

The emancipation of the Working Class must be accomplished by the workers themselves.

# The Call

The Weather. Heavy snow today; Sunday fair; northwesterly, shifting to southerly easterly gales.

442 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK. Devoted to the Interests of the Working People. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1910. Price Two Cents

## CONGER SAYS ALLDS DEMANDED BRIBE

That Senator First Asked \$5,000 for Rules Committee, and \$1,000 for Self.

ALBANY, Feb. 11.—Senator Benn Conger testified today that Senator Allis demanded \$5,000 for the assembly rules committee killing bridge legislation in 1901. He said this demand was made upon Frank Conger in Senator Conger's apartment by Senator Allis.

Frank Conger, he declared, thought this exorbitant. Two members of the rules committee got \$1,000 each. The \$5,000 package was divided among three of the members of the internal affairs committee, and another \$1,000 in the case, which went to a member of the legislature, not on either the rules or internal affairs committees. Conger said there were other members of the present legislature but Allis is on the deal.

James W. Osborne has made the most of his witnesses, opening the trial with Deacon Moe, and closing the evidence of the week, this afternoon, with the testimony of Senator Conger. The effectiveness of this proceeding was generally remarked. Each of these witnesses outlined the arrival of the bribery fund in Albany, and its distribution, although the testimony of Senator Benn Conger was more complete.

When Osborne was asked for the bill of particulars at the outset of the trial, he protested and fought against furnishing it. He had it ready, however, and sprung it suddenly.

When he had Benn Conger ready for the stand, Osborne created the impression that he wasn't nearly ready to have Conger testify. Then, during the waning moments of today's session, when Allis counsel, and about everybody else, hadn't the least idea of it, Osborne put Conger on the stand.

The suddenness of the move caused a commotion in the senate.

It had been agreed that the taking of testimony should end today at 1:30 o'clock, and he resumed next Tuesday morning.

Spring Conger as Witness.

A few minutes after one Osborne's table was littered with books and legislative documents and he was getting them in the record, when without warning he called Senator Conger to the stand.

Under examination, Senator Conger said he served as an Assemblyman with Allis in 1900 and 1901, and stated that in the latter year Allis was the Republican floor leader and an influential member of the assembly committee on rules, which has the charge of legislation during the session days of the session. At that time Conger had only \$1,000 invested in bridge companies stock, although other members of his family were largely interested in this business.

"Well, now, did you have any conversation with Senator Allis during the year 1901?"

—Yes.

—What was it? How many talks do you think you had with him in 1901 in relation to highway legislation then pending?"

—I had several.

—How many do you recollect?"

—Three or four.

—Well, now, you tell everything that Allis said to you and everything you said to Allis in the first conversation?"

—I met Allis, I think, in the corridor that leads into the chamber. He said to me: "You think you have got your bridge bill bottled up in your personal affairs committee, but don't worry, my boy, that the rules committee takes hold pretty soon. I understand that there is something doing on that bill on the poor. You better get your American Bridge Company men up here and see the rules committee, or that bill will come out."

—I said to Allis: "I am not much interested in that, but that I would communicate with my brother, who was president of the bridge company, and he might assist." Mr. Allis said: "All right."

—Did you have any further talks with him?"

—I did, a few days later.

—Well, go on.

—In substance, it was that I had seen my brother; he would be in Albany on a certain night at my apartment; to come up and see him.

—Well, go right on with your story, please.

—He came to my apartment—

—Who did it?

—Mr. Allis.

—Came to your apartment?"

—Yes, sir.

—Well, go on.

—My brother was there. They had a conversation.

—Well, did you hear it?"

—Yes, sir.

## THREAD STRIKE GROWS

Spinnery Called Out to Support Boys in Increase Demand.

PAWTUCKET, R. I., Feb. 11.—A general strike at the great thread mills of J. & P. Coats was brought nearer today when the mule spinners of the institution were called out in sympathy with the striking back boys, who demand an increase of pay.

The boys went out three days ago, and the mills are still running on surplus stock, but unless an agreement of some sort is reached soon they must shut down, throwing more than 2,500 employes out of work.

The executive council of the Textile Workers of America is expected to endorse the Coats strike.

## EASTERN RAILROADS FEAR BIG STRIKE

Companies May Offer Trainmen and Conductors Recognition of Union Instead of Wage Raise.

The wage situation on the railroads east of Chicago is rapidly approaching a critical stage. On the conferences now in progress in Baltimore between the officials of the Baltimore and Ohio railway and the officials of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and the Order of Railroad Conductors may hinge the question of a general strike, according to the railroad men in this city. Although all of the big railroads centering in this city have unequivocally rejected the demands made for more wages and have invited another offer of a compromise character, none has been offered by the unions. They state that they are awaiting the outcome of the negotiations in Baltimore and the return to this city of the grand chiefs of the two brotherhoods.

That the railroad officials realize that there is much at stake in the Baltimore conferences is shown by the refusal of the officials to make any statements for publication suggesting the probable outcome. An inspired statement by an official of the New Central was given circulation yesterday, but it has failed to smooth the feelings of the brotherhood men here.

In the statement it is alleged that the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and the Order of Railroad Conductors throughout the country have decided that the time is ripe to compel the complete recognition of their organizations. Heretofore the railroads, with the exception of the New York, New Haven and Hartford, have refused officially to treat with the officials of these brotherhoods, but have insisted that when committees are sent to them to agree on the points of the annual agreement these committees must be exclusively composed of men employed on the road with which the negotiations were held.

Officials Play Slick Game.

The officials of the New York Central take the stand now, according to the statement given circulation, that the brotherhoods, because of the agitation raised by the high cost of living, have decided to bring their chiefs into the limelight and force complete recognition of the unions by having the new wage agreements signed by the chiefs of the organizations. Recognition of the union rather than a large wage increase is declared by the railroad officials to be the real thing the men want and they have conceded this behind demands for increased wages and standardization of hours, which they do not seem to believe would be refused.

When the railroads declined the radical wage change suggested by the men, it is declared here, the brotherhood chiefs went to Baltimore to take the question up with the Baltimore and Ohio. It is asserted by the railroad officials here that the Baltimore and Ohio was selected as the road to work on because its men are the poorest paid in the East, its schedules the most trying and its officials of a character that would at least give the union demands consideration. If the union could get recognition and a fair wage increase from the Baltimore and Ohio, it is believed by the union leaders, then the other roads would fall into line and the great battle of securing recognition would be won. If the road refused to treat with the union a strike

## HUGHES SIGNS 2 BILLS

Governor Authorizes More Expenses to Probe Employer's Liability.

ALBANY, Feb. 11.—Governor Hughes has signed Senator Walworth's bill appropriating \$20,000 additional for the expenses of the Walworth commission appointed to investigate the question of employers' liability. He also signed Senator Hill's bill appropriating \$94,445 for certain deficiencies in legislative appropriations, including also provision for completing the official edition of the consolidated laws and for extra stenographers in the legislative bill drafting department.

## CATHOLIC CHURCH AFTER SOCIALISTS

"Remedies" Against Their "Materialistic Philosophy" to Be Given at Series of Big Meetings.

What is advertised to be the precise attitude of the Catholic Church toward Socialism will be defined in a series of lectures which will begin on next Wednesday in the Catholic College, Madison avenue and 41st street.

"We are planning to show," said Father Martin, who has organized the plan of the lectures, "what stand Catholics take against the atheistic and rationalistic teachings of Socialism. We are going to tell what the remedies are which the church can produce against the materialistic philosophy of Socialism. The lectures are to be given by practical men who are abundantly able to speak on the subjects. They will make an attempt to reconcile the doctrines of the church with the conditions which have given rise to the Socialistic propaganda."

The lectures are given under the auspices of the Institute of Scientific Study. They will be given every Wednesday evening for ten weeks. They are offered to men exclusively, and all men, of whatever creed or Socialistic leaning, are invited. There will be a chance for questions after the lectures and Father Martin says that he thinks the meetings will be a good deal like the big popular assemblies in Cooper Union.

Archbishop Farley in the Lead.

Archbishop Farley will preside at the first meeting, and at the nine sessions thereafter some one of the monsignors will have the chair. At the first lecture Professor Kirby, of the Catholic University in Washington, will speak on the question of wages and will consider also the status of labor and the laboring man, and the duties of the employer and the employee.

Commissioner Neill, of the Department of Commerce and Labor; John Mitchell, president of the National Civic Federation; Thomas Woodlock, Justice Keogh, of the Supreme Court; Dr. James J. Walsh; Dr. Healy, of the Catholic University, and Dr. Duffy, of St. Joseph's Seminary, will speak at subsequent meetings.

Woodlock will undertake to detail the position of the Catholic layman as regards the municipalities wherein he lives, and he will show that it is a man's religious duty to be honest in politics and fair in his dealings with other men. Justice Keogh will show that reform can't be got by regulation alone, that it takes a live public conscience to make reform sure. Dr. Walsh, Dr. Duffy and Dr. Healy, it is expected, will speak on the historical phases of the general subject and upon the economic side of the question.

## SOCIALISTS CHOOSE NATIONAL EXECUTIVE

Referendum Vote Shows Election of Hunter, Berger, Hillquit, Spargo, Lewis, Geibel and Carey.

(Special to The Call.)

CHICAGO, Feb. 11.—The next national executive committee of the Socialist party of America will, according to the official count of the referendum vote, announced today by National Secretary J. Mahlon Barnes, be composed of the following well known militants:

Robert Hunter, of Noroton, Conn.; Victor Berger, of Milwaukee, Wis.; John Hillquit, of New York city; John Spargo, of Yonkers, N. Y.; Lena Morrow Lewis, of California; George H. Geibel, of Newark, N. J.; and James J. Carey, of Boston, Mass.

The next seven candidates in the order of the vote cast were Thompson, Berlyn, Brower, Collins, Slayton, Maurer and Germer.

**SERUM CURES PNEUMONIA.**  
Vaccine, Discovered by Dr. Leary, Saves a Patient From Death.

BOSTON, Feb. 11.—By using the new vaccine discovered by Dr. Timothy Leary, of Tufts Medical School, a seven-year-old Revere boy has been cured of lepto-meningitis, the most fatal form of pneumonia.

The pneumonia germs were first obtained by Dr. Leary from a victim of the disease, and injected into a guinea pig. Like the smallpox vaccine obtained from the cow or horse, the germs underwent a transformation in the animal, and from the animal the new serum was extracted.

## SUNDAY LECTURES

MANHATTAN.  
At Lyric Hall, Sixth avenue, near 42d street—Frank Bohn will lecture on "History of the Public Domain and Conservation." 11 a.m.

BROOKLYN.  
At the People's Forum, Hart Hall, Gates avenue, near Broadway—John B. Clark will speak on "Economics and the Peace Movement." 2 p.m.

## NICARAGUAN REBELS NEARING CAPITAL

General Chamorro Has Captured Matagalpa and Americans There Are Now in Safety.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—The insurgent army in Nicaragua is within fifty miles of Managua, the capital, which is held by the Madriz faction.

The state department was advised today that Generals Chamorro and Masís, the insurgent leaders, have captured Matagalpa. A party of revolutionists have also taken possession of a small steamer on Lake Managua. Martial law, the dispatch added, has been declared in Managua.

Matagalpa, the captured town, is about fifty miles from Managua. About a hundred Americans residing there appealed to the American consul at Managua, Jose de Olivares, for assistance several days ago. They were apprehensive for their safety because of the proximity of the two contending armies.

The capture of Matagalpa, however, it is believed here, will remove their fears. The insurgent government will be held accountable for their safety, it was said. It is expected here that the insurgent army will begin shortly to march upon Managua, where the seat of the Madriz government is located.

Hard Fighting at Santa Clara.

The latest couriers to arrive from the scene of the last fight between the Madriz troops and those of the provincial government at Garita and Santa Clara confirm the report that General Mena, the Estradan commander, won a victory at the former place. These couriers, who were eyewitnesses of the fighting, say the pro-attack on a force three times as large as Garita and followed them to Santa Clara. At this point the Madriz troops were reinforced and made another stand. General Mena made a superior strong as his own and was compelled to retire to Moogán, where he now holds a strong position and is keeping the government troops in check.

The losses in the fighting at the two points named were heavy on both sides. General Mena reports that he had twenty-six men killed and sixty wounded. General Blandon, one of the Estradan commanders, was among the killed. "Gabe" Conrad, the American gunner, who has been doing great service with the revolutionists, was wounded in the abdomen and is now in a hospital at Bluefields. He had a miraculous escape from instant death.

## ROBBER CONFESSES

Highwayman Who Held Up Train Implicates Confederate.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Feb. 11.—In a confession made this afternoon to Warren W. Dickson, postoffice inspector, George Ebeling, who with three others was arrested yesterday on suspicion of holding up the Missouri Pacific train near Glencoe, Mo., said he and William W. Lowe, also under arrest, were the bandits.

He denied James Lowe, brother of William, or S. W. Emerson, the other suspects arrested, were concerned in the robbery. Commissioner Morsey fixed their bond at \$20,000 each and continued their hearing until next Friday. Ebeling pleaded guilty. The others pleaded not guilty.

The robbery near Glencoe occurred January 21. The proceeds were about \$400 from registered mail.

**Important!**

Members of The Call Publishing Association, and of the Board of Managers, and all delegates to the various Call Conferences, are urged to attend a meeting at the Rand School, 112 East 19th street, at 2 p.m., today, Brooklyn, New York, Jersey City and all out-of-town members and sympathizers are requested to attend.

## ALL BUT ONE GO DOWN WITH LINER

Single Passenger Saved from French Steamer Wrecked Off Coast of Majorca—156 Lost.

PALMA, Majorca, Feb. 11.—The French transatlantic steamer General Chanzy from Marseille has been wrecked on the north coast of this island. Only a single passenger was saved out of all the persons on board. The vessel is a complete loss.

The General Chanzy was built at St. Nazaire in 1891. She had a net tonnage of 367, length 346 feet, breadth 33 feet, and a depth of 23 feet.

The General Chanzy sailed from Marseille on February 9, bound for Algeria. It seems that she was overtaken by a strong gale and dense fog. She tried to reach a refuge through the channel between the islands of Majorca and Minorca, when she struck a rock near Ciudadela, Minorca, a notoriously dangerous place, where the Ville de Rome was wrecked three years ago.

The bottom of the General Chanzy was apparently ripped out, for she filled and sank in a few seconds. She foundered so quickly that there was no possibility of launching the small boats.

The steamer had 157 souls aboard, about eight of whom were passengers. The name of the sole survivor is given as Rodel, a customs officer.

## NOT ON THE BILL

Paris Theater Crowd Stampedes When Scene Shifters' Union Gets Busy.

PARIS, Feb. 11.—The union of scene shifters organized a demonstration at the Renaissance Theater this evening which nearly resulted in a panic.

The union's secretary, Levy, rose from a seat in the stalls during the performance and demanded that the wages of the scene shifters be raised to 70 cents from 50.

Confederates occupying seats in various parts of the theater echoed the demand. Then, shouting, they rushed on the stage.

The audience rose in alarm, but the attendants promptly opened the emergency and other exits, enabling the people to escape and thus averting a dangerous crush.

## SEES A BUGABOO IN WOMAN SUFFRAGE

Peevish Literary Woman Declares Equal Franchise Means Socialism and Free Love.

GREENWICH, Conn., Feb. 11.—Mrs. Eliza Macdonald Thompson, of New York and Greenwich, a literary woman, who has until recently been Paris correspondent for a leading American weekly, and who is a contributor to many magazines, has caused a sensation by peevishly withdrawing from the Greenwich Equal Franchise League, of which she was an officer, and an apparently enthusiastic member, and issuing a long denunciation of the woman suffrage movement.

The ladies of the club promptly accepted her resignation, voted in Henry R. Seager, professor of political economy at Columbia University, who had applied for membership, and proceeded with the business of the meeting.

