen have had a chance to freedom for Ireland, but for all humanity, and be it.

Resolved, That we request that this statement, with signatures attached, be published in the local daily press.

Leaving this subject, however, it is gratifying to observe the increasing number of Socialist women in attendance as delegates. There were some twenty-five of them in all, a number never before reached several of the counties sending two or more. New York and Monroe counties sent four each in their delegations; Erie, Schenectady and Onondaga two each, and other counties one each. This is the largest representation of women as yet, and there is little doubt but that it will increase as time passes. And it is equally significant that among the visitors were more than fifty women from the neighboring cities, some at a considerable distance, who attended every session of the convention and displayed the keenest interest in the proceedings. It may be mentioned, too, in this convention, that a woman

delegate was chosen by the convention as the nominee for the office of Secretary of State.

It is only fair to state that the local press on the whole has been very fair in its treatment of the proceedings of the convention and devoted considerable space to it, a fact which was duly recognized by the delegates in the closing hours of the final session, passing a resolution of thanks to the press, the city and the local comrades for the fair and kindly treatment accorded them.

All in all, the affair has been a decided success in every way, and the general enthusiasm and optimism heretofore prevalent among the visiting Socialists has been considerably heightened in consequence. There was a widespread recognition on all hands that Socialism was making most rapid and satisfactory progress, and from not a single county in the State was an adverse report given. Everything tended to confirm and strengthen this impression, and to the inevitable inquiry, "How is the movement getting along in your locality?" the invariable answer comes that never before did the immediate prospects for Socialism look so bright and encouraging. If enthusiasm, optimism and universal confidence are assets of value in a political campaign, the Socialists of the State of New York are entering the struggle ahead in November, with a very satisfactory equipment of such assets.

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SOCIALISTS LEAVE FOR HOME AFTER GREAT CONVENTION

(Continued from page 1.)

S. Berlin calling for the abolition of all laws exempting property from taxation, except such property as is owned by the nation, State and municipality was finally passed.

The afternoon session was taken up with the nominations and the hearing of reports by the various committees.

The report of the Constitution Committee was referred to the State Committee for action, with instructions to submit it to a referendum vote of the membership. Delegate Duffy, reporting for the Committee on Organization, recommended that several speakers be immediately placed in the field to tour the State, and that also the plenitude of literature be supplied to all the localities for distribution at meetings.

The committee also recommended that the locals take up the suggestion of the national convention to make use of moving pictures as a means of Socialist propaganda. It also recommended that an illustrated lecture be placed on the road, and that Socialist study clubs be formed by the various locals.

Young People's Organizer Wanted.

It also brought in recommendations that an organizer be placed in the field to organize the youth and supervise the various young people's clubs that are already in existence. This was referred to the State Committee for action.

Mrs. Anita C. Block, reporting for the Resolution Committee, brought in the following resolution on the recommendation of Lucien Sanial:

That the party establish a bureau of facts to gather statistics on the activity of the banks and all labor subjects. 1. That the National Committee from New York be instructed to introduce and support a program for the establishment of a permanent bureau of facts as an agency of the national party organization.

That the State Executive Committee be instructed to proceed at the earliest possible moment with the publication of the reports on the banking power, the depreciation of gold and the justification of industry, which are being prepared under authority by Lucien Sanial. We believe these reports will be of permanent and practical value.

The committee also recommended that the party issue a pamphlet showing the difference between collective and government ownership.

The following resolution, presented by Delegate O'Rourke, of Local Rochester, commending the Rand School for its work

in advancing Socialism, was unanimously adopted:

"Whereas the question of thoroughly educating the members of the working class in the principles of Socialism and also in the practical application of these principles to the social, industrial and educational problems of the day is most important; and

"Whereas the need is growing for the training of members of the Socialist party to conduct the work of organization, propaganda and instruction throughout the United States; therefore, be it

Resolved, That this convention of the Socialist Party commend the work of the Rand School of Social Science, of New York City, in these directions and urge that the locals of the party in the State of New York avail themselves to the utmost of its services."

