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OCIAL DEMOCRATIC HERALI

Milwaukee, Wis., U. S. A., July 15, 1905.

Socialism Not Communism

By Victor L. Berger.

UR aim is Social-Democracy, not Communism. We want this understood. Between Social-Democracy and Communism there is a

great deal of difference To begin with, Social-Democracy is identical with Col-

lectivism or rational Socialism

Collectivism is not a negation of property, nor is Socialism. Please

keep this in mind. Socialism simply demands the collective ownership of the means of production and distribution. We will produce in common, but the con-

sumption will remain individual. Social-Democracy will only control our capital-not our property. A Socialist Commonwealth will not do away with the individual owner-

ship of property, but only with individual conership of capital. It is Communism that denies individual ownership of all property. The Communists want to produce and consume in common. There are very few conscious Communists in the world at the present time, at least, very few remain Communists after they understand what the term Communism means.

To make myself still more explicit, "capital" is that part of wealth which is used as means of production, that is, raw materials, as machinery, factories, land, etc. To socialize these is the aim of all Social-But all methods of consumption and personal use will remain

It is necessary to state this at this time, because there are some Communists in this party who think they are Socialists. There are even some editors who seem to find it difficult to distinguish between capital and property from a Socialist standpoint.

Social-Democracy must socialize capital because in the Cooperative Commonwealth the industrial democracy must rule.

Under the present capitalistic system, collective capital-especially as organized in the trusts and big corporations-has practically nullified most of the advantages of political democracy and thus the capitalist class has become the ruler of the people.

It is clear from all this that the people must turn the privately owned capital into collective capital as a matter of self-preservation. The people must do it, because private capital, which was formerly a means of progress, is now impeding progress. In short, the private ownership of capital was for several nundred years an historical necessity; now the collective ownership of capital is becoming an historical

That such is the trend of the time, we can see at a glance from the discussion that is going on in the daily and weekly papers and in the magazines. But that trend is lowards Socialism, not towards Com-

The measures that the Socialists will take and must take will closely connect with the present system and evolve from it. As a matter of fact, the collectivity—that is the notion, the state and the community—will of what people have already long been from a Socialist standpoint. closely follow along the doing. Only they will

So Collectivism is not Communism, and Karl Marx and Friedrich Engels, for instance, who in their early days were Communists, later on in life became Collectivists and Social-Democrats. Communism has often been tried, and outside of a few small religious communities, has failed invariably.
About 1840 th

About 1840 there was a Fourieristic Communism in this country. It was started by Albert Brisbane and some of the most brilliant and best men and women this country has ever produced, participated in the experiments. But all the communistic settlements, where the religious and ascetic elements were lacking, soon came to naught.

Social-Democracy has never been tried, because it will be the

outcome of modern conditions-of the invention of machinery and the centralization of capital on one hand and the development of political democracy on the other. Communism would be a step backward, would be a retrogression to a very primitive and low stage of human society. Social-Democracy will mean a step forward towards a higher civilization than history has ever known.

Just to emphasize the difference between Collectivism (Social-Democracy) and Communism—between the collective ownership of the means of production and distribution and the common ownership of everything—there is nothing in Collectivism that will prevent people who are so inclined from saving.

They will be able to save just as much as they wish; they will be able to take the control of the con

able to utilize their savings in any manner they choose with one single savings: they will not be able in any possible way to "invest" their savings, that is to say, they will not be able to use their savings to make

Of course, our espitalists will cry out: "What is the use of a man sessing a hundred thousand dollars, if he cannot invest his money?" use it to work others and live himself without work. This, I will admit is a grievance that cannot be helped, but it is a grievance that is no grievance. First, because under collectivism, there will not be the slightest necessity for individual saving with a view of providing for the future or old age, for care will be taken of every citizen. Second, there

will be no encouragement for saving, for accumulating capital will be looked upon as the function of society and not of the individual.

But it is not my intention to describe the Co-operative Commonwealth, the Socialist Republic, or any other future state in this article. I have simply tried to bring out a few of the differences between Socialism and Communism, and about these a great deal more may Victor L. Berger.

Money is the wrong ideal to have, poor part of London says that she says Roosevelt. It is so easy to say has very little difficulty about drink amoney ideal is forced on the peo-A money ideal is forced on the peo-ple by the capitalist system which Roosevelt believes in. The money ple by the capitalist system which fear of losing her protege. She Roosevelt believes in. The money found one lad actually receiving telideal is an effect of a cause, but no egrams from France during the con-

Who says the idle rich do not know how to get busy! They not only luxuriate on the plunder of the workers, but they do more. Read the following:

One of the speakers at the council meeting of a ladies' association, of which Lady Trevelyan is president, said that a society lady, on a dent, said that a society lady, on a dent, said that a society lady, on a

London, June 29 .- In "Betting and Gambling," a volume of essays just published by Mesers. Macmillan and edited by Seebohm Rowntree, the well known author of "Poverty," some striking facts are given to sh the rapid spread of gambling in all classes of the community. It may surprise ever Americans to learn that in the space of five and a half years no fewer than 80 cases of suicide, 321 embezzlements and 197 bankruptcies appeared or the reords of the courts owing to professional betting. The sum of \$25,000,000 is estimated by Sir R. Giffen as annually going into the pockets of bookmakers.

This social cancer affects the

capitalist like Teddy is going to tinental racing season.

Some extraordinary stories are told about betting and gambling

such a good bridge player that she easily made \$5,000 a year.

There is another story, given on the authority of "Ian MacLaren,"

tician of the Agricultural department at Washington, has been dismissed from the service for supplying advance information of government cotton reports to Wall street speculators who are represented to have made \$750,000 on the rise in the cotton market. More capitalist

"Hail to the Navy of the Revolution," is the way the N. Y. Worker salutes the "pirate ship" Potemkin of Russia. And by the way, have of Russia. And by the way, have you noticed how with one accord the capitalist press of this country has et the warship full of justifiable mutineers down as a "pirate" craft? Any thing that the outraged people lo against the ruling class is conrary to some law adopted by the ruling class and stamps the people is outlaw at once! If it is on the water it is piracy, if on the land, it is a breach of "law and order"

An article on "The Butcheries of Peace," contributed to Tom Watson's Magazine by Comrade W. J. Ghent, has attracted a good deal of attention and has opened many eyes to the great havoc in human life wrought by the capitalist industrial system, where profits are always of more account than human beings. For instance, Comrade Ghent shows that the total losses in human life on both sides in the three great battles of the American civil war of 1863 was 12,857, and he wounded 69,408. Whereas the he wounded 187,916! And the factories doubtless destroy more human lives than the railways, only omplete record is afforded.

Edwin F. Holmes, associate statis-What is Social-Democracy?

"Whereas industry is at pres-ent carried on by private capital-ists served by wage labor, it must be in the future conducted by associated or tooperative workmen jointly owning the means of pro-duction."—Prof. Kirkup.

"our aim ... is to obtain for the whole community complete own-ership and control of the means

ership and control of the means of production and distribution and and transportation. We seek to put an end to the wage system, to sweep away all distinctions of class and to inaugurate the cooperative commonwealth."

"Socialism is that contemplated system of industrial society which proposes the abolition of private property in the great material instruments of production, and the substitution therefor of collective property; and advocates the colsubstitution therefor of collective property; and advocates the collective management of production, together with the distribution of social income by society, and private property in the larger proportion of this social income,"—Prof. Ely.

and to set up a republic. It would kee, looking for an honest man! almost seem as if kings didn't count for anything these days.

Indians, who now own the reservatheir holdings and will in time be about by capitalist influences, the without hought of the embarassing sharks well knowing that if the position in which you place the govnumber of killed on the railways of ownership was vested in the Indians ernment.... You seem utterly inthis country in 1904 was 12,209 and the wounded 137,916! And the to swindle them out of it. The conduct." Those were hot words, to swindle them out of it. The inevitable is now coming to pass, human lives than the railways, only and the prospect of Indian tramps the capitalists fight all efforts to re-guire them to report deaths and ac-tramp would not be as docile and idents to the authorities and so no tractible as the ordinary civilization-

THE ENEMY SEEMS TO BE GETTING PANICKY!

Portland Oregonian: "We sup- for the proletariat rather than system of Socialism under gov-

bringing it on Exploitation izing the needs of the multitude,

of public utilities hurries it for-ward. Operators everywhere are seizing their opportunity to 'capitalize' the wants of the pub-

lic, in ways to create great pro-perties and to obtain great divi-President Roosevelt for regula-

dends. The people believe that tion and control of the railroads. the only check to these schemes. It is furthered by efforts every-of plutocracy lies in a Socialist where exerted, and witnessed in movement, under which the pro-

ductive forces may be transform- capitalize public functions, and

ed into socialized effort. The to turn them to private profit,

Oregonian has not been willing for support of first families in to see this change. But in the luxury and idleness. It is not an

contest that is coming—forced by issue which this newspaper has the greed of capitalism and of sought. Gladly, rather, it would exploitation—it finds itself com-

illed to yield to new conditions. it is upon us today, and it chal-In the contest between greed and lenges attention, and tomorrow privilege on the one hand, and and next year its demands will

The mayor of Phoenix, Arizona. was recently ousted from office be the people for municipal ownership of the water works. Things do seem to be "kinder" changing round!

If many more of the wealth barons of this country are indicted and thrown into jail criminal life may come to be looked on as res-pectable. Anything the rich do is all right, you know.

Farce comedy isn't in it with the atest plays on the commercia checker board in the task of purifying the Equitable life insurance company. The papers gave the publie to understand that one of the men who would assume control in the interest of honest administration was Thomas F. Ryan, and the amount of disinterested purifying he will do may be judged by Thomas Lawson's characterization of him as

"the frenziedest of all frenzied financiers." The poor old Equitable And now it is Hungary that | seems to be in much the same boat wants to throw off the feudal yoke as Diogenes of old. It will have to

Glory is one thing and the main The papers tell us that the Oneida Wallace of the Isthmian Canal Commission resigned the other day tion in severalty, are disposing of to take a higher priced job and Secretary Taft remonstrated with reduced to trampdom. The cutting him in these words: "For mere lucre up of the Indian lands was brought you change your position over night, but these are not the days of miracles, and the law of get-there-ism upon which the capitalist system is based, does not care for the mere irritated opinion of a politician like

must be taken to defend it from

the encroachments both of mono-

poly and Socialism."

The Financial Chronicle:

"There is no development of the times more significant than the progress which paternal theories

of government appear to be mak-

ing in this country. Until with-in the last few years the move-ment had little of tangible result

to its credit. But now these theo-

ries and ideas are finding con-

crete expression in legislation

and in strenuous attempts to add other statutes of the same type

Not content with urging that

government should take over the so-called public utilities, the advocates of Socialism and pater-

nalism in public affairs are insist-ing boldly and badly upon ex-

Worse Than Was Expected!

THE so-called Industrial Convention in Chicago has finally adjourned after top days or reached. journed after ten days or more of continual talking and very little working, and has launched what has been styled as the Industrial Workers of the World.

As to the outcome, I will quote from the report of the Chicago Socialist. It was evidently written by a man who participated n it and who was in close touch with all that has been going on.

"Up to the time of going to press the De Leon and Hagerty factions have dominated the convention. There is an old proverb which says that extremes meet, which seems to hold good in the alliance effected between Hagerty and De Leon to control this convention. We find Daniel De Leon, who has for many years been the oracle of the Socialist Labor Party in all its political contests, working hand in hand and consulting cheek by jowl with T. J. Hagerty, who deprecates all political action on the part of the working class as a means of emancipating themselves

from wage slavery.

"From all present appearances when the convention now in session finishes its work the real workers represented there will have just what." they had when they started; the-Western Federation of Miners and the American Labor Union, plus an absurd and ridiculous name, and one of the utopian wheels from the head of Delegate T. J. Hagerty, to which will be added the dead weight of De Leon's scab organization, the S. T. and L. A.

"We are of the opinion that the experience of the bona fide workingmen in this convention, who see the necessity of industrial organization, will teach them, when they call conventions in future, to seat delegates who represent labor organizations and leave the ex-priests, excollege professors and individuals who represent nothing but themselves to do the theoretical talking and writing on the outside, where they are often very useful,"

Judging from this report and from the meeting held in Milwaukee under the auspices of the Socialist Labor Party, where Prof. Daniel DeLeon, Father Thomas Hagerty, and National Committeeman William Trautmann from Ohio spoke, I shall have to somewhat revise my opinion of that convention. It is not an attempt to revive the American Labor Union. That may have been the intention of Debs, Coates, Moyer, and some of the western miners originally. But it has turned out to be simply an attempt to strengthen the Socialist Labor pary and to revive

the old and defunct Socialist Trades and Labor Alliane Only I must say that Daniel De Leon and the Socialist Labor party have degenerated fearfully. The Socialist Trades and Labor Alliance had some well-defined principles and a philosophy of its own. It was wrong in its direction, but it at least went straight in that direction. The so-called Industrial Workers of the World is nothing of the kind-Its preamble shows it to be a desperate scheme of desperate schemers, am very sorry that the name of Eugene V. Debs is connected with it.

