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A TRIUMPH CAR FOR MAY-DAY 1911



A Socialist cartoon by the great British artist, Walter Crane, is looked forward to as an annual event by the Socialists of England. Usually the drawing is contributed to the May Day issues, and this was the case this year, the drawing herewith reproduced appearing in the special May Day number of Justice, the organ of the Social-Democratic Federation.

Let the Referendum Take the Place of the Senate!

Sixty-second Congress—First Session
H. J. Res. 79

In the House of Representatives, April 27, 1911. Mr. Berger introduced the following joint resolution; which was referred to the committee on judiciary and ordered to be printed.

Joint Resolution

Proposing an amendment to the constitution of the United States.

Whereas, Though the tendency in virtually all civilized nations during the last century has been a constant weakening of the power of the executive, the judicial, and the secondary legislative branches of government, and the lodging of sovereign power in a single chamber elected by the people, yet in the United States this natural tendency has been constantly thwarted by interests inimical to the public welfare who have brought about an extension of the powers of the executive and the judicial branches and the senate; and

Whereas, These various checks upon the power of the popular representative body have prevented a normal development of American institutions and the enactment of laws in accord with the changing needs of the people—a fact evi-

denced in the extreme backwardness of the United States with regard to every form of protective social legislation and institutions of social service; and

Whereas, The senate in particular has become an obstructive and useless body, a menace to the liberties of the people, and an obstacle to social growth; a body, many of the members of which are the representatives neither of a state nor of its people, but solely of certain predatory combinations, and a body which, by reason of the corruption often attending the election of its members, has furnished the gravest public scandals in the history of the nation; and

Whereas, The instinctive conservatism of the people, as repeatedly proved in all nations, would here prove, when operating through the referendum, a sufficient check upon such radical innovations or violent changes as might possibly be attempted by a popular representative body: Therefore be it

Resolved, By the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled (two-thirds of each house concurring therein), that the following article is proposed as an amendment to the constitution of the United States, which, when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states,

shall be valid to all intents and purposes as a part of the constitution:

"ARTICLE XVIII.

"Section 1. All legislative powers shall be vested in the house of representatives. Its enactments, subject to referendum hereinafter provided for, shall be the supreme law, and the president shall have no power to veto them, nor shall any court have the power to invalidate them.

"Sec. 2. All provisions in the constitution relating to the senate are hereby annulled, and the duties, rights, and privileges heretofore vested in the senate, shall, to the degree and extent determined by the house of representatives, be vested in the said house of representatives; and the house of representatives shall have power to enact all necessary measures to vest these duties, rights, and privileges in itself.

"Sec. 3. Upon petition by five per centum of the qualified voters for members of the lower houses of the state legislatures in each of three-fourths of the states, filed within ninety days after the passage of a law by the house of representatives, such law shall be submitted to a general referendum; and if such law receives a majority of all votes cast at such referendum it shall be in effect, but if it fails of a majority it shall be null and void."

As I said before, the only thorough way to reform it would be—as the Socialist platform demands—its total abolition.

The direct election of United States senators by the people will help some.

But it will clearly prove two things. First, that the 24,000 votes of Nevada or the 48,000 votes of Delaware will have as much voting power as the 1,638,000 votes of New York, or the 1,267,000 votes of Pennsylvania.

Second, that it is ridiculous to elect directly by the people a United States senate as a "check" upon legislation, as long as the house of representatives is also elected by the people.

Unless the capitalists intend to use money for the corruption of the voters in the small states, the United States senators of any state will simply be duplicates of the political opinions of the members of the house of representatives.

In short, I repeat that the only way to reform the United States senate is to abolish it.

A far more effective and a far more democratic check upon any hasty action of the national house of representatives would be the introduction of the initiative, referendum and the right of recall.

With the use of the voting machine and the facilities for quickly computing results by the help of adding machines, this has become a simple and easy task. The result of any referendum all over the United States could be practically known the next morning.

And besides, being more democratic, it would be infinitely more enlightening because any measure for which a referendum had been asked through an initiative would create a great deal of useful discussion all over the country. Washington, D. C.

Walter L. Berger

Comment on Passing Events

By Frederic Heath
Capitalism has brought the morals of the people to a bad pass. It has capitalized immorality and through that means is weakening the moral fibre of the younger generation. A genuine morality, and genuine social wholesomeness devoid of prudishness, will be fostered by Socialism.

No American with an ounce of democracy in his makeup can fail to rejoice at insurrecto victories in Mexico, while at the same time mourning the fact that human blood must still be spilled, after nineteen hundred years of "peace on earth" philosophy, both sincerely and insincerely advocated.

The Social Democrats promised Milwaukee an honest government and a people's government, and it is proud of its record for the first year. It has been blocked at every turn by the corporation and graft interests, their use of the courts and their ownership of the capitalist daily papers, (this was only to be expected) yet in spite of it all the administration makes a splendid showing of things undertaken and accomplished for the benefit of the people.

The trouble so far as the public is concerned, is that the anti-labor side was everything its own way, in the McNamara case. It can send out "fake confessions, colored "official" news, and the like, and the newspaper reader is at its mercy.

"The result of my investigation in Indianapolis," says Pres. Gompers, "firmly convinced me that the entire case was a 'frame up,' that the kid-

naping was unlawful and that the men were innocent. I certainly have not changed my opinion since."

Here are the two ideals that are clashing with each other in this country:

A government of the people, for the people and by the people.

A government of the people, for property and by property interests.

The first principle is the Socialist principle made into an epigram by Lincoln. The second stands forth in every pronouncement of capitalism and its business organizations, in congress where the interests are so powerful, on the bench, and even at times from the pulpit.

But mind this—the people are bound to win. There can be only one settlement of such a conflict, in a country where all men have the ballot.

The Los Angeles Times last week announced on the billboards that it would give "an exhaustive and convincing account of the sorry failure of Socialist city government in Milwaukee, with its higher taxes, idle workmen and crowded poor lists." Then on Sunday it printed its great "convincing" account, substantially the same stuff that had been printed a week or so before in the other big corporation dailies round the country—a mess of untruths from beginning to end. Milwaukee's splendid administration may seem a sorry failure to the trusts, and that's a good sign. Milwaukee has less unemployed than other big cities. The taxes are not yet under Socialist control, and as to the poor lists being overcrowded, no one in Milwaukee ever so much as

heard such a thing suggested, and the whole truth is that there are less now on the county poor lists than there were before the Socialists took over the county and city government. It is probably saying a good deal, but I venture to claim that the Times never put out so many lies on Sunday as it did in the issue here referred to.

A newspaper in Wichita, Kans., had the following to say in answer to a campaign scare (set going to influence the timid) that if the Socialists got in business would be ruined:

The scare is being thrown out that all big business men will leave Wichita if Blase and his co-workers are elected. If there any of Wichita's "big business" men feel that their business is so crooked they can't run it under an honest ad-

ministration, let them leave town—it won't do Wichita any harm for there are plenty of people who can conduct their business honestly and who would be glad to come to Wichita under honest conditions. Evidently the paper quoted knows its own business when it says that the capitalists are playing the people for looneys, but it is a game that will soon play out.

And in proof of the falsity of the scare referred to above the said editor also got from Bradstreet's the record of bank clearings and by it showed that in spite of a Socialist administration, let them leave town—it won't do Wichita any harm for there are plenty of people who can conduct their business honestly and who would be glad to come to Wichita under honest conditions. Evidently the paper quoted knows its own business when it says that the capitalists are playing the people for looneys, but it is a game that will soon play out.

HE senate of the United States for many years has been called a "Millionaires' Club." And for many years the demand for the election of the United States senators by direct vote has been general among the voters of all parties.

Both the old parties and the legislatures of twenty-seven different states have made a demand in that direction, so that practically only a few states are lacking to a two-thirds majority.

But the best senate is no senate at all. The senate has its origin in Alexander Hamilton's idea of imitating the English form of government as closely as possible. The senate was to be the house of lords of the American republic. It was to represent wealth and vested interests. And in order to make the idea more palatable to the forces of the revolution of that day, who were not at all inclined to imitate English institutions, Hamilton and his followers, being shrewd politicians, fixed things so that all the states, whether large or small, had equal representation in the senate. Thus Hamilton got the small colonies to grow enthusiastic over this proposition.

Since then the times have changed. Not only has the institution of the American upper house grown more undemocratic than ever, but with the growth of population in the larger states, the injustice has grown to be so much the more glaring.

In England there is a very strong movement on foot to abolish the house of lords entirely. And there can be no doubt that it will at last lose its power, and thus become purely ornamental.

In America, the United States senators are still the powers that be. The senate is still the bulwark of the trusts and monopolies—of the railroad corporations and the protected industries—in short, it is still the main bastion of ultra capitalism.

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First Mile-stone—Three Miles to Go

Milwaukee Socialist and Union Daily Assured—Individual Comrades and Sympathizers Pour Oil on the Fire—The Workmen's Sick and Death Benefit Fund Fights Valiantly at the Front—\$25,140 Have Been Thus Far Subscribed, a Gain of \$2,580 Over the Past Week—The Roll of the Drums

The past week brought the total sale of bonds over the twenty-five hundred mark. It has been a hard struggle and slow, but like everything else that is difficult the result is gratifying. A great task still remains before us. A mass of latent energy is still to be set free. Thousands of Socialists in the city and county of Milwaukee, still walk about quite com-

placently, unaware and dead to the greatest need of the Socialist movement in this city, at a time which is bordering on a crisis. These men must be awakened to the icy truth of things. These men must be appealed to materially and ethically. The party locals, especially of Milwaukee county, should be the center of enthusiasm and activity for the pro-

posed daily. No greater campaign has ever been waged among the rank and file than is being carried on at the present for that daily tribune of the people. Our greatest energy must be unfurled now. The daily must be firmly established before the next spring campaign commences, so as to give

Platform Pledges Kept—A Record of Better Things for Milwaukee

THE battle-line of American freedom today is in the city of Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

Here, one year ago, a working class political organization, the Social-Democratic party, standing squarely on the principles of international Socialism, captured the city government and placed a mayor and a council majority in the city hall.

A Steady Onward March

The party first entered the field in Milwaukee twelve years ago. For seven years it has had minority representation in the city council, county board, and state legislature.

In the fall election, 1910, was elected from Milwaukee the first Socialist congressman to take his seat in the national capital.

Labor Administration

These events have put the city of Milwaukee in the very forefront of national attention.

No one city administration in America has ever had the keen, sleepless scrutiny accorded the Social-Democrats of Milwaukee.

A regiment of reporters and detectives has kept watch month after month.

There is no trick, trap, device or plan of political war that has been used in the attempt to discredit or undermine this administration.

The unlimited funds of special interests such as corporations and tax dodgers have been available for combatting this workingmen's administration.

The entire daily press has day after day united in flinging broadcast ridiculous rumors and false statements.

The alliance of financial, corporation and advertising interests back of the daily newspapers has commanded "Down with the Socialists!"

Making a Record

Yet amid the uproar of newspapers and against the combined opposition of corrupt corporations, contractors, tax dodgers, gamblers and political crooks, the Social-Democratic administration has gone calmly forward and established a record of honesty and efficiency in city government.

A survey of what has been done proves that the city government of Milwaukee is today in the hands of "the best administration Milwaukee has ever had."

Demands and Pledges

Here are the demands and pledges of the Social-Democratic party in the municipal campaign ending April 5, 1910. One by one these are presented here WORD FOR WORD EXACTLY as they appeared in the campaign documents issued to voters. And following each demand or pledge is a statement of what has been done by the Social-Democrats toward attaining demands or fulfilling pledges.

HOME RULE

1. WE DEMAND that a new charter be formulated and that the city

shall be empowered to control its own affairs and meet the needs of its own life. We ask for complete home rule in municipal matters, and for the initiative, the referendum and the right of recall under proper restrictions.

Comment

The city does not have full power to do what its citizens elect to do. In many important, necessary matters, the city is handcuffed and helpless. Until the state legislature takes off the handcuffs, the city can not move toward certain actions for the common good.

This is why Mayor Seidel in his first message to the city council, said, "Before all things, home rule—the right of self-government—should be secured for the city of Milwaukee."

Over forty home rule bills were sent by the common council to the state legislature for passage. These bills say, "Take off the handcuffs. Give us full power. Make the city free to act." The bills ask for the rights of initiative, referendum and recall; to buy land and construct model dwellings; to conduct a municipal loan department, putting loan sharks out of business; to permit compensation for special privileges; to legalize electric lighting bonds; to render free legal service to citizens who can not afford a lawyer; and other needed facilities and betterments.

Practically all of these very important and desirable bills never before

had the authoritative sanction of the common council of Milwaukee back of them when introduced in the legislature.

OWNERSHIP BY PEOPLE

2. The city shall secure the ownership and management of all public service enterprises as far and as fast as the state laws will allow. We demand that the city be given the power to takeover and manage such public utilities as are now in private hands, by getting permission to raise the bond limit and by issuing bonds secured on the properties more than pay for themselves. We also want the city to inaugurate such new enterprises as the citizens by a majority referendum vote may approve.

Furthermore, as far as the present laws will permit, we pledge ourselves to the following:

Comment

Please notice in this plank the words "as far and as fast as the state laws will allow." The city of Milwaukee is compelled by the state laws to go to the state legislature and ask for permission, before it can own and manage public service enterprises. Notice, also, "as far as the present laws will permit." Under the present laws the city can not even bid against contractors in public work.

MUNICIPAL TERMINAL

3. The city shall establish and maintain ownership of land on Jones Island for the purpose of constructing

and maintaining municipal docks, wharves, and for municipal railway terminal, trackage and belt line.

Comment

The project of a municipal railway terminal depot was submitted to the voters of the city in the form of a proposed bond issue, which was rejected by a vote of 12,000 to 8,000. The project was not generally understood. It has the unqualified endorsement of the Metropolitan Park commission, the Greater Milwaukee association, and all who have considered the needs of the city from a broad survey of the future.

For docking, dredging, harbor improvement and obtaining necessary lands \$40,000 was set aside in the budget for 1911. Condemnation proceedings are under way for proper widening of the Kinnickinnic river and the improvement of the inner harbor.

The plans for a "civic center" and "traffic center" being developed by the Metropolitan Park commission, include neighborhood centers. To plan a large city for health and convenience and then work out those plans is a work requiring years.

TAX DODGERS

4. The common council shall take steps necessary to make the big corporations pay their rightful share of

tion Milwaukee led the list of all northern cities!

James Galbraith sends us two clippings from the Daily Express of Paisley, Scotland, which show that the capitalistic prevarications regarding the Socialist administration of Milwaukee have also web feet and transatlantic wings.

The first clipping is the paper's own article, filled with the customary stuff as to widespread destitution in Milwaukee because of a Social-Democratic mayor, with "no unemployment in Wisconsin outside of Milwaukee" (Gee, whittickers! that's the stretchiest yet!) and a solemn and asinine sermon about "increased Socialist taxation" (that does not exist as a matter of fact), and so on.

One paragraph will have to be reproduced entire, as it is too rich to pass by and will be especially relished by Milwaukee people as an exhibition of studied misrepresentation and injury of their prosperous city, and a measure of the lengths to which certain "business" interests will go to injure a city commercially when the particular grafts of those certain interests are headed off. Here

it is in all its crookedness:

Contractors are idle, with the prospects of idleness continuing indefinitely, the streets are not being properly cleaned, the ashes and garbage are being removed only spasmodically, many small thoroughfares not having been touched by the street cleaners for four months and workmen are preparing to leave Milwaukee and take up their residence in cities where there is less Socialism and more employment. Meanwhile the mayor, in alarm, has invited the Merchants' and Manufacturers' association and other similar anti-Socialist organizations to offer suggestions with a view to ameliorating the existing conditions.

The second clipping is in the form of a reply by some local Socialist, a very good reply considering that the writer of the letter is not on the ground to speak from his own personal knowledge. And the people of Paisley have to thank him for protecting them, in this instance, from a bad dose of poisoned news, news that is not news at all, because it is false in every line and every intention.

tion of a Rose gang tax commissioner listed for taxation only six millions of dollars of such property. One sure result of such assessing is to put still more of a crushing load on the back of the small taxpayer whose property is all in sight and all gets on the tax roll.

The small property owner has been swindled into paying taxes that ought to be paid by the big property owner. What the Social-Democrats will do with taxes in Milwaukee can never be known until Milwaukee has had a Social-Democratic tax commissioner.

By direction of the common council a contract was made with a firm of tax ferrets to find personal property outside of Milwaukee that was not listed on Milwaukee tax rolls.

The answer of the tax dodgers was an injunction forbidding the city from entering into such a contract. Before the city can reach the tax dodgers and make them come across with what they owe, the city will have to get the injunction dissolved or get a bill through the state legislature making the contract lawful. Again the handcuffs!

The pressure of the Social-Democrats for more publicity and less mystery in assessments has resulted in the tax commissioner holding public meetings of taxpayers in various sections of the city. This is a totally

(Continued on 2d page.)

Platform Pledges Kept--The Record in Milwaukee

(Continued from 1st page.) new plan toward getting juster taxes. It was never tried nor thought of until the Social-Democrats, against heavy opposition and batteries of ridicule, brought Sommers system experts to the city for a trial demonstration. Announcement is made that a unit system standardizing real valuations has been installed--also an innovation never heard of until the Sommers system demonstration by Social-Democratic initiative.

PUBLIC SLAUGHTER HOUSES 5. The city shall erect, maintain and manage a public slaughter house. Furthermore, at least four public markets in the various parts of the city, and four municipal storage houses--to enlarge the function of the municipality and to lower trust prices as far as can be done locally.

Comment Lack of home rule--the handcuffs--prevents action. Bills have been before the state legislature.

