



We Fail to See the Difference

OUR reformers—we mean the reformers of the Milwaukee Journal stripe—are setting up a fearful howl about the \$114,000 which were used by Mr. Connor in the last primary election in Wisconsin.

Now, this is a great sum of money, and it was surely not used for any good purpose.

But our Halfbreed reformers should surely be the last to make objection. Because Mr. Connor, before he became the grand bag-holder and chief almoner of the Connor-Stephenson-Stalwart combination, was the grand bag-carrier and chief almoner of the Connor-Stephenson-La Follette aggregation.

And anybody who has paid any attention to Wisconsin politics knows what that means.

Uncle Ike, when he had a falling out with Bob La Follette, tearfully claimed that "Bob and reform" had cost him over half a million dollars in spot cash. And his spokesmen assert that the first rupture in the reform camp was brought about by the fact that Uncle Ike refused to be bled to the tune of \$250,000 more for the purpose of buying Bob for the presidency.

But if it was wicked and detestable to spend \$114,000 plunks for the cause of Connor-Stephenson-Fairchild, why was it not more than three times as wicked and detestable to spend half a million for the Connor-Stephenson-La Follette triumvirate?

Or has the manhood become defiled and tainted by the substitution of Fairchild for La Follette?

The truth of the matter is that it is not so much the sums that are spent in an election as the way the money is spent.

The Social-Democratic Party of Germany spends millions at every election. Yet no one has ever dreamed of accusing it of corruption. Because this money is spent entirely for literature, meetings and enlightenment.

But when any of their numerous opponents spend half of that sum for the purpose of buying up votes and treating the voters to liquor and cigars, it is surely damnable.

However, in that respect we fail to see much difference between the way some of the La Follette men have conducted their campaign and the methods of the old stalwarts.

Anybody who, on election day, watched Henry F. Cochems, a lieutenant of Mr. La Follette, at the second precinct (Polish) of the Eighteenth ward, where Cochems and Mr. McGee ran almost 300 votes ahead of Francis McGovern, would be compelled to admit that Henry Cochems has "improved" on the campaign methods of both David Rose and the Stalwarts by several notches.

We have the utmost good will and respect for La Follette and McGovern personally. But the great majority of their captains, lieutenants and drum-majors are not one whit better than the camp-followers of the other capitalist factions.

And, by the way, were not most of the present leaders of the Connor-Stephenson faction, including Connor and Stephenson themselves, formerly leaders in the La Follette camp?

Nevertheless, I would suggest that our Central Committee get a copy of the paper containing the list of the beneficiaries of the \$114,000 bag and keep it for future reference. Some of these gentlemen may want to join our party later on.

Victor L. Berger

Comment on Passing Events

Fifteen per cent of the people can initiate an amendment to the state constitution under the provisions of the new constitution, just passed by the constitutional convention of Arizona.

"Christmas brings good cheer—also the loan shark" observes the Seattle Star. But part of the conventional duty of the yuletide season is to pretend that all is well and to fill the heart with rejoicings. High prices and low wages do not permit genuine happiness, no matter how much we pretend, however.

More labor victories are reported from Australia. In the state election for New South Wales the Labor candidates secured 47 victories to 36 for the Liberals and 7 for the Independents. The latter are expected to support the Labor government. The second ballot law was put in force for the first time, and each successful candidate had to get a majority of the votes.

The pot is boiling in the state of Washington. Some of that state's men elected to Washington, forced by the democracy and rebellion in the very air are now openly advocating federal laws limiting the power of pompous judges to punish people for criticizing their acts, as well as to clip their claws in the matter of injunctions. There are ground tremors and the politicians seem to be beginning to feel the quake.

A Battle Creek man, 56 years of age, who has been blind from birth, and who is a supernumerary preacher, has petitioned the governors of four states where convicted murderers are electrocuted, to allow him the use of the electric chair to end his forlorn existence under our capitalistic "civilization." Setting aside the grewsomeness of such a request, I cannot but marvel at the man's choice among the various methods of self-destruction.

The current issue of La Follette's Magazine contains an account of Mayor Seidel's recent efforts to secure a sane Halloween observance and a description of the admirable way in which the local social center workers got it in hand, with mask and costume parades, bonfires, etc. Altogether an orderly and merry time. A portion of the account in La Follette's that is especially significant and which will be of interest to our readers concerns the conduct of the capitalist press in the matter. Says the article:

Splendid Victories in England

American newspaper readers have had plenty to read as to the battling in England in the parliamentary election, just concluded, and it has been generally known that the Laborites have prospered at the polls, as part of the implied coalition against the ancient and hereditary "rights" of the lords. But everything cabled over has been either from the Liberal or the Tory standpoint, and no one could guess which Laborites were returned or how their majorities went in the various districts. Some of this information (and it is good news) is now at hand and is given in the following editorial which we quote in part from the latest issue of the Labor Leader, of London, to reach this office:

"The bulk of the Labor contests are now over, and the end of the battle may be looked forward to with serene confidence. Up to the time these lines are penned 36 Labor M. P.'s have been elected, and viewing the constituencies still to be fought there is every prospect that the party will count at least 42 members [the complete returns show a total of 43—Ed. Herald.] in the next parliament as against 40 in the last. Viewing the latest fights, Adamson's admirably victory at West Fife adds out more to the list of Labor gains, which total up to date five, against which must be offset the three backsliding constituencies of Wigton, St. Helens, and Newton, leaving so far a net gain of two seats.

Comrade Hodge will be favorably remembered for his fine address given in this country a few years ago.

tion. Electrocutation, heralded as the most humane of deaths, is really one of the most appalling, and a sickening sight to witness beyond any of the other methods of official murder, from all accounts. Compared with it shooting is humane, indeed.

The New Jersey bureau of labor admits some vital points in its annual report. It says that foodstuffs have risen in price over 40 per cent in the last twelve years, but that in the same period wages have only advanced 22 per cent. The bulk of hay anchored just beyond the donkey's nose only advanced as fast as the donkey did, but in this case while the rate of wages moves forward, the bale of hay labeled cost of living moves nearly twice as fast!

To Terrible Teddy's many other sins has been added that of plagiarism. In a recent address he said: "The difference between a politician and a statesman is this: A politician wants the people to do something for him, and a statesman wants to do something for the people." This epigram is almost a literal theft from Ingersoll. It is pointed out that Roosevelt got the idea from the third volume of the authorized edition of Ingersoll's works, page 130. There Ingersoll says, in his famous lecture on Lincoln:

"Lincoln was a statesman; and there is this difference between a politician and a statesman. A politician schemes and works in every way to make the people do something for him. A statesman wishes to do something for the people."

In the recent British elections, as in former ones, the Tories had the advantage of an abominable plural voting system. Thus a big land owner had the right to vote in every voting district in which he owned property. But even this availed nothing, for the lords not only did not gain the seats they expected, but lost one in the net total.

The Liberal-Labor coalition has held its position with a net gain of one seat, so that the voters have re-endorsed its program, and shown that the election was an unnecessary one.

The election bore hardest financially on the Labor-Socialist candidates, but they went through the fire unscathed with the most valiant fighters returned to parliament and actually gained three seats. The Liberal ministry cannot well do without them, and they will gain many a concession and undoubtedly the overturn of the impudent and hateful Osborn decision, which made it a crime for a labor union to secure money from its members for political purposes.

All seems to be fish that comes to the Social-Democratic net. Wisconsin has another old party scandal on its hands, for it develops that in the recent primaries not only was the staggering sum of \$114,000 spent in an unsuccessful effort to get an anti-La Follette gubernatorial candidate nominated, but that this sum marks the top-notch thus far and is higher than the great money-drench (as first reported) employed by United States Senator Ike Stephenson two years ago to get himself nominated. Which drench of corrupting dollars was itself the subject of a thorough legislative investigation, during which it was found that the sum was really nearer a quarter of a million!

Milwaukee's Cowardly Slanderers!

The cowardly and stupid tactics of certain business interests in Milwaukee are making friends for the Social-Democrats. There are certain kinds of hypocrites—"snakes in the grass"—who are better to have for enemies than for friends.

"Be careful! don't do this—you'll hurt BUSINESS!" This hypocritical cry for political purposes has been heard again in Milwaukee lately. It has been the cry over and over again of all BIG BUSINESS CRIMINALS.

bor Party (Socialist) successes is now complete, and the end of its contests finds the party in the satisfactory position of having increased the number of its M. P.'s from 1 to 8. With the exception of Clynnes* in Northeast Manchester, who pulled through a stiff fight with success, though with only a moderate majority, all the elected L. P. representatives polled exceedingly well, all things considered. In Blackburn Philip Snowden was elected at the head of the poll. At Merthyr Hardie's majority was over 6,000; at Leicester J. R. MacDonald's majority was over 5,000; whilst Parker's majority at Halifax was nearly 4,000, and Jowett's at Bradford over 3,000. In the case of successful candidates other than sitting members, such majorities are not to be expected. It is sufficient that in their case victory is achieved. Nevertheless, Lansbury's majority of 863 at Bow and Bromley is something to be proud of, and Richardson's majority of 194 at Whitehaven, moderate though it was, must be looked upon as a gratifying achievement.

* Comrade Clynnes was a fraternal delegate from England two years ago to the American Federation of Labor convention.

Military and Political Murder

Prof. Vladimir Korolenko of St. Petersburg, Russia, who says that 80 per cent of the unfortunate, men and women, who have been condemned by the Russian courts-martial since the last revolution, died innocently. This statement is obtained from a copy of a St. Petersburg paper which was smuggled into Vienna and saved from the general confiscation of the edition which printed Prof. Korolenko's terrible arraignment of the Russian courts-martial.

Korolenko says that the Russian courts-martial have recently hanged 3,000 men and women, and of these 600 were not guilty of any of the political crimes charged against them. In this awful number the many thousands sent to Siberia or other prisons and penal colonies are not included. Neither are included the victims shot by the various "punitive expeditions," sent out by military authorities during the revolution.

These courts-martial, says Korolenko, are still in power and "actively murderous."

A Happy New Year to the Herald Readers

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These disclosures have set the reformers, who got the primary law passed, to demanding a law to set a limit to the amount a candidate can spend, and here again they are unwittingly helping the Socialists. The hope that the primary law would hit us did not bring results (they now have some vague hopes of heading us off with a non-partisan law) and if they amend the primary law to limit expenditures it will make it still better for us, since our meagre means will not have to be pitted against the big corrupting campaign funds of the old party capitalist interests and their political tools.