I am also very sorry that some of the Milwaukee comrades make this scheme the pretext of knocking the party and the trades union

Why should we in Milwaukee, who are generally conceded to be in the advance guard of the progressive labor movement in America, try to split up the trade unions? And why should any Socialistic trades unionist or any progressively thinking workingman withdray from his national organization, thus weakening the progressive elements in the American Federation of Labor?

When the great mass of the trades union movement, or at least, the

most intelligent part of it, have learned the advantages of industrial-ism and get ready to adopt it, then they will get it. Not sooner. Our duty is to educate and agitate within the trades union move-

The path of development for the trades union movement is simple enough. The union movement will just have to follow the evolution of industry. Some trades unions have learned the lesson. Some of the large international unions are building now on lines of industrialism. Others will follow. All the others will follow so much the sooner, if we stay in and do our duty in the trades unions, and in the labor mo

Comrades, of late years we have been very proud of the Milwaukee trades union movement. It was known all over the country to be largely Socialistic, yet it also has the reputation of being sane, scientific and

Comrades, let us live up to our reputation. Let us continue to try to build up a labor movement with two arms, a political arm and an economic arm. Quit knocking! Go to work! Strengthen your trade union in every possible way. Distribute sane Socialist literature on every occasion. Build up the Social-Democratic party and show the world what Milwaukee can do for

the American movement.

and of vested rights. It will take it by a system of mondinative poly under private control or a ble feeling of uneasiness."

It will take it should create a considerable feeling of uneasiness."

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In the Grand Duchy of Baden. The Baden government had for bidden speeches by foreign members many other men who have gone broke, but then they are only common working trash, and who cares for its installed, this plan will be carbined out.

Social-Democratic Party of Wisconsin will soon be a thing of the past, and of the millions anyway, and that's that is should create a considerable in the Grand Duchy of Baden. The Baden government had for bidden speeches by foreign members many other men who have gone broke, but then they are only common working trash, and who cares to cialist leader in the Reichtstag, at taked Prince von Buclow, the imperial chancellor, because he prohibited Mr. Jaures, the Socialist leader in the French chamber of deputies, speaking at Berlin today, that the his, ought to know that the take the prohibited Mr. Jaures, the Socialist leader in the French chamber of deputies, speaking at Berlin today, that the thing called American Patriot the thing called American Patriot the thing called American Patriot the neighboring Swiss town of leading pretty small for a man of such imperial that the same private control in the Grand Duchy of Baden. The Baden government had forbidden speeches by foreign members many other men who have called the same private control in the Grand Duchy of Baden. The Baden government had forbidden speeches by foreign members many other men the Reichtstag, at taked Pri

manipulating a government bond issue, while he was a government the parasitic rich. Thus, it says: "The Daily News is opposed to the crowd were on hand and permitted consolidation of our district school consolidation of our district school consolidation." friend observing that \$750 a year about as hig a burden as many of contemplates devoting space to news seemed a small allowance for her dead allowance for her d der, after the bids had been opened.
Subsequently Eckels was made president of one of the Standard Oil reason that his appointments would company's banks in New York, be Socialistic, and we will have all, When such a man opposes Socialism the Socialism we want before his we consider that Socialism has been term of office expires without carry-

was one of the three star speakers at a public meeting called by the S. L. It would be cruel, of course, P. The meeting was extensively advertised by large posters issued by the Milwaukee S. L. P.

was one of the three star speakers at a public meeting called by the S. L. It would be cruel, of course, remind Daniel DeLeon that he now embarked in a movement be the Milwaukee S. L. P.

A dispatch from Germany says Kaiser Wilhelm has gone broke, that the European Socialist congress, opened July 9 at Constance, of five millions anyway, and that's

and if past experience counts for anything, the result will be an eyeopener for the plutes and a pleasant surprise for the Socialists of Wisconsin.

The plan to-install a printing are all anxious to see the expenses of the movement in Wisconsin reduced at least \$1,000 per annum, and this is what the printing plant the burdens of the party workers. It will do as soon as it is paid for,

The raising of funds to carry on will very materially strengthen the which will be in three conference then adjourned to the thing callets, ought to know that the party to know the size of the movement in Wisconsin reduced at least \$1,000 per annum, and this is what the printing plant to know that the thing callets, ought to know that the party to know the size of the movement in Wisconsin reduced at least \$1,000 per annum, and this is what the printing are all anxious to see the expenses of the movement in Wisconsin reduced at least \$1,000 per annum, and this is what the printing for the conference then adjourned to the thing callets, ought to know that the thing callets, ought to know the size of the thing callets, ought to know the size of the conference then adjourned to the indication of the conference then adjourned to the thing callets, ought to know the size of the conference then adjourned to the thing callets, ought to know the size of the conference then adjourned to the thing callets, ought to know the size of the conference then adjourned to the thousant the size of the conference then adjourned to the size of the conference then adjourned to the conference the conference the conference the conference then adjourned to the c

we consider and Socialism has been given a boost. We should feel ing it into the city schools." Very chagrinned if such as he approved of our movement.

The fellow Trautmann, who began the heresy-hunt against Wisconsin, is now showing how a "loval" would improve the schools and pay, party member should comport himself. In Milwaukee last week, he, although a national committeeman,

popular rights on the other, it be more imperative still. The tending still further the area of will follow the demands of the astonishing growth of it is due to government dominion and gov-

people, because it belongs to the the inordinate greed of a plutornment control. It is natural people. It must stand with them cracy which never will admit that a movement which is becom-

rather than with those who contend for the fictions of privilege and of vested rights. It will take "Unless competition is to be abolits place in the ranks of the proletariat and struggle with and poly under private control or a able feeling of uneasiness."

party membership is made up almost champion of their cause, free from wholly of wageworkers, the provid-ing of funds for ordinary running sulting from the contract method of picnic reach our expectations, the expenses of the branches is in itself having the work done. The Herald

PRINTING PLANT FUND.

surprise for the Socialists of Wisconsin.

The raising of funds to carry on the burdens of the party workers. It will do as soon as it is paid for, the burdens of the party workers. It will do as soon as it is paid for, which will be in three years after the plant is installed. Surely, this is an object well worth striving for. Let's keep eternally at it, until success crowns our efforts.

Surprise for the Socialists of Wisconsin with a fearless what the printing plant will do as soon as it is paid for, will do as soon as it is paid for, which will be in three years after the plant is installed. Surely, this is an object well worth striving for. Let's keep eternally at it, until success crowns our efforts.

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Ex-Secretary of the U. S. Treatant will do as soon as it is paid for.

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There is another story, given on the authority of "Ian MacLaren," of a young married lady who was asked to the bouse party of an old friend for the weck-end:

Bridge is played, and although she knows a little about it, she excuses Lerself as not being a sufficiently good player, It is pointed out that every one must play and no doubt she will do well enough. She has a suspicion that not only is money risked on the game, but that it is risked to a considerable amount. She is assured that it is nothing. At the close of the evening she discovers that the lost \$175.

Some Letters to an American Farmer.

V. THE INDEPENDENT FARMER IS A MYTH. - THE TRUE SIGNIFICANCE OF THE GRANGE included, also the small farmers and AND THE ALLIANCE MOVEMENTS IS MADE CLEAR.

By CLAYTON J. LAMB, of Dryden, Michigan.

DEAR BROTHER JO: Statistics are dry. Long columns of figures are uninteresting to most people. Only students care to dig among them, so I will defer figures till later.

The independent farmer is a myth. In these days of semi-socialized production there are no independent people. We are dependent upon ch other. Machinery has made us dependent. Socialists reognize this fact and propose the arrangement of the terms of this inter-dependence in the interest of the producers of wealth, the working class. At present the terms of our inter-dependence are dictated by capitalists in the interest of the capitalist class.

The independent farmer! The idea has been preached until many cople actually believe it. But let us see how it actually is. My neighors, I presume, are fair samples. On the southeast is Uncle Jake's larm, now occupied by renters who work all the time. They have been renters for years. I can't speak as to the hours and days they put in, but their landlord is well pleased with them. On the southeast lives a widow with two or three boys. The boys have little time for school; they are too busy. Early and late they are at it, and they are aged beyond their years. They think they are working for themselves when in fact the are working for the fraction of what they actually produce—the

trusts generously taking the most of it. On the southeast is neighbor Taylor whose farm is of sixty acres. He is our pathmaster. He drove in here the other day to "warn" us to go to work on the road, and was telling me that he had not been away from home at milking time, night or morning, for a year and a half The trusts have him tied up to three cows and is making him hustle about fifteen hours a day. Taylor has a pretty clear idea that he is pretty nearly a slave to the "system," and begins to see the way out of his Egypt. On the cast is another fifteen-hour-a-day farmer. Tappan is doing two men's work and his wife helps him in the field. He gits the crumbs that fall from the rich man's table, is a prohibitionist and a Methodist. He thinks men ought to be good and contented. His son has just graduated from our high school and is said to be looking for an essier job than 15-hour-a-day-farming. On the northeast lives a man, a painter, poisoned by lead till he is an invalid at thirty-five years of age. He has come with his family from the city to the country, hoping for restoration to health. One of my neighbors on the north is a carpenter as well as a farmer. He gets up in the morning at four, works two hours and a half in his fields, bolts his breakfast, works at carpentry ten hours and after a six o'clock supper does farm work as long as be can see. He makes about fifteen hours a day. My other neighbor on the north is a wage worker. He works ten hours a day and then "knocks off." So there you have it—the "independent" farmer and the wage-worker. Once in a while, thanks to the blessed railroad corporations which run cheap Sunday excursions, the "independent" farmer gets an

In a former letter I promised to point out the way, and it would seem the only way, in which farmers had organized and could organize. It is true that farmers have in recent years twice set up strong organizations and done quite a lot of business. Once was in 1874, during the panic of '73 to '79. Times were mighty hard then and the good old grange called the farmers together. They met in country school houses mostly and there they deliberated. Their grange was almost a sacred place to them and among other things they highly resolved that it should not be contaminated with that hateful thing-politics. There should be no politics in this grange-not a bit of it. The grange would keep out of politics and it would keep politics out of the grange. Nevertheless, the grange went heels over head into politics-and they surprised not only who had an idea the farmers could never organize—never do anything for themselves, but they surprised even themselves. Like a flash they captured state legislatures, filled them full of grange farmers and they proceeded to legislate for themselves and even to amend state constitutions. Through the agricultural west the farmers became a great power and considerable grange legislation was the result. Then panic, with its stress of hard times passed, the farmers got a breathing nell, a few more crumbs fell for them from the rich man's table, and they settled down again rather contentedly to work for their capitalist masters. The grange movement slumped, the good old parties were given credit for having brought prosperity. Thirty-one years ago the gentle agriculturist became militant and then a tub was thrown to the whale, the grange subsided, and capitalism was again on deck.

occasional outing

Again in 1889 came the mumblings of an approaching economic rm. It was the Farmers' Alliance this time. This movement spread over the south and west and everywhere their shibboleth was "Keep the Alliance out of Politics; Keep Politics out of the Alliance!" But they couldn't do it. The Alliance went into politics all over. They captured several states, elected congressmen and United States senators and cinring the time of the panic until 1896 the farmers made themselves felt in the councils of the nation. Then "good times" came again, the far-mers nodded off to sleep and lulled by the sweet song of prosperity, they went back willingly to the service of the capitalist masters. There are no farmers in congress now—just lawyers, bankers, and other good peo-ple whom the farmers send there to make the laws for them. And these

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grafters will look after the interests of the farmers-of course they will -just as a wolf would look after the interests of a flock of sheep.

Most people have splendid forgetters. Their forgetters are better than their thinking apparatus, but you will remember these grange and

alliance movements and can draw logical conclusions from them.

There is an old saying which was: "You'll never miss the water till the well runs dry." When the farmers got "hard up" in 1874 and till the well runs dry." When the farmers got "hard up" in 1874 and 1893 they missed the water—and then they forgot, and capitalism resamed its old game.

These Grange and Alliance movements are full of significance. First they prove that farmers can organize when they go about it; second that their effective organizations are political, even in spite of the farmers themselves, and third that heretofore farmers' organizations have been spasmodic and short-lived. It is too bad, but they all prove that farmers never go about it to organize till they feel the financial pinch.

Economic or business organizations of farmers is impossible for many reasons: 1. Their numbers are so large. 2. Their isolation caused by the nature of their occupation. 3. Their adverse interests as producers, the cotton-grower's interest being adverse to the wool-grower's the corn-grower's interest adverse to the feeder's, etc. 4. Their divided interests as capitalists and working men, the one interest playing against the other. They cannot organize as capitalists because they have a labor interest, and they cannot organize as workingmen because they have a capitalist interest. Hence, all their organizations are necessarily short-lived. When the Trust method of production includes agriculture, as it now does mining, manufacturing and transportation, then the farmers will have only their labor interest left and then they will be able to effect a permanent organization. As it is, their spasmodic efforts at organization only occur at those periods when their interests, as wealth producers, are most generously associated by Capitalism; that is, during periods of panic and financial depression.

A harsh definition of a trust is: A Trust is a business association of gentlemen who have too much sense to compete against each other when they can do better, for themselves, by co-operating against those who do not know enough to enable them to co-operate.

