

GARY SCHOOL DENIED COMMUNISTS

SPOLANSKY AND HIS OLD PAL, 'BILL' BURNS, KING OF DICKS, CASTING THEIR LOTS TOGETHER

By MANUEL GOMEZ.

Spolansky and his old pal, William J. Burns, king of the dick-fink underworld, are together again. Information has reached the DAILY WORKER thru the Labor Defense Council that about a week ago, Jake was offered and accepted the remunerative job of manager of the "radical department" of the Burns detective agency.

This is the final and sufficient commentary on the positive, out-and-out rottenness of the whole parasitic detective business. Burns, who has seen every one of Spolansky's "anti-red" stories in the Chicago Daily News, must appreciate now at least that he does not know anything about the revolutionary working class movement—because Burns himself was on the inside of most of the conspiracies that Jake "exposes" as "red" plots.

Jake is not being hired on account of his knowledge, which is nil. He is being hired because of his unscrupulousness, because of his extraordinary eagerness to prostitute himself, because of his long experience as a double-crosser and frame-up man.

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

ANDREW FURUSETH, president of whatever is left of the International Seamen's Union of America is running for the official head of T. V. O'Connor, chairman of the United States shipping board. T. V. broke into print recently with an asinine statement about Soviet money being used to elect LaFollette. This got under the hide of canny Andy, who is one of the most rabid red-baiters in America and a hypocritical labor crook to boot. His sanctimonious looks may fool many but that is the kind of rogue who can do the most damage.

HOWEVER, when crooks fall out it is our duty to give them all the publicity they desire, as they usually tell the truth when mad with each other. Andy charges O'Connor with using \$162,000 of government funds to break up labor unions on the Pacific coast in 1922. He makes other charges, but one is enough for us. Is it not strange that Furuseth did not go to bat with O'Connor on this issue until the latter turned his guns on LaFollette. It seems that faking Furuseth could look on the dismantling of the labor unions with equanimity, he could see strikes broken by the United States government without unloosing the vials of his wrath, but when the political fortunes of the capitalist politician LaFollette were imperiled, then Andy got his dander up.

O'CONNOR is one of the most notorious and unabashed labor fakers in America. But what about Furuseth? Andy blames O'Connor for breaking up his union with money. The fact is that it was Furuseth's red-baiting policy that destroyed the seamen's union. Furuseth's conduct on the Pacific coast was just as filthy as that of O'Connor. The latter was an open agent of the government and openly used his power to smash the movement that put him on the road to fortune, but Furuseth was a dirty stool pigeon, turning over members of the I. W. W. to the government and aiding the department of justice in putting radical members of his own union in jail. Between Furuseth and O'Connor there is only a choice between two evils.

THE seamen in Vancouver are well pleased with the way the DAILY WORKER handled the story on the conditions prevailing in the Canadian government merchant marine, written by Sydney Warren, Federated Press correspondent. The DAILY WORKER never pleases the capitalist class nor the labor fakers; it seldom pleases our liberal friends who look on our healthy hatred of the bourgeoisie as something indecent, and which has a (Continued on page 6)

Next Sunday Night and Every Sunday Night, the Open Forum.

SWEET PROFITS IN CHOCOLATE

WASHINGTON.—Profits in the chocolate and cocoa-product industry were more than twice the total paid in wages and salaries, in 1923, according to the department of commerce, in the 58 chief establishments in the United States. Value added by manufacture was \$84,588,404, while wages and salaries amounted to \$11,455,811, leaving a gross profit of \$23,132,593. The wages amounted to \$7,728,938, divided among 6,876 wage-workers, or \$1,124 a year on the average. Salaries figured out on the average \$2,497 a year for the 1,492 persons listed as drawing salaries in these 58 plants.

The Latest British Scandal

MACDONALD IS CHARGED WITH RUSS FORGERY

Sensational Charge on Election Eve

(Special to The Daily Worker)
LONDON, Oct. 26.—Ramsay MacDonald, beneficiary of the millionaire Sir Alexander Grant, has taken a leaf out of Lord Curzon's book and started Great Britain with the publication of a forged document, alleged to have been issued by the Communist International, and urging the Communist Party of Great Britain to prepare for a revolution in England.

It is admitted that Ramsay MacDonald was in possession of this document for a considerable time past, but that its publication was decided on when word came that the tory party was about to spring it on the public on the eve of the election.

Will Do Any Dirty Work. MacDonald is urged by the capitalist press to break with Russia and (Continued on Page 2.)

COURT MAY TAKE ACTION IN TROUBLES OF THE I. W. W. TODAY

When the hearing on the injunction asked by the Rowan-Bowerman-Griffith faction of the Industrial Workers of the World is resumed before Master in Chancery Fred Bernstein this afternoon, the delegates to the 16th general convention, meeting in Emmet Memorial Hall, may find themselves thrown out of control of the entire machinery, property and funds of the I. W. W.

Should Bernstein grant the injunction which the Rowan-Bowerman group has asked, the temporary officers who have been installed by the convention would be forced to turn over use of the I. W. W. headquarters and all of the property of the organization which they now hold to the Rowan faction. That the Rowan faction will refuse to recognize the general convention, or that they will consent to recognize it only if it surrenders under the most humiliating conditions, is more than probable.

In that case, the formal hearing on the controversy, which the convention has planned to begin this morning, and which all of the parties to the controversy have been ordered to attend, will be cut short by the decision of the capitalist courts.

NEW MANIFESTO SPREAD AGAINST I. W. W. MEETING

Rowan-Bowerman Faction in Another Attack

By KARL REEVE.

Another manifesto has been broadcasted by the Rowan-Bowerman General Executive Board of the Industrial Workers of the World, refusing to recognize the convention now convened at Emmet Memorial Hall.

The attack on the convention, signed by Harry Trotter and P. D. Ryan, charges that over one-third of the delegates are in league with the Doyle-Fisher faction, and that the convention has been "accepting messages from the DAILY WORKER, which is a Communist sheet."

Call Convention Illegal. "The meeting now in session in Emmet Memorial Hall is illegal and unconstitutional, and has not been recognized by the general executive board," states the manifesto, which was signed and sent by Rowan to every I. W. W. branch in the country in leaflet form. "One-third of the delegates have taken part in the controversy on the side of the Doyle-Fisher faction."

Charges are then made against S. Hendrickson, Samuel Obermann, August Walquist, Fred Mann, Charles Gray, Fred Fisher, Ruth and Elmer Rumbaugh, Albert Hanson, W. H. Thompson, Louis Chuba, L. McCarthy, recording secretary of the convention, and others.

All Charges Denied. Gray is charged with attempted bribery, Fisher with being "a professional hanger-on around headquarters," Fred Mann with touring the harvest fields electioneering for Doyle and Fisher, and W. H. Thompson with being an expelled member. All the delegates have denied the charges.

I. W. W. Print Shop Errs. Chairman P. J. Welinder explained that the DAILY WORKER had been sent a message by the convention, but due to a misprint in the I. W. W. print shop, the printed minutes had twisted the story.

The temporary administration was instructed to draw up a denial to these charges to be distributed to the membership, with a statement that further slanderous statements of the Rowan group will be ignored.

A discussion on the reorganization of the general defense occupied most of Friday's sessions. The debate became so prolonged that the convention became temporarily demoralized. One of the delegates, after listening to hours of fruitless squabbling, said he could stand such rot no longer, and left the hall for almost two hours.

The convention finally abolished the general defense committee, ruling that general defense work should be handled by the general secretary-treasurer. One delegate, evidently made nervous by the long debate, got into a jam with Chairman P. J. Welinder and took off his coat, demanding the floor. When denied the floor, he appealed from the chair's position, but the chair was sustained.

During the discussion of general defense policies, Fred Fisher objected to some I. W. W. members philosophizing about Tolstoid and Mahatma Gandhi and declared against the principles of non-resistance. He also argued against the "narrow policy of having each industrial union supporting its own defense committee," stating this form of organization to be rank decentralization.

James Morris, present secretary of (Continued on page 3)

CANNON, OLGIN, LORE, STOKES AND OTHERS AT CLINTON HALL

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK CITY, Oct. 26.—The final week of the energetic campaign conducted in this city for the Communist candidates will be opened at a monster mass meeting at Clinton Hall, at which James P. Cannon, candidate for governor on the Workers Party ticket will be the principal speaker. The meeting will be held Tuesday evening, Oct. 28, at 8 p. m.

In addition to Comrade Cannon there will be speeches by many other well known speakers. Moissey J. Olgin, candidate in the 14th senatorial district, recently returned from Russia, where he has spent over six months studying living conditions, will tell about Russia today. Ludwig Lore, editor of the Volkszeitung, candidate in the 14th congressional district, Abe Caspe, candidate 2nd assembly district, Boris Lipshitz, candidate 4th assembly district, Joseph Boruchowitz, of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, Rose Pastor Stokes and many others will speak in English and Jewish.

To take care of the overflow which is expected, the committee in charge has arranged to hold an open air meeting at Rutgers Square.

Come early and bring your friends to hear the message of the Communist candidates in your district. REMEMBER, Clinton Hall, 151 Clinton St., Tuesday evening, Oct. 28.

Workers living on the North Side will turn out tonight to hear J. W. Johnstone, the first Communist candidate on the Workers Party ticket from the ninth congressional district, speak at the Imperial Hall, 2409 N. Halsted street.

Johnstone is the assistant secretary of the Trade Union Educational League and has for many years been extremely active in the labor movement of Chicago, particularly as leader of the stockyards labor council during and shortly after the war.

Near Campaign's End. This is the first meeting of a rousing week of campaign speeches which will close the efforts of the Communist candidates in the congressional districts of the Chicago territory.

Meetings have been arranged during this last week for the other Communist candidates for congress and the senate. J. Louis Engdahl, candidate for senator, is scheduled to wind up his campaign with open-air meetings.

Other Meetings Planned. Other meetings are planned for Gordon Owens, of the first congressional district; Joseph Podkulski, of the fourth district; Frank Pelligrini, of the sixth district; Sam T. Hammett, of the seventh district, and George Maurer of the eighth district. Workers Party members are expected to make note of meetings as they are announced and be actively present.

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HEARST'S WIFE IS RECEIVED IN AUDIENCE BY BENITO MUSSOLINI

(Special to The Daily Worker)
ROME, Oct. 26.—Mrs. William Randolph Hearst, wife of the American publisher who is touring Europe, was received in audience today by Premier Benito Mussolini. Mrs. Hearst was introduced by Baron Sordio, one of the directors of the Fascist party.

UP! UP! AND STILL UP! GOES THE PRICE OF THE FOOD WE EAT

Prices are again on the upgrade, slowly eating into the purchasing power of wages. According to the monthly price index numbers of the U. S. department of labor there was an increase of 2 per cent in retail food costs between August and September bringing the total increase since April to 4 per cent. The cost of food absorbs more than one-third of a workers' wages. The cost of a worker's food budget is today 47 per cent above the average cost of the same budget in 1913, but it is still 2 per cent below the level of September a year ago.

Wholesale prices have also been rising steadily. The increase of more than 1 per cent during September, as reported by Dun's Review, brings the total increase since June 1 to approximately 4 per cent. Wholesale prices of foodstuffs show the biggest gains. Within a year wholesale prices of breadstuffs increased more than 19 per cent, while the average price of meats rose approximately 9 per cent.

LEN SMALL IN DEAL WITH THE KU KLUX KLAN

Turned Over Cavalry to Hooded Knights

(Special to The Daily Worker)
SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Oct. 26.—"God save me from my friends," declared Governor Len Small, when he was shown a copy of a paper, carrying an interview with Grand Dragon Palmer of the Illinois Ku Klux Klan, in which the latter boasted of having secured the use of the state fair ground and the state cavalry horses from the Small administration for his parade.

The Klan chieftain admitted that he was for Small and that the hooded knights held the balance of power and could force the politicians to give them what they wanted. It was also brought to light that the notorious Glenn Young, the murderer of Williamson county fame was on the stump for Small.

Small's Klan Deal. The governor was suspected of having made a deal with the Klan but Palmer's admission was the first confirmation so far, that the suspicions were well founded. What effect the news will have on Small's fortunes in Catholic, Jewish and Negro districts which are being urged to vote for him by leaders who have sold out to the governor, can easily be guessed.

The miners of Illinois are incensed against the Klan, yet Frank Farrington, president of the union is boasting the Klan-supported governor. The International Union is definitely on record against the knights of the bedclothes.

Klan Split Up. Not alone may the information that Small has the Klan on his side bring about his defeat, but the Klan organization is torn to pieces over the efforts of rival kleagles klookards, dragons and klalits to sell the membership to the best paying capitalist politician. Palmer is reported to have expelled 14,000 klansmen from the organization and the 14,000 now threaten to have his head. The imperial wizard and the imperial Kleezeek are reported to be in Chicago trying to straighten the matter out.

Palmer is head of the Illinois Better government league, which consists of himself and another klansman.

Rhode Island Labor For Amalgamation and Workers' Rule

Resolutions calling for amalgamation and for independent political action by the workers were adopted by the Rhode Island state branch of the American Federation of Labor at its regular convention. They were ordered sent to Secretary Morrison with instructions to read them at the annual convention of the American Federation of Labor in El Paso, Texas, which begins on Nov. 17, with recommendations that the convention adopt these resolutions.

REFUSE FROEBEL HIGH FOR TALK BY WM. Z. FOSTER

Plan Huge Demonstration for New Auditorium

(Special to the Daily Worker)
GARY, Ind., Oct. 26.—An order of the superintendent of Gary's platoon schools has caused the withdrawal of the use of the auditorium of the Froebel high school from representatives of the Workers Party, who had rented the hall for a mass meeting to be addressed by William Z. Foster.

That the Workers Party, aided by the steel workers of Gary, will find another hall, and that the Foster rally will be only the more successful because of the attempts of Gary's servants to put a stop to the spreading of education that the steel trust knows is being eagerly absorbed by the workers here, is the unanimous opinion of Party members and Party sympathizers.

