

# THE NEW YORK EVENING CALL

A NEWSPAPER FOR THE WORKERS

VOL. 1. NO. 7.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JUNE 6, 1908.

PRICE ONE CENT.

## DETECTIVES ACCUSED OF BRUTAL ASSAULT

### Man Arrested for Attacking Officers, Turns Tables.

### WITNESSES CORROBORATE HIM

### In Magistrate Moss's Court High School Teacher Tells Story of Outrageous Treatment by Plain Clothes Men.

Michael J. Rein, and Lieutenant John Becker, two central office detectives, had tables turned on them in Jefferson Market Court this morning. Instead of being the complainants they are virtually defendants.

When the case of Frederick W. Dixon, charged with assaulting an officer, came before Magistrate Moss, it was clearly seen that the testimony would be strong against the detectives. Instead of assaulting the officer, about half a dozen witnesses testified that Mr. Dixon was brutally beaten by the detectives and unjustly placed under arrest.

The story of the arrest as brought out before the court is that Mr. Dixon, who is an instructor at the Montclair, N. J., High School, was on a West street car last Thursday on his way to meet his sister, who was expected on the steamer Teutonic. He wanted to transfer to a 23d street crostown car. When the car reached

## LAWBREAKERS TO BE "ADMONISHED" Philadelphia's Mayor Gentle with Criminal Landlords.

### HORRIBLE HOUSING CONDITIONS

### Authorities Can No Longer Ignore Public Sentiment "Stirred Up by Agitators" on Behalf of Poor Tenement Dwellers.

Special to The Call.

PHILADELPHIA, June 6.—Revelations of the shocking conditions that exist in the tenement districts of the City of Brotherly Love have aroused the people to a demand for reform, and Mayor Reburn has been forced to take ostensible action in deference to public opinion.

Unable longer to ignore popular sentiment in this matter, the Mayor consented to accompany the officers of the Octavia Hill Association, which is responsible for the agitation, upon a round of tenements, and the smells that assailed his nostrils and the sights that insulted his vision caused him to express himself as horrified. He declared that the city needed more sanitary inspectors to prevent the continued existence of such evils, and expressed a hope that Councils would increase the force.

**Disease-Breeding Dens.**  
Buildings were found to be fire-traps and plague-incubators. There was an almost universal absence of fire-escapes, in flagrant violation of law, and in most cases there was no sewer connection. The premises were heaped with filth, and excrement littered the hallways. Sleeping rooms that utterly lacked ventilation were so packed with lodgers that the atmosphere was almost as pestilential as that of the "Black Hole" of Calcutta.

**Mayor Lenient to Lawbreakers.**  
Despite the horrors that were shown him, however, the Mayor was disposed to be lenient with the offenders.

"I intend to have the inspectors speak to the owners of the places which are in worst condition," he said

## SYMPATHY TO MEN FROM THE PRESIDENT

### Message of Condolence to Victims of Explosion on Cruiser Tennessee.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—The President this morning sent the following telegram:

"WASHINGTON, June 6.—Commander in Chief of the Pacific fleet: Am greatly concerned over accident on the Tennessee. I hope the wounded are doing well.

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

**Special to The Call.**  
LOS ANGELES, June 6.—Six men dead and eight others seriously injured is the result of the bursting of a four-inch steam pipe yesterday on the armored cruiser Tennessee, of the Pacific fleet, on detached service at Santa Barbara. Four of the men were killed outright and two others died after the Tennessee arrived at San Pedro last night. Five more of the injured are said to be fatally scalded.

**Admiral Narrowly Escaped.**  
The Tennessee is Admiral Stribee's flagship. The admiral himself narrowly escaped injury or death, as just before the explosion he had tried the door of the boiler room, which was automatically locked.

The accident occurred at 11 A. M., an hour after the Tennessee had left Santa Barbara, with six other vessels of the fleet, for a voyage down the coast.

**The Killed and Injured.**  
The dead are George Wood, water tender, Scranton, Pa.; E. C. Boggs, fireman, Woodland, Ala.; S. S. Tomates, fireman, Norfolk, Va.; F. S. Maxfield, fireman, Tonghocken, Pa.; A. Reinhold, machinist, Germany, G. A. Meek, fireman, Skidmore, Kan.

The injured are E. J. Burns, coal passer, New York; W. S. Burns, coal passer, Brooklyn; J. P. Carroll, fireman, Hartford, Conn.; C. H. Carns, fireman, Ironton, Ohio; A. Hayes, Brooklyn, N. Y.; H. Fitzpatrick, Brooklyn, N. Y.; R. M. Watson, fireman, East St. Louis; R. R. Rutledge, coal passer, Athens, Pa.

**Modern Cave Dwellers.**  
At some places two families were found living in one dark and filthy cellar.

Only one hydrant was found at 427 1/2 Pine street, where the top floor of the front building is used as a sweatshop, and there are nine small houses in the rear. The fire-escape is used as a common passageway to the rear of the buildings. The present condition endangers the lives of the children, and the landlord has refused to alter it.

The ten-room house at 719 Broad street is occupied by nine families, two of which live in the cellar. There is only one hydrant in this house.

So far the agitation for improved conditions in these profit-prolific tenements has borne not even the promise of fruit. The Republican ring in Philadelphia is as completely controlled by graft as is Democratic Tammany Hall in New York.

## ACETYLENE EXPLODES

### Third Time Plant Has Blown Up.

### CONCUSSION WRECKS HOSPITAL

### Ten Thousand People Attracted to the Scene of the Explosion—Sheet of Steel Blown Distance of Two City Blocks.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., June 6.—For the third time the Prest O. Lite plant blew up again this morning, this time at the new factory. Eight persons were injured, one enginehouse was wrecked and St. Vincent's Hospital, filled with patients, was badly damaged. The exact cause has not been learned. A number of deaths are expected. The force of the explosion was such that it was heard all over Indianapolis. Windows were broken in downtown office buildings. Ten minutes after the tank of acetylene let go ten thousand people had rushed to the neighborhood.

The company stores acetylene gas under high pressure, in small tanks, for lighting automobiles.

A twisted sheet of steel, one-quarter of an inch thick and nearly six feet long, from one of the large gas tanks, was blown two squares to the south, landing into the yards of the Big Four Railroad. It was blown high in the air like a piece of paper, and struck with such force that it cut completely through an oak tie of the railroad track.

The east gable of the hospital was blown off. Two-thirds of the windows were demolished. The explosion did greater damage perhaps to patients whose condition was made worse by the shock, than any other way. A number of patients are awaiting difficult operations and the injury to them cannot be estimated.

### TRAFFIC SQUAD NOW SEPARATE.

With the opening of a new police station at 36 East Ninth street to-day, Commissioner Bingham's plan for an entirely making the traffic squad into a separate inspection district under Inspector Schmittberger, is carried into effect.

## DEFIANTLY BREAK LAW

### Jockey Club Officials File No Report.

### BOLDLY IGNORE THE STATUTE

### Office of Secretary of State Has Received No Accounting of Expenditures of Race-track Interests in Lobbying Against Adverse Legislation.

Special to The Call.  
ALBANY, June 6.—That the Jockey Club considers itself above the statutory law, just as for years it has defied the constitution of the State of New York, has been demonstrated by the failure of that body of plutocratic alders and abettors of race-track gambling to observe the provisions of the law enacted a year ago, which compels persons and corporations to make return to the Secretary of State by their expenditures in connection with the promotion of legislation.

Such reports under the statute must be filed before June 23. That they must be filed by all but the Jockey Club. With the members of our Monte Carlo syndicate, the motto seems to be "The Jockey Club may obey the law; everybody else must."

Not a syllable of the report demanded has been sent to Albany. Letters sent by the clerks of the Secretary of State have been ignored. The no doubt that the Jockey Club has expended large sums for private with Governor Hughes to enjoy their privilege of unconstitutional robbery, and members of the club have so admitted. It seems, however, to be clearly a matter "between gentlemen," if their replies to inquiries indicate their sentiment. Some of the corporations which have complied with the mandate of the people as represented in the statute mentioned follow:

- Travlers' Life Insurance Company, of Hartford; expense to favor bill liberalizing expenses of agents, \$250.
- New York Tax Reform Association, for all tax reform bills, \$247.
- National Lead Company; favoring a bill for pure paints, \$134.
- Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research; bill amending its charter, \$6.
- New York Dock Company; wharfage legislation, \$50.
- New York Child Labor Committee; favoring anti-child labor legislation, \$159.
- Mutual Life Insurance Company; to President's Association for general legislation, \$56.
- Association of Residents of South Road, Poughkeepsie; to prevent location of state training school on road, \$560.
- Building Trades Employers' Association; general trade legislation, \$5,297.
- New York Anti-Saloon League; favoring temperance legislation, \$1,254.
- City Club of New York; General City Legislation, \$27; agents being regular employees.
- The Stewart-Karbaugh-Shanley Company of New York City, to-day filed with the Secretary of State a certificate increasing its capital stock from \$100,000 to \$500,000. This is the concern which a few months ago received contracts for the construction of a large number of good roads under award by State Engineer and Surveyor Skene. The members of the corporation are operating contracting plants in various other states, as well as in New York, under different corporate titles. The incorporators include A. M. Stewart, J. C. Stewart, M. S. Karbaugh, William C. Shanley, J. Roosevelt Shanley and Frank Brown.

