

# 'DAILY' TO HAVE THREE EDITIONS

## Reactionaries Control Textile Union With Socialist Aid

### JAPAN IN PROVOCATION CAMPAIGN ACCUSES SOVIETS

### Manchuria Papers Print Wild Lies

### Militarists Say U.S.S.R. Consul Organized Armed Raids

(See Statement by Central Committee of the Communist Party on Page 8)

**By Radio to the Daily Worker**  
MOSCOW, Aug. 17.—The unbridled anti-Soviet campaign in Manchuria continues. Japanese-controlled Manchurian newspapers are trying to surpass each other in publishing the wildest inventions against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

Yesterday, for instance, all Harbin newspapers, as if by order, published a sensational report with provocative accusations against the Soviet Consular Station at Pogranichnaya.

Harbin newspapers went so far as to accuse the Soviet Consulate, particularly Consul Stelmakh, of nothing less than the organization of armed raids on the station of the Japanese military mission in Pogranichnaya and similar malicious insinuations.

**Inspired Provocations**  
This "sensational" invention of the Japano-Manchurian newspapers shows that the provocateurs are not restricting themselves to raids on the Chinese Eastern Railway but that they are preparing more serious provocation around the Soviet Consulate.

Well informed Harbin circles assert there is quite definite proof that these provocative newspaper reports concerning the Pogranichnaya Consulate were inspired by the Japanese military mission in Harbin.

Simultaneously with this outrageous anti-Soviet campaign and the intensification of provocative actions along the Chinese Eastern Railway generally, the Manchurian police have started a campaign against the cultural and co-operative institutions of the employees of the Chinese Eastern.

**Hinder Soviet Citizens**  
Police, for instance, have issued a new order restricting the trade of the traveling co-operative shops running on the Chinese Eastern. These traveling co-operatives, in accordance with the Manchurian police order, must now get special permission for each journey, and submit to other restrictions.

This new provocation has the same aim as the others, namely, to create conditions making work on the Chinese Eastern Railway impossible for Soviet subjects. The police order places employees of the railway in a very difficult position, because the traveling co-operative shops are the only means of supplying necessities to railway workers scattered at small stations in uninhabited localities.

**Mass Arrests of Soviet Workers**  
Special to the Daily Worker  
MOSCOW, U.S.S.R., Aug. 17 (By Wire)—Newspapers have published telegrams from Khabarovsk reporting that mass arrests of leading workers on the Eastern Line of the Chinese Eastern Railway took

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### Red Builder Resists Thugs Who Beat Him To Halt 'Daily' Sales

**NEW YORK**—Jack Mandelbaum, 2000 York Avenue, Bronx, a Red Builder, was beaten by two unidentified men at Claremont Parkway and Third Avenue when he defied their order to stop selling the Daily Worker.

A policeman who appeared on the scene made no effort to arrest Mandelbaum's assailants but ordered him to leave the intersection and threatened to arrest him if he persisted in selling the Daily Worker there.

### Women Anti-War Delegates Pledge Defense of Soviets

**NEW YORK**—Ella Reeve Bloor, chairman, and Mabel Byrd, secretary of the American Women's delegation to the International Women's Congress against War and Fascism, yesterday made the following statement on hearing of Japan's new provocations against the Soviet Union: "While we, the American delegation to the International Women's Congress Against War and Fascism, were in Paris we witnessed a very dramatic incident. When it was announced that Japan had sent a threatening note to the Soviet Union, the entire gathering of 1,000 was aroused. Immediately and unanimously the women pledged to fight against all shipping of munitions to Japan, pledged to refuse to manufacture war materials in the shops and to unite men and women in a struggle against the manufacture of war munitions. We pledged international solidarity not only in words but in actions.

"Now today, with the dark cloud of war again hovering over the Soviet Union, we, the American section of the International Women's Congress against War and Fascism, renew our pledge made in Paris to defend the Soviet Union and to mobilize all our energy, all our forces in behalf of the workers and farmers' Fatherland. We urge the workers and peasants of Japan to join with us in defense of the only land where the toiling masses rule and to fight with the workers and peasants of the world against imperialist war and fascism.

"ELLA REEVE BLOOR, Ch'man, "MABEL BYRD, Secretary."

### Court Limits Picketing in Bread Strike

**NEW YORK**—The decision of Supreme Court Justice Samuel H. Hofstadter, announced Thursday, stating that consumers have a right to picket against exorbitant prices of food, is actually an attempt to limit the picketing of various Bronx bakeries now going on, officials of the 174th Street Neighborhood Organization, the body leading a strike against the high price of bread in the Bronx, declared yesterday.

"At the same time," one of the organization's officers stated to the Daily Worker, "the decision of Justice Hofstadter is a partial victory. It is a legal recognition of the fact that a fight against the high price of food—one of the forms of which is bread strikes—is mounting.

However, it was declared, the picketing, according to the court's decision, is restricted, pickets being permitted only from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. The most important times, neighborhood people say, are the shopping hours, before nine in the morning and after 6 in the evening, when house wives generally purchase fresh bread and rolls.

The strike was begun five weeks ago when three bakeries, Max Julian, Inc., Miller Brothers, and

anue, for picket duty.

**By JAMES LERNER**

**NEW YORK**—Finding themselves isolated from a movement that they could not control, the fascist elements of the American Youth Congress, in session at New York University, left the majority of the delegates to work out a fighting program for the needs of American youth.

Starting from five round-table discussions through general plenary sessions, visitors were treated to a remarkable picture never before seen in the United States. Young Christians, young Socialists and young Communists, pacifists and those who are ready to use arms for the overthrow of capitalism, gathered together, tossed aside differences which have in the past frequently brought needless disunity, and, step by step, laid the basis for nation-wide youth actions against unemployment, war and fascism on a minimum program.

While the so-called Central Bu-

### New Strike Is Started On Coast

### Longshoremen Out—Plot On to Rule the I. L. D. Illegal

(Special to the Daily Worker)

**SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 17**—Clearly showing that the dock workers have not been crushed by the anti-union, anti-Communist drive of the police, the courts and the open shop employers of this State, fifty longshoremen of Pier 39 walked out on strike here yesterday against the firing of two members of the working group.

At the city court, in the meantime, the attempt to frame-up Joseph Wilson, secretary of the local International Labor Defense, goes on. The prosecution is attempting to stack the trial panel with a number of jurors used in the conviction of Harry Jackson, the marine union organizer.

An attempt is being made to prove that the I.L.D. is an "illegal" body. Many witnesses of American Federation of Labor unions will be subpoenaed who will testify that the I.L.D. is a bona fide labor defense organization.

The legality of the I.L.D. is not the only issue in the trial. Joseph Wilson, who is defending himself, flung the question of the framing of Tom Mooney into the courtroom and placed on the record the question of the terror against the Communist Party.

**17 Workers Indicted**  
(Special to the Daily Worker)

**SACRAMENTO, Aug. 17**—Seventeen workers were indicted yesterday on the charge of criminal syndicalism in court here. Among those against whom the indictments were drawn are Pat Chambers, organizer of the Cannery and Agricultural Workers' Union; Caroline Decker, Nora Conklin and Warnick Hougard.

All seventeen had been arrested in the coast-wide man-hunt for Communists and organizers of militant trade unions begun by West Coast open shop interests during the general strike.

The Kleinburg Bakery broke an agreement with the 174th Street Neighborhood organization to maintain the price of bread at 7 cents a pound and rolls at 18 cents a dozen. Prices were raised one cent a pound on bread and 2 cents a dozen on rolls.

**R. A. Raises Prices Again**  
Neighborhood workers see the winning of this strike as particularly important since the new N. R. A. code, which went into effect August 13, raises the price of bread to 9 cents a pound and rolls to 24 cents a dozen. A victory now will defeat the proposed rise, workers feel.

The neighborhood organization has urged workers organizations in the neighborhood to report to the headquarters of the 174th Street organization, at 1841 Bryant Avenue, for picket duty.

### Celebrate 15th Anniversary Of Communist Party, Making 'Daily' Secure During Year

### Statement of the Central Committee, Communist Party, U. S. A.

Sixty thousand dollars (\$60,000) must be raised during the next three months by the Daily Worker and the Communist Party. Of the total fund, \$10,000 is required by the Communist Party to carry on and extend its revolutionary work. The additional sum for the Daily Worker is needed for these four principal reasons:

- (1) To assure the continued publication of the Daily Worker.
- (2) To enlarge the Daily Worker to eight and more pages.
- (3) To publish three editions each day of the Daily Worker.
- (4) To give the workers and farmers not only a revolutionary paper, but for the first time in America's history to spread the message and spirit and underlying values of a revolutionary daily newspaper to every corner of the United States.

For this vital task the Central Committee calls upon all workers and their organizations, and particularly upon the units, sections and districts of the Communist Party to aid to the full limit of their energy.

The celebration of the fifteenth anniversary of the Communist Party should, in the first place, center around assuring the security of the Daily Worker. It is the Daily Worker, more than any other single instrument, which daily expresses the leading role of the Communist Party in the workers' struggles and advances our revolutionary struggle toward the seizure of power and the establishment of workers' rule.

Comrades, the Daily Worker is indispensable for the entire working class. An improved and enlarged Daily Worker is needed.

The attacks on the toiling masses, the workers, farmers, the Negro people are increasing. Living conditions are being further undermined with each succeeding day of the crisis. The civil rights of the masses, the right to organize, to strike, to picket, to hold meetings is being restricted. The Roosevelt administration is clearly headed toward fascism and war as its way out of the crisis. In such a situation the workers must fight to retain their own organ, the Daily Worker, to expose the plans and activities of the bosses, and to develop and lead their own struggle against Roosevelt's hunger, fascism and war policies.

