

The emancipation of the Working Class must be accomplished by the workers themselves.

# The NEW YORK Call

The Weather.  
POSSIBLE SNOW—COLDER.

409 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

Devoted to the Interests of the Working People.

TELEPHONE 2000 BEEKMAN.

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Price Two Cents.

## MOVING PICTURE MEN STAND FIRM

### Bungling Operators Not Able to Run Machines.

### THEATER DANGERS

Work Takes Great Skill, as Films Might Cause Explosion.

The Fox Amusement Company, proprietors of a string of moving picture houses whose operators are on strike against intolerable conditions of work and low wages, continued yesterday to employ green hands on the machine and thereby add an element of great danger, as the film is made of celluloid and highly explosive.

While the strikers were organizing under the guidance of Moving Picture Operators' Union, for a stiff fight, the Fox Amusement Company has been securing the country for competent strikebreakers, who will not only operate the machines, but also find men with experience as operators who hired thugs and spies to keep strikers and pickets away from the moving picture places and thus prevent the public going into the theaters from learning that they are going into a place where inflammable and explosive materials are handled by men who are inexperienced and incapable of doing the work.

One of the strikebreakers was imported from Toronto, Canada. His name is said to be Charles Devlin, it was stated, yesterday. He frequently been hanging around the operators asking them to find work for him. On several occasions he has been found for him. Steady, however, does not agree with his constitution, and he seems to have a special leaning to make easy money as a strikebreaker.

It is known as an irresponsible man, strikers declared yesterday. To intimidate the union men the Fox Amusement Company, which has extensive political pull, has obtained the services of three special deputy sheriffs, who act as strikebreakers for them. The leaders of the strikers will resist the Sheriff's office with the force which special deputy sheriffs expect themselves, and it is expected that these men will be taken off their jobs, or they will cease to be special deputy sheriffs.

Further attempts were made yesterday to assault newboys who were being trained in the manner in which the lives of patrons are endangered in the picture theaters.

The Nemo Theater at 110th and Broadway, strong-arm men were not prevented from working by Alderman White, who owns the theater, and who is the man who introduced the bill doing away with the stiff examination which an operator is given before a license is granted to him, took their license looking for trouble.

They began intimidating the strikers, who are members of Theatrical Protective Union, and who were picketing the shop. The strikers, however, did not give the bullies a chance to show them into a fight.

They shifted around from place to place selling their papers and doing effective work in the way of organizing the public with the fact that a strike was on at the theaters.

The following Brooklyn houses: Grand Opera House, Elm place street, and the Brooklyn Grand Opera House, on Grand street.

Conditions which drove the strikers to strike are the excessive hours which they have to work. Their hours generally are from 10 o'clock in the morning until midnight. The men are not allowed any time for lunch. They are paid from \$8 to \$12 a week.

The number of men who get \$12 is extremely small. The majority are somewhere between \$8 and \$10. The strikers are now gathering for a general tie-up of all the theaters.

## LAY BURGLARIES TO FORMER U. S. SAILOR

NEW HAVEN, Dec. 3.—The Borough of West Haven, nine miles from this city, has been terrorized for two months by a score or more of burglaries. Last Thursday Xavier Pfaff's grocery store was broken into, but the proprietor had taken home the Thanksgiving cash and the burglar got very little. At 3 o'clock this morning Mrs. Pfaff thought she saw something crawling at her bedside, and she reached out and her hand clutched the hair of a man. She sprang out of bed and grappled with him. Her husband rushed in from an adjoining room, where he had been sleeping, and the two tried to sit on the burglar.

Mrs. Pfaff was hurled aside, and the two men fought in the room. During the scuffle they rolled over to the top of a stairway and down that the two of them tumbled. At this time Pfaff's son came into the battle and as he did the burglar pulled a revolver and he shot the father in the right arm and the right side. Father and son finally hammered the burglar into submission. Neighbors and the police came soon after and the fellow was locked up.

He is Minor Hayes, aged 25, one time a sailor in Uncle Sam's navy, and he is the son of a leading citizen of the borough. The police think Hayes knows something about the other burglaries in which several hundred dollars and much valuable jewelry were stolen.

## LABOR LEADERS FOR EXECUTING M'NAMARAS

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 3.—If McNamara was mean enough to commit such a crime and low enough to conceal it he should hang. I believe him guilty and he should not have dragged the labor movement into this.

In these words General Organizer Thomas F. Flynn, of the American Federation of Labor, expressed his sentiments regarding the confession of the Los Angeles dynamiters.

"I see no reason why labor should not demand capital punishment," was the way M. G. Garland, surveyor of the port of Pittsburgh, and a pioneer leader in organized labor, puts it. "Pittsburghers," he said, "and particularly organized labor, should not feel merciful toward slayers of the innocent in cold blood."

Similar expressions were made at labor meetings today by other men high in the affairs of organized labor. Organizer Flynn, who is a warm advocate of organized labor and a defender of its principles, was unsparing in his declaration that the guilty men should be denied mercy.

It is probable that members of the Iron City Trades Council, at a meeting held Thursday, will take steps to advocate the transfer of the defense fund to the relief of the widows and orphans left behind by the Los Angeles Times disaster.

## FATHER IGNORANT OF SON'S EXECUTION

SAVANNAH, Ga., Dec. 3.—A. J. O'Berry, of the Camden County murderer, who was hanged Friday at St. Mary's, was dead and buried before his father was aware of the fact that he had been convicted of murder, sentenced to hang and executed. It was also developed, according to statistics that O'Berry was the first white man in the history of Georgia to be executed for killing a negro.

Sheriff Berrie several days ago received a letter from C. T. Gaffin, who resides in South Florida, saying that he understood his son, O'Berry, who changed his name several years ago, was in jail at Brunswick on a serious charge, and asking to be notified of the facts in the case. The Sheriff replied immediately, but his letter did not reach its destination until after O'Berry had been executed.

The unfortunate man accordingly went to his doom without the knowledge of his father.

## FIVE KILLED WHEN STEAMER EXPLODES

### Two Others Injured as Vessel Is Blown to Pieces.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 3.—Five men, including the master of the vessel, were killed, two were terribly injured and eight were rescued in a thrilling manner early today when the steamer Diamond was blown to pieces by a boiler explosion in the Ohio River near Davis Island Dam, five miles below this city.

Only one body has been recovered—that of a victim who was hurled into a barge that was being towed up stream. The others are lost in the snarled and twisted iron and timbers of the vessel, which sank almost immediately in midstream. The fact that many members of the crew were asleep above decks prevented all hands from being lost in the disaster, which was one of the worst in the history of the Pittsburgh harbor.

The dead: Captain Edward Swaney, master of the vessel, of this city; James Friel, deck hand, of Hazelwood, body recovered from barge into which it was blown; Thomas Cunningham, fireman, of this city; Thomas Merahon, engineer of the vessel, home in Hazelwood; Joseph Hagen, fireman, of this city.

The injured: Charles Hays, pilot; badly burned and crushed; taken to Bellevue Hospital; Ben Williams, mate; scalded and burned; taken to Bellevue Hospital.

Divers Searching for Bodies. Captain Swaney was 44 years old and leaves a wife and eight children. Tonight divers and an army of rivermen are working frantically to locate his body and those of three others. Hays and Williams suffered terrible injuries and both are expected to die.

Heroic efforts on the part of the crew on the towboat Alice of the Pittsburgh Coal Company resulted in the rescue of the other eight members of the crew. The Diamond, which was owned by the Diamond Coal Company, took a tow of coalboats to East Liverpool on Saturday. She was returning upstream about 7:35 o'clock this morning when the disaster occurred.

Under a slow head of steam the vessel was preparing to enter the locks at the dam when there came a terrific explosion and the forward part raised high in the water. Giant timbers of the boat snapped like matchwood and were sent flying out into the river. Almost immediately the Diamond began to sink.

The Alice proceeded at once for midstream, and the crew started in lifeboats for the demolished steambarge. High above the decks, almost naked, were eight of the survivors signaling for help. Snow was falling heavily and almost blinded the men in the smaller boats.

Friel's Body in Barge. The eight men were taken off with much difficulty, and the body of Friel was found in a barge at the stern of the boat. Hays and Williams also were taken off and rushed to the Alice. Later the two injured men were taken to Bellevue Hospital.

In addition to their thrilling experiences in the disaster the uninjured members of the Diamond's crew were almost frozen before they were taken from the topmost parts of the sunken vessel and rowed ashore to the Alice.

Survivors are unable to tell little about the disaster. There had been no trouble with the boilers and there was not a sign of trouble until the vessel was torn to pieces by the terrific explosion of the boilers. The boilers of the vessel were inspected June 23, 1911, and a certificate of inspection one year from date was granted by government inspectors. It may be several days before the bodies of Hagen, Merahon and Cunningham are recovered. They were in parts of the vessel that are most hopelessly wrecked. Ice in the river is proving a handicap to divers.

Captain Swaney was one of the best known rivermen on the Western rivers. He was in the pilot house with Hays when the explosion came, but Hays cannot remember what became of him. Hays was found unconscious at the wheel and carried away by some of the others who were later taken off the ill-fated boat.

## STEAMSHIP TRUST FORMED

BOSTON, Mass., Dec. 3.—The Eastern Steamship Corporation has just been organized under the laws of Maine, with a capital of \$1,500,000, to take over the Eastern Steamship Company. It is practically an enlargement of the old company, as it will have the same Board of Directors as the Eastern Steamship Company, with Galvin Austin as president.

## MAY TRY TO START REIGN OF TERROR

### Union Haters Confer on Means to Institute Open Shop.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 3.—William J. Burns, the detective; John Kirby, Jr., head of the notorious Manufacturers Association, and David M. Parry, relentless foe of organized labor, were in consultation here today for several hours.

The conference related to the work the association is doing in inflicting the open shop upon the workers, and it is believed that Burns is to be employed by the association in promoting that work. He is so much in the public eye at the present time that it is expected he would prove valuable in union smashing.

Though no direct information was given out, it is said that the matter of additional arrests was discussed, as also the possibility of implicating other labor leaders in some "conspiracy." This, however, is discredited, as the extent of their work will probably simply be to bully and frighten organized workers into submission.

Kirby and Burns left the city tonight for Dayton, Ohio. Burns will return here the latter part of the week for consultation with the United States District Attorney, at which time the evidence to be played before the Grand Jury will be carefully gone over.

The following dispatch was sent to General Otis from here tonight: Gen. Harrison Gray Otis, Los Angeles, Cal.

"Your long continued and unflinching fight for freedom in industry and against the unjust and inhuman methods of closed shop unionism has been fully vindicated by the confessions of the McNamara brothers. But the battle is by no means over; it must be continued until such unionism is completely disintegrated and stamped out and until no man shall be afraid to pass to and from his labors."

"The sudden professions by individual voice and union resolutions condemning violence and proclaiming justice is an innovation forced upon them by the development at Los Angeles and adopted as the only hope of preserving the life of the type of unionism that sets itself above the law of the land. The country owes you its everlasting gratitude for the granite-like manner in which you have preserved the part of a real patriot and stood like a rock for principle even against odds which seemed to spell ruin."

"The principle at stake in this great problem must not and will not be permitted to suffer any setback by reason of false and deceptive declarations made at this late hour for the sole purpose of saving their faces."