Collier's Weekly seems to have a right to gloat over its victory over Grape-Nuts Post of Battle Creek, in the libel suit for \$20,000, which it instituted. The jury decided that the Battle Creek union fighter would have to pay the \$20,000, the largest verdict ever rendered in a libel suit—which would indicate that the testimony against Post was pretty convincing.

Collier's methods have always been those of the swashbuckler, a man made insolent with the sudden power brought him by dirty dollars. His methods, as Collier's indicated, was to shut the mouth of every paper he could reach with his big advertising. He became so successful and powerful through these means that he imagined dollars would prevail in all things.

Collier's, some years ago, refused Post's advertisements, holding that they were full of misrepresentations of his product. When some time ago it took occasion to point out the fraud contained in the Postum advertisements, Swashbuckler Post employed his usual method of publishing big daily newspaper advertisements in which he claimed that Collier's was running down his wares in an effort to "force him to advertise in its columns."

Collier's had called Post's claims for grape-nuts "daddy lying." It met his insolent advertisements by beginning the \$20,000 libel suit.

Why Newspapers Lose Their Reputations

der and mischief of former years. (It was not an administration paper.) "The other paper carried a story ridiculing the efforts at a sane Halloween, and called the whole experiment a failure. This seemed most surprising in view of the fact that this paper had hitherto strongly supported the public recreational movement.

"The reporter who wrote the story was asked if he did not favor the idea which was back of the celebration.

"Yes," he answered, "but I threw it down because the mayor was there. If I had written it up as a success, the administration would claim the credit."

"He agreed that it was too bad to strike the children's movement simply because his paper was opposed to the Socialist campaign, but he seemed to think that the mayor must be discredited at all costs, and the Halloween celebration must be 'thrown down' simply because the mayor was there, although the mayor had come only to bring his little daughter and a neighbor's child to see the fire, and to see that order was kept."

A good many trusting citizens take their daily newspaper on faith, and are shocked when told that back of many of the articles lurk sinister interests and absolute misrepresentation and distortion of facts for a purpose. Here we have a case in point—but it is simply one incident among uncountable myriads.

Seeing is not always believing so far as type and printing ink is concerned. Hoping that reports referred to will on investigation prove to be exaggerated, I am respectfully, EMIL SEIDEL, Mayor.

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In the trial it was shown that grape-nuts and postum were represented by Post as cure-alls, and as food of marvelous nourishing power, but that while these claims had been for years denounced by health officers of at least four states as "preposterous and fraudulent," the newspapers subsidized by his big advertising patronage kept such facts from the people.

It was shown that he spent nearly a million a year in advertising and relied on it to keep out of the newspapers "the dangerous nature of the fraud he is perpetrating on the public." Moreover, it was shown that the only physician advertised as "famous" whose name was signed to a postum testimonial turned out to be "a poor old broken-down practitioner" who got \$70 for writing the testimonial.

C. W. Post is a man who got rich-quick through a lucky combination of circumstances. His success turned his head and gave him insolence and a despotic will. Put a beggar on horseback and he will ride you down in an old saying well exemplified in the case of Post. For the moment he was up he felt nothing but contempt for everyone else, especially for the workmen whose toll heaped up his dollars for him. He achieved a contemptuous hatred of labor unions, especially, and his attacks on the unions in big newspaper advertisements are well known to newspaper readers the country over. But it appears that at last he used his newspaper assault on the wrong adversary.

The Best Senate Is No Senate

THE Judicial Committee of the United States Senate will bring in a report after the holidays asking for an amendment of the federal constitution according to which the Senate of the United States shall in future be elected directly by the people.

This action of the Senate was evidently prompted by two considerations. In the first place, there has long been a great deal of dissatisfaction with the Senate.

The Senate of the United States for many years has been called a "Millionaires' Club." And for many years the demand for the election of the United States Senators by direct vote has been general among voters of all parties.

And both the old parties and the legislatures of twenty-seven different states have made a demand in that direction, so that practically only a few states are lacking to a two-thirds majority. And therefore the Senate thought it best to give in, just to avoid a greater calamity.

For the best Senate is no Senate at all. The Senate had its origin in Alexander Hamilton's idea of imitating the English form of government as closely as possible. The Senate was to be the House of Lords of the American Republic. It was to represent wealth and vested interests. And in order to make the idea more palatable to the forces of the revolution of that day, who were not at all inclined to imitate English institutions, Hamilton and his followers, being shrewd politicians, fixed things so that all the states, whether large or small, had equal representation in the Senate. Thus Hamilton got the small colonies to grow enthusiastic over this proposition.

Since then the times have changed. Not only has the institution of the American Upper House grown more undemocratic than ever, but with the growth of population in the larger states, the injustice has grown to be so much the more glaring.

In England there is a very strong movement on foot to abolish the House of Lords entirely. And there can be no doubt that it will at least lose its power this winter, and thus become purely ornamental.

In America, the United States Senators are still the powers that be. The Senate is still the bulwark of the trusts and monopolies—of the railroad corporations and the protected industries—in short, it is still the main bastion of ultra capitalism.

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As I said before, the only way to reform it would be—as the Socialist platform demands—its total abolition.

Because our Senate is not only ultra capitalistic, but is also the main spring of corruption in the United States.

And it is useless to show up corruption to the Senate as it is now constituted.

Lorimer of Illinois has just received a coat of whitewash, although it was plainly shown that he bought his seat. But since the overwhelming majority of the Senators have procured their seats in the same way, it, of course, was to be expected that his confederates would find him not guilty.

The result is that, as a rule, the common people do not seem to care very much who is to become their United States Senator. They know they have nothing to say in the matter.

For instance, everybody knows that Tammany Hall alone will decide who shall be the next Senator from New York. He will undoubtedly be a man of the type of Chauncey Depew, only younger and more dangerous.

In New Jersey we now witness the spectacle of the machines of both old parties assisting the Democratic boss in the selection of a United States Senator. He will undoubtedly be a corporation man.

In Massachusetts the Republican Senator, Henry Cabot Lodge, has a very good chance of being re-elected, although the majority of the popular vote has decided against him. And if he should not be able to land the Senatorship, another man of exactly the same type will surely get it.

In Indiana, where the Democrats had the majority at the last election, only two candidates are named. One of them is John W. Kern, an old corporation attorney, and the other is—Tom Taggart, the chief gambler and political corruptionist of Indiana.

In Ohio the Democrats have a majority, but only a man whom the trusts will support can be elected.

In all these states the people have nothing to say.

The direct election of United States Senators by the people will help some.

But it will clearly prove two things.

First, that the 24,000 votes of Nevada or the 48,000 votes of Delaware will have as much voting power as the 1,638,000 votes of New York, or the 1,267,000 votes of Pennsylvania.

Second, that it is ridiculous to elect directly by the people a United States Senate as a "check" upon legislation, as long as the House of Representatives is also elected by the people.

Unless the capitalists intend to use money for the corruption of the voters in the small states, the United States Senators of any state will simply be duplicates of the political opinions of the members of the House of Representatives.

In short, I repeat that the only way to reform the United States Senate is to abolish it.

A far more effective and a far more democratic check upon any hasty action of the national House of Representatives would be the introduction of the initiative, referendum and the right of recall.

With the use of the voting machine and the facilities for quickly computing results by the help of adding machines, this has become a simple and easy task. The result of any referendum all over the United States could be practically known the next morning.

And besides being more democratic, it would be infinitely more enlightening—because any measure for which a referendum had been asked through an initiative would create a great deal of useful discussion all over the country.

Merchants and Manufacturers' association is sincere in warning against criminal inclinations in this community, let it begin at home.

Tax dodging is a crime. It is more unpatriotic than treason. These criminals are going to be hunted.

When the city administration makes an attempt to get an honest and fair assessment it is the M. & M. board that hampers it.

Yes, by all means find the criminal. The little one that breaks a window pane and the tax liar that deceives his city and country. Fix each according to the harm that each does.

The principle of direct legislation is recognized either by the constitution or by the laws of nine American states. These states are Maine, Missouri, Michigan, Arkansas, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Nevada, Oregon and Montana. Texas is in a class by itself and has a law which gives the people in the primaries the right to vote upon issues to be

proclaimed in the party platform. Moreover, the initiative and referendum, without flow of compromise, was pledged to the people by the platform of every political party this year in Nebraska, Wisconsin, Illinois, Colorado, California, North Dakota and Kansas. It has been promised to the people of Arizona by the dominant party in the recent election, and by one of the two great parties this year in Idaho, Wyoming, Washington, Utah, Minnesota, Iowa and Ohio. More than all this in our cities over fifteen millions of Americans are living under charters giving them the right of referendum, more than ten million have the right to initiate legislation, and more than ten million have the right to recall unfaithful public officials. Wash. Allen White, in American Magazine.

Victor L. Berger

And to this have the Socialists brought you. Direct legislation was first proposed by a Socialist.

A Socialist Mayor and An Almost Mayor

By Mila Tupper Maynard

(Written for The Herald.)
If anyone fancies the Minneapolis vote was a mere freak, he should have seen the crowd gathered Dec. 4 in the Auditorium of that city. This building will hold 2,700 and was filled that night at 50 cents and 25 cents a seat.

Van Lear, the Socialist candidate, came, according to the last count, within less than 800 votes of carrying the city of more than 300,000 people. Neither he nor the party regret the failure, however, as the vote was much less for other officials and until a reasonable straight vote can land the working majority, backed by a well-organized party, it is better to miss the goal.

Van Lear is a well-known machinist union man, and the vote is proof that the unions are waking up in that neck of the woods.

The Economic Foundations of Society

By ACTHIE LORIA. Translated by Lindley M. Krasby. 252 pages—price \$1.25, postpaid.
The book is, on the whole, one of the best popular introductions to the fundamental Socialist principle of historical materialism or economic determinism. It is divided into three parts: (1) The Economic Foundations of Society, (2) The Economic Foundations of the Law, (3) The Economic Foundations of Politics. The conclusion, summed up in one sentence by the author, is that "morality, law and politics are the effects, and not the causes, of economic conditions."

At Grand Forks a Catholic priest's denunciation had given a fine opportunity for propaganda and many evidences of increasing interest were apparent. Perhaps you do not know where Minot is on the map.

Let me advise you to find out. It is third city in the state, and will send the second Socialist congressman to Washington in 1912 if signs auger true.

When Debs was there recently, 1,000 voters marched the streets with red badges on. The local numbers 125 dues-paying members.

