

A Better Coroner's Office, Yet Costs Less!

Saving in Cash to Milwaukee County From January 1, to March 1, 1914:
 Fees for duplicate death certificate and testimony which formerly was pocketed by coroners, but now turned over to the county..... \$ 99.50
 Thirty-four post mortem examinations, at \$3.00 each. Autopsies were formerly held by physicians who were appointed by former coroners and each post mortem costing \$10.00 to the county. This work is now being done by the coroner and the physicians who are employed by the county..... 340.00
 Toxicological examination of stomach contents of cow, as per request of district attorney's office. The district attorney of former administrations appointed some outside physician to make examinations of this kind, same costing the county large sums of money. This work is now being done by the coroner's office and therefore of course a saving to the county..... 50.00
 Four examinations for district attorney's office, by Drs. Nahin and Reitman, at \$25.00 each. (Same explanation as above)..... 200.00
 Five examinations of prisoners at county jail, for sheriff's office, at \$5.00 each. (Same explanation as above)..... 25.00
 Two month's medical attendance at house of correction, at \$83.40 per month. (This work was formerly done by a special physician who received a salary of \$1,000.00 per year. This work is now being done by the physicians at the morgue, thus a saving to the county of \$83.40 every month)..... 166.80
 Expert witness fees in court for Drs. Nahin and Reitman, two half days, at \$50.00 per day. (Outside physicians have made fortunes for testifying in important cases that come up in court, the county having to pay them \$500.00 a day for their expert testimony. This has been done away with since the Social-Democrats got into power, the physicians at the coroner's office giving this expert testimony and they not receiving special expert witness fees, only their salary)..... 100.00
 Witness and service fees saved by taking testimony in coroner's cases at the homes of deceased persons, seventy investigations having been made, at \$2.00 per investigation. (This comprises cases where the coroner calls on relatives of persons acquainted with parties who die suddenly and without medical attendance, and whom the coroner examines as to their knowledge of cases of this kind)..... 140.00
 Cases prosecuted as the result of coroner's inquiries:
 J. P. A. Nordin..... 50.00
 D. Schwee, undertaker..... 25.00
 \$1196.30
 Increase in salaries of both doctor assistant at coroner's office, \$3.40 each per month, for two months being..... 333.60
 SAVING TO THE COUNTY IN TWO MONTHS..... \$ 862.70

Time for Milwaukeeans to Wake Up on Paving Question

By Chas. A. Mullen,
Supt. of Street Construction.

In reply to what some of the daily papers had to say about the possibility of building up an impregnable political machine through direct employment on street construction work, I want to inquire if they are not aware that the contract system furnishes a corrupt city administration with just such a machine, as they describe. The contract system on public works has for years been the bulwark of corrupt machine politics, and it is easier to work the scheme through the contractor than it would be through the city, for the reason that he is able to discharge at will without responsibility to public opinion or anything else, and he has no hesitation in telling the discharged man just why he is denied the right to earn a living. A city official would hesitate a long time before discharging a competent man for political reasons. I do not think there is a case on record to show that the present administration has ever so discharged a competent man. The contract system furnishes, through the ring of contractors, a privately owned political machine. A publicly owned one would at least be a step in advance; if we must have one or the other, as some parties seem to believe, in conclusion, I wish to submit and maintain that a far stronger corrupt political machine is possible through the contractors than through direct employment. The contractor is ab-



CHAS. A. MULLEN

solutely at the mercy of the politician for all practical purposes and must do as the politician dictates in all political matters under pain of extermination. I know this from actual experience.
 C. A. MULLEN.
 By Commissioner Briggs.
WHEN the city of Milwaukee undertakes to do anything for the real benefit of the people," says Harry E. Briggs,

commissioner of public works, it first has to free itself from certain business interests which would suffer thereby. We are committed to the policy of direct employment for two reasons; first, we can thereby give to the people the greatest value for the least money, and second, it puts us in the most favorable position in solving the employment problem.
 The city of Milwaukee has spent annually many hundreds of thousands of dollars for street construction purposes. Nowhere has so little been received in return for the taxpayer's dollar than in this work. Many different kinds of expensive pavements have been laid. Long time bonds have been issued covering the cost of construction, and in many instances pavements have been worn out long before the bonds matured, and, as a result, some streets have two and even three sets of bonds outstanding. This condition is deplorable and means financial ruin unless some common sense method of doing street work is adopted by the city.