## THIRD AVENUE RECEIVER OBSTRUCTS NEW SUBWAY

Frederick W. Whitridge, receiver of the Third Avenue Railroad, has informed the projectors of the Lexington avenue subway that the Third Avenue Railroad will give no consent to the use of any of its land on Lexington avenue, between 129th street and the Harlem River, for subway purposes. Leroy T. Harkness, who was sent to see property owners along the amended route of the proposed subway, has made an affidavit before the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court recording the refusal to talk terms.

## MISSISSIPPI STILL RISING.

ST. LOUIS, June 6.—Reports of heavy damages from floods continue to come to St. Louis. At Murphyboro, more than a million dollars damage has been done, according to a message received this morning. The Mississippi River is steadily rising and spreading. It is nearly six miles wide at this point.

## POLITICAL STAGE MANAGERS READY

### Planning the Dramatic Effects for Taft's Nomination.

### IT IS COUNTED A SURE THING

### Republican National Committee Clinching It by Sending Taft Proxies in Committee and Deciding Contests in His Favor.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—On the confident assumption that Taft is to be the nominee of the Chicago convention, the administration stage managers are making all arrangements for doing the thing with proper dramatic effect.

It is understood that Representative Burton will take twenty minutes in proposing Secretary Taft as the presidential candidate of his party, and that Senator Borah will consume not more than six or seven minutes in seconding the nomination.

Other speeches probably will be governed by the same limitations, although the convention allows each speaker to be the judge of the time he may consume in making nominations. When brevity has not controlled orators on such occasions, an impatient audience generally has called time on them. The ordeal of speaking in a large auditorium is a still more potent factor in securing short addresses, as few men have voices sufficiently powerful to stand the strain more than ten or fifteen minutes.

CHICAGO, June 6.—Without roll calls, the Republican National Committee yesterday decided the contests from Alabama and Arkansas, involving twenty-four seats in the Republican National Convention, in favor of the delegates instructed for Secretary Taft. The victory for the Taft forces was sweeping. Contests from Florida, Georgia and Kentucky, involving thirty-four seats, are scheduled to be heard to-day.

Representatives of the anti-Taft "allies" met last night and drew up a second statement of protest against the seating in the National Committee of three Taft men who are not committee-men, with proxies for absent members. The three men in question are Frank H. Hitchcock, the Taft manager; Arthur F. Stratter, ex-Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, and Charles G. Phelps, of Washington, both assistants to Mr. Hitchcock. They led a party of National Committee-men from New Mexico, Alaska and North Dakota.

## ALLEGED THIEVES STANDING SIEGE

### Three Men in House Near Pittsburg Defy Posse.

### COUNTY DETECTIVE IS WOUNDED

### One of Men Suspected of Robbing Coal Company's Store Is Killed in Fight and Others Continue Desperate Resistance.

PITTSBURG, Pa., June 6.—County Detective John Englert shot and killed a man and was himself wounded in the wrist and in the body while attempting to arrest four men whom he had surrounded in a house near the Pittsburg coal company's mines, two miles from Elizabeth.

The shooting occurred at 9:45 this morning, while the detective and a posse of citizens were attempting to arrest men suspected of being implicated in the robbery of the Monongahela Consolidated Coal and Coke company's general store, at Boston.

Thomas Travers is said to be the name of the man shot by Englert.

Three of the men are still in the house and are holding the posse in check with revolvers.

The citizens, reinforced by a number of officers from Elizabeth, are maintaining the siege until the arrival of county detectives.

The report reached the county headquarters at 10 o'clock and the county engineer's automobile left a few minutes afterward with Detectives Brown, O'Malley, O'Brien, McMillen, Mitchell, and Mann.

Word was sent for the posse to hold out until the arrival of the officers. A desperate battle is expected to occur when the detectives reach the scene.

**TO WORKINGMEN.**  
The Call is, first, last and ALL the time, a workingman's newspaper. It publishes the news, all the news, and NOTHING BUT THE NEWS—in its news columns. It tells the TRUTH—something no other paper in New York often does about anything, and which none of them EVER do about labor matters.

Mr. Workingman, the Call is YOUR newspaper, published in your interest and speaking for your cause. Its mission is to see that you get a "square deal" instead of merely a promise of one.

The Call supports you, Mr. Workingman, and it is both your duty and your interest to support The Call. Let us help EACH OTHER. Here's our hand!



### That "Full Dinner Pail."

BY GORDON NYE.

Mr. Workingman, study this cartoon for a minute. Here is pictured for you a conception of what the average politician of the two old parties believes you to be. During the coming Presidential campaign these politicians, their dupes and other fools, will tell you a great deal about the tariff, currency, trusts and other fashionable "isms." Among other things they will tell you some more about the famous "full dinner pail." No

doubt you will see so many banners, pictures and photographs of the pail, that after a while you will almost be convinced that you are also an owner of a pail. The foolish politicians, their dupes and other fools, believe all you need, all you want and all that is necessary to make you happy IS A FULL STOMACH. The Poverty Crime, Vice, Drunkenness and Famine who glut their awful appetites upon you, day after day, are nothing to you, Mr. Workingman. No! all you need, Mr. Workingman, is a full stomach. Sort of a pizazz notion,

and no doubt if the politicians and the rest of them told you in plain words the real meaning of that "full dinner pail" battle-cry, you would become indignant and feel within you mingled emotions of wrath and scorn for that dear friend of the Common People—Mr. Politician. Nevertheless, the "full dinner pail" argument is used as bait for your vote. It means no more, or no less than this—THAT YOUR MIND, LIKE THE PIG'S, IS EVER THINKING AND DWELLING ON A FULL STOMACH!

the sacrifices of our little boys and girls, is nothing to you. The selfishness of class which gorges itself, month after month, upon ravenous conquest and remorseless exploitation, is nothing to you. That our weaker brothers perish miserably of cold hunger, amid such an accumulation of wealth as was never known before, since the stars looked down upon a newly made world, is nothing to you, Mr. Workingman. No! all you need, Mr. Workingman, is a full stomach. Sort of a pizazz notion,

SPORTS.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York and Brooklyn Again Lose—Cincinnati, Chicago and Philadelphia Win.

RESULTS OF YESTERDAY'S GAMES. St. Louis, 4; New York, 2. Cincinnati, 4; Brooklyn, 1. New York, 4; Pittsburgh, 1. Chicago, 4; Boston, 2.

WHERE THEY PLAY TO-DAY. St. Louis at New York. Cincinnati at Brooklyn. Philadelphia at Philadelphia. Chicago at Boston.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS. Table with columns for Club, Won, Lost, Per Ct. St. Louis leads with 22 wins and 15 losses.

The Cardinals made it two of the Giants yesterday by good luck, and had fielding on the New York side—especially from Shannon. Things are looking serious when the St. Louis can beat McGraw's men two straight.

It was thought that with White in the box the home team would make good, but he couldn't perform miracles. Shannon, in left field, bungled a hit from Murray in the first inning and it became a three-bagger.

Karger pitched for the visitors and made a good showing. There was some kicking around in Rudderham's decision. R. H. E. St. Louis, 1; 0-0-0-1-0-1-0-2-4-6-2.

IN BROOKLYN. Brooklyn's second defeat yesterday at the hands of Cincinnati was due to poor judgment in hitting. Being pitched for by the Reds, and while the Brooklyn men found him, they were wild in placing their hits, and got locked for it.

AT PHILADELPHIA. R. H. E. Philadelphia, 1; 0-0-0-1-0-0-1-10-3-10-3. Cincinnati, 0; 0-0-0-1-0-0-0-2-7-2-2.

AT BOSTON. R. H. E. Chicago, 1; 0-0-0-2-0-0-0-1-4-10-2. Boston, 0; 0-0-0-1-0-0-0-2-7-2-2.

THE EASTERN LEAGUE. RESULTS OF YESTERDAY'S GAMES. Providence, 0; Jersey City, 4. Montreal, 10; Rochester, 4. Baltimore, 6; Newark, 2.

WHERE THEY PLAY TO-DAY. Providence at Jersey City. Newark at Baltimore. Rochester at Montreal. Buffalo at Toronto.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS. Table with columns for Club, Won, Lost, Per Ct. Buffalo leads with 20 wins and 13 losses.

