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# The NEW YORK Call

The Weather.

SHOWERS; COOLER.

400 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

Devoted to the Interests of the Working People.

TELEPHONE 3202 BEEKMAN.

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## GENERAL DENIAL MADE OF ALASKA FRAUD CHARGES

### Taft Clique Hunts for That "Dick to Dick" Letter.

### PRESIDENT ANXIOUS

### Washington Stirred by Guggenheim-Morgan Grab for Controller Bay.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Why President Taft opened to entry the Controller Bay water front, transportation key to the vast coal resources of Alaska, was the question taken up today by the House Committee on Expenditures in the Department of the Interior.

Commissioner of the General Land Office Fred Dennett, and Miss H. F. Abbott, the Alaskan investigator who sprung the sensational charge that Richard S. Ryan, a secret agent of the Guggenheim Syndicate, through former Secretary of the Interior Ballinger and Charles P. Taft, induced the President to sign the order removing the land from the Chugach Forest Reserve, were on hand to answer subpoenas.

The committee expected Miss Abbott to elucidate her charge that Ryan, in a letter to Ballinger, declared that through the efforts of the President's brother, the President had been induced to see the Controller Bay matter as Ryan wished him to. The letter has not been found in the files of the Interior Department, but Miss Abbott has declared that she has outside proof of its existence.

Denial of the existence in the files of the Interior Department of the alleged "Dick to Dick" letter in which it was made to appear that Charles P. Taft used his influence with his brother, the President, on behalf of the Guggenheims, was made at the White House today by Secretary Fisher.

Can't Find Letter. Secretary Fisher declared that search of the files showed no letter from Richard S. Ryan, representing the Controller Bay Navigation Company, to former Secretary Ballinger, with any such postscript as charged by Miss Abbott, who is responsible for the publication of the story.

Secretary Fisher called on President Taft, and had his first opportunity to speak to the President regarding Miss Abbott's charges since they were published. Telegrams were sent to C. P. Taft's secretary in Cincinnati today, to search the files there for the letter in question. The President, it is said, has no recollection of ever discussing Controller Bay land matters with his brother. W. P. Fennell, acting as attorney for the committee, took up his examination. Dennett was unable to say whether or not the Controller Bay water front was the "natural and only" outlet for the vast deposits of Alaska.

A claim has been made, he said, by the railroad represented by Richard S. Ryan for a right of way from the coal fields to Controller Bay. Under this claim, which Dennett said would probably be held valid, the road will secure an eighty rod tract of water front for "terminal purposes."

Two claims of 136 acres each, one on each side of the eighty rod "terminal location," had been filed upon, he declared. "I don't believe these locations are valid," he said. "Under the law, locations on public land must be separated by at least eighty rods. I believe these 136 acre locations filed upon by J. J. Ryan and Arnold L. Sawyer are within eighty rods of the 'terminal location.' This would invalidate them."

Land Office Explains. Dennett said that when the executive order opening to entry a part of the Chugach Forest Reserve, as originally drafted on October 10, 1909, reached his office it contained a provision under which entrymen could not file on the land for sixty days after the order was issued. In some cases, Dennett did not know how this order was lost or eliminated from the order before it was finally promulgated. He admitted that its omission was a great advantage to the Ryan party who were on the ground.

Dennett declared he knew nothing of the famous "Dick to Dick" letter. When the Land Commissioner promulgated his testimony the committee adjourned until Wednesday, when it was probable that Miss Abbott will stand. Secretary of the Interior Fisher yesterday afternoon denied that Miss Ab-

## POLICEMAN FINDS WIFE DEAD, BABY IN ARMS

When Policeman Lewis Henninger, of the Atlantic Avenue station, returned to his home at 27 New Jersey avenue, Brooklyn, after going off patrol duty early yesterday, he found his wife dead, with their five-year-old son asleep in her arms. In an adjoining room another child, 6 years old, was sleeping.

The physician who was called could not determine the cause of death and an autopsy will be performed. Detective Ryan, in investigating the death found that Mrs. Henninger was an invalid and had left the Lutheran Hospital two weeks ago, much depressed because of her continued ill health.

A preliminary examination disclosed no trace of poison. That death must have come peacefully is indicated by the fact that the boy, asleep in his mother's arms, had evidently not been awakened.

What appeared to be burns were found about the woman's mouth. The police think possibly she may have drunk poison in mistake for medicine.

## GENERAL BINGHAM RESIGNS HIS OFFICE

### Bureau of Highways Methods Didn't Coincide With His, He Writes.

Gen. Theodore A. Bingham resigned yesterday from the office of Chief Engineer of the Bureau of Highways, of which he became incumbent on May 4 by appointment of Borough President McAneny. In the letter of resignation which he addressed to the Borough President, General Bingham gave as his reasons for resigning the fact that the methods he had instituted in his office for accomplishing things did not coincide with the administration of the Borough President and that he was not willing to hold his office further accomplishing no important work.

General Bingham was removed as Police Commissioner by Mayor McClellan on the complaint of Judge Gaynor, now Mayor. The Mayor did not object to his appointment to the office of Chief Engineer. General Bingham still has a \$100,000 libel suit pending against the Mayor and has won the preliminary skirmish in the courts.

Last night when General Bingham gave out the text of the letter he had forwarded to McAneny earlier in the day, he took pains to specify that there had been no break between himself and the man who had appointed him. "Please say for me that my relations with Mr. McAneny have been the most cordial," Bingham dictated, "and that I am leaving office with the highest personal regard for the Borough President."

"Has any action by Mayor Gaynor of interference or opposition led you to determine upon leaving your office?" Bingham was asked. "Positively no," he said. "I have not come into contact with the Mayor in any way, nor has he come into contact with any of my work."

General Bingham notified the newspapers yesterday afternoon that he would have a statement to give out to the press at his apartments in the Hotel Schuyler on West 45th street last night. The statement was in the form of a copy of the letter of resignation which he had sent to McAneny in the afternoon.

## "HOODLUMS RUN ELECTIONS"—CLARK

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 10.—"The hoodlums who run nine-tenths of our elections, cast their own ballots and perhaps other ballots are better American citizens than the 'fine haired' business men who are too busy to go to the polls," declared Hon. Champ Clark, Speaker of the House of Representatives, in an address before 7,000 Christian Endeavorers here tonight, and the big audience cheered his words.

"I would like to see a Federal law passed disfranchising every man who fails to cast his ballot at two general elections," he continued. "Again his address was punctuated with applause."

Further on in his speech Clark said: "I would feign believe the signs point toward a change. The time is fast approaching when every employer will share his profits with his workmen. The humanitarians will soon devise some scheme whereby labor will enjoy the full fruits of its toil. Wealth and power to crush the 'common people' will shortly be denied any one or clique of greedy souls."

bott had called his attention to the "Dick to Dick" letter. "I prefer to believe that Miss Abbott has printed correctly quoted," the Secretary said. "Because her statements in print, contains many flagrant misstatements with regard to her interview with me. No reference was made in this interview to what Miss Abbott properly calls 'the amazing postscript' in the Ryan letter, nor was this postscript even mentioned in this or any other interview."

## CHARGES AGAINST FOUR DETECTIVES

### Men Suspected of Coming Across Stokes Letters and Keeping Mum.

Police Commissioner Waldo suspended and preferred charges against four detectives who let W. E. D. Stokes' letters to Lillian Graham get away from them. Then the Commissioner wrote a letter to District Attorney Whitman suggesting criminal proceedings against the detectives.

The four are William S. Sullivan, Michael F. Walsh, Thomas J. Devery and William J. Flynn. There is evidence that they came across a bundle of Stokes' letters while ransacking after Stokes was shot on the night of June 7. But they didn't report their find and the first that anybody knew of the existence of the letters was when nine of them were produced by Assistant District Attorney Sullivan, who got them from Stokes' lawyer.

At least nine are still missing and the strayed missives were in the same packet with the ones that were finally turned over to the District Attorney by Terence J. McManus, of counsel for Stokes.

Under orders from Commissioner Waldo, who got to work in a hurry as soon as he learned that some of the detectives had fingered the Stokes letters without taking the trouble to report to their boss, Deputy Commissioner Dillon made an investigation yesterday which resulted in the suspension of the four detectives.

The Commissioner believed that Superintendent John Bloom, of the Varuna apartment house, where Lillian Graham and Ethel Conrad had rooms, was telling the truth when he said he saw the plainclothes men find the bundle of letters that was tied with a pink ribbon, and saw them take the letters out of the house. Bloom talked as straight as a string, according to Commissioner Waldo and Deputy Commissioner Dillon, while the detectives told conflicting stories and made partial admissions.

The upshot of the investigation was not only the suspension of the detectives, but the issuance of a summons by Magistrate Freschi for James Cummings, the Ansonia house detective, to appear before him this morning for examination. Nobody concerned in the investigation as to when and how the Stokes letters were taken from the Varuna and as to what became of part of them believe Cummings' story that he found the Stokes letters two days after the shooting. Deputy Commissioner Dillon says that if Cummings found the letters on June 9 they were put there just to be found. And something that Cummings himself said to Dillon strengthens that notion.

## FIVE WORKMEN HURLED TO DEATH

### Two Others Badly Injured When Crane on Steel Viaduct on N. Y. C. Collapses.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., July 10.—Five workmen were killed and two badly hurt when a crane on a steel viaduct in course of erection by the Conellsville and State Line Railroad, the new connecting line of the New York Central, collapsed this afternoon at Meyersdale, Somerset County.

The dead: Joseph Spence, Pittsburg; John White, Pittsburg; "Kid" Kennedy, Richmond, Va.; Edward Saunders, Bullitsville, Va.; John Scott, McKeesport, Pa.

## MAYOR GAYNOR SAYS A WORD FOR HORSES

Mayor Gaynor wrote to Police Commissioner Waldo yesterday, saying that many horses were cruelly overloaded and instructing the police to interfere in all cases. The Mayor said:

"The other night when we rode up and down the territory where the experiment of the fixed post is being tried we were both surprised at the number of dead horses in the street. I have been watching the horses ever since, and I see many of them overloaded in the most cruel manner. "Please take the matter in hand and have the police instructed to interfere in all cases where horses are overloaded, and, if necessary, make arrests."

## SUSPENDS SENTENCE ON THREE BOY BURGLARS

Three boys, all under 15 years of age, pleaded guilty to burglary yesterday in the Children's Court and were remanded to the Children's Society by Justice Russell until Thursday for sentence.

The boys are John Spinarelli, 14, of 834 East 125th street; Robert White, 14, of 6 West 134th street, and Romeo Spindal, 13, of 33 Macdonough street. Each was arrested for a separate burglary, and all three were committed Sunday and Saturday.

## "WAR" RAGES IN FRENCH CHAMBER

### Socialists Make It Hot for Government That Refuses to Aid Discharged Railroaders.

PARIS, July 10.—This city was started tonight by the cries of news vendors in the streets that war had been declared.

With the Moroccan affair in mind the crowds rushed to buy the extra only to find that the only war that had broken out was in the Chamber of Deputies.

There the Socialists, enraged by the lukewarm attitude of the Ministry to the discharged railway employes, had threatened to block the passage of the budget which the Chamber was anxious to get out of the way before July 14, which is the date set for a recess.

It was the desire to devote every moment of the intervening time to the discussion of the budget, but the Socialists interfered by presenting a motion calling for the reinstatement of the men discharged by the railways.

There was an exchange of bitter words and insults were hurled right and left. Much of the language was unprintable and this led to blows. In the midst of the tumult Blisson put on his hat and declared the session suspended. When it was resumed the government was sustained by a vote of 433 to 86.

## SHEDS LIGHT ON FIREWORKS GRAFT

### Fosdick Hears Witnesses Tell of Fourth of July Fraud.

Commissioner Fosdick got down to facts and figures yesterday in his fireworks investigation when he had his office crowded with representatives of most of the fireworks concerns in Northern Jersey. He found out just what the United Fireworks Company, the middle man who furnished the displays for Brooklyn and the Bronx, paid the manufacturers and what they charged the city. He also got a copy of the letter from the United which ordered an Italian who makes exploding things that look pretty at night to send \$100 worth to Alderman Samuel Marx at his place at Belle Harbor.