Fear Communist Education.

In coming to the aid of the steel bosses, the superintendent of schools has merely proved a fact which has more than once been shown by the DAILY WORKER—that the Gary schools are simply one more weapon of the steel trust, which has at its command the police, the courts and the press.

Further proof that Gary and his servants are beginning to fear the results of the propaganda of the Workers Party is shown in the arrest of two comrades who have been helping to distribute the DAILY WORKER, George Maravich and Jacob Rusak.

In spite of the stringent orders of the steel bosses that any employee found reading the DAILY WORKER is to be fired, the circulation of the paper among the workers continued to mount, and the next step of the bosses was to attempt to stop the distribution of the paper at its source.

No Grounds for Arrest.

Confronted with the necessity of placing a definite charge against Comrades Maravich and Rusak, the court had to admit that there were no legal grounds for arrest. The comrades were released, and will continue to distribute the DAILY WORKER to the steel workers.

GITLOW DEMANDS JOBLESS AID AT LAWRENCE, MASS.

Workers in LaFollette's State Also Suffer

(Special to The Daily Worker)
LAWRENCE, Mass., Oct. 26.—Benjamin Gitlow, Workers Party candidate for vice-president, demanded that the textile industry do something for her thousands of unemployed workers in and around Lawrence, and presented the Workers Party program for the relief of unemployed at a large meeting here.

Gitlow urged the preparation by the half-starved and exploited textile workers here of shop committees and unemployment councils to face the coming depression in an organized manner.

Gitlow showed how the workers of Wisconsin are just as badly off as the workers of Lawrence, despite LaFollette's boasted labor reforms.

Most of the workers in Lawrence are entirely unemployed or work only one or two days a week, and many of the textile workers attended the meeting. John J. Ballam, candidate of the Workers Party for governor of Massachusetts, also spoke.

Many of the workers joined the Workers Party after the meeting and donated liberally to the collection.

CONNECTICUT IS HELPING RAISE PATERSON FUND

Collects Nearly \$500 in Eight Days' Effort

(Special to the Daily Worker) NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 26.—The New Haven International Relief Conference organized Oct. 16, has, after a whirlwind campaign, raised in eight days a sum of \$449.03 for relief of the striking silk workers of Paterson, N. J., and remitted it direct to the Associated Silk Workers' Union, 210 Market street, Paterson.

T. U. E. L. and Party in Action. This was entirely due to the left wing group and the Workers Party members who got into harness and conducted a house to house collection in the face of organized opposition of various socialist groups which tried their best to discredit the conference and defeat the collection by circulating libellous rumors.

Collect Strike Relief. The collection came off on Oct. 19, and was a great success, \$425 being raised by door to door solicitation for the silk strikers. The conference consisted of ten branches of the Workers Party of New Haven, the Lenin branch, the Peretz branch, and Branch 232, Workers' Circle, together with delegates from Painter's Local No. 4, and Carpenters' Local No. 1742. It has opened offices at Room 6, 38 Howe street, and elected Ida Rothstein, chairman, and S. Gendelman, secretary, treasurer.

Workers Party on the Ballot in Washington; Nine Parties in All

(Special to the Daily Worker) TACOMA, Wash., Oct. 26.—William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow will go before the voting workers of this state in the coming elections. The 11 party tickets in the state have now been reduced to nine. Of these, six are national tickets. The Workers (Communist) Party ticket, the republican, democratic, progressive, socialist labor, and American (Klan). The farmer-labor, socialist and independent are state tickets. A "LaFollette Independent" group, which held a rump convention at midnight with at least one paid delegate who was a nephew of the self-nominated chairman, was struck from the ballot by action of the supreme court. The mix-up here in the LaFollette ranks is typical of the situation all over the country. LaFollette has formed so many alliances with such diverse groups that every now and then one or another of the elements rebels at finding itself a political bed-fellow of a group whose interests and aspirations are as far apart from its own as the poles.

Seab Printing for Coolidge. WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—Republican headquarters publicity is being sent out from here daily in great quantities with printed letterhead on which the union label does not appear.

MILITANTS IN MONTHLY MEET TO DISCUSS VITAL QUESTION OF POLICY AND LEFT WING FIGHTS

The regular monthly meeting of the Trade Union Educational League will be held at North West Hall, corner of North and Western avenues, on Wednesday, Oct. 29, starting at 8 p. m. prompt. At this meeting the following matters of interest to all militants in the local trade unions will be taken up: 1. Report of the Carpenters' Convention by Jack Johnstone, assistant secretary of the Trade Union Educational League. 2. The left wing and the Machinists' Convention by Andrew Overgaard. 3. The left wing program for the A. F. of L. convention by Earl R. Browder, editor of the Workers Monthly. 4. The Amalgamated and the LaFollette movement by Phillip Aronberg. All militant members of trade unions are urged to be present at this meeting. The only way that the reactionary bureaucrats now ruling the unions with an iron hand can be fought effectively is by understanding their moves and how to combat them.

Red Week a Blow to the Trinity

By ALFRED WAGENKNECHT. LET every fool keep cool with Coolidge! Let the moss-backs weep with Davis because he is slow in the race! Let every chronic progressive continue his pastime of trying to drive "reform" nails into the steel armor of capitalism! But let all thinking working men and women, let all poor farmers, who can straighten their backs long enough to look things in the face and ponder, give attention this week to Red Literature. Red Week is on! And Red Week means that the red blood of hundreds of thousands of proletarians will course faster thru their work-born bodies after reading, this week,

MacDonald Charged With Forgery

(Continued from Page 1.)

send M. Rakovsky home. It is believed he is only too willing to do this in order to win out at the election.

The chief issue in the campaign has been the Russian treaty. The labor party officials were divided on the question, the leader of the bankers' opposition being Phillip Snowden, prominent British socialist. Since the campaign opened MacDonald has been trying to dodge every issue that had a class character, and he was officially supporting the Russian treaty, even since this alleged document came into his possession, he now sends out orders to all the labor party speakers to knife the Anglo-Russian pact.

Until his assumption of office Ramsay MacDonald professed to favor a revolution in England. It had been the aim of British socialists and of late their most prominent leaders have repudiated this aim. The Communists openly declare their intention of overthrowing the capitalist system and its government at the first opportunity. There is no mystery about that and it did not require a "secret document" from Zinoviev to set the machinery in motion. The "Orders from Moscow" are so evidently manufactured that the stunt will not hold water the it may stick until the campaign is over.

Forced to Sign. The British bankers have been carrying on a strong fight against the treaty and it appears their work has borne fruit. In the first place MacDonald would never have signed the treaty but for the pressure of the left wing of the Trade Union Congress and the British Labor Party. A. Purcell, chairman of the British Trade Union Congress and E. D. Morel, M. P., have written a booklet entitled, "The Workers and the Anglo-Russian Treaty." The authors say: "The foes of the Anglo-Russian treaty are to be found among those who are the bitterest opponents of the rights, liberties and aspirations of the British working class."

MacDonald gained considerable prestige among the British workers as a result of his signing the treaty. How they will take his latest act of treachery is yet too early to state with accuracy.

The Big Problem. Since the Dawes plan was put over on Germany, the main problem confronting the allied statesmen was to prevent the export of products from Germany from injuring their own home interests and their own markets. Naturally, unless Germany exports products, she cannot pay reparation. The only market the allied statesmen saw available was the Russian market, so they figured they could make more money out of the slave-driven German workers than by loaning money to Soviet Russia with which the workers and peasants' government could build up its own manufacturing machinery.

But there is much more than the Russian treaty involved in the latest scandal of the MacDonald regime. The "secret orders" document was issued by a permanent official of the foreign office. This alleged document was first secured, according to reports when the German capitalist government raided the Soviet embassy several months ago. It was sent to the British government and held under lock and key. During this time MacDonald was indulging in words of praise of the Soviet delegation and finally signed a treaty with them, while knowing of the existence of the

document about which he is now so excited.

According to the richly flavored yarn that emanated from the foreign office, the document captured in Germany was held unpublished pending the arrival of another which was expected from Zinoviev. Sure enough it did. Sherlock Holmes must have been on the job. On October 8 Zinoviev was good enough to accommodate the foreign office, by sending a "document calling for the overthrow of the crown," wrapped inside an envelope with a few kopeks' worth of stamps on the outside. But even then MacDonald held his silence.

Defeat in China.

Political observers look upon the exposure as a campaign trick and something more. The British government has just suffered a severe diplomatic defeat in China. The Soviet government has thwarted MacDonald's efforts to overthrow the national revolutionary government of Sun Yat Sen. Furthermore, Wu-Pei Fu, supported by British money, has been defeated by General Chang, who before he entered the fray turned over the administration of the Chinese Eastern Railway to Soviet Russia. Within a short space of time Soviet diplomacy has established itself in China, to the great chagrin of the British.

India Watching Events.

It is reported that a treaty between Russia and Japan is about to be signed. The great strides made by Soviet Russia in China and its defense of the interests of the subject peoples of the Empire has created a feeling of unrest in John Bull's possessions. India, Egypt, Mesopotamia and other lands under the British yoke are watching Moscow. Advices from India indicate that the Hindus are looking for a breaking of relations between London and Moscow, and revolutionary activity is increasing. There is suspicious activity at the war office and talk of strengthening the imperial forces in the East is rife.

The Georgian counter-revolution, which was financed to the tune of one million dollars by the British government, proved a complete failure. The surrender of Boris Savinkov removed the last capable Russian czarist from the list of active Soviet foes. Savinkov received millions of dollars from the British government for causing rebellions in Soviet Russia and for attempting to assassinate Lenin and Trotsky.

England In Delicate Position.

France and Russia are about to resume diplomatic relations and a treaty between the two countries is scheduled to follow shortly after de jure recognition. France is England's most dangerous enemy on the continent, and if MacDonald sends Rakovsky home, a beautiful prospect for the activities of Soviet diplomats will be open. It is unlikely that England will go too far, considering the present strength of Soviet Russia and the pro-Soviet attitude of the workers at home. The success of British diplomacy in the East and the steady loss of prestige of British diplomacy coupled with the efficiencies of the election campaign are responsible for the desperate act of Ramsay MacDonald. The Daily Herald, a few years ago, proved conclusively that Scotland Yard forged copies of Russian papers, and the signatures of Lenin, Trotsky and Zinoviev. The present "document" is an even more shameless forgery.

Brand It Fabrication.

The British Communist Party after an executive meeting denied that they received such a document, and branded it as a complete fabrication. They claim it was manufactured by the Amsterdam International in an attempt to discredit the British Communists and kill the Anglo-Russian treaty.

What effect this stunt of MacDonald's will have on his political fortunes immediately is hard to predict. But there is no doubt but it will raise a storm in the ranks of British labor. The trade unions look to the purchase of machinery in England which the ratification of the treaty would speed up as one of the means of thinning the ranks of the unemployed. With the miners up in arms against the Dawes plan, and the trade unions in favor of the Russian treaty, on both questions MacDonald being on the wrong side, it looks as if the premier would need his notorious automobile to get him out of harm's way.

MERELY CASE OF KETTLE CALLING THE POT BLACK

Farmer-Laborite Asks Light on Democrats

(Special to the Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—J. W. Anderson, candidate for U. S. senator in Montana on the Farmer-Labor Party ticket, has sent a sizzling telegram to the Borah "investigating" committee, characterizing as a "smoke screen" of the LaFollette democrat, Senator Walsh, the latter's rumors that other than republican funds were being used to defeat him in Montana.

Asks Probe of LaFollette Man

In Anderson's statement he cites the claim of Walsh, who is endorsed by LaFollette and Wheeler and is knifing the farmer-labor party of Montana, that \$100,000 was being spent to beat him, and declares that if any investigation is begun, it should be of the democratic funds.

These democratic dollars, and lots of them, are being used in Montana with the open endorsement of Wheeler and LaFollette to smash the farmer-labor party, of which Anderson is chairman as well as candidate for senator.

Will Capital Investigate Capital?

It is hardly possible that the "investigating committee" of capitalist party politicians will heed the plea of the farmer-labor candidate. The LaFollette machine in Montana, as in other states, is thoroughly capitalist, and completely a part of the regular capitalist machine, as shown by the democrat Walsh, receiving the LaFollette-Wheeler O. K.

"God's Eye" Club Asks Citizenship for Beer Hall Adolph Hitler

(Special to the DAILY WORKER.) VIENNA, Austria, Oct. 26.—A gang of nationalists gathered yesterday in the club called "God's Eye" and protested against the annulment of the citizenship of Adolph Hitler, of beer-hall fame. Hitler is worshipped by the nationalists as the man who started the riots in Munich, Bavaria, by staging an attack in a beer-hall. He was later arrested and thrown into jail. He is now at large organizing the fascist throut Austria and Germany. The nationalists protested against being ruled by Jews. At the end of yesterday's meeting they hurried into the streets and chased some Jews into cafes. A pitched battle followed, in which mounted reserves were called out.

Cigarmakers' Strike Not Ended.

TAMPA, Fla.—Reports circulating in the national labor press that the striking cigarmakers in Tampa have returned to work following conciliation are incorrect. The men and women are still out and are forming breadlines to continue the struggle. The bakeries of Ybor City nearby are offering free bread and adults and children stand in line for hours to get their loaf.

Altho the strike is not authorized by the Cigarmakers' International Union, the Tampa Central Trades & Labor assembly is planning assistance to the 15,000 union and non-union workers who are demanding a wage increase and adequate enforcement machinery for the agreements with the employers.

Miners Erect Hunter Monument.

STREATOR, Ill., Oct. 26.—John M. Hunter, president of the Illinois mine workers' union from 1897 to 1901, now rests under a granite monument erected by vote of Dist. 12 (Illinois) at Streator. He was known as Dad Hunter to the thousands of miners in the state. He returned to the mine after he laid down his office, and died in 1922 at the age of 81.

Vote Communist This Time.