Very much pleased, Mrs. Thompson said in an interview: "I have resigned from the Greenwich Equal Franchise League because experience with the movement has driven me unwillingly enough but relentlessly to the conclusion that the right of suffrage for women reduced to a final equation, means practically nothing or it means Socialism and free love."

**SILVER HEED FOR BLACKMAIL.**  
Bennett C. Silver, charged with being the "Esperanto" who wrote blackmailing letters which cost \$2,944 from Harry Cohen and a like sum from Henry C. Cohen, waived extradition before Judge Charles J. H. Harlan, Police Court yesterday, and was held for trial in default of \$2,000 bail.

## TO BE LONG FIGHT

Bethlehem Steelers Settle Down for Hard Struggle.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Feb. 11.—There was practically no change in the strike situation at the plant of the Bethlehem Steel Company today.

Charles M. Schwab, president of the company, left for New York and stated that he was satisfied with the situation. He declared that all of the departments of the plant are working, although none are necessarily short-handed.

Both sides have seemingly settled down to a long drawn out struggle for supremacy.

## COPS AFTER DEALERS IN WHITE SLAVES

Detectives to Arrest Couple in Virginia Indicted by Grand Jury for Procuring Girls.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., Feb. 11.—County Detective Edward Brennan went to Roanoke, Va., today for Frederick Rimer and Helen Sockyae, alias Rimer, who are under indictment here for conspiracy and who are believed to be agents of the white slave organization in New York city. They, with William McPherson, now in jail here, are alleged to have lured Anna Wellesman, fifteen years old, from her home in Sterling.

McPherson, who is twenty-seven years old, was arrested in Sterling two days ago and through him County Prosecutor Rathburn learned of the Rimers in Roanoke. The couple are now under arrest here. According to information now in the possession of the prosecutor, the Rimers and McPherson went to Sterling several months ago and obtained employment in the silk mills. Their object was, it is said, to form acquaintances with young girls for immoral purposes. Finding the Wellesman girl an easy victim they coaxed her to run away and in October she left home, telling her mother she was going to Hoboken to have her teeth filled.

When the girl did not return the mother learned of the conspiracy and notified the prosecutor. Then County Detective Brennan went to Sterling and on the evidence he gathered the Rimers and McPherson were indicted by the October grand jury.

While in Norfolk the girl met an old acquaintance who had lived in Summit and worked in the Sterling mills. This friend, on hearing the girl's pathetic story, advised her to return home. The girl told the Rimers of meeting a friend and they, becoming frightened, gave the girl money with which to get back to Sterling.

On Wednesday McPherson put in an appearance in Sterling, thinking, the prosecutor says, that no criminal proceedings would be taken. He was arrested before he had a chance to get away. McPherson told the prosecutor that he had a wife and child in Philadelphia and that he sometimes went under the name of McQuillan. While in the South he passed as the husband of the Wellesman girl.

The Rimers, the prosecutor says, are wanted in several states on charges similar to the one for which they are under indictment here.

## KILLED BY VOLCANO

Eruption of Mt. Poas Causes Many Deaths in Canal Zone.

PORT LIMON, Costa Rica, Feb. 11. Eighty persons were killed by the eruption of the volcano Poas, according to reports received today, which say the worst eruption in the history of the mountain has ceased. The deaths were caused by stones shot out from the crater, many of which weighed more than 200 pounds. They fell within a radius of several miles of the mountain.

Warnings of a severe earthquake to follow are being prepared to send to Washington, that the Panama Canal may be strengthened in anticipation of the damage an earthquake might cause.

**COMMISSION FOR DENNISON.**  
Judge O'Sullivan in the Court of General Sessions yesterday, named a commission in lunacy, comprising two doctors and a lawyer, to inquire into the mental condition of Herbert Jerome Dennison who is accused of shooting John Fredericks on January 3 and suspected of murdering Arthur Shibley and Robbie Louisa, six-year-old schoolboys, January 11. The commission was named on application of Dennison's lawyer.

## C. F. U. FAVORS NEW LABOR PARTY

Independent Political Action Called for as Result of Denbury Rulers' Fine.

ROUSING SPEECHES ON STRIKE

Morris Braun, Socialist, Makes Looming Address on the Stirring Revolution Favoring Fight.

At a meeting of the Central Labor Union at Bohemian Hall, 230 7th street, last night, resolutions were passed for the formation of an independent labor party were unanimously passed.

The cause that led up to the passing of the resolutions was the decision of Judge Platt, in the United States Circuit Court, who declared the United Hatters of North America responsible for the amount of expenses forced on the bosses during the recent strike and levied a fine of many thousands of dollars on the treasury of the union.

Enthusiastic speeches were delivered by Morris Braun, of the Organizers' Union and T. Davis, of the Decorators' Union. The remarks of the unionists were greeted with thunderous applause.

The resolution as first brought forward merely called "upon the executive committee of the American Federation of Labor to at once adopt such measures and provisions which will safeguard the interests and welfare of every affiliated union and every individual member."

Delegate Braun objected to this, and said: "I think that to merely place it before the American Federation of Labor is not enough. What I believe is that organized labor ought to come to its senses. We have been getting legislative, judicial and military justice long enough, and it's just about time that we called a halt."

"I am tired of being assessed continually to try to get legislation passed in the interests of the working class, and when we get it we find that it is either a trick bill or not enforced at all."

"Begging Wives Only Kicks."

"I am tired of bending the criminal knee before the lawmakers of capitalism and begging them for mercy. Parliament will only get us kicks or promises—that and nothing more."

Delegate Braun pointed out the deep significance of the Taft-Vale decision in England—how the courts of the land decided that it was a crime to strike or boycott.

"What was its effect?" asked Braun. "It simply taught the workers that lobbying on the outside of the house of parliament would avail them nothing. They stopped lobbying and walked into the house and passed laws in their own interest for themselves."

"And the first law they passed was one declaring it perfectly legal to strike or boycott. That's what independent action gets for you. Don't beg, or you will get the pauper's law. We have had enough tomfoolery in this country. We should learn to take care of our class to the House of Representatives, and make laws for ourselves. Then you will get what you want."

"I am, therefore, in favor of calling on the president of the American Federation of Labor to urge the holding of a conference of all the national and international presidents of the various unions of this country, affiliated with that body, to take up the matter of forming an Independent Labor party."

A number of speeches were then made and all fully agreed with Braun. The vote which was then taken showed delegates to be finally in favor of a Labor party.

"Are you a member of the Socialist party?" Braun was asked by a reporter for The Call.

"Yes," was Braun's reply.

Braun was next asked how he justified his action in favoring the formation of a working class party when he is a member of the Socialist party, which is held up to be the political party of labor.

In Line With Socialism.

Braun replied as follows: "There is a discussion among leaders in the Socialist party at present and they were unanimously in favor of such a party. It would be a step in the right direction. It would reach the workers the message of his heart. He inevitably returns to the principle expounded by Socialists, for only by them can he obtain any concessions."

"Though I would prefer to see Socialists of this country in the Socialist party, yet, if they won't come



Would rather see them organized by themselves than in the corrupt Republican and Democratic parties. The resolution, as first read, which did not include Braun's addition, reads as follows: "Whereas in the recent decision of the United States Circuit Court, in the case of Howe & Co. vs. the United Hatters of North America, the presiding judge instructed the jurors to find a decision of liability for the plaintiff, and the jurors did so find, awarding the said firm damages in the amount of \$222,000; and whereas this case was one in which a labor organization had decreed a firm unfair to it, and had used its right of protection by maintaining an economic principle of supporting those who are unfair to it; and whereas, a new phase has been established by the judge's action, in instructing the jurors as to the verdict to be rendered, thus making a trial by jury a farce and a misnomer, and whereas, on the other hand, this verdict will jeopardize the right and very existence of a labor union and make possible the holding responsible individually of every member of a labor union and the confiscation of his personal property, be it real estate or bank deposits; therefore be it resolved, That the Central Federated Union severely criticizes the partisan action of Judge Platt in the premises, and calls upon the executive committee of the American Federation of Labor to at once adopt such measures and provisions which will safeguard the interest and welfare of every affiliated union and every individual member. And, be it finally resolved, That we extend our hearty and sincere sympathy to the United Hatters of North America, and pledge both our moral and financial support to them in this struggle for right, justice, and the protection of free speech, free press and free action, guaranteed by the Constitution of the United States. Delegates Cummings, of the Steamfitters' Union, reported that work on the new Gimbel building is being done by scab workers and preparations are being made to camp the strikebreakers on the premises. His request that the body send a letter to Isaac Gimbel asking him to withdraw such labor and put unionists in was granted. Edward Mead, of the same union, spoke at length on the condition of the union and the facts in the strike. He appealed for credentials to enable him to appear before bodies affiliated with the Central Federated Union to collect funds. This was granted and a donation of \$50 was also contributed to the strike fund. Delegates Most, of the Butchers' Union, reported that after a conference with Governor Hughes, the governor refused to sign extradition papers for a member of his union. The case was charged with an imaginary crime in New Jersey. LABORITES ADJOURN British Working Class Party Denounce All Forms of Militarism. NEWPORT, Wales, Feb. 11.—The Labor Congress concluded its sessions today. It adopted a number of resolutions in favor of various propositions, among which were the following: A national system of secular education under popular control, free meals for school children, sympathy with the members of the first Russian duma who were exiled to Siberia, and the nationalization of railways and land. The congress adopted resolutions against all forms of militarism.

### ARREST 4 MORE IN SHIRTWAIST STRIKE

All Held for Special Sessions on Assault Charge—Injunction Proceedings Drag.

Persisting in their persecution of the shirtwaist strikers, the police added four more arrests yesterday to the great number already rolled up. Sadie Grossman, Anna Botwinick, Rose Hirschman and Abraham Oskovsky were arrested yesterday morning at the corner of Bleecker and Greene streets, charged with assaulting strikebreakers in the employ of J. & M. Cohen, of 189 Greene street. Magistrate Cornell in the Jefferson Market Court displayed his usual appreciation of the rights of capital and held all four in \$500 bail each for trial at Special Sessions for simple assault.

By the testimony of Misses Grossman, Botwinick and Hirschman and Abraham Oskovsky, given before Magistrate Cornell, it appears that they were set upon by employes of the Holmes Patrol Company, who were hired by Cohen & Co. to prevent picketing of their shop. The strikers resisted the attack, whereupon one of the Holmes patrolmen demanded their arrest. Magistrate Cornell disregarded this plea and held the four prisoners. The girls on strike against Cohen & Co. will hold a special shop meeting at 414 Grand street, on Monday evening at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of devising ways and means of maintaining their fight. The waist makers out against the Princess Waist Company, of 38 West 51st street, will also hold a special shop meeting at Terrace Lyceum, 206 East Broadway, at 8 o'clock this evening, to consider tentative negotiations for settlement.

The employes of the Bijou Waist Company, of 536 East Broadway, which recently signed up with the union, celebrated their victory last night by a benefit and ball at Grand Lyceum Hall, 300 Grand street. The hall was crowded by strikers and strike enthusiasts, who enjoyed a whirlwind evening of music and dancing. The proceeds of the affair will be turned over to those who have not yet won union conditions. JACKSON CASE ADJOURNED. The injunction farce continues. Instead of disposing of the proceedings, the plaintiffs postpone them from day to day, hoping that in the meantime amicable relations may be established with the union. Yesterday the case of Emanuel O. Jackson, of 105 Fifth avenue, against the Ladies' Waist Makers' Union, came up before Justice Pitlake, in Part I, special term, Supreme Court, and was adjourned until the 16th. This injunction suit appeared twice on the calendar. In one instance it was intended to move to make it permanent, in the other to vacate it. Rather smilingly the lawyers on both sides consented to an adjournment to next Tuesday, February 15. The union has arranged a concert and ball for the benefit of the girls that are still on strike, to take place tomorrow night at the Grand Central Palace, 43d street and Lexington avenue. A long and varied program will be given. The girls who are striking in Brownsville have arranged two benefit performances to take place at the Gotham Theater, Fulton street and Alabama avenue, Brooklyn, tomorrow.

In the afternoon, "Jacob, the Blacksmith," by David Rinsky, will be presented, with David Kessler in the stellar role. "Nora," by Mrs. Kamin'sky in the title role. ELEVATOR KILLS CHAUFFEUR. Caught between the floor above and the seat of his taxicab, Walter Madden, twenty-eight years old, a chauffeur, address unknown, was crushed to death yesterday in the elevator shaft of the garage at 36 West 62d street. Firemen had to be called to get the man's body from where it was jammed in the shaft.

### LABORITES ADJOURN

British Working Class Party Denounce All Forms of Militarism.

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It adopted a number of resolutions in favor of various propositions, among which were the following: A national system of secular education under popular control, free meals for school children, sympathy with the members of the first Russian duma who were exiled to Siberia, and the nationalization of railways and land. The congress adopted resolutions against all forms of militarism.

When you are at home when dealing at **BRAND'S DEPARTMENT STORE**, 33 E. Cor. 33d St. & Ave. A. N. Y. ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW. We handle all union made merchandise.

UNION SHOES AT **E. CARR** 38 Ave. B, New York. A complete line of Men's, Ladies', Boys' and Children's Shoes. THE ROYAL SHOE FOR MEN. \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$5.00 a Specialty.

**NEW HOME SEWING MACHINES** ARE THE BEST BECAUSE OF KNOWN VALUE. Cheapest in price is evidence of INFERIOR quality and poor service. The NEW HOME is built more better, made in a manner to insure PERMANENT SERVICE for a lifetime. Have you seen our latest achievement in COMBINATION WOODWORK?

See our No. 1013 Automatic Lift Drop Head. **NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE**. NO OTHER LIKE IT. NO OTHER AS GOOD. For half a century this machine has made good for all claims of supremacy. Those who used it forty years ago are now using it. WARRANTED FOR ALL TIME. Sold on easy monthly payments or liberal discount for cash. Instructions free in your home. Call to see demonstration or write a postal order for Illustrated Catalog No. "1013". The New Home Sewing Machine Co.'s 28 Union Square, East.

The 526th Bay of the Call and our Ad—**SIG. KLEIN and Assistants** MEN'S AND LADIES' FURNISHINGS. UNDERWEAR, SHIRTS, COLLARS, TIES, PAJAMAS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, SUSPENDERS, SWEATERS, UMBRELLAS, HAMBURGERS, RUBBER SHOES, UNDER LAMPS, GOODS. 50 N. E. 2d Ave., Rm. 1012 N. Y. CALL PURCHASERS' CARDS MAY BE HAD AT OUR STORE.

**Fraas & Miller** "THE FURNITURE CENTER" Broadway, Linden & Quincy Sts., Brooklyn, N. Y. Furniture of Quality has been and is to-day the pivot upon which this entire gigantic business revolves. We stand behind every purchase made here. If any article is not exactly as represented it can be exchanged. Our prices are less than those quoted by most of the so-called February sales. All prices in plain figures—One price to all. Our Store is Open Monday and Saturday Evenings. Quartered Oak China Closets \$14.50 As illustrated—golden finished, bent glass ends; artistic scroll work and bevel mirror in top; four spacious shelves, wood back.

### COTTON BROKER GETS REAL, REAL ANGRY

Vice President of Produce Exchange Blushes and Shakes Finger When Quizzed in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—There'll be a finish fist fight in the presence of the house committee on agriculture pretty soon, if the hearings on the proposed legislation to prohibit dealings in cotton futures keep on warming up as they have for the past couple of days. There was a warm time today when Representative Sims, of Tennessee, asked Arthur R. Marsh, vice president of the New York Cotton Exchange, a question that the latter considered impertinent and insulting. The hearing was lively all the way through, but never reached the point of actual personal hostilities. The question that stirred up the most trouble was as long as a drink of milk, and had three joints in it. Sims asked Marsh if there was any way of eliminating transactions on the exchange which did not contemplate delivery; if it was not true that the contracts called for one thing, while the transactions actually performed were entirely different, and if, in effect, business was not done right along in contravention of the regular rules of the exchange? Marsh first got red in the face; then white, and then red again. "Sir," he said, raising his hand and shaking his finger at the ceiling, "I regard that question as an insult to me, and to every other member of the cotton exchange."