PUBLIC WORK 6. The city shall establish and maintain a public works department which shall directly perform the necessary work of the city--its building, plumbing, grading, paving, etc., at an eight-hour workday and at a fair union wage. It shall abolish the contract system as far as possible in all public works and encourage the organization of labor in every respect.

Comment Terrible blows at the contract system have been struck by the Social-Democrats. The contracting interests know it is a fight for life on their part.

The public works department submitted to the common council a report with a proposal that funds be appropriated for the purchase of materials and machinery in order that the city might proceed to do its own paving without the intervention of a formal contract. This report went thoroughly into detailed specifications and figures. Public Works Commissioner Briggs appeared personally before the common council. It was admitted on all sides that the plan had entire probabilities of success. Charles Muller, superintendent of street construction, stated, "The saving in eight amounts to a quarter of a million dollars."

A three-fourths vote being necessary to carry the appropriation, it was defeated. The aldermen who voted in favor of the contractors explained, "We are afraid this is illegal." A bill before the state legislature asks for the removal of the handcuffs. The report made by Commissioner

Briggs to the common council has been published by the University of Wisconsin under the title, "The Paving Question of Milwaukee." It is issued as an educational document on municipal efficiency, endorsing the idea of municipal research and cost keeping.

MUNICIPAL STONE QUARRY 7. The city shall provide for its unemployed citizens. Besides the improvement of the streets, the city should push every possible municipal enterprise and afford work for as many of the unemployed as possible. The city shall operate a municipal quarry to supply crushed stone for our streets; establish a municipal wood and coal yard--also a municipal ice plant; and shall sell wood, coal and ice to citizens at cost price.

Comment A special committee appointed by the common council has looked over ten different quarry sites. Experts will be employed to make soundings as to the quality and quantity of the stone deposited. The sum of \$10,000 set aside in the budget for 1911 will more than suffice for the first payment on this important municipal utility.

Enabling legislation toward a municipal wood and coal yard, also a municipal ice plant, has been asked from the state legislature.

Toward the relief of unemployed citizens, the past year has witnessed the first sincere and effective grappling with this stupendous problem ever attempted in Milwaukee. The plunder, misrule, and incompetency of former administrations having left the city treasury worse than empty, it was impossible to begin desired extensions of public work. Yet, the following activities were notable: (1) Mayor Seidel called a public mass-meeting and conference in the city council chamber for full public discussion of the causes and relief methods for the unemployment terror. The consensus of opinion was that the number of unemployed (March 11) might reach as high as somewhere between 12,000 and 15,000 with a possibility of it being lower than 10,000. All interests in the city were represented. It was agreed that unemployment conditions in Milwaukee were, if anything, better than in other cities because of the number of small industries, the diversified character, of the Milwaukee shops. (2) A general unemployment committee was organized with representatives from the common council, the county board of supervisors, the Federated Trades council, the Merchants and Manufacturers' association.

It is important news to every home in the city that plans are now under way that will make sure a completely modern hospital for the care of diphtheria, scarlet fever and smallpox in Milwaukee. The 1911 budget provides \$100,000 for this purpose. And the health department has submitted plans to the health committee of the council. From sixteen large American cities, plans and photographs were obtained bearing on isolation hospitals. The Milwaukee institution will surpass everything in the country of this kind with the exception in some features of those in Boston and San Francisco. The plans include two large buildings and an administration building, all connected by glass corridors. The administration building will have a detention ward. In other separate buildings will be a garage and power station. The city owns nearly all of a square block, bounded on two sides by Mitchell street and Seventeenth avenue, where the present so-called "pest-house" is located. This will be the location of the new isolation hospital. The entire administration is cooperating actively with every force in the city toward control of tuberculosis. The use of the Kern tract has been granted to the Social Workers for a tent camp. Other tracts are also made available for white plague sufferers. Negotiations are under way between the council health committee and owners of the Blue Mound sanatorium for the taking over of the same. Health Commissioner Kraft has improved the records pertaining to location of consumptive cases. Keen supervision is exercised over the disinfection of quarters vacated by tubercular patients. A bill before the legislature asks for the right to establish and maintain a municipal lodging house. The handcuffs again!

11. The city shall provide a system of street closets and comfort stations such as are found in modern European cities. Plumbing and sewerage to be done in all dwellings by the city at cost, the same to be paid for in yearly installments.

MUNICIPAL PLUMBING 11. The city shall provide a system of street closets and comfort stations such as are found in modern European cities. Plumbing and sewerage to be done in all dwellings by the city at cost, the same to be paid for in yearly installments.

Comment Appropriation for one comfort station has been provided by the common council resolution. Plans have been drawn, and upon grant from the state legislature, construction will begin. Enabling laws toward municipal plumbing are before the state legislature. This now inaugurates the policy of the city providing public lavatories. The Social-Democratic party platform was the first in Milwaukee to demand this facility.

BETTER HOMES AND LIVING 8. The city shall annex and incorporate reasonable territory in addition to its present area--Milwaukee having now the smallest area in the country for any city of the same class--the same to be surveyed and plotted by experts in such manner as to insure healthy and aesthetic conditions for homes, factories, schools and playgrounds.

The city also shall redistrict the wards immediately on an equitable basis, so as not to give one voter in certain downtown wards five times as much voting power as a voter in the outlying districts.

Comment Options have been secured on upper river lands for park purposes. When the park project is realized, the city may plant and erect model homes--provided the state legislature will take off the handcuffs. Three plans for redistricting the city have been submitted to the common council and referred to the legislative committee.

MUNICIPAL HOSPITAL SERVICE 9. Free medical service shall be extended and free dispensaries established, which shall be kept open also on Sundays. The city should provide at least four municipal hospitals, free from every taint of charity, including a maternity and tuberculosis hospital. Also a public crematory, which shall be free to those applying.

It is important news to every home in the city that plans are now under way that will make sure a completely modern hospital for the care of diphtheria, scarlet fever and smallpox in Milwaukee. The 1911 budget provides \$100,000 for this purpose. And the health department has submitted plans to the health committee of the council. From sixteen large American cities, plans and photographs were obtained bearing on isolation hospitals. The Milwaukee institution will surpass everything in the country of this kind with the exception in some features of those in Boston and San Francisco. The plans include two large buildings and an administration building, all connected by glass corridors. The administration building will have a detention ward. In other separate buildings will be a garage and power station. The city owns nearly all of a square block, bounded on two sides by Mitchell street and Seventeenth avenue, where the present so-called "pest-house" is located. This will be the location of the new isolation hospital. The entire administration is cooperating actively with every force in the city toward control of tuberculosis. The use of the Kern tract has been granted to the Social Workers for a tent camp. Other tracts are also made available for white plague sufferers. Negotiations are under way between the council health committee and owners of the Blue Mound sanatorium for the taking over of the same. Health Commissioner Kraft has improved the records pertaining to location of consumptive cases. Keen supervision is exercised over the disinfection of quarters vacated by tubercular patients. A bill before the legislature asks for the right to establish and maintain a municipal lodging house. The handcuffs again!

12. The city shall cease to throw sewerage into the lake, thereby creating epidemics of typhoid fever and many other diseases. Instead, the city shall utilize its garbage and waste matter in a modern scientific manner and make it the source of fertility and wealth. Expert service shall be employed for that purpose as is done in German and French cities.

Comment A sewerage commission appointed by the former administration has been given enthusiastic co-operation. The mayor and aldermen have at all points urged that this commission be supported toward a solution of the sewerage problem. The report of the commission is expected to recommend plans that will mean the spending of more than six million dollars. That this colossal work shall be effectively done is the determination of the Social-Democrats.

CARE FOR THE TREES 13. The city shall develop as rapidly as possible a system of small parks in the crowded centers similar to those now being developed in Chicago and other cities. These parks to have public playgrounds, open air gymnasiums, natoriums, etc. The city shall plant and take care of the trees lining the street and employ expert service for that purpose. The city, moreover, shall condemn all slum habitations, replacing them with model dwellings, to be rented to the people slightly above cost. The city shall also establish and operate a municipal lodging house to mitigate the tramp evil.

Except for Cincinnati, Milwaukee has less park area for its size than any other city in America. With bigger park area always goes better city health. So, by majority action in the common council, the first payment has been made on a proposed 500 acre park on the upper Milwaukee river. It is a beautifully wooded stretch on both river banks and when the purchase is completed, it will pay back health, pleasure and life to an extent beyond reckoning. This "million dollar park," for political purposes, by politicians, is raged at as "extravagant." By all who are frank and who know the situation it is declared to be one of the wisest and noblest pieces of municipal statesmanship ever attempted in Milwaukee. The first large payments will not begin until 1913 and the total cost will be distributed equally over twenty years. Those who will benefit most by it are the thousands of working people of Milwaukee who cannot afford to go to summer resorts.

This park project has received endorsement from all classes and interests in the city. It is universally admitted that the lands will command twice their present prices twenty years from now. In connection with the sewerage problem alone, it will save to the city its purchase price, as land adjoining the river will be necessary. A beautiful little neighborhood park and playground, one block square, bounded by National avenue and Pierce, Greenbush and Hanover streets, will be ready for Fifth ward people and other south siders next year. The purchase proceedings under way will be completed by July this year, clean-ups and grading to begin immediately afterward. The block is 300 feet each way and will be a notable breathing spot in a seriously congested district. A bandstand and a fountain will be features. One-fourth of the area is planned for a playground, with swings, "teeter-totters," and climbing ladders for the rising generation.

Referendums were taken among the people of the ward, so as to locate the park where it was wanted by most of the people. Mayor Seidel has given his personal co-operation to business men proposing to beautify the downtown river front. Definite plans have been presented for a walk and colonnade along the Milwaukee river, from the Grand avenue bridge to Oneida street on the east side of the river. An ordinance establishing the dock and wharf line has

been introduced by request in the common council.

A tree warden, Mr. Alfred Sena, has been engaged by the board of park commissioners. A municipal tree nursery has been established. While the park board majority is not Social-Democratic, it is significant that the foregoing betterments were frequently proposed by Social-Democrats, but were not brought about until the Social-Democrats carried the city. There has been no mention of trees or tree care in any other platform but that of the Social-Democrats.

SCHOOLS THE BULWARKS OF LIBERTY 14. We consider the free public schools a bulwark of political liberty and good citizenship in America and we will resist any and all attempts to cripple them or lower their standard. We therefore demand that the school funds and the school bonds shall not be used for any other than school purposes under any condition. Free text books and adequate facilities shall be provided in the public schools. At least one warm meal per day shall be furnished for the children, free of cost, whenever necessary, the same to be paid for by the city. Principals shall be required to devote a part of their time to instruction.

The large hall in each school building shall be available to residents of the district for public meetings of every nature. All new school buildings shall include facilities for social centers.

Comment All that the school board asked for in the budget was granted. Bigger public school appropriations than ever in the history of the city were made by the Social-Democrats. The county board set aside \$5,000 to be used for the feeding of undernourished school children, the fund to be under the supervision of the county poor trustees. The one Socialist member of the board voted for the acceptance and use of the fund, but was defeated by the Republican and Democratic majority. Though no accurate figures are available, it is stated by school teachers and visiting nurses that the number of undernourished school children ranges in the thousands, 2,000 being generally regarded as the lowest minimum.

The Social-Democratic platform was the first in Milwaukee and is today the only one in Milwaukee standing for a wider use of the school plant and the extension of social centers. Twenty-one school buildings have been opened for this extension work. During the fall and winter of 1910-11, the school board issued 150 permits for civic and neighborhood club meetings; 54 permits for citizens

Labor is ever an imprisoned god, writhing unconsciously to escape out of Mammonism--Carlyle.

American Products That Cost Less in Europe!!

The following interesting letter appears in the May "American Magazine": "In reference to the inclosed clipping from your magazine, permit me to say that I know that these facts are true, that American-made articles are sold cheaper, even to ports where there is the additional expense of double shipments, i. e., double transportation, than they are in the United States.

"My husband, the late Solomon Berliner of New York, was American consul at Tenerife, Canary Islands, for eleven years, and I made my home there for the past nine years.

"I know it to be a fact, and the statistics at the state department will show that hardware, farming implements and machinery, sheeting, perfumery, canned foods, patent and proprietary medicines, lard, pressed meats, etc., are mostly from the States, but shipped via England, France or Spain (there being no direct steamship communication) and thus accreted to the country under whose flag they arrive.

"These articles are all sold cheaper in the Canaries than they are in the States."

"Three years ago, I had occasion to visit America. A friend, one of the biggest importers of the Islands, asked Mr. Berliner for letters of introduction to big meat packing concerns of New York and Chicago, also to tobacco firms, and decided to come with me. Upon arrival in New York I went with him in person to help interpret. He returned shortly after, without having accomplished anything. It was his intention to establish direct business relations with these firms instead of buying through English houses. But he discovered that he could buy through the English houses and have landed at the mole in Tenerife cheaper than he could buy (shipment excluded) in New York. The same was true of cut tobacco.

"I had been using a celebrated baby food, bought there, and a friend had asked me to secure for her a well-known type of sewing machine.

"I wrote direct to the Food company asking for prices. Their price minus shipment and risk of breakage, was a trifle higher than the retail price of the shops at Tenerife! Upon my advice, my friend bought a sewing machine from the company's agency at Tenerife, for less than I could get for her in the city of New York!--Jennie O. Berliner.

Labor is ever an imprisoned god, writhing unconsciously to escape out of Mammonism--Carlyle.

Workmen, Insure Yourselves in the Workmen's Sick and Death Benefit Fund of the United States of America

Organized October 19, 1884, by German Socialist exiles. Two hundred seventy-six branches in 33 states. Forty-five thousand five hundred beneficiary members. Assets, \$200,000--over liabilities. Claims paid since organization, sick and accident, \$1,236,000; death, \$1,067,845. Jurisdiction: United States of America. Age limit: From 18 to 45 years. Benefits: Sick and accident, first class, \$5.00 and \$4.50; second class, \$3.00 and \$3.00 per week, not exceeding 80 weeks for whole life. Death: \$250 uniformly. No sick benefit for third class (women).

Initiation fees: From \$1.00 to \$7.00, according to sex, class and age. Monthly assessments: First class, \$1.05; second class, 80 cents; third class, 30 cents.

For particulars write to main office, Workmen's Sick and Death Benefit Fund, 1 and J Third Avenue, Room 2, New York, N. Y.

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- 5 dozen Milwaukee Socialist Post Cards (Reproduction of above Calendar)......54
- 1 Copy of "Today's Problems," compiled by Henry E. Allen. A marvelous collection of statements by the world's greatest living thinkers......10
- 1 Copy of "The Power and Weakness of Trade Unions," by John M. Collins. The best work on this subject yet produced......10
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Total.....\$2.15 Send us a ONE DOLLAR BILL and we will send you everything listed above by return mail. This COMBINATION OFFER is limited and you will have to be quick to secure your POLITICAL ACTION. Brisbane Hall, Milwaukee, Wis. Desk No. 17

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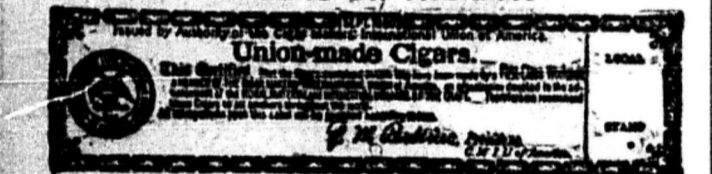
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BOOK DEPARTMENT Social-Democratic Herald 528-530 Chestnut St. Milwaukee

Block the Capitalist Game

Let the Truth About Milwaukee Be Known. TO ANSWER, refute and turn the newspaper attacks on the Milwaukee Socialist Administration into valuable socialist propaganda literature, order a bundle of the Special edition of the Social-Democratic Herald, printed April 22nd. Socialists in all parts of the country have distributed tens of thousands of copies of this edition and testify to its effectiveness. In anticipation of the demand for that edition, an unlimited supply was printed. If the capitalist press in your community is printing articles attacking and misrepresenting the Milwaukee Socialist Administration, send for a bundle of the April 22nd edition of the Social-Democratic Herald and distribute them. By doing this you will turn those attacks into first class Socialist propaganda and educational literature. Price, \$5.00 per thousand, 75c per hundred. Order a bundle at Once! SEND REMITTANCE TO Social-Democratic Herald 528 Chestnut Street - Milwaukee, Wis.

FOR PERSONAL LIBERTY, AND AGAINST VICE

10. The Social-Democratic party does not intend to curtail the few amusements and places of recreation that capitalism has left the working class. The saloon is still the proletarian's club house. But we demand that our city shall protect her youth and suppress vice. At the same time we call attention to the fact that prostitution is a part of the capitalist system and will entirely disappear only with capitalism. **Comment** All saloonkeepers were pledged not to conduct dances. Notorious saloons where the liquor traffic and prostitution were in alliance, were put out of business. Saloons connected with "shady hotels," assignation houses, were put out of business. Four saloonkeepers had their licenses revoked for selling liquor to minors. Policemen were stationed at the doors of known "shady" hotels instructed to take the names of all couples registering. More than 100 disreputable saloons have been put out of business since the entrance of the Social-Democrats to the city hall. About one-half of these applied for licenses but were

The Cost of War

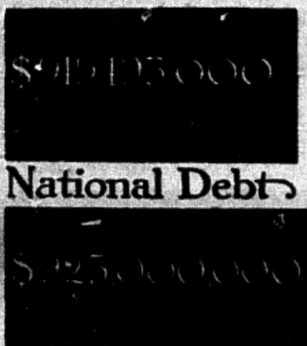
But aside from human suffering, the cost in money, the cost in the waste of energy and resources is colossal. There is no waste of any kind that will compare with the terrific waste of war. Every war piles up debt. Huge loans are made in order to send forth armies and navies. The time and labor of hundreds of thousands of men is completely lost. ALL THE MEN IN THE ARMY AND NAVY MUST BE SUPPORTED BY THE WORKERS WHO STAY AT HOME.