And Socialism may be defined again as the business association of class-united workingmen who have too much sense to compete against each other for the benefit of mere property owners when they can do better for themselves and their families by co-operating against those who do no useful work, but who merely boss the jobs and divide the products of labor according to the dictates of their own material inter-

The history of the past generation seems to indicate that no form of effective organization is open or available to farmers except the political form, and that they are capable of exercising great influence in that field is already demonstrated by the grange movement in the seventies and the alliance movement in the ninetics. That these movements collapsed proves that they were not properly based—that they contained in themselves the elements of their own destruction. Indeed it was said: 'No servant can serve two masters; for either he will hate one, and love the other; or else he will hold to the old one and despise the other." farmers cannot serve both those two contending classes-Labor and Capital. If they try to serve one they oppose the other. They cannot organize on those terms.

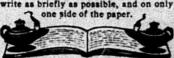
Only as workingmen can farmers organize and become strong. As apitalists they are a puny people—it is as workingmen that they feed the world. Modern machinery enables Labor to produce so abundantly that it will no longer call any man master-and all Labor must respond to these new conditions. When no man is the servant of any other man, that will be Socialism.

Your Brother, Dryden, Mich.

C. J. LAMB.

STUDENT'S CORNER.

write as briefly as possible, and on only one side of the paper.



Several Points in Socialist

.Doctrine. Comrade Carl D. Thompson has written the following answer to a Western comrade, Robert Randell, in reply to a personal letter, and permits us to publish it for the benefit of others.

Dear Sir and Comrade: Yours of June 18 has been forwarded to me here where I am spending a few

lays in rest. I take pleasure in

replying to your question as follows: 1. "A spade, a wheelbarrow, horse and carriage" and similar implements are "means of production," but are of so slight importance relatively, that their ownership does not carry with it the power of exploiting others. "Capital" in the scientific Socialist's sense, is that kind of wealth used in producing more wealth which by being owned by one person or class of persons and used by another carries with it the nower of robbing the user. All such 1. "A spade, a wheelbarrow, horse wealth is capital, and, according to the Socialist's theory should be owned by the people collectively. All other wealth may safely be left in private hands. Now such implements as above mentioned are not of enough importance to enable owners to exploit others. If they were, of if they should ever become so, then Socialism would take them Socialism is not a fixed or cut

and dried program, but a philosophy of PRINCIPLES. chinist—and, by the way, a Social-ist—who works in the big factory, owns a small shop in the yard of his

"." Correspondents are requested to is the essential point in our philosophy. The public ownership of get Socialism all at once, in a day the essential means of production or a month. It will take time, Even and distribution destroys the power of one man or set of men to rob another man or set of men. To accomplish this it is sufficient for the collectivity to take over such wealth as is accumulated in the greater means of production and distribution.

> 2. You ask if I believe in buying the public industries from the capitalists at their market value. No, that would be unjust, because the market value is fictitious. It is perhaps from three to five times the actual value. I do believe, however, tual value. I do believe, however, that we should offer as a part of our program, and as the platform of the Social-Democratic party of Wisconindex of the state or national control of the stenographer and framed up a monopoly for his gress. And thus for years—for twenty-five years in Germany—our twenty-five years in Germany—ou

comrades in America who seem to ner the parasitic class would not distink that in order to be real scienary appear instantly. But what would tific Socialists they must advocate happen and what we could basten is confiscation pure and simple, have not taken pains to study this subtific Socialists they must advocate confiscation pure and simple, have not taken pains to study this subject. Every one of the creat Socialist writers and thirtiers of the of PRINCIPLES.

SMALL factories MAY be privately owned. For example at Elgin, Ill., where I lived for years, is the great Elgin watch factory, largest in the world. A friend of mine, a machinist—and, by the way, a Socialchinist—and, by the way, a Socialist—who works in the big factory, owns a small shop in the yard of his house. This little shop he has furnished with considerable machinery all these men, and indeed all thorough the standard of the same of the sa

and consider men like Kautsky and Marx and Vandervelde, all of issuing interest-bearing bends, would the working class get the full products of their toil, and would we not still have a

first of all, that no scientific Socialist ever supposed that we could if the Socialist party were in power tomorrow it would take many months and perhaps years at the least to readjust all our complicated social order to the principles of Socialism. Furthermore, we must not forget that it will not be in power to-morrow, and will not be for many years, nor will it come into power everywhere all at once. Events do not shape themselves to suit our What is happening is that the Socialists all over the world are

the least costly method of procedure; we believe in proposing the peaceful program for the solution.

The forceful expropriation of the capitalists without compensation is not an essential part of the Socialist not an essential part of the Socialist party should come into power. There is no possible way that that could be accomplished. And in like manning the second should be accomplished. vanced we could hasten it; exactly in proportion as this preceded the

And this could be accomplished peacefully and rapidly in the fol-lowing manner: Suppose we buy public utilities at actual value, isnished with considerable machinery and here he spends his evenings experimenting. It would be absurd to suppose that Socialism would take this little factory from him. Of course, such factories would not be owned by CAPITALISTS in our sense of that term, for there would be no "capitalist," under Socialism. However, they might be owned by men who might also engaged them paid them the full products of their toil. You can see that under Socialism if such a man offered to pay less than the full products of their toil, who would not work for them, but rather would go at once to the collectively owned factory where they would secure it. It is this that the socialist reader in Germany—all those men, and indeed all thoroughlists, see and point to up the wisdom of compensation. It trust that if you lave been told that the Socialist party must "confiscate" the socialist party inust "confiscate" the money. We would then be paying interest obearing bonds to get the money. We would then be paying interest on bonds to the rich the Socialist party inust "confiscate" the money. We would then be paying interest on bonds to the rich the socialist party inust "confiscate" the money. We would then be paying interest on bonds to the rich the Socialist party inust "confiscate" the money. We would then be paying interest on bonds to the rich the Socialist party inust "confiscate" the money. We would then be paying interest on bonds to the rich the Socialist party inust "confiscate" that the Socialist hat five a socialism. It is a socialist and pour the wisdom of compensation. It is a money to would not the wisdom of compensation. It is a money to get the money. We would then be paying interest obearing bonds to get the money. We would then be paying interest on bonds to the rich the Socialist hat the Socialist paying interest on bonds to get the money. It is an interest obearing bounds to get the money. It is money to wond the money. It is an interest obearing bounds to get the money. It is an interest obearing bounds to get the mone

who says: "Mark well, we do not un- to labor, and finally completely abolderstand merely the hand workers. ish all unearned incomes and thus secure to all the full products of their toil.

but every one who does not live on

And now you say: "If labor cre-

ished as it was in America without

But I believe, as nearly every one of

holders. Lovejoy, Phillips, Garri-

in England and the question peace-

and so our nation trod the bloody

I am for peace. I am for getting

relief from capitalism in the easiest,

the cheapest, the quickest way pos-

leaders of the Socialist movement of

struggles the impatient, the angry,

the thoughtless, the fanatic. They

constitute the gravest danger in the

movement. They may easily lead

us by the way of violence, of blood-

shed, of world agony. But many of

these same would be first to desert

us when the crisis came. And after

all the tragedy we would not have

Socialism. With all my heart I hope

our American Socialist movement

will be wise enough to follow the

thought and advice of the thought-

sible.

the world.

path of four years of tragic war ..

the labor of another. Besides the city and country laborers must be This is the method that is urged by Karl Kautsky in his very valutraders who groan under the burden able work on Social Revolution. And of capital even as the laborers I would urge you to read this. It is proper. Yes, in many cases even more." (Socialism: What It Is, etc., an eminently wise and considerate utterance. See pages 118-124. 5. The difference between our

proposition to compensate the capites all wealth, why would it not be italist owners of public utilities and right for labor to take the wealth it the municipal or government ownas created without compensation." ership which will be very likely ad-I believe it would be right. And I vocated by capitalist parties lies in cannot say that it will not be done. the fact that the Socialist principles It would be right, but it would not will always provide in some way for be the wisest, nor the best nor the the gradual and finally for the comcheapest way. I believe it was right plete disappearance of all unearned that slavery should have been abolincomes. 6. There is no doubt that the cap-

compensation to the slave holders. italist class are even now undertaking to limit and restrict the franthe great abolitionists believed, that chise of the working class. The efit would have cost infinitely less in forts are cautious and in the nature money, in blood, in houses, homes, of a test of public sentiment to see cities and human lives-infinitely how far it can safely be carried. Alless to have compensated the slave- ready in some states they have disfranchised some by extending the son, Mrs. Stowe and even Lincoln length of time of necessary residence favored this. It was done this way to qualify one to vote. primary election laws which are befully solved. But in America there was not enough sanity, not enough ing insinuated upon the people have certain provisions that also disfranwisdom, conciliation, nor sense of chise the working class more. It is justice to make this course possible, safe to say that the capitalists would never dare to entirely disfranchise the workers. And if they did-if the capitalist class should take from the people their right to vote, the ballot, then but one weapon would YOU NEED GLASSES? And I believe that way is be left. Then the ballot, the political by offering to compensate the capitalists. And I have with me in this franchise, could only be regained by the same measure by which it was belief all the best and wisest of the first secured, viz., by the power of revolution.

If I have not answered your ques We have to-day in this movement tions to your entire satisfaction, I hope you will write me again. as there have been in other great CARL. D. THOMPSON.

Lincoln, Neb.

Aftermath of the Industrial Convention.

From the Despatches.

Chicago, Ill., July 9. That Eurene V. Debs, who has been regarded as the "head and front" of the 'industrial unionist" movement, practically has withdrawn from the Industrial Workers of the World, ding Gifts at the lowest possible price whom urge exactly what I am urg- the new international labor union ing as the easiest, the best, wisest which was launched yesterday by and least costly method of preced- the convention at Brand's hall, became 'the general understanding 4. You ask: "If we should when he was not present to be inbuy up the public utilities by stalled as a member.

Debs, who was looked upon as the 'oracle and inspiration" of the convention, has not been present at session since last week. parasite class—the bond-holders?" to have become disgusted with the In reply to this I must remind you, faction which gained control of the convention, and to have gone to North Dakota to make Socialist speeches to the farmers.

Wherever he went the leaders have not been able to reach him by communication.

According to the Referendum, Comrade A. M. Simons left the Industrial convention in disgust the second day and "declared himself out" of the affair. But he returned the following day, so as to get a complete dose of the hybrid affair.

The Chicago Socialist planned to print the stenographic reports of the industrial convention, but after coming gradually, very gradually it had printed a small portion the into power, first in a city here and supply was shut off by De Leon,

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when you drink Schlitz Beer.



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Vogenitz & Ruhnke, Prop

Australia's Experience With Old Age Pensions.

AN INTERESTING AND HUMANE EXPERIMENT THAT THE WORKERS SHOULD KEEP TRACK OF.

garded in the light of an experiment, and its adoption by the commonrealth government will depend largely on the success of the working details and the means of obtain-

In New South Wales the old age and by £1 for every £15 of property that the pensioner possesses. Where a claimant, although he has a husband and wife are each en-attained the statutory age of 65 titled to a pension, the amount is years, appears to be physically capfixed at £19 10s a year each, unless able of earning or partly earning his they are living apart under a de-living a pension may be refused or cree of the court or a deed of sepa-fixed at a lower sum than 8s. The ration, when the full sum of £26 statutory maximum of pensions is will be allowed. Persons under 65 diminished by 6d per week for every years of age but over 60 years are en-titled to pensions if they are inca-claimant, or by the value of the pacitated by sickness or injury from board and lodgings which he may earning their livelihood, but debility due merely to age is not considered as an incapacitating sickness.

13,957 pensions were granted, invol- of the pensioner, where their means ving a monthly payment of £28,037 are sufficient to allow them to do so; (\$140,185). The pension list gradu-otherwise they will have to prove ally increased as persons entitled to their inability to aid in the cost of claim made good their rights, and supporting their relative.
on Jul- 1 the number of pensions The granting of pensions depends was 22,252, the monthly pension bill upon whether any money is availbeing £44,362 (\$221,810).

ed, and from that date onward there at £150,000 (\$750,000) per annum. has been a gradual decline, both in The number of persons of 65 years the number of pensioners and the of age and upward resident in the amount payable. In August, 1904, commonwealth on June 30, 1904, the number was 20,438, and the was estimated at 159,300, but it is monthly payments £40,617 (\$203,- believed that the actual figures are 085). This is the lowest point lower. reached since the pension system has been in full operation. The avertem being federalized consists in the age annual pension is now about £23 fact that residence of twenty years 16s and it has varied little since the in the case of Victoria, and of twenty

different. The average weekly in-Ident to the granting of a pension

The system of old age pensions, come of a claimant during the six at present confined to New South months immediately preceding the and Victoria, must be re- grant of a pension must not have amounted to 8s per week (in New South Wales the sum allowed is £1 per week); he must also have made efforts to provide for himself, which is not necessary in ing the necessary funds, the latter New South Wales, where the pennecessary involving some form of sion is granted in consideration of additional taxation, through the old age, and a citizen may enjoy his federal customs, says a Sydney, N. pension on attaining the age of 65 S. W., letter to the New York whether he is able to work or not; indeed, the law allows him to supplement his income to the extent of 10s per week in the case of New state parliament, specifies a pension South Wales, the total income being of £20 (\$130) a year, and by £1 for enjoyed by the pensioner may, thereevery £1 of income above £26 a year, fore, in that state amount to 20s per week.

receive, such value being taken at 5s per week.