The present administration proposes to give the tax payers of Milwaukee the best and most durable pavements at cost. No one could expect to get this work any cheaper than the actual cost. It proposes the adoption of certain standard pavements for certain traffic conditions in order to reduce the cost of construction work to a minimum.

The policy of splitting up the work and laying a certain per cent of brick, a certain per cent of sandstone, a certain per cent of cement block and a certain per cent of asphalt, will be discontinued. The best type of pavement will be selected and laid in conformity with the traffic requirements on given streets. The actual cost of this work will be assessed against the abutting property owners.

If we were proposing pavements which were no better than those laid in Milwaukee in the past," says Mr. Briggs, "or if we were proposing more expensive pavements than those already laid, the taxpayers would have serious reason to reject our proposal, but on the contrary, we propose laying pavements just as good as the best Milwaukee has ever had, at from 80 cents to \$1.50 cheaper per square yard than the contract prices which have prevailed in the past."

"We would heartily recommend that property owners throughout the city inform themselves thoroughly as to our position on this important subject before signing petitions for certain pavements to be laid under the contract system. We also recommend that the communications from this department to the common council and published in the proceedings of that body for Feb. 27, 1914, be very carefully considered. The law gives the city the required opportunity to render a very great service to the people of Milwaukee, and we propose to take advantage of it in the interests of the taxpayers of Milwaukee."

Could Save Many Thousands

Purchasing Agent Henry Campbell says that he could save enough money on the purchases the city will have to make during the year to run the entire city hall, were he allowed to enter into contracts right now at the prices at which materials and supplies are offered. "For instance," said Mr. Campbell, "I can buy iron pipe, such as we use in our water department, at 42 per ton less, just now, than we paid for the same kind of pipe last year. We need about 8,000 tons of this pipe, so that the city would save \$8,000 by the transaction. And the price is steadily advancing."

It is simply astonishing to contemplate the enormous sums that could be saved to the city were it not for this provision compelling the city to submit to the contractors at every turn. This is especially noticeable in the street department where huge sums could be saved, were the city allowed to do its own work, or even to bid in competition with the contractors.

At Lauer's

Men's Outfitters

NATIONAL AVE., CORNER FIRST AVE.

Spring lines are now complete. **Union Label** goods in the following:

**Clothing, Hats, Shirts
Underwear, Hose, Collars
Neckwear, Etc.**

REMEMBER—THIS STORE IS CLOSED ON SUNDAYS.

SURE—We Sell Souvenir Post Cards

You Will Find a Large Assortment in Our Book Department

Comic Cards—View Cards—Birthdays and Holiday Cards, Etc. Just as cheap as anywhere.

Brisbane Hall Book and Tobacco Store
Entrance Main Corridor, 528 Chestnut Street

The Task Socialism Must Accomplish

There can be no doubt as to the greatness of the task our party has set about to solve.
 Under the present system a few individuals were permitted to do the thinking for all the people.
 Private profit was uppermost in the mind of those who were charged to fulfill public duties.
 Our party requires everybody to do his own thinking.
 We appeal to the individual to equip himself mentally, that he may not be deceived by well-sounding phrases.
 In order to enable the public to get pure intellectual food, untainted by selfish desires, we have established the Brisbane Hall Book Store.
 Our aim is to make it possible for the men and women of this country to keep abreast with the advancement of modern thought and science. The Social-Democratic party is the only party which can and must point to scientific facts to be understood and appreciated. All other parties must, and do, shun the light of scientific investigation.
 None of them needs a Book Department.
 We invite the public to seek light as to our merits in our Book Department. The Brisbane Hall Book and Tobacco Store, 528 Chestnut street, down stairs.

A Street Railway Company Serves Many Masters

A street railway company, as a public servant, has many masters. In its performance of its work it must consider many and in some cases, conflicting interests.
 First may be mentioned the interest of the riding public. The chief object for which a street railway is established and maintained is to supply the public need for transportation. If it were not for this need there would be no street railways.

The demand of the company's patrons is always for something more or something different in the way of service—new lines, extensions, more cars, different cars or changes in the manner of operating the cars.

Opposed to these demands in some instances, is the interest of the City. The City's interest requires that the company shall not only serve its passengers well but that it shall build its road, run its cars and transact all of its business in such ways as will be best for the general welfare of the whole community.

For this reason the City has power to place certain restrictions and requirements upon the company and to say in what manner a great deal of its work shall be done.