"We congratulate you and the prosecutor most heartily and pledge to you our continued and unqualified support."

J. KIRBY, JR.  
D. M. PARRY.

## ST. LOUIS ACTS ON M'NAMARA CASE

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 3.—James B. and John J. McNamara, confessed dynamiters, were denounced by seven speakers selected to extol them as martyrs, at a mass meeting of 1,000 Socialists and trade unionists, who filled the new club hall at 13th street and Chestnut avenue, to overflow, this afternoon. Instead of raising money for the defense of the accused men, the committee devoted the afternoon to a tirade against capitalism and a vigorous defense of the labor movement, which they averred, was not disgraced or responsible for the individual acts of the McNamaras. A statement and resolution were unanimously adopted, but this did not recommend any definite sentence for the men.

"If guilty," it reads, "the law should take its course and the big business interests have no right to interfere for political or business reasons."

Duncan McDonald, leader of the Illinois Miners' Union, one of the speakers, declared, however, that if the McNamaras are guilty he would gladly "lend all assistance in stringing them up."

R. M. Brandt, chairman of the meeting, who came with three thousand votes of carrying St. Louis as the Socialist candidate for Councilman at Large, sent a telegram of "Hope and good cheer" to Job Harriman, Socialist candidate for Mayor of Los Angeles, as voted by the unionists.

"We defy the capitalists," said L. C. Pope, Socialist lawyer, during his address, "to bring out all the facts in this case. We want the men brought forward who put it into the McNamara's minds to commit this heinous crime."

## LAWYERS DENY POLITICS FIGURED

### Labor Unions to Ask Accounting of Great Defense Fund.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 3.—Whirlwind events of Friday, which culminated in the confession of James B. McNamara that he dynamited the newspaper plant at 1st and Broadway, and the plea of guilty made by John J. McNamara to the charge of conspiracy to blow up the Llewellyn Iron Works, are followed by little in the way of actual information.

Two distinct sentiments, however, are noticeable—the exhortation of the McNamaras in union labor ranks as betrayers of the trust reposed in them and expressed relief by attorneys for both sides and the populace in general that the truth of the affair had been cleared up for all time and that the famous McNamara case was all but a matter of history.

Statements were reiterated by those whose activities led to the ending of the great legal struggle that politics played absolutely no part in the negotiations, and that the sole consideration on the part of the defense was to take an advantage of the loophole offered it to save the lives of the labor leaders. But this is received with general incredulity.

According to Be Asked. Union labor of Los Angeles will demand an accounting of the funds it has contributed to the defense fund of the McNamara brothers. The first move to be made by the men of this city, who have contributed, will be made tomorrow through the Executive Board of the Central Labor Council.

Clarence Darrow, chief counsel for the defense, through whose hands the major portion of the money expended is presumed to have passed, will be called on by a committee from the Central Labor body to show what disposition he has made of the money that has poured into the hands of the battery of attorneys that have represented the defense.

Further than the passing of the resolution calling for the investigation, and the appointing of a committee to have charge of the matter, is but a conjecture, as labor leaders said today they hardly know as yet what would be done.

It is understood that not all of the money collected from the members of the unions and from revenue-bearing functions that has been planned for the purpose of aiding in a defense of the brothers had been turned over to the defense. While it was admitted that this amount was small, and would have figured but little aid in the case that awaits them, not given out.

Throughout the day many members of organized labor who have spent a Sunday at the Labor Temple in years collected in groups and discussed the guilty pleas of the McNamaras, hoping to win, if possible, additional knowledge of the case.

What Steffens Did. That Lincoln Steffens, the Socialist advocate, who yesterday announced himself as having settled the cases and war between capital and labor, had nothing to do with it, was the statement made by Captain Fredericks today.

He was merely a go-between, said Fredericks, for Darrow and some of Fredericks' friends in the closing hours in a final endeavor to have the latter induce the District Attorney to allow J. J. McNamara to save his neck at the expense of J. B.'s life.

Turkey for the McNamaras. Much more cheerful than they have been for weeks, the McNamara brothers, confessed dynamiters of the office of the Los Angeles Times and the Llewellyn Iron Works, feasted on turkey and ice cream today in their cells in the county jail. While they are now apparently indifferent to the fate that awaits them, they appear for sentence Tuesday, the entire community is awaiting the day with intense excitement. The men are to be sentenced on election day and Job Harriman, one of their attorneys, is the Socialist candidate for Mayor.

Meanwhile the Citizens' Committee is proceeding with its plans and a meeting will be held tomorrow and the plans for a joint conference of employers and laborers will be formulated.

Burns operatives are taking the initiative in the way of asking clemency for Orrie McNamagal. However, the District Attorney's office will make no statement regarding McNamagal at this time, beyond saying that "he must take his medicine."

It is believed here that McNamagal will not be prosecuted in Los Angeles, but will be used as a witness in the Federal case in Indianapolis. The bribery charges scheduled for hearing tomorrow will be postponed, it is said tonight. These grew out of the alleged efforts of detectives for the defense to bribe prospective jurors.

Defense League to Act. SACRAMENTO, Cal., Dec. 3.—At a meeting of the local McNamara Defense League, to be held in the morning, it is probable that a resolution will be adopted demanding the return of \$7,000 contributed by local union labor men. An urgent request was received by the league less than two days ago from Clarence Darrow, according to President J. J. Bratin, asking all they can do at the present time.

## BARGAIN STRUCK THO' ENDANGERING SOCIALIST CHANGE

### Darrow "Sorry," Feeling Defeat Possible as Direct Result of Dramatic Confession of McNamaras.

## CRUCIAL MOMENT OF EVENTS AWAITED

### Los Angeles Workers, However, Start in Campaign Anew, After First Shock of Expose Is Over, Still Confident.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 3.—The city still seethes with excitement over the unexpected revelations of Friday. But that today and tomorrow are the last two days of the great municipal campaign is a fact that has not been forgotten.

Clarence Darrow's statement, "I am afraid it means the defeat of Job Harriman, Socialist candidate," shows that he took this matter into consideration before he brought the case to its remarkable climax, though he did not consult Harriman.

Darrow tries somewhat to gloss over this feature of the matter by saying: "But it will not hurt the Socialist movement here. The incident happened at an unfortunate time, but if we had waited until later, perhaps the arrangement could not have been effected, and lives might have been lost."

A TIGHT BARGAIN. There is a grim realization among the Socialists that the arrangements could not have been effected. They had to be made at the moment the prosecution, which is hand in glove with the Alexander administration, was willing to listen to any talk of compromise in the case.

It is stated that so far \$200,000 has been spent by the prosecution. Several months ago it was known to Darrow, according to his own admissions, that the case against his clients was practically perfect and that no amount of fighting could get them free. A few weeks ago he tried his best to get a hearing on the matter of making some favorable arrangement, but was turned down. The prosecution was willing to go steadily on spending money.

SUDDEN ECONOMY. Now the lawyers and others who were conducting the case against the McNamaras complacently point to the fact that the settlement in this manner has doubtlessly saved the county an enormous sum of money.

Why, ask those who have been examining into the details of the settlement, did the prosecution become so economical-minded at this particular time? They could have saved a great part of the \$200,000 already spent if they had wished to, because they admit overtures were made by Darrow and were refused up to a few days before election.

CAMPAIGN STARTS AGAIN. Friday afternoon and night and yesterday the excitement was so intense that few had the time or inclination to talk about the election. But today the campaign is in full swing again.

The Alexander forces seem plentifully supplied with money, and their workers have been covering every section of the city, striving with might and main to terrify the voters into the idea that only the retention of the old, corrupt Alexander administration will save the city from witnessing further violence. Their campaign methods are as brutal and raw as anything ever witnessed here.

But they are fighting a desperate battle and do not care. SOCIALISTS STAND FIRM. The Socialists have not given way an inch before the shock.

They have conducted one of the most magnificent campaigns ever witnessed on the Pacific Coast, and the clean methods employed by them have been in startling contrast to what has been done by their opponents.

Today their workers covered every part of the city, and while it was evident that the voters were dazed at the outcome of the trial, the enormous amount of Socialist teaching previously done has stuck, and at the polls the party will be able to give a good account of itself.

One fact that is having special weight here is that Job Harriman, who at first was of counsel for the defense, was the only Socialist among the lawyers retained, and was also the only one of them kept in the dark relative to the development of the case. Whether this was done because of fear that Harriman would refuse to have anything to do with such a scoundrelly piece of work or because keeping the secret from him was part of the bargain for which the dickering was already under way, is not known.

## SOCIALISTS IN OFFICE TO BE HEARD THIS EVENING

New Yorkers will have their first chance to hear and see Socialists who have been elected to office in a New York State city this evening at Carnegie Hall, 27th street and Seventh avenue, when George R. Lane, Socialist Mayor of Newburgh, and Herbert M. Morris, Socialist City Clerk, will speak on "The History of Socialism."

(Continued on page 2.)

**HELD AS KIDNAPPER FOR GRABBING BOY**

**Fred Meyer Arrested for Aiding Grandfather of Bernard Doering.**

Fred Meyer, of 189 17th street, was held in \$5,000 bail yesterday, in the Fifth Avenue Police Court, Brooklyn, on the charge of kidnaping the grandson of the man he lives with, William Doering. Ball was furnished by the prisoner's father, August Meyer, a wholesale produce dealer, to produce him at a further examination today.

The complainant against Meyer is the grandmother of the child, Mrs. Marguerite Doering, who has been separated from her husband, and lives at 376 Sixth avenue, Brooklyn. The boy that was kidnaped is Bernard, 7 years old.

Mrs. Doering says that she was walking with the boy when Meyer, accompanied by another man, approached her at Fifth avenue and 6th street, Brooklyn. Meyer looked at the boy and said, "This is the child." Then the other man took the boy from her and walked off.

Mrs. Doering screamed. Policeman McCarthy, of the Fifth Street Station, asked the man what he was doing with the boy and the other said he was a policeman. McCarthy said he showed a shield, convincing McCarthy that it was all right, and so he let the other go with the boy.

Shortly after Mrs. Doering learned that her daughter worked with a big insurance company. Maud lost that job and several in succession after it. Then Doering's daughter studied nursing on Blackwell's Island, and graduated two years ago at the head of her class. Subsequently, she was appointed to the staff of Gouverneur Hospital, where she now has a position of responsibility.

It was through her work that she met Sergeant Kelly, and he has wanted to marry her, Doering says. Aid was invoked through the grandfather of the boy, who says his sympathies are all with his daughter, and that it was because he disagreed so with his wife that he left home.

**INCOME TAX YIELDS STATE A MILLION**  
MADISON, Wis., Dec. 3.—It is estimated by K. K. Kenna, Supervisor of the Income Tax, that the State will realize at least \$1,000,000 from the tax this year.

**CONFISCATE 600 ARTIFICIAL EYES**  
ST. PAUL, Minn., Dec. 3.—George P. Locke, special agent of the customs service, made a seizure of 600 artificial eyes from W. H. Hindy, optician. The eyes were valued at \$4,200 and are part of a consignment of 15,000, valued at \$105,000, alleged to have been smuggled over last summer by Bruno C. T. Schulte, of Hoboken, N. J.

