

All the News All the Time

THE EVENING CALL

Last Regular Telephone: 2271 Worth.

A NEWSPAPER FOR THE WORKERS WEDNESDAY NEW YORK OCTOBER 28, 1908 Price One Cent

AS. EDWARD RUSSELL JOINS SOCIALISTS

Well Known Writer Comes Into the Party. Have Become Convinced of the Utter Futility of Any Other Remedy for Existing National Evils Except the Remedy Proposed by Socialism, He Says.

Charles Edward Russell, one of the best known authors in the United States and renowned throughout the world for his brilliant works on social and economic subjects, has made application for membership in the Socialist party.

While it has been known for some time that Mr. Russell was interested in Socialism, both in this country and abroad, his application for membership in the Socialist party definitely identifies him with the Socialist movement.

Mr. Russell's Work. Mr. Russell's articles in the leading magazines are familiar to the entire reading public of the United States. His series on the meat trust, afterwards published in book form under the title "The Greatest Trust in the World," was a most searching analysis of the operations of the organization of packers centering at Chicago.

This was followed by a series, written as a result of a world tour of observation and investigation, entitled "Soldiers of the Common Good," in which the progressive co-operative and political movements in Great Britain, Europe, Australia and New Zealand were graphically and sympathetically described.

Other books are "Lawless Wealth" and "Thomas Chatterton; the Marvelous Revolt," the latter revealing certain facts about the young poet never before published.

Mr. Russell's recent articles on the Trinity Corporation also attracted wide attention. However, Mr. Russell writes in a virile, illuminating and effective. He is possessed of an unusual capacity for making the dryest facts interesting and absorbing. He has led the hand of writers who have, by their earnestness and ability, aroused the people of the United States to the existing social conditions and concentrated the public mind upon the necessity of remedying these evils.

Why He Joins the Party. Mr. Russell, in reply to a request from The Evening Call, has made the following statement of his position: "I cannot see how the matter is of any importance or interest, but since you have asked me, I have no objection to saying that I have applied for admission to the Socialist party because I have become convinced of the utter futility of any other remedy for existing national evils except the remedy proposed by Socialism. We have made ample trial in many ways of many kinds of regulation as a cure. All have failed utterly and absolutely, and I am certain that they always will fail. Illustrations are available, but those that seem most pertinent are the problems of poverty and the tenement house. For many years all of us have been convinced that the tenement house is an intolerable blot on civilization. Good men, the very best and ablest of men, have tried with their utmost skill to find a way to ameliorate conditions without abolishing them. It seems to me that similar conditions have grown worse instead of better. The Socialist party is the only party that promises to deal adequately with these conditions. Hence my sympathies are with the Socialist party.

JAN POUREN STILL HELD

Judge Denies Parsons' Motion to Vacate Warrant.

The red tape that binds Jan Janoff Pouden to the Russian scaffold holds fast, and it will take many days before his lawyers will succeed in disentangling the mass of technicalities that grew out of the friendship some people in Washington have for the government of the Czar.

Judge Holt, in the United States District Court, yesterday denied Congressman Herbert Parsons' motion, made on Monday, to vacate the second warrant for the extradition of Jan Janoff Pouden, the Russian fugitive.

Mr. Parsons had argued that when Couderet Brothers, counsel for Baron Schlippenbach, Russian Consul General here, procured the second warrant, the American Secretary of State had not issued a certificate that the Russian government had requested Pouden's arrest, as the treaty between the United States and Russia provides.

Said Judge Holt in his decision: "I think that no new certificate was necessary, and that if it were the provision that the then pending proceeding was dismissed without prejudice to the right of the demanding government to initiate a new proceeding was in itself substantially a certificate."

However, it is well settled that no such certificate is necessary. Although the treaty with Russia provides for such a certificate, Section 5,270 of the United States Revised Statutes generally, the warrant of extradition may be issued upon a complaint under oath.

The United States Supreme Court has held, in the case of Grin versus Shine, 178 U. S. 381, a case arising under the Russian treaty, that Article VII, undoubtedly contemplates a prior certificate of the Secretary of State, the language of the article is merely permissive, and does not compel the production of such a certificate before the warrant can be issued.

Pouden will be arraigned before United States Commissioner Hitchcock some time today.

WANHOPE CHEERED ON LOWER EAST SIDE

More than three thousand persons were present at a meeting of the Socialist party, held last night at Avenue B and 7th street.

Chairman J. Lefkowitz made a short address and then introduced Dr. N. Kristina, who went into the history of the Socialist movement, and told of the many ways in which the capitalists oppress the workers.

William H. Leffingwell, the next speaker, urged everyone to vote the straight Socialist ticket.

"This country at the present time," said he, "is in a state of depression, but all we hear is that Mr. Roosevelt calls Mr. Bryan a crook and Mr. Bryan makes a similar charge against Roosevelt."

Joshua Wanhope, candidate for Governor, made a magnificent address, in which he exhortated the capitalist parties, and said it would be a surprise to any right-thinking person if a windbag like Bryan could come into the East Side district and steal the brains of the workmen by catching their votes.

"Taft and Bryan," said Wanhope, "stand precisely for the conditions that exist to-day and every governmental evil that prevails in the United States."

"They stand for poverty, wretchedness, sordidness and misery. They have no intentions of changing those things. They come here to get your vote and get all they can out of the office."

"The things they bring as issues are always connected with the question of parasites and shirkers who never have worked."

BIGGEST CAMPAIGN

Socialists Exceeding All Past Efforts.

Party Now Has 46,000 Dues Paying Members—Success of the "Red Special"—Congressional Possibilities in Several States—Last Words from National Headquarters.

In a report just issued to the Executive Committee of the Socialist party, National Secretary Barnes says: "The winning of a world for the workers being the first purpose of our organization, any and all other accomplishments are incidental. Above all, organization is the real factor. As to the organization and its comparative resources and activity, at the beginning of 1904 we had 16,000 dues paying members, and at the end of that year, after polling more than 400,000 members, or an increase of 240,000 members, at the beginning of this year we had not quite 30,000 members. At the end of August our record shows quite 46,000, or an increase of 16,000 members."

"During the present year we have held about four meetings to every one held in 1904, and have raised and will spend for all purposes three times as much money as in the preceding Presidential campaign."

"Red Special" Success. "Literature in excess of all previous records has been sold or distributed, the total number of leaflets amounting to 2,354,000. The Socialist special train has made its own record and proved successful beyond all expectation. Although the highest estimate of cost in June was \$23,000, it will probably cost in the end about \$30,000, yet as an advertising medium it has paid a hundred fold. It is gratifying to report that an amount somewhat above the sum required to defray all the expenses of the 'Red Special' will be realized. Three thousand one hundred dollars was secured as loans to insure the Eastern trip, and these loans, I believe, can be paid back before the close of the campaign."

"Fifteen thousand farmers scattered through seven States have been sent literature and a personal letter. Trade union secretaries to the number of 17,000 have been directly addressed and given information as to the course of the Socialist party campaign fund."

Congressional Possibilities. "The National Committee has adopted a motion which provides that \$75 worth of literature selected by the candidate or candidates for Congress shall be furnished by the national office to each of ten Congressional districts having the best chance of electing a Congressman. The National Executive Committee has decided that the 3d District of Kansas, the 8th District of New York, the 1st and 5th Districts of Ohio and the 4th and 8th Districts of Wisconsin are to be considered, and, if it seems more feasible, cash will be given them in place of literature."

"The speaker's statements were well received, and everybody voted the last meeting of the campaign at this corner a rousing success."

WATCH THE COUNT ON ELECTION DAY!

CHICAGO, Oct. 28.—In order to emphasize the importance of seeing that the full vote of the Socialist party is counted, the National Office has issued the following circular: "A history making Presidential campaign is about to close. The capitalists of the whole world have their ears to the ground to hear the tread of the grand army of labor. The fearless assertion of labor's right to rule and the fears of the exploiters shouted on every hand and screamed from the White House have been the features of the contest."

"A word of caution: Discount in advance any late day reports or rumors tending to effect the Socialist party or its candidates. You dare not trust the enemy to count your votes. The only vote that counts is the vote that is counted. YOU MUST COUNT THEM YOURSELF. Arrange to do so or this magnificent campaign with all its possibilities will be fruitless."

"If the reported vote in your district is less than the number of KNOWN Socialist voters, start at once to circulate a petition for the opening of the ballot box and a recount. 'You may count upon it that the returns of the Socialist vote will be held back as usual. Every comrade should be on hand to receive the first authentic returns of his district and report the same at once to the office of the State secretary. The National Office will be open throughout the night and messages will be exchanged with the State offices. Any news of special importance you are also requested to wire to national headquarters. Be sure and state the political division for which the vote is given."

"Again, WATCH THE COUNT till it is entered on the last return sheet. The heat of the campaign has been wearing, but duty calls for watchers through the night."

"Fraternally your comrade, J. MAHLON BARNES, National Secretary."

SOCIALIST'S DEFENSE IS UNANSWERED

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Oct. 28.—If silence means consent, it seems that all of the 150 citizens who listened to a clear-cut Socialist speech by James M. Reilly, candidate for Congress from the 9th Congressional District, at Monticello and Harrison avenue last night are going to vote the Socialist party ticket next Tuesday.

After Mr. Reilly had spoken for almost two hours to a large and attentive crowd, he challenged any Democrat or Republican to debate with him. As there were no takers, Mr. Reilly then offered to answer any question that might be asked. No questions were asked, so the presumption is that everyone agreed with the speaker's ideas.

LINCOLN STEFFENS FOR SOCIALIST CANDIDATES

ENTHUSIASM UNABATED

Elements Cannot Put Out Fires of "Red Special."

GALESBURG, Ill., Oct. 28.—More than 1,000 citizens paid 15 cents each to hear and applaud Eugene V. Debs, Socialist party candidate for President, last night. When Debs appeared on the platform he was received with great enthusiasm and his speech was frequently interrupted by cheers.

When the famous "Red Special," carrying Debs and his fellow campaigners, arrived at the Santa Fe station at 6:20 yesterday evening it was met by hundreds of workers, many of whom had come long distances to hear the standard bearer of the Socialist party.

After the first greetings had been exchanged, a great parade was formed and Debs was escorted to the Auditorium, where the big meeting was held.

Many comments were heard to the effect that the Debs meeting drew twice the number of people that the free Republican meeting, with Governor Deussen as the main attraction, did last week. The local Socialists are highly encouraged by the success of the meeting and predict a big increase in their vote next Tuesday.

Despite the fact that the "Red Special" ran through severe rain storms all day yesterday, there were big crowds of farmers and townspeople at the numerous stops made, and the speeches of Debs, Reynolds, Stedman, Lapworth and others were heartily applauded.

At Macon over 1,500 people surrounded the train and were so anxious to listen to the talks of the "Red Special" orators that the original stop of a half hour was doubled in order to satisfy the people's demands. The Debs train leaves here at 9:25 A. M. on route for Streator, where an evening meeting will be held.