Sims looked real surprised. After thinking it over he modified his remarks by saying that he had not intended to insinuate that any members of the exchange were "consciously guilty of such practices." Marsh did not seem greatly appeased. "I stand against all iniquity," he said, "and pronounce all undertakings entered into by men with the intention of non-fulfillment as iniquitous." SYRIAN BLEW OUT THE GAS. Two Syrians were found dead by gas poisoning in a dining room on the top floor of the furnished room house at 21 Rector street, yesterday morning. It was the first night that Corneliam Boros, twenty-five years old, had spent in this country, and it is thought he blew out the gas. His companion was Essa Knar, forty years old, a bookkeeper, well known in the Syrian quarter.

THE New York Call Conference MEETS WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1910 AT THE LABOR TEMPLE

**GREEN & GOLDSTEIN** 298 GRAND ST., Bet. Allen and Eldridge Streets. We have acquired the entire stock of Mendel Bros., 242 Grand St., which we are now closing out at HALF OF ITS RETAIL VALUE. This sale offers Call readers an unusual opportunity to buy High Grade Men's Furnishings at bonafide reductions. Our store is only a few blocks distant from Grand st., corner Bowery, and is, therefore, easily reached from any part of this city.

**SUNDAY CALL CLUBBING OFFERS**  
The New York Sunday Call and The Appeal to Reason 2.00 Both for one year. Address Subscription Dept., N. Y. Call, 442 Pearl St., N. Y. City.  
The New York Sunday Call and The International Socialist Review 2.25 Both for one year. Address Subscription Dept., N. Y. Call, 442 Pearl St., N. Y. City.  
The New York Sunday Call and The Progressive Woman 2.00 Both for one year. Address Subscription Dept., N. Y. Call, 442 Pearl St., N. Y. City.  
The New York Sunday Call and The Social Democratic Herald 2.00 Both for one year. Address Subscription Dept., N. Y. Call, 442 Pearl St., N. Y. City.  
The New York Sunday Call for six months, and Winshire's Magazine 1.00 for one year. Address Subscription Dept., N. Y. Call, 442 Pearl St., N. Y. City.  
The New York Sunday Call and The Christian Socialist 2.00 Both for one year. Address Subscription Dept., N. Y. Call, 442 Pearl St., N. Y. City.

### WORKMEN'S CIRCLE HOME IS FINISHED

Tuberculosis Sanitarium at Liberty, Sullivan County, Will Be Dedicated Tomorrow.

After three years of earnest work, the Workmen's Circle will dedicate its sanitarium for tuberculous victims, established for the benefit of members, at Liberty, Sullivan county, tomorrow. About sixty members of the organization from this city will attend the ceremonies.

The sanitarium has been completed at a cost of a little over \$20,000. It contains accommodations for about twenty-five patients and arrangements have been completed for erecting additional buildings in the spring which will provide for as many more. About ten patients are already undergoing treatment and applications for all the heat of the space are already in.

The proposition to establish a sanitarium for members of the circle afflicted with the disease was first advanced at the seventh annual convention of the circle held in Newark, in 1907. A special committee was appointed to consider the matter and at the convention held in 1908, in Philadelphia, the report of the committee favoring the proposition was approved.

Steps were immediately taken to carry the plans into execution. A farm of 170 acres was purchased about three and one-half miles outside the town of Liberty, on the hills of Sullivan county. The elevation is between 1,700 and 1,800 feet above sea level. In September, 1909, the State Board of Health issued a permit for the sanitarium and work began on the buildings immediately.

The Workmen's Circle has a membership of about 35,000, divided among 420 branches. The national headquarters are in the Public Bank building, at 89-91 Delancey street. Socialists and trade unionists make up the membership.

The funds for the direction of the sanitarium have all come from the pockets of the members and the circle has decided that the money for its maintenance will be raised from the same source. It is not proposed to ask for donations from outsiders and there is no semblance of charity attached to the plans.

The dedicatory exercises tomorrow will be of a simple but interesting character and will be participated in by the officers of the organization and a number of persons interested in the work of stamping out tuberculosis.

### YOU ARE INVITED TO JOIN.

Will you not join the army of Call workers, reader? There is something everybody can do, and do it almost every single day, namely, help increase our advertising income by patronizing our advertisers and by using a Call Purchasers' Card. What you do FOR The Call will work for its SUCCESS. What you do NOT do for your paper will surely work AGAINST it.

SEASON REDUCTION AT OUR TWO STORES. **SMERLING & BOROWITZ** MOST RELIABLE CLOTHIERS AND MERCHANT TAILORS. 83 Canal Street :: Bet. Eldridge and Allen St. Branch Store: 119 Canal Street, near Chrystie St.

**The Big Store** BROADWAY'S BIG STORE. LEVI BROS. & CO. PROPRIETORS. CORNER OF Broadway and WILKINSON ST. BROOKLYN.

### Challenge Sale of Men's Trousers

Together with Special Bargains in Boys' and Men's Suits and Overcoats. Our Clothing Department will be a busy place Saturday and Sunday. 10 p.m.

Men, Here's Your Chance WE HAVE 57 SUITS AND 33 OVERCOATS AT 10.90	Men's Pants at 1.55	Men's Pants at 1.95	Men's Pants at 2.96
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Just the thing for business wear, in dark or medium colors, neat stripes and plain checks, all regular sizes. \$2.50 value. \$2.50 value. The largest variety of the newest up-to-date Worsted and Cashmeres Also the Famous Reading Trousers, up to \$2 waist, value \$2.50. Suitable for dress or business wear, all fine styled or Cashmeres, made by hand, regular fit, up to \$2 waist.

**MEN** HERE ARE SUITS and OVERCOATS, that were \$2.00, \$3.00 and \$12.00 values, only one or two garments of a kind, all this season's New Fabrics; well made and trimmed. **6.50**

**BOYS' NOVELTY SUITS** Will place on Sale Thursday about 150 Children's Novelty Suits in Russian and Sailor styles; are samples and worth \$4.00 and \$5.00 each; also 97 Overcoats, sizes 3 to 7, that sold at \$5.00. **1.98** Saturday only.

**Extra Special** BOYS' BLUE SERGE Suits ALL WOOL. Knickerbocker sizes 3 to 14. **3.95** New Suits if they go Wrong.

**BLACK HAND JOKERS.** Sentence Suspended on Boys Who Sent Threatening Letter. William Hirschfeld, fifteen years old, of 1717 Washington avenue, the Bronx, and Samuel Eloofsky, fourteen years old, of 1696 Washington avenue, were let off on a suspended sentence by Justice Wyatt in the Children's Court yesterday. They had sent the following letter to Edward Schmecht, of 1692 Washington avenue: "Cave of the Black Hands, Feb. 7, 1910. "If you do not hand over \$10 by tomorrow night we will kill you. "Yours truly, "KING OF THE BLACK HANDS." They told Justice Wyatt that they did it "just for fun."

**O.W. WUERTZ PIANOS** 1516 3rd Ave. New York City. 2829 3rd Avenue N.Y.C. (Downtown)

**Union Shoe Co.** 52 Avenue B, cor. 4th Street. CLEARING SALE. 25 Per Cent Reduction on All Goods. Remember, all our Ladies' Gents' Shoes bear the union stamp.

**EXTRA GREAT ENTERTAINMENT** DO NOT FAIL TO ATTEND THE **Concert and Ball** FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE **LADIES' WAIST MAKERS** AT GRAND CENTRAL PALACE LEXINGTON AVENUE, BETWEEN 42D AND 44TH STS. **Sunday, February 13, '10, 7:30 P.M.** UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE SETTLED WAIST SHOPS. A rich musical and vocal program will be given by professional talent. **SPEAKERS:** ABE CAHAN, Editor of the Forward. V. BOURTZEFF, the Sherlock Holmes of the Russian Revolution. MORRIS ROSENFELD will deliver one of his best poems, specially written for the occasion. **SHULAM ASH** will read one of his best dramas. S. LEBEN will read a sketch, "Madame Kaminski." MAX DOLIN, the famous violinist, will perform on his instrument. Miss Eastman will sing. Rosenthal Sisters' Quartet, 3 Pianos, 3 Violins. Mike Elman. Mrs. Gates, the foremost pianist of the Metropolitan Opera House, and Mr. Goldman will play selections from the standard repertoire of the day. Goods and presents received from the Women's Trade Union League for the benefit of the strikers will be distributed. **Tickets, 25 Cents.** Hat Checks, 15 Cents. After 7 P. M. Tickets May Be Had at the Door.



# PORTO RICANS KICK AGAINST TAFT BILL

### House of Delegates Says Island Demands Justice—Protest Cabled to Olmsted.

San Juan, Porto Rico, Feb. 11.—The bill amending the organic law of Porto Rico and designed to supersede the Foraker act, which was submitted to the American house of representatives by President Taft, and which was drafted by Secretary of War Taft after his recent visit to the island, created great excitement in the house of delegates today.

A resolution was adopted authorizing Speaker De Diego to send the following cablegram to Congressman Olmsted, author of the law bearing the name:

"The house of delegates protests energetically against the bill providing political modifications for Porto Rico. The whole country demands and expects justice from the committee on insular affairs and the Congress, who will not give the lie to the history of American liberty."

The bill referred to was submitted to the Congress by President Taft on January 29. It provides for voluntary citizenship, with the restriction that no person can be naturalized unless he can read and write some taxable property or is a member of a firm which owns taxable property. A senate of thirteen members is provided for, eight of whom shall be appointed and five elected by the people. Elections are to be held every four years and the legislature is to meet once in two years. The governor is to hold office at the pleasure of the President of the United States, without any fixed term.

Secretary Dickinson in his report was emphatic in declaring that citizenship should be granted to the Porto Ricans. The main objection of the Porto Ricans is probably to the paragraph of the bill in regard to a majority of the senate being appointed, and also to another which authorizes the President to suspend or annul any law passed by the Porto Rican legislature until the expiration of the next succeeding session of the Congress of the United States. All officers of the Porto Rican courts, under the provisions of the bill, are to be appointed by the President.

### YORKVILLE AGITATION COMMITTEE

REV. F. STANLEY-VAN EPS WILL LECTURE.

Theory and Practice as Applied to the Effort for International Peace. At Yorkville headquarters, 1461 84 avenue.

MONDAY, FEB. 12, 1910, 8 P. M. DISCUSSION. ADMISSION FREE.

Lincoln Birthday Celebration. Concert and Entertainment ARRANGED BY THE Students' Club of the Educational League.

Saturday Evening, Feb. 12, 1910. At the Ed. League, 163 Madison St. Admission, including Hot Check, 15c.

### TRUSSMAKER

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Trusses, Bras, Bandages, Elastic Stockings, Crutches, Suspensories. All work guaranteed. Tel. 2323 7th St.

### SEMI-ANNUAL SALE OF Up-to-date Hats and Gents' Furnishings

—AT—

## L. KUPFERSHID

20 E. Houston, Cor. Ludlow Street. 100 Broadway, Cor. Essex Street. BARGAINS.

### Gotham Theater

FULTON STREET COR. ALABAMA AVE., BROOKLYN

### SACRED CONCERT

For the benefit of the Spring Ladies' Waist Makers' Union, Brownsville Division.

SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1910. MATINEE, 2:15 P. M.

JACOB, THE BLACKSMITH

By Mr. Kessler, Miss Leibel, and the entire Kessler Troupe. EVENING, 8:15 P. M. NORA By Hensch Epson. Mrs. Kominsky, assisted by Mr. Mognulsky, and the entire Kessler Troupe. RESERVED SEATS, 50c to \$1.50

### A GRAND CONCERT AND BALL

Under the auspices of the 21st A. D., S. P., Brooklyn WILL BE HELD AT THE LABOR LYCEUM, 949 Willoughby Ave., Brooklyn On Friday, February 25, 1910

Nora Frank will address the audience in the interest of The New York Call Concert by Mrs. Alma Webster Powell. Tickets 25c to be obtained from Adolph Benez, 450 Broadway, Brooklyn; Clubrooms at 181 McKittrick street, Brooklyn, and at the Labor Lyceum. A percentage of the profits will be given to The Call.

## RAILROAD LOSES SUIT

New York Central Must Pay \$15,000 for Damages to Property.

Supreme Court Justice Arthur Tompkins handed down a decision at White Plains yesterday in which he directs that unless the New York Central Railroad Company pays \$15,000 to John O'Brien, a former New York police captain, Edward J. Shalvey and Henry J. Burfield, a New York police inspector, for damage to their property at West Mt. Vernon, because a steep railroad embankment cuts off access from their property to streets leading in Mt. Vernon, he will grant an injunction restraining the company from continuing the embankment.

The Harlem Railroad is now laying four tracks for its new rapid transit system on this embankment and should the company fail to pay up the removal of the embankment would cause a great delay in the electrical improvement on that division.

## CITY FORMS CATTLE CO.

Winnipeg to Compete With Trust in Beef Markets.

WINNIPEG, Man., Feb. 11.—The Manitoba provisional government struck a blow at the beef trust today when it announced that a municipal cattle market and abattoir would soon be established in Winnipeg to compete directly with the trust.

This announcement is in response to the demands of farmers who charge the beef trust is killing the live stock industry of eastern Canada by keeping down the price of cattle on the hoof and keeping up the price of meat to consumers. The farmers allege that an investigation has revealed the fact that much of the live stock of Western Canada is shipped by the packers to Chicago, and is there sold at a profit even after the packers have paid the increased freight charges and 27 1/2 per cent. duty.

## LENDING IS A GOOD THING, SOMETIMES

We have been telling you of how some Call enthusiasts have been getting their respective organizations to work for The Call.

They did fine work and we appreciate it. You have been reading their letters and were no doubt encouraged. But if you live where no Socialist organization exists you cannot be expected to work through an organization.

Comrade Ryckman, of Wyoming, shows the way individuals can work for the paper they love. Read this letter:

"Dear Comrades—I lent my Sunday Call for January 16 and didn't get it back. For inclosed 5 cents please send me another copy. I have a file of The Call from the first number and it is among the most valuable reference works in my big library. I am trying this plan to help the circulation in this remote town, the home of Senator Clark, and you will hear from it in a few days. I am having the Comrades circulate a paper headed as follows:

"To Mr. A. G. Rex, news agent, Evanston, Wyo. The New York Call is the greatest and best Sunday newspaper printed in the English language. If you will keep it on sale regularly we, the undersigned, agree to buy each a copy a week at 5 cents per copy. It reaches Evanston on Wednesdays. Sincerely yours,"

If you have any left over copies that you care to spare and will send them to me for distribution, it may aid us in getting a good list here. I remain, fraternally yours,

J. H. RYCKMAN. Act today. Better yet, act at ONCE. We will accept subscriptions for a short time at the following reduced rates (being 25 per cent off the regular rates):

Sun. Wk-day	Sun. only.	Wk-day only.
For 1 year...	1.50	3.40
For 6 months...	.75	1.70
For 3 months...	.40	.90
For 1 month...	.15	.30

(Subscribers in Manhattan and the Bronx must pay a cent a day extra to cover postage.) Regular agents can send in subscriptions at the above rates LESS A COMMISSION OF 20 PER CENT IF desired, to cover their expenses. Send money with order or ask for cards on credit.