Arthur Le Sueur, the mayor, has been an active member of the local for more than ten years, so that the election of a Socialist mayor is not a freak.

To be sure, he was elected under commission government plan with non-partisan ballot for everybody. But the Socialists had nominated him by party referendum and had no

quarrel with the non-Socialist vote which largely elected him.
We may not think personal standing and popularity ought to count, but they always will unless we "change human nature."

All we can do is to keep the party well educated in principles and well drilled in party discipline, then rejoice in whatever personal propaganda proceeds from the honest, big-heartedness, and the brain of individual comrades.

"Thou knowest not what argument Thy life to thy neighbor's creed has lent."
Emerson's statement is as applicable to politics of the genuine kind as to theology.

Prejudice is not a logical entity, but it is the biggest stone wall in our path. If faith in and admiration for individuals help people to walk through this obstacle "as if it were not there," we are the gainers whether we approve the mental makeup of our fellow mortals or not.

Our Minot mayor has no other member of the commission with him for any radical measure but for measures of decency and good government he keeps a working majority with him. The community has taught them it is not safe to oppose the mayor when he has plain common sense on his side.

Mayor Le Sueur succeeded in establishing a precedent that may go far.

He convinced the governor and his board that the school funds, lying idle, could be loaned on city bonds, thus solving a serious local problem and opening the way for similar relief from big loan sharks for other North Dakota cities.

There is no recall in the charter of Minot. Enforcement of the laws has brought much antagonism. "The mayor ought to be made to resign," one of the victims of law enforcement said to a Socialist.

He answered: "There is a bunch of folks who can make him resign all right if they want to. You convince them that he is not doing his duty and he will come out of office quick enough. But you will have hard work to make the Socialists pull him out of office because he is doing his duty."

We are entering the state of Washington now, and equally promising advance is in the air. A gain of more than 400 per cent is officially reported. The vote for head of the ticket—Richardson—candidate for supreme court judge, received 15,994 votes against 3,024 votes for Brown in 1908.

Women here are rejoicing in full citizens' rights. There are no restrictions whatever and women vote on exactly the same terms as men.

There are now five fully enfranchised states in the union.

The referendum was carried by a heavy majority of all votes cast.

Why have not the hats been thrown higher and the hurrahs been heard more noisily?

"Whatever may be the limitations which trammel inquiry elsewhere, we believe that the great State University of Wisconsin should ever encourage that continual and fearless sifting and winnowing by which alone truth can be found." (Taken from a report of the Board of Regents in 1891.) Memorial Class of 1910.

The Educational Value of Life in the Army

When the Socialist members of the Milwaukee school board voted against the use of the school buildings of that city for the exhibition of pictures on life in the army, the capitalist papers set up an awful howl. Among other things they claimed that life in the army and navy was an excellent training and education for any boy. That the American soldier and sailor was a thorough gentleman, etc., etc.

Of course, there is no disputing the fact that some of them are. Many a boy joins the army or navy out of sheer ignorance or because he can't find a job and has no other place to go. Such a boy, however, either soon deserts or leaves the army or the navy at the expiration of his time with feelings not at all akin to patriotism. Navy and army life, where men are herded together away from the ennobling influence of good women is an unnatural life and in itself degenerating. Furthermore, the great majority of those who do join the army and the navy certainly are not the kind of company that the ordinary father or mother would choose for their boy.

When President Taft was still secretary of the navy and our national messenger boy, speaking at a banquet in Manila which was tendered him by Filipinos, he expressed himself as follows regarding the character of the man belonging to the army and the navy:

"You must not," he said, "judge American manhood by the standard of the army and the navy. THESE ARE RECRUITED FROM THE SCUM OF THE AMERICAN POPULATION."

Now, Secretary Taft knew what he was talking about. He could not have eulogized the army and the navy before the Filipinos without having made himself ridiculous. The Filipinos had seen the other side of the American soldier and knew that he was capable of brutality such as even the Spaniards could not equal.

One of the gentle practices of the American soldiers during the Philippine war was what is known as the water-cure. The practice of this unspeakable torture seems to have been pre-ferred, general, for I have never yet met a soldier who had served in the Philippine war (and I have spoken with many) who did not know what the water-cure was.

When a Filipino was caught, and it was necessary to get some information out of him, he was securely tied, next a bamboo gag was placed in his mouth, to which was attached a funnel. Then the unfortunate was thrown upon the ground and water was poured down the funnel until his body

swelled up horribly. Then the gag was removed for a few minutes and the prisoner again questioned. If still no information could be obtained from him the water-cure was continued.

In many instances, I was told, the victim died. One veteran of the Philippine war, now residing in Minnesota, told me how once after having applied the water-cure to a Filipino the soldiers jumped on the prostrate and bloated body until it burst open.

Still another way of applying the water-cure was by holding the prisoner's head in a barrel filled with water or in the mud of a rice ditch.

The pitiful case of that kind was related to me by a soldier, now a Socialist, who on account of his experience is filled with the most bitter hatred for the army.

"We were," he said, "out in search of a fugitive when we came upon an old woman and a boy. The woman was very old, bent and shrunken and supported herself with a stick. We soon discovered that she was blind, and that the lad, who was about ten or twelve, was leading her. He would walk a couple of steps ahead of her and warn her of any unevenness in the road."

"We stopped the couple and demanded of the boy if he had seen the fugitive. He answered that he had not seen any one. Whereupon two of the soldiers took him up and stuck his head into the muddy water of a rice ditch. When after a moment they took him out he still denied that he had seen any one, whereupon they once more ducked him under."

"This time, however, they allowed his head to remain under water too long, for when they pulled him up he was dead. They left him lying on the road, with the blind woman standing by screaming and weeping and shouting curses and imprecations at us."

Inhuman as this act is, it seems almost humane compared with the fiendish torture inflicted by American soldiers upon a Filipino whom they suspected of having killed a sentry.

There are in the Philippine islands red ants an inch long, who build very large ant-hills. They dug a deep hole between two such ant-hills and placed the man down in it, his arms and legs securely tied. Then they filled the hole up again, allowing only his head to remain above ground. Thereupon they left him in the hot sun a prey to the ants which soon swarmed in veritable hordes around him. When they returned the next day they found the man literally devoured by the ants, with shreds of flesh still clinging to the ghastly skull.

Such is the civilizing influence of the army.—Ralph Korbgold.

ism, has the following to say in its issue of Dec. 19:
"That the Adams Express company's business in New England in 1909 yielded a profit representing 45 per cent on the investment, including real estate, and, excluding real estate, a net income of more than 85 per cent, came out in the course of a hearing before the Interstate Commerce Commission."

These figures were worked out from the company's own exhibits. What more need be said?
New York City.

Foreign

In Leipzig, one of the principal cities of Germany, the Socialists won all the seats contested in the election just held in the Third district. They polled 18,764 votes in a total of 28,184, defeating the combined opposition and electing eight men.

In fifty-five cities of Germany organized labor possesses labor temples, thirty-four of them own their own grounds. The trades union press consists of one central organ, fifty-six trade journals, one paper for the Italian and one for the Polish laborers, and all get their news service from the Sozialdemokratisches Bureau Berlin. Labor secretaries are active in 172 cities, central labor councils in over 700 cities. The Socialists have captured already the fifty-second seat in parliament.

A decision, arrived at by a competent court of Berlin, Germany, may here be contrasted with the now notorious prison sentence hanging over the three officers of the American Federation of Labor.

In the Berlin court under the shadow of William II's bristling imperial mustache, a case of boycotting by published notices was also the issue.

The proprietor of a certain large saloon and meeting hall had persistently refused to let the Berlin Socialists use his hall for public meetings. Thereupon our militant contemporary, the Vorwarts, twice published notices asking its readers to withhold their patronage from this particular place, stating the fact that the proprietor had refused to use his hall for Socialist meetings.

The proprietor then entered suit for damages against the Vorwarts, but he lost his case signally. In the opinion handed down by the Berlin judge it is admitted that the Socialist party has a legitimate interest in securing suitable places for public meetings, and that plaintiff had refused to let his place be used for such meetings.

When, thereupon, the Vorwarts urged its readers to withhold their patronage from plaintiff's place as long as such refusal was persisted in, the Vorwarts was merely acting in defense of legitimate interests. The court held that the pressure to make plaintiff change his attitude is not improper under the circumstances.

"Such is the reasoning of a German court, briefly stated in plain language. And this in a monarchial country, mind you, where the people do not boast of the "freedom" that they do not possess.—Cleveland Citizen.

In Winnipeg, Canada, the German, Jewish, Lettish and Ruthenian branches of the party have left the Socialist party of Canada in disgust because of the control of its policies by the International Socialist Review type of impossibilists. This crew was so Socialistic (?) that it even refused to let the party join the international movement.

Our cause is too vital and too necessary to allow such narrow brains to get the upper hand and the seceding branches should force the impossibilists into the Anarchist camp, where they belong.

It sort of satisfies the soul To scan the pugilist now; A satisfying smile is smole; Peace nestles on the brow, You like to look at it again. And spell it out with care The notice of so many men Elected here and there.

Yes, it has been a weary wait But those who understand How slowly moves the hand of fate Have felt the waiting goodly. But now at last a break is made The dawn begins to blush, And, little one, be not afraid, She's coming with a rush. —Coring Nation.

"What Shall We Do to be Saved?" In this little booklet Victor L. Berger hands out Social-Democratic doctrine, plain that the man who runs may read 5 cents a copy, \$1.50 a hundred. This offer.

A Royal Road to Prison Reform

By Agnes H. Downing.
HERE is something of interest to the Prison Reform League.

A group of millionaire cattlemen of Nebraska were recently found guilty of a crime against the United States government. They were sentenced to a jail sentence, and this is what the press dispatch tells us: "These millionaire criminals, after spending a month visiting various county jails in the state, departed last night for Hastings. There they will become inmates of the Adams county jail."

The four men are not to be treated like ordinary prisoners. With them they took a Japanese chef, who will do their cooking. This week they ordered expensive furniture and carpets sent to the Hastings jail as furnishings for their rooms. In addition, they purchased a large and well selected library. The windows of their cells have been hung with expensive lace curtains and the floors are carpeted."

Now, think of that, you Prison Reform leaguers, who have been contending against dark cells, bathhouse food, whips and stripes for prisoners in mates!

Here we see not only good cheer, but expensive luxuries. The trouble with the prison reform is that it sought to secure better jail conditions without regard to the persons imprisoned.

