

SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD

TEN WEEKS, TEN CENTS. ONE YEAR FOR FIFTY CENTS.

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IS A CHECKERED CAREER.

L. Berger traces the History of the Republican Party.

THE Republican party has recently celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of its organization. From small beginnings it has developed to be today the dominating party of the Union. Hence their unbounded exultation.

The history of the Republican party furnishes many lessons of historical interest, upon which we may fitly dwell. The cement which held the new party organization together was, on the one hand, the growing hostility towards the institution of chattel-slavery existing in the South, where it was considered perfectly natural and constitutional. The demand for its abolition appealed readily to all idealists. The constitutional bar against the abolition of this institution, so far from checking or awing the abolitionists, spurred them to greater enthusiasm.

Back of the idealists and their undaunted ardor, however, aligned the interests of a very material nature. Slavery as an institution had run its course and grown out of date. It had adapted to modern production. It had become more and more expensive and less productive from year to year. By its means the production of raw materials was the only thing possible. The raw materials of the southern slave states were exchanged for manufactured products of the North, in particular for those of New England states. However, the South discovered that it did not derive through this exchange the advantages it sought. An exchange with Europe, especially with England, offered greater advantages. Under the influence of this material fact there arose in the South a strong movement in favor of free trade. The manufacturers in the North clearly recognized the danger which threatened through the loss of their southern market. They were resolved to lose this market at any cost. The North availed itself with rare skill and cleverness of the idealistic Abolitionist movement, and the sentiment for the preservation of the Union, to further their own purposes, and finally succeeded in defeating, by force of arms, the attempted secession of the South. In this, the newly organized Republican party served them in good stead.

The evolution through which this party has passed in the course of time is not essentially different from the development of other political parties, proclaiming high-sounding phrases, but founded on a material basis. The apparently progressive parties in England, France and Germany have all undergone the same metamorphosis as the Republicans. The ideal demands for liberty originally set forth by these parties have entirely disappeared after having served to convert political power for the bourgeoisie.

In the ranks of the Republican party, this change kept pace with the rapidity which marked the development of our economic conditions. A large number of the original founders of that party are still living and can cast a backward glance upon the work they helped to do. A retrospective review of the last half century must surely give them a smile pitying at their former idealism.

As early as 1876, this victorious party in the struggle for the rights it so pompously proclaimed, was so dominated by lust for power that it considered it quite the proper thing to gain control of government by means of election frauds and to defend its attack, if necessary, by force of arms. The party gravitated more and more towards material interests. Today it is the patron saint of capitalist organizations and as such has cast aside every remnant of former ideals.

It stands before the American people today as the bulwark of the trusts and monopolists. Its official head in Colorado, the Hon. Peabody, is the visible embodiment of a popular government as the Republicans understand it.

The President's chair is occupied by Theodore Roosevelt, the war-monger and soldier of the capitalistic state, the man who has for the power to summarily despatch all labor agitators with a bullet.

These are the fruits which the Republican party has naturally produced. The bourgeoisie which reached the end of its development, in the course of its development it has produced the germs of its own destruction—the proletariat. This child of the bourgeoisie is steadily gaining in strength and will grow until it is old and strong enough to take possession of the inheritance left by its aging mother. The history of the Republican party is one of the infallible proofs of the correctness of the materialistic view of history as held by modern Social-Democrats.

Victor L. Berger.

Wow! These 'scientists'! Now one of them says that "sour milk is the elixir of life." Sour milk is milk on the way to putrescence, so he is clearly talking rot.

Honest, now, wouldn't you rather live in a world filled with true brotherhood than one filled with cut-throat competition of man against man? There is only one way to bring the change about, and that is to so change conditions that men can afford to be brothers and that it will no longer pay to lie, cheat, steal and compete for jobs. That's what Social-Democrats mean to bring about.

Last month we published an editorial on "The Land of Disasters." In the thirty days that have intervened, America has earned the title afresh. Read the newspapers. Day after day there is no gap in the grisly record. Passengers and employes are sacrificed. Occasionally a switchman is discharged or an engineer laid off. That is all—Leslies.

And why? Simply because profits must be made. Else there would be no rotten life preservers, over-worked switchmen, etc. Every rattle of silks in Upper Tendom cries out of murder and labor exploitation and disaster to some one.

"Roosevelt is like a King"

New York, Sept. 8.—William Waldorf Astor, expatriated American and loyal subject of King Edward, had a late breakfast at the Netherlands today. He evinced little interest in questions put to him until President Roosevelt's name was mentioned.

"Great man, great man!" he exclaimed in answer to a request for an opinion. "He is more nearly a monarch than any man ever in the White House."

"Mr. Morgan is a great man, a great business man, and if the American people will rely on his judgment in electing their president they will prosper. Mr. Roosevelt, it is understood abroad, will take care of those beggars in South America and see that they pay their European debts. This is very gratifying to Englishmen. Just such a strong hand is needed to bring those republics to their senses."

If Sherman Bell had lived in colonial times the Boston tea party would have been an impossibility.

Parry has partially succeeded. It has stirred up a good many traitors to the labor movement—but we have no very great kick so long as this unclean crew get their living by grafting on the capitalist class.

"The Socialist Danger.—Problem causes alarm to Wisconsin politicians," reads a first page heading in the Chicago Chronicle. The Chronicle can sometimes tell the truth, it seems!

Seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars was squandered by the government for the sham war manoeuvres at Manassas recently. That is to say, it cost nearly a million! And in every city in the land are children who go hungry to school.

The Chicago Chronicle, violently anti-labor, is now on the trail of the Wisconsin Social-Democrats. Its articles are so full of manifest absurdities, however, that we can stand it, if the Chronicle's readers can.

ROOSEVELT'S ACCEPTANCE.

Eugene V. Debs holds it up to Merited Criticism.

IN his letter of acceptance which contains twelve thousand words and required three months to prepare, President Roosevelt makes it clear that he is the capitalist candidate by extolling the virtues of the equitable distribution of wealth which has been made under his administration. The present basis of distribution is doubtless satisfactory to the millionaire trust owners that are furnishing Mr. Roosevelt's campaign funds and to whom both himself and Judge Parker are mortgaged to their full official value, but the millions of wage earners engaged in the daily battle for existence and doomed to die in the treadmills and trenches will not concur in the president's claim unless it be by the dull stare and passive nod that denote the pathetic acquiescence of a dead brain.

The statement of Mr. Roosevelt that the wealth of the country is being equally distributed among all the people is a bold one for even a rough rider to make, but he thinks he can afford to take the chances for it will please the plutocrats immensely, while there is no great danger that any exception will be taken by the millions of unthinking victims who vote the wealth they create to a set of parasites and are content with their lot as long as they can pay the rent and keep out of the poorhouse.

Mr. Roosevelt could have said nothing to commend him more heartily to the gracious favors of the purse holders of his party; nothing that would more certainly loosen their strings and let the coin of the realm roll into Cortelyou's outstretched palms.

How Rockefeller and Morgan, Vanderbilt and Gould, Carnegie and Schwab must have smiled when this statement of the president was pointed out to them. This would atone for any petty indiscretions of the past in showing his teeth to the trusts. After all it is the distribution of wealth that is the vital issue and upon this issue Mr. Roosevelt has shown himself to be sound and safe by pledging himself to the continued and uninterrupted distribution on the present equitable basis so highly satisfactory to every parasite in the land.

To the intelligent person the claim of Mr. Roosevelt will appear not only monstrous, but he will marvel that any man, saying nothing of the President of the United States, would dare so grossly and so palpably falsify the facts.

The idea of wealth being equitably distributed in the United States! Look abroad and see the private fortunes mounting skyward, the Pikespeaks of stolen dollars, and then behold the vast stretches of lowlands where millions are poverty-stricken and miserable and then talk about equitable distribution!

Is the president trying to perpetrate a ghastly joke, or is he stark mad? Certainly no sane person would seriously utter so profane a perversion, such a shocking blasphemy in the presence of the cruel and horrifying facts.

This sentence in Mr. Roosevelt's letter should open the eyes of every workman in the land. According to this the workers are receiving all they deserve and all they will ever receive so far as Mr. Roosevelt and the Republican party are concerned.

It is hard to understand how any man who works for his living can vote for Millionaire Fairbanks or Millionaire Davis and against Workingman Hanford. Yet many of them will do it and a few days later they will pass resolutions denouncing government by injunction and condemning military despotism in Colorado.

All their lives Fairbanks and Davis have exploited labor and never, once have they associated with workmen. All their interests are opposed to labor, for they are capitalists and their great fortunes were wrung from the class that toils and produces, but may not enjoy in the capitalist system.

On the other hand Ben Hanford is a self-developed workman and all the years of his life he has been loyal to his class, a beacon light in the darkness and a help and inspiration to his fellow-workers, and they should with joy rally about him and support him in the struggle he is making to break their fetters and give them freedom.

Many, very many are waking and in good time the change will come.

Eugene V. Debs

Ethelbert Stewart, of the U. S. Bureau of Labor, said some unpalatable truths at a banquet in Chicago of employers of labor. To the claim that the unions were a "rabble" and the "settling of Hell," he responded by reminding the employers that they were responsible for the class of men in the unions, for if they hadn't employed them they couldn't be in the union. He also reminded them that the men in the unions they were denouncing were practically the same men they had been employing for years and so must be supposed to be creditable men of their class.

"Karl Marx, the founder of Socialism, said that there is a constant growing mass of 'poverty, misery and degradation.' Is it not true that wages are twice as high now, with all conditions correspondingly improved as when he made that statement?"

