

The emancipation of the working class must be accomplished by the workers themselves.

300 N. PEARL STREET, NEW YORK. TELEPHONE 2305 BEEKMAN.

# The New York Call

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF THE WORKING PEOPLE

Socialists have no interests separate and apart from the Working Class as a whole.

WEATHER: FAIR AND COOLER.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JUNE 7, 1912.

Price Two Cents

## REPORTERS ABUSED BY "VIGILANTES" AND AUTHORITIES

### Fiendishly Kicks and Clubs Newspaper Man for Speaking.

## BROWBEAT OTHERS

### For Publicity and Threaten Journalists Unless Stories Are Written Up Right.

(Correspondence to The Call.) SAN DIEGO, Cal., May 29.—The representatives of the press gathered to find out the "truth" of the San Diego situation, had ample opportunity two days ago to witness the brutality which has been characteristic of the whole San Diego situation for free speech.

J. Carson, a Socialist from Los Angeles, arrived in San Diego the day before yesterday. He announced his intention to attempt to speak on the streets of San Diego, but was careful to find out where he could speak without being waylaid by the "vigilantes." Those familiar with the situation urged him to get out of town as soon as possible, but he would not speak of great danger to himself at the hands of "vigilantes."

Carson, new to the city, could not be sure if it possible that he could be subjected in the United States to any such violation of his constitutional rights, although warned as to his danger, determined to attempt to speak at the subject that could be no longer construed as seditious.

The subject was taken from the text was "Ye Shall Know the Truth and It Shall Make You Free." He had already announced his intention when Motorcycle Policeman Hathaway, familiarly known as "Motorcycle Beat No. 26" appeared upon the scene. Not realising that the reporter was the Associated Press correspondent of the San Francisco Bulletin, he attacked Carson from the rear.

Carson was standing upon a small sidewalk, dismounted and disarmed. He was simultaneously attacked from the side of the face. Carson reeled and half fell, and as he turned toward Hathaway he was struck a terrific blow in the face by the policeman. He fell over the curb and before he could get up received several kicks.

Carson was knocked out and his head split open by a blow which felled him. "No. 26" pursued him as he reeled back half stunned, and a rain of blows from his club followed.

Carson at no time made any attempt to resist the officer and immediately after he was first attacked said "Am I under arrest?" The officer replied: "No, you're not, but you'll get yours." For half a block he continued to beat in the face and kick his unarmed and helpless victim.

The "vigilantes," wearing an American flag as a distinguishing mark, appeared upon the scene in numbers. They were permitted to kick and maltreat Carson. "Crien" said: "Get him," "Kill him," "Take him into and give him the same treatment as you give them."

Walter P. Moore, a prominent member of the "Vigilantes" Committee, suddenly recognized the representative of the press in the crowd. He immediately took steps to prevent any further violence being done to Carson and it was only then that the police ceased their brutality and arrested Carson.

The police took their prisoner to a Los Angeles newspaper man and handed him over to the police. He was allowed to go to the station and he would get the facts. Another newspaper man attempted to take Carson's camera but it was roughly handled. Several cries were heard from the men around.

"Los Angeles can't run our city," said one of the men. "You had better write this right," said another.

## GOMPERS SPEAKS FOR COMPENSATION BILL

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, today urged the House Committee on the Judiciary to make a favorable report on the Brantley Workmen's Compensation bill. Gompers said the federation's 2,000,000 organized workmen would be benefited.

"The opposition to this measure comes from an army of lawyers, doctors and ambulance chasers," he said. "Injured workmen get but 25 or 35 per cent of the money awarded to them as damages when they are litigants. The rest goes to the lawyers and others who make a business of prosecuting damage suits."

Determined opposition to the bill has developed. Senator Hoke Smith, of Georgia, Representative Hardwick, of that State, and Representative Henry and the Texas delegation will voice their protests to the committee before a vote is taken.

## POSTPONES FILING IMPEACHMENT CASE

### Berger Defers Action Against Seattle Judge Who Disfranchised Socialist.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Filing of impeachment charges in the House against Federal Judge Cornelius H. Hanford, at Seattle, who cancelled the naturalization papers of Leonard Olson, a Socialist, was postponed until tomorrow by Socialist Representative Victor L. Berger, of Wisconsin, because of the death of Senator Nixon, of Nevada. Speaker Clark and Chairman Clayton, of the Judiciary Committee, conferred with Berger before the House met and suggested the change of program because of adjournment of the House today in Nixon's memory.

Berger says he has his formal charges all ready, reinforced with affidavits galore. "President Taft and Attorney General Wickersham are co-operating with me," said Berger today, "in supplying all information and papers the departments have for submission to the Judiciary Committee."

Next week the Judiciary members are expected to give Berger a hearing in support of his proposed resolution to impeach Hanford. Investigation by the committee, however, will probably be postponed until next fall, as such an injury is prohibited while Congress is adjourned.

Berger will also prefer other charges against Judge Hanford which he claims he has evidence to substantiate.

## SOLDIER GETS THIRTY DAYS IN WORKHOUSE

On complaint of Mrs. Minnie Williams, of 1427 Parker avenue, Westchester, Magistrate House in the Night Court sent Grant Boyer, an artilleryman of the 34th Company, stationed at Fort Hamilton, to the workhouse for thirty days. The soldier said that his sentence would mean an honorable discharge from the army for him, but the Magistrate refused to change it.

Mrs. Williams said that Boyer sat across from her on a trolley car and annoyed her by trying to flirt. She says that Boyer followed her when she left the car at 11th street and spoke to her. Then she had him arrested.

## SWEATSHOP EXPLOITERS ATTACKED IN HOUSE

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Sweatshop clothing manufacturers were attacked today in the House of Representatives by Representative Campbell (Rep. Kan.) in offering a plan requiring them to place their names on all clothing from their shops.

"The American people are being systematically deceived by buying cheaply and poisonously made clothing," Campbell declared. "They are entitled to know under what conditions their clothing is made."

## PANIC SEIZES OPIUM MARKET AT SHANGHAI

SHANGHAI, June 6.—Panic returns in the local opium market, stocks in hands of merchants having depreciated \$10,000,000 since May 1.

## BELGIUM IN THROES OF GENERAL STRIKE

### Coal Miners Quit—Demonstrations Continue in Large Cities.

BRUSSELS, June 6.—A general strike in the coal mining districts in the Province of Hainaut today added to the confusion and complications arising from the anti-clerical demonstrations throughout Belgium. It is declared that the Socialists instigated the mine strike, which at once became effective throughout the Liege and Borinage districts, involving many thousands. At La Louviere, the most important mining commune in Hainaut, 15,000 men went out.

Desultory demonstrations and disorders today continued in nearly all of the large cities but no serious outbreaks were reported. The Socialists will demand a revision of the constitution at the next session of Parliament.

"The man was killed and twenty others seriously wounded at Mouson, a commune in Luxembourg today, during a fight between Clericals and anti-Clericals. Most of the inhabitants participated in the encounter, which lasted two hours. The socialist leaders seem to have lost control of the men in a part of the Walloon Provinces, where the workmen declare that they wish to avenge their comrades who were killed at Liege."

At a meeting of 20,000 workmen at La Louviere, a commune in Hainaut where there are mines and extensive manufactures, orators were biased when they urged the strikers to return to work. The people of La Louviere and Mons are greatly excited, but it is believed that the Socialist appeal to their followers to refrain from violence will be observed throughout the district of Liege.

King Albert and Queen Elizabeth had planned to leave for Ostend today for a stay at the royal villa on the sea coast, but the journey was abandoned because of the political situation resulting from the resentment over the Clerical victory in the elections.

The political outlook is decidedly ugly. The workmen, ignoring the appeals of the Socialist and Liberal leaders, are continuing their attacks on Roman Catholic property because of the success of the Clericals in the elections, and the strike is spreading throughout the country with the intention of making it general. Already there is scarcely an industry which has not been affected. Troops are being distributed everywhere, especially where churches and convents are being damaged. Some railroad trains which were run in defiance of the strike were attacked.

There was fighting here last night. A hundred men jeering the prohibition against demonstrations, paraded the streets and stopped traffic. The police charged the throngs, wounding several and scattering the crowd. The crowds gathered again and increased in number, but mounted gendarmes prevented further disturbances, although the clashes are going on at a late hour.

## TO BAR ILLITERATE VOTERS IN ARIZONA

PHOENIX, Ariz., June 6.—The Arizona Senate, after a bitter debate, yesterday passed the educational qualification measure, which provides that all voters shall be able to read, write and speak the English language. The bill has not yet passed the House.

A similar measure was passed by the Territorial Legislature prior to Statehood, and repealed as a condition of Statehood. If the bill becomes a law, thousands of Mexicans will be disfranchised.

## ALMOST KILLED TRYING TO SAVE STRAW HAT

Charles Lyman, 23 years old, of 75 Washington street, Plainfield, N. J., is lying in the Holy Family Hospital, Brooklyn, in a very critical condition as the result of injuries sustained early yesterday morning in an acrobatic attempt to recover his new straw hat. Lyman climbed an "L" pillar at St. John's place and Fifth avenue, Brooklyn, in an effort to get the hat which lay on the tracks, and becoming alarmed at the approach of a Bath Beach train lost his balance and fell into the street, thirty feet below. Patrolman Fitzgerald summoned Dr. Ryan, and the young man was taken to the Holy Family Hospital. There it was said he has a fighting chance for life.