Relatives-if the father, mother, The pension system came into brother, sister, or child—are reforce on Aug. 1, 1901, at which date quired to assist in the maintenance

able to pay them, the total amount This was the highest point attain- being fixed by the state parliament

pension system came into force.

In Victoria the system is slightly South Wales is a condition prece-

There are a large number of persons who have been twenty-five years in Australia, but whose time has been spent in two or more states, and who therefore, would not under any state system likely to be put into opera-tion be entitled to a state pension. These persons would be eligible un-der a federal system to receive pensions in virtue of their residence in Australia.

The estimated cost of a federal system, based on the New South Wales rates, would be £1, 475,000 (\$7,380,000) per annum, or if persons between the ages of 60 and 65, incapacitated by reason of physical infirmity from earning their livelihood were included, about £1,630,

000 (\$8,150,000.)

It was anticipated by the introducers of the old age pension system that there would be a reduction in expenditure on poor relief, especially n as lums, but the expectation was without reasonable foundation, the classes of people affected by the two systems of relief being essentially distinct: consequently little or no reduction in the expenditure on poor relief can be traced to the stablishment of the old age pension system.

The Wreck of the 20th Century Limited at Mentor, O.

If the Co-operative Commonwealth had gone into effect on Mar. 4th last, the 18-hour train which was wrecked at Mentor, O., last night, would likely have reached New York this morning.

At present the roads are run for profit, and the thought of safety is

only secondary.

I believe that when Socialism is once established, men will be stationed at the switches to prevent

It is not a question of the ability o find plenty of men to take such job. The roads have crippled and maimed enough employes to place one at every street crossing and at every main switch and then not exhaust the supply of cripples who are now out of work, or begging at street corners and bridges. But it would cut down the net earnings of the stockholders, and the dividends would be smaller, and that would be hell for the capitalistic class.

It is only a cataclysm which arouses sentiment now-a-days in America.

A Johnstown flood, an Iroquois heater fire or a like disaster are made necessary to make people stop and think and breathe in the mad rush for dollars.

cratic Herald. Do it now!

ganized at Cleveland.

contributions to the revolutionary

The Socialist editors who object

it urges the workers to go into the organized labor movement because it is an "interference" in said move-

Illinois comrades are balloting for a national committeeman. Com-rades A. M. Simons and Seymour Stedman are in the lead. Comrade

Social-Democratic party of America. The blind Socialist agitator, J. B.

nent, are straining at gnats.

movement in Russia.

broader, also.

Some More Modern Instances.

, By Rev. J. M. A. Spence, in The Vanguard.

classes and class antagonisms.

Ex-mayor Seth Low of New York says: "Corporations have no votes, but they have money, and it is no exaggera-tion to ray that the money of the cor-porations is often more influential in shaping legislation than the votes of the people. The statement of a railroad magnate, that in Republican counties he was a Republican and in Democratic magnate, that iz Republican counties he was a Republican, and in Democratic counties he was a Democrat, but that everywhere he was for the railroad, was a cynical admission of an attitude easily understood but none the less dangerous." This is what our boasted democracy has come to in the hands of capitalism. And this is what it will continue to be so long as the great plant of civilization is the private property of the few. Political democracy is impossible of realization without industrial democracy, or Socialism.

to cease to feel discontent." This is true, and as profoundly wise as would be the announcement that when there is nowhere on a man's person an itching spot, large or small, he will not scratch himself. But in view of the fact that the spirit of discontent is growing daily and assuming the proportions of a social revolution, there must surely be something radically, wrong with the Republican management of affairs. Let the Fresident study the Socialist movement and he will see that it has a "legitimete basis" and that the American people will never "cease to feel discontinuous discont

What a horrid, cruel system is this in which we are constantly crowding one another to the wall, trampling upon the man who is down, madly scrambling for a foothold regardless of how the other fellow fares, f-aring that to passe the for a moment would mean our own destruction! Yet 'his is the order of things for whiel, capitalism and eapitalistic political parties stand. Socialism grows because men do not want to keep up this inhuman strife forever. They want to five like men and brethren, and they are turning rapidly to Socialism which means the end of classes and class antagonisms. and corrupters of government are found in the pews of the churches every Sun-

Here is some more "Commercialized Christianity." In an interview quoted in the Miericary Herritt, organ of the American Board which has just accepted the Rockefeller gift, the Hon. F. S. Stratton, of San Francisco, who has recently returned from a light property to the cently returned from a journey to the East, said: "I went out opposed to the missionary movement in Chins. I, however, have been converted by what I have seen... Commercially speaking, the missionaries are the advance agents for the American commercial enterprises. If husiness were converted enterprises."

The commercial enterprises is the service of the commercial enterprises. If husiness were commercial enterprises. tinue to be so long as the great plant of civilization is the private property of the few. Political democracy is impossible of realization without industrial democracy, or Socialism.

The Wall Street Journal is seeing things and delivers itself with commendable frankness as follows: "The king can do no wrong was the principle which law of the second the service of the American commercial enterprises. If business men only understood this better they would assist rather than discourage the evangelistic work in the east." This tip ought to be worth several millions to the "big business" men and incidentally a few thousand to the Missionary Board in sending out "advance agents,"—beg pardon, in "sending the gospel to the heather."

mendable frankness as follows: "The king can do no wrong was the principle which lay at the foundation of the theory of the divine right of kings." Not till the haves and well-to-do come succeeded by the twentieth century theory of the divine right of high finance, at the base of which stands the principle of the kings of industry can do no wrong. Our court circular newspapers have been disseminating this idea very industriously during the past few years. There are, however, signs of a revolt. People do not like the idea of a self-perpetuating, irresponsible monarch in business any more than they like the absolute monarch in gyvernment. The agitation of the eighteenth century was freedom from political despotism. The agitation of today is for freedom from financial absolutism."

Some time ago, President Rossevelt made the statement that: "When there is no legitimate basis for discontent the wrong direction for a remedy, it is not Some time ago, President Roosevelt conditions. Mr. Rainsford is right in made the statement that: "When there is no legitimate basis for discontent the wrong direction for a remedy, it is not American public is sure, sooner or later, charity but justice the poor demand. to cease to feel discontent." This is And only under Socialism can social

The word "plutocrat" does not neces sarily mean a rich man. If so, the plutocrats would be in a minority. The fact is, however, that the vast majority of plutocrats are poor men, while some wealthy people are the most genuine of democrats. A plutocrat may be a "worker with a capitalist mind," a dethe President study the Socialist moves ment and he will see that it has a ment and he will see that it has a "legitimate basis" and that the American people will never "cease to feed discontent" until the present capitalistic system of exploitation is overthrown.

A religious exchange quotes from an eastern Bishop the following advice gives to a class of young people: "The first thing for-e young men to do, who who wants to be a specess in the community, is to hire "a seat in a pew at church,"

Socialism Stands for Peace.

Again have the Socialists in troublons times spoken the word that goes for peace.

At the outbreak comrades in France, protesting decording to his deeda.". (Standard pledging their effective and pledging their effective and protesting against the fractricidal strife and pledging their effective and protesting against the fractricidal strife and pledging their effective and protesting to the of Germany sent greeting to their ledging their efforts for peace. The Socialists of France sent back at peace message

At the outbreak of the Russo Japanese war the Socialists of apan sent protestations of brotherhood and peace to the Socialists of Russia and received fraternal greet-

ings in return
When Norway this month severed her political bonds with Sweden, the reactionary agencies made an attempt to plunge the two peoples into war. Promptly the Swedish So-

Just a little game of starving the blood thirsty beast of capitalism into docility.

The people of Sweden and the and International Peace! - New

Notice, Philadelphia.

Everybody wishing to subscribe for the "Social-Democratic Herald" drop a postal to Jos. P. Nick, 517 N. 8th at, and will receive prompt attention.

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DEFINITIONS OF SOCIALISM.

A theory that aims to secure the reconstruction of society, increase of wealth, and a more equal distribution of the products of labor and capital (as distinguished from property), and Prussian war in 1871 the Socialists the public collective management of all industries. Its motto is: "Everyone

an entirely new basis, by substituting the principle of association for that of competition in every branch of human industry. (Worcester's Dictionary.)

Propaganda Bargains!

SOCIALISM: From Utopia to Science. By Frederick Engels.

This is one of the classics of Socialism to war. Promptly the Swedish Socialists sent out a proclamation that the working people of Swear had no quarrel with the working protection of Norway and that in the event of war being declared the working people of Sweden would go on strike.

This is one of the classics of Socialism which no one can afford to pass by. Printed on the best paper, with clear, clean type. A good pamphlet to hand to certain classes of people. No Socialism which no one can afford to pass by. Printed on the best paper, with clear, clean type. A good pamphlet to hand to certain classes of people. No Socialism which no one can afford to pass by. Printed on the best paper, with clear, clean type. A good pamphlet to hand to certain classes of poople. No Socialism which no one can afford to pass by. Printed on the best paper, with clear, clean type. A good pamphlet to hand to certain classes of poople. No Socialism which no one can afford to pass by.

CONFESSIONS OF CAPITALISM.

Eugene V. Debs says: "The pamphlet The people of Sweden and the coople of Norway are a more united people than they even were before.

Long live International Socialism and International Peace! — New Time.

Long live International Peace! — New Time.

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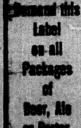
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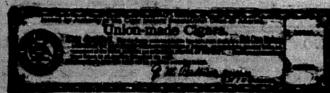
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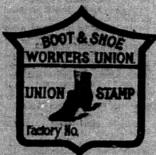
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GLEANINGS FROM BUSY FIELDS several Socialists, some of them high up, into anti-political-actionists who were ready to scoff at the political moven nt and to hall the labor movement as the only possible solution of the class struggle. Funny IN YANKEE LAND. enough it was just the Impossibilist who were the noisiest in this direc-An Italian branch has been ortion, and it shows really how much The Socialist Voice, of Oakland, actual confusion exists in the minds

Cal., is trying to enlarge. We hope of just those who assume to be ultra-this means that it will become scientific in their Socialism! scientific in their Socialism! The New York Worker gives the has been criticised by some of those number of bona his delegates to the chicago industrial convention as 57 and the workers represented at 36, tempt to bring about industrial organization by splitting the labor The Social-Democratic Herald The Crestline-Puyullap resolutions to kill off the Wisconsin movement are now being submitted to referendum of the membership of otherwise? The events in Chicago are our complete vindication.

NATL HDQUARTERS.—The executive committee of the International Socialist Bureau desires to have announced again the address of the International Secretary. All matters to the International Secretary. The Russian Social-Democratic society in New York has so far re-ceived and forwarded \$3,278.49 in NAT'L H'DQUARTERS .- The execu to the national party utterance on the question of trade unions because Comrade Caroline Pemberton of Philadelphia is contributing a column each Monday to the Philadelphia North American under the heading: "Impressions of a Socialist." That's the kind of work that Stedman was formerly a member of the national executive board of the

The blind Socialist agitator, J. B. Osborn, was arrested for street speaking at Oakland, Cal., on July 5. This makes the twenty-second time the capitalist police have locked him up in different parts of the United States. As long as the working peopla cast their ballots for capitalist politicians there will be capitalist-serving chiefs of poince. "Father" Hagerty has gone over to anarchism. At the Chicago in-dustrial convention he made fun of the nee of the ballot to actile the labor question, and the applause of the Anarchists, led by Mrs. Lucy Parsons, was long and vehement. The same sort of talk was engaged in by others for the views of the

ACROSS THE POND.

Berlin, July 6.-Chancellor von Bülow telegraphed to Prince Rado-

lin, the German embassador at Paris, today to inform M. Jaures, the French Socialist leader, that the German government thought it best to debar him from speaking in Ber-lin on July 9, as it had been an-nounced he intended. Varuaerts is jubilant at this stupid blunder of the chancellor and hails him as a Jaures' secretary was seen tonight and said that the deputy was pre-paring to leave for Berlin. He said that M. Jaures knew nothing of the

Von Bülow interdiction on his speech, but that if the report proved true he would go all the same and find a way of delivering a speech."

The chancellor's telegram to

Berlin to cover by his person their MINNEAPOLIS.—Thes. Van Lear has just lately closed a most successful propaganda tour in the northern part of the state. He has been engaged to speak in different wards throughout the city for this month, and is having improvement the party from seeking to prevent the party from seeking

eity for this month, and is having immense crowds.

Comrade Van Lear speaks at 8 P. M.

erray Sunday and Wednesday nights at 4th and Nicollet ave. He will also speak every Thursday night, 8 P. M., on street at Seven Corners, 15th ave. and Washington ave. South.

Thos. H. Lucas, the veteran Socialist speaker, has been holding large street meetings also. He speaker, Sunday nights cor. 4th st. and N. ave. also Sunday nights at "Seven Corpers," 15th and Washington ave., scott, at 8 P. M.