ARRESTING COMMUNIST DEPUTIES IN GERMANY 'TO SAVE DEMOCRACY'

(Special to The Daily Worker) BERLIN, Oct. 26.—Desperate efforts on the part of the authorities here to prevent the rapid spread of Communist sentiment have taken the form of arrests of all Communist deputies to the Reichstag who can be found. With the dissolution of the Reichstag, immunity has ceased, and yesterday the Communist deputy, Hoellein, was arrested. Four of the sixty-two Communist deputies elected to the last Reichstag have already been imprisoned. The Communists charge that the Reichstag building was surrounded by secret service agents waiting to arrest other Communist deputies. Subscribe for "Your Daily," the DAILY WORKER.

Labor Can Recognize Its Class Enemies in Those Who Villify "The Reds"

By J. LOUIS ENGD AHL.

TODAY, the "hell hounds of capitalism," as "Mother" Mary Jones, veteran fighter for labor liked to call them, bay louder than ever at America's Communist forces. The Denver Post, most powerful of subsidized dailies in the Rocky Mountain states, has joined the Chicago Daily News, the Washington Star, and other kept publications in the circulating of the fanciful tales of Jacob Spolansky about "The Reds." The pack grows. The howling increases in volume.

But the workers know the Chicago Daily News, the Washington Star and the Denver Post, will not be troubled in the least by the noise. In fact they will take much delight in it. It will be sufficient indication to them that the growing power of revolutionary labor is frightening the capitalist enemy of the whole working class.

Take the Denver Post for instance.

Frederick C. Bonfils is the owner of The Post. Bonfils has been connected, in some way or another, with every crooked deal that has been put over in Colorado in generations.

He entered corruption on a national scale in the Teapot Dome affair. It was shown in the Washington disclosures that he put about \$1,000,000 in his own pocket as the result of his connection with this scandal.

But it is the part his paper has played in the long and bloody war on the workers of Colorado, from the Cripple Creek strike to the Ludlow massacre, that has made Bonfils notorious.

Bonfils and his sheet approved of the lawless kidnaping and deportation a score of years ago, of Moyer, Pettibone and Haywood, to Idaho, where they were placed on trial for murder and declared innocent.

It gloried in the more recent kidnaping and deportation of William Z. Foster, when he arrived in Denver to address local labor.

Colorado is a satrapy of the House of Rockefeller, biggest stockholder in the Colorado Fuel and Iron company, of which Bonfils' Post is the local mouthpiece.

When Colorado's coal miners or steel workers go out on strike, or protest in some other way against Rockefeller rule, they are immediately attacked as "Red Heads." Mine guard rule in Colorado gave to the nation the employers' slogan, "To Hell with the Constitution."

This is the dollar dictatorship bulwarked by Bonfils in his Denver Post as 100 per cent American. It is the anti-labor reign of the biggest exploiters that Bonfils and his bought sheet seeks to protect against "The Red Menace."

It was the Bonfils' sheet that led the pack of "Brass Checkers" in the attack on the traction workers in Denver's street car strike of 1920. No struggle between the owners and the workers is too large or too small for Bonfils. He responds to every beck and call of his masters.

It is well that the workers of the nation should know that such are the sheets of the employers now attacking America's Communists in the most recent "Red Scare."

The Chicago Daily News, the Washington Star and the Denver Post, among the others, express the thoughts of the class enemies of the workers. Only the DAILY WORKER carries on the fight against them.

Some of the militants of yesterday give up the fight. Conspicuous among these is "Mother" Jones, central figure of many a labor struggle, who now urges labor to support the strikebreaker, Coolidge. Today she is the ally of the Daily News, the Star and the Post. She stands side by side with John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers of America, in his betrayal of the mine workers, in his open alliance with the worst enemies of the organization he heads.

This is the Lewis who supported his publicity agent, Ellis Searles, in conducting a "Red Raid," thru the columns of the United Mine Workers' Journal, that had the endorsement of the whole capitalist press.

The broad front of the Anti-Communist attack extends from Rockefeller, the billionaire, to Lewis, his "labor lieutenant"; from Bonfils to Searles. It is an anti-labor front against which thinking workers must organize for the battles to protect their own class interests. Labor may easily recognize its enemies thru those supporting the attacks on "The Reds." It is a sign by which labor can develop its solidarity and march forward to its own class victory.

Young Workers of Philadelphia Start Factory Campaign

(Special to the Daily Worker) PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 26.—Thousands of leaflets have been distributed at many factories here employing young workers in large numbers, inviting them to attend a mass meeting and concert at Eagle Temple at Broad and Spring Garden streets on Wednesday, Oct. 29, at 8 p. m. An attractive program has been arranged with Jack Stachel of New York, as the principal speaker. There will also be speakers in Jewish and Italian.

The leaflets distributed at the factories called upon all young workers to join in the fight with the Young Workers' League for the six-hour day, five-day week for young workers, for better shop conditions, for a workers' government, against imperialist wars and against child labor.

CLEVELAND COMMUNISTS ACTIVE DURING CLOSING DAYS OF THE CAMPAIGN

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.) CLEVELAND, Ohio, Oct. 26.—Communists in Cleveland enter the final week of the campaign with plans for large literature distributions and numerous campaign meetings. C. E. Ruthenberg spoke to an enthusiastic audience here tonight as the windup of his short stay in the city. Lotta Burke of Cincinnati, speaks Thursday night, at Royal Hall, 5217 Woodland Ave., on "The American Circus." J. Louis Engdahl, editor of the DAILY WORKER, will be the speaker at the final campaign rally, Monday evening, Nov. 3, at Bricklayers' Hall, 21st St. south of Prospect Ave. Immediately after the campaign the Cleveland Communists will continue their party activities with a Soviet Anniversary Demonstration at Moose Hall, 1000 Walnut St., near 10th St.

Rice Riots Threaten. TOKYO, Oct. 26.—The rice crops have been very poor thruout Japan. Following a few rice riots in Osaka, the regular army has been mobilized to subdue hungry mob riots. The poor hungry workers will be ordered to starve quietly by the Japanese government.

GARY'S SCHOOLS MERELY ADJUNCT TO STEEL MILLS

Children Are Forced to Hear Anti-Red Talks

Editor's Note.—The following article by Jacob Rusack, DAILY WORKER agent in Gary, was received the same day Rusack was arrested by the tools of the United States Steel corporation for selling the paper to the steel workers. Elbert H. Gary and his friends, Calvin Coolidge and J. P. Morgan, know that if the workers learn the truth they will rebel and organize to better their conditions. Consequently, Rusack has earned the bitter enmity of the steel trust for his exposure of non-union conditions inside the steel mills.

By JACOB RUSACK.

(Special to the Daily Worker) GARY, Ind., Oct. 26.—The public schools of Gary, from kindergarten to the last year of highschool, are run in the interests of the United States Steel corporation, and prepare the children to become more highly exploited after they graduate and enter the steel mills. All grades are forced to take one hour of auditorium every day.

Speaks From Experience.

This means that one hour each day all the school children sit and listen to members of the chamber of commerce denounce the "reds" and talk 100 per cent Americanism. I know—I have been thru the public school system here myself.

Most of the lectures given to the Gary children contain praise of the steel corporation. On graduation week the principal of each school invites a member of the chamber of commerce or an official of the steel trust to lecture. The theme generally is about how much Judge Gary is doing for the workers who slave in his health-wrecking mills.

Before they graduate from grammar school the children's minds are poisoned with the bunk that every boy has a chance to become an official of the United States Steel corporation and president of the United States. Then they are forced after graduation to go out and do their bit to produce surplus profits for Judge Gary and his steel magnates. Not until they work several years in the most dangerous industry there is for the meager wage of 44 cents an hour, do they realize they have been handed a pack of lies in the "success talk" fed them at school.

Gary Visits Schools.

In May, 1922, for the first time since the Gary steel mills were built, Elbert Gary visited the Gary schools to see that the steel mill slaves were fed propaganda that would make them more valuable slaves to him.

The children were forced to line up out on the school grounds and made to swear their loyalty to the speed-up king who is now electioneering for the strikebreaker Coolidge. They were compelled to sing patriotic songs and a special song was written for the occasion by a Gary hireling. The chorus went:

"Hello Gary, you're a friend of mine. With your hands in your pocket and your little chain and locket. Hello Gary, you're a friend of mine. What's the matter with Gary, he's all right."

Mills Tell Another Story.

Gary smiled, and winked, and seemed pleased. Not long after he fired several thousand fathers, of these children when times were slack, and took the homes from those who could not keep up the exorbitant payments on the Gary houses.

The children are fed hot air about equal opportunity, but when they get into the mills, they find themselves in the toils of a vicious feudalist slavery. They find their jobs, wages, hours and homes controlled by Elbert Gary, and they find he's not such a good friend after all when it comes to making profits in his steel mills.

Three Killed in Niagara Falls.

(Special to The Daily Worker) BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 26.—Investigation of the wreck on the Niagara Falls high speed electric line was begun this afternoon. Medical Examiners Danser and Long, Erie county officials, began an inquiry of their own. Issuance of death certificates for victims of the wreck was withheld until they shall have finished.

The death list now numbers three, Isaac Markey, of Coatesville, Pa., having succumbed to his injuries. Three other victims of the wreck are expected to die.

Party Activities Of Local Chicago

Building trades group, Trade Union Educational League, will meet Friday, Oct. 31, 8 p. m. at Workers' Hall, 722 Blue Island Ave., 2nd floor. Building trades workers! Get there!!

On a Labor Faker's Trail

FARRINGTON ON LEWIS AND HIS 'TAKING' FAMILY

Declares Crookedness Runs in the Breed

(Article Thirteen)
By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

Of the many acts of treachery listed in the debit side of Frank Farrington's record, none is more damaging in the eyes of the miners of Illinois than this shameful desertion of Alexander Howat, who was putting up a splendid battle against the autocracy of the coal operators' man in the presidency of the United Mine Workers of America and is still waging the struggle. The Farrington's espousal of Howat's cause was never anything but a doubtful asset to the Kansas mine leader, his about-face, when himself and Lewis made peace, brands Farrington as one who is entirely bereft of even the least semblance of loyalty.

Alexander Howat, as president of the Kansas Miners' Union, fought the infamous Governor Allen of that state on the Industrial Court Law, commonly known as the Industrial Slave Law. The Howat went to jail during the struggle, he finally defeated Allen and killed the slave law.

Lewis With Operators.
In the course of this fight, one of the ablest agents of the coal operators, whose orders Allen was carrying out, was John L. Lewis, International president. Under fire from the president of the union and the state government, Howat and his district executive were fighting under heavy handicaps, but the dogged determination which is so characteristic of the miners, who are the best fighters in the industrial army of labor in America, enabled them to hold their ground until Governor Allen threw up his hands and had to release Howat and his associates.

At this time it happened that Lewis and Farrington were bitter enemies. There was no charge sufficiently strong for them to hurl at each other. Farrington was merely using the Howat case in order to force Lewis to come to terms with him.

Fought Aid to Howat.
The Illinois miners got behind Howat to the limit of their ability and backed him with some three hundred thousand dollars of their funds. The International president declared this was an illegal use of funds to support a strike the International had not approved of. But so far Lewis has failed to force restitution of the money in the way provided by the constitution.

In view of the united front between Lewis and Farrington today, it is interesting to go back a few years and read the nice things they said about each other. Speaking at a special convention of District 21, Oklahoma, on May 15, 1922, Farrington exhausted his generous vocabulary of vituperation in slaying Lewis for his treatment of Alexander Howat. Here are a few excerpts from his speech:

"... the men in that district (Kansas) are the victims of the most treacherous, highhanded outrage that has ever been committed not alone on the United Mine Workers of America, but on the organized labor movement as a whole, and I say to you that those who are defending the conduct of the International Union in that instance cannot successfully defend their position if they will strip their argument of all the beclouding, befuddling conditions that have been introduced in the Kansas situation.

Volunteer for Election Day in N. Y.

A CALL TO ACTION.

ON Election Day, November 4, the workers of the various industries will not work in their shops as this is a legal holiday, therefore we ask you to work for the party and for COMMUNISM.

We must have hundreds of comrades to report to their section headquarters on election day to be assigned to work in the polling places as watchers and as canvassers outside of the polling place. The law permits you to stand 100 feet away from the polls to instruct workers how to vote and to pass out literature to the voters. All comrades can do this work and should immediately report to the section headquarters and register for this work. We also must have comrades who are citizens to act as watchers in the polling places.

It is not enough to have the workers vote for the Communist candidates.

We must have comrades at the polls to see that the votes are counted for us.

We must have comrades near the polls to distribute literature to the voters.

We must have comrades near the polls to instruct voters how to vote for us.

REPORT IMMEDIATELY TO THE FOLLOWING HEADQUARTERS.
208 East 12th Street 105 Eldridge Street
64 East 104th Street 1347 Boston Road, Bronx
443 St. Ann's Ave., Bronx 61 Graham Ave., Brooklyn
1844 Pitkin Ave., Brownsville.

REPORT IMMEDIATELY! ANSWER MOBILIZATION!

ALL COMRADES MUST GET ON THE JOB.

Report to the Section Headquarters Mentioned Above and Register for Work!

Branded as Disrupter.

President Wilkinson of the Oklahoma district had charged Farrington with trying to disrupt the United Mine Workers, the same charge that Farrington hurled at his enemies in the district. Farrington replied: "My friends, I confess here now before you that if John L. Lewis is the International Union of the United Mine Workers of America, then the charge made by Wilkinson is true!"

Again Farrington said: "I would have no trouble in the Miners' Union if I would get in John L. Lewis' bandwagon. I could go along just like Wilkinson and Dalrymple and Bitner and Frampton and the rest of that crew."

Evidently Farrington was having enough trouble with the rank and file of the union without having to fight Lewis as well, so he got on his bandwagon.

Fighting Slave Law.

