



President Taft's Message to Congress

Of course, it is to be understood that the Congress, which convened last Tuesday, is not the Congress which was elected on November 8. It is the Sixty-first Congress, whose term ends March 4, and it convened for the so-called "short session."

Usually a Congress does no more than take care of the appropriations in that short session. It is very doubtful whether this Congress will do more.

What recommendations the president's message contains are, therefore, of little consequence.

But it is only fair to say that the long document which President Taft sent to Congress contains quite a number of good ideas—at least, as to administration and routine business.

However, the most characteristic part of the message is what the president has to say about the Roosevelt agitation. President Taft does not want any more laws "against the malefactors of great wealth." He wants the present laws carried out. And above all, he wants to let business alone. In short, he wants to discontinue the Roosevelt policy in this respect.

Yet even this friendly attitude towards capitalism was answered with a fall of stocks in Wall Street. And for this reason:

The lords of wealth, and particularly of the trusts and railroads, fear that this "letting well enough alone" means also a continuation of the Sherman anti-trust law. This law of 1893 gives the government a chance to harass the big combinations of capital, and to continue to favor some trusts, while others are attacked, on the theory that there are "good trusts" and "bad trusts."

But to Wall Street every trust that the speculators can make money on, by selling its stocks and bonds—is a good trust.

Nevertheless, whatever the president might have had in mind, even the best friend of Wall Street could not have gone any further—especially in view of the results of the last election.

And on account of the election, he also made quite a concession to the Insurgents.

Robert M. La Follette and some of the others have always insisted that the railroads of the country should be appraised according to their actual value, and that the passenger and freight rates should be fixed on that basis.

This would naturally mean the squeezing out of a great deal of water, and it would mean also lower freight and passenger rates.

The president asks that the Interstate Commerce Commission should be empowered and get the necessary means to carry out that idea.

If the recommendation of the president is concurred in by Congress there will be a great deal of "lamentation in Rama."

And since there is no doubt that the next Democratic Congress will bring about some legislation of that kind, the Republicans will do well to forestall it during the short session and get the credit for it for their party.

One of the most important paragraphs of the message is the one dealing with the conservation policy.

The conservation idea is the only real accomplishment of the Roosevelt era. Roosevelt thereby wanted to save as much as is left of the natural resources of the country from the hands of greedy capitalists.

However, he went to work in a haphazard way and without any definite plan.

Nevertheless, considerable mineral and coal lands, some timber lands and many water powers have been reserved by the government—especially in Alaska, and also in western and southwestern states. The value of these resources is supposed to be several billion dollars.

Definite laws were made only for the arid lands, which are sold to actual settlers and the money used for irrigation. In this respect a great deal of good has been done. About \$70,000,000 were gotten from the sale of lands, and Congress also advanced twenty millions.

If this policy is continued, the time will come when there will be no "arid lands" in America.

There is also some very sensible legislation as to forest reservation. And the proposition to protect whatever timber was rescued from the timber thieves against forest fires is certainly laudable.

But we cannot at all agree with the recommendation of the president not to make use of the water powers, and the coal and mineral lands for the nation collectively, but to sanction them off to capitalist bidders on long leases for the purpose of exploitation.

If that is done, not only shall we have to combat all the old evils of private ownership and private exploitation (with the additional disadvantage that these capitalists would feel that they do not own these properties and will abuse them so much the more), but there is no doubt that the "interests" parties will very soon form rings and pools and cliques for the purpose of holding down the rentals at the auction and—the game will not pay for the candle.

The working class of the country should protest against this procedure. It would leave all the disadvantages of private exploitation and even aggravate them.

As for the rest of the message, we wish only to mention that the president wants the eight-hour law carried out in work on buildings, on the construction of warships, and the making of cannon, but not for all other contracts. If we consider that an eight-hour law was passed by Congress as early as 1848, this recommendation is meagre indeed.

The president also repeats his former proposition as to injunctions. He wants that the defendant shall be given notice before an injunction is issued. He evidently wants this kind of a bill in order to prevent a more radical measure.

A snare way would be to have all contempt of court cases decided by jury. If this should be done, injunctions would be harmless.

However, since the question will not be solved by the Sixty-first Congress, it is unnecessary to discuss it at this time.

Comment on Passing Events
By Frederic Heath

Not a week passes but from one to three new Socialist papers come to this office from various localities in the country.

When all's said and done, it can still be contended that a Socialist president would write a message that would at least be read by the people.

tened to his advice for years but the Socialistic waters begin to look pretty good, nevertheless, and the workman is fast getting "in the swim."

In the recent municipal elections in Great Britain the Socialists were successful in 110 contests. Their net gain was 29. The net gain last year was 23, so that the net loss of 33 in 1908, from which the enemy drew such comfort, has been more than wiped out.

The Socialists of this country will await the outcome of the parliamentary elections in Great Britain with no little interest. Capitalism ever there has desperately, through the Osborne decision, tried to cripple the Labor-Socialist movement by restraining the unions from contributing to the support of its elected men in parliament from union funds.

Lawrence Veiller, secretary of the National Housing Association, in an article on "Housing Awakening," in the Survey, says among other things: "Milwaukee, a younger city of the Middle West (it was founded earlier than Chicago, as a matter of fact), stimulated by its new Socialist leaders, is going not only to stamp out its slums, but purposes to build for its workmen new homes on the city's outskirts."

To sum it up, the Socialists of this country now have a member of congress, members in the legislatures of four states, Wisconsin (14), Massachusetts, Pennsylvania and Minnesota, the city and county of Milwaukee and two judges, mayors in several smaller cities, and many minor local officials in various parts of the country. This represents steady growth, but a growth that is developing a momentum that will be constantly accelerated from now on.

Probably few newspaper readers realize that all the news that comes of the uprising in Mexico has been censored by the Diaz government. Under these circumstances you can believe that peace has been re-established or not, as you see fit. Generally such struggles are long drawn out and have varied ups and downs before they reach a final settlement. The Mexicans have been for years the spoil of the capitalists of this and other countries and the game has been well hidden behind the great praises of Diaz dinned into our ears until we believed it by the capitalist newspapers. And when in the past year or so a daring American popular magazine began to print the truth about the despotism in Mexico, it was significant that it was the Bankers' Magazine that first flew to the defense of the name of the monster Diaz. The struggle in Mexico may be long drawn out, but it will bring about changes sooner or later.

The Labor party in England, made up of Socialists and union men, had some forty members of the parliament that has just been dissolved. In the balloting that is now in progress they are expected to give a good account of themselves. While helping to form the labor group in parliament, the two Socialist parties in England maintain their own identity in the campaigns. In the present contest the Independent Labor party (Socialist) has announced among others the following candidatures: J. R. Clynes (N. E. Manchester), J. Keir Hardie (Merthyr Tydfil), F. W. Jowett (Bradford), J. Ramsay MacDonald (Leicester), James Parker (Halifax), Philip Snowden (Blackburn), William C. Anderson (West Wolverhampton), Ald. J. Badley (South Leeds), J. O'Connor Kessack (Cambridge), George Lansbury (Bow and Bromley), Frank Smith, L.C.C. (Chatham).

The Social-Democratic Federation is contesting six seats as follows: North Aberdeen, T. Kennedy; Burnley, H. M. Hyndman; East Bradford, E. R. Hartley; South and West Salford, and Northampton.

Socialist Aldermen Propose Legislative Bills

Milwaukee: Monday's session of the city council was noteworthy of the amount and scope of the Socialist measures the city will request the legislature to pass. The following are some of the measures asked by the Socialists, which will be presented to the next legislature:

- Legislature to be asked:
 - To grant complete home rule for Milwaukee.
 - To grant the initiative, referendum and right of recall in municipal government.
 - To legalize the \$50,000 bond issue for the electric light bonds for the municipal lighting plant as authorized by the voters.
 - To pass a law providing for imprisonment for second violation of speed laws.
 - To exempt city, state and school bonds from taxation.
 - To strike out the word "exclusive" from the Milwaukee Gas Light company's charter.
 - To grant the city to have the right to establish:
 - Public markets and municipal cold storage houses.
 - Municipal hospitals, a municipal bank, a municipal loan bureau, municipal lodging houses, municipal almshouses, municipal ice plant to deliver ice at cost, public lavatories, a municipal printing plant.
 - All such new enterprises as a referendum vote may decide.
 - To give city permission to build, sell or lease houses.
 - To bid on its own work.

Dr. Eliot's Tribute

Dr. Eliot, president emeritus of Harvard, while in Milwaukee this week, paid this tribute to the Social-Democrats:

"As I sat with the mayor and his advisers, this morning, I said to myself, 'these men seem to have a noble conception of the public service and methods of work through which the common welfare may be advanced.'"

"I don't know about the accuracy of some of their theoretical views—I think they are called by a very inaccurate name. But they seem to have a true conception of honest municipal government, not for their own benefit, but for the benefit of all class, but for the common good. I don't know how wise their plans may be for the benefit of the city—I don't know enough about them. But they do seem to look squarely at the condition of efficiency in the public service and hope to realize that condition."

Lady Cook made a statement in a recent lecture in London that of 1,800 laboring men who went to get employment on a new Dreadnaught only two were found physically fit for the work! And that in a school of 766 children in South London, not a single one was found to be physically sound when an examination was made!

It simply means that their stamina had been stolen from them; or denied them by capitalism which sots satiety to the few and gaunt depletion to the many.

And it costs England nearly a hundred million a year to take care of its paupers and degenerates—a fearful tax upon those who do the productive work! And as in England, so every where else, under capitalism, sooner or later.

This paper has treated with silence the miserable staff that is being put out by the so-called Thomas J. Morgan, who seems to have no regard whatever for the truth. When he gets off the following, however, we can not refrain from speaking the sense of outrage we feel:

"Gaylord Wilshire (by means of his 'Socialist magazine,' Berger, Ustermann, Wanhope, Goebel and other members of the national executive committee and professional Socialists got \$500,000 from Socialist suckers for Bishop Cook's stock."

Morgan's dragging in of Comrade Berger's name in the above paragraph is simply venomous. This paper was the first, and practically the only one to warn Socialists against Wilshire's mine speculations and other schemes that hunted for suckers by playing upon the word "comrade," just as this paper has always tried to exclude from its columns advertisements of a suspicious kind that sought to prey within the ranks of the Socialist movement. Comrade Berger has had a leading part in fixing this policy, and it has been adhered to with his approval even though every single item may not have been called to his attention when written. So Morgan's attack is simply pure slander. We have warned comrades against Wilshire. No less I warn them against becoming the dupes of Morgan.

Socialists have often pointed out "the ignorance in high places" with regard to their movement and its principles. A fresh example is supplied by Dr. Eliot of Harvard, who was a guest of Milwaukee this week. He said:

"There is a profound distinction between collectivism and Socialism. I learn in Milwaukee that many of the opinions and practices that pass for Socialism

are nothing but collectivism. Socialism, I mean genuine Socialism, is characterized by totally different doctrines. Genuine Socialism does not believe in private property. Following out that idea it does not believe in transmission of private property to children. All the collective forces I have been speaking about have absolutely nothing to do with these characteristic ideas of genuine Socialism."

He said he had read Socialist literature and concluded that the Milwaukee kind is not Socialism but a fine example of collectivism.

The doctor is in error. Milwaukee Socialism is international Socialism—which is not at all bad when you come to know it. The Milwaukee platforms are based on the international platforms and Socialists all over the world are proud of the progress and of the party in Milwaukee. International Social-Democracy is all of one cloth.

The doctor is in error on the private property question. Socialists believe in private property for those who produce it, but they are against it where it represents the evil fruits of the exploitation of labor—the robbery of the producers. And collectivism is Socialism, roughly speaking. Socialists demand the collective ownership of the things that are collectively necessary to society. The "genuine Socialism" the doctor speaks of is Communism, not Socialism, and Communism means all things in common.

Blind is the man who will not see. Blind is the preacher or rabbi who in the midst of successful efforts at raising the people through the mass, still sees no hope save through working at the individual.

While people are being spoiled by thousands through social conditions, how slim the chance to reform enough individuals single handed to make the slightest impression on the on-flowing current!

Rabbi Hirschberg of Milwaukee, who preaches to a rich congregation, says Socialism makes the blunder of trying to regenerate society without first having made sure of the regeneration of the individual himself.