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Social-Democratic Iberald

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY BY THE

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Official Paper of the Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee and of the konsin State Federation of Labor.

The Herald is not responsible for the opinions of its contributors.

Entered at Milwaukee Post-office as Second-class Matter, Aug. 20, 1901.

PREDERIC HEATH, Editor. China 50 5 VICTOR L. BERGER, Associate.



FOR OUR NEW READERS:

THIS COUNTRY is made up of working people, both industrial and agricultural, but is ruled by the capitalist class, which is numerically small. Being in control of the government, it runs that government in the interests of its class and against the interests of the working class, which is the people. We Socialists believe that the country should be ruled by the people in the interests of the people. That is why we established a government in the first place. We want the people to own it so that the political power can be used to begin the march to the co-operative system, called Social-Democracy. All the means of existence are now owned by capitalists, and yet the capitalist class makes up only about 12 per cent of the population, and a mere ONE PER CENT of it OWNS OVER HALF THE WEALTH OF THE NATION! The means of existence should be owned by the collectivity in order that the benefits should go to ALL instead of to a FEW.

Under the capitalist system the vast majority of mankind must sell themselves to the capitalistic owners of the means of production and distribution in order to live-and to live miserably at that.

The nation owns the post office and everybody is glad that it does. It ought to own all the trusts so that all may enjoy the benefits. It ought to own all the means of production as soon as such indus-

tries have become sufficiently concentrated. To bring this about the people-the workers-must get control of the political power. The Social-Democratic party (known as the Socialist party in some states, and nationally) is organized to bring this about this and the abolition of capitalism. It insists that the industrious class shall be the wealthy class, and the idle class the poor class -but it will, in fact, abolish the poor class altogether. The Social-Democratic movement is international, but we expect it to achieve success in the United States first, because the capitalist system, which we mean to uproot, is best developed here. To show you that your inter-

Program of International Social-Democracy:

- Collective ownership of all industries in the hands of Trusts and Combines, and of all public utilities.

 Democratic management of such collective industries and utilities.

ests lie with us we print the following:

- Reduction of the hours of labor and progressively increased Remu-
- State and National Insurance for the workers and honorable rest
- The Inauguration of public Industries to safeguard the workers against lack of employment.
- Education of ALL children up to the age of 18 years. No child labor.
- Equal political and civil rights for men and women IF YOU BELIEVE IN THE ABOVE VOTE WITH THE SOCIAL-

EDITORIAL ETCHINGS.

"While disagreeing with the idea advanced by Mr. Victor Berger that Socialists should be at liberty to vote for the old-party candidates when the Socialist party has no candidates of its own, yet it cannot be denied that, after all, the point at issue is merely a question of Socialist tactics and not Socialist economics, and that we may disagree and yet both be good Socialists.

"The Socialist party in Europe certainly practices the policy that Mr. Berger has advocated, and that it should not do so in America is merely because, in my opinion as well as most other Socialists, such tactics tend

to disrupt the American Socialist political organization.

"That Mr. Berger should have been removed from the National Committee of the Socialist party on account of his advocacy of tactics that have never been specifically and officially condemned by the party in America, and are even endorsed by such leaders as Bebel, in Germany. seems to me entirely unwarranted.

The members of the Socialist party must learn to be tolerant if the expect to be a great political force.
"While I myself disagree with Mr. Berger, not only in his tactics but

also to an extent in his economics, yet I see in him a brother Socialist who is too strong, too honest and too fearless a comrade for us to lose from our national council board.

"I hope to see Mr. Berger reinstated in his old seat."

The above from the pen of Wilshire, in his July issue, helps to show the common sense view in regard to the Berger case that will prevail, once the spell of heresy hunting is lifted and the younger So-cialists can take the view that one seasoned in the movement naturally takes. However Comrade Wilshire's reference to disagreeing with ade Berger "also...in his economics," deserves a wo remember it, the difference in view between them had a little some thing to do with a publicly made prior declaration of Wilshire's that we should have Socialism in three years. This was made at the Indianapolis convention in 1901 and was challenged by Berger. We understand that since then Wilshire has added another three years to his prophesy. but all that aside, Wilshire based his prediction on a remark attributed to Chauncer Depew that the capitalists were rolling up two billions of surplus value with a growing inability to reinvest the same, hence the necessity of Socialism in three years! Comment now is unnecessary further than to say that \$25 additional expenditure per capita would knock that surplus galley—west! And as to what he says about tactics, it may be cruel, but we cannot refrain from quoting back at him these words of his which we have already quoted in these columns: "There may be no objection to Socialists voting for capitalist candidates when the Socialist party has no nominee." However, Comrade Wilshire may have changed his mind.

Some time ago the boot and s'oe be impeached by any who know him or workers' union in Haverhill, Mass, succeeded in unionizing the shoe factory of Hazen B. Goodrich & Co. of that city and established a soof that city and established a socalled "closed shop." The nonunion workers were given a certain spirit of the article. There were union workers were given a certain mechanical reasons why we allowance of time in which to join the union. One of them, Michael T. Berry, a close satelite of DeLeon, refused to join the union and then brought suit against the union for \$1,500 damages for loss of employment, and the capitalist courts awarded him a verdict. The union awarded him a verdict. The union stronger than some others that remained in the article as we printed appealed the case and the higher mained in the article as we printed it, notably these sentences: "It is not my intention to defend Berger not my intention to defend Berger in the decision were not my intention to defend berger in that he arred in Daniel De Leon and D. M. Parry.

Now Berry is represented in the new Chicago industrial organization, and we are told that the new DeLeonized outfit will not scab on the regular unions.

—to the extent that he erred in judgment, he cannot be defended," and "he struck the blow and by so doing, violated the uncompromising ethics of the Socialist party," and "A reasonable rebute would be a reasonable rebute would be a reasonable rebute. Daniel De Leon and D. M. Parry. the regular unions!

Last week the Social Democratic Herald reprinted Debs' article from the Bocialist, but not in full. The following important paragraph was omitted: (Victor L. Berger was wrong, flagrantly wrong, in my judgment; but in permitting the extremely exaperating indignities of a capitalist candidate upon the Socialist party to sting him into preference for a rival capitalist candidate upon preference for a rival capitalist candidate and preference for a rival capitalist candidate was pure and will not get in, for we are good friends of Debs'—better 'han the once.

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The above is a Socialist library in itself!

Now, comrades, let every one get busy. This is your opportunity to reduce—even eliminate—our deficit. Once this is accomplished, the local organization will get all the profits from picnics, etc. What date, his motive was pure and will not get in, for we are good which would be at our command. To work then, comrades! Let's double our circulation and do it at date, his motive was pure and will not get in, for we are good friends of Debs'—better 'han the once.

changed neither the letter nor the -to the extent that he erred "A reasonable rebuke would have served a good purpose." No un-biased reader could have gotten the

The Progressive Rescue of the Wage Slaves-By H.M. Hyndman

all palliatives are useless and that our greatest historian, is curiously trade unions ought not only to be reproduced in those whom we may shown to the world as incompetent call the Tertullians of Socialism. and feeble instruments of class wartion and wholesale unscrupulousness class struggle. It was Bakounine government.

man, Mailly, who played the traitor

in 1901-and we always wish Debs

to appear from his best side, for he

is a noble, warm-hearted fellow.

while the paragraph Mailly quotes

makes him a narrow bigot who is

Mailly falsifies when he says we mis-

represented Debs' position on the Berger case, but then, Mailly's spec-

ialty is falsification and knocking

the party. And if he does not fal-

sify for the mere love of it because

he is a born falsifier, who pays the

come bearing gifts," is an old say-

himself made mistakes in the past,

individuals whose craft is so inces-

sent that it can always be looked

bund S. T. and L. A. can now mas-

querade in a new name to continue

each 2.50

his guerilla union warfare.

claimed himself cock-sure)

own heads, however.

freight?

Our readers can readily see that

ignorant of international tactics.

Not the least funny part of all fare, but should be bitterly opposed this is that Karl Marx is called in torical development or social suron all occasions, will not bear exam- to justify the ferocity of these inination even from the point of view furiate men of the day after to-mor-of pure theory. Nobody will accuse row. How foolish is this. Marx me of having ever urged that the was a revolutionist, undoubtedly, the palliatives of the Social-Demopalliatives of the Socvial-Democratic Federation can transform society. But no man less than he desired to cratic Federation would help on our make twelve o'clock at eleven. He cause if carried by political or any Nobody can deny that I have always was always preaching patience, im-held that trade unions are to a great extent ractionary and injurious to Both he and Engels, also, attached a bolder front to the common enemy the interests of the workers as a far too much importance to the than starvelings brought up in physwhole. But, as Wendell Phillips trade unions of England. More than ical decreptitude. Surely a wellsaid in one of his greatest orations, this, Marx favored the advocacy of housed people has a better chance we are not living in a college, but in palliatives and advised the Socialists than a mass of slum-dwellers. Surely the midst of the world. We have to of his day to keep as far as possible thorough education makes better Sodo not with students or anchorites, with the mass of the working-class cialists than the scurvy superficiality but with men, weak or violent, ig- movement. Even the original Com- of to-day. And so on. The value of norant or capable. To omit to con- munist Manifesto of 1847, so often such improvements can scarcely be sider this is like neglecting friction referred to as the very gospel of ir- lessened because some who are not in a problem of mechanics. And reconcilability, contains a number of Socialists will help us to get them. those Socialists who adopt the view suggested palliatives.. Further still, The class war is raging all the time. that we can proceed without paying Marx enforced and amplified the Granted. But we wish to keep as attention to the conditions by which teachings of others before him as to many of our side out of hospital as we are surrounded do not adhere the dangers of a poverty-stricken we can. themselves to their own doctrines. proletariat—a "lumpen proletariat" The English language fails to con- -which might be used to serve the Social-Democrats are and must be, vey the full measure of hatred and purposes of reaction. But hew are we have no alternative policy. We

H. M. Hyndman in London Jus- in misrepresentation, at any rate on | and the Anarchists who were against tice: The idea which seems to have the other side of the Atlantic, I am all political action and balked our grawn up of iste among some genuite it is that "the exquisite rancor of ground; it was Bakounine and the the theological mind," spoken of by Anarchists, I say, not Marx and his followers (whatever mistakes he and they may have made) who were all for constructing a new heaven and a new earth without reference to hisroundings. Impossibilists are only Anarchists in Socialist clothing.

For can any sane mon deny that

Consequently, revolutionists as we disgust which the impossibilists of these hopeless masses of indigent cannot avoid going into politics, we the extreme school feel for those humanity to be stopped from incannot help working for palliatives. who do not share their opinions and creasing save by palliatives? We of But we need not be any the less vigdesire to take some little account of the Social-Democratic Federation orous and determined on that acplain facts. Why this impossibilism have had long experience of the utter count. On the other hand, mere in thought should so commonly find uselessness of the very, very poor impatient refusal to recognize how expression in blackguardism of dic- and unemployed in the organized matters stand may easily weaken the

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Editor Social-Democratic Herald:

Enclosed find dollar bill, 50 cents o pay my subscription to Herald for one year and 50 cents to plant fund. "Beware the Greeks when they I am pleased to find that editorial writers on your papers are not afraid ing. The sudden friendliness of a to express their opinions even when De Leon, with foxy admissions that perhaps he (who has always prothey clash with the orthodox and accepted Socialist traditions. While independent thinkers are liable to be mistaken in their criticism of party should have put those on their guard tactics and prog. im, if we all blindagainst whom he has uttered torly accept the orthodox Socialist porents of the most miserable slander. sition, or what we imagine to be the but it didnt' seem to. They brought orthodox position, we are all liable ter written by Comrade Richard speech for his Republican opponent to be mistaken in the criticism of Elsner, who is travelling in Gerparty tactics and program, if we all blindly accept the orthodox Socialist position, or what we imagine to be of the Social-Democratic party of lacked 14 of majority. On the next their present discomfiture on their De Leon is one of those crafty the orthodox position, we are all liato to defeat his own games. After ble to be mistaken together. Criticism and discussion, the challenging playing the benevolent old gentleman long enough to cover his schemes to get control of the Chiof accepted propositions are the only all my questions. means of sifting truth from error, cago convention, he could not keep up the foxy role long enough to make victory lasting. Instead he betrayed his hand in time to spread

the wheat from the chaff. Blind unreasoning faith can never liberate mankind either from dedistrust and disaster in the organi- grading superstition or industrial zation. It will not split the labor servitude. Intelligence and indemovement or bring dissention into pendent thinking are just as neces the Socialist movement. Still he sary in the world of Socialist gets some good out of it, as his moriother science.

I especially admire the articles in Hessen are the same all over Gerthe HERALD dealing with the de-many, our party having twenty-six

All Ready for the Big Socialist-Making Tournament!

One of the prizes for the big three months' contest for new state the commenced July 1st is an Edison Standard Phonograph with flower horn and crane, value \$28.00, from and exhibited at Geo. H. Eichholz, 1340 Fond du Lac Ave., Milwaukee. The other two prizes will probably be a bicycle and a sewing machine. More definite information will be given next week.