If the Republican president and the Democratic congress now in power allow a war to be started with Mexico, they will plunge the country into a national crime. They will sanction a great, widespread, wholesale murder. It will desolate thousands of homes. It will be a personally bloody affair for which future historians will hold these "statesmen" personally responsible.

The American people are enlightened to a point now where they are totally and absolutely against needless

war. The time is now here when no certain old-time pretenses will not go. "National honor," "commercial expansion," "benevolent assimilation," will not go. We are at a point where the temper of the people will not stand for these exploded hypocrics. If war comes, we will hold men personally responsible. We will not say, "the government" or "the administration" is guilty. We will show the WAR BLOOD ON THE HANDS OF THE MEN RESPONSIBLE.

And as never before, there will be thorough consideration of the staggering cost of war. The black and white diagrams here reproduced from the Technical World Magazine bring home strongly the colossal waste of war. They add fresh emphasis to what the battle scarred warrior meant when he said, "War is hell."



Cost of U.S. Army & Navy for five years. 144

By Carl Sandburg. (Written for The Herald.)

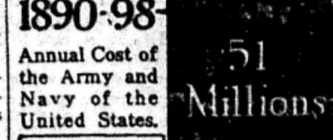
THE terrific cost of war is one argument against war. The cost of war in life and blood and tears and pain is something fearful.



Estimated Cost of Panama Canal 561 Millions



Cost of U.S. Army & Navy for Two Years. 370 Millions



1890-98 Annual Cost of the Army and Navy of the United States. 51 Millions



1902-10 185 Millions

Jolts for the Capitalists

By Henry T. Jones (Written for The Herald.)

WHENEVER the members of the supreme court of the United States find a little thing like the constitution in the way of a favorable decision for their class, they promptly declare the musty old thing UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

Gen Sherman declared that war was hell. Then Secretary of Hell Dickinson would be the more correct title for that corporation lawyer from Wall street who is now at the head of the war department.

Taft has a brother named Charley. Charley is the president of a corporation owning 365,000 acres of land in Texas convenient to the Mexican border. The name of the company is the Coleman-Fulton Pasture corporation. This concern now has HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS of cattle, sheep and hogs on its estate. It also has its own packing houses, cold storage plants and ice houses in which to store meat, vegetables, fruits and fish, its charter granting it the privilege of engaging in all these industries. In addition to this the company has the right to manufacture cotton goods from the cotton grown on this vast estate and purchased from Mexican cotton growers. On this privately owned estate 7,000 Mexican laborers were employed before the revolution in the Diaz empire became a menace to the interests of the thieving capitalists. About 2,000 "deserted" from the Taft estate to do battle with the insurgents and we wonder if the Taft troops were rushed to the Mexican border to aid the "business interests" of Brother Charley and his Wall street associates who are so much interested in the American workingmen that they employ almost exclusively cheap Mexican labor. And millions of American workmen voted for this corporation creature Taft! Didn't want to throw away their votes, you know.

J. Pierpont Morgan a long time ago became a director in the Hudson Bay Company of Canada. But this fact became known to the public only recently. Now you know why Morgan's man Taft is so deeply interested in RECIPROCITY WITH CANADA. This Canadian company has a charter which grants it the privilege of engaging in any business enterprise known to man. The Hudson Bay company is as powerful in Canada as the Standard Oil, steel, coal, and railroad trusts are in the United States. This means that Canada is to be thoroughly exploited by American and Canadian capitalists. Reciprocity is a good thing under the Morgan plan—for the capitalist savages.

Dr. Wiley, the government expert, truthfully says a well nourished body is immune from the ravages of tuberculosis germs. And yet the capitalist minds have frequently told us that "more people die from over-eating than from too little." Don't you believe it; more people are slaughtered from lack of nourishment than because of too much of it, and the ratio is a hundred thousand to one, and I might increase the figures to a million and be nearer right.

Morgan, Frick, Guggenheim, Belmont and the rest of the "great" Republican and Democratic capitalists, are displeased with Judge Landis, who was trained in the capitalist field. Landis' latest betrayal of capitalist interests was his denunciation of the alluring army and navy posters. He called them bunco posters and said that recruits inveigled into military service through such false pictures of glory and ease were justified in deserting when they found that painting floors that did not need painting, polishing brass that did not need polishing and eating food that was not ap-

troops on the Mexican border places the amount at \$100,000,000. That amount is the total capitalization of the Standard Oil company, and would build a most respectable railroad which could be used for the benefit of the people. But our capitalist officials are "business men" and Wall street interests must be protected even if it takes the value of the Standard Oil company to do it. And the working class elected these capitalist officials to look out for the interest of all the people. Yes, Philosopher Dooley was justified in saying of the working class: "Yez have nothin' to lose but yer brains an' yez haven't any."

Glad They United!—At Canton, Ill., April 18, the Socialist party elected six aldermen out of nine. The Republicans and Democrats, uniting against the Socialists, got the three others.

Elect Socialist City Clerk.—Portland, Ill.—John Corgial, Socialist, was elected city clerk of Portland by a plurality of 118.

The Social-Democratic Herald, Milwaukee, is one of the most ably conducted of the American Socialist journals.—Year Book of Independent Labor Party (Socialist), London, Eng.

Milwaukee Platform Record

(Continued from 2d page.)

meetings, most of them for public discussion of matters connected with city business; 28 permits were issued for motion picture shows and lectures; 125 permits were miscellaneous. These meetings were attended by persons from all classes and interests in the city. City officials from all political parties spoke. Deputy Comptroller Leslie Everts delivered a remarkable series of lectures on budget-making and municipal accounting.

A \$15,000 fund was set aside in the 1911 budget to establish a department of public play and recreation under the direction of a commission. Enabling legislation, with favorable prospect for passage, is being sought from the state legislature.

AN AUDITORIUM FOR THE PEOPLE

The city shall cause the Auditorium to be opened for meetings and amusements of the working people at low rates. Also, the city shall further extend the free concerts in the parks during the summer, and arrange for at least one free concert a week in the Auditorium in winter.

Comment

Twenty-two concerts were given in the Auditorium on Sunday afternoons. They began in October and ran through April. Excellent musical programs were furnished by the Christopher Bach band. Admission was 10 cents. Nine of the concerts paid a profit. Out of the total deficit of \$1,137.83, only \$167.92 was created in 1911. This indicates that the best way to conduct these people's concerts has now been learned. Future seasons will see larger gains. The average attendance was 2,042. The total number of admissions was 45,517. Thus, thousands of men, women and children of the working class took advantage of the chance to hear the best music at a price within command of their pocketbooks.

The 1911 budget, voted for by the entire Social-Democratic majority, gave the park and boulevard fund \$185,679.86, the full limit asked for by the park board.

FAIR WAGES AND ELECTION HOLIDAYS

16. Firemen and policemen and all other city employees shall be always accorded fair treatment and a public trial before they can be discharged. The city shall pay a fair wage—not less than a union wage—to its employees. And the city shall declare a



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Socialism is the New Patriotism

HUMAN life depends upon food, clothing and shelter. Only those who are able to produce food, clothing and shelter, land and machinery are needed. Land by itself does not satisfy human needs. Human labor gets raw materials and food out of the soil by creating machinery and using it upon the land. Whoever has control of land and machinery has control of human labor, and with it of human life and liberty.

Today the machinery and the land used for industrial purposes are owned by a rapidly increasing minority. So long as machinery is simple and easily handled by one man, it does not make its owners so powerful that they can dominate the sources of life of others. But when machinery becomes more and more complex and expensive, and requires for its effective operation the organized effort of many workers, its influence reaches over wider circles of life. The owners of such machinery become the dominant class.

In proportion as the number of such machine owners compared to all other classes decreases, their power in the nation and in the world increases. They bring ever larger masses of working people under their control, reducing them to the point where muscle and brain are either only productive property. Millions of formerly self-employed workers thus become the helpless wage slaves of the industrial masters.

The more the economic power of the ruling class grows, the less useful does it become in the life of the nation. The overwhelming bulk of the wealth of the nation falls upon the shoulders of the classes that either have not other productive property but their manual and mental labor power—the small traders and small farmers. The ruling minority is steadily becoming wealthier and parasitic.

It drags their wives from their homes to the playgrounds and schools and grinds their slender bodies and unformed minds into cold dollars. It constantly disfigures, maims and kills hundreds of thousands of workingmen annually in mines, on railroads and in factories. It drives millions of workers into the ranks of the unemployed and forces large numbers of them into beggary, vagrancy and all forms of crime and vice.

PUBLIC INTELLIGENCE CORRUPTED. To maintain their rule over their fellow men, the capitalists must keep in their pay all organs of the public power, public mind and public conscience. They control the dominating parties and through them the elected public officials. They select our executives, bribe our legislatures and corrupt our courts of justice. They own and censor the press. They sway our educational institutions. They own the nation politically and intellectually just as they own it industrially.

The struggle between wage workers and capitalists grows ever fiercer and fiercer. The only vital issue before the American people. The wage working class, therefore, has the most vital and direct interest in abolishing the capitalist system. But in abolishing the present system, the workingmen will free not only their own class, but also all other classes of modern society. The small farmer, who is today exploited by large capital more indirectly but not less effectively than is the wage laborer; the small manufacturer and long struggle for economic independence in the face of the all-conquering power of concentrated capital; and even the capitalist himself, who is the slave of his wealth, rather than its master. The struggle of the working class against the capitalist class, while it is a class struggle, is thus at the same time a struggle for the abolition of all classes and class privileges.

MUST CONQUER THE POLITICAL POWER

The private ownership of the land and means of production used for exploitation, is the rock upon which class rule is built. Political government is its indispensable instrument. The wage workers cannot be freed from exploitation without conquering the political power and substituting collective and democratic administration for private ownership of the land and the means of production used for exploitation.

AN END TO CLASS RULE

In the struggle for freedom the interests of the workers of all nations are identical. The struggle is not only national, but international. It embraces the world and will be carried to ultimate victory by the united workers of the world.

The Masses

A strong socialist magazine which Morgan did not buy. As good as any which Morgan bought. Why? Because to Morgan, the artists and writers give only their time and technical knowledge, but THE MASSES they now give their untrammelled spirit. Upon receipt of a postal card, we will mail you any number of copies you may desire. You can pay after disposing of the magazine.

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pointed by "Dave" Rose to stay in office according to law until January, 1912, and govern tax administration.

The foregoing accomplishments represent only one-half what the Social-Democrats have done. Every fair-minded citizen who carefully considers these facts must acknowledge that this is a remarkable record. There is now in the city hall "the best administration Milwaukee has ever had."

Calmly, steadily, the power of labor grows. With nothing to lose and with everything to gain, the working class advances. The cause of labor is the hope of the world. The Social-Democratic party builds and when it builds, it builds strong and builds to win. All the blind, driven, industrial forces underlying civilization are working with us. We aim to organize and direct these forces. We stand together for the New Civilization.

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Platform Pledges Kept -- The Record in Milwaukee

(Continued from 1st page.)

new plan toward getting just taxes. It was never tried nor thought of until the Social-Democrats, against heavy opposition and batteries of ridicule, brought Sommers system experts to the city for a trial demonstration. Announcement is made that a unit system standardizing realty valuations has been installed--also an innovation never heard of until the Sommers system demonstration by Social-Democratic initiative.

PUBLIC SLAUGHTER HOUSES

5. The city shall erect, maintain and manage a public slaughter house. Furthermore, at least four public markets in the various parts of the city, and four municipal storage houses--to enlarge the function of the municipality and to lower trust prices as far as can be done locally.

Comment: Lack of home rule--the handcuffs--prevents action. Bills have been before the state legislature.

PUBLIC WORKS

6. The city shall establish and maintain a public works department which shall directly perform the necessary work of the city--its building, plumbing, grading, paving, etc., at an eight-hour workday and at a fair union wage. It shall abolish the contract system as far as possible in all public works and encourage the organization of labor in every respect.

Comment: Terrific blows at the contract system have been struck by the Social-Democrats. The contracting interests know it is a fight for life on their part.

The public works department submitted to the common council a report with a proposal that funds be appropriated for the purchase of materials and machinery in order that the city might proceed to do its own paving without the intervention of a formal contract. This report went thoroughly into detailed specifications and figures. Public Works Commissioner Briggs appeared personally before the common council. It was admitted on all sides that the plan had entire probabilities of success. Charles Mullen, superintendent of street construction, stated, "The saving in sight amounts to a quarter of a million dollars."

A three-fourths vote being necessary to carry the appropriation, it was defeated. The aldermen who voted in favor of the contractors explained, "We are afraid this is illegal."

A bill before the state legislature asks for the removal of the handcuffs. The report made by Commissioner

Briggs to the common council has been published by the University of Wisconsin under the title, "The Paving Question of Milwaukee." It is issued as an educational document on municipal efficiency, endorsing the idea of municipal research and cost keeping.

MUNICIPAL STONE QUARRY

7. The city shall provide for its unemployed citizens. Besides the improvement of the streets, the city should push every possible municipal enterprise and afford work for as many of the unemployed as possible. The city shall operate a municipal quarry to supply crushed stone for our streets; establish a municipal wood and coal yard--also a municipal ice plant; and shall sell wood, coal and ice to citizens at cost price.

Comment: A special committee appointed by the common council has looked over ten different quarry sites. Experts will be employed to make soundings as to the quality and quantity of the stone deposited. The sum of \$10,000 set aside in the budget for 1911 will more than suffice for the first payment on this important municipal utility.

Enabling legislation toward a municipal wood and coal yard, also a municipal ice plant, has been asked from the state legislature.

Toward the relief of unemployed citizens, the past year has witnessed the first sincere and effective grappling with this stupendous problem ever attempted in Milwaukee. The plunder, misuse, and incompetency of former administrations having left the city treasury worse than empty, it was impossible to begin desired extensions of public work. Yet, the following activities were notable: (1) Mayor Seidel called a public mass-meeting and conference in the city council chamber for full public discussion of the causes and relief methods for the unemployment terror. The consensus of opinion was that the number of unemployed (March 11) might reach as high as somewhere between 12,000 and 15,000 with a possibility of it being lower than 10,000. All interests in the city were represented. It was agreed that unemployment conditions in Milwaukee were, if anything, better than in other cities because of the number of small industries, the diversified character, of the Milwaukee shops. (2) A general unemployment committee was organized with representatives from the common council, the county board of supervisors, the Federated Trades council, the Merchants and Manufacturers' asso-

ciation. (3) Through this committee, a sum of \$300 was raised by a ball and the money expended for relief. (4) Ward gangs of the public works department were increased. In some wards, the number of men employed was record-breaking. (5) A citizens' employment bureau began operations on West Water street, under auspices of the general committee. The bureau was in charge of Fred A. King, fellow in the University of Wisconsin. The bureau methods were organized by William Leiserson, the man who was engaged by the New York State Unemployed commission to make exhaustive research in both America and Europe and whose report and accompanying recommendations constitute the first thorough and authoritative document on unemployment issued in America. The immediate result was quicker connection of men with jobs, both in and out of the city. During two and one-half weeks 1,300 men registered. Of these one-fifth secured steady employment. A bill introduced in the state legislature providing for \$5,000 to investigate the status of unemployment was killed by Republicans and Democrats.

BETTER HOMES AND LIVING

8. The city shall annex and incorporate reasonable territory in addition to its present area--Milwaukee having now the smallest area in the country for any city of the same class--the same to be surveyed and plotted by experts in such manner as to insure healthy and aesthetic conditions for homes, factories, schools and playgrounds.

The city also shall re-district wards immediately on an equitable basis, so as not to give one voter in certain downtown wards five times as much voting power as a voter in the outlying districts.

Options have been secured on upper river lands for park purposes. When the park project is realized, the city may plat lands and erect model homes--provided the state legislature will take off the handcuffs.

Three plans for re-districting the city have been submitted to the common council and referred to the legislative committee.

MUNICIPAL HOSPITAL SERVICE

9. Free medical service shall be extended and free dispensaries established, which shall be kept open also on Sundays. The city should provide at least four municipal hospitals, free from every taint of charity, including a maternity and tuberculosis hospital. Also a public crematory, which shall be free to those applying.

Comment: It is important news to every home in the city that plans are now under way that will make sure a completely modern hospital for the care of diphtheria, scarlet fever and smallpox in Milwaukee. The 1911 budget provides \$100,000 for this purpose. And the health department has submitted plans to the health committee of the council.

From sixteen large American cities, plans and photographs were obtained bearing on isolation hospitals. The Milwaukee institution will surpass everything in the country of this kind with the exception in some features of those in Boston and San Francisco.

The plans include two large buildings and an administration building, all connected by glass corridors. The administration building will have a detention ward. In other separate buildings will be a garage and power station. The city owns nearly all of a square block, bounded on two sides by Mitchell street and Seventeenth avenue, where the present so-called "pest-house" is located. This will be the location of the new isolation hospital.

The entire administration is co-operating actively with every force in the city toward control of tuberculosis. The use of the Kern tract has been granted to the Social Workers for a tent camp. Other tracts are also made available for white plague sufferers. Negotiations are under way between the council health committee and owners of the Blue Mound sanatorium for the taking over of the same. Health Commissioner Kraft has improved the records pertaining to location of consumptive cases. Keen supervision is exercised over the disinfection of quarters vacated by tubercular patients.

A bill before the legislature asks for the right to establish and maintain a municipal lodging house. The handcuffs again!

FOR PERSONAL LIBERTY, AND AGAINST VICE

10. The Social-Democratic party does not intend to curtail the few amusements and places of recreation that capitalism has left the working class.