The ordinary prisoners are chiefly those who commit petty crimes; those who steal food because they are hungry. They are young boys thrown out into the world too early without the guiding hand of fathers and mothers. With these are the labor union men and women who are on strike for decent conditions, also persons

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will help you hasten the process of making a Socialist of your neighbor. Hand him a copy. Try it, make the experiment, and notice results. Remember, you will have to build UP.

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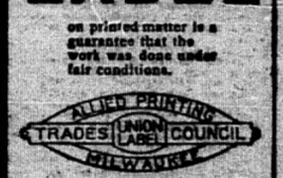
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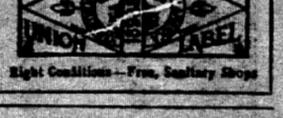
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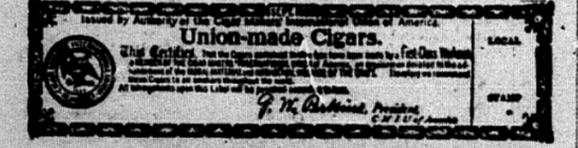
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The Steady Growth of Socialism

San Diego Sun: "The name of the Socialist party first appeared upon the ballot in the United States in 1888, when it polled 2,068 votes." In the twenty-two years which have since elapsed, it has progressed steadily, showing these totals: 1890, 13,331; 1892, 21,157; 1894, 33,133; 1896, 36,504; 1898, 91,749; 1900, 98,417; 1902, 225,003; 1904, 403,338; 1906, over 500,000; 1908, over 600,000.

It will be some time before all the figures for 1910 are available, but it is known that the vote scored a large increase all over the country. In New York it grew from 33,000 to 65,000; in California from 16,000 to 60,000. It is probable that this year's total reached the million mark.

Milwaukee elected the first Socialist congressman on November 8. The thorough-going Socialist boldly declares that the earth and the fullness thereof, was intended, not for the making of dividends, but for the satisfaction of human needs. His program is frankly revolutionary, though he prefers the ballot to the bullet as a means to the end.

While the avowed advocates of Socialism have worked with wonderful energy and persistence to promote the growth of their cause, they are by no means contented to all the credit for what has been accomplished.

The Socialist has a partner who is working overtime to convince the world that there is no hope, save in revolution.

The Socialist's partner is no other than our old friend, the Stand-patriot—that is to say, the contented conservative who, hardened by fat years, insists that "all's for the best in the best of all possible worlds."

This man stands stubbornly in the face of all progress. He consistently opposes every human aspiration for better things. For money, he asks more and more; to men he concedes less and less.

He demands higher rates for railroad service. He resists all attempt at the regulation of public service corporations.

He insists upon higher rates upon all necessities of life every time the tariff is revised.

With hundreds of thousands of children going to school every morning without their breakfasts, he declares that our trouble is not "high cost of living, but cost of high living."

He is fighting now for a kind of "open shop" which would crush labor unions to the dust, leaving the workman to deal in his naked individuality with organized dollars.

He says men shall work when and where he pleases for what he chooses to give them, or that they shall starve, with their women and children.

The Stand-patriot is the greatest asset of Socialism. If he has his way, the earth will be owned by fewer and fewer, the many will be more and more completely exploited—and the revolution will come the surer and the sooner.

The growing strength of Socialism in every election for the past twenty-two years means just this:

WE ARE GOING FORWARD.

Most of us would prefer to progress by evolution, but if the Stand-patriot continues to stand pat long enough and hard enough HE WILL PROBABLY SUCCEED IN GIVING US REVOLUTION INSTEAD.

Capitalist Editors Can Always Find Some Reason for It Except the World-Wide One

There is plenty of bread and meat. Plenty of cotton and wool. Plenty of coal and wood. There is plenty of iron, copper, gold and silver.

There is plenty of space, fresh air and sunlight.

The earth—the large, calm, patient

mother—is inexhaustibly rich. She is a good mother and gives her children whatever they ask for with the hand of honest labor.

There are unused lands, closed mines, idle machinery, locked shops, wheels that do not turn, dead fires and silent engines.

There are also jobless men and idle women anxiously willing to till the soil, to dig in mines, to spin and weave, to run the engines, to create wealth—good things to eat, to wear, to enjoy.

And then there are men, women and children who need food, clothing and shelter—who would buy if they had means—who would work if they had a chance.

Here is the raw material in limitless abundance. Here is labor—equipped with machinery, to convert the raw material into goods for use.

AND HERE IS THE MARKET. A HOME MARKET, THE BEST MARKET IN THE WORLD. AN OPEN MARKET, OUR OWN PEOPLE EAGER TO CONSUME WHAT THEY PRODUCE; HUNGRY FOR THE FRUIT AND GRAIN THEY RAISE; NAKED FOR THE CLOTHES THEY SPIN AND WEAVE; HOMELESS, SURROUNDED BY THE HOUSES THEY BUILD.

LET US OPEN THE STOREHOUSE OF NATURE FOR THE USE OF ALL. TURN THE WORKERS LOOSE UPON THE RAW MATERIAL. TURN OVER TO THE PEOPLE, THE WHOLE PEOPLE, THE MEANS OF PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION AND ALL THE WEAK AND THE STRONG, THE BRIGHT AND THE STUPID, WILL HAVE ENOUGH OF THE NECESSARIES AND COMFORTS TO SUSTAIN AN AMPLE AND JOYOUS LIFE.—Ex.

There Is Plenty

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The earth—the large, calm, patient

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The Parliamentary Fight in "Merrie" England

The Liberals Had to Talk to the People in Our Language. A Speech by Chancellor Lloyd George

[Below is given in part one of the Lloyd George speech in the parliamentary campaign just closed in England.]

Although I have observed a good deal of poverty in my walk through life, and although I had read a good deal about poverty, I confess I never quite realized its poignancy until I came to administer the old age pensions act. I found then what an appalling mass of respectable, independent, proud misery existed amongst us—cases within a few hundred yards of the city temple, where poor women, old and worn after honest, industrious lives extending over seventy years, were still working away through the livelong day—wringing early, resting late—to earn a wretched pittance which just saved them from starvation but never lifted them above privation; earning six and seven shillings a week by needlework on the garments of those who, in an idle hour, will spend more on frivolity than these poor people would earn in three years of toil.

Let us take one other fact. You have read, I have no doubt, many of you, Mr. Seeborn Rowntree's wonderful study of poverty in town life. You know with what laborious and arduous care it was compiled; how he investigated the condition of every family in the city of York; how he discovered that the large proportion of the population lived on means which were inadequate to provide them with sufficient food to build up and sustain strength; how he found that the physical condition of something like 80 per cent of the children in the working class districts was under the average standard, and how in the poorer districts more than half these poor little wretches presented a pathetic spectacle, showing the hard conditions against which they were struggling—puffy and feeble bodies insufficiently clad, quite evidently insufficiently fed, bearing every sign of privation and neglect.

Destitution and Despair!
Much more could I give you to demonstrate that a large mass of the population in this, our richest country in the world, are living lives well within the area of poverty, and bordering on the frontier of destitution and despair. Now that is one side of the picture. Let me give you another.

A certain number of people in this country, who are owners of property, were asked to supply a few details as to the area, the fertility and the value of those properties, and as to the conditions under which they were let. A number of the landowners complained that, employing their agents and all their clerks and surveyors at full time, they cannot even in two months fill in the forms in respect of their property. Their estates are so large that it takes over sixty days to write out the barest outlines of their dimensions and locality.

You have only to contrast that with the stories I have told you about the property of men and women, just as meritorious as these others whose affluence is so burdensome, in order to find some sort of explanation of these tremors of the earth which seem to menace the foundations of society.

So much for real property. What about property as a whole, real and personal? I have had, during the last two years, to look into the death duties pretty closely, and I find that out of 420,000 adults that die in the course of a year five-sixths own no property which it is worth anyone's while securing a government certificate for—a few articles of cheap clothing and perhaps a little furniture which would hardly pay the rent if it were sold by a broker's man.

Poverty Follows Toil
Out of £300,000,000 that passes annually at death, about half belongs to something under 2,000 persons. Had the 350,000 who died in poverty led lives of indolence and thriftlessness and extravagance? And had the 2,000 who owned between them nearly £150,000,000 had they pursued a career of industry, toil and frugality? Everybody knows that that is not the case. It is facts such as these that account for the murmurings in the heart of Britain which betoken presence of some organic disease in her system.

Another source of waste in connection with land is the enormous area of the land of England which is practically given over to sport. In all you have millions of acres exclusively devoted to game—much of it, no doubt, fit for nothing else, a good deal of it well adapted for agriculture and afforestation. In addition to these great preserves in some of the most fertile parts of this country you will find hundreds of thousands of acres where the crops are injured and their value damaged by game preservation.

Shameful Contrasts
When you come to the land around the towns the grievance is of a different character. Against the many contrasts which a rich country like ours presents between the conditions of rich and poor there is none more striking than the prodigal extravagance with which land by the square mile is thrown away upon stags, pheasants, and partridges, as compared with the miserly greed with which it is doled out for the habitations of men, women and children. You measure the former by the square mile, the latter is given out by the yard, and even by the foot.

The greatest asset of a country is a virile and contented population. This you will never get until the land in the neighborhood of our great towns is measured out on a more generous scale for the homes of our people. They want as a necessity of life plenty of light, plenty of air,

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Removal Sale

As our readers well know, The Social-Democratic Publishing Co. is going to move to the new building to be erected by the People's Realty Co. as Milwaukee's Labor Home. To reduce our stock to save cost of removal sensational price cutting must be resorted to. Here is a List of Our Publications.

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- What the Republican and Democratic Parties Have Done for the Workingman. One hundred copies, 25 cents; 1,000 copies, \$2.
- What Shall We Do to Be Saved? Single copy, 5 cents; 100 copies, \$1.50; 1,000 copies, \$9.
- What is Socialism? What is Capitalism? Single copy, 5c; 25 copies, \$1; 50 copies, \$1.75; 100 copies, \$2.75.

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LABOR UNIONS AND POLITICAL PARTIES. By August Bebel, the great Socialist leader of Germany. Trade unions should make free use of this book. Single copy, 5c; twenty-five copies, \$1; fifty copies, \$1.75; 100 copies, \$2.75.

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SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD

Published by the MILWAUKEE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PUBLISHING COMPANY

344 Sixth Street Milwaukee, Wis.

FREDERIC HEATH VICTOR L. BERGER Editor Associate

The Herald is Not Responsible for Opinions of its Contributors.

