

The emancipation of the Working Class must be accomplished by the workers themselves.



The Weather. CLEARING AND COOLER.

400 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

Devoted to the Interests of the Working People.

TELEPHONE 2202 BEEKMAN.

Price, Two Cents.

SUGAR TRUST WAS MADE TO KILL RIVALS

President Atkins Makes Statement at Washington Probe.

WILY HAVEMEYER

Owned Little Stock, but Retained Power by Keeping Truth From Stockholders.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—According to Edwin F. Atkins, of Boston, acting as president of the American Sugar Refining Company, H. O. Havemeyer was able to control the company up to two years ago while holding but 2,000 shares of stock, so completely were the affairs of the concern held in secret.

Havemeyer's holdings at his death, Atkins said, were valued at about \$100,000 of a total of \$30,000,000. "That was a surprising discovery," he declared. "It had been generally supposed that Havemeyer owned the greater part of the stock."

Atkins said the New England interests obtained control after a committee discovered that of the stock owners of the American Sugar Refining Company 62 per cent were New Englanders.

"We found that there were 18,000 New England owners," said the witness, "and 10,000 of these were women. They were helpless as far as representation was concerned, and I was glad to take a place on the board, which I did."

He explained how control for the New England owners was secured by election, and that also of Samuel H. Allen, W. B. Thomas and Edward Marston, all of whom represent that majority of stockholders known as the New England syndicate.

Atkins said the company was formed in 1883 by H. O. Havemeyer, who put on their feet a number of retaining companies that had been operating at a loss or without profit.

Seventeen refineries were included in the merger, and Mr. Atkins said he did not know what percentage of refined sugar production they controlled. But he said he thought 30 per cent was an exaggeration.

Atkins insisted that the main purpose of the merger was to reduce operating expenses. He admitted that there had been free and open competition and that this was found to be wrong.

He would not admit, however, that he set rid of this competition was the chief object of the consolidation, although it had that effect.

FRANCE JEALOUS OF SPANISH IN MOROCCO

MADRID, June 12.—A special meeting of the Spanish Cabinet was called today to consider the French opposition to Spain's Moroccan course, the chief grievance of France being the Spanish occupation of Larache and Alcazar. France will be assured that Spain intends only to protect her interests and the lives of foreigners in that part of Morocco which under the Algeiras treaty, is her sphere.

EXPLOSION KILLS 2 AQUEDUCT WORKERS

Three Others Hurt When Dynamite Explodes 200 Feet Underground.

NEWBURGH, N. Y., June 12.—Two men are dead, two are in a precarious condition, and three others are more or less seriously injured as the result of a premature explosion of dynamite in shaft No. 2 of the New York aqueduct at Garrison on Saturday. Nicholas Shortain, an Italian drill runner, was killed outright, and F. Sesta died in the Peckskill Hospital soon after he was taken to the city.

Four of the other men who are injured are foreigners, and one is a negro. All of them are either drill runners or helpers.

All of the victims were employees of the Hicks Johnson Company, Inc. This company has contract No. 2 of the New York aqueduct line. The shaft No. 2, about 200 feet below the surface, when a terrific explosion occurred. The men were busy on them when they were about 2,500 feet from the opening of the shaft and consequently it was some time before aid reached them. One of the victims succeeded in crawling near enough to the opening shaft to signal for help.

At the time the explosion occurred the men had just completed filling a hole in the rock with the explosive preparatory to setting off the blast. They were about to retreat to a point of safety when they received the signal to fire the fuse when the dynamite exploded. All of the men had to be carried to the top of the shaft, and three of them were taken to the hospital, where Sesta died.

ANOTHER "CRIME" OF M'NAMARA FOUND

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., June 12.—Albert W. Moore, president of the Moore Engineering Company of this city has informed the Grand Jury of an alleged threat made by John J. McNameara, secretary of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, and is now searching for the letter which he says he received from McNameara and which contained the alleged threat.

BERGER WANTS AUTO FOR COMMITTEE WORK

WASHINGTON, June 12.—Representative Berger has introduced a bill providing for the transfer of a discarded government automobile to the District Committee.

The automobile is to be used for official purposes only. But as usual the capitalist press has misrepresented the purpose of Berger's bill and is trying to make it appear that Berger wants the automobile for his own personal use.

FREE PRESS EDITORS THROWN INTO JAIL AT NEW CASTLE

Flanagan, Hartman and McKeever Locked Up on Contempt Charge.

WRIT TO BE SUED FOR

Capitalist Fight to Squelch Free Speech in Steel Center Again On.

By JACK BRITT GEARTY. (Special to The Call.) NEW CASTLE, Pa., June 12.—Flanagan, Hartman and McKeever, of the Free Press, surrendered themselves this afternoon on the contempt of court charge and were jailed.

A writ of habeas corpus will be applied for by Mrs. Flanagan and Mrs. McKeever, in the Superior Court, at Pittsburgh, and the case appealed to take it out of Judge Porter's hands. Attorney John Marron will argue for the writ.

The defendants will be released under bond, and the contempt case will probably not come up for several months.

Prosecution Hits Bumper. This move blocks any chance of the prosecution setting a precedent against the Socialists for classing Judge Porter's court as a class court. The prosecution was playing to get a verdict against the Free Press men for contempt of court, hoping thereby to arouse prejudice among the jurors that will try the seditious libel case, which will open either Thursday or Friday morning.

The latest move of the Socialists, which was taken on the advice of their counsel, will be a great surprise and a severe blow to the prosecution, for they have been checkmated at every turn. It may be safely said that which they could drop the seditious libel charge against the Free Press, the prosecution would gladly do so.

Jailing the three defendants, Flanagan, Hartman, and McKeever, though a mere formality, is a victory in the interests of the Socialists, for the minds of thinking citizens in the community either laugh at the case as a farce or damn the prosecutors as fools.

Those gentlemen who occupy the stage as prosecutors are Thomas W. Dickey, a go-o-d man, who, according to pretty well authenticated rumor, is to be elevated to the bench; City Solicitor Gardner, a dear, old fellow of the district, and an honorable, and whose worldly fortune is the fruit of office given him by the workers on the strength of his friendship for the toilers.

Porter entertains the idea that, regardless of what the statute law of this State and of the nation may say, he has inherited from England of the days when knighthood was in flower the right to punish those that are his enemies.

One big gap in the report of the Grand Jury, which has just closed its work for this session of court, reveals clearly that, while Judge Porter's court technically may not be a class court, Judge Porter is himself a rank class judge.

The Case of One Lusk. A prominent druggist doing business on Washington street, the main thoroughfare of the city, was charged several months ago with selling liquor without a license. It is charged that he was doing a rushing business. The facts were laid before Judge Porter and he was asked to instruct the Grand Jury to bring in an indictment against Lusk. Several months passed and Porter became imbued with prohibition morality and, upon petition of business men, parsons and a number of aristocratic snobs, he refused to grant a license in the county.

Another Grand Jury has come and gone, but Lusk is still doing business at the same old stand, still without the license which he was asked to give. The poor Italian charged with selling liquor illegally has just been indicted and held under bond for trial. Yet Porter expects to be treated as though he were a spotless angel of civic virtue, as if he were above criticism.

GREAT BOOSTER OF INSURGENTS NOW A DISGUSTED MAN

Welliver Finds Them Hustling "To Save Their Bacon."

SOCIALISTS SAID SO

Spoil of Office Has Sent Another "Good Man" Movement to Early Grave.

(By National Socialist Press.) WASHINGTON, June 12.—The Republican insurgents are just plain politicians without principle. This is the discovery of Judson C. Welliver, who, probably more than any other Washington correspondent, is responsible for the amount of publicity that has been given to the so-called progressives in both Houses. Welliver has just surprised political Washington by publicly expressing keen disappointment in his Congressional proteges.

In a three-column article, this well known political writer analyzes the present situation and shows that Canadian reciprocity and political patronage have split the ranks of the insurgents. He says:

Saving Their Bacon. They are suddenly concerned more about saving their own bacon than about debating policies and programs to their party in the national field.

"Saving their own bacon" What a charge! Surely Republican progressives all over the country who have been heretofore reading those articles by Welliver lauding the insurgent statesmen here to the skies won't understand such an expression. Welliver will have to translate this political phrase into popular English.

Not quite a year ago Welliver and other supporters of the insurgent movement assured the American people that the La Follette and Cuntz names would always remain true to their pledges. And this is what Welliver now says:

"Before the country they are in a position of seeming hostility to the very tariff reform ideals they maintained so valiantly two years ago."

He refers to the fight on the Payne-Aldrich tariff law in Congress. But this is not all. Welliver even charges that many of the insurgents will support Taft in his fight for a renomination. He hints that La Follette may not even run against Taft in the Republican convention, so that the present occupant of the White House will have a clear field.

"The great difficulty of the progressives," continues Welliver in a pessimistic tone, "is that their best and most effective supporters has been the independent press—newspaper and periodical. That force has been disappointed in their attitude on reciprocity. It is almost solidly for the reciprocity arrangement, but finds that its Congressional proteges have deserted."

While Welliver's mournful tale will be received with heartbreaking sobs by those who in the last campaign called themselves hoarse with hysterical enthusiasm over the insurgent movement headed by Roosevelt, Pinchot, La Follette and their kind, the Socialists, on the other hand, will receive this news with pleasure and delight.

The Socialists knew that "the bacon" would in time ensnare this latest "good man" movement, but did not think that it would get them so soon. Hence, Welliver's news is welcome.

ELECTION IN AUSTRIA TO-DAY

(Special to The Call.) VIENNA, June 12.—The strenuous pre-election campaign which the Socialists have carried on here in the last few months ends tonight. Tomorrow is election day for members to Parliament.

The chief issue in the present campaign is militarism. All the conservative parties are united against the Socialists, and are for a larger army and bigger navy, with the increased burdens which will, of course, follow.

ROCHESTER HEARS STIRRING SPEECH ON McNAMARA CASE

Joshua Wanhope Addresses Giant Gathering of Protest.

STATES THE ISSUE

Points Out Sources of and Reasons for Capitalist Conspiracy.

(Special to The Call.) ROCHESTER, June 12.—Despite the threatening weather Convention Hall last night contained a magnificent audience which came to express its protest against the kidnapping of the McNamara brothers and the attempts of the capitalists to railroad them to be hanged.

The McNamara case was exhaustively reviewed by Joshua Wanhope of New York, who was the chief speaker of the evening.

Every telling point made by Wanhope against the monstrosities of capitalists and the capitalist system was greeted with tremendous cheering and applause.

The meeting was held under the auspices of the Rochester Socialists and trade unionists. A chorus of 200 children from the Socialist Sunday schools sang revolutionary songs.

Wanhope's address of warning to the capitalist class that the workers will not permit the hanging of the McNamara brothers and the assassination of the labor movement follows:

The Respectable View. It would be useless to conceal the fact that a large portion of the public look upon these meetings as a sort of malicious defiance of the law by lawless people in the interests of lawless people. The press has been very careful to leave such an impression in the minds of its readers that they will look upon such protests as this, as the systematic efforts of enemies of organized society to bring the law into discredit, and eventually reduce society to anarchy and chaos.

And I may say that under the circumstances the view is one that might be expected and in a certain sense is a natural result.

Not only the press, but every channel of communication by which the public can be reached, has also been pressed into service to foster this view. Politicians of the Roosevelt type, magazine writers and clergymen, everyone who has the ear of any section of the public has been utilized for this purpose as far as possible.

Guilt Already Assumed. The guilt of the accused men, the McNamara brothers, is tacitly assumed by the shameless and sneering, and those engaged in this impatience put on a mask of seeming impartiality by urging all and sundry to suspend judgment until the trial demonstrates clearly the guilt or innocence of the accused. And especially is this urged upon those who assume the innocence of the accused until they are proven guilty.

So in addition to being lawless and malicious, we who conduct and initiate these meetings of protest, are also represented as furious, unbalanced people who lack judgment, and who are determined to do everything in their power to aid the escape of murderers from justice.