The Daily Worker lives only with the support of the workers. The income from daily sales does not sustain the paper in the absence of a heavy advertising revenue, such as piles up profits for capitalist-controlled papers. It has been the direct contributions from thousands of workers and their organizations which have enabled us to fight on for more than ten years—never missing a single issue.

The Central Committee is confident that the workers and the Party units and committees will respond this year as they have responded in the past.

During the past year the paper has improved in con-

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### Opponents Of Strike Head UTW

### Rieve Maneuver Leaves Militants Without Choice in Vote

A resolution was introduced at the U.T.W. Convention calling for a general strike in the silk industry.

**By CARL REEVE**

**NEW YORK**—The reactionary leadership headed by Thomas MacMahon gained complete control of the United Textile Workers Union Executive Board at the election of officers yesterday afternoon. Thomas MacMahon was re-elected to office with only twenty votes opposed.

Vice-Presidents Francis Gorman of Providence and William Kelly of Philadelphia, were re-elected without any opposition.

The Socialist Party leadership, headed by Emil Rieve of Milwaukee, played the leading role in the defeat of the militant delegates who voted Thursday for a general cotton strike of half a million workers. Rieve, until the last minute, appeared before the convention, especially in the caucuses of the delegates, as the champion of the "progressives." Rieve let it be known that he would run against MacMahon.

Those militant delegates who understood that MacMahon, if re-elected, would do all possible to prevent the carrying through of the strike vote, were misled into supporting Rieve.

At the last minute, Rieve, in an obviously pre-arranged deal with MacMahon, withdrew from the elections. Instead, MacMahon called him to the chair and it was Rieve who wielded the gavel when MacMahon was elected.

Undoubtedly the demand of the textile workers for strike is so strong that MacMahon will find it extremely difficult, if not impossible to head off a strike. The strikes are already spreading daily. MacMahon's executive board has been categorically instructed to call the strike before Sept. 1. In this position, MacMahon will try to remain in the leadership by going along and calling the strike, if pressed hard, and trying to end it at the earliest moment.

The textile workers must now at once organize their forces for strike, not only in cotton but in the entire textile industry. The organization of strong united front committees in each mill, with every department represented, to lead the strike, is a necessary safeguard against MacMahon's attempts to put a brake on the struggle.

The Lovestonite leaders, Keller, Rubinstein, Herman, etc., who made left sounding speeches at the convention, when it came to a showdown, did not put up one of their leaders as a candidate against MacMahon, although they were assured

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### 8-Page City Editions And Special National Issue to Begin Oct. 1

### New York 'Daily' to Concentrate on City Labor and Political News—Districts to Gain in Mail Issue—Casey to Head News Staffs as Managing Editor

Three regular editions of the Daily Worker will be published beginning October 1st.

This is the newest and most far-reaching step which the Daily Worker has yet taken in its development as a mass paper of the American workers and farmers.

Of the three editions, two will be published for readers in New York City and the third will be a national issue.

The first of the metropolitan editions, to be called "The New York Daily Worker," will appear early in the evening for street sales and midnight newsstands, and the second will be off the press in the morning.

The regular national edition will be run in time to make the early mail the most important of the city. All of the editions will be served by complete news service.

The metropolitan editions will appear in eight pages instead of six as at present. The national edition will have six pages. More space, however, will be made available for news and feature material with the elimination of all New York City advertisements and news of a purely local nature from the national edition.

**Vital Step in History**

The change from one edition of the Daily Worker to three is the most important step in the development of the "Daily" since its increase from four to six pages last August. Since that time, as a result of the more popular character of the paper and an intensified drive in the districts of the Communist Party, the circulation of the Daily Worker has been doubled. With the plans now under way it is expected that the circulation of the "Daily" will continue to grow, but at a much more rapid tempo than in the past.

The New York Daily Worker will strive to cover fields hitherto inadequately treated, especially the New York City trade union movement, strike struggles, municipal politics, the activities of the La Guardia administration, Tammany Hall, as well as the other political groups, the problems of relief, housing, schools, etc.

A special city staff is being formed at the present time which will deal with these problems. Included in this staff will be Communist writers who have an intimate knowledge of the life of the New York trade union movement. Communist exposes will also be made by special investigators who will present the story of city corruption, strikebreaking by official as well as private agencies, and uncover the methods behind the "relief" administration in the city.

James Casey, at present city editor of the Daily Worker, will be in charge of the enlarged staff with the title of Managing Editor. He will work in close touch with and under the leadership of Clarence Hathaway, the editor of the Daily Worker.

**A Red Builder on Every Busy Street Corner in the County Means a Tremendous Step Toward the Dictatorship of the Proletariat!**

**Improved National Edition**

While New York readers will find the "Daily" a more effective and popular paper when the new changes take place, workers in other cities will see their own problems better presented with the improved national edition of the Daily Worker. Following the establishment of the Washington Bureau of the Daily Worker, which since its organization last October, has provided readers of the paper with some of the most vital news that has been published, the "Daily" is planning to extend the work of its bureaus in other cities, particularly in the centers of basic industries.

More material will hereafter be published from the Chicago, Detroit and Pittsburgh bureaus of the Daily Worker, and efforts will be made to obtain regular correspondence from Cleveland and other important industrial centers. Publication of this increased volume of news will be made possible by the exclusion of advertising and news of a purely New York character from the national edition of the Daily Worker.

**Regular News Service**  
Additional general news will be also made available to the Daily

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## Browder Urges United Front of Struggle Against Reaction at Youth Congress After Thomas Endorses Workers' Bill and Promises Unity

**NEW YORK**—The youth congress, which opened in New York City yesterday, was told by Norman Thomas, Earl Browder, general secretary of the Communist Party, that the youth movement should be united against reaction. Thomas, who spoke for the Socialist Party, and the other speakers received the greatest amount of applause when they spoke of the necessity and possibility of unity. Norman Thomas specifically endorsed the unity achieved at the Youth Congress, and surprised the audience by announcing that the unity attained in France would be duplicated in America. He stated that the unity proposals of the Communist Party would be considered by his party on Labor Day week-end. Thomas also endorsed the Workers' Unemployment Insurance Bill, H. R. 7598.

Browder, speaking after Thomas and representatives of the Farmer-Labor Federation and New America, took up the question of unity. "Unity of struggle against reaction is good," he declared, "and therefore the unity established here by the youth is significant. It has resulted in the smashing of a fascist movement."

Commenting on the possibility and necessity of unity, Browder explained, "Certainly the need for unity is going to force everyone who attempts to lay claim to leadership of the working class to be ready for unity or be thrown aside."

**Browder Urges Struggle**  
The leader of the Communist Party then took up the position of the speakers who had disparaged the necessity of fighting for immediate demands in favor of a very vague explanation of the need for a "new social order." Only the Communists, who are revolutionists, insist upon struggling for the immediate demands of the people.

"Mr. Thomas mentioned that the so-called Lunden Bill was the best unemployment insurance measure. Why wasn't this bill, the Workers' Unemployment Insurance Bill, H. R. 7598, introduced?"

Browder, speaking after Thomas and representatives of the Farmer-Labor Federation and New America, took up the question of unity. "Unity of struggle against reaction is good," he declared, "and therefore the unity established here by the youth is significant. It has resulted in the smashing of a fascist movement."



# BIG CHICAGO AUDITORIUM OBTAINED FOR ANTI-WAR CONGRESS

## Broad Committee Is Formed to Prepare For National Parley

### Trade Union and Other Leaders on Group for Arrangements

(Daily Worker Midwest Bureau)  
CHICAGO, Aug. 17.—Ashland Auditorium, one of the finest halls in Chicago, has been definitely secured as the meeting place of the United States Congress Against War and Fascism, September 28, 29 and 30.

A broad arrangements committee for the Congress is being established here. A number of trade unionists, working class leaders and prominent individuals have already agreed to work to make the meeting a success.

Among these are Dan Hart, president of a local of the Brotherhood of Machinists; Helpers, Professor Charles H. Behre of Northwestern University, Miss Alice Boynton, former president of the Women's International League for Peace and Freedom; Bill Gebert, District Organizer of the Communist Party; Dr. Arthur G. Falls of the Inter-racial Commission of the Urban League, Carl Haessler of Federated Press, Drs. H. M. Richter and Martin Zeisler, Claude Lightfoot of the League of Struggle for Negro Rights, who is also a candidate for State Assembly on the Communist ticket; Stella Goldberg of the Chicago High School Teachers' Association, Edith Benjamin of the Illinois State Teachers' Association, John Groth, prominent artist who recently exhibited in Moscow; Mrs. Sidney Everscott, peace chairman of the Illinois Conference of Jewish Women's Organizations; Julia I. Feisenthal, chairman of the Chicago branch of the same organization, and Mrs. Alfred Hamburger.

The A. F. of L. Trade Union Committee for Unemployment Insurance has elected two delegates to the arrangements committee.

The address of the committee is Room 405, 169 North La Salle St.

**LICENSE NOTICES**  
NOTICE is hereby given that license number A-8105 has been issued to the undersigned to sell beer at retail, under the Alcoholic Beverage Control Law, at 2083 Lexington Ave., New York, N. Y., for off premises consumption.