The saloon is still the proletarian's club house. But we demand that our city shall protect her youth and suppress vice. At the same time we call attention to the fact that prostitution is a part of the capitalist system and will entirely disappear only with capitalism.

Comment: All saloonkeepers were pledged not to conduct dances. Notorious saloons where the liquor traffic and prostitution were in alliance were put out of business. Saloons connected with "shady hotels," assignation houses, were put out of business. Four saloonkeepers had their licenses revoked for selling liquor to minors. Police-men were stationed at the doors of known "shady" hotels instructed to take the names of all couples registering.

More than 200 respectable saloons have been put out of business since the entrance of the Social-Democrats to the city hall. About one-half of these applied for licenses but were

refused after hearings. A number of saloonkeepers made no application for renewal of licenses, understanding that their methods were known and that no political "pull" or other influence would avail. It was well known that for the first time in many years, there was no "playing of favorites."

MUNICIPAL PLUMBING

11. The city shall provide a system of street closets and comfort stations such as are found in modern European cities. Plumbing and sewerage to be done in all dwellings by the city at cost, the same to be paid for in yearly installments.

Comment: Appropriation for one comfort station has been provided by the common council resolution. Plans have been drawn, and upon grant from the state legislature, construction will begin. Enabling laws toward municipal plumbing are before the state legislature. This now inaugurates the policy of the city providing public lavatories. The Social-Democratic party platform was the first in Milwaukee to demand this facility.

GARBAGE A SOURCE OF PROFIT

12. The city shall cease to throw sewerage into the lake, thereby creating epidemics of typhoid fever and many other diseases. Instead, the city shall utilize its garbage and waste matter in a modern scientific manner and make it the source of fertility and wealth. Expert service shall be employed for that purpose as is done in German and French cities.

Comment: A sewerage commission appointed by the former administration has been given enthusiastic co-operation. The mayor and aldermen have at all points urged that this commission be supported toward a solution of the sewerage problem. The report of the commission is expected to recommend plans that will mean the spending of more than six million dollars. That this colossal work shall be effectively done is the determination of the Social-Democrats.

Sewer Superintendent Kruse discovered and exposed broken-down, cracked, utterly defective sewers of recent construction on Greenbush street between Chicago road and Harrison avenue. They were clearly in violation of contract specifications. C. J. Criley, the contractor, relaid a half block of this sewer on Greenbush street. On Ninth avenue, one and one-half blocks of sewer pipe not up to specifications were relaid.

CARE FOR THE TREES

13. The city shall develop as rapidly as possible a system of small parks in the crowded centers similar to those now being developed in Chicago and other cities. These parks to have public playgrounds, open air gymnasiums, natatoriums, etc. The city shall plant and take care of the trees lining the street and employ expert service for that purpose. The city, moreover, shall condemn all slum habitations, replacing them with model dwellings, to be rented to the people slightly above cost. The city shall also establish and operate a municipal lodging house to mitigate the tramp evil.

Comment: Except for Cincinnati, Milwaukee has less park area for its size than any other city in America. With bigger park area always goes better city health. So, by majority action in the common council, the first payment has been made on a proposed 500 acre park on the upper Milwaukee river. It is a beautifully wooded stretch on both river banks and when the purchase is completed, it will pay back health, pleasure and life to an extent beyond reckoning. This "million dollar park" for political purposes, by politicians, is ragged at an "extravaganza." By all who are frank and who know the situation it is declared to be one of the wisest and noblest pieces of municipal statesmanship ever attempted in Milwaukee. The first large payments will not begin until 1913 and the total cost will be distributed equally over twenty years. Those who will benefit most by it are the thousands of working people of Milwaukee who cannot afford to go to summer resorts.

This park project has received endorsement from all classes and interests in the city. It is universally admitted that the lands will command twice their present prices twenty years from now. In connection with the sewerage problem alone, it will save to the city its purchase price, as land adjoining the river will be necessary.

A beautiful little neighborhood park and playground, one block square, bounded by National avenue and Pierce, Greenbush and Hanover streets, will be ready for Fifth ward people and other south siders next year. The purchase proceedings under way will be completed by July this year, clean-ups and grading to begin immediately afterward. The block is 300 feet each way and will be a notable breathing spot in a seriously congested district. A bandstand and a fountain will be features. One-fourth of the area is planned for a playground, with swings, "teeter-totters" and climbing ladders for the rising generation.

Referendums were taken among the people of the ward, so as to locate the park where it was wanted by most of the people.

Mayor Seidel has given his personal co-operation to business men proposing to beautify the downtown river front. Definite plans have been presented for a walk and colonnade along the Milwaukee river, from the Grand avenue bridge to Oneida street on the east side of the river. An ordinance establishing the dock and wharf line has

been introduced by request in the common council.

American Products That Cost Less in Europe!!

The following interesting letter appears in the May "American Magazine": "In reference to the enclosed clipping from your magazine, permit me to say that I know that these facts are true, that American-made articles are sold cheaper, even to ports where there is the additional expense of double shipments, i. e., double transportation, than they are in the United States.

"My husband, the late Solomon Berliner of New York, was American consul at Tenerife, Canary Islands, for eleven years, and I made my home there for the past nine years.

"I know it to be a fact, and the statistics at the state department will show that hardware, farming implements and machinery, sheeting, perfumery, canned foods, patent and proprietary medicines, lard, pressed meats, etc., are mostly from the States, but shipped via England, France or Spain (there being no direct steamship communication) and thus accredited to the country under whose flag they arrive.

"These articles are all sold cheaper in the Canaries than they are in the States!

"Three years ago, I had occasion to visit America. A friend, one of the biggest importers of the Islands, asked for Berliner for letters of introduction to big meat packing concerns of New York and Chicago, also to tobacco firms, and decided to come with me. Upon arrival in New York I went with him in person to help interpret. He returned shortly after, without having accomplished anything. It was his intention to establish direct business relations with these firms instead of buying through English houses. But he discovered that he could buy through the English houses and have landed at the mole in Tenerife cheaper than he could buy (shipment excluded) in New York. The same was true of cut tobacco.

"I had been using a celebrated baby food, bought there, and a friend had asked me to secure for her a well-known type of sewing machine.

"I wrote direct to the Food company asking for prices. Their price minus shipment and risk of breakage, was a trifle higher than the retail price of the shops at Tenerife! Upon my advice, my friend bought a sewing machine from the company's agency at Tenerife, for less than I could get it for her in the city of New York!--Jennie O. Berliner.

Writing is ever an imprisoned god, laboring unconsciously to escape out of Mammonism.--Carlyle.

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THE EVOLUTION OF PROLETARIAT--By Paul Lafargue. Lafargue is a son-in-law of Karl Marx and has written quite a number of books, of which this is the most serviceable. Cloth, 160 pages, price 50 cents, postpaid.

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Socialism is the New Patriotism

HUMAN life depends upon food, clothing and shelter. Only when these are assured are freedom, culture and higher human development possible. To produce food, clothing and shelter, land and machinery are needed. Land by itself does not satisfy human needs. Human labor gets raw materials and food out of the soil by creating machinery and using upon the land. Whoever has control of land and machinery has control of human labor, and with it of human life and liberty.

Today the machinery and the land used for industrial purposes are owned by a rapidly increasing minority. So long as machinery is simple and easily handled by one man, it does not matter its ownership so powerful that they can dominate the sources of life of others. But when machinery becomes more and more complex and expensive, and requires for its effective operation the organized effort of many workers, its influence reaches over wider circles of life. The owners of such machinery become the dominant class.

THE MASSES IN SUBJECTION.

In proportion as the number of such machine owners comes to all other classes increases, they bring ever larger masses of working people under their control, reducing them to the point where muscle and brain are their only productive property. Millions of formerly self-employed workers thus become the helpless wage slaves of the industrial masters.

The more the economic power of the ruling class grows, the less useful does it become in the life of the nation. The overwhelming bulk of the useful work of the nation falls upon the shoulders of the classes that either have not other productive property or have manual and other labor power the wage workers—or that have but little land and little machinery outside of their labor power—the small traders and small farmers. The ruling minority is steadily becoming more and more parasitic.

A bitter struggle over the division of the products of labor is waged between the exploiting propertyless class on the one hand and the exploited propertyless class on the other. In this struggle the wage working class cannot expect adequate relief from any reform of the present order from the dominant class of society.

The wage workers are therefore the most determined and irreconcilable antagonists of the ruling class. They are also the class which suffers most from the curse of class rule. The fact that a small number of capitalists is permitted to use all the country's resources and social tools for their individual profit, and to make the production of the necessities of our lives the object of their competitive private enterprises and speculations, is at the bottom of all the social evils of our time.

MODERN INDUSTRY PLANLESS.

In spite of the organization of trusts, pools and combinations, the capitalists are powerless to regulate production for social ends. Industries are largely conducted in a planless manner. Through periods of feverish activity the strength and health of the workers are mercilessly undermined, and during periods of enforced idleness the workers are frequently reduced to starvation.

The chaotic system of production is the regular recurring industrial depression and crises which paralyze the nation every fifteen or twenty years.

In its mad and reckless race for profit the capitalist class is bound to exploit the workers to the very limit of their endurance and to sacrifice their physical, mental and moral well-being to its own insatiable greed. Capitalism keeps the masses of workmen in poverty, destitution, physical exhaustion and ignorance.

It drags their wives from their homes to the mill and factory. It matches their children from U. S. playgrounds and schools and grinds their slender bodies and unformed minds into cold, dollar-making machines. It maims and kills hundreds of thousands of workingmen annually in mines, on railroads and in factories. It drives millions of workers into the ranks of the unemployed and forces large numbers of them into beggary, vagrancy and all forms of crime and vice.

PUBLIC INTELLIGENCE CORRUPTED.

To maintain their rule over their fellow men, the capitalists must keep in their pay all organs of the public powers, public mind and public conscience. They control the dominating parties and through them the elected public officials. They select our executives, bribe our legislatures and corrupt our courts of justice. They own and control the press. They sway our educational institutions. They own the nation politically and intellectually just as they own it industrially.

The struggle between wage workers and capitalists grows ever fiercer and has become the only vital issue before the American people. The wage working class, therefore, has the most vital and direct interest in abolishing the capitalist system. But in abolishing the present system, the workingmen will free not only their own class, but also all other classes of modern society. The small farmer who is today exploited by large capital more indirectly but not less effectively than is the wage laborer; the small manufacturer and trader, who is engaged in a desperate and losing struggle for economic independence in the face of the all-conquering power of concentrated capital; and even the capitalist himself, who is the slave of his wealth, rather than its master. The struggle of the working class against the capitalist class, while it is a class struggle, is thus at the same time a struggle for the abolition of all classes and class privileges.

MUST CONQUER THE POLITICAL POWER.

The private ownership of the land and means of production used for exploitation, is the rock upon which class rule is built. Political government is its indispensable instrument. The wage workers cannot be freed from exploitation without conquering the political power and substituting collective democratic administration for private ownership of the land and the means of production used for exploitation.

The basis for such transformation is rapidly developing within the very bosom of present capitalist society. The factory system, with its immense machinery and minute division of labor, is rapidly destroying all vestiges of individual production in manufacture. Modern production is already very largely a collective and social process, while the great trusts and monopolies which have sprung up in recent years have had the effect of organizing the work and management of some of our main industries on a national scale, and fitting them for national use and operation.

AN END TO CLASS RULE.

In the struggle for freedom the interests of the workers of all nations are identical. The struggle is not only national, but international. It embraces the world, and will be carried to ultimate victory by the united workers of the world.

To unite the workers of the nation and their allies and sympathizers of all other nations in this end, is the mission of the Socialist. To this battle for freedom the Socialist movement does not strive to substitute working class rule for capitalist rule, but by working class victory to free all humanity from class rule and to realize the international brotherhood of man.

The Cost of War

\$1,000,000,000
National Debt
\$25,000,000,000

Cost of U.S. Army & Navy for five years.

By Carl Sandburg.
(Written for The Herald.)

THE terrific cost of war is one argument against war. The cost of war in life and blood and tears and pain is something fearful.

561 Millions
Estimated Cost of Panama Canal

144 PAGES

But aside from human suffering, the cost in money, the cost in the waste of energy and resources is colossal. There is no waste of any kind that will compare with the terrific waste of war. Every war piles up debt. Huge loans are made in order to send forth armies and navies. The time and labor of hundreds of thousands of men is completely lost. ALL THE MEN IN THE ARMY AND NAVY MUST BE SUPPORTED BY THE WORKERS WHO STAY AT HOME.

If the Republican president and the Democratic congress now in power allow a war to be started with Mexico, they will plunge the country into a national crime. They will sanction a great, widespread, wholesale murder. It will desolate thousands of homes. It will be a personally bloody affair for which future historians will hold these "statesmen" personally responsible.

The American people are enlightened to a point now where they are totally and absolutely against needless

370 Millions
Cost of U.S. Army & Navy for Two Years.

144 PAGES

war. The time is now here when no certain old-time pretenses will not go. "National honor," "commercial expansion," "benevolent assimilation," will not go. We are at a point where the temper of the people will not stand for these exploded hypocrisies. If war comes, we will hold men personally responsible. We will not say, "the government" or "the administration" is guilty. We will show the WAR BLOOD ON THE HANDS OF THE MEN RESPONSIBLE.

And as never before, there will be thorough consideration of the staggering cost of war. The black and white diagrams here reproduced from the Technical World Magazine bring home strongly the colossal waste of war. They add fresh emphasis to what the battle-scarred warrior meant when he said, "War is hell."

1890-98
Annual Cost of the Army and Navy of the United States.
51 Millions

1902-10
185 Millions

Jolts for the Capitalists

By Henry T. Jones

WHENEVER the members of the supreme court of the United States find a little thing like the constitution in the way of a favorable decision for their class, they promptly declare the most old thing UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

Gen Sherman declared that war was hell. Then Secretary of Hell Dickinson would be the more correct title for that corporation lawyer from Wall street who is now at the head of the war department.

Taft has a brother named Charley. Charley is the president of a corporation owning 365,000 acres of land in Texas convenient to the Mexican border. The name of the company is the Coleman-Fulton Pasture corporation. This concern now has HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS of cattle, sheep and hogs on its estate. It also has its own packing houses, cold storage plants and ice houses in which to store meat, vegetables, fruits and fish, its charter granting it the privilege of engaging in all these industries. In addition to this the company has the right to manufacture cotton goods from the cotton grown on this vast estate and purchased from Mexican cotton growers. On this privately owned estate 7,000 Mexican laborers were employed before the revolution in the Diaz empire became a menace to the interests of the thriving capitalists. About 2,000 "deserted" from the Taft estate to do battle with the insurgents and we wonder if the Taft troops were rushed to the Mexican border to aid the "business interests" of Brother Charley and his Wall street associates who are so much interested in the American workingmen that they employ almost exclusively cheap Mexican labor. And millions of American workingmen voted for this corporation creature Taft! Didn't want to throw away their votes, you know.

J. Pierpont Morgan a long time ago became a director in the Hudson Bay Company of Canada. But this fact became known to the public only recently. Now you know why Morgan's man Taft is so deeply interested in RECIPROCITY WITH CANADA. This Canadian company has a charter which grants it the privilege of engaging in any business enterprise known to man. The Hudson Bay company is as powerful in Canada as the Standard Oil, steel, coal, and railroad trusts are in the United States. This means that Canada is to be thoroughly exploited by American and Canadian capitalists. Reciprocity is a good thing under the Morgan plan—for the capitalist savages.

Dr. Wiley, the government expert, truthfully says a well nourished body is immune from the ravages of tuberculosis germs. And yet the capitalist minds have frequently told us that "more people die from over-eating than from too little." Don't you believe it; more people are slaughtered from lack of nourishment than because of too much of it, and the ratio is a hundred thousand to one, and I might increase the figures to a million and be nearer right.

Morgan, Frick, Guggenheim, Belmont and the rest of the "great" Republican and Democratic capitalists, are displeased with Judge Landis, who was trained in the capitalist field. Landis' latest betrayal of capitalist interests was his denunciation of the alluring army and navy posters. He called them bunco posters and said that recruits inveigled into military service through such false pictures of glory and ease were justified in deserting when they found that painting flour that did not need painting, polishing brass that did not need polishing and eating food that was not ap-

troops on the Mexican border places the amount at \$100,000,000. That amount is the total capitalization of the Standard Oil company, and would build a most respectable railroad which could be used for the benefit of the people. But our capitalist officials are "business men" and Wall street interests must be protected even if it takes the value of the Standard Oil company to do it. And the working class elected these capitalist officials to look out for the interest of all the people. Yes, Philosopher Dooley was justified in saying of the working class: "Ye'z have nothin' to lose but yer brains an' ye'z haven't any."

Glad They United!—At Canton, Ill., April 18, the Socialist party elected six aldermen out of nine. The Republicans and Democrats, uniting against the Socialists, got the three others.

Elect Socialist City Clerk.—Portland, Ill.—John Corgial, Socialist, was elected city clerk of Portland by a plurality of 118.

The Social-Democratic Herald, Milwaukee, is one of the most ably conducted of the American Socialist journals.—Year Book of Independent Labor Party (Socialist), London, Eng.

Milwaukee Platform Record

(Continued from 24 page.)

meetings, most of them for public discussion of matters connected with city business; 28 permits were issued for motion picture shows and lectures; 125 permits were miscellaneous. These meetings were attended by persons from all classes and interests in the city. City officials from all political parties spoke. Deputy Comptroller Leslie Everts delivered a remarkable series of lectures on budget-making and municipal accounting.

A \$15,000 fund was set aside in the 1911 budget to establish a department of public play and recreation under the direction of a commission. Enabling legislation, with favorable prospect for passage, is being sought from the state legislature.