## BROOKLYN PARTY MEETING

A general party meeting of the members of the Socialist party of Kings County, for the purpose of hearing the report of the delegates to the National Convention, will be held at the Labor Lyceum, Myrtle and Williamsburg avenues, tonight at 8 o'clock. All members are urged to attend. Membership cards must be shown at the door. By order of the Central Committee, Local Eight.

## REFUSES DEMANDS OF PENN. R. R. MEN

### General Manager Long Says He Won't Give Concessions Sought by Trainmen, Conductors and Engineers.

PHILADELPHIA, June 6.—General Manager S. C. Long, of the Pennsylvania Railroad, tonight issued his answer to the demands of the Brotherhood of Trainmen and Conductors and Engineers, in which he absolutely refuses the demands, the greatest one of which is that the old men will be taken care of and given precedence in that portion of the road which has been or will be electrified.

Manager Long's answer to this demand is that the Pennsylvania Railroad has treated its employees fairly heretofore and the promise is given that they will be treated fairly in the future, but no promise is given that the crews laid off on account of electrification will be taught the electrical end of the business and given preference over experienced men.

The answer to Manager Long will be discussed at a meeting of the Brotherhood representatives tomorrow morning. The more radical are in favor of having a referendum strike vote immediately, while the conservatives argue against this. Tonight, however, strike rumors are permeating the headquarters of the employees' representatives, but the officials of the Pennsylvania Railroad are emphatic in their declarations that there will be no strike.

## STRIKE MAY LEAVE HOTELS IN DARKNESS

### Mechanics Expected to Join Waiters and Cooks in Their Struggle.

A new problem has arisen in the strike of the hotel workers to enhance the uneasiness of the Hotel Men's Association. The walkout last night at the Netherland Hotel of the electricians, firemen, engineers, oilers and coal passers, leaving the hotel in darkness, has caused the hotel proprietors to wonder how they will handle the situation which threatens for them.

In spite of the fact that the hotel men have caused the circulation of stories to the effect that the strike is broken, they were yesterday expectantly watching for the next hostility to be "pulled." When quizzed by reporters, the hotel men refused to be as loquacious as on former occasions, and met all inquiries with scarcely any more than a worried expression.

Mrs. Rosa Pastor Stokes has undertaken to organize the chambermaids. She said: "I am heart and soul in this work and it is my earnest belief that all the chambermaids are in complete sympathy with the strike. They should be taught how to assert themselves for a redress of their grievances. We will soon convince the Hotel Men's Association that the organized chambermaids are a power by no means to be sneered at."

Enthusiasm continues unabated at the meetings of the strikers, almost constantly in progress at Bryant Hall, 42d street and Sixth avenue. When seen there last night, Organizer Joseph Elster declared that the prospects of a victory for the hotel workers are now brighter than ever before.

## WAITERS FARE BEST IN CHEAP RESTAURANTS

The following table, which was compiled by one of the striking hotel workers, shows the prices of standard edibles, wages paid to waiters, and the number of days of allowed them in three representative fashionable restaurants and hotels and in two of the "popular price" eating places:

Place	Wages per week	Days of leave
Kitcher-Louis	60	35
Pizza-brocker-Martin-Child's	40	35
Oysters	40	35
Roast beef	75	45
Sandwich	75	45
Ice cream	40	35
Coffee (cup)	25	25

How the waiters are paid:  
Wage per week (dollar) ... 6 6 7 12 11  
Hours of labor ... 75 75 70 84 46  
Hours off ... 12 12 12 24 26

## WAR ON HIGH PRICES OF MEAT SPREADING

The meat strike in Brooklyn, which started only a few days ago in the Williamsburg section, is taking on greater proportions from day to day. From a little insignificant affair it has spread until today butchers far away from the affected district are beginning to feel its effects.

## PLAN TO PREVENT ROOSEVELT BOLT

### Taft Men Want Delegates Pledged to Support Nominees.

CHICAGO, June 6.—The Taft forces, believing the President is to be renominated in the approaching national convention, took preliminary steps today to prevent a bolt by the Roosevelt delegates. Moved by the many reports current that the defeated faction in the Republican national convention would bolt and nominate another ticket, Fred W. Uplham, one of the delegates from Illinois, plans to introduce a resolution at the opening of the convention pledging every delegate to support the nominee, and calling on the Committee on Credentials to deny a seat to any delegate who will not make such a pledge.

The resolution, as prepared by Uplham and his associates in the Illinois Taft camp, is as follows: "Resolved, as the sense of this convention, that every member of it is in honor bound to support its nominee, whatever that nominee may be, and that no man should hold a seat here who is not ready to so agree."

The precedent for the introduction and adoption of the foregoing resolution was gleaned from the official proceedings of the Republican national convention held in Chicago, June 2 to June 8, 1880. In that convention Senator Conkling led the fight for the nomination of General Grant. The third term was the issue of that convention, as it is today. Grant had served two terms and had been out of the White House for a space of four years, just like Roosevelt.

Grant had returned from a tour around the world. He had been received with jubilation just as Roosevelt after his hunt for big game in the African forests. "Third term means defeat," and similar signs were pasted all over Chicago to catch the eyes of delegates to the convention in 1880.

At the eleventh hour the Grant people realized that if their candidate was nominated the party would be split. It was then that the Conkling resolution coup was sprung. This resolution was as follows: "As the sense of this convention, that every member of it is bound to honor and support its nominee, whoever that nominee may be, and that no man should hold a seat here who is not ready to so agree."

The plan is to let the Uplham resolution go to the floor of the convention directly from the National Committee in this way it can be voted upon by the delegates without reference to the regular Committee on Resolutions.

It is believed that if the Roosevelt delegates have any mind to bolt they will show it on the vote on the Uplham resolution. If the resolution is passed and all factions agree to stand by the party nominee, the opinion of the Taft managers is that, while the proceedings of the convention may lose none of their bitterness, all sides can proceed with the assurance that, no matter what happens, there will be no bolt as a spectacular denouement.

## CALL POLICE AGAINST TEXTILE STRIKERS

### MIDDLETOWN, Conn., June 6.—The strike situation at the Russell Company's mills at South Farms is not as near a solution today as it was thought to be late yesterday.

A detail of six-foot-tall policemen under a sergeant came down from Hartford last evening and were quartered at a local hotel. They were marched to the mills and reached there just before the arrival of nearly 400 of the strikers, a majority of whom are women. There was singing and cheering.

At the suggestion of Governor Baldwin, the Chief of the State Police is arranging to reinforce the Deputy Sheriffs and the Hartford and Middletown policemen, and if necessary, the Middletown company of the National Guard will be ordered out by the Governor, to quell absolutely any "disorder."

There was quite an addition to the ranks of the strikers, who were recruited by the Industrial Workers of the World.

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## MAXIMUM SENTENCE IMPOSED BY JUDGE

### SERVANT GIRL BURNED TO DEATH IN KITCHEN

STAMFORD, Conn., June 6.—Daisy Vrom, of New York, a servant employed at the summer residence of Henry Cape, a wholesale lumber merchant of New York, was burned from head to foot this morning while using kerosene oil to hasten a fire in the kitchen range.

Mrs. Cape, attracted by her screams, smothered the flames and was burned about the hands. At the Stamford Hospital it was said Miss Vrom could not live. The house caught fire and the local fire department was called out to extinguish the blaze.

## BOSTON CAR MEN MAY GO ON STRIKE TODAY

### Traction Company Opens Fire Against Union and Walk-out is Almost Certain.

BOSTON, June 6.—What was taken today by the newly-organized Boston Elevated employees as a throwing down of the gauntlet by the company which leaves them nothing to do but to strike, appeared in every local paper in the form of a quarter-page "ad," which denounced the union, explained why the company won't recognize it and announced its intention of fighting to the last ditch.

About 5,000 conductors and motormen are employed by the company on its surface, subway and elevated lines. The company claimed today that 3,500 have joined the "loyals," a scab organization which was organized by the company to offset the organization of its employees. The union organizers declared today they have 3,200 employees in their ranks.

Union leaders refused today to be quoted further than that the union has come to stay, and that a strike is practically certain.

The men have recently organized into a local of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees. The men have continued organizing and there was no hint of a strike.

The traction company of this city, one of the most violent opponents of unionism in America, is an attempt to stamp out organization among its men, fired about 100 of its oldest employees because of their union activities. After the wholesale discharges began the men became restless and filed notice on the company that unless the discharged men were reinstated they would order a strike. The company turned a deaf ear to the notice of the union, and as a result, Boston may be compelled to walk at any moment.

Should a strike be ordered it will affect people of twelve cities and towns. The road's daily traffic is nearly 1,000,000 passengers. About 5,000 men operate its cars while it has about 3,000 other employees who may strike in sympathy with the car men.

That the Boston traction company is determined to fight the union became evident yesterday when scab agencies were opened along the waterfront and on the Bowery, where scabs were hired and sent over to Boston. One of these agencies is located at 191 Greenwich street. The scabs who are hired are sent to Boston, where they will be trained at the company's school of instruction.