Continuing in the same speech Farrington said: "If there is one indisputable thing in connection with the whole thing that disproves completely, beyond any possible doubt whatever, that Howat was not fighting the International Union, but that instead he was fighting the industrial court act in that state, that outstanding indisputable truth is, the fact that Alexander Howat is serving a term in jail, that he is now in jail. If he was not fighting the industrial court law, but instead was fighting the International Union, you ask yourselves what the hell he is doing in jail."

"Does the International Union send men to jail who oppose them? They do about everything else to them but I have never known yet that they send them to jail."

Farrington As Jailer.

When Farrington made that statement he was after crushing the rebellion in the Illinois Miners' Union and had paid out \$27,000 to gunmen and criminals of various kinds to slug and beat up the progressives and he aided the sheriff's throat the state in putting them in jail, yet here he was pleading for Alexander Howat, whom he afterwards deserted at the most crucial moment of the fight for his rights in the U. M. W. of A.

Again Farrington said: "I am not trying to destroy the International Union, but am trying to destroy John L. Lewis, the man who is doing more to destroy the United Mine Workers of America, than any other man I know of. . . and he will not have my support as long as he is using the power of his position to crook men who won't jump thru the hoop every time he snaps his fingers and tells them to do it."

Changed His Mind.

Farrington no doubt had forgotten this pledge when he aided Lewis at the last convention in Indianapolis in crucifying Howat even tho every delegate from District 12, except the pay-

roll brigade were solidly behind the Kansas miner. Farrington was appointed by Lewis, chairman of the scale committee. Even at that Howat thought he could not sink so low as to go back on him after his many promises, but he did.

The retraction made by Farrington of statements he made against John L. Lewis in 1910, was used by John L. Lewis to show that Farrington's word did not mean anything. Referring to this, Farrington said that he knew the retraction was not true, but that his original statements were true, and that he signed the retraction for particular reasons.

John's Thieving Brothers.

"I could say that you should support the Kansas Mine Workers," said Farrington, "because I proved that three of John L. Lewis' brothers were nothing but petty larceny thieves; I did that. They were all members of the Panama local union and for years they were engaged in the profitable, but unwholesome pastime of systematically looting the Panama local union, and it became my duty as president of that district to send auditors into that local union to find out what was going on, and they made their investigation and their audit, and their audit developed the fact that three of John's brothers had been systematically looting that local treasury for a number of years, and that they and others that were employed in it had succeeded in doing so to the extent of something over \$3,000."

Cause of Lewis' Hatred.

"And, as president of that district, it became my duty to force them to make restitution to that local union. And I did it and from that day to this John has not liked me very well. "I don't mind telling you this, too, that there are lots of men in the Panama local union who believe that John's brothers were simply operating under the scheme that John himself established when he was the power in that local union, and before he became your president. . . I might say this, too, that there seems to be some evidence that the trait runs in the family, because just as soon as John became president of our International he appropriated for himself 30 per cent more salary than he was entitled to under the law."

It Runs in the Family.

"I am telling you these things in order that you may know that there cannot be any peace or harmony between John L. Lewis and myself, because John L. Lewis has an undying hatred in his heart for the president of the Illinois miners, because it became my duty as president of that district to expose and to bring to account his three brothers who were systematically looting the Panama local and he has never forgiven me for it and I don't suppose he ever will."

Those were harsh words indeed for one official of the U. M. W. of A. to say of another. No charge made by the progressive miners against John L. Lewis are more serious than those made against Lewis by Farrington. Yet these two labor agents of the coal operators and the republican party have found it possible to bury the hatchet in the body of the United Mine Workers of America, which is now bleeding to death over the wounds inflicted on it by these two capitalists' executioners.

Case of Hanging Together.

Farrington and Lewis can come together and forget the past because they have a common basis for agreement against their progressive opponents. Like the robber capitalist nations, who, tho always quarreling among themselves, unite at the first sign of danger from the ranks of the working class, the two rival "tuchuns" of the miners' union can put up a united front in order to save their jobs out of which they can buy grand homes, automobiles, orange groves and shares in the coal companies that are fighting the very union whose interests they are sworn to serve.

As Farrington retracted this charge against T. L. Lewis, he also swallowed his accusations against John L. Lewis and those already given here are not the worst by any means. To use a popular phrase: "The worst is yet to come."

Saved Walker's Hide.

It may be of interest however, to learn in whose behalf Farrington claims to have retracted his statements against T. L. Lewis in his written apology which was afterwards used by John L. Lewis against him. We have already shown in previous articles that John L. Walker saved Farrington's bacon on more than one occasion. This pair evidently had an entente or an understanding to come to each other's aid whenever the fortunes of either one were in jeopardy. It was a sort of "gentlemen's agreement" something like the kind of a secret agreement sometimes made by capitalist nations with each other, the kind that would not look so well in print.

It appears that T. L. Lewis had something on John L. Walker in 1910. Walker was then president of the Illinois Miners' Union. It is reported that T. L. Lewis threatened to "get" Walker, unless Farrington, Walker's friend, withdrew the charges he made against Lewis at the Belleville convention and in writing.

Knew Apology False.

At the Oklahoma convention where Farrington made the speech from which the above quotations are taken, he admitted that he knew the charges made by him against T. L. Lewis were false, yet he signed a complete and unqualified retraction. Why? The following reply does not answer the question. It only raises another: "What had T. L. Lewis on John L. Walker?"

Farrington was asked by Delegate Doyle, as the special Oklahoma convention asked Farrington the following questions:

Delegate Doyle: "Referring to the controversy that you mentioned in your agreement in 1910, the retraction that you made, were you not then, at that time a member of the International executive board, when you made that retraction?"

Farrington: "Yes."

Delegate Doyle: "And you made it, did you?"

Farrington: "Yes, sir."

Delegate Doyle: "In the interests of John L. Walker?"

Farrington: "No, in the interests of the Illinois miners."

Delegate Doyle: "John L. Walker was president of the Illinois miners at that time?"

Farrington: "In the interests of the Illinois miners at the behest or request of John Walker, who was at that time president."

Forgot His Promises.

The loyalty to the cause of Alexander Howat which Farrington so loudly proclaimed at that time was soon discarded, when the Howat case no longer served his crooked purpose in

his factional fight with Lewis. When the labor fakers of the United States felt the growing power of the Trade Union Educational League led by William Z. Foster, endangering their graft, they closed up the ranks and joined forces against the common enemy.

Fear Basis of Pact.

This is the secret of the "peace" between Lewis and Farrington. There is no reason to believe that they love each other now any more than they ever did, but they love the progressive miners less. They fear the Howat case as the rallying center for the mass protest against their treacherous acts. Therefore Farrington decided to let Lewis have Howat's head while he got his axe ready to chop off the political head of Duncan McDonald, former secretary-treasurer of the Illinois Miners' Union, who is feared and hated by Farrington as Lewis hates Howat.

Other interesting correspondence between Lewis and Farrington will be given in subsequent articles and also the attempts of the Illinois "tuchun" to oust the progressives, particularly those in the Springfield sub-district. Farrington's success in securing the suspension of Duncan McDonald is likely to prove his Nemesis. Why he fought McDonald and how the Illinois miners are fighting for McDonald's reinstatement will be the subject of a special article.

Carry Out London Protocol.

PARIS, Oct. 26.—The French foreign office today published an inter-allied decree suppressing allied exploitation of Ruhr and Dusseldorf bridgehead gages, mines and coking plants on October 28, in accordance with the London protocol.

Also, the decree authorizes German customs and forest licensing authorities to resume functioning immediately.

New Manifesto Against I. W. W.

(Continued from page 1.)

The general defense told the convention that the form of the defense work is changing and from now on publicity will be the I. W. W.'s biggest defense weapon. Morris said the liberals are no longer willing to support the I. W. W. defense, and advised a compulsory assessment on all I. W. W. members.

Joe Fisher, suspended secretary-treasurer of the Industrial Workers of the World, recommends the abolishment of the general executive board of the I. W. W. and its election in the future by the membership. Fisher says in his report just printed by the I. W. W., that by changing the character of the general executive board, future controversies will be controlled and the sickness of "industrial patriotism" instead of "revolutionary action" will be avoided.

Sees Dangerous effects.

Fisher says in part: "The present make-up of the G. E. B. tends toward far-reaching dangerous effects upon the general organization of the I. W. W. The G. E. B. members have a two-fold character, being chairmen of their industrial unions and G. E. B. members at the same time. This leads to petty politics in a contest for advantage."

In speaking of Bowerman's actions as G. E. B. member, Fisher pointed to "the defeat by Bowerman, Trotter and Vangness of a motion to continue the exposure of the Burns' detective agency in Solidarity." Fisher further censures these men for "The motion introduced by Bowerman and Trotter to rescind action previously taken by the G. E. B. in expelling Burns' agents, Spear and Haines, alias Harris."

"When the G. E. B. was called into session by the general organizer to

consider the charges of disruption which had been preferred against some of the G. E. B. members by William Hanley and John M. Reilly, they ignored the meeting entirely, and went on with their rump session." Fisher's report continues. "Finally the G. E. B. members were forced to enforce the last general convention ruling on matters of a controversial nature, and Rowan, Ryan, Trotter, Anderson and Bowerman stand suspended members of the I. W. W. until this general convention."

"The injunction applied for by Bowerman and inspired by Grady and others has done much to bring the I. W. W. into disrepute and has effectively paralyzed its functioning as a labor organization."

Recommendations by Fisher.

Fisher recommends:

"1. That the constitution be made adaptable to meet the existing conditions from time to time.

"2. That the one-year clause be stricken out from the constitution.

"3. That the G. E. B. as at present constituted be abolished, and G. E. B. be elected by and from the general membership.

"4. That a clearing house system be established in the I. W. W.

"5. That all credentials and supplies for the delegates of all I. W. W. be issued from the general headquarters, and delegates must read all finances to general secretary-treasurer.

"I further recommend to the delegates on the present controversy:

"That after thorough investigation is made by you delegates in this present controversy, all those guilty officials and members who support those who violated the principle and carry on the dissension in the I. W. W. must be expelled thru the referendum vote of the entire organization."

Spolansky Casts His Lot with Burns

(Continued from page 1)

growth of the vicious, scab-herding methods of American capitalism.

As to taking up the fight for the exploited Negro, the Communist movement is not ashamed of its activities in that direction. The fight of the Negroes is our fight, and the fight of all workers, of whatever race or color. We are not ashamed of enlisting Negroes in our ranks. We only wish Spolansky's figures were true.

Now about the "secrecy" business. Apart from Spolansky's confused nonsense in the Chicago Daily News, there are a number of erroneous conceptions which have gone abroad, and which have been diligently spread by the friends of capitalist exploitation. These need to be cleared up.

An Open Movement.

The Communist movement is now an open movement, and was an open movement when it started. The Communist Party and the Communist Labor Party were organized in 1919, adhering to the Communist International, and making their appeal to all workers. In January, 1920, ex-Attorney Palmer, a willing tool of capitalism, began his series of spectacular and brutal raids against radicals, making liberal use of "under-cover" men, stool pigeons, flunks and frame-up experts, of the type of William J. Burns and Jake Spolansky. These raids have already been exposed in the DAILY WORKER. Nearly 7,000 warrants of arrest were issued and upwards of 10,000 workers were arrested—a great part of them members of the Communist and Communist Labor parties. The Labor Defense Council is still defending cases arising out of these raids and is collecting funds at its office, 166 W. Washington street, Chicago, to carry on the fight.

These mass persecutions forced the Communist parties to organize underground to escape annihilation. The movement was forced to lead an underground existence for three years, not by romantic mystery or secret instructions from Moscow, but rather by the brutal, vindictive terror of the United States government in the service of American capitalism. It is true that the Communists did not meekly surrender when attacked, but were

determined to keep a revolutionary working class movement alive and functioning at all costs.

However, it is ridiculous superstition or ignorance to believe that a Communist party must always be underground. In France, Germany, England and other countries, we have Communist parties with hundreds of thousands of workers in their ranks, quite openly organized. It is only in the most backward countries, such as Roumania, Jugo-Slavia, Poland, Hungary, Finland, and in Italy which is plagued with fascism, that the brutality of the government has condemned the Communist parties to an underground existence.

Have Nothing To Hide.

The Communist underground organization was not a means for hiding anything from the workers. The Communists said this clearly and emphatically, as far back as 1922, in the very Labor Day manifesto which Spolansky misquotes:

"The Communists are not a sinister secret band of conspirators. Our aim, the liberation of workers, the abolition of wage slavery, working class control of industry, and state power, can only be achieved if the great masses of the workers stand with us."

"Workers' rule is only possible when the millions of workers support the Communist program. It is an essential feature of the Communist program to convince the majority of the workers of the truth of the ideas of Communism."

"We have nothing to conceal from the workers. We once more appeal to the workers to look upon the persecution of the Communists as a matter concerning all workers as well."

"The Communists are today outlawed because the capitalists are planning to outlaw the whole working class. When William Z. Foster was forcibly run out of Colorado, Adjutant-General Hamrock declared that he did so 'for the best interests of the state.' And then he added, 'No law was consulted.'"

Capitalists Break Own Laws.

"The capitalists break their own laws whenever their interests demand it. If the workers will not defend the advance guard, the persecuted Communists, then the workers will have

to get ready to have the whole working class face the same declaration from the Hamrocks, Hardings, Daughertys, Pershings—that the organized workers must be crushed 'for the best interests of the state'—and in this instance also 'no law will be consulted.'"

The conditions of the class struggle made it absolutely necessary for the Communists to exist as an underground organization during the years 1920-1922. But the change in conditions has made it possible, and therefore, necessary, for the Communist Party to be dissolved as an underground organization. Today we no longer have an underground Communist Party in the United States. The Communist forces have united in the Workers Party of America, which is fraternally affiliated with the Communist International. The Workers Party fights openly for Communist principles. It is leading the fight against reaction, in the trade unions, in the shops and factories, in all phases of the political and industrial struggle. Its candidate for president in this election is William Z. Foster, leader of the great steel strike of 1919, the man whom "Pat" Hamrock once deported from Colorado, for the best interests of Rockefeller and Rockefeller's friends.

