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WEATHER, Showers. (Eight Pages) Price 3 Cents

NAZIS DENY RETREAT AS TERROR RAGES

Negro and White Workers of Nation to Rally Against War

PHILADELPHIA PARADE SET FOR SATURDAY

Toledo Unions to Join United Demonstration on Sunday

Negro and white workers throughout the South, in unity with their fellow workers all over the country, are rushing final preparations for protest demonstrations on Aug. 1 (Aug. 3 in New York and some other cities) against the impending attack by fascist Italy on Ethiopia...

All Preparations Are Complete For Moscow-Frisco Polar Hop; Pilots Await Better Weather

Soviet Press Filled With Details of Record-Breaking Project

By Sender Garlin (By Cable to the Daily Worker) MOSCOW, July 30.—Tremendous interest has been aroused throughout the U. S. S. R. at Sigmund Levanevski's projected flight to San Francisco. The Soviet press is devoting much space to the event, publishing maps and photos of the plane and pilot, as well as biographies of Levanevski and his aides.

TREMENDOUS STRIDES IN SOVIET CHINA TOLD AT WORLD CONGRESS

Discussion on Austria Records C. P. Gains—Popov Contrasts Soviet Ukraine and Polish Ukraine—Youth Report Stresses Unity

By VERN SMITH (By Cable to the Daily Worker) MOSCOW, July 30.—Soviet China is now double the size it covered at the time of the Thirteenth Plenum, December, 1933, declared Comrade Hu Ho Sin, representative of the Chinese Soviet district who reported at yesterday morning's session of the Seventh Congress of the Communist International, now meeting here.

Anti-Nazi Conference Maps Program to Unite All Groups For Series of Protest Actions

League Council Failure Seen On Parley Eve

One hundred and fifty delegates of trade unions, fraternal organizations and local anti-Nazi groups assembled at the headquarters of the Anti-Nazi Federation at 108 West Twenty-Third Street, Monday evening, to carry forward the struggle against the pogroms and persecutions now sweeping Germany, and the machinations of the Nazi organizations operating in the United States.

SEND PROTEST ON BREMEN TO CAPITAL

Levinson Asks Workers Attacked at Demonstration

David Levinson, noted attorney representing the International Labor Defense, yesterday applied for a writ of habeas corpus to secure the release of Edward Drolette and Arthur Blair, two of the workers hurt in the demonstration at the sailing of the Bremen Friday, who are now held in the Prison Ward of Bellevue Hospital.

March in Philadelphia Saturday

The Italian Workingmen's Progressive Institute of Philadelphia and other Italian groups will join hands with Negro and other workers in an Anti-War parade and demonstration, at Rebyurn Plaza, Philadelphia, on Saturday. The demonstration will start at 2 p. m. and will be followed by a parade up Broad Street to Thompson Street, east to Ontario Square.

Labor Leader Fired by Long

How Huey Long has had a vice-president of the Louisiana State Federation of Labor fired from his job in a barber shop merely for voicing opposition to the Kingfish's one-man dictatorship, is revealed in a telegram received yesterday by the Federated Press from its New Orleans correspondent.

Negro Lynched By White Mob

HENDERSON, N. C., July 30.—A mob of white farmers lynched "Sweet" Ward, Negro farm laborer, near here today. Ward was reported to have killed Charlie Stokes, a white farmer, in a fight. The fight is believed to have been provoked by the Negro laborer and withheld by the white farmer as is the general custom hereabouts.

Crew Deported For Strike Aid

SEATTLE, Wash., July 30.—The crew of the American freighter Point Ancha, twenty-two in number and members of the International Seamen's Union, were deported to their port yesterday from Vancouver, B. C., when they refused to get up steam for Powell River, B. C. and load papers. Powell River paper has been declared "unfair" by British Columbia labor.

Des Moines Unions Meet to Discuss General Walkout

DES MOINES, Iowa, July 30.—Threat of a general strike, involving from 15,000 to 20,000 union laborers in Des Moines was sounded today as the 19-days-old strike of union bakery employes remained deadlocked. Heads of several trade unions assembled at labor headquarters discussing the possibility of the general strike with J. C. Lewis, State Federation President.

Army Head For Hoover Is Accused

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Senate lobby investigators today said the law firm of former Secretary of War Patrick Hurley had received \$25,000 from the vast Associated Gas & Electric Company system for aid in the campaign against the Wheeler-Rayburn Utilities Holding Company Bill.

Bosses Would Outlaw Pickets By Ordinance in Terre Haute

A demand that Secretary of Labor Frances Perkins act to bring about "cessation of illegal mistreatment and coercion of strikers" at Terre Haute, Ind., by the National Guard troops there since the general strike of last week, was contained in a telegram sent yesterday to the Labor Secretary by the editors of the New Masses.

Steel Unity Parley Is Again Opened With A.A. Officials

(Daily Worker Pittsburgh Bureau) PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 30.—The Unity Committee of Five, led by Clarence Irwin, and representing those lodges of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers that are affiliated with the National Emergency Committee, met again this afternoon with the International Executive Board of the A. A. in a second conference to re-establish unity in the union.

Delay Again Won In Hearing on Writ In Camden Strike

CAMDEN, N. J., July 30.—Shipyard strikers won a further delay today when a hearing on an anti-picketing injunction sought by the New York Shipbuilding Corporation, was put off again until August 7.

Thugs Open Fire on Committee Sifting Gag Bill in Alabama

(By United Press) CLANTON, Ala., July 30.—Five members of the National Committee for the Defense of Political Prisoners, who are attempting to test Birmingham's anti-sedition law, were fired on today as they drove along a highway near here. They informed police. Five shots were fired into their car, they said. None was injured.

Farmers Turn N. D. Holiday Parley Into Militant Session

Reactionary Leadership Gets Setback

Only Picking of Meeting Prevents Adoption of Action Program

By BEN FIELD
BISMARCK, N. D., July 30.—The fourth annual convention of the North Dakota Holiday Association, July 22 to 24, was turned into a militant gathering when left wing farmers and farm women rose against the old North Dakota Holiday leaders who for so many years have been playing football with the misery and sufferings of the oppressed farmer. The fight in the Convention to make the Holiday a real farmers' organization was led by class-conscious farmers, members of the Communist Party.

From counties all over North Dakota 250 delegates had come to the annual convention. Many of these farmers were on relief. The vast majority had been in eviction and foreclosure fights. Last year they had all been burnt out by the drought. This year a promising crop is slowly being turned into straw by a plague of rust. Farmers after harvest had lifted the momentum, but that he would be lucky to harvest one-fourth of an average crop. The Federal Credit Association was slapping liens on the harvest to squeeze out of the farmers the last grain of wheat. Governor Weldon had other plans. He was giving the bankers, insurance companies and dealers the chance to grab from the farmer the little meat left on his bone after the federal government vultures are through.

Nazis Protest On Bremen

(Continued from Page 1)

Stahlhelm To Be Dissolved
The Stahlhelm organization of war veterans, threatened by high officials to be a threat to the fascist dictatorship, will be dissolved and "coordinated" on a major scale throughout the country.

That the hounding of all opposition groups will go forward unabated in the form of a "silent" purge, was confirmed by a hurried session held at the Obersalberg mountain retreat of Hitler. At the conference were present Hitler, General Werner von Blomberg, of the Reichswehr, and General Hermann Goering, who wrestled with the problem of how to overcome the tremendous anti-fascist upsurge provoked abroad and reflected at home by the demonstration and tearing of the swastika from the bow of the Bremen in New York.

Anti-Nazi Program Mapped at Parley

(Continued from Page 1)

at the Bronx Coliseum to protest the anti-Jewish, anti-Catholic and anti-labor decrees of the Nazis.

3) The organization of a demonstration to be held Aug. 8 at the United States Steamship Lines at No. 1 Broadway at 11:45 a.m. to demand the shipping line take action to secure the release of Lawrence B. Simpson, American citizen and seaman, abducted by the Nazis from the S. S. Manhattan June 28, and now imprisoned in a Nazi dungeon.

4) Joining together with the Catholic groups in New York who will hold a great anti-Nazi demonstration at the German Consulate Thursday at 2 p.m., in order to cement the front of all groups in America against the Hitler regime.

5) The sending of letters to the American-Jewish Congress and the Jewish Labor Committee, calling for the formation of broad action committees, to include all groups, in an effort to establish the basis for a great People's March such as New York has never seen.

6) The sending of a telegram to Police Commissioner Lewis J. Valentine, protesting the shooting into the demonstration on the Bremen by New York police, and a delegation to go to Mayor LaGuardia demanding disciplinary action against the responsible officers, was also voted by the meeting. A Ball Committee was set up to expedite the raising of bail for the seamen arrested at the demonstration.

Communist Party Analyzes Terre Haute General Strike, Lists Workers' Next Tasks

(Continued from Page 1)

TERRE HAUTE, July 30.—Declaring that "the general strike is a great weapon" and with a call to the workers of Terre Haute to demand the withdrawal of the National Guard and continue their support to the Columbian strikers, the Indiana section of the Communist Party is distributing a four-page printed analysis of the two-day general strike.

The statement places main responsibility for the untimely calling off the strike on a small group among the A. F. of L. officials, T. N. Taylor, "Cubby" Lark, L. Musgrave and Max Schaeffer. It shows in detail how the strike should have been conducted in order to win a victory, and points out the steps that must be taken to renege upon the Columbian strikers. On the other hand, the actions of the city and state officials, the Communist Party explains the need for a mass labor party in Terre Haute.

Committee Party Statement.
The statement follows in full:

WORKING MEN AND WOMEN OF TERRE HAUTE!

Without the consent of the workers the great general strike has been called off. But Terre Haute, the city of Eugene Debs, showed that it knew how to make the fighting spirit of Debs come to life. The great strike of the Terre Haute workers electrified the whole country. It was a glorious demonstration of the might and solidarity of the working class. It was a magnificent addition to the great fighting traditions of the American working class. It was comparable only to the general strike of San Francisco.

The workers, coming to the aid of their brothers, fighting Debs and thugs in the Columbian Stamping and Enameling plant, showed that it is they who are the power upon which the whole of industry rests. The workers showed that they can stop transportation, close down the power and steel mills, and even the poisonous capitalist press.

Soviet China Gain Told C. I. Congress

(Continued from Page 1)

the discussion at yesterday evening's session of the Seventh Congress declared that the faith of the Socialist masses in reformism has been broken. Prior to the Sixth Congress, he said, the Communist Party of Austria was not successful in freeing the masses from reformism.

But since the Sixth Congress, the Second International has lost the leadership of the Austrian labor movement. The faith of the Socialist Democratic workers in the Socialist leadership was broken during the February armed struggles. And the Communists won the confidence of the masses when they realized that Austrian reformism, like the German, paves the way for Fascism.

After February, the Communist Party assumed the leadership and actively prevented pessimism among the masses. They stopped the Fascist penetration of the working class. The twelfth Party Congress last autumn completed the merger of the Social-Democratic workers with the Party and outlined the methods of further struggle. Factory groups increased 30 per cent since the Party Congress. The illegal press has a large circulation. The number of papers has increased from 65,000 to 135,000, with a monthly circulation of 190,000 since the Party Congress.

Dewey Seeks Labor Aid In Inquiry

(Continued from Page 1)

Apparently convinced of the fact that his inquiry is looked upon with apprehension by local trade unionists, Thomas E. Dewey, New York County special racket prosecutor, yesterday attempted to allay suspicion in the ranks of organized labor.

Dewey urged rank and file members—having grievances against gangster leaders to come to his office to offer testimony. The racket prosecutor's remarks on labor unions came in the course of a radio address broadcast last night over Stations WABC, WOR and WMCA.

Unionists Question Value
No comment was forthcoming last night from labor leaders, but among rank and file unionists the opinion was still strong that no investigation would eliminate racketeering in the unions, but that only the organized rank and file could do that. Regardless of any statements of Dewey, rank and file unionists held, the investigation would inevitably develop into an attack on the unions themselves. To forestall this, it was pointed out, what was necessary was the organization of a broad, fighting rank and file movement to clean the gangster elements out of the unions.

Organized vice, large scale gambling and racketeering of business would be the main lines of his inquiry, Dewey said. Referring to the policy game in Harlem, he estimated a net profit of ten to fifteen millions a year. Many of the Harlem games, he said, had been taken over "and concentrated in the hands of one or two gangs of organized racketeers. These are the bankers and operators of some of the major business rackets in this city."

Holmes, J. B. Wise, Prof. Counts Sign Krumbein Petition

(Continued from Page 1)

John Haynes Holmes, pastor of the Community Church, joined today with Professor George S. Counts of Teachers College, Columbia University, Rabbi Benjamin Goldstein, and James Waterman Wise, editor of "Opinion," in petitioning the Federal Board of Prisons for the release of Charles Krumbein, former New York District Organizer of the Communist Party, who is serving an eighteen-month term for violating passport regulations.

Krumbein, who was convicted for using an incognito on a passport in 1928 and is confined in the Northeastern Federal Penitentiary at Lewisburg, Pa., becomes eligible for parole on Saturday.

Dr. Holmes, in a written statement to the Committee for the Release of Charles Krumbein, said in part:

"The harsh fate visited upon Mr. Krumbein—a prison sentence of eighteen months followed by four years probation on the charge of unlawfully using a 'United States passport should arouse public indignation. What has become of our basic principle of justice tempered with mercy? The case takes on genuine importance when it seems that irrelevant evidence of a political nature was allowed to intrude. A new and startling factor has entered into the situation with the recent case of Thomas Walker, a Hearst anti-labor journalist recently arrested and on a similar charge. When brought before the bar of justice he was given a suspended sentence. To a lover of justice, discrimination of this kind is unpardonable. It is also dangerous for it strikes at the very foundation of our American structure of law which is supposed to know no persons, no parties, no religious, political or social opinions. It is to be hoped that every effort will be made to secure a rectification of the injustice obviously involved in the Krumbein case and that such effort will be successful."

Leaders Pack Convention

The farmers flocked to the Convention to discuss their problems and to hammer out a program of immediate action. But the Holiday officials, members of the Non-Fascist League, had other plans. They filled the program with high-powered politicians and fake farm leaders and left no time for the farmers to discuss their problems or to propose action.

Leadership Exposed

In spite of the role of the politicians, the birdlegs of big business and the insurance companies, the militant farmers were able to accomplish much at this convention. They were able to expose the leaders of the North Dakota Holiday leadership. For the first time in the history of the Holiday here women were able to take active part in the work of a convention. They were the first to pass a resolution condemning the policy of this old line leaders. The militant farmers were able to force the top leaders to grant Harry Correl and Kay Harris of the Farmers National Committee the opportunity to speak to them from the platform. Correl showed that only the Farmers Emergency Relief Bill of all bills was for them. Kay Harris spoke against the fascist policy of the administration. The resolutions of the administration were incorporated. Among these were a resolution demanding that the harvest be used by the farmer and only after he had taken sufficient to provide for family, livestock, and seed needs for next year should the government have its debt paid. The farmers condemned the appropriation and tactics of the National Youth Administration. They demanded a restoration of the moratorium and also an end to the armory building program. Though there were eighteen demands, not a single provision appeared in the majority report explaining how these demands were to be enforced.

Militants Make Progress

The resolutions proposed by the militant farmers demanded adequate relief for farmers, bushel for bushel payment to the Federal Government for 1934-1935 debts, cancellation of back feed and seed loans, no interference of creditors in the harvest, the repeal of the Triple A program of crop destruction, and the passage of the Farmers Emergency Relief Bill. The resolutions called for a united front of all small farmers, whether in organizations or unorganized, together with city and rural workers and small business men in the fight against the monied class.

The farmers forced the F. E. R. A. man to pay rail fare and to house overnight in a hotel an old crippled farmer whose local relief agent had tried to get him to work in a gravel pit.

The farmers passed a motion to call the next convention in New Rockford, the seat of the most militant fights in the North Dakota countryside. It will be called next June when more farmers will be able to attend. The convention adjourned with a ringing plea by Jasper Haaland, Communist leader of the farm insurgents, for the building of a democratically controlled Holiday.

Support the colonial peoples in their struggle for liberation from American imperialism!