"We can never have an improved society without having first improved the individual. Society is after all the sum of all its individuals. And it can never, therefore, be better than these individuals in their composite character, make it," he says.

Does the rabbi overlook the powerful, never-ceasing efforts at regenerating the individual that have been going on for nineteen hundred years? With all this work all these years, it would seem as if the individuals must have been regenerated individually sufficiently to now take them up as a mass. But failure has been writ big on that method and we have more prisons than ever, more "criminals" and more crooked finance and railway kings and crooked business schemes.

Society is the sum of its individuals, but give those individuals a chance and see how their composite character would redeem itself!

The rabbi might as well think of reforming the big hat nuisance by laboring with the wearers individually instead of getting after the sad rascals who for business ends keep making the styles.

After all, it is, in a sense, a question of fashions. The Socialists are setting the fashion for the masses, setting the measure of their demand for the wholesome things of life, making them rebels against economic oppression and degradation.

How full of despair must be the man who cannot see in the people the natural ability to measure up to higher economic conditions if only the opportunity is opened to them! That old slum about first changing human nature is rejected by the Social-Democrat with pity and contempt. It's a slander. There's nothing to it.

If the City Is a Business Undertaking

WHEN Prussia was trampled into the dust after the battle of Jena, in 1806, by Napoleon the First, its leading statesmen, Hardenberg and Stein, knew no better way of rejuvenating the kingdom than to grant the Prussian cities complete home rule. This was done in 1808. The result was not only the rejuvenation of the German cities, but also the awakening of the German spirit.

It is humiliating for an American citizen to compare this HOME RULE in a semi-absolute monarchy like Prussia with the abject dependence of cities in this "free republic," under what is supposed to be a democratic form of government.

This rule of American cities by farmers originates from the fact that the United States, and especially the western states, were originally almost entirely farming regions. In the days when the constitutions of the western states were framed and city charters granted, the farmers looked with suspicion and jealous eyes upon the cities from which they were wont to get very little besides wild-cat currency, lightning-rod agents and fraudulent railroad promoters. The idea of the farmer then was to keep the cities as much under his control as possible.

The cities since then have become great centers of manufacturing, commerce, wealth and learning, but they are still wearing the old yoke.

And as everything that is old and useless becomes rotten, such has been the result with this form of city government—with having the legislature serve as a board of aldermen.

Capitalists, railway magnates and franchise grabbers have made use of this condition to get privileges and advantages in the cities from the legislature. They got used to buying up the country legislators who have no interest in the large cities, to get exclusive and unlimited franchises. Some of these country legislators were the more willing to make "easy money" by enacting legislation in favor of special interests, because the hardships thus caused did not reach the constituencies of these statesmen.

And lobbyists, corporations and "big business" of course still have the same reason to keep up this condition. They, therefore, strenuously oppose "home rule."

This is so much the more ridiculous because "big business" and its spokesmen in the press are accustomed to hypocritically describe the city as a "business corporation," in which every citizen is a shareholder.

But these very corporation men would fight like tigers if they were compelled to ask the legislature for permission every time they wanted to build a smoke-stack, or every time they wanted to create a new department in their business.

If the city is to be described as a corporation—and LEGALLY a city is a corporation—then the stockholders of this corporation, the voters, ought to have the right to decide by a majority vote what this corporation is to do. They ought to have a right to decide in what business it should be permitted to embark for the benefit of the stockholders of the corporation. Nevertheless, "big business" wants none of that.

The pretext is that in such a case—taxation might go up. Now, from a business point of view this is absolutely no argument.

It is not the question how much taxes are paid, but HOW MUCH BENEFIT the "stockholder" (in this case the taxpayer) derives from them.

A tax of \$50 a year on a cottage may be a very high and costly tax if the money is squandered, and if there are bad streets, unhealthy sanitary conditions, and no benefits.

But a tax of \$40 on the same property may be very low if the stockholder, the taxpayer, gets excellent streets, pure milk, fine schools, beautiful parks, good street car service and model conditions in general—in short, a city which is a fit place for decent people to live in and to bring up a family.

Moreover, it is absurd to believe that the Social-Democrats, who hold the reins of government in this city, would saddle a big tax upon the citizens.

They will, of course, try to compel the rich folks to pay their just share of taxation.

But it would be suicidal to burden the taxpayers, and especially the small taxpayers (who virtually make up the Social-Democratic party) without giving them far more than value received for every dollar expended.

Furthermore, it is also absurd to fear Socialistic experiments. Every Socialistic experiment so far tried has been a success.

The public schools were a Socialistic experiment and they are a success. The public streets and the public parks are Socialistic and they are a success.

The water and the sewerage systems are Socialistic and they are a success.

And not one business man in a thousand would for one moment think of turning over the postal system—which is a Socialistic experiment—to the express companies.

Why, then, should these business men fear an extension of these social functions to all public utilities—using the words "public utilities" in their widest sense—if these ventures are undertaken with due care and circumspection?

"But," say "Big Business" and its mouthpieces in the capitalist press, "the wage-workers and the small business men have not the necessary business ability to manage these big things."

Is this true? The contrary is true. All great business enterprises, including the trusts, were built up and are managed by wage-earners of various descriptions.

Only the speculative end of it—the skinning done by high finance—is taken care of and performed by the big financiers. These skinners make millions of revenue, they watch out that both the workingmen in the enterprises and the consumers are properly fleeced.

Otherwise they have nothing to do with the actual work. The actual management of these enterprises is in charge of wage-earners—from the general superintendent down to the man in overalls—from the head book-keeper and the superintendent of the sales department down to the last clerk.

Now, pray, why should not the city be capable of conducting similar work with the same kind of men and do it successfully—minus the fleecing, for which, I admit, we have no talent?

I say all this because there is a great inclination on the part of the "big business" of Milwaukee to go to the state legislature, as usual, and try to BLOCK home rule. That the platforms of all the three parties—including the Republican platform—are pledged to it, would make no difference. Business is business, you know.

However, should "big business" succeed again in the next legislature, then "big business" will witness wonders and miracles at the next state election in Wisconsin.

Victor L. Berger

Maison de Peuple of Brussels

By P. Vlag

(Written for The Herald)
The masses under the red banner of the Socialist party.
Since the election of 1894 the members of the Maison du Peuple realize the necessity of organizing the federation with a permanent secretary.

The Immigration Question

By Ernest Untermann

(Written for The Herald)
The immigration question has recently been discussed in Socialist magazines of Europe, especially the debates on the exclusion of Asiatics at the recent national convention of the American Socialist Party in Chicago.

Do you know that the Signal Stands for different SHIRTS Before you buy your FLANNEL shirt ask your dealer to show you the SIGNAL Brand

Democracy Must Be Complete

There lurks in the mind of most men the old superstition that poverty is inherent in the nature of things. This paralyzes their efforts to remove the causes of poverty, and they remain followers of whatever party promises temporary relief.

Insist Upon Having This Stamp On Your Work PATRONIZE UNION REPAIR SHOPS Be a unionist in all purchases. Do not confine your purchases to union label shoes alone.

WHEN PURCHASING CIGARS SEE THAT THIS LABEL IS ON THE BOX IT IS A GUARANTEE THAT THE CIGARS ARE NOT MADE BY THE TRUST

Demand This Label On All Packages of Beer, Ale or Porter OF AMERICA

Schlitz THE BEER THAT MADE MILWAUKEE FAMOUS

FRANK EDER & CO. Manufacturers and Designers of FURS

MINERAL WATERS Soda Water Weiss Beer

GLOBE HOTEL Wisconsin and Cass Sts.

JUNG SEI GHT

Emil E. Potratz Gents' Furnishings Clothing and Tailoring

EMIL BACHMANN JEWELER AND OPTICIAN

Emil E. Schuster DENTIST

Capitalism Thirsts for Blood for the Los Angeles Disaster From San Francisco: "The prospects are that a frame-up is being prepared by the Pinkertons in regard to the 'Times' explosion that will require as great a struggle on the part of labor to prevent the hanging of some of the labor leaders in this state as that which was made to save Meyer and the W. F. of leaders."

The True Christian Spirit Let no man fear the name of "Socialism." The movement of the working class for justice by any other name would be as terrible as Father William Barry.

Capitalism Thirsts for Blood for the Los Angeles Disaster From Los Angeles: "That there is a deliberate frame-up to convict labor organizations and some of their more prominent leaders in the state is simply beyond question."

A GOOD HOT WATER BOTTLE IN EVERY HOUSE

Socialism is the New Patriotism

HUMAN life depends upon food, clothing and shelter. These are the basic necessities of life. The fact that a small number of capitalists is permitted to own all the country's resources and control the means of production is the cause of our present economic and social conditions.

THE ALLED LABEL

When Ordering Clothing Demand This Label ALWAYS DEMAND Union Labeled Bread

Letters on a World-Round Lecture Tour

By Walter Thomas Mills

Garden Cities
 HE question of where we live and how we live is so large a share of the other question, "what we are," as well as the web and woof of life itself that no one can be indifferent to these questions.

In Great Britain and in Europe as in America, the question is not a serious one as to how or where those shall live who can pay for what they want, but everywhere it is becoming a question of the most serious public concern as to how and where those shall live who necessarily want what under present conditions they cannot pay for.

Among the European and British studies and adventures in the effort to secure a rational answer to these questions, the experiments in "garden cities" now hold the public attention side by side with the "town planning" and municipal dwellings which are doing so much to make the workers' world more a world of safety and of comfort.

Of the municipal dwellings I shall write at another time.

Liverpool has more than 11,000 people living in publicly-owned municipal dwellings. Glasgow has more than \$10,000,000 invested in such dwelling places. Other cities are rapidly following these examples, and in no case has more than the merest beginning yet been made in that direction. But today I want to speak of garden cities only.

Garden city means a town built for the purpose of covering the modern sanitary requirements of light, air, open space and the garden as a part of every house. Elaborate plans have been devised and just to the north of London, the whole problem of the factory town, the home town, the self-

owned town, that is, the town as the only landlord and that the landlord of all, is now in process of construction.

But there are several garden cities already of considerable size, great beauty and with records of public advantage, sanitary perfection, and of social progress worthy of our attention.

It was my privilege recently to visit New Earswick, near York, and Port Sunlight, near Liverpool, and to spend time enough in their streets, parks, homes and shops to get a fairly accurate impression of these model towns.

As to the business basis, I was already familiar with it. It is simply George Pullman's idea over again. They are towns built and owned by great manufacturers for the housing of employees. The disaster of Pullman when the ideal of the founder fell under the control of the money maker, is no more than the usual misfortune which always overtakes a tenant when a kindly disposed landlord loses control of his own business, as was the case at Pullman, or the fortunes of life bring new masters as the heirs, interested only in incomes,

and capable. The people we talked to were not living under any delusion. They realized their relation to the owners but were glad for the light and life the place was able to afford them.

The people are healthy. Nowhere have we seen groups of school children, or of working people, or housewives who looked so well, so full blooded, so clean blooded. This was shown in the complexion, the bodily movement in the glow of health and the tones of the voice. There was so little of the discouraged, or the disgusted which so easily slips in between the words, no matter what is being said.

As an example of the improved physical being under such conditions conclusions can be drawn from a comparison of the report of Dr. Arkle of Liverpool, who at the request of the Liverpool Educational committee made a most careful examination of the school children of Liverpool and the report of Dr. J. Mackenzie on the Port Sunlight school children.

Dr. Arkle classified the schools into four classes: Higher grade schools, where the sons of leading wealthy citizens are educated.

success their fathers, interested also in some kindly purpose.

So far there is every evidence that the original purpose of Rowntree, owner of New Earswick, and the Lever Bros., owners of Port Sunlight, has not been outgrown or seriously modified.

Anyway, both places show how very little money per family can ideal dwelling places, even for the poor, be provided.

I have seen no places anywhere of greater beauty. It was with great difficulty that I left New Earswick. Mrs. Mills and our boy were with me at Port Sunlight and we have lingered nowhere, either on the continent or in Great Britain to enjoy one more glance at the beauty, which simply foresight and common sense can place within the reach of all.

We have seen a good deal of the parts said to be the best, of the streets where, as in Berlin, we were told, "this is the street where the 400 have their homes," of palaces, cathedrals, castles, the fragmentary ruins of the ancient architecture, the places where tourists wait and watch and look again. "None of these," said Mrs. Mills, "compare with the simple quiet beauty, the clean, glad life of the healthy and happy lot of the fortunate dwellers in the "garden city."