**ST. PAUL TYPOS GET NEW AGREEMENT**  
ST. PAUL, Minn., Dec. 3.—The daily papers of this city have just signed a new scale of wages with the Typographical Union, granting a raise in wages and other substantial advantages.

**SYDNEY CLERKS UNDERPAID.**  
SYDNEY, Dec. 3.—Clerks in Australia are so poorly paid that there is a proposal to establish a wage board to fix a minimum rate of wage for clerks.

**CRIMINAL FOLLY TRAPPED J. B. McNAMARA**

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Dec. 3.—A. S. Osborn, the handwriting expert, who lives at 215 Midland avenue, received a message from the District Attorney of Los Angeles County last night instructing him to cease his work in connection with the prosecution of the McNamaras. Mr. Osborn just had returned from Los Angeles, where he had spent a month in conference with those who were engaged in building up the case against the two dynamiters. His part in the affair was to inspect the specimens of handwriting, hundreds of which are in his possession, which were expected to establish the connection between James B. McNamara and J. B. Brice, F. J. Sullivan and J. B. Smith, the names said to have been adopted by McNamara in his travels throughout the country.

Mr. Osborn said today that McNamara's frequent use of the same alias, J. B. Brice, was a remarkable example of the folly that usually crops out in the conduct of those who engage in criminal enterprises. McNamara signed his name on hotel registers and in many other places without any attempt at disguising his handwriting, that he left a trail so clear that this very fact alone would have had great weight. Mr. Osborn pointed out, in establishing his connection with the many other explosions besides that at Los Angeles, which are charged against him and his fellow conspirators.

"Not in all my experience," said Mr. Osborn, "have I been so impressed by the faculty of a criminal as I have been by the exhibition of James B. McNamara in this particular instance. In nearly every instance, McNamara wrote his alias with an attempt at concealing the characteristics of his handwriting, and this would undoubtedly have proved his undoing at the trial. I have several hundreds of specimens of the handwriting of the men involved in the conspiracy. Many of these samples have been enlarged by photography, but this, in my opinion, was hardly necessary, as the resemblance is strikingly evident even in the originals. The signatures are taken from hotels all the way from Boston to San Francisco, and they corroborate the confession of Orrie McManigal, in which he said he visited certain cities and stayed in certain hotels in many cases, to lead to a conviction. The handwriting of J. B. Brice reproduced on registers all the way from the Middle West to the Pacific Coast is that of James B. McNamara. It is so unmistakably his that even a novice could see it."

**PRAY FOR DEFEAT OF LIQUOR CANDIDATE**

CARTERSVILLE, Ga., Dec. 3.—While Judge Richard B. Russell, of the Court of Appeals, candidate for Governor of Georgia on the local option platform, was speaking here, the women of the town gathered across the street in the First Baptist Church, 400 strong, to pray that God bring about the judge's defeat.

As the candidate explained his position on the liquor question and told the women of Cartersville that he was in favor of the return of liquor to the State, the women prayed that prohibition remain in force in Georgia and that one of his opponents win the battle of ballots on Thursday.

While the prayers were continuing, Judge Russell drew from his pocket a letter from "the Christian women of Cartersville," in which the ladies deplored his coming to the city to make a political speech, denounced his platform and asserted that his presence in Cartersville was a menace to the cause of temperance.

**DANCE IN CHURCH TO FIGHT SALOONS**

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Dec. 3.—In order to counteract the evil influence of the saloon, the Hammonasset Bible Class of the Episcopal Church, in the Village of Killingworth, a few miles south of here, have decided to run dances in the basement of the church on Saturday nights, the first affair taking place last evening.

**ST. PAUL TYPOS GET NEW AGREEMENT**

ST. PAUL, Minn., Dec. 3.—The daily papers of this city have just signed a new scale of wages with the Typographical Union, granting a raise in wages and other substantial advantages.

**STOKES' CONDITION SERIOUS.**  
W. E. D. Stokes, who has been sick in the Ansonia since Thanksgiving Day, when he was taken with an attack of acute indigestion, is in a very serious condition. "A mighty sick man," says those who saw him yesterday. Although it was at first thought that Stokes was taken ill that he would be able to appear today as a complaining witness at the trial of the women who shot him, his doctor would set no date last night for Stokes' appearance at the Criminal Courts Building for further examination. Stokes' heart has been affected by the ptomaine poisoning that followed the first attack of indigestion.

**BEN. HAGEN & BROS. BIG GENERAL STORE**  
476 Grand St., Near White St., N. Y.  
Men's, Ladies' and Children's Furnishings and Dry Goods.

**MADERO'S RULE HEAVY ON PEOPLE**

**Liberty a Mockery, and Freedom of the Press to Be Curtailed.**

MONTEREY, Mexico, Dec. 3.—In addition to its other internal troubles the Madero Administration has a small uprising of Yaqui Indians on its hands, according to dispatches from points in the State of Sonora. In the town of Rosario, State of Sonora, a plot for the counter-revolution organized by the Reyesistas was discovered. It appears that the plot was to take in the entire State, for documents were found giving all details of the movement.

Several armed men were captured and placed under arrest pending the investigations that are being carried out to ascertain if they are the organizers of the uprising.

Dr. Francisco Vasquez Gomez, who was charged with being implicated in the revolutionary movement of Emilio Vasquez Gomez, has issued a statement in Mexico City denying that he is a party to any plot against the government. He severely arranges President Madero, however, and says that the latter has not fulfilled his promise to the people. He says in part: "One of the matters which was most widely discussed in the electoral campaign of 1910 was relative to the election of members of Congress, because in former elections the provisions of Article 56 of the Constitution had never been complied with. Indeed, as is well known, Deputies were named in the saloons of the National Palace, although General Diaz never dared to amend the article of the constitution to which reference is made, nevertheless, as has been stated in the press, the present Chamber of Deputies has amended the article, reading out of it the requisite of residence, which is equivalent to saying that for the future, if the amendment is approved, there will be no such thing as real representatives of the people of various sections."

"Another of the subjects discussed, and which formed part of the conventions of 1910 and 1911, was that relative to the liberty of the press, but, as is known, there will be presented soon a bill tending to silence the press, a bill which will certainly be approved by the Chamber of Deputies. If the government continues along the same lines we shall soon have the constitution of the Mexican Republic entirely changed, and we shall arrive without doubt at the establishment of constitutional dictatorship."

"I have the conviction that the government, which grew out of the revolution, must, in duty bound, respect and have the constitution complied with, just as it stood when the armed movement was initiated. With the exception of the re-election clause, I believe this is the only path which can lead to the consolidation of the present government, and that it is the only way to prove that the revolution was not organized for the sake of personal ambitions, but through the sincere desire to better the political conditions of the Mexican people."

"I have said repeatedly that I will put no obstacles in the path of the march of the present government and for this reason it is useless that every day my enemies should be inventing something to contradict what I have promised on several occasions, but I must say that the government, in placing obstacles every day in the path of peace and consolidation of the very government itself, and in this path, I know that the nation will not soon enjoy peace, or the guarantees which all of us desire."

**MME. CURIE WON FAME THROUGH OWN EFFORTS**  
PARIS, Dec. 3.—M. Coudy, the advocate for Mrs. Langevin in the case against her husband and Mme. Curie, will find it a difficult task to prove his claim that the genius of the latter is assimilated more than once, and that her work has always been done with her husband or Professor Langevin. An examination of the records shows that Mme. Curie was a Miss Sklodowski, the daughter of a Polish physicist at Warsaw. At the age of 18 she traveled to the Zurich Polish Scientific Association. This brought her an income of 100 francs, or \$20, a month, with which she came to Paris and took the free course in physics, chemistry and mathematics at the Sorbonne.

At the age of 23, Miss Sklodowski passed the most severe examinations in a brilliant manner and qualified for a degree in mathematics and physics. At that time, she did not know Professor Curie, who was working as an assistant in the laboratory of Professor Becquerel. She discovered polonium alone when she was 32. Then she met Professor Curie, who was then almost unknown, and the affection between them resulted in their marriage. Four years later, radium was discovered, and has always been recognized as the joint work of Professor Curie and his wife. In fact, it has always been said that if the honor should be given to Mme. Curie.

**HAS STANDARD OIL GRABBED MEXICAN CO.?**  
TAMPICO, Mexico, Dec. 3.—An announcement, which has just been made here of the election of Enrique C. Creel, former Mexican Ambassador to the United States, as President of the Mexican Eagle Oil Company, gives rise to the report that Lord Cowdray has disposed of his extensive oil interests in this company to Creel and his associates, who are closely affiliated with the Standard Oil Company.

**THE RAND SCHOOL OF SOCIAL SCIENCE**

112 EAST 19TH ST., NEW YORK CITY.  
**NEW COURSE**  
American Government in Theory and Practice  
Begins Tuesday Evening, December 5, at 8 o'clock.  
MR. JAMES A. FAIRLEY, INSTRUCTOR.  
This course will consist of 27 lessons held every Tuesday, from December 5 to June 4, inclusive.  
Fee, \$3.00 to Socialist Party members, \$5.00 to others, payable, wherever possible, in advance.  
Singles admission to each lecture, 25 cents.

**STATE SHOULD NOT COMMIT MURDER**

**George R. Lunn Says if Harriman Knew, He Deserves Defeat.**

The Rev. George R. Lunn, Socialist Mayor-elect of Schenectady, N. Y., spoke last night at the weekly Trinity Brotherhood conference at Holy Trinity Church, Brooklyn.

His subject was "See the Poor Always with Us." He held that they need not. In his speech he made no reference to the McNamara trial, but in the discussion that followed he was asked what effect the McNamara confession would have on the chances of a Socialist candidate for Mayor in Los Angeles.

**SEEK LARGER GRABS OF PHILIPPINE LANDS**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—Legislation which will permit the agricultural and industrial development of the Philippines to go forward on a more liberal scale than heretofore is the greatest present need of the islands, according to the annual report of Brig. Gen. Clarence R. Edwards, Chief of the Bureau of Insular Affairs of the War Department.

General Edwards urges that the limit of the amount of land which can be homesteaded be increased from 39.5 acres to 123.5 acres, that the amount of land that can be sold to an individual be increased to 1,235.5 acres and that free title be given to all who have occupied lands for five years and cultivated them for three years prior to filing petitions for title. Legal permission of the filing of more than one mining claim on the same vein or lode and the increase of the limit of the bonded indebtedness is also advocated.

General Edwards says that the Philippine Government will be subjected to a heavy burden if Congress fails to provide for the sale of the friar lands. These lands have been the subject of Congressional investigations for more than two years.

The commerce of the Philippines has been maintained at a healthy level during the last year, General Edwards says.

Citizenship for the Porto Ricans, General Edwards declares, is much to be desired, both as a matter of justice to the people themselves and to remove a cause of political unrest.

**WAR VETERAN A SUICIDE.**  
Gustave Schiersnocher, 70 years old, shot and killed himself in his room at 225 East 6th street, yesterday morning. He was a retired saloonkeeper, and a Civil War veteran.

**ANTI-RUMITES TO HOLD LOVEFEAST**

**They'll Drown Their Differences in Cold Water and Plan Campaign.**

CHICAGO, Dec. 3.—A "get-together" conference endorsed by more than 1,000 representatives of all branches of the Coldwater Army will be held next Tuesday at the LaSalle Hotel, beginning at 10 o'clock in the morning and closing with a banquet in the evening.