AT JERSEY CITY. Yesterday's game was uninteresting, neither the Providence nor Jersey City team making any strenuous effort.

AT BALTIMORE. R. H. E. Baltimore, 0; 0-0-0-0-1-0-0-3-10-3. Newark, 0; 0-0-0-1-0-0-0-2-8-3.

AT TORONTO. R. H. E. Buffalo, 3; 0-0-0-1-0-1-1-6-8-0-2. Toronto, 2; 0-0-1-0-1-0-1-0-5-8-0.

AT MONTREAL. R. H. E. Rochester, 0; 0-0-0-0-0-4-0-4-9-4. Montreal, 2; 1-0-3-2-2-0-0-3-10-14-1.

OTHER LEAGUES. NEW YORK STATE LEAGUE. At Gloversville, N. Y.—Syracuse, 10; J. G. T., 6.

NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE. At Lawrence, 14; Lowell, 5. At New Bedford—New Bedford, 5; Worcester, 1.

TRI-STATE LEAGUE. At Wilmington—Harrisburg, 9; Wilmington, 11. At Trenton—Wilmington, 7; Trenton, 3.

CONNECTICUT LEAGUE. At Bridgeport—Bridgeport, 0; Waterbury, 2. At Meriden—Meriden, 0; Springfield, 1.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE. At Atlanta—Atlanta, 3; Memphis, 6. At Nashville—Nashville, 3; New Orleans, 2.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Giants Lose to Cleveland Again—Detroit Evens Up With Boston—Chicago Defeats Washington.

RESULTS OF YESTERDAY'S GAMES. Cleveland, 6; New York, 4. Detroit, 3; Boston, 7. Chicago, 2; Washington, 1. St. Louis-Philadelphia (rain).

WHERE THEY PLAY TO-DAY. New York at Cleveland. Boston at Detroit. Washington at Chicago. Philadelphia at St. Louis.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS. Table with columns for Club, Won, Lost, Per Ct. Cleveland leads with 24 wins and 19 losses.

AT CLEVELAND. CLEVELAND, June 6.—Two pitchers, Glade and Lake, were tried by Griffith today in the effort to save his men from a second defeat by the Cleveland team, but it was useless.

Both young men were batted freely, and only good fielding prevented the home team from making the score larger. Rhoades led the first two innings on the other side, and after three runs had been scored off him, Leibold was substituted.

AT CHICAGO. R. H. E. Chicago, 2; 0-0-0-0-0-0-0-2-5-2. Washington, 0; 0-0-0-1-0-0-0-10-2. Batteries—Kilham and Schmitt; Barnes and Street. Umpire—Mr. Connolly.

AT DETROIT. R. H. E. Detroit, 0; 1-5-0-0-0-0-2-12-0. Boston, 4; 0-0-0-2-0-0-1-0-7-11-3.

COLLEGE GAMES. At Worcester—Holy Cross, 3; Massachusetts Agricultural College, 1.

BASEBALL NOTES. Frank Howman suffered a severe injury to the right arm while playing for the Cubs yesterday afternoon at Boston when a foul tip from Steinfield's bat hit his middle finger, splitting the bone and breaking the knuckle.

FUNDS WANTED FOR THE OLYMPIC GAMES. All organizations, individuals and clubs that are now collecting funds for the Olympic games are requested to telegraph or telephone the treasurer, Julian W. Curtis, 126 Nassau street, New York, by Monday morning the exact amount they expect to collect, so the committee can intelligently select the team on Monday afternoon.

OLYMPIC TRY-OUT IN PHILADELPHIA TO-DAY. The big try-out of Eastern athletes for the Olympic games in London takes place in Philadelphia to-day.

DAILY WILL RACE AT GALWAY MEN'S GAMES. J. J. Daly, the champion ten-miler of the United States, Canada and Ireland, will compete in the four-mile scratch event to-morrow at the Galway Men's Association's annual picnic and games which are to be held at Celtic Park.

CHESS GAMES WON BY MASTERS IN TOURNEY. PRAGUE, Bohemia, June 6.—Excepting Leonhardt and Janowski, all the leaders in the international chess masters' tournament won their games in the fourteenth round in this city yesterday.

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SOUTHERN LEAGUE. At Atlanta—Atlanta, 3; Memphis, 6. At Nashville—Nashville, 3; New Orleans, 2.

RACING BRUTALITY STILL UNCHECKED

Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Sends Men to Graves—end, But—

Four men from the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals were at the Gravesend race track yesterday. The exposure in the Call of the brutality daily witnessed in New York's bull ring stirred them finally to other duty than the pleasant one of soliciting subscriptions.

There was some ugly talk as to the condition of Gobe Luchow which started in the fifth race. On form he looked to hold the others safe and the public backed him from 2 to 2 to 9 to 5.

THE APPELLATE DIVISION OF THE SUPREME COURT handed down a decision to-day affirming the action of Justice Burr in sentencing Lieutenant August Kuhne, the acting captain in command of the Detective Bureau in Brooklyn, to thirty days in Raymond street jail and a fine of \$250 for contempt.

THE POLICE DEPARTMENT will pay his expenses in fighting the case, if the law allows, and it is said that Kuhne will now carry the case up to the Court of Appeals.

THE BOARD OF ESTIMATES, at its meeting yesterday, authorized the appropriation of \$20,000 to defray the expenses of a special examination of the steel work on Blackwell's Island Bridge.

THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION obtained an issue of \$450,000 for current expenses for the rest of the year and \$186,145 to purchase more land for the Brooklyn subway loop.

THE COMPROMISE presented a long statement to the Board, purporting to show that it would be impossible to build any subway before 1910.

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KUHNE TREATED RICH MAN SAME AS POOR

Now Appellate Division of Supreme Court Says Police Lieutenant Must Go to Jail for Contempt.

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PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION HELD MEETING LAST NIGHT

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PLUTOCRACY. SALVATORE ZIMBARDI GENERAL CONTRACTOR MASON AND BUILDER

345 East 149th St., New York Borough of The Bronx. Between Courtlandt and Morris Ave.

United States History. From 1492 to 1907—Condensed Form. Important events easy to memorize. An aid to school children and adults. By mail prepaid for ten cents, stamps or coin.

George Oberdorfer PHARMACIST. Prescriptions a Specialty. 2393 8th Ave., near 128th St.

Full City Lots

Situate vicinity of 149th Street & Southern Boulevard. Near Jackson Avenue Subway Station and the proposed 149th Street Station of the Harlem River Branch—6-track system—of the N. Y., New Haven and Hartford R. R.

\$1,500.00 each 1/3 Cash. Worth Double. WEBER & HILL LOT SPECIALISTS

Bronx Lots near Elevated and Subway \$600 up. EASY TERMS. A. SHATZKIN & SONS 149th St. and 3d Ave., N. Y.

PHILIP BAUER Mason and Builder and General Contractor. 368 EAST 149TH STREET West of Third Ave. NEW YORK

SPECIAL SALE WILLIAMSBRIDGE LOTS. On the line of the new Subway \$100 Will buy a lot on the extension of new subway, BALANCE EASY TERMS

SOCIALIST PARTY Picnic and Summer night's Festival AT SULZER'S WESTCHESTER PARK

Build Your Home on one of the choice lots we are selling in the most beautiful section of the Bronx, fronting on Boston road, within 1 minute of station of four-track electric subway extension NOW being completed by the New Haven R. R.; prices \$800 up; easy terms; call and see

WEBER & HILL 368 East 149th St., N. Y. (Open also Sundays.) FLATBUSH REAL ESTATE. Owners Up Against It; Must Sell. TOO MUCH "PROSPERITY."

DEAD AND DYING  
LIE ON TRACK  
Wreck Near Annapolis a  
Disastrous Affair.

DAUGHTER OF MANAGER KILLED

Two Specials on Washington, Baltimore & Annapolis Electric Road Collide with Fatal Result.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., June 6.—Whirling toward each other on a single track after some mistake in schedules had been made, two powerful cars of the Washington, Baltimore & Annapolis Electric Railroad crashed together last night and in a few seconds eight persons lay dead and about twelve were injured.

The dead and injured are:

- Dead. William Norton, No. 1331 West Lombard Street, Baltimore, employed by Armour & Co. A. H. Schultz, North Guilford Avenue, Baltimore, employe of Crown Cork. George W. Green, Jr., Baltimore. James O'Neill, motorman of car; home in New York. Schriner, watchman for railroad company. McDaniel, employed by railroad company. Alice Slaughter, daughter of the general manager of company. Woman, thought to be a Miss Harris of Baltimore.

The Injured.