(This concludes the series of articles by Manuel Gomez. A new series by Karl Reeve, will begin in the DAILY WORKER tomorrow.)

Wood Turners Organization Meeting!

Matison Men, Variety and back-knife operators, Machine hands, Cabinet makers, Finishers and Gliders who are working on lamps.

All above mentioned workers attending this mass meeting will be admitted to our union free of initiation fees.

THURSDAY, OCT. 30

8 P. M.

3420 W. Roosevelt Road, 3rd floor. By joining the Wood Workers' Union of Chicago, you are bettering your conditions.

ACT ON THE SUGGESTION!



"Heave this Brick Back" to

THE DAILY WORKER

1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Illinois

RATES
\$6.00 a year \$3.50-6 months \$2.00 3 months
1/2 CHICAGO—\$3.00 a year \$1.50 6 months \$2.50 3 months

THE NEW SUBSCRIPTION TO BUILD THE DAILY WORKER

NAME _____

STREET _____

CITY _____

STATE _____

WHILE attending the sessions of the Fifth Congress of the Communist International, the question most frequently put to me about America by the leading Russian comrades, was: "How is the circulation of the DAILY WORKER growing?" They know the value of a big circulation for a revolutionary daily. Therefore I cannot too strongly urge upon our members and friends the importance of getting into the present "Build the DAILY WORKER" campaign in real earnest. It is Communist work of the first order and the kind of work that will surely bring lasting results.

William F. Dunne,

Communist candidate for governor of Illinois.
Editor of the DAILY WORKER. Member of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers Party. Member of the Executive Committee of the Red International of Labor Unions.

JEWISH HARLEM BRANCH WINNER OF SILK BANNER

Presented by Foster in Daily Worker Contest

(Special to the Daily Worker)
NEW YORK CITY, Oct. 26.—The red silk banner, which had been offered to any Workers Party or Young Workers League branch making the best record in the DAILY WORKER New York subscription campaign, was awarded to the Jewish Harlem branch by William Z. Foster, Communist candidate for president, at his meeting in Arcadia Hall here.

This branch led the list with 139 subscriptions. The English Harlem branch took second honors with 120 subscriptions. The Y. W. L. branch No. 18 came third with 106 subs, and the English Williamsburg branch fourth with 77 subs.

All Branches Participate.

Nearly every branch in the city sent in "subs" during this campaign. Although all the reports are not yet in the total subscriptions secured during the campaign since Sept. 1, already runs over 1,100.

Every member who still has one of the special campaign "subs" folders should turn it in immediately to the DAILY WORKER agent of his branch or to the N. Y. agency at 203 E. 12th St., so that a complete and final report may be made this week. The sale of the special campaign "subs" must now stop, and only subs at regular rates accepted.

DAILY WORKER on News Stands.
 Beginning Wednesday, Oct. 22, the DAILY WORKER appears on the news stands of New York to compete there with the capitalist dailies for the attention of the workers.

Every class conscious reader will understand what this means, and will do all in his power to support the DAILY WORKER in this struggle for "a place under the sun." Call the attention of your friends and fellow workers to the DAILY WORKER. Urge them to buy it at the news stands, and set them a good example yourself.

Pastor Jars Money Men in His Flock by Attacking Capitalism

(By The Federated Press)
WELLINGTON, New Zealand.—Speaking here on the relationship between organized labor and organized religion, Rev. Dr. Gibb launched an attack on the present day capitalistic system.

He said that our present social and industrial regime, under capitalism, was one which involved a huge proportion of the population in poverty. Great masses of the people were underfed, spent little on clothing, and were badly housed. The power to produce wealth was greater than at any previous time in history, thousands of people died from undernourishment every week.

Poverty, he said, was the lot of the masses under capitalistic rule. The existence of poverty was a burning shame and an abominable scandal. Human society today was arranged for the benefit of the profiteers. The masses were mere sport and playthings of the money kings whose sole motive was self-interest.

Dr. Gibb's speech created consternation among the wealthy supporters of his church, who very naturally resented his exposure of the system under which they lived upon the backs of the masses.

Looks As If Ku Klux Klan Is Busy with Torch at Herrin, Ill.

MARION, Ill., Oct. 26.—An "arson squad" operating to prevent the reopening of places in Williamson county closed for violations of the prohibition laws today was held responsible for five mysterious fires which this week have destroyed five resorts the injunctions against which would shortly have expired.

All the places burned were closed for one year following Ku Klux Klan raids last December.

An investigation of the fires is being made by the company of national guardsmen on duty here to prevent further outbreaks between the Klan and anti-Klan factions.

The Workers Party in Action

CHICAGO PARTY ACTIVITIES

Four shop nuclei were reported as definitely organized, and charters applied for, at the last meeting of the City Central Committee of the Workers Party, Local Chicago, Oct. 21. This marks the beginning of reorganization of the party on the basis of shop nuclei. It is a big step forward and will, no doubt, bring excellent results, politically and organizationally.

To further hasten the development of shop nuclei organization the next meeting of the City Central Committee will have as its main feature a discussion on shop nuclei. Comrade Abern leading the discussion.

The party members in the clothing trades are forming the basis for the beginnings of shop nuclei organization, and meetings are being held regularly for this purpose.

Resolutions Adopted on Food Workers and Metal Trades

Resolutions dealing with the activities of the food workers group in the recent elections in the union, and the difficulties of party members in a particular machine shop were adopted. These resolutions are printed in another section of the DAILY WORKER. Discussions on industrial policy in the City Central Committee is resulting in clarification of the membership. Reports were also made on the situation in the building trades and the necessity of comrades attending every union to carry on the struggle therein.

The industrial registration is now being compiled and will be available for T. U. E. L. and Party use in a few days. A few branches have failed yet to send in their registration.

Join The Party

Thirty-two new members were brought into the Party at this last C. C. C. meeting. They were accepted into the following branches: South Side Scandinavian one member; North Side English, one; Douglas Park English, two; Spanish branch, two; Mid City English, 3; Irving Park English, one; Czech-Slovak Cicero, Womens, seven; North West Jewish, two; Shop Nucleus No. 4, one; Shop Nucleus No. 2, two; Douglas Park Jewish, two; Ukrainian No. 1, three; Ukrainian No. 5, three; Russian No. 1, one. Among these were twelve union workers: seven from the Amalgamated Clothing Workers, and one each from the Carpenters, Sheet Metal Workers, Machinists, Printers and the I. W. W.

Educational Activities

On education, Comrade Gomez reported that comrades had been secured to appear before the branches on these of the Fifth Congress of the Communist International, and also to address all new comrades entering into the Party. See other columns.

The Young Workers League at Work

The Y. W. L. has completed its reorganization on the basis of working area branches, is developing a drive on the mail order houses and is campaigning to aid in establishing a weekly Young Worker by the 1st of January. There are fourteen Junior Groups in existence.

City Organization to Take Over Literature

Very shortly, in order to increase the sale of literature and to centralize its distribution, the city organization will take over the sale of literature to the branches, and the National office will no longer deal with the branches direct. The Literature Department is working out a plan for efficient sale of literature at unions and other meetings.

Final Election Campaign Drive

In the last two weeks of the campaign, local Chicago is trying to put over a large number of meetings, indoors and outdoors, in all districts. Mass meetings are to be arranged in every congressional district and the branches are to co-operate towards their success. Details will appear in other columns.

Work At The Ballot Box, Nov. 4th.

Poll-watchers will be required for the elections on November 4. Branches should send in names and addresses of comrades able to help us out.

Towards A Greater Activity

At the last City Executive Committee meeting discussions were held with representatives of the Hungarians and the Russians, on means of developing work in those units. Shop nuclei especially were discussed. At the next meeting a representative of our Finnish comrades will report.

A Committee on International Workers Aid was appointed.

The Labor Defense—DAILY WORKER Bazaar is progressing, with every hope of huge success.

Special DAILY WORKER Edition for Seventh Russian Revolution Anniversary

A special edition of the DAILY WORKER will be gotten out to aid in making a huge success of the November 7th Celebration, and also to continue systematic propaganda. Distribution will again be mainly at factories, and comrades able to help will please send in their names to the Local Office.

Sacco-Vanzetti and the Foster-Gitlow meetings on October 12 were successes in every way.

Very briefly, these reports indicate that local Chicago is steadily increasing its activities. Membership is growing, shop nuclei organization has started, clarification of the membership on political and industrial questions is growing, which will bring about more unified and understood, as well as live, activities. The road from isolation to the masses, to control and leadership of the workers, lies thru greater shop nuclei work, trade union activity, work on the job, organized efforts everywhere the party conducts its activity.

Next City Central Committee Meeting Wednesday, Nov. 5.

The meeting of the Chicago C. C. C. will be held on Wednesday, Nov. 5, 8 P. M., at Workers Hall, 722 Blue Island Ave. The change is made because of election day on November 4. Comrades please take note of change of date.

Martin Abern, Secretary.

Where They Speak

Communist campaign meetings planned before election day are as follows:

Foster in East

BALTIMORE, Md.—Hazazars Hall, 111 W. Franklin St., Tuesday, Oct. 28, 8 P. M.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—Carnegie Music Hall, corner Ohio and Federal Sts., N. S., Wednesday, Oct. 29, 8 P. M.

DILLONVALE, Ohio.—Thursday, Oct. 30.

CINCINNATI, Ohio.—Friday, Oct. 31, 8 P. M.

Engdahl Goes East

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—Monday, Oct. 27, 8 P. M.

WILKES BARRE, Pa.—Tuesday, Oct. 28, 8 P. M.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Labor Lyceum, 580 St. Paul St., Wednesday, Oct. 29, 8 P. M.

Dunne Goes West

BUTTE, Mont.—Wednesday, Oct. 29, 8 P. M.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Saturday, Nov. 1, 8 P. M.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—Sunday, Nov. 2.

DULUTH, Minn.—Monday, Nov. 3.

Browder in Missouri

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Musicians' Hall, Monday, Oct. 27, 8 P. M.

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—Labor Lyceum, 1243 N. Garrison, Tuesday, Oct. 28, 8 P. M.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—Sunday, Nov. 2.

Bedacht in Indiana

SOUTH BEND, Ind.—Kossuth Hall, 820 W. Indiana Ave., Friday, Oct. 31.

Minor on the Coast

PORTLAND, Ore.—Workers Party Hall, 227 Yamhill St., 3rd floor, Wednesday, Oct. 29, 8 P. M.

BERKELEY, Cal.—Berkeley High School Auditorium, Allston Way and Grove St., Friday, Oct. 31, 8 P. M.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—225 Valencia St., Sunday, Nov. 2.

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Symphony Hall, 232 S. Hill St., Friday, Nov. 4, 8 P. M.

Cannon in New York City

Oct. 28, at Clinton Hall, 151 Clinton street.

Oct. 29, at Hennington Hall, 214 Second street.

Oct. 30, at Hopkinson Mansion, between Pitkin Ave. and East New York Ave., Brooklyn.

Nov. 1, at 8 P. M., at Workers' Hall, 1347 Boston Road, Bronx.

Nov. 2, at 2 P. M., at Webster Hall, 119 East 11th street.

ST. LOUIS COMRADES SELL DAILY WORKERS AT CAMPAIGN RALLIES

By A. B. MASN.
 (Special to The DAILY WORKER.)
ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 26.—We organized a DAILY WORKER newsies' squad of twenty comrades who do the large campaign rallies of all the political parties. At a LaFollette meeting we sold as many as 600 copies and at the last Davis meeting held here one comrade standing on the corner of the streets of the meeting sold 150 copies just by shouting at the top of his voice "For once in your life, buy a Workers' Paper!"

PROFESSOR URGES LA FOLLETTE AID TO BLOCK CHANGE

Thinks Wisconsin Man Can Stop Revolution

By T. D. F.
 PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 26.—The true anti-working class character of LaFollette movement is becoming clearer and clearer as the election campaign is progressing. Speaker after speaker, representing LaFollette, are compelled to come out with the goods and state their position on various issues.

Two Professors Argue.

A discussion between two professors, followers of Davis and LaFollette recently took place at the Swarthmore college not far from Philadelphia. Prof. Brooks, who spoke in favor of Davis, laid special emphasis on the fact that neither the republican nor LaFollette party have any plans which would prevent another bloody world war.

Against the Revolution.

Professor Holms, who spoke for LaFollette, let the cat out of the bag when he stated that LaFolletteism is the only way which can prevent a "red revolution."

He even made use of the slogan "Workers of the World Unite! You have nothing to lose, but your chains."

Wants to Try Again.

Against this slogan, Prof. Holms issues the slogan: "Liberals of America, unite! You have nothing to lose but the republican party."

When his attention was called to the fact that democracy when put to a test has always failed and had to be replaced by a dictatorship, his answer was short and simple: "We will try again."

Fimmen Gets Big Reception from Labor in Soviet Russia

MOSCOW, Oct. 26.—Edo Fimmen, general secretary of the International of Transport Workers, who has come to the U. S. S. R. to get personally acquainted with the Russian trade union movement and the industrial position of the country, has been met with much sympathy at workers' meetings and sessions of various trade union organs and is welcomed as representing those circles of the international trade union movement which support the aspirations of the U. S. S. R. trade unions to restore the unity of this movement.

Speaking at a meeting, Mr. Fimmen expressed his assurance that the transport workers of the world will do all in their power to prevent the powers which are preparing intervention in China to bring arms into this country, in the same way as they had at the time hampered the transport of arms and munitions to Poland, for a struggle against the Soviet republics.

GENSORS SEE AND FINALLY PASS THE 'BEAUTY--BOLSHEVİK'

Two more censor boards are added to the list that have passed the new Russian comedy feature film, "The Beauty and the Bolshevik," although both took a longer time to make up their minds than is usually the case.