Each home has a grass plot in the front, a small garden in the rear, and then the blocks are so laid out as to leave quite large tracts available for special allotments for those who wish for larger gardens.

There are grass and trees and parkways and pretty nooks and corners everywhere. The architecture could not be better done were palaces instead of cottages in process of construction.

The rents are the cheapest in Great Britain. The houses are well built, comfortable, with all modern conveniences and the rents run from 5 shillings (\$1.25) to 9 sh. 3d. (\$2.25) per week. In both these places the claim is made the same as Pullman made the claim in Chicago, that the rents only pay the cost of maintenance and 5 per cent on the investment. In Port Sunlight there is no claim for profits at all, the company each year charging certain sums to profit and loss. But the people get the homes and they are the best which people of like income are living in anywhere.

The people seem very interested

Fred Stecher
 carries a fine selection of **Jewelry**
 For Holiday Gifts
 Watch Repairing a Specialty
 Now located at my new store
2815 Clybourn Street

Caspar Hach
 BAKER AND CONFECTIONER
 927 Kinnickinnic Av.
 PROMPT ATTENTION TO ALL ORDERS

Moll's Shoes
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 Closed Sundays

Good Shoes
Fred Meier
 488 ELEVENTH AVE.
 FINE REPAIRING

G. D. WAUGH
 829 GRAND AVE.
 When You CAN'T SEE THE MAN WAUGH

A NEW INDUSTRY
 Read Up on Industrial Alcohol from Farm Waste and Wood Waste by Distillation

A general consideration of the NEW INDUSTRY, including a full description of the distilling apparatus used, and the principle involved, also methods of chemical control, and disposal of the products.

FIRST EDITION

Illustrated by seventy-four engravings. One hundred and fifty-six pages. Bound in cloth. Sent to any address, post paid, on receipt of \$3.00.

Having exported German Industrial Alcohol stills for many years in large numbers, and having established four Eastern Agencies, we are now prepared to establish additional Agencies to look after our old customers and prospective buyers of our Modern Tax-free Industrial Alcohol Distilling Apparatus, by special successful demonstrative methods for making Alcohol, Apple Jack, Aguardiente, Mescal, Teguila, Peach Brandy, Solidified Alcohol in Cubes, Fine Oil, Essential Oil, Denatured Alcohol. Most modern simple 5 Gal. Still and all sizes to 50 Gal. daily capacities. Good commission. Address with references.

Wood Waste Distilleries Co., Inc.
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Back View of Homes in Garden City of New Earswick.

Council schools (a). Type of the best council school, where the parents of the children are well-to-do, and the children have mostly comfortable homes.

Council schools (b). Type of school where the children are mostly of the laboring classes, whose parents have constant employment.

Council schools (c). The last of the council schools, where the parents of the children belong mostly to the unemployed or casual labor sections.

To this list may be added the Port Sunlight schools, which may be taken as equal to the type (b) of the council schools, the parents are mostly of the laboring classes, in constant employment, but with the difference that the houses in which the children mostly live are built with ample air space, not more than seven houses to the acre.

At seven years of age we find the average weight and height of boys to be as follows:

	Height, inches.	Weight, lbs.
High gr. schools.....	47.4	49.3
Council schools (a).....	45.3	44.1
Council schools (b).....	44.8	43.1
Council schools (c).....	44.1	43.1
Port Sunlight schools.....	45.7	50.3

At 14 years of age—

	Height, inches.	Weight, lbs.
High gr. schools.....	61.7	94.5
Council schools (a).....	58.2	75.8
Council schools (b).....	56.2	75.9
Council schools (c).....	55.2	71.1
Port Sunlight schools.....	60.7	105.

The schools, hospitals, playgrounds, club buildings, the things of social consideration and advantages were of the higher order and of the first importance to the people.

The one thing which I missed in both cities was any sense of a permanent and abiding interest, either in the place or the homes occupied by the people I talked with. The trail of the landlord was over all.

How shall this be taken away? I shall attempt to show that the co-operative towns now building and the municipal house of the first class will be able to escape not only the necessity of the landlord, but the sense of insincerity and lack of abiding interest which must forever be a characteristic of the passing tenant of a private master, especially when the landlord is also the employer.

Edinburgh, Scotland, Nov. 18, 1910.

STEIN & CALLEN
 404 National Ave.
 The Young Men and Men's Outfitters
 Rifty Suits and Overcoats, ranging from \$12.50 to \$25.00
 Shoes, ranging from \$2.00 to \$5.00

You will also find in this store one of the newest and most up-to-date lines of Gents' Furnishings you ever saw.

We carry a Complete Line of Union Label Goods

Don't forget to call for our 5% Coupon. They mean money to you.

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 235 W. Water St., Germania Bldg.

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H. W. Bistorius Social-Democratic Herald and Vorwaerts
 344 Sixth Street
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 318 West Water Street

We Bought 'em at Auction

Suits and Overcoats of the Friend Brothers Going at Bargain Prices

BIG SALE ON TODAY

We don't deal in dear-bought stuff. We always buy right—We've got the experience and the buying power—that's why. Didn't we make a deal though when we picked up Friend Brothers' Suits and Overcoats—Got 'em at rock bottom, and we're letting our customers have a big share of the bargain. No man who gets 'em will go wrong—It's a mighty dull ear that keeps out of hearing of this ONE chance to get a suit and overcoat at a big saving.

Friend Bros. Men's Suits and Overcoats, All Styles and Sizes

\$15 Suits and Overcoats at \$9.75 \$18 Suits and Overcoats at \$12.50
 \$20 Suits and Overcoats at \$14.75 \$25 Suits and Overcoats at \$18.50
 \$28 and \$30 Suits and Overcoats at \$22.50

Friend Bros. Men's Trousers, All Sizes

\$2.50 Trousers at \$1.39 \$3.00 Trousers at \$1.95
 \$4.00 Trousers at \$2.45 \$5 and \$6 Trousers at \$3.95

We're just in time for Christmas with our fine new Suits, Overcoats and Furnishings. Buy things for the boy to wear, and for your neighbor's boy who doesn't expect a Santa Claus.

Boys' Red Chinchilla Reefers, Ages 2½ to 8 Years
 Strictly all wool, wool flannel lining, never were sold for less than \$5.00, will go at this sale at \$2.95. This is one of the biggest bargains that our stores have ever offered. Friday and Saturday will see these reefers picked up quick at the price.

Boys' Reefers. Chev-iots, Home Spuns and Freizes, Ages 4 to 16 Years
 Our regular \$3.00 reefers have been put on sale for Friday and Saturday at \$1.39. Our extra special \$5.00 reefers are marked \$2.95 for this sale only. These two great bargains are for the boys. Fit them out for Christmas with something warm and practical.

Boys' Two Pants Suits
 Made of wool and cassimeres, in grays, browns, checks and mixed goods. These two pants suits are better than you get anywhere else in town. Good wearing, good looking, manly little suits. A real Christmas present for your boy.

Young Men's Overcoats, for Boys from 12 to 16 Years
 Regular and convertible collars, two coats in one, made of good, durable wool materials, beautifully finished, stylish, practical and fine fitting.

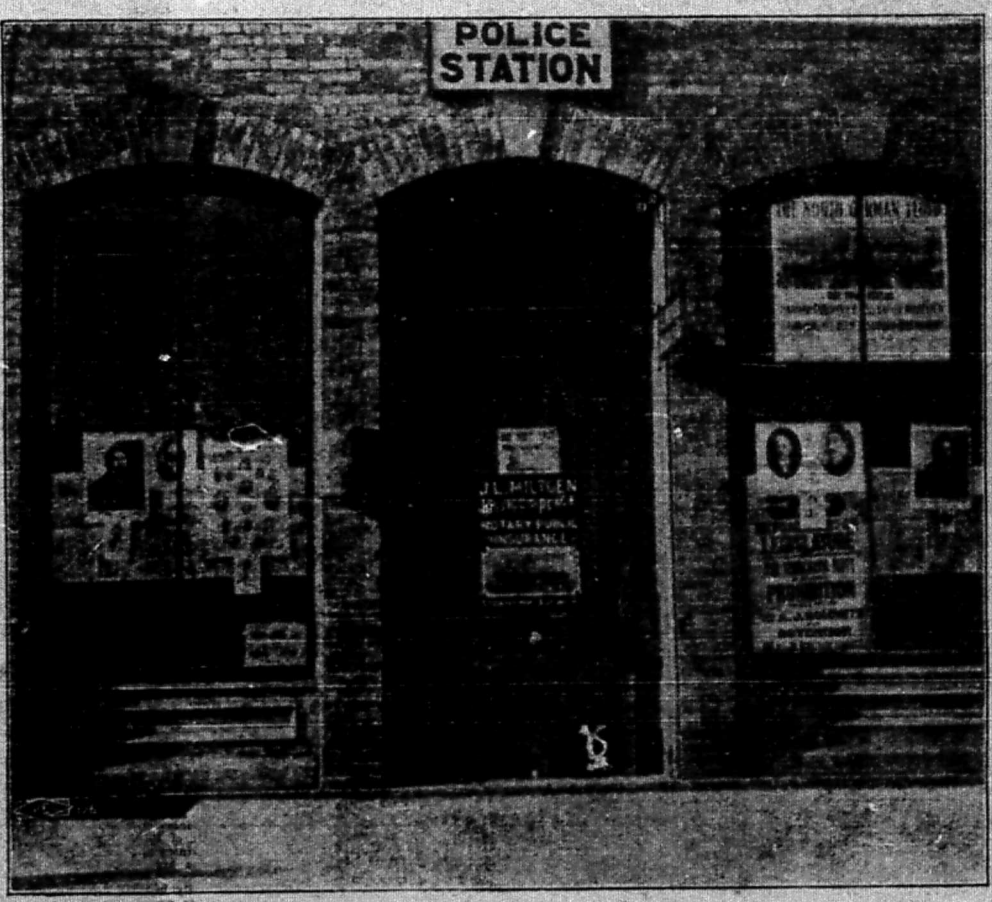
\$6 to \$7.50 values go at \$3.95
 \$10 to \$12.00 values go at \$6.75
 \$15 to \$16.50 values go at \$9.75

All our \$5.00 values go at \$2.95
 All our \$6 to \$7.50 values go at \$3.95

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"We Work Our Heads Off For You"



An Election Day Outrage!

We present herewith a photograph of the Fifth and First ward polling booth in the city of Beaver Dam, Wis., showing the manner in which the old parties decorated it with their campaign literature and pictures in order to influence the voter, all of which is plainly contrary to law. The photograph was taken on election day.

The inspectors and clerks of election were aware of these facts and made no effort to remove them, it says.

Our Beaver Dam comrade, Rae Weaver, writes: "You can see what we have to contend with in our elections. The fines imposed by our state laws amount to nothing, as the officers who are elected to enforce the law are the main law-breakers. They dare not punish the guilty parties, as it would disrupt their political machine."

The Civilian, published at Beaver Dam, takes firm ground against the outrage. It says the pictures and cards not only appeared in the windows, but hung in the voters' faces on the inside as well.

The inspectors and clerks of election were aware of these facts and made no effort to remove them, it says.

City Marshal Goetsch, an officer appointed under civil service rules by the police commission, took particular pains to keep the workers for the Republican ticket within the distance required by law, while he, the Democratic workers and members of the liquor dealers' association, took the liberty to electioneer up to the booth entrances. Sec. 2544d, statutes of 1898, provides a penalty of punishment by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding six months or by a fine of not more than three hundred dollars nor less than fifty dollars, or by both fine and imprisonment with the costs of prosecution, for any officer of election or any person soliciting votes within one hundred feet of any polling place.

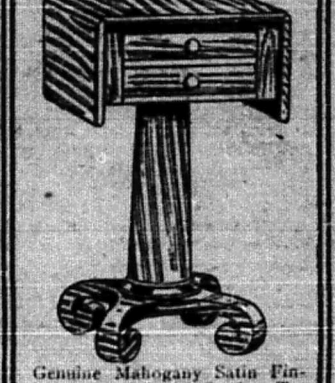
We read of how Tammany does dirty work in New York elections, of how Boss Cox pollutes the electorate of Ohio, of the scheming politicians of corrupt cities like Philadelphia and San Francisco, and of the treatment that certain classes of citizens are accorded in the southern states, but where is there anything more corrupt than is shown in this picture?