League Council Failure Is Seen

(Continued from Page 1)

ive Somalia in Italian Somaliland is absolutely true, though it is denied by the Italian Fascist authorities in Somaliland.

The natives resisted all efforts to enlist them in the Italian armed forces. They are ready to cross over the frontiers and occupy the province of Gondar, in the North of Ethiopia, when Italian fascism begins its armed attack.

It is in Gondar that Lake Tana is situated, always coveted by British imperialism. The excuse for this invasion will be the "danger to British interests in North Ethiopia in the event of war."

Polish Girl Tamed

WARSAW, Poland, July 30.—Indignation ran high today here against German Nazis who brutally persecuted a Polish girl who became engaged to a Jew.

German Storm Troopers at Beuthen, Germany, on the German side of the frontier, invaded a barber-shop where Miss Feintrauber was working as a manicurist.

Because she was engaged to a Jew named Posner, the Nazis shaved her head, smeared her with tar, and dragged her through the town with a placard on her clothing: "I prostituted myself to a Jew."

Miss Feintrauber, a Polish citizen, escaped across the frontier and was taken to a hospital at Churcuv, where she remains suffering a nervous breakdown.

Protest Sent To La Guardia

A telegram was dispatched yesterday to Mayor La Guardia by the Anti-Nazi Federation, vigorously protesting police brutality at the anti-fascist demonstration at the sailing of the Bremen. The telegram read:

"In carrying through arrests and shooting into the anti-Nazi demonstration at the sailing of the Bremen, the police have aided and abetted the barbarous reign of Nazi terror against Jews, Catholics, labor and anti-fascists in Germany. Urge you to censure the police and respectfully request an appointment with you to take up this matter and to place before you the case of Lawrence Simpson, American seaman arrested by Nazi police aboard the S.S. Manhattan."

Mayor LaGuardia yesterday announced that Paul Walter Kress could obtain his masseur's license on becoming an American citizen.

The Mayor's objections on Kress' license originally raised as an anti-fascist gesture is thus transformed into a discrimination against a foreign-born person. Apologetically LaGuardia stated his position: "Naturally when he becomes an American citizen the aspect of the situation is changed so far as he is concerned."

A CORRECTION

In the report on the Defend Ethiopia Rally and Anti-War March held in Detroit last Sunday, the Universal Negro Improvement Association was erroneously referred to as the Unia Metropolitan Baptist Church. The UNIA and the Metropolitan Baptist Church are not connected. They are two separate organizations. The Daily Worker regrets the error.

League Council Failure Is Seen

(Continued from Page 1)

CALCUTTA, July 30.—A tremendous demonstration of workers here during the Moslem weekend denounced the Italian war provocations against Ethiopia and the chauvinist campaign used to incite the Italian masses against the "dark races."

(Daily Worker Ohio Bureau)

Polish Girl Tamed

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 30.—Julio Fantini, representative of the L'Unita Operaia, and Kilpatrick, Negro Section Organizer of the Communist Party, narrowly escaped lynching last night when a meeting against the invasion of Ethiopia was attacked by armed bands of the notorious Mayfield gang.

The Italian Bureau of the Communist Party issued a call today for a mass turnout of Italian, Negro and all other workers Thursday to the anti-war demonstration at Outhwaite Park to answer the attack. Outhwaite Park is in the heart of the Negro and Italian neighborhood. The Communist Party issued 10,000 Italian leaflets calling for a protest against the attack.

Negro, White To Fight War

(Continued from Page 1)

committee of the Paterson District of the Federation of Silk Workers, will be the principal speaker. Representatives of the Central Labor Union, the Socialist Party, Communist Party and various church groups will be among the speakers.

Negro Groups Join
MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 30.—The united front Anti-War Conference which is sponsoring the anti-war demonstration here on Sunday at 4 p. m. at the Old Courthouse, now includes nine Negro churches, two Negro women's clubs, the Urban League, the Milwaukee branch of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, an Italian church, the Italian branch of the International Workers Order, a white woman's club, the County Central Committee of the Workers Alliance, the Wisconsin Youth Assembly, the Communist Party, Young Communist League, the American League Against War and Fascism and a number of trade unions.

Refusal of the Socialist Party, through its County Central Committee, to participate in the united front anti-war, anti-fascist action, has caused great dissatisfaction among the rank and file members. Anti-war demonstrations will also be held on Thursday on the Southside of Milwaukee, on Friday, in West Allis at Central Park, on Thursday in Kenosha, on Sunday in Antigo. Meetings are also being prepared in Oshkosh, Madison, Racine, Fond Du Lac and La Cross.

General Strike a Great Weapon

We have much to learn from the experiences of this strike. What lessons can we draw from it?

We have learned that the working class has tremendous power, that its unity can strike fear into the hearts of the employers and exploiters and forces them to retreat and give concessions.

Contrary to the false claim of misleaders like William Green and Louis Musgrave the Terre Haute general strike indicated how powerful a weapon such a general strike can be with real concessions for the workers.

Leaders Surrender
But the Terre Haute general strike had important fundamental weaknesses, for which T. N. Taylor, "Cubby" Lark, Musgrave and Max Schaeffer are primarily responsible.

FIRST, the Central Labor Union resisted the call for a strike, placed obstacles in its way by calling it "outlaw." This served to stamp in some ways the strike spirit. It is to the credit of the workers that the strike took place despite the opposition of the officials of the Central Labor Union.

SECOND, the strike committee surrendered the general strike and deserted the Columbian strikers while the National Guard was still protecting the armed gangsters in the Mill. Martial law had not been withdrawn and hundreds of the most militant strikers were still held in jail by the militia.

THIRD, without putting the question to a vote of the rank and file, the committee agreed to arbitration and conciliation. In other words, they agreed to leave the fate of the workers in the hands of the conciliators, Sheek and Richardson, who were sent here expressly to break the strike. Haven't the workers in the Home Packing House as well as the workers all over the country in the textile, steel and auto industries, learned that arbitration is only a trap to protect the bosses from the strike power of the workers? It is only by using their united strength in a strike that the workers have gained and can gain higher wages and union conditions.

FOURTH, two years' experience under the N.R.A. Labor Boards should teach us that we must not have any faith in the promises of the Wagner Bill or the Gaffey Bill. These bills are for the purpose of building the company unions and enforcing compulsory arbitration.

FIFTH, T. N. Taylor and the

Workers Need Labor Party

During the strike where were all the politicians of the Democratic and Republican Parties? Did they come to the aid of the strikers? Did they see the withdrawal of the troops, and the jailing and beating of the strikers? No! On the contrary, they were busy helping the employers break the strike.

They should teach us a lesson we should never forget. We can not depend on these twin parties of Wall Street for our salvation. The working class must organize politically, separate and apart from the capitalist parties, into a Labor Party. This is the need of the hour. Such an anti-capitalist Labor Party would fight for higher wages, union conditions, the right to strike and picket, the 30-hour week with no reduction in pay, against injunctions, for defense of civil rights of the working class, for social and unemployment insurance as embodied in the Landon Bill H. R. 827, for the Marcantonio Bonus Bill, for equal rights for the Negroes, for the Farmers' Emergency Relief Bill, and against war and fascism.

The Communist Party which participated in the heroic general strike side by side with all workers of Terre Haute, pledges a continued struggle for the needs of the masses.

The Communist Party calls upon the workers of Terre Haute to continue their support to the Columbian strikers. Every local union should pledge financial support at once. All trade unions and unemployed should join the picket line, to win union conditions at the stamping mill. The fight against the employing class continues.

Demand immediate withdrawal of the National Guard!
One hundred per cent solidarity with the Columbian strikers!
Everybody join the picket lines!
No discrimination against any worker who took part in the general strike!
Demand the release of all arrested strikers!
Lockouts should be answered with new strikes!
DISTRICT COMMITTEE NO. 8 OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY, INDIANA SECTION, 310 1/2 W. Washington St., Indianapolis, Indiana.

Terre Haute Bosses Try Outlaw Pickets

(Continued from Page 1)

a drive being organized by the unions to force the removal of the troops. Several union officials are still held in jail.

One of the humorous incidents in the otherwise serious events of the past week, is the fact that Mayor Beecher and his family spent three nights in jail during the general strike in order to "protect themselves."

Workers' organizations everywhere should send protests demanding withdrawal of the troops to President Roosevelt, Secretary of Labor Frances Perkins and Governor Paul V. McNutt, Indianapolis, Ind.

The Communist Party, Indiana Section, is distributing a printed analysis of the general strike, in which it points out how great a weapon the general strike is when conducted properly, what should have been done to make the Terre Haute strike result in a victory, and the steps to be taken now to support the Columbian strikers.

Hail China's Heroic Red Army; Join on August 1st Against Imperialist Partitioning of China

(Continued from Page 1)

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Against the Imperialist Partitioning of China, Hail China's Heroic Red Army; Join on August 1st Against Imperialist Partitioning of China

Guild Launches Drive for Jobs for Newsmen

Program for Projects Work and Insurance Is Approved

The New York Newspaper Guild has launched an extensive drive to win aid for jobless newspaper men and to press forward the campaign for unemployment insurance. Announcement of the campaign was made in the August 1 issue of the Guild Reporter...

Some Jobs Provided

Planes for twenty-five newspapermen on work projects have already been approved by Grace H. Gosselin, assistant director of the Works Division...

Guild to Discuss Question

Units of the Guild are asked to place the question of unemployment on the agenda of their meetings and members of the Unemployed Unit...

White and Negro toilers—build the United Front for the defense of Ethiopia!

More Lose Jobs As Construction Drops in City

During this period the Emergency Relief Bureau effected drastic slashes in the number of relief cases. From May to June 2,591 cases were dropped from the rolls of the Home Relief Division...

Volunteer Workers Wanted

Have you an hour or a day to spare to help in the national office of the International Labor Defense?

Bronx Workers—Patronize Our Advertisers

Advertisement for Haas' Hosiery, featuring a semi-annual sale on all shoes for \$5.45 and various clothing items.

Hathaway Sets Three Ball Records With Catch from Empire State Top

Makes Running Broad Jump of 76 Feet When North Wind Diverts Spheroid from Course—Gannes Scales Walls of World's Tallest Building to Reach City's Highest Point—Movie of Historic Event to Be Shown at the Picnic of the Century

By JAMES CASEY Manager, Daily Worker All Stars He did it! Clarence A. Hathaway, editor-in-chief of the Daily Worker, yesterday caught an American League baseball flung from the tip of the Empire State tower.

In his boyhood days, he made it a practice to climb cherry trees so that he could tell the truth at all times, come what may. This early training now held him in good stead.

With the baseball still about 600 feet in the air, a sharp north wind diverted its course. It began sailing hard toward the Great White Way. Hathaway dropped the telescope and like a young deer darted over the avenue.

However, Hathaway's catching hand was red and slightly swollen. He will be out of practice for a day or two. Dr. George Blankenstein, the noted geologist, said that had the baseball struck the ground, it would have plunged 200 feet below the land surface and would have torn a hole in the pavement for more than fifty feet in circumference.

Labor Sports Meet to Push Nazi Boycott

White and Negro toilers—build the United Front for the defense of Ethiopia!

Track Events Include Entries for Both Men and Women

A "Boycott the Nazi Olympics" athletic meet will be held Sunday, Aug. 18, in Betsy Head Park, Dumont and Rockaway Avenues, Brooklyn, under the auspices of the Associated Workers Clubs and the International Workers Order.

50,000 Farmers Mass at Palace in Copenhagen

COPENHAGEN, July 30.—Fifty thousand Danish farmers who demonstrated for four hours here before the royal palace for tax relief and better prices for their products were finally addressed by King Christian.

Advertisement for COOKE'S FURNITURE WAREHOUSE, featuring studio couches, secretaries, and office furniture.

School Children Starve As Bank Coffers Swell

By S. W. GERSON One out of every five kids in the New York public schools suffers from malnutrition! Yes, right here in the shadow of Wall Street, in the richest country in the world, 185,000 elementary school children are weak and sick because they don't get enough food.

Johnson Says 'Labor' Backs Coolie Scale

Did A.F.L. Council Sell Out Demands of Union Workers?

By HARRY RAYMOND General Hugh S. Johnson, returning from Washington to his bivouac in the Port Authority Building yesterday, asserted that he carried with him an understanding with leaders of organized labor that there will be no strikes on the Works Progress Division jobs...

How About Ryan?

It is easy to conceive of Joseph P. Ryan, president of the Central Trades and Labor Council, participating in some underhanded anti-labor no-strike agreement with the General, but the rank and file of the building trades unions are not inclined to have their hard-fought-for scales imperiled by agreeing to accept the \$19-94 wage.

United Labor Tickets Urged

The Communist Party has entered this election campaign with its own slate on a program of struggle for the needs of the masses and against Wall Street. Calling upon the masses of workers to unite their ranks on all fronts, the Communist Party particularly urges the various working class organizations—above all the unions and the Socialist Party—to build united labor tickets in the various aldermanic and assembly districts.

SHIP ARRIVALS

Table listing ship arrivals and departures from New York, including ship names, companies, and arrival/departure times.

Chemical Plant Strike Is Solid In Sixth Week

Unions Aid Picketing—Walkout Called When Bosses Fired 25

The striking workers at the Pfizer Chemical plant, 81 Maiden Lane, entered their sixth week on strike yesterday with ranks solid under the leadership of the United Chemical Workers Union, officials of the union said.

Shoe Workers Are Snubbed By Union Head

"Get out of here or I'll call the police and throw you out!" This reply by President John J. Mara of the Foot and Shoe Workers Union, A. F. of L. in Boston to a delegation from the New York local was reported to the recent installation meeting of the new administration in the New York Slipper Local 654 of the union.

Corona League Wins Victory For Children

The opening of a milk and lunch center at Public School 92, Monday, marked a victory for the Corona League for the Protection of School Children.

CLASSIFIED

Advertisement for DAILY SPECIALS PURE CANDIES, featuring various candy products and prices.

Johnson Says 'Labor' Backs Coolie Scale

Did A.F.L. Council Sell Out Demands of Union Workers?

General Hugh S. Johnson, returning from Washington to his bivouac in the Port Authority Building yesterday, asserted that he carried with him an understanding with leaders of organized labor that there will be no strikes on the Works Progress Division jobs...

How About Ryan?

It is easy to conceive of Joseph P. Ryan, president of the Central Trades and Labor Council, participating in some underhanded anti-labor no-strike agreement with the General, but the rank and file of the building trades unions are not inclined to have their hard-fought-for scales imperiled by agreeing to accept the \$19-94 wage.

United Labor Tickets Urged

The Communist Party has entered this election campaign with its own slate on a program of struggle for the needs of the masses and against Wall Street. Calling upon the masses of workers to unite their ranks on all fronts, the Communist Party particularly urges the various working class organizations—above all the unions and the Socialist Party—to build united labor tickets in the various aldermanic and assembly districts.

SHIP ARRIVALS

Table listing ship arrivals and departures from New York, including ship names, companies, and arrival/departure times.

"A Triple-Decker...!"

This is how a clever lass (poor girl, she eats lunch at soda fountains) described life in Nitgedaiget!

100,000 Expected to March Against War in City Saturday

Men of Every Race, Creed To Take Part

Negroes, Italians to Join in Demonstration—Many Noted Sponsors

More than 100,000 men and women of every race, color and creed are expected to take part in the March Against War to be held in New York City Saturday. It was announced yesterday by the American League Against War and Fascism, 213 Fourth Avenue.

Both Negroes and Italians are participating to demonstrate the unity between the two peoples in opposition to the imminent Fascist invasion of Ethiopia. The march will traverse both the Italian and Negro sections of Harlem. Rev. William Lloyd Innes, pastor of St. James Presbyterian Church and chairman of the March Against War Committee announced.

"Most Serious Menace to Peace"

The threatened invasion of Ethiopia by Fascist Italy represents the most serious menace to world peace today, declared Rev. Innes. "All New York citizens regardless of race, creed, class or any other distinctions, should support the parade by their presence and participation. Twelve million people of African descent in America ask it of you," he said.

Emphasizing that Negroes bore no ill feeling to the Italian notwithstanding attempts to create antagonism between these two national groups, Rev. Innes said: "We of Harlem have no bitterness toward the Italian people. As a matter of fact, peace-loving and anti-fascist Italians will march with us. We only join with all other justice-loving groups in denouncing the Fascist tyranny that seeks to impose its will upon the weak and disadvantaged."