Audrey Love, president of the United, told Fosdick that this was as a gratuity. When Love and Hugh W. Kelly, president of the United, came into Fosdick's office the Commissioner had the contracts which the Italian makers had left with him, either in the original or in the duplicate. One dated of June 21 showed that for the twenty-four displays by the North Bergen Fireworks Company was to receive \$3,000 from Love and Kelly. For this the city agreed to pay \$9,490.

Conditions of Contract. The other contract was with the North Beach Fireworks Company, which made the displays for the Bronx. The United put itself under obligations in this case to the extent of \$1,750 for the fourteen separate good times for the folks of that borough. The city agreed to pay \$4,500. These contracts included not only furnishing the fireworks, but also transporting them and setting them off. Even at that the general manager of the North Beach concern told the Commissioner that he was making something like \$1,000 on the deal, and the president of the North Beach company figured that he would be ahead about \$500.

Considering these things, Fosdick can't see where any expense came in the middle men. The bond of \$1,000 which they gave for the fulfillment of the contract, he learned yesterday, cost them \$35. Love's testimony, which the Commissioner was very anxious to get, consisted mostly of a denial that he had agreed to divide the profits with any one outside the United, or that he had been approached with the view of slipping a bit to any one. The Commissioner has been told by two other concerns that they were so approached by an Alderman's friends.

Willing to Appear. Another phase of the investigation cleared up yesterday was the connection with the case of Michael Nanna, a northern Jersey manufacturer, who made affidavit that he had sold the fireworks to Love and Kelly. They issued a statement last Friday in which they said they didn't know him. The Commissioner found yesterday that Nanna, who is very imperfect in English, had got mixed up. He was really one of the subcontractors and the United's contracts had been with men higher up in the business.

Walter C. Booth, of the law firm of Kelly & Booth, counsel for the United, issued another statement yesterday in which he said that his clients had come to the Commissioner as soon as they heard they were wanted and that they hadn't avoided service.

## COONEY BATHS OPEN SATURDAY

There will be imposing ceremonies at the formal opening of the \$127,000 municipal bathing pavilion at Coney Island next Saturday, when the men's side of the magnificent three-story terra cotta structure will be ready for the public. A committee of Brooklyn citizens will receive a number of the officials of the Greater City at the bathhouse.

## ICE MAGGATES SCORCH THE POOR

### Trust Creates Famine to Boost Prices, While Consumers Suffer.

The Ice Trust yesterday showed New Yorkers, especially the New Yorkers of the tenements on the sweltering East Side, who was boss around these parts.

Ice was at a premium in most of the congested districts of the city.

This ice famine, was, of course, artificially created by the Ice Trust for the purpose of reaping a golden harvest from the penitents of the poor after they had been driven to desperation by the heat. The ice supply is large. The winter was far from warm and plenty of ice was stored.

But at the distributing station in New York City the supply of ice was kept low in order that the trust might exact abnormally high prices. That it is succeeding in this was evident yesterday when small dealers of the East Side flocked by scores to the East 31st street dock of the Knickerbocker Ice Company—the Ice Trust—and clamored for ice, offering to pay \$1.25 for a cake which ordinarily costs only about one-fourth of that price, but could not get it. The trust claimed that it was short of ice and must have it for its own reasons first.

The prices which the trust has been exacting for ice has reached as high as \$12 a ton, it was said, yesterday. While the trust was making the pitiful plaint that it had no ice on hand and could not supply the small dealers of the tenement districts, thousands of tons of ice were lying available on barges on the Hudson and all that was necessary was for the trust officials to order these tugboats, to which the barges filled with ice were strung, to come to the distributing stations and unload.

Instead, the trust officials gave orders to the captains of these boats to proceed to the city as slowly as possible. While virtually throttling the people of the tenement districts by creating the artificial ice famine, the Ice Trust is at the same time playing for the favor of the charitable organizations. It honors all charity tickets presented, and in that way hopes to shove itself from the criticism of philanthropists and reformers who would otherwise have raised a howl.

All day yesterday the soda fountains on the East Side were besieged by people who thought that at the stand they would be able to get a drink of cold water. But they were disappointed. The soda which these stands dished out was sickening, for there was no ice to keep it cold. The small ice dealers likewise had a miserable day. They did practically no business, and if the tactics of the trust keep up much longer many a small dealer will be forced out of his business and will probably lose the few dollars he invested in fixing up a basement for his ice.

## CLAIMS WHITLOCK CONFISCATED ICE

### Forest City Dealer in Frozen Water Declares Mayor of Toledo Used "Direct Action."

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 10.—President Norvell, of the City Ice Delivery Company, called upon Mayor Baehr today to help him recover 4,000 tons of ice which he charged had been confiscated at Toledo on the order of Mayor Brand Whitlock. The ice, he said, was on its way to Cleveland, and would have profoundly affected the local situation had it arrived.

Baehr telegraphed to Toledo that suit would be brought against the Toledo Ice and Fuel Company unless the 4,000 tons were sent on at once. "I don't blame Whitlock, if he ordered the confiscation," Baehr commented. "I have done the same thing under the circumstances."

Mayor Whitlock's secretary at Toledo said Whitlock had nothing to do with the confiscation of Norvell's ice. Norvell's story was that he had ordered the 4,000 tons from Lake Whittemore through the Toledo Ice Company, and that the Toledo people seized the whole consignment when it reached the town Sunday. He said he had knowledge that Whitlock ordered the seizure.

Grim famine threatens the city's poor because of the great ice shortage. Thousands of dollars' worth of foodstuffs were dumped into garbage wagons today, spoiled by lack of ice. Eggs rotted by the thousand dozens. Butchers found the meat decaying in their refrigerators. Fresh foods began to rot in price.

## INDIANAPOLIS GRAND JURY AFTER ICE TRUST

INDIANAPOLIS, July 10.—The increase of 5 cents per hundred pounds by ice dealers on three consecutive days and the charge by one dealer that attempts were made to force him into the combination, have caused the prosecutor to present the case to the Grand Jury, under the State Anti-Trust Law, and an investigation will be undertaken at once.

The companies claim that the continued hot weather has exhausted their surplus stock and that they are not able to supply the demand. The price of ice earlier in the season was 30 cents per hundred, but it is now 45. Patrons are being served now with only one-half the amount they order, the dealers advise, they have not enough to meet the demand.

## MAN WHO ASKED FOR \$100 A MYSTERY

William J. Norwood, the well dressed young man who gained admittance to the home of Principal Julius M. Winslow of the high school at Ridgefield Park, N. J., Sunday and who is now in the Hackensack jail in default of \$1,000 bail for demanding \$100 under threat, has proven himself a mysterious character.

County Clerk C. F. Thompson of Ridgefield Park and Justice Griegs endeavored for an hour yesterday to learn why Norwood made such a demand on Professor Winslow, but he refused to tell them.

"If Mr. Winslow does not withdraw this charge and cause my release I will tell a few things that will astound his friends," said the intelligent prisoner. "He says he doesn't know me, but he knows better."

Professor Winslow was formerly located at Leavenworth, Kan., and Norwood said he knew considerable about the military academy there.

## KIEF AUTHORITIES ON RIGHT TRACK

### Arrest Stepfather of Boy Alleged to Have Been Slain by Jews.

KIEF, July 10.—The police have arrested Prikhodko, stepfather of Yuschinsky, the boy whose mutilated body was found in a cave near here in February.

The authorities have also confiscated pamphlets in a number of cities, in which the writers called upon the Russians to massacre Jews and avenge the murder of the Yuschinsky boy, for whose death they blamed the Jews.

The arrest of Prikhodko, who more than likely is the murderer of the Yuschinsky boy, may lift the pall which is hanging over thousands of Jews in Russia.

Just before the Passover holiday, the Yuschinsky boy was found most brutally murdered and mutilated. The Black Hundred then spread charges broadcast that Jews had killed the boy to comply with certain religious fanatical customs.

Jewish representatives time and again appealed to the government telling how absurd the charges were that Jews need Christian blood for the Passover, how it was disproved centuries ago in all civilized lands.

But the government was slow to act and thousands of Jews in Kief and all over Russia lived in terror of another massacre.

By arresting the boy's stepfather the Russian authorities are at last yielding to a strong chain of evidence which was apparent from the moment that the murdered boy's body was found and which pointed to his stepfather as the murderer.

The boy's stepfather, Prikhodko, is a rabid Jew-baiter and there are many circumstances which point to him as the murderer of his stepson in an effort to kill two birds with one stone, so to say—killing himself of the child whom he did not love and provoking a massacre upon Jews.

## MORE RECIPROCITY AMENDMENTS DEAD

### Senate Quickly Votes Down Proposed "Improvements" of Cummins and Simmons—Insurgents Helpless.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The Senate today disposed of the Cummins and Simmons amendments to the Canadian reciprocity bill by voting them down. The roll was called on several of the amendments. On one vote the opposition to the treaty mustered 19 votes to 38 on the other side. This was their greatest strength.

This vote was cast on an amendment giving the President power to revoke the duties proposed under the agreement at any time that Canada might abrogate the treaty and restore the schedule rates as they now exist. On other votes the opposition to the treaty cast from 12 to 14 votes. Senator Torson, of Louisiana, today refused to vote for any more of the amendments. He said he had voted for the amendment on Saturday, but would refrain from voting in the future. This reduced Cummins' Democratic following to two, Bailey and Simmons.

The voting today, as on Saturday, demonstrated the hopelessness of the effort of the insurgent Republicans to amend the reciprocity bill.

## MANCHESTER IS NOW WORKING AGAIN

MANCHESTER, July 10.—All the labor troubles here have now been settled. The shop canal dispute was practically arranged a few days ago, but the men employed there held out until the other strikers were satisfied. George R. Askwith, Controller General of Labor, representing the Board of Trade, continued his conferences with the two parties concerned in the dispute until yesterday before a final settlement was reached which included all sections. The Lord Mayor finally announced that all the men had agreed to resume work immediately.

## PUBLIC SCHOOLS BEYOND REACH OF THESE CHILDREN

### Youngsters Get Working Papers Before Finishing 8th Grade.

### DRIVEN BY WANT

### Education of Future Citizens Wofully Stunted by Poverty.

That even the public school, the lowest of our educational institutions, is no longer accessible to most children of working class parents in New York is the startling fact brought to light during the last few days at the offices of the Board of Health, where thousands of boys and girls have been standing in solid lines waiting for the age certificates which entitle them to go out and hunt for a job.

Not one of the children who are given working certificates which will land them in shops and factories to the end of their days have actually graduated from the public schools. The great majority of children still have two or three more grades to complete before they will be entitled to a diploma.

"We have no figures compiled as to what the educational status of the children is by grades," Dr. Jacob Sobel, chief of the Borough of Manhattan, said. "But my observation is that the great majority of children 14 years old who come to ask for their working papers have not finished the eight grades."

### Obey Call of Pe

That most of these children are far even from possessing the merest rudiments of elementary schooling is evident from the nature of the "educational test" which the Board of Health puts up for them. The test consists of asking the 14-year-old boy or girl to write a simple little sentence. Generally a child from the third or fourth grade can write the sentence without difficulty.

The explanation given for so few children having public school diplomas is that they are "foreign born" and hence came too late to get through school by the time they reach the age of 14.

As a matter of fact, however, the explanation is wrong. Comparatively few children in New York graduate from the public schools at 14. They generally do not get through the eight grades until they are 15, or even 18. The registration at the high schools and colleges proves it conclusively. There are few children of 14 entering high school and few boys and girls of 16 entering college. Fifteen and 14 for high school and 19 or 20 for college is the rule.

Where the parents are able to do so they let their children go to school until they graduate. The children who come for working papers, however, are children of parents whom poverty has forced to barter away their children's future for a crust of bread in the present.

