

The emancipation of the Working Class must be accomplished by the workers themselves.

# The NEW YORK Call

The Weather.  
RAIN.

600 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

Devoted to the Interests of the Working People.

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## TRY TO KIDNAP WOMAN

### Charge Burns Men With Attempting New Crime.

## TRICK THAT FAILED

### Fredericks Is Fearful Lest McNamara Lawyers Find Out His Game.

(By United Press.)  
CINCINNATI, Ohio, Nov. 27.—Charges that an attempt had been made to kidnap her were brought today by Mrs. Frank Eckhoff, wife of the man who has been mysteriously missing here and reported to have been started for Los Angeles by detectives as a witness in the McNamara case.

Mrs. Eckhoff declared a man posing as a detective endeavored to induce her to go to Los Angeles, and when she sought to entice her from the house to answer a telephone call in the neighborhood, she discovered the kidnapping plan. Mrs. Eckhoff asserts she has not the slightest idea as to the whereabouts of her husband, and that she has been receiving mail from him coming through the Chicago Detective offices in Chicago.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 27.—Because he asserts the defense is trying to get an "inside line" on his case, Attorney Frederick today refused to comment on the visit of the local Federal District Attorney to Washington in connection with the McNamara case, or whether he expected the Indianapolis evidence will be transferred to the federal court here and then to his office as the result of this visit.

"I don't care to try my case in the newspapers," said Frederick, "but I don't believe it makes much difference in the present trial, at least, whether the Indianapolis evidence is brought here or not."

When the trial resumed today, there were still three seats in the box which had been reserved for the McNamara family but which had not yet been occupied.

## SCHENECTADY VICTORY AT COST OF \$1,042

ALBANY, Nov. 27.—It cost the Socialist party \$1,042 to carry Schenectady City and County, according to the party election expenses, filed with the Secretary of State today. After January 1 the Socialists will have complete control of the administration of city and county affairs.

The committee having charge of the candidacy of Francis K. Pendleton for the Supreme Court spent \$1,224, and the Brooklyn Citizens' Committee spent \$749 for the Supreme Court candidacy of Russell Benedict.

Other election expenses filed were Eric County Republican, \$24,110; Kings County Democratic, \$33,053; New York County Democratic, \$78,425.

## SHOW ABOMINABLE PRACTICES IN JAIL

### Trial of Merrick for Criminal Libel Will Expose Shameful Conditions.

(Special to The Call.)  
PITTSBURGH, Pa., Nov. 27.—The criminal libel case against Fred H. Merrick, editor of Justice, and others connected with the Justice Publishing Company comes up in Criminal Court here tomorrow.

Merrick has been in jail for the past three months, being convicted on a charge of libeling a judge. The present case will bring out startling revelations of a nature that will not look good in print.

The indictment is based upon an article printed in Justice, charging Deputy Warden Beggs with immoral practices on male prisoners. The defendants expect to prove things which will outdo anything that was proved about the Leavenworth prison.

Merrick is in jail now because he could not get witnesses to prove to a capitalist court that the charges he made in his publication were true, but it is different this time.

The Socialists here have banded themselves together and raised enough money to scour this part of the country to find convicts to prove that the most degrading and obscene practices have and are being carried on in the Western Penitentiary. Thirty of such witnesses are now at Socialist headquarters, ready to go on the witness stand tomorrow and tell what they know from their own experience.

## FRAWLEY VOICES FEAR OF "UPPER CLASSES"

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 27.—The greatest problem before the American people today is the labor question, and the country produces a man big enough and broad enough to inspire the confidence of both classes, so that the agitation of the masses against the classes shall cease, this country will write in the chronicle of Socialist civil war.

This prediction was made today by Senator James J. Frawley, of New York, chairman of the New York State Joint Committee of the Panama-Pacific Exposition, which is on its way to San Francisco to select a site for the New York Building, to be erected for the 1915 exposition.

## IRISH PLAYERS FACE RIOT

### Organized Opposition at Maxine Elliott's Theater.

## MISSILES THROWN

### Actors Continue Performance and Object of Outrage Is Foiled.

By WILLIAM MAILLY.

"The Playboy of the Western World" was performed last night at Maxine Elliott's Theater by the Irish Players amid scenes almost without precedent in the history of the American theaters. These arose from an organized attempt to prevent the performance.

What really was accomplished was a disgusting display of blind partisan ignorance that casts an irretrievable reproach upon the land in whose name the attempt was made.

The attempt itself was a failure, and not only was the whole play given, but the first act was repeated in defiance of the disturbers, and in justice to that part of the audience which had come to see the play on its merits.

The disturbance began shortly after the beginning of the first act of "The Playboy." It quickly developed into an uproar which continued throughout the act.

Notwithstanding the noise in front, which prevented the audience from hearing a word that was said on the stage, the players stood their ground and without hesitation went on with the play. Their lips could be seen moving, and they enacted the "business" of their parts as usual, but they might as well have been acting in pantomime.

The first interruption came without apparent cause or reason. It was in the form of a hiss, then there followed hooting and cat-calling. For a few minutes there was no counter demonstration. But when a potato, thrown on the stage, hit Miss McGee, playing the leading female part, on the head, there were protests in the shape of applause from friends of the players.

After that there was no peace until the end of the play. For half an hour the hisses, cat calls, hooting and outcries, with the counter cheering, kept up. It was a pandemonium of noise. Amidst it all more potatoes were thrown at the players. Still they continued, apparently unheeding.

Meanwhile the attacks of the theater and several police and "strong arm" men were busy ejecting the disturbers. At first these were politely requested to leave, but when they showed stubbornness and a disposition to remain they were jerked out of their seats and hustled into the streets.

All over the house people were on their feet, applauding the ejections and calling on the police to "put them out." The disturbers were well distributed in the orchestra downstairs, but in the first balcony they sat in blocks having obtained possession of several consecutive rows of seats.

## KINGS CO. PARTY MEETING.

"The Theory of Surplus Value" will be discussed at the weekly party meeting of the Socialists of Kings County held tonight at 8 o'clock in Haviland Hall, 399 Clason avenue, near Greene avenue, Brooklyn. Henry L. Stobodin will open the discussion with a talk on this subject. Only persons showing their membership cards will be admitted. All members are requested to attend.

## HURRICANE WASHES CREW OVERBOARD

ST. JOHN'S, Newfoundland, Nov. 27. Railway service in nearly every section of Newfoundland is stalled and coast steamers have been compelled to seek harbors because of a hurricane which has been raging since Saturday.

Reports of damage are slow in coming in, particularly from maritime centers, but it is feared that the toll of the previous storm, which wrecked six vessels with a loss of a number of men, will be equalled.

An unidentified vessel was sighted last night off the northern coast with all sails gone and drifting to seaward. There were no signs of the crew, and it is believed that they had been washed overboard.

## FORCED TO LABOR STANDING IN WATER

### Terrible Conditions in Buffalo Meat Packing Plant Exposed.

BUFFALO, Nov. 27.—Miss Violet Pike, a special investigator, before the State Factory Investigation Commission, in session here today, told of the appalling conditions she had found in the local meat packing plant.

"About 1,000 people are employed," she said. "There is no distinction made between the men and the women. One of the buildings is old and ramshackle and has been condemned, but it is still in use. In three of the rooms that I examined, the men and women were forced to work in water standing half an inch deep on the floor."

"Those were the sausage, the pickling and the pork trimming rooms. In the latter there were seventy-five employees, twenty-three being women. The floors are so wet and slimy that the women have to wear rubber boots on stand on barrel tops. They work at cutting up the hogs, and they are shot in, speeding up in a dangerous way. The men frequently lose fingers in the machinery and the women were many bandages on their hands. The work is very disagreeable and dirty; the rooms are in a filthy condition."

The witness also testified that she found the conditions in the box factories where women are employed very bad, and many girls were being misled by unprotected machinery.

## MOTHER, IN MAN'S ATTIRE, STRICKEN

### Drops on Seven-Mile Search in Chicago for Bread for Children.

CHICAGO, Nov. 27.—A family history of sickness, hunger and desperation, came to light here today with the arrest of a woman disguised as a man.

The woman was Mrs. Anna Godfried, 38, the mother of four babies, and the wife of a man who for four years has been bedridden from heart disease.

The mother has been slaving at factories all that time, but the steadily increasing cost of food ate up more than she could earn—\$4 a week.

Saturday, she said, the babies cried with hunger, and the sick husband needed medicine. Desperate in her poverty, the mother cut off her hair, donned her husband's clothes, and started to walk to the truck farms north of town.

She had heard that men there could earn \$1 a day as laborers. Weak herself from lack of food, and without a cent, Mrs. Godfried walked nearly seven hours, when she fell exhausted.

## EUROPE WAS NEAR BIG WAR

### British Foreign Secretary Tells Few of Facts.

## MOROCCO AFFAIR

### Lloyd George Made Speech to Force Germany to Make Move.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—In the opinion of Europe, history was made in the House of Commons this afternoon when Sir Edward Grey, the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, delivered his notable speech clearing up much of the mystery which has clung about the part which Great Britain took in the negotiations regarding Morocco.

While the utterances of Grey were conservative in every way, the fact stands out clearly that the relations between England and Germany were strained last summer to the danger point.

That the British Government refused to permit Germany to deal with France without being consulted in turn, was revealed by Grey, who, while deprecating the idea that Lloyd George's speech of July 21 last was threatening in its nature, left a strong impression on the minds of his hearers that a threat was intended.

He went so far as to intimate that the speech was suggested by Premier Asquith himself.

Grey did not enter into an explanation of the reports which have been in circulation that Great Britain had prepared for hostilities while the Moroccan negotiations were in progress. So far as that portion of the controversy is concerned, the Minister confined his statement to the expression of a personal disbelief of the report which had been circulated from time to time that an abrupt break had been likely in the relations between Germany and Great Britain.

While he admitted that during the month of July there had been periods of anxiety, he evidently was of the opinion that there had been no real danger. He made it obvious that during that month Germany had abstained from all communication with the British Government, but despite this fact he explained that he had twice outlined the attitude of Great Britain to the German Ambassador at London.

It was apparent from this that Lloyd George's speech was made for the purpose of forcing a reply from the Kaiser's Minister and bringing the German Government to terms. It was just as apparent from the speech that this policy was successful.

Grey this afternoon reviewed the whole Moroccan episode, from the sudden appearance of the German gunboat Panther in the port of Agadir, in Southern Morocco, up to the signing of the Franco-German treaty.

He upheld the attitude taken by the British Government, but at the same time declared that his avowed aim was antagonistic to Germany, or to any other party, was able to arrange settlement with France, which did not threaten the rights of Great Britain.

He made no secret of the fact that the situation had at one time been very tense, but thought his statements today would prove a "sedative" to a world which had been indulging in a fit of political alcoholism, and that the time had arrived for it to get and keep cool and sober.

At the outset, Grey told the House that Herr von Kiderlen-Waechter's disclosure of the conversations which had taken place between the German Ambassador and himself had taken him by surprise.

In diplomatic procedure it was most unusual to make public any such conversations without consulting the other party, and he knew nothing whatever of Kiderlen-Waechter's intention until he read the published account.

He did not make any complaint, however, as he understood that the exigencies of the situation in Germany precluded any such consultation.

Kiderlen-Waechter's statement was not complete, so that he (Grey) was under no necessity of putting the part taken by the British Foreign Office before the House of Commons in a fuller manner.

## REAR-ADMIRAL'S WIFE ROBBED BY BOLD THIEF

MILBURN, N. J., Nov. 27.—Mrs. John A. Schroeder, wife of Rear Admiral Schroeder, of the United States Navy, was knocked down and robbed at noon today by a short, stout, dark man, almost within sight of the home of her daughter, Mrs. Charles H. Stout, whom she has been visiting for the last few days.

A posse of men gathered by the Milburn police and a bloodhound set on the trail as soon as possible after the attack have failed to raise a clue as to the whereabouts or identity of the man.

The robber took her handbag, containing \$8 in cash, a gold watch, and a few articles of little value.

## FREE SPEECH FIGHT WON IN BROOKLYN

### Case Against Fitzgibbon Is Dismissed by Magistrate McGuire.

A signal victory for free speech was won by the King's County Local of the Socialist party yesterday, when the case against a Socialist speaker, arrested and charged with disorderly conduct, and a string of other things, for addressing an open-air meeting at Johnson and Washington streets, was thrown out of court by Magistrate McGuire, sitting in the Adams Street Court.