It is not hard to analyze the workings of the minds which accept this view. They sum it up this way: These men are accused of murder. They state boldly and bluntly that they are guilty. Our laws guarantee them a fair trial. What more can they or anyone else ask? Do you Socialists and trade unionists want to subvert the law and order? Are you not willing to wait and acquiesce in the verdict after a fair trial is given? What is the need of these meetings? On what is your complaint based?

Assurances Disbelieved. And it is those questions we have to answer. It is not that we have not answered them many times, but that rather what we say, what we complain of, is utterly ignored and we are again and again met with the same rot-like repetition of the assurance that these men will get a fair trial. Here then is our answer; here is where we take issue with these "complaint" assurances of impartiality.

House of Representatives. The House of Representatives has already passed the resolution and now goes to the various States for ratification. The resolution as adopted however, carried with it the so-called Bristow amendment, which will necessitate its re-approval by the House of Representatives, which had already passed it.

REICHERT A VICTIM OF AMERICAN NAVY

MEASLES NOW ONE OF FATAL DISEASES

ALBANY, June 12.—That the control of measles, which is one of the most difficult problems that confronts a health officer, due mainly to the fact that it is treated lightly by those afflicted, is the contention of the State Department of Health in a bulletin issued today.

According to the department, measles has caused 1,000 more deaths than scarlet fever during the last sixteen years. The department says it is a mistake to expose children to the disease on the theory that they must at some time during life have it, and that it is less severe in the child's younger days.

Two and one half per cent of all the deaths in England are charged to measles, almost a quarter of a million deaths occurring during the past twenty years. The department urges that all public places be kept thoroughly clean and ventilated and that school teachers report immediately to health officers suspected cases.

BALDWIN'S EFFORT TO OPEN A FAILURE

Big Plant Tied Up Completely, Being Helpless Without Regular Men.

(Special to The Call.) PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 12.—The attempt to start up the Baldwin Locomotive Works today was a pitiful failure, only a few hundred men reporting out of the thousands needed to run the big plant.

The tie-up is complete. Baldwin's workers are highly skilled and experienced men and it is impossible for the company to obtain scarce competent men to fill their places.

The departments which are closed are the staybolt, boiler, flange, frame and flue shops, and the 24th street shop is shut up. The paint shop and the 17th street shop are incapacitated.

About 300 Poles and Hungarians, riveters, are out. A large part of these went to work at 7 o'clock, but shortly afterward walked out, and collected outside the plant in an orderly crowd.

The General Executive Committee of the strikers, composed of ninety-six members, met this afternoon at Bricklayers' Hall, Broad street and Fairmount avenue.

The object of the meeting was to appoint the committee to see Superintendent Vaucian. Vaucian today returned from a Western trip. He had nothing to say.

Leaders of the Car Men's Union conferred with leaders of the strikers Saturday night, and as a result, C. O. Pratt, of the trolley men, said he thought it would be well for both the Baldwin strikers and the car men to let their grievances before E. T. Stotesburg, local representative of J. P. Morgan.

Pratt and Peter Driscoll, president of the Car Men's Union, were present at the conference Saturday night. One assertion upon which joint action by the strikers and the car men was urged, was that the same financial interests were concerned in the reorganization of the locomotive works and the trolley company.

The Central Labor Union yesterday adopted a resolution pledging moral support to the Baldwin strikers.

TWO SLAYERS DIE IN SING SING CHAIR

OSISING, N. Y., June 12.—Two men were sent to the electric chair in Sing Sing this morning in punishment for murders. One of them walked calmly to the chair and said goodby to those who had been his guards in the death house, and seemed perfectly resigned to his fate.

The other was led in with faltering steps. He appeared to be a wreck and kept murmuring, "I didn't do nothing."

Hancock's Clique Fire Seaman Who "Knew Too Much."

JAILED AND ROBBED

Once Acquitted, He Is Made Do Time, Then Is Fined and Dismissed.

Where is the patriot whose heart will fall to thrill at the sight of his beloved government catching young men for naval service, seeing them of their manhood and material possessions and then kicking them ashore as "unreliable" when they fail to sink rapidly enough to the degraded level of a satisfied sailor?

Arthur Reichert enlisted in the United States Navy seven months ago. Last week he was thrown ashore with nothing left but his manhood. If he had been willing to surrender that he would still be one of our brave boys in blue on the U. S. Hancock.

The naval authorities at the Newport training station placed Reichert under arrest for attempting to cross the threshold of quarantine, a violation of rules, acquitted him of blame in that connection, seized him again a short time afterward, gave him five days in "solitary" on bread and water, then thirty days more without pay and a fine amounting to \$140, and finally the "undesirable" discharge.

All of these official proceedings were conducted in violation of rules in the sailors' blue book. Reichert knew they were and the naval officers knew he knew. This is why they called him "undesirable" and "knew too much."

At the punishment administered to Reichert grew out of his single offense of almost entering quarantine. Having been given a hearing on this charge, it became a violation of the sailor's rights to try him again on the same charge.

Yet it was because of this that he was given the "undesirable." And the final discharge was given only after Rear Admiral Rogers had approved the milder punishment of thirty days without pay, and after Reichert had done twenty-seven of those days.

In other words, Rogers approves one sentence. Reichert served all but three of the thirty days prescribed and then somebody goes over the admiral's head and orders Reichert fired as an undesirable.

It was on March 12 that Reichert was held up by a boy petty officer at the quarantine door. The petty officer took him before the officer of the deck and there a witness whose name Reichert does not know swore that the sailor had actually entered quarantine.

The officer of the deck had decided to inflict the five days in solitary confinement, but Reichert finally convinced him that the witness had lied and that he had not entered quarantine, but was only about to enter when arrested. That satisfied the officer and Reichert was discharged, the case having been heard and dismissed.

False Witness Thrashed. Several days after this Reichert met the witness who had lied at the hearing. Hot words ensued and the witness, a strapping big fellow, said he would settle the matter once and for all if Reichert would come outside the building and fight it out with fists.

Reichert accepted the challenge and gave the fellow a drubbing he will never forget. Then the man who had lied at a hearing of his comrade, tried to bully him later and was whipped in a fight of his own picking, decided to get revenge and Reichert found himself a prisoner, charged with creating a disturbance.

Reichert was made to stand a summary court martial while the other fellow went free. The four officers who acted as judges at the trial stated in their report to Admiral Rogers that Reichert was a bad fellow, BUT SINCE HE WAS SUCH A FINE BAKER, HE AND BAKERS WERE SO MUCH IN DEMAND, THEY RECOMMENDED THAT HE BE NOT DISMISSED FROM THE SERVICE BUT GIVEN THE THIRTY DAY SENTENCE AND THE FINE OF \$75, which was all the money he had on the books.

While awaiting trial, however, Reichert was kept in solitary confinement for five days. Admiral Rogers approved the recommendation of the trial officers and Reichert then began serving out his thirty days' sentence. All Rules Violated.

While in the brig doing his five days in solitary Reichert noticed that the blue book provisions regarding such confinement were being flagrantly violated. The blue book provides that a man doing solitary shall be fed on bread and water two days and given the full ship rations on the third.

DEUTSCH BROS
RELIABLE CREDIT HOUSE

Attractive and Well Made Furniture
A large selection in Parlor, Dining and Bed Room
Suits, as Rugs, Carpets, Bedding, etc.

\$1.00 a Week Opens an Account

Daily Deliveries in Brooklyn, Bronx, and Yonkers. Open Evenings.

58 60 AVE A **1342 44 ST AVE**
COR 74TH ST. COR 74TH ST.

being less than half of what the other men got and of what he was entitled to.

The blue book also provides that while undergoing punishment other than solitary confinement a sailor shall be provided with his mattress to sleep on. Reichert was not given a mattress.

Not one seaman in a hundred knows the blue book or any of the admiral's laws. This is why they are such easy victims of brutal exploiters and why the service, both merchant and naval, is composed of a degraded lot of human beings who have lost all power to resist and are willing to stand for any kind of treatment accorded them.

It was while undergoing the punishment approved by Admiral Rogers that Reichert's enemies decided that they would kick him out of the navy despite the fact that he had already been tried for all his "crimes" and was being punished for them.

Reichert was too much, had too much manhood and was too ready to demand his rights to make a good sailor in the United States Navy.

Despite the blue book and the federal statutes, sailors have no rights and the sooner they come to know it the better for the service.

The naval officers therefore got together and dug up that old story about him entering quarantine. They pressed it so hard that Captain Patrick Horrikan, of the Newport station, disregarded the fact that his admiral had already passed sentence on Reichert and sent a report to Washington asking that the sailor be given an undesirable discharge from the navy.

Thus it was that after Reichert had done five days in solitary confinement on bread and water and had served all but three days of his thirty day sentence, he was dragged out and dismissed from the navy.

**YAQUI INDIANS
READY TO FIGHT**

**Lower California Liberals
Still in Arms Against
New Regime.**

EL PASO, Tex., June 12.—Yaqui Indians threaten war in Sonora if they are not given lands which a Los Angeles and New York company has been selling to Californians and in which John Hays Hammond is largely interested.

Insurrecto and federal soldiers are being gathered in the vicinity of Hermosillo to take the field against the Indians if they refuse to accept lands elsewhere. The Indians have thus far steadfastly refused to accept any lands which they claim formerly belonged to them and were given away by the government.

The Yaquis claim that Madero promised them when they joined his army that he would restore to them all their lands as soon as peace was established, and now they are demanding immediate compliance with the promise. The land in question is included in the tract of 600,000 acres given to the Richardson Kain Company.

Three years ago the company found that more capital was needed and the matter was placed in the hands of John Hays Hammond, who reorganized the company and introduced several million dollars of new capital into it, mostly New York money.

Officers Take His \$60.

But that was not all. Every man who enlists in the navy is given a \$60 outfit of clothing by the government. On the day he was finally dismissed from the navy, Reichert had \$69.97 coming to him of the books.

At another way of showing their hatred of sailors who give them trouble by knowing too much, the officers of the Hancock took \$60 from Reichert's coming pay and set him ashore with \$3.07. They said he would have to pay for the clothing he had been "given."

In spite of the fact that Reichert is an expert baker, having recommendations from several big concerns in New York, his undesirable discharge from the navy states that he is not qualified to fill any job.

Not content with having robbed him while he was in the navy, these officers of the Hancock sought to give Reichert a black eye even after he had left the service by stating that he was not qualified to fill any job.

Yet, by a strange mishap, they told the truth about him in one particular, stating that his record for sobriety was perfect. Reichert does not drink, another sign that he is not the kind of man who is most welcome in our glorious navy.

Reichert lives at 139 Christie street and his friends are determined to have Congress investigate his case and demand that he be given an honorable discharge from the service.

**OPHTHICIAN AND OPTOMETRIST,
NEW YORK.**

When you are troubled with your eyes, have your eyes examined and, if glasses are necessary, have them made at

**Dr. B. L. Becker's
OPTICAL PLACE.**

203 E. Broadway, Tel. 2365 Orchard BRANCH, 102 LENOX AVE., BET. 115TH AND 116TH STS.
I see with The Call since The Call started.

**OPHTHICIAN AND OPTOMETRIST,
BROOKLYN.**

I. M. KURTIS, Expert Optician
1026 Broadway, Brooklyn.
Glasses, \$1 & up. Open Ev'g

**Arbeiter Kranken u. Sterbe-Kasse
für die Ver. Staaten von America**

WORKMEN'S Sick and Death Benefit Fund of the United States of America.