## BLOWS PASSED IN U. S. SENATORIAL ELECTION

SANTA FE, N. Mex., June 6.—Albert B. Fall has been re-elected Senator from New Mexico to succeed himself. He drew the one-year term when elected by the first Legislature of the new State, and has forced the stubborn Lower House to go into joint session and re-elect.

## Jersey Cadi Sends 21 Strikers to Prison for One Year.

### Prosecutor Says Workers Must Feel "Iron Hand of Law."

## MEN UNDEFENDED

### Prosecutor Says Workers Must Feel "Iron Hand of Law."

## RELATIVES KEPT OUT

### Cops With Nightsticks Drive Prisoners Away from Court During Whistle-Only Jailing.

New Jersey, the State of Israel, protected strikers, is daily adding "bones" to its already long list of Jewish attacks on the workers. After in their hatred of working class endeavor for better conditions of life, the constituted authorities are doing their utmost to suppress them. Police and courts alike are exercising their powers to stifle the voice of the laborer and the covered tactics are being employed by them.

Jersey justice is swift and arbitrary when directed against the workers. To the capitalists it has always been a willing servant.

Shooting down of strikers who march the streets of the cities, violation in the press, extreme penalties by the judiciary are the public opinion of the State's capitalists.

Records of William of Jersey, the Jersey printed the unprovoked attacks of the capitalists and now heads from their wives, fathers from their children and added were "glory" to the crimes of the political robes.

NEWARK, N. J., June 6.—Following close upon the attack by police on strikers yesterday, during which a high school student was shot and killed in this city, Recorder Leonard A. Winsor, of Kearney, sentenced twenty-one men, who were arrested in a similar attack in his town on Monday, to a year each in the Hudson County Penitentiary. Another man, who is accused by the police as having a revolver and two knives, was held under \$5,000 bail.

The striking laborers were marching across the river to Kearney on Monday, seeking to get workers to leave their jobs. In the fight made on them by the police, Chief Tolson, of Kearney, had his head fractured by a stone. The strikers were unarmed. Two of them were shot by the police, one of them seriously.

The entire sentence of one of the twenty-one prisoners, is the maximum penalty under the Hudson County Penal Code. Fairman Fells, who was with Chief Tolson during the fight, appeared as complainant. Council Edward Kenny acted as prosecutor. None of the prisoners were represented by counsel. Twenty-five were arrested during the fight, seven were let go.

The arraignment of the prisoners began last night and was not closed for more than three hours. They were led into court in groups of six and brought to the bar one by one. Prisoner Paul Johnston, one of those arrested in the fight, was the last man identified by McLaughlin, Thomas D. Gorman, Recorder, Henry J. C. H. Gorman, M. Benson and John Benson, names of the dock.

To make the case look really like one, the Recorder, Tolson and his associates were guarded by seven police men, who were paid for their services the town, about twenty-five dollars a month. The Recorder, Tolson, and his associates were paid for their services the town, about twenty-five dollars a month. The Recorder, Tolson, and his associates were paid for their services the town, about twenty-five dollars a month.

REBELS AROUSED BY U. S. PARTIALITY

Say This Government Harbors Madero's Spies, Fighting Near Juarez.

EL PASO, Tex., June 6.—Refusal of the United States to prevent the Mexican federal government from operating on American soil, while strictly enforcing the law against the rebels, may result in a serious condition for Americans on the border, as a result of rebel reprisals.

The El Paso Herald says editorially today that in the interest of protecting Americans the United States should show no favor to either side in Mexico.

The United States has refused to recognize any agents of the rebel government in the United States and has arrested many of them when they came here, while it permits agents of the Madero Government to act freely, even to the extent of organizing armed forces to take the field against the rebels.

If the United States persists in recognizing the Madero Government and treating the rebels as bandits, then the rebels see no reason for giving recognition to representatives of the United States, and it would not surprise me to see General Orozco give passports to Consul Letcher at Chihuahua and ask him to leave," declared a prominent rebel today in answer to an inquiry as to what action the rebels had taken relative to the arrest of Cruz Ortiz, an American-Mexican now held as a spy by the rebels at Chihuahua and in whose behalf American Secretary of State Knox has been active.

From rebel sources it is declared that there are Maderista spies in El Paso permitted free action by courtesy of the United States, to dog the footsteps of Americans and Mexicans alike, yet these men are daily shipping large quantities of arms and ammunition to various Mexican border ports unmolested, for the Madero army. At present there is a carload of arms and ammunition in El Paso, en route to Agua Prieta, Sonora, for federalists. It is Michigan Central car No. 95884, and is said to contain 100,000 rounds of ammunition and 500 rifles.

The rebels were further enraged today by the arrest at Bremling, N. Mex., of Castulo Herrera, their chief customs official, for smuggling ammunition, yet Mexican Consul E. C. Lorenz and a horde of Maderista C. Lorenz and a horde of Maderista C. Lorenz are receiving every courtesy from American officers and are daily shipping arms and ammunition to federal troops in Mexico without molestation.

CHIHUAHUA, Mexico, June 6.—The rebels continued to move troops south and west to meet the federalists now approaching Chihuahua. A shipment of 50,000 rounds of ammunition reached here today from Juarez. It is stated, but unconfirmed, that Juan Terrazas, son of Gen. Luis Terrazas, and brother-in-law of Enrique Greel, former Mexican Ambassador to the United States, richest cattleman in Mexico, is a prisoner of the rebels here, being held for a ransom. His father is a refugee in Los Angeles.

JUAREZ, Mexico, June 6.—There is fighting 150 miles south of Juarez, twenty miles from Casas Grandes, between rebels sent from here and federalists from Sonora. The federalists took San Buenaventura this week and started east to take Casas Grandes. They met the rebels from Juarez and the fighting has been in progress all day, according to news telegraphed here by Col. Pascual Orozco tonight. This is the first appearance of the Northern Sonora federalists in their campaign against Orozco.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., June 6.—Capt. John R. Hughes and three other Texas Rangers today chased a party of Mexican smugglers making for "the line" and captured 6,000 rounds of regulation army rifle ammunition.

PLAN TO PROSECUTE MEAT BOYCOTTERS

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 6.—Frightened by the publicity, and facing a reduced demand for meats, due to the request of the Federated Marketing Clubs that all Pittsburgh housewives abstain from eating meat for ten days, the Wholesale and Retail Butchers' Association of this city threaten to prosecute the leaders of the meat boycott under the Anti-Trust Law.

It was learned today that representatives from the Wholesale and Retail Butchers' Association called yesterday on one of the most prominent firms of attorneys to see if any action could be brought to prevent the threatened boycott. It was later said that the ground taken by the meat dealers' association was based on the decision of the United States Supreme Court in the Danbury Hatters' boycott of 1902.

The Federated Women's Marketing Clubs declare they are not worried by the threatened prosecution, and are going with their plans to make the boycott one that will force the butchers, both wholesale and retail, to make sweeping reductions that will bring the price of meat to its "proper" level.

THE EAGLE SHOE STORE

SHOES Go to Goldberg

GREENBLATT'S Wear Well Shoes

A. PERTHOU

Blue Serge Suits That Stay Blue

Price may attract, but we know it takes values, and the right kind of values, to hold trade. It's the service and satisfaction we give that bring our customers back season after season.

Our Guaranteed Blue Serge Suit at \$17.50

And Special Coat and Trousers at \$15

are equal to any blue suits sold elsewhere at \$3 to \$5 more.

We have them as low as \$10 a suit, and at \$20, \$22 and \$25. We can fit all sizes—stout or slim.

COOL COATS, 60c to \$5.00

STRAW HATS PANAMAS \$1.50, \$2, \$2.50 \$3.50 and \$5.00

Rickards Clothiers Tailors Hatters Furnishers

430 Sixth Avenue N. E. CORNER 26TH STREET 43 Seconds From Broadway.

The Daylight Store Established 1895

Open Saturday Evening Until 10:30 P. M.

WANTS ORDER FOR ARMS INCREASED

Gomez Would Form Volunteer Guard to Protect Foreign Property.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—President Gomez has informed the United States through the American Minister at Havana, Mr. Beaupre, that he is forming a volunteer guard to protect foreign property, and asks that his recent order for Krags-Jorgensen rifles be increased from 5,000 to 10,000 and that 2,000,000 cartridges accompany them. President Gomez urges the United States to make every effort to facilitate a quick delivery of the rifles and ammunition.

The Cuban President hopes by forming the volunteer guard to relieve the regulars, who are guarding foreign properties that they may pursue the insurgents. He is said to be entirely in accord with the dispatching of marines into the interior for the protection of foreign lives and property. He has informed Minister Beaupre that he believes this will be of material benefit to quieting the situation.

The arms and ammunition requested will be shipped immediately to Key West, and thence by water to Havana. A special train will be required to transport the material. The Watervliet arsenal will ship the rifles, and the ammunition will be taken from Frankford arsenal, near Philadelphia.

An emergency appropriation of \$85,000 for the expense of the marine expedition to Cuba was asked of Congress today by the Secretary of the Navy. Secretary Meyer described the movement as an expeditionary force of marines for tropical field duty.