It was our intention to give full details and mention of prizes for three months contests for new subscribers which will be inaugurated. Pressure of other affairs this week have prevented us from doing so. Next week we hope to be able to name the three prizes which will be given for the contest, commencing July 1.

Here is the plan, as far as worked out: Every yearly subscription will count five points, every six months be in the points and overset for weeks subscription one point. The person receiving the greatest name.

subscription three points, and every ten weeks subscription one point. The person receiving the greatest number of points will get first prize, the next largest, second prize, and the next, the third prize.

It is nearly as easy to get a yearly subscription as one for a shorter period. But this contest is arranged not only to get subscriptions, but what is of vastly more importance, to make Socialists. And this cannot be

done with ten weeks or six months subscription. Any workingman, however, who reads fifty-two issues of the Herald is almost sure to become converted. Therefore, it was thought best to encourage the yearly subscrip-

It will make no difference how many or how few points the three lucky ones will secure. Simply the three

One of the prizes for the big three months' contest for new subscribers which commenced July 1st is an

Correspondents | velopment of capitalism in its tranare urged to sition to Socialism. The construcwrite as brief- tive application of Socialist princily as possible be a task that will call for the highand on one est ability and ripest culture in our side of the ranks. Our administrative ability and our capacity to solve the intricate problems arising during the period of transition - not lung power, fanaticism, or rigid adherence to party dogma-will decide as to our right to officiate as midwife On the School Board at Dowagiac. in ushering the co-operative commonwealth into being.

Wishing success to the Wisconsin cal program, I remain,

Yours for the Revolution. ERNEST BUKNS.

of the Social-Democratic party of the Grand Dukedom of Hessen, and ballot he received just two to one I was surprised by the prompt, concise and decisive answers he gave to

"He stated to me, among other things, that the same or similar questions are agitating the party in Germany, resulting in practically corpus of our party in Germany; and that the rules and tactics, not



movement with its sane and practi-

Vancouver, B. C.

two wings of the party, the radicals and moderates, without interfering with or disrupting, in any way, the to speak of principles, prevailing in

ountry organizations in the several | kingdoms, dukedoms, etc., making THE PAROCHIAL SCHOOL, A Curse twenty-six such countries. As to our point at issue he stated, in the main the following:

"First: If there is a Social-Democratic candidate in the field, comrades voting for a candidate of any

other party will be expelled.
"Second: If our party sees fit not to put up a candidate, a compromise is usually affected with some party that stands nearest to ours, under the respective circumstances and conditions arising locally, on the principle, as Sparr stated, that an egg-shell with something in it is preferable to an entirely empty one. Under such circumstances, comrades can also vote for another candidate as long as he is not reactionary or belongs to a reactionary party. If the latter rule is violated, expulsion follows.

"Third: If the respective organization of our party cannot agree on a candidate of another party, the comrades can vote, at their free will, for such candidate that stands nearest to our party, for instance the "Freisinnige Party, Liberal Party,' etc., but not for a reactionary one."

By reactionary parties are meant the Centrist, or Catholic party, and the Junker, or nobility party. others are bourgeois liberal parties. Ed. Herald.]

To the Editor: At the largest annual school meeting ever held in this city, the Socialists succeeded in breaking into the city school board that has been solidly machine Re-

publican for the last twenty years.

Comrade J. Eugene Andrew (plumber), an ever active official of Local Dowagiac, was our candidate. We take the following from a let- His employer made the nominating over his opponent and was declared

elected for 3 years.

The Republican machine here begins to realize it is up against the real thing that the late Mark Hanna warned them of with almost his last brath.

In 1900 Debs received two vote in this city. Last year he got 99. Now we elect a member of the school board. Growing some?

H. S. McMaster. Dowagiac, Mich

DON'T MISS THIS!

One of our principal aims is to increase our circle of readers. There are many reasons for this, chief among which is our desire to secure converts to the cause of Socialism. Every new reader we secure soon becomes an ardent worker in the struggle for the emancipation of the working class from the slavery of wage labor.

We are going to make you an

neglect.

We have on hand a limited number of cloth-bound volumes of "Socialism Made Plain," by Allan h. Benson. So long as they last we are going to give them away to each cash purchaser of five subscription cards at \$2.00.

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From the Book Table.

to the Church, A Menace to the Na-tion. By Father Jeremiah Crowley. Cloth, 482 pages. Price \$1. Chi-eago: Published by the Author. Address: Sherman House.

Address: Sherman House.

This is a revised and enlarged edition of Father Crowley's book, with an appendix dealing with the separate school system in Canada. On the title page is this endorsement from the late Archbishop Katzer of Milwaukee: "I am convinced that Almighty God brought Father Crowley to America to save the Catholic church, and that the present scandal in Chicago—the most save the Catholic church, and that the present scandal in Chicago—the most terrible that has ever occurred in America—was permitted by Providence to bring to a climax the reign of rottenness, that it might be uncarthed, exposed and wiped out." These words of the archbishop's will give the reader some idea of the scope of the book Father Crowley makes some terrible exposures of priestly degradation, and does so from a sense of high duty to religion, particularly his own. His contention is that the church schools are taught by people of little education hence Catholics are not properly fitted for their battle with the world. Beside this, they are under the priests who are often immoral men, he claims, and he gives numerous cases to substantiate gives numerous cases to substantiat his claim. No one can read this bool without feeling that Father Crowley is sincere in his faith and also in hi desire to clean up the church. The Chicago affair to which Archilshop Karzer refers so colleged in the church. Katzer refers so feelingly, is set forth in the book, as well as many more like disclosures. It is somewhat of a coin cidence that this indictment of the purety of certain priests should appear at just about the time when some of these priests are telling the public that the Socialists are immoral and the co ponents of immorality. These cleric scandal-mongers would appear to ha a little stable cleaning to do at hon

THE FOUR ORPHANS. By H.
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porary historical romance based
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highest will get the prizes. Based on previous experience, it is safe to say that the winners will get perhaps from 100 to 200 points to capture these prizes. Of course, we can't predict how many points will be necessary, but the above is a fair average of what has occurred in the past. Never for one moment forget that it is as much to make Socialists as to get subscripers this contest is started for. No employee in the office will be permitted to take part in this contest. Either cards or subscription blanks can be used. The rate for five subscriptions or more per year is forty cents; for six months, twenty cents, and for ten weeks, ten cents. The paper can be sent to one address for as

many years as desired at the above rate, and each year will count five points.

Subscription cards sent on credit will also count, but to stimulate cash payment in advance the following additional premiums will be given: For five subscriptions, \$2.00: One copy of "Socialism Made Plain," handsomely bound in Allan L. Benson..... Woman and the Social Prob-Five subscription cards at 50c

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The Regular Meetings of the Council are held first and third Wednesdays, at 8 e'clock, at Free Gemeinde Hall, Fourth Street, betw. State and Coder. OFFICERS:

Wisconsin Notes.

Kenosha comrades report a good

pen air meeting addressed in their

town last Saturday evening by Al-derman Welsh. They intend to hold

these meetings every week during

Comrade Thompson will be in

Milwaukee during the week follow-

ing the state picnic. Any branches

in the vicinity who want Comrade

Thompson's services during the week will do well to apply at once.

A conference of the elected So-

cial-Democratic officials will be held

in Milwaukee on the morning of the

state pienic. The object of the

meeting is to discuss the various

practical problems that continually

Milwaukee comrades are proceed-

ng to vote upon a revised constitu-

tion and by-laws for the County

Now for the state picnic, com-

rades! Don't fail to be present and

see that your neighbors come along

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on the last page.

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arise for solution by our officials.

the warm weather.

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CUTIVE BOARD-Emil Brodde, Secretary, 318 State St.: James Sheehan, E. H. asenberg, Hy. Raasch, James Hendrickson, J. J. Handley, E. Pischer. Meets alkhout previous to acessions of Council.

GANIZATION & CREDENTIALS: F. J. Weber, Henry Fansch J. W. Tonsor, P. Wilson, Jas. Hendrichson. RIEVANCES AND ARBITRATION: J. J. Handley, Wm. Brehn, Chas. Winternitz EGISLATION AND LAWS: V. L. Berger, Chas. Dippel, Thomas Feeley, E. T. Melm MITARY CONDITIONS: Henry Taves, V. L. Berger, P. Heath, Dan. Silver, Fred. MINATIONS: E. H. Basenberg, M. Tesch, Jos. Zubert, W. B. Acker, Wm. Brehn.

BEL SECTION - Meets 1st and 3rd Monday evenings at 318 State Street, P. E. Keumann, Secretary, 318 State Street; Thos. Peetey, Chairman.

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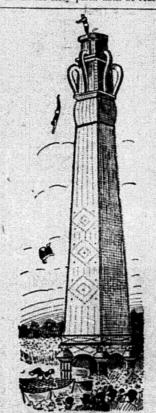
Strahl, the sensational high diver, who has been taking away the breath of thousands at Wonderland during the week, has been engages, for another week. Since last Sunday Wonderland has been the Mecca for lovers of the sensational type of amusement and fully 60,000 people witnessed Strahl's daring descent of 146 feet from the searchight platform, on the top of the electric tower into a net, twelve feet square. The dive is full of danger from the moment the plucky aerialist takes his place on the lofty perch until he reaches place on the lofty perch until he reaches

Notice to Picnic Visitors.

It has been decided to hold the re-ception to picnic visitors at the office, 344 6th St., Sunday morning, July 16, 1998

Members of the Reception Committee will be found at all depots and docks and vill escort visitors to headquarters. If the comrades from outside will wear party buttons, it will make identifica-tion easier.

Wonderland.



terra firma. The time consumed in making the dive has been the subject of interest with a number of sportively inclined individuals during the week. Stop watches have been used upon Strahl and the time caught varies from seven-tenths of a second to five-sixths. Strahl will make two dives daily until Saturday evening inclusive, at 4:45 and 10:15.

MILWAUKEE BRANCHES.

FIRST WARD BRANCH meets every second Monday in the month at 8 p. m. at 662 Market st. Bichard L. Schmitt, 836 North Water street, Secretary.

SECOND WARD BRANCH meets every first and third Friday of the month, cor. Fourth and Chestnut sts. Fritz Kol., Secy., 385 Sheridan Lane.

THIRD WARD BRANCH meets second and fourth Fridays at 263 Milwantee st. Frank Herrberg, Becy., 263 Milwantee st. FOURTH WARD BRANCH meets sach frest and third Thursday at Booms 414—416 Germania Bidg. Hy. Heymann, Becy., S. W. cor. Sycamore and 4th sts.

Lisbon ave. Lot., Baier, Decy., Top. 20th et.

NENTIETH WARD RRANCH meeta every first and third Priday of the month in Dromfoski Hall, 1180 Hepkins Road.

E. Broedie, Sery. 1986 19th et.

FWENTY-FIRST WARD BILANCH meets every 2nd Tuesday of the month at every 2nd Tuesday of the month at expects Hall, eor. Ruffrum and Chambers sts., and every 4th Tuesday in the month at Gaetkes Hall, 1422 Greenbay ave. near Concordia. Chas. Kauter, Secy. 1430 9th st.

FWENTY-SECOND WARD BRANCH meets every first and third Priday of each month at N. Peterson's Hall, 2714 North ave. George Moerschel, Secy., 512 Thirty-seventh street.

rating a working or producing class from a possessing or expituist class. The class that produces nothing possesses labors fruits, and the opportunities and enjoyments these fruits afford, while the class that does the world's real work has increasing economic uncertainty, and physical and intellectual misery, as its portion. The fact that these fruo classes have not yet become fully conscious at their distinction from each other, the fact that the flaces of division and interest may not yet become fully conscious at their distinction from each other, the fact that the flaces of division and interest may not yet be clearly drawn, does not change the fact of the class conflict.

This clearly drawn, does not change the fact of the class conflict.

This clears struggle is due to the private ownership of the means of employment, or the tools of production. Wherever and whenever man owned his own land and tools, and by them produced only the things which he used, economic independence was possible. But production, or the making of goods, has long since exaced to be individual. The labors of scores, or even thousands, enter into Minust every article produced. Production is now social or collective. Practically everything is made or done by seas or continents—working together for the same end. But this cooperation in producing and how work the compact of the tools and means of production; and to this is due the present division of society into two flatinet classes; and from it has sprung all the miseries, inharmonies and contradictions of our civilization.

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the Radiant Home line Stoves.
The Cargii Coal Co., of Green Bay.
Casey & Stressen-Reuter Co., Merchant
Tailors, Wells Building, Milwankee.

Notice to Marinette Convention

Delegates.

leave Milwaukee on the Chicago-

Northwestern road, at depot, foot of

Wisconsin street, Tuesday, July 18,

11:05 a. m. Train will arrive in

Marinette 4:20 p. m. The fair is

\$7.80 for the round trip from Mil-

waukee and return. Other trains

leave Milwaukee 12:10 a. m., arrives

6 a. m.: 5:05 a. m., arrives 5 a. m.:

Fred. Brockhausen,

Sec'v-Treas.

10:15 p. m., arrives 3:35 a. m.

Delegates from Milwankee and vicinity will find it most convenient to

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J. WELCH, 875 Seventh Street, Milwaukee.