Many Noted Sponsors

The list of sponsors includes many churchmen, labor leaders and men and women active in cultural, educational and civic circles in this city. They include among others:

Rev. Bradford Young, Church of Holy Trinity; Rev. A. Clayton Powell, Jr., Abyssinian Baptist Church; Rabbi Harry Halpern, East Midwood Jewish Center; James P. Hubert, Urban League; Ashley L. Totten, Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters; Charles V. Giorgio, Paterson Dyers Local, A. F. of L.; R. L. Duffus, Carmon Hader, John Howard Lawson; Winifred Chappell, Methodist Federation for Social Service; George Soule, New Republic; William Pickens, National Association for the Advancement of Colored People; Tom di Fascio, Italian labor press; M. L. Shapiro, Sixth A. D. Fusion Party; Dr. Albert J. Gross, Provisional Committee for the Defense of Ethiopia, and Roger Baldwin.

The Left Wing groups in the local of the International Ladies Garment Workers Union will hold a meeting this afternoon, at 5 o'clock, at Irving Plaza, to plan support for the Aug. 3 anti-war march, through the streets of Harlem.

25 Jobless to Face Court Trial Today in Relief Arrests

Twenty-five workers who were arrested on July 11 at the Bureau of Unattached and Transients, 552 West Fifty-third Street, while demanding that relief cases of forty-eight transients be reopened will appear in Jefferson Market Magistrate's Court, 425 Sixth Avenue, this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. The twenty-five are charged with disorderly conduct.

Despite the arrests, workers who went to the bureau won their demand. On July 10, the day following the demonstration, twenty-five of the transients were returned to the relief rolls. All of the forty-eight cases were later taken care of, the arrested pickets declared.

Grace Liner Here To Ship War Planes To South America

The Santa Maria of the Grace Lines yesterday was being prepared to load airplanes and war materials for the Ecuadorian government at Pier 9 in Brooklyn, it was reported to the Daily Worker.

The ship arrived yesterday morning, carrying official agents from Guayaquil, bearing orders from the Ecuadorian Minister of War to purchase 12 American-built planes for the army. The shipment coincides with a general reorganization and improvement of military aviation prior to an offensive against Peru.

Six Sections of C. P. Will Meet Saturday

Members of the Communist Party in sections 1, 2, 3, 18, 22, and 24 have been instructed to mobilize at their respective section headquarters at 10 o'clock Saturday morning for the Aug. 3 demonstration.

All other mobilization instructions are to be superseded by this one.

ARMY PRACTICES IN CITY



(Federated Pictures)

In war maneuvers similar to those held throughout Europe, the United States Army recently sped hundreds of soldiers through the streets of this city. Scores of trucks, laden down with men, scurried out to the Holland Tunnel under the Hudson River (entrance shown above) and dashed through crowded avenues to the northern part of the city. Workers have to foot the bills.

Movie Operators Elect Own Administration

Following a year's autocratic rule of the International Alliance of Theatrical and Stage Employees, A. F. of L., the membership of the Motion Picture Machine Operators Union, Local 306, an affiliate of the Alliance, voted into office their own administration, it was learned yesterday.

The new administration, elected during the week end, is pledged to a program of economy in the conduct of the affairs of the organization, union democracy and an energetic campaign for the unionization of the industry throughout the city of New York, it was stated at the offices of the union, 251 W. Forty-Second St.

The present administration headed by Joseph Bason, president, who ran for this office on the Progressive slate, endorsed by the rank and file of the union, was characterized as a "clean-up administration" by union members. The administration is to remain in office until December of this year, when the regular biennial elections are to take place in accordance with the constitution of the union.

The elections last week end were called to replace the I. A. administration, spokesmen of which said that they had "finished their work" and considered their "super-vision" no longer necessary or advisable.

During this year's "supervision" the I.A. administration was conspicuous by its doing nothing for the organization of the moving picture houses, and had nothing to show for the entire year of its rule.

Although the constitution provides for two meetings a month, one in New York and one in Brooklyn, only two meetings were held during the entire year, one of which lasted 15 minutes. Even these meetings were called thanks to great pressure of the rank and file.

While a number of candidates endorsed by the rank and file were elected into the administration through this exceptionally peaceful and orderly election for this union, members of the union hesitated in calling it a rank and file administration.

Spent out of the union's treasury during the course of the 16 months of his administration.

The I. A. administration remained

in office for a year doing nothing more than drawing salaries ranging from \$150 a week for a business agent and up, workers said.

Out of an estimated 6,000 operators in the city, only 1,800 are in the union. Approximately 800 more are in the Empire State Motion Picture Workers Union, an independent organization, and the Allied Motion Picture Operators Union, a company union.

Union members viewed the task of the present administration as being, in the main, organization of the non-union operators.

It is expected that if the union is to really go through an intensive organization drive, the books of the union will be opened to operators desiring to join, which has not been the case to date.

The initiation fee has been \$500, a reduction from the \$1,000 operators had to pay until recently. Union members hold a considerable reduction in initiation fees a necessary prerequisite for an effective organization drive.

The new administration as elected consists of: president, Joseph Bason; vice-president, Frank Rudock; treasurer, James Ambrosio; financial secretary, Charles Beckman; recording secretary, Herman Gelber; New York business agent, Jack Kieley; and Brooklyn business agent, Joe Kolban.

Max Horowitz and George Magarian were elected to the board of trustees; Alex Becker and Isidore Wessler to the Sick Committee and I. "Max" Linder as Sergeant-at-Arms.

The following were elected to the executive board: Edmund Bendheim, Louis Boritz, William DeSena, George Edwards, Dave Garden, Phil Grill, Maxwell Horowitz, Tony Pugno and Benjamin Morel. Frank Pineau, head of the local's American Legion Post, remains on the executive board to serve his unexpired term.

Labor Defense Appeals for Aid in Bremen Demonstration Case

Two heroic seamen, participants in the demonstration at the S.S. Bremen last Friday night—a demonstration which has inspired the enemies of Fascism the world over—are lying in Bellevue Hospital, seriously ill. They are victims of the police and detectives, who so vigorously defended Hitler's swastika flag that night.

These two men are Edward Drollette and William Blair, American seamen. Drollette was shot in the groin; Blair was trampled and beaten to a pulp.

Drollette and Blair joined the demonstration which went to the dock Friday night, in a fury of indignation at the crimes of the Hitler government against the working class, at the Nazi persecution of Catholics and Jews and in solidarity with Lawrence B. Simpson, American citizen and seaman, who had been hauled off the S.S. Manhattan while it was docked in Hamburg about a month ago and beaten up by four Nazi secret police. Simpson has not been heard from since.

Not only were Drollette and Blair seriously hurt; they were then placed under arrest and even today, lying in Bellevue, they are prisoners. The International Labor Defense, New York District, is defending these two brave seamen and all other persons arrested in the demonstration at the Bremen. Four attorneys—David Levinson, Abraham Unger, Max Bloom and Joseph Tauber—are already at work for the defense.

For the defense of these men, the I.L.D. is raising a defense fund and a bail fund. The bail fund is particularly necessary in the case of Drollette and Blair; they are now held in the prison ward of the Bellevue Hospital which, together with Harlem Hospital, holds the unenviable title of "Butcher Shop." The men must be moved from Bellevue to a hospital where they can be properly cared for. Only the workers and their sympathizers can make this possible.

These men have a long and splendid record of working class activity. Drollette, who is a chief engineer, was one of the leaders of the last marine strike in New York in the licensed officers' section.

Their Lives in Danger

The attorneys of the I.L.D., who visited Drolette and Blair in Bellevue insist that they must be moved at once. Their lives are in danger there.

The New-York District of the I. L. D., through its secretary, Mike Walsh, asks all workers and sympathizers to write personal letters of greeting and encouragement to Edward Drollette and William Blair in Bellevue Hospital.

We ask workers and sympathizers and all anti-fascists to rush funds to the Bremen Demonstrators Defense and Bail Fund. Send all funds to the New York District of the International Labor Defense, 22 E. 17th St., Room 514. All loans made toward the bail fund will be returned as soon as bail is released.

Verdict Brings Call to Picket At Hospital

Lebanon Council Asks Workers to Assemble Tomorrow Evening

The Workers Council of the Lebanon Hospital, Bronx, issued a call yesterday for a mass picket line at the hospital tomorrow evening at 7 o'clock to answer the vicious sentence handed down against thirty-two pickets arrested Saturday.

The 32 workers were arrested within 15 minutes after they started a peaceful picket line Saturday and charged with "disorderly conduct." They came up in the 11st Street and Third Avenue Magistrates Court Monday. Magistrate Clapp found them guilty and gave them suspended sentences of \$5 fine or five days in jail.

The trial was carried on behind locked doors, both spectators and pickets being locked in the courtroom. Despite evidence that the workers had been peacefully picketing they were subjected to a cross-examination and found guilty.

Each picket was asked to give his or her name, tell where he worked and other information that could be used to intimidate them.

Workers' organizations have been urged to mobilize their members for the picket line tomorrow to answer this anti-labor verdict.

Shoe Plant Struck As Owners Break Union Agreement

Employees of the Continental Shoe Manufacturing Company, Inc., 164 Tillery Ave., Brooklyn, started picketing the plant yesterday morning in a strike called the preceding night by the United Shoe and Leather Workers Union, Local 23. A group of the nearly 100 workers employed by the company walked out.

The union charged that the company has broken the agreement with the union, which expires tomorrow, by opening up a new plant at 40-01 Twenty-First Street, Long Island City, and transferring most of the work of the Tillery Avenue plant there.

Both plants of the company are on strike and both are being picketed. It was learned at the offices of the union, 26 W. Fifteenth St.

The union demands renewal of the old agreement which provides for a closed shop and union recognition, the 40-hour week, 90 cents per hour minimum scale, hiring through the union and other conditions.

A special membership meeting at Irving Plaza Hall, Fifteenth Street and Irving Place, was called by the union for 8 o'clock tomorrow night to make preparation for strike action against any shop the owners of which fall to renew their agreements.

Liberator Makes Appeal For Finance to Send Negro Children to Camp

An appeal for \$200 to send the 25 members of the new Pioneer Branch of the League of Struggle for Negro Rights to Camp Wo-Chi-Ca was issued yesterday by the Negro Liberator, 308 West 141st Street.

The 25 children who have been selected to go to the camp are unable to do so for lack of funds. All mass organizations have been urged to contribute to the fund to send them. Funds should be sent to the Liberator.

WHAT'S ON

Wednesday
A. B. MAGILL will speak on the "Danger of War and Fascism" at an Anti-War Rally sponsored by the Communist Party, 26 W. 34th Street, Brooklyn, 8 p.m. N.Y.C. Office A.W.P., 213 Fourth Ave., N.Y.C., 8:30 p.m. Aup: N. Y. Districts N.S.L. and S.L.I.D.

Thursday
MIKE GOLD reports the Paris World Congress of Writers, Quincy Howe sketching political background of Congress, at Labor Temple, 242 E. 14th St., 8 p.m. Aup: League of American Writers, Malcolm Cowley, chairman. Adm. 25c.

Friday
PARTY and Dance, 94 Fifth Ave., near 14th St., 8:30 p.m. Aup: Social Dance Group. Cool open-air party, sing, punch, chess, checkers, refreshments. Sub. 15c.

Saturday
LECTURE, Benjamin Goldstein will speak on "Fascism and the Danger of War." 1961 Prospect Ave., cor. Tremont Ave., 8:30 p.m. Aup: Br. 11 I.W.O. Adm. free. Friday, August 2.

Sunday
GABRIEL Snowball Party. Dance in Harlem's Coolest Open Air Garden, Triangle Studio, 169 W. 121st St., Saturday, August 3, 8 p.m. Sub. 25c. Aup: Friends of Workers School Harlem Br.

Monday
SHOWBOAT weighs anchor for Hudson cruises, sparkling music, delightful opening. Tickets \$1, Workers Bookshop, 39 E. 11th St., City Office A.W.P., 213 Fourth Ave., Friday, August 2, 8 p.m.

Tuesday
BIGGEST event of the year! Daily Worker Picnic. Sat., Aug. 10th, 12 noon to midnight, at Umler Park, Brooklyn. Baseball, Soccer, Entertainment. Dancing to the tunes of a Negro jazz band.

Final Mobilization Plans And Line of March Announced For Aug. 3 Parade in Harlem

The August Third March Against War Committee, at the office of the American League Against War and Fascism, has announced the final mobilization plans for the parade in Harlem on Saturday, Aug. 3. All organizations have been asked to study the plan very carefully, and should there be any unclarity, to communicate with the headquarters of the Committee, 213 Fourth Avenue.

- There will be two mobilization points. Mobilization point for the Upper Harlem contingent:
- 1) On 126th Street, between Lenox and Seventh Avenues:
 - a) Provisional Committee for the Defense of Ethiopia. Also its affiliated organizations.
 - b) Pioneers of Ethiopia.
 - c) Harlem Veteran organizations.
 - d) Harlem Churches.
 - e) Harlem Trade Unions.
 - 2) On 126th Street, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues:
 - a) International Labor Defense (except Harlem Branches)
 - b) German organizations.
 - c) Finnish organizations.
 - d) Spanish organizations.
 - e) Estonian organizations.
 - f) Lithuanian organizations.
 - 3) On 126th Street, between Eighth and St. Nicholas Avenues:
 - a) Father Divine's Peace Mission.
 - b) All other Harlem organizations.
- Mobilization time for these groups listed above is 12:30. All columns in this group to face East.
- Line of march for Upper Harlem contingent: Start: 126th Street and Lenox Avenue; South on Lenox Avenue to 117th Street; West to Seventh Avenue; North on Seventh Avenue to 129th Street; Meets here with Lower Harlem contingent and continues to 143rd Street; then West to Edgecombe Avenue where outdoor mass meeting will take place.

NOTE: When the Lower Harlem contingent and the Upper Harlem contingent merge, the Upper Harlem contingent will lead the parade. The first organization will be the Provisional Committee for the Defense of Ethiopia.

- Mobilization point for the Lower Harlem contingent:
- 1) On 126th Street between Second and Third Avenues, facing East:
 - a) Peace organizations, Women's International League for Peace and Freedom, Church groups, Women's Council, and all other women's organizations.
 - b) Workmen's Circles, Socialist Party locals, individuals and organizations.
 - c) All branches of the American League Against War and Fascism, all cultural organizations.
 - d) Italian organizations (Italian trade unionists not to march with their unions but with the Italian organizations).
 - e) League of Struggle for Negro Rights, Harlem Section of the International Labor Defense.
 - f) Friends of the Soviet Union.
 - 2) On 126th Street, between Third and Lexington Avenues:
 - a) Student organizations: Student League for Industrial Democracy, National Student League, Young Communist League and circles of the Young People's Socialist League.
 - b) Youth Section of the American League Against War and Fascism.
 - c) Liberators.
 - d) Pioneers.
 - e) All other Youth and Children groups.
 - 3) On 126th Street between Lexington and Park Avenues:
 - a) Trade Unions:
 - A. F. of L. Unions: Fur, Marine, Painters, Carpenters, Building Trades, Needle Trades—Cloak and Dress, Custom Tailors, White Goods, and all other miscellaneous needle trade unions, groups and shops.
 - Shoe, leather goods, metal (A. F. of L., Independent and Amalgamated, groups and shops).
 - b) All other A. F. of L. unions.
 - 4) On 126th Street, between Park and Madison Avenues:
 - a) Unions:
 - Food (A. F. of L., Amalgamated and Independent)
 - Furniture
 - Jewelry Workers
 - Office Workers
 - Tobacco and all other Independent Unions and other miscellaneous trade unions, shops and groups.
 - b) American Legion Posts, American League of Ex-Service Men.
 - c) Irish Workers' Clubs.
 - d) Nurses and Hospital Workers.
 - 5) On Park Avenue, between 120th and 119th Streets:
 - a) Unemployed Council.
 - b) Relief Workers.
 - c) Unemployed League, and all other unemployed organizations.
 - 6) On Park Avenue, between 118th and 117th Streets:
 - a) Krankenkasse.
 - b) All other fraternal organizations.
 - c) International Workers Order.
 - 7) On Park Avenue, between 117th and 116th Streets:
 - a) Language Groups: Russians, Ukrainians, Scandinavians, Chinese, Japanese, Polish, Hungarian, Greeks, French, Czechoslovakians, Slovaks, Jugo-Slavians, Armenians, and all other language groups except those marching with the Upper Harlem contingent.
 - b) Jewish Workers Clubs.
 - c) Associated Workers Clubs.
- Mobilization time for these groups listed above is one o'clock. All columns on 126th Street to face East. All columns on Park Avenue to face North.