The convention also unanimously passed the following resolution on the imprisonment of the Social Democratic Deputies of the second Duma:

Resolved, That this State convention express its abhorrence of the provocative act on the part of the Russian Government in sentencing the Social Democratic representatives of the second Duma to hard labor in Siberia for an alleged military conspiracy manufactured, as it has been recently proven, by an agent provocateur of the Russian Government, and that it extend its sympathy to the Russian comrades in their heroic struggle against political despotism and economic slavery.

The convention voted to wage a vigorous campaign for woman suffrage and that all speakers of the party advocate woman suffrage. This recommendation was brought in by the Organization Committee, and when John Flanagan, secretary of the committee, presented the report there were cheers in the hall of several minutes.

The committee also recommended that a colored organizer be placed in the field, but that was referred to a recommendation of the State Committee.

THAW STILL INSANE, REPORTS ALIENIST

Dr. Flint Says Member of Standard White Would Be Menace to the Community if Set at Liberty.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., July 1.—That Harry Thaw is still insane and a menace to the peace and safety of the community, was the gist of the testimony of Dr. H. Austin Flint, the noted alienist of Manhattan, who was called today by Special Deputy Attorney William T. Jerome, as the chief in-charge expert for the State, in the proceedings now pending before Supreme Court Justice Keogh, in which Thaw seeks his release. Clarence J. Shearn put Dr. Flint through a mercurial cross-examination without causing the alienist to lose his temper for a moment, although he became excited and nervous at times.

He questioned him as to delusions, hallucinations and the exact personality of Thaw. Mrs. Mary Copley Thaw, the mother of the prisoner, who has been in court every day since the writ of habeas corpus proceedings have been on before Justice Keogh during the past eleven days, showed signs of fatigue today. She was pale and frequently she wore smoked glasses.

Jerome will also call tomorrow as his experts Dr. Carlos B. MacDonald and Dr. William Mabon, superintendent of the Manhattan State Hospital, on Ward's Island, New York City. On the Thaw side the alienists are Dr. Prof. Adolph Meyer, of Johns Hopkins University; Prof. Charles K. Mills, of the University of Pennsylvania, and Prof. Frederick Peterson, of Columbia University. The battle of experts will probably end the proceedings. It is expected that Justice Keogh will not decide the application of Thaw for his release until next fall.

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TRANSPORT STRIKE SPREADING FROM MAINE TO PANAMA

(Continued from page 1.)

much applause and cries of "We will stick!" "We will stay on strike!" There are 3,000 men out in Brooklyn alone, according to the union leaders, and so effectively have the steamship and stevedore committees been tied up there that the situation is fast becoming serious for the companies. As soon as the longshoremen in Brooklyn and Hoboken quit their work they reported at the longshoremen's headquarters in New York.

The officers of the striking stevedores and firemen declare that the stevedores and firemen on the Courier, due to sail for Cuba, the Benosa of the West Line, the El Sol of the Morgan Line, and the City of Savannah of the Savannah Line, had decided to strike and would quit their ships.

The men on the Jamestown of the Old Dominion Line, and the freighter Sabine of the Ward Line were added to the list. According to the stevedore sailing vessels were also feeling the effect of the strike, the crews of several large vessels having deserted.

As soon as the men went out yesterday pickets were sent to all points on the North and East rivers and to Hoboken and Brooklyn. Vigil pickets that with the longshoremen, as well as the firemen, officers and others, he expected to bring the stevedore companies to terms very shortly.

During the day word was spread from the striking stevedores in Brooklyn that they had got the stevedore handlers to join the strike.

That the United States Navy will supply sufficient enlisted men to man all the ships of the Panama Mailroad Company plying between New York and Colon was the statement made yesterday by one of the officers of the Panama company.

The officer said that he requested the strike leaders that the line be government owned and backed by the power of the government. He stated, therefore, that it must be organized regularly, as it supplies food and necessities to the workers on the canal as well as material for the construction of the canal itself.

"I sent word to Washington on Saturday," he said, "and received prompt reply saying that I could have all the men I wanted. There will no further trouble about manning our ships. One sails tomorrow, and another for Colon and another will sail the next day."

MANUFACTURERS KILL STRIKE CHICAGO, July 1.—David L. Anderson, president of a glove manufacturing concern, shot and killed himself in his home in Whitefish Bay, Wis., over financial difficulties.