TAXICAB TAKES FIRE AND BURNS

A flaming red taxicab whirled up Broadway at full speed at 11:30 o'clock last night. The auto was just turning into the thoroughfare at 42d street when smoke began to pour up from underneath.

The chauffeur, realising the hopelessness of reaching the garage at 62d street, made a dash for the nearest fire box, at 47th street. Scarcely had he driven the machine half a block, when the taxicab was a mass of fire, which, owing to the speed at which the auto moved, spread out in a luminous streak behind like a comet's tail. With shouts the crowd sped along, filling Broadway and stopping all other traffic.

By the time 47th street was reached the chauffeur was forced to leap from his seat. The flames deluged the burning taxicab, but left it a smouldering wreck.

"Who burned the machine?" was a question the chauffeur and the police could not answer. According to the chauffeur he had carried a 30-cent fare, a harmless looking, well dressed night rouser, from the Hotel Albany to a saloon on 42d street, just east of 5th avenue. Then the man jumped out and vanished toward a car. The auto was on its way to Broadway, when the fire showed itself.

SCAB PLATFORM FOR COMPER'S CANDIDATE

Delegate Henry W. Blumenberg, of the Carpenters' Union, reports that a non-union platform was erected outside Madison Square Garden, on the Twentieth street side, for the Bryan meeting on Monday night.

Six non-union carpenters were on the job. When Mr. Storey, a walking delegate of the Carpenters, complained to the managers of the meeting he was told that the contract had been given to Mr. Ketcham, who is a non-union boss, and that nothing could be done about it. He then took the matter to the "Evening Journal," but found that the boss had made an agreement against Bryan which is wanted there.

ASKS SHELTER FOR POOR. Request for Piers to House 50,000 Unemployed.

With 50,000 men unemployed in this city, and 10,000 of them without homes, the Shelter Committee of the Unemployed Bureau, at No. 29 Duane street, solicits the city's aid in rendering assistance to them.

"BROTHER" BRYAN IN NON-UNION HALL

Members of the Walters' and Bartenders' unions expressed themselves in indignant terms to-day on learning that William J. Bryan, whose candidacy was endorsed by the Central Federated Union last Sunday, addressed a meeting at Harlem River Casino Tuesday night, which is on the unfair list of organized labor of this city.

Mr. Sulzer, proprietor of the Casino, refuses to recognize the unions of the waiters and the bartenders, and employs non-union help only. The building itself, which was recently built, is the work of non-union labor.

The presence of Bryan in this unfair place may be the subject of a fiery debate at the Central Federated Union next Sunday. The unions interested are very active against this non-union house and it is expected that the Democratic delegates will, on the defensive and profuse with apologies and more or less truthful explanations.

"PENNSY" ROAD BERATED. Gave Standard Oil Special Rate Over All Competitors.

DEALER IN LIFE SENTENCED.

"White Slave" Scduver Gets Fine and Imprisonment.

CHICAGO, Oct. 28.—A stunning blow was delivered to the "white slave" traffic in Chicago Monday by the Federal Government when Judge Beetha imposed a fine of \$2,500 on Joseph Ochener and sentenced him to serve two years in the penitentiary for his part in the case.

District Attorney Harry A. Parkin urged the court to inflict the extreme penalty upon Ochener, which is five years imprisonment and a fine of \$5,000, but the court declined on the ground that he was doubtful about the constitutionality of the law under which the "white slave" prosecutions have been conducted.

BULGARIA WANTS PEACE. Car Ferdinand Says He Will Not Start Any Trouble.

WOMEN WILL VOTE.

Many Suffragettes Will Exercise Choice in Harlem.

Arrangements have been made by the Harlem Equal Rights League whereby every woman who wishes to exercise her choice in the selection of a President of the United States will have a chance on election day.

A polling booth will be opened at Woods School, 125th street and Seventh avenue, on election day. The official ballot will be used, and the names of all the women who wish to exercise the suffrage for which the progressive people of this country are fighting.

Public Lectures. The subject of to-night's free public lecture under the auspices of the Department of Education at the East Side House settlement, Seventy-sixth street and East River, will be "The Women's Movement."

BRONX SOCIALISTS RATIFY TO-NIGHT

A great ratification meeting of the Socialist party will be held to-night at Zellner's Casino, 170th street and Third avenue, under the auspices of the Bronx Agitation Committee, and a big crowd is expected.

Among the many excellent speakers who will address the audience are Morris Hillquit, candidate for Congress in the 9th District; George H. Goebel, of New Jersey, and Henry F. May, the well known lecturer.

The Bronx Socialists are sure that this meeting will be a record breaker and will help increase the Socialist vote on Tuesday next.

KENTUCKY WILL TAX MILLIONS. FRANKFORT, Ky., Oct. 28.—The Court of Appeals yesterday held the law providing for tax on inherited estates is constitutional and the levy on such property is valid.

LECTURE TO DEAF MUTES.

Deaf Artist and Prof. Clarke to Expound Socialism.

WATCHEES FOR THE BRONX.

In order to insure the counting of the Socialist party vote next Tuesday, the Bronx Agitation Committee calls upon all those Socialists who can act as watchers to call at the headquarters, 3309 Third avenue, early Sunday morning for watchers' certificates and other credentials.

TAFT HERE TO-NIGHT.

Judge Taft and Governor Hughes will address a meeting in Madison Square Garden tonight. There will be a torchlight parade down Fifth avenue and many other

CARLESS IS CONGRATULATED.

NEWARK, N. J., Oct. 28.—The friends of the "Carless" who well known Socialist lawyer, who fought and won the illegal conviction cases of Morris A. Klein, W. R. E. H. and Isaac Cohen against the Hon. J. H. of the Second Criminal Court, published in yesterday's issue of the Newark Evening News congratulating him on his successful

CLAIM BUSINESS PROPERTY.

Illinois Script Holders Allege Aurora Land Is Theirs.

WHY HE JOINED THE PARTY.

Mr. Russell, in reply to a request from The Evening Call, has made the following statement of his position: "I cannot see how the matter is of any importance or interest, but since you have asked me, I have no objection to saying that I have applied for admission to the Socialist party because I have become convinced of the utter futility of any other remedy for existing national evils except the remedy proposed by Socialism. We have made ample trial in many ways of many kinds of regulation as a cure. All have failed utterly and absolutely, and I am certain that they always will fail. Illustrations are available, but those that seem most pertinent are the problems of poverty and the tenement house. For many years all of us have been convinced that the tenement house is an intolerable blot on civilization. Good men, the very best and ablest of men, have tried with their utmost skill to find a way to ameliorate conditions without abolishing them. It seems to me that similar conditions have grown worse instead of better. The Socialist party is the only party that promises to deal adequately with these conditions. Hence my sympathies are with the Socialist party."

PRIZEFIGHT IS STOPPED

Participants at Long Acre Are Arrested.

A well-planned police raid ended the bouts at the Long Acre Club last night.

Police Captain Murphy, of the Tenderloin station, led a squad of detectives to the clubhouse at 154 West 29th street and put a stop to the boxing entertainment before the principal bouts had been pulled off.

To forestall any attempt to interfere with the fights the managements of the club had obtained an injunction which forbade the police to stop the fights as long as the show was conducted according to law.

Manager Mike Newman had just finished a long spiel from the ring, complimenting himself on his ability of pulling off the show, when Acting Captain Murphy and a squad of bluecoats rushed the doors.

In his speech Newman had complimented the members on their valor in the face of chance interference. He concluded a lengthy address by imploring them all to stick to the big show and to bring their friends with them next time.

As soon as the ringleaders were tipped the tip was passed that the row might as well clear out. All the members certainly followed instructions. All those taken into custody were bundled off to the Night Court.

The raid was made on a warrant issued last night by Magistrate Barlow, sitting in the Night Court. The police found between 200 and 300 spectators in the club house who they entered. The crowd hooted the detectives and Captain Murphy called out the reserves from the West 29th Street Station to clear the room.

Those arrested described themselves as Leo Davis, 29 years old, 411 West 20th street; Michael Newman, manager of the club, 44 West 40th street; William Neuman, 33 years old, of 51 St. Mark's Place, Brooklyn, who is acting as ticket taker; Charles Burns, the referee, 28 years old, of 46 West 40th street. They were locked up at the West 29th Street Station.

The principals in the two main bouts scheduled for the evening were Joe Gaynor vs. "Kid" Wilson, an Adolph Backow vs. "Kid" Bonny. It was Backow's father who procured the warrant from Magistrate Barlow. He told the magistrate that he saw no other way to prevent his son from making his career as a prizefighter. The father, whose name Ernest, says he lives at West New York, N. J.

The four prisoners were arraigned before Magistrate Barlow in Night Court and each held in \$200 bail for examination on November 16. Ernest Backow, the complainant, was held as a material witness.

There was "nothing doing" at Brown's Gymnasium last night. Same old, same story. Large crowd outside, no injunction, police ready and doors closed. Billy Glover and Jim Bonner were scheduled for the final—six rounds—and that was sufficient to the fight lovers to draw a large crowd.

But owing to the fact that Manager Brown had no injunction, he deemed it best not to clash with the police and decided to keep the doors closed. He will not give any more bouts until after election, when the "powers that be" may decide to take up a slack in their prudish pantaloons and allow the "manly art" to pursue its regular course. How blue must be the "winds" that blow around 14th street, where the merry pug holds forth, and the price of bacon still jumping.

Winter is approaching and there is nothing better than plenty of snow and a shovel to develop the muscles, which are liable to get hide-bound during the interval of "nothing doing" at the club.

BOPTON, Oct. 28.—Young Loughery, of Philadelphia, and Tommy Quill, of Brooklyn, fought a twelve-round draw at the Armory A. C. last night. It was the fastest fight seen at the club, and Loughery showed Quill, as a prizefighter, all the time and paid most attention to the body. He also used a left hook to good advantage.

Jack London says a tramp is a tramp because, unless somebody had to be a tramp. He further adds: "If he left the road and became a very efficient common laborer, someone would have to take the road."

The Call Library Vote FOR THE MOST POPULAR ORGANIZATION

I VOTE FOR NAME ADDRESS Address Letters to Library Editor, THE NEW YORK EVENING CALL, P. O. BOX, 1624, N. Y. City.

FREE LIBRARY CONTEST For the Most Popular Organization. Any Trade Union, Labor Organization, Social Club, Singing Society, Socialist Party Local, Fraternal Organization, Lodge, Athletic Club, etc., can enter this contest.

Below is given the report of the votes received in The Call Library Contest up to October 23. A number of organizations have written to The Call asking if some other prize cannot be offered instead of a library, and it has been decided that the organization receiving the highest number of votes can have the option of receiving a library or a handsome hand made emblem banner.

Now get busy!