The above society was founded in the year 1854 by workmen imbued with the spirit of solidarity and Socialist thought. Its numerical strength (at present composed of 245 local branches with 34,100 male and 2,000 female members) is rapidly increasing among workmen who believe in the principles of the modern labor movement. Workmen between 15 and 45 years of age may be admitted to membership in any of the branches upon payment of an initiation fee of \$4.00 for the first class and \$3.00 for the second class. Members belonging to the first class are entitled to a sick benefit of \$9.00 for 40 weeks and of \$4.50 for another 40 weeks, whether continuous or with interruption. Members belonging to the second class receive under the same circumstances and length of time \$5.00 and \$3.00, respectively. \$250 death benefit guaranteed to the beneficiaries of every member, and the wives and unmarried daughters of members between 15 and 45 years of age may be admitted to the third class upon payment of an initiation fee of \$1.00. Monthly assessments are levied upon the three different classes of members of \$1.75 cents and 25 cents, respectively. Members at large are not accepted, but all candidates have to join existing branches. In cities and towns where no branch exists, a new branch can be formed by 15 workmen in good health, and men adhering to the above principles are invited to do so. Address all communications to William Meyer, Financial Secretary, 1-3 Third Avenue, Room 2, New York City.

GRIST FOR MILL HOPPERS.

HARRISBURG, Pa., June 12.—There is no danger of race suicide in the Keystone State. The record for 1910 shows 203,624 births, as against 119,771 deaths.

**M. & A. KATZ
DEPARTMENT STORE**

831-833 Third Ave., near 51st St. NEW YORK.

Strictly One Price Store
FAIR TREATMENT TO ALL.
SAVE OUR COUPONS.
They are equal to 4 per cent discount.

Thomas G. Hunt
Maker and Importer of
TRUNKS, BAGS AND LEATHER GOODS
430 6th Ave., cor. 28th St., Manhattan.

CALLAHAN THE HATTER.
140 BOWERY. Reputation.

Labor News of the World

**WOMEN UNIONISTS
OPEN CONVENTION**

"Workers Must Help Themselves," Is Watchword Sounded in Boston.

(Special to The Call.)
BOSTON, Mass., June 12.—Boston's old Warren street, with its few feet of cobblestone pavement stretching between the houses on either side flush with the brick sidewalks, flashed into momentary sunshine and gaiety with the bright faced, clear eyed crowd of 100 women delegates to the third biennial convention of the National Women's Trade Union League of America as they assembled this morning at 10 o'clock in the Memorial Hall at 10 Warren street.

The first session opened with music by a union orchestra of six women. Then the Chicago delegation, twenty-four strong, rose and sang a song of local composition in praise of the Women's Trade Union League. Of Mrs. Raymond Robins, their national president, and of trade unionism in general. This was greeted with enthusiasm as was similar songs by the Boston delegates, seventeen strong, and of New York, twenty-one in number.

At 10:30 Mrs. Raymond Robins used the gavel, saying "I hereby call this third biennial convention of the National Women's Trade Union League of America to order."

"I welcome you a thousand times to this day of jubilee, friends. It is very fitting that this word of welcome be given by you, by one who was one of those eight years ago to help found the Women's Trade Union League in this same city of Boston. Mrs. Mary K. O'Sullivan was one of those who saw the vision of the future and it gives me pleasure to announce her as the chairman of this first session."

Mrs. O'Sullivan Spoke.

Mrs. Mary K. O'Sullivan, first vice president, then took the gavel and welcomed the delegates, saying that it was beyond her utmost hope to see so many delegates present at this meeting.

"When we organized in Boston in 1903," she said, "there were not more than five women members of trade unions, present and prospective, and my allies who saw what must come and that the working women must organize for self-protection. Our one aim was to organize. This service must be given to the workers, must help ourselves. I give you my heartfelt thanks."

Mrs. Raymond Robins then took the platform and read her annual report, in the course of which she was interrupted several times, especially when she touched the deeper reasons for the need of trade union organization.

After Mrs. Robins finished her report, Mrs. Alfred Clark, president of the Boston Branch, rose to report that with great assistance from the Boston Branch of the National Women's Trade Union League, the fifty-four-hour work per week for women bill had been signed and would become a law on the first of January. Also that they hoped a member of the league would soon be appointed upon the commission to investigate women's work in Massachusetts with a view to establishing a minimum wage law, and that the reorganization of the Factory Inspection Department was being pushed vigorously.

Miss McIndis Scott, of New York, reported the progress of the New York branch in endeavoring to get the fifty-four-hour law through in New York and expected to be called to Albany next week.

Then followed the report of Miss S. M. Franklin, who reported for the league from Chicago, in which she laid special emphasis on the formation of four new leagues since the last biennial convention, Springfield, Mo., Kansas City, Mo.; Cleveland, Ohio, and Baltimore, Md.

The report of Miss Henry, editor of Life and Labor, was received with prolonged applause. She told the story of the founding of the paper, and laid stress on the need of such an organ and the response it had met with.

Then followed the announcement of a touching and dramatic incident of the morning was the election of "honorary delegates" from the New York trade union world to this convention. Mrs. Mary O'Reilly, mother of Miss Leonora O'Reilly, of New York, and herself a veteran worker in the labor movement for fourteen years.

"When called upon for a speech," Mrs. O'Reilly said, "I've never made a speech in my life. All I can say is I'm not worthy of it." Convention adjourned with Morris' "Song of the Toilers."

**BOSSSES' BLUFF FAILS
TO MOVE MACHINISTS**

Men Stay Out, in Spite of Threat to Fill Their Places.

Despite the threat of the bosses, that unless the striking machinists returned to work yesterday morning, they would have the men's places filled with strikebreakers, not a man broke away from the strikers' ranks yesterday.

The strikers called the bluff of the Hos. Wessel and other companies when they all gathered at their respective strike headquarters at the time they were asked to come to the shop. The strikers of the American Machine and Foundry Company also remained out and voted to continue the fight until victory is won.

It was said yesterday that the bosses have now arranged to have agents go around to the strikers' homes and induce their wives or parents to send their husbands and children back to work but it was stated that this would have little effect, as the men were out to win.

The Eureka Lodge strikers will hold a mass meeting at 151 Clinton street at 10 o'clock this morning, where reports of the Strike Committee will be submitted and other business will be transacted. The decision whether the injunction writ secured by the Standard Motor Construction Company, Whitton street, Jersey City, will be made permanent, will be announced by Chancellor Stevenson in the Court of Chancery of New Jersey tomorrow. Arguments in the case were heard on Friday.

**POST'S SUIT AGAINST
A. F. OF L. DISMISSED**

Union Hater Sought to Prevent Closed Shop and Asked Damages.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 12.—Suit instituted by C. W. Post, of Battle Creek, Mich., against the American Federation of Labor and the Buck Stove and Range Company, in which he sought to prevent a closed shop agreement and asked \$750,000 damages, was dismissed today by Federal Judge Dyer. The court acted on a demurrer in which the defendants contended the superior court had no jurisdiction.

The alleged demands grow from the federation's boycott against the products of the Buck company, Post, a cereal manufacturer, is a minority shareholder of the Buck company, and his suit was one of the closing features of union labor's fight to stop a closed shop.

The union agreement was signed soon after Post filed his action.

Samuel Gompers and other officials of the A. F. of L. were named as individual defendants.

Post's injunction restraining the labor organization and the stove company from carrying out the terms of the closed shop agreement entered into following the death of J. W. Van Cleave, president of the Buck company. The reported damages were filed under a section of the Sherman Act.

The defendants asked the dismissal of the bill on the ground that the suit was multifarious. They contended also that they did not owe Post any damages, and that Post, as a resident of the District of Columbia, should have brought action there, as it was not a suit between citizens of different states.

**LAUNDRY WORKERS
TO CONTINUE FIGHT**

Will Try to Force Fifteen Stubborn Bosses to Grant Their Demands.

The Laundry Workers' Union at its meeting yesterday voted to continue the fight against the fifteen bosses who have united to break the union and carry on the strike against them until they renew the contract with the organization.

It was reported that 285 master laundrymen have already signed agreements and that their laundries were now being operated under strict union conditions. The workers celebrated their partial victory over the bosses and pledged themselves to fight until union conditions prevailed in those laundries that are still holding out.

The bosses' association, which was organized to fight the strikers, has been falling to pieces and there are only fifteen employers now left in this combination. It is said that Murray of 173 Henry street, was instrumental in the formation of the bosses' organization, and that he is the one who is keeping the fifteen laundry owners from granting the demands of the strikers.

Most of the men and women who are out on strike at these fifteen shops have secured work in union shops while others are given work two or three days a week by their fellow workers.

They are now carrying on an agitation to organize the steam laundry workers who are about the worst paid in the trade and who work longer hours than the others. The strikers request all workers to patronize only those laundries that display the union sign in their windows.

**STRIKE HOLDS BACK
LINER IN ENGLAND**

SOUTHAMPTON, June 12.—The strike of the coal porters is still seriously interfering with the coaling of transatlantic liners.

The St. Paul of the American line, which was to have sailed last Saturday, will not be able to get away tomorrow, as has been anticipated, because of the slow work of the strike breakers, and it is thought now she will not be able to sail before next Thursday.

Her principal passengers will be sent to New York by the new White Star liner Olympic, which will be able to start on her maiden trip on Wednesday.

**PITTSBURG PLUTES HIT
BY WAITERS' STRIKE**

PITTSBURG, Pa., June 12.—Sixty-five waiters in the culinary department of the magnificent new million dollar building of the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, are on strike because they are not allowed to accept tips.

The men claim that they had an agreement with the management by which they would receive \$50 a month and tips of \$75 and no tips.

When notices were posted asking patrons not to tip the waiters, the men asked if they were to get the \$75. They say the management refused and they quit. Some 200 rich diners had to satisfy their appetites elsewhere at the regular Sunday evening dinner hour.

**TENDER RECEPTION
TO JAMES TOLE**

About 200 of the friends and associates of James Tole, ex-president of Typographical Union No. 6, were present Sunday afternoon at a reception given to Mr. Tole at the headquarters of the Allied Printing Trades Club, 45 Rose street. Tole was presented with a purse containing twenty \$20 gold pieces, the presentation speech being made by Charles M. Maxwell, the new head of "Big Six." Several other addresses were made and there was singing. Tole will leave at once for a vacation in the Great Lakes region.

**DECLARE STRIKE OF
BOILER MAKERS OFF**

The boiler makers' strike is off. At a special meeting of the nine local unions of the Greater City which comprises District 2, held at 67 St. Marks place on Sunday afternoon, it was decided to declare the fight off. The session lasted for about four hours and the strike situation was thoroughly discussed.

It was reported that out of the fifty-two firms against which the strike was begun on May 1, only twenty firms granted the wage increase of 50 cents per day. It was said that more than one half of the men who walked out on May 1 were still out on strike, and it was the opinion that it was a hard thing to beat the Metal Trades Association during a dull season like this.

It was finally decided to call the strike off, but no one will be allowed to go to work before consulting the strike committee.

An attempt will be made to get the bosses to restate all the strikers and it is for this purpose that it was decided that none of the strikers be allowed to return to work before reporting to the strike committee, who will confer with the bosses about reinstating the men in a body.

**NO SETTLEMENT
IN CLEVELAND STRIKE**

CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 12.—The strike of the 7,000 garment workers settled down today to a drawn out fight as a result of the action of the independent employers in voting to stand by the firms affiliated with the Garment Makers Association. Conferences that had been previously arranged for with eight of the independents are expected to be called off as a result.

Picketing was resumed today at all of the plants.

Six men were arrested last night on a charge of attacking a scab foreman, but were released for lack of identification.

**MAIL CLERKS WILL
NOT ENTER A. F. OF L.**

SYRACUSE, N. Y., June 12.—Assuring that there would be no present affiliation with the American Federation of Labor, Peter J. Kennedy, Milwaukee, new president of the National Railway Mail Clerks' Association, said today that he will be fighting immediately for needed reform for men in the service.

"The new officers will try to secure a service promotion," he said, "such as is now in vogue among postoffice carriers and clerks. By this change the men will be advanced according to length of service and work done until the maximum salary is reached."

"In addition we will try to have increased the traveling expense allowance. While the railway clerks have no opposition or hostility toward organized labor we are convinced we can gain nothing by affiliation with the A. F. of L."

**LAUNDRY WORKERS
TO CONTINUE FIGHT**

Will Try to Force Fifteen Stubborn Bosses to Grant Their Demands.

The Laundry Workers' Union at its meeting yesterday voted to continue the fight against the fifteen bosses who have united to break the union and carry on the strike against them until they renew the contract with the organization.