This is the first of a long list of very foolish and ignorant "Questions for Socialists to Answer," appearing in several grafting anti-Socialist sheets that are published round the country. We answer: The statement of Karl Marx is true, and the statement of his critics false. In proof of this we refer the reader to the many books written about the congested population of East London ("People of the Abyss," by Jack London, is one of the best) and the books on other congested centers in our various other modern cities. Note the growth of the modern slum, the increase in the criminal cases, denoting an increasing inability to live honestly, and the prevailing ignorance in slum and other portions of the submerged part of our population in America, even in spite of the splendid public school system that we have, etc. As to wages being higher, this is the test: If wages were really twice as high now as when Karl Marx made the statement credited to him then the working class would be twice as well off, which no sane or honest man will claim. The fact is that wages hover pretty close to the subsistence line. That is, capitalism will not permit wages to get much above the cost of living point, and very often, as at present, it is below the living point, so that the wage workers are constantly running in debt in order to live. And in this we include all wage workers, whether in store, office or factory, barring, of course, the high salaried class which is taking the place to

A critic asks: "Is it not true that every Socialistic colony has been a failure?" A Socialistic colony! Pray, where has there ever been one? There have been numerous utopian colony schemes, but as Socialism is impossible of accomplishment on a small scale, they were not Socialistic. They were foredoomed to failure. Socialism is the child of capitalism. Capitalism must precede it and organize industry on the largest possible scale with the help of vast labor saving machinery which Socialism will afterward take over to social ownership. Socialism seeks to make the labor saving advantage of great machinery a benefit to all the people, so that the work of supplying humanity's wants will not engross all the time of the people when once the productive operations come under the ownership of the people at large. Such a thing is impossible in a little colony, where gigantic labor saving operations cannot be undertaken, for obvious reasons. Take, for instance, the manufacture of shoes. If the colony put up a big shoe factory, it would turn out more shoes than the colony could possibly use. If it put up a big machine shop the output would be much greater than the colony could use, and so on, even supposing that the colony contained inhabitants enough to man these big factories and shops with workmen. Now it is just the contrary. The colony has to do things in a dwarfish way, which is the most expensive way.

It is the power to exploit labor that makes automobiles go!

DEBS' TRIUMPHAL TOUR CONTINUES.

At Chattanooga, Tenn., Debs had a tremendous meeting. Said the News:

Mr. Debs entered the auditorium at 8 o'clock and was greeted with continued cheering. A band, composed of workmen in white duck trousers and blue shirts, furnished appropriate music.

The speaker was introduced by Mr. R. B. Taggart, Socialist candidate for congress from this district, who in his remarks referred to the large audiences that had greeted Mr. Debs during the present tour.

From the moment Mr. Debs began to speak his every word reached his farthest hearer and filled easily the entire auditorium. He began his address with a sweeping reference to the economic influences, which, working through all ages, have brought the relative positions of man to man to their present character.

He spoke for two hours, dealing with almost every economic question at present before the public.

People elbowed each other to get within hearing distance of the great agitator at the big Kansas City Convention Hall. The papers had a hard time estimating the crowd. The Times said there were five thousand people in the auditorium. The Journal, which seemed to take rather unkindly that Debs should seek to open the eyes of the capitalist dupes, said there were two thousand present.

Debs was uproariously received when he rose to speak; he was not in very good voice; he seemed hoarse and he talked huskily. His address followed closely the lines of his recent Indianapolis talk. It started with the usual assumption that labor is the slave of wealth. "This had been from the beginning; the slave and then the serf, and now only one more struggle remained and that was soon to come." He said:

"The present political campaign has little interest for the workman. There is only one principle to fight for and that is the total abolition of the wage system. When that is done, the victory is won."

"The workmen produce all the wealth and have little to show for it; the capitalists produce nothing and have it all. No wonder the badge of labor is that of degradation. The most barbarous thing in the world today is the labor market. Without this shambles, this shameful mart, capital would be wiped from off the earth. The laborer is not sold like a chattel, as he was forty years ago, but necessity forces him to sell his labor power, and when he sells that, he sells himself into slavery."

"How is the price fixed? By supply and demand. The more machinery, the less labor demanded, and the keener the competition to sell the labor between men, women and children. Majority rules, you say, but I tell you the majority is usually wrong; the minority is right, and we are the minority."

Debs then told of the establishment of freedom and equality by the American Revolution and said that by it, the laborer was made the master and what he produced was his and he disposed of it as he saw fit. Continuing, he said:

"In this day, the man did not own the tools, and the more they produced the worse off they became because they overproduced; mills were shut down and they were idle. Their grandsires used their own machines and owned the products. Now their grandsires use others' machines, which

vastly outdo their grandsires' and they overproduce and are the loser. In those days there was a reasonable distribution of wealth. There was neither millionaire nor tramp. With the first of the former came 1,000 of the latter; the proportion has kept up. One has abundant food and no digestion; the other has good digestion but no food."

A century had seen, he held, the change from tool-owning mechanics to machine owners and wage earners. The former wants profit and the latter wants living wages. These two can't be harmonized; all traces are at the mercy of the wage owners. The Carnegie works was cited as an illustration.

Carnegie makes no steel; the workmen produce the steel and he steals the steel. Why? He owns the tools and this means ownership of produce; while 50,000 men work day and night making it. And when it is made Carnegie takes the profits. And his libraries are stained with the blood of Homestead. If they'd stop grinding their workers the latter could build their own libraries.

Attacking the supreme court, Debs said every member was a trust attorney and every injunction granted was against the working class. So, too, was every ordering out of the soldiers; they never shot down capitalists. Debs continued:

"The Republicans are the party of the capitalistic class. The Democrats up to the St. Louis convention represented the middle class. This class is crumbling and that is why the Democratic party is tumbling."

"Hands are what the workmen are called now. A man advertises for fifty hands. He and his class are the heads; he only wants your hands. When you see such an advertisement you won't find any millionaires answering it. No 'hands' were at either of these conventions. They will be founded up like a Texas rancher rounds up his cattle and voted on election day. That's all the 'hands' are wanted for."

Taking up the Democratic convention, which, he said, gave fifty-six words to labor, he denounced it earnestly. "Captain Hobson, hero of the Merrimac and the merry smack, outlined that convention when he praised Cleveland for crushing labor, and it rang with applause."

"Henry Gassaway Davis, a biographer says he was once a slave owner. He is yet. He simply exchanged a small number of black slaves for a large number of white ones."

"There is no minister in Kansas City who receives a good salary who dares preach the truth about the labor question. If he did he would lose his job. Preachers used to have a wooden meeting house and a wooden faith. Now they have a granite meeting house and a wooden faith."

Long and earnestly Debs prophesied of a coming industrial crisis; already he saw signs of hard times; thousands of laborers were already laid off and more would be when election was over. A very doleful outlook indeed, he outlined, what with cut wages, idleness, crushing out of business and the like. The only way out was by the ballot and the only way to vote was for the Socialist ticket. In closing he said:

"Every time you vote the Democratic or Republican ticket you forge your fetters anew. Every time you vote so, you make yourself a slave. You are afraid to vote the Socialist ticket because it will not be elected. Your

(Continued on Page 2.)

The cause of the people just now is making a good case at the bar of public opinion and the witnesses come principally from the other side. The exploiters do not hang together very well, for it's a dog-eat-dog fight for supremacy they are engaged in. This breeds powerful enmities, and so they are willing to testify against each other.

Rose, the Stalwart Democratic mayor. Money was paid; the extension was hoodled through. The Milwaukee Star printed a sensational article, saying Plaster, among others, did the bribing, and thus it happened that the Stalwarts got that paper. Plaster sued for libel, but when the editors made answer that their defense would be proof of the charge, the millionaire traction man bought the paper and its evidence too. Mayor Rose fought to secure for special districts a commission which sacrificed the common interests of his city and lost to Milwaukee the chance Chicago seized to settle the public utility problem. Moreover, Rose knew that his council was corrupt before it was proven so; he told two business men that they couldn't get a privilege they sought honestly from him, without bribing aldermen. Yet he ridiculed as "hot air" an investigation which nevertheless produced evidence enough to defeat at the polls, in a self-respecting city, the head of an administration so besmirched. But Milwaukee rejected Rose.

From Thomas W. Lawson's exposure of "high finance" in Everybody's Magazine, we take the following pen picture of J. Edward Addicks, "Gas Addicks," who is a member of the Republican national committee: This financial guerilla was J. Edward O'Sullivan Addicks, votary of rotten finance, perpetual candidate for the United States Senate, wholesale dealer in American citizenship and the Philadelphia cracker, a corporation political trickster, who has done more to hold up American laws, American elective franchises and American corporations to the scorn of the civilized world than any other man of this or any previous age.

Under the heading "More Politics in the Union," a communication to the Machinist's Journal from Marshall, Tex., dated July 4th, D. J. O'Connor, after summarizing the deplorable political situation of our day, and urging workmen, in view of the recent outrages and others in Colorado, to take more interest in the ballot box, arrives at the following remarkable conclusion: "Every labor union in every county should elect a committee of three to meet a like committee of three from every labor union of the state. This committee to meet and devise means of forcing all political parties to nominate men who are with us, especially better representative members of the legislature. Then let every member support the nominees recommended by the general committee of the state. We have the power. Why not use it?"

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DEBS & HANFORD POSTERS BEAUTIFUL PORTRAITS OF OUR CANDIDATES. No Social-Democratic Home Should Be Without Them. BRANCHES SHOULD ORDER IN LOTS AND POST COPIES IN ALL BUSINESS PLACES.

STATE SECRETARIES. Following is the corrected list of state Secretaries: Alabama, F. X. Waldhorst, 1016 S. 23rd St., Birmingham. Arkansas, E. W. Perrin, 304 Coott St., Little Rock.

TOWN MILWAUKEE BRANCH NO. 2 meets every 2nd and 4th Thursday of the month at 8 p. m. at 602 Market St. Secretary, Fred. Krueger.

It's Always Pure. A tender conscience has no more show in business than a pig-leg has in a foot-race. Opie Read.