The Ohio board, which is a subdivision of the department of education, passed the feature and its accompanying educational subject, "Russia in Overalls," without charge. The Chicago board, which operates under the police department, did the same although holding the film for a second showing to convince some of the board that it was quite all right.

The only authorities thus far to demand any change in the film have been the Pennsylvania state board of censors. For dates for these two remarkable pictures write the International Workers' Aid, 19 S. Lincoln St., Chicago, Ill.

SOVIETS BUY UP OIL EQUIPMENT IN THIS COUNTRY

Place Trial Orders for Million Dollars

(By The Federated Press)
NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—That American oil interests are giving Russia considerable industrial and commercial recognition, whatever the state department may be doing, is brought out in trade figures furnished by A. P. Serebovsky, head of the Russian government oil trust.

Trial orders for a million dollars of American oil equipment have been placed by Serebovsky and he announces that many millions of orders may be expected.

Plan Long Pipe Line.

A proposal is under negotiations, he said, for a pipe line from Baku to Batumi, the Black Sea oil port, to be built by the Sinclair Oil Co., with the Sinclair people putting up \$20,000,000 of the capital for the pipe line and a refinery at Batumi.

"The building of a pipe line would be of great importance to Russia in enabling her to market oil to all parts of Europe more advantageously."

Have Four-Year Program.

Russia's oil reconstruction program will take four years, says Serebovsky. He attended the International Petroleum congress, holding its annual sessions at Tulsa, the first oil representative from the new Russian regime.

Gary Has Hopes for Return of Pittsburgh Plus As Price Basis

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—Members of the American Iron and Steel Institute, meeting here today were "beseeched" by Elbert H. Gary, president, to give the abolition of Pittsburgh-plus price basis for iron and steel products every chance before attempting to reinstate the former method of making steel prices.

Judge Gary expressed doubt that the order of the federal trade commission, directing abandonment of the price fixing method could have been upheld in the courts.

Secretary Wanted

Woman stenographer, competent to prepare manuscript for publication. Must have extensive knowledge of labor movement. Position open in December. Age between 35 and 50. Single.

J. R. SWARTS,
 349 E. Ohio St. Chicago, Ill.

How to Be Healthy

For many years people have been suffering from many sicknesses. Many have gone to doctors who gave them medicines for a trial. After several trials and operations they failed to regain their health.

MEN AND WOMEN
 If you are suffering from any ailments, come to my office and I will try to help you without the use of medicine or an operation.

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 1555 West Roosevelt Road
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MY NEW LOCATION

Special Prices to Workers X-Ray Gas Given

ESTABLISHED 12 YEARS.

My Examination Is Free My Prices Are Reasonable My Work Is Guaranteed

Extracting Specialist DELAY MEANS PAIN

IN WITH THE DOLLARS!

TWO weeks and the presidential election campaign will pass into history except the counting of votes and the scramble for the pie, which this time may be stretched out over a series of weeks in congress.

However, many dollars can still be collected in the two weeks still left to work in. Every Workers Party member, every sympathizer, is asked to make these two weeks count heavy for the cause of Communism. Use the contribution lists in your possession. There is nothing better that money can be spent for at this time than Communist propaganda. In with the dollars.

Contributions received during the last several days, exclusive of receipts in district offices follow:

Name	List No.	Amt.
Workers' Circle No. 704.....		\$ 3.00
P. Mainunes and A. Rappanis		10.55
Rose Zwick		2.50
B. Stencil	7860	5.50
H. Spritzman, Workmen's Br. 473		10.00
Louise Tomic	2900	5.00
Paul Bernhardt	2800	2.00
Christ Lazaros, Greek Branch (Campaign Stamps)		5.75
Steve Thomas	7861	4.75
B. Clin		21.00
Anton Sankap	13600	5.50
John Tomic	8325	5.00
Swedish Society Club	10171	26.00
Walter Paterson	10171	1.00
Workmen's Circle Br. 548	5633	25.50
Geo. Murechik	15418	1.00
J. H. Weppler	13910	14.50
E. Turman	22579	2.00
John Demchik	6939	3.75
Workmen's Circle Branch 431		5.00
Anton Devolsch	6532	20.75
Aug. Wanhala		5.00
Lauri Wesa	21141	1.25
Paul Skers	34721	4.25
C. M. DeGroot		10.00
Lithuanian Workers' Lit. Soc		10.00
Victor Fodor	3474	6.25
Geo. Dorichik (Campaign Stamps)		13.50
M. Brotonin	12752	3.50
J. Malmberg	9563	3.00
Peter Untunen	8425	15.00
L. Judy		5.00
J. Lesniker		5.00
Wilma Haaraala	2258	2.00
John Baranski		2.00
S. H. Bobwick		5.00
Oscar Appel	8946	11.00
C. Skanders	7300	10.00
Herman Keiser	7312	5.00
J. Riley		8.00
Geo. Rdonich	13820	5.00
A. M. Trsman	7207	10.00
A. Ciganio (Campaign Stamps)		7.00
Albert B. DeCamp	19438	5.00
John T. Whisler	5773	5.00
Workmen's Circle, Br. 234		1.00
J. E. Brandstetter	11775	5.00
Paul Babich	11755	7.10
M. Mustaphich	17087	11.00
John Sebastian	11771	7.50
C. Spiegel	21573	8.00
Joe. Schlessinger	7313	2.00
Joe. J. Lapsansky	11711	2.00
Estelita Tarkoff		4.50
M. Kohn	16839	11.00
W. Vernon		3.50
Bulgarian Br., Workers Party		100.00

Decide Against Cut.

(Special to the Daily Worker)
PITTSFIELD, Mass., Oct. 26.—The Renfrew Manufacturing company of Adams has given up its plan for a 12 1/2 per cent wage cut now, fearing a strike by its cotton mill workers. The cut had been announced as part of a program under which the employees would be guaranteed at least three days' work a week. The American Federation of Textile Operatives is represented in the mills.

Another Army Scandal.

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—Charges that the U. S. war department lost \$392,000 by selling surplus army garments in Brooklyn last August are published by an unnamed complainant in the Times. A letter to Secretary of War Weeks declares that the government official in charge sold the goods at a third of a million less than the "upset" or minimum price first put on the consignment and that previously the government refused to sell under its quoted price.

BOXER TREATY ROUSES IRE OF CHINESE LABOR

Send Protest to Great Britain's Premier

CANTON, Oct. 26.—A mass popular demonstration, directed against the Boxer protocol of 1901, as an instrument and a symbol of the enslavement of China by the imperialists, was held in the city park here.

Tens of thousands participated, the crowd consisting of workers, students of military schools and farmers.

Mr. Tam Ping-San, who presided, depicted the forcible policy of the imperialistic powers in China, calling on all the oppressed peoples to rally against imperialism which was fettering the Oriental peoples not only by force of arms but economically, too.

Speakers representing the Central Committee of the Kuomintang Party, the Farmers' Section of Youth, the organizations of workers, students, women, students of all the military schools, farmers and the "Young Guard," explained in their addresses the painful situation of oppressed China, calling upon all those who love their country to organize unions for fighting imperialism, for the repudiation of the Boxer Treaty, the abolition of foreign extra-territoriality the boycott of American and English goods.

Parade Thru Streets.

The appeals and resolutions were met enthusiastically by all those present. After the meeting was over, the demonstrators paraded thru all the city with music, flags and banners bearing numerous slogans and catchwords.

A special newspaper was issued in the Chinese language, with articles of an anti-imperialistic nature by prominent members of the Kuomintang party; this paper was broadly circulated by members of the demonstration. A telegram was also sent, in the name of the latter, to Premier MacDonald, of Great Britain, protesting energetically against foreign intervention in China.

Jail and Prisoner Burn.

MOULTRIE, Ga., Oct. 26.—A fifty year-old Negro man was burned to death when the Moultrie town jail burned to the ground. The Negro had been placed in the jail, which was a regular fire trap, on a charge of drunkenness. The jail was on the outskirts of the town and had no attendants.

HEAR

J. W. JOHNSTONE

WORKERS PARTY CANDIDATE
 For Congress (Ninth Congressional District)

MONDAY, OCTOBER 27th, at 8 P. M.
 Imperial Hall, 2409 N. Halsted St.

Workers, come and meet your candidate!

ORDER! - NOW!

Two Special Editions of Eight Pages

The first will be dated Saturday, Nov. 1—Price 3/2c a copy
 The second will be dated Thursday, Nov. 6—Price 2c a copy

NOTICE

LOCALS, BRANCHES, COMMITTEES IN CHARGE OF NOVEMBER 7th MEETINGS!

The special editions, larger in size, will include features by William Z. Foster, Wm. F. Dunne, J. Louis Engdahl, C. E. Ruthenberg, Max Bedacht, James P. Cannon, Stalin, secretary of the Russian Communist Party, and others.

These issues sold at regular bundle rates!
 The November 1st issue will carry advertisements of all Nov. 7 meetings.
 Get the first issue to make your celebration meeting a success.
 Get the second to be sold at the meeting.

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copies—NOVEMBER 6th issue.

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 Street.....
 City..... State.....

LABOR PRESS BOOSTS LABOR FILM

The increased publicity given to Labor Film by its "big sister," the Labor Press, shows effect in the new interest taken in the pictures all over the country. Already several big cities have opened negotiations for the newest film, while small theatre managers in the Iron Range are writing directly for rentals. This is the case even where we have not a single branch or member. Negotiations for showing the "Beauty and Bolshevik" in Detroit, Chicago and Milwaukee are progressing rapidly. "Polikushka" is expected to have a revival in Chicago, while the "Lenin Memorial" reel will probably feature the Nov. 7 program in Milwaukee.

The World of Labor • Industry & Agriculture

FARMERS COME FAR TO LISTEN TO MINOR'S TALK

(Special to the Daily Worker)
WILLISTON, N. D., Oct. 26.—A remarkable meeting was held in the Court House here. Despite the fact that nearly all farmers in this vicinity were busy threshing, about 125 came to town to listen to "Bob" Minor explain the principles and tactics of the Workers Party.

Family Comes 50 Miles.
One family drove thirty, another fifty miles, to attend this meeting. When a farmer is busy threshing he never goes anywhere. He only works, eats and sleeps.

Minor pointed out in his talk that the farmer would not get enough out of his so-called big wheat crop this year to pay taxes and interest on his debts, that it was impossible for the farmer to beat the capitalist. He also showed that LaFollette did not stand for the farmers and the workers but supported the small business class. His speech was very well received.

A good deal of party literature was sold at this meeting and was taken to the DAILY WORKER. Considering the circumstances under which the meeting was held, it was a big success.

Urge Legislative Candidates.
The Workers Party has two candidates in the field here, A. C. Miller, running for state representative, and Andrew Omholt, candidate for sheriff of Williams county. The local, reactionary league pussyfooters and politicians have repudiated these two candidates for the reason that they are Communists, but this sort of tactic has not much influence with the rank and file of the farmers, the majority of whom are supporting Omholt and Miller.

Oakland World Changes Name.
SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 26.—The Oakland World, long the socialist organ of the Bay district, now appears every week under the name Labor World with headquarters transferred to San Francisco.

Our Daily Pattern

A SPORTS COSTUME



4895-4898. Printed crepe was used for the blouse together with facings of satin in a contrasting color. The skirt was made of white flannel. One could have the entire costume of one material, such as crepe, satin, charmeuse or crepe de chine.

The blouse pattern is cut in 6 sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust measure. It will require 2 3/4 yards of 32-inch material with 3/4-yard of contrasting material for facings as illustrated.

The skirt is cut in 7 sizes: 25, 27, 29, 31, 33, 35 and 37 inches waist measure, with corresponding hip measure 35, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45 and 47 inches. The width of the skirt at the foot with plaits extended is 2 3/4 yards. It will require 2 3/4 yards of 54-inch material for a medium size.

Two separate patterns mailed to any address on receipt of 12c for each pattern in silver or stamps.

Send 12c in silver or stamps for our UP-TO-DATE FALL & WINTER 1924-1925 BOOK OF FASHIONS.

Address: The DAILY WORKER, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.
NOTICE TO PATTERN BUYERS: The patterns being sold thru the DAILY WORKER pattern department are furnished by a New York firm of pattern manufacturers. Orders are forwarded by the DAILY WORKER every day as received, and they are mailed by the manufacturer direct to the customer. The DAILY WORKER does not keep a stock of patterns on hand. Delivery of patterns ordinarily will take at least 10 days from the date of mailing the order. Do not become impatient if your pattern is delayed.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF I. W. W. NATIONAL CONVENTION PROCEEDINGS

The official report of the convention of the Industrial Workers of the World, for its eighth day, signed by P. J. Welinder, chairman, and Ed Delaney, press committee, follows:
16th ANNUAL CONVENTION (Day by Day)

Perhaps more constructive work was done on the eighth day of the convention than on any other day, thus far. After the roll call and the reading of the press committee's report, in the morning a motion was passed giving fellow worker Maurice Daly, secretary treasurer of I. U. 120 the floor. He stated that he had been refused the property in 1001 west Madison street, by the temporary officials, when he had called for it, after the convention had passed a motion which would automatically release any claim that anyone in headquarters may have had on it. Several motions were made relative to this request, which the chair ruled out of order. However, a motion finally passed to the effect that the convention go on record of lifting the restraining order that is now on 1001 West Madison. The chair ruled on the motion stating that it was to be understood that the convention had nothing to do with putting the restraining order on the building and property and as such could not get it released, and that it was up to the party or parties who had secured this order to see that it was released.

After that matter was settled a communication was read from Tom Doyle suspended secretary-treasurer, Joe Fisher, suspended general organizer, and Charles Gibson, suspended general executive board member of I. U. 230 in which they stated they were willing to abide by any ruling that this convention might make and that they recognized it as a lawful body.

Next came the reports of officers. Fellow worker Charles Gibson, G. O. C. member of I. U. 230 and suspended G. E. B. member of that industrial union reported first. He reported verbally to some length, mentioning the ballots he had voted on, and various actions taken by him while in office. Practically every delegate had questions to put to him. The questions dealing with his activity and with the present controversy. His report was tabled until the controversy is settled.