And the number of these children is increasing. The figures for 1910 show that 15,537 children of 14 have been given working papers in that year. The year 1911, officials said yesterday, is to be the record breaker in the number of children who will seek working papers. It is estimated that something like 25,000 will apply for papers, though not all of them will get them. Only the children are given the privilege to enter the ranks of the shop and factory toilers who can show that they weigh 50 pounds and are 4 feet 8 inches tall.

### Must Help Sick Parents.

Another thing which the public at large does not know is the fact that working papers are not got only at this time of the year. They are got all the year around, though at this time they are applied for in greater numbers.

This means that thousands of children leave school not at the end of their graduation, not even at the end of a term, but as soon as they reach the age of 14. No matter whether this is only a month after school started, they drop their books and rush for the age certificate so as to be able to go to work.

What causes the parents to deprive their children from even the meager smattering of an education? An answer is found by looking into the faces of the parents, especially the fathers, who come with their children for working papers. The father is in nearly every case a man who has been given his "working papers" from some shop or factory either because he had reached the age limit or because his illness has broken him down.



# SCABS STRIKE IN LEATHER SHOPS

## Make Demands for Higher Wages and Station Pickets Around Plant.

A novel strike took place in one of the struck leather shops yesterday, when twenty-two scabs employed by Fischel & Co., 123 Mercer street, walked out from the shop and made a demand for higher wages, according to a statement made at the strike headquarters. The strikers declared that most of the strikebreaking strikers are Italians who were taken in the shop after the old employees struck and paid \$1 a day.

The scabs have now made a demand for an increase in wages to \$2 and \$3 a day, and they stationed pickets around the shop. They declared yesterday that they would not go to work unless their demands were granted. The strikers were greatly surprised yesterday when they called on picket duty and found the strikebreakers picketing the shop.

Six strikebreakers who were employed by H. Lefkowitz, 45 West 4th street, called at the union office and applied for membership, promising that they would not go back to the shop. They told the union organizers that they were locked in like peons and that letters sent by them to their wives were not received. They said that several other men had deserted the shop, but that they were ashamed to call at the union headquarters.

Sam Miller, a striker, while picketing the shop of the Progressive Leather Works, 59 Prince street, was arrested at the behest of one of the employers and charged with disorderly conduct.

He was taken to the Jefferson Market Court where he was fined \$2. The strikers declared yesterday that Miller was arrested because he has been a loyal union man, and that the bosses therefore had him arrested for revenge. They say they will appeal the case and sue the firm for false arrest.

The strikers also complain that Morganstern & Brill, 465 Broome street, also keep their strikebreakers locked in the shop, and they say they will call on the Board of Health and file a complaint for allowing men to sleep in factories. The union will hold a mass meeting at the end of this week, where steps for a general tie up of the entire fancy leather goods industry will be taken.

# RESOLUTION ON RESERVOIRS PASSED

## Assembly Votes in Favor of Measure Proposing Amendment to State Constitution.

ALBANY, July 10.—The Assembly today passed Senator Burd's concurrent resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution in relation to storage reservoirs and hydraulic developments in the forest preserve. The resolution gives the Legislature authority by general laws to provide for the use of not exceeding 3 per cent of lands of the State forest preserve for the construction and maintenance of reservoirs for municipal water supply, for the canals of the State and to regulate the flow of streams. Such reservoirs shall be constructed, owned and controlled by the State.

The resolution also provides that such reservoirs shall always be operated by the State and the Legislature shall provide for a charge upon the property and municipality benefited for a reasonable return to the State upon the value of the rights and property of the State used and the services of the State rendered. This concurrent resolution must pass the Legislature of 1913 and then be submitted to the people.

# KILLED BY AUTO IN JERSEY.

Charles Clifford, of Plainfield, was run down and killed by an automobile owned and driven by John O. Wilson, a lawyer, of Camden, yesterday. The accident occurred near Plainfield on Park avenue, just across the county line. In the car with Wilson was Harvey S. Carr, also a lawyer of Camden. He leaped from the car and was bruised and lacerated.

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- International Socialism, Service (one year), \$1.00
- Total, \$2.50

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# STATE CONVENTION OF PRINTERS OPENS

## Delegates From all Parts of New York Gather at Utica to Discuss Important Matters.

UTICA, N. Y., July 10.—The State Convention of the Allied Printing Trades Council, with delegates present from all sections of the State, opened here today.

The convention in addition to other important matters will consider the organization of various locals in this city and vicinity. Some time ago several of these smaller bodies withdrew from the main organization and an attempt will be made to secure their return and allegiance.

The Allied Printing Trades Council includes representatives from all the industrial organizations whose members are connected in any way with the manufacture of papers or books. The convention will be in session until Friday. Thomas S. Fitzgerald, of Albany, is presiding.

# DRAW PHILA. MAYOR IN BALDWIN STRIKE

## But Workers Expect No Material Aid From That Creature.

PHILADELPHIA, July 10.—The striking machinists have taken another course to bring about the settlement of their conflict with the Baldwin Locomotive Works. The support of Mayor John E. Reuburn has been solicited through a resolution adopted by the Central Labor Union. The Baldwin men understand they can expect little or no support from the spineless executive of this city.

About 5,000 of the strikers left their headquarters at Bricklayers' Hall, Broad and Fairmount avenue, early this morning and marched about the great plant in the effort to prove to the loyal men that their ranks have shown no decrease after five weeks of a strike. Captain Callahan was in charge of several squads of police about the works.

Nearly all the men unite in approving the action of the Central Labor Union. The resolution suggests that the Mayor insist upon the officials of the plant arbitrating with the men, and in the event of their refusing, provides that he immediately take steps to recover to the city Buttonwood and Hamilton streets. Both of these streets are now closed by the plant from Broad to 16th streets.

Strikers who assisted in the house to house canvass for the strike benefit fund yesterday say that more than \$2,000 was collected. For the first time since the strike began the canvass yesterday was run on systematic lines, each gang of men being given a certain district with instructions to cover it thoroughly.

No house to house canvass will be made this week, but special committees will call upon certain individuals and firms to solicit subscriptions.

Until last Thursday the company had been hiring unskilled labor through the 16th street office, but on that date the office was closed. The bulletin posted today, after asking for skilled mechanics in the trades, announces that "no others need apply." Leaders of the men say that only about 1 per cent of the original strikers have returned to work and that they have no intention of calling an end to the strike.

# WATERFRONT WORKERS ORGANIZE RAPIDLY

That the work of the Waterfront Federation, an organization formed as a result of the recent seamen's strike for the purpose of organizing all the workers employed in the transportation industry into one organization, has had good effect on the unorganized workers was evident when a number of non-union longshoremen called on the federation officials and asked to be organized.

The men called at 400 West street, where the federation had been holding its meetings, and asked that they be told how they could join the union.

Walter Holt, local organizer of the International Longshoremen's Association, took up the work and after holding a meeting of the men succeeded in forming a local. David Grange, colored organizer of the seamen's union, is greatly assisting the longshoremen in organizing the workers of his race.

Among those who called at the union office and asked to be organized are a great number of Italians and colored men who never before cared to have anything to do with the union. The longshoremen's organization had attempted several times to bring them into the organization, but they had always failed, as the men absolutely refused to have anything to do with the union.

Holt applied for a charter to the international organization and three locals will be formed as a result, one for the colored men, another for the Italians and a third to be composed of Americans.

# RECOVERS FROM BROKEN NECK

William Schuttler, who a week ago broke his neck while diving into the Passaic River, has astonished the Patterson General Hospital. When the young man was admitted to the hospital he was paralyzed from the waist down. An operation reduced the paralysis, and was otherwise so successful that it was believed yesterday the patient will recover.

TO LOCK OUT 40,000 MEN. STOCKHOLM, July 10.—Rejecting the award of the State arbitrator in the labor dispute of the building trades, steps were taken by the employers today to lock out 40,000 workmen.

# SURFACE CAR LINES MAY GIVE TRANSFERS

## Public Service Commission Will Today Order Tracting Gang to Do So.

According to an announcement made yesterday by Chairman Wilcox, of the Public Service Commission, transfers will be ordered on the street surface roads of Manhattan Borough.

This statement was made at the public hearing held by that body to determine whether the transfer system shown on said exhibit.

A universal system of transfers, which the commission is about to re-establish, was done away with when the Metropolitan Street Railway system and its leased lines went into the hands of receivers. There has been a steady agitation for several years for the renewal of the transfers. Several attempts have been made to bring it about through legislation.

The order to be adopted today will re-establish transfers at 151 different points in Manhattan Borough. It means practically that every transfer point abolished at the time of the Metropolitan receivership will be restored. Since the abolition of the transfer system it has cost 10 or 15 cents instead of 5 to get to certain points.

Every surface road in Manhattan is affected by the order. Competing lines will have to transfer one to the other.

Undoubtedly the companies will fight the commission's order in the courts.

# MILL "HANDS" GO BACK TO WORK

## Thousands Resume Toil in New England Factories After Shutdowns to "Curtail Production."

BOSTON, July 10.—More than 31,000 operatives employed in textile mills in various parts of New England resumed work today after shutdowns of varying lengths in accordance with the policy of "curtailing production" adopted by the mill managers.

At Manchester, N. H., 18,000 operatives returned to their machines in the Amoskeag Manufacturing Company's mills after a layoff of ten days. Six thousand hands went back to the mills in Biddeford, Me., after two weeks of idleness, and more than 7,000 employes in mills at Clinton, Chicopee and Ware, Mass., resumed work.

# QUiet PREVAILS IN ORANGE QUARRY TIE-UP

Quiet marked the continuance yesterday of the strike of the laborers in the quarries at Orange, N. J., but the men stood firm upon their demand for an increase in wages, while the bosses made no attempt to bring in any new scabs.

Ovidio Bianchi, who is one of the lawyers engaged by the strikers, urged the men to avoid violence. Chief George P. Washer sent out a police escort Sunday morning to get a group of scabs from the 1st Ward of that city through to West Orange, where Chief Bamford's men guarded them to the mountain.

# ITALIAN GOVERNMENT AIDS FARM BOSSES

FERRARA, Italy, July 10.—In order to "protect" the land owners whose farm hands are on strike in this section, the government has distributed 10,000 soldiers throughout the affected region.

The fact that the soldiers are being used to take care of the live stock in place of the strikers has caused the local Socialists to protest vigorously to the authorities, but so far, without effect.

# MINE BOSSES TALK LOCKOUT.

ROME, July 10.—According to a report from Portoferraio, the owners of the mines and blast furnaces in that region who have been held up for some time by a strike, now threaten to close down the mines entirely in the hope of frightening the men.

STEELE TRUST IS KEPT BUSY. The monthly statement of the United States Steel Corporation shows unfilled orders on its books as of June 30 of 3,361,058 tons, an increase over May 31 of 247,871 tons.

# CIGAR MAKERS REPORT ON VOTE FOR OFFICERS

Reports on the vote for presidents and delegates of the International Cigar Makers' Union are coming in. Union No. 8, of Hoboken, reports its vote as follows: For president, Fitzgerald, 28; Kummerfeld, 41; Hall, 11; Strauss, 26; Reichert, 41; Hoffman, 55. For delegate, Barnes, 53; Tracy, 24; Braun, 53; Fitzgerald, 14; Campbell, 16; Smith, 12; Mueller, 48. Union No. 308, of Stamford, Conn., reports as follows: W. F. Fitzgerald, 9; H. Kummerfeld, 10; E. G. Hall, 7; F. P. Hoffman, 12; W. Strauss, 8; J. Reichert, 8. The vote for delegate was: Marion Barnes, 11; W. Fitzgerald, 3; Morris Braun, 14; Th. Tracy, 3; Pat Mahoney, 12; W. Campbell, 4; John Smith, 4; Phil Mueller, 15.