## GOING TO THE SOUTH

Winnipeg, Manitoba, Feb. 11.—Backed by J. Pierpont Morgan and associates in New York, and the Canadian Northern railway, represented by MacKenzie & Mann; it is announced here today, have outwitted Sir Thomas O'Shaughnessy and his Canadian Pacific railroad directors, obtaining possession of great coal mines and coal bedding areas of the Dunsmuir interests on Couvair Island for \$11,000,000.

Part of the project is the erection of steel and iron works on the island, and \$5,000,000 is to be spent in further developing mines.

## AWARD SNOW CONTRACTS.

The Board of Estimate yesterday awarded contracts for the removal of snow in Brooklyn at the rate of 54 cents a cubic yard, and for The Bronx at 54 cents a cubic yard. When it came to considering the bids for Manhattan it was found that William Bradley's offer was the lowest, and that his price for the work was 36 cents a cubic yard.

## DIDN'T REACH SOUTH POLE.

PUNTA ARENAS, Feb. 11.—The Charcot Antarctic expedition on board the steamer Pourquoi Pas arrived here today, and it is expected that the vessel will remain here for some time. Dr. Charcot, it is reported, says the expedition did not reach the South Pole. All the members of the expedition are well.

# Church of the Ascension

FIFTH AVENUE AND TENTH STREET.



## ALEXANDER IRVINE

Sunday, February 13, at 8 P. M.

TOPIC: "Lincoln and Labor."

Conference in Chapel, 9 P. M. Speaker, Dr. E. R. Slosson

Editor of the Independence ON THE "New Ideal in Education."

## TWO POLICE ACCUSED OF NEW OUTRAGE

### Patrolmen Charged With Assaulting Man and Women—Mayor Gaynor and Baker on the Jump.

Another story of policemen gone amuck, a story of attack on a man and two women, became known in Brooklyn, yesterday, just at the moment when Mayor Gaynor jumped into a personal investigation of the charge that two policemen attacked a well-dressed woman in the rear of a barber shop on East 24th street, several days ago.

### Baker May Not Return.

And in the midst of these stirring events in the department, Police Commissioner Baker announced that he was about to take a vacation of ten days.

He left at 2 o'clock for Atlantic City, where he will try to forget his worries, while the Mayor probes the accusations of brutality to a woman against Patrolmen Weitzel and Groves.

When it became known that the commissioner was going away and that First Deputy Commissioner Bugher would take his place, it was announced that Baker might never return to his place in the department. No official had anything to say that bore out this report.

The Brooklyn case is taken from affidavits made by the victims to Deputy Commissioner Reynolds and Inspector Dillon. It charges an assault on New Year's night by two policemen of the Butler street station, Charles O. Maxey, of 324 Pearl street, and two women, while he was visiting the home of Edwin Miller, of 84 Butler street.

Reynolds, of Brooklyn, started an investigation which resulted, as announced yesterday, in charges against Patrolmen Hugh Watterson, Richard A. Donnellon and John Howard.

## CHINAMAN MURDERED

### Ling Found With Throat Cut and Bullet in Head—No Clue?

Y. J. Ling, or Choy Wing, the proprietor of a Chinese laundry at 1812 Broadway, Brooklyn, was found dead on the floor of his back room yesterday morning with his throat cut from ear to ear and a bullet wound in his left temple.

There was a piece of penknife blade sticking in his throat. His head lay in a pool of frozen water, and a wooden wash stick was frozen to his right hand. Anna Randazzo, the daughter of a cobbler, whose shop is separated from the laundry only by a partition, which does not reach the ceiling, told the police that she heard loud and angry voices in the laundry about 12 o'clock last night. She said there seemed to be three men there, all talking in Chinese. She said she fell asleep while the row was in progress, and declared that she did not hear a shot fired.

## MORE LAND FOR MORGAN.

Banker and Associates Gobble Up Canadian Coal Mines.

Winnipeg, Manitoba, Feb. 11.—Backed by J. Pierpont Morgan and associates in New York, and the Canadian Northern railway, represented by MacKenzie & Mann; it is announced here today, have outwitted Sir Thomas O'Shaughnessy and his Canadian Pacific railroad directors, obtaining possession of great coal mines and coal bedding areas of the Dunsmuir interests on Couvair Island for \$11,000,000.

## NO STRIKE IN BUFFALO.

BUFFALO, Feb. 11.—There will be no strike of the switchmen in the Buffalo yards who are members of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, according to Thomas E. Crossen, president of Lodge No. 817. "Buffalo is in the Eastern territory, and its requests for more money will be settled amicably," says Crossen.

## PLAN TO TIE UP ARGENTINA.

ROME, Feb. 11.—The Socialist daily, L'Avanti, publishes a cablegram from Buenos Ayres to the effect that the Socialists and Radicals of Argentina are already arranging to celebrate the 100th anniversary of the nation's independence in 1916 by a general strike.

## CONGER SAYS ALLDS DEMANDED BRIBE

(Continued from Page 1.)

Q.—Kindly state it, will you? A.—Mr. Allds said to my brother: "This bribe bill is one of the good things in this session. We fellows up here have to have some extra expense money for our expenses." My brother said: "I don't want that bill to pass; it will hurt the business badly. I have just become interested as vice president of the new bridge company—the American Bridge Company, and I must make good." Mr. Allds said: "The rules committee has got to have \$5,000 if that bill dies." My brother said: "I can't stand for that amount. They ought to be satisfied with a thousand dollars." There was other discussion. Mr. Allds finally said: "I don't know how the others would think, but I will do what I can to keep that bill in, for a thousand dollars." My brother said: "If that bill dies in committee or is not pressed for passage, I will see that you have a thousand dollars."

Q.—Well, did you communicate with anybody? A.—I did. Q.—Whom? A.—My brother. Q.—What was your brother's name? A.—Frank Conger. Q.—Now, then, after that, did anything happen in this connection? Conger then told of sending for Moe and the arrangement to have him pay the bribe.

When Deacon Moe was on the stand he testified that he remembered meeting no one in Albany at the time he distributed the Conger money, except Senator Benn Conger, and the three members of the legislature who got the money. When Deacon Moe was again on the stand the next day, he said he recollected having met another man, a fifth, while he was in Albany with the boodle fund. This man, he said, was John Newell, the general manager of the Canton Bridge Company, of Ohio, who looks after the Eastern states territory, with main office in Albany.

### Newell Admits Knowing Moe.

Newell was a witness today, and upon cross-examination at the hands of Littleton, stated that he had met Moe some years ago, but could not remember the date. He did not seem to know why he fixed the year as 1901, except that that was the last year Conger was in the assembly. Since his first introduction to Moe, Newell said he had seen him at Frank Conger's funeral at Groton, and again yesterday morning, just before the trial opened.

The only other incident of the trial today arose over the reception of the testimony of John W. Jones, who was employed in the Conger typewriting works at Groton, in April, 1901, taking an inventory. Moe testified that while engaged in taking this inventory with Jones in the typewriting factory, Frank Conger approached him, and at that time asked Moe to make the bribery trip to Albany.

Jones testified today that he did not hear the conversation between Frank Conger and Moe, but that after the conversation was had, Moe told Jones he was going to Albany. Jones wanted to testify further that when Moe had returned from Albany he told him he had been to Albany.

Osborne wanted to get this testimony on record as corroborative of Moe's visit to Albany at the time of the bribery. Not only Littleton, but Senators Brackett and Grady, objected to this at the outset, but Chairman Davis admitted it after much discussion.

## Where do Pins Go?

It is just an example of the little losses and waste that is going on all the time. There is no waste but half saved with doubly strong.

## White Rose Ceylon Tea

A 10c Package Makes 10 Cups.

## WANTS CONGRESS TO AID OUR AVIATORS

### President of Aero Club Will Ask Taft to Take a Hand in Encouraging Flyers.

Cortlandt Field Bishop, president of the Aero Club of America, will call on President Taft on Monday in regard to an appropriation by Congress to be used in experimental work in aviation. Other countries have given money toward the development of the aeroplane as an engine of war, and Bishop hopes to impress upon the President and the members of the War Department the importance of such a movement.

Whether or not the international aviation meet will be held in the United States this coming fall depends, according to Bishop, on the attitude of the Wright brothers toward the event. If they intend to enjoin the various makes of machines that will take part in the meet, which will necessarily take place before their suit against Glenn H. Curtiss is decided, the chance of getting any foreign aviators to enter the country is considered to be slim.

However, the Wrights have stated from time to time that they did not wish to interfere with the sport in any way, and are said to have intimated that they would not take any action to prevent foreign machines flying in such a contest. The foreign aviators want to be sure that such is the case before they pack up and start over here.

The next place where the meet will be held is not as yet decided. Bishop announced yesterday that he would give \$5,000 if nineteen other men would contribute \$5,000 toward a fund to defray the expenses of a meet on Long Island. Other cities have offered from \$150,000 to \$250,000 for the privilege of seeing the contests, but Bishop is sure that if \$100,000 is raised in the manner he suggests there will be no difficulty in securing the balance. Baltimore, Washington, Indianapolis, Chicago and Los Angeles are a few of the cities besides New York making an effort to secure the contest.

The International Aeronautic Federation has set aside the dates from October 18 to November 2, inclusive, for the holding of the contests. It is thought that this will enable races to be held in several cities. Four entries have been made so far; three from France and one from Italy. There will probably be many more foreign entries received before the lists close. In the balloon races the entries have been Italy, two; Switzerland, two; Denmark, one; Germany, three; France, three, and the United States, three.

## MADE MONEY TOO FAST

### Senate Clerk, Who Conducted Office for Personal, It is Alleged.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—William B. Turner, printing clerk of the senate, resigned today. His retirement was due, it was said, to the fact that he had taken an interest in certain legislation to an extent that offended several senators. The senate recently had to deal with the claims of certain postmasters covering the period from 1864 to 1874 and involving several millions of dollars. They had apparently been taken over by a local lawyer and an ex-official of the government, who was to receive a large percentage of the returns. The work of these men in pressing the claims greatly angered several of the senate leaders and the outcome was the adoption of an adverse report on all the claims by the senate.

Turner was alleged to have ordered the printing office to withhold the publication of the adverse report, pending further orders from him. Senator Penrose, chairman of the post-office committee, which made the report, became impatient over its non-appearance. On investigation he was told that Turner was the cause of the delay and he then demanded that the services of the clerk be dispensed with. The resignation was the result.

## DIPLOMATIC BILL GOES.

### House Passes It—Practically as Reported by Committee.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—The house today passed the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill, remaining in session about an hour longer than usual so as to complete the measure and be able to take a day off tomorrow. With the exception of a few slight changes the bill went through in practically the identical shape in which it was reported from the foreign affairs committee on which Representative Perkins, of New York, is chairman.

BEING OUT OF THE HIGH RENT DISTRICT, WE SAVE YOU MONEY.

# B. Schellenberg & Sons

99 to 105 Myrtle Ave., near Bridge St. "L" Station, Brooklyn. For More Than Half a Hundred Years Schellenberg Clothes Have Excelled in Quality, Style and Price.

Why? you ask. It's a wonderful record, you say; what's the secret? Let us explain— 1st—Because the best materials the world's greatest textile mills have produced have gone into Schellenberg Clothes. 2nd—Because tailors who know—who were acknowledged masters in their field—were employed exclusively in building Schellenberg Clothes. 3rd—Because of extensive manufacturing interests we were able to buy materials at a great advantage and save you the maker's profit. 4th—Because comparatively our rent was exceptionally low, allowing a saving of about \$15,000 a year, which also went to the benefit of purchasers of Schellenberg Clothes. 5th—Because of the four preceding reasons collectively, we were in a position to sell better clothes—Schellenberg standards—and save you an average of 25 per cent. And we do it NOW! When you've seen the new Schellenberg CLOTHING for Spring you'll agree with us that no other assembly in Brooklyn can compare with it. It'll be here soon. You'll then find the new special Schellenberg Character Suits for Boys, with extra trousers at \$2.50 and \$4.25, the most remarkable values little fellows have ever enjoyed.

WE CLOTHED YOUR FATHER, WHY NOT YOU?

## AGREE ON NEW SUBWAY

### F. S. C. and Estimate Board Will Rush Lexington Avenue Tunnel.

It became known yesterday that William R. Willcox, chairman, and his associates on the Public Service Commission, dined Thursday night at Willcox's home with Mayor Gaynor and the other members of the Board of Estimate. It was the first peaceful gathering between the two bodies in many a day, and the result was that an agreement was reached providing for the construction of the long-talked-of Lexington avenue subway at the earliest possible date.

If the plans approved at the dinner are followed, the prospect is that work on that tube will begin next July or August. John Purroy Mitchel, president of the Board of Aldermen, and Mayor Gaynor both said they were anxious to have bids opened on April 1.

The Public Service Commissioners, however, believed that more time should be allowed and favored June 1 as the day. It was agreed that another meeting between a committee of the estimate board and the commissioners should be held next Wednesday to decide the date.

## TRUST BOYCOTTSTOWN

### Western Metropolis at the Mercy of Railroad Combine.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—That a boycott by the Southern Pacific and Santa Fe railroads has blotted out foreign commerce at San Diego, Cal., was the testimony of A. P. Fleming, secretary of the Los Angeles harbor board, before the senate committee on interoceanic canals today.

The Pacific Mail steamer controlled by the Southern Pacific, he said, do not call at that port, and the Santa Fe will make no arrangements for ocean connections. Relief can only be obtained, Fleming said, by passing the Flint bill to establish a government line to steamers to connect the Pacific coast ports with the Panama railroad.

Fleming stated that Los Angeles was also at the mercy of the railroad combine.

## TRAIN KILLS FLAGMAN.

ORANGE, N. J., Feb. 11.—While sweeping the snow from Charey street crossing of the Lackawanna railroad at 7:30 o'clock this evening, Thomas Brennan, the aged flagman, was struck by an eastbound train. The Record ambulance was summoned, but the injured man died before it reached him. The dead man, who resides at 14 Joyce street, West Orange, was one of the oldest flagmen on the road.

## WE DELIVER MILK AT YOUR DOOR

PROMPT SERVICE. COURTEOUS TREATMENT. MILK IS A FOOD, AND IS NOURISHING; IT IS A PLEASANT BEVERAGE. BUILDER; 60 A QUART. HIGH-GROUND DAIRY COMPANY. 442-443 MADISON STREET, BROOKLYN. Tel. 4990 Eastside.

## Protection—Style—Service

Three things combined in every Blum Suit and Overcoat. To all this we are adding another attraction—low price. In a few words: The best for the least money. These are our reasons for suggesting to get your overcoat or suit from us. Each time you buy here the advantages are on your side.



# BLUM & CO.

Clothiers and Merchant Tailors. 117 CANAL STREET, NEW YORK



GENERAL ESTRADA FREE WITH LAND

Leader of Nicaraguan Revolutionists Gives Sioux Chief 16,000 Acres to Settle Upon.

Direct from Nicaragua, where he obtained a grant of 16,000 acres of land for settlement by Sioux Indians from General Estrada, leader of the revolutionists, Little Bison, a Sioux Indian, arrived in New York yesterday.

After that is secured Little Bison will be taken to the Sioux Indian reservation in the Black Hills and select twelve families to be taken to Nicaragua to settle upon the land.

The Indian tells a thrilling story of swimming rivers and dodging Zelaya spies after the president of Nicaragua had ordered him to be kept away.

In defiance of these orders the Sioux eluded the guards, who trailed him day and night, and went to Nicaragua. There he hired an Indian guide and started through the coast country to Bluefields.

"I laid my plans directly before Estrada, and told him that a settlement of my countrymen would act as an example to the natives and spur them to progress," said Little Bison.

"We have been promised our own government, obedient to Estrada, of course. I expect to take all the younger members of my tribe to the country."

"A revolution down there is monkey fighting," continued the Sioux. "The soldiers are barefooted and don't know how to shoot. Estrada has several Americans who are directing his attack and have charge of the field pieces. These men are bringing him success and will share in the spoils when Estrada gets control."