Among the speakers will be James R. Day, Chancellor of Syracuse University, New York; Charles M. Sheldon, Topeka, Kan., author of "In His Steps"; Charles Scanlon, Pittsburg, general secretary of the Temperance Committee of the Presbyterian Church; Clarence True Wilson, Chicago, corresponding secretary of the Temperance Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

John Wanamaker, of Philadelphia; Governors Hobbs Smith, of Georgia, and W. R. Stubbs, of Kansas, and General F. D. Grant and Nelson A. Miles, all have written to the local committee strong letters of indorsement of the movement.

It is believed that the invitation sent out from the central office reads, "that we can come together regardless of past or present political affiliations with a singleness of purpose to hasten the total annihilation of a traffic which is now legalized to debase, degrade and destroy mankind."

**MILWAUKEE MAY SEEK M'MANIGAL'S PRESENCE**

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Dec. 3.—There is a possibility that Orrie McManigal, whose testimony is said to have forced the McNamaras to plead guilty, in Los Angeles, may be tried in Milwaukee for the dynamiting of the hoisting derrick of the Milwaukee Western Fuel Company, on March 16, this year.

Reports from Los Angeles differ as to what will be done with the case against McManigal. In his confession some time ago he is reported to have claimed that he dynamited the derrick under the direction of one of the McNamaras.

When asked what he would do if McManigal was released in California, District Attorney Zabel said: "I will take steps to have a warrant sworn out for McManigal if a complaint is made, and will also attempt to have him brought to Milwaukee for trial, providing he is released on the charges now pending."

The dynamiting of the derrick, at the foot of 17th street, happened about 11 p.m. It caused damages of \$100,000, and injured five persons. McManigal and his wife formerly lived in Milwaukee.

**WOMEN VOTERS LIVE UP IN BAY STATE**  
BOSTON, Dec. 3.—Registration of women for city elections in Massachusetts has been found to be about normal this year, except in Lowell. In the latter place, the difference is attributed there to the provision in the new charter, permitting women to vote in caucuses as well as in the election.

**KING ALFONSO TRIES TO BOSS HIS AUNT**

**Orders Her to Suppress Her New Book—She Defies Him.**

PARIS, Dec. 3.—The following telegram, which has been exchanged by King Alfonso of Spain and his aunt, the Infanta Eulalie, who is a resident of Paris, are printed here today. The King writes: "I am astonished to learn by the newspapers that you are publishing a book under the pseudonym of 'Countess Avila,' and by other news I suppose the book will cause a great sensation. I order you to suspend this work until I have taken cognizance of the book and authorize its publication."

To this peremptory order from her nephew the Infanta replied: "I am astonished that any one should judge a book before knowing what it is. Such a thing is only possible in Spain. News having loved court life, I take this opportunity to bid you good-by; for, after such a proceeding, which is worthy of the Inquisition, I consider myself free to live in private life as seems good to me."

The Infanta Eulalie intends to sell all her property in Spain. The book referred to is entitled "Life's Thread." It is written in French, but has not yet been published. It pleads the cause of divorce in the name of reason and reality. The Infanta is a radical feminist. She declares that "a woman in principle is a man's equal. She should therefore become his useful co-worker and be his unceasing and kindly comrade in his joys and hardships." The book, according to the Temps critic, is written in the sober style of Casanova's Commentaries.

It was not so surprising if the "catholic" house of Spain is shocked at the Infanta's book. In one part she says, referring to marriage, that she "is unable to accept as a sacrament a terrestrial bond which is often more material than spiritual."

Another chapter of the book on matrimony says marriage is based on a contract and any contract can be rectified, modified or broken. Divorce, the Infanta declares, is useful and necessary.

"Moral norms," says the Infanta, "are more moral, more virtuous and more sober than men."

In another place she says: "It is said to be sufficient for woman to be beautiful and a mother. That is disgusting stupidity. A woman, like man, is entitled to complete development of her faculties."

**AMERICAN SOLDIERS MAY GO TO CHINA**  
OMAHA, Neb., Dec. 3.—Rumors in the Omaha headquarters of the Department of the Missouri are to the effect that American soldiers are to be immediately dispatched to China, but whether for intervention or the protection of Americans in that country is unknown. The army officers will not discuss the situation.

Yesterday the War Department, by telegraph, stopped the sale of soldiers' Buffalo overcoats, which has been conducted in Omaha for some time. The sale, during which 500 of the coats have been disposed of, there yet remain 4,500 of these coats, relics of the Western Indian wars. Some time ago the government decided these coats could never be used, and ordered their sale. This order was countermanded by telegraph yesterday.

**BERNHARD**  
Fine Feathers  
Fine Birds  
Do you want a suit that will wear well, and cost less money than what you have been accustomed to pay?  
If so, let us take your measure. Select from our extensive stock of the best grade materials, according to your taste. Our custom tailors and seamstresses will do the work in a manner that is sure to satisfy you.  
Look for the Long Ears Sign Above My Door  
Winter Suits \$10  
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To Measure.....  
Latest Styles and Best Tailors  
MADE BY UNION TAILORS  
**BERNHARD**  
Merchant Tailor  
148 East 126th St.  
2 Doors from Lexington Ave.

**LAWYERS DENY POLITICS FIGURE**  
(Continued from page 1.)  
ing for more funds and that money was being needed and assessment of labor men be pressed.  
Bitterness Intense.  
(By Luffan News Bureau.)  
The bitterness toward the McNamaras has not subsided in any way from the expressions heard at the headquarters Friday and Saturday. On every side men demanded that the prisoners pay the extreme penalty of the law, and that they be sentenced at once.

Throughout the afternoon political discussions arose and several members of the Industrial Workers of the World attempted to enter into the discussion. These men were dismissed with scant courtesy wherever they attempted to start arguments.

Leaders of the various crafts regarding the McNamaras since hearing the news of their confession. They insisted today that they had been the victims of criminals and that they thought they were standing on a fair deal for honest men.

Typographical Union No. 174 is the only organization that has taken a concerted and official action since confession. It met in a special session this afternoon and adopted resolution setting forth its position in the case from the time of the explosion. "The members demand that justice be done, and that the law in its fullest extreme be meted out. Through this resolution they invite a sweeping investigation of the aims and objects of every union affiliated with the American Federation of Labor."

**GOMPERS REFUSES TO TALK FURTHER**  
President Samuel Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, yesterday that he had stopped talking about the McNamara case. He illustrated his determination when reporters tried to question him at the Hotel Victoria by answering "I have nothing to say" to every inquiry.

"I will say this much," said Mr. Gompers, in prefacing his refusal to talk further on the aspects of the case, "and that is that I have nothing to add to or take back from what I have already said concerning the McNamaras. If I find that there is a statement covering my attitude on that of the American Federation of Labor, and not of the informal character of an interview, I will present such a statement in my own good time when I get back to Washington."

Mr. Gompers would not say whether he was going back to Washington or whether he had been in contact with any labor leaders here on the subject of the McNamara case. He would not pass any opinion on the published statements of labor leaders here and elsewhere as to the settlement that should be meted out to the McNamara brothers.

**RENTS IN PARIS TAKE BIG JUMP**  
An investigation into the rent apartments throughout the city of Paris has brought out some interesting facts. From 1900 to 1910 rents under \$50 a year have increased 20 per cent; rents from \$50 to \$100 per cent; rents from \$100 to \$200, 30 per cent; rents from \$200 to \$500, 40 per cent. A remarkable fact is that the increase for 1910 and 1911 is exactly the amount of the entire increase for the period of ten years between 1900 and 1910.

### SCHENECTADY WON BY HARD WORK

#### President Hunt, of Common Council, Tells About Campaign.

"Other people may have been surprised at the result in Schenectady," Russell Hunt, who was elected president of the Common Council at the election, "but we were not surprised. The work that was done in the campaign, and the work that had been done in previous years. It was a matter of systematically working up to victory."

"We were never fluke nor luck in it. What we got was due to hard work, and any city that adopts the methods we used can get the same result."

"We worked hard to win. We are going to work the same way to make our local was organized in February, 1901, by Job Harriman. It was organized as weak and unpromising as any local ever organized. There was the right determination among the members to build it up."

"It was a so-called off year in the election, and our only candidate was defeated by the Supreme Court. We got about 150 votes."

"We kept at it with no feeling of discouragement, and we have about doubled our vote every year, except in the panic year of 1907. That year many of our members were out of town, and many of the voters were out of the city searching employment, or were afflicted with the influenza that comes to men when they are enduring enforced idleness."

"Then that year we held our organization together in good style, and we even to increase it. Best of all, it was a time when the members were thoroughly drilled in the work of a Socialist organization, and plenty of hard studying was done."

**Skilled Workers.**

"Schenectady, considering its size, probably contains as many highly skilled workers as any city in the country. In the General Electric Company and the American Locomotive Works, are splendid, intelligent workmen and good sound thinkers. However, we have many of them who are enthusiastic Socialists, and it is these men who really form the backbone of the movement. Their work has actually developed their ability to think clearly, and their minds bring them wages much above the average."

"On the whole, these men are not subject to lack of employment to the extent that is general throughout the country, and Socialism appeals directly to them as a sound method of organizing society. It may be that the very high nature of their work leads them inevitably to understand the badly society itself operates. They are union men, and good ones, and to them Socialism and unionism go together."

"When they come into the party they have a pretty distinct idea of what they want, and they are not in the party long before they know just how they are going to get it."

"We had been accustomed to big meetings, but last year they were a surprise even to the old-timers in the movement. Sometimes we had outdoor meetings of from 4,000 to 5,000, and at these meetings it was unusual to take up collections of from \$65 to \$75. The people attended to listen to what we had to say, and it interested them so much that they were ready, nay, anxious to help finance our campaign."

"I think we had well earned that credit, for all our efforts were directed to a clean discussion of local affairs, and we showed how local affairs were interwoven with State and national affairs."

**Working Together.**

"Now this was not the work of a few men. All worked, and worked together. Local Schenectady is not a peaceful, slumbering affair, nor is it a party in which a lazy person gets a good deal of comfort."

"At those meetings we were anxious to see that the workers

**Union Labels.**

**UNION MADE PIANOS.**

Remember that manufacturers and dealers in union made pianos always put the Union Label on their advertisements and on their pianos are UNION MADE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED U. S. PATENT OFFICE

MADE IN U. S. A.

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF WORKINGMEN

ST. LOUIS, MO.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED U. S. PATENT OFFICE

MADE IN U. S. A.

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF WORKINGMEN

ST. LOUIS, MO.

**Workingmen, Do Your Duty**

This is the Label of the United Hatters of North America. Buy no hats without it. It is a guarantee that the hats to which it is attached were made by skilled workmen under strictly union conditions. It represents a fair wage and honest value.

Don't patronize Retailers who try to sell you inferior non-union goods.

MARTIN LAWLER, Secy, 11 Waverly Place, New York

turned out and that the many union men, even though they did not join us, were ready to listen to us and help us.