The Civilian thinks the district attorney should act. Manifestly he should, but it is not to be expected that he will. And probably the Social-Democrats will have a clear field in which to make their protest officially.

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Martha Washington Sewing Table, made of solid Mahogany, Satin Finish (exactly like cut). Size of Top 26x15, is 28 inch high. Top Drawer contains a Removable Tray, divided into five compartments. Regular value 20.00. Special..... 12.90

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Every Saturday

SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD

Published by the
MILWAUKEE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PUBLISHING COMPANY

344 Sixth Street Milwaukee, Wis.

FREDERICK HEATH VICTOR L. BERGER
Associate Editor

Official Paper of the Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee and the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor.

Entered as the Milwaukee Post-Office Second-Class Matter, August 21, 1901.

Recent Herald callers: Allan C. Jones, Des Moines, Ia.; Aba. Lyons, Chicago, Ill.; Elmer Olsen, Hilda Olsen, Kewanaw county, Mich.; Dante Barton, Kansas City, Mo.; D. G. Wilson, Cleburne, Tex.

In the early elections held this year Maine increased the Socialist vote of 1908 by about 30 per cent. Arkansas increased the Debs vote of 6.27 to 9.14 for Hogan for governor. Vermont increased nearly 100 per cent from 547 in 1908 to 1,055 in the September election.

The official returns in Ohio gives our comrade, Tom Clifford, 60,637 votes for governor. Ohio is a state full of large industrial cities, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Toledo, etc., and it will be a banner Socialist state some day. How the dangerous heresy spreads!

The Socialist vote made a small gain in Kansas City, increasing from 798 for Debs in 1908 to 910 in this election. The movement in Kansas City has been badly handicapped by a heavy growth of impossibility barncing. Indications are that these are being scraped off, and Kansas City Socialists will thus have a live, active movement.—Ex.

The Berger Victory

International Socialist Bureau
Brussels, Belgium, Nov. 22, 1910.
J. Mahlon Barnes, Chicago.

Dear Comrade: Our executive committee assembled today, directed me to forward to your party our best congratulations for the splendid results of your last election.

We would be grateful if you had the kindness to transmit our felicitations to our stalwart comrades, and we hope your success will continue.

Fraternally yours,
Camille Huysmans.

Socialist Party of France, National Council
Paris, Nov. 15, 1910.

Secretary of the Socialist Party of the United States!

Dear Citizen Barnes: The Permanent Administrative Committee of the

Labor's Home Near Completion

Painters, Plasterers and Electricians Now Putting on Finishing Touches. Steam Up, Walls Drying, Everybody Looking Forward to Moving Day

The home of the Social-Democratic party, Social-Democratic Herald, Co-operative Printery and Milwaukee's labor unions is nearing completion. The erection of this home has presented an intensely interesting panorama for the last six months to the Socialists of Milwaukee who have been able to watch it. One group of workmen after another have come and gone. With what feelings of hope have the efforts of each group been watched contribute their share of labor.

Those Who Did It

First came the foundation diggers with their spades, wheelbarrows and steam shovels; then the cement and iron workers; after them the roofers, carpenters, bricklayers made a united onslaught—they are finishing up their part and departing.

The plasterers, steamfitters, plumbers, painters, electricians and general finishers are now closing up the last gaps, which is all that is left between us and the goal.

This week the fire was lit in the boiler which is to furnish the steam heat, and the work of drying the building subsequent to moving in is now in progress. The foundations for the new \$25,000 press are all complete. The press itself will be in Milwaukee by the 15th of December.

The managers of the People's Realty company promise that they will have the building ready for us by the first of January.

The labor of financing the erection of the building since the first \$500 was borrowed to make a deposit on the lot nearly two years ago has been no small task.

A Big Undertaking

It can, however, now be announced that sufficient stock has been sold to complete the building, but money is still needed to provide it with suitable furniture, etc. The stock sale-books will be kept open until sufficient money has been received to make the building spick and span from top to bottom. Tenants have been secured for nearly all the space available at rentals which assures that People's Realty Co. stock will be a good dividend earner from the day it is finished. The shares are \$25 each. If you have that amount that you do not need to use, where can you invest it which will bring you so much satisfaction?

The Next Step

With the new building complete and the new press in operation, it will be only another step to the launching of the daily Social-Democratic newspaper that the victory in the city and county and state legislative districts now makes a necessity.

Thousands of you will visit Milwaukee in the years to come. When you do, and pay a visit to the Social-Democratic headquarters, you will feel a thrill of satisfaction that you contributed what you could, to push this building to a successful finish.

The corruption of the best produces the worst.—Latin Proverb.

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Cash Payment Plan
PEOPLE'S REALTY COMPANY

Capital Stock \$40,000.00. 1,600 Non-assessable Shares at \$25.00 Each To H. W. Bistorius, Treasurer, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

I, the undersigned, hereby subscribe for the number of non-assessable shares of the par value of \$25.00 each, of the capital stock of the "People's Realty Company," of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, set opposite my signature, for which find enclosed \$.....

No. of shares.....Subscriber.....

Amount.....Address.....

STOCK SUBSCRIPTION

Time Payment Plan
PEOPLE'S REALTY COMPANY

Capital Stock \$40,000.00. 1,600 Non-assessable Shares at \$25.00 Each To H. W. Bistorius, Treasurer, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

I, the undersigned, hereby subscribe for the number of non-assessable shares of the par value of \$25.00 each, of the capital stock of the "People's Realty Company," of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, set opposite my signature, and I agree to pay to H. W. Bistorius, Treasurer, for each share so subscribed the sum of twenty-five dollars in four installments of twenty-five per cent each, due and payable on the first day of each month, but in no case shall the last payment be made later than December 31, 1911.

Enclosed herewith find \$..... for the first installment. I agree to pay the balance monthly thereafter as above enumerated.

No. of shares.....Subscriber.....

Amount.....Address.....

The General Election Manifesto of the Independent Labor Party

[Below is the Pronouncement of the Independent Labor Party (Socialist) of Great Britain in the Pending Election.]

The government, having decided to dissolve parliament, you are again faced with a general election. How should your votes be cast? What are the issues you must decide?

The Lords

The house of lords, representing class privilege and territorial power, still blocks the path of democratic advance, and either Liberal nor Tory party is willing to sweep it away. The only effect of the veto conference has been to accentuate suspicion of the government's intentions. Schemes of so-called reform of the lords should be distrusted, since they are likely to bolster up that irresponsible assembly. If government by the people is to be made a reality, the house of lords must be entirely abolished. Nothing less will suffice.

The Osborne Judgment

For thirty years without challenge the workers of the country, through their trade unions, have exercised political power. Now that that power has become effective by becoming independent of the Liberal and Tory parties it is promptly pronounced illegal. The Labor alliance between trade unionists and Socialists resulting as it has done, in old age pensions, extended compensation for injured workmen, anti-sweating legislation, child-feeding legislation, taxation of unearned increment, and in the furtherance of all schemes of social reform has stirred the enmity and fear of the privileged classes. So the Osborne judgment is given to crush the Labor party and restore parliament again to the monopoly of the rich. Against this iniquity the I. L. P. will

fight with all its power. It counsels the workers to make this question the first of election issues.

The Unemployed

Among the social questions the most urgent is unemployment. Here the Labor party's right to work bill still holds the field. It affirms that every worker is entitled to work or maintenance. It outlines the machinery by which this claim can become effective.

Through the right to work bill, through improvement in industrial organization and the enlargement of the purchasing power of the workers, the severity of unemployment can be decreased. The I. L. P. has taught and teaches that the problem of unemployment can only be effectively dealt with when land and capital shall be publicly owned and publicly controlled. It offers the right to work bill as a step toward this end.

Stamp Out Destitution

The I. L. P. wages implacable war on the present poor law system. To brand children, sick, and unemployed as paupers is on the face of it monstrous. It is imperative that the poor and unfortunate should be relieved without delay or humiliation. The I. L. P. therefore heartily favors the proposals to break up the workhouse and abolish destitution on the lines indicated in the report of the minority of the poor law commission.

Vital Questions

The I. L. P. is opposed to tariff reform which would further enrich landlords and protect certain capitalists in the enjoyment of additional spoil wrung from the people. It advocates a foreign policy which would promote cordial relations between the nations, settle disputes by international arbitration, and lighten the unbearable burden of military expenditure. It

urges that great and vital monopolies such as the land, the railways, and the mines should be immediately taken over by the state. It affirms the equal citizenship of all men and all women, and demands that the franchise shall be extended to them. It demands that members of parliament shall be paid and the cost of parliamentary elections borne out of the public purse.

Workers

No one can feel satisfied with the social conditions that now prevail. Millions of men and women who toil hard get only poverty for their pains. They live in slums, are sweated, pass miserable lives, and many end them in the workhouse.

The organized workers also feel acute dissatisfaction, as is shown by the present unrest among the boiler-makers, textile workers, Welsh miners, and railwaymen. All workers find their burdens constantly increased without any increase in their reward. Their labor is constantly being speeded up, new machines are introduced and men displaced. The power of employers organized into strong federations and of capital aggregated in combines and trusts gets ever more irresistible. A new tyranny is preparing which will find dividend even in the misery and wreck of the workers. This tyranny can be best fought on the floor of parliament.

Use your votes, therefore, to defeat privilege and win justice and freedom.

Use your votes for Socialism. Use your voice so that candidates of the I. L. P. and of the Labor party may prevail in the coming battle and, returning to parliament in greater number than now, win fresh triumphs for the cause of the people.

The National Council.

Milwaukee for the People!

Milwaukee for the people, is the motto of the Socialist administration in Milwaukee, and under the influence of the city government the people of the city are having a fine awakening and are beginning to wonder why they did not do things for themselves in all the past years. Two notable things that have happened in Milwaukee recently are the municipal Sunday afternoon concerts and the municipal Saturday night dances. Both have been successes beyond expectations almost. Everybody is delighted and the old idea that a big city must be hopeless, vile and demoralizing is passing out of people's heads. A new hope is taking its place. And it is all to the glory of the Social-Democrats—formerly despised groundlings who have risen to power and put the people again on guard. When the Socialists get the municipal house put in order Milwaukee will be again a safe place for people to live in and to bring up children in.

Music bath charms to soothe the savage breast—it makes for civilization and individual ennoblement. A city cannot have too much of it. Wholesome recreation is as necessary to young people as fresh air and the right to laugh and smile at life. But if they must dance, or hold their parties or become acquainted in a sewer no one can hope that they will stay altogether clean. A fortunate fraction of the young people can always have parties and swell functions, and so on, but not so the children of the working class as a rule. And the department store, the factory and the shabby dance have seemed to be indissolubly bound up together. But the Socialists have scorned the fatality of such an idea.

And so midst the many things for the betterment of mankind and the government of the city that the Milwaukee Socialist administration has necessarily had its hands full of, the two things referred to above have been brought to the fore.

Milwaukee has a big Auditorium building which was being used almost exclusively for swallow tail affairs, business shows, sky-high-priced operas, etc., with a bewilderment of automobiles, limousines and autocoaches slinging round the building evening after evening, and the Socialists felt the wrong of it. They wanted it to be a house of the people, not a spoil of the wealthy.

A resolution went through the city council, a symphony orchestra was

engaged, and a popular Sunday concert of the choicest music announced at a ten-cent admission. It won't pay, the croakers said, but they misjudged the people. There was a crowd in the big auditorium the first Sunday and for seven Sundays since the crowds have been growing larger until the building is taxed to capacity. Even the first Sunday the three thousand seats were practically filled.

So with the municipal dances, the Socialists found that there was a man in charge of playground work in Rochester that they wanted. Eventually they got him and it befell that an Association of Public Play and

Social Education was organized to bring in various public spirited citizens. A municipal dance was planned to take place at the Auditorium, but at the last minute the aforesaid public spirited citizens got cold feet, and the plan nearly fell through. The Socialist administration was watchful, however, and came to the rescue. The first dance was held, and the success was instantaneous. The expenses were \$25 and admissions, at 20 cents each, including wardrobe, brought in \$350! Just the people came who were wanted. It was in every way a success. And last Saturday evening the second municipal dance attracted such a crowd that three dance halls instead of two had to be provided, with separate dance music for each, AND ONE THOUSAND PEOPLE HAD TO BE TURNED AWAY! This coming Saturday evening the big Auditorium hall itself will be utilized, with its vast dance floor and tier on tier of seats around the amphitheater that will seat several thousand who may wish to look on as well as dance.