It was reported that 285 master laundrymen have already signed agreements and that their laundries were now being operated under strict union conditions. The workers celebrated their partial victory over the bosses and pledged themselves to fight until union conditions prevailed in those laundries that are still holding out.

The bosses' association, which was organized to fight the strikers, has been falling to pieces and there are only fifteen employers now left in this combination. It is said that Murray of 173 Henry street, was instrumental in the formation of the bosses' organization, and that he is the one who is keeping the fifteen laundry owners from granting the demands of the strikers.

Most of the men and women who are out on strike at these fifteen shops have secured work in union shops while others are given work two or three days a week by their fellow workers.

They are now carrying on an agitation to organize the steam laundry workers who are about the worst paid in the trade and who work longer hours than the others. The strikers request all workers to patronize only those laundries that display the union sign in their windows.

**STRIKE HOLDS BACK
LINER IN ENGLAND**

SOUTHAMPTON, June 12.—The strike of the coal porters is still seriously interfering with the coaling of transatlantic liners.

The St. Paul of the American line, which was to have sailed last Saturday, will not be able to get away tomorrow, as has been anticipated, because of the slow work of the strike breakers, and it is thought now she will not be able to sail before next Thursday.

Her principal passengers will be sent to New York by the new White Star liner Olympic, which will be able to start on her maiden trip on Wednesday.

**PITTSBURG PLUTES HIT
BY WAITERS' STRIKE**

PITTSBURG, Pa., June 12.—Sixty-five waiters in the culinary department of the magnificent new million dollar building of the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, are on strike because they are not allowed to accept tips.

The men claim that they had an agreement with the management by which they would receive \$50 a month and tips of \$75 and no tips.

When notices were posted asking patrons not to tip the waiters, the men asked if they were to get the \$75. They say the management refused and they quit. Some 200 rich diners had to satisfy their appetites elsewhere at the regular Sunday evening dinner hour.

**TENDER RECEPTION
TO JAMES TOLE**

About 200 of the friends and associates of James Tole, ex-president of Typographical Union No. 6, were present Sunday afternoon at a reception given to Mr. Tole at the headquarters of the Allied Printing Trades Club, 45 Rose street. Tole was presented with a purse containing twenty \$20 gold pieces, the presentation speech being made by Charles M. Maxwell, the new head of "Big Six." Several other addresses were made and there was singing. Tole will leave at once for a vacation in the Great Lakes region.

**DECLARE STRIKE OF
BOILER MAKERS OFF**

The boiler makers' strike is off. At a special meeting of the nine local unions of the Greater City which comprises District 2, held at 67 St. Marks place on Sunday afternoon, it was decided to declare the fight off. The session lasted for about four hours and the strike situation was thoroughly discussed.

It was reported that out of the fifty-two firms against which the strike was begun on May 1, only twenty firms granted the wage increase of 50 cents per day. It was said that more than one half of the men who walked out on May 1 were still out on strike, and it was the opinion that it was a hard thing to beat the Metal Trades Association during a dull season like this.

It was finally decided to call the strike off, but no one will be allowed to go to work before consulting the strike committee.

An attempt will be made to get the bosses to restate all the strikers and it is for this purpose that it was decided that none of the strikers be allowed to return to work before reporting to the strike committee, who will confer with the bosses about reinstating the men in a body.

**NO SETTLEMENT
IN CLEVELAND STRIKE**

CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 12.—The strike of the 7,000 garment workers settled down today to a drawn out fight as a result of the action of the independent employers in voting to stand by the firms affiliated with the Garment Makers Association. Conferences that had been previously arranged for with eight of the independents are expected to be called off as a result.

Picketing was resumed today at all of the plants.

Six men were arrested last night on a charge of attacking a scab foreman, but were released for lack of identification.

**MAIL CLERKS WILL
NOT ENTER A. F. OF L.**

SYRACUSE, N. Y., June 12.—Assuring that there would be no present affiliation with the American Federation of Labor, Peter J. Kennedy, Milwaukee, new president of the National Railway Mail Clerks' Association, said today that he will be fighting immediately for needed reform for men in the service.

"The new officers will try to secure a service promotion," he said, "such as is now in vogue among postoffice carriers and clerks. By this change the men will be advanced according to length of service and work done until the maximum salary is reached."

"In addition we will try to have increased the traveling expense allowance. While the railway clerks have no opposition or hostility toward organized labor we are convinced we can gain nothing by affiliation with the A. F. of L."

**What Local Labor
Bodies Are Doing**

CLEANERS AND DYERS.

The Cleaners and Dyers' Union is now carrying on an energetic campaign to organize the workers of their trade. For this purpose they are holding meetings and many workers are joining the union. The union has already succeeded in organizing thirty-five stores on the East Side and negotiations for the unionization of their plants are now going on with three firms. The workers request all workmen and women to patronize stores displaying the union signs with the seal of the Cleaners and Dyers' Union.

BROOKLYN F. OF LABOR.

The Brooklyn Federation of Labor held a successful picnic at Rikers' Park on Sunday afternoon. The picnic was a success and evening. Workers from all parts of the Greater City gathered to make merry and at the same time help a good cause, and it was the consensus of opinion of all those present that this was the most enjoyable event ever held by the Federation of Labor. The "Highland Fling," the famous Scotch dance, and other dances were performed by a little boys and drew forth much applause. All the games were very successful.

BROTHERHOOD OF MACHINISTS.

As a result of the continuous growth of the membership, Bay Ridge Lodge No. 17, of the Brotherhood of Machinists, has been compelled to engage larger quarters. The lodge will hereafter meet at Hagen's Hall, 44th street and Third Avenue, Brooklyn, every Friday night. The quarters are commodious and all members are invited to attend the next meeting.

**ASKS RESIGNATION
OF PRISON WARDENS**

ALBANY, June 12.—Col. Joseph F. Scott, the new State Superintendent of Prisons, announced today that he had requested the resignation of Jesse D. Frost, agent and warden of Sing Sing Prison, and Frank D. Cole, agent and warden of Clinton Prison, to take effect when their successors are appointed and have qualified, as a result of the report of Commissioners Osborne and Van Kenna, who investigated the management of the State prisons.

Colonel Scott said he could not say when he would make the appointments, but made it known that the wardens of the four State prisons have notified him that their resignations are at his command.

**TRAIN KILLS WORKER,
INJURES ANOTHER**

A local train bound for White Plains, leaving the Grand Central Station at 5:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, ran through a gang of men at work on the third rail in the lower level cut at 46th street and Park avenue.

They were not aware of the train until it was upon them, and two failed to dodge. Philip Trainor, a track walker, of 454 Eighth avenue, received injuries from which he died shortly after he was taken to the Grand Central emergency hospital. Matthew Quinn, an electrician, of 398 Eighth avenue, was taken to Flower Hospital with internal injuries. The train did not stop.

**TAFS PLAN TO GIVE
WASHINGTON A SHOW**

WASHINGTON, June 12.—It became known today that the President and Mrs. Taft are planning to make the anniversary celebration on June 19 the greatest social event in the history of the national capital.

White House social branch of the White House and the grounds into boxes of flowers. Elaborate refreshments will be served. Several thousand guests have been invited, many of them being expected from distant cities.

**ONE MILLION DOLLARS
TO SEE MME. BERNHARDT**

Mme. Sarah Bernhardt, the "divine Sara," is a divinity still as far as the box office goes.

Gross receipts of nearly \$1,000,000 are estimated from her American tour that will end here on June 21. In recognition of her wonderful abilities and success the Players' Club is planning to give her a big reception on the eve of her sailing for France.

When the tour is completed, it will have covered 28,000 miles, 103 American cities and 285 performances in 235 days. And "divine Sara" is 67 years old at that.

BERGER'S RECORD.

Evening Post's Washington Correspondent Compiles With Request.

The Evening Post's Washington correspondent yesterday complied with a reader's recent request by giving a complete record of Victor L. Berger's legislative activities to the extent of a column. Says the Post:

"Mr. Berger has been a singularly silent member. He has not addressed the House on any topic or taken any part in the debates and discussions on any of the items of the Democratic legislative program which have been under consideration. He has confined his activities to voting and to the introduction of bills and resolutions. No action has been taken by the House on any of his proposals and it is entirely safe to predict that no action will be taken. The measures he has introduced have been referred to appropriate committees, and there they rest. This is the common fate of the bulk of the legislation proposed by members of the House."

TEA.

Dandy for Iced Tea

White Rose CEYLON TEA

One Quality Only, the Best

**ANTHRACITE MINERS
TO GET TINY BONUS**

Miners working in the anthracite region of Pennsylvania will get a bonus of 1 per cent on their May wages, payable on the June payroll.

The bonus is paid in accordance with the decision of the Anthracite Strike Commission, which specified that, in addition to a general advance of 10 per cent in miners' wages there should be a further increase of 1 per cent for every advance of 5 cents in the average tide water price of coal. All classes of employees receive the bonus.

The 937th Edition of The Call
Our Announcement
COME, PHONE, OR ORDER BY MAIL
MEN'S AND LADIES' FURNISHINGS

UNION LABEL CLEAN MADE

Underwear, Shirts, Collars, Neckties, Suits, Hats, Caps, Cuff Buttons, Cuff Links, Suspenders, Corsets, Kimonos, Waists, Gloves, etc., at popular prices.

SIG KLEIN and Associates
50 THIRD AVE., New York
Near 10th St.

AMERICAN NAVAL OFFICERS SEE CA...

ST. PETERSBURG, June 12.—Being Whit Monday in the capital of the great Russia were gathered including hundreds of American officers from the ships of the second division of the Atlantic battleship fleet, which anchored at Cronstadt.

Tonight, at the latter place, Admiral Viren of the Russian navy presided at a banquet at the Navy Club, in which 120 American officers were the guests.

HIGH-GROUND DAIRY
QUALITY OUR MOTTO.
COUNTRY BOTTLED MILK.
645-453 Madison St. Tel. 4265

J. B. Schierenbeck
19 Bremen St., Brooklyn.

KNICKERBOCKER FURNITURE CO.
230 KNICKERBOCKER AVENUE, BROOKLYN.
Mattresses Made to Order.

H. Delventhal
GROCERY AND MEAT MARKET
Flatbush Ave., Cor. Cortelyou
Telephone 54 Flatbush

GEORGE EHLENBERG
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBLERR
205 WYCKOFF AVENUE, BROOKLYN.
Coaches Furnished for All Occasions.

MEADE SHOE CO.
1100 BROADWAY
Brooklyn's Largest Shoe House, 102-4 Myrtle St.

Gustav Stiglin
WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND JEWELRY
448 Columbia Ave., bet. 51st and 52nd St.
RELIABLE REPAIRING.

Drink "Peter Brown"
The Wm. Peter Brewing Co.
UNION HILL, N. J.

HENRY FRANK
TRUSSMAKER
1400 2d Ave. Bet. 84th & 85th

TRAIN KILLS WORKER, INJURES ANOTHER

Trusses, Bras, Bandages, Stockings, Crutches, Suspenders, stock guaranteed. Comradely lowered 10 per cent on all prices.

You are at home when dealing with

FRANK'S
N. E. COR. 83D ST. & AVE.
Always Something New
We handle all union-made goods

Bronx Preparatory School
1618 WASHINGTON AVENUE
Near E. 179d St., Bronx.

UNION LABEL
PIANO AND ORGAN WORKS
INTERNATIONAL UNION OF AMERICANS

See that the tuner and repairer has a membership book to show that this Label is on all on left hand side, INSIDE of ment.

ONE MILLION DOLLARS TO SEE MME. BERNHARDT

Mme. Sarah Bernhardt, the "divine Sara," is a divinity still as far as the box office goes.

Gross receipts of nearly \$1,000,000 are estimated from her American tour that will end here on June 21. In recognition of her wonderful abilities and success the Players' Club is planning to give her a big reception on the eve of her sailing for France.

When the tour is completed, it will have covered 28,000 miles, 103 American cities and 285 performances in 235 days. And "divine Sara" is 67 years old at that.