The exploiters of every craft have no creed at all together with the workers. Ever think about

ICE-GROUND DAIRY CO.
BOTTLED MILK
Purely Pasteurized and Guaranteed Absolutely Pure.
447 MADISON STREET.

WANT & KAHN
THE ENCYCLOPEDIA
AVE. BROOKLYN.

PUBLIC NOTICE
City, County and State of New York, ss. I, Albert Kruehner, hereby certify that I am engaged in bottling and selling here and elsewhere, under the name of "WANT & KAHN," a certain quantity of bottled milk, which is pure and of the highest quality, and is guaranteed to be absolutely pure.

Call Advertisers' Directory
PHYSICAL CULTURE
Restaurants

MANHATTAN
CLOTHIERS, MERCHANT TAILORS AND HATTERS.

MASSACHUSETTS
ATTORNEYS, COUNSELORS AT LAW.

The Frank Department Store
Cor. 108th St. and Columbus Ave.
Everything in Gents', Ladies' and Children's Wear. Styles the latest. Prices the lowest. Headquarters for working men's union made Overalls and Pants.

Wage Earners the Greatest Factor.
The wage earners of the State number approximately 2,800,000 men, women and children, including 700,000 women and 100,000 children under 16 years of age. The industrial working class thus constitutes the most numerous factor in the population of the State, and its needs should have received the greatest consideration on the part of our Legislature and government. But as a matter of fact the interests of labor have always been systematically and contemptuously ignored by the powers in control of the State government.

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SENATOR IN BITTER ATTACK ON TAFT

Wants to Know Who Supplied Funds for His Election.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The Senate had a short lived but acute sensation today over a resolution introduced by Senator Works of California, a progressive Republican, calling for the appointment of a special committee of four Republicans and three Democrats to make an investigation of the charges of use of money and alleged corruption in the recent pre-convention contest in both the Democratic and Republican parties.

Senator Heyburn of Idaho, and Senator McCumber of North Dakota made vigorous replies to Senator Works. Heyburn declared that a member of the Senate should not make charges against his colleagues.

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BASEBALL POOLS ATTACKED. Government Arraigns Two Men, Charging Running of Lottery.

FLOOD RELIEF FUND ENDS. ALBANY, July 1.—Governor Dix has been informed by Ernest P. Bicknell, national director of the American Red Cross, that the balance on hand from subscriptions to the fund for the relief of the Mississippi flood sufferers is sufficient to complete the work of relieving the victims.

CORSET WORKERS' STRIKE IS RENEWED, AS COMPANY HAS VIOLATED AGREEMENT

By PAULINE M. NEWMAN. (Correspondence to The Call.) that if she was willing to work under the circumstances he did not want her, and she was discharged. The above statements of facts were admitted by the general superintendent of the corset company at a meeting of the Conciliation Board.

BOSTONS RALLY IN VAIN

Scoundrels Bat Teareau Out of the Box, but Giants Win Just the Same.

Table with columns: Boston, AB, R, H, O, A, E. Rows include Devlin, Campbell, Sweeney, Kirtz, Titus, Houser, O'Rourke, McDonald, Arden, Tyler.

MANY VICTIMS IN GERMAN AIR RACE

ALTONA, Prussia, July 1.—Benno Koenig, German aviator, died today as the result of injuries he suffered yesterday when he made a violent landing in a clump of bushes.

ROYALE BOUTS TONIGHT

The regular mid-week show staged by the Royale A. C. of Brooklyn, at the "Clermont Avenue Rink on Wednesday, will be held tonight.

AMERICAN SHOOTERS SCORE AT STOCKHOLM

STOCKHOLM, July 1.—The American team won the clay-bird shooting contest in the international Olympic games today, getting 432 points out of a possible 600.

England got second place with a score of 511 and Germany was third with 510. The following Americans made the best individual scores: Graham, Chicago Athletic Association, 94; Billings, 93; Spotts, Larchmont Yacht Club, 90; Hendrickson, Bergen Beach Gun Club, 89; and Hill, New York Athletic Club, 89.