The following is the result of the vote cast by Cigar Makers' Union No. 97, of Boston, for officers of the international union and delegates to the A. F. of L. as announced by the board of inspectors: For fourth vice president, W. F. Fitzgerald, of Portland, Ore., 684; Henry Kummerfeld, Detroit, Mich., 703. For sixth vice president, E. O. Hall, Minneapolis, Minn., 538; L. P. Hoffman, Jacksonville, Fla., 761; for seventh vice president, William Strauss, Brooklyn, 593; John Reichert, Milwaukee, Wis., 790. Delegates: Patrick Mahoney, Boston, 922; J. Mahon Barnes, Philadelphia, 782; Morris Braun, New York, 766; Thomas F. Tracy, Boston, 709; Phil Mueller, St. Louis, 665; W. F. Fitzgerald, Portland, Ore., 542; W. A. Campbell, Oklahoma, 465; and John T. Smith, Kansas City, Mo., 417. The total vote cast by the local union was 1,637.

# MEXICAN MINES BEING TIED UP

## Labor "Troubles" Spreading to Every Big Camp in the Republic.

NEW ORLEANS, La., July 10.—Mexican labor "troubles" having spread to all parts of the republic the mining industry in Mexico is threatened with a serious setback, and the Mapiqui camp, located in the State of Durango, has already been forced to practically close down, according to George Ross, a prominent mining man, who is connected with the Compania Minera de Penoles, operating at Mapiqui.

"The situation is becoming desperate," said Ross, "and threatens to extend to every important camp in the republic. At the present price of bar silver there is little money to be made in mining in Mexico, and a very large amount of capital is necessary to install such modern machinery as will make it possible to mine at small cost of production. With silver and copper so cheap and the markets of the world badly overstocked, to pay increased wages to miners in Mexico is almost suicidal to the companies operating there."

"I know of many mines in Mexico that are being forced to shut down on this account, and already the two largest smelters in the whole republic are absolutely idle and their furnaces, for the first time in their history, are cold. I refer to the American Smelting and Refining Company's plants at Chihuahua and at Aguascalientes."

# BIG P. O. OFFICIAL MENACES CARRIERS

## First Assistant Postmaster General Declares Brooklyn Employees Who Complain Will Be Fired.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—That the dissatisfaction of certain employees of the Postoffice Department in Brooklyn, N. Y., was responsible for a large amount of agitation in that city against the reduction of the daily mail deliveries from five to three was the opinion expressed today by First Assistant Postmaster General Grandfield. "It is my firm belief," said Dr. Grandfield, "that some of the dissatisfied letter carriers in Brooklyn who are afraid of losing their jobs have started this agitation by holding mass meetings and writing letters to the newspapers."

"We intend to increase the efficiency of the service by decreasing the number of unnecessary deliveries in the residence sections, and any employee who sees fit to criticize the action of the department or his superiors, renders himself liable to instant dismissal."

# BIG FOUR WIRE MEN MAY STRIKE

SPRINGFIELD, Ohio, July 10.—It was learned today that the Big Four telegraph operators are preparing to take their grievances to President W. C. Brown, as they have been unsuccessful in dealing with General Manager J. O. Van Winkle.

Until they hear from Brown no steps will be taken to go on a strike, it is said. One of the operators in speaking of the situation said that he did not think the men would go out because most of them are married and they had to look after their families.

# 25,000 STRIKE IN PARIS.

PARIS, July 10.—Twenty-five thousand union building workers struck today to enforce a demand that the piecework system be abolished and their daily wages increased.

# BOSTON WAITERS TALK STRIKE.

BOSTON, July 10.—Declaring that Boston diners are so stingy with tips that their wages will have to be raised, Boston waiters are today rounding up union members to discuss a possible strike on Wednesday.

# SHOOTING IN CLOAK MAKERS' STRIKE

## First Attempt of Cleveland Bosses to Reopen Shops Causes Many Arrests.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 10.—Shooting and wholesale arrests of workers marked the strike of cloak makers today. The employers made the first attempt to reopen the shops with strikebreakers imported from different cities, and though their attempt failed, there was considerable trouble all day long. When the strikebreakers who were put up at the Kings Royal and Moreland hotels were taken to different shops the trouble commenced, and it took some time before "order was restored."

When the strikebreakers were brought in last night there were shots fired which resulted in two strikers and two strikebreakers being shot, though not fatally. Learning that the employers were going to reopen their shops the strikers turned out in full force on picket duty.

The bosses had specials stationed near all the struck shops and they tried hard to provoke a fight with the strikers, but they failed. When the scabs were taken to the shop of Printz and Biederman, the center of the fight of the cloak makers, the thugs on "special" duty succeeded in creating a fight with the strikers which resulted in the arrest of twelve pickets.

Many workers who were on their way to work, seeing how the strikers were being manhandled by the police and hirelings of the bosses, rushed to the aid of the pickets and it was said that there were several passersby among the arrested. The few scabs were kept in the shops until late in the evening.

It is said that many of the men imported to do strikebreaking, learning that they would have to scab, broke through the lines of the guards who were taking them to work and joined the strikers. It was rumored that the bosses took coats into the shops and also made preparations to house the scabs there for the purpose of preventing the strikers from talking the scabs over to their side.

The strikers held an enthusiastic meeting at their headquarters tonight and pledged themselves to fight to a finish. The bosses expected that the announcement that they would reopen their shops with strikebreakers would create a break in the strikers' ranks, but their expectations failed, as all the strikers remained as firm as on the first day.

Financial support is coming in from all parts of the country and the strikers are just beginning the real fight. Labor leaders declared today that a million dollar fund would be raised and that the strike would be kept up until the bosses conceded every demand made by the strikers.

# JERSEY GETS 7 MORE INSPECTORS

## Commissioner of Labor Names Additional Men to Watch Over Conditions in Factories.

TRENTON, N. J., July 10.—Commissioner Louis T. Bryant, of the Department of Labor, today appointed seven factory inspectors, six of whom were authorized by the last Legislature as an increase to the present force. The appointees are: John Roach and William J. E. Seder, Newark; Crowell M. Haslett, Jersey City; Harry J. Goas, East Orange; August Graf, Hoboken; Charles V. Duffy, Paterson; Joseph Spitz, Passaic.

Governor Wilson today signed two bills introduced for the State Board of Health by Senator Brown. One of the measures places more stringent regulations upon physicians in regard to reporting contagious diseases on dairy premises, and the other revises the act requiring physicians to report all contagious diseases to local health authorities.

# STREET CLEANERS TO CALL ON EDWARDS

A committee of the Department of Street Cleaning drivers will call on Commissioner "Bill" Edwards this morning to make an attempt to settle the troubles now pending between the drivers and the department. The men will make a demand for the abolition of night work and for the payment of overtime.

Commissioner Edwards said yesterday that it was not within his power to grant the drivers' demand for the payment of overtime, as this had to be done through a bill introduced in the Legislature. The drivers, however, said that they would insist on the granting of their demand for the payment of overtime, no matter how it had to be done, as their work was becoming unbearable. The officials of the drivers said yesterday that they expected Commissioner Edwards would adjust the trouble. At any rate, it looked as if the strike talk was nothing more than talk.

# KILLED BY SAND SCOOB.

Rosario Fiorita, 26 years old, of 2596 Park avenue, was killed yesterday while at work on a sand scoub, at Bronx River and Garrison avenue. The iron scoub struck him on the head, fracturing his skull.

# ICE FAMINE IN CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, July 10.—Danger of the most serious shortage in ice since 1868 was made known today by managers of several of the largest ice companies in Chicago, at the same time that they made an even less welcome announcement, that of a raise in prices. Extravagance in the use of the life saving necessity in heated months, it was declared, would place Chicagoans in the same predicament as the inhabitants of Hartford City, Ind., where the last 150 pounds of ice was distributed among the sick last Saturday.

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# THREE BOYS GET LONG SENTENCES

## "Justice" Jumps With Both Feet on Youths, None of Whom Is Over 17.

"Justice" did a wonderfully fine piece of business yesterday and one that assures us that the palladium of our liberties will be preserved. "Justice's" representative, Judge Malone (or misrepresentative as some people think), who is noted for the severity of his punishments, sentenced in General Sessions three boys, none of them over 17, to not less than seven years and six months nor more than fifteen years in Sing Sing for highway robbery.

The youthful culprits will probably come out of that choice up-river resort confirmed and irremediable criminals, but that doesn't make any difference, the law must be "vindicated," you know.

Besides severe sentences frighten those with criminal tendencies and it is expected that all our wrongdoers, including the thieves of high finance and Wall Street, will immediately reform when they hear of Judge Malone's action, and that cunning little angel wings will begin to grow on their shoulders.

The lads are Henry Baker, 25 West 133d street; Fletcher Bell, 113 West 134th street; Walker, a negro. Both white boys have been in the Catholic reformatory and Welker has been under probation.

In sentencing them the merciful Judge Malone said: "I have received some letters written in your interest and I give some regard to your plea of guilt, but I must have no disregard for the offense you have committed. Blackjacking and highway robbery in a community are atrocious crimes, but we have laws to suppress them."

"This court has a defense to oppose to it, and that is to send out a message to those likely to rob and blackmail any one, that when they come to this bar they must expect to meet the full strength of the law."

# D., L. & W. MACHINISTS LIKELY TO WALK OUT

SCRANTON, Pa., July 10.—Following negotiations that have been carried on during the past two weeks between the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western officials and the machinists employed by the company at the local and Buffalo shops for an increase in wages and the abolishment of all piece work, the officials of the company this morning refused to comply with the men's demands, and it is likely a strike will be called in the near future.

There are about one hundred machinists working in the local shops, with fifty or more at the Buffalo terminal. The shops at Kingston will not be affected in the event of a strike.

After the refusal to grant the demands the union representatives referred the matter to the main body of the union before taking action.

# PRESIDENT OF STEEL TRUST SUED BY UNION

SOUTH NORWALK, Conn., July 10.—As the outcome of trouble between union masons and a contractor on the estate of J. J. Farrell, president of the United States Steel Corporation, liens for about \$100 unpaid wages were placed on the property today.

Farrell is in Europe. He has a magnificent estate at Hickory Bluffs, near here, and considerable improvements are being made.

The legal action was started by two masons and a half dozen workers claim back pay.

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**SHERIFF ACCUSED OF GETTING GRAB**

Rensselaer County Official Charged With Making Big Money on Transportation of Prisoners.

ALBANY, July 10.—State Controller William Schomer and William Chalmers Osborn and George E. Van Kenner commissioners, appointed by Governor Dix, who have been investigating the administration of the State prison, made public a report tonight recommending that charges be preferred against Sheriff Van Buren, of Rensselaer County, a Republican, and that if these charges are sustained, he should be removed from office. This would mean the appointment of Democratic Sheriff by special election.

Controller Schomer's special commissioners helped in the investigation which it is reported shows that Sheriff Van Buren collected upwards of \$100,000 from the State Controller upon vouchers for transferring prisoners to Dannemora and that he wrongfully collected money from the county and failed to pay the county fees collected by him.

The report indicates that Sheriff Van Buren would take a batch of prisoners from Troy to Dannemora, a distance of 180 miles, all in charge of one or two deputy sheriffs, and when he got to Plattsburg, seventy miles from Clinton prison, he would hire a resident of Plattsburg to accompany each prisoner in the white of a deputy sheriff so that he could collect for each deputy sheriff a fare for the 180 miles and two weeks time going and coming.

# GOVERNOR DIX HAS BUSY DAY

## Signs Bills Taking Away Power From Republicans and Handing Spoils to Democrats.

ALBANY, July 10.—Republican Kings County are legislated out of office and the Democrats given control of appointments in three bills signed by Governor Dix tonight.

The bills include Assemblyman providing that the Commissioner of Kings County shall be appointed by the Surrogate, District Attorney, Register and County Clerk instead of the county judges.

He also signed Assemblyman's bill increasing the salary of the Clerk of Kings County to \$12,000 a year and giving power to appoint employes and their salaries; Senator Cronin's bill providing the present Chief Clerk of the Court of Kings out of office and giving the power of appointing his successor to the hands of the County Clerk instead of the county judges.

Governor Dix still has under consideration the Donnelly bill, which would present Republican Commissioner of orders and transferring the power of appointing his successor from the county judges to Democratic officials.

The Governor also signed Senator Paris' providing that the working hours of drug stores shall not exceed 70 hours a week or 132 in two weeks.