HOW ABOUT THAT \$2.00 BILL? Or are you one of the fellows eternally "kicking" but never "hustling." Let's have it to-day. We'll mail you five subscription cards.

SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PARTY. 344 Sixth Street, MILWAUKEE, WIS. The main difference between me and the other fellows is that I'm a Social-Democrat.

IDENTITY OF INTERESTS.

...TO THE VIEW OF CLAYTON J. LAMB.

The material interests of small capital and of workers is identical. Many Socialists to capitalists, big and little, are much alike. A simple mathematical interest of the person who only a small capital is with the material interest of the worker. In fact, a percentage would be well up there, if not in six, before interest would be that of the capitalist.

Now how many small capitalists have that least income today? Among farmers not one in a thousand. Among small merchants, professional men and capitalists who rate (in Bradstreet's) \$25,000 or less perhaps not one in a hundred.

So far as work is concerned it is probable that the small capitalists, including farmers, small merchants and small business men, generally put in even more hours of work and more worry than the average wage worker. I can speak of the farmer advisedly. Poor fellow! His hours are longer and his worries greater than those of his hired man.

So far then as income and work are concerned the material interest of the small capitalist (say up to \$50,000) should make him a Socialist. On exactly the same grounds every wage worker should be a Socialist.

It follows then that the material interests of men of small capital and of wage workers are identical, which was proposed.

By "Socialist" is meant Socialist—one who favors the entire extinction of rent, interest and profit.

The wage worker need not pay much attention to the small capitalist. The real capitalist—the trust—will tend to his particular case.

Conundrum.—Which will first learn that it is in his interest to be a Socialist—the wage worker or the small capitalist? Look out, now.

Chemistry and mechanics have relieved and superseded man's muscles a thousandfold. These are not mere gorgeous words, but facts that may only be denied by a fool.

These are not mere gorgeous words, but facts that may only be denied by a fool. But when thou struttest through the land where dost thou encounter the joys of Paradise which such a situation would have us anticipate? Where?

Whether you look about in monarchies or republics, in the Frigid or Torrid Zones, every moment your eye is offended by apparitions of misery, need and woe, by human beings and things heralding Evil and Destruction, by scenes creating deep injustice, the foregrounds of which are spread with vice and crime, and for a basis have tombs of marble full of gold and decay.

Your path may lead over meadows steaming with the blood of assassinated men sacrificed to the war-moloch.

stocks. The anticipated exploitation of the future must bring interest in advance for the present.

All tricks, kinks, lies, intrigues and deceit are thrown into the gambling by the lookers and the jobbers in order to correct the decisions of the Goddess of Fortune.

A few strides across the street bring you into the palace of justice. A wise judge receiving daily \$25 for drowsing rubs the "Katzenjammer" from his eyes by lecturing a tramp and opening jail for the same to occupy one year because he stole bread and sausage instead of drowning himself.

With important features the chroniclers of the press register the case and praise the holy order—Freiheit.

The "Donkey" brays and the "Elephant" roars; slight difference. These are the "Fish-frying" days of the old party politicians,—Shake, and do it before November 8th, or you'll get the cold shoulder.

The "Glad hand" of the old party politician will be promptly withdrawn on November 8th. Working mules take notice. Socialist handshakes proceed from the heart and continue incessantly.

Socialists are in politics, not through choice, but through necessity, as it's the only way that the common people can secure control of the reigns of government which are now held by the exploiters who control legislation.

When you vote for principle your vote is never thrown away. You might better vote for what you want and not get it at once, than to vote for what you have had enough of and get more of it with increase, even if you do win. Isn't that right?

Wonder how much of their corruption fund the old party masters apply in supplying campaign banners for their working mules to show their loyalty. Socialists have no corruption fund, they buy their banners. Don't sell your birth right for a mess of pottage.—be a man.

Abraham Lincoln said: "Strike at the ballot box." How long, O God, how long will the poor working mules spar with their masters 364 days in the year, and on the 365th day—the voting day—the only free day they have, go to the polls and vote themselves into a continuation of servitude by casting the same ballot that their masters do? Funny, isn't it? They're easy.

Outside the masses move. Hardly one of ten wears a whole suit of clothes, many a one among them has not enough to pay his lodging for the coming night.

You wander to the Exchange to view the powerful, who dance around this poisoned tree. They speculate and calculate: Will wage slaves produce in future more or less surplus? The answer to that question raises and depresses the

nuisance of itself. It is of no use to itself or anyone else, and has practically dropped its war on capitalism to fight the Social-Democrats, a fact which the capitalist press has quickly realized, and the story is afloat that capitalistic funds are at the disposal of these enemies of the labor movement.

In Milwaukee one Charles Minkley of the S. L. P. has been given space in the Sentinel, the organ of the corporations and corruptors of legislation, to malign Comrade Victor L. Berger, whom our party has nominated for congress. Comrade Berger's chances of election are extremely bright, and this worries the Sentinel and its crowd. Hence Minkley is put forth to malign Berger in a most vicious way, with the Sentinel's backing. The S. L. P. has its capitalistic uses.

The Socialists of Alpena County, Michigan, nominated a full county ticket, headed by O. F. Richardson for Representative.

Arkansas Socialists send word that Comrade Wm. Penrose for governor received 1,500 votes in last week's election.

Labor is Waking Up! "Alton B. Parker was one of the judges who declared the eight-hour law of New York unconstitutional. The decision was rendered on April 28, 1903, by the Court of Appeals at Albany.

Judge Edgar M. Cullen, Democrat, wrote the decision declaring that the law of 1899, making it a punishable offense for contractors on public work to require their men to work more than eight hours a day was unconstitutional.

Chief Judge Alton B. Parker, Democrat, and Associate Judges William E. Werner, Irving G. Vann, Edward T. Bartlett, Albert Haight and Celora E. Martin, Republicans, joined in the decision.

With an advocate of the open shop on one side, and an anti-labor judge on the other, there seems to be only one thing for the real workman to do, and that is to vote for the great leader, Eugene V. Debs.—The Union, Minneapolis.

THE WORK THAT ALL CAN DO.

The best work and the most important work in the Socialist movement is a kind of work that all can do. No matter what the things a comrade may be unable to do, each and every one of us can DISTRIBUTE LITERATURE.

And that is the most important thing in our movement. Every Socialist in the United States should distribute a book, a pamphlet, or a few leaflets and papers every single day between this day and election day. The people are this year more ready to read our literature than ever before.

Do not leave this work for some one else to do. DO IT YOURSELF. DO IT NOW. Put your faith in print. Distribute Socialist literature, and you will get Socialist results. Distribute Socialist literature, and we shall have Socialism in our time. Ben. Hanford.

You don't see much in the corrupted papers about the Social-Democratic party even though it is the third-party of importance in the field, and perhaps you wonder why.

An editor of a little country paper published down in Erie Co., N. Y., recently visited his sister in New York City, and to his surprise she invited him to go and hear our Presidential Candidate Debs at Carnegie Hall.

Comrade Debs writes Sept. 21 on train en route to Los Angeles: "These are strenuous days. It takes just such a fight to stir the blood and put a man on his mettle. It is in the storm of conflict that man is at his best.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 26.—Owing to the depression in industry and commerce caused by the war, fathers and husbands have openly sold their daughters and wives to Jewish agents, who have exported them to South American ports.

The sale has been carried on in open market without any attempt of concealment. The average price paid for a young woman is about \$50, and the trade has been enormously profitable.

Comrade Debs writes Sept. 21 on train en route to Los Angeles: "These are strenuous days. It takes just such a fight to stir the blood and put a man on his mettle. It is in the storm of conflict that man is at his best.

Everybody wishing to subscribe for the "Social-Democratic Herald" drop a postal to Jos. P. Nick, 517 N. 8th st., and will receive prompt attention.

Notice to Camden, N. J., readers. L. Juster, 17 Hudson st., Camden, N. J., is authorized to take subscriptions for this paper.

Notice, Philadelphia. Everybody wishing to subscribe for the "Social-Democratic Herald" drop a postal to Jos. P. Nick, 517 N. 8th st., and will receive prompt attention.

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Gleanings from Busy Socialistic Fields!

NOTE: In some states the organization is known as The Socialist Party, in others as the Social Democratic Party. Where the term "local" is used it does not refer to trade union locals, but to the local body

NOTES FROM YANKEE LAND.

The death of Comrade W. H. Harp, one of our presidential electors in Florida, is announced. His home was at Milton, that state.

The Rev. J. W. Reed, a colored preacher of Florida and a Republican, has advised the members of his race to vote the Social-Democratic ticket.

Seymour Stedman of Chicago will be the speaker at the Tenth Congressional demonstrations at St. Louis, Oct. 15. He will make several other addresses.

Illinois Socialists are putting up a warm state campaign, one such as was impossible when the party was in the mischievous control of the impossibilists. The Illinois movement will yet redeem itself.

That was mean of the Denver Post to depict Parker and Roosevelt as prize fighters, their gloves labeled with the dollar sign, and with the trusts as seconds and backers on either side. But it is an admission that is true just the same.

Will some of our exchanges take notice that there is but one b in Debs' name. While we are about it, it may be well to point out that Karl Marx' first name is spelled with a K and not a C., and that Lassalle did not spell his name LaSalle.

Is there a desire at National Headquarters to publish an official party paper? The stretching of a bulletin into a large four-page paper, filled with Socialist news, etc., would seem to indicate as much.

The comrades of Orange, N. J., are much disturbed at the conduct of an unaffiliated Socialist who caused a disturbance at the grave of a friend because religious rites were being performed contrary to the belief of the deceased. They set forth that the disturbance had no connection with their party organization, as the disturber was not a member and they had no control over him.

Collier's Weekly for Oct. 8 and 29 will contain articles on Social-Democracy, written by Comrade Upton Sinclair of Princeton, N. J. He has been given free rein to express his sentiments and the publishers have accepted his articles in good faith.