AN AUDITORIUM FOR THE PEOPLE

15. The city shall cause the Auditorium to be opened for meetings and amusements of the working people at low rates. Also, the city shall further extend the free concerts in the parks during the summer, and arrange for at least one free concert a week in the Auditorium in winter.

Comment

Twenty-two concerts were given in the Auditorium on Sunday afternoons. They began in October and ran through April. Excellent musical programs were furnished by the Christopher Bach band. Admission was 10 cents. Nine of the concerts paid a profit. Out of the total deficit of \$1,137.83, only \$167.92 was created in 1911. This indicates that the best way to conduct these people's concerts has now been learned. Future seasons will see larger gains. The average attendance was 2,042. The total number of admissions was 45,517. Thus, thousands of men, women and children of the working class took advantage of the chance to hear the best music at a price within command of their pocketbooks.

The 1911 budget, voted for by the entire Social-Democratic majority, gave the park and boulevard fund \$185,679.86, the full limit asked for by the park board.

FAIR WAGES AND ELECTION HOLIDAYS

16. Firemen and policemen and all other city employees shall be always accorded fair treatment and a public trial before they can be discharged. The city shall pay a fair wage—not less than a union wage—to its employees. And the city shall declare a



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pointed by "Dave" Rose, to stay in office according to law until January, 1912, and govern tax administration.

The foregoing accomplishments represent only one-half what the Social-Democrats have done. Every fair-minded citizen who carefully considers these facts must acknowledge that this is a remarkable record. There is now in the city hall "the best administration Milwaukee has ever had."

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Editor Associate

SOCIALIST MALIGNERS

McKEESPORT (PA.) EVENING TIMES: While entirely without reliable information as to governmental conditions in Milwaukee, The Evening Times is strongly inclined to suspect that the administration of the city's affairs by the Socialist mayor and his advisers is AN EMPHATIC SUCCESS. It cherishes this idea because of the violence with which the Brewery City's Socialist regime is being attacked through newspapers of the party organ and system-serving stripe.

A Shameful Admission

Asst. Postmaster Gen. Stewart Admits He Discharged U. S. Clerks for Advocating Union.

Washington May 9.—Second Assistant Postmaster General Stewart admitted today before the house committee on the civil service that clerks had been discharged from the government service for activity in promoting the organization of a trade union.

The clerks were removed from the St. Paul office. They were good clerks, Mr. Stewart said, but their "pernicious activity" amounted to insubordination.

Senate Proving Berger's Charge

Washington, May 11.—The United States senate is daily proving Representative Berger's charge that it has become an "obstructive and useless body." Since convening on April 4, the senate has been in session all told sixteen hours and twenty minutes.

A Merchant's View

Davenport, Iowa, May 8, 1911. (TO THE EDITOR.)

Dear Sir: As a business man of this city I can say that I have nothing but contempt for a lot of daily papers that misrepresent such a fine administration as you have in your city. I only wish we had the same thing here, and from the looks of the last election I think we will put a few in office in the coming election. I remain, respectfully, Edwin E. Worden.

May Day Event in Boston

The May Day meeting at Tremont temple on the evening of May 1 was remarkable in many ways. At twenty minutes after eight that great hall was packed from floor to roof. Many persons had doubtless come from curiosity to see Berger, the first Socialist congressman, but the great audience, nearly 3,000 persons, showed a deeper interest than could be felt by persons merely seeking something for the moment.

weeks he had been in congress, and was very impressive with his big, vital personality, to which success seems naturally to belong. Hunter spoke of the growth of the movement throughout the world which, he said, embodied the highest aspiration of mankind today. Hillquit mentioned the annulment by the court of appeals of labor legislation to protect the lives of employees in factories, and spoke of the Triangle disaster as illustrating the need for such legislation.

Boston Meeting of National Executive Committee

Boston, Mass., May 3.—The meeting of the national executive committee in Boston is now over and we take account of the value of the meeting. Whoever suggested the meeting of the national executive committee in various cities from time to time a very wise suggestion; for the stimulation to activity in Boston, if it is any criterion of what will happen in other cities, has vindicated the wisdom of the move.

the advance of our glorious cause. The largest hall in town was filled to overflowing on the evening of May Day and the greatest parade that the Socialists ever held in Boston was pulled off during the visit of the national executive committee. Nearly every city within a radius of one hundred miles held a May Day meeting this year. The members of the committee gave all the time they could possibly spare to the various meetings. An effort was made to disappoint no one and we in Boston shall be more than pleased if the meetings in other parts of the country result as successfully as did the one in Boston.

the receipt of a telegram or special delivery letter, why, you could then appreciate that at last we had come to be a real and true party and from henceforth we shall be a mighty factor in the affairs of this country. The meeting held in Lynn that was addressed by Comrades Berger and Lewis on Sunday, the 30th, was a great success. A committee of union men met them at the Narrow Gauge station and escorted them to the Lasters' hall.

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The Builders' Column

By A. W. Mance
Two Letters and Some Questions
To the Readers of the Social-Democratic Herald:
How did you happen to become a reader of The Herald? Was it not by some one asking, perhaps urging, you to try it for a year?

ALWAYS GREAT POSSIBILITIES
You may not realize how important it is for you to watch every opportunity to get a Socialist paper going into the home of your shopmate, friend or neighbor. You may think it a small thing to secure a subscriber for The Herald. In itself it is, but you never know what you are going to start when you get a new reader for a Socialist paper.

Philadelphia, April 30.
"Gentlemen: Please find enclosed eight names, all new subscriptions to the Social-Democratic Herald, with money order to pay for same. I am sorry that I am not able to buy some of the bonds, but after receiving your letter this morning, I put forth just a little effort and secured the above subscribers which, I hope, you will appreciate.
"Wishing you every success, I am
"Very truly yours, EDW. STEELE"

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Circulate the Bond Subscription Blank, Get Your Friends and Others to Buy NOW

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That's an Easy Example, Isn't It? And it will be just as easy to get the amount required to start our daily Socialist Paper

IN order to start this daily paper we are going to sell 10,000 bonds (secured by mortgage) at \$10 each. Remember, this is not a Donation—this is an investment—and a good investment at that. These bonds bear interest at the rate of four (4) per cent per year from Dec. 1st, 1912. If you had a friend who asked you for \$10.00 as a loan and you knew he needed the money, wouldn't you loan it to him? Sure you would! The Socialists' movement is your best friend, and when you are asked to help this cause will you refuse? You surely won't. Especially when you get interest on the loan! You know, and so do the 9,999 others know that this city is in dire need of a Socialist daily paper to refute the false representations of the daily press. Think of how dandy it would be if we had a Socialist Daily to champion our cause instead of you having to answer verbally—retail as it were—all the lies which the capitalist papers are grinding out wholesale.

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First Mile-stone Passed

the party organizations some time to replenish their treasury of war. The daily must not be and never shall be a hindrance, but must and will be a lubricant, a powerful dynamo, to the organized squadrons of toil. The daily will send electric currents through every mind that reads. It will make the sick at heart well, and the tired, refreshed. All eyes are on Milwaukee. See to it that you are true to her name. Fill out the blank below or send for a subscription blank and get your fellow workers to do likewise.

touches the soft spot in the capitalist system with five fingers—five bonds. Branch 19, S.-D. P., Milwaukee, gets out of bed with five bonds. The boys of the Nineteenth will go after the Sunday sleepers now! The Ferdinand Lassalle club, Connecticut, sends a message—two bonds. We reply, "Do or die." Branch 1, S.-D. P., Waupaca, brings good cheer—one bond. Waupaca is a fine summer resort, but I like the Socialists there better. Albuquerque (New Mexico) Socialist party sends an insurrecto up here—one bond. Milwaukee boys will help you, too, when Albuquerque gets in thick. The following Socialist party organizations have each subscribed for one bond: Livingston, Mont.; Centennial, Wyo.; Socialist Educational club, Jersey City, N. J.; Eugene Ore.; Rock Island County Central committee, Rock Island, Ill., and the Fifteenth Assembly district, Brooklyn, N. Y.

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Full Text of the Address at Faneuil Hall, Boston. This Reply Together with a Synopsis of Father Gasson's Speech Will Be Issued from This Office as a 10-Cent Pamphlet. Send in Orders at Once

(Continued from last week.)
 But, the gentlemen say, some speaking more or less for the Catholic church, some for other churches, and for no church, the Socialist movement is anti-religious, believes in free love and a few other things. Now, I am not a free lover, and I am not anti-religious, and even if I were, that has nothing to do with my demand for the social ownership of industry. One might be led to believe that in order to love your wife, you'd have to starve to death together. They say, "Why, your leaders are Atheists!" I do not know whether they are or not. Some of them may be, some of them are not. Some of them may be Infidels; quite likely some of them are this, and that, and something else. I am not in the Socialist movement because someone is an atheist or anything else. I might suggest at this juncture that the president of this republic, William Taft, is a Unitarian, and that is so dangerously near being an atheist that it takes a microscope to see the difference, and that he, this Unitarian, the leader of the Republican party, was supported by high prelates of the Catholic church, and by many members of that church. Now, if you want to judge a man or a party because of a leader that is an infidel, how can they explain when President Taft denies the trinity, denies the immaculate conception, denies the apostolic succession, denies transubstantiation, denies the divinity of Jesus Christ, and yet is elected as the leader of the Republican party and in a measure by their votes. If we had up such a man, they'd point to him as an atheist. "There's your leader! There's your leader! Denies the trinity, denies it all," and then we'd have to get around and explain that we are not responsible for the private views of individuals who may be in the community and who may be members of the party.

Then they say, "Well, that may be all very true, but your party distributes literature which defends anti-religion." Our party is in a peculiar position so far as literature is concerned. First of all, we have no power or authority and no desire to restrict people writing, or to restrict people from reading anything they please. The Socialist movement cannot put any Socialist book on the *index expurgatoris*. If people want to read it, they read it, so far as we are concerned. There are many things written by Socialists with which I absolutely disagree. But what they said was their own individual opinions. For example, Bebel, a leader, at least of the Socialist Party of Germany, as clean a man as ever lived, declared that out of all the turmoil of events the future society would establish a sort of free relation between the sexes without restriction so far as society or other institutions were concerned. It was his personal opinion. I disagree with him. Will I be expelled from the party for disagreeing with him? Not at all. What we stand for is declared in our platform, and this declaration does not, and never will stand for that position in my judgment. And I say it, as I have said it before, and said it in the highest councils of the party, that that declaration of Bebel is not only not Socialist, but anti-Socialist. I believe that society is tending more and more firmly, in this growth of the Socialist movement, toward the monogamous family, the single pair; that the family relations, the marriage relations, will be lifted up and purified and made more permanent. I say we have a right to be judged by our platform. I might declare that on the back part of the moon men lived who had feathers instead of hair. Then some persons would run up and down the street and say, "This is what the Socialists believe; they believe that men have feathers instead of hair." You can see the injustice of that. Some of you have had a copy of our platform. That is our declaration adopted by a national convention of the party, and approved by practically the entire membership of the party, as we run our affairs democratically. The only reference made to the subjects against which they urge their opposition is this; that we declare religion to be a private matter. Let me read you the exact words:

"The Socialist party is primarily an economic and political movement. It is not concerned with matters of religious belief."

Now you may say that we have adopted this as a policy to deceive somebody. I was on the committee that considered that matter, the platform committee. In the committee I opposed having this in the platform, for the reason that I said that it was not required in this country. In this country we have a free state and a free church. That is the demand of the Socialists in every European country; just what we have here. And I said that it had no place in the platform, and others thought it should be put in, and there was a discussion, and some wise and otherwise statements were made, and it finally passed, and there you are. Now is that a peculiar situation so far as our attitude is concerned? Let me show you. Here is a book by Liebknecht. You notice that he has whiskers, so did Marx, so has Bebel. I have none—therefore I suppose some people would say I am not in good standing. In order to be absolutely right, I suppose I should follow them in the matter of hirsute appendages.

Now, here is what Liebknecht says, speaking on the original platform adopted by the Socialists of Germany in 1875, possibly the first authoritative declaration so far as a platform of the organization was concerned, ever issued in the world, and followed by the platform adopted at the convention at Erfurt, October 20, 1891. He says this as a summary:

"Our end is the free democracy with equal economic and political rights. The free society of associated labor, the welfare of all is for us the one need of the state and society."

Now, the platform, the Erfurt platform, as well as the platform of Gotha, declares practically as we declare in the matter of religion. It declares that "Religion is a private matter." Can anything be more certain than that? That is what we declare for; a free church in a free state. This has been obtained here. For that reason, such declarations are not needed in the platform in this country. They are needed there. They even demand secular education in the platform, and public schools. In support of these demands Liebknecht says as follows. Now, mark you, this is the German Social-Democracy as it is called in Germany, the German Socialist movement; this is its platform, and its leader, or rather its spokesman, stating the reasons for having that in the platform. He says:

"The following paragraphs have given us much trouble in their formulation. To meet the difficulty it was moved to accept the democratic demands of the Eisenacher platform: Separation of the church from the school and the state. That was quite right in its time, but at present it does not comprehend all that we would and must say. In the earlier formulation the church is regarded as an institution equal in rank with the state. This is not our idea. We go much further; according to us: view the church is simply a private association, which is controlled by its own laws, as all other private associations are. That is the meaning of the absolute equality to which we have here given expression. Therefore we say: 'The ecclesiastical and religious bodies are to be regarded as private associations.' And in order that the Catholics may not be able to say that we wish to offer them violence we have added: 'Associations which order their affairs independently.'"

In relation to secular or public schools, Liebknecht continues:
 "You know how the Social Democracy is represented as a red specter, how the ecclesiastical associations say of us that we are a party of atheists and that the Social Democrats would forcibly take religion from every one and violently crush the church. In order to take the foundation from and to break the point of these demagogical slanders and pious falsehoods, we state here that the regulation of religious matters lies with each individual and we declare religion to be a private matter. I admit that I struggled for some time against taking up those practical considerations, since their meaning seemed so self-evident in the declaration of the platform. The Social Democracy as such has absolutely nothing to do with religion. Every man has the right to think and believe what he will, and no one has the right to molest another in his thoughts or beliefs, or to allow any one's opinions to be a disadvantage to him in any way. Opinions and beliefs can only be proceeded against when they become converted into pernicious and unlawful acts. But the opinions and beliefs in themselves must be free. We, as Social Democrats, must respect them, and those Social Democrats who respect the genuineness and worth of their fellow-men will also avoid scoffing at them. But if it were our duty to state that we will not rob any one of his religion or hinder him in the exercise thereof, we do not offer the church any handle by which it can come into the schools, and therefore we say 'Compulsory attendance at public national schools.' Every child must be sent by its parents or relatives to these secular schools, but by virtue of the fundamental statement that religion is a private matter, it remains for the parents themselves to teach their children, or allow them to be taught, in the religion which they choose. At first we thought to expressly state this in the platform, but we found that such a practical commentary did not belong there."

In the foregoing Liebknecht declares for the separation of the church from the school and the state. In this country this does not apply, for here the public schools are not controlled by any church, and in this country also the church and state have been separated—a condition agreed to practically by all the people. If there are those that would like to see church and state re-unite they have the privilege of seeking to have it done, but against such a proposition most people, including many Catholics, would object.

As to the schools—the position is clear, in the matter of church control of the schools—meaning by that the public schools. Liebknecht declares that no church should control them, but he affirms and defends the right of parents to teach their children such religion as they, the parents, may wish, and to select such religious teachers as they may determine. The consistency of the German Socialist movement in this particular may be seen by the following facts:

The German Emperor—the Monarchy—is Protestant. Some years ago the German government ordered the expulsion of the members of the Society of Jesus, the Catholic order of which the Rev. Father Gasson is a member. The Center Party (the Catholic party) naturally sought to remove the ban of expulsion, and in every instance the Socialist members of the German parliament have supported this demand, because the Socialists affirm religion to be a private matter, and the state should not prevent any religious body from having such religious teachers as they may desire.

In the matter of compulsory secular education there was some difficulty in this country a few years ago, but the matter appears to have been happily adjusted. The state maintains a standard of secular education for public schools, which obtains in the private and parochial schools, whether they be Catholics, Episcopalians, Lutheran, or any other; so that I feel I am correct in saying that in the two particulars just treated, the German demand is essentially for the establishment of the relations between the church, the state, and the schools which has obtained here.

It was stated by the Rev. Father Gasson that Socialism would result in impairing the integrity of the individual and of the family and of society. What does integrity mean? Integrity has two meanings. Let me read you the definition of the word given by a professor of Oxford university:

"The condition of having no part or element taken away or wanting. Undivided—or unbroken. A complete thing, etc."
 "In a moral sense—unimpaired moral state, etc."

So that integrity covers these two things. When any man speaks of integrity, he speaks of a general sense and also of a moral sense. We all assume that he meant it in both senses.
 Would the integrity of the individual be impaired by Socialism? Perhaps it would be by the kind of Socialism that Father Gasson had in mind. I do not know. But would it be impaired by a social condition in which the social tools of industry belonged to the whole people and were operated by them democratically? What would be the effect on the individual? Now, mark you, Socialism does not offer a perfect solution, in which all men would be perfect if they got it. Socialism merely presents its premise. It is to be the next step in the economic progress of the race. It does not assume that under Socialism we will all be pure, like Royal Baking Powder. It declares that we will be lifted up above the present animal struggle which now tends to degrade us.