Separate and distinct from the interest of the People as a whole are the private interests

of manufacturing plants, business houses, owners of real estate and individual citizens seeking to obtain special advantages for certain localities without regard to other portions of the city.
 Another and a very important interest to be considered is that of the investors. The money that has been used in establishing a street railway, and that is being used in developing it is entitled to be safeguarded and to earn a reasonable profit.

Any public utility that is growing must have new capital from time to time for enlargement and improvement of its property. This can be obtained only by fair treatment of capital already invested.

Finally there is the interest of the company itself, which requires that the company shall be permitted to do its work in the most efficient manner and with a reasonable economy.

THE MILWAUKEE ELECTRIC RAILWAY AND LIGHT COMPANY is striving to provide the best street railway service practicable, with fairness to all interests and it is of the highest importance to all of these interests that the property under the company's management shall be a successful business enterprise.

The Milwaukee Electric Railway and Light Company

Labor Unions, Old and New

(Written for The Herald.)
LONDON 1864 was established in London an association of trade unions, called the International Workingmen's Association. Almost every nationality was represented. Its object and fundamental principle was the protection of workingmen against the encroachments of capital and the ultimate abolition of all labor paid for by wages. Its first general strike was held at Geneva in September, 1866, when a constitution was adopted to this effect: "The economic subjugation of labor to monopolizers lies at the root of all servitude, degradation and distress and the emancipation of the working-classes, which must be wrought out by themselves is the great end to which every political movement ought to be subordinated."
 Only within a very short time has the ban been removed of discussing economic questions in conjunction with politics within that large body of organized labor, the American Federation of Labor. And thus we see that words, so clear and true, have waited fifty years for even partial recognition. Today we recognize the necessity of treating economic questions in conjunction with politics.
 How about the statement, "that economic subjugation of labor to monopolizers lies at the root of all servitude, degradation and distress?" Here we come into conflict with the doctrine of the master and servant theory, with the defender of private ownership of public utilities. To appreciate the fallacy of these tenets and on the other hand the position of the capitalistic economist, it is necessary that we shift our field of observation into the past, the feudal age. The universally accepted position of the feudal system, supported by the church, the judiciary and embodied in the laws, was the right of certain men to own the land. The same arguments that we hear today in support of private ownership of public utilities were used by the authorities and ignorantly acceded to and even supported by those who suffered by this very order, the common people.
 A survey of the conditions of these times shows the land divided among a number of men, the feudal lords. The people were their serfs, the white slaves of the feudal system. They were forced to work for the feudal lord under penalty of death if they refused and for wages or other returns which permitted them merely to live and no more. The rights of the common people were trampled upon and even the family circle was not beyond the reach of the feudal lord's covetousness. So much let it suffice being said in regard to the sanctity of the home in feudal days. The feudal lord was the economic master and with it judiciary and executive over the lives of his people and dependents. Slowly at first, but faster and ever faster the people awoke and

Hellish White Slavery in Milwaukee

Employed As Servant Innocent Girl Is Trapped in Vile Den

"Baby," mark the name. "Baby" Sheridan, 209 Sixth street, was arrested Tuesday charged with keeping premises for unlawful purposes.
 Baby advertised in the newspapers for a girl to do general housework. The girl who answered the advertisement was Elsie Binger, aged 19 years, who was attracted by the high wages offered.
 Elsie got the position without any trouble, but soon learned to her sorrow that she was in a house of ill repute and that she was expected to

lead herself to immoral purposes. Her clothing was taken away from her so that she might not run away; and in this manner she was kept a prisoner against her will for three weeks, until Big Sister Mabel S. Tompkins of the Wisconsin Home of the Friendless found her and had the Sheridan woman arrested.
 The Sheridan place was probably only one of many recruiting places for vice that exist in the city and that could be readily found and closed up, were the police really instructed by their head to make a good try at it.
 sources and of the means of production and distribution by the people for the people, not by one man or a set of men for their own special benefit, is the logical evolution from the present system, the wage system. The common ownership of the tools of an industry by its workers, will make free men of the industrial slave of today. This is followed as a matter of course by the just distribution of the produced wealth. Payment in the form of wages will be abolished. Thus will be abolished the economic subjugation of labor by monopolizers, the root of servitude, degradation and distress of our present industrial system. This can only be accomplished by the working class themselves, and through a political movement which in the words of the program of 1866 subordinates all else to the emancipation of the working class.

Cough?