The speaker who appeared in court was Gerald M. P. Fitzgibbon. Fitzgibbon had been arrested three times at the instigation of Manager Stark of the Clarendon Hotel. He was first haled into court a week ago.

The Magistrate, after hearing the charge against him, tried hard to make out a case, but the evidence was too flimsy. So he found Fitzgibbon guilty, but suspended sentence. The case was at once appealed by Fitzgibbon's lawyer. When it came up yesterday, the Magistrate considered the evidence a little more carefully.

Neither Manager Stark, the police nor the witnesses for the hotel man could prove that Fitzgibbon, by holding the open air meeting in the street, interfered in any way with the hotel people or with any one else.

Manager Stark got a delivery driver to testify that, owing to the crowd which gathered in the street, he had to make a sort of detour to reach the hotel. The Magistrate, however, refused to consider this disorder and finally dismissed the charge.

It is expected that the other charges now pending against Fitzgibbon will likewise be thrown out of court, as they are groundless and are simply the result of the mean disposition of the hotel manager.

An open air meeting will be held this noon at Court and Remsen streets.

## STEAMSHIP CO. SUED FOR FALSE ARREST

Anthony C. Bennett, a school teacher, of Chicago, and a graduate of the National University of Greece and ex-schoolmaster of Dover, N. J., yesterday began suit for \$15,000 damages against the Austrian-American Steamship Company for false arrest and imprisonment.

The case came up before Justice Kapper in Brooklyn on a motion for the appointment of a commission to sit in Trieste, Austria, and take the testimony of Rubato Stuparich, captain of the ship, who is responsible for Bennett's arrest.

Bennett says that in August, 1908, he took passage on the steamship Africa. Due to poor service, he circulated a petition among the passengers to protest against it. He claims that the captain grabbed the petition from his hands and ordered him put in irons and confined him for twenty-four hours. In his answer, the steamship company says Bennett started a mutiny. Justice Kapper reserved decision on the appointment of the commission.

## WATER INSPECTORS HELD FOR BRIBERY

Two inspectors of the Department of Water, Gas, and Electricity, for whom the police had laid a trap, were arrested yesterday, charged with bribery.

On one of the men, it is said, were found marked bills which had been given to him by the proprietor of an apartment house at 325 East 51st street.

The men were John Schwartz, of Hempstead, L. I., and Richard Williams, of Bay Ridge. Both were arrested in the Harlem Court and were held by Magistrate Fraught for examination on Friday. Bail was fixed at \$2,500 each, and the two were sent to the county jail.

## THINK TO IMPEACH SEIDEL

### Proceedings Started Against Milwaukee Socialist Officials.

## DIDN'T FAVOR RICH

### So Old Partyite Says Tax Discrimination Was Practiced.

(By Lillian News Bureau.)  
MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 7.—Impeachment proceedings were started today against the Socialist Mayor, Emil Seidel, the Socialist City Clerk, Carl D. Thompson, and the Socialist City Attorney, Daniel W. Hoan, when Minority Leader Joseph P. Carney filed formal charges in the City Council.

The charges of the success of the proceedings are slight, as is evidenced by the fact that the committee named to investigate the Socialist officials is composed of five of the most radical Socialists in the Common Council. The hearings will not be started for a week, it is probable.

The charges are based on the tax middle. The Socialists have accused Tax Commissioner Frank B. Schatz, Democratic State chairman, a hold-over official of favoring the rich and discriminating against the poor in his assessments.

This charge, Carney says, is made to distract public attention from the increase in taxes under Socialism, which will be \$1,000,000 more next year than in the last year of Democratic rule.

What Charges Are Based On.  
Carney's charges of malfeasance are based on the fact that the assessments, of which the Socialists complain were increased by the Board of Review, of which the Mayor, City Clerk and City Attorney are co-members with the Tax Commissioner. The Carney charge is that the Socialists, through possessing when they set on the Board of Review, the information of alleged wrongful assessments, failed to make the corrections as provided by law, and now use these errors as a political charge against Schatz.

Summarized, Carney charges that Mayor Seidel, City Clerk Thompson and City Attorney Hoan are guilty of malfeasance and non-feasance in office. That they engaged "Tax Ferrets" before and during sessions of the Board of Review to investigate assessments.

That "Tax Ferrets" were engaged with the knowledge, consent and connivance of the Mayor, City Clerk and City Attorney and that these officials received reports from members of the Board of Review.

That Mayor Seidel and City Clerk Thompson are members of the Board of Review and as such neglected their duty in failing to bring alleged discriminations in assessments before the board.

Another False Charge.  
That the Mayor, City Clerk and City Attorney instituted investigations of the tax roll for political purposes and that they conspired and conspired with one another to the detriment and the best interests of the city.

The fact that the Socialist officials engaged "Tax Ferrets" to make investigations of discriminations in assessments and failed to make corrections known to the board, is the basis of the impeachment proceedings.

At the last County election Seidel's charges against the County Board of Review were dropped. Seidel's charges against the County Board of Review were dropped.

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SOCIALISM GROWS AMONG WORKERS

A. F. of L. Forced to Indorse Only Working Class Party in Country.

(Special to The Call.) By J. L. ENGBAHL. ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 25.—Socialism is becoming the political doctrine of the working class of the United States in spite of the high officials of the American labor movement.

One feels this more than ever in the annual conventions of the American Federation of Labor, although it can also be noticed at the meetings of every central labor body in the land.

It has been brought conspicuously to the front in the indorsement of the Socialist ticket in Los Angeles, an indorsement passed by America's greatest central labor body without one single dissenting vote.

The committee that made the recommendation and brought in the resolution urging that this be done was made up of Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor; James O'Connell, retiring president of the International Association of Machinists; and Frank Morrison, secretary of the A. F. of L.

At every opportunity that has offered itself during the present convention, and many times when there were no opportunities, Gompers has gone out of his way to attack the Socialist and the Socialist party, herding them as the enemies and the destroyers of organized labor.

Equally reactionary and bitter is James O'Connell, beaten for re-election in the machinists' organization by William H. Johnston, a Socialist. O'Connell, too, is one of the most enthusiastic supporters of the National Civic Federation.

Why did these men go out of their way to especially praise and indorse Socialists? There is but one answer. It was not they who did it. It was the working class of America, and especially the working class of California and Los Angeles. Gompers and O'Connell and Morrison, for once, were but the puppets in the hands of the ruling masses and had to obey the big will that they often seem to ignore.

It is easy to fight the initiative and the referendum by crafty and skillful methods that evade the question. It is easy to support the National Civic Federation among men, many of whom belong to it.

But it isn't easy to evade the question that makes Los Angeles one huge interrogation point, the problem of the political and economic struggle of the working class against the capitalist class of the Pacific Coast, if not of the nation.

Through the Socialist and labor press the working class has grown familiar with the terrific struggle. It is the class struggle stripped of everything that really is it. And when it was put up to the great American labor movement, there was nothing else for it to do but to decide to take its stand with it.

The American Federation of Labor, through its officials, has already indorsed the candidates of the Socialist party in other localities. But this is the first time that the American Federation of Labor, representing almost the entire labor movement of America, has placed itself squarely behind the entire Socialist ticket in a big city like Los Angeles, and against the combined power of all the forces that every old party on the field of battle could muster.

The workers of Los Angeles are fighting a crew of non-partisans in this campaign that contains everything from La Follette progressives down the ladder into the bottomless pit of reaction, where the venom of an Othello and the spleen of a Merchants and Manufacturers' Association, is generated in defense of the present order of society in which money talks, and the life blood of labor is poured freely at the foot of the altar of Mammon in the mad rush to accumulate dollars.

ONLY ONE BID FOR U. S. MAIL VIA CANAL

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—No action will be taken by the Postoffice Department until Wednesday on the one document received on Saturday as a result of the advertisement by the department for bids for an independent steamship line to carry the mails between Atlantic and Pacific ports and Panama.

While it is believed by the department that the one document received is from Bernard N. Baker, of Baltimore, proprietor of the proposed Atlantic and Pacific Transport company, the officials of the department stated today that there was no identification mark on the envelope and the contents would remain a secret until Postmaster General Hitchcock's return to Washington on Wednesday.

ANTI-BOYCOTT CASE DECISION RESERVED

Carpenters Argue for Injunction Against Union Wrecking Gang.

Justice Cohan in the Supreme Court yesterday reserved decision on the motion of Charles Maitland Beattie, attorney for the Joint District Council of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, to grant them an injunction against the American Anti-Boycott Association, enjoining them from continuing litigation against the Carpenters' Unions. Beattie explained that the Anti-Boycott Association was carrying on its business in violation of the amended Section 230 of the Penal Code, prohibiting voluntary associations from furnishing attorneys or practicing law.

He stated that the cases were brought by the Anti-Boycott Association for the purpose of breaking up the union by making it spend most of its funds in fighting court cases. The Anti-Boycott Association collects hundreds of thousands of dollars by assessing its members \$500 a month and can bring various suits against the Carpenters. Beattie said the "Five Guiding Stars"—referring to the leading men in the Boycott Association—were practically the whole association, who used the funds of the concern to do nothing else but bring actions against the Carpenters.

Congressman Littlefield, who appeared for the Anti-Boycott Association to oppose the motion for an injunction, played on the "patriotic" feelings of the Court, trying to convince it that the Carpenters were a band of outlaws and had no standing in a "court of justice."

He tried to explain that there were suits pending against the carpenters to stop their boycotts against the members of the defendant association, which is composed of employers of labor who are associated for the purpose of protecting themselves against a "common evil." According to the constitution of the organization, the members are to receive attorneys free of charge and no court, he said, would prevent an organization protecting its members.

Littlefield said the carpenters were an illegal organization which continued to use the boycott as a means of getting redress from employers, and styled it an "unconstitutional body."

W. P. Maloney, an attorney for the carpenters, in answering the "Honorable" Littlefield, said the carpenters are seeking an injunction, not for the purpose of enjoining the suits that are pending against them, but to stop the nefarious institution, the American Anti-Boycott Association, from continuing to practice illegally.

The Carpenters' Union never boycotted the goods of the non-union mills, but they were within their rights to refuse to work on non-union products. The suits started by the association were for the purpose of showing the carpenters that they were not allowed to refuse to work on non-union material, which is unconstitutional, as a court can compel a man to work on stuff he does not want to.

Criminals always seek refuge behind the Constitution whenever they are caught with the goods, Maloney said regarding the remarks of Littlefield, and concluded by saying he hoped an injunction would be granted.

SLAYER OF AGED LAWYER ACQUITTED

DOBSON COURT HOUSE, N. C., Nov. 27.—Thomas Kellam, the young lawyer, age 23, who shot and killed in a street duel at Pilot Mountain on October 12 H. G. Whitaker, an old lawyer, age 63, and who has been out in heavy bonds since, was acquitted of the charge of murder at Surrey County Supreme Court here.

The jury got the case late Saturday night, but did not agree till this afternoon.

TAFT REDUCES VERBAGE. WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—President Taft this afternoon sent the manuscript of his annual message to Congress to the government printer. The message comprises about 6,000 words, being much shorter than last year.

COFFEE. It is not enough that the coffee be good some days; it should be every day. Secure this continuity of quality by always using White Rose COFFEE. SEEMAN BROS. NEW YORK

CHINESE REBELS LOSE AT HANKOW

Defeated in Desperate Battle With Loyalists—Nanking's Capture Soon.

PEKING, Nov. 27.—While all indications point to the ultimate success of the rebels in the fighting around Nanking, the imperial forces again have the upper hand in the Hankow district. The American Consul at Hankow wired his legation here today that after the imperial forces had captured the rebel positions, the revolutionists fled to Wu Chang, whether they were being pursued by the loyal troops. The losses of the rebels are described as enormous, and it is added that the fighting was of the most desperate character.

Word comes that the rebel leaders around Hankow have appealed to the foreign Consuls to mediate with a view to securing a three days' armistice, so as to enable them to consult with other revolutionary centers about accepting Yuan Shi Kai's proposal for a limited monarchy. They ask that the armistice be granted at once. It is added that if the other revolutionary leaders do not agree Li Yuan Hung, the rebel leader, will seek to withdraw from Wu Chang to save the city from destruction.