# TWO JERSEY GIRLS KILLED BY LIVE WIRE

While on their way to a festival in Carleton Hill, N. J., Presbyterian Church last night, Malcolm Barclay, 9 years old, and Janet Park, 11 years old, both stepped upon a live fallen wire and instantly killed.

A sister of the Barclay girl and another girl named Davis were badly burned on the hands and face by the wire. They were attended by physicians and will cover. All live in Carleton Hill.

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# SENATOR HEYBURN OUT FOR BLOOD

## Wording of Warren's Vol- unteer Bill Too Mild for Idaho Fire-Eater.

(By National Socialist Press.)

WASHINGTON, July 10.—"I think that there should be more of the military spirit in the bill. It is rather too mild for military legislation. I think we should have a standing and general law that would authorize the government to compel the States to furnish their quota of soldiers."

These reactionary sentiments were uttered by Senator Heyburn, of Idaho, in opposing immediate consideration of a bill introduced by Senator Warren, of Wyoming, to regulate the calling of volunteers in times of war.

"This is not very warlike language," continued Heyburn. "It is not the usual language used in dealing with such matters."

"That when volunteer forces are to be raised the President shall issue his proclamation, stating the number of men desired; etc."

"In war the word 'desired' does not issue from a commanding officer; it is that they come."

Asked by blind Senator Gore, of Oklahoma, whether the bill proposed to compel citizens to "volunteer" against their will, Senator Warren made this significant reply:

"As every Senator doubtless knows, every male citizen of the United States within a certain age is liable to military duty in case of great necessity by way of draft, and, of course, this provides for volunteers only, and states the kind of men that can be accepted as volunteers."

Gore evidently did not understand this to be the case, but Warren read to him this section of the notorious Dick Military Law:

# WHITE SLAVER SENT TO GA. FEDERAL PRISON

Sam Kirber, convicted of being in the white slave traffic, was sentenced to two and one-half years in the Federal prison at Atlanta by Judge Archibald in the United States Circuit Court yesterday. Kirber was convicted, last week before Judge Archibald of bringing into this port a 17-year-old Spanish girl from the canal zone for immoral purposes.

Kirber lived in the canal zone, and, according to Assistant United States District Attorney Walton, was a professional white slave trafficker and carried on a bicycle business as a blind.

Attorney Walton scathingly arraigned Kirber when he came up for sentence.

Senator Brandegee, chairman of the committee, noticed this strange omission and asked Gompers the name of the person who laid the McNamara evidence before the House committee.

"Attorney Rappaport," replied Gompers.

"But what was the name of the Representative who introduced the resolution for a congressional investigation of this alleged kidnapping?" persisted Brandegee.

The question was plain. Gompers replied:

"Mr. Berger, of Wisconsin."

Getting down to the story of the arrest of McNamara on April 23, Gompers gave in detail an account of the seizure of the labor leader and his being spirited out of the city in an automobile. Declaring that such an outrage would not have been committed against any person outside of the working class, Gompers mentioned the Haywood case as another instance of kidnapping workmen.

# BERGER'S NAME HELD BACK BY GOMPERS

## But Finally Senate Com- mittee Head Brings It Out at Hearing.

(By National Socialist Press.)

WASHINGTON, July 10.—When President Samuel Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, opened his testimony in the McNamara case now being investigated by the Senate committee on the "third degree," he referred several times to the previous House hearing, but always omitting the name of Representative Berger as being responsible for or in any way connected with that hearing.

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This statement brought a smile to the face of Senator Borah, a member of the committee, and who was one of the prosecuting attorneys in that case.

Borah, however, agreed with Gompers that McNamara had been denied his legal rights. "As to the Haywood case," Borah said, "whatever may be said from the moral side, we lived up to the law technically. But in the McNamara case, a police judge who had no jurisdiction turned him over to the California authorities."

# BUTLER OUT OF BOARD OF N. E. A.

## Columbia's Head Resigns After Row Over Handling of Funds of Na- tional Educational Association.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 10.—Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler resigned as president of the Board of Trustees of the National Educational Association this afternoon. It is reported that J. Stanley Brown, superintendent of schools, Joliet, Ill., will succeed him.

The directors met today and received the reports of the trustees and the treasurer. The trustees are custodians of the permanent fund of the association, and it is over this fund that the insurgent and "old guard" factions had a quarrel. Butler's resignation means that the "old guard" has abandoned the fight.

Signed by Nicholas Murray Butler, chairman, and James H. Greenwood, H. B. Brown, and Carroll C. Pearce, as members of its Board of Trustees, the twenty-fifth annual report of that body, which was read here, denied alleged stock speculation.

The trustees had been criticized for investing the moneys of the association in questionable stocks. The permanent fund, the report said, with the sum of \$9,960, which has been added to it during the past year, now amounts to \$120,000.

According to the report, the only investment in stocks which has been made during the past year was \$7,000 in the First Consolidated Mortgage Gold 4 per cent bonds of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company, and \$4,000 in bonds of the same description of the Manhattan Railway. These were secured on June 5, 1911.

For undervaluing invoices of goods sent by his brother Max, from Paris, and thus defrauding the government of many thousands of dollars, Jules Rosenberg, an importer of dress goods, of 303 Fifth avenue, was arraigned yesterday before Judge Archibald in the United States Circuit Court, and was sentenced to pay a fine of \$25,000 and costs of the trial, which amount to \$5,000.

Rosenberg was indicted last October, but failed to appear in court, thus forfeiting \$10,000 bail.

Hugo Rosenberg, who was indicted with his brother Jules, and who also failed to appear for trial—his bail of \$10,000 also being forfeited—is on his way from France to plead guilty.

From the courtroom Rosenberg was taken to Marshal Henkel's office, where he collapsed. Liberal applications of ice water, internally and externally, soon brought the merchant around, and he was taken before Commissioner Shields, where he laid down twenty-five \$1,000 bills.

# HORSES WATERED DESPITE THOMPSON

## Moving Picture Man Scorns Orders of Department Commissioner.

In defiance of the rigorous rules that are now being enforced by Commissioner Thompson, of the Water Department, William J. Ganes, who has a moving picture theater at Broadway and 31st street, is making an effort to provide drinking water for horses and also to spray them when they seem to be going under from heat exhaustion.

Ganes is using his own metered water, which he is paying for according to the water rates. When he found that Thompson, in his strenuous check on the water supply, had cut out every drinking place for horses in the city, including the big fountains at Greeley Square, Ganes set out two big cans and ran a hose across the sidewalk.

Ganes was warned Sunday that he would be fined \$5 every time an inspector saw him hose off a stricken horse. The inspector also ordered him to take in his cans. Ganes refused and defied the inspector.

He told the inspector to go ahead and book him for all the fines he pleased. He would keep right on spraying those that needed it. Uncle Sam's mail wagons kept driving up and various city vehicles took advantage of Ganes' water station.

Yesterday he put up a big sign which read "Recuperation Station." Along came another inspector and ordered Ganes to take in the sign. He also ordered him to cut out his water station. The moving picture man complied as far as the sign was concerned, but absolutely refused to stop offering water. He told the inspector to go as far as he liked with his fines.

"They can go and warn and threaten me as much as they please," said Ganes. "I have my own metered water and I intend to use it as I please. If the city wants to go ahead and lay down fine after fine against me for trying to save the lives of horses, let them do it. I will fight the case and I will continue to do all I can to save the horses."

The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals is backing Ganes in the attitude he has taken.

Three men were badly burned yesterday morning at Bayonne, N. J., by an explosion of naphtha on board the thirty-five foot naphtha launch Helen, owned by Daniel F. Reed, 28 years old, of 217 East 173d street, Manhattan.

The injured are Daniel F. Reed, badly burned about the face and head; Frank Pierce, a machinist, living at 218 East 116th street, Manhattan, burned about the hands and legs; and Harry Butler, an electrician, living at 218 Baltic street, Brooklyn, who was burned about the feet and legs.

# WALL STREET'S SMILE FADES AT SHORT CROPS

The optimism over crop conditions, which has existed since the planting season began, was tempered yesterday by the government crop report on grain, which showed considerable decrease in the condition of spring wheat.

This was placed at 73.8 per cent, compared with 94.6 last month and 61.6 a year ago. It shows a larger decrease than had been anticipated. The trade had been looking for condition figures of about 80. The damage in the spring wheat belt has been due to prolonged drought.

Last week Wall Street had a crop scare and prices broke 1/4 to 1/2 points in a single session.

The indicated spring wheat yield is 244,393,000 bushels, against 254,371,000 last month.

Indicated yield of winter wheat is 457,958,000, compared with 479,915,000 last month.

It was just a year ago that spring wheat conditions became alarming, and the condition fell to about the present figures on unusually dry weather in the Northwest.

Now Creelman says he has been libeled.

# NOW CREELMAN SAYS HE HAS BEEN LIBELED

James Creelman, chairman of the Municipal Civil Service Commission, announced yesterday that he would bring a \$100,000 libel suit against William R. Hearst's newspaper, the American, on account of a story in Sunday's issue which Creelman did not like. Once upon a time Creelman was a reporter on Hearst's paper.

The story to which he took exception dealt with the resignation of Thomas J. Ahearn as deputy fire chief. It hinted that Creelman, Charles F. Murphy and Mayor Gaynor had forced him out of the department. Ahearn's ostensible reason for quitting was his deafness, due to a severe accident received in a fire many years ago.

Creelman said that there was not a word of truth in the story, and that he would institute criminal proceedings if necessary.

# FIREMEN COMPETING FOR CROKER'S JOB

Ten deputy fire chiefs went into an examination yesterday which will result in one of their number becoming chief of the Fire Department as successor to Edward F. Croker.

It will be about two weeks before the name of the new chief is announced. Croker got \$10,000 a year.

Politicians who always interest themselves in affairs—and the rank and file of the department—vitality interest for many reasons, guessed yesterday that the job would go to either John Kenon, acting chief of the department; Thomas Lally, the senior deputy, who is now in charge of Brooklyn and Queens, or William Guerin, who is up on the mental qualifications and has a record as a fire fighter.

# QUARTZ FOR BUILDINGS IS NOT USED MUCH

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The production of crystalline quartz, quartzite not used in building and flint in 1910, according to Edison S. Bastin, of the United States Geological Survey, showed a decrease of 53 per cent in quantity and of 22 per cent in value, as compared with 1909, the total quantity produced in 1910 being 63,577 short tons, valued at \$103,757.

These figures do not include the large amount of quartz in building, molding, and glass, sand, building stone, etc. Quartz of the kinds mentioned is used for a great variety of purposes, principally in the manufacture of wood filler, pottery, paints and scouring soaps. In pottery quartz serves to diminish shrinkage in the body of the ware; it is used also in many glazes. Quartz for these purposes should be nearly free from iron-bearing minerals. Finely ground quartz is used in paints to increase the resistance of the paint to the weather.

In scouring soaps and polishes ground crystalline quartz is preferred to silica sand, not only because of its greater angularity, but because of its superior whiteness. Massive quartz, crushed and graded to various degrees of fineness, is extensively used in the manufacture of sandpaper and sand belts, as a scouring agent, with sand-blast apparatus, etc. Much ground quartz is used in filters, and some of the most finely pulverized grades are used in tooth powders and in place of pumice as a cleaner by dentists.

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# IMPORTER IS FINED \$25,000 FOR CHEATING

Fifth Avenue Merchant Pays  
Penalty for Defrauding  
Customs.

For undervaluing invoices of goods sent by his brother Max, from Paris, and thus defrauding the government of many thousands of dollars, Jules Rosenberg, an importer of dress goods, of 303 Fifth avenue, was arraigned yesterday before Judge Archibald in the United States Circuit Court, and was sentenced to pay a fine of \$25,000 and costs of the trial, which amount to \$5,000.

Rosenberg was indicted last October, but failed to appear in court, thus forfeiting \$10,000 bail.

Hugo Rosenberg, who was indicted with his brother Jules, and who also failed to appear for trial—his bail of \$10,000 also being forfeited—is on his way from France to plead guilty.