Remember

Friday, Saturday, Sunday and Monday, October 4th, 5th, 6th and 7th, is the Daily Worker, Morning Freiheit and Young Worker BAZAAR at the Grand Central Palace, Lexington Avenue and 46th Street. The largest exhibition hall in New York City.

Organizations are asked not to arrange any other affairs for these dates.

Collect articles for the bazaar and ads for the Bazaar Journal.

Bazaar Headquarters
50 East 12th Street. ALgonquin 4-7954. S. Feldman, Manager

STAGE AND SCREEN

New Fox Film Production
Opens at the Rivoli

"Dan's Inferno," a new Fox picture, starring Spencer Tracy, Claire Trevor, Henry B. Walthall and Alan Dinehart, comes to the Rivoli Theatre this morning. The film, produced by Roy M. Winter and directed by Harry Leebman, has a cast of 2,500 people in support of the stars.

Irving Thalberg will produce "Knights of the Round Table," a saga of the Arthurian period, according to announcement made recently by Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer.

The new film opening at the Aramont Theatre on Friday will be "Every Night at Eight," with George Raft, Alice Faye and Patsy Kelly.

"The Three Musketeers," an REO Radio production, will be completed about August 1, with a cast headed by Rosamond Fielke, Walter Abel, Paul Lukas, O'Slow Stevens, Margot Grahame, Heather Angel, Moroni Olsen, Ian Keith and Nigel de Bruiler.

James MacColl and Thomas Rafferty have been added to the cast of "At Home Abroad," starring Benjamine Linin, Michel Waters, Herb Williams and Eleanor Powell. The production will be staged by Vincente Minnelli; Eugene Snyder is to do the dances and Harry Losee the ballets and modern choreography.

"Special Agent," with George Brent and Bette Davis, has gone into the cutting rooms at the First National studios. The supporting cast includes Ricardo Cortez, Jack LaRue, Henry O'Neil, Joseph Cronan and Paul Guilfoyle.

Last Day
"Moscow Laughs"
Beginning Tomorrow
"GOLDEN TAIGA"
A C M E 14 St. & Union Sq. Always Cool

HERMAN SHULMAN presents
The Children's Hour
By LILLIAN HELLMAN
"Characters drawn with unparalyzing and savage honesty."
—Daily Worker
Maudie Ellis's W. 39 St. Eve. 8:45-9:45 to 11
Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. 2:45-3:45 to 5:30
No Mon. eve. performances in July

2nd ANNUAL SHOWBOAT
S.S. "Ontara," Pier A North River—Battery
CRUISE UP THE HUDSON

N. Y. City Committee, American League Against War and Fascism
Friday Eve., Aug. 9
Boat Leaves at 5 P.M.
TICKETS ONE DOLLAR
ON SALE—Workers Bookshop, 80 E. 19th St., City Office A.W.P., 213 Fourth Ave.

Only One Struggle on August 10th!
STRUGGLE FOR SEATS AT THE BALLGAME
Daily Worker PICNIC
CLARENCE HATHAWAY will greet you
JAMES CASEY, Master of Ceremonies
EXTRA FEATURE! TWO BALL GAMES!
DAILY WORKER STAFF vs. I.W.O. TEAM
YOUNG WORKER STAFF vs. A.W.C. TEAM

Saturday
AUG. 10th
12 Noon to Midnight
ULMER PARK
Foot of 25th Avenue Brooklyn, N. Y.

Dancing
To the tunes of Percy Dodd and His Royal Syncopators
Admission
In Advance—25c
At Entrance—35c
Tickets on sale at City Office, 35 East 12th St.
Take B.M.T. West End train to 25th Avenue Station
Auspices Daily Worker, N. Y. Dist., 35 E. 12th St.

Win a Free Trip to the Soviet Union
at the
FOURTEENTH ANNUAL Morning Freiheit PICNIC
JAMES CASEY Managing Editor, Daily Worker will speak
SAT. AUG. 3
Ulmer Park
25th Ave., Brooklyn West End Line

Program
Baseball - Soccer—arranged by Red Sparks Club, A.W.C.
Chorus Competition—arranged by Jewish Workers Clubs
Gymnastics and Pyramids—Red Sparks Club
Movies—I.W.O. Convention and others
3 Brass Bands on grounds all day.
DANCING - REFRESHMENTS

Admission:
At gate—40c
In advance—25c
With ticket from organization—15c

Good News!
We now have room for you at Popular
CAMP UNITY
WINGDALE, N. Y.
\$16.00 a week - \$2.75 a day
Cars leave daily at 10:30 A.M. Except: Fri. Sat. 9:30 A.M., 3:30 and 7 P.M.; Sunday, 10 A.M. from 2700 Bronx Park E. (Allerton Avenue Station)
ALgonquin 4-4611

Alabama Relief Office Seeks to Smash Croppers' Strike

Bars All Aid If Slave Wages Are Refused

Seamen and Jobless Plan Joint Fight Against Transient Camps

MONTGOMERY, Ala., July 30.—The full force of the strike-breaking Relief Administration was thrown against the cotton croppers strike here when Thad Holt, state relief administrator, said: "All cotton pickers who are offered employment at picking cotton in their local communities will be expected to accept such employment. Local directors of relief are instructed to investigate immediately any cases where such employment has been offered and refused."

This is seen here as an official warning that workers who will strike against the miserable 35 cent a day wage scale will be cut off the relief rolls.

Asks for Spy System

"Local citizens (landlords) are urged to cooperate with the local director of relief and advise when such employment is available and has been refused," Holt declared.

This deal between the relief officials and landlords to force workers off relief rolls will also be extended to town and city, according to Holt. As far back as July 7 Holt said that workers would be expected to accept private employment offered through the National Reemployment Service or lose relief.

Cropper Protest

Despite the fact that leaders of the American Federation of Labor here have officially signed a no strike pact with the relief administration, workers on the jobs are aroused and are in a mood that will not tolerate this attempt to force them to work for coolie wages.

The Share Croppers Union is protesting the strike-breaking order and has issued a call to town and city workers calling on them to support the cotton-croppers strike and urging them to refuse to work for less than the strike demands.

Seamen and Jobless Meet

SEATTLE, Wash., July 30.—Representatives of the Marine Firemen's Union, Cooks and Stewards Union and Unemployed Citizens' League met here in the Marine Firemen's Hall last week to map plans of struggle for trade union wages on relief projects.

The proposition of the relief administration, for sending unemployed men to the so-called transient camps was characterized by the union men as a step toward establishing concentration camps after the fashion of the Nazi camps in Germany and was called an attack on trade union wages and conditions.

The conference endorsed a Work Relief Union Conference to be held in the Labor Temple on August 10.

Anti-Deportation Rally Is Planned in Chicago

CHICAGO, July 30.—A mass meeting to rally support for all the foreign-born workers now facing arrests and deportation by agents of the Roosevelt government for their working class activities has been called by the West Side Branch of the International Labor Defense for Wednesday night at 3223 West Roosevelt Road.

Speakers will include Ezech Becker, militant German worker, who faces deportation; Max Germany where the fascists await him, unless the workers in this country can force his release. Attorney Ben Myers, and Herbert Newton of the International Labor Defense.

WHAT'S ON

Philadelphia, Pa.

Angelo Herndon Defense Picnic, Sunday, August 5th, at 11 a.m. from 2914 N. Second St. Main speaker, Tur of War, Pie Eating Contest, a short play on the Georgia Chain Gang. Picnic to win. Direction: Take Frankford St. change to Car 50, go to Rhawn St., or take Car 50, change to Car 25, go to Rhawn St. Picnic, City Committee Unemployment Councils, Sunday, August 4, at Burholme Park. Entertainment, all workers. For those without this picnic and give it its fullest cooperation.

Nature Friends Camp, A bus leaves every Saturday at 9 a.m. from 2914 N. Second St. Fare \$1.00 round trip if you register not later than Friday evening. If not registered, \$1.50. Registration by Friday evening. With Beia Wolf, 152 W. Spencer St., Hancock 8718, bet. 6-8 p.m.

Anti-War Meeting at the Nature Friends Camp, Sunday, August 4. Well arranged meeting, include comrades A. W. Mills as speaker. Bus leaves every Saturday at 9 a.m. from Kensington Labor Lyceum, 2914 N. 2nd St., for the camp. Fare \$1.50 if registered by Friday evening. With Beia Wolf, 152 W. Spencer St., Hancock 8718. If not registered fare is \$1.50.

Washington, D. C.

Outing for the benefit of the Red Press, Sunday, August 4, at Camp Woodlands, Chevy Chase, Md. There will be baseball, swimming and volleyball. National speaker at meeting in afternoon. For those without car, stop at 2903 Georgia Ave., Sunway morning. Directions: Bus leaves at 11:30 and 1:30. Turn right at Wells corner and follow sign.

Chicago, Ill.

August 2-4 outing to Camp Nigdelag. Excellent program: I. E. Brown, member of Detroit Emergency Committee, district 4, District 2, will speak on the "Terre Haute General Strike." Adm. fee week-end \$2.50. Further information call Dearborn 9332. A. S. P. District 4.

Newark, N. J.

State-wide Picnic of the I.L.D. Sunday, August 4th, at Galesburg Hill Grove, Five Points Road, Union, N. J. Entertainment and dancing. Transportation 10 A.M. from 52 West St. and 514 Clifton Ave., Newark.

Anti-Nazis Storm Liner Bremen

2,000 PROTEST HITLER TERROR IN DEMONSTRATION—SWASTIKA TORN FROM SHIP AS POLICE ATTACK WORKERS



TOLEDO, Ohio, July 30.—Millions of dollars of relief funds were wasted and extravagantly expended here, witnesses testified last week when the State House and Senate joint investigating committee opened its hearing in the County Courthouse. Blame for the waste was placed squarely at the door of the National Relief Administration. Simultaneously with this disclosure, it was announced that one thousand employees of F. E. R. A. relief projects will be laid off effective when work is halted on twenty-eight projects because of lack of funds.

Toledo Relief Money Wasted, Inquiry Shows

FERA Meat Killed Rats But Was Processed and Fed Jobless

By EDWARD T. LAMBERT
TOLEDO, Ohio, July 30.—Millions of dollars of relief funds were wasted and extravagantly expended here, witnesses testified last week when the State House and Senate joint investigating committee opened its hearing in the County Courthouse. Blame for the waste was placed squarely at the door of the National Relief Administration. Simultaneously with this disclosure, it was announced that one thousand employees of F. E. R. A. relief projects will be laid off effective when work is halted on twenty-eight projects because of lack of funds.

Police Rain Blows On Aged Mill Striker As He Sings Anthem

By Federated Press
SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—A 60-year-old mill worker, who had worked for the company nearly twenty years, was among the lumber strikers clubbed by cops at Longview, Wash., recently, according to the Western Worker, Communist weekly.

As police began to beat the old man, he began to sing "My Country 'Tis of Thee." The more they beat him, the louder he sang about "sweet land of liberty."

Finally the blows began to deaden his senses. Gathering his last strength, he started weakly to sing the Star Spangled Banner.

Biff! went the police club. The old man swayed and fell unconscious.

Building Workers In Six States Talk Work Relief Strike

By Federated Press
BOSTON, July 30.—A strike in the building trades on Aug. 1 looms as a result of a decision by the Building Trades Council of Boston and the Massachusetts State Building Trades Council to hold a statewide conference in Worcester to consider joining five states which already have agreed to strike if the proposed W. P. A. and P. W. A. wage scale is put into effect.

Objecting strenuously to the wage scales and working regulations proposed under the W. P. A. and P. W. A. after Aug. 1, the state building trades councils of California, Ohio, Illinois, Michigan and New York have already informed Secretary-Treasurer E. A. Johnson of the Boston Council that they would resist the wage scale by striking.

Lebanon Jobless To Hear Demands

DEBANON, Pa., July 30.—Relief officials here have been asked to grant a weekly interview to committees of unemployed workers by the militant action of a delegation of fifty led by the Unemployment Council which won this victory after a prolonged fight.

The delegation broke into a staff meeting of relief visitors Tuesday after waiting several hours in the reception room of the relief bureau. After a stormy session, in which the delegation presented their demands for recognition of committees and immediate relief for needy cases, the officials agreed to act and to grant an interview every Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Illinois Workers Alliance Will Hold State Parley

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 30.—The Illinois Workers Alliance will hold its state convention here Saturday and Sunday.

Delegates from the militant locals are expected to come to the convention prepared to raise the important issues confronting the unemployed, such as organization of workers on the relief projects, increase in relief for those who have not been placed to work on the projects, support of the Workers Unemployment Insurance Bill (H. R. 3827), unity of the unemployed and the question of a mass labor party based on the trade unions and organizations of the unemployed.

Labor Press Is Menaced By Gag Bill

Must Fight Measure Now, Pacifist Organization Summary States

By Federated Press
WASHINGTON, July 30.—The labor press is particularly menaced by the Tydings-McCormack gag bill, the National Council for Prevention of War points out.

This measure, which is supposed to be directed against anything that might cause disobedience in the armed forces, has already passed the Senate and been reported by the House Military Affairs Committee. Labor, liberal and peace organizations are joining to denounce it as one of the most vicious assaults on labor rights and freedom of speech and press that has yet been embodied in legislation.

Aimed at Press

"A labor paper that criticized in any way the army or the navy could be forced to cease publishing, if this bill becomes a law," the labor department of the National Council for Prevention of War declares. "No labor speaker could criticize the actions of the National Guard without facing a jail sentence or a fine."

"The bill plays directly into the hands of employers and undermines the power of labor, for any attempt to oppose by word or deed the conduct of soldiers or police during a strike would be a violation of the law."

"If labor is to protect its rights it holds sacred, a concerted effort is being made now to stamp out this dangerous piece of proposed legislation."

Four Counts against Bill

The Council makes four main points against the Tydings-McCormack bill: (1) It could easily be invoked to prosecute persons who have no intention of inciting soldiers or sailors to disobedience, and in cases where no such result could be shown. (2) It could be used to prosecute citizens who protest against the use of the National Guard in strikes, or for other police purposes. (3) It could create governmental control by prosecution of publishers or distributors of anti-war books and periodicals. (4) It is entirely unnecessary, as existing laws adequately punish disaffection, mutiny or disobedience in the army and navy or any conspiracy among civilians to incite disaffection.

Pittsburgh Group Makes Protests To Italy and Nazis

(Daily Worker Pittsburgh Bureau)
PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 30.—Delegations to the Italian and German Consulates here Friday from the American League Against War and Fascism presented demands that Mussolini's invasion of Ethiopia be halted immediately and that the Hitler government immediately cease its persecutions against the Jews.

The League's demands were presented in resolutions handed to the respective consuls, with instructions that they be forwarded to Mussolini and Hitler.

That handed to the German Consul demanded that "the German government immediately cease propagandizing directed against Jewish people, suspend all publications which stimulate hatred of Jews and make immediate reparations to Jews injured in recent riots."

From the Italian Consul the League committee demanded that "Italy immediately withdraw all troops and instruments of war sent to Africa during the present year and to resume negotiations looking toward a peaceful solution of differences existing between Italy and Ethiopia."

PMA Local 1 Backs Program Adopted At Youth Congress

(Daily Worker Midwest Bureau)
SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 30.—With the return of the twelve youth delegates from the recent American Youth Congress held in Detroit to the Southern Illinois coal fields, the fighting program of the Congress is meeting with the heartiest response from thousands of young workers in this region.