Table listing organizations and their vote counts: Turn Verein Vorwaerts, Brooklyn... 214; Young Men's Progressive Association... 153; Theoretical Union, No. 1... 52; Cherokee Club... 38; Millers' Union, No. 6... 31; Bricklayers No. 1... 31; Typographical Union, No. 6... 310; Young Men's Benevolent Association... 210; Newspaper and Mail Deliverers' Union, No. 6,463... 200; Greater New York Benevolent Ass'n... 150; Cigar-makers' Union, No. 90... 140; Century Wheelmen... 140; Social A. C., Bronx... 100; James Luddy Democratic Association... 90; Branch Irvington, N. Y. ... 50; Workmen's Circle... 50; Eighth A. D. Socialist Party... 20; Carpenters' Union, No. 476... 10.



The Famous Surgeon Who is Critically Ill.

DOHAN MEETS SIEGER. The Maspeth A. C. anticipates no trouble in running its regular weekly show to night at the clubhouse, Lexington Avenue and Grand street.

NEW CORNELL STAR. ITHACA, N. Y., Oct. 28.—Leventry, a big sophomore who has been playing a strong game on the scrubs, has finally been started for right guard on the Cornell Varsity, displacing Corman and McCullum. This was decided yesterday when in the first scrimmage of the week he played the position. Cosgrove going back to left tackle, Charlie Jodanis and Tommy Nelson will figure in the semi-final. Both these bouts will be six rounds duration. There will be in addition the usual four-round preliminaries.

GOES TO CALIFORNIA. CHICAGO, Oct. 28.—Manager Frank Chance, of the Cubs will spend the winter in California. The Chicago leader, yesterday announced that he would take his departure on Saturday and that he will not return to Chicago until next spring.

THE TRAMP. Jack London says a tramp is a tramp because, unless somebody had to be a tramp. He further adds: "If he left the road and became a very efficient common laborer, someone would have to take the road."

WHAT THE UNION NEEDS. It is of vital importance to the trade union that its members be class-conscious, that they understand the class struggle and their duty as union men on the political field, so that in every move that is made they will have the goal in view, and while taking advantage of every opportunity to secure concessions and enlarge their economic advantage, they will at the same time unite at the ballot box, not only to back up the economic struggle of the trade union but finally to wrest government from capitalist control and establish the working class republic.—Eugene V. Debs, in "Colonialism and Socialism."

The Call Purchasers' League, 442 Pearl St., New York I want to join the C. P. L. Please send me by return mail a C. P. L. membership card for entry of purchase made at Call Advertisers' stores. It is understood that I am to receive of the C. P. L. a 50-cent Credit Slip good for merchandise at Call Advertisers' stores upon return of my membership card containing entries of purchases amounting to at least \$15.00.

Once a Customer Always a Friend. The Furniture Centre. Broadway, Linden and Quincy Streets, Brooklyn. Furniture That Makes Friends.



THERE'S no sham about anything you purchase here. It's honest through and through. Furniture that is built to form a part of the home's comfort and beauty for many years to come.

Texas Land \$1.00 To \$5.00 Per Acre. Texas has passed her School Land Law. Millions of acres are now open for sale.

Local and party members who ordered bundles of the Special Campaign Issue are requested to remit for same IMMEDIATELY.

EUGENE GABRIEL, Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry. Repairing of Fine and Complicated Clocks, Watches, Jewelry and Silverware. 50 WEST 34TH STREET, Between Fifth Ave. and Broadway, NEW YORK.

LINCOLN STEFFENS FOR SOCIALISTS. [Continued from page 1.]

maintains the same old conditions under the same old, odious authority of the same old, kind, crooked Tim Sullivan, the Czar. The East Siders see the East Side is Socialist. Well, it ought to be. It has tried the Democratic party; it has tried the Republican party; it has tried Reform, and the situation still is extraordinary. Isn't it time to try an extraordinary remedy?

Republcan with Tammany. The East Side has no choice. There is to-day no hope over there except in the Socialists, and the people know it. The East Side is the 9th Congressional District is that the Republicans have put up a dummy for Congress and are working for Tammany candidate, Goldfogle Henry M. Goldfogle, a product of the very condition of the country of the surrender to them. It is Goldfogle and ammany, blackmail and vice and tyranny, or—Hillquit and the Socialist ticket. Morris Hillquit, also a product of these conditions, both in Russia and in free America, the logical consequence of the resistance to them; an able, thoughtful, scholarly radical, patient but a practical fighter. Mr. Hillquit represents the best interests and the best character of its people, just as Goldfogle represents the worst. The East Siders know that, and they would vote for Hillquit, if they were free; if they believed that to be a dard country; if they didn't see the American Black Hundred going about Russiizing the Russian-Americans. They should vote for Hillquit, and the rest of us for our own sake and theirs, should dare to encourage them to dare to defy this organized combine of Republican-Democratic tyranny. They should vote for the Socialist party.

A Rule for "Independents." And that's what the rest of us should do when we get up against this combination as we often do. I have long made it a rule, which I commend to all independent voters. "When in doubt, vote for a Socialist, when the old parties offer no choice, choose the Socialist party."

Edmund Burke, in a statement made at Los Angeles yesterday, denied the charge said to have been made by President Roosevelt at Washington that he (Burke) had written "holdup" letters to Candidate Sherman. Burke admitted that Mr. Sherman was his partner in the New Mexico land deal.

Cleveland Dodge, President Roosevelt's friend, said Burke, "secured land in that manner by 'dummy' entrimen" when he got into trouble. It was President Roosevelt who saved him from prosecution by having the indictment against him dismissed.

Mr. Sherman delivered several speeches in this city last night, but made no reference to his connection with Promoter Burke nor the New Mexico Lumber and Development Company, nor would he discuss the matter.

TO THE POLITICIANS. You are servants. Your thoughts are the thoughts of cooks curious to skim perquisites from every pan. Your quarrels are the quarrels of scullions who fight for the privilege of cleaning the pot with most leavings in it. Your committees sit upon the landings of back stairs, and your quarrels are the quarrels of kitchen.—Sidney Lanier.

Isaac Cowen, special representative of The Evening Call, is now engaged in making a canvass for subscriptions in towns on both sides of the Hudson River as far north as Glens Falls. He is also authorized to receive donations and to sell the stock and bonds of The Call.

ROCHESTER WOMEN STUDY SOCIALISM

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Oct. 28.—Eighteen women attended a meeting held here yesterday with the object of organizing a class for the study of Socialism, and a complete program for the season was arranged.

The Socialist women intend to carry on a propaganda for the Socialist party and believe that the best way to do so is to conduct study classes, thus firmly grounding the new converts in the principles of scientific Socialism. Charles H. Vail's "Modern Socialism" will be used as a text book.

Mrs. Gid Martindale is secretary of the new organization and the first regular study will take place to-night. The following is the winter program: Oct. 28—The Meaning and Origin of Socialism.

Nov. 11—The Economic Evolution. Nov. 21—Advantages of Socialism in the Production and Distribution of Wealth. Dec. 2—Money Value, Wages and Interest. Dec. 16—Competition vs. Co-operation. Dec. 30—Socialism and Modern Problems.

Jan. 13—Industrial Panics. Jan. 27—Objections to Socialism considered. Feb. 10—Socialism as It Will Effect Woman. Feb. 24—Socialism as It Will Effect the Home. March 10—Socialism as It Will Effect the Physical Condition. March 21—Socialism as It Will Effect Education. April 7—Socialism as It Will Effect Recreation. April 21—Socialism as It Will Effect the Arts.

A Study Course in Socialism. The International Socialist Review starts with its November number a Study Course in Socialism, prepared by Joe E. Cohen, easy enough for a workman to enjoy as he goes along, thorough enough to give him an insight into capitalist society that will make him doubly effective as a fighter for the Revolution.

Ph. Herrschaft. 691 Broadway, Nr Manhattan Ave. BROOKLYN. Hats, Trunks, Umbrellas, Etc. Travelers' goods a specialty.

Wear the HALA SHOE \$2.50 UNION MADE, F. S. HASLACH, Manufacturer and Retailer of Up-to-Date Footwear. 241 KNICKERBOCKER AVENUE BROOKLYN.



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GRAND CLASSICAL CONCERT. ARRANGED BY THE Women's Socialist League of the East Side. For the Benefit of the Campaign Fund of the 9th Cong. Dist. Sunday Afternoon, November 1st, At 2:30 P. M.

At NEW CLINTON HALL, 151 Clinton St. A delightful program will be rendered by the following artists: Miss ELEANORA SCHEINART, Cellist; Miss ANNA C. LAVINE, Soprano; Mr. ISRAEL JOSEPH, Pianist; Mr. ISADORE MILLER, Violinist; Mr. GOODMAN, Tenor.

MASS MEETING. SOCIALIST PARTY OF NORTH HUDSON. At Liberty Hall, COR. SPRING AND SHIPPEN STREETS, WEST HOBOKEN. Wednesday, Oct. 28, '08, 8 P. M.

Election Night Jubilee. MONSTER MASS MEETING and RE-UNION. November 3rd, at 8 P. M. GRAND CENTRAL PALACE. DOORS OPEN AT 7 P. M.

The most complete election returns will be received by special wire from all over the country. A HUGE ENTERTAINMENT WILL BE HELD ALL EVENING DANCING. Music by the Carl Sahn Orchestra.

TICKETS TWENTY-FIVE CENTS. For sale at The Call Office, 259 East 84th St., 585 8th Ave., 350 West 125th St., Hind School, 112 East 19th St.; Maise's Bookstore, Forward Office, Office of the Volkszeitung, 5300 84 Ave., Labor Lyceum, Brooklyn, and other Socialist headquarters. Under the Auspices of the Workingmen's Co-operative Publishing Association for the Benefit of THE NEW YORK EVENING CALL.

Socialists of New York and New Jersey Take Notice! THE MOST ARTISTIC SEPARATE REPRODUCTIONS (Photogravures, size 10 1/2x7 1/2) OF Eugene V. Debs and Benjamin Hanford. 10 cts. each, 15 cts. per set, 50 for \$2.50. SPECIAL RATES FOR LARGER QUANTITIES.

We have secured these by risking an enormous order and trust that all party members and Organizations will favor us with early and large orders. BOOK DEPT., N. Y. EVENING CALL, 442 PEARL ST., NEW YORK.

UNDER THE NIGHT RIDER HAS CONFESSED.

SPYONVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 25.—In response of Sheriff Haynes, Judge and Mayor Cleveland Donaldson and Burton, an alleged night rider, arrested last Thursday at Spiesville, made a full confession yesterday morning in the Lake County Jail. He implicated by name forty known residents of the Lake district in the murder of Capt. Quentin Burdett Monday night a week ago. Of the number over half are now held prisoners in Camp Nemo under guard of State troops.

Burton denies that he was with the night riders when Captain Hankin was murdered, but admits that he furnished the information to the leaders of the band that caused them to camp down upon the hotel at Walnut Log. According to Burton's statement, Tom and Garret Johnson, who were arrested at Camp Nemo, and who were stated to be the leaders of the night riders who perpetrated the crime, Watson is now at large under a \$5,000 bond on charge of having participated in the whipping of Justice of the Peace George Wins in Lake County about four months ago. The arrest of the remaining members of the gang is expected hourly.