"There was one promise we made repeatedly, and that is we are going to give the city a good municipal government. We are going to select the best men for the various positions, and we are going to do the selecting ourselves. No promises of office have been made in return for support at the polls. We are not tied in any way. The voters know that if we were successful we were going to institute as near as lay in our power a Socialist municipal government."

**Big Problems Ahead.**

"We know that we have big problems to face. There is the matter of streets, for example. The streets of the city are in a deplorable condition and previous administrations have been afraid to tackle the task of putting them in shape. We have an inheritance in Lafayette street. It has to be extended and widened and the cost will be in the neighborhood of a million dollars. It is a tremendously difficult undertaking, because there are many and grave obstacles in the way. But we shall have no hesitation in tackling it."

"Another thing is the establishment of a real public market. The matter has been agitated for years, and the outgoing administration appropriated \$75,000 for a site. The people of the city want it, and they want a market that will be a great public utility."

"That is one of the things on which we shall be forced to give the best that is in us."

"There is also the problem of garbage disposal, a problem that has been growing more difficult from year to year. This coming year we have to face it, and I have no doubt we can solve it."

**The Mayor's Work.**

"Mayor-elect Lunn was an ideal man to lead the battle. He set a pace in work such as has never before been seen in the city. He spoke and wrote indefatigably, and our weekly paper, the Citizen, helped out in fine style. I don't know what we could have done without it."

"On the Monday previous to making nominations, the Daily Union Press denied Lunn's charges of graft. We got out an extra and mailed them. At a meeting, officers were stationed at the door of the hall to keep Lunn from getting in, but through the Citizen we reached the people just the same."

"Then when Horace D. Raymond, who had gone to Milwaukee to see if he could find anything wrong with the Socialist administration, and came back with a highly colored and unfavorable report, the Citizen took up his report, analyzed it, showed the malice that actuated it, and so thoroughly discredited it that it harmed those who were responsible."

"In the meantime we haven't confined ourselves to the city. We have been organizing the county, and our work, as the election returns showed, has borne fruit. We missed electing the Sheriff by only five votes."

"Finally, let me say that a big source of our success was the distribution of literature. There was no let-up. We systematically supplied the people with good Socialist leaflets, papering the whole city, and we sold numerous pamphlets and books."

"That is the secret—work. And any city can learn it."

**SECTION HAND FINDS HEADLESS SKELETON**

YONKERS, Dec. 3.—The headless skeleton of a man who was about 3 feet 6 inches tall and probably weighed 150 pounds, was found today in a patch of tall weeds about 200 yards north of the Westwood station of the Harlem Railroad. It was discovered by Edward Sullivan, a section foreman.

It was in the middle of a strip of land not over fifty feet wide between the railroad and the Bronx River. Apparently it had laid out for months. Why it was not found before puzzles coroner Jies, because teams have hauled material past the spot within fifteen feet all fall.

The head was ten feet away from the rest. It had rolled down a slope toward the river. A six-ounce bottle with a carbolic acid label was by the skeleton. The contents were frozen. The cork was out, but the vital lay so that the stuff had not run out. The bottle bore the label of Hegeman & Co., New York.

**MUSIC HALL IN BERLIN.**

BERLIN, Dec. 3.—A syndicate of Americans has been formed to establish in Berlin a music hall on a large scale. Should the enterprise be successful similar establishments will be opened in Hamburg, Frankfurt, Cologne, and other large towns in Germany.

**MISS GOLDMAN AT HARVARD.**

(Special to The Call.)

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Dec. 3.—Emma Goldman created a wild sensation here by dining with Samuel Eliot, grandson of ex-President Eliot, of Harvard. She readily promised to return and lecture here if asked.

**THE AUGUST BEBEL HOUSE**

Reopened at 211 New Jersey Avenue

Capital Hill, Washington, D. C.

Steam-Heated Rooms—50c. The and \$1.00 per day. Special rates by the week.

**UNION LABELS.**

**Bread bearing this label is Union Made.**

Ask for the Label when buying bread.

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**UNION WORKERS! DON'T OVERLOOK THIS!**

**Our Mid Season Clearance Sale!**

Owing to the fact that we have an unusually large stock of desirable goods to dispose of we are offering all of this season's materials in our **SUITINGS, OVERCOATINGS and TROUSERS** for sale at a considerable reduction in prices that will surely interest you.

Don't lose any time. Call early to get the selection of patterns.

**Suitings and Overcoatings \$17**

in every shade and weave, to order....

**Jacobs & Harris**

UNION TAILORS TO UNION MEN.

77-79 Fulton St., New York City

Near 2nd and 3rd Ave. I. Station. 5 per cent discount to Union Workers.

**LONDON GAS WORKERS BUSILY ORGANIZING**

**Postoffice Employees Demand Inquiry Into Their Grievances.**

LONDON, Dec. 3.—The National Union of Gas Workers and General Laborers has commenced to organize the general workers engaged in the furnishing trades who are not eligible for the Furnishing Trades Association. These men have long hours and are very poorly paid. Only one or two meetings have been held, but a nucleus has been secured that is encouraging.

During the past quarter the income of the Gas Workers' union has increased by \$26,000, as compared with the previous quarter. The membership has increased by 20,933 and the total membership at present is 58,174.

There is a strike in the spinning section of the Adelphi cotton mill at Bollington near Macclesfield, and about 130 are affected. The trouble arose over a demand for an increase in wages. There is also another dispute and a strike at the Woodside mill at Bolton, where 250 are out.

The question of Sunday labor on the part of tug boatmen led to a strike at Cardiff, but matters were adjusted, and the men returned to work. The new arrangement means that if any boat is sent out with a pleasure party on Sunday the crew shall receive one day's extra pay per man. The owners agree that, as far as possible, each crew shall have at least one Sunday in three off duty.

In reference to the threats of a postal strike, feeling is still running high. Large numbers of the rank and file are ready to take extreme measures and are not by any means satisfied with the postponement of an inquiry into their grievances for two years.

The Postman's Gazette states the view of the employes and contends that no preceding postal agitation has been marked by such unanimity of feeling. A special appeal is being made to Postmaster General Samuel not to ignore the existence of the present widespread discontent.

The London Federation of Painters and Decorators, and Trade Protection Society, has inaugurated an organizing campaign. There are in this city from 20,000 to 30,000 painters unorganized, and a general program has been outlined to interest this large body of wage earners in the organization of their craft.

**CHARLESTON, S. C., HAS HIGHEST DEATH RATE**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—A preliminary statement giving the general death rates for all cities with a population of less than 100,000 in the Census Bureau's death registration area in 1910, as drawn from the advance Mortality Bulletin 112, now in press, was issued today by Director Durand, of the Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce and Labor. It was prepared under the supervision of Dr. Cressy L. Wilbur, chief statistician for vital statistics, Census Bureau.

A summary, giving the death rates for cities having a population of 100,000 or over, with corresponding rates for 1909, has already been issued by the bureau.

Among a group of eighteen cities in the less than 100,000 population class recording high rates of mortality in 1910, Charleston, S. C., shows the highest rate, per 1,000 population, namely, 29.7; followed by Raleigh, N. C., with 27.9; Lackawanna, N. Y., 27.2; Savannah, Ga., 26.9; Petersburg, Va., 26.5; Montgomery, Ala., 26.4; Middletown, Conn., 25.6; Cranston, R. I., 25.4; Pontiac, Mich., 25.3; Augusta, Me., 25.1; Ogdensburg, N. Y., 24.5; Norristown, Pa., 24.4; Middletown, N. Y., 24.3; Hilderford, Me., 24; Bakersfield, Cal., 23.8; Morristown, N. J., 23.6; and Taunton, Mass., and Ann Arbor, Mich., 23.3 each.

West Orange, N. J., returned the lowest death rate, 3.5, of all cities mentioned in the bulletin. Next came Aberdeen, Wash., with 8.7; Norwood, Ohio, 8; Berkeley, Cal., 9.3; Bellingham, Wash., 9.4; Evanston, Ill., 10.1; Winthrop, Mass., 10.2; Needford, Mass., and Walla Walla, Wash., 10.4 each; East Orange, N. J., 10.7; West Hoboken, N. J., and Lancaster, Ohio, 10.8 each, and Torrington, Conn., 10.9.

**NAVAL COLLIER RAMMED.**

Is Run Ashore to Save Her From Sinking.

NORFOLK, Va., Dec. 3.—The United States Naval collier Sterling, rammed this morning about 2 o'clock by the steamer Dorothy, was run ashore near Cape Henry to save her from sinking in deep water, and lies almost high and dry tonight. The Sterling, coming down the Chesapeake light, midway between Capes Henry and Charles, turned to come to Norfolk when she collided with the Dorothy.

The Dorothy, which went into the Sterling head-on, cutting into No. 2 hold of the collier, lies at Smith & McCoy's drydock here, leaking and with her bow badly smashed.

**SCOTTISH MINERS GROWING RESTLESS**

GLASGOW, Dec. 3.—There is much restlessness among the Scottish miners, and in the case of a national coal strike those in Scotland will join hands with other workers in the country.

The Scottish miners' representatives have made a demand for an individual district minimum wage to be paid in all circumstances to all men working at the coal face; that the wages of all boys employed underground be standardized in accordance with the scale proposed; and that the operators in Wales have already refused these terms and the Scottish operators have done likewise.

**AVIATOR SCHRIEVER KILLED.**

SAN JUAN, P. R., Dec. 3.—Tod Schriever, the American aviator, was killed during a flight at Ponce yesterday. He was making a flight over that city in a Baldwin monoplane when he lost control of the machine while making a turn. He fell 200 feet and died a few minutes after he struck the ground.

### BERGER WILL KEEP CONGRESS BUSY

#### Socialist to Introduce a Number of Far-Reaching Bills.

(By National Socialist Press.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—Confident that the American people are tired of tariff tinkering and that they prefer substantial legislation that will give them greater economic security and political freedom, Victor L. Berger, the Socialist Representative, announced that he will introduce a number of bills at the coming session "which will touch the economic problem and not play with the surface."

Berger will offer the Socialist remedy to the trust situation by introducing a bill providing for the nationalization of all combinations having more than 40 per cent monopoly of their respective industries. This bill will also provide for the repeal of the Sherman Anti-Trust Act. Berger believes the act to be reactionary because the next step is combination and co-operation, and a return to competition would be retrogressive.

The Socialist Congressman will also introduce bills providing for the nationalization of railways, express companies, coal mines, telegraphs and telephones. These public utilities, he says, should not be in the hands of private corporations.

The woman suffrage amendment to the Constitution will also be presented by Berger.

Believing that unemployment is probably the greatest question that faces the people today, Berger intends to ask Congress that laws be passed providing employment for those that are able and willing, but cannot find work.

Bills advocating the inheritance tax and the election of federal judges by the people will also be introduced by the Wisconsin Socialist at the coming session.

Berger will also take up the complaints of the government employes, especially the postal employes, and will introduce bills against the "tag rule" and other oppressive orders to which Uncle Sam's workers are subjected.

The Socialist Congressman expects to have hearings on the bills he introduced at the last session before the various committees to which they have been referred. Although alone in this Congress, he will press the consideration of his bills to the utmost and he feels confident of good results.

Congressman Berger is confident that eventually all his bills will be enacted into law. The wave of Socialism will strike Washington at the next Congressional election, he says. It will not be very long, he predicts, before the Socialist party will hold the balance of power in the National Legislature.