- Campbell, Peter J., State Senator, of Baltimore; cut about the legs and face. Campbell, Mrs., his wife; slightly hurt about the head. Campbell, Miss Mignon Catherine, their daughter; ankle broken and slightly cut about the head. Fine, William, of Annapolis; cut about the body. Jacobson, Harry, of Baltimore; ankle sprained. McDaniels, Mrs., of Baltimore; bruised about the body. Schultz, Mrs. A. H., of Baltimore; cut about the body. Slaughter, William E., general passenger agent of the W. B. A. R. R. Co., with headquarters in Baltimore; seriously hurt about the head and body. Van Meter, Miss, of Martinsburg, W. Va.; leg broken and cut about the face and arms. White, W. W., of Baltimore; cut about the head. White, Mrs., of Baltimore; hurt about the body. Williams, B. B., of Baltimore; slightly cut about the arms. Williams, Thomas, of Baltimore; cut about the head and face. Wilson, Thomas, of Annapolis; bruised about the legs. Judge James R. Brashears, of Annapolis; head cut, body bruised. Dressed for the Ballroom. The dead woman and two of the men were evidently on their way to

attend the June ball at the Naval Academy.

The responsibility for the accident has not been determined, but there appeared to be confusion in the orders as to where the cars should pass. The cars were both specials, one from Baltimore and the other from Annapolis. The accident occurred about ten minutes to eight. It is said that orders had been issued for the Baltimore car to wait at Beat's Gates, three miles from Annapolis, where there is a long siding, but in some way the orders were not received or understood and the car continued toward Annapolis.

Just as a curve had been rounded, trees obscuring the view, the two cars dashed together. William Mardesty, who lives near Camp Parole, was at his home and looking toward the track when the collision took place. He said that the cars approached each other at a high rate of speed, but that the motorman on one of them undoubtedly tried to check his car, as he heard the noise of the brake tightening.

Both cars were turned over on their sides and a number of the passengers were caught underneath, but fortunately none of the injured was so held that there was much difficulty in releasing them.

KING EDWARD WILL VISIT RULER OF THE RUSSIANS

LONDON, June 6.—Closer relations between Russia and Great Britain and a readjustment of European politics is expected as a result of King Edward's visit to St. Petersburg.

When the King lands in the realm of the Czar he will be the first English ruler to set foot on Russian soil. The royal party, consisting of King Edward, Queen Alexandra and Princess Victoria, accompanied by a large suite, went to Port Victoria last night, where they boarded the royal yacht, Victoria and Albert, which sailed for Reval, Russia, at 4 o'clock this morning. The cruisers Minotaur and Achilles and four torpedo boat destroyers will meet the yacht at Kiel to act as escort on the voyage.

LEGISLATURE WILL RECONVENE MONDAY

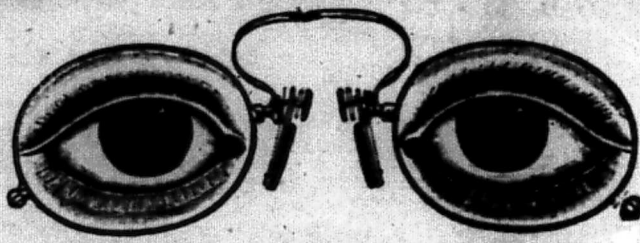
ALBANY, June 6.—After a week's recess the special session of the Legislature will reconvene on Monday night and will probably adjourn for good on June 11, as Republican members want to start on June 12 for the Republican national convention at Chicago.

The date for final adjournment is not certain. It may depend on whether Senator Foelker, now sick in Poughkeepsie, can get here to vote on the race track betting bills. In the regular session the vote stood 25 to 25. If Foelker can get here, it is said, Governor Hughes can count on a majority. His opponents are willing to give him till Monday to bring the bills to a vote. If final action is not taken, the Governor may call a special session shortly before election, when his opponents would be less willing to record themselves in defense of race-track gambling.

HOLD-UP MEN MAKE RICH HAUL

LOS ANGELES, Cal., June 5.—W. F. Botsford, president of the American National Bank, was held up and robbed of jewelry and diamonds valued at \$10,000 yesterday while taking the gems to a safety deposit vault.

\$3.00 EYE GLASSES \$1.00



DR. H. H. MERMELSTEIN, 392 GRAND STREET. All Cars Transfer to Grand St.

Dr. Mermelstein has tested more eyes and fitted more glasses than any other reputable oculist in New York City. Dr. Mermelstein, owing to his large practice, manufactures his own lenses and this enables him to furnish better glasses for less money than any other optician. I give my PERSONAL attention to every CASE and every one is assured a careful examination with best instruments known to science. Examination of your eyes absolutely free.

DR. MERMELSTEIN'S \$3.00 Glasses, Including Frame, for \$1.00 392 GRAND ST., NEW YORK.

Special Instruments for Children's Eyes. Comrades Kindly Bring This Ad.

Our Daily Puzzle.



Little Tommy Tucker sang for his supper. What did he sing for? White bread and butter. How could he cut it without any knife? How could he marry, with-out any wife? Find a wife for him. ANSWER TO YESTERDAY'S PUZZLE: Upside down, in front of Robin Hood.

AMUSEMENTS.

STEEPLE CHASE Coney Island's Funny Place Most Gigantic Steel Amusement Structure in the World. WE CREATE FUN. OTHERS COPY.

LAUNDRIES.

COMMONWEALTH HAND LAUNDRY. 140 Nassau Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. Send a postal for wagon to call any part of Greenpoint or Long Island City.

TEAS AND COFFEES.

Fred T. Jackson, Importer, 111 Water St., New York. Coffee and Teas. Family trade; 5 lb. lots at wholesale rates. Send postal card, we will call for order and deliver free of charge.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.

470 Second St., Brooklyn.—Large and small furnished rooms; Park slope, between Sixth and Seventh Aves.; good neighborhood; prices reasonable. Extra large front parlor, suitable for dentist; 100 feet east of Williamsburgh Bridge Plaza. 273 S. 5th st., Brooklyn.

Large, elegant front room, suitable for two; all conveniences; \$5; references. 137 West 97th st.

One of the striking women telegraphers who has good furniture to furnish seven rooms, wishes to hear from two or three young unionist or Socialist gentlemen. Apartment E2, 3778 Eighth Ave.

Front hall room, near Williamsburgh Bridge Plaza; reasonable terms. 273 S. 5th, Brooklyn.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

To all Labor and Progressive Organizations: You are requested to take notice that the Union Label has been withdrawn from the printing office of John H. Lenz, of 1274 Second Avenue, for repeated violations of the rules governing the use of same.

With fraternal greetings, Thos. J. Canary, Sec'y., Allied Printing Trades Council of Greater New York.

SOCIALIST SUNDAY SCHOOLS IN A JUNE WALK.

On Saturday, June 6, at 2 P. M., the Williamsburgh Sunday School, numbering 100 children, conducted by Miss J. Shapiro, Borough Park Sunday School, numbering 75 children, conducted by M. M. Schaeffer, and the Park Slope Sunday School, with an attendance of 25 children, conducted by Mrs. Bertha Fraser, will unite in a Grand June Walk to Prospect Park, Brooklyn, and banners representing each school will be carried by the children. For the first time in the history of the Park, songs of Socialism will be heard.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Finest Apartments in Bronx. Five and six extra large rooms and bath. 1 family on floor; 3-family house; steam heat, tiled bathrooms, private halls; rent, 5 rooms and bath, \$20 and \$21; 6 rooms and bath, \$22 and \$23; 1 block north of Gun Hill Road, on Bronxwood Ave., 904 and 906 East 213th St. Com. Jos. F. Loughery, Owner.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

Neatly furnished room for two gentlemen; \$5.00; first floor, 438 9th ave., near 27th st.

FURNISHED ROOMS WANTED.

Wanted furnished or unfurnished room in vicinity of East 23d st. by Socialist woman; moderate rent. Address A. K., Call office.

STATIONERS.

Get Your Stationery, Tobacco, Cigars, Books, Magazines and Newspapers from THE PROGRESSIVE BOOK STORE, 233 East 84th St., New York.

HELP WANTED.

Mrs. Berger's Employment Bureau wants immediately, houseworkers; 20 to 25 cooks, nurses, maids. 433 6th ave.

Young man about 18, must live in the vicinity of Freeman Street Station, to work in renting office. Must be bright. Apply Sunday, Fox 1234 So. Boulevard.

Wanted.—A competent outdoor speaker for several nights a week. Address, stating salary expected, Frank Schweitzer, 140 Nassau ave., Brooklyn.

Splendid Opportunity for Active Men. to learn the real estate business; call Room 1269, Hudson Tunnel Terminal, 50 Church St., between 1 and 4 P. M.

Bright, energetic men instructed in real estate. Call mornings, room 504, August F. Wegener, manager, Lint, Butcher & Ross, 132 Nassau street.