Now, what of the integrity of the individual under this system, moral or otherwise? What of the integrity of a man in business? What is he to do in order to sustain himself against his competitors? Can a man today in competitive industry sustain himself by being absolutely truthful and absolutely honest and absolutely generous and charitable? Can he do it? Do you know any man, any place where you buy anything—tobacco, or beer, or tall hats, or chickens, or eggs, or anything else—do you know any man that tells you exactly the truth concerning the things he sells you? No, there is nobody. There is none. He doesn't tell you that that chicken has been dead for years. He doesn't tell you that the beer that you drank is a chemical preparation. He doesn't tell you that the ten-year-old whiskey was made yesterday. He doesn't tell you that the all-wool suit is made of shoddy. No, he can't afford to. All you have to do to get the standard of morals of the average business man is to read the advertisements. One declares he sells the best goods at the lowest prices in this city. The next fellow in the next column says he sells the best goods at the lowest prices in this city. Now, the two of them can't do that. One of them must lie. Then, what of capitalists that are in the trusts? Can they be held up as standards of moral integrity? Not successfully. No one, not even themselves, believe they are. Do you think that an industrial system that gives to an individual the control of mountains of wealth tends to his moral integrity? Read the reports from society, the daily reports, how they riot in licentious luxury; read King Leopold; read King Edward; read about the New York and Pittsburgh millionaires; read of all of them. They riot with a mountain of wealth and an excess of luxury, and the excess of luxury breeds other excesses.

Then read of individuals under this system. The individual working girl, the individual workingman. What of their integrity? The Rev. Mr. Myers, a Protestant clergyman in Tremont Temple, made certain remarks the other day that you may have read. He denounced the present conditions and pointed out that it meant the ruin of thousands of young girls. Eight years ago I made the same statement in this hall and was denounced in every newspaper.

I read in a paper published by the American Suffragist movement—not a Socialist paper in any sense—and it said that there were three hundred thousand girls required for the white slave traffic. That was the number needed in the white slave business. The average life was five years; that means sixty thousand girls had to be taken every year from the loins of the working class and thrust down into hell in order to feed the present capitalist system.

What of the moral integrity of the individual under this system—the individual working man. All you have to do is to see him when he applies for a job—this free born American working man, hat in hand and with a back looking like the letter "C." I worked for many years in the factory. Sometimes I stood up straight and looked my boss in the eye, sometimes I did not. Sometimes you don't. Do you think that it improves your moral integrity to know that this fellow over you holds the bread and butter of yourself and your old mother and father, and your wife and your children? If you try to look him in the eye and say you are a man, he will take the bread out of the mouths of those dear to you.

And the family! What of the family today? Let me say to you, and say it calmly, and I trust that none will take offense. If they do I can't help it. I have many friends, close friends and dear friends, who are members of the Knights of Columbus—the flower of the youth of the Catholic church. Some of them are Socialists, a few of them at least. Some of them are not. They are still my friends, because a man can differ from another and still have a little respect for him, even though they may be wide apart on many subjects. Let me suggest to you, when you may meet the official statistician of that society, ask him to ascertain the percentage of its members—and its membership is made up of men who are qualified by years and by health to be fathers of families—ask them "What percentage are married and have children?" Ask them that. They speak of themselves as the "Bachelor Club." There is one council that I know of that has three hundred members. Three of the members are Socialists. All of the Socialists are married, and they have a total of twenty-six children. Sixty-three per cent of the other members of that council are not married, although they are old enough, and are men of health, and brain, and years. Talk about holding up the home! Who broke up their homes? I tell you it's the present industrial system with its small wages and want of economic security.

There is a society here—the Boston Young Men's Catholic Association. They hope to increase their membership, and I trust they do, because every member of any church should aid the church organizations. Take the statistics of how many of them are married, and how many of them have children. Now, who broke up their homes? Who broke up the homes of those hundreds of thousands of women that are going down into the dark, some night, upon these streets here

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Well, if you do, we can supply you. Views of Milwaukee, Comic Cards, Birthday Cards, Socialist Cards, Etc., Etc., in great varieties at prices that are right. And every time you buy from us you make your money do double duty. You get the cards as cheaply as elsewhere and you assist in making more Socialists.

Do You Smoke?

Then this is the place to come to for Union Made Cigars, Union Made Tobaccos and Pipes. Here is where you can help perhaps in more ways than in any other line. The cigars we sell are all made by Comrades in the Cigar Manufacturing Business. Patronize us and you will help these Comrades make a living. Furthermore you help the Union cigar makers who make these cigars. And last, but not least, as with all other things you purchase here, the cause you hold so dearly, gets a boost. Here are some of the brands always in stock.

- Five Cent Brands
 Twins, Porto Rico, Comrade, Progress, Premium, Plantista, General Sumter, J. U., H. B., Harvester Kiddies, Blue Label, Straight Havana Seconds, Bright Light
- Ten Cent Brands
 High Life, Cream City, H. F., G. M., Tampanola, Lily Bud, Auto Puff, Margarita, J. U., Mayor Seidel, Extensio, Harvester, Don Aurelo

In the Tobacco line we believe we carry the largest assortment of Union Made Tobaccos in this city. There is not a single package of non-union made tobacco in our stock. It is entirely a Union Made line. Our stock contains, amongst others, the following brands:—

- | | |
|--|--|
| Long Cut
Eight Brothers, Progress, Union Workmen, Original, Old Soldier, Barkar, All Leaf | Cube Cut
Sweet Violet, Fat Hand, Granulated Plug, Quid, Magnolia, Gold Flake, Pure Gold |
| Shredded Plug
Pipe Dream, Almond Curve Cut, American Girl | Barry
Globe Scrap, Peachy Scrap, Red Band, Yankee Cut, New Process Havana Chippings |
| Plug Cut
Union World, Bull Dog, Central Union, Kimbo | Chewing Tobacco
Delmonico, Union Label, Our Nation, Fame, Fine Cut, Light and Dark |
| Flake Cut
Wild Fruit, Hand Made, Shredded Plug, Epicure, Sweet Tips | |

In addition to the above, a full line of pipes and cigar holders is always to be found in stock.

Of course, our business is not so big, nor our stock so large and varied, that we can offer wonderful daily bargain sales. Yet, we want your patronage, not only because it helps pay the bills of socialist propaganda work, but also because you can depend upon us to give you a square deal, because you will be treated honestly and, because you can buy as cheaply as anywhere.

Brisbane Hall Book and Tobacco Store

Brisbane Hall
 528 Chestnut Street
 Entrance at Chestnut St. Corridor
 Milwaukee, Wis.
 Open 8 A. M. to 9 P. M. Sundays 9 A. M. to Noon
 Orders Taken for Coal, Wood and Coke
 Phone Grand 4428

Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee

HEADQUARTERS—BRISBANE HALL
 TELEPHONE—GRAND 4438
 Meetings on 1st and 3d Wednesday (8 P. M.)
 Brisbane Hall

OFFICERS:
 Corresponding Secretary—JOHN REICHERT, Brisbane Hall.
 Recording Secretary—JOHN BROPHY, 634 Twenty-eighth street.
 Secretary—EMIL BRODDE, 1524 Eighteenth street.
 Sergeant-at-Arms—M. WEISSENFLUR, 1277 Loeb avenue.
 Business Agent—FRANK J. WEBER, Brisbane Hall.

EXECUTIVE BOARD—Henry Rumpel, Walter S. Fisher, John J. Handley, Albert Welter, William Coleman, John Rader, Edward Meier.



LABEL SECTION—Meetings second and fourth Thursday evenings, Brisbane Hall.
CHAIRMAN, William Haller, 1115 Twenty-ninth street.
SECRETARY, H. P. Beck, 1115 Twenty-ninth street.
BUILDING TRADES SECTION—Meetings second and fourth Thursday evenings, Brisbane Hall.
CHAIRMAN, John Schwelgen, 505 Fifteenth street; **FINANCIAL SECRETARY**, Henry Rumpel, Brisbane Hall. Chartered by A. B. of L. B. T. Dept.

THE UNION LABEL—The courts have not yet taken from us the right to employ this means to the end—labor's freedom. While we may, let us **USE ITS POWER**.

Conspiracy Is Manifest

To Crush Ironworkers' International Union by Fastening Crime Upon It—Unionists Thoroughly Aroused—Accusations of Criminality Against Labor Men Because They Are Labor Men Are Reprehensible—Action at Indianapolis Conference—American Federation of Labor Executive Council Designated to Receive and Disburse all Funds for Defense

The entire country has been informed through the press dispatches of the arrest and kidnaping of J. J. McNamara, secretary-treasurer of the Iron Workers, together with his brother, and their spiriting away by detectives to Los Angeles, without having been given an opportunity to consult counsel, or defend themselves, even in the most remote way. With apparent studied and prearranged manner the columns of the daily press have been carrying an unusual amount of lurid and sensational statements of what is alleged to have occurred, and predicting even worse. From these incidents, indications are apparent that a conspiracy is attempted with the end in view to destroy the Iron Workers and cast odium on organized labor in general. The sentiments permeating the news assumes that simply because the men charged are connected with the activities of union labor they must of necessity be guilty of the crime charged. With only a few notable exceptions there has been any effort to suggest that it is unjust to prejudge; that the better method to be pursued would be to await until both sides have been heard before

public decision is rendered. To build up prejudice and inflame the public mind when heinous crimes have been charged against the accused is not in accord with the spirit of American institutions. The officials of the American Federation of Labor have always been foremost in inveighing against even the slightest infraction of the law, and the rank and file of its membership are in entire harmony with this procedure. Times without number have the men of labor, although entirely innocent, been called upon by unfair, unprincipled and illegal combinations of wealth, to defend themselves against the machinations of unscrupulous men. And as often has the bath of fire proved the fallacious and unserviceable texture of the web woven to ensnare them. Whenever a crime is committed, no matter by whom, whether it be a member of a union or not, after the accused has been tried by a fair and unbiased tribunal, if found guilty, punishment should be inflicted. Organized labor asks no immunities from the law, neither is it entitled to any. Labor does not desire government to assist it in any way, other than that conferred on all citizens, but it does

demand that it be permitted, in common with all others, to work out its destiny within the law. Immediately after the arrest and kidnaping of the accused, President Gompers and Secretary Spencer of the Building Trades department, proceeded to Indianapolis to confer with the officials of the international unions located in that city. After a two days' conference it was advised that the executive council of the American Federation of Labor, to avoid diffusion of effort, take charge of the entire matter of receiving and disbursing funds, together with all other matters in connection with the case, so that ample opportunity for proper defense may be assured. The men of labor believe that the men accused are innocent and they will use every effort to defend them against what they believe to be an unjust accusation. According to the concept of our institutions every man charged with crime is assumed to be innocent until he is proven guilty, and acting upon this assumption organized labor will raise sufficient funds to hire the ablest counsel that can be secured for the purpose of procuring for the accused a fair and impartial trial.

WISCONSIN STATE FEDERATION OF LABOR OFFICIAL DEPARTMENT

General Officers
 FRANK J. WEBER, General Organizer, 525-530 Chestnut street, Milwaukee, Wis.
 FREDK. BROCKHAUSEN, Sec.-Treas., 658 Orchard street, Milwaukee, Wis.

Executive Board
 WM. KAUFMANN, 705 Pearl street, Kenosha, Wis.
 THEODORE ZICE, 815 East Water street, Watertown, Wis.
 WM. HAMANN, 648 Dover street, Milwaukee, Wis.
 WALTER S. FISHER, 1177 Eighth street, Milwaukee, Wis.
 W. H. SMALE, Scott and First streets, Wausau, Wis.

UNFAIR—WAS IT?
 The United States Supreme Court has construed the Sherman Anti-Trust Law as including LABOR UNIONS. Complying with the terms of the decision, the "Unfair List" heretofore appearing here has been removed. IT'S UP TO YOU!

Wage Earners
 Wake Up! Join the Union of your craft and the party of your class always demand the UNION LABEL and Shop-CARD to cast your ballots for emancipation from wage slavery.

Union Barber Shops

Always see that this card is displayed in the shop before you get a shave or haircut.

J. N. GAUER
 SHAVING PARLOR
 605 BIRNICKINNIC AVENUE
 Opposite South Bay St.

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Absolutely Without Pain or Danger

NEW TEETH
 the best and finest made—\$8.00 and featured in the world. Guaranteed to Fit, or Money Refunded

Standard Crowns and Bridge Teeth \$5.00 and up

Fine Fillings a Leading Specialty

We guarantee complete satisfaction; give honest, intelligent advice free, and desire nobody's.

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 CONSIDER YOUR PATRONAGE IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED

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 THE SOCIALIST
BARBER SHOP
 560 GROVE ST., Reik Bldg.

Barber's Union Shop Card

Always see that this card is displayed in the shop where you get a shave or haircut.
 Don't scab on the barber

Borchardt Bros.

Tailors
 Clothiers
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347-349 Grove Street

Special Sale!
 Until MAY 21st

Socialists are ever ready to learn

Knowing this we offer:
 Changes in the Theory and Tactics of the (German) Social-Democracy, Paul Kampfmeyer's instructive as well as interesting treatise, translated by our eloquent
 State Senator Winfield R. Gaylord

REGULAR PRICE 50 CENTS
 SPECIAL PRICE 35 CENTS

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 525 Chestnut St. Down Stairs

SPECIAL BARGAINS
 In Watches, Clocks and Jewelry. Fine Regulating at Lowest Prices.
 VAHL, 667 3rd Street

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CLOCKS AND JEWELRY

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Now is the time to have your bicycle overhauled, enameled, & nickel plated; all makes of tires and coaster brakes, at lowest prices; best steel wired guards put on, \$1.25; new bicycles, \$16, \$19, \$22, for cash or easy payments.

Agents for Harley-Davidson motorcycles.
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EYE, EAR, NOSE, THROAT GLASSES FITTED

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 PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

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I ADVERTISE SMALL WHY
 BECAUSE I SELL CLOTHING AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS AT THE SMALLEST PROFIT
 CALL AND COMPARATIVE PRICES
 LUDWIG BERG, 317 1/2 ST.

Union-Made Clothing a Specialty
NEW STORE AT 824 THIRD ST.
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Hats and Furnishings
 AT POPULAR PRICES
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 608 Lloyd Street
 Phone North 2699 L. Open Day and Night

Ben Rheinfrank
 Union Made Hats, Caps and Men's Furnishings
 A Large Assortment of Good Merchandise
 1439 GREEN BAY AVENUE

Welcome to the Daily

A Genuine Socialist will do his share in establishing a Socialist Daily Newspaper in Milwaukee and State.
 Do your part and subscribe for bonds on the blank on another page. It is the least you can do.

News of Organized Labor

Conducted by Walter S. Fisher
 Address all Communications to Room 206 Brisbane Hall

Kalamazoo, Mich.—Twenty-one men, members of the Stove Mounters' union, employed by the Kalamazoo stove company, were called out on strike April 19, 1911, in an effort to enforce a demand for 10 cents increase on each stove, the men claiming that they cannot make living wages on the prices paid. The company refused to grant the demands, also refused to acknowledge the right of the union or the committee to make the demands. The men feel that they are justified in making this small demand and are determined to stick until the strike is won, and with that end in view, all stove mounters are warned to keep away from Kalamazoo until the trouble is settled.

BUTTONWORKERS' STRIKE SETTLED

Satisfactory Agreement Has Been Reached and Employes Have Been Reinstated in Old Positions.

Washington, May 6.—Telegraphic advices to the American Federation of Labor contain the news that the Buttonworkers of Muscatine, Ia., on strike for a number of weeks, have reached an agreement with their employers, and have returned to work. The agreement includes an increase in wages and readjustment of a number of grievances relative to the weighing of the product produced by the workmen and work women. Over 1,000 were involved in the controversy.

TEXTILE WORKERS LOCKED OUT

Carpet Manufacturing Establishment Denies Right of Its Employes to Organize

Washington, April 29.—A concern in Toronto, Canada, engaged in the manufacture of Brussels carpets, has locked out its employes because they became members of a local union attached to the United Textile Workers. The general officers of the Textile Workers made every effort to reach an amicable adjustment of the affair, but the firm declared that "no union member would be employed." A document was presented to each member to sign, obligating himself to cease affiliation in a labor union. With unanimity the employes refused to sign away their constitutional rights, and the lockout followed. There are 114 employes affected.

"A CALL TO DUTY"

Miners of Nova Scotia, on Strike for Over Twenty Months, Still Loyal to Organization

Washington, May 6.—A pamphlet has been issued and distributed in Great Britain explaining the situation in Nova Scotia. The coal miners of that country are urged to remain away from Springhill, N. S. The emigration office states there is no change and that the strike has been on for

over twenty months. The miners are fighting for the recognition of their union, for a wage scale agreement and for the payment of coal per ton instead of per box and for a fair docking system.

GRANITE CUTTERS' GAINS

All Branches Effecting Settlements This Year Make a Uniform Increase of 25 Cents Per Day

Washington, April 29.—In a letter just received from James Duncan, secretary-treasurer of the Granite Cutters' union, and first vice-president of the American Federation of Labor, it is stated that good wage advances have been procured in the trade thus far this year. He says:

"Our branches this year so far which have effected settlements have got a uniform increase of 25 cents per day, and many of them have signed up for five years, with excellent methods of adjustment of disputes that may arise."

ANOTHER SMASH

Associated Press Directors' Meeting Regaled by Herman Ridder in the Role of Union Detractor.

Washington, May 6.—At a meeting of the new board of directors of the Associated Press in New York recently several addresses were delivered, and among them one by Herman Ridder. Mr. Ridder took a vigorous fall out of the manufacturers of paper and the methods employed in its manufacture, and evidently his critical and peevish mood became intensified, for in the conclusion of his speech he delivered a philippic against the trade unions, a fertile field for all captains of industry. In part, he declaimed: "The labor unions destroy incentive for efficient labor. They seem to be arrayed against promotion or the culling out of incompetents from incompetents. They bring every member to a dead level of efficiency. They are against bonuses." And so on ad infinitum. Strange indeed that labor unions are so reprehensible and yet weather the storm of so many fierce gales as just set in motion by Mr. Ridder.