**WOMAN MAY GO TO U. S. SENATE**

Guggenheim Fears Investigation—Mrs. Decker Possible Successor.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—From the present outlook woman is at last likely to have her say in the United States Senate. The distinction of being the first of her sex to occupy a seat in that body is in prospect for Mrs. Sarah Platt Decker, of Colorado. She may be elected next August to succeed the late Senator Hughes.

Failing that time, the chance will still be open to her to succeed Senator Elmon Guggenheim, whose term expires in March, 1912, and who makes formal announcement today that he will not be a candidate for re-election.

Public sentiment in Colorado is strongly in favor of giving Mrs. Decker anything she wants. It favors her for the United States Senate just now, and if she expressed a wish to go to the Senate the party primaries will not dare ignore her. She has been for years a leader in the club life of Colorado women and was mainly influential in obtaining the ballot for women in that State. Once she was president of the National Federation of Women's Clubs.

In reform movements she has won notable victories. She helped initiate the pure-food reform, which had its inception in Colorado and has since become national in scope.

It has been known to intimate friends of Senator Guggenheim for months that he would not seek re-election. He regarded the passage of the Corrupt Practices Act as a direct personal slap, and believed that under an investigation might be started over his election. He does not want to have the stigma of having been investigated fastened upon him.

**CZAR BECOMING AN INCURABLE IDIOT**

Memory Gone and Reason Deserting Him as Epileptic Fits Come With Regularity.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 3.—Official Russia is no longer able to hide the fact that Czar Nicholas has become a chronic epileptic. His attacks are so frequent that any public function at which the Czar is to appear becomes a source of anxiety.

These frequent and prolonged epileptic fits have undermined the mental powers of the Czar and his memory is completely gone. In fact, not only his memory but his reason is deserting the "Little Father," and the doctors here say that he is fast becoming an incurable idiot.

Ministers find the present state of things more awkward, for the Czar forgets what each one has said as soon as he is out of the room and another comes in. The result is that every minister likes to be received last in audience.

The Czar is perfectly aware of his condition, but he refuses to have foreign medical experts. The Russian doctors whisper that his malady is incurable, and it is supposed that the Czar knows this. He draws more monks and religious mystics around him than ever.

Besides epileptic fits the Czar has long spells of what the Russian doctors call "absence"—that is, he loses consciousness for ten or fifteen minutes together, though he does not fall, but remains standing or sitting, or in whatever position he happens to be when the attack comes on.

At a review held at Livadia recently he had two fits within a couple of hours. The medical men, in the uniform of staff officers, who now follow him everywhere, closed around him on each occasion so closely that the general public and the military did not see what happened, though his absence from the front provoked comment which has not yet subsided.

**PRISONERS STRIKE AGAINST WATERY SOUP**

CAMDEN, N. J., Dec. 3.—Thirty prisoners in the Camden County Jail have refused to work because of the miserable food being served. One of the regulars, who has been in there so many times he feels at home nowhere else, volunteered to lay the matter before the Sheriff.

"I have been a regular prisoner here for a good many years, and some of the others spend every winter with you," he explained to Sheriff Morrey, "and we don't think this is a square deal. We never asked for any luxuries, but when we have soup we don't want it so thin. You can strain it through the bosom of a stiff shirt. Looks as if some one thought we would have hydrophobia if we ever got a bunk of meat."

The Sheriff asked the men not to do anything rash and promised to employ a strikebreaker for the present. He had nothing to do with the feeding of the prisoners, and took up the matter with Warden Logan. Then it developed that graft cannot be kept even out of jail, as the warden explained that the runners who laded out the soup were holding out for the luxury. He promised to make a thorough investigation.

Meanwhile the strike is on. The strikers refused to work yesterday, and declare that they will appeal to Governor Wilson to come to the jail and see for himself that the soup is thin. There was talk, only by the prisoners, however, that the issue was one that should be arbitrated.

**EJECTED FROM BATH, SHE GETS DAMAGES**

ALBANY, Dec. 3.—The Court of Appeals has decided that a woman who is ejected from a Coney Island bathing establishment, after she has paid the price of admission, is entitled to recover damages for the indignity and wounded feelings suffered by her when she was ejected. The court accordingly affirms a verdict of \$250 in a suit brought by Ada S. Aaron against William J. Ward.

The opinion in the case, written by Chief Justice Cullen, states that the plaintiff, intending to take a bath in the surf, bought a ticket from the defendant's employes for 25 cents, and took her position in a line of the defendant's patrons leading to a window at which the ticket entitled her to receive a key to a bath house.

When she approached the window a dispute arose between her and the defendant's employes as to the right of another person not in the line to have a ticket given to him in advance of her. As a result, the plaintiff was ejected from the premises, and the defendant's agents refused to furnish her with the accommodations to which she was entitled by her ticket.

**COMMISSION GOV'T IS OPPOSED BY LABOR**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The commission form of a city government has been unfavorably acted on by the Denver Trades and Labor Assembly. It is stated in the local labor paper that the Socialist delegates were unanimously opposed to the commission form of government, adding: "It would not be out of place here to say the Socialist delegates opposed commission government, and especially the plan of the Citizens' party, because it does not recognize any party, neither does it give the right to any citizen to contest for a place on the commission who is supported by any party."

**WILLING TO DISSOLVE.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—An effort to bring about a voluntary dissolution of an alleged combination of dealers in hardware and plumbing supplies on the Pacific Coast through a civil suit was begun here yesterday. It is understood that the associations have agreed to submit to a decree of dissolution, declaring them in violation of the Anti-Trust Law, provided the government ends the Grand Jury inquiry at Los Angeles.

**LADIES' TAILORS AT COOPER UNION**

On Monday, Dec. 4, 1911, at 7 P. M. Only members will be admitted.

A great Mass Meeting at Cooper Union of all the Ladies' Tailors and Dress Makers of New York and Brooklyn.

Very important matters to communicate. Only members will be admitted.

Ladies' Tailors and Dress Makers of New York and Brooklyn.

LOCAL NO. 5


P. S.—Doors will be open at 7 p. m.

**NEW LABOR ORGAN.**

CAPE TOWN, Dec. 3.—The South African Labor Herald, a paper devoted to the interest of wage earners, has been started in this city, the initial issue consisting of eight pages.

**A. PERTHOU**

100 Broadway, New York



# Lecture

## "THE RISING TIDE OF SOCIALISM"

### CARNEGIE HALL

#### MONDAY Evening Dec. 4 '11

**SPEAKERS:**

Mayor-Elect **GEORGE R. LUNN**, of Schenectady, N. Y.

Assemblyman-Elect **HERBERT M. MERRILL**, of Reading, Representative to Pennsylvania Legislature

**JAMES H. MAURER**, of Reading, Representative to Pennsylvania Legislature

**TICKETS, 10 CTS.**

On Sale of Socialist Party Headquarters, 238 E. 64th St. AND

NEW YORK CALL, 409 Pearl Street  
NEW YORKER VOLKSZEITUNG, 15 Spruce Street  
JEWISH DAILY FORWARD, 91 East Broadway  
RAND SCHOOL, 112 East 19th Street

BRONX FORUM, 1663 Fulton Avenue  
OBERDORFER'S DRUG STORE, 2390 6th Avenue  
B. WEIDENAFF'S Cigar Store, 446 East 146th St.  
BRONX LABOR LYCEUM, 708 Courtland Avenue

**WOMAN MAY GO TO U. S. SENATE**

Guggenheim Fears Investigation—Mrs. Decker Possible Successor.

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**REVOLT AGAINST TELEPHONE CO.**

Druggists, Whose Commission Has Been Cut in Two, Tear Out Telephones and Throw Them in Street.

As a protest against the greed of the New York Telephone Company, which announced that in the future it will pay only 10 per cent, instead of 20 per cent, which it is paying now, as a commission to these business places where public telephones are installed, a number of druggists on the upper West Side tore out the instruments and threw them out into the streets yesterday.

Others sent notice to the company that they do not care to maintain public telephone stations any longer and ask the company to remove the telephones and booths before the thirty days, provided by the agreement with the company, expires.

George F. Phillips, a druggist at Eighth avenue and West 51st street, who was one of the number that threw their telephones into the street, said:

"We cannot afford to conduct our telephone business on a 10 per cent basis and the company knows it. That is only one half cent for every call. When you take into consideration that we must make change, furnish room for telephones booths and satisfy all complaints of our customers, it is easily understood why we are protesting against this outrage."

**CZAR BECOMING AN INCURABLE IDIOT**

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**ELECTROCUTED IN SIGHT OF CHILDREN**

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., Dec. 3.—Two hundred women and children, waiting for the 11 o'clock train on the Harlem River branch of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad, to go to luncheon and matinee in New York City, yesterday, witnessed the electrocution of Levi Rude, a passenger engineer, living in New Haven, Conn.

The body fell at the feet of a group of high school girls and boys who were laughing at some joke. The train, which makes up at New Rochelle, had just pulled into the station and Rude climbed to the top of his steam locomotive to adjust the bell rope attached to the locomotive bell. As he straightened up, his head came in contact with one of the electric wires, carrying 11,000 volts, which conducts motive power to the electric engines on the main line between Stamford and the Grand Central Station. There was a flash of flame.

Rude threw up his hands and fell dead to the platform beside the engine.

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CIGAR MAKERS' CLUB OF BOSTON MEETS

Members of Socialist Propaganda Organization Hear Interesting Address.

(Correspondence to The Call.)

BOSTON, Mass., Dec. 1.—The first open meeting of the Cigar Makers' Socialist Propaganda Club was held Monday evening, November 27, at Lorimer Hall, Boston. This club was permanently organized April 7, 1911, and this is the first of many meetings they expect to have.

As the first speaker, Patrick Mahoney was introduced, who spoke in a very impressive manner. Mahoney said that changing conditions are forming a new alignment. In order to show the cigar makers what the conditions are that really confront them he traced the origin and development of the American Tobacco Company.

Mahoney spoke about the fate of all previous organizations among cigar makers, how they had come to an end immediately after the purpose for which they were formed had been accomplished, but he stated this organization had come to stay. He said the aims of the Propaganda Club were to increase the store of knowledge among the cigar makers on economic and political matters.

He showed how the trust was getting larger and larger slices of the cigar business. He showed how the trust was able to avoid itself of tariff duties, which made an independent stand against them well nigh impossible. He showed that the trust method was here to stay.

He said the union must expand, must take in the machine workers, the team workers and the tobacco workers of all names and descriptions if a successful stand was to be made for decent conditions in the tobacco industry. What he advocated was a counter organization of the tobacco industry to match that of the trust.

OPTICIAN AND OPTOMETRIST. NEW YORK.

When you are troubled with your eyes, have your eyes examined and, if glasses are necessary, have them made at

Dr. B. L. Becker's OPTICAL PLACE.

302 East Broadway, Tel. 896 Orchard. Branch, 108 Lenox Ave., bet. 115th and 116th St. 1700 Fifth Ave., bet. Rockway and 17th St. Brooklyn.

OPTICIAN AND OPTOMETRIST. BROOKLYN.

I. M. KURTIS, Expert Optician, 1028 Broadway, Brooklyn. Glasses, \$1 & up. Open Ev'g

DENTISTS—Manhattan and Bronx.