Following its second vigorous move in regard to the situation in Cuba, the administration today found itself with little further to do but wait for developments. With nearly 600 marines already in the Guantanamo District and four battleships carrying 1,000 more marines on the way from Key West to Guantanamo, the authorities feel that nothing more is demanded by the situation at this time.

The day at the War and State departments was marked by a considerable lessening of the number of the message detailing deprivations and violence in Cuba and appeals for protection. It was stated that the only report received of any disturbance in Cuba was a telegram stating that a band of rebels had fired on El Cobre, near Santiago, but that no damage had been done. This almost complete cessation of the stream of telegrams led officials to believe that the dispatch of marines and ships was already having a deterrent effect.

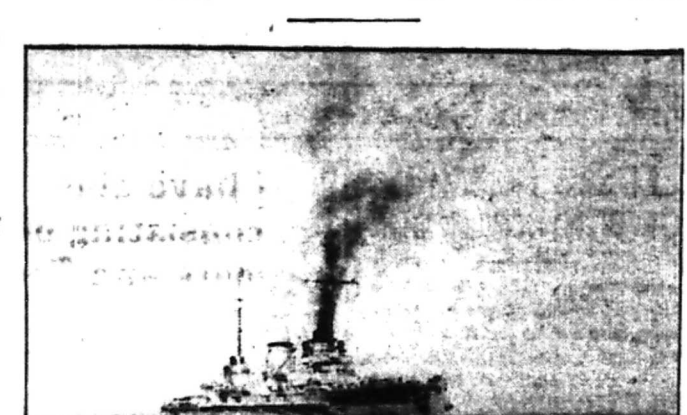
CHRISTIAN SCIENTIST STEPHEN A. CHASE DIES

FALL RIVER, Mass., June 6.—Stephen A. Chase, treasurer and member of the Board of Directors of the first Church of Christ, Scientist, of Boston, long prominent in Christian Science affairs, died at his home here this morning, aged 73.

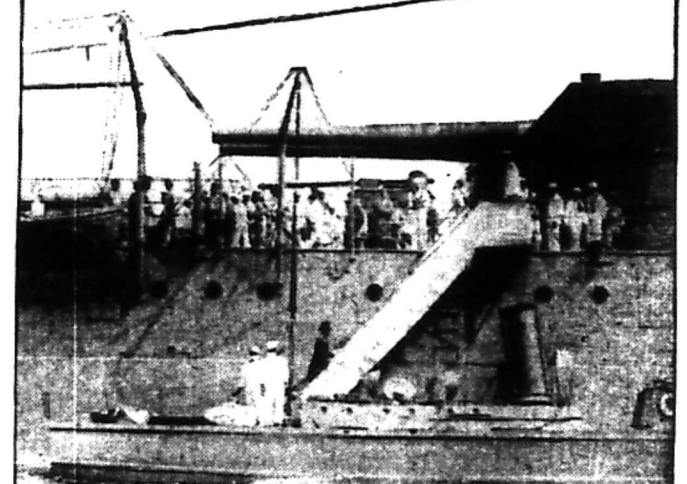
Chase has been in ill health for some months. Although he had a complication of diseases, his death was unexpected by his family. He was in Boston on Monday at a meeting of the Church Corporation, when he was re-elected treasurer and director. When he returned home he brought with him Galvin C. Hill, a Christian Science healer, as he was not feeling very well, and the latter remained in attendance with him until he died.

No regular practitioners were called, but after Chase's death Medical Examiner Gunning was called, when he was unable to determine exactly from the information he obtained from Hill and members of the family, the nature of Chase's trouble. Gunning said that he was satisfied that Chase died from natural causes.

CRUISER MOLTKE, WHICH HEADS GERMAN SQUADRON VISITING THE UNITED STATES, IS FASTEST OF THE KAISER'S FIGHTING SHIPS



GERMAN CRUISER MOLTKE



ADMIRAL VON REBEUR-PASCHWITZ VISITING THE FLORIDA

Elaborate preparations have been made for the reception to the German squadron, which is to spend four days here. The squadron comprises the cruisers Moltke, Bremen and Stettin. The Moltke is the swiftest battle cruiser in the German collection of ships built especially to slaughter

CO-OPERATIVE FARMERS HOLD MEETING TONIGHT

The third meeting of the New York Fellowship Farm group will be held this evening at 8 o'clock in "the little room" of Smith & McNeill's restaurant, 195 Washington street. Admission 10 cents up, according to appetite.

The plan of the fellowship is similar to that followed by the fellowship groups of other cities. Sixty to 100 members each pay \$50 down and \$4 monthly for forty-four months, or \$226 in all, or an even \$200 down and no further payments. The money paid down will make the first payment on a farm of 80 to 120 acres within easy commuting distance of New York and secure equipment for the co-operative portion (twelve to twenty acres).

Each member has his home acre for house, poultry, garden, etc., and shares equally in dividends of the co-operative twelve to twenty-acre garden, hotel, equipment, etc., under expert management.

RECORD APPRECIATION OF WILLIAM T. STEAD

The following on the death of William T. Stead, who perished in the Titanic disaster, was adopted at the annual meeting of the New York Peace Society, held on Wednesday: "The New York Peace Society, realizing that in the death of William T. Stead, of London, the peace cause loses one of its most ardent advocates, desires to put upon record its appreciation of his indefatigable service to humanity. He was the champion of all oppressed people; he courageously rebuked all nations, even his own, when they practiced injustice or tyranny; he untiringly pleaded for the brotherhood of man, the unity of races and the settlement of all international disputes by peaceful methods. He was on his way to our nation with a message of good will when he met death as courageously as he faced the issues of life."

FATAL WRECK ON C. P. R.

MONTREAL, Quebec, June 6.—Many passengers were reported to have been killed in a passenger wreck today on the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway in British Columbia. Wires were down and details are lacking.

MOUNTFORD JUNE OFFER IN CAMERAS

A complete first class camera with two lenses and a tripod for only \$50. Don't be misled. We guarantee that it is a better camera than any other you can buy for the price. The only camera you can buy for this price.

REPORTERS ABUSED BY "VIGILANTES" AND AUTHORITIES

(Continued from page 1)

when he learned of the publicity given the affair. Meyers is a more experienced man than Chief Wilson, and, panic-stricken, he has issued an order "that no 'vigilante' violence shall be permitted on the streets during daylight."

J. M. Porter, the most prominent of the "vigilantes," was also heard to say that "they might just as well have waited until night"; "they could have arrested him and we could have attended to him."

The California Free Speech League has issued the following appeal: "The fight in San Diego must be won. Too much is at stake. Defeat would be so costly and victory so fruitful that the fight simply cannot be lost. Men have not been few who have staked their personal safety and liberty on the issue. They have paid dearly, some even with their lives, for having the courage of their convictions. Many have been subjected to most brutal beatings, horse-whippings, clubbings and other outrages to their manhood."

PRASHNER IS SAVED FROM DEPORTATION

San Diego Free Speech Fighter Released From Ellis Island Yesterday.

An order was handed down yesterday by the Department of Commerce and Labor to the immigration authorities at Ellis Island, cancelling the warrant of deportation for Albert E. Prashner and directing his immediate release.

Prashner was arrested in San Diego, Cal., on February 16, together with sixteen others who said they were Socialists, single taxers and members of the I. W. W., for taking part in the fight for free speech there.

The San Diego authorities in their eagerness to rid themselves of this young agitator, who is but 23 years of age, charged him with illegal entry to this country. The evidence against him was not only insufficient, but vague and technical. The hearings were conducted in a "star chamber" manner, and after his examination the San Diego authorities forwarded their alleged charges to the Department of Commerce and Labor and recommended his immediate deportation.

ARREST MERCHANT FOR DEFRAUDING U. S.

The first arrest in the government's crusade against importers of linens and cottons for alleged undervaluations, forwarded in recent dispatches from Washington, was made here yesterday by Marshal Henkel, who took into custody Harry F. Turtle, of Turtle Bros., importers of Irish and Scotch linens and cottons, 55 White street. It is said that the total frauds of this character will be found to approximate not less than \$1,000,000. In the Turtle case the undervaluations are stated to involve importations valued at \$100,000.

SEVERAL JOBS TIED UP BY PAINTERS' STRIKE

The Alteration Painters and Paperhangers' Union yesterday ordered a strike against Herman Miller, 1292 Amsterdam avenue because he refused to pay the union scale of wages and ran the shop under union conditions. The strikers declared that they are confident of winning their demands, as Miller is very busy now and must fill several contracts within the next few days, and will have to try to get the strikers back to work.

CITY EMPLOYEES GET STUNG

Days Off Deducted From Their Vacations. Employees of the Department of Public Works who have been looking forward to summer vacations of from two weeks to a month may not get them, according to a report which Assistant Commissioner Patterson has been keeping.

When application is made for a vacation the assistant commissioner consults his record, on which appears the number of days here and there that the men have been taking off in the last year. Some of these applicants have been surprised at the number of days they have not been working, and the great loss of vacation time.

WE SELL MORE STRAW HATS FOR \$2.50 THAN WE DO FOR \$1.50

McCANN'S MEN'S HATS 210 Bowery, Above Spring St. Advertisement featuring a hat illustration and promotional text.