BERGER'S RECORD.

Evening Post's Washington Correspondent Compiles With Request.

The Evening Post's Washington correspondent yesterday complied with a reader's recent request by giving a complete record of Victor L. Berger's legislative activities to the extent of a column. Says the Post:

"Mr. Berger has been a singularly silent member. He has not addressed the House on any topic or taken any part in the debates and discussions on any of the items of the Democratic legislative program which have been under consideration. He has confined his activities to voting and to the introduction of bills and resolutions. No action has been taken by the House on any of his proposals and it is entirely safe to predict that no action will be taken. The measures he has introduced have been referred to appropriate committees, and there they rest. This is the common fate of the bulk of the legislation proposed by members of the House."

TEA.

WE SELL MORE STRAW HATS FOR \$2.90 THAN WE DO FOR \$1.50. And the \$1.50 Hat Is the Best \$1.50 Hat in This Big City. McCANN'S MEN'S HATS 210 Bowery, Above Spring St.

MORGANIZATION OF CENTRAL AMERICA PROCEEDS RAPIDLY

State Department Supports Association of Anti-Wall Street Revolutionists, but Lee Christmas et al Are Encouraged to Raise Hell Until Little Nations Mortgage Themselves to Big Business.

(Special to The Call.) WASHINGTON, June 12.—The United States Senate Committee on Foreign Affairs has reported favorably to the Senate on the United States treaties with Honduras and Nicaragua, whereby the "revolutionized" governments of those countries are to borrow money on their natural resources, the loans being guaranteed by the United States with power to the latter to intervene in those governments to effectuate this guaranty.

Other unfinished business that the people ask the Foreign Relations Committee to finish is to find out why William Nelson Cromwell represented the vendors and the vendees and the governments in the politico-diplomatic-financial deal of the fake Panama "revolution," made in the United States.

Why may Americans like Lee Christmas "rise" against Estrada Cabrera, while Guatemalan patriots may not? For the same reason that moved the State Department to be openly partial to its favorites in Nicaragua, and the Nicaraguans' opponents.

STOKES CASE GIRLS HELD UNDER BAIL. Judge May Reduce Figure From \$25,000 Each if Victim Improves.

SUBWAY REPORT TODAY—MAYBE. No: there was no subway report yesterday.

Lillian Graham and Ethel Conrad, the girls who are accused of shooting E. D. Stokes, were held in \$25,000 bail each yesterday for further examination on Wednesday morning.

The first section is being built by Smith, Scott & Co., at nearly \$11,000,000. This section extends from the Manhattan Bridge to Willoughby street. About 300 men are employed.

ANNOUNCE DATE OF STRIKE. LONDON, June 12.—The date of the strike of the world over, will be announced at Wednesday's meeting of the Ship Stewards' Union, according to a statement today by John Cotten, secretary of the union.

GOLD RUSH IN ALASKA. NOME, Alaska, June 12.—A rush has begun from here to Ruby Creek, Melozzi, and the Kusokovim River districts, where gold strikes are reported. The spring cleanup in the Nome district is estimated at \$40,000,000.

BROOKSIDE SANITARIUM at Ballston Spa, N. Y. H. A. GIBBS, M. D., Superintendent

CALL ADVERTISERS' DIRECTORY. MACFADDEN'S Physical Culture Restaurants. MANHATTAN. HATS AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

MANHATTAN. HATS AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS. MASSACHUSETTS. HATS AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

MANHATTAN. HATS AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS. MASSACHUSETTS. HATS AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

MANHATTAN. HATS AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS. MASSACHUSETTS. HATS AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

MANHATTAN. HATS AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS. MASSACHUSETTS. HATS AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

MANHATTAN. HATS AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS. MASSACHUSETTS. HATS AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

MANHATTAN. HATS AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS. MASSACHUSETTS. HATS AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

MANHATTAN. HATS AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS. MASSACHUSETTS. HATS AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

NEWARK WORKERS ARE AROUSED. By HARRY EGERTON. From present indications it looks as though there would be something doing in Newark in the near future.

WOULD SEGREGATE SEXES IN DANCING. CHICAGO, June 12.—"Denatured dancing," which will rob the light fantastic of its sinful lure and leave only beneficial exercise, is the suggestion of H. H. Van Mater, superintendent of the Chicago Christian Endeavor Union.

WOOL SCHEDULE SCRAP STILL ON. WASHINGTON, June 12.—Representative Mondell (Rep., Wyo.) continued the hot weather discussion of the Democratic wool revision bill in the House this afternoon.

NEWARK WORKERS ARE AROUSED. By HARRY EGERTON. From present indications it looks as though there would be something doing in Newark in the near future.

WOULD SEGREGATE SEXES IN DANCING. CHICAGO, June 12.—"Denatured dancing," which will rob the light fantastic of its sinful lure and leave only beneficial exercise, is the suggestion of H. H. Van Mater, superintendent of the Chicago Christian Endeavor Union.

WOOL SCHEDULE SCRAP STILL ON. WASHINGTON, June 12.—Representative Mondell (Rep., Wyo.) continued the hot weather discussion of the Democratic wool revision bill in the House this afternoon.

NEWARK WORKERS ARE AROUSED. By HARRY EGERTON. From present indications it looks as though there would be something doing in Newark in the near future.

WOULD SEGREGATE SEXES IN DANCING. CHICAGO, June 12.—"Denatured dancing," which will rob the light fantastic of its sinful lure and leave only beneficial exercise, is the suggestion of H. H. Van Mater, superintendent of the Chicago Christian Endeavor Union.

WOOL SCHEDULE SCRAP STILL ON. WASHINGTON, June 12.—Representative Mondell (Rep., Wyo.) continued the hot weather discussion of the Democratic wool revision bill in the House this afternoon.

NEWARK WORKERS ARE AROUSED. By HARRY EGERTON. From present indications it looks as though there would be something doing in Newark in the near future.

WOULD SEGREGATE SEXES IN DANCING. CHICAGO, June 12.—"Denatured dancing," which will rob the light fantastic of its sinful lure and leave only beneficial exercise, is the suggestion of H. H. Van Mater, superintendent of the Chicago Christian Endeavor Union.

WOOL SCHEDULE SCRAP STILL ON. WASHINGTON, June 12.—Representative Mondell (Rep., Wyo.) continued the hot weather discussion of the Democratic wool revision bill in the House this afternoon.

NEWARK WORKERS ARE AROUSED. By HARRY EGERTON. From present indications it looks as though there would be something doing in Newark in the near future.

WOULD SEGREGATE SEXES IN DANCING. CHICAGO, June 12.—"Denatured dancing," which will rob the light fantastic of its sinful lure and leave only beneficial exercise, is the suggestion of H. H. Van Mater, superintendent of the Chicago Christian Endeavor Union.

WOOL SCHEDULE SCRAP STILL ON. WASHINGTON, June 12.—Representative Mondell (Rep., Wyo.) continued the hot weather discussion of the Democratic wool revision bill in the House this afternoon.

NEWARK WORKERS ARE AROUSED. By HARRY EGERTON. From present indications it looks as though there would be something doing in Newark in the near future.

WOULD SEGREGATE SEXES IN DANCING. CHICAGO, June 12.—"Denatured dancing," which will rob the light fantastic of its sinful lure and leave only beneficial exercise, is the suggestion of H. H. Van Mater, superintendent of the Chicago Christian Endeavor Union.

WOOL SCHEDULE SCRAP STILL ON. WASHINGTON, June 12.—Representative Mondell (Rep., Wyo.) continued the hot weather discussion of the Democratic wool revision bill in the House this afternoon.

SPORTS

HIGHLANDERS WIN. Bunch Their Hits in Three Innings and Made Four Runs to Cleveland's One.

DODGERS LOSE AGAIN. Pirates Get Long Hits Off Barges, Who Was Star Sluggers for Brooklyn Team.

In a close game the Highlanders defeated Cleveland against yesterday afternoon by a score of four runs to one. Jack Quinn pitched good ball and held down the visitors to four scattered hits.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 12.—Cy Barger allowed the Pirates some long distance clouts this afternoon and the Dodgers, unable to find Camnitz for anything better than eight singles, lost by the score of 4 to 2.

Though James, one of Manager Stovall's recruits, allowed but the same number of bingles, the Yanks bunched them at the opportune time and pushed through their four tallies.

Pittsburg. AB. R. H. O. A. E. Leach, cf. 4 1 1 0 0 0. Clarke, lf. 4 0 1 1 0 1. Byrne, 3b. 4 1 1 1 1 0.

The game contained fast fielding as well as ragged play. The score: Cleveland. AB. R. H. O. A. E. Graney, lf. 4 1 2 0 0 0.

Brooklyn. AB. R. H. O. A. E. Tooley, ss. 2 0 0 0 2 1. Stark, ss. 2 0 1 0 1 0. Daubert, lf. 3 0 1 0 1 0.

Why is the American Lee Christmas engaged in a Morgan or other financial "revolution" in Central America? Why in 1908 the native Guatemalans rose in their rage against the tyrant and assembled in Mexico on the Mexican-Guatemalan frontier, their forces were sent back 300 miles toward Tehuantepec by the United States.

Other unfinished business that the people ask the Foreign Relations Committee to finish is to find out why William Nelson Cromwell represented the vendors and the vendees and the governments in the politico-diplomatic-financial deal of the fake Panama "revolution," made in the United States.

Why may Americans like Lee Christmas "rise" against Estrada Cabrera, while Guatemalan patriots may not? For the same reason that moved the State Department to be openly partial to its favorites in Nicaragua, and the Nicaraguans' opponents.

Other unfinished business that the people ask the Foreign Relations Committee to finish is to find out why William Nelson Cromwell represented the vendors and the vendees and the governments in the politico-diplomatic-financial deal of the fake Panama "revolution," made in the United States.

According to international law, both arms and men may be shipped into any distracted American republic, as long as they are shipped separately, by any big or little member of the system, and then the republic may be torn to pieces by filibusters until government satisfactory to the system emerges out of the debris.

Other unfinished business that the people ask the Foreign Relations Committee to finish is to find out why William Nelson Cromwell represented the vendors and the vendees and the governments in the politico-diplomatic-financial deal of the fake Panama "revolution," made in the United States.

Intervention by the United States occurs according to the needs of the system in the premises, and the system always needs to crush its opponents, as it does in our own republic. A perfect harmony between its methods there and here.

Other unfinished business that the people ask the Foreign Relations Committee to finish is to find out why William Nelson Cromwell represented the vendors and the vendees and the governments in the politico-diplomatic-financial deal of the fake Panama "revolution," made in the United States.

The unfinished business in the foreign relations of the United States must also include tearing the veil of unnecessary secrecy from the methods by which the Associated Press doctors, censors, suppresses, and manufactures the news of Spanish America in the interest of the system here and of the vena of the terrorized element there.

Other unfinished business that the people ask the Foreign Relations Committee to finish is to find out why William Nelson Cromwell represented the vendors and the vendees and the governments in the politico-diplomatic-financial deal of the fake Panama "revolution," made in the United States.

Some other unfinished business of the Committees of Foreign Affairs would be to ascertain how the full-page portrait of Rockefeller appears in the Boletino de la Republica, Caracas, published by the United States House of Representatives.

Other unfinished business that the people ask the Foreign Relations Committee to finish is to find out why William Nelson Cromwell represented the vendors and the vendees and the governments in the politico-diplomatic-financial deal of the fake Panama "revolution," made in the United States.

Similar interest is aroused by the State Department and Taft when they hold out Caracas, the industrial warrior who butchered the helpless Homestead workers, as the Spanish-American ome of peace, lighting in Central America in the shape of a peace tribunal palace, price \$250,000, erected in Costa Rica by the candy Arawaks, to further the consumption of steel rails that the more rapid granting of railroad concessions to the "right" concessionaires in Nicaragua, etc., will result in, under Morganized conditions.