Young men to join Life and Drum Corps; apply in person or by letter to Young Men's Progressive Organization, 243 East 84th street. Meetings every Monday night.

Wanted a young German-speaking girl for housework. Apply from 8 to 10 A. M. every day to 4 P. M. Ring basement bell, Vlag. 112 E. 13th.

Norwegian, educated; to give some weekly lessons in reading his language. Address, Heidemann, 137 W. 97th st.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

\$2.50 WILL START YOU in a nice Tea, Coffee and Spice Business of Your Own. Our Special Offer for 1908 now ready, in regard to building up a successful Tea, Coffee and Spice Business. You can earn profits of \$10 to \$25 weekly, and even more. We assist you and work with you to make you successful. Thirty-five years in business. Write or call. BURNS & BRED, Importers, 209 Hudson Street, New York.

Make \$25.00 or More a Week.—Learn to write advertising; our unique new method is simple and practical; covers thoroughly every detail of publicity; we will start you in a profitable mail order business, from your own home; no money required; send only ten (10) 2 cent stamps for ten (10) complete lessons, also valuable proofreaders' chart FREE. W. P. Mills, Pres. Ad. Writers' Association, Oak Lane, Philadelphia, Pa.

PRINTING.

S. SCHREIBER. Union Paper Printer. Best facilities for finest work. 161-63 Broome St., Tel. 526 Orchard.

REAL ESTATE.

\$1,800 buys a small house and acre of fertile land, fruit trees, etc., located near station. Address Mark Patterson, Price Lath, Long Island.

THE CO-OPERATIVE PRESS 15 SPRUCE STREET NEW YORK CITY  
to this label on YOUR printing?  
BRANCH OFFICE: LABOR TEMPLE, 347 E. 84TH ST. ROOM 12 EVENINGS ONLY

THE VERY BEST CALIFORNIA BRANDY THE VERY BEST RYE WHISKY FOR FAMILY AND MEDICAL USE IS I. GOLDBERG'S ESTABL'D. 1873  
SOLD AT OUR 4 STORES  
WHERE EVER YOU LIVE, ONE OF THEM MUST BE WITHIN WALKING DISTANCE FROM YOU. 171 EAST BROADWAY - 5TH AVE. COR. 115TH ST. HOUSTON COR. CLINTON ST. BROOKLYN. PITKIN COR. ROCKAWAY NE.

Live Books on Live Subjects \$1.20 each, Postpaid.  
THE IRON HEEL. By Jack London.  
THE METROPOLIS. By Upton Sinclair.  
SOCIALISTS AT WORK. By Robert Hunter.  
NEW WORLDS FOR OLD. By H. G. Wells.  
THE SCARLET SHADOW. By Walter Hart.  
ADDRESS ALL ORDERS TO The Advance Publishing Co. 6 Park Place, New York City

WM. D. HAYWOOD IN SOUTH BROOKLYN. William D. Haywood, former secretary of the Western Federation of Miners, whose trial lately evoked attention all over the world, will speak in South Brooklyn in Prospect Hall, Prospect Ave., NEAR FIFTH AVENUE. Monday, June 8, at 8 P. M. Other speakers will be W. W. PASSAGE and JOHN BEHRINGER. Admission Free. Everybody Is Welcome.

Sterlings' Mifit Parlor SUITS FROM \$12.50 to \$22.50. Worth from \$25.00 to \$50.00. All we ask is a trial. 332 Ninth Ave., Near Fifth Ave. Brooklyn, N. Y.

LOUIS FACKERT, THE Socialist Coffee Man, 181 SOUTH ST., JERSEY CITY. Delivers Anywhere. RESTAURANT. S. GOLDMAN'S HUNGARIAN DAIRY RESTAURANT 23-25 Avenue C. FRED BENNETTS, PRACTICAL PAINTER AND PAPER-HANGER. ART WALL PAPER. 14 School St., Yonkers, N. Y. Phone: 14213. Oriental Building. Tel. 540-L Harlem. Dr. S. BERLIN, DENTIST. 22 East 108th St., New York.

Weiss Bier AND Cider Saloon AT 1466 Second Ave. Bet. 76th and 77th Streets. FIRST-CLASS LUNCH SERVED. Your patronage will be appreciated by John Henrich. HAT-MAKING SHOP. PANAMA HAT BLEACHERY. \$10 PANAMAS \$4. Nat R. Walker, 406 8th Ave. Telephone 2967-79th. DR. A. CARR, DENTIST. 123 E. 84th St., near Lexington Ave. BELL & KUCK, COUNSELORS AT LAW. Suite 825-6, World Building. 61 Park Row, New York. Telephone: 4779 Beckman.

HASBROUCK TERRACE HASBROUCK TERRACE needs no introduction to the readers of the Socialist press published in New York, but to those readers who have not seen our advertisements published heretofore from time to time, we desire to say the following: HASBROUCK TERRACE is one of the prettiest high-class development, at low-class development prices, within ten miles of City Hall. HASBROUCK TERRACE is located on a ridge two hundred feet above the sea level. It has a perfect natural drainage system, assuring healthfulness and freedom from any of the malarial effects concomitant with low lands. HASBROUCK TERRACE is being thoroughly improved. All streets are graded. Cement sidewalks, shade trees, city water and electric lights. There is one large public school on our property and two large public schools within five minutes' walk therefrom. HASBROUCK TERRACE is within easy walking distance of the Hasbrouck Heights, Lodi and Garfield Railroad Stations, and a trolley road passes each end of the property. HASBROUCK TERRACE is within forty-five minutes of New York at present. When the Hudson River Tunnels are completed and the railroad electrified, the time will be reduced to thirty minutes. HASBROUCK TERRACE lots are restricted. HASBROUCK TERRACE purchasers are guaranteed against any loss through sickness and death by our insurance certificate. The commutation rate to HASBROUCK TERRACE is eight cents. HASBROUCK TERRACE lots are selling to-day and to-morrow from \$250.00 up, with 10 per cent. cash and the balance in monthly payments of \$5.00 each. HASBROUCK TERRACE is surrounded on all sides by flourishing towns with large industries, and within a comparatively short time will be the center of a vast population. By buying now you are getting in on the ground floor, for values are destined to rise and investors in this proposition are bound to make money. We told all our investors who bought our Bronx and Brooklyn lots in 1904 and 1905 that values would surely rise and they would make money. All those who took our advice are much better off to-day for doing so. Our foresight and experience as real estate developers again tells you that values are still at the bottom in HASBROUCK TERRACE. Jump in and get a part of it before you are too late, and while you are paying it off let it grow in value. If you are looking for a home-site settle in HASBROUCK TERRACE. Come out next Sunday and take advantage of our special prices. Ten Dollars will secure a lot or two for you. Our representative at the Chambers Street Ferry (Eric Railroad) will furnish you with free transportation upon presentation of this advertisement. Trains leave Chambers Street on June 7th at 10:30 A. M., 12 o'clock and 3 P. M. for the property. Lint, Butcher & Ross Realty & Construction Co., 132 NASSAU ST., NEW YORK Suite, 202-203-204.

WHAT THE NEWS OF THE PAST SEVEN DAYS AMOUNTS TO

SOCIOLOGICAL

Just as the hired chorus was scheduled to raise its paeon of jubilation to returning prosperity last Monday, the day set for re-employment by the Prosperity Association of St. Louis, there rose a strangely discordant and heart-saddening wall from the metropolis of the nation.

The government immigration bureau has undertaken to find work on farms in New Jersey, New York and New England for 6,000 or more alien immigrants who are now idling out a precarious existence in New York city.

The 1908 Handbook of Child Labor Legislation has been prepared by the National Consumers League. It is compiled by Josephine G. Goldmark and contains accurate information about the present status of child labor laws in the several States.

FOREIGN POLITICS

In at least two of the European nations has Socialist activity compelled attention during the week. In the British House of Commons the opposition of the Laborites and Socialists to the proposed official visit of King Edward to the czar of Russia was outspoken.

Joseph M. Brown, whom Governor Hoke Smith of Georgia removed from the office of Railroad Commissioner, was nominated for Governor of the State in the Democratic primary Thursday by a majority estimated at 25,000 over Smith.

EXECUTIVE

The Treasury statement for May shows a deficit of \$11,858,991, as compared with a surplus in May, 1907, of \$8,575,212.

Simultaneously in the House of Commons and at Washington Wednesday it was announced by the Postmaster-General of Great Britain and the United States that an agreement had been reached for letter postage of two cents an ounce between the two nations on an after October 1, 1908, the present rate being five cents for the first ounce and three for all after that.

AMERICAN POLITICS

While in New York Eugene V. Debs gave to the press a formal statement of his plans for the Socialist campaign, saying that he would begin at Chicago September 1 his active canvass, and would tour the country.