SOCIALIST WATCHERS WILL BE PROTECTED

In order to insure the counting of the Socialist party vote next Tuesday the following instructions have been issued by the party organization:

It is very important that every district organization should do its utmost to have watchers at every polling place. Wherever possible two watchers should be assigned to each polling place. Nearly all the district organizations need watchers and every party member or sympathizer who desires to see that every Socialist vote cast at the coming election is properly credited to the Socialist party is urged to volunteer his services as a watcher in his own district. A list of the district headquarters, which will be open on election day, is given below.

Every Socialist watcher with his credentials properly signed by the chairman of the County Committee in Greater New York or by the State Secretary for the outside places, and the same rights as the watchers of all the other parties and his rights are guaranteed by law. Each party is entitled to two watchers at each polling place. The watchers will show their credentials to the inspectors whenever requested and keep them all the time. Watchers are entitled to be in the polling place from the opening of the polls until after the announcement of the vote.

Watch the count and see for yourself that every Socialist vote is properly credited, and that none are unlawfully thrown out. If any Socialist ballots are thrown out insist upon inspectors complying with the election laws and returning in writing upon the back of every such ballot the reason for it, the inspectors signing their names.

As soon as the count is completed the watchers will enter the vote on the return blank and return same to the committee as soon as possible. They should not get into any trouble with the watchers of any other party, and they should be gentlemanly, alert and watchful and insist upon their rights.

Before the polls are closed one of the watchers should be stationed outside to assist such voters as may require information. Display your badge whenever you are outside the polling places, so that Socialist voters may know to whom to apply for any information.

Watchers' certificates, election returns blanks, instructions and badges will be sent to the district organizers of New York City and the secretaries of the local organizations elsewhere, who desire to assist are urged to get them.

The following district headquarters will be open all day on election day:

Second Assembly District, 130 West street.
Third and Tenth Assembly districts, 224 East 10th street.
Fourth Assembly District, 4 Pitt street.
Fifth Assembly District, 293 East 3d street.
Sixth Assembly District, 312 Grand street.
Seventh and Seventh Assembly districts, 255 West 27th street.
Eighth, Eleventh, Thirteenth and Fourteenth Assembly districts, 555 Avenue C.
Fifteenth Assembly District, 112 East 10th street.
Sixteenth and Eighteenth Assembly districts, 1052 First avenue.
Nineteenth Assembly District, 552 Columbus avenue.
Twentieth Assembly District, 240 East 89th street.
Twenty-first, Twenty-second, Twenty-third, Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth Assembly districts, 259 West 125th street.
Twenty-sixth Assembly District, 204 East 84th street.
Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth Assembly districts, 239 East 101st street.
Twenty-ninth and Thirtieth Assembly districts, 112 East 19th street.
Thirty-first Assembly District, 3209 Third avenue.

The organizers will have a number of lawyers contracted at his disposal on election day to assist Socialist voters. It is desirable that every voter should vote as early as possible. If you do not vote early you may find that some of the old party watchers and repeaters have cast a ballot under your name. If any attempt is made to intimidate you, denounce you of your right to vote, or if you have any trouble at all, telephone the organizer, 255 West 125th street, and the necessary instructions and assistance will be given. Should any of the party watchers be interfered with they should first protest to the chairman of the election inspectors in the polling place, and if no satisfaction is obtained, telephone to the organizer, and our lawyers will take the necessary steps to protect them.

THIS IS THE Official Emblem of the Socialist Party Upon the Ballot in New York State.

A vote under this emblem is a vote for the Socialist Party

Socialist Notes.

Wednesday's Meetings.

The regular list of street meetings for Greater New York will be found in another column.

MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

Polish Socialists.
The Polish Socialists, with headquarters at 234 East Tenth street, have arranged a number of open-air cart-tail meetings for the following corners: Third street and Avenue A, Seventh street and Avenue A, Ninth street and Avenue B. The speakers will be: A. Oshewski, Maslowski and Narowski. W. Lindstedt will act as chairman.

Big Rally.
A big rally will be held by the 8th Assembly District in Odd Fellows' Hall, 35 Forsyth street, Wednesday, October 28th, at 8 P. M. The following are the speakers: Morris Hillquit, candidate for Congress; J. G. P. Stoker, candidate for the Assembly; Jacob Finkler, State Senator; Adolph Benery and Edmond Kelly.

Young Friends.
Open air meetings under the auspices of the Young Friends' Socialist Literary Circle will be held at the following corners: from 8.30 to 9.30; at Suffolk and Broome street, from 9.30 to 11.30.

Harlem Lecture.
Albert V. Ballin, the well known deaf artist, will lecture on "Socialism" at 117 St. 8th P. M. at the Harlem Socialist Club, 230 West 125th street. Edward Perkins Clark, principal of the Institution for Deaf Mutes at Rome, N. Y., will also speak.

QUEENS.

Business meeting of Local Astoria at Foster's Hall, Steinway and Woolsey avenues. Every member must be present.

HUDSON COUNTY, N. J.

JERSEY CITY. Grove and Thirteenth streets, C. S. Goider, W. A. Butler's Hall, Grove and Third street. Business.
HARRISON. Central and Fourth. W. H. Lehmann.
TOKEN. Third Ward (2d Precinct), 543 Angelique street. Business.

NEWARK, N. J.

Sixth street and Fifteenth avenue.—Sol. Friedman.
Thirteenth avenue and Court House.—Mr. and Mrs. Fraser.
Broome and Prince street.—Reilly, Miss Newman.

BROOKLYN SOCIALISTS HOLD BIG MEETINGS

Several hundred people who were fortunate enough to be tucked away from the throngs of the packed Clermont Rink in Brooklyn, where Mr. Bryan spoke last night, were made doubly so by the presence of a Socialist open air meeting at the corner of Willowhatch and Clermont avenues. The speakers were: Ed. Schaefer, Ben Blumenberg and Dr. C. L. Furman. The meeting was orderly and very successful.

Open air meetings were held throughout Brooklyn last night, and although the pavements were wet and muddy from previous rains, they were all well attended. The crowds listened attentively to the Socialist speakers, asked questions and bought literature.

Socialist speakers addressed the overflow crowds from the Bryan meeting at Prospect Hall. Over a thousand gathered around the Socialist meeting at the corner of Prospect and 12th streets. T. Neven and H. C. Miller were the speakers.

CANNOT VOTE AFTER 5 P. M. ELECTION DAY

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court has unanimously declared against the proposition that everybody in line at a polling place on election day is entitled to vote. The court says that no ballots may be issued to any person after 5 o'clock, and as only those who are inside the hall and have qualified by answering the statutory questions and signing their names are entitled to receive ballots it follows that only those who have already so qualified when the clock strikes 5 will be able to vote. The police were notified last night of the situation and acted accordingly. The court says that "as the closing of the polls is fixed by Section 3 of the election law at 5 o'clock in the afternoon no elector can receive an official ballot after that time." There is no question that the delivery of ballots must cease with the arrival of the statutory hour, 5 o'clock, and all persons without ballots at that hour are thereby debarred from voting. The election officials are bound by the law's directions.

ANOTHER POLICE OUTRAGE.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 28.—A Miss Ed. Goldman entered the Proprium, the fashionable ladies' club house, last night, a gang of police, who were in the place under threat of arrest. Notwithstanding the indignant protests of a number of the club members, she was taken to the "cell" of the city, the police insisted upon Miss Goldman's leaving the hall, which she refused to do. She was held there until she had arranged the attempt to speak on the street, but was prevented by the police.

BIG YORKVILLE MEETING.

The Yorkville Agitation Committee of the Socialist party has arranged to hold a big mass meeting on Sunday afternoon, November 1, at the Labor Temple at 2 o'clock. They have secured as speakers the candidate for Governor, Joshua Wainhope; Mrs. Rose Pastor Stokes, and the candidate for Assembly, at 221 District, Ignorance Lee. Henry Ortland will speak in German.

RAND SCHOOL RESTAURANT.

If you want to make Socialists you should bring your friends or co-workers to the Rand School restaurant. We feed Socialism to them with the lunch for 20 cents from 12 to 2 P. M., and with dinner from 6 to 8 P. M., for 25 cents. Arrangements for after-noon parties can be made by telephone steps to protect them.

CURTIS IS CONFIDENT

Will Tell on Morse to Save Himself.

Alfred H. Curtis, former president of the wrecked National Bank of North America, resumed the witness stand to-day fully prepared to tell in every detail everything that took place between him and Charles W. Morse, the ruin of the bank and the various transactions in connection with the launching of the famous ice pools.

Curtis, who is on trial with Morse, charged with violations of the Federal banking laws, will expose the peculiar methods and secret manipulations of the bank's funds to the fullest extent, according to W. M. K. Olcott, his counsel.

In outlining his client's defence Olcott made the following statement: "Mr. Curtis is a man that tells the truth. He will take the stand and tell the truth regarding the management of this ruined bank. If that truth hurts some one—a depositor, a director, a stockholder or employer—it must hurt so, because the truth must be told. Mr. Curtis owes it to himself, his family and his forty years of business probity to tell what is true."

Another astonishing statement by Curtis' counsel was to the effect that it was an unusual thing for his client to handle between \$30,000,000 and \$40,000,000 of over-certifications while he had charge of the State Bank. This bank afterward merged with others and became part of the Bank of North America.

EAST SIDE SOCIALISTS CONFIDENT OF VICTORY

The beginning of the last week of the Socialist campaign in the 9th Congressional District leaves the Socialists more confident of victory than ever. While the meetings continue to attract thousands of eager enthusiasts the reports of canvassers are more convincing than any popular demonstrations could be.

A splendid corps of canvassers are at work, and the great change of political convictions now taking place is being registered. The workmen are weary and heart-sick of the rule they have submitted to in the past two years. The answer usually received by the canvassers is that a change is necessary. Many Republicans and Democrats are found who want a change in the representation in the Assembly and Congress, although they still cling to their Presidential ticket.

Then there are the many who have severed their old party affiliations and will vote straight for the Socialist candidates from Debs to the last man on the ticket.

These reports make the active workers convinced of a Socialist triumph in the large demonstrations, although these also forecast a victory. The present week will see the entire district a hive of Socialist agitation. The hall and street meetings, the coming of J. Stitt Wilson, the automobile tours and the distribution of literature will completely eclipse the feeble and apathetic campaign the old parties are making.

Campaign Briefs.

Judge Taft spoke along the Hudson River Tuesday, closing with a large meeting in Troy at night. He was received with enthusiasm at all the towns.

William J. Bryan spoke before 20,000 persons at a series of meetings in this city and in Jersey City and Hoboken. He wound up with a large and enthusiastic meeting at the Clermont Avenue Rink, in Brooklyn.