From the courtroom Rosenberg was taken to Marshal Henkel's office, where he collapsed. Liberal applications of ice water, internally and externally, soon brought the merchant around, and he was taken before Commissioner Shields, where he laid down twenty-five \$1,000 bills.

# PRESIDENT OF NORWICH C. L. U. A SOCIALIST

NORWICH, Conn., July 10.—Rudolph A. Krohn, financial secretary of the Cigar Makers' Union and delegate to the Norwich Central Labor Union, a member of the Socialist party, and recent Socialist candidate for Alderman, has been elected president of the Norwich Central Labor Union for the ensuing six months.

# CATCH MAN AFTER ASSAULT UPON WIFE

After a short chase in which Deputy Sheriff Frank Norton, of Patchogue, in an automobile pursued Joseph Zarasolo on foot, the latter was arrested and taken to Patchogue on a charge of murderous assault on his wife.

Mrs. Zarasolo is at her home at Hagerman, and it is thought she cannot live. The Zarasolos had been having trouble, it is said, and following a quarrel yesterday the wife started to walk to Patchogue to sue out a warrant against her husband. He is said to have followed her, and in the woods outside of Hagerman to have struck her five times on the head with an ax.

# ARRAIGN YOUTH FOR SHOOTING LITTLE GIRL

Peter Wick, 17 years old, of 494 East 157th street, accused of shooting 15-year-old Madeline Fritz, of 671 Eleventh avenue, at German place and 157th street, Sunday, was arraigned yesterday in the Morrisania Court before Magistrate Eren and held in \$1,500 bail for examination.

The girl, with her friend, Jessie McDonald, and the latter's mother, of 771 St. Ann's avenue, were coming out of a candy store when five shots were fired from among a crowd of rowdies across the street.

Several boys who were with Joseph Keating, of 575 Roberts avenue, when he was shot on July 4, at 149th street and Trinity place, were in court but could not identify Wick as the slayer of Keating.

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# WYOMING'S OIL WELLS GETTING BUSY AGAIN

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The United States Geological Survey has just issued as Bulletin 452, a report on "The Lander and Salt Creek Oil Fields, Wyoming," by E. G. Woodruff and C. H. Wegemann.

Practically all the development in the Lander field, says Woodruff, has been confined to the southeastern district, along Little Popo Agie River, in the vicinity of Dallas. The history of this field is far more interesting than that of any other oil field in Wyoming, for here Bonneville discovered oil in 1833. From the date of Bonneville's visit to 1867 the oil springs was unknown except to hunters and trappers who frequented the locality to procure the oil for medicinal purposes. In 1883 and 1884 three oil wells were drilled, all of which were productive, but on account of keen competition from the Eastern oil producers the first Wyoming oil company had to abandon its enterprise. For some time the wells remained packed, but the oil that flowed from the wells through leaks was utilized to some extent by the ranchers for miles around as a lubricant and by the gold mines and flour mills for steam making. Recently operations at the wells have been resumed on a more extensive scale.

The oil is adapted to several uses. It forms an excellent fuel, comparing favorably with the Texas or California oils, and is now employed for that purpose in practically all the development work in the Little Popo Agie district. Some of it can be used in its raw state as a lubricant, though in general it is not suitable for that purpose. As the oil contains a heavy asphalt base, it is good for oiling roads.

# ANNOUNCEMENTS

A meeting on the Sullivan-Shortt bills will be held tonight at 8 o'clock in the Labor Temple, 14th street and Second avenue. Ref. Charles Stelzie will preside and the speakers will be John Moody, editor Moody's Magazine and financial writer, who will speak on "Financial Aspects that Result of Halving the Tax Rate on Buildings;" Dr. Cornelius Donovan, president of the Tenant Union of New York City, which is fighting for the enactment of the bill as a relief to the tenants of the city; and Raymond V. Ingersoll, chairman of the Committee on Congestion of Population. There will be ample opportunity for discussion.

The New York Mexican Revolution Conference meets tonight at the Ferrer Center, 6 St. Marks place.

**DENTISTS—Brooklyn.**  
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# NUMBER OF SHEEP IN U. S. IS 51,638,590

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Statistical relative to sheep and lambs reported on farms and ranges for the United States, by States and geographic divisions, at the Thirtieth Decennial Census, April 25, 1910, are contained in an official statement issued today by Acting Director Falkner.

In summing up the results Acting Director Falkner states that, for the country as a whole, there was no material change in the sheep industry in the ten years between 1900 and 1910. The total number of sheep and lambs in the United States reported for 1910 was 51,638,590, made up of 29,707,000 ewes, 7,148,396 rams and wethers, 13,682,788 lambs, and 2,614,996 sheep and lambs not classified by age or sex in the 1910 reports.

The number of fleeces of wool and the total weight of the wool clip for 1910 has not yet been completely tabulated. The average weight per fleece for a group of sixteen States already tabulated is 7.4 pounds. In 1900 the average weight per fleece for these States was 6.3 pounds, and for the entire United States 6.3 pounds. If the average weight for the entire United States for 1910 is 7.4 pounds, the aggregate weight of wool shorn in that year, including that clipped from the sheep on farms and in cities from the date of enumeration, and that shorn from sheep afterwards slaughtered in the spring of 1910, before the date of enumeration, will be approximately 296,000,000 pounds, while if the average weight for the farms of the country is only 7 pounds, the weight of the farm clip will not greatly differ from that returned by the census of 1900, or about 270,000,000 pounds.

**MORGAN BIDS ON PHILA. LOAN.**  
PHILADELPHIA, July 10.—The Drexel syndicate (Drexel & Co. and Brown Brothers), Morgan's agents here, was the only bidder for the entire new \$9,750,000 municipal loan, bids for which were opened here at noon today. The bonds are for a period of thirty years and bear 4 per cent interest.

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# SOCIALIST NEWS OF THE DAY

## MEETINGS TODAY

### MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

**OPEN AIR MEETINGS.**  
11th street and Walton avenue, J. C. Frost, 12 o'clock noon.  
Southwest corner 79th street and 5th avenue, W. Claessens.  
Northeast corner 11th street and 3rd avenue, J. T. Vaughan.  
Prospect and Longwood avenues, J. W. Brown.  
Polish meeting, 7th street and Avenue A.

### TOMORROW.

Northeast corner Eleventh avenue and 43rd street, J. C. Frost, 12 o'clock noon.  
Northeast corner 125th street and 65th avenue, Sol Fieldman.  
Northeast corner 119th street and 5th avenue, J. W. Brown.  
Northeast corner 72d street and 1st avenue, J. T. Vaughan.

### OTHER MEETINGS.

Branch 2—At 22 Rutgers street, discussion meeting. William Karlin will speak on "How to Win the East Side to Socialism." Everybody invited. Party members should attend.  
Branch 4—At Turn Hall, 505 West 64th street. A matter of urgent importance requires a full attendance.

### Branch 5, Committee on Propaganda.

The headquarters, 350 West 125th street, will be open tonight at 8 o'clock and every Comrade is urged to be present. The Committee on Propaganda has just received several thousand copies of Congressman Berger's speech from Local New York. It is our purpose to send them to all the enrolled voters in Harlem, and help is needed in addressing them. These speeches are enclosed in a government envelope and go through the mails free.  
A. L. WOLFSON.

### Bronx General Party Meeting.

The general party meeting of the Bronx branches of the Socialist party will be held on Thursday, July 13, at the Bronx Forum, 345 Fulton avenue, instead of at the Bronx Labor Lyceum. This change is necessary on account of the damage done to the Bronx Labor Lyceum by fire.

### The Rand School.

The Rand School has found it necessary to put in two telephone lines instead of one, as before, and this has necessitated a change of number. Persons wishing to reach the school by phone will hereafter please ask for 1022 Gramercy.

### BROOKLYN.

### OPEN AIR MEETINGS.

18th A. D., Utica and St. Marks avenues, B. C. Hammond and Jean J. Coronel; 22d A. D., Branch 4, Pennsylvania and Sutter avenues, A. B. DeMitt and N. Stupniker.

### TOMORROW.

Navy Yard, Sands street entrance, A. L. Samuelson, 12 o'clock noon.  
1st and 2d A. D., Smith and State streets, Jean J. Coronel; 5th A. D., Broadway and Saratoga avenues,

George M. Marr, 15th A. D., Branch 2, Manhattan avenue and Dupont street, A. B. DeMitt and Joseph Nagzewski; 21st A. D., Branch 1, Gramham avenue and Stagg street, T. N. Fall and August Claessens; Russian Branch, Blake avenue and Osborn street, A. Stokitsky, Vaskoff and A. Goldberg.

### OTHER MEETINGS.

11th and 17th A. D.—At 499 Lexington avenue. Regular business meeting.

### McNamara Conference to Meet.

The next regular meeting of the Brooklyn McNamara Conference will be held this evening at the headquarters, 849 Willoughby avenue. Leaflets in foreign languages will be ready for distribution, also throw-aways advertising the protest meeting on July 15. Attend and get your allotment.

### Minutes of the Central Committee.

The new Central Committee of Kings County met at the Labor Lyceum, Saturday, July 8. J. Weil was elected temporary chairman. Comrades Prescott, Leus, Stetter, and Slavin were elected a committee on credentials. Delegates were seated from the following branches: 4th A. D., three delegates; 5th and 23d A. D., three delegates; 6th A. D., Branch 1, one delegate; 6th A. D., Branch 2, five delegates; 12th A. D., four delegates; 15th A. D., Branch 1, three delegates; 22d A. D., Branch 1, three delegates; 14th A. D., Branch 2, one delegate; 19th A. D., Branch 1, three delegates; 22d A. D., Branch 4, four delegates.

The following branches were seated provisionally: 9th A. D., Branch 2; 14th A. D., Branch 1; 23d A. D., Branch 2; 1st and 2d A. D.; 9th A. D., Branch 2. The 11th and 17th A. D. were entitled to elect only three delegates and elected five; the 17th A. D. was entitled to two and elected three; and the 18th A. D., entitled to seven, elected ten; the 20th A. D., Branch 2, entitled to three and elected four. A motion that members paid up to the end of March be considered in good standing was carried. It was also moved and carried that all delegates be seated until the report of the credential committee was received. Permanent organization being effected, Comrade Weil was elected chairman. Comrade Weil was elected chairman. The minutes of the previous meeting were adopted as read. A letter from J. Chant Lipis regarding open air speaking was read; a motion that we pay all speakers an equal fee was lost; an amendment that the Executive Committee pass upon all speakers, laying its decision for approval to the Central Committee, was ruled out of order; an amendment that the Executive Committee pass upon the price to be paid to speakers was carried.

A letter from the W. C. P. A. asked that we elect a member on the Call Board of Management, in place of M. Fruchter, whose term expired. M. Fruchter was re-elected. A letter from the Volkzeitung regarding the publication of the Pioneer Calendar for 1912 was ordered filed. A bill from M. Fruchter for \$155 was ordered

paid. A letter from M. Lerner protested against the rejection of his application for membership in the party by Branch 2 of the 23d A. D. On motion M. Lerner was granted the floor. A motion was carried that a grievance committee be elected to investigate the matter. The following were elected on the committee: Cohen, Zucker, Rosenfeld and Edelstein.

The recommendation of the Executive Committee that the wives of party members can become members of the party without paying additional dues was concurred in, and the suggestion approved that we second the proposed national referendum on this subject. The recommendations that we secure Eugene V. Debs for a meeting in the latter part of October and that we donate \$10 to the Brooklyn McNamara Defense Conference were concurred in. A motion to table the recommendation that we second the national referendum initiated by Local Troy, urging the party to take a stand in favor of industrial unionism, was lost; but an amendment that the organizer send a copy of the resolution to the branches and that a special borough meeting be called one month from date to discuss this question was carried.