United States Senator William B. Allison, the veteran Republican from Iowa, who recently celebrated his seventy-ninth birthday and completion of his thirty-fifth year in the Senate, was again chosen in the party primary Wednesday by about 10,000 majority over Governor Cummins.

The Democratic State Convention at Baltimore Wednesday voted down resolutions instructing delegates for Bryan at Denver.

COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

Treasurer Brittain of the Chicago Federation of Labor and business agent of the Carpenters' Society, with two other union leaders, has been ordered to jail for contempt of court in having called strikes in defiance of the injunction issued by Judge Carpenter.

MISCELLANEOUS

Professor William Kent, dean of the College of Applied Sciences of Syracuse University, in a signed statement, charges that Chancellor Day has been guilty of dishonest management of the university and that his administration calls for rigid investigation.

The one hundredth anniversary of the birth of Jefferson Davis, president of the Confederacy, was celebrated throughout the South June 3, and at Richmond a monument to his memory by the South was turned over to the city.

In the intercollegiate games at Philadelphia the Cornell track team ranked first, Pennsylvania second, Yale third and Harvard fourth.

DEATHS

Former United States Senator James K. Jones, of Arkansas, died at his Washington, D. C., home June 1. He was the manager of the two Bryan campaigns.

Sir Robert G. Reid, the noted bridge and railroad builder of Canada, known as the benefactor of New Foundland, died at Montreal June 3.

General Sir Redvers Buller, the British soldier, prominent in the Boer war, died in London June 2.

ist Presidential candidate having come to New York to assist in launching the new Socialist daily, The Call. Long's reply was to lead onto the platform Debs himself.

The Twenty-fifth Methodist Episcopal General Conference closed at Baltimore Monday, after rushing through a lot of business. On Sunday, in the Lyric Theatre, the eight new bishops had been consecrated.

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HAYWOOD VERDICT JUST, SAYS CHICAGO JUDGE

CHICAGO, June 6.—Judge William H. Seaman of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals has caused something like a sensation by declaring in an address before the graduating class of the Chicago Kent College of Law that the jury verdict in the case of William D. Haywood was absolutely just.

"When the Haywood case was tried," said Judge Seaman, "the community where the trial was held and indeed the whole country was aflame with popular clamor. The people and high officials of the people demanded Haywood's punishment, and demanded it with a voice that no jury could have failed to hear."

"The verdict rendered in the face of public passion and demand was absolute. It was a remarkable vindication of the jury system in America. Whether the defendant was guilty will never be absolutely known, but it was clear that he was not proved guilty under the law and the Haywood jury, uninfluenced by the public clamor, stated this fearlessly."

STARVING WOMAN TRIES TO AUCTION CHILD

Frances Mascheau, 28 years old, a Polish woman but ten months in America, trying in broken English to auction her child off to the highest bidder who would guarantee the child enough food to live and good treatment, was the sight that greeted the passersby at Fifth Avenue and Twentieth Street, Brooklyn, last night.

The hard hand of the law, however, interfered and a policeman marched her to the Fifth Avenue station, where she fell on the steps of the station house unconscious from hunger. The child rolled from her arms. She was carried into the station house and placed in charge of the matron.

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General Sir Redvers Buller, the British soldier, prominent in the Boer war, died in London June 2.

HITCHCOCK INDIGNANT AFTER NIGHT IN TOMBS

Raymond Hitchcock spent last night in the Tombs, sleeping little, and was in very low spirits this morning. He had confidently expected to be admitted to bail when his case was called for second trial before Justice Goff yesterday, and Martin Engel was on hand, prepared to give bond in almost any amount for him.

"Hitchcock is very bitter over the refusal of bail. He expresses full confidence that he will ultimately be vindicated," said Mr. Garvan.

In spite of all the protests offered yesterday by his present counsel, Messrs. Steuer and Gray, who claim that they have not had sufficient time to prepare his case, having been called in hastily when John E. Stahlfield withdrew a few days ago, Justice Goff refused to grant any delay, and the trial will proceed Monday.

The defense ought to be short and simple, too," said Mr. Garvan. "It has been shown conclusively at former proceedings that Hitchcock rented a room in the house on West Forty-first street, and the only thing he has to explain is why he took the Van Hagen girl to that room and what happened in the room."

For the three months and most orderly scrap-books containing all the poems and verses which appear in the children's department during the months of June, July and August, The Call will award three prizes, which the winners may choose from the following: Books of the value of One Dollar, boy's silver watch, box of six handkerchiefs, string of beads, tool chest, postal-card album, silver pin.

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WESTERN TAILORS WOULD AMALGAMATE

M. Kupperman, organizer of Local No. 290 of the Journeymen Tailors' Union of America, was seen by a Call representative concerning the report that a national referendum of the membership was taken in favor of amalgamation with the United Garment Workers. Mr. Kupperman stated that this was not the real nature of the referendum.

MONSTER RAT MAKES A ROW IN GREENPOINT

Two-year-old Johnny Timblett, of Greenpoint, was quietly sleeping in the same bed with his four-year-old sister Jessie, last night, when along came a monster rat and undertook to eat them both up. Johnny screamed, so did Jessie. The elder Timblett rose in arms with pokers and the like, but the rat escaped.

Dr. Mary Crawford, of the Williamsburg Hospital, attended the Timblett. She found that Johnny had lost much blood, caused by the severing of a vein in his wrist.

GIRL FELL THREE STORIES BUT NOT SERIOUSLY HURT

Eighteen-year-old Mollie Regensberger fell from a fourth-floor window in her home at 656 Third Avenue this morning, striking on the projecting ledge of the first story. She was rescued by Policeman Holme and taken to Bellevue Hospital. She seemed not to be very seriously hurt. Members of the family heard the crash when she fell, but paid no attention, as they attributed it to work on the Pennsylvania tunnel.



THE EDITOR SPEAKS.

Dear Boys and Girls: I am so glad you are pleased with your department. I know it is what you have been waiting for, because almost every one of the three hundred letters received by its editor says so. And if you enjoyed reading the stories and poems and working out the puzzles, only think how much pleasure it gave the editor to read your letters and to know that so many girls and boys were going to watch eagerly for next Saturday's paper and were going to show it to all of their friends.

SOME LETTERS.

To the Editor of the Children's Department of The Call: Dear Madam: Welcome to The Call! To me your delightful "Children's Page" is most interesting. I have solved (I think correctly) the puzzle "Queer Animals." I hope to win a prize. Respectfully and sincerely yours, ALICE ECKERT, N. Y. City.

OUR BOYS AND GIRLS

Conducted by Bertha Maily.

FIRE.

BY ANNA A. MALEY. Once, long ago, men did not know even the use of fire. They knew nothing about making tools from metals, they had not learned to grow wheat and corn and vegetables; they had not tamed the animals to be their servants.

THE LITTLE CAPITALIST.

My lawn mower was at the repair shop, but the lawn looked so neglected that I decided to appeal to Freddy, the 11-year-old son of my neighbor, to do the work for me. Freddy was sitting on the porch with another little boy, watching the flying of a kite.

WHY, INDEED?

The 5-year-old son was asking his father some severe questions about a recent addition to the family. "That baby likes ma!" said the youngster, sharply.

BOROUGH PARK

The Borough Park Socialist School, Brooklyn, closed its session for the summer months last Sunday morning. The boys and girls furnished all the interesting programme of songs, recitations, dialogues, and piano solos.

SOCIALIST SCHOOL.

The most remarkable official career in the United States was that of John Quincy Adams. This career extended over forty-eight years and embraced fifteen years in the diplomatic service as minister to Russia, Prussia and the Netherlands, five years as Senator, eight years as Secretary of State, four years as President and sixteen years as a Representative in Congress.

A REMARKABLE CAREER.

The solution to the Apple Tree Puzzle given in The Call of May 26.

PUZZLE DEPARTMENT.

ARE YOU SAVING THE POEMS?

In the Children's Department each Saturday you will find several good poems and verses. They will be worth committing to memory, or at least preserving in a scrap-book. A scrap-book for clippings is something every child should have and use.

ANSWERS TO PUZZLES OF MAY 30.

- 1. Monkey. 2. Giraffe. 3. Lamb. 4. Elephant. 5. Donkey. 6. Camel. 7. Baboon. 8. Peacock. 9. Terrier.

NEW PUZZLES.

Explanation: To bend a word is to take away its first letter; to curl a word is to take away its last letter. To make it clear, I will start you on the puzzle.

TILL THE WORLD IS FREE.

You may destroy us, tyrants! 'Twill be vain. Time will bring on new fighters strong as we; For we shall battle over, and on, and on, Nor cease to strive till all the world is free! —David Edelstadt.



THE NEW YORK EVENING CALL

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JUNE 6, 1908.