A splendid indication of this fact is the action just taken by the Progressive Miners Union, Local No. 1, with a membership of 2,400 which, after hearing a report of the Detroit Congress made by a worker from the Bend Hod Carriers Union unanimously adopted the program of the Youth Congress, elected three young miners to act as the American Youth Congress Committee in the union, and voted to support all future activities of the Congress.

The Socialist Party of Gillespie, a mining town, also endorsed the report of a Youth Congress delegate.

Leather Shop Is Struck As Pact Is Violated

WINCHESTER, Mass., July 30.—Close to 400 workers struck the Beggs and Cobb, Inc., leather manufacturers, here yesterday over grievances growing out of the failure of the firm to live up to its agreement for a closed shop.

Toledo Communists Urge Unity in Coming Elections

Letter to Seven Labor Organizations Advances Five-Point Program for Labor Ticket—McGrady-Toledo Plan Sharply Scored

TOLEDO, Ohio, July 30.—Fighting Toledo labor, which has written some glorious pages in the annals of the American working class movement, may advance another step if the recent proposal of the Communist Party for a united Labor Ticket in the Fall elections will be accepted by the unions and unemployed organizations of the city.

Citing the desire for unity in the ranks of the Toledo workers, the Communist Party in an open letter to seven labor organizations suggested a five-point program as the basis for a united front on the electoral field. The letter was addressed to the Central Labor Union of Northwestern Ohio, the Railroad Brotherhoods, the Socialist Party of Toledo, the Mechanics Educational Society of America, the Workers Alliance of America, the Ohio Unemployed League and the Unemployment Council of Lucas County.

Unity Immediate Need

Pointing out the growth of the Toledo labor unions and the fighting mood of the unionists, the Communist Party said: "We can do more with united ranks. We can overcome all obstacles with the establishment of labor unity. This is the immediate need of the day."

The Party letter also sharply scored the McGrady plan for insurance "class peace" by forcing the Toledo workers into the yoke of compulsory arbitration.

Scharrenberg Wiggles Into Office Union

Coast Sailors' Union Expelled Him for Anti-Union Acts

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—Paul Scharrenberg, labor traitor expelled by a huge majority vote from the Sailors' Union of the Pacific, International Seamen's Union, has applied for membership and been accepted into the Office Employees' Union, Local 13188.

Condemned by union locals up and down the coast, Scharrenberg's only support has come from the top officials of the A. F. of L. and the capitalist press. Still holding office as secretary of the California Federation of Labor, despite every protest of the rank and file, he is maneuvering to hold his status in this bureaucracy by signing into the Office Employees' Union.

The Office Employees' Union, the only place where the top A. F. of L. officials could angle Scharrenberg in, at his last meeting was attended by only six members. The usual attendance is five. Even so the motion to accept Scharrenberg passed by a vote of only four to two. Later, one of the four attempted to change this vote.

Another motion was put through at this puppet meeting to allow the president and business agent to appoint two delegates to the convention of the California Federation of Labor, with the obvious intention of appointing Scharrenberg.

Chicago Shoe Shop Signs Up While 2 Strikes Continue

CHICAGO, Ill., July 30.—Workers of the Midwest Slipper Company and the Metropolitan Shoe-makers, Inc., continue on strike here. Both strikes are under the leadership of the United Shoe and Leather Workers Union.

The Midwest Slipper workers have been out for two weeks and are demanding collective bargaining agreement. The Metropolitan workers, locked out six weeks ago, have turned the lockout into a strike for union recognition.

Meanwhile, the Advance Shoe Company, at 412 N. Orleans Street, has signed an agreement recognizing the union, granting a closed shop no work on Saturdays, and increases on some operations amounting to from 9 to 18 per cent.

Donations for the Midwest Slipper and Metropolitan strikers may be sent, according to the strike committee, to Local 48, United Shoe and Leather Workers Union, 1532 W. Chicago Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Philadelphia Labor Demands Union Pay On All Work Relief

HARRISBURG, Pa., July 30.—An ultimatum that strikes would be called on all Philadelphia work relief projects if union wages were not paid, was presented to Edward N. Jones, State Works Progress Administrator, today by a delegation of union officials headed by Norman Blumberg, secretary of the Philadelphia Building Trades Council.

Union labor throughout the state is preparing to fight for union wages on projects under the slogan: "Union wages or fight," it was reported here.

Gas Company Move to Raise Rates Assailed

Boston Women's Council Launches Sharp Protest at Fuel Baron's Petition

BOSTON, Mass., July 30.—A storm of protest has been aroused here over the petition for a raise in gas rates presented by the Boston Consolidated Gas Company to the Utilities Commission.

Following the hearing held Wednesday the Commission has postponed the next session until Sept. 17, after hundreds of protests had been presented against the petition of the gas company.

Partial Victory

This is a partial victory, as the petition called for the raise in rates to take effect August 1. Many politicians presented figures to show why the gas company should not raise its rates, but the crowd, which had packed the hall to watch the proceeding, was aroused to a high pitch of enthusiasm when the representative of the Working Women's Council took the floor.

Presents Facts

She did not present facts on dividends and profits. Her objections to the raise was based on the conditions of the workers. It was the small incomes and the fact that these workers would have to take milk from their babies that she gave as reasons why the rates should not be raised.

Many women who had come from other towns served by the Consolidated Company joined with the Council in protesting. A united protest was then presented and the women declared that the gas company would find themselves faced with a united, determined force, in the households if they tried to raise their rates.

In the face of this opposition it was decided to postpone the next hearing until Sept. 17.

The Working Women's Council has called for an intensive drive in Boston and vicinity to organize the women for a fight against the rate raise.

Truckmen Refuse Loads at Factory Where Strike Is On

ALEXANDRIA, Va., July 30.—Splendid solidarity with the 100 girls on strike against the Century Shirt Company here was shown by union truck drivers from Baltimore when they refused to load goods on learning that the workers were on strike.

The workers struck against a 40 per cent wage cut. They are demanding \$12 for a 40-hour week and a closed shop.

Without the Daily Worker you cannot have an accurate picture of the day to day events on the national and international scene!

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COUPON NUMBER 22

HOME LIFE - By Ann Barton

A LETTER from Michigan. I want to put it up to your readers. What would they do in my case? Over a long time I have become interested in the Communist Party. I read the letters about the woman whose husband refused to let her attend meetings. My problem is a little different. My husband has been a member of the Party for many years. Although he has not set out to draw me into the Party, he has never, until a while ago, refused to discuss with me, to answer my questions.

OF COURSE his manner was a superior one. But I realized then that he knew much more about the working class movement than I did. His manner annoyed me—but I went to my meetings with him. I continued reading pamphlets—not many because I must take care of my three children. Lately, however, his attitude has become absolutely unbearable. Just as I am on the point of joining the Party, he is doing everything to make me lose confidence in my own judgment. He ridicules my questions. When I ask him to bring home a pamphlet which I have heard of, he says mockingly "You'd better stick to the Woman's Home Companion." He has also taken to criticizing everything I do—my care of the children, etc. I think that now that he sees how serious I am about joining the Party, he has decided to make me feel such a fool that I will not join.

AS A MATTER of fact, he has succeeded to some degree. I do wonder once in a while whether I know enough to join. Then I get very angry with myself, and decide to join once and for all. I think it is the same old idea of "lord and master." As long as he could feel superior to me and talk down to me everything was fine. Now, through reading Party literature I begin to feel I am learning, and do not listen to him with my mouth open. And he resents this.

WHAT is to be done? I am fond of my husband. I do not want to break up our home. But I can see that at every step my husband will be making fun of me, ridiculing me. And the working class movement is beginning to mean too much to me for me just to remain a spectator. Sometimes I think of leaving him. But we have meant a great deal to each other. I cannot believe the solution to be that I must "play dumb." "B. A."

THE letter of the woman whose husband would not let her participate in working class activities received a flood of replies. What are your ideas on the problem of this woman, whose husband is keeping her from the Communist Party by other methods? How would you deal with the husband? "B. J.?" Have you had similar experience? Since the answer to "B. A.'s" question will mean so much to her, let the readers of this column help her by their advice.

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From Factory, Mine, Farm and Office

U. S. War Preparations Increase Textile Orders

By a Worker Correspondent LAWRENCE, Mass.—American Woolen Co. mills in Lawrence, Mass., are now operating at more than 90 per cent capacity as a result of securing war orders from the government for supplying the Civilian Conservation Camps with 1,659,500 yards of overcoating, 3,527,500 yards of suiting, and 263,437 yards of woolen army blankets.

Other mills of the company in Fullon, N. Y., are operating at the greatest capacity attained since 1926, manufacturing 2,500 cuts of United States Army cloth. This business, the Boston News Bureau (March 29) states, "was secured at a profit" and during the second quarter of this year the company "promises a return to black ink figures as a steady woolen market and high manufacturing operations ought to spell healthy earning power."

20% Shoe Workers In Mass. on Relief

By a Worker Correspondent BOSTON, Mass.—It is reported that 8,926 shoe workers in Massachusetts (over 20 per cent of the total number) were on relief in June, 1935, according to figures covering 19 cities and towns—the main shoe centers in the state gathered by the State F. E. R. A. office. "This number does not indicate the total number on the relief rolls in those cities and towns because of the incomplete returns, but a fair estimate of the remainder would add at least another thousand shoe workers," an E. R. A. investigator stated.

Bad Food Poisons Workers In Bronx Lebanon Hospital

BRONX, N. Y.—It is our desire to enlighten those public and social minded citizens as to the food served to employees at the Lebanon Hospital, in the Bronx. One scorching hot day, this past week, we were served a nice cool supper of tuna fish salad. The remains of this supper were set aside in a warm kitchen for the night shift to indulge in between 10 and 11 P.M. After a delightful meal of spoiled tuna fish, two nurses and the night

'How I Got a Hostile Worker To Read Daily Worker' Is Told

By a Worker Correspondent PATERSON, N. J.—I want to tell the Daily Worker readers how I convinced an erstwhile hostile worker to read this paper. When I first approached him with a copy of the Daily Worker, he said, "Why do you want to sell this damn Communist paper? If you must sell papers, there are plenty of others you can sell." I asked him, "Would you care to read a paper published by and for workers, no matter who publishes it?" He replied, "Yes, I would read it." "Well," I went on, "the Daily Worker is the only paper in the U. S. that represents the American working class. The Communists are the leaders of the workers in their fight for higher wages, shorter hours and a better life." "Alright," he replied, "I will try one if it is as you say."

Young Communists of Germany in Anti-War Front

By E. With the introduction of general conscription, the anti-militarist tasks of the Young Communist League of Germany increase in urgency. The resolute struggle against the chauvinist poisoning of German youth, the winning over and leading of boys and girls for the fight against the multifarious methods of militarization, have become the most decisively important tasks of the young German Communists. Militarism Forced on Youth Early This struggle is by no means confined to the army itself, or to the young recruits about to be called up. In Germany today there is scarcely a boy who is not drawn into the net of militarization long before he is called up for military service. In the schools, during the year of agricultural work, in the Hitler Youth and the sport organizations, in the compulsory labor service, the overwhelming majority of young Germany are already subjected to a pre-military training which merely culminates in the army.

The Ruling Clawed by Redfield



"I used to adore Mendelssohn, but I just found out he was Jewish."

Toledo Trainmen Fight Lay-offs; Hit Eastman's Road Merger Plans

TOLEDO, Ohio.—A resolution protesting against the proposed consolidation of railroad facilities throughout the nation was adopted at the last meeting of the Lady of the Lake Lodge of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen. H. R. Knowles, secretary of the local, has sent copies of the resolution to Senators Robert J. Bulkley, Vic Donahey and Congressman Warren J. Duffey. A reply form then is requested.

The resolution points out that according to the plan of Eastman, Toledo would become the key city in the introduction of such consolidations, and that Eastman "does not explain what would become of the railroad workers thrown out of work, nor does he tell the business men of the city what action would be taken to make up the loss to them that such a move would entail." "We have been led to believe," states the resolution, "that it is the policy of the present administration to stimulate business wherever possible, but in no manner retard it in any way, and last but not least, everything possible should be done to increase employment in order that the purchasing power of the nation will be increased, thereby restoring prosperity."

A. F. of L. in 5 States Plans Strike Aug. 1 Against Coolie Relief Wages

By a Worker Correspondent HAVERHILL, Mass.—Emergency Relief Administration heads here expressed their fears of strikes by building trades workers on the new Work's Progress Administration projects against the Roosevelt \$19 a month coolie wage scales. "Their fears are based on the militant actions and strike preparations being carried out by the building trades workers here." Building trades delegates, representing different crafts in their session at the recent Haverhill Labor Conference went on record against the W.P.A. coolie wage scales. They recommended to all their unions that they refuse to

Children Employed at Low Wages By Leather Shops in Lynn, Mass.

By a Worker Correspondent LYNN, Mass.—School children, 8 to 15 years of age, are being exploited in the leather pocket book industry in Lynn. According to the Acting Commissioner of the Massachusetts department of labor and industries, these children are employed making leather bags, working after the school session until late into the night. When the children fall asleep while at work, they are rudely awakened and forced to go on with their work until it is finished. We have information that they also fall asleep during the school period, and that many of the children are undernourished. The leather pocket book industry is carried on by Greek families on a small scale in West Lynn—a very poor working class section. It started about 3 years ago following large layoffs at the General Electric Co. plant in West Lynn and Lynn shoe factories. Workshops mostly are part of the "manufacturer's" home, although some shops are located separately. During the busy season, April, May, June, September and October, from 2 to 5 workers are employed in a shop. Altogether the industry employs about 75 people. The smaller shops give out a large part of their work, especially braiding, at home-work. Young Workers and Students. White and Negro. Young Socialists and Young Communists. Unite in Struggle against Fascism and Imperialist War!

Textile Bosses Cut Wages; Lay-offs Are Widespread

By a Worker Correspondent NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—After the N.R.A. was scrapped by the Supreme Court, the textile mill owners through their organizations announced, for ballyhoo purposes, that wage and hour standards of the codes would be continued. But in New Bedford employers are beginning to cut wages, lengthen hours and increase the work-load (stretch-out).

CMTC Boys Strike For Better Meals

By a Worker Correspondent FORT DES MOINES, Iowa.—More than one-tenth of the C. M. T. C. (Citizens Military Training Camp) members at Camp Harry McHenry of the Fort Des Moines Army Post refused to recognize and answer to the bugle call to mess July 19 until more sanitary conditions were observed in preparing the meals and more fresh fruits, vegetables and higher quality meats were served. There are 900 members in the camp. Cavalry Troop F, a troop of youths who had by far worse meals than any other troop, completely refused to answer mess call except for one man who was unaware of the strike.

Alaskan Pioneer Hits Ban on Daily Worker

By a Worker Correspondent FAIRBANKS, Alaska.—I am an Alaskan pioneer, having resided here in the interior of the territory continuously for the last thirty-nine years. I have been a prospector and miner for the greater part of this time. But now, as I am getting aged, I have started a second-hand store with a bookstore in connection. In the book section I sell the current radical literature, such as the Daily Worker, the Western Worker, the Moscow News, etc.

In the past, the railroad workers have patronized the shop and purchased these publications regularly. However, lately, they have not done so. Upon my inquiring why they have not purchased any more literature, I was informed that the manager of the government-operated Alaska Railroad, Colonel Olson, has called several workers into his office at Anchorage and told them that, if they continued to read this literature, he would discharge them. This illustrious Colonel Olson is a \$14,500 per year man. We must protest against these violations of our civil rights. If you publish this letter, you may use my name as signed. EMIL POZZA.

United Shoe Union Greets Solidarity

By a Worker Correspondent PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—The Joint Council of the Philadelphia Local No. 50 of the United Shoe and Leather Workers Union at its meeting Thursday, July 26, voted to extend public thanks to the Ladies' Local 8 in Haverhill, Mass., for its solidarity action and support to our drive for an organization fund. The action of Local 8 in sending a \$5 money order for a book of the tickets gives us new encouragement and inspires greater unity of all workers for one common cause. With the strike of the F. and P. Shoe Company in full swing, the action of the Haverhill local becomes so much more important and in answer to the greetings of Local 8, signed by Angelo Colangelo, we express heartfelt thanks. With Trade Union Greetings. For the Unity and Solidarity of All Labor. JOINT COUNCIL OF THE U. S. and L. W. UNION.