DR. JOHN MUTH DENTIST. 51 Second Ave., bet. 4th and 5th Sts. Branch, 320 East 125th Street, between Second and First Aves.

DR. A. CARR DENTIST

Special Liberal Prices for Comrades. 152 E. 64th St. Tel. 2967 Lenox.

DR. S. BERLIN

SURGEON DENTIST. 32 East 109th St., Cor. Madison Ave. Tel. 540-L Harlem.

Dr. Ph. Lewin

DENTISTS—Manhattan and Brooklyn.

Children's Teeth Treated and Filled Free of Charge

If parents have their dental work done at any of our offices. No child can be admitted to school unless his or her teeth are in proper condition. Bring him to us and we will give FREE OF CHARGE.

Paris Dental Parlor Co

223 Sixth Avenue, near 104th St. 1115 Madison Avenue, cor. 118th St. NEW YORK CITY

715 Broadway, near Flushing Avenue "F" Station, Brooklyn. Crown and Bridgework \$3.00 Guaranteed the Best.

TRAGEDY

A VICTORY FOR DEMOCRACY

Out in Pendleton, Ore., a rash manager who sought to draw a martial line in a prospective audience invited to enjoy a visiting opera company was compelled to abandon his plan, as the following report from a recent issue of the Live Wire, of that growing city, shows:

"To attend the performance of the Sheehan Opera Company, which offers 'The Love Tales of Hoffman' as a rare musical treat to Pendleton next Sunday evening, patrons need only the required price of admission and enough clothes to comply with the city ordinance against improper exposure. Manager C. J. Mitchell, of the Oregon Theater, announced today that the plan to reserve a section of the house exclusively for wearers of dress suits had been abandoned.

"The man who has not a hard-boiled shirt and spike-tailed duds and still desires to sit in the choice seats may cease repining therefor, because if he has the requisite price of admission he will be received with glad acclaim and rejoicing by the management, even though he is clad in his working clothes.

POPULARIZING SHAKESPEARE

E. H. Sothorn, in a recent interview, delivered himself as follows on sundry matters affecting his views and plans concerning Shakespeare's plays:

"The only way to popularize Shakespeare is to work like the devil and give the public good acting. Shakespeare cannot be popularized merely by reducing the price of admission. An actor might play Shakespeare to an admission price of 10 cents and, instead of adding to the popularity of the great dramatist, might injure it. Good acting is the first requisite toward making Shakespeare's plays popular. Shakespeare is popular if well acted—he doesn't have to be made so.

REPORTS FROM NANKING DIFFER

Some Say Order Is Being Maintained, While Others Say Rebels Are Looting City.

PEKING, Dec. 3.—The happenings at Nanking since its capture by the revolutionists are variously described. Some reports say complete order is being maintained and there have been no outrages of any kind. Other stories are to the effect that the victors are looting and burning of the Tartar city, which was carried out in a thorough manner.

The Imperial general, Chang Huan, is reported in one telegram as having been killed and by another as succeeding in making his escape with part of the defenders to Pu-kuw, whither a section of the victorious rebel army is marching. The Loyalist generals, Chang Yen Chun and Tieh Liang, took refuge on a Japanese warship. It is stated that the bulk of the revolutionists now at Nanking will shortly march to Wu-chang.

The opinion is widely held here that the fall of Nanking means the division of China into a southern republic and a northern monarchy. Revolutionists at Urga have declared Mongolia independent of the Chinese Empire.

Thomas G. Hunt

Makay & Importer of TRUNKS, BAGS AND LEATHER GOODS. 430 6th Ave., cor. 26th St., Manhattan.

George Oberdorfer

2393 EIGHTH AVENUE Near 126th Street

Pharmacist

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TSCHAIKOWSKY'S FIFTH SYMPHONY, LESS KNOWN, BUT OF GREATER SCHOLASTIC BRILLIANCE THAN ITS POPULAR SUCCESSOR, RENDERED UNDER BATON OF WALTER DAMROSCH BEFORE TWO AUDIENCES IN MANHATTAN AND BROOKLYN.

By Harry Chapin Plummer.

Not so popular in this country as the immortal Sixth ("Pathetic") symphony is the Fifth symphony, in E-minor, of Peter Iltch Tschaiakowsky, but to the critical mind the work presents immeasurable superlatives over its successor. Two large audiences heard the Russian masterpiece rendered under the direction of Walter Damrosch in the Century Theater, yesterday afternoon, and in the New Academy of Music, Brooklyn, Saturday afternoon, and by their hushed attention, accorded each movement, and the spontaneity of their applause, following, demonstrated thorough appreciation of its manifold glories of poetic expression and the dignity and sympathy of its presentation by the Damrosch forces.

Edward Knoblauch, the author of "Kismet," which will be presented at the Knickerbocker Theater on Christmas Day, has made arrangement by cable with Lucien Guilty for the production of "Kismet" at the Porte St. Martin Theater, in Paris, next spring. Guilty will play the role of Hajj, the beggar, which will be assumed in this country by Otis Skinner. At that time "Kismet" will be playing in America, Australia, Paris, Berlin, Vienna and Rome. The first American production of the play will be made at the National Theater, Washington, December 18. "Kismet" is now playing in London.

Writing from England, George W. Smalley, the veteran newspaper correspondent, says: "It was inevitable that Miss Marie Lohr should make her appeal to the American public, and better she should make it next year than later. For Messrs. Liebler will then present to you this young actress in all the freshness of her girlhood, and yet not before her art is so far developed as to make her independent of the personal charm which, in the first instance, captivated London. The charm remains, but the real appeal is now from the artist."

Henry B. Irving, in a recent address on "Hamlet," said that he did not think Hamlet was mad. In studying the character one ought to ask whether its counterpart in real life could be found; and in this connection Mr. Irving drew a parallel between the character of Hamlet and the character of Tolstoy. Having submitted comparative analyses of the two, he said he preferred Tolstoy, that in their correspondence there was an answer to what Tolstoy had called the irreconcilable contradictions of Hamlet's nature.

WILSON BOOM IN NEW JERSEY

Petition Is Circulated in Bergen County Asking Name Be Printed on Primary Ballot.

HACKENSACK, N. J., Dec. 3.—The Hackensack Democracy has discovered a section of the new Geran Law which shows that 1,000 voters of any political party in this State can file a petition with the Secretary of State on or before April 1 in any year in which a President of the United States is to be chosen, requesting that the name of the person endorsed in said petition as a candidate of the said party for the office of President of the United States shall be printed on the official primary ballot of said party for the then ensuing election for delegates to the national convention of said party under the heading "Choice for President."

Believing that Bergen County was a good place to start such a movement, and as the Presidential primary will be held on the fourth Tuesday in May, 1912, Ackerman Hawkeye presented a petition for signatures, which has been passed upon by the State Department at Trenton as being in the proper form. One clause reads thus: "That we endorse the Honorable Woodrow Wilson, now Governor of the State of New Jersey, as candidate for the office of President of the United States and we request that you print upon the official primary ballot to be used at the primary election to be held on the fourth Tuesday in May, 1912, the name of the said Woodrow Wilson as a candidate of the said party for the office of President of the United States."

GERMANY'S POPULATION.

The population of Germany on December 1, 1910, according to the final census report just issued, was 64,925,993, which is about 22,000 more than the preliminary return made last February. The increase since the census of 1905 was 4,234,504, or 7.66 per cent.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Mechanic-Tooling Co., Inc., a domestic corporation, having its principal business office in the City of New York, County of New York, State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the City of New York, at a special term thereof, to be held at the County of New York, in the City of New York, on the 12th day of December, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day or as soon thereafter as counsel can be had for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to the COMMERCIAL DRESS & WAIST CO.

WHERE TO DINE.

Little Hungry 237 E. Houston St. Hungarian Table d'Hôte; every evening concert; Hungarian Gypsy Band and Singers.

International Cafe

The Waldorf-Astoria of the East Side. Kestelinsky & Krook. PROPRIETORS.

NON-RUSSIAN MUSIC MOST PLEASES AUDIENCE OF RUSSIAN BALALAIKA ORCHESTRA AT HIPPODROME, AND DIRECTOR ANDBREEFF REFRAINS FROM HYMNING RUSSIAN NATIONAL ANTHEM.

Due to the fact that W. W. Andreeff refrained from presenting the Russian national anthem, no disturbance marked the concert by the Russian Balalalka Orchestra in the Hippodrome last night. One of the quartet of operatic soloists, Josef Tomasevitch, basso, was absent, but his colleague sustained nicely the delightful Russian volklieder.

BRUTAL POLICEMAN IS HELD IN TOMBS

Policeman William A. Smith, of the Atlantic avenue station, Brooklyn, who went on a spree on Saturday and landed in Chinatown, where he blackjacked two Chinamen, who had offended merely by walking along Pell street, and arrested two other Chinamen, both of whom were known to be respectable persons, was held in \$500 apiece in the Tombs Court yesterday on two charges of assault.

FREE MUSIC LECTURES TONIGHT.

Public School 62, Hunter, Essex and Norfolk streets, at 7 o'clock, the Supreme Type of Beauty, John S. Van Cleave, Jr., D.

MUSIC

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BARNHILL BEATEN FOR THIRD TIME

Sol Fieldman Easily Disposes of Anti-Socialist's Arguments.

In spite of the rainy, disagreeable weather last night, a crowd as large as at any of the previous debates gathered at the Republic Theater, 42d street and Broadway, to hear the third and final debate between Sol Fieldman, the well known Socialist lecturer, and John B. Barnhill, of Washington, D. C., editor of the Anti-Socialist. The topic for the evening was, "Resolved, Socialism Would Destroy Individuality," Barnhill taking the affirmative and Fieldman the negative.

Proceeding the debate there was a short musical program by Max and Ira Jacobs.

J. G. Phelps Stokes then introduced the speakers and announced the topic for discussion. Barnhill was the first speaker, and after a short tribute to Mayor Seidel, of Milwaukee, he proceeded directly to the subject by giving the old hackneyed argument of liberty being the life of art, literature, and science, and that Socialism would destroy this "liberty."

In support of this argument he quoted Socialists such as Robert Blatchford and H. G. Wells, as well as the radical, John Stuart Mills. He also quoted artists and literary men who had declared gain to be the greatest incentive to art. The remainder of his argument consisted of a few questions to Fieldman, the most important of which were: 1. How would the freedom of the press be preserved under Socialism? 2. What motive will take the place of the love of gain as a stimulus to art under Socialism? 3. How would a man's profession be determined under Socialism?

Fieldman, in replying to Barnhill, said that the capitalist was the enemy of the liberty of mankind, and when we had economic security we would have a chance in art, literature and science.

"Before the press, the painter, the author, we need bread, a home and trousers. How can artists be developed when men have to fight for bread?" he asked.

Fieldman in answering Barnhill's question concerning the press, said that there was no liberty of the press today, only license, and under Socialism the press would not be run for the advertising profits, but to give the news. Although the love of gain is a great stimulus to art a man works really to benefit mankind. Under Socialism a man would not be forced into positions for which he was untrained, but would be allowed to choose his own vocation after a broad and liberal education had shown him for what he was most fitted.