AUTOMOBILE TRUCK RUNS DOWN THREE

Careless Chauffeur Saved From Hands of Furious Crowd by the Timely Appearance of Police. Three persons were run down and two of them seriously injured by a motor truck at 54th street yesterday. Witnesses of the accident said that the chauffeur had been driving recklessly and he was almost mobbed. The police with drawn revolvers managed to get him to the station house, however.

MINISTERS START "RED LIGHT" PROSECUTION

Investigators Getting About Atlantic City's Disreputable District. ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 6.—The disqualification of the Sheriff of Atlantic City from the appointment of jurors to the new Grand Jury seems to be the move contemplated in the grand investigation now being conducted in Atlantic City.

CLAIM GAMBLE HAS WON SOUTH DAKOTA

SIoux FALLS, S. Dak., June 6.—Senator Gamble has carried the State by a 2,600 plurality, according to his friends who base their claim on returns so far received from thirty-two out of sixty-one counties. The plurality for the Roosevelt delegates may reach 15,000. On Governor from about 700 precincts in the State, this being about half of the precincts, Byrne has a lead of about 7,000 over Egan. It is asserted by the Byrne people that Byrne's majority over Egan will run 12,000 to 16,000. Conservative estimates place Byrne's majority at about 10,000.

RUSSIA ADMITS WOMEN TO BAR

ST. PETERSBURG, June 6.—Women will be permitted to practice law in Russia. The Duma passed a bill granting the privilege today.

BIG BILL LINGLEY GOES TO PENITENTIARY

"Big Bill" Lingley, who was cousin, Frank W. Muehlhoff, was indicted for the murder of John Gurnea, formerly Chief of Police of Findlay, Ohio, in Burns' killing, February 11, was convicted by a jury before Judge Malone of the Court of General Sessions of the first degree. He was sentenced to the penitentiary for ten years.

SMALLPOX SCARE IN AUGUSTA, MAINE

AUGUSTA, Me., June 6.—Dr. A. G. Young, of the State Board of Health, declared fifteen cases of "chicken-pox" to be smallpox in virulent form tonight, and the city health officers have taken stringent measures to prevent the further spread of the disease. Every victim thus far is a child. Some of the cases ran six weeks before discovered by the physicians, and the city is in the grip of the worst smallpox scare in its history.

TAXI CO. SUED FOR \$75,000

An action to recover \$75,000 in damages alleged to have been sustained in May, 1911, as a result of a taxicab accident in this city, was filed yesterday in the United States District Court by Willis Grant Querin, of Boston, against the Mason-Beaman Transportation Company. Mr. Querin says that the engaged a cab belonging to the defendant company to take her from the hotel to the Grand Central Station and that on the way she was thrown out and so seriously injured that for a long time she was prevented from doing work which had brought her in large sums of money.

Advertisement for Blyn Shoes, featuring illustrations of various styles of shoes and promotional text about quality and price.

You Want Shoes That Give Satisfaction in Wear, Fit and Price, Then

# WEAR RAMBLER SHOES



AT \$2.50

UNION MADE

The Best Shoe on the Market Equals Any \$3.50 Shoe Made

### NEARBY RAMBLER STORES

- World Building Basement  
NEW YORK 419 8th Ave., near 26th St.  
162 East 125th St., near 3d Ave.  
129-131 Delancey St., cor. Norfolk St.
- BROOKLYN—436 Fulton St.
- NEWARK 236 Market St., cor. Mulberry St.  
161 Springfield Ave., cor. Broome St.

## WHITE WINGS MARCH IN HEAVY DOWNPOUR

Edwards Eulogizes Scabs Who Remained "Loyal" During Strike.

Between 2,000 and 4,000 employees of the Street Cleaning Department, with their horses, carts, sprinkling machines, brooms and other apparatus, paraded down Fifth avenue past Mayor Gaynor, the Commissioner of Street Cleaning, William H. Edwards, and his deputies, John Grier Hibben, president of Princeton University, and other invited guests to the number of 600.

It was the first parade of street cleaners since the strike last fall, and according to Commissioner Edwards every man who marched was an "American hero," for he bravely declared that the paraders were either those who had remained "loyal" to the city during the struggle of the striking white wings for the abolition of night work or else was one of the "much abused strikebreakers" who helped to end the trouble.

The route of the parade was from Fifth avenue and 62d street down past the reviewing stand in front of the Public Library, at 42d street, to Washington Square, where the marchers gathered. Only one-half of the force of the department was in line, the rest being occupied with the regular work of cleaning the streets. Judges in the stands with the Mayor and Commissioner Edwards carefully noted the appearance of the horses and the men, and the general all-around military efficiency of the forces of the three boroughs represented Brooklyn, the Bronx and Manhattan. Crowds of bystanders lined the curb all the way down the avenue.

The following prizes will be awarded: Silver shield to the borough which showed in general military appearance and department regulations. Banner to the borough which had the finest appearing horses. Banner to the borough in which the sweepers presented the best appearance.

Following the parade Commissioner Edwards gave a luncheon at the Waldorf-Astoria to the military and other guests.

### WOMEN SHOCKED BY LIGHTNING.

WILMINGTON, Del., June 6.—A lightning bolt struck the building of the Glen Hosiery Company, where many girls were employed, and seven girls were shocked. Miss Martin was the only one who required medical attention.

### CALL READERS

If you desire artistic work, have your photograph taken at Comrade

## L. BORESSOFF'S

555 Grand St., cor. Essex St. Will give my personal attention to Comrades and a special Souvenir to every dozen photographs.

## McKINLEY STORAGE

One Month Free Storage customers who direct to our office, first automobile service for moving and moving in city and country.

118 East 118th St., 118 East 118th St., Cathedral Park, cor. 118th St. and 43rd Ave.

## SOCIALIST CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE ELECTED

Stedman, Thompson, Rodriguez and Simons Will Assist Manager Barnes.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 6.—The National Campaign Committee of the Socialist party for the 1912 Presidential struggle consists of Seymour Stedman and William E. Rodriguez, of Chicago; Carl D. Thompson, of Milwaukee; Otto F. Branstetter, of Oklahoma City, and A. M. Simons, of Girard, Kan. They were chosen in the order named according to the results of the vote of the National Executive Committee and the Presidential and Vice Presidential candidates just announced.

This committee will primarily have charge of this year's campaign in cooperation with National Campaign Manager J. Mahlon Barnes and the National Executive Committee. The party candidates take an active interest in planning the struggle.

Seymour Stedman is one of the best known labor attorneys in Chicago. He has been active in the Socialist party for over a decade and was counsel for the United Mine Workers of Illinois during the mine disaster at Cherry, Ill. He is now active in defending the hundreds of newsmen being arrested in the war that the Chicago federated newspaper trades are carrying on against the local newspaper trust.

William E. Rodriguez is active both in the Socialist movement and in the Painters' International Union. He has been chairman of the Cook County Socialist party for several years and was the recent Socialist party candidate for Mayor of Chicago. He is a delegate of the Chicago painters to the Chicago Federation of Labor, and was recently elected one of the delegates of his international union to the next convention of the American Federation of Labor.

Carl D. Thompson is well known as the city clerk of Milwaukee under the recent Socialist administration.

He is recognized as one of the best speakers and campaigners in the Socialist party and has extensively toured the country.

Otto F. Branstetter has been active for many years building up the Oklahoma Socialist movement. He has done considerable work as national organizer for the party, but recently returning for an extensive organizing tour in the South, especially in the unorganized States. He is a recognized authority on party organization.

A. M. Simons is the present editor of the Coming Nation. He was editor of the Chicago Daily Socialist for several years and has long been active in building up the party and aiding in the framing and molding of its policies.

William M. Branet, of St. Louis, Mo., was the sixth choice, but the committee was voted to consist of only five, and so it will have to forego the service of a Socialist who has been active in building the working class political movement in one of the largest cities of the nation.

Campaign Manager Barnes has called the committee to meet in this city, Saturday morning, June 15, at 10 o'clock, even if the National Executive Committee does not vote to meet at this time. This is the day before the opening of the national campaign at Riverview Park, when Debs and Seidel will speak.

The next meeting of the campaign has been scheduled for a big tri-State picnic to be held at New Castle, Pa.

In order to start matters going National Campaign Manager Barnes has sent out a call for a "One Dollar Fund" to all the locals of the Socialist party in the United States. There are about 5,000 such party branches and the \$5,000 that will come in if every party branch does its duty will help defray the immediate expenses of the campaign.

The extraordinary expense of the national campaign has drained the party resources, leaving no funds in the treasury for campaign purposes. The circular letter, which is addressed to the local secretaries of the party.

The Campaign Committee must have funds at once to meet necessary expenses. This letter is a hurry-up call addressed to you personally, to enlist your help. Every day must be full-fledged in this campaign.

"If your local meets in time, will you kindly urge the importance of its subscribing and forwarding at least \$1, to reach this office by June 15? If the local does not meet in time, will you personally take steps to raise this amount and forward it?"