Governor Hughes, after speeches at Catskill and Safton, reached New York Tuesday night and addressed five big meetings in Brooklyn, and was cheered by three German-American audiences as he answered the "personal liberty" argument against him.

William R. Hearst, at a big mass meeting in the Grand Central Palace ridiculed Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler. He accused the Democratic gubernatorial nominee of being a turkcock and called him Bryan's foe.

Mr. Chanler addressed seven meetings in Brooklyn last night. He discussed an elective Public Service Commission, assailed the requirement of the voter to sign his name when registering, and proclaimed his own political independence.

\$10,000 STILL NEEDED.

To Obtain Release of Tchaykovsky—Ball Not Yet Secured.

Joseph M. Price, who is vice chairman of the Society of the Friends of Russian Freedom, said today that he needs the \$25,000 for the Tchaykovsky ball fund has been raised is untrue. He said that \$10,000 had been raised and that a call for subscriptions had been issued by Edward M. Shepard, who is president of the society. Lyman Abbot, Bishop Greer and Herbert Brown.

Tchaykovsky is the Russian who spoke in the cause of Russian freedom in America last year. On his return he was summarily arrested and has been kept in the St. Peter Fortress ever since. In response to petitions from societies in England, France and America, the Russian authorities consented to release him under \$200,000 bail. \$12,500 of this has been raised in England and the Society of the Friends of Russian Freedom are trying to raise the other half in this country. So far they have received \$2,500.

BRONX SOCIALIST MEETING.

The Bronx witnessed a very enthusiastic meeting last night at Washington and Tremont street, arranged by the 35th Assembly District of the Socialist party. Chairman Hyman Cohen in a few well chosen remarks introduced J. C. Frost, the first speaker, who held his audience for almost two hours. He spoke on the fallacy of the Democratic party and said that it has no claim whatever to the name of Democracy. It stands for every thing that is against the interests of the people. Henry Engle discussed the issues of the campaign and urged both old parties. The crowd was large and attentive.

Socialist Meetings This Week.

Owing to lack of space yesterday, it was impossible to print the full list of Socialist party meetings for this week, consequently the balance of the list is given below.

MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

Wednesday.
1st A. D.—Spring and Hudson Sts. P. L. Quinlan, A. B. DeMitt.
2d A. D.—Market and Monroe Sts. P. H. Donohue, G. R. Sackman.
3d A. D.—Pitt and Grand Sts. Chas. S. Vanderpoort, J. A. Abraham.
4th A. D.—Fourth St. and Ave. C. W. A. Patterson, H. Havedon, Robert Hunter, J. C. Frost, and Livingston Sts. Jennie Potter, Max Mysell.
5th A. D.—Truck meetings. Truck starts at 8 P. M. from N. W. cor. Seventh St. and Second Ave. J. McCormick, H. Harris.
6th A. D.—Ferry-fourth St. and Eighth Ave. Dr. N. Krishna, Wm. G. Lighttown.
7th A. D.—Twenty-sixth St. and Third Ave. G. M. Fitzgibbon, Fred Paulitsch.
8th A. D.—Ninety-first St. and Columbus Ave. Rev. G. W. Woodbey, Thos. Potter.
9th A. D.—110th St. and St. Nicholas Ave. Coronel, J. C. Frost.
10th A. D.—Lighty-second St. and First Ave. Henry Engel, Jack Gearty.
11th A. D.—Truck meetings. Truck starts at 8 P. M. from N. E. cor. Eighty-eighth St. and Third Ave. Thos. O'Shaughnessy, Louis L. B. Trickett.
12th A. D.—Thirty-eighth St. and Broadway. M. Price, Alb. Abraham.
13th A. D.—125th St. and Seventh Ave. J. Edw. Morgan, of Deaver, Miss P. M. Gill.

Thursday.
3d A. D.—Henry and Pike Sts. Louis Baum, Miss Gill.
4th A. D.—Houston St. and Second Ave. Chas. S. Vanderpoort, W. A. Patterson.
5th A. D.—Montrose and Grand Sts. Carrie W. Allen, Sam Edlestein.
6th A. D.—Seventh St. and Avenue B. Miss Jennie H. Engel, Thos. O'Shaughnessy, Robert Hunter.
7th A. D.—Twenty-seventh St. and Seventh Ave. Thos. Potter, J. M. McCormick, J. C. Frost.
8th A. D.—Hester and Division Sts. Dr. N. Krishna, A. B. DeMitt.
9th A. D.—Thirty-first St. and Eighth Ave. H. Havedon, Albert Abraham.
10th A. D.—Fifteenth St. and Avenue A. G. M. Fitzgibbon, Sam Edlestein.
11th A. D.—Sixty-first St. and Amsterdam Ave. Rev. G. W. Woodbey, of California; Dr. Alex. Morgan, of Third Ave. Cor. 111th St. and Third Ave. Coronel, J. C. Frost.
12th A. D.—140th St. and Eighth Ave. M. Price, H. Engel, Thos. Potter.
13th A. D.—104th St. and Madison Ave. Jennie Potter, Jack Gearty.
14th A. D.—Ninety-sixth St. and Second Ave. Chas. S. Vanderpoort, P. L. Quinlan.
15th A. D.—116th St. and Lenox Ave. P. H. Donohue, G. R. Sackman, Warren Atkinson.

Friday.
2d A. D.—Attorney and Grand Sts. Miss Gill, Fred Schaefer.
3d A. D.—Biverton and Lewis Sts. Robert T. Paine, A. B. DeMitt.
4th A. D.—Third St. and Ave. C. Miss Thos. O'Shaughnessy, Robert Hunter.
5th A. D.—Norfolk and Grand Sts. Miss Johanna Dahme, Victor Buhr.
6th A. D.—Thirty-sixth St. and Seventh Ave. Chas. S. Vanderpoort, Dr. N. Krishna.
7th A. D.—Tenth St. and Second Ave. Carrie W. Allen, Sam Edlestein.
8th A. D.—Fifty-seventh St. and Eighth Ave. H. Havedon, G. R. Sackman.
9th A. D.—Forty-eighth St. and Eighth Ave. Chas. S. Vanderpoort, P. L. Quinlan.
10th A. D.—Seventh-third St. and First Ave. Thos. O'Shaughnessy, in English, and J. C. Frost.
11th A. D.—Fifty-eighth St. and Third Ave. Louis Baum, M. Price.
12th A. D.—Twenty-third St. and Third Ave. Henry Engel, P. H. Donohue, J. M. McCormick.
13th A. D.—Eighty-sixth St. and Third Ave. G. M. Fitzgibbon, Fred Paulitsch.
14th A. D.—101st St. and Third Ave. Rev. G. W. Woodbey, Thos. Potter.
15th A. D.—Forty-first St. and Madison Ave. Wm. G. Lighttown, J. Gearty.
16th A. D.—Tremont and Bathgate Aves. Alb. Abraham, P. J. Quinlan.

Saturday.
2d A. D.—Henry and Pike Sts. Sam A. Stodel, Wm. Mendelson.
3d A. D.—Fourth St. and Avenue B. W. Atkinson, Fred Schaefer, Robert Hunter.
4th A. D.—Twenty-fifth St. and Eighth Ave. Dr. N. Krishna, Jennie Potter.
5th A. D.—Edridge and Grand Sts. Frank Bobb, Sam Edlestein.
6th A. D.—Forty-first St. and Eighth Ave. W. A. Patterson, M. Price.
7th A. D.—Sixth St. and Avenue A. H. Engel, Max Mysell.
8th A. D.—Twenty-second St. and Third Ave. Alb. Abraham, Fred Paulitsch.
9th A. D.—Fifty-seventh St. and First Ave. P. H. Donohue, John McCormick.
10th A. D.—135th St. and Lenox Ave. Rev. G. W. Woodbey, of California; Dr. Alex. Morgan, of Third Ave. Cor. 111th St. and Third Ave. Coronel, J. C. Frost.
11th A. D.—115th St. and Fifth Ave. Louis Baum, Robert T. Paine.
12th A. D.—Twenty-third St. and Lexington and Third Ave. Wm. Karlin, Miss Gill.
13th A. D.—125th St. and Seventh Ave. Carrie W. Allen, H. Havedon, J. Wainhope, and Westchester, Main St. and Westchester Ave. A. B. DeMitt, Victor Buhr.
14th A. D.—148th St. and Willis Ave. J. C. Frost, Dr. N. Krishna.
15th A. D.—160th St. and Boston Road. Jack Gearty, Miss M. Newman.
16th A. D.—Webster and Ford Ave. Thos. Potter, J. Coroneil.
17th A. D.—Bronx—Sixth St. and Willis Ave. Chas. S. Vanderpoort, G. R. Sackman.

JEWISH.

Wednesday.
2d A. D.—Market and Madison Sts. Louis Davidson, Leo Wax.
3d A. D.—Stanton and Pitt Sts. N. Stuppler, Miss P. M. Newman.
6th A. D.—Third St. and Avenue D. L. Slotkin, J. Berman, and Orchard Sts. Sam Cutler, B. Rosenfeld, Sam Kileger.

Thursday.
3d A. D.—Clinton and Rutgers' Place. N. Stuppler, L. Davidson.
4th A. D.—Governor and Madison Sts. Chas. L. Fromer, Miss M. Newman.
5th A. D.—Houston and Norfolk Sts. G. Gottlieb, J. Bernstein.
8th A. D.—Rivington and Suffolk Sts. Louis Slotkin, Philip Flanner.

Friday.
2d A. D.—Jefferson and Madison Sts. Chas. L. Fromer, Philip Flanner.
3d A. D.—Stanton and Pitt Sts. L. Davidson, Sol. Cutler.
6th A. D.—Third St. and Avenue C. D. Gottlieb, N. D. Broome and Ludlow Sts. Louis Slotkin, Sam Kileger.

Saturday.
2d A. D.—Montgomery and Madison Sts. Louis Slotkin, N. Stuppler.
4th A. D.—Ridge and Grand Sts. M. Goldowsky, L. Lewis and Houston Sts. D. Gottlieb, Chas. L. Fromer.
8th A. D.—Broome and Norfolk Sts. Miss P. M. Newman, J. Bernstein.

ITALIAN.

Wednesday.
2d A. D.—Oak and James St. Ugo Lupi.
10th A. D.—Twelfth St. and First Ave. A. Cravello.
3rd A. D.—149th St. and Morris Ave. Ugo Lupi.
10th A. D.—180th St. and Arthur Ave. A. Cravello.

Thursday.
1st A. D.—Spring and Thompson Sts. Ugo Lupi.
4th A. D.—Monroe and Catharine Sts. A. Cravello.

NOONDAY MEETINGS.

Wednesday.
Twenty-fourth St. and Madison Ave. Andrew Sater, Chas. S. Vanderpoort, Waverly Pl. and Broadway, Albert Abraham, P. L. Quinlan.

Thursday.
1st A. D.—Spring and Thompson Sts. Ugo Lupi.
4th A. D.—Monroe and Catharine Sts. A. Cravello.

ITALIAN.