Our Cough Syrup will relieve it.

Fred A. Wenzel
 PRESCRIPTION DRUGGIST
 Howell Ave. & Clarence St.

J. W. NIEMANN FUNERAL DIRECTOR
 Telephone South 210
 1072 KINNICKINNIC AVENUE

BOYS WANTED
 Newsboys to sell the SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD on downtown streets. Good chance for boys to make no less than \$1.50 on Saturdays. Let us hear from you. Ask for Mr. Bistorius, this office.

Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee HEADQUARTERS - BRISBANE HALL TELEPHONE - GRAND 4426

Capitalist Patriots Denounced WHEREAS, At the last meeting of the Federated Trades Council, it was reported that the International Harvester company informed their patternmakers...

How to Beat the Blacklist An incident happened at the adjourned meeting of the common council recently that would doubtless have raised the roof had it occurred in a theater...

WISCONSIN STATE FEDERATION OF LABOR OFFICIAL DEPARTMENT General Officers FRANK J. WEBER, General Organizer...

Union Barber Shops Always see that this card is displayed in the shop before you get a shave or haircut.

Join Hands for the Daily The Daily Today is Our Slogan Every Day

News of Organized Labor Conducted by Walter S. Fisher Address all Communications to Room 206 Brisbane Hall

The Workers the Best Judges John Collier, a member of the New York board of motion picture censorship...

PINSEL'S UNION MADE GENTS' FURNISHINGS and SHOES for the whole family

For Your Needs Try Bruett CLOTHING and FURNISHINGS

FRED. GROSSE Brisbane Hall Shaving Parlor

H. KUHN'S BARBER SHOP 482 REED STREET, Corner Scott

Los Angeles, Cal.—From all appearances there seems to have been a break in the ranks of the brewers' organization in this city...

St. Louis, Mo.—After a two-weeks' lockout of the Jewish union bakers of this city ended last week with a complete victory for the union...

For Lent Dont Forget Dernehl's Delicatessen 292 W. Water St.

The Strieckhoff-Petran Engraving Co. makes quality cuts

H. C. MUNDT SHAVING 188 LLOYD ST.

PLAUM CLOTHING CO. CLOTHIERS, HATTERS MEN'S FURNISHERS

Trenton, N. J.—The Typographical Union has secured a new agreement with the Employers' Association of Printers...

Well Deserved Appointment Brother Henry Rumpel, of Local No. 24, Amalgamated Sheet Metal Workers' International Alliance...

Bull Wheelock's Place UNION HEADQUARTERS 193 FOURTH STREET

Henry Harbicht's Place Bottle Dept. Keg Beer on Tap

A.F. SCHULTZ PHOTOGRAPHER 463 ELEVENTH AVENUE

GET BUSY Don't Miss the Great Clothing Bargains at Leo. Hirsch

Charleston, W. Va.—The Typographical unions of this city recently negotiated a new scale of wages which went into effect on Jan. 1, 1911...

When once entire communities take hold of the moving picture show it will be possible to get the best there is in that line...

ADOLPH HEUMANN SALOON 526 Chestnut St. Milwaukee

Frank Deuster BAKERS' HOME Saloon and Pool Room

Fine Liquors, Wines and Cigars Zum deutschen Hermann

JOE BECKER UNION-MADE SHOES 821 Third St. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

New York—The members of the Bank and Office Employees' Union, employed in the banking house of S. W. Barash...

There are in this country 1,500 theatres, including vaudeville houses, attended by thousands...

GOETHEL & RODEN TIN, ZINC, GALVANIZED IRON AND COPPER WORK

W. F. TRIER Superintendent of all kinds of Structural Building

Hermann Rollfink MANAGER GASTHAUS, SALOON AND RESTAURANT

All Winter Goods, as Overcoats, Suits, Caps, Underwear, Etc.

Do You Know That We Now Have our Own BOOK STORE

Postoffice Clerks Elect A meeting of the Milwaukee Union of Postoffice Clerks, No. 3, was held Sunday in Schubert hall...

Theo. Twelmayer Watchmaker and Jeweler 2111 North Avenue

Smoke Tampanola 10c CIGAR MANUFACTURED BY Herm. Buech

NEW METHOD LAUNDRY AND TOWEL SUPPLY 617 STATE ST.