Official Paper of the Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee and the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor.

Entered at the Milwaukee Postoffice as Second-Class Matter, August 30, 1901.

Andrew Gallagher, secretary of the central labor body of San Francisco...

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Milwaukee

Nursery for Trees—Municipal Refreshment Stands at the Parks

The action of the Social-Democratic park commissioner, A. F. Kowalski, brings some results. The first steps toward establishment of a nursery for trees have been taken at the last session of the park board...

HENRY ASHTON

By ROBERT ANDERSON BAGGE ATTORNEY-AT-LAW This thrilling little story written in a buoyant and attractive style...

West Virginia

The Common Socialists will go into the municipal election Jan. 5 with a full ticket and a practical program of principles and measures.

WHERE THE SOCIALIST FALLS DOWN!

The office of Socialism is in a very real and important sense, that it is a constructive and progressive program...

Another Socialist Mayor

Seattle Star: Edmonds, Wash., will have a Socialist mayor after January 1, the first city in the state of Washington to do so.

He's No Fanatic Cook is a quiet looking man with the weather beaten face of one who has lived much outdoors...

Half Hours in the Herald Sanctum

Dear Editor: An item comes to my eye that the ravages of smallpox in the Michigan camps that the authorities of Michigan and the lake cities saw no other way out of the matter than wholesale vaccination...

This Book Was Demanded

On file in the office of the Social-Democratic Herald are thousands of letters requesting the "History of the Milwaukee Socialist Movement, Campaign and Victory."

A Thrilling Chapter

After the election, November 8, we confidently expect to be able to write a concluding chapter which will thrill the nation.

Books You Need

KARL MARX—By Wilhelm Liebknecht. A touching account of the life and career of Marx by the veteran Liebknecht...

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ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS, MONEY ORDERS, ETC., TO MILWAUKEE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PUBLISHING COMPANY TELEPHONE GRAND 2324, Private 5426 344 SIXTH ST., MILWAUKEE, WIS.

The Builders' Column

By A. W. Mance "Ring Out the Old, Ring in the New, Ring Out the False, Ring in the True." 1910 is past. The year 1911 is here with all its possibilities.

Our Part Just As Important

During the coming year much can be done to make Socialists and Socialist voters in your community by getting the right kind of literature into the hands of your neighbors.

The New Press Will Soon Be Going

In a couple of weeks the new press YOU ASSISTED US IN GETTING, will be in place and running. This will enable us to give you a greatly improved paper.

Progress Edition January 28

Don't fail to order a bundle of the Progress edition for distribution in your community. No effort will be spared to make this edition an epoch-making document in the history of American Socialist educational and propaganda literature.

The Campaign History

Thousands of your names are filed in the vault to receive a copy of the Milwaukee Campaign and Victory in the near future.

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HEADQUARTERS—318 STATE ST. TELEPHONE—GRAND 1742 Meetings on 1st and 3d Wednesdays (8 P.M.), Freie Gemeinde Hall, Fourth St., Bet. Cedar and State.

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News of Organized Labor

Conducted by Walter S. Fisher Address all Communications to 318 State St.

Milwaukee, Wis.—When the State legislature of Wisconsin meets during the early part of January the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor will be "Johnny on the spot" with a good batch of labor bills which have been carefully prepared by the legislative committee of that body, and which will be introduced by Secretary Brockhausen and General Organizer Weber, both assemblymen from this city, during the first days of the session of that body.

Schenectady, N. Y.—The Typographical union recently signed agreements to run five years with the employers of this city, which provide for a substantial increase for its members: Under the new scale machine operators will receive \$23.50 per week for the first two years, and \$24 for the last three years. This is for night work. The scale on evening newspapers will be \$20.50 and \$21 for two and three-year periods. The hand scale on morning papers will be \$21.50 per week for the first two years, \$21 the next two years, and \$24 for the fifth year. For hand work on evening papers the scale will be \$19, \$20 and \$21 for the same periods. The above is an immediate increase of about \$1 per week over the former scale.

Youngstown, O.—The members of the Iron Molders' union of this city recently succeeded in negotiating a new scale whereby they got a minimum wage rate of \$1.50 per day for molders and coremakers. This is an increase of 20 cents per day for molders and 30 cents to coremakers.

Chicago, Ill.—A complete victory was won shortly before Christmas by the drivers of delivery wagons for the big stores in this city. Four hundred of them went out on strike a few weeks ago and completely tied up the delivery of holiday merchandise, and as a result they secured a very satisfactory settlement, as follows: A raise in wages to \$15 per week; a Christmas present of \$15; two weeks' vacation in the summer with pay; also pay for the time they were out on strike, and various other advantages.

Milwaukee, Wis.—The semi-annual party-politicians and did not hesitate to run "scalp" cuts. Result: Labor has got on to its labor press and the brewery workers, 300 strong, immediately cancelled their year's subscription.

Waiters' Union Elects Officers William Kavanaugh was elected president of the Milwaukee Waiters' union, local No. 59, at its semi-annual election last night in the club rooms, 423 East Water street. Other officers elected are: Carl Storm, vice president; William L. Grote, treasurer; K. Kleinseis, financial secretary and business agent; Benjamin W. Kean, recording secretary; James Foley, chaplain; Harry Winnig, inspector; R. Broetzman, secretary; Joseph Lauer, Carl Storm, B. W. Kean, auditing committee.

Harvey Dee Brown on Tolstoi "The modern awakening of labor and the coming of industrial democracy, bringing justice and equal opportunity and laying a basis for a common life of freedom, truth and love, are the prelude to the social re-birth of Christ." This was the keynote of the striking address by Harvey Dee Brown, at Ethical hall, on Christmas night.

Next Sunday evening the subject will be "Tolstoi—Sunset and Dawn"—a topic which is sure to interest a wide circle of persons. The Ethical hall lectures have become a permanent feature of Milwaukee's new life, and have made a place of their own in the Socialist awakening. The platform will be occupied by Charles Zueblin of Boston, for three weeks early in the new year. Other speakers will be heard from time to time. The interpretation of social development and thought by Comrade Brown however sustains vital interest, accompanied as it is, by wide reading and mature reflection. A large number will wish to hear his interpretation of Tolstoi next Sunday evening. The lecture will be at 8 p. m., at 558 Jefferson street.

A good musical program always accompanies these lectures. Admission is free, and all comrades and their friends are cordially invited to reserve their Sunday evenings for these lectures.

Social-Democratic Carnival January 28th is drawing nearer and everybody is anticipating the great time to be offered the people of Milwaukee at the Socialist carnival in the Auditorium.

There will be a great number of new and original groups, the sight of which alone is worth the price of admission. The Hippodrome only holds some 5,000 people; this year the accommodations for 20,000 people have been engaged, so no one need fear being turned away. It will be all means be the greatest social gathering ever held in Milwaukee.

Get your tickets early. See that your friends get some also. And, last, but not least, the profits of the carnival will go to the campaign fund and help pay for the new press. The larger the profits, the sooner will we get a Social-Democratic daily newspaper.

Austrian Unions Latest statistics issued in Austria show that the trade unions in that country have steadily increased their strength while strikes decreased. Advances in wages ranged from 2 to 55 per cent and reduction in hours of labor from five minutes to two hours per day. Most of the strikes were won or practically won.

How a Labor Paper Sold Out Prior to the fall election the Central Labor party of La Crosse endorsed the Social-Democratic party. As it happens, La Crosse boasts a "Labg" paper of the old style. The editor, then well and truly served the interests of labor by giving the Social-Democratic party just a mere mention and then sold out the first pages for advertisements of the old

In addition to this they also received the promise of the employers to agree to a conference to frame a new wage scale after the first of the year.

Mobilie, Ala.—The men employed in the contract machine shops in this city went out on strike Oct. 1, but were compelled to return to work because they lacked organization and had not made their demands in a collective manner. One week after the men had walked out they were told by the employers that no official notice had been given of their intentions and that the contractors would require a written demand in order that they might add the increased cost of labor to their contracts, so the men went back to work. Organizer Terry of the International Association of Machinists, was on the ground immediately and succeeded in bringing the men into the union and last week arranged for a meeting of a committee from the organization with the employers, which resulted in a decisive victory for the men, the employers conceding an increase in wages from \$1.50 to \$1.75 per day.

Frankfort, Ind.—The employers of this city have agreed to a new scale of wages with the Typographical union which carries with it a substantial increase in wages at the end of the first year. The contract runs for three years and provides that foremen in both book and job and newspaper offices and operators employed in the day time shall receive \$16 the first year, \$17 the second year, and \$18 the third year. Operators employed at night shall receive \$17 for the first, \$18 for the second and \$19 for the third year. Hand compositors will receive \$14, \$14.50 and \$15 per week for the three years of the contract.

Troy, N. Y.—The Molders' union of this city was recently successful in securing an increase in wages of 15 cents per day for brass molders, 20 cents per day for brass coremakers, and 35 cents per day for coremakers.

Milwaukee National Bank OF WISCONSIN 86 Michigan St., Corner East Water CAPITAL, \$450,000.00 Surplus and Profits, \$150,000.00 SAVINGS DEPARTMENT DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS J. F. Wm. Iabusch Dahlman & Iabusch Co. Ferd. Meisner of A. Meisner & Son Carl Penabors of Meisner Toy Co. Geo. W. Strohmeier, President L. M. Alexander, Vice-President Wm. F. Filzer, Cashier Jno. F. Strohmeier, Asst. Cashier

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UNFAIR—WAS IT? The United States Supreme Court has now struck the Sherman Anti-Trust Law as including LABOR UNIONS. Comply with the terms of the decision, the "Fair List" here before appearing here has been removed. IT'S UP TO YOU! Wage Earners Wake Up! Join the Union of your craft and the party of your class always demand the UNION LABEL and Shop-Labor—last year's gains lost your earnings from wage slavery

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TO ORGANIZED LABOR AND ITS FRIENDS A number of friendly attempts have been made to organize the employees of the Weber Brewing company of Waukesha, Wis., and induce this firm to pay higher wages and grant better conditions, but without avail. Representatives of labor organizations, who tried to confer with the Weber Brewing company, have been insulted and abused and the firm insists on long working hours and low wages. The Weber Brewing company of Waukesha, Wis., sells bottled and keg beer in this city, claiming to be union beer, thereby deceiving the buyers. We again call attention to the fact that the Weber Brewing company of Waukesha, Wis., is no union brewery, is paying starvation wages to their employees and insults and abuses organized labor. The United Brewery Workers of Milwaukee and Waukesha, Wis.