P. A. PETERSON, 706 S. Fourteenth T. J. McKBIGUB, 16 North Pranklin

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The Atlas Bread Co. of Milwankee.

Unfair List.

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NINTH WARD PRANCH mee's every first
and third Thursday are each mouth at
1216 Cherry st. Emil Fischer, Eccy.,
1512 Cherry st.
TENTH WARD BRANCH meets 2nd and
4th Friday in Wisconsin Hall, 12th and
Lee sts. P. E. Keller, Secv., 814 Fourteenth st.

TENTH WARD BOHEMIAN BRANCH meets second and fourth Sunday at 1326 Fond du Lac Ave. Frank Novak, Secy., 1723 Novth ave.

1723 North ave.

ELEVENTH WARD BRANCH meets every 2nd and last Friday of the month at Bulgrin's Hail, 9th ave. and Orchard st. W. C. Lang. Seep., 563 Brd ave.

TWELFTH WARD BRANCH meets second and fourth Thursdays at Hoff's Hail, 961 Kinnickinnic ave. Geo. Knapp. Seep.. 599 Greenbush st.

FIFTENTH WARD BRANCH meets every 3rd Tuesday at 1000 Vilet st. J. F. Renner, Secy., 373 24th st.

REGIDER, Necy., 313 24th St.
SIXTEENTH WARD BRANCH meets second Thursday. Jeroms Undertaill, Secy., 58 Twenty-linth et.
SEVENTEENTH WARD BRANCH meets second and fourth Thursday at Odd Fellows hall, Kinnickinale and Potter aves. Christ. Donn. Secy., 255 Robinson ave.

ave.

EIGHTEENTH WARD BRANCH meets second and fourth Friday evenings at 400 Cramer st., cor of Greenwich st. E. W. Butts, Sec., 487 Cramer st.

NINETTEENTH WARD BRANCH meets every second and fourth Wednesday in the mouth is Eckelmann's Hall, 8100 Lisbon are. Lot., Baier, Becy., 463 20th st.

EIGHTH WARD BRANCH meets every second and fourth Friday 8 p. m. at Mann's Ha'l, cor. Mineral and 4th ave. Fred. Kruegey, Secy., 712 Greenfield ave. Washington Road and Gleson ave. BRANCH NO. 2. TOWN GREEFIELD, meets every 1st Thursday of the month at S oflock in H. Starks Hall, 1116 Iapham st., cor. 24th ave. J. A. John-son, Seey, 591 25th aye.

scu, Secy, 591 25th age.

WAUWATOSA BRANCE meets 1st Tuesday of the month at H. Zickuhr's ball, 49th rad State sts.

THE CUDAHY BRANC'H meets every 2nd and 4th Tuesday of the month at Cudahy, Wis. B. Farrell, Secy.

THE SOUTH MILWAIKEE BRANCH meets every 2nd Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows Hall, South Milwaskee. Ab. Bittmann, Secy., Box 2s%.

NORTH SIDE WOMEN'S CLUB meets every first Friday afternoon in the month at Wegner's Hall, cor. of Bufum and Chambers ats.

Chambers ats.

THE SOUTH SIDE WOMAN'S CLUB
meets every second and fourth Tuesdays
afternoon at 2.30 P. M. at Al. Jacck's
Hall, Sixth ave. near Greenfield ave.
Mrs. H. W. Bistorius, Secy., 516 2nd ave. TWELFTH WARD POLISH BRANCH mets every second and fourth Saturday evening at Robert Buech's Hall, 965 Lincoln ave. C. Dorchwitz, Secy., 783 lst ave. MIR. H. W. Bistorius, Secy., 516 2nd ave. HE WEST SIDE WOMAN'S CLUB meets at N. Peterson's Hall, 2714 North ave., every second and fourth Thursday afternoon at 2.80 p. m. Mrs. Carl Kleist, Secy. THIRTEENTH WARD BRANCH meets is every first and third Fiday of the month at cor. Third and Wright ats. H. F. Hoestermann, Secy., 1060 fth st. FOURTEENTH WARD BRANCH meets every ist Thursday in the month at Nadolinski's Hall. cor. 14th ave. and Gennt st. Waiter Rybacki, Secy., 687 Lincoln ave.

Secy.

IHE EAST SIDE WOMAN'S CLUB meets at F. Locke's Ball, 327 Sherman st., every first and third Tuesday of the month. Mrs. C. Wurdemann, Secy. 684 18th st.

JEHS st.

JEWISH BRANCH 50. 1 of Milwaukee meets at S. Franklin Hell, 223 Viter St., the first and third Saturday of the month. THE LAYTON FARK BRANCH meets every third Thursday evening of the month at Dieterich's Hall, cor. of 24th and Lincoln ave. J. A. Johnson, 501 25th ave.

25th ave.

TOWN OF LAKE BHANCH NO. 2 meets every first Tuesday at Gec. Pickelhaupt's residence, 240 Highland ave.

TOWN OF LAKE BRANCH NO. 3 meets every first and third Friday evening of the month at Bartz's Hall, cor. of 3d and Oklahoma aves. Chas. Kilngsporn, Secr., 1319 4th ave.,

THE FINNISH BRANCH NO. 5 of Mil.

and Oklahoma aves. Chas. Amagapora, Secr., 1319 4th ave.\(^2\)
THE PINNISH BRANCH NO. 5 of Milwaukse meets at the Socialist Home, 382 Washington st.
THE CITY CENTRAL COMMITTRE meets every 2nd and 4th Mondays of the month at Giljohann Hall, 274 W. Water at. Carl F. Dietz, Secy., 54° 9th st.; Jacob Hunger, Tressurer. 602 Chestnut st. All members of the Social-Democratic party are lavited to attend.
THE SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC GESANG-VEREIN VORWAERTS meets every Tuesday at 8 p. m. at 2714 Noeth ava. Helnrich Setbert, Secy., 1012 29th st.
THE AURORA SINGING SOCIETY meets every Tuesday avening at Sielaff's Hall, Munkego and Milchell sts. H. Hader, Secy., Se7 Orchard st.

Bargain counter inducements knocked in the head. For further particulars, see last page.

Take a good look at the last page, Lehman's Hell, Teutonia and Kent. F. Louie; yes?

The Social-Democratic National Platform Industry and finance are no longer national but international, beth in organization and results. The chief significance of functional boundaries, and of the so-called particitisms which the ruling class of each particitisms which the ruling class of each nation is seeking to revive, it the world is to be saved from the ruling class of each nation is seeking to revive, it the world is the by the union of the workers of the so-called particitisms which the ruling class of each nation is seeking to revive, it the workers of the solution of the solution.

and deliveracy organising the nation for the common good of all its citizens. It is the first time that the mind of man has ever been directed toward the conscious organization of society.

Socialism means that all those things upon which the people in common depend shall by the people in common be owned and administered. It means that the tools of employment shall belong to their cres-tors and users; that all production shall be for the direct use of the producers; that the making of goods for profit shall come to an end; that we shall all be workers together, and that opportunities shall be open and equal to all men.

Academy.

The new Thanhouser Company will present for the coming week and including next Sunday, the bright American comedy, "The Henrietta." This piece is by Bron-son Howard, one of America's most popular playwrights. It tells of New York life on the stock exchange and in social circles. All of the new



A. H. Van Buren who plays Bertie in the

company will appear in this piece. Mr. A. H. Van Buren will play Stuart Robson's part of Bertie, the Lamb, and Mr. De Witt Jennings will be old Nicholas Vanalstyne, William Crane's old part. Miss Evelyn Vaughan who has been play ing Lady Algy in "Lord and Lady Algy," and Mr. Baume, who has been playing Lord Algy the past week, have made decided hits in the parts and much good work may be expected in the future from them and in fact from all of the members of the new company. There will be two more performances of "Lord and Lady Algy" both Saturday and Sunday.

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To this end we piedge ourselves, as the party of the working class, to use all political power, as fast as it shall be entrusted to us by our fellow-workers, both for their into their richitis inheritance.

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vaukee's Favorite Resort for Outings, Picnics, Etc.

GRAND CONCERT AND BALL GAME Sunday, July 16th.

FISHING SEASON NOW OPEN. THEO. M. TOLL, Exc. Agent, 114 Grand Avenue, Milwaukee

Blue Mound Garden Large Park, Dance Hall and

Two Bowling Alleys. Splendid Opportunity for Picnics.

WM. ZASTROW. Blue Mound and Hawley Road, R. F. D. No. 13, WAUWATOSA, WIS.

\$1.00 TO CHICAGO.

GOODRICH STEAMERS

DOCKS: Foot of Sycamore St. Tel. Main 985



91.14 \$1.50 to Manister \$1.50 to Luding-SIZMES Saturday Nights

Docks 68 W. Water St. Phone Main 717

BARRY LINE STEAMERS Daily for Chicago at 8 p. m PARE. Phone Main 521

WAY ON TOP

THAT'S WHERE PUBLIC FAVOR HAS PLACED

WIRTHWEIN'S

IceCream

Ice Cream and Cake fr mished for L. WIRTHWEIN, 1628 Walnut St.

CLEARING SALE

TAN SHOES AND **OXFORDS**

Must be sold during the next two weeks, in order to make room for the new fall goods.





W. C. LUEBKE COAL CO. WOOD, COAL & COKE.

657 Clinton St So. 123

HY. F. SCHMIDT'S HALL

Sample and Wine R Hall for Parties, Weddings, ing every Saturday and Sunday Byent 21st Ave. and Rogers St., Milwaukee, Wis.

GOOD ADVICE. Purchase a House Safe of Hibbard & Richardson Co. and have your "Safety Deposit Box" at home. Kenceha, Saturday evening, July 22. you can read the Herald.

Cown Copics by the Cown Erier.

ought to open some eyes a little, kind for a professional "good fellow" "husir ess administrations" that the politicians have always pro-mised the people just before elec-And all this hysteria about "good mised the people just before elec-

Dunn guilty into signing a salow down as one could expect, sing rapidly enough to enable a deready prepared petition asking the judge to deal lightly with the prisoner—a piece of foxy impudence that the court should have openly rebuked. It all proceeded on the implication that there are two kinds of justice, one kind for the poor wretch who breaks some as the poor wretch who breaks some of Dunn's down-

The latest grand jury disclosures mere police regulation, and another who has influential friends among

tion, are mighty expensive luxuries. fellow" business and first offenses

fall. Every member had to be a nave been relying on some of John "good fellow" and to be a "good fell i. Beggs' scabs to fill the vacant low" one must spend money and it place must come from somewhere. He cot A his, like most of the others, in poli-tics. The only trouble was that in ber of the Molders' union, one Gus.

When the Brown-Corliss company at Western Union Junction got the factory. fellow" business and first offenses contract for building the 20-million was the worst of gammon. It was spector with the aid of President edness—for it is still remembered to gustav Pabst of the Park Board anysteriously disappeared some years ago, just when and a half in the house of correction, in spite of all sort of tricks to indeed to show up a crooked land and and sodding deal, with Dunn all but recently they began a series of indeed to show up a crooked land and sodding deal, with Dunn all but recently they began a series of indeed to show up a personal part of the park Board anysteriously disappeared some years ago, just when because they employed union men. It was gallon pumping engine for the gallon pumping station in this city, they bound themselves to company has a hotel near the works, but it is reported that orders for dinners are not now being honored there, the bor was elated that they got the job because they employed union men. Some concern is felt in Milwaukee as incompetent men are being worked on and under).

The claim made by Pres. W. S. Whiting of the Corrises company that three fourths of the parks had been filled is of the parks and under).

Ist Prize, I shoe-blacking fourths of the parks had been filled is a fine piece of prevarieation. Only these stills there strike breakes are at work. The company has a hotel near the works, but it is reported that orders for dinners are not now being honored there, the bor was elated that they got the job was elated that they got the job was elated that they got the parks are not now being honored there, the bor was elated that they got the job able to get the pay out of the company. Some concern is felt in Milwaukee as incompany that three strikes for the parks are not now being honored there, the bor was elated that they got the job was elated that they got the job.

Some concern is felt in Milwaukee as incompany that three strikes the work. The company has a hotel near the work. The company has a hotel near the work. The company has a hotel near contract for building the 20-million and a half in the house of correction, in spite of all sort of tricks to and sodding deal, with Dunn all but thwart justice. An ex-judge, J. M. convicted of being the only outsider eventuated in a strike of the machinists, which is still on. It is now influence, had the bad taste to stand Dunn's attempt at the time of his believed that it was a deliberate atup in open court to beg that Dunn boodle trial to fasten his crime upon tempt on the part of the company to branches to organize a South Side 3. 75 Yd. Dash for Boys (15 years be given his freedom on a money George Porth who was dead and precipitate a strike for the reason Polish branch will be held at 2nd fine, on the plea that he was a good could not defend himself, with the that it would give an excuse for not are, and Mitchell st., at Pawlowski's last Prize, 1 self opening us fellow and that this was his first idea that it would stick because of delivering the pump on schedule Hall, at 8 o'clock Saturday evening, Phil. Saxe, 558 Mitchell st. offense. Dunn's lawyer had also the kind of life Porth was known to time. It is well known that the July 15th. wheedled the jurors who found lead, was a scurvy trick, and about work on the pump was not progres-

A significant development of the his case his crookedness was detected. Reimer, who appeared on the scene in the guise of a deputy sheriff and escorting scabs to and fro from the

The claim made by Pres. W. S. Whit-

A mass meeting of all South Side J. Dewey, 232 W. Water st.