Schuck & Schiminsky The Reliable North Side Clothiers

John Kannenberg & Son FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND EMBALMERS

In Contempt of Court That the work of the health commissioner can be sadly interfered with by the courts was experienced by Dr. Kraft...

if you wear or need Glasses consult A. REINHARD

Peter Schupmehl Saloon and Palm Garden 520 State St.

Borchardt Bros. Tailors Clothiers Furnishers 347-349 Grove Street

West Side Haberdashery UNION-MADE GOODS BELLMONT HATS \$3.00

BRISBANE HALL Book and Tobacco Store

The Weber Brewing company of Waukegan, Wis., and the agent of the Grand Rapids Brewing company are opposing organized labor.

SAM R. MILLER'S LIVERY 539 Market St.

F. TEWS OYSTERS, CRABS FISH

WM. WIGDER OPTICIAN 405 Twelfth Street

THE HOME TEA CO. 393 Grove St., Milwaukee

BRISBANE HALL Book and Tobacco Store

The Marine Firemen elected their national officers on Tuesday night, this week.

COAL CALLAWAY FUEL CO. H. W. BISTORIUS

Heller No "Common Workingman"

It Took the Police Four Days to Put Him Under Arrest

Who and what is the law in Milwaukee and Milwaukee county? Are the city and county officials, elected to administer the law, clothed with the power to do their duty, or is there a power greater than the power vested in the courts that says "This or that shall or shall not be done, in spite of what your executives may say." It would seem from the following that the chief of police and a firm of attorneys are the supreme court of last resort in certain cases.

Dist. Atty. McGee's short term of office Heller again made his appearance in the city as nonchalantly as could be. A move was made, evidently through the instrumentality of his attorneys, McGee and Cochems, to have Heller arrested on the old charge, placed on trial and, probably let off with a light sentence.

Instructions are said to have been given to the officer having the warrant, by the lieutenant of police, not to arrest Heller as he would appear voluntarily in court on Thursday morning. This order is believed to have come from still higher up than the lieutenant. But Heller did not appear in court at the appointed time.

ANCIENT SOCIETY

Researches in the Lines of Human Progress from Savagery through Barbarism to Civilization. By LEWIS H. MORGAN, LL. D. 870 pages—price \$1.50, postpaid.

There had been previous studies of the life of man before the days of written history, but Morgan's work revolutionized this science as no other.

It is a great tribute to the work of Lewis H. Morgan that for the second time within a year his "Ancient Society" has been reprinted.

The Economic Foundations of Society

By ACHILLE LORIA. Translated by Lindley M. Keasby. 385 pages—price \$1.25, postpaid.

The book is, on the whole, one of the best popular introductions to the fundamental principle of historical materialism or economic determinism.

How Capitalist System Works!

Prosperity! The Milwaukee Journal on Feb. 27 printed a first-page article with these headlines:

YEAR 1910 GOOD FOR MILWAUKEE BUSINESS MEN. Figures Show an Increase of Over \$2,000,000.00 in Investments of Corporations.

The article said that "Milwaukee broke all her previous records in 1910 in new corporations and additions to capital of old ones."

Principal Krueger's Pointed Questions

Principal Henry Krueger of the Twelfth District School, No. 1, is still asking Building Inspector Koch to "show him." At the time the crusade for the use by the people of the school halls started, the building inspector got suddenly busy and pronounced a lot of them unsafe for such assemblages, among them the Twelfth District School, No. 1.

Will Talk of Ruskin

Charles Zuehlin spoke to a crowded house last Sunday evening and it is safe to say that no one who heard him on Carlyle will wish to miss the second lecture in the series, which will be given next Sunday evening.

Jewish Women Start Good Work

The Social Workers, an organization consisting mostly of Jewish women and having some 250 members, has been granted the use of the Kern tract on the Milwaukee river by the park board, subject, however, to the approval of the council.

OUR EMBROIDERY AND LACE SECTION WILL BE DOUBLY INTERESTING ON MONDAY, MARCH 18th.

Thousands of Dollars Worth of New Embroideries and Laces Will Be Offered at 50c on the Dollar and Less Monday

We want to sell this special Import QUICK—that's the story in a nutshell—we have therefore marked them at prices that cannot be equalled and mean much profit to you.

Never Was a Purchase More Brilliant or More Opportune!