Other unfinished business that the people ask the Foreign Relations Committee to finish is to find out why William Nelson Cromwell represented the vendors and the vendees and the governments in the politico-diplomatic-financial deal of the fake Panama "revolution," made in the United States.

Thus we can make and perpetrate a republic to the liking of the system. The sovereign or the sovereignty of any republic is always the loan-mongering and commission hunting system of the United States' legislators and agents.

Other unfinished business that the people ask the Foreign Relations Committee to finish is to find out why William Nelson Cromwell represented the vendors and the vendees and the governments in the politico-diplomatic-financial deal of the fake Panama "revolution," made in the United States.

By bipartisan action the unfinished business which we now inquire about never comes before either house of Congress. But the Fruit Trust, the Panama American Railroad, the Morgan and Rockefeller concession companies will see that the proper bipartisan action is adopted.

Other unfinished business that the people ask the Foreign Relations Committee to finish is to find out why William Nelson Cromwell represented the vendors and the vendees and the governments in the politico-diplomatic-financial deal of the fake Panama "revolution," made in the United States.

The notice warns aviators that the penalty for such flights, if tried, shall be a fine of \$1,000 or six months in prison or both, if the attempt at flying is made on June 22 or June 23, which are the two big days of the approaching celebration.

Other unfinished business that the people ask the Foreign Relations Committee to finish is to find out why William Nelson Cromwell represented the vendors and the vendees and the governments in the politico-diplomatic-financial deal of the fake Panama "revolution," made in the United States.

Two killed by lightning and damage to property amounting to thousands of dollars were the result of the fiercest electrical storm, last night, that has visited this valley in years.

Other unfinished business that the people ask the Foreign Relations Committee to finish is to find out why William Nelson Cromwell represented the vendors and the vendees and the governments in the politico-diplomatic-financial deal of the fake Panama "revolution," made in the United States.

John Benson, seated in his home, surrounded by his parents and six brothers and sisters, Andrew Howarth, aged 10, was struck and killed on the street in front of his father's house.

Other unfinished business that the people ask the Foreign Relations Committee to finish is to find out why William Nelson Cromwell represented the vendors and the vendees and the governments in the politico-diplomatic-financial deal of the fake Panama "revolution," made in the United States.

Two killed by lightning and damage to property amounting to thousands of dollars were the result of the fiercest electrical storm, last night, that has visited this valley in years.

Other unfinished business that the people ask the Foreign Relations Committee to finish is to find out why William Nelson Cromwell represented the vendors and the vendees and the governments in the politico-diplomatic-financial deal of the fake Panama "revolution," made in the United States.

John Benson, seated in his home, surrounded by his parents and six brothers and sisters, Andrew Howarth, aged 10, was struck and killed on the street in front of his father's house.

Other unfinished business that the people ask the Foreign Relations Committee to finish is to find out why William Nelson Cromwell represented the vendors and the vendees and the governments in the politico-diplomatic-financial deal of the fake Panama "revolution," made in the United States.

John Benson, seated in his home, surrounded by his parents and six brothers and sisters, Andrew Howarth, aged 10, was struck and killed on the street in front of his father's house.

Other unfinished business that the people ask the Foreign Relations Committee to finish is to find out why William Nelson Cromwell represented the vendors and the vendees and the governments in the politico-diplomatic-financial deal of the fake Panama "revolution," made in the United States.

John Benson, seated in his home, surrounded by his parents and six brothers and sisters, Andrew Howarth, aged 10, was struck and killed on the street in front of his father's house.

Other unfinished business that the people ask the Foreign Relations Committee to finish is to find out why William Nelson Cromwell represented the vendors and the vendees and the governments in the politico-diplomatic-financial deal of the fake Panama "revolution," made in the United States.

John Benson, seated in his home, surrounded by his parents and six brothers and sisters, Andrew Howarth, aged 10, was struck and killed on the street in front of his father's house.

Other unfinished business that the people ask the Foreign Relations Committee to finish is to find out why William Nelson Cromwell represented the vendors and the vendees and the governments in the politico-diplomatic-financial deal of the fake Panama "revolution," made in the United States.

John Benson, seated in his home, surrounded by his parents and six brothers and sisters, Andrew Howarth, aged 10, was struck and killed on the street in front of his father's house.

Other unfinished business that the people ask the Foreign Relations Committee to finish is to find out why William Nelson Cromwell represented the vendors and the vendees and the governments in the politico-diplomatic-financial deal of the fake Panama "revolution," made in the United States.

John Benson, seated in his home, surrounded by his parents and six brothers and sisters, Andrew Howarth, aged 10, was struck and killed on the street in front of his father's house.

Other unfinished business that the people ask the Foreign Relations Committee to finish is to find out why William Nelson Cromwell represented the vendors and the vendees and the governments in the politico-diplomatic-financial deal of the fake Panama "revolution," made in the United States.

S. S. PRACTICALLY TREBLES CHAPTERS

Splendid Growth of Socialism Among College Students Shown in Report.

That college men and women of today are showing an ever increasing interest in Socialism, is indicated by the annual report of the Intercollegiate Socialist Society, just compiled by Harry W. Laidler, its organizer. The report declares that the number of members of the society has increased during the past year from 1,200 to 1,800.

The greatest growth during the year has taken place in the Middle West, where eight chapters were organized. Five were formed in the Middle Atlantic States, four in New England and two on the Pacific Coast. The lead among these groups is taken by the Harvard Socialist Club, of which A. E. Eliot, Jr., the grandson of President Eliot, is the enthusiastic secretary. The Harvard Club has a membership of fifty Yale, Cornell, Columbia, Michigan, Wisconsin and Rochester are also in the forefront.

New York State boasts of the largest number of chapters. Pennsylvania contains the one college—the Meadville Theological School—at which half of the students belong to the I. S. S. chapter. New Jersey claims the one faculty Socialist Club. The colleges which now claim chapters are: Harvard, Yale, Brown, Clark, Springfield and Connecticut Agricultural College in New England; Cornell, Columbia, Barnard, Rochester, R. T. University, College of the City of New York, the University of Pennsylvania, the New York Dental College, Union Theological Seminary and the Meadville Theological School in the Middle Atlantic States; the universities of Wisconsin, Michigan, Kansas and Oklahoma, Chicago, Washington, Mo., and Baker universities; Marietta College, the American School of Osteopathy and Morris Pratt Institute in the Middle West; and the universities of Washington and California and Stanford University on the Pacific Coast.

Touching the Alumni.

But the activities of the society have not been confined to college undergraduates. The Intercollegiate Socialist Society has also sought to awaken an intelligent interest in Socialism among college alumni. Alumni chapters have been formed in New York, Boston and Washington. The New York chapter alone has a membership of 200, double that of last year. The Boston chapter, organized this year, has recently lost a staunch friend in the death of Col. Thomas Wentworth Higginson, one of the founders of the Society, and a member of the Intercollegiate Socialist Society at its formation.

Perhaps the most noteworthy event of the year in the Intercollegiate Socialist Society circles was the big Carnegie Hall meeting of May 4, on which occasion Victor L. Berger, the first Socialist in Congress, was introduced to the New York public. No less than 3,000 persons, a large portion college-bred, paid admission to hear the Representative's message, while hundreds were unable to gain entrance to the hall.

Of Interest Also was the Annual Convention in December.

At the convention, which was addressed by Dr. Albert Suckewm, Socialist member of the German Reichstag, graduates and undergraduates were present from sixty-five American and five foreign colleges. Another phase of the society's activity was the arranging of scores of lectures on Socialism and allied subjects at the colleges themselves. John Spargo alone spoke at twenty-five universities, thousands of pamphlets on Socialism were furthermore sent to college students from the headquarters in the Eldon Building, 105 West 14th street, New York City, while the executive secretary, organizer and assistant were kept busy answering inquiries which came daily to the office.

Now in Sixth Year.

The present is the sixth and most successful season in the history of the society. The I. S. S. was formed in 1905 "to promote an intelligent interest in Socialism among college men and women." J. G. Phelps Stokes is president; Upton Sinclair, first vice president; Mrs. Jessica G. Finch, second vice president; Morris Hillquit, treasurer; Leroi S. Holt, secretary; Miss Ruth Laidler, executive secretary; Harry W. Laidler, organizer; Executive Committee, Rehe E. Hooper, Miss Jessie W. Huzhan, Ellis O. Jones, Mrs. Florence Kelley, Harry W. Laidler, Algeron Lee, Walter Lippincott, Ernest Poole, Miss Mary Lippincott and Miss Helen Phelps Stokes.

Question "Why?" Answered.

In answer to the question why the college student should be interested in Socialism, the society, in its leaflet "Socialism and the Student," says in part: "To the college man or woman of today there is perhaps no subject more worthy of thorough and intelligent study than Socialism. There are many reasons why this is so. First, the extraordinary growth and the tremendous vitality of the Socialist movement make it important that the college student should be acquainted with this social phenomenon of the twentieth century. In 1870 there were 100 Socialists in the United States; in 1910 the number had risen to over 600,000. In Milwaukee, a city of 400,000 inhabitants, the Socialists already have complete control of the city government. The movement is already rapidly spreading in the national legislature, and is being viewed from a purely humanitarian and educational standpoint, the study of Socialism and of the Socialist movement is of great importance. It may be said, indeed, that Prof. Richard T. Ely, of Wisconsin University (Socialism and Social Reform, page 145), that nothing in the present day is likely to awaken the conscience of the ordinary man or woman, or to increase his sense of responsibility, as a thorough course in Socialism. The study

SOCIALIST NEWS OF THE DAY

All announcements and other matter intended for publication in this department must positively be in this office by the day preceding that on which it is to appear. The publication of matter telephoned in cannot be assured. Comrades are advised to send in their notices as far ahead of the date for publication as possible. All meetings begin at 8 p.m. unless otherwise stated.

MEETINGS TODAY

MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

Irish Socialist Federation—135th street and Willis avenue. Wriant, Dormant, Fitzsimon, MacNamara, chairman, Thomas Flynn.

OTHER MEETINGS.

Branch 3, Speakers' Class—At club-rooms, 61 St. Marks place. Instructor, August Claessens. All welcome. Branch 4—At Turn Hall, 305 West 54th street. Regular business meeting. Special order of business: new permanent headquarters. The branch must know tonight whether all the members will support this important step or not. A full attendance is necessary.

Minutes Central Committee.

The Central Committee of Local New York met on June 10. Comrade King elected chairman and Gelder vice chairman. Minutes approved as corrected.

Resignation of Comrade Bryant as member of the Executive Committee and auditor was received and accepted, and William Kohn elected as member of the Executive Committee and Rumm as auditor.

Comrade Gill was given the floor on behalf of the Socialist schools, requesting the purchase of fifty tickets for an entertainment. Tickets were taken and committee instructed to distribute the tickets where they would do the most good among children.

Report of Committee on Mexican Revolution was accepted as program. Moved to rescind censure of National Executive Committee on this matter at the last meeting. Carried. S. Solomon reported as delegate to W. C. P. A. Report received. Moved to withdraw Harris from the Board of Managers and elect his successor. Amended that action be deferred to next meeting and Comrade Harris be notified to be present. Amendment carried.

On recommendation of the Executive Committee, Comrades Stock, Paulitch and Frost were elected a committee to work with a similar committee from the Call to find ways and means to support The Call. The resolution of the Women's Committee, referred by the Executive Committee, that the National Committee be asked to request Representative Berger to introduce a resolution favoring woman suffrage was carried. The action of the Executive Committee in regard to the proposition of Comrade Fieldman as speaker was taken up. Comrade Fieldman had already declined the offer of the Executive Committee and offered his services at \$25 per week of six meetings. Moved to concur with the proposition of the Executive Committee. Amended to accept Fieldman's offer. Amended lost and original motion carried. Action of the Executive Committee regarding John W. Brown and Comrade Frost as speakers was concurred in.

Comrades Sackin and Turk were elected to meet Coroner Nahin, of Milwaukee, who is to visit the city in the interest of the new daily paper for Milwaukee. The next regular meeting of the Central Committee was suspended on account of the McNamara meeting in Carnegie Hall on the same date.