Painters and Paperhangers Make Gains

Under the terms of a new agreement signed for 1911, the members of Local 770, Collinsville, Ill., will receive 42 1/2 cents an hour. The members of Local 750, Creston, Ia., have just won out in a demand for a 20 per cent increase in wages. After being on strike one week, the members of Local 291, Mamaroneck, N. Y., are back to work under an increased wage scale. On April 15, Local 985 of Alexandria, La., were granted an increase in wages of 2 1/2 cents per hour, which now makes their scale 40 cents. Local 934, Kenosha, Wis., has just signed a new scale for 50 cents per hour. Local 314, Bakersfield, Cal., recently signed a new scale to take effect

July 1, and remains in force to May 1, 1912, whereby the members will receive an increase of 50 cents per day. Local No. 5 of Victoria, B. C., has secured an increase in wages of 50 cents per day, eight hours. They are also hard at work organizing the ship painters and will endeavor to establish a corresponding scale (\$4 per day) for that branch of the trade.

London compositors demand a reduction in the hours of labor to a total of fifty hours a week, while the employers have offered to reduce the week's work to fifty-two hours.

There were 1,135 delegates at the recent convention of the United Mine Workers of the World, representing 1,217 local unions, with a voting strength of 2,485. The transportation charges amounted to \$21,103.56. The next convention will be held at Indianapolis.

There are now 106 unions in the United Hebrew Trades of Manhattan, with an aggregate membership of 150,000 men and women. The central body has also affiliated with it a number of unions of Italian workers and several thousand workers in other nationalities, including English-speaking people.

Ladies' garment workers now have locals from Atlantic ocean to the Pacific ocean and from Gulf of Mexico to the most extreme north.

Cleveland's Jewish Carpenters' union has doubled its membership within a few months.

Porto Rico contains 6,000 unionists. The ladies' garment workers have during last year advanced their wages an average of 30c on the equalization plan.

Champion Postal Clerks' Union Secretary Morrison of the American Federation of Labor, has appeared before the house committee on reform in the civil service in advocacy of the Lloyd bill giving government clerks the right to organize.

He told of the wrongs inflicted on the postal clerks and how they are bound and gagged by an executive order. He told of their efforts to organize and produced evidence showing that the department has been dismissing and demoting men for joining the new union.

Second Asst. Postmaster General Stewart admitted before the committee that the department is guilty of the charges made by Morrison. He claimed that a union in the postal service is "intolerable."

Other friends of the postal clerks are expected to testify before the committee. Among them are Representatives Berger of Wisconsin, and Wilson of Pennsylvania, and Buchanan of Illinois. President Nelson of the Postal Clerks' union, will also address the committee.

FOR RENT
Space in BRISBANE HALL

One Office on Second Floor
 \$12.00 Per Month

One Office on Second Floor
 \$9.00 Per Month

Also Space on Fourth Floor
 About 2500 Square Feet, for Light Manufacturing

H. W. BISTORIUS, Brisbane Hall, 528-530 Chestnut St.

News Nuggets from Our Exchanges

CARPENTERS, TAKE NOTICE!
 Stay Away from St. Louis—Strike On

All carpenters, cabinet makers, and machine hands are requested to remain away from St. Louis, as we have our strike still on, which was called on April 1, for an increase of wages and the eight-hour day.

Executive Board of the Strike Committee of the Carpenters' Council of St. Louis.

Union Tobacco

The best smoke for the union ought to be the best smoke for the union man, hadn't it? In EIGHT BROTHERS LONG-CUT you have just that double excellence. On every 5-cent package or tin you find the Union Label is the badge of that superb quality. Ask your dealer today for the satisfying tobacco.

PLAUM CLOTHING CO. CLOTHIERS, HATTERS MEN'S FURNISHERS

We Carry a Large Line of
Union-Made Clothing
 HATS AND FURNISHINGS

Merchant Tailoring

491-493 Eleventh Avenue

JUNIOR

ONLY SHOP IN WISCONSIN GIVING NIGHT SERVICE

CUTS FAIRBANKS-FREY ENGRAVING CO.

WE SAVE THE LABEL

PINSEL'S UNION MADE

GENTS' FURNISHINGS
 and SHOES for the whole family
 454 MITCHELL STREET

Bull Wheelock's Place

UNION HEADQUARTERS
 Part President Bartendorn Union
 193 FOURTH STREET

Theo. Twelmeyer

Watchmaker and Jeweler

2111 North Avenue

If you wear or need
Glasses
 consult
A. REINHARD
 Established over 20 years at
 154-2nd St. Plankinton Block

MIES UNION TAILOR

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 (Near South Bay St.)
 PHONE SOUTH 14847

THE West Side Haberdashery

GEO. SEIBERLICH, Proprietor
UNION-MADE GOODS
 BELLMONT HATS \$3.00
 HATTERS AND GENTS' FURNISHERS 1513 Vilet Street

Meeting Halls for Rent

A few dates are still open for the Small Hall in Brisbane Building

Tuesdays, Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays are open for engagement for the large hall in Brisbane Building

Unions, Societies and Organizations are requested to investigate these halls. They are high, well ventilated and fireproof. The building is a modern structure, built entirely by Union Labor. They are splendid halls to hold meetings.

Branches of the Social-Democratic Party and other organizations will find these halls excellent and convenient for lectures. Take up the matter with your organization. The big hall ought to be used every Sunday afternoon for this purpose. Why not organize for such weekly Sunday afternoon lectures?

People's Realty Co.
 528-532 CHESTNUT STREET
 MILWAUKEE, WIS.

For Your Needs Try
Bruett CLOTHING CO.

Sellers of Up-to-Date
CLOTHING and FURNISHINGS
 For Men and Boys

Fond du Lac Avenue
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The Streissguth-Peterson
 Engraving Co. makes
 quality cuts

Photographer
 COR. THIRD AND PRINCE STS.
 Opposite Stalmeier's

Henry Harbicht's Place

Bottle Beer. Keg Beer on Tap
 Sample Room. Phone 1495 Grand
 271 Third St., Milwaukee, Wis.

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Retail Dealer in
 Wines, Liquors and Cigars
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ADOLPH HEUMANN
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REPAIRING
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SEWING MACHINES
 Needles for All Makes
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Smoke Tampanola
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MANUFACTURED BY
Herm. Buech
 978 10th Ave. Phone South 8228

Bottle Beer on Tap Phone Grand 3856
Peter Schupmehl
 Saloon and Palm Garden
 520 State St.

The "Menace of Socialism"

(Continued from 6th page.)

in Boston. Who broke up their homes? Who broke up the homes of the two million married women who are working for wages in the mills and factories and shops of this country? Who broke up their homes? Who breaks up the homes of that great army of children, two million children under sixteen years of age, working for wages? Who broke up their homes?

But they say, "I read in the papers where some prominent Socialist, a leader, was getting a divorce, or being sued in a breach of promise case." "A leading Socialist." I suggest to you that if any of you are unknown and want to get into the lime light, get a divorce or get sued for breach of promise, and even though nobody ever heard of you before, you are a leader of the Socialist movement. In the last ten years there have been one million divorces in this country—one million! The papers the other day accounted for one of them. What about the nine hundred and ninety-nine thousand others? What of them? And mark you, that is breaking up the home legally, as they say—it is done in accordance with law. It is in accordance with the laws of this state and of the other states that these couples are separated. Now, I am not an anarchist. I believe in obedience to the law. We obey the law. So do you. But who passed the law to make it possible for individuals to be separated in such quantities and for every sort of cause, from cold feet to incompatibility? Who passed that law? The Socialists? Did we pass the law? No. Who did? The Democrat and Republican parties. And yet they denounce us for breaking up the home. They urge upon their faithful followers that they vote for those parties that have enacted the law by which a million homes have been legally broken up in this land in ten years. I suggest it as a subject to talk over among yourselves. I did not pass the divorce laws of this land, neither did the Socialist movement; and yet they blame us for it. When you have an industrial condition such as we now have, where there is the constant competition of the married man and the unmarried man of the working class, there are great tendencies that operate to break up the home. Lack of employment; the man goes off to look for a job; he may never return; he may be beaten down to the level of a tramp. His family works along the best they can, and are finally absorbed in the night of the working class. Look at Lawrence, Lowell, Fall River, and every city. See the homes. See the great increase in tenement houses, the lunch counter and the lodging house. You don't need to go there. Here in Boston the question of families has become a joke upon the stage. All you have to do is to go to any theater and you can hear the home spoken of in the most insulting manner, and you sit there and applaud. The most miserable and insulting jokes, insulting of the relations that ought to exist properly between man and woman.

Then, too, I might suggest that if you go down to the cafes and the hotels, "respectable" and otherwise, tonight, tomorrow night, next night, Saturday night, and see the young girls, the young men—I do not want to describe it. You know where the places are. You pass them. I trust you do not go in them, but you pass them. If you don't know where they are, somebody can tell you. There is always somebody ready to tell you. How do these places exist? How do they exist, down in the south end, on Hayward place, on Beach street, on Avery place, the north end, the west end, all those places? How do they exist there? By the law. Who made the law? Democrat and Republican voters. I defy any man, clergyman or other, to produce a single man that owns, controls or holds a lease of any of those hell holes, to produce a single one that is a Socialist. I further defy them to produce a single unfortunate girl that goes in there that is a Socialist. And that is not mere belief. That is true. They had better look to themselves. (A voice: "What about the men?") What about the men who go in? Socialists don't go in. There are not enough Socialists to pay for the light. If every Socialist in this city were to frequent those places, the total income from them would not pay the rent. I would be very glad to have a census taken of those who frequent these places. I have looked into these places and I have never seen a Socialist there. If they go in, it is to their shame. But this is true, that many people go in there, for these places thrive, and these places are there because the Democrat and Republican parties put them there. And there you are. Integrity of the family! These gigantic dens of iniquity that exist under their eyes—and they denounce us. They say that far off in the future sometime, we threaten to disturb the proper relations of the sexes, and they look far off over what is going on before their eyes, and see it not.

(CONCLUDED NEXT WEEK.)

Lack of System

Expose of Former Buying Methods

Down in the northeast corner of the Milwaukee county court house is a curious room. This room is under the county clerk's office.

In this room the county office supplies are kept. Pencils, penholders, ink, writing paper, rubber bands, and other paraphernalia for office use is stored here.

A Lot of Lead Pencils

When the Social-Democrats came into the court house and looked over this room, they were surprised. As they examined farther among the shelves, they became amazed. When their amazement and surprise let down a heap, they had to stop and laugh loud and long.

They found lead pencils stacked and stored on the shelves, lead pencils on the right and lead pencils on the left—enough to last Milwaukee county at least two years.

Red and Blue Pencils

Not only were there lead pencils galore and superfluous. But there were blue pencils—ten gross of blue pencils. At the rate blue pencils are being called for, Milwaukee county will not have to buy a blue pencil in the next four years.

And there were red pencils—two gross of 'em. "And," says Paul Gauer, deputy county clerk, who is in charge of the supplies, "we have not had one call for a red pencil in the four months we have been here."

Some of these pencils have been on the shelves so many years that they are warped.

The outlook is that Milwaukee county will not have to spend a cent for a lead pencil during the next three years.

Plenty of Ink and Mucilage

Bottles of ink about twelve years old which have been gathering dust for about twelve years occupied one section of shelves. It is a big enough supply to last two years.

Seventy-five dust covered bottles of mucilage stand as comrades next to the veteran ink bottles. The mucilage is estimated to be fifteen years of age. Some of it is unfit for use. Bottles of it have been rejected by judiciary offices. But it is expected that the supply will last the Social-Democratic offices a year and a half.

A Big Line of Penholders

Boxes containing twelve gross of penholders are on another shelf. It is probable that Milwaukee county will have a new court house completed and in use before new penholders need be purchased.

Some of these penholders are of a fancy pneumatic brand costing \$3.80 per gross. Others are made of cork and cost \$5 a gross.

Though practically all of the county departments have their own special stationery, there were found in this curiosity shop over sixteen dozen writing tablets.

So Much to Remember!

There were also 180 memorandums

Millions To Be Clean

Pabst has spent millions to brew the cleanest and richest beer in the world.

Pabst Blue Ribbon
The Beer of Quality

is made from Pabst exclusive 8-day malt and choicest hops brewed in absolute cleanliness—60 years of brewing along the most advanced scientific lines gives you this beer fully aged, ripe and mellow.

Order a case today.

Pabst Brewing Co.,
Tel. Grand 1500
Milwaukee, Wis.

Only \$1.00 Saved Weekly

Would give you enough at the end of the year to help grasp something larger invest that \$52.00 and 3 per cent interest, and soon your profits and other SAVINGS will make it

\$100.00

Your bank account will help you establish a credit, and you can soon borrow enough to make your capital

\$500.00

Thus you do Big Things and your bank account and business both grow.

Deposit Your First Dollar NOW

Marshall & Hsley Bank
MILWAUKEE
The Oldest Bank in the Northwest

STATE OF WISCONSIN — MILWAUKEE COUNTY — COUNTY COURT — IN PROBATE.

In the Matter of the Estate of Sophia Jurs, Deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Sophia Jurs, late of the city of Milwaukee, in said county of Milwaukee, deceased, having been duly granted to George Jurs, Fred Jurs and William Jurs, by this court.

It is Ordered, That the time from the date hereof until and including the first Tuesday of December, A. D. 1911, be and the same is hereby fixed as the time within which all creditors of the said Sophia Jurs, deceased, shall present their claims for examination and allowance.

It is Further Ordered, That all claims for necessary funeral expenses, for the expenses of the last sickness of the decedent and for debts having a preference under the laws of the United States which are presented within sixty days hereafter be examined and adjusted by said court, at its court rooms in the Court House, in the city of Milwaukee, in said county, at the special term thereof appointed to be held on the first Tuesday of August, 1911, and all such creditors are hereby notified thereof.

It is Further Ordered, That all other claims and demands of all persons against the said Sophia Jurs, deceased, be examined and adjusted before this court, at its court rooms in the Court House, in the city of Milwaukee, in said county, at the regular term thereof appointed to be held on the first Tuesday of February, 1912, and all creditors are hereby notified thereof.

It is Further Ordered, That notice of the times and place at which said claims and demands will be examined and adjusted as aforesaid, and of the time above limited for said creditors to present their claims and demands, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice, for four consecutive weeks, once in each week, in the Social-Democratic Herald, a newspaper published in the county of Milwaukee, the first publication to be within fifteen days from the date hereof.

Dated this 10th day of May, 1911.

By the Court,
JOHN C. KAREL,
County Judge.

WIDULE & MENSING,
Attorneys for Estate.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, MILWAUKEE COUNTY, County Court—In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Augustus Focht, Deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of Augustus Focht, late of the Town of Washington, in said County of Milwaukee, deceased, having been duly granted to John A. Hazelwood by this Court.

It is ordered, That the time from the date hereof until and including the first Tuesday of May, A. D. 1911, be and the same is hereby fixed as the time within which all creditors of the said Augustus Focht, deceased, shall present their claims for examination and allowance.

It is further ordered, That all claims for necessary funeral expenses, for the expenses of the last sickness of the decedent and for debts having a preference under the laws of the United States which are presented within sixty days hereafter be examined and adjusted by said Court, at its Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Milwaukee, in said County, at the special term thereof appointed to be held on the first Tuesday of July 1911 and all such creditors are hereby notified thereof.

It is further ordered, That all other claims and demands of all persons against the said Augustus Focht, deceased, be examined and adjusted before this Court, at its Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Milwaukee, in said County, at the regular term thereof appointed to be held on the first Tuesday of February, 1912, and all creditors are hereby notified thereof.

It is further ordered, That notice of the times and place at which said claims and demands will be examined and adjusted as aforesaid, and of the time above limited for said creditors to present their claims and demands, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice, for four consecutive weeks, once in each week, in the Social-Democratic Herald, a newspaper published in the County of Milwaukee, the first publication to be within fifteen days from the date hereof.

Dated this 10th day of April, 1911.

By the Court,
John C. Karel,
County Judge.

WIDULE & MENSING,
Attorneys for Estate.
Room 3 Northwestern Block,
Milwaukee, Wis.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY—COUNTY COURT

In the Matter of the Last Will and Testament of Adam Jans, deceased.

Whereas, An instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament and codicil of Adam Jans, deceased, late of the City of Milwaukee, County of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, has been proved and deposited with the above named Court; and whereas, application has been made by Minnie Michalek, praying that the same be proved and admitted to probate according to the laws of the state, and that letters testamentary be granted thereon according to law to Mary Lange and Minnie Michalek.

It is Ordered, That said application be heard before this Court at a regular term thereof to be held in the County Court room at the Court House in the City of Milwaukee, on the first Tuesday of June, A. D. 1911, at 9 o'clock a. m., or as soon thereafter as the same may be reached on the calendar.

And It is Further Ordered, That notice of said application and hearing be given by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively, once in each week, in the Social-Democratic Herald, a newspaper published in said county, prior to said hearing.

Dated this 29th day of April, 1911.

By the Court,
M. S. SHERIDAN,
County Judge.

WIDULE & MENSING,
Attorneys for Estate.

We Want Better Pavements

Over a million dollars will be spent by the city of Milwaukee this year for pavements. It may reach a million and a half dollars.

The man who will be held responsible for the way this paving work is done is Charles Mullen, superintendent of street construction.

For this responsibility he gets a salary of \$3,000 a year.

In order to do the work well and be on the job all the time watching pavements all over the city, he wants a fast automobile and a driver.

He has asked the common council committee on streets and alleys for a \$2,000 automobile. He explained that any machine below the grade he asked would not be fast enough to move him around the city so that he could watch the work properly.