JUMPS ON KNOX

Rep. Harrison Scores Secretary Regarding "Our" Diplomats.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—Virulいた denunciation was hurled at the administration, and particularly at Secretary of State Knox, by Representative Harrison (Dem., N. Y.) in the house this afternoon.

"The rumored decision to appoint our ambassador to Great Britain a self-confessed rebater," he said, "would seem to mean that the path of the rebater leads to the foot of the throne. The selection of our diplomat to Austria seems to indicate that the size of campaign contributions has something to do with it."

Harrison declared that the ocean cable had destroyed diplomacy. "A diplomat nowadays," he said, "is simply a person who wears silk knee-breeches and gets himself photographed as a host to royalty."

"Our prestige abroad has been greatly impaired by the refusal of the nations to agree to the Manchester railroad scheme," he concluded.

"I held on girls' charges," said a grocery store at 334 First avenue, was held in 1890 hall in Yorkville Court yesterday morning on charges of maltreatment brought by Catherine, Elizabeth and Rose Coce, the children of Anthony Coce, of 433 First avenue.

Wage Workers who Understand Socialism... BREAD BEARING this label is Union Made. Ask for the Label when buying bread.

Is YOUR Union's Ad in the Call? BREWERS' UNION NO. 60, BROOKLYN. HARLEM SHOE CO. Third Avenue, Corner 103d Street.

DIAZ BUSY AGAIN

Another Foe of Mexican Despot Arrested in Texas.

VICTORIA, Tex., Feb. 11.—Jesus Longoria, who fought under Jose Rangel in the Las Vacas engagement between Mexican troops and revolutionists, two years ago, has just been jailed in this town upon charges of breaking the neutrality laws of the United States.

Longoria is young, but little over twenty, and has figured in more than one revolution in Mexico. He takes his arrest in the stoical manner of his people who look upon prisons as part of the lot all patriotic Mexicans must accept while Diaz rules.

The arrest of this young Mexican is significant inasmuch as it proves the never ending hunt for his political enemies which President Porfirio Diaz knows must be maintained to guard his dictatorship from quick vengeance.

As the Mexican government has concocted a list of eighty-seven names of persons whom it claims were participants in the Las Vacas fight, and out of these eighty-seven but eight have thus far been apprehended, it may be seen that there is still a harvest to be reaped by the Furlong Detective Agency, whose special work it is to locate Mexican political refugees in this country.

The Political Refugee Defense League has already taken the initial steps in the matter of Longoria's defense and expects to free him as it did Ruiz and the others. The boyish revolutionist will probably be tried in Del Rio on the third Monday in March.

Frye Runs Senate

White Slave Bill Passed—New Customs Judge to Get \$7,000.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—Vice-President Sherman having gone to Grand Rapids, Mich., to deliver a Lincoln Day address, Senator Frye, of Maine, president pro tempore, presided over the session of the senate today.

A number of bills were passed, including the Bennett bill, coming over from the house to suppress the white slave traffic.

A bill granting to the Prairie Oil and Gas Company a right of way over public lands in Arkansas, was passed after brief debate.

The senate accepted the conference report on the urgent deficiency bill fixing salaries of customs court judges at \$7,000, and instructing the senate conferees to insist on the retention in the bill of the senate amendment appropriating \$125,000 for continuing the work of the immigration commission.

A bill by Senator Cummins, of Iowa, to amend section 1014, revised statutes, to give jurisdiction to federal courts over crimes of corporations in the district where the crime was committed, was debated at length and finally postponed.

An adjournment over until Monday was taken, in honor of Lincoln's birthday tomorrow.

Woman Gains Appeal

Point of Law Goes Against William English Walling in Suit.

The suit for \$100,000 for breach of promise brought by Anna F. Grunspan, a French Jewess, against William English Walling, the well known Socialist, was before the Appellate Division yesterday on her appeal from an order of the lower court directing her to serve an amended bill of particulars setting forth the time, place and country of the alleged promise to marry and directing also that since she cannot rely upon more than one promise she elect the one.

The Grunspan woman had stated in her bill of particulars that the promises were made several times, but that the first promise was oral and was made in France.

In reversing the order for the amended bill of particulars the Appellate Division ruled yesterday that the court "could not compel the plaintiff to elect on which promise she should rely."

Cuban Gun Man Jailed

HAVANA, Feb. 11.—Postmaster Nedarse, who last summer shot and wounded Editor Terriente for publishing a cartoon implying impropriety between Senora Nedarse and President Gomez, began this afternoon to serve the sentence of four years' imprisonment imposed on him, the sentence having been confirmed on appeal to the higher court.

Rock Island Counsel Strongly Opposes Regulation of Stock and Bond Issues.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—The opponents of the President's bill to amend the interstate commerce act had their inning today in the hearings that are being held by the senate committee on interstate commerce.

It has been the understanding that most of the railroad managers of the country, following the conference with the President, would acquiesce in the President's recommendation to the proposed amendments.

The principal objection urged by Walker was the feature of the Elkins-Townsend bill which seeks to control the capitalization of the railroads. Walker suggested that the government should confine its legislation to the regulation of rates and protection of the public from extortion in charges, and refrain from interfering with the charters or the securities of the carriers.

CONDEMNS BILL FOR RAILWAY CONTROL

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WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—The opponents of the President's bill to amend the interstate commerce act had their inning today in the hearings that are being held by the senate committee on interstate commerce.

Both officers were found guilty and sentenced by the court to a loss of five numbers. Paymaster Auld was exonerated by Assistant Secretary Winthrop. The sentence in the case of Surgeon Robnett was mitigated from a loss of five to a loss of two numbers.

Winthrop's comment on the Robnett case was as follows:

"The proceedings, subject to the remarks made thereon by the judge advocate general and the finding and sentence, are approved. Owing to the peculiar circumstances of the case and the great provocation given to the accused by the complaining witness, the sentence is mitigated to a loss of two numbers in his grade, and Passed Assistant Surgeon Aulseby H. Robnett, U. S. N., will be released from arrest and restored to duty."

Schiff Gets Summons

Banker Must Explain Why the Beef Trust Borrows His Money.

CHICAGO, Feb. 11.—Jacob H. Schiff, of Kuhn, Loeb and Company, has been summoned before the federal grand jury here to recite the details of a \$15,000,000 loan said to have been made by his company to the National Packing Company, according to a report today.

The government alleges this loan was authorized by President Edward Tilden, of the National company, and that the money was used to gain control of the New York Dressed Beef Butchers' Association and thus to stifle competition in New York.

The grand jury after a perfunctory session today adjourned until Monday, when a number of employees of Schwarzschild & Sulzberger will testify. It is said they will be asked regarding reports that the "S. & S" company has broken with the Armour-Morris-Swift interests and is operating independently of the alleged trust.

Morse Loses Suit

Convicted Banker Ordered to Pay Up \$228,400 by Court.

In a suit brought against the National Bank of North America by the Mercantile Bank, to recover the value of a note for \$200,000, negotiated in the days of Charles W. Morse, now a federal convict, Justice Greenbaum, of the Supreme Court, yesterday directed the jury to return a verdict for the full amount of note and interest, aggregating \$228,400.

A. H. Curtis, former president of the defendant bank, who was co-defendant in the suit with Morse, on charges of misapplying funds, testified in the present suit that he had no recollection of having authorized the payment of the interest on the \$200,000 note.

Lelion Outlines Sands

CAIRO, Feb. 11.—The record of 4 minutes 22 seconds, for 3.1-8 miles, made by the American aviator, Sands, at Heliopolis, Wednesday, was beaten today by Lelion, a Frenchman, who covered the distance in 4 minutes 2 seconds. Egypt has not proved the ideal aviation country it was expected it would be.

Public Lectures

The following free lectures are arranged under the auspices of the Board of Education for tonight: Public School 154, 118th street and Lenox avenue: "What a Boy Saw in the Army, Including Recollections of Lincoln." Henry W. Knight.

Museum of Natural History, 77th street and Columbus avenue: "Pure Foods—Condiments." Professor John C. Olsen.

Cooper Union, Third Avenue and 8th street: "Lincoln." President Melancthon Stryker, of Hamilton College.

Public Library, 121 East 58th street: "The Prevention of Poverty." Dr. Frank Julian Warner.

Public Library, 505 West 145th street: "The Simplicity of Music." Mrs. Mary Gregory Murray.

St. Bartholomew's Hall, 305 East 42d street: "The Prevention of Tuberculosis." Dr. S. Adolphus Knopf.

SUNDAY EVENING. Public School 83, 216 East 116th street: "Niagara and Nearby." Edward J. Parker.

NAVY ROW SETTLED

Auld and Robnett Found Guilty, but Let Off Easy.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—Acting Secretary of the Navy Winthrop disposed today of the court-martial cases of Paymaster George P. Auld, U. S. N., and Passed Assistant Surgeon Aulseby H. Robnett, U. S. N.

The officers named were tried at the Boston navy yard recently on charges preferred by Medical Director Howard E. Ames, in connection with an incident occurring at a dance given on December 11, last, by Dr. Ames at his residence, at which Dr. Edward S. Cowies, a Boston physician, was insulted.

Both officers were found guilty and sentenced by the court to a loss of five numbers. Paymaster Auld was exonerated by Assistant Secretary Winthrop. The sentence in the case of Surgeon Robnett was mitigated from a loss of five to a loss of two numbers.

Winthrop's comment on the Robnett case was as follows:

"The proceedings, subject to the remarks made thereon by the judge advocate general and the finding and sentence, are approved. Owing to the peculiar circumstances of the case and the great provocation given to the accused by the complaining witness, the sentence is mitigated to a loss of two numbers in his grade, and Passed Assistant Surgeon Aulseby H. Robnett, U. S. N., will be released from arrest and restored to duty."

ACTRESS LOSES SUIT

Laura Biggar Must Give Up \$75,000 for Alleviating Affections.

Dr. Charles Hendricks will cost Laura Biggar, the former actress, \$75,000. That was the verdict rendered yesterday by a jury in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn, where the case of Mrs. Hendricks against the actress for alienation of her husband's affections was heard.

The twelve men were out for four hours considering the case. Mrs. Hendricks, who had told a pitiful story on the witness stand yesterday, had asked for \$100,000. The jury thought that Dr. Hendricks was worth \$75,000 to her. This is for one of the largest amounts ever given by a jury in such a case in New York.

Neither Miss Biggar nor Dr. Hendricks were present, though the doctor was represented by counsel and put up a defense. It is believed in Brooklyn that the two are together in the west.

AIDS FLOOD VICTIMS

Chamber of Deputies Votes \$4,000,000 for Help of Sufferers.

PARIS, Feb. 11.—The river Seine rose only a few inches during the night and the hydrographic authorities predicted today that the high level which should be reached tomorrow would be about eight inches less than anticipated. The chamber of deputies today unanimously voted the \$4,000,000 for the aid of the flood victims which had been asked by the cabinet.

The vast financial scale of the relief plans may be judged from the fact that the government contemplates loans amounting to \$20,000,000. The police figures show that 14,000 out of 84,000 buildings in the city were invaded by the flood.

HOUSE WARMING

OF THE 3d and 10th A. D. Socialist Party

TO BE HELD AT THEIR NEW CLUB ROOMS, 272 EAST 10TH STREET, N. Y.

SATURDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 12, 1910

MUSIC BY OUR FAVORITE. DANCING AT 8 P.M. ADMISSION, 10 CENTS

THIRD GRAND ANNUAL CONCERT AND BALL

GIVEN BY THE YOUNG PEOPLE'S SOCIALIST FEDERATION, CIRCLE 6

LINCOLN'S BIRTHDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1910

At Grand Manhattan Hall, 309-311 Grand Street

Chorus... by Circle 6 Vocal Solo... Miss G. Goldin

Tickets, 15 Cents. Hat Check, 10 Cents.

SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 13

Concert and Dance AT THE EAST SIDE EQUAL RIGHTS LEAGUE

225 CHRYSTIE ST. NEAR HOUSTON. A JOOLY SOCIABLE TIME FOR ALL.

204 East Broadway The Joseph Preparatory School

SMALL ADS THAT WILL BRING BIG RESULTS. Try an insertion in The Call, the most closely read daily paper.

MEETINGS ALL NEWARK DELEGATES of the LADIES' WAIST MAKERS' STRIKE CONFERENCE

NEW JERSEY REAL ESTATE 8100 CASE, \$10 monthly, purchase beautiful cottage, with improvements, price, \$12,000 cash.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE LONG ISLAND. 5 acres clear land, excellent opportunity for poultry and fruit farm.

FURNITURE FOR SALE Are You Aware of This? FURNITURE FROM FACTORY DIRECT TO YOU

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES. SOCIALIST. Don't be exploited; invest your money in reliable concern.

LAWYERS. RAYMOND & FLACH Live lawyers—Quick results. Accidents, confidential and commercial matters.

FANCY AND LEATHER GOODS. FRENCH fancy leather goods made by "The Held Studio" (Paris); card cases, handbags, etc.

ACTRESS LOSES SUIT Laura Biggar Must Give Up \$75,000 for Alleviating Affections.

APARTMENTS TO LET—East Side. 30 AVE., 12th near 6th—5 light rooms; reduced \$10; month free.

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SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 13 Concert and Dance AT THE EAST SIDE EQUAL RIGHTS LEAGUE

APARTMENTS TO LET—West Side. 17th AVE., 6th—3 rooms; bath; newly renovated. Janitor or telephone 608 Plaza.

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Classified Advertisements

MISCELLANEOUS. YOUNG COMRADE expert electrician, excellent bell wiring and repair work.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET. LEXINGTON AV., 6th (2nd st.)—With without board; housekeeping privileges; 22 up; price, reasonable.

NEW JERSEY REAL ESTATE 8100 CASE, \$10 monthly, purchase beautiful cottage, with improvements, price, \$12,000 cash.

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204 East Broadway The Joseph Preparatory School







# McPARTLAND & O'FLAHERTY

One Block West of Broadway

Southwest Corner 8th Avenue & 43d St.

An Old Business at a New Stand

## A Great Sale of Housefurnishings

We have just completely reorganized this section of our busy basement with the biggest and best stock in our history, including many lines we never before carried. To properly signalize this event, we have made many remarkable offerings, a very few of which are here printed:

100-Piece Dinner Sets **2.75**

Just because a pottery had too many of these sets on hand and because we were able to hand him the ready cash. These sets are of a fine grade of ware, all full size pieces, in new fancy shapes; a complete service for 12 people. Limit one set to a customer.

**\$8. 100 piece Decorated Dinner Sets**

4.98

Very rosend decorations. A complete service of 12 people, of thin and durable ware which will give perfect satisfaction, consisting of 12 Dinner Plates, 12 Tea Plates, 12 Soup Plates, 12 Fruit Saucers, 12 Individual Butters, 12 Cups and Saucers, 1 Cream Jug, 1 Salad Bowl, 1 Butter Dish, 1 Baker, 1 Gravy Boat, 1 Pickle Dish, 1 large Soup Tureen, 1 covered Dish, and 3 large Platters. To-morrow at a set.

Roll Top Bread or Cake Closets; regular family size; finished in white enamel or striped oak; keeps cake and bread fresh at all times; value 89c. **.59**

The complete Incandescent Gas Lamp; good substantial burner, mantel and globe; worth 29c. **.29**

800 100-Piece Decorated Dinner Sets

4.98

Partly rosend decorations. A complete service for 12 people, of thin and durable ware, which will give perfect satisfaction, consisting of 12 Dinner Plates, 12 Tea Plates, 12 Soup Plates, 12 Fruit Saucers, 12 Individual Butters, 12 Cups and Saucers, 1 Cream Jug, 1 Salad Bowl, 1 Butter Dish, 1 Baker, 1 Gravy Boat, 1 Covered Dish, 1 Pickle Dish and 3 large Platters. To-morrow at a set.