Motion that a committee be elected to investigate the matter of the letter alleged to be sent to Branch 1 by the organizer. The organizer explained that the letter was sent to the branch in response to an inquiry as to the nominees for the City Executive Committee and to which branches they belonged. This was confirmed by delegate from Branch 1. Substitute motion that explanation of organizer be deemed satisfactory and that the matter be considered closed. Substitute carried.

Comrade Fieldman offered to deliver one lecture per week on the terms mentioned by the Executive Committee. Accepted.

Recommendation of Branch 9 that

of Socialism has proved the turning point in thousands of lives, and converted self-seeking men and women into self-sacrificing toilers of the masses.

Crisis Approaching.

The study of Socialism gives an insight into our whole national life. Its adherents claim that in their movement lies the only real solution of those great social problems which are year by year forcing the nation into so grave a crisis. In that crisis those who are today college students will undoubtedly take an active part. It is therefore urged that they now take time to investigate the claims of the Socialists. Some, no doubt, will disagree with the Socialists. But a careful study of the subject will at least serve to clear away some of the utterly false conceptions so common in this country, such as that Socialism is a scheme to divide up, to penalize the thrifty, and to establish an "inferior" despotic bureaucracy. In many a despotic Socialism is a force that is here and is growing rapidly. The truth concerning it should be known to every intelligent citizen.

Names Wanted.

Leaders of this paper are urgently requested to send the names of college men and women, graduates and undergraduates who may be interested in the work of the Intercollegiate Socialist Society, to Harry W. Laidler, the organizer, Room 602, Turn Hall, 305 West 54th street, New York City. The executive secretary, Miss Rosa Laddon, and the organizer, Harry W. Laidler, will be pleased to send the literature of the I. S. S. to those interested, and to furnish any information which may be desired concerning the society's activities.

bullet be printed outlining the work of the organization was referred to Executive Committee. On motion meeting adjourned. E. J. DUTTON, Recording Secretary.

BROOKLYN.

OPEN AIR MEETINGS. Dikeman and Ferry streets, J. B. Eiley, 12 o'clock noon. 15th A. D., Nostrand avenue and Clarkson street, R. C. Hammond and Charles L. Furman, 224 A. D., Branch 4, Alabama and Sutter avenues, Jean J. Corcoran.

TOMORROW.

11th-17th A. D., Tompkins avenue and Quincy street, T. N. Fall and August Claessens; 22d A. D., Branch 1, Buffalo avenue and Fulton street, Jean J. Corcoran.

OTHER MEETINGS.

11th and 17th A. D.'s—At 199 Lexington avenue.

McNamara Defense Conference.

The McNamara Defense Conference of Brooklyn will meet tonight at 8 o'clock in the Brooklyn Labor League, 349 Wiloughby avenue. Organizations having elected delegates should see that credentials are sent for seating them. All delegates take \$1.00 for 25 cents each in lots of ten or more. Orders should be filed with the National Office.

Minutes Central Committee.

The Central Committee of Local Kings County met at the Labor League, Saturday, June 10. J. Weil was elected chairman. The minutes of the previous meeting were adopted as corrected.

A letter from the McNamara Defense Conference of Greater New York asking that we elect five delegates to that body was referred to the Brooklyn McNamara Defense Conference. A communication from the 4th A. D. submitting resolutions for the national party control of the press, etc., was filed. A letter from the Joint Labor Conference, which arranged the Triangle fire memorial parade, asked that we donate \$1 to help pay some outstanding debts, and a motion was carried, that we donate the money, as noted from J. Lichtenfeld regarding the Boy Scout movement, was read, and a motion was carried that we order 25,000 copies of Gordon Nye's article and cartoon on the subject, which was printed in The Call. An invitation to attend the picnic of Butchers' unions No. 211 and 242 was accepted. A letter was read from M. Frucher, preferring charges against J. Gerber, the following were elected a grievance committee to investigate same: Hopkins, Perinich, Rumpel, Pepper and Lichtenfeld. A bill of \$3.21 from the Press Bureau was ordered paid.

The organizer reported that seven meetings open air meetings were scheduled for the coming week. He said he did not have enough speakers and asked that all comrades who are capable of acting as such volunteer. He reported that there were 20,000 leaflets still on hand and requested branches to call for their allotments. A motion was carried that campaign subscription lists be sent to all organizations, the officers being asked to see that each of their members receives one. The report of the delegates to the Brooklyn McNamara Defense Conference was accepted. The report of our delegate to the Call Board of Management was accepted and evoked a lengthy discussion. A protest was made against seating Comrade Elson, as a delegate from the 15th A. D. as he had no credential. The chairman ruled that he be seated. An appeal from this decision was lost. A motion was carried to grant L. Boudin the floor. A motion was passed that we elect a committee of five to investigate the charges regarding advertising and circulation made against the management of The Call, the following were elected on the committee: John Lippe, Pepper, Compton and Annenberg. The report of the State Committee was accepted. Twenty-six members were admitted to the party. The financial report was: Income, \$157.44, expense, \$130.58, balance, \$26.86. A motion was carried that we arrange a series of lectures on the theory and practice of Socialism. The following were elected a committee of five to make arrangements, Boudin, Watson, Schwartz, Lippe and Shapiro. A motion was carried to reconsider the filing of the resolutions submitted by the 4th A. D. A motion was passed on the matter be deferred to the first meeting in July and the organizer was instructed to send a copy of the resolutions to the branches.

HARRY USWALD, Secretary.

NEW JERSEY.

Newark. A special meeting of the Essex County Campaign Committee will be held tonight for the purpose of discussing the Debs meeting in Newark on June 13. The meeting will be held at 124 Market street. HARRY BERGERTON, Secretary.

PASSAIC.

The Passaic Socialists have begun their open air campaign and several street meetings have already been held at which John Lutheringer and Charles Solomon addressed gratifyingly large audiences. Socialist sentiment in Passaic has increased tremendously and the Passaic Socialists are perfecting their organization to take advantage of it. The propaganda is directed by a committee consisting of Dr. Morris Korshel, Charles Solomon, Jacob Bromberg and Grever Heinmann. Speakers desiring dates for street meetings will please correspond with Dr. Korshel, 171 Columbia avenue.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Grove City.

The ice cream festival given by the Woman's Progressive League and the local Socialists on June 5 was a bowling success, considering the prejudice that exists in this town of subsidized schools and churches in spite of several other social and church affairs, a large crowd kept the Comrades on the jump serving refreshment. Sixteen dollars was

cleared and sent in to the Free Press Defense Fund of New Castle, Pa., where the United States Steel Trust is trying to stamp out the Free Press and the entire Socialist movement. This social but marks the beginning of a lot more of "big doings" to be pulled off here in the near future. The Call comes to the table of the reading room and is eagerly devoured by all the Comrades. GEO. DOESCH, Secretary.

NATIONAL NOTES

Just published: Report of the Socialist party delegation and proceedings of the International Socialist Congress at Copenhagen, 1910. The report was written by May Wood-Simons, secretary of the Socialist party delegation. Every local should have a copy on file for reference. This booklet contains all the resolutions passed by the last International Congress, among which are resolutions on the following subjects: Complete abolition of the death penalty; unity, arbitration and disarmament; trade unions, international solidarity, labor legislation, right of asylum. It also contains the program of the second International Conference of Socialist Women Workers at Copenhagen, 1910. Price 10 cents a copy. 100 or 25 copies each in lots of ten or more. Orders should be filed with the National Office.

The pamphlet entitled "Capitalism's Conspiracy in California," by Frank E. Wolfe, of Los Angeles, will be off the press in a few days. It contains forty pages and twelve cuts. It gives a startling parallel between the Colorado and California kidnappings cases. Price 10 cents a copy. 100 or 25 copies each in lots of ten or more. Orders should be filed with the National Office.

The June issue of the Young Socialist Magazine, address 15 Spruce street, New York City (until recently known as the Little Socialist Magazine), is mainly devoted to the anti-militarist agitation among the younger generation. It shows the horrors of war and the folly and danger of the Boy Scout movement. Jack London, D. Antoinette Konikow, Frank M. Gill, Herman Schlicht, Roda Roda, Ralph Korngold and many other contributors articles to this well illustrated June number. Subscription price 50 cents a year. Bundle prices: 1 cent a copy in lots of 25; 2 cents a copy in lots of 100 or more. Orders should be filed with the publication office.

Local Kings County N. Y. since the publication of their proposed anti-referendum on last Saturday's Bulletin desire to add thereto the words "every month" making the proposal read as follows: The State Committee shall pay to the National Committee every month a sum equal to one cent of each year in good standing within their respective territories.

The National Executive Committee is now acting upon a motion by Lena Morrow, of California, to amend the question of granting special assistance to the State of Indiana until the next meeting of the committee, which will be held in Milwaukee, August 12. Also upon a motion by Comrade Berge, that \$3 per day for three months be given to the State Committee of Indiana for propaganda work in the southern part of the State, the expenses to be borne by the State or local organizations.

The following proposed national party referendum has been received at the National Office: Philadelphia, Pa. June 6, 1911. Local Philadelphia moves to amend the national constitution as follows: That Article 2, section 6, be amended so to read, the State Committee shall pay to the National Committee every month a sum equal to 2 cents for each member in good standing within their respective territories.

Also what Article 10, section 6 (providing for a percentage of dues to be set aside for railroad fare of delegates to conventions and congresses), be amended by striking out 10 and inserting 25 per cent. "Good standing members 930." J. L. CONNOR, Secretary.

The following amendment to a proposed national party referendum has reached the National Office: Philadelphia, Pa. June 4, 1911. Local Philadelphia moves to amend the national constitution as follows: That Article 2, section 6, be amended so to read, the State Committee shall pay to the National Committee every month a sum equal to 2 cents for each member in good standing within their respective territories.

The report of the State Committee was accepted. Twenty-six members were admitted to the party. The financial report was: Income, \$157.44, expense, \$130.58, balance, \$26.86. A motion was carried that we arrange a series of lectures on the theory and practice of Socialism. The following were elected a committee of five to make arrangements, Boudin, Watson, Schwartz, Lippe and Shapiro. A motion was carried to reconsider the filing of the resolutions submitted by the 4th A. D. A motion was passed on the matter be deferred to the first meeting in July and the organizer was instructed to send a copy of the resolutions to the branches.

MARIE M. WERTENBACH, Recording Secretary.

Since last report contributions to the McNamara Defense Fund have been received at the National Office and forwarded to the office of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, as follows: Local A. D., Newark, N. J., \$1; Local Santa Maria, Cal., \$3; Local Waldorf, Ohio, \$3.10.

Since last report the proposed national party referendums have been

seconded as follows: That Article 2, section 6, be amended so to read, the State Committee shall pay to the National Committee every month a sum equal to 2 cents for each member in good standing within their respective territories. That Article 10, section 6 (providing for a percentage of dues to be set aside for railroad fare of delegates to conventions and congresses), be amended by striking out 10 and inserting 25 per cent. "Good standing members 930." J. L. CONNOR, Secretary.

That proposed by Local Kingman, Kan. first published in the Weekly Bulletin April 15, by Local Collinsville, Okla.; Franklin N. H.; Denver (1st Ward Br.), Colo.; Crescent Ohio, Hartford (Polish Br.), Conn.; Detroit (Polish Br.), Mich.; Wyandotte, Mich.; Tivoli, Tex.; West Plains, Mo.; Baltimore (Polish Br.), Md.; Wauson, Ohio; Chicago (15th Ward Polish), Ill.; East Chicago (East Br.), Colo.; Schenectady (Polish Br.), N. Y.

That proposed by Local Rosedale, Wash., first published in the Weekly Bulletin April 29, by Local Malo, Wash.; Collinsville, Okla.; Franklin, N. H.; Stratton, Pa.; Crescent, Ohio; Oakland, Kan.; St. Helena, Cal.; Weiser, Idaho; Tivoli, Tex.; Rockville, Conn.; Texarkana, Tex.; Rowena, Tex.; Huntington Beach, Cal.; Alameda, Fla.