Wednesday.
2d A. D.—St. Marks and Troy Ave. D. Special.
22d A. D.—Liberty Ave. and Elton St. Mazzella.

Friday.
8th A. D.—Carroll St. and Third Ave. D. Special.
21st A. D.—Johnson Ave. and Humboldt St. Mazzella.

Saturday.
15th A. D.—Melbourne St. and New York Ave. Mazzella.
23d A. D.—Stone Ave. and Pacific St. D. Special.

NOONDAY MEETINGS.

Wednesday.
Barry St. and North Eleventh St. A. F. Johnson, Wm. Harbers.
Thursday.
7th Ave. and 12th St. J. A. Behringer, Wm. Harbers.
Friday.
Sands St. entrance to Navy Yard. A. F. Johnson, Wm. Harbers.
Saturday.
DeKalb and Hudson Aves. J. A. Behringer, A. F. Johnson.

QUEENS.

Wednesday.
Washington and Fulton (Jamaica). M. Peiser, J. Horck and W. Hennessey.
Thursday.
Grand and Marlon St. (Corona). Carl Falbender, J. Horck, W. Hennessey.
Second St. and Sundecker Ave. (Union Course). W. Bursch.
Friday.
Grove St. and St. Nicholas Ave. (Ridge wood). M. Peiser, J. Horck, H. Frohlich, Grand and Bleeker Sts. (Ridgewood). W. Hennessey, Geo. Sieburg.
Saturday.
Hoffman's Hall, Glendale, Mass meeting. Dr. Furman, C. Heilmeyer, Woodward and Gates. (Ridgewood). Peiser, Hennessey, Peiser, W. Hennessey, Lieburg, Washington and Fulton Sts. (Jamaica). Clifton H. Pierce, Horck.

THE TWENTIETH A. D.

will hold special meetings on October 29 at 240 East 80th street at 8 P. M. Members and sympathizers are requested to be present to organize for success on Election Day.

WE ARE READY WITH OUR Fall Line of SUITS and OVERCOATS LEVY BROS., Popular Clothiers and Tailors 53 CANAL STREET, Cor. Orchard, NEW YORK CITY. Readers of The Call are cordially invited to inspect.

COAL! COAL!

Winter is Coming!

You will need Coal soon to make the fireside glow against winds that blow and drifting snow.

PRICES:

WHITE ASH, for domestic use, \$6.50
any size; per ton.....

WHITE ASH, in quantities for mercantile use; per ton..... \$6.25

RED ASH, for domestic use; per ton..... \$7.25

Single ton orders will be charged twenty-five cents extra for putting away in bin.

Orders for two tons or more will be put in bin without any extra charge.

We cannot accept orders for delivery to East N. Y. Williamsburg or Ridgewood Sections of Brooklyn or above 150th Street in the Bronx.

SEND IN YOUR ORDERS TO COAL DEPARTMENT,

The Evening Call, New York

Do not remit money with orders, but pay on delivery.

Each order means a commission for The Call, and costs you no more than elsewhere.

B. N. LEFKOWITZ, FINE FOOTWEAR

Large selection. Best quality. Strictly One Price. W. L. DOUGLAS UNION-MADE SHOES, \$2.00 and \$3.50. Other well-known makes. Shoes in all colors to match costumes.

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Telephone 2544 Orchard.

LOCAL ASTORIA SOCIALIST PARTY MASS MEETING

AT

Hettinger's Broadway Hall, Broadway and 7th Ave. LONG ISLAND CITY, ON

Thursday Evening, October 29th, 1908, at 8 o'clock

J. Edward Morgan, of Denver, Co., and other good speakers will address this meeting.

SOCIALIST PARTY

Bronx Grand Ratification Meeting

AT ZELTNER'S CASINO, 170TH STREET AND THIRD AVENUE

On Wednesday, October 28, 1908

AT 8 P. M.

Speakers: Rev. HENRY FRANK MORRIS HILLQUIST, JOSEUA WANHOPE, Chairman; WILLIAM G. LIGHTTOWN.

All Workmen of the Bronx are requested to attend this Meeting

THINK OF A DIME!

And What It Will Bring.

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FOURTEENTH ANNUAL ENTERTAINMENT AND BALL TO BE HELD UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE DISTRICT COUNCIL OF THE UNITED HOUSEWIVES AND BRIDGEMEN'S UNION OF GREATER NEW YORK AND VICINITY. For the Benefit of the Widows and Orphan's Fund. AT MANHATTAN CASINO, 155th Street and Eighth Avenue. ON SATURDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 31, 1908. MUSIC BY PROF. THOMAS WARD. TICKETS, Admitting Lady and Gentlemen, 50 CENTS.

The four candidates for Governor of this State have been invited to speak for fifteen minutes on why they should receive the working-men's vote.

MONTANA MINERS STRIKE.

HELENA, Mont., Oct. 28.—Because the owners of the coal mines along the St. Paul railroad refused to pay 75 cents per ton as demanded by the miners, instead of 70 cents, the present rate, 150 men went on strike yesterday. It is expected that the trouble will spread to all the mines along the line.

RUSSIAN DUMA REOPENS.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 28.—The Duma resumed to-day for its autumn session. Many important measures will be before the body within the coming two months, and the legislative activity of the Eastern situation will undoubtedly have an important bearing on any action of the Duma.

THE PLATFORM OF THE SOCIALIST PARTY.

Adopted by the National Convention in Chicago, May, 1908. The Socialist party, in national convention assembled, again declares its platform...

INDUSTRIAL DEMANDS. 7.—The improvement of the industrial condition of the workers. (a) By shortening the workday...

POLITICAL DEMANDS. 8.—The extension of inheritance taxes, graduated in proportion to the amount of the bequests...

OUR WORKING PROGRAMME. As measures calculated to strengthen the working class in its fight for the realization of this ultimate aim...

LONG SINCER. (After the above)—Dear Fred, etc. (After the above)—Dear Fred, etc.

A CRITICAL TIME. It is not clear that we have come to the turning point in our trade union methods...



THE WORST OF ALL INJUNCTIONS.

By WM. HARRERS. The most powerful, far-reaching and dangerous injunction that we are concerned about, that injures us most terribly is the capitalist system itself...

IN THE MAGAZINES.

'The Remarkable Advance of the Labor Movement in England' is the title of an article by William Mally in the November number of 'Munsey's Magazine'...

'Success Magazine' for November contains articles on behalf of Bryan by John A. Atwood and Adlai M. Stevenson...

'The Sultan of Turkey: A Record of Personal Observation and of Private Knowledge,' by Nicholas C. Androssides, is the piece de resistance of the feast which the editors of the 'American Magazine' lay before their readers for November...

The Call Purchasers' League

OUR OBJECT IS TO CONCENTRATE AND DIRECT THE PURCHASING POWER OF ALL CALL READERS TO THE BEST ADVANTAGE OF CALL ADVERTISERS. OFFICERS: President, Mrs. Rose Pastor Stokes...

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CHILD'S NIGHT-DRAWER. Paris Pattern No. 2609. White elderdown, French or Canton flannel, flannelette, or cambric are used for these comfortable little garments...

IN THE MAGAZINES.

'The Remarkable Advance of the Labor Movement in England' is the title of an article by William Mally in the November number of 'Munsey's Magazine'...

MARTIN DERX, MEN'S FURNISHINGS

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A NEW BOOK BY JOHN SPARGO. A new volume by John Spargo, the well-known Socialist writer and lecturer, will shortly be issued by B. W. Huebsch, a New York publisher...

SCIENTISTS AMONG THE LORDS.

By the death of the Earl of Rosse the small band of peers in the House of Lords whose scientific attainments have won them recognition in the world of science...

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MASS MEETING Socialist Party Kings County. AT THE LABOR LYCEUM. 949-Willoughby Ave., Brooklyn. THURSDAY, OCTOBER 29th, 1908, at 8 P. M.

Stern's Insectago Roach Salt. Established 1895. Sold by all dealers. Agents wanted. JULIUS STERN, 644 Columbus Ave., N.Y.

Men's Furnishings. Absolutely reliable price and quality and up-to-date. Return anything not right. Ladies' Furnishings. Underwear, Dress Sacs, Hostery and Kimonos, Gloves, Shirt, Muslin Underwear, Skirts, Waists, Corsets, Baby ready or to measure \$2.98, Outfits, No-measure \$2.98, etc.

GROWTH OF THE SOCIALIST VOTE:
1888.....2,068
1896.....25,564
1904.....408,290
1892.....21,157
1900.....96,951
1908.....?

A NEWSPAPER FOR THE WORKERS

National Secretary, J. Mahlon Barnes, 126 Washington St., Chicago.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1908.

THE CALL

This newspaper is owned and published by the Workingmen's Co-operative Publishing Association, a New York corporation. Published daily except Sunday. Office and place of business, 442 Pearl St., New York. W. W. Pasage, president; Frank M. Hill, treasurer; Julius Gerber, secretary.

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SIX MONTHS.....1.50
ONE MONTH......25

Make all remittances payable to The Evening Call.

Entered at the New York Post Office as second-class mail matter.

The fight to save Jan Janoff Pouden from torture and murder at the hands of the bloody Autocrat of Russia, the fight to save the United States from the everlasting disgrace of having refused asylum to a man who has struggled valiantly for political liberty in his own land and has fled to this country to escape the vengeance of a cruel despot—that fight is not yet over, and no friends of freedom should make the mistake of relaxing their efforts before victory is assured.

THE FIGHT IS NOT YET WON.

During the last week the case has become so clouded and confused by the peculiar conduct of the authorities that it is very hard to predict the outcome, or even to know what to expect on the morrow. The two sure things are, first, that the Russian government will not lose any opportunity to enlist the United States as a bloodhound for the Autocracy and, second, that the forcible and continuous expression of popular opinion in this country against the proposed extradition is the strongest force that can be brought to bear to defeat the schemes of the ruthless enemy.

The conduct of the authorities at Washington has been peculiar. Last Friday the Secretary of State signed an order dismissing the case against Pouden and directing that he be released. If the order had been sent to the proper official—that is, Commissioner Shields—promptly and in regular course, Pouden would have walked out of the Tombs a free man, and the United States would have been freed from the stigma which now attaches to it. This was not done. The order was held back, so that Commissioner Shields did not get it till Monday. But the counsel for the Czar were instantly notified of the action to be taken and given the "tip" to begin a new action in time to have another warrant for Pouden's rearrest before the prison doors could open to let him out.

We do not wish to do an injustice, even to the members of the Roosevelt administration, which has before shown itself ready to pre-empt cases in favor of capitalists and against workmen. We are willing to wait for an explanation before condemning the administration. But we cannot withhold the remark that the purely "constructive" release of Pouden and his very effective rearrest are exactly in line with the ordinary procedure in Russia. It is quite the regular thing there to arrest a political enemy of the government on some trumped-up charges, to hold him for months, then to try and acquit him, and then, in the very instant of his release to rearrest him on the same charges but by a new authority and again hold him for trial and to repeat this performance again and again till his health and perhaps his mind gives way under confinement and anxiety.