Children Employed at Low Wages By Leather Shops in Lynn, Mass.

By a Worker Correspondent LYNN, Mass.—School children, 8 to 15 years of age, are being exploited in the leather pocket book industry in Lynn. According to the Acting Commissioner of the Massachusetts department of labor and industries, these children are employed making leather bags, working after the school session until late into the night. When the children fall asleep while at work, they are rudely awakened and forced to go on with their work until it is finished. We have information that they also fall asleep during the school period, and that many of the children are undernourished. The leather pocket book industry is carried on by Greek families on a small scale in West Lynn—a very poor working class section. It started about 3 years ago following large layoffs at the General Electric Co. plant in West Lynn and Lynn shoe factories. Workshops mostly are part of the "manufacturer's" home, although some shops are located separately. During the busy season, April, May, June, September and October, from 2 to 5 workers are employed in a shop. Altogether the industry employs about 75 people. The smaller shops give out a large part of their work, especially braiding, at home-work. Young Workers and Students. White and Negro. Young Socialists and Young Communists. Unite in Struggle against Fascism and Imperialist War!

YOUR HEALTH

By Medical Advisory Board

Doctors of the Medical Advisory Board do not advertise

So many comrades have been coming in person to the offices of Health and Hygiene and the Medical Advisory Board, that the Board is forced to ask its friends for a greater amount of co-operation in that respect. In the future, all inquiries from the Board will have to be made by mail. There are no doctors on duty at the offices, nor is anyone there authorized to refer an inquirer for medical advice personally to a doctor.

American Physiologists Sail For Soviet Union

A NEWS release by Intourist, Inc., an official travel agency of the U. S. S. R. states that: A delegation of more than two hundred of America's foremost physiologists, biologists, bio-chemists and scientists in related fields are sailing on various steamers during July to attend the International Physiological Congress, held this year in Leningrad and Moscow, Aug. 8 to 18. The sessions will be under the leadership of Professor Ivan Pavlov, world famous biologist of the Soviet Union. Professor Herbert S. Gasser of Cornell is the secretary in charge of the delegation for the American Physiological Society.

Prominent scientists in the Delegation include Dr. Bela Schick, famous for his work in devising a diphtheria test; Professor Walter Bradford Cannon of Harvard, author of well-known works on the effect of emotions on bodily changes; Dr. Arthur Abt, pediatrician; D. E. V. McCollum of Johns Hopkins. Pioneers in work on vitamins; Dr. James McLeister, president-elect of the American Medical Association; Dr. Benjamin Harrow, bio-chemist; Dr. L. G. Rountree, formerly of Mayo Clinic, now conducting researches in endocrinology; Prof. Chas. Herbert Best of Toronto University; Dr. A. J. Carlson of the University of Chicago and many other specialists from all parts of the country in the biological sciences.

Six members of the Medical Advisory Board are in the delegation of American Physiologists. The party, including members of families, will total over 300. The Leningrad sessions at which many papers will be read by Americans and delegates from other countries, will be in progress from the 8th to the 16th of August. The delegates will then proceed to Moscow for sessions during two more days. All important countries will have large delegations in attendance.

JUST as in other fields of activity, the Soviet Union is fast outstepping other countries, so in the field of education it takes its place as a leader. While capitalist countries cut their educational budgets, the Soviet Union each year increases it. The Medical Advisory Board sends its cordial greetings to the International Conference at Leningrad and awaits impatiently the return of its members to hear their report.

D. R. o New York, writes: "At the age of two years, my boy began to lose hair in spots on his head, it would grow back in that spot and then another spot would appear. In spite of saunas and sun treatment, the condition is still quite bad."

YOUR boy probably has alopecia. I treats, a disease which causes baldness in round and oval patches. The cause is not known, however, the hair may regrow entirely although the longer the spots remain bald, the poorer are the chances for complete recovery. Severe cases are often difficult to treat although sometimes it is possible to obtain good results by perseverance. For this you will have to consult a good dermatologist or skin clinic.

THE locked-out workers of Lebanon Hospital are organizing a picnic to be held Sunday, Aug. 11, at Pleasant Bay Park in order to raise funds. These courageous workers have maintained their spirit and strengthened their organization in ten weeks of struggle for the rights of hospital workers to organize. They are the vanguard of the million workers and professionals in hospital and related health work who are at present almost totally unorganized. Their success will speed the organization of this large group of workers. Volunteers who are experienced in picnics or outdoor entertainment, or who can sell tickets in their organization are asked to report to the Lebanon Council Headquarters, 685 Jackson Avenue, telephone MEtrose 5-0534. Tickets are 25 cents and are on sale at the Workers Book Shops and at the Rand School.

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Down With the War-Mongers of Nazi Germany Socialists! Unite With Us on August 1 and 3 Against Nazi Butcher Rule, For the Freedom of All Political Prisoners—Fight Fascism and War

Fatherland

By Karl Billinger

CHAPTER X We Vote for Hitler

WE HADN'T much time left for discussion of our tactics, and the elections formed the sole topic of conversation the following day. It soon became apparent that two opposing views were taking shape. Excellent political arguments could be found for each, yet they remained irreconcilable.

On the evening of Nov. 13, trusted representatives of the various companies met in the latrine in a final attempt to secure united action. Comrade Winter of Company Two, former section organizer and known as a loyal Party member, opened the discussion. He spoke calmly and in detail, as though he were presiding at a legal unit meeting. He had not forgotten his Party javelin either.

"Comrades, we must consider the question: What is the aim of the government and the Secret Police in granting us the franchise? My answer to this question is: They want to test the morale of the prisoners. They know nothing of the real situation here—any more than they know what the workers or the peasants or the urban petty bourgeoisie really think. For them this election is not merely a demonstration for the benefit of foreign countries, but a political barometer in this country.

This brings me to the second question: What can we do to frustrate the purpose of the elections here in camp? Comrades, it is obvious that we can hardly hope to bring out a hundred per cent negative vote. Some of the prisoners will be afraid to vote. No under the very eyes of the Black Shirts. The political neutrals, some of the Social-Democrats, some of our own comrades even, will vote Yes, with the result that the Nazis will succeed in getting some idea of the camp's political make-up and will be able at the same time to locate the focal points of resistance in the various companies. To prevent this I suppose that we pass the word along to all our comrades to vote Yes.

"Comrades! Is this a correct slogan? Comrades, it is a correct slogan. When people read in the newspapers that we in the concentration camps have voted for the government they will say to themselves that this whole election is nothing but a farce. For what reasonable person will believe that we could possibly be in favor of a government which keeps us imprisoned illegally, tortures us, and murders us? I am therefore in favor of voting Yes in order to expose this election both in Germany, and abroad as a fake election, and in order to deprive the Secret Police of any insight into the political line-up among us at camp.

"COMRADES!" Kuleke, the fat cabinetmaker of Company Two, took the floor.

"I object to Comrade Winter's proposal, which to my mind constitutes a downright betrayal of the Party and the proletariat. What will our comrades here in camp think if we suddenly approach them—since we haven't the time for a detailed explanation of our tactics—and tell them to vote for Hitler? Will they understand? No, they will not understand. They will interpret our course as a capitulation. Many of them will say, 'If our functionaries have reached the point where they're sitting out of the Nazi's hands, why should we go on fighting?' Besides, comrades, how can we adopt so dangerous a tactical plan without the consent of the Party? We neglected to get our instructions in time. It's too late for that now. But for that very reason we're bound to hew to the old line. I propose that we instruct our comrades to come out tomorrow with a solid vote of No."

Fritz was the next speaker. "Comrades," he said, "we've got to face facts. As Comrade Winter has already explained, any number of the prisoners, for any number of reasons, will turn in an affirmative vote. They'll be prompted by the fear of marked ballots, by the fear of aggravated conditions here in camp, by the hope of a speedier release. We know this and there's nothing we can do to help it. We're powerless to secure a unanimous negative vote. We can, on the other hand, secure an almost hundred per cent affirmative vote. And it's my opinion that all Comrade Winter's arguments to that end are absolutely conclusive. The Party will understand that in view of our situation, there was nothing else we could do. And as to Comrade Kuleke's statement regarding a change in tactics, I can say that one of the fundamental laws of tactics requires that they should be changed the moment new conditions make it necessary."

Another comrade, who was a stranger to me, backed the stand taken by Winter and Fritz. "There's still another point we have to consider. Hitler has withdrawn from the League of Nations, and is now asking the people to approve his decision. The Party, too, has always looked upon the League of Nations as an alliance of the victorious imperialist governments, and its program of liberation, both social and national, calls for fight against both Versailles and Geneva. It's my opinion, therefore, that we will not be placing ourselves in opposition to the Party if we vote for Germany's withdrawal from the League of Nations."

"There you have it," cried the cabinetmaker so vehemently that our lookout at the latrine door motioned a warning. "Four defunct tactics are beginning to bear fruit already. We've got to the point where functionaries are suggesting that the Party support Hitler's foreign policy. Fine tactics! So you think, because both the Party program and Hitler's program call for secession from the League of Nations, that it's one and the same thing? It makes no difference to you whether it's Hitler's Germany or a proletarian Germany that withdraws from the League of Nations!"

"Haven't you got it through your head yet that Hitler is the agent of German imperialism and that the German bourgeoisie expect him to lead them back along the same old path? The Communist Party must wage relentless war against every measure of policy, internal or foreign, adopted by the Nazi government, and must show the working masses what the outcome is for them—hunger, terror, and more wholesale massacres."

LITTLE LEFTY



BEAL WAS LED INTO SOCIALISTIC REGIONS. SCENE TWO'S A TRENCH IN SOVIET LAND, WITH DIRTY WILLIE AND HIS BAND.

Spunky's Dream (Continued)



ON MARDENOISSELLE FROM ARMENTIERS PARLEZ VOUS? ON MARDENOISSELLE FROM ARMENTIERS PARLEZ VOUS? ON A BUS BIT HEARST UPON THE BRAIN THE POISON DROVE THE BUS INSANE HINKEY DINKEY PARLEZ VOUS

Questions and Answers



Unemployment and the New Deal Question: Can the New Deal solve the present unemployment problem?—S. D. Answer: No! The New Deal has shown itself unable to cope with the problem of unemployment. Its reemployment schemes have turned out to be false promises. At the most the N. R. A. reemployed 1,750,000 workers according to the conservative Brookings Institute. This was done at the expense of the employed workers who were forced to share their earnings with those who were reemployed. The public works schemes even if they employed the number predicted by Roosevelt would still leave more than 12,000,000 workers totally unemployed without any means of livelihood. As a matter of fact the number of unemployed today is larger than was a year ago. It has been demonstrated that production can be stepped up to 1923-25 levels without seriously reducing the army of unemployed. The speed-up of the workers is so great that fewer workers produce ever larger quantities of goods. Between 1929 and 1934 the productivity of the workers was raised by 30 per cent. That is, 100 workers can now produce as much as 130 workers could turn out in 1929. And these same 100 workers now produce as much as 170 workers could turn out in 1919. Consequently even if production should rise to the levels of the boom period of the twenties (which is not very likely), then there would still be a permanent army of unemployed, numbering from eight to ten million workers. These are conservative estimates made by people like Stuart Chase. They do not take into account the fact that the labor market is increased every year by approximately 700,000 as the result of young workers starting out to look for jobs. The permanent army of unemployed is not a new phenomenon, but a product of the general crisis of capitalism. Throughout the so-called prosperity years there were between 2,000,000 and 4,000,000 workers permanently unemployed. This army has grown to huge proportions as the result of the great economic crisis, and is one of the signs pointing to the aggravation of the general crisis of capitalism. Capitalism has no way of furnishing unemployment to this army of jobless. Its public works schemes are thinly disguised war measures, and do not go to the heart of the problem which is to provide security to the unemployed at the expense of the rich. That is why the capitalists are driving towards war and fascism as a violent solution of this and other acute problems. In the forefront of the battles of the American working class is the need to push through the Workers Unemployment and Social Insurance Bill as one of the steps towards beating back the offensive of the bosses against the workers—employed and unemployed alike.

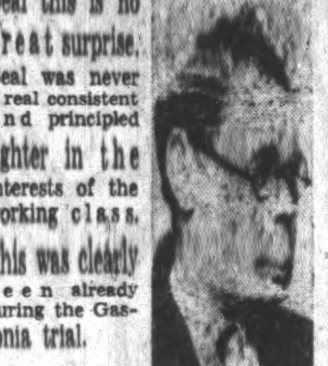
Why Fred Beal Joined Forces with the Enemy

By CLARENCE MILLER

EDITOR'S NOTE:—Clarence Miller was one of the Gastonia strike leaders, was on trial with Fred Beal, and came to the Soviet Union with him. He is now graduating from the Institute of Red Professors in Moscow and will become a university professor.

FRED BEAL is the latest recruit to the fascist Hearst's anti-working class, anti-Soviet campaign. To those who have known Beal this is no great surprise.

Beal was never a real consistent and principled fighter in the interests of the working class. This was clearly seen already during the Gastonia trial.



Beal, during the trial, defended the Textile Workers' Union or the Communist Party, of which he was a member, nor even the other six defendants who were being tried together with him, but he defended himself. In his testimony in the court he fell on his knees before the millowners' judge and lied about and distorted the principles of the Communist Party which defends the interests of the workers in order to show himself in a "better" light.

Beal acted as a white chauvinist during the Gastonia strike. He permitted a wire to be put up at

a meeting to segregate the Negroes from the white workers. He hindered Comrade Hall, the Negro organizer, from carrying on active work during the strike. Beal was opposed to and fought, both during the strike and after the trial, against our attempts to come out clearly in defense of the social and political interests of the Negro masses.

Contempt for Theory

Beal's petty bourgeois character is also revealed in his contempt for working class theory. Beal prided himself on the fact that he never read through any serious book or pamphlet dealing with the theory that guides the working class in its struggles against capitalist oppression. While in jail in the Gastonia case we organized a study group among ourselves to study the problems facing the working class. Beal, however, never actively participated in this class, very often acting as a disrupting element.

An Easy, Lazy Life

Beal's petty bourgeois character was further revealed after our arrival in the Soviet Union in 1930. All of the defendants, like all political emigrants to the Soviet Union, were given opportunities to work and study, to include ourselves in the great task of the building of Socialism and to become better honest fighters for the working class. We were able to choose any kind of work or to study and to learn any kind of a profession or trade. Thus Louis McLaughlin became an automobile and tractor mechanic, George Carter worked on the Soviet farm "Gigant" and attended courses in farm management. I studied to become an economist. But Beal, in search of an easy and lazy life, for months was "unemployed," refusing to accept any kind of work or study, making no proposals as to what he would like to do. Beal lived on the money that he received from the MOPR.

In 1931 he finally left for the United States only to return within a few months. It was the year 1931 when the first Five Year Plan was

in full swing. Unemployment was completely liquidated and workers were at a premium. This time it was no longer possible to "keep his face" and not to work. Beal went to work in the Kharkov tractor plant in charge of cultural activity among the foreign workers employed there.

What He Wrote in 1933

While working at the Kharkov tractor plant, Beal wrote a pamphlet entitled "Foreign Workers in a Soviet Tractor Plant." Beal, in this pamphlet and in a number of articles written for the Moscow Daily News and in Tempo, the English supplement to the factory newspaper, with facts and figures showed how socialism is being built in the Soviet Union. At the time he spoke of the Soviet Union as "our workers' country" ("Tempo," March 7, 1932).

In the pamphlet published in July, 1933, he wrote: "We foreigners, along with the Soviet workers, feel that in producing these tractors we are doing something for ourselves and for mankind in general. We are not producing something for some greedy individual."

In this pamphlet Beal wrote, "The Soviet factory is remoulding the human race, foreigners as well as Russians." Beal gives a lot of facts to prove this. One case is that of Comrade Ossekin, who, from a backward peasant "who associated with drunks," became the best brigadier leader. He gives other facts and concludes: "There are hundreds of thousands of Novlevs,

Marusins and Ossekins in the Soviet Union, all of them playing their heroic parts in the tremendous battles for Socialist construction." Thus wrote Beal in 1933.