Across the Herring Pond. The annual congress of the Swiss party takes place this year, on November 7 and 8, at Biel. A subject of discussion which is likely to cause some heat is that of the refusal to perform military service.

The Anarchists play their miserable game as ally of the bourgeois parties by setting in circulation wonderful stories tending to bring our comrades into discredit.

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For full particulars of either Residence or Correspondence Work sent on request. If there is any point not understood, write and further information will be sent.

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Social-Democratic Herald

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FREDERICK HEATH, Editor. VICTOR L. BERGER, Associate.

Official Paper of the Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee and of the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor.

The Herald is not responsible for the opinions of its contributors.

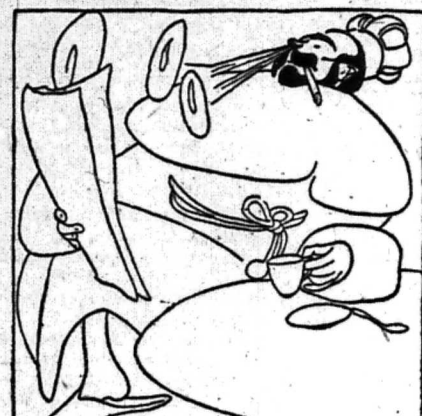
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THE CZAR AND HIS MORNING PAPER.



"In the course of the rioting several hundred peasants were shot."

"At the same time a number of women and children were killed by whips in the hands of the police."



"At Liangyang the Russian loss was 3400 men"

"Minister von Pleve was killed by a bomb."—Simplicissimus, (Munich)."

HALF HOURS IN THE HERALD SANCTUM.

THE BLIGHT OF CAPITALISM.

United States Consul Hamm at Hull, England, has sent the U. S. Department of Commerce and Labor an account of the physical deterioration of the English working classes, a subject that is causing the capitalists of that country considerable uneasiness.

The matter was first broached some years ago, when Sir Frederick Maurice told the readers of the Contemporary Review that the robustness of the working class had so far declined that only two out of every five men who applied for enlistment into the army remained in the army over two years—that 60 per cent of the population from which recruiting was done was physically unfit for the rigors of military life.

The London Spectator holds that the physical deterioration of adults can be laid to unhealthy environment in childhood. A table is given showing that overcrowding tells appallingly on child life, and on adult life as well.

In Glasgow, when children were graded according to the class of home they lived in, it was found that the average height of girls from one-room homes was 43.4 inches, from two-room homes 49.2, from three-rooms and upwards 50. Their average weight was 48.8, 56 and 58 respectively.

The interesting thing about Mr. Hamm's report is his grasp of the fact that this bad showing in England results from the workings of the wage system. Thus he says:

"The quotations I have given will indicate the drift of public discussion on the subject of physical deterioration in England. In all of them, however, one cause is left untouched, and that is the cause that concerns America the most. That cause is the overworking of the laboring population of England from 1840 down to 1890, when England had command of the markets of the world, and her mines and manufactures were worked to their utmost capacity, and women and young children were employed in unhealthy trades and under unhealthy conditions."

But that is just what we are headed for! What is the dominant cry with our lords of industry today? "The trade unions are trying to limit the output!" And what is the Parry movement (laughed to scorn when first proposed because of its brutality and yet eagerly entered into by our manufacturers) but an effort to force aside the trade unions in their attempt to stand as a shield between the American wage slave and his exploiter!

But we must also bear in mind that labor-crushing and labor-exhausting is not peculiar to England. Capitalism's blighting effects are universal. There is practically equal guilt in America. The sweatshop is here in lusty form, the outrageous child labor conditions all about us, particularly in New Jersey and the South, the textile mill prisons in New England, the little breaker boys in the coal regions who never go to school and their little sisters wearing out their health in knitting factories, of whom it is said "they will make nice, healthy mothers later on, when married to the boys stunted from infancy in the coal breakers"—all these labor conditions and others we have not named, are with us. Capitalism is just as tigerish for profits in this as any other country, and that being so, Mr. Hamm's warning to American capitalists will surely fall on deaf ears. They have no conscience to be appealed to, and very little public or race spirit. Only one force can diminish the exploitation, that is trade unionism operating on socialistic lines.

There is no real pity in the capitalist heart for the plight of its victims. Even the present inquiry in England does not proceed from pity, but from a sense of the social danger resulting from the physical deterioration. The capitalists who depend on colonies that must be kept in subjection are fearful of a lack of men for the wars of conquest principally; in fact it was this fear which first started the investigations!

In addition to what we said elsewhere this week of chronic hunger of the children of capitalism's impoverished victims, we may cite a report that comes from Fall River, Mass., where infant mortality is so great that it breaks the record in the state. The State Board of Health officials declare it is due to want of proper nourishment. Dr. Samuel W. Abbott, president of the board, says that the high death rate can be laid to poor food, poor houses, and hard working conditions of the parents. Pitiful it is that it must be the most worthy class in society upon whom this plague of poverty falls.

Editor Herald: Would it not be a very consistent thing for our Republican friends to advocate a tariff on cheap foreign labor which is pouring into this country, so that if we must compete with it that we might do so at long range?

This country is the asylum of the oppressed, you know—and the working class wouldn't feel much more humiliated if they actually were in an asylum, and certainly their meals would come with greater regularity! The workings of the capitalist system is most remarkable. This country invites the discontented of all lands to seek a haven here, and then strives with might and main, after impoverishing its own people so that its home market is restricted, to wrest foreign markets away from the foreign countries, thus trying to head off the productive operations of those countries and plunge its workers into the no-work class, with the probability of their later seeking a refuge on our shores.

The replies to our request for up-to-date information as to property qualifications for voting in the South are beginning to arrive. The following letter will be read with interest:

Editor Herald: The election law of Louisiana is a very complicated affair, yet it covers its purpose. No one desires its purpose is to eliminate the Negro from politics, as a power to be reckoned with.

Any man, white or black, rich or poor, must, if he votes, hold a receipt for poll tax on each of the two years next preceding the date of election. Without those receipts in hand (or duplicates) and without a certificate of registration, no man in Louisiana can vote lawfully. Now if he holds these and his ancestors were voters in some year in the 50s (I believe) he can vote. This is called the grandfather clause. If he never had a grandfather he can vote if he can read and write. If he never had any ancestors and can not read and write he can yet vote if he is worth \$300 (I think it is). This allows a man, white or black, to vote if he holds his tax receipt. Any of these provisions enables him to register; no two are necessary, only one. He must hold (1) a registration certificate; he must hold (2) poll tax receipts. But to get a certificate of registration he must have some education, or he must have some property, or he must have had an ancestor who was a voter at a certain time. Of course the time selected was when a voter had to be a white man, but it does eliminate the shiftless, tax dodging, crap shooting class of Africans, and there are few men in Louisiana but what would fight to uphold that principle, although it does deprive a few possibly that are not necessarily bad.

A white man is not always courteous after he gets a cinch, but the Negro is just simply intolerant invested with a little authority; he is filled with hatred for the white people of the south, and a few more years of Negro rule in this country would have resulted in their extermination, good and bad alike. This restriction has been a mercy to them. One thing that seems strange to me is that northern men after staying a while in the south are harder on the Negro than southern men. We don't hate Negroes, we only don't want to be ruled by them; they cannot rule themselves, the best of them.

J. L. Pledger. Thibodaux, La.

Social-Democratic Herald: John W. Brown of Connecticut, National Organizer of the Socialist party, spoke in Building Trades Hall last Sunday evening before a large crowd and made one of the most stirring addresses ever heard at the national capital, in the interests of the working class. The audience was fairly carried off its feet by his portrayal of capitalism's reverence for the home and the marriage relation, when the red lights of the "Division"—Washington's red light district—offer their wide open doors to passers-by within hailing distance of the Capitol and White House, and here the daughters of the working class are forced to sell themselves for the gratification of our senators, congressmen and other capitalist funkeys and hirelings. "Standing upon the terrace of the Capitol I could throw a stone into a row of these houses on B. St.," said Comrade Brown, and during the sessions of congress when our capitalist masters send their political servants to Washington to perform the mandates of their employers, cabs and carriages stand two deep in front of these houses. Yet these men are jealous in their zeal for the opportunity to attack Socialism for its menace to the "home" (!) And those who look for some relief through the channels of the Democratic party let them remember that over two hundred Democratic congressmen sat in the last house and not once was a voice raised in the interests of the working class. Put only ten Social-Democratic congressmen in the house and there will be such a running for cover upon the part of our Republican-Democratic politicians, as will awaken the people to the fact that here are men with something positive to offer, who stand avowedly upon the principle that the workers are alone the important units of society, because they alone produce wealth and because they alone practice morality and decency in their family relations and daily lives."

did the work for me, it was one of the very best among all the Socialist papers I have ever read. So I am with you for a year.

A. H. Lee. Kentucky.

Dear Comrade: I am an admirer of your most valuable paper, "The Social-Democratic Herald." Chas. H. Corrigan was here Thursday and Friday night. He gave a very good exposition of Socialism in the open air meeting to about 200 men, but when questions were asked about the Social-Democrats, he proved to be about the vilest Blackguard I have ever heard; he beat Le Leon. All our speakers were slimy, rotten egg party, full of traitors, and so forth. He surely gathered up all the good seeds he had sown by the wayside himself. All the good impression he had made by his address he also eradicated by maligning Carey and others. He simply lowered himself by such talk and the intelligent listeners will vote for Debs and Hanford, whose leaflets I freely distributed. "What is the Mission of the Socialist Party" from Headquarters.

Heinrich F. Thomas. Providence, R. I.