SHANGHAI, Nov. 27.—The rebels captured part of the City of Nanking at noon, according to messages received from up-river today. The rebel success follows a desperate battle which has been raging since early yesterday. The town's complete capture is imminent. It is still being heavily bombarded, both from the land and river sides.

Nanking's Doom Sealed. Nanking, it is believed, will be practically destroyed. For twenty-four hours a rain of shells has been poured into it from the forts which overlook it on three sides and from the rebel warships in the river.

The quarter already captured was found in ruins. Corpses were scattered everywhere. It is estimated 2,500 persons inside the city have been killed. Of the rebels several hundred have fallen. The Garrison on Purple Hill showed no signs at last accounts, however, of surrender. The imperialist soldiers will be massacred if they fall into the rebels' hands alive, and evidently feel that they may as well die fighting.

Foreigners Assailed in Hongkong. HONGKONG, Nov. 27.—With four companies of the Yorkshire regiment patrolling the streets since yesterday, the Chinese upon European residents continue today, and more soldiers will be needed to keep order. Only under the eyes of those already on duty are civilians safe.

The Chinese feel that Hongkong should belong to them, and news of revolutionary successes have heightened their resentment at European control of the city. Europeans dare not venture into the native quarter and even in their own section anti-foreign sentiment is increasing and serious disorders are feared.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—There has been an especial change in the situation at Peking, according to a dispatch received today at the State Department from William J. Calhoun, American Minister to China.

TRAIN JUMPS TRACK; TWO BYSTANDERS HURT

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., Nov. 27.—Two people were injured and 300 theatergoers narrowly escaped injury at 5:30 tonight when the express train, leaving Boston on the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad, at noon and due at the Grand Central Station at 8:42, jumped the track at the New Rochelle station and tore down the heavy picket fence, throwing splinters twenty feet into the station square. The entire fence 200 feet long, was ripped up. Traffic was delayed for more than three hours.

One handsomely dressed woman who was standing on the platform, was struck by pieces of the fence about the legs and breast. She refused to give her name, and was driven away toward New York City in a taxicab. The other person injured is Angelo Lino, a roofer, living at 524 East 19th street, New York City. He sustained bruises about the legs and body when he was struck by a whole section of the fence thrown by the derailed motor. He refused to go to the New Rochelle Hospital.

ARREST BANK PRESIDENT. MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 27.—Following on the heels of the alleged confession of George F. Tongue, formerly cashier of the Night and Day Bank, that the bank continued to accept deposits after being absolutely insolvent, and that the affairs of the bank were manipulated for the benefit of the officials, E. L. Hendry, president of the bank, was arrested today and held on \$5,000 bond pending an investigation of the bank's books by State banking officials. Other arrests are expected.

IRISH PLAYERS FACE RIOT

(Continued from page 1.)

mained contented themselves with coughing and sneezing loudly and emitting a faint hiss. Toward the end of the play they tried to rally in a final outburst of feeling, but it was of no avail. The curtain fell to loud and hearty applause.

That ended the shindy. It had not the outcome that the enemies of the Irish Players had predicted and sought to bring about. A more futile, silly, and childish exhibition was never made by grown men—and women, for there were women who participated in this disgraceful scene, and some with more bitterness than the men.

It is safe to say that very few of those who thus disgraced themselves and their race knew what the play was about, and they cared less. They gave themselves no opportunity to learn, and they tried to prevent other people from learning.

It may be said that most of the disturbers, and those most vulgar and rowdy, looked like ward heeled and professional politicians. Lady Gregory, the author of "The Jail Gate," the beautiful one-act play which was given first last night and which was listened to without interruption, was interviewed and said: "We are neither discouraged nor afraid. We Irish are turbulent people when we are aroused. Perhaps if I had been raised and educated as our opponents were I might do as they are doing. We bear them no ill-will."

"As for their throwing things at the actors, all I can say is that they might wish they had taken better aim. A little musketry practice might be useful to them. For one thing this is the only audience that ever demanded and received an encore and we were glad to give it. Certainly, 'The Playboy' will be repeated. We have the intellect of the city with us, as elsewhere."

Representatives of the Irish Players and of Liebler & Co. said that the play would be given for every performance scheduled, that is, on Tuesday and Wednesday matinee and night, and Thursday matinee and night. Lee Shubert, of Shubert Bros., managers of the theater, gave out the statement that if he had known there was anything objectionable in the play, it would not have been given.

After their ejection, most of the disturbers assembled in nearby saloons and there vented their grievances. They also congregated at both ends of 36th street, at Broadway and Sixth avenue, but the police kept moving them on until they scattered in disgust.

All that some of them will have to brag about are the sore heads and aching bones which they received in the futile expression of their ill-conceived passion and distorted patriotism.

Five of the prisoners were fined sums from \$2 to \$10 by Magistrate Corrigan. Callaghan's fine was \$10. The rest were discharged.

LITTLETON HITS BACK AT CRITICS

N. Y. Representative Charges David Lamar With Interest in Continuance of Steel Probe.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Representative Martin W. Littleton, of New York, arrived in Washington today and immediately made formal demand upon the committee for an investigation of the recent attacks on him in the New York Press, in which it was alleged that he was too friendly with the big interests in general, and with the United States Steel Corporation in particular; that he was trying to hamper the Stanley committee and to have the Steel Trust investigation called off; and that he was betraying his trust and violating his oath as a member of the House.

In an interview this afternoon, following an extremely heated interview between him and Chairman Stanley, in which they are reported to have done everything but resort to "stickups," Littleton made the charge that the steel committee was being used as a tool by Henry B. Martin, secretary of the National Anti-Trust League and David Lamar, the Wall Street "bear" speculator, to depress the securities of the steel corporation.

"I charge," said Littleton, this afternoon, "that the attack on me was instigated by Henry B. Martin; secretary of the so-called Anti-Trust League, who has been consorting with the committee ever since it was appointed, and I will show that Martin from time to time has reported the progress of the committee to David Lamar, a bear operator on Wall Street, whose interest in having the investigation prolonged is to hammer down the securities of the United States Steel Corporation."

"I will keep up this until I see Martin on the stand. I will show that Martin last Thursday afternoon met Jackson Tinker, Washington correspondent of the New York Press, at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel in New York, and I was the subject of their conversation. A friend of mine entered and found Martin and Tinker talking together. Martin turned to my friend and said: 'I thought you said Littleton was "square." My friend replied that I said Littleton told my friend. "He is not," Martin told my friend. "He is receiving a big retainer from the Steel Trust." "My friend denied this and departed. Next morning the article attacking me appeared in the New York Press."

NAGEL GIVES NOTICE HE'LL INVESTIGATE

Tips Off Shanghaiing Vessels That He is After Them.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Secretary Nagel, of the Department of Commerce and Labor, has chartered a swift motor boat to catch the owners and masters of vessels, especially the so-called "oyster fleet" on Chesapeake Bay and its tributaries, who are alleged to be shanghaiing men, brutally ill treating their unfortunate crews, giving them unfit food and filthy quarters, and in many other ways violating the law for sailors and ships.

This action is based upon the recommendation of Commissioner Chamberlain, of the Bureau of Navigation, Department of Commerce and Labor. Commissioner Chamberlain's attention was first officially called to conditions in Chesapeake Bay by the case of John McNamara, of Williamsport, Pa., who, coming to Baltimore, was shanghaiing and turned over to Captain Aldie Dorsey, master of the oyster sloop Irene and Ruth.

McNamara was drowned in Broad Creek, near Upper Fairmont, Somerset County, Md., while trying to escape from the vessel January 6, last. Twenty-two days later Captain Dorsey was murdered by three members of his crew, two of whom received such severe wounds during the mutiny that they died before their trial was called. Shortly afterward an investigation was ordered by Secretary Nagel, and A. Lincoln Dryden, Collector of Customs at Crisfield, made a report which resulted in the arrest, conviction and imprisonment of the man who drugged McNamara.

In his report the collector stated that the appalling conditions revealed by the investigation are believed to exist in numerous instances in his customs district, and in portions of the other districts which adjoin it. He added that if his office had had at its disposal a suitable motor boat with some speed and living accommodations, such conditions could not and would not be permitted to exist.

Hitherto the revenue cutter Apache, having a displacement of 644 tons, and with three guns mounted on her deck, has been used in the inspection of the oyster fleet and other vessels suspected of violations of law respecting the treatment of their crews. But her size and draft prevented a setback in the majority of cases, as the offenders, in vessels having very little draft, kept to the shallow creeks and shore waters.

The motor boat chartered by Secretary Nagel was formerly a power yacht owned by Albert Likes, a merchant of Baltimore. It is finely furnished, with ample accommodations, a searchlight and a power tender. It is capable of a speed of twelve knots an hour and has been fitted up for this special service with new automatic gasoline engines. It will have a crew of five men, including Collector Dryden, who will start on the first inspection trip tomorrow afternoon. Mr. Dryden will have direct charge of the inspection. A notice has been sent in advance to all vessels in the districts to be covered.

The inspection will cover practically all of Chesapeake Bay and tributary waters and will include the following customs districts: Baltimore, Annapolis, Crisfield, Georgetown, and various Virginia districts bordering upon the others.

DOUBT THAT ITALY'S FLEET NEARS TURKEY

LONDON, Nov. 27.—The Foreign Office would not discuss today reports that an Italian fleet was sighted yesterday near the Dardanelles, but individual members of the department do not believe the story. They do not think Italy would disregard Russia's warning against the blockade, backed by other powers. If the report is true, however, they add that Italy will be in trouble.

PARIS, Nov. 27.—The Italian Premier, Giovanni Giolitti, told the correspondent of the Figaro in Rome that Italy was not in a hurry to end the war with Turkey, which will be carried on with the least possible annoyance to the other powers. The treasury, he said, had resources sufficient to meet all expenditure, no matter how long the conflict lasts.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 27.—Two Turkish torpedo boats which had been sent out to reconnoiter in consequence of the report that Italian warships were cruising in the archipelago, have returned to the Dardanelles. They did not observe any sign of Italian vessels in the vicinity.

BANK ROBBERS YIELD TO POSSE IN FOREST

LAWTON, Okla., Nov. 27.—After a running fight and skirting through timber along Red River, which has continued since early Sunday morning and which resulted in the death of one officer, Deputy Sheriff Charles Holtway, of Odell, Texas, and the serious wounding of a citizen member of the pursuing posse, Cutis and Walker Nichols, of Cache, this county, who robbed a bank at Odell, Texas, early Friday morning of last week and took \$3,800 from the bank vault, were captured at noon today near Jones Crossing on Red river, fourteen miles southwest of Frederick.

M. & A. KATZ DEPARTMENT STORE. 601-603 Third Ave., near 54th St. NEW YORK. Strictly One Price Store. FAIR TREATMENT TO ALL. SAVE OUR COUPON. They are equal to 4 per cent discount.

FLEGENHEIMER BROS. OFFER. Cabernet Claret } fine wine } 85c per bottle. California Hock } for table use } 85c per bottle. Extraordinary quantities in dry, red and white wines of guaranteed purity and grown in California. \$2.50, \$4.00, \$5.00 and \$5.50 PER CASE OF ONE DOZEN BOTTLES. soft quality, regular price, \$1.20. Port, Sherry, Malaga, Madeira \$1.75; special per gallon, \$1.20. Choice Whisky, per bottle..... 60c; per gallon, \$2.25. Pride of Kentucky, per quart..... 75c; per gallon, \$2.90. Thistle Dew Whisky, per bottle..... \$1.00; per gallon, \$4.00. Complete stock of imported and domestic wines, brandies, cordials, and California honey, 6 pounds for \$1. Try Our Tonic Port. It creates health and energy. Quart bottle, \$1; six bottles, \$5. Mail orders and orders from out of town promptly and satisfactorily attended to. FLEGENHEIMER BROS. 261 8th Avenue, near 23rd Street, N. Y.