DODGERS SPLIT EVEN WITH THE PHILLIES

PHILADELPHIA, July 1. Out of the thirty-two runs scored in the double header today between Brooklyn and the Phillies the Superbas got twenty-one of them and the Phillies the remaining eleven. The Phillies got ten of that number in the first game and won 10 to 7.

NO LICENSE FOR EUREKA

State Athletic Commission Turn Down Application of New Club. The State Athletic Commission, at a meeting held at 41 Park row yesterday, denied the application for a license filed several weeks ago by the newly organized Eureka A. C.

GIBBONS STOPS BURNS; SHUGRUE AND HICKS WIN

By JOHN J. HAAS. Down on the mat for the count of six at the bell at the end of the fifth round, and unable to come up at the opening of the sixth session, Sid Burns, the alleged English welterweight champion, lost out to Mike Gibbons, the American wonder, last night at Madison Square Garden.

This bout went on previous to the Shugrue-Dundee bout by special request of Gibbons, who wanted to catch an early train for Chicago. He did.

FEDERAL AND SUN CROWD PLAY A TIE

In the Printers' League baseball game yesterday the Sun and Federal had their own troubles in trying to beat each other at Pusep Park, the final score being a tie at 12 each.

BALL PATRIOTISM SAVED BIG RUBE

Sheriff Harburger's Men Delayed Serving Execution Until Marquard Had Won His Eighteenth Game. Had it not been for the fact that Sheriff Harburger is a baseball fan, the long series of victories won for the Giants by Richard De Marquard, might have ended at the Polo Grounds.

YANKS LOSE AGAIN

Boston Players Aid Local Aggregation in Their Rush for Last Place in the List.

Table with columns: Boston, AB, R, H, O, A, E. Rows include Hooper, Yerkes, Speaker, Lewis, Gardner, Stahl, Wagner, Cady, Hall.

RESULTS OF OTHER GAMES

Table with columns: National League, American League. Rows include Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Detroit, Philadelphia, Washington, Baltimore, Boston, St. Louis.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

Table with columns: National League, American League. Rows include New York, Pittsburgh, Chicago, Cincinnati, Philadelphia, Brooklyn, Boston, St. Louis.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING

A special meeting of the stockholders of the above named corporation will be held on Monday, July 2, 1912, at 2 P. M., at Casino Hall, 120 West 47th St., New York City.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the annual meeting of the stockholders of GREELLY HOTEL COMPANY will be held at the office of the company, No. 1 Madison Ave., New York, on Tuesday, July 2, 1912.

CHANGE OF NAME

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Trust of Columbia College in the City of New York, a domestic corporation, the national property of which is situated in the City of New York, at 120 West 47th St., New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at Special Term, First Session, to be held at the County Court House, in the City of New York, on the 10th day of July, 1912, for the purpose of changing the name of the said trust to the name of Columbia College.

SENATE GETS REPORT ON LAWRENCE STRIKE

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The long awaited report on the Lawrence strike, prepared at the Bureau of Labor, was sent to the Senate today by Secretary Nagel.

FREDERICK W. LEHMANN HAS RESIGNED AS U. S. SOLICITOR



WASHINGTON, July 1.—Frederick W. Lehmann, Solicitor General of the United States, has placed his resignation in the hands of President Taft.

DRAMA

Annie Russell will have a new theater as the home of "The Annie Russell Old Comedy Company" which she has formed to act old English plays from November 11 for nine weeks.

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GAMES SCHEDULED TODAY

Table with columns: National League, American League. Rows include Brooklyn at Philadelphia, Boston at New York, Chicago at Pittsburgh, New York at Boston, Philadelphia at Washington, Chicago at St. Louis, Cleveland at Detroit.

MEXICAN REBELS REPULSE 400 FEDERALS

CHIHUAHUA, Mexico, July 1.—The rebels repulsed 400 federal cavalry that attempted a flank movement near Bachimile today.

THE UNION HATTS

Advertisement for H. Rosenthal, 7 Manhattan Avenue, Two doors from Broadway, Brooklyn. Includes image of a hat.

George Oberdorfer

Advertisement for N. W. Cor Eighth Ave. and 129th Street, Pharmacist. Includes image of a person.

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