Prizes for the Big Picnic.

We are now able to present the ame program for the Wisconsin pienie at Schlitz Park, July 16th, 1905.

All entries are free \$125.00 in prizes have been donated by the merchants named, as follows:

1, 50 Yd. Dash for Boys (10 years and under).

1st Prize, 1 shoe-blacking set and

3rd Prize, 1 pr. suspenders and necktie. Ludwig Berg, 317 3rd st. 2. 50 Yd. Dash for Girls (10 years and over). 1st Prize, 1 pr. slippers. C.

Wippert, 615 E. Water st.

and under). 1st Prize, 1 self opening umbrella.

2nd Prize, 1 pr. silk suspenders.

E. Plaum, 491 11th ave.

meyer, cor. East Water and Wisconsin sts.

5. Sack Race. 50 Yds. for men (16 years and over).

1st Prize, 1 silk umbrella. Stumpf & Langhoff, 369 E. Water st. 2nd Prize, 1 hat. Jac. Donges,

319 3rd st. 3rd Prize, 1 book on Socialism. Winner to select title. Soc.- Dem. Pub. Co., 344 6th st. 6. 50 Yd. Fat Men's Race (200 lbs.

and over). 1st Prize, large frame and photo. H. R. Miller, 359 3rd st.

2nd Prize, 1 pr. Duchess Trousers. Lachenmaier Clo. Co., cor. 3rd and State sts. 2rd Prize, man's umbrella. Ed. Erickson, 465 11th ave.

7. 75 Yd. Dash for Ladies. 1st Prize, \$5.00 worth of mdse Kunzelman & Esser Co., Mitchell near 2nd ave.

3rd Prize, one beautiful pillow. The Fair, 3rd and Prairie. - 3rd Prize, one beautiful picture.

R. Fleck, 851 Kinnickinnic ave. 8. 50 Yd. Fat Women's Race (170 lbs. and over).

1st Prize, \$10.00 worth dental work. Dr. W. C. Young, 413 Germania Bldg. 2nd Prize, 1 elegant rocker.

Waldheim & Co., 306 W. Water st 3rd Prize, 1 silk umbrella. G. M.
Barrett Co., W. Water st.
9. 50 Yd. Three Legral Race for
Men (16 years and over).

1st Prize, one hat. Union Hat Co., 224 Grand ave.; one hat. The

Hub, 219 Grand ave. ase.
Borth, 449 E. Water st.
2nd Prize, 1 pr. silk suspenders.
Plaum 491 11th ave.
2nd Prize, one-half dozen bottles of wine. Jos. Dudenhoefer, 367
11th ave. One-half dozen bottles of wine. Jos. Dudenhoefer, 367 11th

> and over). 1st Prize, 1 pr. shoes. Kenney Shoe Co., 393 E. Water st.

2nd Prize, one hat. M. Bender, 450 11th ave. 3rd Prize, one box cigars. J.

Luell, 536 2nd ave. 4th Prize, one pr. silk suspenders. Ed. Plaum, 491 11th ave.

11. Tug of War between the South Side Branches and the North

Side Branches S.-D. P. Winner, \$10.00 cash. Loser, \$5.00 cash.

Total.....114.88

EXPENDITURES. M. Langers for salary to June 3...\$9.00 E. T. Melms for expenses to Racine .60 C. D. Thompson for salary and ex-

Smith Premier Typewriter Co. for

Cash on hand Jul. 1...... J. Reichert, Treas. S. D. P. of Wis.

Thom is Mills on the last page is not intended to convey the impression

that he has red hair.

will be closed out at Clearing Sale Prices, which means money to you. Nothing will be reserved. Everything marked down to about Half It's Regular Value.

Mens', Young Mens' and Boys' Clothing at Clearing Sale Prices.

Men's fine all wool Suits, in plain and fancy, regular \$8.00 and \$3.95 Clearing Sale.

Men's fine all wool Sulta, in fancy stripes and Pin checks, \$12.50 to \$7.59 \$15.00 values, Clearing Sale...\$7.59

den's regular 75c fancy Shirts. 390 Sen's black and white striped 396

Boys' fine half wool Sults, worth 986 Boys' fine all wool Sulta, \$2.50 to \$3.00 value, Clearing \$1,49 Soys' Knee Pants, 50c quality

During the Summer, Store will be closed at 8 P. M. on TUESDAY and FRIDAY, JOHN SCHUETZ, 959 HOWELL AVE.



Creat Your Horses Well

YOUR HORSES WILL FEEL BETTER AND LAST LONGER IF YOU FEED THEM WELL TO FEED THEM WELL MIX IN A LITTLE

with their Corn or Oats at each feed. The horses relish it greatly and it increases digestive power, hence makes feed go farther and lasts longer. — Every one knows dry feed is not the natural food for horses. GOLD COIN STOCK FOOD supplies the lacking elements in horse's every day food. - Our trade on it is large and growing.

O DAY DINEY (O)

420 Third Street....

Milwaukee, Wis.

Social-Democratic Notes.

Socialism is amply a sane solu-tion of the problems of material ex-

monster pienie, without a doubt.

to make arrangements for several this fall

ing at Headquarters last Thursday W. F. Thiel, and H. Briggs. evening.

fnot of Howell avenue, at 2 p. m. Comrade E. T. Melms will speak power for normal development. Soon the corner of Grove and National cialism will free them from this avenue, Saturday, July 15, on the Mission of Working Class, and at Send a dime and for ten weeks

each month for propaganda work. The branches have been donating liberally to the Linotype fund of late.

sands of people will attend the its first meeting at 344 Sixth street

card parties in their respective wards Fred Jone, Charles P. Schmidt, Tom Feeley, Chas. Jeske, J. Rummel, W. The board of directors of the So- A. Alldridge, Victor Lando, James cial-Democratic Herald held a meet- Galbraith, Louis Sachs, Peter Zoll,

comrades and their friends of the their humanity. Crowded in tene-Twelfth Ward Basket Picnic, Sunments recking with fifth and workday, July 23, at Huelsbeck's Grove, ing with fevered intensity from morning till night, robs them of the

The Chicago Daily News every

at the Fifth and Eighth Ward branches' picnic, National Grove, talk of "our country" when they corner of Thirty-seventh and Na-don't own a foot of it. It's really amusing to hear men summer has what is called a Fresh where they can get fresh air. Whe ing to set aside considerable money a system gets to a point where fresh each month for propaganda work.

Dancing at Waukesha Beach.

The new school for speakers held its first meeting at 344 Sixth street last Wednesday evening.

The new speakers to go out in the field this fall are: F. W. Rehfeld, Parties. Dance Hall, and Dancing Parties. Dance Hall and Music by Orchestra absolutely FREE for the use of Feeley, Chas. Jeske, J. Rummel, W.

chal-Democratic Herald held a meeting at Headquarters last Thursday evening.

Comrade Mills will address the comrades and their friends of the Fwelfth Ward Basket Picnic, Sunay, July 23, at Huelsbeck's Grove, ing with fevered intensity from the sunay of the Hawell was sund to take notice of the great July Clear-ing Sale now going on at John Schuetz, 399 Howeil ave, the well known they must be given a chance to prove their humanity. Crowded in tenesments reeking with filth and working poor are human, but 399 Howeil ave, the well known they must be given a chance to prove their humanity. Crowded in tenesments reeking with filth and working poor are human, but 509 Howeil ave, the well known they must be given a chance to prove their humanity. Crowded in tenesments in Bay View will do well to take notice of the great July Clear-ing Sale now going on at John Schuetz, 399 Howeil ave, the well known they must be given a chance to prove their humanity. Crowded in tenesments in Bay View will do well to take notice of the great July Clear-ing Sale now going on at John Schuetz, 399 Howeil ave, the well known they must be given a chance to prove their humanity. Crowded in tenesments in Bay View will do well to take notice of the great July Clear-ing Sale now going on at John Schuetz, 399 Howeil ave, the well known they must be given a chance to prove their humanity. Crowded in tenesments in Bay View will do well to take notice of the great July Clear-ing Sale now going on at John Schuetz, 399 Howeil ave, the well known they must be given a chance to prove a chance to prove the prove their humanity. Crowded in tenesments in Bay View will do well to take notice of the great July Clear-ing Sale now going on at John Schuetz, and the prove the great July Clear-ing Sale now going on at John Schuetz, and the great July Clear-ing Sale now going on at John Schuetz, and the great July Clear-ing Sale now going on at John Schuetz, and the great July Clear-ing Sale now going on at John Schuetz, and the great July Clear-ing Sale now goi

The Social-Democratic Herald is to be and in West Allis at— Theo. Mueller, Drug Store Les Wright, Barber Shop. Frank Simoneti, Grocery Sters. Geo. F. Richmond, Noundealer.

15th Ward Branch, 1629 Vliet street, Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. East Side Women's club, Locke's hall, 594 Fourth street.

Thursday, July 20-5th Ward Branch, Socialist Home, 382

2714 North avenue.

Town of Lake, No. 3, Bartz hall, corner 3rd and Oklahoma avenue.

Have you seen that red flas on the billboards? Well, that is to remind you that capitalism will come in for some hard knocks to-morrow (Sunday, July 16) at Schlitz Park. Are you going to be one of the knock

Thomas Mills speak, it will not be nec-ssary for us to urge you to hear him ere, you should take advantage of this opportunity.

which has been properly cultivated. His audience is thus enabled to hear every word, and his forceful method of delivery commands atten-Walter Thomas Mill

You can't afford to miss this - Remember the place and date

FOURTH ANNUAL MONSTER

Picnic, Concert and Ball

OF THE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF WISCONSIN

The Whirlwind Orator, WALTER THOMAS MILLS, A. M., will make the principal address

\$125.00 in Prizes for Games

SCHLITZ PARK, Milwaukee Sunday, July 16, 1905

THE GREATEST EVENT OF THE SEASON IN WISCONSIN

It would be worth your while to come clear across the continent to hear Walter Thomas Mills, the Whirt-wind Orator of Chicago. Mr. Mills has a most enviable reputation as a speaker and writer who is thoroughly versed in the science of socialism.

Walter Thomas Mills is, would be

hard to find. As soon as he begins

to speak he gains the entire sympathy

found with the length of his speech.

Reduced Rates On All Railroads!! An open rate of a fare and one third for the round trip from points in Wiscensin, from which the local one-way-rate to Milwaukee is \$3.00 or less, has been secured; excursion tickets to be sold on July 15th and 16, good to return, leaving Milwaukee until and including July 17th, 1903.

ADMISSION TO ALL 15c

Not a single reader should fall to attend. It will be a memorable demonstration — one which you will be proud of having attended your whole life long. Hundreds of Comrades from every part of Wisconsin are coming. And why not? It is run for the benefit of the Socialist Press and the Campaign Fund. It is not a local but a State Picnic. By the way, that reminds us of the tickets sent you. Have you paid for yours? Many Comrades have. Why not do your duty and send in the money now, even if you have, It sold all the tickets. Let every one give the Monster a Boost. Advertise it. Talk about it. Bring your friends.

Don't forget to hear Comrade Walter Thomas Mills on Socialism September. tional avenue, Sunday, July 23, at 4

Everything points to a large gathering Sunday at Schlitz Park. Thou-

Several of the branches are going

The Socialist Home will hold two | Have you read the red advertisemeetings a month commencing in ment? If not, read it now.

The Eleventh Ward Branch is go-

The new school for speakers held

Send a dime and for ten weeks

Meetings for Next Week. day, July 18-

Washington street.
4th Ward Branch, room 414 Geulania

building.

9th Ward Branch, 1216 Cherry street.
14th Ward Branch, Hadolinski's hall,
14th and Grant streets.
Layton Park, Dietrich's hall, corner
24th and Lincoln avenue. Friday, July 21-

2nd Ward Branch, Brewer's hall, 4th-and Chesinut streets. 13th Ward Branch, Raasch's hall, cor-ner 3rd and Wright streets. 20th Ward Branch, Dromfoski's hall, 1180 Hepkins road. 22nd Ward Branch, Petersen's hall, 22nd Ward Branch, Petersen's hall,

Saturday, July 22-12th Ward Branch (Polish), 965 Clin-

For Sale by Feed Dealers generally in Milwaukee.

WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTOR.

State Treasurer's Report for S. D. P. of

Wisconsin for June, 1905. June 1, Cash on hand \$ 4.89 Receipts from State Secy. 109.99

supplies 1.90
E. H. Thomas for postage 10.59
M. Langers for salary to June 17. 9.00
H. W. Bistorius for postage 11.25
C. M. & St. P. R. F. Co. for freight 50

That picture of Comrade Walter

oung Men's fine all wool Suits, plain and fancy patterns, \$7.50 to \$5,95 Men's best quality Suspendern, \$9.00 value, Clearing Sale.....\$5,95