WALL ST. GENTRY ROUT SUFFRAGIST. Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst is Nearly Mobbed by Moneyed Rowdies. That species of humanity universally described as "gentleman" is rare in Wall street. Despite the \$50 suits which the brokers, speculators and bankers of the district wear, despite their expensive fur coats, and gentlemanly appearance, they are rowdies through and through. And they showed this yesterday afternoon when they literally routed several earnest women who came to tell them—the men of affairs and "big business"—the grievances which women have against present day society. Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the noted English suffragist, thought she could help the "votes for women" movement by holding an open air meeting at Broad and Wall streets. So at noon she came up in an automobile, accompanied by Mrs. Harriet Stanton Blatch and Dr. Anna Shaw. No sooner had Mrs. Pankhurst begun her talk than there was a shouting and jeering by a dense crowd of men numbering 2,000. Mrs. Pankhurst pleaded with men to remember their mothers and sisters and men to be more generous more civilly. But this would not be tamed. Some were pulling down the pennants and which decorated the automobile. The suffragists, Dr. Shaw and Blatch looked around for a man to come to their assistance, but there was none in sight. They ordered the chauffeur to get away quickly as possible. The gentlemen of Wall street succeeded in mobbing for a moment the leader of the British suffragists. A little after 1 o'clock Dr. Shaw and Mrs. Blatch called at police headquarters and asked to see Commissioner Waldo. The Commissioner was not in. They asked the man next in authority, the man, too, was out. They finally succeeded in getting some "servants" of the people in the Police Department to hear their story. Mrs. Blatch and Dr. Shaw explained that they had suffered rowdism in Wall street and that was not a policeman to protect the "servant" of the people. It happened to be a certain woman named Porter, called up by Hogan, in whose precinct the trouble occurred. Hogan said that there was no trouble whatever, that everything was perfectly lovely in Wall street. The women left the police headquarters in disgust.

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The International Socialist Review

THE FIGHTING MAGAZINE OF THE WORKING CLASS. A Great Soldier of the Common Good. By CHARLES EDWARD RUSSELL. An appreciation of Wendell Phillips. In 1871 Mr. Phillips wrote: "We affirm, as a fundamental principle, that labor the creator of wealth, is entitled to all it creates."

"Affirming this, we avow ourselves willing to accept the final results of operation of a principle so radical, such as the overthrow of the whole profit-making system, the extinction of all monopolies, the abolition of privileged classes, universal education and fraternal perfect freedom of exchange, and, best and grandest of all, the final obliteration of that foul stigma upon our so-called Christian civilization, the poverty of the masses."

We Are the Revolution. By HENRY L. SLOBODIN. "Proletarian political action aims at turning the guns of the exploiters upon themselves. A Socialist in public office cannot do this by merely being honest and efficient. That he must be honest and efficient goes without saying. But this does not make him different from many reformers in public office."

What We Want—a Worker's Views. By J. H. FRASER. "Fight for the shorter workday. This is a rallying point where all workers can agree. The man who is working twelve hours a day seven days in the week don't need to read everything written on the subject of sociology in the last 200 years to convince him that it would be better for him to work eight hours a day seven days in the week."

Today's Victory and Tomorrow's Battle. By FRANK BOHN. The Steel Trust's Private City at Gary. By PHILLIPS RUSSELL. Other good stuff by William D. Haywood, Austin Lewis, Tom Mann, Lee Lang, James O'Neal, Charles H. Kerr. The Review Makes Revolutionary Socialists! It is the Best Seller at Socialist Meetings. Hundreds of Locals and "Live Ones" Handle It. FIRE YOUR BUNDLE ORDER IN. CHARLES H. KERR & CO. 118 WEST KINZIE STREET, CHICAGO, ILL.

DETRAYED MOTHER ENDS MURDER QUEST

Mrs. Rose Dvorkin Shoots Realty Operator in Cleveland Street.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Nov. 27.—Complaint from Lawrence, Mass., to avenge himself on the man whom she alleged had ruined her, a woman giving the name of Mrs. Rose Dvorkin today shot and killed Jacob Horovitz, a wealthy real estate dealer, on the street here. The woman was instantly shot and disarmed. She had fired the shot, but Horovitz was dead when picked up and carried into a nearby hospital.

MORE RADIATOR MEN GO OUT ON STRIKE

Because the Livingston Radiator Company, Broadway and 52d street, discharged two of its employees, the other twenty-eight workers struck in sympathy yesterday. The strikers demand the reinstatement of their two fellow workers, recognition of their union, and that fifty cents shall constitute a week's work.

SCION OF POVERTY A SUICIDE BY RIFLE

OLEAN, N. Y., Nov. 27.—Despondent because he had been out of work for some time, Charles Hancock, 26, a teamster, shot himself in his room Saturday night with a Winchester rifle.

EDISON'S FEARFUL INVENTION.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—A scheme for reproducing all of the President's speeches simultaneously in all parts of the country in campaign season was brought to the White House by Thomas A. Edison, who told President Taft about his device for making moving pictures "talk," which he says he has perfected.

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Always the best and cheapest. 110 BOWERY

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JEWELRY, DIAMONDS AND GEMSTONES. 100 6th Ave., cor. 26th St., Manhattan.

S. Schierenbeck

GROCERIES AND FRUITS. 100 6th Ave., cor. 26th St., Manhattan.

FRANK'S

Always Something New. 100 6th Ave., cor. 26th St., Manhattan.

MARGARET H. SANGER

WOMEN'S ORGANIZER. 100 6th Ave., cor. 26th St., Manhattan.

MARSHALL SAYS IT'S UP TO THE PEOPLE

Indiana's Governor Tells What a Candidate Should Not Do.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 27.—In announcing today that he would not call a special session of the Legislature to order a Presidential primary at the request of Senator La Follette, Governor Marshall took occasion to expose the plan that has been suggested by some of his friends to get into the Presidential race. He said: "I do not consider myself a candidate for President of the United States. That is up to the people themselves. It is for the people of Indiana to decide whether I am a candidate. They should be the ones to settle that question."

THINKS DR. GOMEZ IS REBELS' LEADER

Reyes Used to Divert Attention From Real Mexican Rebellion.

EL PASO, Tex., Nov. 27.—Adjutant General Henry Hutchings, of Texas, today sent a report to Governor Colquitt that he believes there is serious possibility for a revolution in Mexico. He believes that Emilio Vasquez Gomez is working up the revolution in Texas and that his brother, Dr. Francisco Vasquez Gomez, is at work in Mexico and advises received from Dr. Gomez himself admit that the plan is to carry out what he says Madero failed to do.

HOLD CASSIDY AND PALS IN BIG BAIL

Justice Scudder Fixes Bond at \$5,000 and Three Must Answer Next Monday.

Joseph Cassidy, boss of Queens, William Willett, and Louis T. Walter, Jr., were each held in \$5,000 bail yesterday by Justice Townsend Scudder of the Supreme Court, in Long Island City, on the warrants which Scudder issued for their arrest last Tuesday.

DENIES GOULD OUSTER.

Attorney General Cannot Dissolve Missouri Railroad Merger.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Nov. 27.

The Supreme Court of Missouri, in an opinion by Chief Justice Vaillant, today denied the writ of ouster asked by the Attorney General to dissolve the merger of the Gould lines in Missouri.

TRY POLICEMAN FRIDAY.

Council for De Borgman, Accused of Woman Assault, Gains Time.

SOCIALISTS ELECT OFFICIALS IN FOURTEEN GREAT STATES

Connecticut, Indiana, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Utah, and Washington in Sweep of Tide.

- The following list of Socialist officials elected on November 7 has been compiled by W. J. Ghent from press reports, which have not in all cases been verified. A revised list, to include all Socialist officials, will be compiled later. Some 500 others, most of whom were chosen in the spring, were already in office when the November elections were held: CONNECTICUT. Bridgeport—One Alderman. INDIANA. Diamond—Full ticket (except Clerk). FARMERBURG—Marshall. Normal City—One Trustee. SHELBURN—Secretary and Treasurer, one Trustee. Spencer—Marshall. STAUNTON—Trustee, Clerk, Treasurer, Marshall. KENTUCKY. Newport—One Commissioner. MASSACHUSETTS. One member of Legislature, re-elected (Haverhill). MICHIGAN. Kalamazoo—One Councilman. Saginaw—Three Ward Commissioners, one Commissioner at Large. MINNESOTA. Crookston—Mayor, one Alderman. Thief River Falls—Four Councilmen. NEBRASKA. Hayes Center—County Surveyor, County Coroner. NEW JERSEY. Camden (Center Township)—Justice of the Peace. Elizabeth—Two Aldermen, one Justice of the Peace. North Haledon—Tax Collector. Rockaway—Mayor. NEW YORK. One member of Legislature (Schenectady). Auburn—One Alderman. Schenectady—Mayor, President Council, Controller, Treasurer, two Assessors, eight Aldermen, eight Supervisors. OHIO. One member Constitutional Convention (Cleveland). Akron—One Alderman, 2 Assessors. Amsterdam—Mayor. Ashtabula—One Alderman. Barberton—Full ticket. Barnhill—Full ticket. Canton—Majority of Council (majority election contested). Carleton—Two Councilmen. Cincinnati—One member of School Board. Columbus—Four Aldermen. Conneaut—President of Council, 3 Councilmen, 1 Assessor. Cuyahoga Falls—Full ticket. RHODE ISLAND. One member of Legislature (Providence). UTAH. Brigham—Two Aldermen. Cedar City—Mayor. Eureka—Full ticket. Mammoth—Mayor, Recorder, Treasurer, one Councilman. Mantle—Full ticket. Murray—Full ticket. Salt Lake City—One Commissioner. Stockton—Constable. Tintic—Constable. WASHINGTON. Everett—Three Councilmen. Puyallup—Full ticket.

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RUSSIA ADOPTING "CIVILIZED" TRICKS

Duma Discusses Social Insurance and Finnish Military Indemnity.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 13.—The Duma is now discussing two bills, one relative to social legislation, that is obligatory insurance against work accidents and sickness, the other the Finnish question, the rights of Russia in Finland and the military indemnity. Although in the first question the government has shown the muzzle of the demagogic fox, in the second it has shown the ugly jaws of the nationalist wolf. In the insurance question the Duma has to choose between the government's bill and that of the commission. The first, while arbitrarily reducing the category of workers benefiting by the law, adopts, as an essential principle, that the cost of this insurance shall fall only on the employer, the workers; having no part of their wages withheld for that purpose. The commission, on the contrary, the president of which is Baron Tisenhausen, represents the class of great capitalists and middlemen and wishes to charge the working class with these heavy costs, the annual amount of which cannot total less than 25,000,000 francs. The argument of the commission's chairman, Baron Tisenhausen, differed not at all from that which in other bourgeois parliaments the majority's representatives always dish out to us when it is a question of the financial participation of the working class in insurance of various kinds. The Socialist and working class representatives without becoming the dupes of the government ruse, have made use of the support ostensibly given them by the speech of the governmental delegate refuting this argument, and by a majority in which were mingled the votes of the Socialists and the government members, the Duma is adopting the anti-capitalist point of view. Let us say immediately, in order to avoid all misunderstanding, that the conduct of the government formed a correct interpretation in an interruption. "Zoubatovchina" was shouted at the government delegates, an allusion to the system of Zoubatof, the famous promoter of police provocation, who labored among the working class and whose chief attainment, and the best remembered, was Pope Gapon of infamous memory. When it came to the Finnish question, Kokovtzeff finally appeared. He seized this occasion to declare that the death of Stolypin, that the "nationalist" idea still remained more menacing than before, the ax of the Czar's policy. In this case it was a majority of the right and of the Octoberists which prevailed. Thus are ended the fairy tales which, after the death of Stolypin, represented Kokovtzeff as a man who would apply the principles of the Octoberist manifest, which was to close the era of reprisals directed against the oppressed nationalities. The wolf has shown his sharp teeth and the Jewish, Polish, Armenian and Finnish working class—to whom, not so long ago, Kokovtzeff, making use of the pen of a Parisian journalist, was making soft eyes—will have to be on their guard.

BLOOD SHED IN LISBON REVOLTS

Two Killed, 24 Wounded, 66 Arrested in Riot Termed by Madrid Paper Counter Revolution.

LISBON, Nov. 27.—Troops are guarding the Presidential palace and the offices of the newspapers today. Further details of last night's rioting show that the cavalry repeatedly charged the manifestants on the Praca Dom Pedro. After the explosion of a bomb there, the mob invaded the San Jose Hospital, occupying the buildings of the former Jesuit College of Santo Antonio, whence they tried to carry off the wounded. The soldiers drove them off. Rioting continued at various points until 3 o'clock this morning, but during the forenoon everything has been quiet. According to an official statement, two persons were killed, thirty-four wounded, and sixty-six arrested in the riot. The statement attributes the disorders to "enemies of the republic."

AIDED EXIT FROM ASYLUM.

Ottilla Schneider, Who Shot Dr. Frederick Bierhoff, Recaptured.