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Small Potato Cords and Other Little Tubers

Because he was friendly towards the incoming deputy clerks, and has accepted an appointment under Dr. Young, Deputy Clerk of Courts Jastroch was discharged by Clerk of Courts Cords Wednesday.

Whereas the other departments of the county government are bowing to the inevitable and are treating the incoming officials courteously and allowing them to become acquainted with their new duties, officials in the office of clerk of courts, under the leadership of Cords, are doing what they can to make life miserable for the incoming officials. These are not allowed in the office proper at all and it was openly stated that it was of no use trying to get any information from the old officials.

Dr. Young, the newly elected clerk of courts, had intended to retain Chief Deputy Sherer.

For some ten days Mr. Sherer seemed perfectly satisfied with the

arrangement until suddenly he came out with a letter, which was immediately given to the press, demanding of Dr. Young that unless more of the old clerks were retained he could not accept the position.

Coming in such a peremptory manner, Dr. Young simply said nothing and appointed A. A. Wieber chief deputy, giving Scherer the "right about."

It has since cropped out that all the old clerks had made the agreement to stand by each other and force Dr. Young to retain them all. Dr. Young simply turned round and put in an entire new force.

So when the new appointees came around to get information relative to their positions, they received a cold shoulder. Mr. Jastroch, clerk in Judge Eschweiler's court, however, was an exception. He confessed that he had also been urged by the old clerks to turn down the new appointees, but stated "it is not in my

bones to be so small," and proceeded to give out information when asked.

Naturally this excited resentment among the small potatoes in the agreement, and after an altercation Wednesday with Mr. Jastroch, Chief Small Potato Fred Cords discharged Mr. Jastroch. **THREE DAYS BEFORE HIS TERM EXPIRED.**

Of all the retiring county officials, Clerk of Courts Cords is the only one to show a mean and petty spirit toward the incoming official. Clerk-elect Young expected to get possession of the office on Monday, Jan. 2, but Cords told him he would not give up on that day, but would hold on until the 3d. As all the other offices will be turned over promptly, it puts Cords in a pretty contemptible light. By the way, Cords is the chap who publicly blubbered when the election returns came in and showed his defeat. Whether the new clerk will demand his office on Monday has not yet been determined.

South Side Aurora. The West Side Singing Society is known as the West Side Socialist Maennerchor. In addition to these we have also a Croatian singing society, likewise a German society known as the West Side Women's Singing Society Aurora. For meetings of these societies see German Vorwarts, which runs the meetings and singing nights of these organizations. We hope that each and every one who is interested in this line of work will see to it that they get into one of these organizations to help the good work along.

The Hungarian branch, S.-D. P., has arranged for a prize mask ball, to be held at the Freie Gemeinde hall, 264 Fourth street, Saturday evening, Feb. 11, 1911. Tickets, 15 cents, at the door, 25 cents. Everybody cordially invited to attend.

Comrade Oscar Ameringer of Oklahoma City, Okla., has been secured for a number of lecture dates for the month of January in Milwaukee county. Up to this time the following dates have been arranged for:

Sixteenth Ward Branch—Jan. 6, at the Sixteenth District school No. 1, Eighteenth and Cedar streets, at 8 p. m.

Second Ward Branch—Sunday evening, Jan. 8, at 8 p. m., at Auditorium.

Eighth Ward Branch—Wednesday evening, Jan. 11, at 8 p. m., at South Side Turner hall.

South Milwaukee Branch—Thursday evening, Jan. 12, at 8 p. m., at South Milwaukee.

Twentieth Ward Branch—Friday evening, Jan. 13, at 8 p. m., at Gutzlaff's hall.

Fifth Ward Branch—Sunday evening, Jan. 15, at Meier's hall.

First Ward Branch—Tuesday evening, Jan. 17, at Ethical hall, 8 p. m.

Cudahy Branch—Wednesday, Jan. 18, at city hall, Cudahy, Wis., at 8 p. m.

Twenty-second Ward Branch—Thursday, Jan. 19, at Waedekin's hall, 2714 North avenue, at 8 p. m.

North Milwaukee Branch—Friday

Milwaukee Co. Organization

Address all communications to E. T. Mohr, County Organizer, 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

The Town of Wauwatosa branch No. 1, S.-D. P., has arranged for a grand schafskopf tournament, to be held at John Koepke's hall, Thirty-ninth street and Grand avenue, Saturday evening, Dec. 31. Nothing but cash prizes will be awarded to the winners. Everybody is cordially invited to attend.

Comrade Charles Mueller, one of our active workers in the town of Oak Creek, got into possession of a beautiful grove, located on the New road, which will be known as Charles Mueller's park next summer. He most cordially invites all branches which anticipate holding basket picnics to give him an opportunity to offer them his grove free of charge. The grove can be reached by about four or five blocks' walk from either the Chicago-Milwaukee electric railway, or by taking Eighth avenue car to the terminus on the south side. In order to communicate with Comrade Mueller, address him as follows: Charles Mueller, New road, box 160.

The Socialist Maennerchor has arranged for an afternoon entertainment and ball, to be held April 30, 1911, at the Bahn Frei Turner hall, North avenue, near Twelfth street.

The Eleventh Ward section, S.-D. P., has arranged for a grand ball, to be held at Daniewski's hall, Twelfth avenue and Grant street, Saturday evening, Jan. 28, 1911.

The Fourteenth Ward branch, S.-D. P., arranged for a festival, to be held Saturday evening, Feb. 4, 1911, at 711 Grant street.

The Coming Nation club, S.-D. P., has arranged for a mask ball, to be held Saturday evening, Jan. 14, at the South Side Kindergarten hall, Greenbush street.

The Ninth Ward branch, S.-D. P., has arranged for a prize schafskopf

tournament, to be held Sunday afternoon, Feb. 19, at Waedekin's hall, 2714 North avenue.

The Twenty-second Ward branch, S.-D. P., arranged for a prize schafskopf tournament, to be held Sunday, Feb. 5, 1911, at Waedekin's hall, 2714 North avenue.

The Twentieth Ward branch, S.-D. P., has arranged for a prize mask ball, to be held Saturday evening, March 4, 1911, at the Bahn Frei Turner hall, North avenue, near Twelfth street.

The Lithuanian Social-Democratic branch has arranged for a dramatic entertainment, to be held Sylvester evening, Dec. 31, 1910, at Pulaski's hall, American avenue and Grant street.

The Twelfth Ward branch, S.-D. P., cordially invites all of the party members, sympathizers and friends to attend their Sylvester ball, to be held Saturday, Dec. 31, at Hoff's hall, 961 Kinickinnick avenue. All those attending are assured a good time.

The Polish branch, S.-D. P., has arranged for an entertainment and ball, to be held at the South Side Armory hall, Sunday afternoon and evening, Feb. 5, 1911.

The Bay View Women's club, S.-D. P., will again hold monthly card parties every fourth Wednesday afternoon of the month, at Hoff's hall, 961 Kinickinnick avenue, at 2 p. m.

The South Side Women's Social-Democratic branch is holding its monthly card parties at Korch's hall, every first and third Tuesday afternoon of the month. Regular meetings every fourth Friday afternoon of the month.

Every comrade, party member or sympathizer who is fond of music or song in the German language, is most cordially invited to make application to one of the Socialist singing societies here in Milwaukee. The South Side Singing society is known as the

your milk for 1911

Milk Experts and Health Authorities Endorse Our System of Perfect Pasteurization

THE Gridley Dairy Company employs exclusively in Milwaukee the Willmann Retarding System of Perfect Pasteurization, by which all milk is heated, under rigid sanitary conditions, to a temperature of 145 degrees and held there for twenty-six minutes. The University of Wisconsin dairy faculty, milk experts in the government service, and other recognized national authorities, pronounce this system the one process capable of rendering milk absolutely safe and wholesome. "Perfectly Pasteurized" milk is only supplied by the Gridley Dairy Company in this city.

LET your New Years resolutions include the determination that so simple a household matter as the family milk supply no longer shall be passed on indifferently. Milk, the most common article of food in the world, is now a live issue everywhere. Baby's health, and that of the rest of the family, demands that you should be familiar with the source of your supply and the character of its product. That's why we have been at work for more than twelve years in establishing and perfecting what *Public Confidence* now pronounces the most sanitary and modernly appointed dairy in Milwaukee. *The Gridley Dairy is now the city's most important industrial enterprise.* To the 35,000 families who look to us for the day's milk supply we send cordial holiday greetings. The efforts of this company will continue in the direction of maintaining the service of its dairy upon its present plane of undisputed sanitary superiority.

Gridley Dairy Company

Milwaukee Distributors:

Fer-Mil-Lac

(Delicious Cultured Milk)

Kleckhefer's Certified Milk

Williams-Rowlands Guernsey Milk

John LeFerber

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Treasurer

HEADQUARTERS: 138-140 EIGHTH STREET Phone Grand 880

SOUTH SIDE BRANCH: 586 NATIONAL AVENUE Phone South 952

Down Go Fur Prices

Surplus Stocks of Leading Eastern Furriers at Extraordinary Reductions

Several New York Manufacturing Concerns who make a specialty of making nothing but HIGH-CLASS Furs have sold us their entire Surplus Stocks at considerable under-actual value and we'll place them on sale Saturday at wonderful money saving prices. The following is but a partial list showing the price range. You must see the FURS TO FULLY APPRECIATE THE

Extraordinary Values offered in the sale. An extra force of experienced sales people on hand to wait on those who wish to inspect the stock.