7-piece Berry or Fruit Sets; decorated; consisting of 1 large bowl and 6 saucers to match; each piece is richly decorated and stippled with gold. **.29**

White Cups and Saucers; dinner, breakfast, tea and soup plates of thin and durable ware; \$1.00 dozen **.05**

Rockingham Fire-proof English Decorated Tea Pots; made by the famous potters of England; 59c. kind **.25**

40c. Galvanized Garbage Pails; made of heavy galvanized iron with deep rim covers; extra special **.25**

Decorated Black Enameled Umbrella Stands; extra special at **.29**

### Shoes at Less than Cost For Women and Children

Just received a lot of Shoes from an eastern manufacturer which we will put on sale at the following prices.

WOMEN'S \$2.50 and \$3.00 SHOES, in gun metal, cloth top, patent coil and hid top; all the latest styles. **1.98**

WOMEN'S \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$4.50 SHOES and OXFORDS; all the newest styles for Spring; medium or high heels. **2.48**

CHILDREN'S \$1.00 and \$1.25 SHOES; button and lace. **.79**

WOMEN'S \$2.00 SHOES; button and lace, with low heel; special **1.29**

WOMEN'S RUBBERS; 50c. kind; special **.38**

CHILDREN'S RUBBERS; 45c. kind; special **.35**

500 White China Dinner Sets

A service for six people; of thin and durable ware; large size pieces and fancy shapes; at the remarkably low price of... **.98**

3.50 Dinner Sets

Decorated; a complete service for six people; in thin and durable ware; each piece has a wide gold band; this is an open stock pattern and can always be matched; are in the new fancy shapes; large covered dish with each set; at **1.98**

**Double Coated Grey Enamel Ware**

These goods are all strictly first quality and are one of the most famous makes in the world; almost every useful cooking utensil the most famous cook could wish is included.

Values to 1.19 Choice at **29c** First Quality

6 and 7 qt. Tet Kettles, 2 and 3 qt. Rice Boilers, 4 qt. Fish Pans, 10 qt. Berlin Kettles, 10 qt. Water Pails, Large size Fry Pans, Colanders, Lipped Sauce Pans, 3 and 5 qt. Tea and Coffee Pots, Large size Berlin Sauce Pots, and numerous pieces.

## Beds, Bedding, Upholstery

THESE DEPARTMENTS, ON OUR THIRD FLOOR, ARE WELL STOCKED WITH HANDSOME ATTRACTIVE GOODS. THE AVERAGE OF THE PRICES IS A THIRD BELOW THOSE ASKED IN THE BIG TRADING CENTERS.

**Steel Bed Outfit—Complete**

Comprising heavy steel and malleable iron white enamel bed, with heavy brass top rail, vases and spindles; value \$7.00.

Heavy woven wire spring; value \$4, and Mattress, pure cotton top; value \$3.50; regular price of outfit \$14.50; reduced to **7.98**

**Brass Bed Outfit**

Comprising this handsome Brass Bed, 2 inch continuous posts, full mounted upright fillers in bright polish or satin finish; value \$30.00.

Heavy woven steel wire Spring, strongly reinforced; value \$5.00.

Genuine Hair Mattress, in gold medal or fancy tick; value \$10.00; all sizes.

Regular price of complete outfit \$45.00; for this sale. **27.95**

**Mattress Specials**

Genuine Hair MATTRESS; gold medal tick; 40 lbs.; 4 ft.; regular \$12.00; for **7.98**

MATTRESSES; genuine white layer felt; plain stripe or fancy linen tick; 4 ft. or 4 ft. 6; regular \$8.50; **5.98**

MATTRESSES; pure white cotton, in drab or fancy color or stripe tick. 3 ft., regular \$5.50; for **3.98**

4 ft. or 4 ft. 6, regular \$7.00; for **4.98**

MATTRESSES; soft cotton top; A. C. A. stripe ticking; regular \$3.50; all sizes; at **1.98**

MATTRESSES; best soft cotton top and bottom; heavy fancy or plain stripe ticking; value \$5.00; all sizes; **2.98**

**Slip Covers** made to order from the best quality of Irish or Belgian Linen; 50 ins. wide; finished with shrunk binding, allowing 12 yards material; workmanship guaranteed; \$15.00 value; at **8.98**

## Sale of Pure Groceries

THE RAPID FORWARD STRIDES THIS DEPARTMENT IS MAKING INTO THE HEARTS OF THE HOUSEWIVES IS VERY GRATIFYING. MORE OF THEM ARE DISCOVERING DAILY THAT WE SELL ONLY PURE, RELIABLE GROCERIES—AND AT LOWER PRICES THAN OTHER STORES' ASK.

SARDINES; of good quality; packed in oil; the domestic kind, but a grade that gives satisfaction; dozen, **.05**

55c; can. **.05**

KIPPED HERRING; packed in Scotland, and the best grade obtainable; dozen, \$1.15; can. **.10**

PRUNES; the large kind that sell usually at 14c.; **.10**

FORCE; the celebrated breakfast food; dozen, **.10**

\$1.15; pkge. **.10**

CORN FLAKES; made by the Quaker Oats Co.; fresh and crisp; dozen, **.05**

pkge. **.05**

APRICOTS; evaporated, good bright tender cooking fruit; lb. **.14**

PEACHES; evaporated; from selected large fruit; good flavor and bright; pound **.10**

RICE; grains large, white and free from specks; 7 lbs. **.05**

33c; lb. **.05**

MACKEREL; dainty white sweet fish caught on the Irish coast; in 5-lb. pails; 10 to 12 fish; per pail **.59**

TOMATOES; No. 3 cans; fine red fruit; full packed cans; the kind usually sold at 10c.; doz., **.83**; can. **.07**

CORN; No. 2 cans; full packed, white, tender and sweet; good value at 10c.; dozen, **.83**; can. **.07**

PEAS; fancy Early June; small in size; of fine flavor and tender; No. 2 cans; doz., \$1.15; can. **.10**

ASPARAGUS; the colonial kind; packed to sell at 30c. can; has the full natural flavor; dozen, \$2.90; **.25**

SALMON; we have the finest fish that is packed; fancy red Alaska; tall cans; 2 for 25c.; can. **.13**

SALMON; fancy Columbia River; nothing better obtainable; 1/2 lb. flat cans; doz., \$1.50; can. **.13**

SARDINES; choice fish in oil, packed in France; 1/4 lb. cans; dozen, \$1.15; **.10**

SARDINES in oil; imported boneless fish; 1/2 lb. cans; white and fine flavored; **.22**

PRUNES; good sized fruit; sweet and tender; **.05**

FRENCH PEAS; of medium size, good color and tender; every can packed full; dozen, \$1.50; can. **.13**

STRING BEANS; No. 2 cans; free from strings; full natural flavor; medium size and tender; dozen, \$3.00; **.07**

PINEAPPLE; No. 2 cans; sliced; packed in a good syrup; full flavored tender fruit; every can packed full; sells regularly at 17c.; dozen, \$1.50; can. **.13**

FLOUR; Washburn Crosby's Gold Medal or Pillsbury's Best; 1/2 bbl. sacks; **.89**

SPINACH; No. 3 cans; natural flavored, tender and free from grit; dozen, \$1.15; can. **.10**

PINEAPPLE; 1/2 lb. flat cans; cut in dainty cubes and packed in rich syrup; doz., 1.15; can. **.10**

PEACHES; No. 2 1/2 cans; California fruit; full flavored; tender and packed in rich syrup; dozen, \$1.55; **.13**

APRICOTS; No. 2 1/2 cans; packed in California from selected fruit, in good syrup; doz., \$1.75; can. **.15**

## Save 1/3 on Lace Curtains

NOTTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS; copied from Renaissance, Irish Point, Brussels and Marie Antoinette designs.

\$1.50 values: **.98** \$2.25 values: **1.49** \$3.00 values: **1.98**

IRISH POINT CURTAINS; all over and Renaissance patterns. Reg. \$5.50: **3.98** Reg. \$7.00: **4.98** Reg. \$8.50: **5.98**

ANTIQUE LACE and SCRIM CURTAINS; the newest and most serviceable curtains for dining, sitting or bedroom. Worth \$4.50: **2.98** Worth \$5.00: **3.49** Worth \$5.50: **3.98**

## Blanket Clearance

We have secured from one of the largest manufacturers in the country their complete line of sample Wool Blankets; also a large number of cotton and wool-nap blankets at half regular price, and offer them at equally great reductions. Following are a few hints of what the line contains:

HEAVY WOOL-NAP BLANKETS; white, gray or tan. Reg. \$1.25: **.69** Reg. \$1.75: **.98** Reg. \$2.75: **1.49** Reg. \$3.50: **2.39**

Fine California WOOL BLANKETS; white, gray, tan or scarlet; full size. Reg. \$6.50: **3.49** Reg. \$8.50: **4.98** Reg. \$10.50: **5.98** Reg. \$12.00: **6.49**

Heavy PLAID BLANKETS, in all colors; full size; 4.98

Warranted all wool; worth \$8.50; a pair. **4.98**

Every pair of Blankets in this lot guaranteed perfect.

## Comfortables

Full size Comfortables; heavy white cotton covered with figured or plain silkoline; blue, pink, green and red. Regular \$1.50, at **.89**

Regular \$2.25, at **1.49**

Regular \$3.00, at **1.98**

Extra heavy Comfortables—pure white laminated cotton; beautiful centre designs, with 9 inch borders; in French pattern; all colors; the warmest; comfortable made; worth \$4.00; **2.98**

## Portieres

Heavy mercerized Armure; deep lattice fringe; all colors. Regular \$3.00, pair. **1.98**

Regular \$3.50, pair. **2.49**

Regular \$4.00, pair. **2.98**

Regular \$5.00, pair. **3.98**

Regular \$6.50, pair. **4.98**

Regular \$7.50, pair. **5.98**

Extra heavy mercerized Armure, in rich colorings; deep gobelin tapestry borders. Regular \$4.75, pair. **3.49**

Regular \$6.50, pair. **4.98**

Regular \$7.50, pair. **5.98**

## Glove Specials

Women's 2-clasp Kid Gloves; white or colored; **.49**

Women's 1-clasp Walking Gloves **.89**

Women's Chamousette Gloves **.25**

Children's Golf Gloves; **.19**

## Window Shades TO ORDER AT SHORT NOTICE.

**Furniture Re-Upholstered**

Equal to new. Estimates cheerfully furnished.

### AUTO RUNS DOWN BOY

Who Seriously Injured

While crossing Broadway at 52d street yesterday, Hugo Fulman, eight years old, of 224 Central Park West, was knocked down and seriously injured by a passing automobile.

The boy was picked up by Charles McHugh, of 247 West 52d street, who was driving the car which knocked him down, and hurried to Roosevelt Hospital.

### CRAWLS MILE WITH BROKEN LEG.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 11.—James McHugh was taken to the West 68th street station. He said that the car he was driving was owned by Carl H. Page, of Broadway and 58th street.

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### STOGIE GIRLS WIN

250 Strikers at Wheeling, W. Va., Factory Obtains Their Demand.

WHEELING, W. Va., Feb. 11.—The 250 girl strippers at the Pollack stogie factories, who have been on a strike two weeks, have won a victory, and returned to work yesterday.

The girls quit because the management discharged the weigher, thus compelling the girls to lose much time weighing their own tobacco. They demanded that either the weigher be reinstated or they be granted a half-cent pound increase.

The weigher was reinstated by order of Miss Gussie Pollack, head of the \$7,000,000 concern.

### WOMAN A SUICIDE.

Mrs. Alice Corey, of 229 Whitton street, Jersey City, committed suicide yesterday by drinking carbolic acid.

The woman's husband had awakened her and then gone downstairs to light the fire. When he came back she said: "Good-by, John, I've taken poison."

### ABUSED FOR GIVING PENNIES.

Sophie Bezen, of 98 Suffolk street, an eighteen-year-old corset maker yesterday displayed a swollen and discolored eye, torn and dirt covered clothing, wrecked hat, and scratched face to Magistrate Herrman in the Centre Street Court, and swore she was attacked because she gave a Spring street car conductor five pennies instead of a nickel. The conductor, Morris Zuckerman, was fined \$10 by the court.

### INJURED BY EXPLOSION

Bursting Gas

When Miss Mary Kerr, of a furnished room house, at 46th street, touched a match, gas stove in the bathroom yesterday there was a loud explosion and she was hurled to the floor.

Police officers arrived in time to find her unconscious. William and Margaret Kerr, who had been sleeping on the third floor, had been overcome by the gas.



# Woman's Sphere

Edited by ANITA C. BLOCK

Contributions and communications to Mrs. Anita C. Block, 746 St. Avenue, New York City.

### WAR.

By Richard Le Gallienne.

How sweet along the marching street and life, and I forget of mothers, and the whole without a soul.

A soul—save this bright music, sweet as hell; my peace-abiding feet go the life.

How care I for human life! Will my astonished eyes fall heart is like to break.

How those drummers make. In wickedness to clothe in grinning thing that stalks music like a queen.

How the garden of glory walks, men love the thing they loathe.

How many infamies, how many like this, how the life and still the drum, how the monster as she is.

### SOCIALIST WOMAN MOVEMENT ABROAD.

In this heading the gifted editor Mary's Socialist woman's Gleichheit, Mrs. Clara Zetkin, as follows concerning the work of the Socialist women's conference in co-operation with the suffrage movement based on fundamental principles as laid down by the international conference of Socialist women at Stuttgart, and later ratified by the entire International Socialist Congress.

### THE BRONX SOCIALIST WOMEN'S STUDY CLUB.

On Monday night, Dr. Anne Ingermann gave a very interesting talk on "Progress and Classes" at the Bronx Study Club, at 3309 Third avenue. She traced the origin of classes, starting back to the communistic stage and leading up to the capitalistic system with its two distinct classes.

### INTERNATIONAL SOCIALIST BUREAUS.

By M. L. S.

At the first international conference of Socialist women held in Stuttgart, Germany, during the summer of 1907, it was decided that the Gleichheit (Equality), the official organ of our German women Comrades, should be made an international bureau of Socialist women.

# For Constipation TRY EX-LAX

A Delicious Laxative Chocolate in Metal Boxes. 10 and 25 Cents.

### "THE SNOW STORM"

Psychological Drama to Be Produced Here Tomorrow Evening.

The first performance in America of "The Snow Storm," a psychological drama, in four acts, by a Polish dramatist, Stanislaus Pajbiszewski (translated into English by Herman Bernstein), will take place tomorrow evening at the Hackett Theater.

Mme. Bell-Ranske, the lecturer and actress, who has been associated with the production of literary dramas in Europe, will play the part of Eva; Sara Biala, who appeared in "The Citizen's Home," will play the part of Bronka.

### TO TRY GOVERNOR'S DAUGHTER.

Magistrate Cornell Holds "Miss Martin" on Shoplifting Charge.

Martha Martin, as a young woman called herself who was arraigned in Jefferson Market Court yesterday before Magistrate Cornell for shoplifting, is the daughter of a governor of a southern state.

### SNERS AT JUDGE—ONE YEAR.

Labeled as the worst boy ever confined in the Tombs prison, Harry Livingston, seventeen years old, charged with stealing an overcoat from a clothing store, was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary by Justice Mayo in the Court of Special Sessions yesterday.

### OULAHAN COMES HERE.

Richard V. Oulahan, for many years the head of the Washington bureau of the New York Sun, has been transferred to the New York office to assume direct charge of all news departments of the Sun Printing and Publishing Association.

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115 Evergreen Ave. Brooklyn

# Socialist News of the Day

Notice of meetings must be in this office by noon of the day previous to publication. All meetings begin at 9 p.m., unless otherwise specified.