SHARON, Pa., Nov. 27.—Ottilla Schneider, who escaped from Matteawan asylum last Tuesday, was captured here today by Dr. J. A. Allie and Detective Samuel Long, of New York, and is being held under an indictment for shooting Dr. Frederick Bierhoff, of New York, in 1906.

BEHEADED WIFE AND COUSIN.

KENOSHA, Wis., Nov. 27.—Pasquale Marchese covers in jail today, wild and raving. Undertakers are preparing the headless bodies of his wife and cousin for burial. Marchese justifies his act under the "unwritten law." Suspecting his wife of infidelity, he went home unexpectedly Saturday night, and found her and his cousin together. Before his two children he beheaded the pair with an ax.

BATHTUB TRUST "DISSOLVED."

BALTIMORE, Nov. 27.—The final order dissolving the so-called Bath-tub Trust was handed down in the United States Circuit Court here today. It was signed by Judges Pritchard and Rose, Judge Goff, who sat in the trial of the case, having filed a dissenting opinion.

BOUTS THIS WEEK

Fights Scheduled Here Should Furnish Some Lively Mixing—Fistic Contest Geo Thanksgiving Day.

By John J. HAAS. Fighters of Al stock are to be seen this week in our midst, as well as in other sections of the country. Tonight the Fairmont A. C. in the Bronx has an excellent card, in which the windup will bring together Mike Gibbons, a Western writer, against Willie Lewis, the local boxer. Gibbons two weeks ago made his debut conquering by knocking out Billy Shermann, the ex-salloy battler. He will find Lewis a different kind of "meat." A match has been arranged by the Mount Vernon A. C. which will undoubtedly draw the full force of Westchester's fighting fans to the clubhouse tonight. Young Sam Langford, of Mount Vernon, meets Shamus O'Brien, of Yonkers, in the main event. Al Palmer and Tom Kennedy are in great shape for their scheduled ten round battle at the Royale A. C. Wednesday night. The training camps of both men have been crowded with visitors, who have gone away marveling at the splendid condition of both men. Prices for this bout are from \$1 to \$10. Fifty per cent of the total receipts are to be donated to the Newboys' Home. Terry Mitchell meets Joe Bedell and Willie Shandler meets K. O. Sweeney in the two other ten round bouts of the evening. One of the best midweek cards that the Long Acre Club has ever held is booked for Wednesday night, on which occasion two ten round bouts are to be featured. In the first event Law Sheppard, who has fought such men as Murphy, Hurley, and Howard Smith, meets Eddie Smith, the whirlwind fighter from Harlem. In the other event Ray Simon, the Syrian heavyweight and former sparring partner of Al Palmer, clashes with George Wisner. These men met before in a six round event, and so interesting was the fight that Manager Billy Neuman lost no time in getting the men together for a longer bout. Owen Langdon, of Brooklyn, and K. O. Smith are the chief performers at the Palm A. C. Wednesday night. Both boys are terrific punchers, and a hammer and tongs warfare is expected to ensue in the Brownville sports, who are in evidence in large numbers whenever "star bouts" are put on by the Brooklyn organization. Danny Ridge, a youngster who has been climbing along rapidly, encounters Willie Rothwell in the six round semi-final battle. Thanksgiving Day Los Angeles sportsmen will have an opportunity to see a championship tourney between Ad Wolgast and Freddy Welsh, the English challenger. Wolgast is the favorite, his battles and wins over boys like Owen Moran, Lagrave, Memic, Hogan and Frankie Buras, of Frisco, making for him thousands upon thousands of admirers all over the country, who cannot figure, however they look upon it, where Welsh comes in as a winner. Packer McFarland has Tommy Murphy as an opponent on the same day in San Francisco. McFarland should win easily, as Murphy has gone down considerably since a year ago. Willie Beecher and Joe Bedell come together at the Irving A. C. in Brooklyn on the same afternoon. "Ab" Atell and Peter Kline are the main event of the National Sporting Club to entertain the spectators Friday night. That they will be the means of doing it is certain, for both lads know the ins and outs of the game thoroughly. Though Atell is the champion of his division, he will find that he cannot afford to "stall" with Kline, who last year gave him as much as he received in one of the fastest fights that was ever seen at the above club.

MORSE LOW IN HOSPITAL.

Convicted New York Banker May Have to Undergo Operation.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 27.—The condition of Charles Morse, the banker-prisoner of New York, was not so favorable at noon today. He suffered a relapse following his removal from the federal prison to the Fort McPherson Hospital and has not had any relief from his kidneys in twelve hours, and the doctors think a slight operation may be necessary. It is believed here that Morse will never return to the prison, as either death or a pardon will intervene.

CUT WIFE'S THROAT, THEN OWN.

BUFFALO, Nov. 27.—Charged with the murder of his wife, John J. Skinner, 55, is dying today in the General Hospital of wounds he inflicted with suicidal intent. Skinner went to his wife's home at Farnham, twenty miles from here, late last night and cut his wife's throat. He then plunged his knife into his own throat.

WEALTHY CHARLES B. CLARK SLAYS SELF IN HOTEL HERMITAGE.

Charles B. Clark, a wealthy young man, who graduated from Yale with the class of 1898, killed himself yesterday in the bathroom of his suite in the Hotel Hermitage, by cutting his throat with a razor. Clark lived at the Yale Club until two years ago. He was 24 years of age, and apparently prosperous.

KILLED IN R. R. COLLISION.

CHESTER, Mass., Nov. 27.—Martin McGraw, brakeman, was killed and thrown on the main line of the Boston and Albany when the car for two hours today by a rear-end collision of a locomotive and a freight train about half a mile west of the station.

The Frank Department Store

Corner 100th St. and Columbus Ave. We carry a complete line of Underwear, Hosiery, Suits, Overalls, Working Pants, etc. See our new line of Underwear. We allow 4 per cent on all purchases.

MANUFACTURER'S SALE

EVERYTHING for the HOUSE. THIS EXTRA HEAVY 8-12 FOOT BRASS BED. SPECIAL VALUE WEEK. Value \$27.99. NOW \$10.00.

300 PARLOR SUIT. Value \$100.00. Now \$30.00. 400 PARLOR SUIT. Value \$150.00. Now \$45.00. 500 PARLOR SUIT. Value \$200.00. Now \$60.00. 600 PARLOR SUIT. Value \$250.00. Now \$75.00. 700 PARLOR SUIT. Value \$300.00. Now \$90.00. 800 PARLOR SUIT. Value \$350.00. Now \$105.00. 900 PARLOR SUIT. Value \$400.00. Now \$120.00. 1000 PARLOR SUIT. Value \$450.00. Now \$135.00. 1100 PARLOR SUIT. Value \$500.00. Now \$150.00. 1200 PARLOR SUIT. Value \$550.00. Now \$165.00. 1300 PARLOR SUIT. Value \$600.00. Now \$180.00. 1400 PARLOR SUIT. Value \$650.00. Now \$195.00. 1500 PARLOR SUIT. Value \$700.00. Now \$210.00. 1600 PARLOR SUIT. Value \$750.00. Now \$225.00. 1700 PARLOR SUIT. Value \$800.00. Now \$240.00. 1800 PARLOR SUIT. Value \$850.00. Now \$255.00. 1900 PARLOR SUIT. Value \$900.00. Now \$270.00. 2000 PARLOR SUIT. Value \$950.00. Now \$285.00. 2100 PARLOR SUIT. Value \$1000.00. Now \$300.00. 2200 PARLOR SUIT. Value \$1050.00. Now \$315.00. 2300 PARLOR SUIT. Value \$1100.00. 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FIGHT IS BITTER FOR LOS ANGELES

Capitalist Parties Resort to Any Device to Defeat Socialists.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 22.—In their desperation, the opponents of the Socialists are using most despicable tactics in the municipal campaign now being waged in Los Angeles.

The latest trick was to hire a dozen thugs who are acting as strikebreakers, decorate them with Harriman badges and send them to "Good Government" meetings to create disturbances in order to give the press opportunity to show the "lawlessness" of the Socialists.

Their scheme worked well, because misguided friends of the Socialists who yielded to the goading of the lying speakers talked back.

This action has been magnified a thousandfold, and the daily press bristled with lies about the affair. The Socialists were undoubtedly hurt by the plot, and it is known a conspiracy is on foot to arrest a score of Socialists charged with interfering with fusion meetings.

A plot on the part of "operatives" is also known to be on foot. The plan is to create an explosion somewhere just before election, and in the wave of indignation that follows, defeat the Socialists.

Burns is expected to be in a grateful mood. George Alexander took \$20,400 from the city treasury and gave it to the detective.

Now Alexander is hard pressed; his need is dire. Every effort is being made to distract the public mind from the real issues of the hour—the steel of the aqueduct water and the grab of the Miner Fill in San Pedro Harbor.

Socialists are keeping their enemies on the defensive. Senator Winfield Gaylord, of Wisconsin, is speaking to about 10,000 persons each day.

Two more downtown storerooms are being used as halls. This makes four "continuous performances" with a combined seating capacity of over 5,000. Speakers are working steady shifts.

H. Delventhal GROCERY AND MEAT MARKET.

Flatbush Ave., Cor. Cortlyon Road. Telephone 51 Flatbush.

UNION LABELS. UNION MADE FRUGO.

Remember that manufacturers and dealers in union made plans always emphasize in their advertisements the fact that their plans are UNION MADE.



Always insist on getting the label.

International Bread bearing this label is Union Made. Ask for the Label when buying bread.



The above is a true facsimile of the Brewery Workers' Label. It is the only guarantee that the product is made by Union Labor; therefore, always look for the Label.

Workingmen, Do Your Duty. This is the Label of the United Hatters of North America. Buy no hats without it. It is a guarantee that the hats to which it is attached were made by skilled workmen under strictly union conditions.

It represents a fair wage and honest value. Don't patronize Retailers who try to sell you inferior non-union goods. MARTIN LAWLER, Secy, 11 Waverly Place, New York



Call Advertisers' Directory. MACFADDEN'S Physical Culture Restaurants. 125 West 12th St., New York City.

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FINE VIOLATORS OF STATE LABOR LAW

Sentence Suspended in Cases of Many Bosses Who Plead Guilty.

Staggeringly heavy fines, in one case amounting to as high as \$40, were inflicted yesterday in Special Sessions when the trials of violators of the statute prescribing the hours during which minors and children may work and the age at which children provided with working papers were resumed before Justice McInerney, Hoyt, and Steiner.

Of the 132 cases on the calendar, 92 dealt with violations of the Labor Law.

Included in the list were cases of boys and girls who had been compelled to work more than eight hours a day, of failure to provide proper sanitary conditions for employees, of employing persons under 16 years of age without working papers, and of failure to provide necessary dressing rooms for female workers.

By consent of Frederick Cunningham, attorney representing the State Labor Bureau, a number of the cases were allowed to go over to a later date for trial. More than a score of cases were tried, however, and in most of them defendants entered pleas of guilty.

Philip Farber, proprietor of a 5 and 10 cent store at 283 Grand street, pleaded guilty to employing a girl between 16 and 21 years of age after 10 o'clock at night, and was fined \$20. Max Solomon, proprietor of a skirt store at 11 West 19th street, pleaded guilty to a charge of employing three girls under 15 years of age after 5 p.m., and was fined \$40 in one case. Sentence was suspended in the other two.

Others convicted and sentenced for similar offenses were Samuel Shapiro, candy manufacturer, of 47-58 Mangin street; the Manhart Electric Supply Company, of 17 Park place; the "B Line" Furniture Company, of 320-322 East 95th street; Fred C. Mayer, a flower manufacturer, of 9 Washington place; Adolph Bennet, milliner, of 212-218 Wooster street, and Louis Epstein, grocer, of 132 East 83d street.

Sentence was suspended, after pleas of guilty had been entered, in the case of Jerome Herz, of Stein, Holzman Company, of 71 Fifth avenue, who employed a minor after legal hours; Antonio Portocarrro, a druggist, of 2953 First avenue, who employed a child under age without a certificate; Anthony J. Weing, a butcher, of 2296 Broadway, who employed a delivery boy after 7 o'clock at night; the proprietor of a 5 and 10 cent store at 1032 Amsterdam avenue, who committed the same offense, and in half a dozen other instances.