### OHIO POSTMASTER INDICTED.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, June 5.—A. D. Alderman, deceased postmaster of Marietta, O., was indicted today by a Federal Grand Jury for the embezzlement of \$2,067 government funds when serving as postmaster. Alderman has paid back all the money he is alleged to have taken illegally. He was removed from the Marietta postmasterhip after federal inspectors had discovered in his accounts shortages which he insisted were due to bookkeeping blunders.

### FAMOUS BRIDGE NO MORE.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., June 6.—The famous old Pocantico Bridge, known the world over as the "Headless Horseman's Bridge," went down tonight with a crash. Workmen have been busy for several days with wedges underpinning it. The bridge was built by Ambrose Kingsland when he was Mayor of New York City. The bridge was torn down to make way for a new Washington Irving memorial bridge, the gift of William Rockefeller.

## PROTEST MEETING AT UNION SQUARE TODAY

Detroit I. W. W. to Present Case of Paterson Silk Strikers.

The Detroit I. W. W. will hold a protest meeting this afternoon at 5 o'clock, at Union Square Plaza, 17th street and Fourth avenue. The meeting is called to bring before the working class of this city the flagrant disregard for law and order exhibited by the Paterson authorities in the present silk workers' strike. The illegality of the proceedings of the Paterson police and police judge—which culminated in the arrest of Rudolph Katz, the I. W. W. leader—will be brought to the attention of all citizens and workers, and notice served on the capitalist politicians of Paterson that they cannot continue forever in their high-handed actions.

This protest meeting is one of many to be held with the same purpose in view.

Addresses will be made by Abraham Levine, James T. Hunter, William Walters and Dr. Sierkin. In English: Joseph Schlosberg and D. Goldberg, in Jewish, and Joseph Yenerally in Italian.

A similar meeting will be held tonight at Liberty Hall, Spring and Shippen streets, West Hoboken, N. J. A committee from the striking silk workers of Paterson, consisting of Mrs. Rose Hammer and Mrs. Olive M. Johnson, are in Philadelphia gathering funds for their cause. The committee was cordially received by the Socialist party. Resolutions denouncing the arbitrary conduct of the Paterson authorities were adopted and sent to Governor Wilson, Mayor McBridge and Recorder Carroll. A collection of \$9.40 was made and delegates were elected to a defense conference. The S. L. P. contributed \$5 and also sent delegates. The conference, of which Dr. W. V. Leoff is treasurer, has arranged for a mass meeting to be held in Philadelphia shortly.

In an appeal issued by the Paterson strikers, they say:

"A conspiracy of a part of the silk bosses to rob the silk workers of Paterson of the fruits of their recent struggle for better wages, has been augmented and reinforced by a conspiracy of the authorities of the city to help the bosses accomplish their purpose. The capitalist exploiters and the capitalist politicians are seen working hand in hand to again establish the conditions that prevailed prior to the general strike. Together they are straining to force the silk workers back to the conditions they had just escaped. And they are carrying things with a high hand."

"Many of us have all along been under the fond delusion that the Constitution of the United States guarantees that no one shall be deprived of life, liberty nor even property without due process of law and that due process of law implied the right to be tried by a jury of one's peers. That may be so in other States; it is not so in New Jersey. Here a person may be arrested on such trivial charges as loitering, disorderly conduct, etc., etc., and be summarily sent to jail for one year. The judge before whom such a case is tried may be malicious, he may be vindictive, he may be corrupt in that he imposes sentence at the behest of powerful interests inimical to the prisoner, but there is nothing that stands between such a judge and the prisoner—in New Jersey. People throughout the land are beginning to feel that they need protection against our judges, hence the country-wide agitation for the 'recall.' It seems, however, that there ought also to be some recalling of laws—in New Jersey."

### SUSPENDS R. R.'S NEW RULES ON BAGGAGE

WASHINGTON, June 6.—The wall of the Tanktown actor reached the Interstate Commerce Commission today, and the commission decided to extend its suspension.

Recently all railroad companies put new rates in effect providing that after July 1 no piece of baggage, the greatest dimensions of which exceeded seven inches, would be transported in baggage cars. The one-night stand actors protested that this would compel them to ship their trunks by express, and possibly they would be delayed.

The commission today temporarily suspended the new rules pending investigation. The railroads also announced that after July 1 they would charge excess at the rate of ten cents for each additional inch in trunks over forty-five inches.

Nearly every association of commercial travelers in the United States protested against this rule and the commission has also suspended it.

### MATTRESS MAKERS ORGANIZE.

Will Hold Meeting for the Purpose of Unionizing Trade. The officials of the United Hebrew Trades reported yesterday that they have succeeded in reorganizing the Mattress Makers' Union which ceased to be active some time ago. Forty-five members have come into the reorganized union and more have declared their desire to join the organization.

A mass meeting for the purpose of extending the organization will be held at 56 Orchard street next Sunday night, where addresses will be made by representatives of the Hebrew Trades and Upholsters' Union.

### EXTRAORDINARY VALUES IN Straw and Panama Hats

—AT—

## MARCUS

UNION HAT STORES

230 East Houston Street, New York

1730 Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn

100 West 11th St., New York, N. Y.

# JOHN MARSA SAYS:

CALL READERS—Here are plain, true facts. I am overstocked and must have cash at once. I have about \$22,000 worth of High Grade Clothing, consisting of Men's, Young Men's and Boys' Suits, Topcoats and Trousers; being overstocked I place same at your disposal at 60 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR. This means your chance to get \$1.00 Worth of Clothing for 60 Cents.

Sale Starts Friday, June 7, 9 A. M. Sharp FOR FIVE DAYS ONLY

### Men's and Young Men's Dress Trousers . . \$1.98

Men's and Young Men's Suits, strictly all wool, all the newest shades and models; value \$12.00; these are stunners; now \$7.50

Men's and Young Men's Suits, guaranteed all wool and hand-tailored; silk mixtures, shadow stripes and all other up-to-date styles; value \$18.00; now \$12.00

Men's and Young Men's Suits, in Brown, Blue, Gray and all the prevailing colors, in cassimeres and worsteds; value \$15.00; now \$10.00

Men's and Young Men's finest grade of Suits; value \$26.00 to \$36.00; some custom-made; now on sale at \$15.00

# JOHN MARSA

671 Broadway 1-3-5 Manhattan Ave.  
CORNER MANHATTAN AVE. CORNER BROADWAY  
BROOKLYN, N. Y. Open Evenings Until 9 o'Clock

## SAY TAMMANY RUNS NEW FIRE BUREAU

Civic Societies Exert Pressure on City Fathers—May Order Investigation.

The Committee on Rules of the Board of Aldermen will meet today to consider a resolution introduced by Alderman Boiles at the regular board meeting last Tuesday, asking that the Board of Aldermen appoint a special committee to investigate the organization and work of the new Bureau of Fire Prevention.

This bureau, which was established through the passage of the Sullivan-Hoey law shortly after the Triangle factory fire a year ago, has recently been the center of a storm of criticism from various citizens and civic organizations. The Civil Service Reform Association, a short time ago, took issue with Mayor Gaynor concerning the methods by which the 89 temporary inspectors of the new bureau were appointed. It was charged at that time that Tammany was using the new bureau as a source of valuable political patronage and that 77 of the 89 appointees were Democrats and active party workers.

It was further pointed out that these appointments had been divided among the various district leaders, practically giving one position to each district. Shortly after these charges were made by the Civil Service Reform Association, the Committee on Safety and the Allied Real Estate Interests sent a formal request to the Board of Aldermen asking that body to appoint a committee to investigate the new bureau. This was followed by the introduction of Alderman Boiles' resolution last Tuesday, which was immediately referred to the Committee on Rules, of which Alderman Ralph Folks is chairman.

During the past few weeks a constant stream of complaints has been pouring in on members of the Aldermanic Board. It is charged that little or no progress is being made in the fight to correct the dangerous conditions prevailing in New York City at the present time.

Several members of the Board of Aldermen, after giving careful consideration to these criticisms, have decided that in view of the feeling of dissatisfaction and suspicion held by so many citizens, it has become necessary for the Aldermanic Board to make a rigid and impartial investigation into the workings of the Fire Prevention Bureau with a view to relieving the public mind and assuring to the public adequate protection against fire.

In case such an investigation is authorized by the Board of Aldermen it will consist solely of an inquiry into the actual work being accomplished by the recently appointed inspectors along lines tending to protect life and property from the hazard in New York City. The political aspect of the situation will probably not be considered, inasmuch as the latter

## QUEER TESTIMONY IN TITANIC INQUIRY

Witness Says More Men Would Be Nuisance—Deprecates Searchlights.

LONDON, June 6.—That the Titanic was empty manned; that the crew were larger than would have been no work for additional men and that they would only have been in each other's way, were the assertions today made by Harold A. Sanderson, director of the White Star Line, testifying in the Board of Trade inquiry into the Titanic disaster.

Sanderson admitted that the men might not have been as familiar with the lifeboats and their handling as they should have been, but declared that this was due to the great difficulty encountered in inducing men to participate in boat drills. He suggested that this condition might be improved by getting leaders of the sailors' organizations to urge on the men the necessity for carrying on this duty.