Is Washington taking a leaf from the book of the Third Division at St. Petersburg? We hope not. But we want to be shown. That the Democratic machine really fears the election of Morris Hillquit, the Socialist candidate in the Ninth Congressional District of New York, was again proven Monday night, when Mr. Bryan turned his visit to New York into a special effort to carry the East Side voters off their feet with a wave of "hot air" and to sweep into office Judge Goldfogle, whose only qualification is his subservience to Tammany Hall which is as ready to throw down Mr. Bryan as the Republican machine is to throw down Governor Hughes. The expectation of Hillquit's election is indicated also by the editorial of the New York "World" on Monday admitting that the Socialist candidates on the East Side are vastly superior in intelligence, in ability and in honesty, to those of the old parties. Looking forward to Socialist triumph in these districts as more than a probability, the "World" is ready enough for the occasion to speak a word in praise of the Socialist candidates, in order that it may not have to admit defeat on the day after election.

When a workingman goes to the polls next Tuesday and casts his ballot, there will really be but one question before him. He will have the chance to vote for Socialism or against Socialism. If he thinks he is satisfied with existing conditions and wants them to continue without any radical change, the only thing he need be careful about is not to vote for Debs and Hanford. To save himself trouble let him toss a penny into the air and if it lands heads up let him vote for Taft, if it lands tails up, let him vote for Bryan. He will get the results either way.

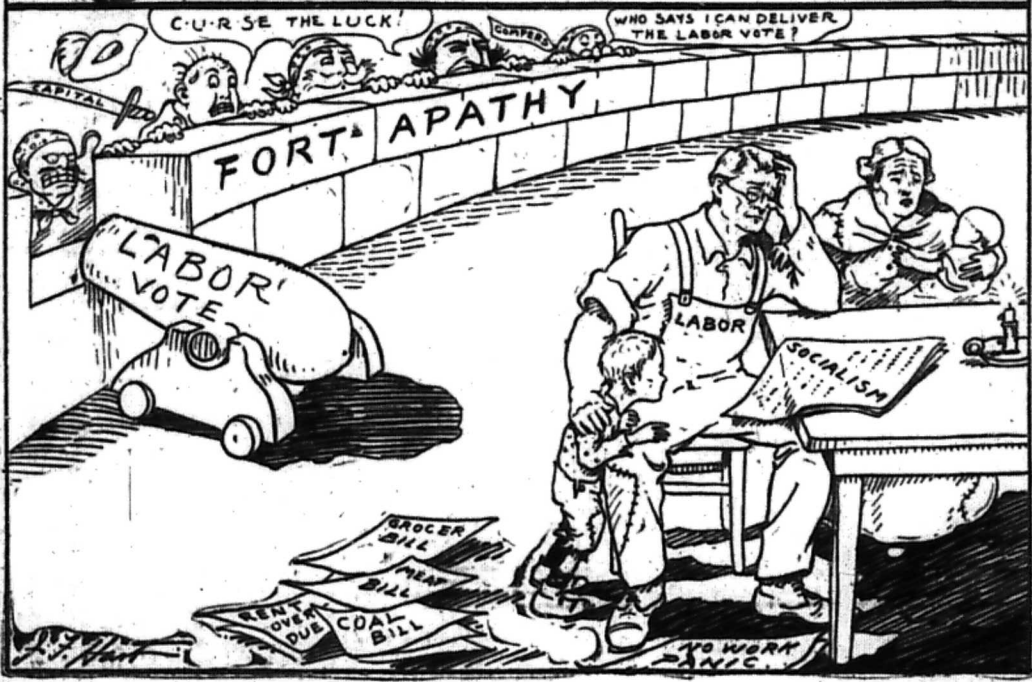
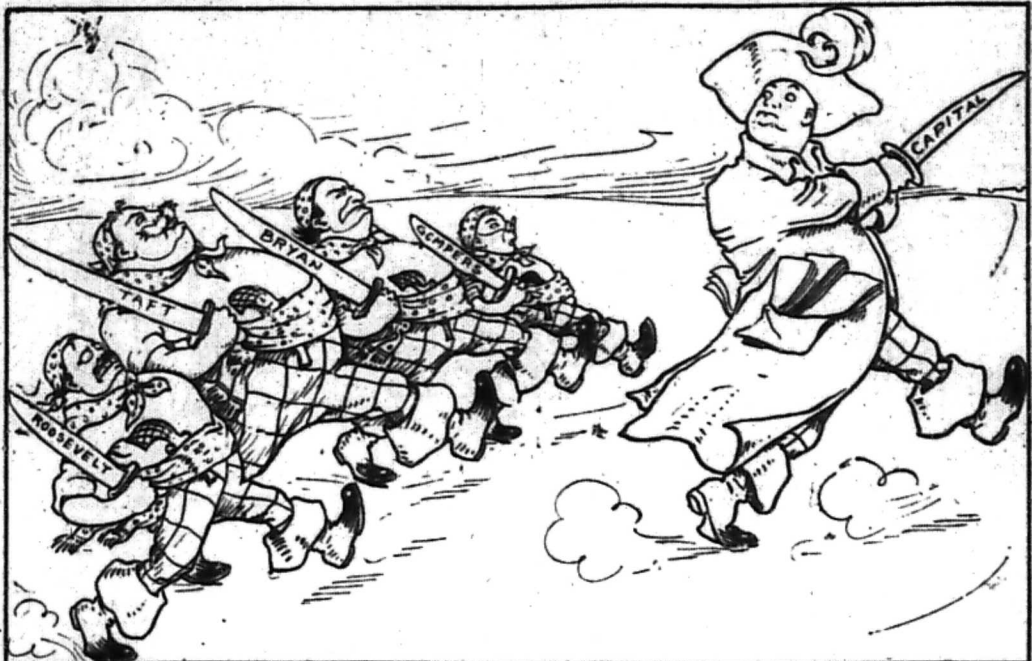
"It is not our purpose," says the platform of the so-called Independence party, "to effect a radical change in the American system of government." And again: "The Independence party is, therefore, a conservative force in American politics." Mr. Hearst's editors say that radicals ought to vote for the Independence candidates; but we are willing to take the party convention's word for it and believe that the party is essentially a conservative party and that radicals ought to vote against it and for the Socialist party.

WHAT THE EDITOR REALLY WROTE.

The printers did a few things to the editor's copy yesterday. In consequence, readers of The Call are wondering what the editor had been drinking. He desires to assure them of his sanity and sobriety and to tell them how those sentences in his editorial read in the copy he wrote.

So long as Mr. Hearst's attack on Mr. Bryan was confined to an exposure of the Democratic candidate's shifty and crawling policy and of the most reactionary elements in the party, it was possible for the persons to believe that the attack was a sincere one, even though the successful followers of Mr. Hearst might well wish that he would attack the Republican party of capitalism with the same vigor that he displayed in criticizing its Democratic twin.

And the next to the last paragraph, as it was written, ran thus: "It is well known that we Socialists have no confidence in Mr. Bryan and no friendship for the Democratic party. We have attacked it persistently and consistently throughout the present campaign, and we shall continue to do so until we have secured the election of a Socialist candidate." We shall continue to do so until we have secured the election of a Socialist candidate.



THE CHARGE ON FORT APATHY.

GET THE VOTE COUNTED.

National Headquarters, Socialist Party, Chicago, Ill., Oct. 19, 1908.

Dear Comrade—Election day approaches with Socialist activity unparallelled and enthusiasm unbounded. Faking count of all reports we have one better than WELL up to the present moment. Between now and the morning after there are two possibilities which may seriously discount all our work, and these are to be particularly guarded against. First—Reports of any and every kind to discredit the party or its candidates are to be expected from the camp of the enemy. Look you to our standard bearers, Eugene V. Debs and Ben Hanford; mortal man can give no more than they have laid on the altar for the working class. Any assault upon them should be discounted in advance. They have been tried. They are true and will be to the end. Second—The contest between the old parties is a sham battle and in many places the politicians openly admit it.

Comrade Fred W. Long, of Philadelphia, writes: "Direct the attention of the last party member to the highly important work connected with getting out the full Socialist vote at the coming election. Shortly we shall know the result of four years of hard work. That our vote will be something tremendous is everywhere conceded, but we must be sure that the powers of capitalism will stop at nothing to minimize it, and experience has shown that we must depend upon our own vigilance to have it counted. THE ONLY VOTE THAT COUNTS IS THE VOTE THAT IS COUNTED." If the reported vote in any district is less than the number of KNOWN Socialist voters, start at once to circulate a petition for the opening of the ballot box and a recount. The heat of the campaign has been waning. To frustrate defeat in the dark, duty calls for watchers through the night. Fraternally, J. MAHLON BARNES, National Secretary.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

E. A. Nelson.—The erroneous statement in the pamphlet "Men and Mules" to which we referred the other day is on page 25. It is as follows: "You strike for higher wages. Suppose you are a shoe-worker and now receive three dollars per day, and you strike to get four dollars per day and win out. The owner of the factory simply adds another dollar to the price of the shoes, and you are not benefited." When the workers in all kinds of factories have struck and been granted an increase in wages, you have traversed a circle and come back exactly to the old starting point and all your loss of wages during the common months of the strike, together with the pangs of hunger, the bloodshed and loss of life, have gained you nothing. Again, a few lines below, it is stated that a raise of wages does you the workman no good. And this is absolutely false bourgeois economics. If the market conditions are such that the manufacturer, but by conditions in the market. Every manufacturer charges as much for his goods as the market conditions will enable him to get. If he can add a dollar to the price of his goods, he does so, regardless whether wages are going up or down. If the market conditions do not enable him to get that extra dollar, he cannot make the increase in price, even though he is otherwise able to pay higher wages. In other words, every increase of wages is made at the expense of higher profits, not at the expense of higher wages. As well as economic theory shows that this is the case. To tell workmen that they are not benefited by a raise of wages is what is false and what most of them know to be false; if it does not deceive and mislead them, it discredits the party in whose name such a statement is made.

THE INDEPENDENCE OF W. R. HEARST.