Dear Herald: One morning in May 1902 I was standing waiting for the administration building to open in Dawson, Yukon Territory. Presently a man who had the appearance of being a miner joined me, and we entered into conversation. Just a few remarks he made led me to believe that he was a Socialist, and I asked him. To my question he stuck his hand into one of his trouser pockets, drew out a "poke," pulled out of the poke two or three rather soiled and crumpled pieces of paper and then came a badge with "Gen'l Debs' picture" and as he was showing it to me, remarked: "I went from Nome, Alaska, to the states to vote for Debs."

Of course there was absolutely no doubt about John Debs—that was his name—being the real thing. And by the way, John Kline was not a Socialist through his stomach, but through his intellect, as he had a very good paying claim at the time.

Xenia, O. J. F.

Answers to Correspondents.

William County, Biddford, Me.—A leading feature of the paper, a copy of which you send us, consists of letters of self-praise written by its members in various parts of the country, usually made up in large part of exaggerated accounts of their valor in making nuisances of themselves in their relations to our party. So far as the fight for Socialism is concerned they are both impotent and conceited, and hence their growth is a growth backward. They were at one time quite strong in Milwaukee, but the best members came over to us and there is now left but a half dozen of them, who spend their time not in educating for their principles, but in fighting at the Social-Democrats. This of itself is sufficient commentary. Speaking of their "valor," about a year ago at one of our street meetings we witnessed the sad spectacle of their candidate for governor taking to his heels when he saw a policeman approaching. He had been trying to disturb the meeting and his bad conscience put him to flight when he saw the representative of capitalist law approaching. Lately we have had the anomaly denouncing us on the streets and yet applauding our aldermen from the gallery at the council chamber of the city hall.

Many Inquiries.—Nat'l. Sec'y. Mally informs us that the national office knows nothing of the report that Clarence Darrow will speak for Debs, aside from the reference in the newspapers. It is probably a "pipe" story.

Salt Lake Reader.—The name you suggest would not properly indicate our purpose, which is the abolition of the profit system.

ATTENTION, MINNEAPOLIS. W. H. Brown, 45 S. Fourth st., will take subscriptions for the Social-Democratic Herald.

Books on International Socialism.

Table listing various books on international socialism with authors and prices. Includes titles like 'A Study in Government', 'Wage Labor and Capital', 'The Communist Manifesto', etc.

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Table showing bundle rates for different quantities of papers. Includes rates for 100, 200, and 500 copies, and weekly bundles.

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Milwaukee is a prosperous city—for the capitalists. Yet every day there are children of the industrious class going hungry to school. A citizen has proposed that a fund be subscribed to furnish breakfastless children when school opens with some nourishment so that they will not have to study on an empty stomach.

"There are hundreds of these little ones who get no breakfasts in the morning," he said, "and many of them go home at noon and get no dinner. Such children can not be expected to do their best at their studies. I have not overdrawn my statement of these hungry little ones. Only the other day, a girl in one of the dry goods stores fainted. When she had been revived, it was found that she had had no breakfast. That condition prevails in many of the poorer families."

If a big, prosperous city presents such a horrible condition, what must be the average the country over! And yet a dishonest wealth server like Roosevelt has the affrontery and the brutality to say that the wealth of the country is being equally distributed among all the people!

"NEXT" is the new Socialist Propaganda paper, same size page as "Puck" or "The Saturday Evening Post." A weekly paper, published by Debs, Hanford and Mally. Motto: "GET NEXT." It is the only paper that goes to the workers' homes, and is the only paper that is read by the workers. It is the only paper that is read by the workers. It is the only paper that is read by the workers. It is the only paper that is read by the workers.

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Each sticker contains a short and pointed argument for socialism, and is posted in conspicuous places, each sticker is likely to be read by many people, thus making the most effective propaganda for the least amount of money. A sample set of stickers with a booklet explaining our co-operative plan for supplying socialist literature at cost, will be mailed free to any one requesting this advertisement.

United Trades Council of Milwaukee

HEADQUARTERS: 318 STATE STREET, Telephone Main 1742.

The Regular Meetings of the Council are held first and third Wednesdays at 8 o'clock, at Frodo Gemeinde Hall, Fourth Street, betw. State and Cedar.

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Waukesha County Notes.

Successful lectures throughout New Berlin and Waukesha. Many for Social-Democracy.

Hartland will give to the comrades of Waukesha a duck banquet this month.

Fred S. Soll and Daniel W. Hoan, assembly candidates, have agreed to stump; look out!

There is a terrible apprehension felt here at the possibility of a Social-Democratic congressman. I wonder why no one here fears Dopp?

Vanderpool of Delafield thinks that we Socialists should be grateful. If it was not for the Republican party, he says, we would not have the right to speak. We admit that they furnish lots of food for discussion and if it was not for the Social-Democratic party, no one would speak!

Farmers were in danger of losing their corn this week due to frost. The corporations would only have been in danger of losing profits.

Richard J. Schloping.

14th Ward Meetings.

Oct. 4, Stachowiak's Hall, cor. 7th and Rogers. (Ger.)
 Oct. 11, Paplarczyk's Hall, corner 9th and Grant st.
 Oct. 18, Nadolski's Hall, cor. Grant st. and 14th ave. (Ger.)
 Oct. 25, Schacht's Hall, corner 11th and Windlake ave. (Ger.)
 Oct. 27, Marenda's Hall, corner 11th and Becher st.
 Nov. 1, Czaplewski's Hall, corner 1st and Smith st.
 Nov. 3, Stachowiak's Hall, corner 7th and Rogers.
 H. E. Briggs.

NOTICE EVERYBODY.

The Exposition Building has again been leased by the Social-Democratic party for our annual Monster Mask Ball for January 28th, 1905. Branches and Unions are especially requested to note the date in making arrangements for festivities.

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To all Lovers of Music.

Most of you who have heard the singers of the N. W. Saenger Bund sing, will surely say that it was the best Milwaukee has heard for the last few years. Now the N. W. singers are not the only singers in Milwaukee, this the United Socialist Singing Societies of Milwaukee will try to prove at their next concert held on the 2nd of October, 1904, in the West Side Turn Hall.

My friends having been an interested listener at their rehearsals, can say that every member of the above named societies was prompt in attendance, and can say, and most of you know it, it is pretty hard work for a director to manage so many men. But everything went off with the greatest precision, especially the last rehearsal which took place at the South Side at the Aurora's singing headquarters. The directors pronounced the singing "O. K." I am convinced this concert will be a grand success.

I herewith invite every union man and Socialist if he has any love for music to attend the concert, especially because the proceeds will help to swell the funds of the S.-D. Campaign Fund.

Now, friends, do not forget that you are helping the cause along, by attending the concert, Oct. 2d, 1904, at the W. S. Turn Hall. Tickets from members 15 cts., at ticket office 25 cts.

Come One and All.

An Old Timer.

Social-Democratic Meetings to be held during the week of October and to October 8th.

Sunday, October 2nd.
 2nd and Grand ave., E. E. Carr; National Hall, Howard Caldwell; City Hall Square, Carl D. Thompson.
 Monday, October 3rd.
 2nd and Grand, Howard Caldwell; City Hall Square, Emil Seidel; Recreation Hall, W. R. Gaylord; 19th and Wells sts., F. H. Wentworth.
 Tuesday, October 4th.
 2nd and Grand ave., E. T. Melms; City Hall Square, Howard Caldwell; 29th and Clybourn, W. R. Gaylord.
 Wednesday, October 5th.
 2nd and Grand ave., Howard Caldwell; City Hall Square, W. R. Gaylord.
 Thursday, October 6th.
 2nd and Grand ave., W. R. Gaylord; City Hall Square, Howard Caldwell; Thomas Hall, cor. Thomas and Murray st., C. D. Thompson, W. A. Arnold; Wauwatosa, Zickuhr's Hall, 49th and State sts., John B. Moser, Chas. Pergler.
 Friday, October 7th.
 Henry Schmidt's hall, 21st and Rogers st., Howard Caldwell; Binder's hall, 713 Kinnickinnic ave., W. R. Gaylord; Chas. Harman's hall, Teutonia and Clark, W. A. Arnold, Emil Seidel, A. J. Welch, Nick Petersen's hall, 2714 North ave., Emil Seidel, E. T. Melms.
 Saturday, October 8th.
 2nd and Grand ave., W. R. Gaylord; Grove and National, E. T. Melms; 20th and Meinecke ave., F. J. Weber, A. J. Welch; 11th ave. and Washington st., Howard Caldwell.

WISCONSIN STATE FEDERATION OF LABOR DEPARTMENT.

EXECUTIVE BOARD:
 CHAS. A. DOLAN, 2205 Tower Ave., Superior, Wis.
 H. W. HISTORIC, 516 Second Avenue, Milwaukee.
 A. J. WELCH, 673 Seventh Street, Milwaukee.
 P. A. PETERSON, 706 S. Fourteenth Street, Manitowish.
 T. J. MCKEIGUE, 16 North Franklin Street, Janesville.

GENERAL OFFICERS:
 FRANK J. WEBER, General Organizer, 318 State Street, Milwaukee.
 FREDK. BROCKHAUSEN, Secy.-Treas., 655 Orchard Street, Milwaukee.

Wisconsin State Federation of Labor Unfair List.
 The West Bend Brewing and Malting Co. of West Bend, Wis.

A. F. of L. Unfair List.

Union workmen and working-women and sympathizers with labor have refused to purchase articles produced by the following firms—Labor papers please note changes from month to month and copy.

FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS.
 Bread.—McKinney Bread Company, St. Louis, Mo.; National Biscuit Co., Chicago, Ill.
 Beer.—American Brewing Co., New Orleans.
 Cigars.—Carl Upman, of New York City; Kerbs, Wertheim & Schiffer, of New York City; The Henry George and Tom Moore.
 Meats.—Kings Packing Company, of Indianapolis, Ind.
 Tobacco.—American and Continental Tobacco Companies.
 Groceries.—James Butler, New York City.