A rather amusing thing in connection with the municipal dance has been the fact that one Milwaukee paper, the Free Press, frightened at the popularity of the practical work of the Social-Democratic administration has published something like a half dozen editorials, all of a more or less hysterical nature, warning the people that the dance which it calls a great success is in no way connected with the administration, but that the credit belongs to the aforesaid public spirited citizens. On the other hand, several newspapers round the country, notably the New York Times, a copy of which is at my elbow as this is written, are printing editorials to scout the idea of a municipal dance because it would tend to level social ranks and mix up muslin shirtwaists and crepe de chine toilettes. Such a fear would meet only with smiles in Milwaukee—the problem is not one of clothes but of people.

Milwaukee for the people. Milwaukee to LIVE in. Milwaukee is making good!

Eye Opener for Milwaukee Newspaper Readers

"Once a Year," the Yearly Publication of the Milwaukee Press Club, Says Newspaper Capitalist Papers Protest

Below, following a criticism of modern newspaper conditions by Prof. Zueblin of Boston, we present the offending article from Once a Year, preceded by the editorial of the Milwaukee Sentinel printed about it. Milwaukee is smiling at the way the Press Club let the cat out of the bag!

Sidelights on the Capitalist Press

The following extracts are from an article by Professor Charles Zueblin in "The Twentieth Century Magazine," entitled "The Overrated Credulity of Newspaper Readers."

"The average newspaper regards the truth with absolute indifference."

"The newspaper is a business institution, not an organ of education, and it must be made to pay, whether the public taste and morals are debauched or not."

"One serious aspect of the capitalist press is the presence of sweatshop methods in the government of the plant. The staff of the newspaper is paid relatively less for the amount of intelligence they are supposed to display than any other class, with the possible exception of teachers."

"While nearly all papers are subject to the advertiser, and especially truckle to the leading capitalists of the community, there are many which are organs owned by the corporations, and never, except through the accidental blunder of a reporter, attempt to tell the truth about these corporations and their allied interests."

"The owners, and even the editors, of most daily papers, by social affiliation with capitalist interests, are naturally and sincerely sympathetic with the interests of capital, right or wrong. This extends to the coloring and even suppression of news by the Associated Press. The unscrupulous mendacity of corporation papers is known only to those who are familiar with newspaperdom."

"The newspapers habitually misrepresent. There is something to withhold from the public; dust must be thrown in their eyes, and lying becomes a habit. One can understand the San Francisco papers' lying about the bubonic plague or their street railway president, or the Chicago papers' reticence about the mayor or chief of police, but the habit extends to subjects where it can be of no object, and worse still, to the reckless defamation of character."

Is It the "Callow Pessimism of a Dreamer"?

What the Sentinel said: Herewith, The Sentinel reproduces the "Foreword" of Once a Year, the official publication of the Milwaukee Press club, which was distributed at its annual benefit performance Monday night. The article is of sufficient interest to be reproduced because of the glaring untruthfulness of its statements and the wide divergence of its viewpoint from that of the sane and thoughtful newspaper workers, who make up the majority of active Press club members.

Members of the Press club who read the article attentively have expressed the greatest indignation and it is probable that a formal repudiation of the sentiments and allegations contained in it will be made.

The article is the production of one of the younger members of the club whose vocabulary appears to have run away with his thoughts, and follows verbatim, including errors of diction:

Foreword

We are glad that you are here; and we hope you will like our Maud Adams.

That is really the whole message of this page. We pen this foreword because it is the custom. We do not insist that you read it; nor do we think that many of you will. Why should you?

And yet you read all that we can write, word by word, line by line, you read.

In days of yore we wore away our quills that you might read, and you cried for more. Then we fashioned pens of steel, and they, too, wore away, because yet you cried. Now we have made presses. To their whirring call of "faster! faster!" we are writing for you today. And yet you are not satisfied.

You demand all that we can give—except Truth. How you fear Truth! You fill the coffers of those who employ us to sverve our pens. You pour gold into our presses that our Truths may be cloyed. You offer ducats for our honor and pieces-of-eight for our self-respect.

You do not understand? Then hear: When we scratched each sentence with our quills we gave you ideals. We wrote real newspapers then, and built them on principle, and faith and a sure intent. You wanted ideals—for you were a simple people.

Now? You are no longer simple. You do not want principle; you want publicity. And you fear Truth.

And you are the real conductors of our newspapers. You buy us through the guided office "downstairs." Through them you muzzle us, and dare us to print what we know. And

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The Builders' Column

By A. W. Mance.

How They Get Them

A great literary critic once said that the best and most touching literature of a nation seldom ever appeared in print. He said it was hidden in the private letters of mothers and fathers to children, and children to their parents, and the real love letters of sure enough lovers to each other.

Often does the truth and insight of the statement of that writer, read many years ago in a school text book, impress itself on the editor of this column as he peruses the hundreds of letters to The Herald each week. They are from all kinds of people, from every walk of life—some of them written by scholars and philosophers with perfect diction, but the great majority of them come from the toilers that the system has deprived of educational advantages.

The writers of these hundreds of letters constitute the circulation builders of the Social-Democratic Herald.

Here are just a few samples of the letters that arrive every day from all parts of the country:

"Too bad you did not get two congressmen, but nevertheless Berger will stir things up enough until next election. We beat the Democrats in this county. Here is a bunch of ten fellows to which send The Herald for six months. I am confident they can be pushed over the fence for the next election." Thus writes Frank Carter, of Eagle River, Wis.

"Enclosed find money order for \$10 in payment for thirty short-term subscriptions with a bunch of names enclosed. I want the people of this community to see the Socialists in action, and am persuading them to pay to see the show. Will send another batch soon." This is the message sent in by C. J. Krelbiel, Dayton, Ohio.

Mr. W. E. Kirkpatrick, of Iowa, writes: "Enclosed find \$6.80, for which send The Herald to the following fifty persons for as long a time as it will pay for. They are all new subscribers, and it was no trouble to get them to take a trial subscription for The Herald. More to follow."

"Enclosed find \$6.80, for which send The Herald to the following persons. The Herald is a good, clean newspaper and gives satisfaction to all the people I have secured as readers except one. He is an old-time Socialist and says it is no good. I guess he has soured on everything," writes W. Vornbaum, of Linden, N. J.

Gus V. Nies, of West Philadelphia, Pa., writes: "Enclosed is a long list of the names of my shopmates together with \$12.80 that they have paid me to have the Social-Democratic Herald sent to them. Please get the paper here as soon as possible, as we are all anxious to read about what is doing in Milwaukee. Many of us have been studying Socialist theories for many years. We want now to read about how it works out in practice."

Here is a letter from W. B. Killingbeck, of Orange, N. J., which is typical of thousands: "Enclosed find money order for one year's subscription to The Herald, which send to J. H. Blank. Accept congratulations for your magnificent work in Milwaukee. You have put a new heart and courage into the comrades throughout the entire nation. Milwaukee leads the way to the new emancipation. With best wishes for your success, I am yours for the better day."

THERE IS NO REASON WHY THERE SHOULD NOT BE A DOZEN NEW READERS OF THE HERALD DURING THE NEXT MONTH IN YOUR COMMUNITY.

All you have to do is to go after them. They will pay for their own education by paying for The Herald. People will take it and pay for it who are not Socialists. But they will be when they know what Socialism is. The Herald will tell them.

because you hold our bread, we perform sell our honor.

So now we write handbills.

On one day we tell part of you how great are the others of you; and on another day we tell the others of you how great are part of you.

It is our greatest sorrow. But we must needs pervert the little talents our gods have given us for bread.

We bid you think it over, when next you cry your wrath against your newspapers. We long to tell you Truths—the great, good Truths and the smaller, grimer ones. Only you would then withhold our bread.

Ours is a passing profession. Oh, there will always be writers of handbills. They will bow to you obsequiously, and fawn at your feet, and bring you a "Please, good sir, and what may we print with your goings and comings today?"

But the fearless, high principled writers of the longgone days of the quill, are passing as commercialism grows. And down in our hearts we, who yet remain, wish that we might be like them. Sometimes we try; usually it costs us our jobs.

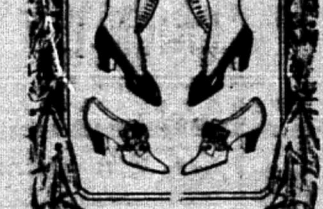
We like our Once a Year because it is not subsiding. We do not often take advantage of that fact; but it is nice to know that we might.

In the pages that follow we offer you nothing unusual; nothing very much better than we offer you sometimes in your daily newspapers. Only, while we wrote it, we were free from the enslaving bonds, whose ends run to your gold filled hands.

So again, we're glad you're here. And we hope you are enjoying our Maud Adams.

The Co-operative Commonwealth, by Laurence Gronlund was long ago referred to as Karl Marx' interpreted to the Yankee mind. You should have a copy to work with. This office. Paper, 50 cents.

Fashionable Footwear for the Fair SHOES



is here in a multiplicity of up-to-date styles that will afford satisfaction to the widest range in taste and preference. All of these matchless models are made up in the best and latest style, elegantly finished, fashioned in the best leathers, and not only elegant in appearance but durable in wear. Come in and try them on. Prices fair.

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\$3.00

Lo, the Poor Indian!
or McGee's Last Stand
(Written for The Herald.)
You're licked, McGee; you ought to be! Your game is up in Milwaukee.
Go tell your woes to Gregory;
Or should this climate prove too warm,
Go hie away to your baby farm.
Just take with you your microscope. For a last fond look at your lost hope.
Or, stealing away to the silent glades, Seek solace with your Indian shades.
Then with the Red man's cunning low,
Barb' well your shafts, and poise your bow.
Seek some new victim to attack,
Your poisoned darts shoot at his back.
For, what care you for his child or wife,
To achieve success through a ruined life.

You're licked, McGee; you ought to be! Your game is up in Milwaukee.
So steer your course towards the western skies,
For there in the squaw-man's paradise
You may find that field for talents queer,
That no longer yields you sustenance here.
Through this dear old town stalks a new ideal;
Base greed must succumb to the commonweal.
Milwaukee will heed her children's call,
For even justice to each and all.
Now the reign of decency begins
With the rout of the precious Heisdorf twins.
W. J. GILBOY.

Tuberculosis—Its Cause and Its Prevention
By Dr. H. L. Nahin
(Written for The Herald.)
TUBERCULOSIS is a systemic infection caused by certain germs which are called tubercular bacilli. It enters the system either by inhalation of the dust of dried sputum, or through food such as milk and meat containing these bacilli.
The question of tuberculosis is assuming a grave nature. The greatest scientists and the best brains of the world are presently occupied with this problem.
Last week we had in this city a conference of great men, who were discussing the question of tuberculosis, especially the problem of its prevention. However, it seems to me that too much stress is laid on the importance of personal hygiene, sanitation and education.
While it is true that individual cleanliness such as taking frequent baths, inhaling fresh air, and partaking of pure food as well as general sanitation in residences and work-shops, plays a very prominent part in the prevention of tuberculosis, and too much stress cannot be laid on these details, but it is also true that in many instances the individual is helpless in securing all these necessary elements which are conducive towards the prevention of tuberculosis.
Hence the question of the prevention of tuberculosis must be approached from the social side.
Society, as it is organized today, must necessarily protect its individual

The individual surrenders his right of inflicting punishment to those who attack his person or property. He must appeal to society to protect his life and property in the first instance, and if a wrong has been committed against him, to punish the wrongdoer in the second instance.
Society, as it is organized today, is in duty bound to protect the life and health of the individual at all times when he is unable to do so himself. Each member has a right to call on society for help when he is threatened with injury from another member.
Even more, it is the duty of society to seek out the dangers of life and health and prevent or remove them as far as possible from inflicting any injury to its members.
Tuberculosis is an infectious disease. Hence, society must protect its healthy members from contamination by, first, isolating those who are diseased with tubercular infection, second, by restricting the conduct of those diseased individuals so as to prevent the contamination of healthy members, and third, by inspecting the food and drink and free them from any possible infection.
Nor is this all. It is the duty of society to prepare its strong members physically and healthy mentally so as to enable them to resist the germs from entering into their system. To this end society must see to it that our boys and girls—the future fathers and mothers—should be healthy physically and mentally. Society must interpose in their behalf in matters pertaining to working hours, hygienic conditions in shops and factories and even in matters of wages which should be enough to enable them to get the proper quality and quantity of nourishment clothing, shelter, rest and amusement and recreation.
The pregnant mother who is compelled to work long, fatiguing hours, in an ill-ventilated shop or factory, then comes back tired, filthy in a house located in a dark alley, goes to bed hungry, sleeps in an airless and sunless room, is bound to give birth to a sickly and weak child which is sure to be devoured by the germs of tuberculosis.
Likewise, the boy who works long hours in mines and factories, under the most unfavorable conditions, deprived of all the blessings to which a

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Cost of Free Transfers

When a street railway passenger uses a free transfer he gets two rides for one fare.