Magnificent Fur Coats

- including PONY, HUDSON AND NEAR SEAL—plain and fancy trimmed—also Fur Neckpieces and Muffs of every conceivable fur and style.
- 52 inch Russian Pony Coat, deep shawl collar and cuffs, new, at 32.50
- 52 inch very fine Russian Pony Coats, special in this sale at only 59.75
- 52 inch Persian Lamb Coats, shawl collar and cuffs, in this sale 250.00
- Russian Pony Coat, natural opossum trimmed, in this sale at only 125.00
- Russian Pony Coat, collar and cuffs black fox fur, special, at only 125.00
- 52 inch Hudson Seal Coat, shawl collar to waist line, now at only 165.00
- 52 inch Caracul Coats, beautifully matched, special this sale at only 29.75
- 52 inch Persian Lamb Coats, shawl collar and cuffs, this sale only 250.00

Neckpieces and Muffs

- Natural Opossum large Shawl Collar reduced this sale to only 7.50
- Natural Opossum large Pillow Muff to match, special at only 7.50
- Russian Wolf large Shawl Collar, head at back, priced at only 6.50
- Russian Wolf large-fancy Muff to match, now at low price of 6.50
- 90 inch Throw, made of Asura Lynx, priced this sale at only 10.00
- Large saddle shape Muff to match—Asura Lynx—now priced 8.95
- Fancy Muff of Japanese Mink Fur, specially priced this sale 19.75
- Large fancy Collar of Japanese Mink Fur, trimmed, now at 19.75
- Extra large Pillow Muff of Isabella Opossum, specially priced 9.95
- Large Shawl Collar of Isabella Opossum, trimmed, now at only 5.95
- Large Pillow Muff, Isabella Opossum, two stripes, at only 3.95
- Very fine Shetland Seal extra large Pillow Muffs, this sale at 9.95
- Fine River Mink Fancy Scarf in this sale Saturday at only 7.95
- Extra large River Mink Muffs, pillow shape, special this sale 10.95
- Extra large Barrel Muff of Russian Mink, special this sale 16.50
- Shawl Collar Russian Mink, head and tail trimmed, this sale 10.95
- Eastern Mink Shawl Collar, high grade, special this sale only 49.75
- Extra large Shawl Collar of fine Eastern Mink, special now 97.50
- Large Pillow Muff of fine Eastern Mink Fur, priced at only 55.00
- Fancy Collar of Eastern Mink, head and tail trimmed, now 12.50
- Fancy Collar of Eastern Mink, head and tail trimmed, this sale 62.50
- Extra large fine Eastern Mink Pillow Muffs, now priced at 69.00
- Extra large dark Eastern Mink Pillow Muffs, this sale only 89.00

Gimbels — Gimbels — Gimbels



evening, Jan. 20—at Village hall, North Milwaukee, at 8 p. m.

Twenty-first Ward Branch—Sunday afternoon, Jan. 22, at Pabst Park hall, at 2:30 p. m.

Ninth and Fifteenth Ward Branches—Tuesday, Jan. 24, at Kasten's hall, Nineteenth and Villet streets, at 8 p. m.

Nineteenth Ward Branch—Wednesday, Jan. 25, at Eckelmann's hall, 3109 Lisbon avenue, at 8 p. m.

Seventh Ward Branch—Thursday evening, Jan. 26, at Odd Fellows' hall, corner Potter and Kinickinnick avenues, at 8 p. m.

Thirteenth Ward Branch—Friday, Jan. 27, at Schmidt's hall, Third and Wright streets, at 8 p. m.

Twenty-second Ward Branch—Tuesday, Jan. 31, at Waedekin's hall, 2714 North avenue, at 8 p. m.

AT THE THEATERS

DAVIDSON—"Homeward Bound"

One of the most notable dramatic offerings of the present season will be Mr. Charles Dillingham's production of "Homeward Bound," a new play at the Davidson theater for one week, starting Sunday night, January 1, with Arnold Daly and an usual cast. The new drama is by Eugene Walter, the famous author of "The Eastway" and "Paid in Full," and was written in collaboration with Walter Hackett.

BIJOU—"Paid in Full"

Few plays have made such big hits that two or three companies have been sent out in them, and in one instance four organizations were started. All last season five companies appeared in "Paid in Full" all over the United States. It shows conclusively that "Paid in Full" occupies a place in public admiration no other play has held. Therefore its coming to the Bijou tomorrow afternoon, with an extra matinee Monday, will awaken deepest interest when it will be presented for the first time outside of the 32 houses.

CRYSTAL—Vaudeville

Maxini and Bobby, a new importation, has been engaged as the feature. They have worked out a wonderful routine of acrobatics as well as one that is different. Ruth Francis and Players will present a musical comedy entitled "The Fourflushers." Another big scenic production will be the offering of Mr. and Mrs. William P. Burt and Daughter. Theirs is a breezy western comedy dramalet, "In Cattle Land." Kingston and Thomas, entertainers de luxe; Allen and Lee, the funny Hebrew comedians, and Robert Rome, the music-craze, complete the bill of six big acts.

ALHAMBRA—"The Bohemian Girl"

Philip and Sargent Aborn's production of Michael Balfe's popular opera, "The Bohemian Girl," will be at the Alhambra theater for the week beginning Sunday night, with a special New Year matinee on Monday and the regular Wednesday and Saturday matinees. Upwards of 150 people are employed in this great production, the largest and most complete presentation of this opera ever attempted; also a troop of twenty horses, a band of gipsies.

MAJESTIC—Vaudeville

Miss Fannie Ward, the distinguished English actress, will be the headliner of the vaudeville bill at the Majestic theater for New Year's week, beginning Monday afternoon, appearing by special permission of Klaw and Erlanger, in Roi Cooper's Meggie's sketch, "An Unlucky Star." An added feature will be Rameses, the Egyptian wonder worker, who is in America for the first time, and who is said to have seen the

unique vaudeville acts yet seen. There will be six other acts and moving pictures, as usual.

GAYETY—Burlesque

A merry week of the new year is promised at the popular Gayety, beginning Sunday afternoon, when the New Jersey Lillies Extravaganza company will play their usual engagement in this city. This year the company has been augmented and strengthened. On the bill are two special numbers of two new burlesques. The first is "A Complicated Affair," and the other "Winning a Miss."

EMPERESS—Vaudeville

A huge crystal tank, with two of the world's greatest swimmers, James and Elsie Finney, head next week's bill at the Empress theater, starting with the matinee Sunday. Their offering is one of the most exquisite exhibitions of aquatic sports of the universe. The balance of the program is made up of "acts you never saw."

NEW STAR—Burlesque

Beginning Sunday matinee and continuing for the week, The Aeroplane of Burlesque, "The New Century Girls" company will appear at the New Star. The show is a new one from beginning to end, not a vestige of anything produced heretofore remains. Mr. Sam Rice, the well-known comedian and author, has written for the above organization two new burlesques and claims they are his best efforts, especially the one entitled "In Ireland."

Furniture Clearance Sale

Our Annual January Clearance Sale will commence Tuesday morning.

The Fischer Clearance Sale has become an annual affair looked for by all conservative buyers of good furniture.

Every year in January we ticket every broken lot, all odd patterns, all pieces discontinued by the manufacturer—and all furniture manufactured by firms who have discontinued business and priced them at a—

Discount of 20% to 40%

Every such piece in set has the original price ticket and in addition a yellow selling ticket with discount marked; a great number of our customers have priced various pieces during the holiday season and know just what they cost. Here then is an opportunity to buy them at 20% to 40% Discount.

Sale Commences Tuesday Morning

Those who come early may find the identical piece they wanted during the holidays at a price almost cut in two.

During the sale there will be a discount of 10% for cash on all purchases made from our regular stock not marked at a discount price.

Do not delay—the biggest bargains will go first.

COME EARLY

C. W. Fischer Furniture Co.

217-223 Second St., Cor. West Water St.

DAVIDSON
SHEKMAN BROWN, Manager

Charles Dillingham
presents
EUGENE WALTER'S new play

"Homeward Bound"

or the cost of Easy Money
with
Arnold Daly

and a superb cast of
Stage Favorites

PRICES:
NIGHTS 25c to \$1.50
ALL MATS.—Special Holiday
Prices—25c to \$1.00

Milwaukee's Funds Squandered

Past Administrations Have Juggled Funds and Left City "Broke." Would Have Been Tarred and Feathered in a Smaller City!

It is well known that during many years past the city moneys have been squandered and misused. But the extent of it, as revealed in the sessions of the present board of estimates, is amazing.

A most rotten and vicious system of juggling funds has been carried on. If it had been done in a small town, where everybody knows all about the town's business, some of the officials might have been hanged or shot. At least, they would have been tarred and feathered and ridden out of town on a fence rail.

Twenty years ago the city of Milwaukee bought park lands on land contracts. Besides the regular interest, it was expected that payments would be made on the principal each year. THIS WAS NOT DONE.

Interest was paid each year. But the principal was NOT PAID. It went elsewhere.

Worse yet, nothing was said about it. So far as the general public was concerned, it was kept SECRET, as though it were a DARK CRIME.

Therefore, the present Social-Democratic administration must now find the sum of \$354,982.77 to meet this indebtedness. Or else, the people of the city MUST LOSE all of Humboldt park, part of Washington park and other park lands.

This loss, of course, would fall chiefly on the working class. The workers, not having these park facilities, would be losers in health and recreation.

The detailed facts about this vicious deal are later going to be published.

in full. They are on record at present in the city comptroller's office.

Let the people of Milwaukee understand that they have been up against dark-lantern financial methods. There has been no such thing as PUBLICITY OF ACCOUNTS. The public has had withheld from it important information which should have been forthcoming. And for these vicious methods of the past we must pay NOW or lose our park lands.

Of course, this is only ONE of the dark-lantern deals of the past which assists toward the making of HIGH TAXES. We predict that when this entire matter of high taxes, fund juggling and reckless spending is known to the public, there will be a wave of anger such as the citizens of Milwaukee have seldom shown over civic outrages.

In one matter the city is to be congratulated. We have now a system of municipal accounting which surpasses that of any other city in the country with respect to accuracy and publicity.

The dastardly concealments that have been practiced in the past can not possibly be repeated under the Social-Democratic administration. It is true, there are high finance tricks by which the present middle class easily have been covered up. But the Social-Democratic method is one of publicity and daylight. During coming weeks, there is going to be more light let in on dark places. And once our methods of decency and efficiency are installed, the city will never go back to the old ways.



GREAT TROUSER SALE

The entire Fall and Winter stock of one of America's Foremost Trousers Manufacturers at less than actual Manufacturer's Cost.

OVER 2000 PAIRS TO SELECT FROM
Workingmen's Trousers and Dress Trousers
ALL UNION MADE

- \$2.00 Men's Working Trousers in Worsted and Cassimers, all shades and sizes, extra well made, this Sale..... \$1.15
- \$2.50 Men's Working Trousers in Worsted, and Cassimers, the best \$2.50 pants made, this Sale..... \$1.45
- \$3.50 Men's and Young Men's semi-peg Trousers, suitable for dress or business wear, in all shades, this Sale..... \$1.98
- \$5.00 Men's and Young Men's semi-peg Trousers, just the thing for dress wear, in Worsted and Cassimers, all sizes, this Sale at..... \$2.95
- \$7.50 Men's extra fine quality of imported Worsted in all shades, this Sale..... \$4.50



5 BONDS ALL DAY TUESDAY with every purchase in every Department.

ESSENHAIN'S GREATER MILWAUKEE'S GREATER STORE GRAND AVENUE.