Comrade Meyer, of Rochester, was granted the floor, and explained that he was out of work and desired to reach Syracuse but had no money. On motion a collection was ordered taken which netted \$6.42. The organizer reported that the Seidel meeting netted \$14.10 for tickets. The collection brought \$74.63, a total of \$156.08. The expenses were \$11.75, leaving an income of \$144.33, which has been forwarded to Mayor Seidel. The organizer requested that a member of the Auditing Committee be elected in place of J. Gerber, who is unable to attend. Comrade Wasserman was elected. Comrade Wasserman stated that he had given out the campaign lists to the delegates; also tickets for the picnic of the W. S. & D. B. P. part of the proceeds will go to the party.

The committee investigating the charges of M. Fruchter against J. Gerber reported progress. The committee to investigate the advertising of The Call made its report, which started a lengthy discussion. A motion was carried that the clippings referred to in the report be read. A motion to table the entire matter was lost. Another motion was made and passed that the reading and discussion of the report of the majority and minority of the W. C. P. A.'s investigating committee be laid over to the next meeting of the Central Committee, where it be made a special order of business at 9 o'clock.

Twelve applications for membership were approved. On motion the organizer was instructed to inquire of Local Queens the purpose of its election of a committee to bring charges against a member of Local Kings, also the reason why the committee did not appear. The delegate on the Call Board of Management made his report; a motion was carried that the manager of The Call furnish our delegate with reports whenever requested. The financial report was, income, \$118.96; expenses, \$110.96; balance, \$8. The income for the last three

months was \$1,400.96, expenses, \$1,394.96; balance \$6.  
HARRY USWALD, Secretary.

### NEW JERSEY.

Jersey City.  
An open air meeting will be held this evening under the auspices of the 5th Ward Branch, at the corner of Communipaw and Pacific avenues, James M. Reilly, speaker.

### Newark.

Branch 5 will meet tonight at 8:30 o'clock at 124 Market street. Important officers are to be elected.  
D. GROSSMAN, Secretary.

### PHILADELPHIA.

OPEN AIR MEETINGS.  
Washington Park, 26th street and Allegheny avenue, Victor L. Berger.  
TOMORROW.  
5th and Wolf streets, A. J. Raskin and Herman Anders; Germantown and Girard avenues, Albert Hirsch and Charles Pettit.

### NATIONAL NOTES.

As previously announced, the Alaska local were insistent upon the advantages to be gained by an organizing tour in that territory, and some of them in support of their faith promised financial assistance, even though they did not expect a visit from George H. Goebel, the organizer, to their local. This was the case with Local Deadwood, and the National Office has received from it two registered packages containing 6 1/2 ounces of gold dust, said to represent about \$107. This is an outright contribution to the expenses of the organizing tour in Alaska.

The State Legislature of Illinois has allowed the expenses incurred in a number of contest cases for seats in the Legislature. This included those incurred by Carl Strover, for whose contest an appropriation of \$50 was made by the National Executive Committee. Comrade Strover, having been reimbursed, has returned the amount to the National Office.

By a recent referendum in Alabama, Emma F. Connolly, P. O. box 55, Birmingham, was elected State secretary.

Seven new leaflets will be ready for shipment from the National Office July 15. The titles of the leaflets are as follows: "Our Political Parties," by Algonquin Lee; "The Civic Federation and Labor," by Morris Hillquit; "The Socialist Party and Woman Suffrage," by Lena Morrow Lewis; "Who Are the Peace-makers," by Morris Hillquit; "Workmen's Compensation," by W. J. Ghent; "Government by the Few," by Morris Hillquit; "A Municipal Program," by Carl D. Thompson.

The leaflets above listed as written by Comrade Hillquit are made up of letters written to him by the Civic Federation, the New York Peace Society and the Short Ballot Organization, and his replies to the same. Each of the three leaflets deals with a present day problem and the discussion is conducted in temperate and dignified language, but also with keen logic and forceful facts.

All of the above leaflets are four-page, on good paper and with large

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type. Price \$1.50 per thousand, either single leaflets or assorted. Ten thousand for \$10. Cash must accompany all orders.

In the election held June 20 at Milesville, S. Dak., the Socialists elected all the members of the School Board.

The following proposed national party referendum has been received at the National Office:

"Local Lowell, Mass., proposes a party referendum as follows: 'That the Socialists party establish or acquire a weekly publication.'

"Comment: We believe in the press being owned and controlled by the party. The Socialists of this local are opposed to private ownership, even in Socialist publications. Let us put the same effort to establish our own press that we do for others at present."

"ROBERT J. KELLY, Secretary."  
Members in good standing, 53.

Local Portland, Ore., reports the disappearance of Comrade Percy Newman, and fearing that he has met with an accident or foul play, requests information as to his whereabouts to be sent to George A. Hinsdale, 309 Davis street, Portland, Ore.

Beginning July 11 the Western Workmen's Co-operative Publishing Company, at Astoria, Ore., which publishes the Finnish Socialist tri-weekly "Terveys" will start to issue a woman's Socialist paper, which will be known as "Terveys." This paper will thereafter come out every Tuesday of each week, the subscription price being \$1 a year, 60 cent for six months. Mailu Kaunio-Aaltonen, who recently has been touring as an organizer of the Finnish organization in the Western District, has been secured as editor for the paper. The publishing of this paper was planned at the stockholders' annual meeting in Astoria last April, and was ordered to be started immediately after \$3,000 advance subscriptions had been secured. The point has been reached and we now have another Socialist paper in the field to work especially among the Finnish women in this country.

The Journal of the Women's Trade Union League reports in full the contributions made to the striking Garment Workers in the Chicago strike. The total contributions from all sources was \$70,177.90. Organized labor contributed \$41,182.16. The sum collected by the Socialists was: Socialist women, \$5,432.14; Chicago Daily Socialist, \$2,300.07; Socialist party branches, \$1,119.36; Polish Socialists, \$1,750.63, making a total of Socialist contributions of \$10,601.54. Besides numbers of Socialists made direct contributions as individuals. This is a commendable showing when it is considered that our members as trade unionists share also in the trade union contribution.

State Secretary Hill, of Florida, reports that the income of the State office for the past six months has increased nearly 100 per cent, and that the amount paid to the National Office for dues has increased exactly 100 per cent, or from \$97.50 to \$195.

## LOS ANGELES LABOR CELEBRATES FOURTH

Job Harriman Addresses 10,000 Workers—McNamara Issues Statement.

(By National Socialist Press.)

LOS ANGELES, July 4.—About 10,000 Socialists and trade unionists gathered at the picnic at Eagle Rock, Job Harriman, candidate for Mayor, made the leading speech of the day. Fred C. Wheeler, who polled 20,000 Socialist votes as the candidate for Mayor last election, and who is now a candidate for the Council, was another speaker. Edward Adams Cantrell, candidate for Board of Education, aroused great enthusiasm among the multitude of workers present when he went into the parallel between the McNamara case and the kidnapping of Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone in Colorado.

In a statement issued to California papers, John J. McNamara says: "I am desirous of extending a word of greeting to the workmen and working women and to the unorganized wage earners who are progressive in their convictions, and who sympathize with the toilers and are in entire accord with their aims and objects both industrially and politically."

In speaking of his own case McNamara said: "A sensational subsidized and melodramatic public press for a brief interval gave undue prominence to every morsel of news or gossip it could beg, borrow, buy or steal, but it is with a considerable degree of satisfaction that it is now noted that the inevitable reaction has already set in and that upon mature reflection the great mass of the citizens have begun to see things in their true light."

"Some of the things to be contended with in Los Angeles are a hostile press and public, the latter largely due to the threat of business and social annihilation which is constantly held over the heads of anybody and everybody like a huge boycott by the Merchants and Manufacturers' Association, plant police and public officials. Also laws and ordinances, especially framed to work to the detriment of the organized worker, are a few of the many things that must be combated and overcome.

"Be of good cheer. The goal marked Success is not for the weary and faint of heart. Present day conditions should convince the most skeptical that there can be no half way measures nor retreat. The issue is clear cut—success or annihilation. Which will you choose?"

"To our trade unionist brethren we say that your confidence and assistance is appreciated beyond expression and is ample to offset any temporary suffering or ignominy that a prejudiced enemy and its purchased minions may be able to inflict."

The 589th Edition of The Call and Our Announcement  
**COME, PHONE, OR ORDER BY MAIL.**  
**MEN'S AND LADIES' FURNISHINGS**  
**UNION LABEL CLEAN MADE**  
Underwear, Shirts, Linen, Hosiery, Belts, Suspenders, Umbrellas, Caps, Collars, Cuff Buttons, Cufflinks, etc. Up-to-date Goods and popular prices.  
**SIG KLEIN and Assistants**  
50 THIRD AVE., Near 10th St., New York.

**Thomas G. Hunt**  
Maker and Importer of **TRUNKS, BAGS AND LEATHER GOODS**  
430 6th Ave., cor. 26th St., Manhattan.  
**McCann's Hats**  
Are always the best and cheapest.  
210 BOWERY.

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Try an insertion in The Call, the most closely read daily paper.  
**Rates Under This Heading Are:**  
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**UNFURNISHED FLATS AND APARTMENTS TO LET—West Side.**  
AMSTERDAM AVE., 590, near 80th st.—34 room modern apartment, \$12-\$15.  
COLUMBIA AVE., 752, near 100th st. in condition, exceptional chance, \$15.  
LEXINGTON AVE., 342 (near 115th subway)—Two flats, 5 rooms, bath, steam heat, \$12.  
MANHATTAN ST., 48 (near Amsterdam ave.)—4 rooms, new improvements, \$12.  
45TH ST., 404 W.—4 large rooms, \$15-\$16; clean, well kept house, see Janitor.  
68TH ST., 162 W.—3 rooms, bath, private hall, splendid conditions; \$27; owner on premises.  
114TH ST., 25 W. (near Lenox subway)—6 rooms, private bath, latest improvements, \$29.  
150TH ST., 522 W.—4 light rooms, bath; 187th st. subway, hot water, \$22.  
151ST ST., 162 W.—3 rooms, bath, private hall, splendid conditions; \$27; owner on premises.

**UNION AND SOCIETY DIRECTORY.**  
**UNITED JOURNEMEN TAILORS LOCAL NO. 590.**  
Headquarters, 130 W. 42nd St., 1st floor. Free employment bureau, 10:30 a. m. to 12 p. m. Delegate Body meets every Tuesday, 8 p. m. 42nd St.  
**CARRIAGE AND WAGON WORKERS UNION, 64th St., Brooklyn, meets every 1st and 3rd Saturday at the Labor Lyceum, 345 Fulton St., Brooklyn.**  
**Socialist Party, West County, headquarters, 236 East 54th St., Manhattan. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 10 p. m. Tel. 5800. Local No. 10, 42nd St., Manhattan, meets every Monday at 8 p. m. K. A. Fryman, sec. 124 W. 90th St. Chr. Carlson, rec. sec., 685 Union st., Brooklyn.**  
**UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS, Local Union No. 607, meets every Tuesday, 8 p. m., 150 W. 11th St., New York. Secy., Wm. McDonald, 150 W. 11th St. Chr. Carlson, rec. sec., 685 Union st., Brooklyn.**  
**UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS OF AMERICA, Local Union No. 607, meets every Tuesday, 8 p. m., 150 W. 11th St., New York. Secy., Wm. McDonald, 150 W. 11th St. Chr. Carlson, rec. sec., 685 Union st., Brooklyn.**  
**UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS, Local Union No. 607, meets every Tuesday, 8 p. m., 150 W. 11th St., New York. Secy., Wm. McDonald, 150 W. 11th St. Chr. Carlson, rec. sec., 685 Union st., Brooklyn.**

**UNFURNISHED FLATS AND APARTMENTS TO LET—East Side.**  
LEXINGTON AVE., 1496-5 rooms, bath; hot water supply, all light, \$17; half month free.  
58TH ST., 209 E.—5-1 large rooms; cheap rent.  
69TH ST., 409 E.—Elegant flat, 5 light rooms, bath, improvements; \$21; one month free.  
75TH ST., 107 E.—7 rooms and bath, hot water supply, all light, \$27.  
77TH ST., 336 E.—Covet new 3 rooms, bath; steam heat, hot water, \$14-\$18.  
126TH ST., 306-308 E.—4 large, light rooms, double flat, \$14-\$15, one month free.  
129TH ST., 62 E.—6 large rooms, bath, steam heat, hot water, private bath; \$25.