With the transfer slip, for which he pays nothing in addition to his original fare, the passenger obtains an additional service which costs the company money.

For every foot of street railroad built, money has been spent in construction of tracks and trolley wires. Money must be spent constantly to keep these tracks and wires in condition for use.

For every car run over the company's tracks money has been invested in the car itself. There also is the cost of power besides the wages of the men who run the car, and other costs of maintenance and operation.

Every part of the street railway system is a part of the company's investment. Every part of the service furnished creates its own part of the cost of service.

Any part of the service that is furnished free of charge adds to the cost of service, although it does not help to pay that cost.

All extensions and improvements of the lines and property of The Milwaukee Electric Railway and Light Company have been made for the purpose of making the system of the greatest use to the greatest possible number of the people.

The increased facilities for travel have caused the use of the transfer privilege to increase in much greater proportion than the company's returns in fares.

The growth of traffic in ten years and the far greater increase in the use of transfers are shown in the following figures for 1899 and 1909:

	1899	1909	Per Centage of Increase
Revenue Passengers Carried	33,786,324	80,722,138	138
Transfer Passengers Carried	8,327,553	28,087,457	237

The constant increase in the use of transfers is steadily increasing the cost of service, thus reducing the company's rate of return for the service which it furnishes.

The growth of the company's revenue has not kept pace with its increased traffic, its added investment and increased expense of maintenance and operation.

The Milwaukee Electric Railway and Light Company

child is rightly entitled to, cannot be expected to be a model husband nor a healthy father.
Hence, society, in order to prevent the wholesale murder of its members—200,000 of which are ravaged annually by the tubercular bacilli—must regulate the conditions, hours and wages of these youths in order to save them from being candidates for tubercular dispensaries and sanitariums.
The well meaning philanthropical societies who take the trouble of preaching hygienic measures, temperance and moral behavior among the ignorant classes, are wasting a good deal of their energy to no purpose. It is just like curing the pain of a cancerous growth by administering a pain-killing powder. The disease cannot be cured in such a way. Rational treatment requires the removal of the cause. Excise the growth, destroy the cancer, and the pain is stopped.
Likewise, in social ailments, the cause underlying the prevalence of tuberculosis must be attacked. Poverty is the parent of ignorance, laxity in moral conduct, and the lack of personal cleanliness. Tuberculosis is its natural offspring. Destroy poverty and its concomitant symptoms—ignorance and moral obliquity will have disappeared, abolish labor exploitation and inaugurate economic equality, and the most important cause of tuberculosis will be destroyed.

To Those Who Sing
Our cause would be greatly aided if all Socialistic singers who are scattered among the civic and other singing societies or choirs in this city, would take a lively interest in this cause and join either one of the following singing societies. The Socialistic "Maennerchor," located at the Barden Maennerchor hall, Ninth and Winnebago streets, where regular rehearsals are held EACH THURSDAY EVENING, beginning at 8 o'clock; or the "Aurora" Maennerchor, which society meets EVERY TUESDAY EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, at Meier's hall, Muskego avenue and Mitchell street, for their regular rehearsal.
All comrades who can sing or are interested in singing, are therefore requested to give this their immediate consideration.
The Need of the Time
Give us men! A time like this demands Great hearts, strong minds, true faith and willing hands.
Men whom the lust of office does not kill;
Men whom the spoils of office can not buy;
Men who possess opinions and a will; Men who have honor, men who will not lie;
For while the rabble, with their thumb-worn creeds,
Their large professions and their little deeds,
Wrangle in selfish strife—lo! Freedom weeps.
Wrong rules the land and waiting justice sleeps.
Opportunity to skin the other fellow knocks at every man's door at least once. But opportunities under capitalism to get skinned don't stop to knock.
The test of popular prosperity and the public welfare is plain. It is the condition of the body of the people. What is their life, and how do they live?

In Seidelberg
Troubles of the City Attorney
City Atty. Hoan was sitting at his desk poring over law books. In comes a greatly excited individual.
"I want you to help me. A man just told me to go to hades."
Hoan calmly reached for several massive law books, looked them over and replied:
"That's all right. You don't have to go."
How free the workmen are in this great country of ours is illustrated by the following event:
An employe in uniform of the street railway company, who was riding on a car platform as a passenger, engaged in a political discussion on Nov. 7, made the statement that the only ticket a workman ought to vote was the Social-Democratic one. A man on the platform, a deputy sheriff, named Schmitz, it is said, then said to the speaker: "You won't work for the street car company any more."
Sure enough, a few days later he was reprimanded for having said something about the company and on Nov. 16 he was called to the main office and discharged.

Here's another story of the good old days of graft.
In laying wooden sidewalks, contractors used to beat the city by laying only the two outside stringers, and having a dummy stringer, which would be moved ahead so that passers-by would think that the required number of stringers were being laid.
Well, one day somebody got next to the scheme and notified an inspector.
The inspector then made a big outcry as to what he had discovered.
The next day the contractor had it out in the board of public works. On

being confronted with the inspector he said:
"You never discovered that. Somebody must have told you. Why, I laid miles that way right under your nose and you never found out."
This item from out in the state comes to hand:
There is a rumor persistently circulating up here to the effect that the state park board has accepted a gift of \$25,000 from "Uncle Ike" Stephenson to be expended in improving the state park established in Door county on condition that it be named "Stephenson park." The local member of the board was interviewed today but refused to make a statement in the matter although from what he said it is evident that there is "something doing." Now, this thing ought to be smashed hard. Public sentiment here will condemn any such action.

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Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee HEADQUARTERS—318 STATE ST. TELEPHONE—GRAND 1742

Voters Approve of Their Chains Workers Cast Millions for Their Opponents and Thousands for Themselves

By Henry T. Jones. (Written for The Herald.) IT is review the political situation in the United States and see if we can ascertain what the great American electorate has done.

THE UNION LABEL continues to stand for a nobler manhood, a more beautiful womanhood and a happier childhood.

Union Barber Shops Always see that this card is displayed in the shop before you get a shave or haircut.

FRED. GROSSE 577 E. Water St. Shaving Parlor

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H. KUHN'S BARBER SHOP 482 REED STREET, Corner Scott

LOUIS JUNGSMANN BARBER SHOP 828 Ninth St.

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ST. CHARLES HOTEL Barber Shop and Bath Rooms

Union Barber Shops UP-TO-DATE.

- The following is a list of Union Barber Shops—See that your shop is on the list, or look up another. West Side. Austermann, A., 559 3rd st. e. Walnut.

By Henry T. Jones. (Written for The Herald.) IT is review the political situation in the United States and see if we can ascertain what the great American electorate has done.

Approve of Their Foes Then turn to Ohio and see what the "intelligent" electorate did there.

Stamp of Approval on Corruption And what did the "intelligent electorate" do in Illinois? The working class voted there for Roger Sullivan.

Workers Express Love for Tammany Next take a look at New York and learn what the "intelligent electorate" did there.

Resolutions from the Liquor Dealers To the Milwaukee Federated Trades Council.

WHEREAS, The Milwaukee Retail Liquor Dealers' association, in regular meeting on Nov. 4, 1910, decided to oppose the Social-Democratic party and all its candidates as endorsed by you;

WHEREAS, Some of its influential members after injecting petty politics into the organization, made use of the action of the association by personal agitation and the antagonistic public press to defeat the candidates endorsed by your body;

WHEREAS, We as retailers almost entirely depend on the earning and purchasing powers of the wage workers; and wish to co-operate with you as far as possible in the furtherance of your organization, organized labor in general and its principles; therefore, we have

RESOLVED, To sever our connection with the Retail Liquor Dealers' association opposed to you, and decided to organize independently of said association in order that we may avoid friction between you and ourselves; and to elevate our traffic to the highest possible standards, and be free to conduct our organization in a manner conducive to the welfare of trade unionism of our city and the state in general.

On motion the resolutions were read and approved. Ex-Ald. Robert Buech was granted the floor and gave a history of the split in the Liquor Dealers' Association due to the mismanagement of that organization by a clique of anti-labor politicians.

The board reported that a delegation of the Bakers' union appeared before it to urge a co-operative bakery and that the matter was laid over for two weeks. On motion the report was approved.

On motion this report of the executive board was concurred in as a whole. RECEIPTS FOR EVENING: Wis. State Federation of Labor \$35.00

Frank Douster BAKERS' HOME Saloon and Pool Room 810 Chestnut Street Milwaukee, Wis.

WISCONSIN STATE FEDERATION OF LABOR OFFICIAL DEPARTMENT

UNFAIR—WAS IT? The United States Supreme Court has construed the Sherman Anti-Trust Law as including LABOR UNIONS.

TRY THE HERALD CLASSIFIED "ADS" WANTED—To do addresses for societies, merchants, etc.

WARRANTS ON THE TREASURER—For the use of Social-Democratic Branches; 100 warrants in a book for \$25.

NOTICE Steve Repairs for any stove made. New and Second Hand Stoves of all kinds.

THE HOME TEA CO. 383 Grove St., Milwaukee. A Full Line of Groceries.

WM. WIGDER OPTICIAN 488 Twelfth St. If your eyes need glasses, consult me.

I Sell Good Watches Pleasingly Low in Price You know—Time is money. Have you got the time? Or do you take the time to ask the other fellow to give it to you?

Wisconsin State Organization

Winfield R. Gayland, 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee, Wis., state organizer, to whom news and other matters of this department should be sent.

La Crosse
The Social-Democrats are hard at work, as may be seen from the following paragraph from a La Crosse paper: "Holding meetings almost nightly, the Social-Democrats have already started their municipal campaign. Immediately after the return from Milwaukee of Organizer R. C. McCaleb, the leaders of the party in La Crosse held a conference and devised plans to open the municipal campaign immediately. Mr. McCaleb will be assisted by local speakers and by leaders of the party in Milwaukee county. Such men as Mayor Emil Seidel and Congressman Victor Berger will be asked to come here and make addresses. Ward clubs will be organized to assist in the work, and all along the line aggressive work will be done to enlist citizens in the Socialistic cause. A series of meetings which will continue through the winter and up to the spring election, was inaugurated last Friday night, with a gathering in the Eighth ward. Saturday night Mr. McCaleb addressed the brewery workers and Sunday a meeting was held in Kisselbach's hall, on the north side."

Waukesha
The Waukesha comrades are forming a program for distributing literature in their own town and in the adjoining towns of the county. In addition to a distribution in Waukesha city, they have volunteered to regularly distribute literature on Sunday mornings in the cities and small towns of Waukesha county, provided the state headquarters will furnish the literature. This is a most effective method of building up an organization. It will no doubt lead to the formation of many new branches and the building up of a solid movement. Other counties might do well to take pattern from this suggestion. By this method the strong town in each county may become the center of propaganda work and finally build up a network of branches throughout the district.

Sheboygan County
Comrade Severin of Sheboygan Falls, visited the Milwaukee headquarters this week. He discussed with the comrades at the headquarters plans for building up the membership and enlarging the circulation of all Social-Democratic papers in Sheboygan county. This county having given the largest Social-Democratic vote of any county outside of Milwaukee county in the last election, evidently presents a very favorable field for work.

Neenah
Comrade Danielson sends us the cheering news that Local Neenah has admitted eleven new members and that they expect to increase their membership to 100 before the spring election. The Neenah comrades are certainly working in the right way for solid results.

Thiensville
Comrades Carl Minkley and Ferdinand Rehfeldt addressed an enthusiastic audience in Thiensville last Saturday night.