### Tonight's Meetings.

#### MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

Business.  
General Committee—243 East 84th street.  
Hungarian Branch—3209 Third avenue. 2d and 10th A. D.

The 2d and 10th A. D. will hold a housewarming and dance at 273 East 10th street. Members should be on hand and bring their friends.

Entertainment and dance at Yorkville headquarters, 1461 Third avenue. Music, dialogues and recitations by children of the Yorkville Sunday School. Parents are especially invited to attend with their children. Admission free. Everybody welcome.

Rand School.  
Lincoln's Birthday will be commemorated by an appropriate program arranged for the occasion at the meeting of the Inter-High School Socialist League, this afternoon, at the Rand School of Social Science, 112 East 19th street, at 3:30 o'clock.

Harlem Forum.  
The singing class meets at the Forum, 360 West 125th street, at 5:15 p.m. All welcome.

Young People's Federation.  
Concert and ball under the auspices of the Young People's Socialist Federation, Circle 8, at Grand Manhattan Hall, 309-11 Grand street. Those who want to drive dull care away should be on hand.

Brooklyn.  
Business.  
Kings County Central Committee—Labor Lyceum, 949 Willoughby avenue.

Young Socialists.  
Samuel L. White will lecture on "Socialist Elements," at the entertainment and lecture to be given by the Young Socialists of America, 155 Tompkins avenue, Brooklyn.

Northfield.  
Reorganization meeting of Local Northfield at the home of A. F. Fenerstein, 681 Henderson avenue, 8 p.m. All party members are invited to attend.

PATERSON.  
The New Jersey state executive committee meets at 184 Main street, 8 p.m.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.  
28th and 32d Ward Branch—Kehe's Hall, 2523 West York. Campaign Committee—Headquarters, 1365 Arch street, 4 p.m.

Lecture at U. of P.  
Scott Nearing will address the University of Pennsylvania chapter of the Intercollegiate Socialist Society, 11 Houston Hall, 8th and Spruce streets, at 2 p.m. Subject, "The High Cost of Living." Nearing is an instructor in economics in the university. Public welcome. Free admission.

LECTURES AT RAND SCHOOL.  
The Sunday forenoon lectures at the Rand School, 112 East 19th street, will be recommenced tomorrow at 11 a.m. W. J. Ghent will deliver his lecture on "The Revolutionary Spirit in Poetry," which has been received with great favor by the few audiences in this city which have heard it.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.  
Laundry Workers' Union of Greater New York will hold a full dress ball tonight, at the Progress Assembly rooms, 28-30 Avenue A.

JOHN D.  
John D. will deliver a lecture on "Wall Street and Its Influence," under the auspices of the Boro Park Forum, in Boro Park Casino, Thirteenth avenue, corner 41st street, Brooklyn, at 8 p.m., tomorrow. All welcome. Questions and discussion.

TO ORGANIZE STUDY CHAPTER.  
Graduates and students of the two colleges of dentistry of this city, are requested to attend a meeting tomorrow at 10:30 a.m., at the Rand School, 112 East 19th street, to organize a study chapter of the Intercollegiate Socialist Society.

YORKVILLE AGITATION COM.  
Secretary Dietrich sends the following announcement: Tomorrow night at the Yorkville headquarters, 1461 Third avenue, the Rev. F. Stanley Van Eps, from the Peace Society of New York, will speak on "Theory and Practice as Applied to the Effort for International Peace."

Socialists contend that the abolishment of war under capitalism is impossible. Any effort to abolish war without striking at the root of the evil—"capitalism"—is a futile attempt.

The Socialist movement is the greatest factor in the world today for international peace.

A large outside attendance is expected at the lecture. All Socialists, who are capable, should be present to participate in the discussion.

HUDSON COUNTY.  
Adjourned semi-annual local meeting will be held at the headquarters, 254 Central avenue, Jersey City, Sunday morning, at 9 o'clock.

It is necessary to hold the meeting in the morning rather than the afternoon, as the hall had been previously engaged for the afternoon by another organization.

Sunday evening at headquarters. Professor Frank Bohn will lecture on "The Constitution of the United States."

The county board of organizers will meet Tuesday evening at headquarters, to perfect arrangements for the Debts meeting at Grand View Hall, Jersey City, March 21.

The lecturers committee has arranged for a series of lectures in German by Comrade Herman Gundlach. The first of these will be delivered at headquarters Thursday evening, February 17, the subject being: "Die Entwicklung des Kosmeten und die Geschichte des Halleschen Kosmeten." German Comrades and sympathizers are urged to attend.

FOR LORE AS ORGANIZER.  
The conference to consider a suitable candidate for organizer of Local New York, held in Beethoven Hall on Wednesday, and called by a special committee of the 1st, 25th and 27th A. D., was attended by over thirty members of the party from fourteen different district organizations.

There was a general discussion of the party situation in New York, and the importance of having a thoroughly capable organizer was dwelt upon. A number of names were suggested, among them being Emil Meyer, John A. Wall, William Malloy, George R. Kirkpatrick, Robert W. Bruere and Ludwig Lore, of the New York Volkszeitung.

Lore's name was proposed by De Young, of the 23d A. D., English branch, and Morris Hillquit, Louis Malloy and M. Danish supported Lore's special ability as an organizer, his wide knowledge of the movement, his grasp of party principles, his acquaintance with several languages, his energy, and his devotion to the party were explained and emphasized.

A motion was finally adopted endorsing Lore as candidate for organizer, with the understanding that all present propose his name for nomination at their district meetings. The committee of the 1st, 25th and 27th A. D. was empowered to call another conference, if necessary, and a motion to have a report of the conference sent to the Socialist press was adopted.

During the course of the discussion, Morris Hillquit congratulated those present upon attendance at the conference, declaring that he considered this departure from the closed caucus a welcome one, and one which could well be followed in the future. He believed that when the advisability of such open and informal conferences of party members to discuss important party questions came to be recognized they would be better attended, but this many beginning would certainly set an example that would have a beneficial effect in the future adjustment of party problems. This view was indorsed by other speakers.

At the last meeting of the 24th and 26th districts, held last Thursday night, at 200 East 98th street, upon the report of the delegates to the city convention, it was decided to request a referendum on the proposed amendments to the constitution of the Socialist party, Local New York, proposed at the last city convention.

Secretary M. J. Donohue announces that an interesting musical program has been arranged for the regular session of the Sunday school tomorrow. The text will be: "Drunkness with its evils are a part of the capitalist system, which will disappear under Socialism."

# THE SUSTAINING FUND

FEBRUARY 11, 1910.

Levi Parker, New York	\$1.00
H. Wollenkaupf, Rochester, N. Y.	2.00
A. August Sauter, Upper Nyack	5.00
Local Dover, per Charles P. McFall	5.00
W. H. & D. E. No. 2, New Bedford, Mass.	1.00
"Veteran," Silverton, Colo.	2.00
B. C.	10.00
J. Ware	1.00
Br. 1, Union Co., per B. F. Brelsford	1.00
Grace Davis, Bayonne	1.00
Charles Kieff, Bayonne	1.00
E. Hoffman, Far Rockaway	.50
A. Bergeman, Far Rockaway	1.00
Mrs. Noonan, Schenectady, N. Y.	1.00
Collected by J. Onitman, West End Br. Boston, Mass.	5.00
John Wilkins, New York	1.00
Charles A. Nippes, Newark, N. J.	1.00
W. H. Thompson, Buffalo, N. Y.	1.00
William Hilbert, Corona	2.00
D. T. New York	1.00
Hugo Wollner	1.00
W. H.	1.00
Kemm	1.00
Total since Feb. 1	\$49.50

### UNION MAN SLUGGED

Band of Thugs Beat Up Organizer of United Mine Workers. HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Feb. 11.—A. T. Deck, of Wellston, Ohio, an organizer of the United Mine Workers of America, is believed to be dying as the result of injuries inflicted by a band of thugs at Loup Creek, who are opposed to the organization. Deck has been endeavoring to organize the miners of West Virginia, and for several weeks has been working in the vicinity of Loup Creek. After beating him into insensibility, the assailants placed him on a railroad track near Harvey, where he was found by miners on their way home.

### SCAFFOLD FALLS; 3 MAY DIE.

Peter Fiorati, Trangart Bossi and John Cuconelli, employed on a building in course of construction at Riverside drive and 118th street, yesterday fell from a scaffold at the fourth floor. They landed on the concrete floor below. At the J. Hood Wright Hospital it is thought they will die. Eugene Ertel, of 30 Woodlawn avenue, Jersey City, foreman of the building, was arrested.

### SUICIDE'S MOTIVE A MYSTERY.

Thomas Gallagher, twenty-six years old, of 508 Lorimer street, Brooklyn, committed suicide in his home yesterday. Gallagher had a position and was in good health, and no cause can be given for his act.

### FIRST GRAND ANNUAL FULL DRESS AND CIVIC BALL

GIVEN BY THE LAUNDRY WORKERS' UNION OF GREATER NEW YORK AT PROGRESS ASSEMBLY ROOMS 28 AND 30 AVENUE A

Saturday Evening, February 12 ALL KINDS OF AMUSEMENTS. MUSIC BY UNION ORCHESTRA. TICKETS, including Nat Check, 25c

### 'The Revolutionary Spirit in Poetry'

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SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 13, at 11 A. M. Admission, 10 Cents.

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- "Eversweat" Guaranteed Heavy for Ladies, Gents and Children.
- Calgate's Soaps and Perfumes.

Save our Coupons. They are equal to a 10 cent discount.

# READ NEXT SUNDAY'S CALL

GET YOUR ORDER IN EARLY! Here Are a Few of the Good Things It Will Have

- Retribution (Illustrated). By Sonia Ureles.
- The Workmen as Defenders of the Present Order. By Dr. M. Rosier.
- The Scholarly Opinion. By M. E. R.
- Is Socialism Radical? By Wilbert Sheldon.
- A Quaver on Marriage, the Second of Darius Mudd's Five Minute Studies.
- I Looked on the Toilers, a Poem by H. Rea Woodman.
- "Scientific Socialism" and Modern Economics (concluded). By J. G. Murdoch.
- Karl Kautsky's French Social Classes (continued).
- Ernest H. Liebel's Striking Serial, The Awakening.
- A Destiny Fulfilled, a Story by I. C. L.
- Padolkin's Dream, a Story by S. Libin.
- The Paupers, a Story by "Q".
- The Scab, a Story by Esther L. Edelson.
- For Young Folks, including the Story of Halley's Comet.
- Woman's Sphere, Edited by Mrs. Anita C. Block.
- Courtesy Lemon's Weekly Review of the Stage.
- Comment and Discussion.
- Socialist and Labor News of the Globe.

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For Three Months.....	.50	1.15	1.50
For One Month.....	.20	.40	.50

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## THE WORLD DOES MOVE.

The Illinois law restricting the working day of women to ten hours, which last July was declared unconstitutional by Judge Tut-till on the ground that it interfered with woman's freedom of contract, is now being argued before the Supreme Court of that state.

Among those who argued for the upholding of the law was William J. Calhoun, recently appointed United States Minister to China. In the course of his remarks he said:

I am not a radical, nor a Socialist, nor an anarchist, and I do not even belong to the so-called "uplift movement" of which we have heard so much recently. But I do take sufficient notice of some of the unfortunate abuses which exist in this highly and artificially developed civilization of ours and which call aloud for correction.

In the doctrine of the freedom of contract there is more of fiction than of reality. When men and women are dependent upon their daily wages, when they are face to face with poverty all the time when the loss of a day's wages means not enough money to pay rent, or not enough to buy food, it is not fair, it is not common sense, to say that they enjoy any freedom of contract for the sale of their labor.

Many women in their struggles for food and shelter, yes, and for life itself, are willing, even eager, to work long hours every day in every week in the year, year in and year out, until their bodies break under the strain. But the wishes of such women should not be allowed to militate against the welfare of woman-kind and of mankind in general. When a woman, be she maid or mother, has worked in a factory ten long hours she has toiled to limit the selfish desire of a few men to sell more goods, to bring out more orders, be allowed to stifle the needful demand of motherhood and of motherhood?

From its very birth, and long before it became a world-wide movement of the toiling masses, Socialism was contending against the application of the legal concept of free contract to labor. Socialist criticism pointed out that free contract was possible only among equals; that, in fact, this legal concept was derived from the market place, where the individuals confronted each other as buyers and sellers of merchandise, owners of goods and money, equal property owners; and that the transfer of this legal concept from the market place to the workshop, where the individuals confronting each other were essentially unequal—one the owner of capital, the other bereft of all ownership excepting the labor-power of his mind and body—was a cruel mockery, and worked toward the enslavement of the laborer and the physical and moral ruin of the factory population, particularly of working women and children.

After many years of agitation our law-making bodies and our courts had at last acknowledged the rightfulness of restricting the labor of children. After several more years of agitation the Oregon law, restricting the working hours of women, was unanimously declared constitutional by the United States Supreme Court, on the ground that such restriction was necessary for the protection of the health of working women, as well as for the benefit of all the people in the state. The Illinois law, which was modeled on that of Oregon, will in all likelihood be ultimately declared constitutional. But Minister Calhoun's argument goes beyond all established precedents. His argument for the right of society to restrict the hours of labor applies not only to working women and children, but also to working men. He goes to the root of the matter when he roundly declares that "in the doctrine of freedom of contract there is more of fiction than of reality." In fact, so far as the working people are concerned, this doctrine is nothing but fiction.

The fact that leading members of the ruling class are beginning to comprehend that there is no such thing as freedom of contract between capital and labor, that the essence of the relation between the two is inequality and compulsion, mastery and slavery, shows that the world does move, that Socialist criticism of the existing order has begun to penetrate the ranks of the ruling class. This fact bodes ill for the continued existence of this social order, for the dissolution of every society in the past has ever been heralded by the loss of faith on the part of members of the ruling classes in the theories upon which their society was supposed to have been based.

## A DEMAGOGUE'S FLIGHT.

The strength of the demagogue consists in his ability to play the friend of the downtrodden and oppressed, while in reality he is rendering faithful service to the oppressors. The sole end of this double play is, of course, self-aggrandizement. It is upon the backs of his dupes that the demagogue rides into power.

But this game can be played only so long as the social conflict has not attained a high degree of intensity, so long as the chasm between the contending classes is, or appears to be, capable of being bridged over. But once that degree of intensity has been attained, once that yawning chasm clearly appears to be unbridgeable, then woe to the demagogue! His little game then reaches its end, and he is overtaken by the vengeance of those whom he undertook to betray, or by the wrath of those whom he proved unable to serve.

The decisions in the Buck Stove and the Danbury Hatters' cases present a difficult problem to the most successful demagogue of our age, W. R. Hearst. To maintain himself in the good graces of the ruling class, to which he belongs and which he is anxious to serve, he must concur in those decisions. To maintain his influence over the deluded masses he must present those decisions as being perfectly harmless, and as part of a law that applies to all alike. Accordingly we read in his American that he "cannot deprecate in principle a judgment against a boycott—though the damages in the Danbury case appear to be excessive. This newspaper (meaning his American) has always opposed boycotting with exactly the same insistence that it has opposed blacklisting."

The role is a difficult one to maintain. These decisions are a striking perversion of the original intent of the anti-trust law. They deprive American labor of a most effective weapon of offense and defense, a weapon that the law of other countries has acknowledged to be perfectly legitimate. To make these decisions acceptable to American workingmen would seem to be an impossible undertaking, that is, to say, if American workingmen have not yet lost all faith. Hence the success or failure of Hearst in this difficult role ought to be an infallible test of the intellectual maturity and working ability of the American working class.