CLOTHING.
 Buttons.—Davenport Prest Button Co., Davenport, Ia.; Kremenz & Co., Newark, N. J.
 Clothing.—N. Snellenberg & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.
 Shirts and Collars.—United Shirt and Collar Co., Troy, N. Y.; Van Zandt, Jacobs & Co., Troy, N. Y.; Cluett, Peabody & Co., Troy, N. Y.; Cluett, R. Kaiser, N. Y. City.
 Shoes.—Wellman, Osborne & Co., Lynn, Mass.; Thomas Taylor & Son, Hudson, Mass.
 Woollens.—J. Capps & Son, Jacksonville, Fla.; Hartford Carpet Co., Thompsonville, Conn.
 Underwear.—Onetta Knitting Mills, Utica, N. Y.

HOTELS.
 Printing and Publications.
 Bookbinders.—Geo. M. Hill Co., of Chicago, Ill.
 Newspapers.—Philadelphia Democrat, Philadelphia, Pa.; Hudson, Kimberly & Co., printers, of Kansas City, Mo.; W. B. Conkey Co., publishers, Hammond, Ind.; Gazette, Terre Haute, Ind.; Times, Los Angeles, Cal.

KEEP A SHARP EYE

On our shoe announcements. If you don't see what you are looking for today, you will tomorrow or the day after. Today we are talking mens shoes. Our buyer got wind of a splendid bargain. Some one lacked the necessary cash to pay for these shoes after they were made. We got them for you. While they last \$1.95. Do you want a pair? Hurry!

LOUIS RIPPLE

554 Mitchell Street, BETWEEN FIFTH AND SIXTH AVENUES.

Watch and Jewelry Repairing

If your watch is cranky—and watches do get that way at times—bring it in and let us adjust it; no charge. If repairs are necessary, we'll tell you; our prices are fair and workmanship perfect; work is done on the premises.
 Jewelry repaired. The finest work in repairing jewelry and setting diamonds and other stones.

L. SACHS, Jeweler and Optician.
 418 National Avenue, Milwaukee, Wis.

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WISCONSIN STATE FEDERATION OF LABOR DEPARTMENT.

The Bangor Brewing Co., Bangor, Wis.
 The F. F. Adams Tobacco Co., Milwaukee, Wis.
 The Kehler & Sons, Sheboygan, Wis., manufacturers of bath tubs and plumber supplies.
 Kunz & Blesser Brewing Co. of Manitowish, Wis.
 Chas. Polachek Bros. Co., 123-124 3rd St., Milwaukee, Wis., manufacturers of chandeliers, gas and electrical fixtures.
 The Atlas Bread Co. of Milwaukee.
 The Oswald Jaeger Bakery, Milwaukee.
 Pamperin & Wiggenhorn, better known as the P. & W. Cigar Co. of La Crosse, Wis., manufacturers of cigars and tobacco.
 The Black & Germer Co., manufacturers of the Radiant Home Line Stoves.
 The Janesville Clothing Co.
 The Cargill Coal Co., of Green Bay.
 Casey & Stresen-Reuter Co., Merchant Tailors—Wells Building, Milwaukee.

POTTERY, GLASS AND STONE.

Pottery and Brick.—J. B. Owens Pottery Co., of Zanesville, Ohio; North-western Terra Cotta Co., of Chicago, Ill.; Terra Haute Brick and Pipe Co., of Terre Haute, Ind.; Evans & Howard Sewer Pipe and Fire Brick Co., St. Louis, Mo.; S. W. Steine Pottery Co., White Cottage, O.

MACHINERY AND BUILDING.
 Carriage and Wagon Builders.—S. R. Bailey & Co., Amesbury, Mass.; Hassett & Hodge, Amesbury, Mass.; Carr, Prescott & Co., Amesbury, Mass.
 General Hardware.—Landers, Frary & Clark, Atlas Works, of New Britain, Conn.; Davis Manufacturing Co., Dayton, Ohio; Iver Johnson Arms Co., Fitchburg, Mass.; Kelsey Firearms Co., Syracuse, N. Y.; Brown & Sharpe Tool Co., Providence, R. I.; Computing Scale Co., Dayton, O.; John Russell Cutlery Co., Turner's Falls, N. Y.
 Iron and Steel.—Illinois Iron and Bolt Co., of Carpentersville, Ill.; Carborundum Co., Niagara Falls, N. Y.; Casey & Hedges, Chattanooga, Tenn.; Curney Foundry Co., Toronto, Ont.; Sattley Manufacturing Co., Springfield, Ohio; Page Needle Co., Chicopee Falls, Mass.; American Circular Loom Co., New Orange, N. Y.; Payne Engine Co., Elmira, N. Y.; Lincoln Iron Works, Rutland, Vt.; Ballard & Ballard Milling Co., Louisville, Ky.
 Iron, Architectural.—Winslow Bros., of Chicago, Ill.
 Quarries.—Mount Alry Granite Co., Mount Alry, N. C.
 Stoves.—Herendeen Manufacturing Company, Geneva, N. Y.; Germer Stove Co., Erie, Pa.; "Radiant Home" Stove, Ranges and Hot Air Blast, Erie, Pa.

STREET RAILWAYS.
 Terre Haute—Street Railway Co.
WOOD AND FURNITURE.
 Bags.—Gulf Bag Co., New Orleans, La.; branch Bonis Bros., St. Louis, Mo.; M. Godler's Sons, Circleville, O.

FALL AND WINTER OPENING

THE FITWELL is in perfect readiness to meet the demands of the new season.

Fall and Winter Suits, Overcoats and Top-Coats

in almost endless variety. A particularly attractive line of Overcoats is being shown—the extremely long coats, with belt attached.

Men's Suits in tweeds, chevots, serges, cassimeres, homespuns, etc. \$10
 And Men's Overcoats and Cravenettes, in all colors and various styles, at

Union Label in every Garment.

THE FITWELL "Clothing of Quality"
 204 West Water Street.

ROCKER SALE FOR ONE WEEK

A Splendid Opportunity to Get a Good Rocker Cheap.

SOLID OAK EXTENSION TABLE \$3.00

Pillar Center Extension Tables from \$45.00 down to \$12.00
 Round Extension Tables from \$50.00 down to \$7.00
 Beautiful selection of weathered and polished Extension Tables, all at special sale next week.

Solid Oak Extension Table, claw foot, worth \$9.00, sale price. \$6.75

LACE CURTAINS

Lace Curtain Sale for one week, giving all an opportunity to take advantage. If you can't come Monday come some other day or evening, as the entire stock of Lace Curtains are placed on special sale at prices too numerous to mention.

Our 10 Per Cent Savings Department

For good, durable Upholstered Furniture at wholesale prices go to the manufacturers. We manufacture all our own Upholstered goods and make Leather goods a specialty.

BEDROOM SUITES
 Napoleon Bedroom Suites, never sold less than \$50.00, we have a \$38.00
 We also have Bedroom Suites from \$165 down to \$11.50
 SPECIAL NEXT WEEK.

WANTED:

That You Help Unionism by Patronizing the First Union Bakery.

ALVIN FLEISCHER, 922 FIFTH STREET, Milwaukee.

THE KIENH DRUG CO. Deutsche Apotheke, 840 MITCHELL MILWAUKEE, WIS. Phone Blue 9211.

WHERE TO EAT. LAWRENCE'S ORIGINAL 3c LUNCH ROOMS, OPEN ALL NIGHT. Headquarters for a Good Lunch or Meal at moderate prices. ☞

CLEANLINESS. QUICK SERVICE. J. E. CAMPBELL, Manager. 420 East Water Street & 183 Third Street. Tel. Blue 882. SCHLITZ BEER. **GUSTAV FRIEDRICH,** SALOON... 440 National Avenue, Milwaukee, Wis. Comrades: give me a call.

HAVE YOU A COUGH? CALL AT H. F. STEINERT, PHARMACIST, 1112 Teutonia Ave., MILWAUKEE, WIS.

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WATCHES! WATCHES!

OUR SPECIALTY.
 THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT.
 THE FINEST QUALITY.
 THE LOWEST PRICES.

August J. Stecher JEWELER...
 Corner Third & State Streets.

Union Made Shoes

AT ERNST SAUDER,
 Repairing Neatly Done.
 981 Howell Ave., Near Kinnickinnic Ave. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

H. P. Hansen, Dry Goods, Gents' Furnishings, Shoes, Crockery, Glassware, and House Furnishings. 548-550 POTTER AVENUE. PHONE BLACK 9245.

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906 WINNEBAGO STREET, MILWAUKEE, WIS.

RADCLIFFE & PORTER MFG. CO., Manufacturers and Dealers in Sash, Doors, Screens, Window Frames. Office and Factory: 59th Avenue & Mitchell Street. Phone, West Allis 48. ESTIMATES PROMPTLY FURNISHED FOR ALL MILL WORK.

A. W. HAAS,

Dealer in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry and Game in Season. 211 HOWELL AVENUE.

WM. JANDT, Tailor, AND DEALER IN Gents' Furnishings. 705 Muskego Ave. Cor. Mitchell St.

ADOLPH HEUMANN'S BEER HALL AND SAMPLE ROOM,

409 Sycamore St., Cor. Fourth. Opposite Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Passenger Depot. Telephone Black 9281. Milwaukee, Wis.

ROBERT LAMBERT, SAMPLE ROOM, 428 FOWLER ST., MILWAUKEE, WIS. Phone White 9235.

JOHN LUELL, MANUFACTURER OF FINE CIGARS, 536 Second Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.

BORCHARDT BROS., TAILORS AND FURNISHERS.

347-349 Grove St., Milwaukee, Phone 8495 Blue.

I ADVERTISE SMALL WHY? BECAUSE I SELL CLOTHING AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS AT THE SMALLEST PROFIT CALL AND COMPARE MY PRICES WITH OTHERS. **LUDWIG BERG, 317 3/4 ST.** Union Made Clothing a Specialty.