The case of Samuel Duberstein, a manufacturer of 13 Walker street, charged with not providing a proper dressing room for female employees, went over till December 11, to permit relinquishment of his place of business. He pleaded guilty to having no facilities at the time of the inspection on August 25, but said that he had complied with the law the day after the inspector's visit.

STANDARD OIL ON TRIAL. Trust Charged With Accepting Rebates From Two Railroads. BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 27.—The Standard Oil Company, of New York, was placed on trial here today on the charge of accepting rebates from the New York Central and Pennsylvania railroads on shipments of oil from Olean, N. Y., to Burlington, Vt. There are 144 counts in the indictments, laying the company open to penalties of \$2,500,000.

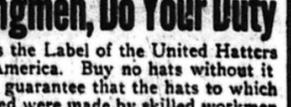
The railroads themselves already have been found guilty of granting the rebates for accepting which the Standard is on trial.

Drink "Peter Brew" The Wm. Peter Brewing Co. UNION HILL, N. J.

UNION LABELS.

Workingmen, Do Your Duty. This is the Label of the United Hatters of North America. Buy no hats without it. It is a guarantee that the hats to which it is attached were made by skilled workmen under strictly union conditions.

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TOT ROBS STORE FOR MODERN FAGIN

Louis Kreke and James Tonata Convicted in Children's Court.

Louis Kreke, a little chap, admitted in Children's Court today that he had robbed J. Schwartz's grocery at 341 East 104th street four times in a month, regularly and systematically, but when he was convicted, it developed that an older lad named James Tonata had threatened the boy with death with a dirk knife to make him commit the crimes.

Kreke was a member of a band in which Tonata, he told the judge, was the chief. A little while after they had gone from clothe-line robberies to the fire escape thefts Tonata, the Kreke boy declared, announced that inside burglaries would make them all rich. It was decided to start in on a series of burglaries at the Schwartz store.

Kreke rebelled and tried to run away, he told Justice Russell, but when the third member of the gang fed him him also, the bigger boy sought out young Kreke with his dirk.

"He threatened me with it against my ribs," the boy said, "and he wouldn't let me get away from him. I was afraid. I want," caught that time, but I had only a few dollars to divide with Tonata, and he said I must try again some dark night next week. The boys said that he would as lief kill a feller with the dirk for not doing what he said, and so I tried to hide away from him like the other feller had done.

"But he found me Sunday night, the fourth time, and when I tried to run away from him, he pulled the knife out in the street. And I went back with him, and he waited with the knife behind the grocery while I broke in and robbed it again. This time I was caught and was Tonata. I found two boys guilty and held them until next Wednesday for sentence."

EUROPE WAS NEAR BIG WAR

(Continued from page 1.)

ambassador's explanation in regard to that matter, continued Grey, made it clear that Germany regarded a return to the status quo in Morocco as impossible, and that Germany's real objective was a definite solution of the whole Moroccan question.

On July 2 Grey informed the German Ambassador that the situation created by the dispatch of the Panther to Agadir was so serious and important that it must be discussed at a Cabinet council, and on July 4 he told Count Wolf-Metternich that Great Britain was not able to take up Morocco, or to recognize any new arrangement arrived at without her consent.

A long silence followed, and the next conversation between Grey and Wolf-Metternich took place on July 21, when the British Foreign Secretary told the German Ambassador that the British Government adhered to his statement made on July 4.

Grey also told Wolf-Metternich on that occasion that the British Government knew that a rectification of the Kongo frontier was proposed as the basis of a settlement between Germany and France, and said he thought the matter might be arranged on such a basis without affecting British interests.

"We shall be very glad if this happens, and, in the hope that it would happen, we have hitherto stood on one side," Grey said to the Ambassador. He continued:

"But I had been made anxious by the news regarding the demands which the German Government had made upon the French Government, which, in effect, meant a revision of the French Kongo, and which it was obviously impossible for the French Government to concede."

"I pointed out that the Germans were in the closed port of Agadir, that they were landing and negotiating with the tribes, and, for all we knew, might be acquiring concessions. It might also be that the German flag had been hoisted at Agadir, which is the most suitable port on that coast for a naval base."

Grey pointed out to Count Wolf-Metternich that, in the event of the negotiations with France failing, Great Britain would be obliged to take some step in order to protect British interests.

Ramsay MacDonald, of the Labor party, which is allied with the Liberals, said there is an overwhelming desire in England for an Anglo-German agreement obviating future misunderstandings and the necessity for the present enormously expensive armaments. He admitted that he believed the English Foreign Office acted in good faith throughout the Moroccan crisis, but expressed the opinion that Sir Edward Grey's speech furnished a dramatic condemnation of secret methods of diplomacy.

BERLIN, Nov. 27.—The eager curiosity concerning the looked-for speech of Sir Edward Grey in the British House of Commons reached a fever pitch this evening. If the direct question of peace or war had been at stake the excitement could scarcely have been greater than it was while the public awaited the newspaper reports of what the British Secretary of Foreign Affairs had said in reference to the recent Moroccan negotiations. It was 9 o'clock this evening before the papers issued the serial extra editions containing the first part of Sir Edward's speech. These extras were eagerly grabbed by everybody who got them and were read in the streets, on the cars, at the railway stations and in the restaurants and cafes, indeed wherever men congregated. Not enough was printed to give a very clear and definite idea of what had really been said, but it was apparent that the first impressions were a favorable one. The local newspapers are having the entire speech transmitted by telegraph and it will necessarily be very late before the Germans will have it all before them. On this account it will be impossible before tomorrow to give anything like a comprehensive view of the judgment of Germany on the matter.

MUSIC

ERNESTO CONSOLO, ITALIAN PIANIST, ASSISTS BARRERE ENSEMBLE IN PRESENTATION OF RIMSKY-KORSAKOFF QUINTETT FOR PIANOFORTE, FLUTE, CLARINET, HORN AND BASSOON, IN BELASCO THEATER.

By Harry Chapin Plummer.

Ernesto Consolo, the Italian pianoforte virtuoso, assisted the Barrere Ensemble of Wind Instruments in the presentation for the first time in this country, yesterday afternoon, in the Belasco Theater, of a quintet in B-flat major for pianoforte, flute, clarinet, horn and bassoon, a posthumous work of the late Russian master, Nicholas Rimsky-Korsakoff.

Broad and essentially modern in its treatment of distinctive themes, this novelty, as performed by the little company of artists, met the favor of an audience of moderate size. M. Consolo accomplished an excellently tempered support for the brass and reed players, who gave a finely balanced delivery of the music allotted to their choir.

Earlier in the course of their generous program, the Ensemble heard in a delightfully characteristic Mozart serenade in E-flat, and in an exceedingly interesting "Danse villageoise" of the French composer, Emanuel Chabrier. An "Aubade" by P. de Wally engaged flute, oboe and clarinet to veritably idyllic effect. George Barrere, leader of the organization, was heard with M. Consolo in an "Introduction and Variations on an Original Theme" (opus 169) of Schubert, for flute and pianoforte. Replete with exquisite melodies and more exquisite ritornelli, this example of absolute music was equal with the Russian novelty in the liking of the audience.

"BOCCACCIO," VON SUPPE'S OPERA BOUFFE OF RISQUE SENTIMENT AND MANIFOLD LYRIC BEAUTIES, RENDERED BY VIENNA SINGERS AT IRVING PLACE THEATER.

By no means a smooth performance was that given by the Vienna Opera singers at the Irving Place Theater, last night, of Franz von Suppe's opera bouffe, "Boccaccio," but a not crowded house evidently found the presentation a pleasing one. Almost every one of the old arias and choruses, as famous for their risque sentiment as for their lyric beauty, had to be repeated, with such spontaneous enthusiasm were they received. The opera, perhaps the most popular of Suppe's works extant today, was tastefully staged and very attractively costumed. Except for some ragged choral delivery in the first act, the music was effectively sung.

The performance developed some notably excellent characterizations in the Flammetta of Mile. Georgi, the Peronella of Mile. Aug. Richter, the Pietro (Prinz von Palermo) of M. Pfeil-Schneider, the Lothering of M. Marlow and the Lambertuccio of M. Becker. Mile. Grete Meyer had the titular part, Mile. Vilma Conti was the Isabella, Mile. Pirk the Beatrice and M. Robert the student, Siegfried Glanz directed.

It was a special pleasure to listen to the solo work of M. Pfeil-Schneider, who, in "Boccaccio," had the first opportunity thus far allowed him to fully demonstrate his vocal qualifications. His singing and comedy were of a high order, particularly so in the love episodes of the second act. Mile. Richter, who has in the main been entrusted only with burlesque minor roles, employed her sweet contralto voice to distinct advantage in the trio of the garden scene, and in the closing act proved herself to be an artist-comedienne. M. Marlow was happy in the "Cooper's Song" which he gave capably and had twice to repeat. Mile. Grete Meyer and Mile. Georgi rendered with splendid diction and warmth of tone the duet of the last act, and enunciated most successfully the Italian text of its verses. M. Glanz accomplished good results with the orchestra.

Public School 68, 86th street east of First avenue: "Verdi's Opera, 'Aida.' Mrs. Caroline K. Goldberg. American Museum of Natural History, 77th street, Columbus avenue and Central Park West: "Robert Schumann: His Orchestral Works." Daniel Gregory Mason.

NEWARK, N. J. East Side High School, Van Buren street, between Nichols and Warwick streets: "Scottish Music and Poetry." Katherine Hand.

BOSTON, MASS. Ford Hall, Ashburton place, (8 p.m.), free concert by Boston Municipal Orchestra, William Howard director; Mrs. Emma Ecker Krauth, contralto, soloist. The program: Overture, "Ruy Blas"....Mendelssohn Canzonetta from string quartet, op. 12....Mendelssohn Romanza from opera, "Mignon"...."Knowest Thou That Fair Land"....Thomas Emma Ecker Krauth. Selection from the opera "Aida," Verdi Solo for flute, variation on "A Tyruller's Air"....Boehm Mr. Frank H. Eaton. Serenade Scherzo from "Rural Wedding Symphony"....Goldmark Vocal selection, "After," Emma Ecker Krauth. "Praeludium," in C-minor....Chopin

YIDDISH LECTURE RECITAL. Public School 11, Madison and Jackson streets (in Yiddish), "Water and Air," by Moses Minz; vocal selections, per following program: "Sandachs"....Schubert "Der Nussbaum"....Schubman "Leybik"....Leybik "The Village"....Leybik "The Village"....Leybik

PLUMBER TRUST NEXT. WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—It was announced at the Department of Justice today that Assistant Attorney General Fowler had summoned United States Attorney McCormack, at Los Angeles, to Washington, for a conference on the Plumber Trust. The Department of Justice, it is said, intended to file a dissolution suit, but the trust proposed voluntarily to dissolve. The trust is said to control all supplies in the Rocky Mountain and Pacific Coast States.

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PARKS AND HALLS. HARLEM RIVER PARK AND CASINO, 125th St. and 126th St., between 5th and 6th Aves., S. E. SOLE, General Manager. Labor Lyceum, 100 W. 11th St., near 1st Ave. Tel. 2-1111. Labor Temple, 200 W. 11th St., near 1st Ave. Tel. 2-1111.