## Our Week-End Program

- The Artef English and Jewish Plays
- Hans Eisler Trio in Popular Concert
- Chorus of 60 Voices in New Soviet Songs
- Banquet Saturday for the Morning Freiheit
- Followed by Dancing
- Prominent Speakers SATURDAY A. M. Fred Biedenapp on "Trade Unionism"
- SUNDAY FORUM Israel Amter "Fascist Trends in U.S.A."
- SUNDAY EVENING The Road to Life Soviet Movie
- Swimming, Boating, Water Spectacles, Games, Etc.
- Daily Events—Interesting!
- You'll Like This Comradely

### CAMP UNITY

Wingdale, New York  
Rates: \$14 a week. Cars leave from 2700 Bronx Park E. at 10:30 A. M. Today: 10 A. M., 3 and 7 P. M. ALgonquin 4-1148

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RFD No. 1, Box 384, Saugerties, N. Y.  
Rates \$14 and \$15 per week, depending upon accommodations.  
West Shore R.R. or Greenbush and Short Line buses to Saugerties.  
Telephone: Saugerties 82 P. 5. New York telephone: BUTLERfield 8-3663 or HANtax 5-2383.

### To Hire AIRY, LARGE MEETING ROOMS and HALL

Suitable for Meetings, Lectures and Dances in the Czechoslovak Workers House, Inc. 347 E. 72nd St., New York Telephone: RHineclander 5097

## Four More Are Indicted With Hillsboro 11

### Smerkin, Taylor Springs Councilman, and Two Others Accused

HILLSBORO, Ill., Aug. 17.—The special grand jury that indicted the Hillsboro Eleven returned indictments last week against four more workers: Frank Smerkin of Chicago; George Mucci, P.M.A. miner and Board member of the Village of Taylor Springs; John Jurkanin, and John Panscik, both unemployed workers of Taylor Springs.

Mucci, Jurkanin and John Panscik, a brother of Frank Panscik arrested in the first group, were arrested Friday afternoon, charged with "conspiracy to overthrow the government."

In a letter from prison, the Hillsboro prisoners declare their unbroken solidarity with the struggles of the working-class, after two months' imprisonment and the futile efforts of the ruling class to break their militant spirit.

"Our spirit is not broken nor can anything break our determination to work continually in the interest of our class, the working-class, and continue our struggle for a decent living," the letter declares.

## Japan Inspires Anti-Soviet Lies

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place on the night of Aug. 13 and 14.

Altogether 19 employees of the railway, Soviet citizens, were arrested on that night, also. Well-informed Kharbin circles regard these arrests as the beginning of a widely-planned provocation, seeking to "prove" that the numerous attacks by "bandits" on the Eastern Branch of the Chinese Eastern Railway—the Chinese Eastern Railway—train accidents, raids on stations and settlements, kidnaping "by bandits" of employees on the Chinese Eastern Railway, murdering some of them and generally whole outrages in the regime, which employees and their families have been subjected to in the past months, were organized by the employees of the Eastern Branch of the C. E. R. themselves.

According to reliable information on hand, these arrests are just beginning. The proposed arrest of several scores more of Soviet citizens, and the Japanese military's preparing for the declaration of martial law on the Eastern Line of the C. E. R. has as its object the actual seizure of the Chinese Eastern Railway.

All these measures are the developments of a wide action, exerting pressure on the progress of the Chinese Eastern Railway negotiations, and which has been encouraged by the commencement of an anti-Soviet campaign in the Japan-Manchurian press.

It is simultaneously reported that the Acting Consul General of Kharbin, Raivid, lodged a protest to the Diplomatic Commission of Manchukuo in connection with the offense given to the Consul General of the U. S. S. R. at Kharbin, Slavutsky, by a Manchurian government employee, a white-guard named Kostomarov.

Kostomarov, who is the Inspector of the Criminal Search Department of the Manchurian police, broke into the official car at the station in Butkeda, in a drunken state, with shouts and abusive language, wherein Slavutsky was traveling to take the cure. Kostomarov asked Slavutsky to produce his "document."

Slavutsky went into his compartment to get his passport, asking the zealous policeman to wait at the corridor, as a child was sleeping in the compartment. However, the whiteguard refused to wait and entered the compartment, continuing his outrageous behavior.

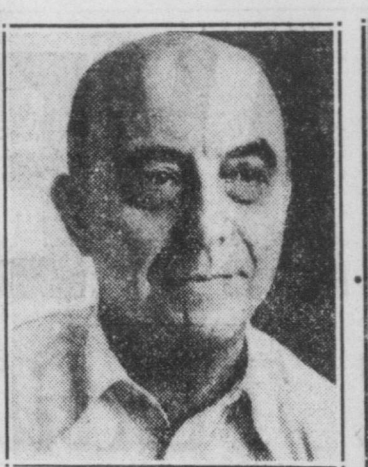
Despite Slavutsky's showing Kostomarov the safe conduct document to the Manchurian authorities and his diplomatic passport, the whiteguard continued his hoodlumism and extremely arrogant behavior.

The hoodlum behavior of the white-guard policeman toward Slavutsky undoubtedly had a provocative object, and this incident did not lead to further complications on the spot only because Slavutsky showed exceptional presence of mind in refusing to be provoked.

## TENTS CAMP EQUIPMENT

Lowest Prices in New York City  
**SQUARE DEAL**  
ARMY and NAVY STORE  
121 Third Avenue (near 14th Street)  
THE WORKINGMEN'S STORE

## STRESS FINANCIAL AID IN NEW PLANS FOR DAILY WORKER



(Left to right) Clarence Hathaway, editor of the Daily Worker; James Casey, in charge of the news staff, who will be managing editor; George Wishniak, business manager, and Charles Krumbin, organizer of District 2, Communist Party.

## Reactionaries Head Textile Union Again

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of some support had they opposed him. This failure to put up a candidate against MacMahon belied their militant-sounding speeches. MacMahon, triumphant over those delegates who favor militant strike action, told reporters immediately after his re-election that he will put the question of wages, hours and stretchout in the hands of President Roosevelt and seek through Roosevelt to secure arbitration which will head off the strike. Thus MacMahon already carries a step further his previous betrayal, when he postponed the cotton textile strike this summer, and now lays the basis for once more preventing the textile cotton workers from putting up a fight for their demands. Even though it has already been made clear time and again that the textile workers have nothing to hope for from the NRA, MacMahon takes the whole question back into the lap of the NRA and Roosevelt. This policy of heading off the strike means sure defeat for the demands of the textile workers if allowed to go through.

### Roosevelt Aids Reactionaries

The hand of the Roosevelt government was stretched out to MacMahon yesterday to strengthen his position, when it was announced in Washington only a few hours before the election of officers that MacMahon had been appointed a member of the Labor Advisory Board of the NRA.

### Krumbin Sees Gains

Commenting on the proposed changes in the Daily Worker, Charles Krumbin, district organizer of the Communist Party in District 2, yesterday said: "The decision of the Party to publish 'The New York Daily Worker' in two editions will be stirring news to thousands of workers in this city. I am convinced that this is a step which will bring to the Daily

## Daily Worker to Publish 3 Editions Starting Oct. 1

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Worker by the acquisition of a regular news service.

Above all, the "Daily" plans to provide its readers in the field with news of all important strike struggles, relief actions, demonstrations and news of general interest to the workers of the entire country, thus serving as an even more effective fighter than ever before in the struggles of the workers and farmers of the United States.

### Hathaway Makes Appeal

Clarence Hathaway, editor of the Daily Worker, yesterday declared that the plan for three editions of the "Daily," marks the boldest and most important step in the development of the Daily Worker as a popular mass paper and as a collective agitator and organizer of the working class.

"The doubling of the circulation of the Daily Worker during the past year shows that it is possible to reach thousands of new readers for the 'Daily.' But we have only barely scratched the surface. The plan to publish three editions of the Daily Worker should put the paper in the position of being an even more effective fighter than it has been in the past.

"We are confident that the workers will support us in our determination to improve the Daily Worker by giving their utmost support to the drive to raise \$60,000 for the paper."

### Statement by Wishniak

Wholeheartedly financial support of the Daily Worker is imperative if the new program for the "Daily" is to be carried out, George Wishniak, business manager of the paper said yesterday in commenting upon the announcement of the changes that are to take place on October 1st. "Previous improvements in the Daily Worker," he said, "have been made possible by the enthusiastic financial assistance of its readers and friends. Our new program, the most ambitious we have ever undertaken, will not succeed. But in order to guarantee this every reader of the paper, every member of the Communist Party, every sympathizer of the revolutionary movement must get behind the drive to raise \$60,000 to maintain and improve the Daily Worker."

## Celebrate Fifteenth Anniversary Of C. P., Making 'Daily' Secure

(Statement of the Central Committee, C.P.U.S.A.)

(Continued from Page 1)

tent. Its circulation has grown considerably. It has become a more effective fighter for the day-to-day needs of the toiling masses and for the revolutionary aims of the masses expressed only by the Communist Party.

The Central Committee calls upon all workers and workers' organizations to contribute to the \$60,000 fund. For the first time in the Daily Worker's history a full year has elapsed since the last appeal. This indicates a strengthening of the paper's financial position. But it also increases the need now for quick response. Money is urgently needed.

The Central Committee calls upon the Communist Party and sympathetic workers' organizations to organize the campaign. Reliance on spontaneous response would mean defeat. Thousands of workers must be solicited. Many hundreds of workers' organizations must be visited. Special committees for the conduct of the drive must be set up. The drive to retain the Daily Worker must run through every phase of Party activity. The masses must be rallied to the paper's defense.

Quick results require the development of real Socialist competition. District must challenge district, section must challenge section. Some have already done so. Pittsburgh has challenged Philadelphia; Cleveland has challenged Detroit; Denver has challenged St. Louis. Other districts must follow these examples, mobilizing all their strength to raise their quota, and to exceed their quota.