Evidently Frederick W. Whitridge, receiver for the Third Avenue Railroad Company, is a person of exceeding optimism. He has started a crusade which, if successful, should result in the complete regeneration of society. Mr. Whitridge is not satisfied with small things. Nothing short of the millennium will content him.

As an influence for the improvement of public morals, Mr. Whitridge has caused to be displayed in the cars of his line certain placards bearing inscriptions designed for the popular uplift. One of these is as follows:

"Thou Shalt Not Steal." Every Passenger Who Does Not Pay His Fare—Steals. Every Conductor Who Does Not Turn in Fares Collected—Steals. "Thou Shalt Not Steal."

The touching appeal of this impersonal accusation should quicken the conscience of this company and cause immediate restitution. The absent-minded passenger who forgets to deliver his fare to the careless conductor who has overlooked him may now be expected to chase the car several blocks after he has debarked in order to relieve himself of the dishonest nickel. Conductors who have waxed wealthy from the fares they have "knocked down" may now dispose of their ready holdings and turn the proceeds into the company's coffers. The swollen conscience fund soon should insure payment of dividends rivaling those of the Standard Oil Company.

The pathetic picture which this appeal calls up is that of a helpless and helpless corporation being pillaged and persecuted through the years by a conscienceless public, what time it bore the injustice with patient silence whilst preserving the pristine brightness of its own precious integrity. But it would have been more effective had this been added to the adjuration:

"The transportation company that takes a fare without giving a cent—steals."

Another placard has this hopeful set of requests: Help Us to Keep These Cars Clean! Do Not Spit on the Floor! Do Not Throw Rubbish or Filth on the Floor! Do Not Let Anybody Else Do These Things! We Wish to Please the Public! We Ask the Public to Help Us! Inform Us of Everything Wrong! Be Sure Your Complaints Will Be Attended To!

Let's consider each of these separately. "Do not spit on the floor." It would be a most inconsiderate passenger who wouldn't cheerfully spit on the ceiling instead. "Do not throw rubbish on the floor." The proper thing to do is to throw it at the conductor. "Do not let anybody else do these things." That's right—let all proper-minded citizens constitute themselves a volunteer police department to restrain the unregenerate. "We wish to please the public." How disappointed you must be over your failure! "We ask the public to help us." Which it does, you poor thing, with its nickels every day. "Inform us of everything wrong." For heaven's sake, how much time do you think we have, anyway? "Be sure your complaints will be attended to." No words readily occur with which to appropriately comment on this last assurance.

Then the benevolent Mr. Whitridge takes the public into his confidence in this wise:

"I have received far too many complaints of the bad manners of conductors on the roads of this system. It is just as easy to be civil as to be insolent. It is the duty of every public servant, whether conductor, president, director or receiver, to endeavor to be more polite to the public than the public is to him. Conductors will take notice and act accordingly. Any just complaint of any conductor for bad manners will result in immediate discharge."

Mr. Whitridge may honestly think it really is "just as easy to be civil as to be insolent," but did he ever try it on a Third Avenue car during rush hours? And if the theory that the conductor should "endeavor to be more polite to the public than the public is to him" should be put into practice we may expect an "Alphonse and Gaston" stunt on every car of the line, to the hopeless impediment of traffic. As for the matter of department, it might be well to supplant the present force of register-ringers with the cultured monkeys of Newport's swagger set, whose manners seem superior to those of their masters. Without some such change little improvement can be hoped for, as the company can scarcely expect for the wages it pays to secure the services of men whose idea of rudeness is that of anything short of deadly assault.

May this righteous crusade continue until no more are bad manners handed out in return for bad nickels!

The Rev. C. F. Choolzli, B. A., M. A., and other things, in a lecture in Philadelphia declared that Eve was a negress. Doubtless he has been imported by Teddy, Taft & Co. to offset the Brownsville blunder and recover the colored vote. To counteract the effect of this coup, the Democrats should get busy and accuse the First Mother of entertaining Edenic society with "coon songs."

How can those New Jersey pastors reasonably expect their parishioners to be optimistic when the report has come that their distinguished compatriot, Grover Cleveland, is recovering his health?

BY OUR AMATEURS.



THE CONQUERING HERO COMES.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

THE OTHER SIDE OF PRINCIPAL RICHMAN'S CASE.

To the Editor of The Call. As you have given the readers of The Call Miss Richman's explanation of the petition signed by her on the East Side, it may interest them to hear what reasons those who have taken an attitude against her have to offer.

In the first place, she it remembered that there is not a paper on the East Side, from the most orthodox to the most radical, that has not on more than one occasion found it necessary to denounce editorially Miss Richman's well-known autocratic bossism. As one who occupied one of the most responsible positions in the largest settlement institution on the East Side for one year, I can name many concrete instances in which Miss Richman displayed the most tyrannical attitude towards paid employees of the institution, from the highest to the lowest officials, unless they were willing to submit to the most insulting criticism and to comply with her every request, no matter how illogical or unethical in nature. From personal experience I can say that because I refused to permit unjust attacks on her part against myself, as well as others, and because I exposed the cunningness of these attacks in defense of my position, and in the name of justice, I finally had to give up my work in spite of every assurance from honorable members of the board of directors of that institution that my work was most satisfactory. Her cold and cruel manner towards those who are compelled to obey her is by no means new to those who have come in contact with her, and those who are independent of her far-reaching influence have frequently expressed their amazement that Miss Richman is permitted to defy the wishes of the East Side public and continue to insult the very people whom she is supposed to represent, as she has done recently before Commissioner Bingham.

While no one can prevent a private institution from placing anyone they see fit in authority, surely the East Side public as well as that of any other section of the city has a right to demand an attitude of respect and sympathy on the part of public servants. The ironical influence that has placed her in the position she occupies, and upon which she has depended to protect her through all her mistakes, may

have stood by her on many occasions, but the Board of Education is not going to oppose the feelings of an entire section when its demands are based on reasonable grounds.

HAROLD DEBREEST. 13 Astor Place, June 3.

DEFENDS CANDIDATE BRYAN.

To the Editor of The Call. I have bought your paper at a news stand and expect to continue to do so. Like its tone and make-up. I think that it desires to be truthful and fair. I write now, however, to say that in Mr. Debs' speech reported in your paper he is, I think, unfair to Mr. Bryan, although he would not intend to be so. He certainly would not impute to Mr. Bryan that he was mainly influenced in his bimetallicism, not because he thought that it was right, but because of advantages which he was receiving from the mineowners. It was natural for the latter to support his theory, as its enactment would be to their financial advantage. Surely Mr. Bryan, if he was honest in his theory, was not to blame if it resulted to the incidental advantage of those people.

It was but natural that they should become friends of Mr. Bryan's and support his candidacy. Mr. Debs' principal criticism of Mr. Bryan is that when those people reported the outrage upon Haywood et al., Mr. Bryan did not at once attack them for it. Mr. Debs should remember that this thing was based upon the confession of a man who the trials have demonstrated is utterly unreliable, but it was not so known to Mr. Bryan until then. The most that can be said of Mr. Bryan was that he did not take the risk which others took of ultimately being badly wasted should it turn out that the charge against Haywood et al. was finally sustained by the evidence. Now, let us recur to what Mr. Bryan did for labor. Twelve years ago he declared in his platform that he was "opposed to trial by injunction." Let it be remembered that that was a much more perilous declaration for a candidate to make that long ago than now. Organized Labor stands today above what it did then, and nothing that has ever occurred has done more to give it that standing than that very declaration in Bryan's platform of 1896.

Trial by injunction or depriving the defendant of trial by jury is the very worst enemy that Organized Labor has, and Mr. Bryan in declaring against it so long ago ought to give him a fixed place in the affections of laboring men everywhere. It will probably be seen hereafter how many laboring men will, by their votes, say to the man who boldly declared years ago against their enemy that they are against him. Every such ballot will carry into the box much ingratitude. H. H. McCLURE.

SOCIALISM, ECONOMIC EXPRESSION OF CHRISTIANITY.

Rev. M. R. Kerr, of Sandwich, Mass., writing on "Socialism, the Economic Expression of the Christian Life," says:

"We maintain that capitalism, the system under which we live, is subversive of both the ethics and theology of Christianity. Capitalism sets men at bitter and cruel variance with each other and makes the kingdom of God a mocking fiction and the reality of a supremely good God the tenet of a worn-out creed. We charge capitalism with being the parent of all war, poverty, the modern famine, wage slavery with the special oppression of women and children, class hatred, divorce, the hell of perverted sex relationship, irreligion and the deep degradation of many of those who profit by this infernal system."

"Some one may be saying, 'Were not all these things in the world before capitalism? Are they not inherent in human nature and will not crimes and misery attend any possible system of human society? And finally, whence comes the goodness which blossoms and fruits in the midst of evil?'"