## NECKWEAR MAKERS WIN IMPORTANT VICTORY

## FIFTY DRESS MAKERS STRIKE IN BROOKLYN

Fifty girls employed by Krupnick & Kramer, manufacturers of children's dresses, Dumont avenue, Bayswater, went on strike yesterday because the firm refused to live up to its agreement, entered into with the Children's Dress Makers' Union Local 50 of the International Ladies' Garment Workers. The firm has been running a union shop until recently, when it refused to pay the union scale of wages and employed girls who were not members of the union.

It was rumored yesterday that the firm was fixing up a shop at Third avenue and Broadway, Brooklyn, where it intends to start a new shop and run on open shop basis. The union officials declared last night that they will resist until it agrees to run the shop upon union conditions.

## WORKER KILLED BY ELEVATOR.

James McKeive, of 126 Prospect street, Brooklyn, was crushed to death shortly before midnight Wednesday when operating an elevator loaded with ashes in the basement of the New York Telephone Building at 75 Cortlandt street. He was caught between the floor of the elevator and the shaft.

## EVERY WOMAN

Should have a copy of this book

It is the only book that tells you how to get the most out of your money and how to save it. It is a complete guide to the art of saving and investing. It is a must for every woman who wants to be financially independent.

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PARTY MEMBERS HEAR DELEGATES' REPORT

Lee, Wanhope and Hillquit Tell of Work at Indianapolis.

That the recent national convention, which was held at Indianapolis, was the most harmonious, businesslike and effective gathering of the Socialist party in this country...

He pointed out that the most striking thing about the convention was the fact that all the discussions were devoid of personalities and bitterness...

Joshua Wanhope said he must not be expected to give a report of the convention for he was not on any committee...

He criticized the arrangements of the convention proceedings because so much valuable time was lost in technicalities...

William A. Meyers and Alice B. Hanford were married last evening by Sylvester Burnham...

William A. Meyers, and Alice B. Hanford were married last evening by Sylvester Burnham...

IF YOU WANT A STRICTLY UNION MADE STRAW HAT. Look for This Label. STRAW HATTERS' UNION.

Workingmen, Do Your Duty. This is the Label of the United Hatters of North America. Buy no hats without it.

Call Advertisers' Directory. MANHATTAN. CLOTHING MERCHANT TAILORS AND HATTERS.

B. N. Lefkowitz 110 DELANCEY STREET

THE SHOE STORE THAT SERVES YOU BEST AT ALL TIMES

THIS is what we know. But what is more important to you, and more convincing, too, is the fact that many call readers have told us...

UNION MADE. SHOES OF ALL KINDS FOR MEN AND WOMEN.

revolutionary movement can be done not depend upon the will of the movement but upon conditions.

WM. A. MEYERS AND ALICE HANFORD MARRY

William A. Meyers, and Alice B. Hanford were married last evening by Sylvester Burnham...

IF YOU WANT A STRICTLY UNION MADE STRAW HAT. Look for This Label. STRAW HATTERS' UNION.

Workingmen, Do Your Duty. This is the Label of the United Hatters of North America.

Call Advertisers' Directory. MASSACHUSETTS. ATTORNEYS, COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

PLAN CAMPAIGN TO WIPE OUT GANGSTERS

Fire, Health and Excise Departments to Co-operate With Waldo.

Thoroughly apprehensive over the continued activity of the underworld, Commissioner Waldo and Deputy Commissioner Dougherty decided yesterday to get the aid of the State Excise Board...

It is the present plan to attempt to have the licenses of a number of dives on the lower East Side, known to be rendezvous of the warring factions...

Should the Excise Board fail to provide the remedy sought it is believed that the Health Department can do the work.

Antonio Ballatino, 22 years old, a member of the Jack Sirocco gang and a notorious "gun fighter" on the East Side, got two years yesterday in the Court of General Sessions...

6 EXPRESSMEN NABBED FOR STEALING GOODS

Six men employed by the United States Express Company at its plant in Jersey City yesterday morning on complaints of larceny sworn to by Joseph Mayhew...

They were taken to the office of Captain Cody of the City Hall police station, and Mayhew's statements implicated James Mulvanerton...

Dramatic Entertainment. "Turning the Tables" WILL BE PERFORMED AT BRANCH 5 HEADQUARTERS.

FRANKLIN VISITED MANUFACTURERS

"Star Witness" at Darrow Trial Admits Calling on Bosses' Association, But "Forgets" Details.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., June 6.—When Bert H. Franklin, "star witness" for the State in the Darrow bribery trial, was recalled today for cross-examination...

QUIET IN NEWARK LABORERS STRIKE

There was no disorder in the laborers' strike in Newark yesterday. The funeral of Albert Faulk, the 16-year-old High School boy...

FIVE MENCAN BAR OUT OUTSIDE BANKERS

The House Committee, which is probing the Money Trust, drew the statement yesterday from William Sherer, manager of the New York Clearing House...

OVERWORKED CHILD ATTEMPTS SUICIDE

Helen Sentora, a slip of a girl, attempted suicide at her parents' home, 88 Sedwick street, Brooklyn, yesterday, by swallowing mercury.

SAW CHILD MORTALLY HURT.

Mother Fainted and Neighbor, Rushed Driver of Street Car. Three-year-old Dora Bernstein, who lives at 155 Madison street...

WOULD KEEP SAILORS SLAVES.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Protest against passing the so-called "sailors' labor" bill was made in the House Merchant Marine Committee today by Captain J. N. Hill...

PROSPECT THEATRE. The Thief.

SPORTS

AD WOLGAST TURNED DOWN A GOOD OFFER

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The New York Call

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DISFRANCHISEMENT FOR "ADVOCATING VIOLENCE"

Owing to the fact that the Socialists at least have one Representative in Congress, and a most energetic one besides, it is altogether likely that Judge Hanford, of Seattle, who canceled the naturalization papers of Leonard Olson because the latter was a Socialist, will find himself in mild trouble of some sort in consequence.

None the less, it is well to remember that the disfranchisement of Socialists is by no means repellent to the powers that be, provided it can be carried out without attracting too much public attention, and it is not safe to assume that the incident may not again and again be repeated, even if it fails in the Hanford-Olson case.

The other day a well known and active New York Socialist received a notice in the name of the United States Government, calling upon him to show cause why his naturalization papers should not be canceled.

On the same day that this document was received by the prospective victim of disfranchisement, there were no less than six shooting affrays within twelve hours in New York City, all of them absolutely known to have been the work of organized gangs of thugs who rely upon "political influence" for immunity.

On the same day another of these characters was shot dead on his doorstep by a "gang" in the Bronx, and four other similar characters were wounded in fusillades in various parts of the city.

There is no talk of disfranchising these murderous villains. The United States Government will not call on them to show cause why their citizenship should be forfeited.

They don't believe in violence. Not at all. They don't even "advocate" it. They only practice it—as a long string of murders, homicides and assaults with deadly weapons amply attest.

Just at present these worthies are engaged in murdering one another, as a result of private feuds among the various gangs. Should the Socialists, who are alleged to "advocate violence," start exterminating one another in this fashion, no doubt capitalist society could well afford to stand by and let the slaughter proceed.

FISH STORIES FOR THE GULLIBLE
Several recent increases in the price of meat having added considerably to the lament about the high cost of living, a substitute is suggested to the people of New York.

It is worth while to notice the attitude of the press in recommending the credulous public to try this fishy experiment. While too cautious to state without reserve that the cost of living will be decreased thereby, it leaves the impression that it may succeed, and carefully omits arguments against the probability that it would at once bring forward in other cases.

When workmen go on strike for higher wages to enable them to meet the higher cost of living, the objection that wages depend upon supply and demand is never lacking.

But those to whom they recommend the fish diet are not informed that the increasing demand for fish, if the suggestion were carried out, would instantly tend to increase the price, and that before the end of the experimental week, in all probability the price of fish would almost reach the present price of meat.

In the game of capitalistic exploitation the bait of relief from extortionate charges can be presented in innumerable ways, either to producer or consumer.

Wanted—Militant Spirit

By NICHOLAS ALENIKOF.

The other day I attended a mass meeting called by a branch of the Socialist party to protest against the infamous persecution of the Lawrence strike leaders, Ettore and Giovannitti, and the unprecedented judicial usurpation of power by the Washington Federal Judge Hanford in depriving a citizen of the United States of his rights of citizenship for no other reason than that he is a Socialist.

Without such constitutional provision no sensible person, not even the capitalist press, dared to charge us with the Menshevik philosophy, and the new constitution, providing for nearly an hour and a half of denying us of our rights and citizenship, nor a Roosevelt from declaring our standard bearer, Debs, an "undesirable citizen."

There is no use waiting for the time when our liberties will be all taken away from us and only then start to fight like tigers: we have to fight now, not like tigers, but like sensible men and women, cognizant of our rights and dignity of free men and conscious of our duty to those who are unable to understand their rights gained by rebellion and bloodshed.

The speaker related his joy and happiness in having witnessed a few months ago the hanging of Judge Hanford in Seattle, Wash., by 5000 citizens. He enjoyed reading an article by Compton telling of Judge Hanford's indulgence in alcoholism, and here the smile of the speaker broadened out from ear to ear.

Rejoice, Israel, was the theme and moral of the whole speech, full of poetical flights and romanticism.