## LINCOLN'S WORDS YET LIVING



"I know that the giant volcano at Washington, aroused and directed by the evil spirit that reigns there, is belching forth lava of political corruption in a current broad and deep, which is working into the political velocity over the whole breadth and length of the land, bidding fair to leave our nation no green spot or living thing."—Lincoln, 1840.

## OUR TRADE UNION TACTICS

By Robert Hunter.

There has been an interesting revival recently of discussion concerning the attitude of Socialists toward the unions.

In nearly every other country of the world this question has been settled, but with us it remains a bone of contention.

The party has again and again expressed itself plainly as to our attitude toward the unions, but this is no more than men here and there fly in the face of these resolutions and transgress all party decisions.

For a time many of our Comrades pursued here the policy of Lassalle long after it was abandoned in Germany.

They then looked down upon the trade union movement; considered it as a sort of lightning-rod conductor working to the detriment of the political movement.

They then proclaimed that only the political movement could improve the conditions of the working class. "Every thing else," as Bebel said, "they looked upon as palliative measures and as a division of strength."

Some Comrades here have condemned, as the Lassallians once did in Germany, the entire trade union movement.

Trade union leaders who opposed politics in the unions have been violently attacked, as they once were in Germany, as traitors to the working class.

However, after failing to capture the trade union movement or to persuade trade unionists to abandon it, some few Comrades of the S. L. P. recklessly set out to ruin the unions by starting rival organizations.

Nor is this all. Again and again Comrades have revived Robert Owen's utopian project for a national labor union comprising all classes and ranks of labor.

Even now a section of the movement is seeking to revive the Proudhonism which Marx so bitterly fought and destroyed.

Well known men in our ranks are today speaking contemptuously of the ballot and urging "direct action" as all sufficient.

Unfortunately these fads are usually advocated by men who call themselves Marxists, although none should know so well as they that those precise fads were betterly opposed by Marx.

Fads are never new; they are usually the revival of old curiosities which have had their day and have been cast aside.

And so the idea of a national labor union is not new; direct action is hoary with age; and syndicalism is the rebirth of a philosophy which Marx thought he had destroyed.

It is well for those who call themselves Marxists to realize, therefore, that these utopian projects—whatever their merits—have nothing in common with the teachings of Marx.

Marx rarely agreed with Lassalle; he did his utmost to destroy Proudhonism, and he never sheathed his sword in his battle with Bakunin.

Marx considered that the trade union, as every other movement would undergo the evolutionary process.

He maintained that the trade union must evolve out of its own struggles—its defeats as well as its victories—the most potent form of united action.

He never believed that any one could bring down from the clouds some heavenly and ideal form of organization and impress that upon the workers.

And so it was not until Marxism gained the upper hand in the international Socialist movement that trade unions were given proper recognition.

Before that time they were floated as useless or ineffective or temporary expedients.

They were condemned and their leaders despised, until the Marxists came to the front.

Then it was that the Social Democratic Labor party of Germany put forward the following resolution which was unanimously adopted:

"In consideration of the fact, that the capitalist power equally oppresses and exploits all workmen, no matter whether they are conservatives, progressives, liberals or Social-Democrats, this congress declares it to be the sacred duty of the workmen to lay aside all party strife, in order to create the conditions for a vigorous and successful resistance on the neutral ground of a united trade union organization, to secure their threatened existence and to conquer for themselves an improvement in their class conditions."

That resolution, deciding the trade union policy of the Socialists of Germany, has been tested by thirty-eight years' experience.

Loyally and consistently followed, that policy has enabled the Germans to build up the most powerful trade union movement in Europe and at the same time the most powerful political movement.

Now let us see how clear our own tactics are.

Some of us call trade unionists "pure and simple" and then form "industrial" unions that scoff at the ballot.

All of us declare that we want to unite the workers of the world, and some of us start by forming as many rival unions as possible.

We all say we are Marxian Socialists, yet some of us advocate and practice the views of Robert Owen, Utopian, of Proudhon, Mutualist, and of Bakunin, anarchist.

Most of us say that we must have a political movement and an industrial movement each enjoying independent action, yet some of us still insist upon our party deciding in its national conventions the tactics to be pursued by the industrial movement.

We all say we must convert the working class, and some of us begin by dropping out of the unions, sparing their feeble efforts, thus separating ourselves hopelessly from our fellow workers.

Because a few leaders become corrupt or the fancies of rich men, we condemn entire organizations of the working class as tools of capitalism.

Our policies and tactics are to the extent of this confusion utterly incoherent. We get nowhere because we drive in no one direction with any consistency.

The English movement has pursued tactics different from the German movement; the German different from the French; the French different from the Austrian and the Belgian.

But each movement has for a generation held strictly to a clear, well defined line of action.

And in every one of these countries Marxian Socialism is today a power, and in this country it will become a power as soon as we ourselves are united in clear, consistent policies and tactics, not only as a political movement, but in our attitude toward all other existing working class organizations.

If the Socialist party were called the "Labor party" everybody would see that there was no need for a new Labor party. If Labor would stand by Socialism as Socialism stands by Labor, there would be no need for a new Labor party. If the Labor leaders would make a thorough study of Socialism, there would be no need for a new Labor party. Perhaps they will do so in jail, as did our Socialist leader.

## THREE LOOKS.

By E. B. Stevenson.

It was the look of a child that held me and made by heart bleed. A child, did I say? Nay, a woman, old and without hope. In the depths of a great city's evil black, throbbing heart, lighted by the flaring gas lamp, the Look came out to meet me. A dark, dismal, narrow, winding street; dirty doorways; dingy houses, sinister quietness; men lurking in the shadows; women laughing in the lights; in one such doorway, directly by one of the street lights, a group of women and young girls. As we passed on our way they observed us.

A child, not more than twelve or thirteen years, in the flaring light. Blind hair, blue eyes, red-rimmed; thick red lips parted heavily with a stupid wonder. A child from whom childhood had fled, leaving a body that would soon be a woman's and a soul that had lost knowledge of itself. A face without hope, and infinitely sad because ignorant of hope's existence, taking apathetically the evil given it, because knowing nothing of the good. The face of the woman pushed under, whose soul lies dying with none to succor it, not even herself. The face of the woman whose body and degraded sex is her one market value. This Look came to my spirit and we gazed at each other, the child wondering, I with an intensity that hurt, while I cursed the evil that is made, and longed to give hope to the hopeless. Then we passed and the Look followed on, and will follow always.

Again another Look came to me as we traversed the dark, crooked streets. We climbed many stairs and stood within a printing office. The old building shook to the pounding of little presses. Here a venture was being made for actual Free Press: freedom to speak truly, to call upon the People, rich and poor, in the name of the Good. Myself unobserved, quietly I watched the paper going to print; watched the bold writer of graceful copy give in his material. I looked down at the thin, dark workman, engrossed with the intricacies of his whirling machine. Suddenly he felt my presence, turned, and again I encountered the Look. Dark, small, piercing, his eyes bored into mine. Fierce, surprised, aggressive, the

stared gaze of the wild beast, his strength combined with intelligence. The "Free Press" of the People, "The Call" of the People. I gazed back slowly. I smiled—the Look slowly and fell. I had seen the laborer aroused, awakened, the Press sending out his word, last freed by knowledge and love of his freedom.

So again he wandered through haunts made evil by Man. The grey space; mist and damp, the clung to us. We turned toward lights and home. A seat in a car; a well dressed man; a gentle face; a reflection in the glass, my wandering eyes caught. Again I smiled. I tried again to pierce the obvious to that inner vision, never less. My serious, unquizzical smile. I searched unavailingly and unashamed. What was his message? The man of intelligence, conscious power, amusing himself. Was this what the Look told me? Was this what the Look told me? I found a spirit in this Look. I found a wall. As I left this Look, too, he came, I flashed a smile to it, a comprehension and pity. The Look had had a soul, and had traded that soul for entertainment. The Look misjudged my smile, smiled again.

And so came to my home, richer for three Looks. I am glad they are out into the world. The of the lost child-woman, slave to her, slave to Man twice over, greed for gold, his lust for power, less and defensible, brain unquenched, heart numb or animal. Look of the laborer, crying weakness and his might for slowly beginning to realize his right to fight for justice. The Look of strenuous man, who must be bled, ye who have hearts throbbing, bleeding, ye who have intellects unened and refined, ye who have eyes, see, heed the Looks! Go hence, serve these things, let the Looks sink deep into your arise while it is yet night, before day cometh, and prepare for dawn!

## THE MEAT TRUST—WHAT IT HAS IN STORAGE.

By JOHN D.

Wall Street received a few copies of the Ice and Refrigeration Blue Book last week, which gives the following very interesting figures concerning the supply of meats in the country's storage plants:

This authority, which is circulated only among the cold storage men, shows the following figures for the enlightenment of the trade: It says, in part, that there are 14,000,000 cattle, 6,000,000 calves, 25,000,000 sheep and lambs, and 50,000,000 hogs. This is equivalent to saying that there is now in cold storage one entire animal for each adult in the United States, with enough whole animals left over to give two to each family. Five hundred and fifty-eight cold storage plants hold this immense supply of meats. In the seventy-eight fish-freezing plants in the country there are fish waiting to be doled out that foot up a money value of \$25,000,000.

In regard to eggs the report shows, according to the storage men's own statistics, about 1,800,000,000 eggs, 100,000,000 pounds of poultry and fruits, valued at \$50,000,000. Besides this, there are potatoes, onions, turkeys, eels, canned goods, milk, butter and cheese, valued at \$100,000,000.

The total value of meat and food-stuffs placed in cold storage during 1909 (the Ice and Refrigeration as an authority), has a value of close to \$3,000,000,000.

All of this food was rushed into cold storage at a time when food ordinarily should be cheap to the consumer. Wall Street says the American people only think through their belly and their pocketbooks, and it looks as if the best possible way was determined to reach both sensitive parts of the people of the country in absolute contempt of their well-being.

## MY LADY.

By W. C. OWEN.

Fast and faster the dancers fly:  
Gaily my lady flashes by:  
Bright on her bosom jewels gleam;  
While in the depths, "mid heat and steam,  
Where gases creep and stones fly thick,  
The diamond digger swings his pick—  
But who wants to know  
Of the depths below  
Where labor is weaving  
Its shroud of woe?

Bravely my lady sweeps along,  
Greedily viewed by the envious throng;  
The wealth of a world on her shoulders lies:  
While, over the way, with weary eyes,  
Stitch by stitch, through an endless day,  
Her seamstress toils and receives as pay—  
But a lady so fair  
One should always spare  
The seductive tale  
Of a life of care.

The wise globe red in my lady's glass;  
Many and merry the jests that pass;  
Loving laughter and winning smile  
Circle from lip to lip, the while  
Clothed in rags, at her very gates,  
Gaunt-eyed hunger in silence waits—  
But delectable like these  
My lady, please  
My lady in her  
Hours of ease.

Sweetly humble my lady's face  
As she bends her knee at the throne of grace;  
She thinks of the sin and sorrow and shame;  
Thoughts of the story of him who came  
From the stony regions of infinite space  
With a message of love to the human race—  
So my lady will give a charity feast  
And wear a gown of the latest date.  
—Mother Earth.

## WOMAN'S DAY.

By TERRESA MALINA.

From every part and corner of earth came tidings that "Woman's Day" is coming. A spirit of unrest is in among women and is growing daily. This wave of sex revolt extends from the Pacific across the continent and the Atlantic, Europe, and, crossing the Bosphorus, enters Turkey, Japan, and China.

Woman is rising from her sleep, stretching her limbs and unyielding the home for the new, professional and industrial life. She did not take this step because of her mind's fancy, but because the economic changes of society took woman's work out of the home, she was compelled to follow her former occupation in the outside world.

Coming for the first time into contact with life in its broader woman embraced it with all the pines and sorrow of the world, with all the fever and joy of her sensitive nature—detested narrow-mindedness and tradition create for herself a paradise of her own, the most sanctified home of the human race.

Accustomed in the narrow circle her home life to bring her ideas to immediate action, she is sitting down to demonstrate to the skeptical her coming advent into power. On 27th of February, the last Sunday of the month, every city, town, village and hamlet of our great nation celebrate "Woman's Day."

Nor will Yonkers lag behind that day, at 2:30 p.m., at Town Hall, a monster mass meeting concert will take place. Speakers of world-wide reputation will endeavor to explain woman's position in society and her natural demand for political rights.

## TUBERCULOSIS KILLS 1,500 NUNALX IN WISCONSIN.

At least 2,500 people in this State die of tuberculosis every year. Dr. W. D. Frost, bacteriologist of University of Wisconsin, in a bulletin, "Tuberculosis or Consumption With Special Reference to Wisconsin Conditions," just published by the university extension division for distribution.

The higher death rate occurs in counties bordering the great lakes, those having a rather large city population, the bulletin points out. Counties taken in the order of their death rate for each 10,000 population are as follows: Sawyer, 22.45; Washburn, 18.22; Washington, 16.11; Oneida, 16.02; Oshkosh, 15.94; Milwaukee, 15.85; Jefferson, 15.59; Shawano, 15.58; Kewaunee, 15.54; Dunn, 15.30; Burnett, 15.26; Fond Du Lac, 15.20; Douglas, 15.12; Green, 15.12; Washburn, 15.11; Columbia, 15.06; Lincoln, 15.05; Door, 15.04; Winnebago, 15.03; Kenosha, 15.02; Outagamie, 15.01; Sheboygan, 15.01; Brown, 15.01; Worth, 15.01; Monroe, 14.98; Manitowish, 14.97; Jackson and Grant, 14.97; Claire, 14.97; Waushara, 14.97; Chetek, 14.97; Lincoln, 14.97; Juneau, 14.97; Fayette, 14.97; Dodge, 14.97; Pepin, 14.97; Grant, 14.97; Waupaca, 14.97; Barron, 14.97; Shawano, 14.97; Trempealeau, 14.97; Marquette, 14.97; Calumet, 14.97; Forest, 14.97; Dunn, 14.97; Langlade, 14.97; Marathon, 14.97; Oneida, 14.97; Rush, 14.97; Adams, 14.97; Green Lake, 14.97; Pierce, 14.97; St. Croix, 14.97; Bayfield, 14.97; Buffalo, 14.97; and Wisconsin, 14.97.

## ON THE FIRING LINE.

By MONSABIO.

Prosperity, where art thou? Hiding in the rich man's pockets.

Let me see, the courts ordered the Standard Oil Trust dissolved. Has it dissipated any of its tentacles?

"There is no nobler study than that of the quarry-slave, after you have scourged him to his dungeon.

Poor Man (looking after well-dressed stranger, evidently from some foreign clime)—That fellow's crazy—he shook hands with me!

"How to be happy—struggle." is one of the bright sayings of Rockefeller. He might add, "or better yet, let others struggle for you."

Is it any wonder when the big ones steal the sweat of the brows of their slaves, the slaves should occasionally be "dishonest" enough to retaliate in a small way and steal back some of that which was stolen from them?

How many secret divorce proceedings are being conducted at this moment for wealthy capitalists who wish to get rid of incumbences? Are not

the referees and judges "fixing up" the papers on desks inland with gold?

Poor souls who are about to commit suicide, because you are out of work and starving, why, when you still had employment and health and strength, did you not vote your oppressors out of power and yourselves into jobs and comfort for life?

Nebraska has added a shirt factory to her prison industries. Convicts are turning out "billed" shirts at the penitentiary at less than half the cost of free labor, and a favored contractor poses as a benefactor, who is giving employment to those who would otherwise die of inanition. Great is capitalism, even in jails!

William Randolph Hearst, a short time ago, asked, in a letter, "Are the courts to edit the newspapers?" At the behest of capitalism, and in defense of capitalism, they will try to frighten the press; in the last days of the system their efforts will be frantic, but absolutely unavailing, for when they have intimidated every old party organ, there will still be the Socialist press to reckon with. This press will defy both the system and its subject creatures, the judges.