"We answer, yes, many of these things were in the world before, because the servile systems out of which capitalism evolved, slavery and feudalism, had within them the same elements of class exploitation and oppression and hence the same fruits that capitalism has."

"Secondly, we answer, no, the evils of the world are not due primarily to perverted human nature, but to a system which invites and even compels injustice and crime. All history witnesses to this. It was not till the state, the organized people, took upon itself the function of education and defense, that men became widely enlightened and could dwell in peace with comparative safety."

"We answer, also, that the goodness which blossoms in the midst of evil comes from our fundamentally uncorruptible and uncorrupted human nature. The sweet deeds of loving kindness and the heroism of self-sacrificed prophesy the beauty of that time when good-will and mutual service shall become corporate in the social order as they will be in the Co-operative Commonwealth."

"We say emphatically that our civilization is pure, unadulterated atheism, and can be nothing else till society is reorganized into the Socialist state. Until good-will become corporate and organic, and it is for the interest of each one that he render faithful service to all in the commonwealth."

"CONSPIRACY OF SILENCE."

Melville E. Stone is the head of the Associated Press. He stands high in the councils of capitalism. By his orders no attempt was made to report the Socialist convention at Chicago—an international event destined to be historical. The significance of Mr. Stone's method becomes apparent when one carefully reads the following editorial from the Globe of this city:

"The notice which the press this morning gives of the nomination of Eugene V. Debs for President by the Socialist party in national convention is in the right proportions. This news item is disposed of under small headlines in a very few lines of type. Do we at last begin to see things reasonably and see them whole? During the past few months many of our public newspapers have presented, vastly more time and attention than its position would warrant. It might be thought from their remarks that socialism was almost upon us, that it has become as serious a movement here as it has in England or even in Germany. It is not negligible, of course, and we should not neglect it. But would it not be less harmful to neglect it than to magnify it out of all proportion to its actual relations? Public injury may easily result from such emphasis. It is a pity then that serious men should over-emphasize socialism and become themselves sensation mongers." Do our capitalists see the writing on the wall?

THE TRADE UNION MOVEMENT.

The history of the trades union movement furnishes an ample field of investigation for the student, political economist, moralist and statesman. Gropping in the dark, from a small beginning, it has encircled the globe. It has enriched the literature on economic questions a thousand fold; it has exposed the erroneous teachings of the press, the college and university professor on the law of supply and demand, on the wage fund and kindred questions. It has brought into ridicule and contempt the doctrines of the political economist and established a new philosophy based on facts of every day life.

The trades union movement has held out the hand of fellowship to the unskilled laborer and filled his mind with new hope and encouragement in the struggle for better wages and shorter hours. It has advocated and encouraged the passage of laws favoring compulsory education and the enactment of factory laws protecting the children against premature employment. It has done more than any other agency, moral, social or political, to protect the interests of the wage earners in all spheres of life. Cigar Makers' Journal.

YES, THEY LOVE THEM!

The anti-injunction bill and amendment to the anti-Sherman law introduced in Congress at the request of the American Federation of Labor are dead as a smoked herring. The Republican caucus refused to recommend the consideration of the bills and there was no way of getting them out of committee and before the House. The gang is now going home to tell the dear workmen how they love them. And many of them will be re-elected.—Cleveland Citizen.

SOCIALIST PARTY AND ORGANIZED LABOR.

ADDRESS ADOPTED AT CHICAGO, MAY 14, 1908.

We print below the address to organized labor adopted by the Socialist party's national convention in Chicago on May 14. This address clearly defines the attitude of the party toward the unions. It does more than that. It is a ringing call to action, on both the political and the economic field, to defeat the capitalist crusade against organized labor. In the course of the next few weeks The Call will print several articles along the lines of this address, which will be read with interest by organized bodies, who find the law being used to strike the weapon of unionism from their hands. The full text of the address follows:

"The movement of organized labor is a natural result of the antagonism between the interests of employers and wage workers under the capitalist system. Its activity in the daily struggle over wages, hours, and other conditions of labor is absolutely necessary to counteract the evil effects of competition among the working people and to save them from being reduced to material and moral degradation. It is equally valuable as a force for the social, economic and political education of the workers.

Does Not Seek to Dictate.

"The Socialist party does not seek to dictate to organized labor in matters of internal organization and union policy. It recognizes the necessary autonomy of the union movement on the economic field, as it insists on maintaining its own autonomy on the political field. It is confident that in the school of experience organized labor will as rapidly as possible develop the most effective forms of organization and methods of action.

"In the history of the recent Moyer-Haywood protest, participated in by unions of all sorts and by the Socialist party, it finds reason to hope for closer solidarity on the economic field and for more effective co-operation between organized labor and the Socialist party, the two wings of the movement for working-class emancipation.

"The Socialist party stands with organized labor in all its struggles to resist capitalist aggression or to wrest from the capitalists any improvement in the conditions of labor. It declares that it is the duty of every wage-worker to be an active and loyal member of the organized labor movement, striving to win its battles and to strengthen and perfect it for the greater struggles to come.

Confronted by Union Crisis.

"Organized labor is to-day confronted by a great crisis. The capitalists, intoxicated with wealth and power and alarmed by the increasing political and economic activity of the working class, have as a class undertaken a crusade for the destruction of the labor organizations. In Colorado, Nevada, Alaska and elsewhere law and constitution have been trampled under foot, military despotism set up and judicial murder attempted with this aim in view. Where such violent methods have not seemed advisable, other means have been used to the same end.

"The movement for the so-called open shop but thinly veils an attempt to close the shop against organized workmen; it is backed by powerful capitalist organizations with millions of dollars in their war funds.

Courts Always Hostile.

"The courts, always hostile to labor, have of late outside all previous records in perverting the law to the service of the capitalist class. They have issued injunctions forbidding the calling of strikes, the Scott decision of boycotts, re-payment of union benefits, or even any attempt to organize unorganized workmen in certain trades and places. They have issued arbitrary decrees, dissolving unions under the pretense of their being labor trusts.

"They have have sustained the capitalists in bringing damage suits against unions for the purpose of tying up or sequestering their funds. They have wiped off the statute books many labor laws—laws protecting little children from exploitation in the factory, laws making employers liable for damages in case of employees killed or injured at their work, laws guaranteeing the right of workmen to belong to unions.

"While affirming the right of employment to bar organized workmen from employment, they have declared it unlawful for workmen to agree not to patronize non-union establishments. The only consistent rule observed by the courts in dealing with the labor question is the rule that capitalists have a sacred right to profit and that the working class has no rights in opposition to business interests.

Danbury Hatters' Case.

"In the Danbury hatters' case the United States Supreme Court has rendered a decision worthy to stand with its infamous Dred Scott decision of fifty years ago. It has stretched and distorted the Anti-Trust law to make it cover labor organizations, and has held that the peaceful method of the boycott is unlawful, that boycotted employers may recover damages to the amount of three times their loss, and that the property of individual members, as well as the union treasuries, may be levied upon to collect such damages.

"By this decision the Supreme Court has clearly shown itself to be an organ of class injustice not of social justice. If this and other hostile decisions are not speedily reversed, organized labor will find itself completely paralyzed in its effort toward a peaceful solution of the labor question. The success of the capitalists and their courts in their assault upon the labor movement would be a disaster to civilization and humanity. It can and must be defeated.

Workingmen, Vote as You Strike.

"At the critical moment the Socialist party calls upon all organized workmen to remember that they still have the ballot in their hands, and to realize that the intelligent use of political power is absolutely necessary to have their organizations freed from destruction. The unjust decisions of the Supreme Court can be reversed, the arbitrary use of the military can be stopped, the wiping out of labor laws can be prevented by the united action of the workmen on election day.

"Workingmen of the United States, use your political arm in harmony with your economic arm for defense and attack. Rally to the support of the party of your class. Vote as you strike, against the capitalists. Down with military and judicial usurpation! Forward, in one solid phalanx, under the banners of Organized Labor and of the Socialist party, defeat capitalist aggression, to win immediate relief for yourselves and your wives and children, and to hasten the day of complete emancipation from capitalist exploitation and misrule."

SEEMS LIKE YESTERDAY.



TO READERS OF THE CALL. THE CALL ASKS OF ITS READERS THAT THEY PATRONISE ITS ADVERTISERS WHEN MAKING PURCHASES. DON'T FORGET TO TELL THE ADVERTISER THAT YOU SAW HIS ANNOUNCEMENT IN THE CALL.

"WEARY WILLIES"



IF STUYVESANT FISH EVER GOES THROUGH ANOTHER ONE OF THOSE LITTLE HARRIMAN-ILLINOIS-CENTRAL BILLS HE MAY GET TO LOOK LIKE THIS.