Following him, came fellow worker J. A. Griffith, suspended alternate general organizer, he reported at some length, submitting a written report and financial statement. He too, was questioned in detail. His report following the same course as that of Gibson, except that his recommendations were referred to the resolution committee. His recommendations in the main were a plea for the establishing of a clearing house, investigation of two issues of the Pioneer and a general audit of all books in general headquarters.

F. W. Joe Fisher, suspended general organizer then read his report which was of some length and dealt principally with his activities since taking over the office. He was questioned for some time relative to his activity, by the majority of the delegates present. His report was ordered tabled until the grievance committee had been heard from and his recommendations were turned over to the resolution committee. He recommended the publication of three new pamphlets, the establishing of a clearing house system, the expulsion of all members who were found guilty of creating dissension and a plan whereby all credentials would be issued directly from the main office.

Suspended Secretary-Treasurer Tom Doyle, came next. He read from a written statement, several faults and offered recommendations. He stated at the outset that his report would deal with his activity and recommendations alone, as he understood that the controversial matter was to come later. He was on the floor over three hours, practically every delegate questioning him on his recommendations or on the figures which he submitted. He also recommended the establishing of a clearing house, the bonding of all officials, the publication of several new pamphlets and urged the convention to devise ways and means of providing a budget system. He also reported that general headquarters would have to move from its present location as the lease expires next April and the building has been condemned. His report and suggestions took the same course as that of the other officials who reported today.

Following him, the convention moved to nominations and installations to fill vacancies on two committees. Adjournment was made at 5:30 P. M. —Edward Delaney Press Committee.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

DR. RASNICK DENTIST

Rendering Expert Dental Service for 20 Years.
645 SMITHFIELD ST., Near 7th Ave. 1627 CENTER AVE., Cor. Arthur St.

CALL FOR UNITY ISSUED BY LYNN SHOE WORKERS

"Together Under One Roof" Is Appeal

(Special to the DAILY WORKER.)
LYNN, Mass., Oct. 26.—As a result of the recent vote cast by the membership of the Amalgamated Shoe Workers to change the form of their organization from a national union into a district union, the general council instructed the secretary-treasurer to send out a letter to the Independent Shoe Workers' Union in Lynn to get together under one roof. Copies of this letter were mailed to individual members of those locals.

Unite Against Open Shop.
The militants of Lynn are urging the locals to come together first for the purpose of amalgamation and second to fight the open shop movement which is menacing the shoe workers of the country, and particularly in Lynn where the manufacturers are waging a bitter fight against the active members of the union.

The letter reads in part:
"In view of the fact that the majority of our locals are located in Lynn, it would seem to be the part of wisdom for all unions in this city to become affiliated with and function in one organization, solidifying the shoeworkers into one compact body, thereby strengthening their position to the extent of at least being able to present a solid front to our opponents when necessary. As it is today in Lynn, we appear to be hopelessly divided, four different forms of organization functioning with their members working side by side in the same industry, when one is only necessary for the welfare of the workers, thus proving to the world that something is radically wrong."

Interview With Officials.
In an interview lasting for several hours with the general officers of the amalgamated, they admitted to the DAILY WORKER that the state board gave the shoe workers of Lynn a rotten deal. The president when asked if he would oppose the state board when the next agreement comes up, said, "I never favored the state board. The referendum ballot calling the board into Lynn was issued by the joint council."

The secretary took occasion to flay the Nudick proposition in Haverhill where the shoe workers are compelled to pay five thousand dollars yearly as their share of the \$10,000 received by Nudick as an impartial chairman. Nudick by the way, has rendered only one decision in favor of the union against many decisions favorable to the manufacturers.

Both officials admitted that mistakes have been made in the past and expressed a willingness to forget all the hard feelings for the sake of unity for the shoe workers of the country and particularly in Lynn.

Big Cotton Mills in Rhode Island Cut Wages 12 1/2 Pct.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 26.—Announcement of the big B. B. & R. Knight Co., largest cotton mill operators in the Pawtucket valley, that the Artic Mill at Artic and the Royal Mill at River point would reopen at a 12 1/2 per cent wage cut stirred the workers in the valley. These mills, employing 1,350 workers, have been closed for several months, as have the dozen other Knight mills in the valley. No move has yet been made to reopen the other Knight mills.

The wage cut decision was said to have been made at the instance of the bondholders, who hold the \$7,500,000 bonds of the Consolidated Textile corporation, which controls the Knight company. Chase National Bank in New York is the leading factor in the situation. William M. Wood, president American Woolen Co., is chairman of the board of both the Knight and Consolidated concerns.

Strike talk is in the air. The Amalgamated Textile Workers' Union has a local at Artic and conducted the strike in this vicinity in 1922.

A wage cut recently went into effect in the Manville-Jencks mills in the Blackstone valley in northern Rhode Island. Here the United Textile Workers' Union is in the field and announces that action will be taken to force a restoration of wages. The Knight company and the Manville-Jencks are the largest cotton manufacturers in Rhode Island.

Next Sunday Night and Every Sunday Night, the Open Forum.

UPHOLD STAND OF I. W. W. MEET IN FACTION WAR

Class War Prisoner Gives His Views

Several communications have been received by the convention of the I. W. W. now meeting in Emmet Memorial Hall, commending its decision not to recognize either faction.

The convention has received a telegram from the Spokane branch of the I. W. W., stating that it concurs with the statement of the convention to the membership, and with the majority of the delegates.

Letter From San Quentin.
A letter received and filed by the convention from Fred Bannon, class war prisoner in San Quentin, declares:

"To the Special Convention. "Fellow Workers:" "Up to the present time I have refrained from expressing my opinion or making any suggestions to those on the outside. But under the present circumstances, I don't think it amiss to do so.

"I believe that the convention should be informed as to the real attitude of those that are in prison. As I am quite well informed by first-hand experience of the disruptive tactics used by one Blossom, I fully concur with the action taken by Fisher and Doyle in regards to Blossom et al. Further I believe they should be expelled for all time.

"I also wish to say that I expect the convention to repudiate the injunction and deal with those responsible in such a manner that it will serve as a warning in the future.

Discuss Prison Controversies.
"The matter of prison controversies should be dealt with in such a way that it will be impossible for designing or ignorant individuals to involve the organization in personal quabbles and petty grievances as has been the case in the past. It should be realized that the labor movement will go on whether those of us in the various prisons ever get out or not. So, put your energy into organization efforts and not so much into a collection agency for the relief of darned belly-aching sob sisters.

"Also, I think it would be a very good policy to have all class-war prisoners go and stay at least one year at the point of production after release, before being allowed to hold any responsible office, elective or appointive, as it is sure to take at least that long to get over the prison grouch and adjust one's self to prevailing conditions. This is the opinion of a good many here, and is considered very important in order to avoid the childish controversies we have had in the past. A prison record does not give any fanatical individuals the privilege of disrupting the whole organization. In conclusion I wish to state that I will not accept any dictation from outside these walls and intend to use my discretion in all matters pertaining to my imprisonment.

"Yours for the I. W. W., "Fred Bannon, San Quentin, Cal."

Demands "Get Together"
The communication from Wilkes Barre, sent by John Di Vincenzo, says:

"Wilkes Barre, Penn., Oct. 13, 1924. "Greetings to all delegates of the General Convention. Fellow Workers, much and great work ahead of you at this time. Hoping the convention will be constructive with old-time spirit. Remember that the East needs much attention and a clean house. Yours for action. John Di Vincenzo."

The telegram from Duluth was addressed to James Rowan. It stated, "Jas Rowan, Chicago, Illinois. Get together one convention. That's final. Ed Carleton, Duluth, Minn."

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BIG BUSINESS INTERESTS COOK UP "MADE-TO-ORDER" PROSPERITY TO KEEP COOLIDGE IN WHITE HOUSE

By LELAND OLDS (Federated Press Staff Correspondent)

Mellon's Pennsylvania and New Jersey, an important province of the militant anti-union National Metal Trades Assn., are hitting the ball in the artificial Coolidge-for-president industrial boom. According to the Oct. 13 statement of the Philadelphia federal reserve bank, employment in Pennsylvania in September showed an increase of 2.2 per cent over August. In New Jersey the increase amounted to 2.3 per cent.

Evidently the industrial region which produced Collector Grundy and his \$600,000 slush fund to swing western states to Coolidge and Dawes is also ready to pour out more money to persuade doubting workers that a full dinner pail depends upon reelection of the above-mentioned friends of capital.

Slump After Election.
The latest report from the department of commerce indicates that the forced spurt in production has been immediately reflected in an upward turn in stocks of commodities on hand. Barring unforeseen events this should mean that after election there will again be a slump whether the republicans get a new term of office or not.

The report covering Pennsylvania shows that industrial activity in that state has increased about 10 per cent since July. This means an increase not only in employment but also in per-capita earnings.

Pennsylvania industries reporting important changes in employment and wages between August and September included; automobile, increase of 6.1 per cent in employment and 1.5 per cent in average wages; electrical manufacture, increase of 15.2 per cent in employment and 11.3 per cent in wages; foundries and machine shops, decrease of 2.7 per cent in employment and 0.4 per cent in wages; steel works, increase of 3.1 per cent in employment and 1.2 per cent in wages; structural iron works, increase of 5.4 per cent in employment and 4 per cent in wages; carpets and rugs, increase of 27.8 per cent in employment and 3 per cent in wages; clothing, increase of 9.7 per cent in employment and 2.6 per cent in wages; knit goods increase of 2.7 per cent in employment and 10 per cent in wages; building materials, increase of 1.7 per cent in employment and decrease of 1.5 per cent in wages.

Showing in Home of Trusts.
The New Jersey report reflects an expansion of 4 per cent to 5 per cent in industrial activities within the month, including an increase of 2.2 per cent in average pay.

Between August and September New Jersey industries showed important changes in employment and wages as follows: automobile, increase of 1.3 per cent in employment and 8.8 per cent in average wages; electrical manufacture, decrease of 1.8 per cent in employment and 3.2 per cent in wages; foundries and machine shops, increase of 0.4 in employment and 5.7 per cent in wages; steel works, increase of 2 per cent in employment and 13.7 per cent in wages; clothing decrease of 0.1 per cent and 5.6 per cent in wages; knit goods, decrease of 0.9 per cent in employment and 7.2 per cent in wages; building materials, increase of 1.3 per cent in employment and 6.8 per cent in wages; paper, increase of 26.3 per cent in employment and 0.6 per cent in wages; rubber, increase of 0.5 per cent in employment and 20 per cent in wages.

Both reports show that aside from the industries which normally reflect the pre-Christmas rush the important increases result from the pressure which the big corporations are applying to elect their candidates.

Are You Going to the Open Forum Sunday Night?
Strike Prevents Textile Cut.
PALMER, Mass.—Five hundred textile operatives at the Thorndike company here won their strike against an 11 per cent wage cut. Agent Charles A. Tabor announces that the plant will reopen on a six-day basis without the reduction against which the workers had walked out recently. The strike took place when the company, which had been operating on a three-day a week basis notified employees that the working days would be raised to five at the 11 per cent reduction. Tabor says no wage cut will be made until the company finds what other concerns are planning.

WOBBLY WINS 3RD COURT FIGHT IN CALIFORNIA

Prosecutor Asks Case Be Dismissed

By MAUD McCREARY (Federated Press Staff Correspondent)

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 26.—Each time that Roscoe Thurman, I. W. W., goes to the mat in court with the authorities who are attempting to block his activities against the California syndicalism law he comes out of the scrap a little more to the good.

Oct. 6, the case against him at El Centro, Imperial county, charging him with criminal syndicalism, was dismissed on motion of the prosecution.

Thurman was tried twice before on the same charge. The first case resulted in a conviction reversed on appeal. The second with a hung jury.

Prosecutor Wakes Up.
It is believed at I. W. W. headquarters that the district attorney of Imperial county, after reviewing the 52 reversals of similar cases, decided it was unwise to spend taxpayers money on evidence likely to result in a reversal on appeal.

Herbert W. White, secretary, California branch, General Defense Committee (the I. W. W. body) says: "The I. W. W. have had a hard battle in San Pedro for 3 years. First they had to combat the criminal syndicalism law. After showing to the world that they never did violate that statute, one judge made a new law, to wit the Busick injunction. Now that this also does not seem to cover the I. W. W. the servants of the employing interests again take recourse to that time honored vagrancy law."

Go On Hunger Strike
Declaring that the food served to them was unfit for even a dog to eat, 25 I. W. W.'s in the Lincoln Heights stockade in Los Angeles went on hunger strike Oct. 3. Most of the men are charged with violating the injunction against distribution of I. W. W. literature. Some are serving sentences, others waiting trial. Explaining their hunger strike, prisoners declare that their frequent arrests are made merely to harass them and because of political prejudice and that if most of their time must be spent in jail, they at least deserve decent food.

Japs Promote Jingoism.
TOKYO, Oct. 26.—The department of education here is taking advantage of the Japanese exclusion to instill nationalistic sentiment in the civilians. Five hundred students representing fifteen high schools of Tokyo, have been ordered to attend the military drills in Yoyogi Field, where nationalistic speeches will be delivered to the students and soldiers.