By BEN HANFORD. In this year, 1908, Mr. Hearst proudly boasts his political independence and loudly supports the Independence party. Why wouldn't he? Having organized the Independence party with his own money it would indeed be remarkable if he did not support it. In view of Mr. Hearst's present independence it is worth while to cast a glance over his previous political affiliations. In the past Mr. Hearst and his papers have supported the following candidates for office, EACH AND EVERY ONE OF THEM THE REGULAR NOMINEE OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY: 1884—Grover Cleveland for President. 1888—Grover Cleveland for President. 1892—Grover Cleveland for President. 1896—W. J. Bryan for President. 1900—W. J. Bryan for President. 1904—Alton B. Parker for President. 1897—Robert Van Wyck (the "Ice Man") for Mayor of Greater New York. 1898—Augustus Van Wyck (a brother of the "Ice Man," and himself an "Ice Man,") for Governor of New York. 1900—John B. Stanchfield (the lawyer of Richard Canfield, the gambler) for Governor of the State of New York. 1901—Edward M. Shepard (lawyer for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company) for Mayor of Greater New York. 1902—Bird S. Coler (the "Spineless Man," who repudiated the plank in his party platform calling for Government ownership of the coal mines) for Governor of the State of New York. 1903—George E. McClellan (the "Gas Man") for Mayor of Greater New York. So much for the record of William R. Hearst as an independent in politics. For twenty-one years, without a single exception, he and his papers supported the head of the regular Democratic ticket. He did not fail to support the Democratic nominees in any of the many elections in which he took part.

lan, the "Gas Man," Coler, the "Spineless Man," Stanchfield, the "Gambler's Man," Shepard, the "Pennsylvania Railroad's Man," Cleveland, the "Bondholder's Man," and Parker, the "Belmont-Ryan Man." Not only did Mr. Hearst support the regular Democratic nominees for all those many years, but in 1902 and 1904 he was himself the regular Democratic Tammany Hall nominee for Congress, in both campaigns being elected. Further, in 1906, after being nominated for Governor of New York by the Independence League, he accepted the regular nomination of the Democratic party, then, as now, in the absolute control of "Finny" Connors and "Stripes" Murphy. During his twenty-eight years of political activity Mr. Hearst has been really independent in politics on just one important occasion. That was in 1905, when he was himself an independent candidate for Mayor of Greater New York. Needless to say, he supported himself—and was defeated. Mr. Hearst's independence in politics will last a year and a day—or until he can get a regular Democratic nomination to some office for himself. Most any old office will do—Congress, Mayor, Governor, Vice-President—any old thing. This campaign has three sights for the gods. Workingmen voting for Van Cleve, an injunction bill, Taft and the Manufacturers' Association, Samuel Gompers voting for Bryan, Haskell and the Citizens' Alliance. And twenty-year-old children voting for Hagen and the Independence League, which is the budget, the plaything and the private personal estate of Mr. W. R. Hearst.

THE COST OF A RICH MAN.

At the smallest average for the making of a single rich man we make a thousand whose life-long is one food of misery. The charnel houses of poverty are in the shadow of the palace, and as one is splendid, so is the other dark, poisonous, degraded. How can a man grow rich except on the spoils of others' labor? His splendidness is red and green, what is it but the most skillful expropriation of their necessities. The opening chest up his belt against their cries to him for help—James A. ...

THE LILY OF THE BOG.

By FERENC HERCEG. (Translated by Thomas Seltzer.)

SYNOPSIS. Juriska, an aristocratic young man, engaged to Adele, the daughter of a newly conventional professor, becomes interested in Jessi, a beautiful flower girl. His friend in the meantime lost heavily at cards and Juriska for his father's sake to a debt covering that debt. He was arrested and sentenced to a year's imprisonment. He finished a term on his release went to Budapest, where he took lodging in a dingy, small room. An irrepressible desire to see Jessi possessed him and he made inquiries about her and received many conflicting accounts. He found work with a maker of wrought iron, and once while working got a job in a factory. He met Adele and her mother, both of whom were dressed in mourning. They left him after an embarrassing recognition. When he argued that night he found Szentogrothy, the friend for whom he paid the debt, who told him that Jessi had written him but that the letter was returned. The next day, while returning from the factory, Juriska happened to look into a flower shop and saw the girl who had been now free from the Prince who had been supporting her, was the proprietress. He entered. A happy meeting took place which resulted in a mutual confession of love. Jessi explained that the store was bought with the money that Juriska left with her before he was imprisoned. (Continued from yesterday.)

CHAPTER XVII. Two Years After.

The forest officials of Szombina joined the mine officials in arranging a beautiful May festival in the Ararial forest. In drawing up the list of guests, they put their heads together and deliberated long as to whether John Kovacs, the blacksmith of Farkasvolgy, should be invited or not. It was in favor of the Kovacs that the wife was a charming blond who had laid her spell on the director long before, though he knew her only by sight. In opposition to the regular order that the Kovacs couple had now been settled in the region for a whole year, and in the face of all tradition, had failed to pay a formal call upon the respectable families of the Ararial mine district in the regular order of rotation prescribed by immemorial custom. The wife of the director rendered the verdict—the Kovacs can not be invited. They were strange people, this Kovacs and his wife. The director's wife, who had retired under in a large stretch of country, quiet and secluded as a pair of hawks. Their home, a little Swiss house, was two minutes' walk from the blacksmith forge. The wife was a massive, black wooden hut, and here the huge hammer rose and fell, impelled by a puffing engine, and half naked, soot blackened fellows worked over the red hot iron, converting it into axes and ploughshares. The teamsters of Kronstadt carried the finished implements to the valley, and the farmers of Lower Hungary ploughed the soil of Mother Earth with them. Kovacs had bought the decaying estate cheaply, from its former master, who had ruined it by playing the grand seigneur. He went to work upon it with great industry. He was in the blacksmith shop from morning until evening. The forest keepers, whom he sometimes teased, and who were ready to testify to anybody who cared to know that he often picked up the hammer in his own hands and worked side by side with his employees. His face covered with dust, his shirt sleeves rolled up, he stood at the glowing fire, and the forest re-echoed merrily with the rhythmic blows upon the anvil. If at such times his wife entered the smithy she usually emerged with the tip of her nose black, and her hair in a tangle. To the curious society folk of Szombina Kovacs and his wife long remained a puzzle. The wife scarcely ever left her thicket, yet even in her own house she wore dresses evidently made in Budapest. The man worked as a peasant, but had the manners of a magnate. The postmaster discovered that their new neighbors had not always born the name of Kovacs, and that there was a stain upon the man's name—some treasury deficit or some unsavory story about a legacy. The chief forester, however, who once visited Kovacs concerning some articles of chase, brought back the report that there was not a particle of truth in all this little-tattle; that they were real gentle folk, and that they treated their guests to old plum brandy and freshly baked popovers. The society people of the Ararial celebrated their May festival without the Kovacs couple, and, as the "Courier of Szombina" reported the next day, the affair turned out a most brilliant success. The dancing grounds were decorated with Japanese lanterns and national flags, the ladies weaved garlands of oak leaves into their hair, the local band played the favorite "Ladies Polka," and the young people—these are the words of the afore-mentioned paper—"paid zealous homage to Terpsichore." But what the "Courier of Szombina" omitted to mention was that the postmaster had grown tipsy toward evening, and had charged the district attorney with the postmaster having voted for the opposition in the last national election. The newspaper, too, was silent regarding the further fact that in his indignation over this infamous imputation, the district attorney called the postmaster a porcupine, and the two obese gentlemen would then and there, "stand pede," have flown at each other's throats, had it not been for the timely intervention of their sober sons, who separated them. The director's wife, a very fine lady, scandalized by the scene, left the place demonstratively, and in the company of her following, betook herself to the Bagolyko (Owl) Pock, which offered a splendid view of the valley below. To the right lay the basin of Szombina with the railroad viaduct; to the left Farkasvolgy, a deep green, narrow glade, inclosed between two black walls of forest. Here was situated the estate of John Kovacs, on a mountain-side the blacksmith shop and some workmen's huts; in the meadow, nestling in a young garden, the little Swiss house. A pair of century-old pine trees guarded the house like two Capuchin monks. Thus viewed from afar it seemed a very pretty place in the eyes of the director's wife, though its value would rise when the railroad would be built on that side also. The director disposed themselves upon the award of the decline, and the young folk were just beginning to liberate as to what they should sing, whether "God's Canopy, the World," or "What Burns so Brightly Under?" when suddenly all grew silent and turned their eyes to the narrow forest path along which they saw two tall figures approaching. It was the blacksmith and his wife. The two came slowly strolling up the path. The wife wore a white summer garb with her husband's green hunter's cap upon her head and a large bunch of forest flowers in her hand. The man had his gun over his shoulders, was bareheaded, and hung on the arm of his wife. They had to nestle close up to each other in order to be able to walk side by side in the narrow pathway. When they passed by the company on the Bagolyko Pock, the man raised his light bow of his browned head. The woman, however, grew visibly embarrassed, but she soon regained her composure, removed her husband's cap from her head, and displayed two rows of dazzling white teeth as she smiled. They walked quietly on along the ridge of the mountain. Before them the seven peaked range stretched in long, black-blue waves across the distant horizon, and the heavens above shed their purple glow upon the dark mountains below. The director's wife and her retinue followed the pair long with their gaze. The two vanishing silhouettes seemed to them to assume huge dimensions, and to be walking in a straight line through the fiery vaults of heaven. "It is my opinion," finally observed the director's wife, who led none too sweet a life, "that the man and woman, it is my opinion that it would have been a pity to invite those two to our festival. They amuse each other much better alone." THE END.

BERNARD SHAW ON ABLE-BODIED PAUPERS.

Whoever has intelligently observed the tramp, or visited the able-bodied ward of a workhouse, will admit that our social failures are not all drunkards and weaklings. Some of them are men who do not fit the class they were born into. Precisely the same qualities that make the educated gentleman an artist may make an uneducated manual laborer an able-bodied pauper. There are men who fall helplessly into the workhouse because they are good for nothing; but there are also men who are there because they are strong-minded enough to disregard the social convention (obviously not a disinterested one on the part of the rate-payer) which bids a man live by heavy and badly paid idleness when he has the alternative of walking into the workhouse, announcing himself as a destitute person, and legally compelling the guardians to feed, clothe and house himself without great exertion. When a man who is born a poor refuges a stool in a stockbroker's office, and starves in a garret, spunging on a poor landlady, or on his friends and relatives; sooner that he work against his grain; or when a lady, because she is a lady, will face any extremity of parasitic dependence rather than take a situation as cook or parlormaid, we make large allowance for them. To such allowances the able-bodied pauper, and his nomadic variant the tramp, are equally entitled. Further, the imaginative man, if his life is to be tolerable to him, must have leisure to tell himself stories, and a position which lends itself to imaginative decoration. The ranks of unskilled labor offer no such position. We misuse our laborers horribly; and when a man refuses to say that he is refusing honest work, let us be frank in this matter before we go on with our play; so that we may enjoy it without hypocrisy. If we were reasoning far-sighted people, four-fifths of our work would be straight to the credit of the State, and back to the State.

"LABOR AND CAPITAL ARE ONE." "Times are hard," said the Picked Chicken. "Why," said the Rat, "this is an era of prosperity; see how I have feathered my nest." "But," said the Picked Chicken, "you have gotten my feathers." "You must not think," said the Rat, "that because I get more comfort I get poorer." "But," said the chicken, "you produce no feathers, and I keep none." "If you would use your teeth—" interrupted the Rat. "I—" said the Picked Chicken. "Without consumers like me," said the Rat, "there would be no demand for the feathers which you would produce." "I will vote for a change," said the Picked Chicken. "Only those who have feathers can vote," said the Rat.