Comrades: Everybody to work to raise the needed \$60,000!

Assure the continued publication of the "Daily"!

Help to enlarge the "Daily"!

Help America's only revolutionary daily newspaper to spread its work to every farm, hamlet, village, town and city in the United States!

### LEFT WING GEOP HOLDS AFFAIR

NEW YORK—The left wing of Dress Local 22, will hold a seashore festival and ball tonight at "Case di Amor" 31st Street, Coney Island. All left wingers from every opposition within the A. F. of L. are invited. Good music and a good time is assured.

## Browder Speaks At Youth Congress

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Unemployment Insurance Bill, introduced by reformists, but by the Communist Party? Why is it that only the Communists put up the sharpest demands for a few cents increase in the wages of the workers while the reformists, the Greens, Wolls, and down to every Central Labor Council are always ready to sell-out these "little" demands?

Browder then proceeded to analyze the other speeches of the evening. Bingham of the Farmer-Labor Federation, as well as Selden Rodman of New America denied that class consciousness exists in America. Following from this premise they hide the immediate tasks of the masses behind phrases of the need for education and blur the necessity of class struggle.

Bingham was put in a very embarrassing position when he was asked to explain the strike-breaking activities of Gov. Olson of Minnesota.

Browder stated: "Governor Olson's action is not accidental. It follows from the denial of class lines." The logic of the class struggle forces everyone to take sides in a critical situation and Olson took the side of the capitalist class which he represents. "The claim that class consciousness is absent in America, is not typical Americanism but typical petty-bourgeois ideology, an ideology formed when this group attempts to take a leading role. It is the ideology of fascism."

"We're willing to exploit the revolutionary traditions of the United States, but we don't want to bring forth a new edition of the Daughters of the American Revolution. In 1776 the Declaration of Independence was formed to establish 'new safeguards' for liberty. Then it meant bourgeois democracy. In 1920 new safeguards means the Dictatorship of the Proletariat and Soviet Powers established through the violent overthrow of the ruling class. Anyone who tells the masses that any other way is possible is spreading fatal illusions. Civil war is not determined by the rising class. We must fight for power or abandon our claim as a progressive class in history."

Browder emphasized the need for preparing for armed struggle by pointing to the wave of fascist terror in California the morning the workers united to threaten the oppression forced on them.

Stormy applause greeted Browder's closing remark that "the Communist Party fights for the broadest possible unity. In this fight all of the youth will be won for the revolution."

### Classified

VICINITY UNION SQUARE—Airy, 1-2-3 Studio. Artistically redecorated. Furnished-unfurnished. Reasonable. 145 2nd Ave., Apt. 28. Elevator.

NICE Light Room, reasonable price. 1809 7th Ave., Apt. 7B.

COUPLE wants, rent or sublet furnished apartment, reasonable, reliable. Box 7 c/o Daily Worker.

FURNISHED apartment, one room, bath, kitchenette in modern elevator apartment on Amsterdam Ave. near 102nd St. Twenty minutes from Union Sq., until October 1. Extremely reasonable.

CHICAGO—Wanted car going to New York to take one passenger. Kidman c/o Gibbs, 1121 N. Campbell Ave., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED to buy photographs of the "Fascist Funeral" that took part at our May 1st parade and organized by Comrade R. P. Kindy reply to Julio Valdes, 25 W. 111th St., N. Y. C.

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## Phila. Police Assail Jobless Men in Raids

### Terror Campaign Tries To Stifle the Growing Protests

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 17.—In an effort to halt the growing resentment of the jobless workers against the refusal of Governor Pinchot to call a special session of the Legislature to provide relief funds after the present funds become exhausted on Aug. 31, the police and courts here are conducting a reign of terror to prevent any organizational activities by the unemployed.

Since Monday police squads have been rushing up and down the streets near the Shelter for Homeless Men at 18th and Hamilton Sts., arresting whole groups of men for loitering. Many have already been sentenced to five days in the Moyamensing County jail.

Robert Clark, North Philadelphia Unemployment Council organizer, is being held in \$500 bail today following his arrest Wednesday by Constable Smith, to whom he protested the latter's threats to evict all unemployed in the neighborhood. Magistrate Lindell, before whom Clark appeared, refused to allow him time to obtain legal aid from the International Labor Defense and ordered him held without allowing him to say one word in his defense.

The intensified terror that is being used against the unemployed generally is aimed to crush their growing organizational opposition to the "relief" handouts of unwholesome and insufficient food, and their demands for more relief. The Unemployment Councils which are leading the struggles, recently forced important concessions from the relief bureaus.

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Chinese Dishes 30c  
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BEACON-ON-THE-HUDSON, NEW YORK  
REVIVES A TRADITION!  
—and again leads as a Center of Proletarian Culture  
You Will Enjoy the New Outburst of Theatrical Experimentation  
"A WAR SOUVENIR"  
A New Play by Nathaniel Buchwald, Produced for the First Time. Directed by Jack Shapiro, of the Theatre Collective.  
You Will Enjoy Our Gay Campfire Programs, Musical, Dramatic Skits, Wise-Tracks, Satirical-political Stories, etc. In Our Campfire Paper. You'll Like It!  
HEAR THE PIERRE DEGETTER TRIO IN CONCERTS  
That Have Won Great Popularity  
DANCE TO OUR FIVE PIECE JAZZ BAND  
Every Sport—From Swimming to a Ball Game  
Hear HERBERT BENJAMIN  
National Organizer Unemployment Councils,  
ROOSEVELT'S "SOCIAL SECURITY" PROGRAM  
and Many Surprises! Are You Coming?  
Low Rates: \$14 a Week or \$2.65 a Day  
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156 W. 29th St. New York



# NEW YORK RELIEF CONFERENCE AND DEMONSTRATION CALLED

## United Action Body Calls Broad Parley And City Hall March

### City-Wide Delegate Conference Set for Aug. 26—Mass Meeting and Presentation of Demands to Mayor for Sept. 22

NEW YORK—The United Action Committee on Work, Relief and Unemployment yesterday issued a call to all mass organizations for a conference on Sunday, August 26, at the Stuyvesant Casino, 142 Second Avenue at 1 p.m. The conference is to prepare for a city-wide demonstration of workers on September 22. Each organization is urged to elect two delegates to the conference.

Preliminary plans for the demonstration provide for a meeting in Union Square at 10 a.m., a mass meeting on City Hall, the presentation of demands for relief to the Mayor and open air speeches by representatives of participating organizations and noted sympathizers. The call is signed by James Gaynor, chairman of the United Action Committee.

After reciting the drastic reductions of relief in the face of increasing need, the policy of discrimination and police suppression of workers' rights, the call declares:

"This action must not be the ordinary demonstration permitting the Mayor to openly display his contempt of all needy workers by his branding them as 'nickel snatchers,' 'chislers,' 'yellow dogs' and 'cowards' but must be of a sharp and impressive character, even overshadowing that of March 6th, 1930. A demonstration that will bring real concessions from him, all of which can be adequately financed by enactment of our demands to rescind the Bankers' agreement, taxation of incomes in the higher brackets, stock transfer taxation and taxation of non-exempt real estate, etc.

"We urgently solicit your every assistance toward making this action a memorable one by:

"Electing and sending delegates to the August 26th conference to aid in the adoption of such a program, and the selection of speakers and the delegation to see the Mayor.

"Issuing leaflets and using every other possible means to publicize and popularize the August 26th conference and the September 22nd demonstration to your local, projects and neighborhoods.

"Holding neighborhood action for increased relief, protests against lay-offs on projects and meetings in neighborhoods, shops, etc.

"Sending contribution with delegate will help to cover expense of work of conference."

The Daily Worker can Better Aid Your Struggles if You Build its Circulation.

DISTRICT COMM. OF INTERNATIONAL WORKERS' ORDER endorses the Daily Worker Financial Drive and calls upon its members and sympathizers to help make the campaign a success.

The District Committee asks all branches to come out to the Red Press Picnic on August 19 and bring their contributions to this picnic. All money collected during the campaign should be sent directly to the Philadelphia Office.

DIST. COMM. I. W. O. C. ROSELLE, SEC.

20,000 New Readers by September 1 means 20,000 Additional Recruits for Organized Class Struggle!

Philadelphia, Pa.

### RED PRESS PICNIC

SUNDAY, AUGUST 19th, 1934  
at Old Berkies Farm  
Hear! ANGELO HERNDON  
Heroic young Negro worker just released on bail from Atlanta prison  
CLARENCE HATHAWAY  
Editor Daily Worker, main speaker  
Labor Sports Union  
Freiheit Germans Farein  
Music : Baseball : Prize  
Campfire and Dancing in the Evening

### NEW ENGLANDERS!

District I.L.D. and Daily Worker  
**PICNIC**  
Sunday, Aug. 19  
Olympia Park  
Shrewsbury, Mass.  
5 Miles East of Worcester, Mass.  
Beer Bar — Orchestra Music — Excellent Food — Rowing  
Swimming — Games — Speaker  
Voluntary Contribution at Gate  
Bostonians: Buses and cars leave from all Workers Centers at 10 A.M. sharp

### RED PRESS PICNIC

of the  
Daily Worker — Morning Freiheit  
Sunday, August 19th  
WHITE HOUSE GROVE  
Irving Park Boulevard and River Drive  
Program: Games, Dancing, Refreshments  
Gates Open 10 A.M. Admissions 15c  
DIRECTIONS: Take Irving Park Blvd. car to end of line where our buses will take you direct to grove.