E. H. THOMAS,
State Secretary.

Better Shoes FOR LESS MONEY

That this is not idle talk but absolute truth is worth your time and money to find out. Get your feet inside the—

Meyer Shoes



Work Shoes \$2.00 or Dress Shoes \$2.50

You'll have as good, if not better, shoes than you can get elsewhere at 3.00, 3.50 and even 4.00. You positively SAVE A DOLLAR and more on every pair you buy here.

"Make the test—get the best and spend the rest for Christmas glee for your family."

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\$2.50 Shoe Stores
195 West Water St.
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—OPEN EVENINGS

Please Shop Early
The advantages are many—crowds are less—assortments are better—goods are fresher—sales-people can give more time to each customer.
Please Shop Early

S. & H. GREEN STAMPS Given Free
With every Ten Cent Purchase—The Stamp of Value

Store Open Every Evening Until Xmas

KAHN'S

NATIONAL AVENUE
Between Grove Street and First Avenue

OUR 5% Merchandise Rebate Checks
A Saving of 5 Cents on every Dollar

Red Cross Christmas Seals and Holiday Post Cards each 1 cent
Post Card Section Near Main Entrance

Our store is now filled with new Holiday Merchandise at Remarkably Low Prices

Broad assortments that maintain our reputation for value giving

It is indeed "Christmas again" and we are ready

Timely Gift Suggestions For "HIM" or "HER" "YOUNG" and "OLD"

- Handkerchiefs—always welcome and appropriate for young or old—our vast assortments meet widely varied Christmas requirements.
- Box Assortment—our specialty.
- Gloves, Neckwear, Scarfs, Mufflers, Art, Goods to do or already done.
- Hand Bags—leather, beaded, mesh and velour—large assortments at all prices.
- Jewelry—Ornamental, Clocks, Shell Hair Ornaments, Hat Pins, and novelty Jewelry
- Boxed Hosiery—for Men, Women and Children.
- Toilet Sets, Shaving Sets, Work Boxes, Manicure Sets, etc., etc.
- Belts—of Leather, Silk and Elastic.
- Perfumes—Hilberts "Essence De-Luxe" in fancy bottles and handsomely boxed.
- Silk and Cotton Petticoats—Fancy Aprons—Umbrellas for Men, Women and Children.
- Table Linens—center pieces, scarfs, doilies, etc.

- Infants Wear—Coats, Hoods, Tocques, Knit and flannelette Jackets, Booties, Fur Sets, etc.
- Kimonos, Bath Robes and Sacques of Eiderdown, Flannel-ette, etc.
- Dress and Waist Patterns—of woolen fabrics and beautiful silks—each pattern put up in a separate holiday box.
- Plumes—beautiful Willow and French Plumes—come one in a handsome holiday box.
- Furs—most beautiful and most acceptable—most practical and most fashionable—Kahn Quality Furs are lowest in price—our assortment is unlimited—popular priced and high grade Furs.
- Sweater Coats—for Men, Women, Misses and Children.
- Holiday Ribbons—for wear, for fancy work, for trimmings, for wrapping Holiday Gift Packages, etc.
- Men's and Boys' Wear—Holiday Neckwear and Suspenders, Silk and linen Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Woolen Gloves, and Mittens, Sweaters and Sweater Coats, Mufflers, etc.

Milwaukee

Milwaukee County Organization Notes
The Polish branch, S.-D. P., has arranged for an entertainment and ball, to be held at the South Side Armory hall, Sunday afternoon and evening, Feb. 6, 1911.
The Danish branch, S.-D. P., is making preparations for a grand ball, to be held at the South Side Turner hall, National avenue, next Saturday evening, Dec. 10. Everybody cordially invited to attend. Tickets—25 cents. At the door 50 cents.
The South Slavonian Musical club has arranged for a grand entertainment and ball, to be held Sunday

afternoon and evening, Dec. 18. Everybody cordially invited to attend.
The Bay View Women's club, S.-D. P., will again hold monthly card parties every fourth Wednesday afternoon of the month, at Hoff's hall, 956 Kinnickinnic avenue, at 2 p. m.
The South Side Women's Social-Democratic branch is holding its

monthly card parties at Korchi's hall, every first Tuesday afternoon of the month. Regular meeting every fourth Friday afternoon of the month.
The Twenty-second Ward branch, S.-D. P., has arranged for a prize skat tournament, to be held Sunday afternoon, Dec. 18, at 2 p. m., at Waedekin's hall, 2714 North avenue. Admission, 50 cents, including refreshments. A number of valuable prizes will be awarded to the winners. Everybody cordially invited to attend.

Every comrade, party member or sympathizer who is fond of music or song in the German language, is most cordially invited to make application to one of the Socialist singing societies here in Milwaukee. The South Side Singing Society is known as the South Side Aurora. The West Side Singing Society is known as the West Side Socialist Maennerchor. In addition to these we have also a Croatian singing society, likewise a German society known as the West Side Women's Singing Society Aurora. For meetings of these societies see German Vorwärts, which runs the meet-

Special Offer to Collectors of S. & H. Green Trading Stamps

By special arrangement with the Sperry & Hutchinson Green Trading Stamp Co. we are authorized to give double stamps when this advertisement is presented at our store on or before December 24th.

Cut this advertisement out now and take advantage of this offer any time up to the time specified.

The American Shoe Store
575-577 MITCHELL ST.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, MILWAUKEE County, County Court—In Probate.
In the matter of the Estate of Joseph Kimmel, deceased.
Letters of administration on the Estate of Joseph Kimmel, late of the City of Milwaukee, in said County of Milwaukee, deceased, having been duly granted to Joseph Kimmel, Jr., by this Court.

It is further ordered, That all claims for necessary funeral expenses for the expense of the last sickness of the decedent and for debts having a preference under the laws of the United States which are presented within sixty days hereafter, be examined and adjusted by said Court, at its Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Milwaukee, in said County, at the regular term thereof appointed to be held on the first Tuesday of September, 1911, and all creditors are hereby notified thereof.

It is further ordered, That all other claims and demands of all persons against the said Estate of Joseph Kimmel, deceased, be examined and adjusted by this Court, at its Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Milwaukee, in said County, at the regular term thereof appointed to be held on the first Tuesday of September, 1911, and all creditors are hereby notified thereof.

Dated this 24th day of November, 1910.
By the Court, M. S. SHERIDAN, County Judge.

WIDOLE & MESSING Attorneys for Estate.
Room 8 Meigs Bldg. Milwaukee, Wis.

STATE OF WISCONSIN—CIRCUIT COURT—MILWAUKEE COUNTY.
THOMAS E. BROWN, Plaintiff, vs. CLARA BROWN, Defendant.

THE STATE OF WISCONSIN, To the said Defendant—
You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint; a copy of which is herewith served upon you.

WM. J. MORGAN, Plaintiff's Attorney.
P. O. address—5 Metropolitan Bldg., 200 Third street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

The original summons and complaint in the above entitled action are on file with the clerk of the above named court. WM. J. MORGAN.

STATE OF WISCONSIN—IN CIRCUIT COURT—MILWAUKEE COUNTY.—
Fred C. Stillmayer, plaintiff, vs. Ansga Stillmayer, defendant.

The State of Wisconsin to the said Defendant.
You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, of which a copy is herewith served upon you.

E. H. HIBBARD, Plaintiff's Attorney.
P. O. address—203 Grand Avenue, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. County of Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Telephone Grand 1378.



XMAS GIFTS
Why not improve the comforts and beauty of your home with a handsome piece of furniture as a Xmas gift. We offer thousands of suggestions, carefully selected and reasonably priced. A few mentions below may assist you. Why not look them over now while the stock is complete.

A Splendid Selection

- Ladies' Desk Like cut... \$6.75 Fifty patterns for your choosing— from \$5 to \$40
- Velour Couches... \$6.75 to \$12.00
- Im. Leather Couches... \$12.00 to \$20.00
- Crush Plush Couches... \$14.00 to \$25.00
- Leather Couches... \$30.00 to \$65.00
- China Closets A very large selection, from \$12 up to \$90.
- Rockers, Solid quarter oak—hand polished, at \$4.50
- 200 styles and finishes— from 95c to \$35.00.

The Only Union Upholstery Shop in Milwaukee

Extension Tables—Colonial Style. (Like Cut.) \$12.00. Not less than 100 beautiful extension tables await your inspection here. Round Extension Tables from \$8.50 to \$30.

Buffets—Solid oak, \$12.00. We have them in oak, mahogany, walnut, French, 80 patterns for your choosing.

Music Cabinet (like cut) \$6.75—58 patterns for your choosing— from \$5 to \$25.

Upholstered Furniture
We manufacture and save you the middle-man's profit.
3-Piece Sets, 15.00 up
5-Piece Sets, 35.00 up
TURKISH CHAIRS 25.00 to \$5.00.

Geo. L. Prasser & Sons
National Ave., Cor. 4th Ave.
—OPEN EVENINGS

Children's Department.
Substantial goods in Rockers—Chairs—Desks—Sleighs—Tables—Doll Carts—Irish Mills—Rattan Rockers—Box Sleighs—Game Boards, etc.

COPLIN'S FURS

Are Sure to Please
You take no chances if you select fur garments here. I offer first quality furs in complete assortment of present-season styles.

At a Saving of At Least 1/3
Husbands and Sweethearts—call and let me suggest a suitable style for "HER." If not thoroughly satisfactory, I will exchange after Christmas. Store open evenings.

Chas. Coplin
457 TWELFTH STREET
Next to New Schuster Store

ings and singing nights of these organizations. We hope that each and every one who is interested in this line of work will see to it that they get into one of these organizations to help the good work along.

Stamp & Langhoff Not Afraid to Spend Money in the Newspapers
The newspaper gets the news to the buyer immediately. A sale of importance advertised today brings big crowds tomorrow. The Stamp & Langhoff company appreciates this

Xmas Shoppers

Our Christmas Stock Awaits
Your Inspection—Come In—
It Will Surely Please You.
"Each Article a Heart Gladdener"

Aug. H. Stecher Co.
JEWELERS
276 Third Street 3 Doors South of State
OPEN EVENINGS

Xmas Furnishings

- Silk Reeler Mufflers... 50c to 2.50
- Phoenix Mufflers... 50c
- Silk Suspenders, in holiday boxes... 50c
- New Persian Patterns in Silk Neckwear... 50c
- Combination Sets, silk hose and tie to match... 1.00
- Combination Tie, Pin and Cuff Links... 1.00

"The Haberdashery" Zoeller Bros.
350 Grove Street

In Seidelberg

The board of public works has submitted an estimate of \$25,000 for the purchase of a city stone quarry in the next budget.

City Purchasing Agent Campbell succeeded in reducing the price on three valves for the fire department from \$160 to \$95, and besides, instead of buying it from a Pittsburg firm it will be bought right in Milwaukee.

Extremes meet in the mayor's office. Thursday morning when Organizer Gordon was ushered out of the mayor's office after a conference on the Garment Workers' strike, Dr. Eliot, who represents the opposite trend of thought and who became known to the working-class by his claim that a strike-breaker is a hero, was ushered in.

Three Milwaukee cases were argued before the supreme court last week. They were the sprinkling ordinance, by which J. I. Beggs will be compelled to pay for the sprinkling done on streets on which his cars run, the city and county case as to who shall receive the fees of the district court and the justice of the peace cases. No decision has as yet been handed down.

Supt. Mullen has drawn up plans by which our streets will be put into first-class condition at a minimum expense. Instead of tearing out all the old pavement entirely he intends simply to loosen up the surface with special machinery, fill in a street pavement compound and resurface it, thus making a sort of asphalt pavement. And the cost of the repaving a street will in this manner be reduced from 27 cents per yard (which a new pavement would cost) to 30 cents per yard under Mullen's plan.

It is significant that the Ike Stephenson and Pfister papers are carefully concealing the truth in respect as to what caused the disturbance last Wednesday and are trying to make out that it was caused by the letter sent to the chief by the mayor. What would the merchants and manufacturers do should a hired tool of the workingmen fire a shot into their midst and barely miss killing one of their number, and then the police show a disinclination to make an arrest?

Would The Sentinel and the Free Press then reason that a disturbance caused by such an incident was due to the lawlessness of capitalists?