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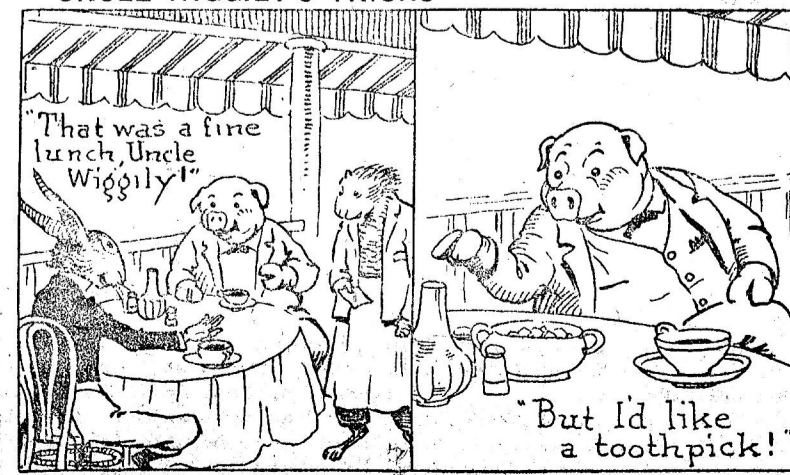
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The Passing Capitalist Political Show of 1924



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The Poor Taxpayers

That Calvin Coolidge should be popular among America's millionaire class because of his war on high taxation is not surprising in the light of the story told by the income tax figures for last year, made public by the Internal Revenue Department. Andrew Mellon, whiskey Secretary for the Treasury, paid a tax of \$1,173,987.85 on his income for last year. William Wrigley, Jr., of Chicago, the chewing gum magnate was a close second to Mellon, with \$1,134,420. Some of the most important returns from the New York millionaire colony are:

- John D. Rockefeller, Jr., \$7,435,169.41.
- John D. Rockefeller, Sr., \$1,242,266.47.
- George F. Baker, \$660,371.52.
- George F. Baker, Sr., \$678,664.16.
- Eugene Myer, Jr., \$152,466.60.
- Frederick A. Clark, \$172,405.58.
- John T. Underwood, \$258,617.65.
- Henry H. Rogers, \$373,297.22.
- T. W. Lamont, \$847,820.44.
- J. P. Morgan, \$98,643.67.
- E. H. Gary, \$473,464.20.

Despite the law which declares that income tax lists must be made public newspapers had a hard time gaining access to the returns. The capitalists hold that the less information the workers get about their swollen fortunes the better for the former. Correct. But somehow or other the workers get the information.

The New York millionaires raised a terrible howl when the papers gave the news of their belongings to the public. But Mellon made a virtue of necessity and said the will of congress must be done. Judging from the tax returns, Andy is the second richest man in America, but perhaps J. P. Morgan is holding back something.

Small and the Klan

Governor Len Small of Illinois is reported to have the open support of the Ku Klux Klan in this state. There is very good reason for this belief. In fact the statement of Charles G. Palmer, Grand Dragon of the gowned night prowlers leaves nothing to the imagination.

It has been stated quite frequently that at a klan parade held in Springfield recently, state and federal-owned military horses assigned to Illinois National Guard cavalry were loaned to the klan. Grand Dragon Palmer openly admits receiving the use of the horses from the Small administration and boasts that the klan now holds the balance of power in the state and can get what it wants.

Palmer declared it was none of the public's business who gave the klan permission to use the horses or other government property. "We have been

doing this right along in Indiana and not alone using horses but army trucks and other paraphernalia."

The governor gave the use of the state fair grounds to the klan and two of Small's meetings in Vernon and Williamson were organized by the notorious Glenn Young who urged his hearers to vote the republican ticket straight. The miners of Williamson county who have experienced the terrorist methods of Young and his bloody murder fiends will be interested to know that Len Small, backed by Frank Farrington, "Honest" John Walker, John Fitzpatrick and the other labor fakery is supported by one of the Fascisti organizations of the United States.

Gary's President

Speaking before an audience of steel magnates on the effect of the discontinuance of the "Pittsburgh Plus" policy of the United States Steel corporation, Judge Gary, declared that "the future success of the iron and steel industry in this country is assured if the managers will keep their heads, and further if the approaching election results shall be satisfactory."

According to Gary a "good" president should have the following qualifications: "He should be modest, plain and simple and still courageous, dignified and wise."

Calvin Coolidge is the ideal president of Judge Gary. About the only one of the qualifications mentioned by Gary that Coolidge possesses is that of simplicity. He is simple to a fault. He displayed his lack of courage during the oil expose. His silence charitably hides his ignorance. A small bore nonentity like Coolidge could not be dignified if he tried. As for modesty, if he possessed that alleged bourgeois virtue he would take himself to his father's farm and stay there.

The one virtue possessed by Coolidge which outweighs all others is his loyalty to the capitalist system.

In the Enemy Press

COARSE MALICE
(The Ottawa Journal, Canada)

A disagreeable but interesting tribute to the work done by His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales in promoting goodwill is the peculiar malignity with which the revolutionary press has followed him. The Chicago DAILY WORKER, the official organ of the Workers Party of America, for example, has been unable to keep its tongue off him. Since his visit to this continent was announced it has referred to him in sixteen separate issues, on some occasions publishing two attacks on the same day, and its utterances have been marked by a grossness of personal calumny which in many instances defies quotation. This coarseness and bitterness, it is to be observed, increased as the Prince's popularity became more and more apparent. The Toronto Worker, the Communist weekly which some time ago got into trouble by the foulness of its language in commenting upon Armistice Day, expressed its annoyance because

"The wastrel and idler spawn of the British King is allowed, even invited to defile the land of Coolidge and 'democracy' with his presence."

Such persistent pursuit must have a reason. These devil's disciples abhor international goodwill, and thrive on hatred and discontent. They eagerly expect a war between the United States and Japan, and hope for a conflict between the British Empire and the United States, just as they prefer that times should be hard, and the laboring classes in distress and penury, and are exasperated by any prospect of the return of prosperity. It is clear that His Royal Highness on this visit has won the liking of the American people—as it incidentally has exploded the absurd legend of his bad horsemanship—and alarm and anger speak in the reviling.

One question is raised by the Toronto outburst. It would be a pity to dignify this venomous sheet by holding it to the letter of the law against sedition. None the less this is vulgar abuse which it would be dangerous to utter against any private citizen. The eminence of the object of this insult protects the person who emits it; and that seems a pity.

AS WE SEE IT

(Continued from page 1)

tendency to make us too partial to the workers.

BUT the toiling slaves of capitalism know that we always give them the breaks. We are for them in all their battles. With us they are always right when they are fighting the enemy. We confess that the DAILY WORKER is partial and we don't care who knows. The DAILY WORKER is one sided; it is concerned with the welfare of the workers only and the hatred of the master class and their labor lieutenants or the superior attitude adopted towards us by the liberal-radical does not phase it a bit. But we are concerned with the attitude of the workers toward us. We are here not to please them but to serve them.

THE British Tories are complaining that the workers do not recognize the right of free speech. Now, this is funny. For once the shoe is on the other foot. The British workers who have fed the capitalist dungeons for centuries now muster up enough courage to throw over-ripe tomatoes at the capitalist blather-skies when they get up to speak. This is not nice, but, it is a war rehearsal, and wars are not pleasant as the workers and a few of the capitalists have learned. Later on the British workers may not be throwing tomatoes at the capitalists, but something harder.

LADY Nancy Astor, the millionaire virago from America, was forced to quit the campaign. She was vigorous in her attacks on the workers. But the workers are many and the Nancy Astors are few, so it is not surprising that Nancy got the worst of it. Things are coming to a pretty pass in England when a millionaire parasite who has the entry to Buckingham palace is obliged to shut her trap in an election campaign.

THE Tories are not at all sure that the election campaign will bring them a very big victory. They will gain seats to be sure at the expense of the liberals, but the masses are not falling for their rabid attacks on the Soviet treaty. It is reported that the Tories are astounded at the pro-Soviet sentiment among the British population. It seems that the rantings of Snowden, Thomas and other capitalist lackeys, led the Tories to believe that there was a big anti-Russian sentiment among the workers. But they found an entirely different situation.

NOW the Tory strategists are calling on their campaigners to stop scolding Russia and to say something about the issues that the workers are interested in. But they have no solution for the problems of the workers. Neither does the labor party make any attempt to solve the problem. It merely competes with the capitalist parties in making promises. The British Communist Party has a program. It calls for the overthrow of capitalism and the establishment of the Soviet form of government, while in the meantime putting forth demands that would bring the workers into battle against their masters. But the labor party is now dominated by the bourgeois psychology

of His Majesty's socialists and while it welcomes titled aristocrats into its ranks it has no welcome for the Communist Party.

TWENTY six counties of Ireland, being under the Free States, and nominally independent of England, the general election is confined to only the six counties of Northern Ireland. Eamon DeValera announced that he would go into Ulster and stand as a republican candidate. The Orangemen promise to arrest him. In the rest of Ireland, there is considerable excitement over the boundary question, but the only force that could solve that question, the labor movement is in a state of civil war, with any prospect of either side being able to offer the Irish working class any leadership.

THE old leaders who inherited from James Connolly, a movement that bore promise of great things, have sold their birthright for a mess of pottage. They are neither with the Communist International nor with the Second International. While putting up a fake opposition against the Free State government, and mildly protesting against the crimes committed by that government during the civil war, they took no active steps to intervene

in the orgy of murder carried out under the Irish flag in the name of freedom, by the servants of British imperialism.

UNFORTUNATELY the opposition to the reactionaries which had a splendid opportunity to rally the masses behind a revolutionary program, was cursed with a leadership so stupid that language fails to describe its blunders. Instead of following the trade union policy of the Red International of Labor Unions, these "crazy" strategists entered on a campaign of secession in the best O. B. U. of Canada style, until today the Irish labor movement is a cock pit of trade union civil war, with the organization that Connolly gave a backbone and a policy to, slowly bleeding to death, and nothing but "vapor" as a substitute.

STRIKES are taking place, not between the bosses but between two rival sections of the workers' industrial movement. Jurisdictional strikes, the curse of the craft-ridden American labor movement have again reappeared in Ireland. The most regrettable feature of the situation is that radicals who have no excuse to be ignorant of the trade union policy of the Communist International are

involved in these escapades. The policy of staying within the existing unions applies with equal force to Ireland and to Germany or America. In fact the opportunity to get the Irish Transport Workers' Union into the hands of the radicals, looked very bright but for the stupidly criminal tactics of a few ego-maniacs, who only tolerate the co-operation of sycophantic poodles, who are always ready to fawn on those in power.

ACCORDING to a report appearing in one of the Irish papers, an educational society called the James Connolly Workers' Republican Club is formed in Dublin. Since the Communist Party of Ireland was liquidated shortly after James Larkin's return to Ireland there has been no communist propaganda put forth in that country. The official organs of the Irish Transport Workers' Union and Larkin's dual union, the Workers' Union of Ireland, are chiefly devoted to shooting mud at each other. The only hope in the present dilemma of Irish labor is that a left wing under constructive and revolutionary Communist leadership will develop out of the middle into which the leaders have led it into. The Red Trade Union International has shown the way.

The Daily Worker is the Organ of Our Party

By ELLIS CHRYSOON
Editor of Empros,
Greek Communist Weekly

THE DAILY WORKER is the official organ of our party. It is the only Communist daily in the English language. It is true that our members did not realize yet the importance of a mighty English daily. Before the DAILY WORKER had

been published our members were eagerly waiting the first issue, because they were not satisfied at all seeing the Federations with daily organs and the Party with a weekly paper, The Worker.

There are many comrades, and many among the subscribers of Empros who read English, but still they are not subscribers to the

STAY AWAY

By ABRAM JAKIRA

LOOKING over the October issue of "The Painter and Decorator," the official organ of the Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers of America, my attention was attracted by several timely notices bearing the same headline "STAY AWAY." Here are a few of them: "Stay Away from Niagara Falls," as work is very slack there and no hope for improved conditions in the near future. "Stay Away from Cleveland, Chicago and Tampa, Fla.," is prominently displayed in a box on another page. "Stay away from Kelo and Longview, Wash.," owing to difficulties being encountered there. "Stay Away from Los Angeles," for work has fallen off fully 50 per cent in the past six months, with no indications of its becoming normal for some time to come.

Thus appeals to "Stay Away" come from trade unions from practically all parts of the country—from Florida to Washington and California. According to these appeals the worker of the unemployment stricken towns has one of the two ways to choose. He can either hire a Zeppelin and take a trip to Mars to try his luck there or he must remain quarantined in his home town and starve until his employers will again find it profitable for them to give him a job, until the "conditions will again become normal." But there is another way of solving the unemployment problem, the way proposed by the Workers Party: Abolish capitalism which causes unemployment by creating a Workers' and Farmers' Government and meanwhile make the bosses and their government pay the unemployed.

Any worker can readily see that there is no need for him to take a flying trip to Mars, neither is there any need for him to "Stay Away" or starve. The employers who make enormous profits out of the sweat of the workers in "normal" times and who alone have the right to hire and fire must be made to pay the unemployed to whom they cannot give work. It is the duty and within the power of the government to tax the industries for the purpose of maintaining the unemployed and thus keep them away from starvation.

Organized labor has the power to make the bosses and their government pay the unemployed. What is needed is the will to do it.

DAILY WORKER. The DAILY WORKER is not only the organ of the American comrades, but the organ of our Party. Therefore our members must become subscribers not only themselves, but they must secure subs from their shop-mates and friends. We are all in a position to build up our mighty organ, if we realize the services it offers to the awakening of the class-consciousness of the workers of America.

Wherever you are, in the shop, in the restaurant, try to get a sub for The DAILY WORKER. We must support The DAILY WORKER just as much as we do the Empros.

Our adherence to our principles and to our Party must be proved, by our energies and activities, becoming real builders of a powerful daily.

The capitalists having colossal daily organs at their disposition, poison the minds of our fellow workers, and lead them against their own interests. They keep them ignorant, because then, the workers serve their interests because they thus perpetuate the system of exploitation.

When The DAILY WORKER increases its circulation—when we, the class conscious workers will devote our time and energy for it, then the number of the militants in the trade unions, will also be doubled, and then the workers will get rid of the reactionary leadership of Gompers and Co., who sell the organized workers of this country to the capitalist parties and the capitalist government, who use the workers as war material for their imperialist plans.

Forward comrades, Let us increase the circulation of our daily. Long live our Workers (Communist) Party and its official organ, The DAILY WORKER.