## Lynn Men See Boston Relief Chief on Cut

### Workers March 13 Mi. To Demand E. R. A. Pay Restoration

SPECIAL TO THE DAILY WORKER  
BOSTON, Aug. 17.—A mass delegation of fifty E. R. A. workers of Lynn, Mass., marched thirteen miles yesterday to State Administrator Carney's office in Boston demanding restoration of their \$12 weekly wage for three days work. The delegation represented 2,100 Lynn E. R. A. workers who have been cut four dollars a week. Local administrator McArde and Mayor Manning both refuse to supplement their reduced wages with local welfare relief.

Though telegraphed in the morning of the intended visit, Carney was "out of town" when the delegation arrived. Demands were left with Assistant Administrator Meilgo, who promised an answer by today.

The spokesman for the delegation was Joseph Leedes, Communist candidate for Congress and chairman of the Lynn E. R. A. Workers Protective Union.

The delegation will report tonight at a mass meeting in Lynn. The workers are determined to take strike action if their demands are not granted.

## Chicago Painters' Local Protests the Expulsion of 2 Militant Members

(Daily Worker Midwest Bureau)  
CHICAGO, Aug. 17.—Painters Local 275 voted this week to protest the expulsion without trial of Frank Robbins and Brier, militant members of Local 521.

Robbins and Brier were beaten up by thugs of Al Green, paint store owner who bosses 521, and were later expelled because they fought for the rights of the rank and file painters.

They had no hearing or trial, and therefore carried an appeal to the Painters District Council. The appeal was overruled last week and the expulsions sustained.

A broad campaign among various locals of the union is planned to mobilize the support of the rank and file of the painters behind a demand for a fair trial for the two brothers.

## 150 Needle Workers Win Increase in Pay

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Aug. 17.—The Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union on Wednesday forced the Long Wear Overall Company, employing 150 workers, to sign an agreement giving the workers a 10 per cent pay increase, equal division of work, and the full right to belong to the union.

An organizational drive is also being carried on among the raincoat workers.

## What's On

FICHO of Unemployed & Relief Workers which was held in Astoria today has been called off. Tickets good for Daily Worker Picnic, August 26.

Manhattan

Saturday  
RED SPARK CLUB outing to Camp Nidgedalget. Leaving 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. from 64 Second Ave. Week ending will include 3 meals, night's sleep and transportation for \$3. Registration at above address.

ENTERTAINMENT—Soviet movie, "America Today" workers' newswear, chalk talk by "Del" at Entertainment and Dance of New York Red Builders at United Front Supporters Hall, 11 W. 18th St., 3rd floor. Admission 25c. In advance 20c. Tickets obtainable from Red Builder and Workers Bookshop, 50 E. 13th St., Daily Worker Dist. Office, 35 E. 12th St.

GARDEN PARTY and Dance given by Taxicab Drivers Union, La Maison Fayde, 762 St. Nicholas Ave., 8:30 p. m. Hot Jazz Orchestra, Musical Program, Headlines by National Negro Theatre. Tickets in advance 25c, at door 35c.

POSTPONED—Studio Party at Newman's Studio, 35 W. 57th St., scheduled for last night under auspices of Pierre Deygert Club announced in New Masses. Watch this column for further announcements.

ENTERTAINMENT and Dance at Dancers Theatre, 6 E. 14th St., 3rd floor. Admission: Harriet Tubman Br. L. S. N. R., celebrating the unveiling of C. G. R. mission 15c in advance, 20c at door, 8:30 p. m.

POETRY PARTY given by Writers Group of the Vanguard, 235 W. 135th St. Poetry reading from 8 p. m. till 11 p. m. Followed by dancing and entertainment till morning. Admission 25c.

DANCE given by Fred Douglas Br. L. S. N. R. at 1492 Madison Ave. near 102nd St., 8:30 p. m.

PARTY AND DANCE, celebrating 102nd coming Unity Theatre Production, 66 Fifth Ave., 9 p. m. Prominent artists will entertain. Drinks. Subscription 35c.

CENTRO CULTURAL OBRERO, 220 E. 14th St. will hold a festival featuring a new Spanish Theatre Group in the latest sketch "The Final Struggle." Also a number of Spanish classical dances. Dancing till 2 a. m. Contribution 15c.

DANCE—Entertainment—Beer at Italia Workers Center, 233 E. Tenth St., 9 p. m.

FRIENDS of the Workers School, 116 University Pl., 8:30 p. m. Old Fashioned Social. Entertainment—"Del" Cartoonist, games, contests—dancing—refreshments. Our new headquarters are unusual.

Bronx  
PARTY AND DANCE at 1401 Jerome Ave. on 170th St., 9 p. m. Admission 15c. Auspices: Mt. Eden Br. F. S. U.

SUMMER PICNIC—7rd celebration, refreshments free—good time. 599 Crescent Ave., Y. C. L. Unit 8.

PARTY and Dance given by Unit 18 Y.C.L. at Tremont Progressive Club, 866 E. Tremont Ave. Refreshments and entertainment. Admission 10 cents, 8:30 p. m.

Brooklyn  
BORO PARK Workers Club, 4704 18th Ave. Ice cream and mellow party. Rooms will be cooled. Admission 15c.

SECOND ANNUAL Mid-Summer Concert and Dance given by Hinsdale Workers Club at Coney Island Workers Club, 2474 W. 7th St. near Mermaid Ave. Musical Union. Dram Group, Chorus, Music by Jack Shubman's Radio Orchestra. Admission 25c in advance. On sale at clubrooms, 572 Sutter Ave. and other workers clubs.

SEA SHORE Festival given by Left Wing Group of Local 22 at C. S. D'Amora, 31st St. and Mermaid Ave. Jazz Band, good time, 8:30 p. m. Tickets in advance 35c, at door 50c.

CONCERT and Refreshments arranged by Unit 2, Scott St., 17 at 87 Bay 20th St. Admission 15c. Proceeds for Daily Worker.

PROFESSOR Pupper given by Women Council 18 at 4109 13th Ave. 8 p. m.

## Gutters of New York



"Pardon, madam, but that fountain is used by our customers!"  
"Oooh so sorry! I thought it was just for employees."  
(An actual incident that occurred in Park and Taylors' department store.)

## Dakota Indians Workers Hit Fight Against Police Raids Discrimination On South Side

(Daily Worker Midwest Bureau)  
CHICAGO, Aug. 17.—Condemning the use of terror against workers' organizations in Chicago and throughout the country, more than 200 South Side Negro and white workers at a meeting here Tuesday called for mass protests against police provocation and attacks on the workers.

Resolutions to Governor Horner, Mayor Kelly, and State Attorney Courtney demanding that these officials stop raids on workers' meetings were adopted. The arrest of two organizers of the Packing House Workers Industrial Union during the strike of livestock handlers at the stockyards was pointed out particularly as a violation of workers' rights.

Frank Gallagher, one of the organizers called, spoke at the meeting and declared arrests would not stop the progress of the industrial union in the stock yards. He predicted the settlement agreed to by A. F. of L. officials in the strike would not last and another strike was bound to come against the A. F. of L. misleadership.

The throng enthusiastically greeted Mary Powers, a Negro worker of Alabama, who was forced to flee from the state under threats of arrest and lynching because she organized the workers in the state.

Other speakers included Andy Neuhoff of the International Labor Defense and Joe Weber of the Trade Union Unity League.

## Muste 'Unemployment' Policy Is to Help the Landlords Out

ALLENTOWN, Pa., Aug. 17.—The policy of the Muste leaders in the Unemployed Leagues here in collaborating with and aiding the landlords is sabotaging the struggle of the jobless workers against evictions.

The Central Evictions Committee of the Unemployed Leagues, a Muste-led organization, spends its time in taking up complaints from landlords against unemployed in families who cannot pay rent. The policy of the Musteites is that if the old landlord will provide a month's rent for the jobless tenant, the Central Evictions Committee of the Unemployed Leagues will help move him to another home.

As a result of this policy a railroad worker who had been unemployed for the past three years and had lost his small home which he had bought with hard-earned savings, was forced to move out with his wife and six children after the Unemployed League leaders had "fixed it up" with the landlord. The landlord paid a month's rent for a new home and with the aid of the Musteites, got rid of the unemployed worker.

This no-struggle policy is contained in the fifth clause of the League's constitution and it reflects the general viewpoint of the Muste leaders. Because of the dissatisfaction of the members with the policy, the chairman of the Central Evictions Committee, Beisel, a Musteite, and two others, had to resign.

Because the Leagues follow a policy of only helping members, many jobless workers who are not members progress away from the meeting called by the league recently to protest a sheriff's farm sale in Catsaquia. The League leaders had called a protest demonstration under pressure from the locals who were demanding action. Since the farmer had been in the league only one week many members of the league who had been inculcated with the Musteite idea of helping only league members, were reluctant to aid in the action.

Workers in the fourteenth ward League are becoming disgusted with the passive, landlord-assisting policies of the Musteites. One railroad worker, William Best, recently stated that he will "fight to the death against evictions" and will not let them throw out his wife and eight children.

program and discussion will be held at 7 p. m. at 4109 13th Ave. Admission free. Auspices: 18th Ave. Workers Center.

PICNIC given by Pelham Parkway Br. F. S. U. at Tibbets Brook, F. S. U. Field 2, 10 a. m. Music—dancing, games, refreshments, bathing. White Plains Road Saturday, Aug. 19 at 125 S. 8th St. Continuous showing 1 p. m. to 11 p. m. Subscription 25c.