It seemed that Beal had at last settled down and was going to include himself in Socialist construction. We who had been associated with Beal were glad. We hoped that life among Soviet workers was changing Beal as it was changing the rest of us. But developments have shown that we were wrong. Beal was too corrupt and spineless an individual to be changed. The result is that today he has completely degenerated.

On the Market

Beal is now in the United States on the market to be bought by anybody who pays the most. One day it is the "Forward" and the next day it is Hearst. The price is an easy and lazy life, the realization of Beal's ideal.

Beal, in an article in "Tempo" directed against a certain American specialist who was carrying on wrecking activity in the Kharkov plant, wrote the following: "On his return to the U. S. A. he will probably take his place in the ranks of the fascists. Here in the Soviet Union we will go on building socialism." Thus wrote Beal in 1932. In 1935 we recommend to Beal to use this quotation as the opening sentence for the autobiography he wanted to write. This quotation suits this man who betrayed the working class and joined forces with the American fascist, Hearst,

Ralph Fox Translation Of Plekhanov's Essays Announced by Bookshop

"Essays in the History of Materialism" by Plekhanov is now available at the Workers Book Shop, 50 E. 13th St. In this work of essays Plekhanov explains Marx's teachings on morality and ethics and deals with the attitude of Marx and Engels to the so-called spiritual side of life. He throws light on the question of the relation of dialectical materialism to art and literature. Plekhanov's "Fundamental Problems of Marxism" has hitherto been available in English; "Essays in the History of Materialism" deepens and widens still further his popularization of Marxism. The present work was translated by Ralph Fox, the author of "Lenin," a biography of the great revolutionary leader. Plekhanov's essays may be obtained for \$2.75 at the Workers Book Shop.

MOVIES

THE ARIZONIANS with Richard Dix and Margaret Grahame, directed by Charles Vidor, a radio picture, now playing at the Roxy. This picture would be harmless and fairly exciting entertainment if it did not harbor in a minor part another example of a Stepin Fetchit characterization of a Negro. The two Negroes in this picture only appear once or twice but in their short scenes Hollywood puts across the old slander. Even the fact that in the end the Negro manny saves Dix's life does not erase the impression, so carefully fostered through the rest of the film, that Negroes are shiftless, cowardly, and superstitious.

But except for this new example of Hollywood's customary race chauvinism, there is little to distinguish this picture from hundreds of other Westerns. Bull-necked Richard Dix, in picture after picture, has played the strong, honest man in the sinful and heaving South West, and this is no exception.

Atmosphere and plot are as old as the Westerns themselves. Dix, a two-gun man with an eagle eye and a heart that is obviously gold, manages to clean up the town, kill the crooked sheriff and his gang, and marry the beautiful blonde singer from the music hall. JOSEPHINE DANZEL

PEOPLE'S SYMPHONY CHAMBER MUSIC COURSE The People's symphony concert announces a course of six Chamber Music concerts to be held at the Washington Irving High School, Sixteenth Street and Irving Place, for the season 1935-1936. The following organizations will participate: Oct. 13—Musical Art Quartet; Nov. 8—Barre-Salcedo-Britt; flute, harp and cello; Dec. 6—Adler and Piastro in Sonata Recital; Jan. 10—Curtis String Quartet; Feb. 7—Stradivarius Quartet; March 6—Washington String Quartet.

The cost of season tickets for the six Chamber concerts will be the same as previous seasons, \$1 to students, teachers and professionals.

International Revolutionary Theatre Union Plans World-Wide Play Contest

DURING the last two years a change has been taking place in dramatic plays in theaters all over the world—slowly and almost imperceptible in some countries, and a rapid growth in others. Four or five years ago even the most optimistic groups would not have anticipated the success of the theatre in the drawing room comedy and bedroom farce and produce plays of a wide social significance. In London there is "Left Theatre," an organization of professional artists who take their plays into working class districts, in Prague the "Fall Theatre" and "Theatre 34," in Tokyo "New Theatre," in Brussels, "Proletarian Theatre" to speak only of the professional theatre; the smaller groups have grown far more quickly and prolifically.

The common aims which binds these theatres together is the desire to deepen the significance of their work in relation to current events, so that the theatres may reflect more consistently and accurately the trend of life today. The vast changes that are taking place in Europe, the imminent danger of war, the growth of fascism and the consequent degradation of art and science which it entails are problems which touch us all and the theatre which wants to live and maintain the spark of vitality which comes

from contact with life must reflect these issues and the problems arising out of them.

ALONG with the success of the theatres of left tendencies, dramatic literature grows more left accordingly. Not only have the number of revolutionary dramatists increased but their ideological and artistic level has grown immensely. The best playwrights of world literature, due to the influence of the world crisis, cultural regressions, and fascist barbarism have taken up the position of those who fight for a new social system.

The success of Soviet drama, the wide development of its artistic and creative forces, the conserving and mastering of the world's great cultural inheritance by Soviet artists is in complete contradiction to Fascist degradation and destruction of cultural art and science. The achievements of socialist construction in the Soviet Union as compared with decay in other countries have not failed to influence the position and creative activities of the best contemporary dramatists.

So a new theatre audience is growing—theatres are springing up with the organizations ready to produce such plays. Therefore we are organizing this first contest for the best play, in order to stimulate the production of new dramas by all writers who are opposed to fascism.

WITHOUT placing any limitations in regard to subject matter, we emphasize that we are greatly interested in plays which in high artistic form deal with themes directed against fascist dictatorship and which expose the fascist destruction of culture; plays which tell us about the suffering and the struggle of the working masses under fascist domination. Dramas from which the broad masses should clearly realize the great danger of a new imperialist war, which should be

used by the masses as a means against the war initiators. Of great importance also are plays that give a portrayal of Socialist construction, plays dealing with the new life, the life of the victorious construction of Socialism in the Soviet Union and plays dealing with the defense of the Soviet Union.

The form and content of the plays should have artistic unity; they must give a true reflection of life and while dealing with problems and tendencies which lead toward the future, foreshadowing the collapse of capitalism and revealing the origin of Socialism.

Playwrights should take over the best traditions of the past; reflecting truth, they must not only quote it, but prove it in action. This way they will achieve the greatest artistic results. This means the creation of content and form which we call "Socialist realism."

The dramatic style of the play is not of importance. It may be tragedy, comedy, satire or musical comedy.

The following prizes are announced: First Prize: Ten thousand rubles or a stay in the Soviet Union for the amount of money offered. The last date of entry for plays sent to the Jury will be August 1, 1936. Results will be announced not later than January 1, 1937. International Union of the Revolutionary Theatre.

To Be Sung on the Line of March on August Third

Stop the War

By PAUL REID and HARRY MAURER

Tune: "Hold the Fort" Drums are sounding—hate is mounting. Flags are flying high. We won't die for Wall Street. We shall not be moved. We won't die for Wall Street. We shall not be moved.

CHORUS: Stop the War, Unite against it. We must take our stand. Farmer, worker and professional. Joining hand in hand.

See munitions piles arising. Mounting to the sky. Bankers counting—profits mounting. Soon the Call to Die!

"Defend our borders" is their slogan. Generals make their plans. Men to die for Morgan interests. In a foreign land.

We Shall Not Be Moved

By PAUL REID and HARRY MAURER

Tune: "We Shall Not Be Moved" We won't die for Wall Street. We shall not be moved. We won't die for Wall Street. We shall not be moved.

We'll never fight our brothers. We shall not be moved. We'll never fight our brothers. We shall not be moved.

Just like a tree that's planted by the waters. We shall not be moved. Prison walls can't hold us. We shall not be moved.

Prison walls can't hold us. We shall not be moved. We shall not be moved. Just like a tree that's planted by the waters. We shall not be moved.

Prominent Mexican Writers Contribute To Partisan Review

The current (July-August) issue of Partisan Review, a bi-monthly of revolutionary literature, contains three stories by three prominent Mexican writers—Jose Mancisidor, Francisco Rojas Gonzalez and Herman Litz Arubide—who are among the leaders of proletarian literature in Latin America. This is the first time that examples of this literature are presented to readers in the U. S. The translation is by Langston Hughes.

Among the other contributions to this number is a long polemical article by Joseph Freeman, noted Marxist critic, which deals with the relation of criticism to creative writing and the surprising methods which certain groups adopt in their struggle against Marxism. The following "The Hunt," a 5,000 word short story of farming life by Ben Field, poems by Alfred Hayes and Richard Wright, a reportorial article on social conditions in England by Albert Halper, author of "The Foghorn," and critical reviews of the most important books of the season, make up the rest of the issue.

Partisan Review is published from 430 Sixth Avenue, N. Y. C. Single copies 15c; subscriptions, \$1.00 for eight issues.

TUNING IN

- 7:00-WEAF—Amos 'n' Andy—Sketch
7:00-WEAF—Sports Resume—Stan Lomax
7:00-WEAF—String Ensemble
7:00-WEAF—Uncle Ezra—Sketch
7:00-WEAF—Young Orchestra
7:00-WEAF—Dot and Gus—Sketch
7:00-WEAF—Nina Tarasova, Songs
7:00-WEAF—Jackie Hiller, Tenor
7:00-WEAF—Dixie Bartholomew Singers
7:00-WEAF—Dot and Will—Sketch
7:00-WEAF—Puzzle Orchestra
7:00-WEAF—The Puzzlers—Sketch
7:00-WEAF—Dangeroose Paradise—Sketch
7:00-WEAF—Book Review
8:00-WEAF—One Man's Family—Sketch
7:00-WEAF—Lone Ranger—Sketch
7:00-WEAF—Musical Quartet
7:00-WEAF—Foursome Quartet
8:15-WEAF—Comdie Gales, Songs
8:15-WEAF—Wayne King Orchestra
8:15-WEAF—Variety Musical
8:15-WEAF—House of Glass—Sketch
8:15-WEAF—Clay Robinson, Baritone, Elizabeth Lennox, Contralto
9:00-WEAF—Van Stedon Direct, Amateur
9:00-WEAF—Jim Keating, Orchestra
9:00-WEAF—Tummy McWhitt, Songs
9:00-WEAF—Musical Drama, With John Stryker, Director, Stage Ideas
9:00-WEAF—Six-Gun Justice—Sketch
9:15-WEAF—Ray Noble Orchestra
9:30-WEAF—Wallenstein Soloists
9:30-WEAF—Waltzes, Baritone
9:45-WEAF—Talk—Education in the News
10:00-WEAF—Civic Opera Orchestra, Grant
10:00-WEAF—The Witch's Tail
10:00-WEAF—Veni Orchestra
10:00-WEAF—George Burns and Gracie Allen, Comedians; Grofe Orchestra
10:30-WEAF—Ray Noble Orchestra
10:30-WEAF—New York Board of Trade Organization of Chicago vs. Cabbies—Clubs of New York
10:30-WEAF—Wings' Sketch
10:30-WEAF—National Symphony Orchestra
10:30-WEAF—Symphony Orchestra; Mary Keenan, Soprano; Hubert Bennett, Bass
11:00-WEAF—Congress and the New Republic—Bill Perry, C. Magnus, President; New York Board of Trade
11:00-WEAF—Dorothy Lamour, Soprano
11:00-WEAF—Dance Music (To 1 A. M.)
11:15-WEAF—Laporte Orchestra
11:15-WEAF—Description, Extraction of Yencan From King Cobra by Dr. Carlo Stryker, States Ideas
11:30-WEAF—Catholic Holy Club Singing Match
11:30-WEAF—Dance Music
11:30-WEAF—Dance Music (To 1 A. M.)
12:30-WEAF—Keller Orchestra
12:30-WEAF—Light Out—Sketch

News of Workers' Schools in the U.S.

PITTSBURGH WORKERS SCHOOL

The Pittsburgh Workers School, 6 Stevenson Street, is now engaged in making preparations to extend its work for the fall term. The work of the first term of the school has included some six courses given at the school, a full-time Party training school, and a special school for organizers of the Unemployment Councils. During the month of August, a four week full-time training school will be carried out by the Young Communist League. An important feature of the work of the Pittsburgh School has been the establishment of a number of extension classes in important mining and steel centers near Pittsburgh. Preparations are now in full swing for the fall. The following courses will be given: Principles of Communism, Political Economy, Marxism-Leninism, Trade Union Problems, Problems of the Negro Liberation Movement, Youth Problems, Current Events, Organization Principles and English. In addition, the plans for the fall term include the establishment of nine extension schools in nearby mining and steel communities to meet the demand for workers' education outside of the city. Registration for the fall term will begin the first week of August and continue until the opening of the school.

DETROIT WORKERS SCHOOL

The Detroit District Training School is now in full swing. William Weinstein, District Organizer in Detroit, addressed the students at the opening session of the school. Students from the basic industries in and around Detroit are receiving an intensive training in Marxism-Leninism and Party problems of the Detroit District. The committee in charge of the school makes a special appeal to sympathizers and sympathetic organizations in Detroit to support the work of the school in order to train cadres for the Detroit District. All funds and food supplies can be forwarded to Detroit Workers School, 5666-14th Street, Detroit, Mich. WILKES-BARRE WORKERS SCHOOL Harry M. Wicks, Director of the Philadelphia Workers School, will conduct a series of six lectures in Wilkes-Barre, Pa., beginning Tuesday, Aug. 6 and ending Sunday, Aug. 13. The lectures will be given three times a week on Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday, and will include the following topics: "The Situation Among the Miners in the 1935 Agreement," "War and Fascism," "What Kind of a Labor Party?" "Roosevelt's Security Program for the Youth," "Roosevelt's Program for the Veterans and the Fight for the Bonus," "Shall It Be Hunger, Debt, or Unemployment Insurance?" The lectures, begun at 8 p. m. and will be held at the Workers' Center, 325 East Market Street, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

MILWAUKEE DISTRICT TRAINING SCHOOL

Thirty students have been selected to attend the training school in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, which is to begin Aug. 5. The students of the school represent the following industries: auto, railroad, marine, metal, heavy machinery and farming. An active group of sympathizers is engaged in raising funds for the school, and merchants and farmers in the vicinity are helping out with the food supply. Organizations and individuals in a position to aid the school are urged to send funds to the Milwaukee Workers School, 113 East Wells Street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

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Billion for Navy Shows Roosevelt Driving Full Steam for War

WORLD MASSES AND SOVIET UNION ARE ONLY REAL FORCE FOR PEACE—LET THUNDEROUS VOICE AGAINST WAR RISE EVERYWHERE AUGUST 1-3!

NEARLY one billion dollars for battleships! Out of Washington comes the news: the Roosevelt administration is planning to launch a 904-million-dollar program for the construction of 95 new warships by 1942. This comes in the wake of the announcement that Great Britain is to spend 150,000,000 Pounds on new war vessels in the next seven years. Japan has already a huge naval construction program.

At the same time the Senate on Monday passed and sent to the White House for President Roosevelt's signature the Line Personnel Bill, increasing officer enlistment in the Navy from 5,499 to 6,500. Earlier in the year the size of the army was boosted by 40 per cent.

Fortification of Alaska and five Pacific islands and passage of ship subsidy legislation, giving millions in handouts to the big shipping corporations, are also part of the government's war program before Congress adjourns.

These new millions spent at a time when relief is being cut, when the demands for genuine unemployment and social insurance have been ignored, mean only one thing:

The throttle is wide open and the Roosevelt government is driving full steam ahead toward war.

The critical world situation shows what's up. Italian fascism is ready to light the fuse that will set fire to the world through a war of plunder against Ethiopia, and imperialist Japan and Nazi Germany are, with the

help of Britain, planning to do the same on the Soviet borders.

New millions for warships mean that Wall Street is preparing, as in 1914-18, to cash in on these conflicts while American workers and farmers are sent to the slaughter.

The masses of the American people got nothing out of the last war and will get less out of the next. Their interests lie not with the war-makers, but with the masses of other countries whose hatred of war finds expression in the policy of the Soviet Union, the only country that is fighting consistently for peace.

The announcement of the new billion-dollar naval building program is a warning signal that should unite

all sections of the toiling population to greater, more determined action against imperialist war.

On Aug. 1 (in New York and some other cities on Aug. 3) let the voice of the American people be heard in such unmistakable terms that the Roosevelt government—and Mussolini and the Nazi-Japanese adventurers—will not dare to ignore it.