**UNFURNISHED FLATS AND APARTMENTS TO LET—Brook.**  
DIXWON ST., 174, near 155th st.—5 very large room; \$15.  
ST. ANNE AVE., 286, Bronx—Six-room flat; hot water; rent \$20.  
DIXWON ST., 872, near Intervale ave. subway station—4-5 rooms; bath; \$14-\$22.

**FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, Manhattan.**  
108TH ST., 22 E. (near Madison ave.)—Five fully furnished, cozy, beautiful surroundings; of telephone, (Immer Dr. Berlin).  
185TH ST., 451 E.—Nicely furnished room; perfectly light, hot water; private entrance; 185th st. S. A. Mendel.

**BOARDERS WANTED.**  
COMRADE takes boarders to cozy home in 3rd-story, country, beautiful surroundings; abundant fresh, wholesome food; piano; terms; St. Hubert, Elmhurst, N. Y.

**SITUATION WANTED—MALE.**  
YOUNG MAN (26), intelligent; married; one 4-year-old child; speaks English, Russian and Yiddish; desires to work, is looking for any kind of job; wouldn't mind going to the country. S. D. 455, care The Call.

**BUSINESS PROPERTY TO LET.**  
A SOCIALIST WRITER  
WANTS TO RENT the cheapest office building in New York is two blocks from Madison Square. 60th Street, near 5th Ave. Tel. 5-14. S. D. 455, care The Call.

**UNION AND SOCIETY DIRECTORY.**  
The regular meeting of your Union and Society should be announced here. It will assist you in winning new members. Bring this matter up at your next meeting.  
Special rates upon application to The New York Call, 400 Pearl St., New York.  
Kindly send us corrections and additions for this directory.

## WIRE TRUST HEADS PLEAD NOT GUILTY

Only 30 of 83 Defendants Appear to Charges—Many in Europe.

As was expected, thirty of the eighty-three members of the Wire Trust, a subsidiary of the Steel Trust, pleaded not guilty yesterday before Judge Archbald, in the United States Circuit Court, to the indictment against them, charging restraint of trade in violation of the Sherman Anti-Trust Law. September 2 was set for the next hearing by Judge Archbald.

Each of the defendants was held in \$1,000 bail. Judge Archbald will set this morning for the purpose of hearing the pleadings of those who did not appear yesterday either personally or by counsel.

When Satterlee, Morgan's son-in-law, was asked what he thought of the Sherman law as applied to the wire industry, he replied: "Unfortunately I and eighty-two other defendants in this action are not in a position to discuss that question until the court has passed upon our case."

Several of the eighty-three are ill, and others are abroad, including Frank J. Gould, who was not even represented by counsel.

Those among the indicted officials of the various companies involved in the combination of wire manufacturers who did appear and plead not guilty were Herbert J. Satterlee; Charles F. Brooker, who is national Republican Committeeman from Connecticut; Frank M. Phillips, Edward W. Perot, president of the National Trust Company, and William P. Satterlee, president of the American Wire and Steel Company.

Among the absentees were, in addition to Frank J. Gould, Henry A. Satterlee, who is 83 years old, and said to be unable to leave his house, and Ferdinand W. Roebing.

## THE WEEKLY PLEDGE FUND

The following contributions for the Pledge Fund have been received during the week ended Saturday, July 8. The list contains only contributions which have reached The Call office not later than 3 p. m. on last Saturday. Contributions received after that hour will be acknowledged next Tuesday. The total received during the week amounts to \$316.76, which, while not coming up to our expectations, is, nevertheless, encouraging, considering that it was a holiday week, and that many Comrades had other pressing demands on their surplus funds. It is to be hoped that the receipts during the current week will be more satisfactory.

We must remind our sustainers to always remember that payments should reach The Call office on Fridays, when not paid in advance, and to make special efforts to pay the pledges regularly during the next eight weeks. July and August are considered the dull months in the newspaper business and The Call depends a great deal upon the meager support from the Pledge Fund to make up the shortage in the ordinary business receipts.

From a financial point of view, the last two months have been the best in the history of the paper. The cash receipts from all sources were very satisfactory and as a result the paper is today in a better financial condition than ever before. This, however, will not be the case during the next eight weeks and we count exclusively on the generosity and sacrifice of our supporters to give us the necessary assistance, so that we may approach the autumn season without the burden of any new indebtedness.

**Group of Cigar Makers of Manchester, N. H.** \$6.00  
G. K. Davis, Berlin, N. H. 25  
Harry Straus, Woodside, L. I. 1.00  
A. L. Kemper, Baltimore, Md. 1.00  
"Phony," Brooklyn 25  
Max Fischer, Brooklyn 2.00  
L. B. Friedensen, New York 50  
Bertha Ezer, New York 3.00  
Leonard D. Abbott, New York Workmen's Circle, No. 210, New York 5.50  
Robert Morrison, New York 1.00  
Mrs. Elza Guttman, New York 1.00  
Alex Guttman, New York 1.00  
M. Schenber, New York 2.00

Mrs. M. B., New York 15.00  
John Lyons, New York 2.00  
L. G. Dobsavage, New York 75  
Michael Samadecky, New York 2.00  
A. Graef, New York 50  
A. Kopp, New York 50  
J. Richley, New York 50  
S. Von der Line, New York 50  
Dr. N. Gortikov, New York 4.00  
George Schott, New York 1.00  
Workmen's Sick and Death Benefit Fund, Branch 278, Brooklyn 1.00  
Ben Nussdorf, Brooklyn 1.00  
Longwood Club, Boston, Mass. 14.00  
Frank B. Norman, Jersey City, N. J. 50  
Theo Luthy, Waterbury, Conn. 6.00  
Max Rosner, New York 1.25  
P. J. Flanagan, Brooklyn 1.00  
Dr. J. Roelink, Brooklyn 1.00  
Jessie B. Adams, New York 2.00  
James Allen, Jersey City, N. J. 2.00  
John Sinclair, Edge Moor, Del. 5.00  
Employees of Max Rosner, Brooklyn 1.00  
No Name, New York 1.00  
Mrs. L. Sharp, New York 1.00  
Leonard D. Abbott, New York 1.00  
Mrs. Nicholas Kelley, New York 4.00  
Leonora O'Reilly, Brooklyn 1.00  
N. Hollins, Brooklyn 1.10  
Angus McDonald, Brooklyn 5.00  
Walter Palm, Woodside, L. I. 1.00  
Geo. Khun, Trenton, N. J. 1.00  
A. Arons, Yonkers, N. Y. 1.00  
B. Solomon, Philadelphia, Pa. 20  
Jos. H. Bentley, Middletown, Conn. 1.00  
Isador Ganbar, New York 20  
Dr. J. Halpern, New York 1.00  
E. J. Mayer, New York 1.06  
Edwin C. Brooks, New York 3.50  
Alfred Lee, New York 1.00  
Alfred Pitzer, New York 1.00  
Charles Rowe, Tribes Hill, N. Y. 1.00  
Charles Carroll, Revere, Mass. 50  
Dr. William Richardson, Londonderry, N. H. 2.00  
A. Rodman, New York 2.00  
A. Newmark, New York 2.00  
Carrie Waters, New York 2.00  
F. T. Harris, New York 4.00  
Annie Moran, New York 2.00  
W. H. Murfit, Mariners' Harbor, S. I. 1.00  
45th Ward Branch, S. P. Local Philadelphia 1.00  
Fred Bockemann, Darby, Pa. 1.00  
Chas. Zeitelhack, Westfield, N. J. 25  
Henry Wenke, Westfield, N. J. 25  
Sam Knapp, Westfield, N. J. 25  
Albert Otto, Westfield, N. J. 25  
Paul Tuerchmann, Garwood, N. J. 1.00  
N. J. 10  
Geo. A. Johnson, New Haven, Conn. 5.00  
A. Aronstam, Chelsea, Mass. 1.00  
H. M. Merrill, Schenectady, N. Y. 1.00  
J. F. Hennessey, Schenectady, N. Y. 1.00  
F. L. Dujay, Schenectady, N. Y. 1.00  
J. Bell, Schenectady, N. Y. 50  
S. Schultze, Schenectady, N. Y. 50  
Mrs. C. W. Noonan, Schenectady, N. Y. 1.00  
Dr. A. Margolis, Brooklyn 2.00  
W. H. Luttman, Brooklyn 2.00  
C. F. Maas, Brooklyn 1.00  
Henry C. Slee, Brooklyn 1.00  
Mary W. Ovington, Brooklyn 6.50  
C. Kohan, Brooklyn 2.00  
A. L. Day, Brooklyn 1.00  
Ferdinand Stehle, Brooklyn 1.00  
Mr. and Mrs. Leon A. Mal-kiel, New York 3.00  
Aug. Schultz, New York 1.00  
J. Longrey and G. Levy, New York 2.00  
"Friends," New York 1.00  
Dr. S. Inerman, New York 4.00  
Dr. M. D. Millig, New York 2.00  
B. I. Mayer, New York 79  
A. Shnyer, New York 1.50  
Robert Friedman, New York 2.00  
B. Fenster, New York 1.00  
J. C. Kirby, New York 1.00  
Collected by Miss Caroline M. Dexter, New York 4.00  
William English Walling, New York 53.00  
Dr. John Guttman, New York 1.00  
Dr. and Mrs. L. A. Friedman, New York 3.00  
Algernon Lee, New York 2.00  
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D. J. Koppel, New York 1.06  
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Bernard Silver, New York 1.50  
S. Montlor, New York 1.00  
Stewart Kerr, New York 50  
William J. F. Hannemann, Brooklyn 1.00  
Fred Hannemann, Brooklyn 1.00  
Joshua Wanhope, New York 1.00  
M. Berkovitz and W. Astreich, New York 60  
S. Avstreich, New York 40  
Branch 9, S. P. New York 5.00  
B. J. Riley, Brooklyn 1.00  
B. Charach, Patchogue, L. I. 1.00  
Henry Stusel, West Hoboken, N. J. 1.25  
Emil Brandman, New York 1.00  
C. R. Bean, New York 1.06  
29th A. D., S. P., Branch 2, Brooklyn 2.00  
John F. Anders, New York 1.00  
Harry T. Smith, New York 1.00  
R. H. Asquith, New York 5.00  
Mr. and Mrs. S. Solomon, New York 1.75

## DENIES THAT ELLIS ISLAND IS A HELL

Commissioner Williams Squirms Around Charges by Offering Suggestions.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—"Immigrants at Ellis Island do not suffer at the hands of the government, but from their supposed friends and own countrymen who would, if permitted, carry on their nefarious traffic on the very island itself."

This was the answer of William Williams, Commissioner of Immigration at Ellis Island, to charges that conditions there are "Hell," as made today to the House Committee on Rules.

Williams denies that immigrants were brutalized or mistreated. Many conditions at Ellis Island, he said, could not be improved until the government enlarged the buildings.

Commissioner Williams asserted that if inspectors and marine surgeons were placed on the ships coming to this country the work at Ellis Island would be greatly relieved.

"The thing of the steamship companies for bringing unfair aliens here is the greatest aid in keeping this 'class of people out,'" Williams declared. "Double the fine and you will still reduce the number of immigrants deported as undesirable."

York 1.00  
A. E. Marsh, New York 1.00  
Robert Edwards, New York 1.00  
Weekly Pledge Club, per H. M. New York 1.00  
Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Cooke, Brooklyn 30.00  
Oscar Spence, New York 50  
J. G. Friedman, New York 50  
Alex Rosen, New York 1.00  
Sarah Shiller, New York 4.00  
Rud. Herman, New York 1.80  
Ernest Fehte, Brooklyn 50  
Antonio Prins, Brooklyn 50  
Marie and Frank MacDonald, New York 1.00  
William J. Gulliford, New York 1.00  
John Brandow, New York 1.00  
J. A. Behring, New York 1.00  
Julius Epstein, New York 25  
Branch 7, S. P., New York 1.75

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