FREE PICNIC of Daily Worker and Labor Defender, August 19 at Old Berkies Farm, Glance Hathaway, editor of Daily Worker, will speak.

New Brunswick, N. J.  
BANQUET and Reception given by Tom Scott Br. I.L.D. to welcome Tom Scott, District Chairman and South River Strike Leader, Sunday, Aug. 19, 6:30 p. m. at Ladies Aid Hall, New Street. Tickets 25c.

ROY HUDSON, National Seely Marine Workers Industrial Union, will speak on "San Francisco General Strike" Monday, Aug. 20, 8:30 p. m. at 168 W. 23rd St. Open membership meeting Press League.

W.L.R. DISTRICT Membership meeting, Mon. Aug. 20, 8 p. m. at 4th-12th Federal Union Hall, 18 W. 23rd St. Members of W.L.R. Film-Photo League, W.L.R. Band, Medical units and neighborhood groups are urged to attend.

## United Front Defies Police In Chicago

### 14 Groups Plan To Meet on Block Where Cops Attacked Last Week

(Daily Worker Midwest Bureau)  
CHICAGO, Aug. 17.—Roused to action by the brutal attack upon a Communist election rally on Roosevelt Road Saturday, and by the open threat to smash all such meetings in the neighborhood made by the Chicago police, 14 workers' organizations have set up a United Front Free Speech Committee.

A mass election rally will be held on Roosevelt Road and St. Louis Ave., the same place where last week's arrests were made. The United front committee is calling upon all West Side workers to come to the meeting and force the police to reverse their rule.

Protests are also being sent to Lieut. Peterson of the Fillmore Police Station at Crawford and Fillmore Sts., and to Police Commissioner Allman at the City Hall. The committee urges all organizations to add their protests to those already sent.

All interested in the fight for freedom of speech on the West Side can contact the United Front Committee at 3228 Roosevelt Rd.

## Chicago Will Observe August 22 as Defense Day for Class Victims

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 17.—Plans for Sacco-Vanzetti memorial demonstrations on Aug. 22 in four important cities of this district have been announced by the International Labor Defense. The memorial day, which will be turned into a day of defense of Angelo Herndon, the Scottsboro Boys, the Hillsboro prisoners and Ernst Thaelmann will see two meetings in Chicago and others in Mishawaka, Rockford and Indianapolis.

Preparations are also being made here for a mass conference on Sunday called jointly by the International Labor Defense and the League of Struggle for Negro Rights to raise funds for the defense of Herndon and the Scottsboro prisoners.

One of the Scottsboro mothers will be the principal speaker at the Chicago Sacco-Vanzetti meetings, one of which will be at Union Park, Ogden and Randolph Sts., at 6 p. m., and the other will be at 51st St. and Prairie Ave. at 5 p. m.

## Spring Makers Force Company to Negotiate By Show of Militancy

NEW YORK.—Militant action of fifty workers of the Rein Box Spring Co. striking for higher wages under the leadership of the Maritime Section of the National Furniture Workers' Industrial Union, local 2, yesterday forced the employer to ask for negotiations.

The employer had called in the officials of the A. F. of L. Upholsterers' Union after the strike was called to send in scabs. When the workers repudiated the misleaders and voted to remain out solid under the militant leadership of the N.F.W.I.U., the employer submitted to negotiations.

Meanwhile the workers remain out solid and are determined to stay out until they win. Though the fifty workers of this shop have been underpaid and exploited they were never organized by any other union besides the N.F.W.I.U.

## Metal Bed Workers Strike in Newark

NEWARK, N. J., Aug. 17.—When the two biggest shops in the metal bed industry here heard of the general strike of New York workers, they voted to go on strike at the same time for the same demands.

The National Furniture Workers Industrial Union, Local Six members in the American Metal Bed Company, the Drizin shop and the Sterling Metal Bed Company, immediately came out on strike. All workers, including the drivers, struck at the call of the union.

The American Metal Bed shop is closed solid and it is practically impossible for the bosses to deliver beds to any of their customers. They have few beds in stock. The employers spent \$120 in trying to make three deliveries. The Drizin shop tried to recruit former workers of the Simmons plant in Elizabeth, N. J., but were unsuccessful when the workers found out that a strike was in progress.

Philadelphia, Pa.

THE JOHN REED CLUB presents George Eisenstein's film, "Golden Mountains." Also Chaplin comedy, "The Circus" and "The Circus" Saturday, Aug. 19 at 125 S. 8th St. Continuous showing 1 p. m. to 11 p. m. Subscription 25c.

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Organizations!  
Don't arrange any affairs on the following dates:  
October 18, 19, 20 and 21.  
The above dates are taken for the Daily Worker, Morning Freiheit and Young Worker Bazaar

## Tainted Food, Graft, Brutality Are Meted to Illinois Guardsmen

### Forty Out of 60 in One Company Declare They Will Refuse to Shoot at Workers—Rank and File Paper Exposes Abuses

(Daily Worker Midwest Bureau)  
CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 17.—Exposure of wholesale poisoning of National Guardsmen with the rotten food at Camp Grant, of graft at the expense of the enlisted men, and a whole system of brutal suppression of every right of the Guardsmen is carried in the current issue of the Armory News, a worker-guardsmen paper published in Chicago.

Among the glaring facts this paper contains are the following:  
1. Thirty men of the 130th Infantry were poisoned by rotten beef sandwiches fed them while they were going to Camp Grant. In addition, many other worker-soldiers were sick, but were forced to continue drilling with no aid except typical army pills.

2. In spite of government promises of food for the guardsmen, they are forced to buy many necessities. They get no milk at mess and must pay 8 to 10 cents a pint, leaving a fat profit for the grafting officers. The National Guard canteen charges almost double the prices that are the rule at a nearby C.C.C. canteen, and guardsmen are forced to buy in the National Guard shop. In some companies, men are forced to pay 20 cents for a chicken dinner on Sunday.

3. One man has been killed and more injured in truck accidents at the camp.

4. An artilleryman of the 122nd reports that sick and injured men are forced to drill, in spite of orders from doctors to go off the active list. One serious case of blood poisoning is reported as a result of a guardsman being forced to drill with an injured foot.

The Armory News carries also news of the rising class-consciousness of the worker-soldiers. In one company in the Eighth Regiment, 40 out of 60 men said they would refuse to shoot down workers.

## Newark To Greet Scott, Released YCL Prisoner

NEWARK, Aug. 17.—Tom Scott, Young Communist League member who was released August 16 from an eighteen months framed jail sentence for his activity in the South River strike, will be greeted tomorrow by the Young Communist League of New Jersey at a moonlight youth carnival. The carnival, which is under the auspices of the Young Communist League of Newark, will be held at Meadow Grove, Westfield, N. J.

Moonlight dancing, a book auction, a hot dog roast, bonfire and entertainment are on the program for the night. Trucks will leave from 230 Court St., Newark at 7:00 P. M. Tickets are 25 cents.

### GARDEN PARTY DANCE

— at —  
La Maison Fayde  
792 St. Nicholas Ave.  
Hot Jazz Band  
Musical Program  
Headliners by  
National Negro Theatre  
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### RED BUILDERS DANCE AND ENTERTAINMENT

Saturday, August 18  
— 8:30 P. M. —  
United Front Supporters' Hall  
11 W. 18th St., 3rd floor  
"Sniper," Soviet Movie,  
"America Today" workers' newswear, Chalk Talk by "Del," Daily Worker cartoonist.  
Admission 20 cents in advance, 25c at the door  
Obtainable at Workers Bookshop, 50 E. 13th St.; Daily Worker District Office, 35 E. 12th St., and from Red Builders. Proceeds for Red Builders' uniforms.

### DAILY WORKER PICNIC

EXTRA!  
Sunday August 26  
ASTORIA, L. I.  
Dancing — Games — Sports  
DIRECTION: I.R.T. or B.M.T. Subway, Second Ave. "L" to Ditmars Ave. Bus to the park.  
Admission 25c

### TESTIMONIAL DINNER

To Celebrate the 50th Birthday of  
**ROBERT MINOR**  
Thursday, August 30, 1934, at 8 P. M.  
Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Pl.  
LEADING SPEAKERS  
JOHN REED CLUB  
EXHIBITION OF ROBERT MINOR'S WORKS  
Admission 75 Cents Auspices:  
New York District Committee  
Central Committee, C. P., U.S.A.

### RED ELECTION CARNIVAL and PICNIC

LABOR DAY  
MONDAY, Sept. 3, 1934  
10 A.M. TO MIDNIGHT  
MASS SINGING  
CONCERTS  
DANCING GAMES SPORTS  
Theatre — Dance  
North Beach Picnic Park  
Astoria, L. I.  
Admission 25c  
Directions: I.R.T. or B.M.T. subways or 2nd Ave. "L" to Ditmars Ave., Astoria; buses to park.



# Rakosi's Sister Urges Aid for Revolutionist Facing Death in Hungary

## Tells of Mighty Worldwide Protest Which Saved Mathias Rakosi in 1925—Describes "Systematic Physical and Moral Tortures"

By GISELLA RAKOSI

The Hungarian ruling class is preparing the legal murder of my brother Mathias Rakosi. Because of his political activity he was arrested in September, 1925, and brought before a court-martial. I can still remember him standing calmly before this bloody court; I can still remember how, himself in the shadow of the gallows, he defended the cause of the working class. Even at that time the whole cultural world became interested. A mighty solidarity movement in all countries, led by the International Red Aid, forced the hangmen to take down the gallows which had already been erected in the prison yard. Then my brother's case was forwarded to the ordinary court which sentenced him to eight and one-half years at hard labor.