If you are looking for printing of the better sort—the kind that attracts attention and brings business, you will ask us to give you figures. We strive to please. The Co-operative Printery, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee.

Henry Harbicht's Place
Bottle Beer. Keg Beer on Tap
Sample Room. Phone 1496 Grand.
271 Third St., Milwaukee, Wis.

J. W. NIEMANN FUNERAL DIRECTOR
Telephone South 210
1072 KIRKBRICK AVENUE



The Best Christmas Stock YOU EVER SAW

Warm shoes and slippers for all, from baby up; dancing slippers for those who dance—such beauties! House slippers—all qualities—suit yourself as to price. How would a pair of patent kid dress shoes do? Every boy wants a pair of high cuts—or rubber boots. A pair of shoe trees would keep those "best" shoes in perfect shape. Children like the dressy high shoes so much now. Our windows show a wealth of usefulness and beauty to choose from, a beautiful store in which to buy and the best of service given you. We know how to treat people.

Everybody Wears Luedke's Shoes
They Make Fine Xmas Gifts
For Babies, Children, Misses, Boys, Men and Women



Toys Toys Toys at Espenhains

Everything Old Santa could conceive of is here for the children to see and admire. You never saw so much, nor things half so attractive for the little ones, the bigger ones and the big ones at prices so very low.

Dolls, Wagons, Sleds, Horses, Boats, Trains on Tracks, Character Dolls, Drums, Mandolins, Guitars, Photoscopes, Magic Lanterns, Air Guns, Automobiles--In Fact Every Toy Imaginable.

Doll collapsible Go-Carts, upholstered in leatherette of various colors, with adjustable back—98c.
Hardsome Go-Carts, in bright red, brown or black, white enamel handles, some have nickled trimmings, adjustable dash—\$3.00, \$4.50 and \$5.50.

Mechanical Train on track, with three coaches, engine and tender, large oval track—everyone guaranteed to run—Regular \$1.50 value at 98c.
The Humpty-Dumpty Circus Sets—a thousand and one tricks can be done with them; strong, unbreakable toys—per set 45c to \$10.00.

Round Mission Toy Table, that folds up, is easy to operate—Special, each 39c.
GROCERY STORES FILLED WITH REAL GROCERIES
Large Grocery Store filled with real groceries, counter and scales—Special tomorrow for 39c each. Better ones \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$5.00.

Wagon Building Blocks, made of wood, neatly packed in boxes that make an express wagon, for 25c, 50c, \$1.00 and \$1.50.
Large Variety of Tree Ornaments—three kinds, lowly prices for Saturday—twelve pieces to a box, large and pretty. Per box 10c, 15c, and 25c.

Wooltex Coats, Guaranteed 2 Seasons
\$20 to \$25 Wooltex Coats \$10.75
Extra Special
Wonderful values, stylish storm coats, misses' styles, and plain tailored coats, satin lined to the waist. Cheviots, worsteds and mixtures in stunning ulster effects. Every one a Wooltex and fully guaranteed. Coats worth \$20.00, \$22.50 and \$25.00 at \$10.75.

Espenhain Bonds Free With Every Purchase
Every dime you spend here before noon gets 5 Bonds, or 50 with every dollar, 1000 with every \$20. And this means a filled book or \$1 in merchandise given—save Espenhain Bonds, they mean dollars to you—Free at our 300 stores.

FREE
Every Boy
accompanied by an adult
will be given
A Snapper
Saturday 10 A. M. to 6 P. M.
by Old Santa
ESPENHAIN
GRAND AVENUE

2 Great Bargains in Waltham Watches
\$12.00 Waltham Watches \$7.95
12 or 16 size, stem wind and set, plain or engine turned. Screw back and bezel. Seven jewels. Fully guaranteed as a time piece. 20 year warranted Waltham worth cases. A regular \$12.00 watch—this sale, \$7.95.
\$16.50 Waltham Watches \$10.95
12 or 16 size Waltham Watches with 15 jewel movements. 20 year guaranteed thin model cases. Plain, engine turned or engraved. Save \$5.00 now. Regular \$16.50 value, this sale, \$10.95.

\$1000 Free For New Bond Collectors
Get in this interesting contest, vote and get votes with every \$1 purchase you are entitled to five votes, the person getting the most votes gets \$500, and there are 62 other gold prizes—one who has never redeemed a Bond Book is a new collector.

Town Topics by the Town Crier

Mr. Cary seems to find himself in the position of the man who got the chance to read his obituaries before he was really dead and was then killed by learning what they said!

A political doctor of the "ading" type, a doctor who seems to feel lost without a public job, and who devotes his time to trying to break down and embarrass the work of the city government, is a pitiful spectacle to look upon.

Now that the public schools have been declared unsafe for neighborhood club entertainments, how about their being safe for our school children? The school halls ought to be on the ground floor, of course, but it does seem a bit strange that free school lectures could be held in them these several years and that they were only found to be dangerous when the people sought to use them.

For the past five or six weeks The Herald has been obliged to refuse advertising because the limit had been reached. Last week, among others, a half-page advertisement had to be refused. Even at that the advertising pressure on our columns has been such that many articles and

ably carried out to some extent in the Third ward. Some years ago, when the decaying S. L. P. was on the ticket, it got an unusual vote in the Fourteenth and certain other wards, and it was pretty clearly established at that time that crooked Rose inspectors mistook many Poles who asked to be voted Social-Democratic. The inspectors figured that if anything ever came of it they could make the plausible excuse that the voters voted Socialist instead of Social-Democratic when asking to be shown. And anyway, it is understood they had their in- ductions from the city hall.

Continued complaints come to this office of spite work against the Socialists on the part of certain superintendents in the big shops, who when refusing men employment tell them to go to the Socialists for work. Before election and continuously since many men have been let out by the big shops because of a hull in the amount of work on hand, it is said, and if there were any political reason to be assigned for the situation it would concern the Republican national administration, and not a mere local administration that is only concerned with local ordinances and policies of city government.

A Milwaukee man, commending our stand with regard to fake piano guessing contests, writes us as follows: "There are a number of piano houses here who are conducting sales with a scheme known as a guessing contest, the simplest sort of a puzzle is published in the ads, which those piano dealers run in the papers, the first one who solves the puzzle gets a piano free and the others are awarded credit checks or GOLD BOND CERTIFICATES, as they are sometimes called. The little boy or girl solves the puzzle. The father is induced to go and buy a piano, innocently or ignorantly believing that he is going to save \$100, etc. He enters the music store. Prices all away up sky high. Finally he decides to take a piano which is marked \$425, thinking he had better take a good one, considering that he can get it for \$325, after deducting \$100 for the GOLD BOND CERTIFICATE. The poor man who worked so hard to earn the money feels that he bought wisely and well. All right, let's see what kind of a piano the next customer selects. A lady enters the same store. She looks at the same style piano (or in reality is LED to it), she also has a certificate for \$100, but, MIND YOU, she was awarded this certificate by an ENTIRELY DIFFERENT PIANO HOUSE, in NO WAY connected with the one she is now calling on. The piano marked \$425 she had previously seen marked \$287. So the lady made up her mind to see how far Mr. Piano Man's prices would stretch. She offered \$200 and the other piano firm's certificate for the \$425 piano, and got the piano at her offer, and got time in which to pay for it. And the agent who sent the customer in received a commission. Another customer enters and has no certificate. He is asked \$287 spot cash for the same style piano. Another poor mechanic (who shortly afterwards was out of work) got in for \$150 spot cash and wished he had some of his money back. I worked for the piano company and quit there because I wanted to work right and clean, and they would not allow me to do so and told the manager that I wanted the privilege of bringing my customers in there and make the customer a price that was RIGHT without any CERTIFICATE or any other scheme, and that if my customer had a certificate that I intended to tell the customer to tear that thing up and to come with me and I would make a price that was RIGHT without any certificate. The manager said, 'No, you CANNOT DO THAT; that would be VERY DISLOYAL to the house.' I answered and said, 'I want to be loyal to your house as long as the house is in the RIGHT, but I also want to be loyal to MY CUSTOMERS.' So in disgust I left the firm. "Now, I think and firmly believe

The Real Facts About the Garment Workers' Strike

Judging by the capitalist papers one would think the Garment Workers were the most lawless of men. Therefore a true statement of facts as nearly as they can be obtained would not be out of place.

Wednesday morning a party of strikers gathered at shop No. 5 of David Adler & Sons, at Bow street and Arthur avenue. While the crowd was standing there the foreman of the plant looked out of the window. Shortly afterwards a shot rang out of the factory. The shot was not fired to scare the crowd, it was shot right into the crowd, and only the fact that Cecilia Bernstein is rather short was due the fact that she was not killed, for the bullet struck a window sill immediately above her head.

Naturally, the strikers resented this, but instead of immediately resorting to violence, they made a demand on the policeman on the beat to arrest the man firing the shot. The policeman showing a disinclination to do this, the strikers determined that they would get the man if the police did not, so they attempted to gain entrance into the factory.

Meanwhile a few stones were thrown, but the Sentinel's own photo shows only four holes in the glass. When Lieut. Smith arrived with additional police and promised to get the man out and arrest him, the trouble ended.

Tony Creco, a sleeve cutter, in the shop, was then gotten out and taken away. A number of strikers went along on the patrol wagon to give testimony. At a hearing before the district attorney Creco admitted he was the man who fired the shot, but stated that he did it at the command of the foreman!

So, if there were any windows broken, and anybody hurt by stone-throwing, the blame is not to be put on the strikers. If the police had immediately arrested the man there would have been no trouble.

This is the second week of the Garment Workers' strike. All the garment workers ask is that no striker be discriminated, and for permission to organize. No demand has been made for a closed shop, nor is any increase in wages asked.

But the stumbling block on all conferences is the National Wholesale Clothiers' association. David Adler & Sons are members of that association, the sole aim and object of which seems to be to prevent the garment workers from organizing.

It is significant that while the manufacturers see fit to organize, they deny the same right to the workers. A fine of \$5,000 is placed on any member making terms with labor officials. Recognizing this, Business Agent Weber and Organizer Gordon offered to withdraw from the conferences if the firm would only settle with the men. But the reply was made that there was nothing to arbitrate and the firm would deal with the men individually. In other words, David Adler & Sons wants every poor, helpless worker to individually make terms with the great and powerful National Wholesale Clothiers' association.

About a thousand persons are on strike at the different factories of the Adler company, and they intend to stick until they are granted the right to belong to the union.

The difference between a Socialist administration and a capitalistic one is shown in the way the Garment Worker strikers are treated in Chicago and Milwaukee. In Milwaukee the mayor has issued a letter to the chief of police, asking him not to have his men abuse the strikers, while in Chicago there have been 500 cases where strikers have been dragged by the thugs of the manufacturers. And besides this these thugs in Chicago have been given permission by the police to carry arms.

In Milwaukee the strikers are treated as citizens, even though they be humble and penniless, while in Chicago they are treated by the authorities as though they were criminals.

Third Municipal Saturday Night Dance

The third municipal Saturday night dance will be held this Saturday evening in the main auditorium of the Auditorium building, and will present a wonderful sight, as not only will there be room for dancers, but also seats for all who may wish to look on. There will be room for 6,000 dancers and 2,500 spectators.

Examination Postponed

The examination of Victor L. Berger, Herman Bistrom and Frederic Heath under the so-called "discovery statute" before Court Commissioner Roehr, in the Neacy libel suit against the Social-Democratic Herald, was postponed Wednesday morning to this Saturday morning.

Let our advertisers know where you saw their ad.

National Avenue LAUER'S Cor. 1st Avenue Xmas Suggestions
Men's Suits, Men's Overcoats, Boys' Suits, Boys' Overcoats, Men's Cravenettes, Men's Trousers, House Coats, Neckwear, Handkerchiefs, Nightgowns, Kid Gloves, Bath Robes, Cardigan Jackets, Plain Neglige Shirts, Pleated Neglige Shirts, Plain White Shirts, Pleated White Shirts, Flannel Shirts, Underwear, Suspenders, Umbrellas, Mufflers, Pajamas, Fur Gloves, Suit Cases, Boys' Waists, Hats, Cloth Caps, Fur Caps, Hosiery, Collars, Cuffs, Garters, Sweaters, Jewelry, Wool Gloves, Working Gloves, Auto Gloves, Shoulder Braces
Store Open Evenings— Closed Sundays