They came direct from the heart of Switzerland. The materials are principally Swiss, Cambric and Nainsook. There are edgings and insertings—baby widths, medium widths and flouncing widths. The matchless variety and monumental bulk make it impossible to print details in completeness. Following brief hints must serve:

- 20c Cambric and Swiss Insertings at 10c a Yard. Mostly eyelet designs. Widths from 2 to 3 inches.
- 45-inch 1.50 Embroidery Dress Flouncings at 89c.
- 18-inch 85c Swiss Embroidery Flouncings at 59c.
- 18 inch 65c Corset Cover Embroideries will sell at 39c.
- 27-inch 85c Swiss Embroidery Flouncings at 44c.
- 27-inch 65c Swiss Embroidery Flouncings at 33c.
- 8c to 10c Valenciennes Laces, Piece of 12 Yards 50c.



Extra Trading Stamps Free. Sperry Gold Stamps or S. & H. Green Stamps, if you present this coupon at our stamp counter on Monday, March 13, To adults only.

HUGO E. BAUCH COMPANY. COR. THIRD ST. AND NORTH AVENUE. MILWAUKEE'S "RELIABLE" DEPARTMENT STORE. New Music Hits—Flight of Fancy, Waltzes, Sugar Moon, Silver Star, Intermezzo, Down by the Old Mill Stream, Bombshell Rag, Kiss Me, My Honey, Kiss Me, Under the Yum Yum Tree, Casey Jones, Let Me Call You a Sweetheart, Stop! Stop! Stop! per copy only.

Attention, Women! Socialist women! Don't forget to register next Tuesday, March 14! Otherwise you cannot vote for school directors without swearing in your vote! Remember to go early next Tuesday to the booth in your precinct and ask to be registered. It is very simple. And take your sister and your lady friend with you. Don't fail!

How About Your Next Printing Order? DO YOU know that we can do your printing as good as any other office in the city? Our prices are not the lowest in town—but our printing is not the lowest grade either. We always try to please our customers. Make it your business to give us your next printing order. The Socialist movement profits by this manipulation, and you will be giving a helping hand while helping yourself.

The Socialists: Who They Are and What They Stand For. By JOHN SPARGO, Author of "The Common Sense of Socialism," etc. Price 50c, postpaid. We know of no other book in the whole literature of Socialism that will make so good a first impression on the average American reader. The style is clear and simple, the arrangement of the subject is such as to make the book easy reading, the type is unusually large, and altogether this is just the book to arrest the attention of the half-indifferent reader and to convert him to their cause. The book requires more study. Moreover, the Socialist who wishes to fit himself for talking either in private or in public, will find many of the best arguments for Socialism briefly and clearly stated in this book. It has run through several editions and is now selling rapidly.

STATEMENT OF THE MARSHALL & ILSLEY BANK OF MILWAUKEE, WIS. At the Close of Business, March 7, 1911.

Table with 2 columns: RESOURCES and LIABILITIES. Rows include Loans and Discounts, Bonds and Securities, Due from Banks, Cash, Banking House (branch), Capital Stock, Surplus Fund, Undivided Profits, Reserve for Accrued Int., Reserve for Taxes, Reserve for Unearned Int., and Deposits.

Empty Drudgery. In a recent Sunday evening lecture at Ethical hall, Mr. C. Jinaradasa, of Ceylon, India, a lecturer for the Theosophical society, gave an address on "Pragmatism and Theosophy" and touched a number of times on the subject of Socialism.

Every Socialist local and every Socialist literature distributor should order a bundle of the ON-TO-WASHINGTON edition. See page four for particulars.

Get your order in early for a bundle of the ON-TO-WASHINGTON edition. See announcement on page four.

H. J. STOLL. 1043 THIRD STREET, Cor. Center. SPECIALS FOR THE COMING WBBK. Ladies' Corset Covers; a good value at 50c... 25c. Ladies' Muslin Skirt; regular price \$1.50... \$1.00. Ladies' All-over Embroid. Corset Cover, value 75c... 59c. FREE! EMBROIDERY LESSONS. Ladies: Friday, 7 to 8 P. M. Children: Saturday, 9 to 11 A. M. Men's 50c Silk Ties... 39c. Men's 50c Flannel-Lined Shirts and Drawers... 39c. We ask you to see our 50c white or colored Men's Laundered Dress Shirts.

Have You Succeeded. In getting that friend of yours to subscribe for this paper? Better try him again; he may want to subscribe now. Help swell the circulation of our weekly and it will be an easy job to get going on our daily. \$1.00 will bring this paper to your door every week for a year. Social-Democratic Herald. Brisbane Mall Sixth and Chestnut Streets.