WANTED:

That You Help Unionism by Patronizing the First Union Bakery.

ALVIN FLEISCHER, 922 FIFTH STREET, Milwaukee.

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ASK FOR Edelweiss, Schoen Hofenbraeu, Select or Ambrosia

BEERS OF SCHOENHOFEN BREWING CO., Try Our Tonic "EDELWEISS-MALTINE" 446 Barclay Street, Corner Scott. Phone So. 104.

NEW HOLLAND HERRING AT TEWS' FISH MARKET

373 1st Avenue, Phone 5494 Blue. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

FRED. SIELING, Ginder and Umbrella Maker. Recovering of Umbrellas a Specialty. 703 SCOTT STREET, Near American Av.

FRANK KORSCH, Saloon and Sample Room, 687 Lapham Street, Cor. 10th Ave. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

GOOD COAL

Perfectly Screened. Burns to a White Ash. You get satisfactory results by trying the **FETTE & MEYER COAL CO.** J. H. STOUTHAMER, Pres. 35 ONEIDA STREET, Phone Main 93. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

GO TO GEORGE RUGGABER For Reliable Union Made Shoes.

494 12th STREET, Milwaukee.

ELSNER'S UNION MARKET, Fresh, Salted and Layton Smoked Meats. Notice to Ward Branches and Unions: Will give estimates and will furnish at very low figures Hams, Meats, Etc., for your Picnics and Festivals. 863 KINNICKINNIC AVE., Phone South 600 MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

An Honest Shoe, The Union Labeled.

Call for them at M. PEGANDE, 703 Muskego Avenue, Corner Mitchell Street, Kienth Block, Milwaukee, Wis.

DR. H. BECKERS, Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat,

EMPIRE BUILDING, Rooms 301-302 Cor. W. Water St. & Grand Ave. Hours 10-12, 2-4. ☞

ZAHN & STROESSER Tailors...

316 STATE STREET, Four doors west of Third St.

HERMAN BUECH, MANUFACTURER OF HIGH GRADE CIGARS, Tampa, Fla. to cents, National Sport, 3 cents, 875 18th AVENUE, MILWAUKEE. WISCONSIN.

John Leuenberger, Reliable Boots, Shoes & Rubbers,

No. 25 Juneau Ave., Milwaukee, Wis. Store closed Sundays. Make Boots and Shoes in all styles to order.

No Reason Why You Can't Get The UNION LABEL On All Your Made-to-order Garments. **MIES YOUR TAILOR** at 784 Kinnickinnic Ave. Will Fix You Up. LOCATED AT THE BRIDGE.

BRAMAN COAL CO. ALL KINDS OF COAL & WOOD.

973 KINNICKINNIC AVENUE, Phone South 511.

ROBERT BUECH, Lincoln Avenue Barrel House, 965 Clinton St., Cor. Lincoln Ave., MILWAUKEE. Fine Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Telephone No. 553 South.

UNION BREAD. CASPAR HACH, Baker and Confectioner, All orders promptly attended to. 927 Kinnickinnic Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.

M. Thierbach & Co. Manufacturers of and Dealers in. FLAGS, BANNERS, REGALIAS, BADGES, Orders of Unions kindly solicited and promptly filled. 267-269 West Water Street MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

Consult Greenberg THE OPTICIAN

416 Chestnut St. About your Eyesight. Satisfaction Guaranteed. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

Tables for Ladies and Gents

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WISCONSIN SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES.

For Governor: WILLIAM E. ARNOLD, of Milwaukee, For Lieutenant Governor: H. J. AMMANN, of Kiel. For Secretary of State: R. O. STOLL, of Eau Claire. For State Treasurer: HENRY LUTHER, of Sheboygan. For Insurance Commissioner: ARNOLD ZANDER, of Packwaukee. For Railway Commissioner: HARRY E. BRIGGS, of Milwaukee.

Fourth District. For Congress: WINFIELD R. GAYLORD. Fifth District. For Congress: VICTOR L. BERGER.

Milwaukee County Ticket: County Clerk—CHAS. V. SCHMIDT. County Treas.—BERNH. BAUMLE. Sheriff—WILLIS E. ACKER. Coroner—MAX GRASS. Clerk of Courts—G. V. HARTMAN. Distr. Attorney—RICHARD ELSNER. Register of Deeds—B. H. HELMING, Jr. County Surveyor—ALEX. GLAESER.

Senatorial Nominations: Fourth Dist.—ALEXIS FISHER. Sixth Dist.—JACOB RUMMEL. Eighth Dist.—FERDIN. W. REHFELD.



WM. E. ARNOLD, Candidate for Governor.

- Assembly Nominations: First—SWAN NELSON. Second—FRED'K KOLL. Third—WM. FLAMM. Fourth—JEROME UNDERHILL. Fifth—WILLIAM J. ALLDRIDGE. Sixth—JOHN P. LAHIN. Seventh—WM. MELLER. Eighth—WM. E. BAUMANN. Ninth—EDMUND J. BERNER. Tenth—JACOB HUNGER. Eleventh—FR. BROCKHAUSEN, Sr. Twelfth—JOHN HASSMANN. Thirteenth—WM. BAUMANN. Fourteenth—MARTIN GORECKI. Fifteenth—HERMAN G. HANSEN. Sixteenth—AUG. W. STREHLOW.

THE THEATER.

ALHAMBRA THEATER. Originality, brightness and whole-some fun are the salient points in Managers Broadhurst and Currie's quaint musical comedy, "A Son of Rest," in which that unique young comedian Nat. M. Wills is making his second tour as a star, and will appear at the Alhambra beginning Sunday ma-



ALICE COLIN, ALHAMBRA THEATER.

tinee. The play is an entertainment of the lighter sort and possesses some of the most catchy and tuneful musical numbers as well as high class specialties that have ever been offered here.

BIJOU THEATER. That intensely exciting military drama, "Across the Pacific," and that ever popular little comedian, Harry Clay Blaney as "Willie Live," is always a strong combination and a welcome one, and it is safe to predict that the S. R. O. sign will be displayed nightly at the Bijou during the week beginning tomorrow matinee.

STAR THEATER. A minstrel first part equal of any presented by the up-to-date modern minstrel organizations will be a feature of the performance presented by Fred. Irwin's Big Show at the Star next week. It will undoubtedly prove a welcome diversion to the patrons of Manager Trotter's popular playhouse.

CRYSTAL THEATER. This little theater continues drawing large crowds daily. Just the place for ladies and children. For next week the big attractions will be: Marguerite Newton, Society Entertainer and 7 all star acts.

GRAND THEATER. The Grand Theater at 186 Third st. continues to do a large business. The bill for next week includes the following acts never before seen in our city: Martin & Quigg, Hathaway & Walton, Lizzie McKeever, Milo & Madison, Valerya, Prof. Wood and his trained dogs, Moving Pictures.

Eugene V. Debs says labor lost the recent strike because capital controls the machinery of government. There is scarcely a doubt that the strike might have resulted differently had Mr. Debs instead of Mr. Roosevelt been President.—Kansas City Times.

Town Topics by the Town Crier.

The Milwaukee Federated Trades Council has issued a circular warning the public against a duo of fakirs who have started an alleged labor paper in Milwaukee on a Parry platform, one of the planks of which is the abolition of business agents.

The trial of the injunction suit over a contract for a twenty million gallon pumping engine for the city of Milwaukee, the suit to which the labor unions were allowed to come in on the plea that the city attorney instead of defending would throw the case in favor of the plaintiffs, who are Parry-sites, had been on trial the past week. Some very interesting points were developed. Thos. J. Neacy, of the Filer & Stowell company, who claimed to be the "best friend labor has in Milwaukee," admitted on the stand that he worked the night shift at the Stowell works thirteen hours on a stretch and that if they had any lunch to eat, they had to eat it while standing up working at the machines! There was nothing wrong in that, "for he paid them for their work!" Where is the difference in the brutality of white slavery and black slavery after all! Neacy is the head of the Milwaukee Citizens' Alliance and the Alliance attorneys, Quarles, Spence & Quarles, are conducting the case. When the labor attorney was asking a witness if long hours had a bad effect on the health of the workers, Charles Quarles, Senator Quarles' law partner, looked at Neacy and they both laughed sarcastically. It was such a joke! Here was the brutal capitalist view point. The idea of the health of the workers being any concern of the law—the capitalist law, which is tender of the interests of the capitalist, but altogether unconcerned as to the interests of the despoiled creators of wealth! The case has thrown some very instructive side lights on the legal relations of capital and labor. It will make up the minds of many working men as to the necessity of breaking down the capitalist control of the law by a resort to the ballot. The case has not been decided, but will go to the supreme court whichever way the decision goes.

son of Nebraska held an open air meeting at the Farwell avenue car barns. On Wednesday Comrade Caldwell held a successful meeting at Clinton and Lake streets, in the stevedore district.

The noon meetings have been of the most rousing character. They have been held at practically all the big industrial works in the city and have been participated in by Comrades Caldwell, Thompson, White, Gaylord and others. At the National Enameling company's vast plant, the company curtailed the length of the noon hour in order to prevent the Socialist noon meetings!

"If you are interested send one dollar and get the Labor World for a year. Or, better still, send enough to put this paper in the hands of your friends, employees and those who should read it." This is the sort of fakirish appeal which can only be expected from "men" who sell out the working class for private profit. This quotation shows in whose interests the fakirs are working. They are trying to put capitalist chestnuts out of the fire, in the hope that the capitalist will yield up some of his "dough" to them.

The Greulich Meeting. The opportunity was offered Milwaukee Social-Democrats last week of listening to an address in German by Comrade Herman Greulich, prominent for many years in the European movement, and the commissioner of labor in Switzerland. He is also a member of the city council of Zurich. His address was a strong one and was much enjoyed by an audience that filled Freie Gemeinde hall. He was much impressed by his stay in Milwaukee.