THE WEEKLY PLEDGE FUND. For Week Ended November 25, 1911. Readville Locomotive Shop, Machinists, Hyde Park, Mass. \$0.35. English Branch Local, Schenectady, S. P. 5.00. Local Syracuse S. P. 5.00. Branch S Socialist Party, Bloomfield, N. J. 3.00. Harry Strauss, Woodside, L. I. 1.00. Group of Cigar Makers of Manchester, N. H. 6.00. Chas. Zetzelhack, Westfield, N. J. .25. Sam Knapp, Westfield, N. J. .25. Henry Wenke, Westfield, N. J. .25. Robert Otto, Westfield, N. J. .25. Paul Turschmann, Garwood, N. J. .10. Local Putnam S. P., Putnam, Conn. 5.00. A. M. Brooks, Rockford, Ill. 10.00. "Phony," Brooklyn 5.00. 15th A. D. Local Kings S. P., Brooklyn 4.15. Edmund Garner, Brooklyn. .75. William Hawliczek, New York 3.00. Joseph Myers, New York. .30. Adolph Manson, New York. .45. Dr. James Koff, New York. 4.00. A. D. Chapman, New York. 10.00. D. J. Koppel, New York. 1.00. Bernard Silver, New York. 1.00. Mark Lemons, Walton, N. Y. 1.00. Local Gloverville S. P., Gloverville, N. Y. 2.00. C. Buckerood, Elizabeth, N. J. Charles A. Carroll, Revere, Mass. 1.00. H. Aronstein, Chelsea, Mass. David Predmesky, Atlantic City, N. J. 1.00. 45th Ward Br. S. P. Local, Philadelphia, Pa. 3.00. James Allen, Jersey City, N. J. Fred and Richard Haenichen, Paterson, N. J. 2.00. Chas. Zetzelhack, Westfield, N. J. .25. San Knapp, Westfield, N. J. .25. Henry Wenke, Westfield, N. J. .25. Robert Otto, Westfield, N. J. .25. Paul Turschmann, Garwood, N. J. .10. Jos. H. Bentley, Middletown, Conn. 1.00. Readville Locomotive Shop, Machinists, Hyde Park, Mass. .85. Bass, Moynahan, Dorchester, Mass. 2.00. William English, Wallingford, Conn. 24.00. C. F. Mass, Brooklyn. 1.00. M. L. Lorents, collector, Brooklyn 4.00. Carl Bjorkman, Brooklyn. 2.00. William A. McWade, Brooklyn. Oscar Andriessen, Brooklyn. 1.00. William A. Held, Jr., Brooklyn. 2.00. Anna Witt, Brooklyn. 1.00. Employees Max Rosner Cigar Factory, Brooklyn. 1.00. Workmen's Sick and Death Benefit Fund Branch 276, Brooklyn 1.00. D. Weinberg, New York. .50. Dr. E. Berlin, New York. 4.00. Algernon Lee, New York. 1.00. F. Juskiewicz, Gloucester City, N. Y. 1.00. H. Bode, New York. .25. E. Meyer, New York. .25. Mrs. and Miss Berman, Brooklyn 2.00. Dr. J. Rojnick, Brooklyn. 1.00. C. R. Bean, New York. 2.00. Joshua Wanhope, New York. 1.00. Employees R. A. Bachia & Co., New York 3.55. Simon A. Bell, Passaic, N. J. 1.00. William Daving, Passaic, N. J. 1.00. L. Tannenbaum, New York. 1.00. Robert H. Edwards, New York Ernest Fehre, Brooklyn. .50. D. J. New York. 1.00. B. Greenbaum, New York. .80. Edwin W. Wheat, Employees Central Cigar Company, New York. 2.00. Harry T. Smith, New York. 1.00. John V. Storck, Brooklyn. 250.00. William Karlin, New York. 1.00. Julius Epstein, New York. .25. "Weekly Pledge Club," New York 1.00. Emil Brandman, New York. 1.00. John Brandow, New York. 1.00. William J. Guilfoyle, New York J. A. Behringer, New York. 1.00. Dr. William Rochlin, Brooklyn 1.00. Dr. W. C. Hager, Brooklyn. 2.00. Dr. J. Rojnick, Brooklyn. 2.00. Total \$123.15

BRONX Preparatory School TWO SCHOOLS. 1611 WASHINGTON AVENUE, New Waverly. 650 WESTCHESTER AVENUE, Corner Prospect, Johnson Building

HISTORY AS IT SHOULD BE WRITTEN. The other day a bust of John Marshall was unveiled in Philadelphia. You may be sure it wasn't working class contributions paid for it. In the great and consecutive capitalist process of grabbing the country, Chief Justice John Marshall was the capitalist's most and most pliant instrument. Necessarily, in this country as in all other countries, the was grabbed first. This was the first step in the development of capitalism, and other steps accompanied and followed it. Marshall was a land attorney and land owner himself. He saw in last Sunday's Call how he acquired the dubious title Lord Fairfax's confiscated estate. In further installments of Gustavus Myers "History of Supreme Court of the United States," the full facts will be brought out of the remarkable manner in which the Supreme Court dated Marshall's claim, and how it was way was areas of lands. The absolute accuracy of the Socialist doctrine of economic determination was never more clearly shown than by the facts in this important work. The Supreme Court, as at first constituted, was composed of land owners and attorneys for land owners. It is full of former railroad and

CO-OPERATIVE PRESS-PRINTERS. GEO. J. SPEYER & CO. 25 W. 11th St., Cor. Spruce, New York. Co-operative, Trade Union and Socialist

DRAMA

This afternoon 1,000 children, including the crippled children under the direction of the Board of Education, 300 from the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, and the same number from the Sheltering Guardian Society, will attend a special performance of W. S. Gilbert's play, "The Wicked World," at the Lyceum Theater. The theater has been donated by Mr. Frohman, and the company is rehearsing under the direction of Jacob Heniger.

Another benefit performance is the one to be given also this afternoon in aid of the Actors' Fund, at the Hudson Theater, when Percy MacKaye's comedy-satire, "The Scarecrow" will be given, with Frank Reicher in the title role, in which he was the first to appear last season. Albert Howson will appear as Dickon, and Fola La Follette as Rachel Morton, and there is a strong supporting cast, so that a good presentation is assured.

William A. Brady announces having effected arrangements with the Shuberts by which an early production of Justin Huntly McCarthy's romantic Irish drama "The O'Flynn" will be given in New York. Sir Herbert Beerbohm Tree appeared in the title role in London. The play requires about 100 persons for its production. Mr. Brady also proposes producing Fred Londale's "The Best People," which ran at Wyndham's Theater, London. In conjunction with this piece he will put on "The Gods of the Mountain," Lord Dunsany's fantastic one-act play that made a hit at the Haymarket, London, last summer.

Announcement is made by the Shuberts of early arrivals of Gilbert & Sullivan's "Patience" and Johann Strauss' light opera "Die Fledermaus." De Wolf Hopper, Fay Templeton, and other "stars" will be in the cast of "Patience." Fritz Schell will have the leading role in "Die Fledermaus." Rehearsals for both pieces are to be commenced at once.

GENERAL MEETING OF CREMATION SOCIETY

William Dinger, Jr., recording and corresponding secretary of Branch 84, Benevolent Society of the United States for the Propagation of Cremation, sends the following report of the last general meeting of the branch, held at 15 McDougal street, Brooklyn: "Communications were received from the National Executive Board in reference to assessments due and members who died during the month of September. Another was received from the Carpenters and Joiners No. 32 in reference to the unfair conditions of the carpenter work done for the S. S. Kresge Company's store, at Ralph avenue and Broadway, calling on us not to patronize them, and asking us to send a letter of protest. On motion the secretary was instructed to write them a letter protesting against the way they treated organized labor. The auditors reported that they examined the books and found the same in first class condition.

The financial secretary reported that two bills, one for salary and postage, 99 cents for herself, and another of 36 cents, to the recording secretary, for postage, were in hand. On motion these bills were ordered paid. Moved that bills be paid in the quarter when contracted. Under good and welfare, the following came up: Moved that the officers act as a committee to visit relatives of dead members, representing the branch. Financial secretary reports: Receipts \$5.05 for assessments and 95 cents for local dues. Total income \$6.00 turned over to the treasurer. Treasurer reported or hand the end of the quarter \$6.32. Reports were accepted."

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PUSH AGITATION AMONG THE NEGROES

Local New York Approves Plan for Campaign of Organization.

Local New York, Socialist party, at length taken definite steps toward extending Socialist propaganda work to the negroes of this city. Two months ago certain plans for this work were laid before the Executive Committee, which approved and referred them to a subcommittee made up of Miss Caroline...

The plan provides for the immediate organization of a new branch consisting of colored members and the establishment of headquarters in the negro district. Special literature suitable for distribution among negroes was also recommended and the work will be in charge of Hubert M. Harrison.

"BIG 3" TO TALK TO SENATE ON TRUSTS

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Elbert H. Gary, George W. Perkins and Seth Low, who are named by president of the National Civic Federation, have agreed to present their views on trust control to the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce within the next few days.

FIRST ANNUAL DANCE

Of the West Harlem Sunday School, Branch 5, S. P., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1911 (Thanksgiving Eve), 4:30 P. M. at FIFTH HALL, 1941 Madison Avenue.

OPTICIAN AND OPTOMETRIST, NEW YORK

DR. B. L. Becker's OPTICAL PLACE

DR. L. H. KRAMER, From the Peerless Opt. Co.

OPTICIAN AND OPTOMETRIST, BROOKLYN

L. M. KURTIS, Expert Optician

DENTISTS—Manhattan and Bronx

DR. JOHN MUTH DENTIST

DR. A. CARR SURGEON DENTIST

DR. S. BERLIN SURGEON DENTIST

Dr. Ph. Lewin

DR. WOLFSON SURGEON DENTIST

DENTISTS—Manhattan and Brooklyn

Children's Teeth Treated and Filled Free of Charge

Paris Dental Parlors Co

SOCIALIST NEWS OF THE DAY

All announcements and other matter intended for publication in this department must positively be in this office by noon of the day preceding that on which it is to appear. The publication of matter telephoned in cannot be assured.

MEETINGS TODAY

MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

Business Meetings. Branch 4—Turn Hall, 305 West 54th street. Matters of great importance in connection with changes proposed by the city convention will be discussed.

Women's Committee—Miss Jessie Ashley's home, 60 West 89th street. Prompt attendance is desired, as important business is to be transacted.

Committee on By-laws. The meeting of the Committee on By-laws, elected by the convention of Local New York, will be held this evening at 8:30 sharp.

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Organization Committee. The Organization Committee elected by the convention of Local New York will meet this evening at the headquarters of the Hungarian Branch, 351 East 78th street.

Meeting Place Changed. The members and friends of the New York Chapter, I. S. S., are requested to note that the place of tonight's meeting (November 28) has been changed from the Liberal Club to the home of Miss Helen Phelps Stokes, 90 Grove street.

Hand School Notes. Tonight the regular class in advanced rhetoric and composition will take place at 8:15 o'clock.

Minutes Woman's Committee. The Woman's Committee for Propaganda of Socialism and Suffrage met November 21 at 60 West 89th street.

General Party Meeting. The weekly general party meeting will be held this evening at 8 o'clock at Haviland Hall, 399 Classon avenue.

11th and 17th A. D. Meeting. The 11th and 17th A. D. hold a regular business meeting tonight at Haviland Hall, 399 Classon avenue.

Minutes Central Committee. The Central Committee of Local Kings met at the party office Saturday, November 25. J. C. Lipes was elected chairman.

DENTISTS—Brooklyn. DR. L. & L. HERMANN SURGEON DENTISTS

DENTISTS—Manhattan and Brooklyn

women Comrades to help with the work, and asks how same should be carried on, whether from the individual branches or from one central point.

A letter was received from Comrade Classens expressing his willingness to speak for the committee on various topics pertaining to the women question.

A letter from the Milwaukee Leader, the new Socialist daily, included five subscription cards, offering the paper for four months at \$1.

The proposed amendment to the local constitution relating to the holding of borough meetings went to a second reading, and, being adopted, was ordered sent to the membership for a referendum vote.

Moved and carried that the secretary communicate with the National Office and ask the general correspondent to have Comrade Stern's leaflet printed in larger type, same as that of the "Children of the Poor."

Moved and carried that the branches already working for the propaganda of Socialism and suffrage be definitely organized before new work is undertaken.

Moved and carried that Woman's Day and the moving picture enterprise be placed first on order of business next meeting.

The general admission tickets are selling well, but there are quite a number left. Each ticket guaranteed a seat and no more tickets will be sold than there are actual seats in the house.

The organizer reported that the editor of the Call had explained that the non-appearance of any notice in the Call regarding the McNamara Protest parade was due to a misunderstanding.

The report of the Auditing Committee was accepted, and its recommendation that the branches not returning tickets four weeks after any party affair should be charged for that was concurred in.

A motion was carried that we ask the State Committee to request the National Executive Committee to circulate petitions calling for a National Constitutional Convention.

Sixty-six members were admitted to the party. The delegate from Branch 4, 22nd A. D. protested against the action of Branch 2, 23d A. D., in accepting applications from people living in its territory.

A letter from Joseph Ettor, of the I. W. W., asked for a list of party branches. On motion Ettor was referred to the columns of The Call for the information.

A letter from the National Office stated that hereafter 500 Monthly Bulletins would be sent us regularly. On motion it was decided to subscribe to the Weekly Bulletin for one year.

A letter from A. Willets protested against the cut on the tickets of the masque ball. On motion this was filed.