Wh. Sale Begins Tuesday 5 BONDS with every purchase in every Department.

BIJOU

New Years Week Beginning
Matinee To-morrow 2:30
Extra Mat. Monday, Jan. 2nd
The Greatest Offering
of the Season

First Time at Popular Prices
Five Companies Presenting this Play

Paid in Full

By Eugene Walter
The Greatest Play of this Generation
Every Socialist Should See it
Special New York Cast

SUNDAY, JAN. 8th
ALL WEEK
The only authorized version
Vaughan Gieser's Mammoth
Magnificent Production of the
Most Popular Story
ST. ELMO
CAST OF 23-TONS OF SCENERY

The Election Fraud Probe

The committee investigating the election frauds in the Eighteenth ward met Wednesday morning but there were no 300 witnesses present as heralded. A week ago the defense stated that if 300 voters of that precinct were called they would prove that the election officials did nothing wrong. City Clerk Thompson was prepared to subpoena as many as desired, but City Atty. Hoan having given out that no fees would be paid, the attorney for the defense had a convenient excuse for not making good his bluff.

So instead of 300 witnesses only Attorney Wolfe appeared and pleaded that the election laws were to be taken broadly and not to be too strictly enforced.

City Atty. Hoan, at the request of the committee stated that if any laws are to be enforced they ought to be the election laws. That the system of "Hurrah, boys, come along," of the inspectors is not the manner to conduct an election in a civilized country.

Ald. Wright (R.) called attention to the fact that oftentimes inspectors do not strictly adhere to the law, that it is done by common consent as everybody is satisfied that nothing wrong is going on. But that when objections are raised, and attention is especially called to certain provisions, as was done in this case, there is no excuse for officials continuing illegal practices in utter disregard of protests.

The next meeting of the committee is Wednesday, Jan. 4, when a decision can be looked for, as all testimony is in.

Socialist Carnival

Remember Jan. 28 is the day of the monster Social-Democratic carnival. There are people lying awake nights already in anticipation of the great event.

It will be some event, all right. It will be another "Milwaukee Day." The entire government of this section of the universe will be present, even the license committee of the common council. It is even rumored that Taft will be in attendance as there happens to be a comrade in town who is of like ample proportions.

But aside of all joking, besides big animals, a special feature will be the appearance of "some" Grass, also of Coal man and even a gay Lord.

The carnival is exerting interest even in neighboring villages. A delegation of 2,000 strong is expected from our suburb Chicago, and will help to make things lively.

So let every one get busy and sell their tickets, there's only four more weeks and there is no time to lose.

More Promoters' Tricks

Ex-Ald. Pierson has been openly accused by Supt. of Streets Mullen of being at the bottom of the agitation to repave Second street with sandstone in the interests of a paving material supply company, of which he is promoter.

Supt. Mullen intends to repave the street by re-laying the old granite blocks. This, he states, has been successfully done in New York. The pavement will be as good as a new one, and can be done at a cost of 75 to 90 cents a yard.

But it seems certain supply companies have gotten busy persuading the owners to insist on sandstone pavement. If this were done it means that the old granite blocks must be discarded and new sandstone blocks, at a cost of \$2.50 a yard, bought from the supply company. Hence their activity.

The Bierquelle, 315 Chestnut Street The well-known family resort, the Bierquelle, will have, on Saturday evening, a grand Sylvester celebration. The attraction will be Kroatisch-Socialistische Tamboraschen band—engaged for the winter season. The full band will play for the first time Saturday evening. Extra fine hot lunch will be served. All comrades are cordially invited.

Ethical Hall Free Lecture Course

558 Jefferson Street
EVERY SUNDAY NIGHT
Rev. Harvey Dee Brown's
subject for
SUNDAY, JAN. 1st.
8 P. M.
"Tolstol-Sunset and Dawn"
Good Musical Program
Bring Your Friends
ADMISSION FREE

AUDITORIUM
MAIN HALL

PEOPLE'S CONCERT
Chr. SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA 10c
Bach's ORCHESTRA 10c

Sunday Next, 3 P. M. Sharp

MAJESTIC
THEATRE

Week Com. Monday Mat. Bargain Matinee
Miss Fannie Ward in "An Unlucky Star" Daily except Sundays and Holidays 10c to 35c
Evenings 10c to 75c

ALHAMBRA
Milwaukee's Foremost Theatre

Sunday Night and all week Extra New Year Mat. Monday Reg. Mat. Wed. & Sat. Best seats \$1.50
A stupendous production of the
Bohemian Girl
A festival of mirth, music, spectacle & surprising novelties
150-People-150 20-Horses-20
Prices Evening, 25c to \$1.50

NEW STAR THEATRE
Commencing Sunday Matinee Jan. 1st

The Acrop anc of Burlesque
"New Century Girls"
presenting an entirely New and Up-to-date Organization
THE TWO BIG SCREAMS BY SAM RICE
"A Surprise Party" and "In Ireland"
A Matchless Olio of Sterilized Vanderville

The Beerquelle
315 Chestnut Street
Grand Sylvester Celebration
NEW! CONCERT. NEW!
Given by the Kroatisch-socialistic Tamboraschen Band
Sylvester Eve. all Night Sunday and Monday Afternoon and Evening Concert.
Free-Extra Fine Lunch and hot Punch too
All Are Invited
HANS TSCHERNITZ

Town Topics by the Town Crier

It sort of looks as if Fred. Cords was the champion small-fun of the holiday season.

When a contractor bumps up against Supt. Mullen he is likely to remember the bump!

Milwaukee now has a chance to see what sort of false servants it has been relying on in the past. They bankrupted the city, neglected the city's obligations, and juggled their reports to take a false show of economy.

The deputy clerks under Cords recently formed an organization to resist all efforts of the new deputies to learn anything about their duties before they went into office. One man refused to join, and Cords discharged him, relying on the service daily press to protect him from public scorn for his petty act.

The judicial campaign began immediately after Nov. 8, although most Milwaukeeans have been kept in ig-

norance of the fact. In order to have a "non-partisan" judiciary the capitalist newspaper editors were formed into an advance campaign committee, with Col. Brunder of the Germania at the head, although it is said this was to be kept quiet because of the Germania having made so many enemies among the working class. But, if you will observe the papers carefully you will observe the campaign already slyly at work.

The soulless soul of the street car monopoly was saved another murder stain last Tuesday afternoon. An Eighth street car was proceeding northward along Seventh street when a little child dashed across the street in front of the car. But the car was one of the few that the company has so far equipped with air brakes and it was brought to a sudden stop in time to save the flesh and bones of the little child. Nothing would have saved the child had it been one of the non-equipped cars.

To us the saving of that one life

was compensation for the years of scolding, threatening and agitating that have been put in to force the Beggis crowd to put on air brakes. It was only that persistent agitation that forced that black-hearted crew to move in the matter, and this slowness with which the air brakes are being installed is characteristic of the company and its people-be-damned policy.

The year-end reports show that Milwaukee is regarded as a fine city to start business in. The new business corporations started in 1910 totaled a capital of \$16,000,000. The record for 1910 shows a total thus far of \$18,000,000. Do the Socialists hurt business!

The Park Board has opened up the possibilities of a new Winter sport for Milwaukeeans, big and little—to-bogganing! It is bound to make a big hit. The slide is at Washington park and is nearly a mile long.

The supreme court is sending the brief prepared by Asst. City Atty. Cook on the "Tuberculin" test case all over the state as a model for lawyers to copy.

Reception at Madison for Our Legislators

The Madison comrades have arranged a reception for the Social-Democratic members of the legislature. It will be given on Jan. 20, and the comrades are selling tickets for the event at 25 cents each. Supper will be served at 7 p. m., and the dancing will begin at 10 p. m.

Mention the HERALD to all our advertisers.

Hear Him; Laugh and Learn Ameringer to Speak in Auditorium January 8th

Oscar Ameringer will talk Milwaukee by storm with his unique oratory during the late campaign, will be in Milwaukee for several weeks. His first meeting will be held in the Auditorium January 8th, at 8 p. m. Make no other engagements for that date.

SIXTH GRAND MAMMOTH SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC MASK CARNIVAL

Saturday, January 28

AUDITORIUM HALLS

For the Benefit of the Campaign Fund and to help pay for the big new four-deck \$25,000 Newspaper Press....

Our masquerades in the past were the finest ever seen in Milwaukee. We will endeavor to surpass all other carnivals and make this the one grandest, biggest and most stupendous show of all.

Entertainment of the Highest Class—Orderly, Polite, Clean, Moral.

\$400 in PRIZES for \$400 Best Maskers

Prize Contestants must be on Floor at 9:30

It is none too early for organizations, branches, unions and individuals to plan groups, costumes and characters—now. In fact, rumor has it that some have been considering this matter ever since our last carnival. If you have not already done so, it is well worth your while to at once begin to devote your time and thought to this. An aggregate of about four hundred dollars in cash prizes isn't offered every day. Get busy!

Admission 25c a Person At Door 50c

CRYSTAL
The kind of acts you like to see
WEEK OF JANUARY 2
MAXINI & BOBLEY
Acrobats
Ruth Francis and Players
In a Musical Comedy "The Fourflushers"
ALLEN LEE
Hebrew Comedians
Kingston & Thomas
Entertainers de lux
Mr. & Mrs. W. P. Burt
and Daughter
Comedy Dramalet "In Cattle Land"
ROBERT NOME
"The Music-o-erat"
Prices 10c-20c-30c

Empress
WEEK STARTING SUNDAY MATINEE, JAN. 1

BEGIN NOW TURN OVER A NEW LEAF

Go Where You Get the Most
10c & 20c

"Acts You Never Saw"
THE FINNEYS
Kennedy & Rooney
G. Herbert Mitchell
4 Musical Luciers
Manning & Ford
Flexible Fredricks
MOVING PICTURES

GAYETY Happy New Year!
Sunday and All Week
New Jersey Lillies
with L. O. ERROL, clever comedians, in
"A Complicated Affair"
and "Winning A Miss"
Dainty Chorus, Musical Musical Four, James Prior & Algie in "The Strips"