SCHOOLS. ERON PREP. SCHOOL 185-187 EAST BROADWAY. Commercial, Regents, College and Civil Service Courses, Day and Evening. J. E. ERON, PRINCIPAL.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

A. F. OF L. MEETS

WASHINGTON, June 12.—The executive council of the American Federation of Labor met behind locked doors today for their quarterly conference. Clarence Darrow, attorney for J. J. McNamara, was present at the afternoon session and it was said that decisive steps were decided upon for the defense of the labor leaders in jail at Los Angeles.

That proposed by Local Washington County, Pa. (relating to the recent investigation), first published in the Weekly Bulletin May 8, by Local South Bend, Ind. That proposed by Local Collinsville, Okla. (Motions Nos. 1 and 2), first published in the Weekly Bulletin May 8, by Local Mineral Wells, Tex.; Deerwood, Minn.; Rankin, Okla.; Lowell, Mass.; Nickerson Falls, Kan.; Garrison, N. Dak.; Lynch, N. Dak.; Muskogee, Okla. Motion No. 1 was also seconded by Local Miltonvale, Kan.

That proposed by Local Charleston, S. C. first published in the Weekly Bulletin May 20, by Local Rock Springs, Wyo.; Richmond, Va. That proposed by Local Ashabula, Ohio, first published in the Weekly Bulletin May 20, by Local Rock Springs, Wyo.

That proposed by Local Coffeyville, Kan., first published in the Weekly Bulletin May 27, by Local Tyler, Tex. That proposed by Local Jacksonville, Fla., first published in the Weekly Bulletin May 27, by Local Tyler, Tex.

That proposed by Local Boston, Mass., first published in the Weekly Bulletin May 27, by Local South Omaha, Neb.

That proposed by Local New York, N. Y., first published in the Weekly Bulletin May 27, by Local Nagsavage (Finnish), Mich.; Rock Springs, Wyo.

National Organizers and Lecturers.

John M. Collins (Trade Union Agitation)—Machinists—June 13, Hamilton, Iowa 13 Valley Junction; 20, Charlton 21, Fort Madison; 22, Keokuk; 23, What Cheer; 24, Eldon. E. C. Cross—June 13-24, West Virginia, under direction of the State Committee. L. Gutierrez de Lara—June 13-24, El Paso, Tex. J. L. Fitts—June 13-24, Georgia, under direction of the State Committee. George H. Goebel—Alaska; address until further notice, General Delivery, Seattle, Wash. Jan Gorski (Polish)—June 22-24, Northern Minnesota. Gertrude Breslau Hunt—June 13-24, Iowa, under direction of the State Committee. Lena Morrow Lewis—June 13-25, Pennsylvania; 24, Ohio, under direction of the State Committee. Anna A. Maley—June 13-24, Utah, 24-25, Colorado, under direction of the State Committee. Walter J. Millard—June 15, Daget, Mich.; 16-17, Crystal Falls; 18, Amassa, 19, Iron Mountain; 20-21, Iron River; 22-23, Ironwood; 24, Hurley.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

J. H. Schneider, who has just returned from a six months trip through Mexico, will lecture under the auspices of Branch 320, Workmen's Circle, at the New Amsterdam Auditorium, 33-85 Sixth avenue, Newark, N. J., next Thursday evening, June 15.

NATURALIZATION COURT WILL SIT IN JULY

At the request of County Clerk Schneider the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court yesterday directed that an extra term of Special Term, Part II, of the Supreme Court be held during the month of July for the purpose of hurrying on the naturalization of citizens.

There are 2,700 aliens awaiting their final citizenship papers, and unless they are sworn in on or before August 8 they cannot vote at the ensuing election in November. Justice Cochran has volunteered to sit in the extra term during the first two weeks in July, which is vacation season. The new law just passed by the Legislature conferring upon the City Court the right to naturalize aliens will be submitted to Mayor Gaynor for his approval or rejection today.

An officer in the County Courthouse who has given the bill his consideration said today that it violated section 3 of the Federal naturalization law. He said that this section provided that a court of limited jurisdiction cannot naturalize and as the City Court was a court of limited jurisdiction, the power to naturalize could not lawfully be conferred upon it.

COAL MINER KILLED.

SCRANTON, Pa., June 12.—Michael Mulcahey, a miner, aged 52 years, of Brownstown, was instantly killed shortly after 8 o'clock by a fall of roof in the Butler colliery of the Pennsylvania Coal company, at Pittston. He had just gone to work when the accident happened. His body was partly buried beneath the fall and death was instantaneous.

PAY ENVELOPES

By James Oppenheim. This is a cloth bound book, illustrated by Harry Townsend, and contains vivid stories of the real life of the toilers, related with simplicity. James Oppenheim belongs to that class of writers devoting their talent to the cause of the oppressed. This book contains tales of all those, the mine and the city street, and should be read by all those who appreciate good literature.

PAY ENVELOPES is the latest book from the pen of this talented writer and its reading will strengthen your enthusiasm for the cause of the toilers. Price \$1.25. On sale at the Book Department of THE NEW YORK CALL 409 Pearl Street New York

These Solid Brass Beds Heavy 2-inch Posts; Seven Fillets; WORTH IN ANY RETAIL STORE \$30 Our Factory Price 12.50. EVERYTHING FOR THE HOME AT WHOLESALE. THE ONLY FACTORY WHICH SELLS TO PRIVATE PARTIES. OPEN SATURDAY UNTIL 10 P. M. Write for Booklet No. 6. BIG G FURNITURE WORKS 203-205 E 76th St. STATION

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

A. F. OF L. MEETS

WASHINGTON, June 12.—The executive council of the American Federation of Labor met behind locked doors today for their quarterly conference. Clarence Darrow, attorney for J. J. McNamara, was present at the afternoon session and it was said that decisive steps were decided upon for the defense of the labor leaders in jail at Los Angeles.

Classified Advertisements

Small Ads That Will Bring Big Results. Try an insertion in The Call, the most closely read daily paper. Rates Under This Heading Are: 1 Insertion, 7c per line; 3 Insertions, 15c per line. Seven words to a line. No Display.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE—New Jersey.

FREE! FREE! FREE! FARM In most fertile part of Jersey. High and Dry—Come and See. YOU CAN GET IT ABSOLUTELY FREE! For information, write, call or phone 3722 Bryant. Mr. Harris, 145 West 45th Street, New York City.

LITTLE FARMS MONEY

1800 acres the biggest little farm ever offered at this price. Good fertile soil, running water, near a trolley and railroad station, 40 minutes from New York, at Metuchen, N. J. 10 of these farms are available on terms of 10 down and 45 monthly. Write for free trial booklet.

METUCHEN ESTATES

PHONE 1812 CORTLANDT, 28 CORTLANDT ST., NEW YORK.

FREE 9 4 3 7 5 1 6 2 8 Rearrange numbers in two rows on total of each will be 15. In the first row each number will be given one lot free at Round Brook Manor, situated northwest of Round Brook depot, on the Erie R.R., near Metuchen, N. J. JAMES REALTY COMPANY, 2900 Webster avenue, New York City.

UNFURNISHED FLATS AND APARTMENTS TO LET—East Side.

51ST ST., 239 E.—3 light rooms, range and boiler; \$21. 58TH ST., 244 2/2 E.—Decorative 4 and 5 room apartments, bath, hot water, steam heat, \$18 to \$22. 61ST ST., 257 E.—6 large, light rooms; corner house; private stair; improvements; \$25. 69TH ST., 407 E.—Elegant 2 1/2 light, large decorated bath, improvements; \$18. 75TH ST., 107 E.—7 rooms and bath, hot water supply; one light; \$27. 78TH ST., 242 1/2 E.—Five handsome rooms, hot water, central heating; \$16, front \$19. 80TH ST., 164 E.—Choice flats, 6 light rooms, all improvements; \$27-\$29. 80TH ST., 164 1/2 E.—Six large, light rooms, all improvements; \$27-\$29. 121TH ST., 25 E.—8 light rooms, hot water supply, bath, all light, heated; rent \$21. 130TH ST., 106 E.—New house; hot water; 3 rooms, \$10; 4 and bath, \$14-\$15.

UNFURNISHED FLATS AND APARTMENTS TO LET—West Side.

MANHATTAN ST., 3—5 large, light rooms, \$17; convenient; centrally located; near 1st and 2nd avenues; improvements; \$15-\$18. 7TH AVE., 126-128 E.—4 large, airy rooms, hot water, improvements; \$15-\$18. 4TH AVE., 217 West 15th St.—Five extra large, light rooms; hot water; \$17-\$19. 48TH ST., 314 W.—3 rooms through, newly decorated; hot water; improvements; \$21. 52D ST., 430 W.—Decorative colored, 4 1/2 rooms; hot water, central heating; \$18. 160TH ST., 104 W.—Single through, 5 large, light rooms; improvements; \$21. 144TH ST., 257 W.—Single apartment, 4 large light rooms, bath; improvements; \$20. 147TH ST., 250 W.—3 rooms, all bath, all improvements; \$14-\$15. 147TH ST., 250 W.—4 large, airy rooms, hot water, improvements; \$14-\$15. 160TH ST., 453 W.—167TH ST., 444 W.—3 1/2 rooms, bath; all improvements; \$18 upward. 172D ST., 506 W.—4 1/2 room apartments; all the latest improvements, excellent condition; \$21.

UNFURNISHED FLATS AND APARTMENTS TO LET—Bronx.

ANTHONY AVE., 1532 near 170th St.—5 1/2 room, steam, hot water; \$20-\$25. Induco meals. 67-69 W. 144th St.—4 large, airy rooms, hot water, improvements; \$14 up. June free. 150TH ST., 516 E.—Elegant apartments, 4 1/2 rooms, bath; all improvements; \$22. \$18-\$20 June free. 207TH ST., 182 E., near Middle Parkway—6 extra large rooms; bath; \$27.

MEETING HALLS.

Astoria Schuetzen Park Broadway and Stuyvesant ave., Astoria, L. I. Largest and most beautiful Park in Greater New York. Tel. 213 Astoria. J. LANK, Prop. Labor Lyceum 419 Wiloughby Ave., Brooklyn. Home for the Brooklyn Labor Organization, owned and controlled by the Labor Lyceum Association. Telephone 5241 Wiloughby. Labor Temple 243-247 E. 92nd St., New York. Workmen's Educational Association. Hall, Grand St. between Broadway and Duane. Telephone, 1000-1011. Free Library open from 2 to 10 P. M.

UNION AND SOCIETY DIRECTORY.

The regular meeting of your Union and Society should be announced here. It will assist you in winning new members. Bring this matter up at your next meeting. Special rates upon application to The New York Call, 409 Pearl St., New York. Kindly send us corrections and additions for this directory. UNITED JOURNEYMEN TAILORS LOCAL NO. 390. Headquarters, Club and Reading Room, 100 W. 31st St.—Free employment bureau, Monday, 9 to 12 a.m. Delegate Body meets every Tuesday, 8 p.m. CARRIAGE AND WAGON WORKMEN UNION of Brooklyn, meets every second Saturday at the Labor Lyceum, 419-421 Wiloughby ave., Brooklyn. UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS, Local Union No. 497, meets every Tuesday, 8 p.m., at the Labor Temple, 419 Wiloughby ave. Secy., 1613 Second Ave., Manhattan, sec. secy., 124 W. 10th St., Carter, Caluso, rec. secy., 608 Tuxton ave., Bronx. Socialist Party, New York County, Headquarters, 239 East 94th St., Manhattan. Office hours, 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tel. 3300 Lenox. Organizational meeting every Tuesday, 8 p.m. UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS OF AMERICA, Local Union No. 500, meets every Tuesday, 8 p.m., at the Labor Temple, 419 Wiloughby ave. Secy., 1613 Second Ave., Manhattan, sec. secy., 124 W. 10th St., Carter, Caluso, rec. secy., 608 Tuxton ave., Bronx. BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY WORKERS, Local No. 1, meets every Wednesday, 8 p.m., at the Labor Temple, 419 Wilough