And seriously anticipating the criticism of the more ardent in the audience or of his colleagues on the platform, who seemed to fall to share in his overjoyousness and hilarity, the speaker exhorted the audience to drop sorrow and grief; the Socialist teachings need not fill one with gloom, and a few men gained and some others deprived of their rights of citizenship don't count; we should rather rejoice in the infamies of the capitalists and look with hope to the future, when Socialism will be triumphant, as is the inevitable result of the natural evolution of things.

Such was the trend of the festive oration of this youthful speaker, who, self-satisfied and elated over the applause, left the hall without waiting to hear what the other speakers might have to say on the subject, unconcerned of what men who came to save the labor leaders from the gallows might suggest to hasten the process of evolution to better manhood and womanhood.

There is no use concealing the fact that we Socialists are getting too "respectable"; and the action of our convention seems to have inspired so many of us with the good-goddy spirit: we are too inclined to sit on the fence and watch the tides. The ballot box with its correlative of vote catching has taken such a hold upon us that concerted action for earnest and telling protest and denunciation of the infamies of our present inhuman system is almost made a heresy, not to speak

of the works of his hands and brain? Do you suppose that seeing these costumes covered with grease, fouled with paint, ruined with acid, would give the creative workers any pleasure or satisfaction, or would help those workers in an understanding of the problems they face?

I do not. And I speak from actual experience, not from silly theorizing. I have worked with all nationalities in my business, that of making theatrical costumes, Italian predominance; sabotage is vaguely supposed to be widely advocated in their country.

Most of those who work at the business know the English language in a very imperfect way. Comrade Eastman may know them theoretically, know them practically, and I know with suspicion if anything advanced by the purported class. Therefore, when the source of advocacy of sabotage comes from a man who has never worked in a shop, and who will never be placed or place himself in a position to bear the brunt of such actions, the workers become very suspicious indeed and ask themselves this question: "Why do they want us to get into trouble of this character? Why should we bear the actual result of it, when to them it is merely a theoretical question?"

In the ten years I worked at a machine in factories, I found that the most conservative workers were those who had acquired productive skill. Sabotage, in any form, is not only repellent to the nature of their work, but they would fight against any one advocating the destruction of the product they have so painfully learned to make.

These workers are people who build up, who actually produce, and the ruin of the fruit of their hands and brain is horrible to them. Their lives are one long series of production, of building and conserving. It is against every instinct for them to have their work destroyed. It is taking their very lives away.

Had a strike broken out in any of the shops in which I worked, and the costumes for use act were entirely finished—and they would be co-operative work of the people in the shop—there would be no one who would desire to see that work destroyed.

It takes far more courage to face the best of demands for better conditions than to sneak behind his back and throw a little dust into the beams of a machine. The straight, open, determined fight is the only one that can win anything for the workers.

If an Eastman, a Hanford or a Lemon—not one of whom there is a productive worker and a man of any power, I would suggest to



Letter to the Editor.

SOCIALISTS AND SUFFRAGISTS.

Editor of The Call: In Mrs. Sarah Volovick's letter on "Socialists and Suffragists," which appeared in The Call on Monday, May 27, there occurs the following paragraph:

"Prior to the parade, at a regular meeting of the Executive Committee of Local New York, a resolution had been passed disapproving Socialist open air meetings in connection with the parade, and affirming the standing rule of the local, whereby no open or indoor meetings shall be held without the consent of the City Executive Committee."

Mrs. Volovick is very careful to state this fact because she thinks it will prove that a heinous crime was committed by the men and women who marched as Socialists in the suffrage parade, thus giving about a million onlookers the chance to know how Socialists stand on the suffrage question, and who afterward held a splendid propaganda meeting on a street corner.

It is also very careful not to state a fact of much greater importance in relation to this matter, namely, that after the parade, at a regular meeting of the Central Committee of Local New York a motion was passed not to concur with the action of the Executive Committee in disapproving of Socialist open air meetings in connection with the parade.

Honest criticism is helpful and greatly to be desired. There is, however, no excuse for a man brazenly asserting sentiments directly antagonistic to the action of the national convention of his party. When he does the party press not only do that, but also to impugn the motives and sincerity of those not in accord with his ideas, he has gone too far.

The opportunity to express opinions freely has been flagrantly abused by Eastman. He says the resolution against sabotage sprung from "extreme dogmatism, dishonesty of mind, and a desire to curry favor with respectable opinion."

Throughout his entire article he displays a profound contempt for public opinion. I draw no line between "respectable" opinion and public opinion, because I do not believe one can be shown. Violence as a working class weapon is repugnant to all classes in this country.

It is plain to be useless, yet the Socialist party is accused of being dishonest for having declared what it does not believe, and for trying to curry favor with public opinion. Does Eastman need to be told that the Lawrence strike was won chiefly through public opinion?

The capitalist might at one time say with impunity, "the public be damned," but the true Socialist will never say it because his strength is derived from the public. To obtain the favor of public opinion it is necessary that the individual or the party must be free from the taint of doctrines abhorrent to all.

With determined enemies attacking all sorts of notorious principles to Socialism it has become almost as necessary for the Socialist party to declare what it does not support as what it does support. Remove false impressions and Socialism will make its own appeal.

Honesty and justice to itself demand that the Socialist party should strictly enforce the resolution Eastman derides. Continuing, he says, "I also advocate sabotage and violence as having been as likely to be in the future... excellent tactics in the fight of an oppressed class against its oppressors."

When in this country have these tactics been excellent? what has been the result wherever used? If the advocates of violence could be convinced of the futility of their tactics, the recent McNamara affair should cause them to forever hold their peace. Were there two opinions in regard to the crime of these men, once their guilt was confessed?

If the Essex County jail knocked out a few government officials and freed Ettore and Giovannitti, as our friend suggests, it would be so much foolishly wasted effort and it would give the Massachusetts authorities just the opportunity for reprisals they desire. But a campaign of education, mass meetings of protest, such as the So-

Editor of The Call: In the last Sunday edition of The Call Comrade Henry Gilbert writes that I have recently introduced a motion at a meeting of Local New York which provides that any workman who will hereafter be the suffragist will be summarily expelled from the party.

Comrade Gilbert then passes with my "Socialism in Theory and Practice" relating to the combinations between the parties of certain European countries with other progressive parties, extension of popular education, and concludes that the statement is inconsistent with the spirit of the party.

In order to correct Comrade Gilbert's misapprehension of my motion, I wish to state that I never intended to attribute to me any similar motion, and that I am in accord with him in his statement that the suffrage movement and the working class should take the initiative.

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Sabotage and the Worker

By MARIE B. MACDONALD.

Many of the accusations made by Comrade Max Eastman have been answered by other comrades in various ways. But I wish to consider in particular one charge in which he says that opposition to the advocacy of violence and sabotage "springs from extreme dishonest dogmatism, dishonesty of mind and a desire to curry favor with respectable opinion, and by respectable I mean property-holding opinion."

I wish to point out to Comrade Eastman that the working man or woman who is a Socialist does not now or at any time wish to curry favor with property-holding opinion. They could not and would not be Socialists if they did so.

They look with suspicion at anything advanced by the purported class. Therefore, when the source of advocacy of sabotage comes from a man who has never worked in a shop, and who will never be placed or place himself in a position to bear the brunt of such actions, the workers become very suspicious indeed and ask themselves this question: "Why do they want us to get into trouble of this character? Why should we bear the actual result of it, when to them it is merely a theoretical question?"

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Had a strike broken out in any of the shops in which I worked, and the costumes for use act were entirely finished—and they would be co-operative work of the people in the shop—there would be no one who would desire to see that work destroyed. It takes far more courage to face the best of demands for better conditions than to sneak behind his back and throw a little dust into the beams of a machine.

THE GENTLE ART OF SABOTAGE

Editor of The Call:

In a recent issue of The Call Max Eastman, who is by his own admission, fortunately an unimportant member of the Socialist party, sets forth with considerable frankness his opposition to the party resolution against sabotage or violence, and openly avows his approval of the condemned tactic.

Although also an unimportant member of the Socialist party, I am sufficiently interested in its welfare to view with concern statements totally at variance with the principles of Socialism appearing in the party press over the name of men calling themselves Socialists.

Honest criticism is helpful and greatly to be desired. There is, however, no excuse for a man brazenly asserting sentiments directly antagonistic to the action of the national convention of his party.

When he does the party press not only do that, but also to impugn the motives and sincerity of those not in accord with his ideas, he has gone too far.

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But a campaign of education, mass meetings of protest, such as the So-

FISH STORIES FOR THE GULLIBLE

Continued from columns 1 and 2, this page.

always met by the railroad companies requesting him to give another crop if he wanted cheaper freight rates. He was told the freight rate on hops was much less than on wheat. He hops, and the freight rate instantly went up to the same wheat. Then, under the same advice, he shifted to fruit, oranges, prunes, grapes, raisins, etc.—and each time he had the same experience as before.

Next he tried alfalfa for forage, but the railway rates always went up as each new type was tried. Finally the farmer gave up and he signed his will, with what grace he could to the landowner.

To be sure, it is likely that the fish experiment will not give trial. Whatever increase, however slight, in the price of fish may result from it, the profit will be small.

It takes far more courage to face the best of demands for better conditions than to sneak behind his back and throw a little dust into the beams of a machine.