From year to year this sentence became a heavier burden to bear, due to the cruel treatment, the systematic physical and moral tortures. I was a powerless witness of the struggle against the brutal regime and against the corruption of the prison administration, fought by my brother in order to improve the conditions of all the prisoners. How often I myself was roughly treated and chased away! I was even forced to serve a sentence of three months imprisonment because I firmly stood up for my brother. In the particularly severe winter of 1929 my brother was thrown into an underground window. Here he was made to suffer disciplinary punishment for three months. He remained in this horribly cold cell, without a mattress and without any winter clothes of any kind. It was your will alone, comrades, your protest that saved my brother from this cell of murder.

Tortured for Three Years

For more than three years of his eight and one-half years of imprisonment, Mathias Rakosi was made to suffer disciplinary punishment, to starve in the dark and cold punishment cells. Sentences of disciplinary punishment were passed against him seven times. Six times he was compelled to resort to hunger-strikes in protest against the inhuman treatment to which he was subjected—a total of 54 days on hunger strike.

And now, when he has already served his sentence, when his health has been utterly destroyed as a result of the hard labor, hunger and disciplinary punishments, the blood-thirsty government wishes to bring him again before the same court that passed sentence on him eight and one-half years ago, to drag him again to the gallows which were destroyed eight and one-half years ago by the storm of protest of all honest-minded people.

Health Now Ruined

As a result of this monstrous sentence of hard labor, Mathias Rakosi's health has been ruined, but his will is strong, and he is ready, notwithstanding all his sufferings, to continue the fight for our cause, the struggle to free all toilers from hunger and poverty, and from fascist terror. Just as was the case eight and one-half years ago, my brother is now threatened with the death sentence!

Class brothers and comrades! All you who have helped to snatch Dimitroff away from the clutches of the fascist hangmen! Raise your mighty voice once more against this planned assassination! Save my brother from the Hungarian hangmen!

Force the liberation of Mathias Rakosi!

Now 42 Years Old

Mathias Rakosi was born in 1892, in the district of Batschka—former Hungarian territory, now belonging to Yugoslavia. After graduating the Eastern Trade Academy in Budapest, he worked as office employee in Hamburg and later in London. While still a young student he actively participated in the Hungarian students movement, and directed it in support of the labor movement. He worked in the labor movement since 1910, first in Germany, and then in 1912, as member of the Social-Democratic Labor Federation in London. He was later expelled from this Federation because of his radical political opinions.

In 1914 Mathias Rakosi was called back to Hungary, for military service, and was sent to the front. Already in December, 1914, he was taken prisoner by the Russians. In the war prisoners camp in Chita (Far East) he worked diligently to further his Marxist education and developed the propaganda of revolutionary ideas among the war prisoners.

In the middle of 1918 he returned to Hungary with rich experience gained in the Russian October Revolution; and as officer in the Subbotitsa Garrison he conducted extensive anti-war activities. He soon joined the Hungarian Communist Party which was then organized, and within a short time he became one of the best mass agitators and organizers of the Hungarian Communist movement. At first he was secretary of the largest Party provincial organization—in Segedin.

On the formation of the Soviet Government in Hungary, in March, 1919, Rakosi, 27 years of age, was Assistant Peoples Commissary for Trade. For a time he was Chief Commandant of the Red Militia, and later he was appointed to one of the most delicate sectors of the Red Army in defense of the Subotitsa coal region, which was the only power base of the Soviet Government. As political commissar of an army division, Comrade Rakosi not only repelled the attacks of the Czechoslovakian Army, but also led his troops in a mighty counter-offensive.

After the overthrow of the proletarian dictatorship in Hungary, Rakosi together with other members

of the Hungarian Soviet Government escaped to Austria, where, in the social-democratic government interned him under strong guard. After his liberation in 1920 Rakosi went to the Soviet Union, and participated, as delegate of the Hungarian C. P., in the work of the Second Congress of the Communist International. At this Congress he made a report on the lessons of the Hungarian Soviet Republic. From 1921 to 1923 he was Secretary of the Comintern.

In 1924 Rakosi returned illegally to Hungary in order to newly organize the Communist Party which had been destroyed by the white terror. After eight months of this work he was betrayed by a provocateur, and arrested on September 25, 1925. Seven weeks later he was brought before an exceptional court (the supreme court of the time of martial law in Hungary). For his political activity as organizer of the Communist movement, as "agent of a foreign power," this court passed the sentence: "Death by hanging." Rakosi and his comrades transferred the court into a platform of revolutionary propaganda. Under the pressure of the mighty protest movement organized by the International Red Aid all over the world, the court was forced to declare itself not competent in the case of Rakosi and to forward it to an ordinary court which sentenced Rakosi to eight and one-half years of hard labor.

The Horthy Government applied every measure of physical and moral violence with the aim of killing Rakosi in prison. Every year this comrade was systematically thrown into the punishment cells for long periods of time. Sentences of disciplinary punishment were passed against him seven times. During three years, more than one-third of his imprisonment, he was made to suffer disciplinary arrest in the punishment cells. Six times he was compelled to resort to hunger-strikes in protest against the inhuman treatment to which he was subjected—a total of 54 days on hunger strike.

And now, when he has already served his sentence, when his health has been utterly destroyed as a result of the hard labor, hunger and disciplinary punishments, the blood-thirsty government wishes to bring him again before the same court that passed sentence on him eight and one-half years ago, to drag him again to the gallows which were destroyed eight and one-half years ago by the storm of protest of all honest-minded people.

# Lessons Cited Of Ohio Drive For Elections

By BEN GRAY

On Aug. 8, the Cleveland district's deadline for turning in the election petition, the Youngstown section surpassed its quota of 5,000 by turning in 5,600 signatures, 3,500 of which were collected in Youngstown proper. Despite a late start this was made possible first of all through the political mobilization of the Communist Party membership, by making the entire membership conscious of the importance of the election campaign and what it will mean to our Party to be on the ballot. Under the competent leadership of John Steuben this consciousness was translated into hard everyday work.

Throughout the drive our Party spoke personally with some 15,000 workers, most of whom had heard about our Party for the first time from other sources than the capitalist press.

What Are the Present Tasks?

What does this achievement mean for our Party? What do the workers think of our Party? And mainly, what is our task now? We will try in this limited space to answer these questions briefly.

The big drop in production of steel soon after the calling off of the June 16 strike by the Amalgamated Association leadership and Bill Green, and the general lowering of conditions in the mills, has caused great discontent among the steel workers which can be turned into militant mass struggle if proper leadership is provided. In many cases there were open expressions of complete disgust with the Roosevelt New Deal program. While the Party in Youngstown is still isolated from the workers in the steel mills, and the unemployed, the great response of the workers to our program and the evident sympathy and willingness to help, shows the growing prestige of our Party as a result of the great strike struggles in which the Party participated in nationally.

—San Francisco, Toledo, Milwaukee. Many workers said to our comrades: "Yes, your Party is O. K. It's got the right program, but what is it doing for the workers in Youngstown?" One worker who refused to sign the petition, who himself was unemployed over two years, said: "If he had ever heard about the struggles for increases in relief for the Reds. His answer came with a snap, 'yes, sure I've heard about them, but I ain't ever seen them.'"

It is to the credit of our Party nationally that a great percentage of signatures were secured among Negro workers.

These 5,600 signatures are not just names, but must be made into live contacts for our Party. The hearty criticism levelled against us by the workers generally and by the Negro workers in particular must be taken seriously by our Party in Youngstown as a challenge that must be met squarely. The issues raised by the workers must be made the central point of the election struggle. Systematic contact developed with these workers will bring them into the struggle and around our Party.

# Statement of the Executive Committee Of Young Communist International

## To the Unemployed and Employed Youth, Young Peasants, Soldiers and Sailors of the World!

Comrades!

Twenty years ago, at the command of the crowned murderers and armament kings, tens of millions of toilers were driven into the trenches of imperialist war.

During the four years of slaughter, twenty millions of the best sons of the people fell on the banks of the Ypres, at the approach to Verdun, on the Carpathian Mountains, on the fields of Alsace and Lorraine.

Though the war brought thousands of millions in profits to the capitalists, it thrust the toilers still deeper into the abyss of poverty and starvation, and increased the oppression and slavery of mankind. The BOURGEOIS "FATHERLAND," in the name of which oceans of blood was shed, in the name of which a whole generation of the flower of the youth perished, can now give to the young workers only the right to die or starvation.

In all the world, there was only one party, THE BOLSHEVIK PARTY, led by the great leader of the proletariat, LENIN, which from the very beginning of the war showed up the true meaning of this war of plunder with all the force of its revolutionary faithfulness to the cause of the working class, and called on the proletariat to struggle against the real enemies of the toilers, to fight against the bourgeoisie.

The proletarian youth, educated in the spirit of the best traditions of the anti-militarist struggle, were the first to join the party of Lenin and together with their KARL LIEBKNECHT they stood on the path of a hard and fierce struggle against imperialist wars and militarism.

The revolutionary organizations of the youth, which remained loyal to the end and to the cause of the working class in 1915, at the Berne Conference adopted an appeal to all the youth to struggle against war, and resolved to organize a single international youth day of anti-war struggle.

Boldly they raised the fighting flag of internationalism over the blood-stained ground of the trenches.

Hundreds of thousands of the youth seized on this fighting call and on October 3, 1915, marched out in demonstrations, organized strikes and presented to the governments their demands for the stopping of the war. Since then 19 years have passed. This year we celebrate the 20th International Youth Day.