Last night's debate, concluded the series in which Fieldman has had much the better of his opponent.

ASSAULT AND BLIND LABOR ORGANIZER

TOLEDO, Ohio, Dec. 3.—While on their way from the Central Labor Hall a few nights ago, Resin Orr, treasurer of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Men, and John J. Scannell, organizer of the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, were assaulted by three thugs alleged to be in the employ of the local traction company.

Resin Orr was struck with a "billy," so the attending physician claims, and the sight of one of his eyes has been permanently destroyed. Scannell was knocked down and kicked, but his injuries are not considered serious.

One of the sluggers was caught, and on preliminary hearing was bound over in the sum of \$1,000. Orr has been organizing the men employed by the traction company, and the company, as usual, are pursuing the tactics commonly employed by street railway companies to thwart organization of their employees.

NEW DISGUISE FOR RAILROAD REBATES

CHICAGO, Dec. 3.—The recent Federal Jury investigation of alleged rebating by a number of Eastern railroads in the matter of rates between New York and Chicago, it is said to involve the question of whether advertising constitutes a rebate. A number of theatrical and railroad men were called as witnesses. Announcement of action by the jury is expected any day.

According to a report in railroad circles, certain theatrical agencies in New York make a business of soliciting advertising from the railroads for alleged theatrical publications of limited circulation. Exorbitant advertising rates are charged—considering the circulation—and the agencies refuse to patronize roads that do not "come across," as it were.

The paper may be the Broadway promoter of some publication of equally euphonious name. It may never be seen at newsstands or other places where magazines and papers are sold.

BRUTAL POLICEMAN IS HELD IN TOMBS

Policeman William A. Smith, of the Atlantic avenue station, Brooklyn, who went on a spree on Saturday and landed in Chinatown, where he blackjacked two Chinamen, who had offended merely by walking along Pell street, and arrested two other Chinamen, both of whom were known to be respectable persons, was held in \$500 apiece in the Tombs Court yesterday on two charges of assault.

Loe Chen and Lan Kin, the Chinamen whom he attacked, lodged the complaints against him. The two other men whom he had under arrest made no complaint against him, deeming the others sufficient.

FREE MUSIC LECTURES TONIGHT.

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LEGAL NOTICES

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF YORK.—Alice E. Keller, Plaintiff, vs. Emil Badollet, Frederick B. Badollet, and others, Defendants. Action No. 3. In pursuance of a judgment of the Supreme Court of the County of York, rendered on the 15th day of November, 1911, I, the undersigned, am selling at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, 119 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, on the 18th day of December, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, the following described real estate, to-wit: A certain lot, piece or parcel of land, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, and more particularly described as follows: BEGINNING at a point on the Southern side of East 202nd Street, between East 201st Street and East 203rd Street, and extending easterly to the center line of East 202nd Street, a distance of 100 feet, and thence southerly to the center line of East 201st Street, a distance of 100 feet, and thence westerly to the center line of East 203rd Street, a distance of 100 feet, and thence northerly to the center line of East 202nd Street, a distance of 100 feet, and thence 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SOCIALIST NEWS OF THE DAY



Classified Advertisements. SMALL ADS THAT BRING RESULTS. Try an insertion in the Call, the most clearly read daily paper.

All announcements and other notices intended for publication in this office by noon of the day preceding that on which they are to appear. The publication of notices after this time cannot be guaranteed.

MEETINGS TODAY

MANHATTAN AND BRONX. No Branch 5 Meeting. There will be no meeting tonight of Branch 5 on account of the Carnegie meeting.

Women's Committee to Meet. There will be a meeting of the Women's Committee on Special Social and Suffrage Propaganda tomorrow night (Tuesday, December 5), at 8 o'clock, in room 17, of the Labor Temple, East 17th street.

BROOKLYN. Morris Hillquit to Lecture. Morris Hillquit will lecture on "Trade Unionism" at the next general meeting of all party members of Local 483 at Haviland Hall.

NEW JERSEY. Newark. The Hill Branch meets tonight at the Cafe, 225 Myrtle place.

PATERSON. The committee having charge of the course of lectures arranged by the National Socialist Lyceum Bureau will meet at headquarters tonight.

CALLAHAN. 118 HASTEN. 140 BOWERY. For All Information Concerning Work Apply to MARGARET H. SANGER.

PRINTERS. CO-OPERATIVE PRESS. 100 W. 11th St. N. Y. City.

PARKS AND HALLS. HARLEM RIVER PARK AND CASINO. Headquarters for Labor Unions and other Organizations.

Labor Lyceum. 100 W. 11th St. N. Y. City. Headquarters for Labor Unions and other Organizations.

MANHATTAN HALL. 1921 St. Marks place. 19th St. N. Y. City.

Small Advertisers' Directory

MACFADDEN'S Physical Culture Restaurants. HANSHATTAN. GENTS' FURNISHERS AND HATTERS. MERCHANT TAILORS AND HATTERS.

Branch 6, Orange, will meet in the Temple of Honor Hall, 42 Park street, on Tuesday evening, December 5.

Vote on Referendum "D." State Secretary W. B. Killingbeck reports that National Referendum "D" was defeated in New Jersey.

SNYDERTOWN, PA. A very successful Socialist meeting was held Saturday evening at Snyderstown.

MASSACHUSETTS. Boston. The regular meetings of the Central Branch, Local Boston, are held the first and third Mondays of every month.

Rev. Dr. George R. Lunn, Socialist Mayor-elect of Schenectady, N. Y., will speak in Ford Hall, 16 Ashburton place, Boston, near the State House.

Amesbury. T. F. Brough writes as follows regarding the activities of the Amesbury Socialists.

A USEFUL STEP. The Socialist administration of Butte, Mont., sought to compel the messenger and telegraph companies of that city to obey a dead ordinance.

STATEMENT BY P. VIAG. The following letter is sent out by the National Office at the request of P. Viag.

MANHATTAN. GENTS' FURNISHERS AND HATTERS. MERCHANT TAILORS AND HATTERS.

MASSACHUSETTS. ALL AMERICA AND EDUCATOR SHOES, UNION MADE.

MASSACHUSETTS. PHOTOGRAPH STUDIO. Boston. 100 W. 11th St. N. Y. City.

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ERON PREP. SCHOOL. 186-187 EAST BROADWAY. Commercial, Regents, College and Civil Service Courses. Day and Evening.

Committee Earnest Untermann charges me with constructive kidnapping of his daughter, Elsie. He charges I knew of relations existing between his daughter and Shoaf.

On August 5 I arrived in Chicago. I was looking for a stenographer, as my stenographer had notified me that she intended to leave.

On September 16 Elsie told me she was leaving at once. When pressed for an explanation she told me she had been working with Shoaf on the McNamara case.

There was a great deal of talk among the fans about the Lorenz-Saldow team, which has won one six day race in Berlin and finished second in another.

Brooklyn patrons of boxing will be served a real treat by a clever fighter when they see Pal Moore in his fight tomorrow night at the Royale A. C.

CONCENTRATION OF INDUSTRY: Its Development in the Far East, and Its Effect on the American Working Class.

WITH THE WRESTLERS. Joe Rogers, the American Apollo, the heaviest wrestler that America can boast of, who has met Frank Gotch, Zhyzako, Hackenschmidt and all the great foreign wrestlers.

AUGUST GILLHAUS WILL SPEAK ON "Concentration of Industry: Its Development in the Far East, and Its Effect on the American Working Class."

O. W. WUERTZ PIANOS. 1518 THIRD AVENUE. near 86th Street (Manhattan).

FRANK'S Department Store. R. E. COR. 330 ST. & AVE. A, N. Y. Always Something New.

ANNOUNCEMENTS. At the dinner of the Liberal Club, to be held Wednesday evening at 6 o'clock, at the Hotel Times, Meyer London will speak on "The Cause of the People."

HELD TEN FIGHTS

Long Acre Club Crowded With Sports at Their Weekly Wind-Up Show.

The Long Acre Club held, as usual Saturday night, their collection of bouts, made up of preliminary and professional material.

Pete Collins made Git Taylor (colored) quit in the third round of the last bout. Collins, who possessed a terrible smash in either hand, connected a few times with Taylor's jaw and the latter, seeing that he had no chance at all, felt it more prudent to give up.

Young Mantell, a very experienced boxer, whipped Young Haskin in three rounds of a one-sided milling.

FOREIGNERS "BIKE" WELL. Entrants for Six Day Races Make Good Impression.

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PIRATES LEADERS IN CLUB FIELDING

The respective leaders in fielding among National League players last season were, according to Secretary Heydler's official figures, Knetsch, St. Louis, first baseman; Evers, Chicago, second baseman; Zimmerman, Brooklyn, third baseman; McCarthy, Pittsburgh, shortstop; Collins, Boston and Chicago, and Wille, St. Louis, outfielders; Moran, Philadelphia, catcher, and Pfeffer, Boston, and McIntire, Chicago, pitchers.

It is interesting to note that Fred Merkle, of the Giants, had more assists than any other first baseman, considerably more than Jake Aubrey, even if the latter has the advantage of being a left-hander.

Charles W. Murphy, owner of the Chicago Cubs, has put the National League magnates on the defensive.

UNFURNISHED FLATS AND APARTMENTS TO LET—East Side. PARK AVE. 1484—Large single floor, 7 light rooms, bath, electric, gas, hot water, etc.

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Workmen's Circle Directory

BRANCH NO. 1, Ladies Aid of Brooklyn, meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock at 100 West 11th St., New York.

UNFURNISHED FLATS AND APARTMENTS TO LET—West Side.

WEST END AVE. 115—Corner 42d St. 4 rooms, bath, improvements; all light; \$22.

UNFURNISHED FLATS AND APARTMENTS TO LET—East Side.

PARK AVE. 1484—Large single floor, 7 light rooms, bath, electric, gas, hot water, etc.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.

100th St. 22 E. cor. Madison Ave. Large, well furnished, light rooms; steam heat, private entrance and bath; use of telephone; convenient to all.

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DETECTIVES.

DETECTIVES—No strike work taken; only high class work. At West 43d Street, Captain Sawyer.

SOCIALIST REGIME MOST ECONOMICAL

Budget Exhibit in Milwaukee Shows How Much Money Was Made in Year.

TOWN IS SUED FOR AUTO ACCIDENT

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Dec. 3.—Attorneys in this city yesterday served notice on Supervisor Galligan, of the Town of Forestburg, Sullivan County, declaring the intention of T. Edward Hayes and Uta T. Hayes to bring a suit for \$100,000 against the town for the death of Harry M. Hayes.

UNDERTAKERS.

Dockrell's Funerals. No Funeral \$5.00 Up. We have the best conditions. Call on us for a list of our services.

UNION AND SOCIETY DIRECTORY.

BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES FOR PROPAGATION OF CREMATION, EXECUTIVE MEETINGS AT 419 FIRST AVENUE, NEW YORK CITY, EVERY SECOND FRIDAY OF THE MONTH, 7 P.M.

United Journeymen Tailors

Headquarters, Club and Social Room, 100 W. 51st St., New York. Meetings every Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners

Local No. 100, 100 W. 51st St., New York. Meetings every Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

United Brotherhood of Plumbers

Local No. 100, 100 W. 51st St., New York. Meetings every Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

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