Death of Comrade Eunday. Word comes of the death of another warrior in the cause, that of Comrade Geo. W. L. Lunday of Pittsville, Wis. He united with the Social-Democratic party four years ago and was a leading worker in the party up to the time of his death. Letters from Pittsville comrades pay heartfelt tribute to his worth as a citizen and a Socialist.

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Includes Campaign Fund, Picnic Receipts, and various collection items.

Notice is hereby given that at a regular term of this Court, to be held in the County Court Room at the Court House in the City of Milwaukee, on the first Tuesday of November A. D. 1904 at 9 o'clock A. M. the following matter will be heard: The application of Otilie Zellmer nee Christian, praying for a judgment of this Court, ending and determining who are all the heirs of August Friedrich Christian, late of the City and County of Milwaukee, deceased, and what are the respective rights and interests of the parties in the real estate of which said decedent died seized, in the County of Milwaukee, State of Wisconsin.

BIJOU

Com. Matinee Tomorrow, 2:30. Matinee Wednesday and Saturday. The Pioneering Little Comedian HARRY CLAY BLANEY, in the Mighty Monarch of Massive Productions "ACROSS THE PACIFIC" Real Battle Scene. Genuine Gatling Gun. Rough Rider Band.

STAR THEATER.

Week commencing Sunday Matinee. PRICES: IRWIN'S BIG SHOW. 10, 20, 30c. LADIES MATINEE FRIDAY INC. INCLUDING RES'VD SEAT. Next Attraction: "London Belles."

CRYSTAL THEATER.

178 Second St., Near Grand Ave. CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE. Matinee Every Day 2 to 5. Nights 8 to 11. A RESORT FOR LADIES, CHILDREN AND GENTLEMEN. MOTION PICTURES. Admission 10 cts. including seat.

GRAND THEATER.

186 Third Street, near Grand Ave. BEST SHOW IN THE CITY. MATINEE DAILY. Evening Performances 8 & 9:30 o'clock. ADMISSION TEN CENTS. FINEST 10c THEATER IN AMERICA.

GOODRICH LINE STEAMERS

\$1.00 TO CHICAGO ROUND TRIP \$1.50. For Chicago 9 a.m. and 8 p.m. daily. For Racine, 8 p.m. daily. For Sheboygan and Manitowish, 8 a.m. daily except Monday. For Waunakee, Algona, Sturgeon Bay, Marinette and Menomonie, 8 a.m. Sunday, Thursday and Saturday. For Fish Creek, Ephraim, Sister Bay, Washington Island and Escanaba, 8 a.m. Sunday and Thursday. For Green Bay, 8 a.m., Thursday and Saturday.

GUN

If you want a GUN Consult the ONLY PRACTICAL GUNSMITH in Milwaukee. FINE GUN REPAIRING A SPECIALTY. JOHN MEUNIER GUN CO. 272 WEST WATER ST.

STATE OF WISCONSIN—MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

COUNTY COURT—IN PROBATE. In the Matter of the Estate of Rosina Wenzel, Deceased. Letters testamentary on the Estate of Rosina Wenzel, late of the City of Milwaukee, in said County of Milwaukee, deceased, having been duly granted to Henry Wenzel and Conrad Wenzel, his sons, by the Court, IT IS ORDERED, That the time from the date hereof until and including the first Tuesday of April A. D. 1905, be and the same is hereby fixed as the time within which all creditors of the said Rosina Wenzel, deceased, shall present their claims for examination and allowance. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, That all claims and demands of all persons against the said Rosina Wenzel, deceased, be examined and adjusted before this Court, at its Court Room in the Court House, in the City of Milwaukee, in said County, at the regular term thereof appointed to be held on the first Tuesday of June 1905, and all creditors are hereby notified thereof. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, That notice of the time and place at which said claims and demands will be examined and adjusted as aforesaid, and of the time above limited for said creditors to present their claims and demands, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice, for four consecutive weeks, once in each week, in the "Social-Democratic Herald," a newspaper published in the County of Milwaukee, the first publication to be within fifteen days from the date hereof. Dated this 20th day of September 1904.

By the Court, PAUL D. CARPENTER, County Judge. RICHARD ELSNER, Attorney of Estate.

FOR SALE.

\$1000 Lot 30x120, on north side, good neighborhood, Cottage and barn, will sell on easy terms. Owner wants to leave city. \$2150—Lot 35x120, on Bevois St., new house, never occupied, brick basement, sewer, water and gas. \$250 down, balance \$20 monthly payments. W. J. DUNN & CO., 201 6th Avenue, Room 9, Phone 192.

ALICE COLIN, ALHAMBRA THEATER.

BIJOU THEATER. That intensely exciting military drama, "Across the Pacific," and that ever popular little comedian, Harry Clay Blaney as "Willie Live," is always a strong combination and a welcome one, and it is safe to predict that the S. R. O. sign will be displayed nightly at the Bijou during the week beginning tomorrow matinee.

STAR THEATER. A minstrel first part equal of any presented by the up-to-date modern minstrel organizations will be a feature of the performance presented by Fred. Irwin's Big Show at the Star next week. It will undoubtedly prove a welcome diversion to the patrons of Manager Trotter's popular playhouse.

CRYSTAL THEATER. This little theater continues drawing large crowds daily. Just the place for ladies and children. For next week the big attractions will be: Marguerite Newton, Society Entertainer and 7 all star acts.

GRAND THEATER. The Grand Theater at 186 Third st. continues to do a large business. The bill for next week includes the following acts never before seen in our city: Martin & Quigg, Hathaway & Walton, Lizzie McKeever, Milo & Madison, Valerya, Prof. Wood and his trained dogs, Moving Pictures.

Eugene V. Debs says labor lost the recent strike because capital controls the machinery of government. There is scarcely a doubt that the strike might have resulted differently had Mr. Debs instead of Mr. Roosevelt been President.—Kansas City Times.

ALHAMBRA O. F. MILLER Manager

PRICES: GALLERY 10c, BALCONY 15c, LOWER FLOOR 25c. WEEK STARTING SUNDAY MATINEE. Broadhurst and Currie present the unique comedian NAT. M. WILLS and his clever company in the brightest of all musical farces "A SON OF REST" Next Attraction: MASTER GABRIEL IN "BUSTER BROWN"



For the Young Man Who wants something SNAPPY we have a fine line of Patterns TROUSERS \$5.00, SUITS \$20, OVERCOATS \$25 A. ROHM & CO., Tailors, 284 West Water Street, Corner Cedar.

Mechanical Drawing Is taught at the Cream City Business College by an expert. We also teach Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Commercial Law, Arithmetic, Spelling and the English Branches. We prepare you for the civil service examination which takes place soon. Visit us in our NEW COLLEGE BUILDING 315-324 Grand Avenue CREAM CITY BUSINESS COLLEGE

FALL OPENING Our FALL STOCK of Clothing is now complete for your inspection. We offer a most complete selection of UNION MADE CLOTHING at popular prices. When we say that our goods are the best to be had at the price, we speak without fear of contradiction. Don't take our word for it—but see for yourself. Suits from \$10.00 to \$20.00. JOHN SCHUETZ, 957-959 HOWELL AVENUE.

FALL FESTIVAL and HANFORD DAY

ARRANGED BY THE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PARTY FOR THE BENEFIT OF OUR CAMPAIGN FUND.

Schlitz Park, Saturday, October 15th, 1904, AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

Benjamin Hanford, Grand Concert all Afternoon. GRAND BALL, REFRESHMENTS. Candidate for Vice-President of the Social-Democratic Party will speak at 3 & 8 P. M. ADMISSION FREE!

Talk about this Event. Advertise it. TELL YOUR SHOP MATES, YOUR NEIGHBORS, YOUR FRIENDS!

THINKING OF SHOES

YOU NATURALLY THINK OF THE RELIABLE DEALERS... SCHICK & DUCEY. The Emerson Shoe is too well known to call for a special notice. It's well made BECAUSE IT'S UNION MADE. It sells at \$3.50 and \$5.00 and worth it. SHOES FOR MEN AND WOMEN. NORTH-EAST CORNER GRAND AVENUE AND THIRD STREET.

ELLERY'S BAND CONCERTS

Exposition Garden END ON SUNDAY, OCT. 9th. DON'T FAIL TO GO! The United Socialist Singing Societies of Milwaukee have arranged a Grand Concert to be held at the West Side Turn Hall on Sunday, Oct. 2nd, 1904. Admission 15 cts. in advance, 25 cts. at the door. Remember, comrades, that the net proceeds of this concert is to go to the Social-Democratic Campaign Fund.

THE NEW BUTTON. What soldier would march to battle without his flag? What Social Democrat will go into the National Campaign of 1904 without one of the beautiful new Red Flag buttons? Every one who has seen them pronounce them very handsome and just the thing for a campaign button. Branches should order a large quantity. They sell at 5c a button, 25c for one half dozen and 40c for a dozen. Send in your order at once.

Grand CONCERT & BALL UNITED SOCIALIST SINGING SOCIETIES OF MILWAUKEE

..For the Benefit of the.. Social-Democratic Party, Sunday, October 2nd, 1904, AT THE West Side Turner Hall, 4th St. Commencing at 3 o'clock sharp. Tickets, 15 Cents. At the Door, 25 Cents. Tickets can be had at Headquarters, 344 Sixth St.

STOVES ON TIME

\$2.00 down \$1.00 per week This beautiful six-hole steel range with warming closet, duplex grate and large oven. Fills the bill exactly. DETROIT JEWELS not only look well, but are made well, wear well and are perfect bakers. We offer this range for \$27.00

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Barretts BARRETT'S A GOOD PLACE TO TRADE.