Let us demonstrate in hundreds of thousands in every part of the country against the new naval appropriations and the huge New Deal war program. Let us demonstrate in defense of Ethiopia, of Soviet China, and of the Soviet Union against the fascist war-plots.

The war-makers are moving fast. Don't let them light the fuse!

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WEDNESDAY, JULY 31, 1935

Hungry Children

THE bony hand of hunger has one out of every five children in New York City gripped by the throat.

One hundred and thirty-five thousand elementary school youngsters are "serious malnutrition cases, too weak and undernourished to profit by attendance in regular classes," says Dr. Adela J. Smith in her report to the Board of Education.

Think of it! One-fifth of New York's kids starving, being prepared for tuberculosis, while the bankers collect \$500,000 a day on interest on their loans from the city!

Is not this a clear indictment of the "liberal" LaGuardia administration? Is not this a clear reason for a united struggle of the New York masses against the Wall Street-Fusion administration?

The Rights of Seamen

THE Department of State must be made to act decisively in the case of Lawrence B. Simpson, American seaman, now held in a Nazi prison. Simpson's locker on board the American ship, the S.S. Manhattan, was raided by Hitler's secret police when the ship docked at Hamburg on June 28. When anti-fascist literature was found in the locker, Simpson was arrested, taken ashore and has since been held by the fascist murderers.

Tuesday a letter was made public by James Clement Dunn, chief of the Division of Western European Affairs of the Department of State. He said:

"The appropriate representatives of this government in Germany are in touch with the German authorities regarding this case and you may rest assured that they will render Mr. Simpson all appropriate assistance."

The State Department should be informed that what the workers want is not merely "appropriate assistance" for Lawrence Simpson. We demand his immediate and unconditional release!

We demand furthermore that American seamen on American ships be protected in German ports. They have the right to be anti-fascist! They have the right to possess anti-fascist literature!

We demand that their rights be vigorously upheld by the Roosevelt regime.

"Soviet America"

THE launching of the series of pamphlets on Soviet America by our Party marks an important step in the popularizing of the central slogan of the Communist Parties of the world—the slogan "Soviet Power"—among the American masses. The pamphlets that appeared so far are: "Seamen and Longshoremen Under the Red Flag,"

"The Miners' Road to Freedom"

"The Negroes in a Soviet America," "The Farmers' Way Out: Life Under a Workers' and Farmers' Government."

Each pamphlet is addressed to a particular section of the American toiling masses. Written in simple, popular style, each pamphlet exposes the bankruptcy of American capitalism with facts which are characteristic of the specific conditions of the particular section appealed to—and in the light of the economic crisis and general crisis of capitalism. Exposing the capitalist solutions, fascism and war—it

shows Soviet America as the only way out for the exploited and oppressed.

Soviet America in these pamphlets is not a Utopia à la Bellamy's "Looking Backward." Presented in the light of the achievements of Socialist construction in the Soviet Union, and on the basis of the highly developed material pre-conditions for the Socialist society in the United States, Soviet America becomes a vivid reality—to be achieved by the American workers and farmers through struggle. The pamphlets thus popularize both the slogan "A Soviet America" and the achievements of the Soviet Union.

The Party organizations must make every effort to secure the widest circulation for these pamphlets. Every Party member must be made conscious of their importance. The fractions in the trade unions, in the unemployed organizations, in all mass organizations of workers, farmers, professionals, should find the best ways and means of boosting the circulation in their sphere of work.

Hard to See

THE big shots on Wall Street are evidently as amazed as the rank and file coal miners over the fact that John L. Lewis agreed so cheerfully to sign the fourth "truce."

Read what the Wall Street Journal—a newspaper for the financiers and big coal operators themselves—says about Lewis and the Guffey Bill:

"... it seems difficult to account for the apparent willingness of the mine union heads to accept so doubtful an expedient as the Guffey-Snyder Bill in lieu of real settlement. The weakness of the measure as valid law is so apparent that its passage would certainly be followed by a prompt challenge in the courts and probably by a suspension of its effectiveness throughout large sections of the soft coal fields until the Supreme Court has delivered its final ruling. What satisfaction the men or their leaders could take in such a situation, lasting in all probability for six months to a year, it is hard to see... And, constitutional or not, the Guffey-Snyder plan cannot be relied upon to sell more coal in competition with other fuels or add to the purchasing power of the miner's annual wage."

Wall Street is surprised—but it cannot conceal its pleasure over Lewis' actions. The miners too are surprised—and infuriated.

Every U. M. W. A. local should vote down the "truce" if it is put to a referendum vote, as Pittsburgh newspapers report may happen. Meanwhile, the best way of preventing further "truces" is by demonstrating in parades, mass meetings and short stoppages of work on August 1 and over the coming week-end.

Demonstrate for the \$6, six-hour day; five-day week; for a strike if the demands are not granted; for a referendum vote on any settlement.

Boycott the Berlin Olympics!

AFTER months of Nazi persecution of Jews and Catholics, the leadership of the Amateur Athletic Union has begun to talk of a boycott of the 1936 Berlin Olympics.

It is crystal clear that a really representative American team will suffer persecution, veiled or open, in Berlin. Can you imagine the Nazis, with their barbaric "race theories," going strong for a team on which there are such people as the great Negro star, Jesse Owens?

The boycott movement must be pushed intensively. Jewish, Catholic, Protestant and all other athletic organizations should demand a boycott. Not a penny towards sending an American team to Berlin!

A Correction

In an editorial last Thursday entitled: "For a United Front Against Nazi Outrages," the Daily Worker inadvertently referred to Joseph Schlossberg as vice-president of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers. Schlossberg is secretary-treasurer.

Party Life

By CENTRAL ORGANIZATION DEPARTMENT

Two Inspiring Letters How Bolsheviks Are Made A Way to 'Reach Millions'

DO WE have "tired radicals" in our Party? Do our comrades become discouraged at the difficulties, and overwhelmed by their tasks? Is it hard to recruit for the Party, to build unions, to build the Daily Worker circulation?

For all those who find the task too difficult, who say "I can't recruit," "I can't work in my shop," etc., etc., we prescribe the reading of the following letters from two Southern Negro workers, who are carrying on excellent work under the most difficult conditions, and who are not discouraged by the difficulties. The first letter is written by a Birmingham comrade who was convicted under the Down's Act, which makes the possession of more than one copy of revolutionary literature punishable by nine months on the chain-gang.

Birmingham, Alabama.

"Dear Comrade Browder: "Just a few words to tell you that I was released from the City Jail on July 1st, through the hard fighting methods of the I. L. D. and C. P. I was at first discouraged. Was sent to jail for 9 months and 13 days, but I soon understood to be a militant comrade I would have to make it up to suffer at any cost. So I spent 7 months and 6 days on the hardest chain-gang that the city had. So I am not at all discouraged, but more determined to work carefully, yet to do some good work. So you can depend on my continuing in the C. P. so long as I live. Long live the Communist Party! Put the Workers' Program ever in Dixie. So I am so happy over such a movement. So this is all for today. Just want to let you all hear from me.

Comradely yours, "P. E."

THE next letter was sent to the Daily Worker from Memphis, Tenn.

"Dear Comrades: "I am sending you the sum of \$1. Do not think I have forgot the Daily Worker. I have been working hard to build up leadership for this, but it is hard to do. I have built a unit in an auto plant, a unit of T. V. A. of 12, and the I. L. D. of 7. Will you send me about ten Y. C. L. cards? And I have been working in two strikes in _____ and _____. I am sorry I have not sent some money before now, but do not think hard of me. I will send some more in a few days. The workers are looking for a way out for Negroes and whites. Pardon me for not writing you about the I. L. D. cards. I got them all right. J. H."

IMAGINE the tremendous steps I forward our Party would make if the experience of these comrades were duplicated by every Party member. One comrade builds a unit in an auto plant, a unit of relief workers and an I. L. D. branch! One comrade recruits 26 Party members and organizes seven sympathizers! If only one-fourth of our Party membership worked in this fashion, how quickly we could develop into a mass party!

Our slogan of "Reach the Millions" with our revolutionary literature would quickly become a reality if the enthusiasm and spirit of our Birmingham comrade were the possession of every Party member. Working in a section of the country where the possession of more than one piece of revolutionary literature is a crime, and after serving seven months of torture on the chain-gang, this comrade resolves only that he must work more carefully.

This is the special stuff of which Communists are made. These were the sort of people who made the Russian Revolution. When our entire Party membership is imbued with this spirit and this enthusiasm, all the efforts of the capitalists will be powerless against us.

Join the

Communist Party

38 East 12th Street, New York
Please send me more information on the Communist Party.

NAME
ADDRESS

MAKING NERO CHANGE HIS TUNE

by Burck



Letters From Our Readers

'Best Way to Expose Hearst Is to Build Daily Worker'

New York, N. Y.
Comrade Editor:
A warning must be sounded. Many comrades are buying the Hearst papers to read the anti-Soviet articles appearing regularly. Many buy the papers out of "curiosity" to read what rats like Smith and Beal have to say about the Soviet Union. This is both wrong and dangerous since the vigorous and effective anti-Hearst boycott has been so successful, thanks to the knockout punches delivered by the Daily Worker. Let's look to the Daily Worker for a report and what Hearst has to lie about. I find that I know more about the Hearst press by reading the Daily Worker than by reading the original articles which are pretty nearly all alike in their tone and anti-working class nature. The best way to expose Hearst is to build the Daily Worker. Boycott Hearst! H. P.

Hails Anti-Nazi Protest—Forward to Aug. 1-3

Philadelphia, Pa.
Comrade Editor:
The members of the New York City section of the Communist Party and its sympathizers who took part in the recent demonstration before the German ship, the Bremen, are to be congratulated for their splendid display of solidarity with the German workers.

It is an example for workers in all other cities to follow. More frequent demonstrations of solidarity will make the fascists take notice. Hitler's German papers are howling about their flag but they don't say anything about the tortured German workers in their prison camps. This demonstration should be an inspiration for the Aug. 1st and 3rd demonstrations. H. T.

Readers are urged to write to the Daily Worker their opinions, impressions, experiences, whatever they feel will be of general interest. Suggestions and criticisms are welcome, and whenever possible are used for the improvement of the Daily Worker. Correspondents are asked to give their names and addresses. Except when signatures are authorized, only initials will be printed.

Looks Forward to Impressive Demonstration Against War

New York, N. Y.
Comrade Editor:
Permit me to put forward a few suggestions regarding the August 1 anti-war demonstration and its organization. I am looking forward eagerly to this demonstration, hoping that it will be even far more effective than those of previous years. This year's demonstration must be the present threatening war crisis, and must stimulate mass anti-war sentiment. Let's make a march, but a more powerful and impressive march than has ever been seen.

To my mind, in order to achieve the greatest result, the demonstration should be made more solemn, martial and dramatic. It should express in an unforgettable way the deep-seated emotions of the masses, the horrors, causes and consequences of war. For instance, music of martial character can be used as one of the best means to express the tragic end of the dead and of the sufferings of living victims of war. If it were possible for every marcher to wear some sort of uniform sign, shirt or even some-colored paper cap, it would immensely improve the appearance and consequently the impression to the thousands of bystanders.

If falsehood and jingoism can be so skillfully played up to draw and hypnotize followers, surely the noble cause of peace and working class solidarity offers endless possibilities for bringing this cause to the consciousness of the masses in the most dramatic and unforgettable manner. A. S.

How About the Existing Anti-Nazi Federation?

Frenchtown, N. J.
Comrade Editor:
There are many Germans in America who are violent anti-Nazis. As a matter of fact, many of them have come here for a haven from Hitler's terrorism. These people are now faced with Our-Little-Flower-LaGuardia's brand of hysteria. Their only salvation seems to be in the organization of a German-American anti-Nazi League. I would like to see the Communist Party undertake the organization of such a League. R. P.

Unemployed Makes Exchange for Daily Worker 'Sub'

Centerville, Iowa.
Comrade Editor:
Please send a Saturday subscription to the Daily Worker to an unemployed worker. He is one of the many who have no money but would like to read the Daily Worker at least once a week. Since he has no money, but will have a nice garden if the weather permits, we made an agreement that he is to pay me with \$1.50 worth of potatoes in exchange for the paper.

I think we must use such means to spread the Daily Worker wherever possible. Here in the capitalist papers they are talking about workers being self-sustaining in some counties. The fact is, more and more workers are going on relief rolls.

Thanks for Many Responses to Appeal for Literature

Hillsboro, N. H.
Comrade Editor:
I want to thank our readers for the large package of literature we have received for distribution to the farmers here. We have received several hundred pamphlets and periodicals in response to our appeal. E. CHASE.

U. S. S. R. and Struggle for Peace

"What has the U.S.S.R. relied on in this difficult and complex struggle for peace?"
"a) On its growing economic and political might.
"b) On the moral support of millions of the working class in every country who are vitally interested in the preservation of peace.
"c) On the common sense of those countries which for this or that motive are not interested in disturbing the peace (and which want to develop commercial relations with such a punctual client as the U.S.S.R.
"d) Finally—on our glorious army, which is ready to defend our country against attack from without."
(Stalin, Report to the XVII Congress of the C. P., S. U.)

World Front

BY HARRY GANNES

Mussolini's Tactics Gloom Heavy in London War Stocks Booming

TODAY the Italian Fascist threat of war against Ethiopia will be discussed before the League of Nations Council. Mussolini's purpose is to get the League mills to grind exceedingly slow, and not especially fine.

It has not stopped raining in East Africa yet. The end of the rain marks the beginning of war. Mussolini's aim is to stay within the League of Nations until the war is actually on, and then to continue to maneuver with the hope of rapid victories against Ethiopia.

TO LEAVE the League of Nations now would put Mussolini in an extremely awkward international position. He could not begin his war immediately, because of physical barriers. League of Nations would be constrained to consider some formal actions against Italy and some assistance to the fellow-League member, Ethiopia. That's why Mussolini is dragging things along, giving the appearance of the possibility of "conciliation."

MUSSOLINI has only one method of conciliation to avert the bloodiest and bitterest war Africa has ever seen—and that is complete capitulation by the Ethiopian government to the fascist slavery plan, either hidden by generous concessions, or outright. And this perspective is not on the horizon.

BRITISH imperialism comes to this historic and momentous League of Nations session with the gloomiest outlook. Charles A. Selden, Times London correspondent, voices Cabinet opinion when he says: "Neither he [Anthony Eden, British Minister for League of Nations Affairs] nor the British Cabinet, which is sending him, has any real hope of averting an African war."

You see, the British bandits are afraid of this war, whichever way it turns out. If the Italian fascists lose, European and world capitalism has hell to pay. Already groans of stark fear are heard in the British imperialist press over the possibility of victory on the part of Ethiopia heralding a tidal wave of colonial uprisings. If Mussolini's war plans win out, then the British again lose. They will have thrown in the very path of their great North and South Africa highway the obstacles of a new imperialist competitor who will not rest content with only one try at conquest. Masawa, Eritrea, faces Arabia. The next step could be war for domination of the Red Sea, Arabi and the route to India—if it ever gets that far.

But the British fear more the defeat of Italian fascism than its victory.

SIGNS of rising mass discontent and colorful revolt are already high. Following the debacle of the Rome pro-war demonstration last Thursday, news reports from Italian Somaliland told of native rebellions against Italian fascism's efforts to drive these people into war against their Negro brothers in Ethiopia.

We have just received the following reports from Italy:

In Parma, during the first weeks of the pro-war demonstrations, women and children placed themselves on the railroad tracks in front of trains bearing their sons, husbands, brothers, and refused to budge. The departure of the soldiers was postponed, and carried out only in secret and in the dead of night.

In Milan, during the past few weeks, anti-war slogans have appeared on prominent buildings and street cars. These slogans read: "Down with war!" "Follow Lenin's way against imperialist war!"

WAR stocks are booming in European stock exchanges showing the rapid skyrocketing of war stocks. In France war shares jumped from 969 to 1529; industrial shares during the same period rose only from 91 to 103. In Great Britain war shares went up during the same period from 103 to 1439. Industrial stocks recorded a gain of from 103.9 to 109.9.

Stock gamblers are voting for war with their money.

Long live the revolutionary mass struggle of the Filipino people for national freedom!