A letter from the same Comrade inquired why \$2.25, which had been given a branch member to pay off a debt, had not been received by

the office. On motion the organizer was instructed to reply stating the particulars of the matter.

A letter from M. Zucker asked that we request the editor of The Call, the Forward and the Volkszeitung to address the Central Committee on the matter of Socialist Press unification.

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ERON PREP. SCHOOL 125-1ST EAST BROADWAY. Commercial, Regents, College and Civil Service Courses. Day and Evening. J. E. ERON, PRINCIPAL.

The National Headquarters, 295 West Washington street, Chicago.

Blank petitions for the old age pension bill, introduced by Victor L. Berger, will be mailed from the National Headquarters about December 1 to all locals and branches on the mailing list, together with a circular letter of instructions.

The locals and branches are also urged to make a special campaign for old age pensions, by holding meetings, circulating literature, and passing resolutions—such resolutions to be sent to the press, to the various Congressmen, to the United States Senators, and to Comrade Berger.

For the purpose of making this campaign for old age pensions a success, locals and branches should send for enough copies of W. J. Ghent's leaflet on old age pensions, to put one in each house in the community. Price, \$1.50 per thousand; or \$1 per thousand in lots of ten thousand or over.

State Secretary U. Solomon, of New York, reports as follows: "The Anthony Stenor, formerly a member of Local Green Island, N. Y., was expelled from the party on account of participating in the primaries of the Democratic party."

The following National Committee motion is to be submitted when supported by the requisite number of members: "Ellsworth Falls, Me., Nov. 22. I move that the National Secretary be and is hereby instructed to replace the name of the Christian Socialist on the list of Socialist papers published from month to month in the National Bulletin."

As reported last week, the following National Executive Committee motions have been made by Comrade Hillquit: "1. That the next meeting of the National Executive Committee be held at Washington, D. C., on Saturday, December 16, at 10 a. m."

"2. That Comrades Ernest Untermyer, Fred Warren, and P. Vlog be invited to attend the meeting, or to send such statements and evidence in connection with the Shoaf matter as will enable the committee to investigate Comrade Untermyer's charges, and to publish its findings for the information of the party membership."

The vote on the first of the foregoing motions is closed, all members of the committee having voted on the same. The result is as follows: Voting in the affirmative: Comrades Carey, Goebel, Hillquit, Lewis, and Spargo. Voting in the negative: Comrades Berger and Hunter. The motion is therefore adopted. The vote on the second motion is still pending.

Nominations for time and place of holding the National Convention of 1912 will close November 27. Immediately thereafter voting blanks will be forwarded to the members of the National Committee.

The National Executive Committee is now voting on a motion by Comrade Hillquit that Comrade Louis Kopeln be reappointed National Correspondent for the Socialist press in Washington for the coming session of Congress.

The National Executive Committee is also voting upon a motion by Comrade Hunter that the National Committee be requested to elect a committee to investigate the Chas. H. Kerr Company.

Advance Organizers for the Lyceum Bureau. M. J. Hynes—November 30, en route; December 1, Richmond, Ind.; 2, Newcastlle; 3, Anderson; 4, Elwood; 5, Lafayette; 6, Loganport; 7, Kokomo.

Edward J. McGurty—November 30 to December 7, Pennsylvania, under direction of the State Committee. Ernest Moore—November 30, Illon, N. Y.; December 1, Hickman; 2, Ithaca; 3, Norwich; 4, Cortland; 5, Ithaca; 6, Binghamton; 7, New York City.

National Lectures and Organizers. L. R. Carter—November 29 to December 5, North Carolina, under the direction of the Provisional State Committee. P. W. Gallentine—November 29 to December 5, Arizona, under direction of the State Committee.

Robert Rives LaMonte—November 29-30, Ohio; December 1 to 5, Pennsylvania, under directions of the State Committee. E. Sibiakofsky—November 29, Ironwood, Mich.; 30, Iron River; December 1, Iron Mountain; 2, Norway; 3, Gladstone; 4, Dassel.

J. H. M. WORK, Acting National Secretary.

CREMATION SOCIETY TO MEET. A regular meeting of the Benevolent Society of the United States for the Propagation of Cremation, Branch No. 54, will be held at 15 McDougal street, Brooklyn, tonight at 8 o'clock.

NATIONAL NOTES. Up to and including November 23 the National Headquarters has collected \$1,045.15 on the call for funds for the Los Angeles campaign, and forwarded the same.

A new edition of the national constitution of the Socialist party, containing the latest amendments, has been published. Price, one-half cent per copy in any quantity. Order from

Classified Advertisements

SMALL ADS THAT BRING RESULTS. Try an insertion in The Call, the most widely read daily paper. RATES UNDER THIS HEADING: 1 insertion, 7c per line; 2 insertions, 12c per line; 3 insertions, 15c per line; 4 insertions, 18c per line; 5 insertions, 20c per line; 6 insertions, 22c per line; 7 insertions, 24c per line; 8 insertions, 26c per line; 9 insertions, 28c per line; 10 insertions, 30c per line.

UNFURNISHED FLATS AND APARTMENTS TO LET—West Side

17th St., 212 W. (near 7th ave.)—4 rooms and bath; \$17, \$18, \$19.

18th St., 402 W.—3 rooms, hot water, steam heated bath; \$22.

114th St., 25 W.—4 rooms, bath; private hall; steam, hot water; handy subway; \$26.

117th St., 313 W.—4 large, light rooms; hot water; \$21-\$24; near L.

197th St., 207 W., near Amsterdam ave.—3 rooms, front; steam heat; hot water; tiled bath; \$28.

UNFURNISHED FLATS AND APARTMENTS TO LET—East Side

LEXINGTON AVE., 1400, near 86th st.—3 splendid light rooms; month's rent \$12.

202 1/2 St., 350 E.—2 weeks free; 4 large rooms; hot water; improvements; \$12-\$13.

1391 St., 341 E.—Private house; 5 large rooms; improvements; \$22.

53th St., 444 E.—5 large, light rooms through; hot water supply; improvements; bath; \$17.

207th St., 12 E.—5th floor; steam heat; all modern improvements; new house; \$22-\$23.

UNFURNISHED FLATS AND APARTMENTS TO LET—Brooklyn

WASHINGTON AVE., 1017 (near 103d st.)—4 large, light outside rooms; \$10.

130th St., 100 E., corner Southern Boulevard—5 elegant, large, light rooms; improvements; \$12.

161st St., 124 E.—Top floor; 5 light rooms; steam heat; hot water; \$20-\$21.

180th St., 344 E.—4 rooms; all improvements; single; \$20.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, Manhattan and Bronx.

65TH ST., 327 E.—Large, well furnished, light; hot and cold water.

MADISON AVE., 1332, near 104th St.—Large, airy room, steam heated, electric light and telephone connection, in private family.

107th St., 22 E., cor. Madison Ave.—Large, well furnished, light room; steam heat, private entrance and bath; use of telephone; private office entrance; fr. St. Berlin.

118th St., 22 E.—Kingsman front and back garden; all conveniences; reasonable; parties free; 2-3 blocks; Thomas 8-612.

DETECTIVES.

DETECTIVES—No strictures; no talk; only high class work; 37 West 23d street, Captain Sayer.

HELP WANTED — FEMALE.

HAVE employment for lady Socialist. Write E. E. Strivy, New Albany, Pa.

REAL ESTATE—Out of City.

PERSONAL.

BLANCO POSNET, Friday, Left Center E 6 and 7 gods, please communicate Call No. 15.

FREE LECTURES IN NEW YORK TONIGHT

UNION AND SOCIETY DIRECTORY.

BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES FOR PROPAGATION OF CREMATION, EXECUTIVE meets at 419 First avenue, New York City, every second Friday of the month, 7 p.m. Leo Marston, Secretary, 241 Schaeffer street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Headquarters: 34 Park Row, N. Y. City. MANHATTAN LODGE, No. 7, Thursday, 7 p.m. Temple, 243-247 E. 5th st., New York.

UNITED JOURNEMEN TAILORS LOCAL No. 599. Headquarters, 110 East 10th Street, New York.

JOINT LOCAL EXECUTIVE BOARD. 477 West 10th Street, New York City. Meetings every Tuesday evening, 8 p.m. at the home of Mrs. M. J. O'Connell, 477 West 10th Street, New York City.

BREWER UNION, No. 8, 3rd Ave. Meetings every Sunday at 10 a.m. at the Labor Temple. Employment office, 1011 Second Ave., New York.

BARBER AND COMBINATION WORKERS LOCAL No. 10, 10th St., New York. Meetings every Sunday at 10 a.m. at the Labor Temple. Employment office, 1011 Second Ave., New York.

BARBER AND COMBINATION WORKERS LOCAL No. 11, 11th St., New York. Meetings every Sunday at 10 a.m. at the Labor Temple. Employment office, 1011 Second Ave., New York.

BARBER UNION, Local No. 12, 12th St., New York. Meetings every Sunday at 10 a.m. at the Labor Temple. Employment office, 1011 Second Ave., New York.

BOTTLES AND DRIVERS UNION, No. 13, 13th St., New York. Meetings every Sunday at 10 a.m. at the Labor Temple. Employment office, 1011 Second Ave., New York.

BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS LOCAL UNION No. 14, 14th St., New York. Meetings every Sunday at 10 a.m. at the Labor Temple. Employment office, 1011 Second Ave., New York.

BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS LOCAL UNION No. 15, 15th St., New York. Meetings every Sunday at 10 a.m. at the Labor Temple. Employment office, 1011 Second Ave., New York.

BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS LOCAL UNION No. 16, 16th St., New York. Meetings every Sunday at 10 a.m. at the Labor Temple. Employment office, 1011 Second Ave., New York.

BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS LOCAL UNION No. 17, 17th St., New York. Meetings every Sunday at 10 a.m. at the Labor Temple. Employment office, 1011 Second Ave., New York.

BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS LOCAL UNION No. 18, 18th St., New York. Meetings every Sunday at 10 a.m. at the Labor Temple. Employment office, 1011 Second Ave., New York.

BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS LOCAL UNION No. 19, 19th St., New York. Meetings every Sunday at 10 a.m. at the Labor Temple. Employment office, 1011 Second Ave., New York.

BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS LOCAL UNION No. 20, 20th St., New York. Meetings every Sunday at 10 a.m. at the Labor Temple. Employment office, 1011 Second Ave., New York.

BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS LOCAL UNION No. 21, 21st St., New York. Meetings every Sunday at 10 a.m. at the Labor Temple. Employment office, 1011 Second Ave., New York.

BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS LOCAL UNION No. 22, 22nd St., New York. Meetings every Sunday at 10 a.m. at the Labor Temple. Employment office, 1011 Second Ave., New York.

BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS LOCAL UNION No. 23, 23rd St., New York. Meetings every Sunday at 10 a.m. at the Labor Temple. Employment office, 1011 Second Ave., New York.

BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS LOCAL UNION No. 24, 24th St., New York. Meetings every Sunday at 10 a.m. at the Labor Temple. Employment office, 1011 Second Ave., New York.

BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS LOCAL UNION No. 25, 25th St., New York. Meetings every Sunday at 10 a.m. at the Labor Temple. Employment office, 1011 Second Ave., New York.

BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS LOCAL UNION No. 26, 26th St., New York. Meetings every Sunday at 10 a.m. at the Labor Temple. Employment office, 1011 Second Ave., New York.

BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS LOCAL UNION No. 27, 27th St., New York. Meetings every Sunday at 10 a.m. at the Labor Temple. Employment office, 1011 Second Ave., New York.

BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS LOCAL UNION No. 28, 28th St., New York. Meetings every Sunday at 10 a.m. at the Labor Temple. Employment office, 1011 Second Ave., New York.

BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS LOCAL UNION No. 29, 29th St., New York. Meetings every Sunday at 10 a.m. at the Labor Temple. Employment office, 1011 Second Ave., New York.

BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS LOCAL UNION No. 30, 30th St., New York. Meetings every Sunday at 10 a.m. at the Labor Temple. Employment office, 1011 Second Ave., New York.

BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS LOCAL UNION No. 31, 31st St., New York. Meetings every Sunday at 10 a.m. at the Labor Temple. Employment office, 1011 Second Ave., New York.

BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS LOCAL UNION No. 32, 32nd St., New York. Meetings every Sunday at 10 a.m. at the Labor Temple. Employment office, 1011 Second Ave., New York.

Dockrell's Funerals