The Social-Democrats considered the matter carefully. They decided that a man who is going to be held responsible for a million dollars' worth of paving work being done in several different parts of the city is reasonable when he asks for a \$2,000 riding machine.

The minority, chiefly Ald. Joseph Carney, clamored loud that a \$1,000 runabout would do as well as a \$2,000 automobile.

The minority were against it in committee and they were against it on the council floor.

Ald. Carney and Ald. Braun argued

that Supt. Mullen could look over the pavements just as well if he were driving a runabout as if he had a good fast machine and a driver.

Ald. Wittig pointed out that formerly the paving work was watched over by a man who rode over the city with a horse and buggy.

One of the obstructive minority even suggested that a bicycle would do well enough.

The one fact lost sight of entirely by the minority aldermen was that the new pavements this year and repairs will cost the taxpayers of the city over one million dollars.

Last year, the paving bill of the city was over \$1,300,000. This year it will be about that or more.

Some of the automobile club gentlemen who own the daily newspapers of Milwaukee should have an interview with Aldermen Carney and Braun and "call off the hounds." They are on the wrong track.

We want keen inspection on this million-dollar paving work this year. We want constant watchfulness that the work will be well done. We want the best materials and the best combinations of materials on Milwaukee pavements. As Commissioner Briggs has said, "We want to get a dollar's worth of pavement for a dollar."

Every taxpayer in the city wants to see a million dollars' worth of pavements in return for the million dollars to be paid for paving.

Overlooking petty obstructive tactics, the Social-Democratic aldermen are proceeding as though the city is an efficiency proposition.

Pass the word along the line boys that the place to order your supply of oak, oak or wood is through this office. I will guarantee your satisfaction regards weight and measure and as prompt delivery as circumstances will allow. Remember prices are still low during the month of May. Leave orders at the book store, main entrance, or mail your order to H. W. Bistonia, 368 Chestnut street, Brisbane Hall.

City Hall, May 6, 1911.

A competitive examination for the position of water meter reader will be held at the above office on Thursday, May 18, 1911, at 9 o'clock a. m.

Some of the requirements are: United States citizenship; residence in the city of Milwaukee for the last three years next preceding the date of application; age 21 years or over; clear, legible handwriting; good eyesight; good general education; good character, health and recommendations.

Applications in writing for the above named positions to be presented in person up to and including Monday, May 15, 1911, on the proper blanks to be obtained at the above office.

FRANK A. KREILA,
President,
WM. W. McINTYRE,
WM. GUTENKUNST,
FRED C. RUNGE,
Commissioners,
J. J. VLACH,
Secretary.
Soc.-Dem. Herald, May 13.

Misuse of Transfers

Many persons who would not take even a banana off a fruit stand, or a handful of flowers out of another man's garden, do not hesitate to ride on a street car without paying fare, or help another to do so whenever they can.

Whenever a passenger "saves" the price of a ride by failure to pay his fare, or by wrongful use of a transfer, the street railway company loses just that much.

It is just as wrong, morally and legally, to deprive a street car company of a fare legitimately earned as to take the property of a private citizen.

It costs the company just as much to carry a transfer passenger as one who pays in cash or tickets.

A street railway patron who gives away a transfer issued to him, or rides on one issued for the use of another, withholds a part of the rightful earnings of the company.

The Milwaukee Electric Railway and Light Company issues transfers to enable its patrons to get the greatest legitimate benefit from its service. Any person who abuses this privilege is acting unfair towards the company and its other patrons.

The Milwaukee Electric Railway and Light Company

For prompt and excellent service, the Miller Cafe, on the corner of Mason and East Water streets, is one of the most popular places in the city. Under the direction of Robert Beech, the proprietor, is constantly adding new features, pleasing to its patrons. The cafe service is of good variety and meals are served at all hours. On Saturday and Sunday evenings, vocal and instrumental programs are rendered.

The Truefit Credit Clothing Co.

ANNOUNCES that on and after May 15, it will be located at the New Store

230 West Water Street
MEN'S CLOTHING EXCLUSIVELY
UNION MADE
YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

Another Chance to Help the Daily

FOR SALE, 80 ACRES OF TIMBER LAND four and one-half miles from village of 1,000 inhabitants, main road now being constructed alongside, located in Michigan, Price \$500.00 all of which the owner will invest in Bonds for our daily. It's a good investment. Further particulars through

MR. BISTORIUS,
Brisbane Hall, Milwaukee, Wis.

SAM R. MILLER'S LIVERY

Open Day and Night
Telephone Main : 2728
539 Market St.
Our Carriages are all New and are Heated in Cold Weather
None but Union Drivers are Employed
BEST CARRIAGES for Funerals or Weddings \$3.00

COAL CALLAWAY FUEL CO.

238 W. WATER ST., Germania Building
FILL ORDERS GIVEN TO
H. W. BISTORIUS
528 Chestnut Street Phone Grand 4428

WOOD

Leave all orders at the BOOK DEPARTMENT Entrance at Chestnut St. Corridor

Our Spring Line of Underwear

Is Now Ready in All Styles
The Genuine B. V. D. Underwear is Here in 2-Piece and Union Suits at \$1.00 per Suit
Also Poros Knit in 2-Piece and Union Suits, \$1.00
Genuine French Balbriggan at 50c
Blue, Salmon and Ecru in Derby Ribbed Garments, also Men's and Boys' Suits and Hats.
ZOELLER BROS., Clothiers and Haberdashers
359 Grove Street



Unionize Your Pipe

BY smoking only EIGHT BROTHERS Long Cut; cool, mild and satisfying; best Kentucky leaf; clean, refreshing chew.

Better Than the Best Cigar



Let Your Chew Boost the Label

Make your nickels count by using the best Union made tobacco. The Union Label is the badge of that quality.

We carry the label as a proof of quality and as a sign to Union men that we are their friends.

Your nickel simply can't buy a better smoke or chew than EIGHT BROTHERS Long-Cut. It's ready at your dealers. Your neighbor on the job smokes it. Smoke or chew, you'll like it.

5c PACKAGE Sold in Size to Suit 1-lb. PAIL

Milwaukee Progress

1. Child welfare—reduction of infant mortality.
2. Save Fourth of July celebration.
3. Use of vacant lots by unemployed for potato growing.
Here are three betterments that are coming along fine in Milwaukee. These movements were not started by the Social-Democrats. They began in large part outside the Socialist movement.
The child welfare plan is an outgrowth of modern social science and modern "preventive medicine."
The same Fourth agitation was in full sweep years ago when the Chicago Tribune and the New York Life were crying out against "the havoc of patriotism gone mad."
The cultivation of vacant lots by men out of jobs was effected by Mayor Hazen Pingree in Detroit following the 1893 panic.
These are, of course, only small reforms. They will all together do very little toward lowering the total percentage of social misery and economic maladjustment.
Yet the Social-Democrats have given enthusiastic co-operation toward the carrying out of these projects. Mayor Seidel and the Social-Democratic aldermen have been at the front pitching their strength into the furthering of every plan to get better conditions for the children or for the unemployed of Milwaukee.

Wherever the plans for child welfare, a sane Fourth or unemployed relief have needed the co-operation of the city administration, that co-operation has been forthcoming. This is well understood by all the reformers, social workers, and humanitarians, in Milwaukee.
The door of the mayor's office swings open to them. They know Ald. Melms' phone number. They know where Social-Democratic aldermen are to be found. More than ever, today, there is a close contact between social betterment forces and the city government.
This explains why these three reforms noted above are in full swing in Milwaukee, whereas, all three of them are not operative in any other city in the country. In almost every large city, one or two of these reforms is going. But Milwaukee, with a Social-Democratic city government, is THE ONLY CITY IN AMERICA WHERE ALL THREE OF THESE ARE IN ACTIVE REALIZATION.

Wisconsin State Organization

E. H. Thomas, Brisbane Hall, 528 Chestnut St., Milwaukee, Wis., state secretary, to whom news and other matters of this department should be sent.

State Executive Board.—The Executive board met May 7, with Comrades Seidel, Rummel, Brown, Thompson and Thomas present. A charter was granted to Branch 1 of Kilbourn. The board voted to guarantee to Comrade Bruins \$2 a day and expenses for one month to do organizing and work for the securing of subscriptions to our papers and for the bonds of the daily in the Fox River and Lake Shore districts. The runabout was turned over to Comrade G. C. Voight of Waukesha in consideration of payment by him of bills for repairs, with the understanding that it will be used by the party in campaigns in Waukesha county.
Mauston.—Comrade McCaleb succeeded in organizing a Branch at Mauston, composed of farmers who live somewhat far apart. Comrade McCaleb reports that the "county seat town is a tough one, but we can pry them off with the country, and they know it." This is the county where the Social-Democrats elected a corner, but were tricked out of the office. The matter will be taken up and the district attorney has been notified that action will be taken unless the duly elected Social-Democratic coroner is allowed to enter upon his duties.
Manitowoc.—Comrade Bruins writes "Manitowoc comrades are after capitalism so hard that some of the local capitalist representatives are fighting mad over it. Municipal ownership of the water works has been practically cinched and the local representative of the company is so desperately angry about it that he called one of the comrades into his office recently, on the pretext that he wanted to see him on business and then made an attack on his person intending to do him great bodily harm. He failed in his attempt but succeeded in showing himself up for what he really is. "But the comrades here have still another scheme that will help put a crimp in Socialist busting enterprises. They are after the daily bonds with a vengeance. At the regular meeting two weeks ago they adopted a resolution to buy \$100 worth of the daily bonds. They will do it in this wise. Rather they are doing so already: Those who can, will be asked to take entire bonds in their own names. Those who are unable to spare \$10 are asked to donate what they feel able to give to the local, with which money the local buys a bond whenever the amount reaches \$10. In this manner they have already over \$50 subscribed and the other fifty is on the way. It wouldn't be at all surprising if, instead of making a hundred invested in daily bonds they were to make it \$200 straight. Ten bonds are already as good as sold.
"None realize better than the Manitowoc comrades what a daily paper means to the movement, especially if it be well financed and pitch right into its work. The echoes of the blows delivered by our own little paper during the four years of its existence can still be heard here and it wouldn't take us long to start another were it not that we expect to get the Milwaukee daily started.
"We hope that the comrades throughout the state will average half as well as Manitowoc comrades are averaging. Many of them are subscribing for bonds who haven't any money to invest. They are investing anyhow. Those who can't invest ten dollars invest 25 cents, 50 cents, a dollar, or even two dollars, in a bond for the local. This is also a good way to get Socialists who are not members of the local to do their share in the work.
"Just think! Comrades who have suffered all kinds of hardships for four long years in order to keep a little Socialist daily in the field are as ready to take off their coats and get to work to get the Milwaukee daily started as if they had never seen hardships in their lives.
"That is because they know what a daily means to the movement. They know that if the little one-inch smooth bore we had could do what it did, then the twelve-inch rifled cannon that will be ours when the Milwaukee daily starts will work wonders. It may not scatter shot as recklessly as our did, but will hit harder where it does hit—and make bigger holes.
"Now, comrades, if there are any locals in the state who want to raise \$50 for bonds for every hundred we raise we are willing to make it \$200 just to see how it would seem to see you all with your coats off.
"The Manitowoc common council has adopted a resolution asking that Uncle Sam grant the right to its postal savings banks to loan money to cities on the same terms and at the same rate of interest that the banks enjoy. The resolution was introduced by Comrade Rugowski (S.-D.) and was at once adopted. That was during the spring campaign.
"Recently the city received word from Congressman Davidson saying that he is in receipt of the resolution and that he will do what he can by bringing the matter to the attention of congress."
E. H. THOMAS,
State Secretary.

The Coming Nation club, S.-D. P., has arranged for their annual May ball, at the South Side Kindergarten hall, Saturday evening, May 20, at which it invites its many friends to be present. The Coming Nation club is one of the most progressive clubs in the city of Milwaukee, and has just recently taken several hundred dollars of their funds to purchase bonds for the new daily paper.
The Second Ward branch, S.-D. P., has arranged for a prize schafskopf tournament to be given at Hanke's hall, Sunday afternoon, May 29. The hall is located on the corner of Ninth and Harmon streets. The net profits of this tournament will go towards the benefit of the Socialist daily of Milwaukee. Forty dollars in ten cash prizes and fifteen other valuable prizes will be given to the winners. Admission, 50 cents.
A Boost for the Daily
The United Singing Societies of Milwaukee are making arrangements for a monster concert to be held at the West Side Turner hall, Saturday evening, June 10th. A musical and vocal program is now being arranged for, and will consist of selections rendered by the United Singing Societies of Chicago and Milwaukee. Between five and seven hundred members of the Socialist Singing Societies of Chicago will attend the concert. The profits of this concert will be turned over to the Social-Democratic Publishing Company for bonds for our daily paper. We therefore urge every comrade and sympathizer to be sure to make no other preparations for this day, and attend this concert without fail. Make it your business to attend and see that your friends come also.
The West Allis branch, S.-D. P., has arranged for a prize schafskopf tournament, which will be held Sunday afternoon, May 21st, at H. Berninger's hall, Fifty-first and National avenue. Admission 50 cents. This will include lunch and refreshments. The branch most cordially invites all the comrades and sympathizers of Milwaukee county to attend this tournament, as the money raised on this occasion will go solely towards the new Socialist paper.
The Eleventh Ward branch, S.-D. P., has arranged for a monster basket picnic. Same will be held at Scheffner's grove, Sunday, July 9, 1911. Admission, \$1 per family, including free refreshments.
The East Side Socialist Women's club has arranged for a prize card tournament, to be held Tuesday afternoon, May 23, at Jung's hall, 60 Third street, at 2:30. Everybody cordially invited to attend.

Live Questions
Senator Stephenson is an old man with feet at the brink of the grave. All the big politicians of the state have done their figuring on who will be appointed to take his place when he goes.
And the only reason The Herald calls attention to the fact that the senator hired a substitute to take his place during the war is because the whole gang that fights with Senator Stephenson has gone out of its way over and over again to call Socialism unpatriotic.
It is the System and the men back of the System who are unpatriotic. Socialism is the new patriotism and the true patriotism. Socialism stands for the better living conditions that must precede a bigger and better nation.
Do you want each number of the Voice of the People mailed to you so you will be sure to get every one? Then send your name and address to Social-Democratic headquarters, Brisbane hall, Milwaukee. It will be sent to you regularly.

The People and News
The millionaire lumberman, Isaac Stephenson, who is United States senator from the state of Wisconsin, according to the Chicago Tribune, bought a substitute during the civil war for \$400 and sent this substitute to the front to do the fighting for "Our Country."
THE ONLY PAPER IN MILWAUKEE THAT HAS CALLED ATTENTION TO THIS "PATRIOTISM" of Senator Stephenson is the Social-Democratic Herald.
All the daily papers of Milwaukee have shut out from their news columns this very illuminating fact.
The Free Press is owned, boots and breeches, by Mr. Stephenson. That explains why the Free Press is silent. But the Milwaukee Journal is supposed to be "independent." Is it a gagged independence?
The Sentinel, which is always strong on patriotism, ought to speak up in this matter of Senator Stephenson hiring a substitute. The Sentinel has used several kegs of ink the past year in telling how the Social-Democrats are not properly behaved toward "the flag and the constitution." Therefore, why should the Sentinel deny its patriotic readers this important news about Senator Stephenson?

Notice—Very Important!
ALL men should know that they must be full citizens, or in other words, have their second papers, or they cannot vote after Dec. 1, 1912.
You cannot vote on first papers taken out after December 1, 1908.
Unless you have taken out your first papers under the old law or before June 29, 1906, you must wait two years before you can get your second or final papers to become a voter.
You can apply for your first papers on the first day of landing or any time thereafter. But to obtain your second papers you must live in the state one year, and in the United States five years.
The total cost is one dollar (\$1.00) for first papers, four dollars (\$4.00) for second or final papers.
Remember the total cost of becoming a naturalized citizen is five dollars (\$5.00), no more, no less.
Please study the above carefully. Any information wanted on the subject of naturalization will be cheerfully given at any time, at the clerk of the circuit court's office, at the court house.
W. C. YOUNG, Clerk of Courts.

"Perfectly Pasteurized" MILK

is only supplied by the Gridley Dairy Company, and at our price of Six Cents per quart is the cheapest and safest Milk your money can buy.

No other dairy in Milwaukee takes equal pains and sanitary precautions to protect the bottle of milk that reaches your table or the baby.

THE GRIDLEY Dairy Company employs exclusively in Milwaukee the Willmann Holding System of perfect Pasteurization, by which all milk is heated, under rigid sanitary conditions, to a temperature of 145 degrees and held there for twenty-six minutes. The University of Wisconsin dairy faculty, milk experts in the government service, and other recognized national authorities, pronounce this system the one process capable of rendering milk absolutely safe and wholesome. In Milwaukee "Perfectly Pasteurized" milk is only supplied by the Gridley Dairy Company.

Milwaukee Distributors
FER-MIL-LAC
The Perfect Food Drink

Made from Pure, Sweet Milk and the Health Giving Bulgarian Ferment. You'll find it at leading Soda Fountains and Bars. 5c a Glass.

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DAIRY COMPANY

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PHONE GRAND 4880
South Side Depot: 585 National Ave.
PHONE SOUTH 952

Milwaukee Co. Organization

Address all communications to E. T. Molms, County Organizer, Brisbane Hall, 528 Chestnut St., Milwaukee.

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TELEPHONE GRAND 844

GAS RANGES

We carry the largest stock of Up-to-Date Gas Stoves in the State. See our line before buying elsewhere.
SPEICH STOVE REPAIR CO.
132 West Water Street

Frank Deuster BAKERS' HOME

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610 Chestnut Street Milwaukee, Wis.

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