The International Youth Day has become a fighting tradition for the revolutionary youth. And we, the Young Communist League, the only inheritors of the revolutionary behests of Stuttgart and Berne throughout all these years, hold high our banner of militant internationalism.

After the war, a new generation of the youth grew up. And those who had been born to the thunder of the cannon in the frightful slaughter of 1914, those who only know from the talk of their parents something of the war, they are the ones who today will have to go to serve in the army, and from them will be made millions of "unknown soldiers" and "valiant defenders" of the fatherlands of the Krupps, Schneiders, Creusots, Pilsudskys and Mussolins.

COMRADES! YOUNG WORKERS!

Today the danger of a new imperialist war and the threat to the fatherland of the world proletariat is extremely serious.

You yourselves can see how fully the war factories are working. You can see every day parades and army maneuvers. You are driven by force into the military and fascist organizations of the youth. In the schools and universities, the most reactionary and chauvinistic teachings about the right of one nation to oppress another are driven into your heads. In the organizations formed by the bourgeoisie, millions of the youth are trained in the spirit of national hatred and subordination to the bourgeois state. The majority of the youth are militarized and taught military training in some form or another.

WHY IS THIS BEING DONE?

In whose interests are millions of dollars and francs spent on the manufacture of cannons and poison gases?

At whose expense are the huge armies and the armed fascist gangs supported?

The bourgeoisie are preparing for new wars, for an attack on the U.S.S.R., and they are militarizing the whole population and above all the youth, through the most savage plunder of the toiling masses, and they are implanting fascist organizations for the purpose of crushing the growing indignation of the workers and peasants in order to ensure the peacefulness of the rear in time of war.

You are called on to "defend the fatherland!" What fatherland? The fatherland where the hangmen of the working class—Hitler, Mussolini and Pilsudski rule? The fatherland where you are shot down with or without trial for daring to ask for bread? The fatherland where five times as much is spent on the upkeep of a police dog as on a worker's child? The fatherland which is not able either to feed or educate the youth?

Is it worth dying for, such a fatherland?

We proletarian youth, like all the toilers, love our proletarian Germany, beautiful Italy, France and England, and it is precisely because of this love, because of our right to live, our right to use all the benefits and values created by the hands of our fathers, that WE MUST TAKE IT AWAY FROM THE BOURGEOISIE! We will only defend it when it is really our proletarian fatherland!

In all the countries of capital a frantic attack is being made on the last vestiges of the political rights of the workers, on those democratic liberties which they used to enjoy.

The dying capitalist system is rushing to fascism as its last means of salvation from the strengthening revolutionary storms. Only on the background of the dark decline of capitalism could be born such a system of cynical deception, bloody violence and terror as fascism.

A government maintained only by the power of bayonets held by its deceived slaves cannot exist for long. It must inevitably perish as soon as the masses of the toilers realize their strength and throw off the bonds of deception.

A new and powerful wave of the revolutionary upsurge is growing and widening in all countries. "The idea of an onslaught is ripening in the minds of the masses."

The proletariat are passing ever more determinedly to the counter-attack against fascism.

The heroic fight of the workers of Austria, the mass actions in France, the barricade fighting in Holland, in San Francisco, the strikes in America, Poland, Japan and other countries are thundering like gigantic battering rams against the walls of the capitalist world. The banner of the Soviets is waving over one seventh of China.

Raise higher the banner of struggle! Widen the front of the attack! Do not let the bourgeoisie rest for a moment!

Completely expose fascism which is trying to win the masses by the pseudo-revolutionary lie of "national socialism" and the "defense of the interests of the toilers" and which in Germany is definitely throwing off these gaudy rags of demagoguery and standing up before the toilers in its real form of the naked dictatorship of the bankers and factory owners.

Comrades, young toilers!

Imperialist wars, starvation, poverty and slavery can only be ended by the proletarian revolution, the dictatorship of the proletariat, the Soviet power.

Apart from the Communist Parties, there are no parties in the world which fight really for the partial and general demands of the workers.

There is no organization of the youth except the Young Communist League which struggles under the leadership of the Communist Party for the liberation of the masses of the toiling youth from capitalist slavery.

And only under the leadership of the Communist Party can the proletariat and the toiling masses overthrow the bloody dictatorship of the bourgeoisie. Our future is in our own hands. It depends on our will to struggle and conquer. No terror can force us to abandon our striving to victory. We have proved this and are proving it every minute of the time. Our Chinese, German, Japanese, Italian, Polish and Bulgarian comrades, in the strictest illegality, are carrying on

successful work for the organization of the masses for the struggle against fascism.

The terror can frighten only occasional cowards, but not the working class, not the revolutionary party, not the revolutionary youth. Every bloody crime simply fires our hatred more. Every drop of blood that is shed gives birth to a new warrior. History cannot be stopped by the hangman's noose or the headman's axe, and the more so if this history is created by the most revolutionary class—the proletariat. Comrades! Young workers, peasants, soldiers!

The Executive Committee of the Young Communist International sends you a fighting call to come out on to the streets on September 1st in demonstrations, to organize strikes and revolutionary activity as a protest against the war in preparation, against the militarization and fasciation of the youth! We call on all the toiling youth irrespective of the organizations to which they belong at the present time.

COMRADES! YOUNG SOCIALIST WORKERS!

The Young Communist International calls on you all to act jointly with the U. C. I. on September 1st against war and fascism, defense of the U. S. S. R., for the liberation of Comrade Thaelmann, Paula Wallich and all other prisoners of international reaction.

We call on you to organize joint demonstrations, actions and strikes on International Youth Day. We call on you to form joint youth committees for the struggle for the release of Comrade Thaelmann and the prisoners of capital. We call on you to form a united front of struggle of the toiling youth against hunger, want, fascism and war.

The Executive Committee of the Y. C. I. states to all the toiling youth that it is prepared to collaborate with any youth organization which is willing to struggle together with us against the exploitation and the enslavement of the youth, against fascism, for socialism.

The Executive Committee of the Y. C. I. instructs all its organizations and every Y. C. L. to make every effort to strengthen the unity of the toiling youth. All those who want to struggle for a brighter future for the youth, not for the sake of hypocrisy but honestly, will always find the warmest support and help from us.

Comrades of the Socialist Youth! Decide who you will march with—with the Weelses and Leys or with the thousands of youth who are struggling, together with the Communists, against fascism.

The joint actions of the Y. S. L.ers and Y. C. L.ers in Austria, Great Britain, France, Spain, their joint struggle in Germany and many other countries has proved the possibility and the usefulness of this work.

Unite around the noble banner of Lenin and Liebknecht! Act together with us on September 1st in the struggle against war and fascism.

COMRADES! YOUNG WORKERS IN THE FASCIST ORGANIZATIONS!

You have been tricked with the promises of a good life. It is hammered into your heads that the Communists are your enemies. You are persuaded that a new war and an attack on the U. S. S. R. are the only "salvation for the nation!" But you must understand that you are being slavishly exploited, that you are being made into strikebreakers and murderers of the working class who are fighting against fascism. The German fascists promised work but now they are driving all young workers under the age of 25 out of the factories, forcing them by violence into the camps, deporting them to the countryside to be at the disposal of the big landlords. The wonderful "Nine Commandments of Goering," like the entire economic program of fascism, are directed most strongly of all against the youth, dooming them to hunger and want and depriving them of all rights to get jobs. We call on you, young workers in the fascist organizations, to struggle along with us against fascism.

Organize strikes in the forced labor camps, join the Y. C. L. Help the Y. C. L.ers to carry on anti-fascist activity. Struggle against those who deceived you, who take advantage of your simplicity and inexperience to strengthen the power of the factory owners and bankers, against the working class and you yourselves.

COMRADES! SOLDIERS! SAILORS!

Come out together with the working youth against war and an attack on the U. S. S. R. Fight for your demands. Refuse to act as executioners of the working class and the peasants. fraternize with striking workers. Come over with your arms to the side of the rebellious people. Only the proletariat can liberate you from the yoke of the barracks, and unbridled license of the officers and the fascist terror. If war breaks out, you must turn your bayonets against the organizers of war!

YOUNG TOILERS!

For about two years the German fascists have kept in a dungeon the best fighter of the working class, the leader of the German proletariat, Comrade Ernst Thaelmann. The fascists cannot make any charge against him except that he is a Communist. Fearing an even more despicable failure than in the trial of Dimitroff, Hitler and Goering are keeping Comrade Thaelmann in prison and torturing him.

We call on the toiling youth of all countries to rise in defense of Thaelmann.

Organize protest strikes, form committees of defense, call meetings, organize demonstrations. Demand the immediate liberation of Thaelmann! Demand the liberation of all the imprisoned anti-fascists.

The struggle for the freedom of Comrade Thaelmann is a matter of honor for every young proletarian!

German fascism and the world bourgeoisie are preparing the trial of Thaelmann, are preparing a new blow against the entire revolutionary movement of the proletariat!

For us Thaelmann is a banner of the anti-fascist struggle. Rally in the united front of struggle of the youth against fascism and in defense of Thaelmann.

We send the warmest greetings to our Thaelmann, the noble revolutionary, the bold fighter, the tried warrior for the liberation of the toiling youth from the yoke of fascism.

YOUNG WORKERS AND COLLECTIVE FARMERS IN THE U. S. S. R.!

The Executive Committee of the Y. C. I. calls on you to exert your creative forces still more to strengthen the power and strength and independence of the U. S. S. R. The youth of the whole world are watching your struggle and labor with admiration. They know that the Soviet Union is their only fatherland, the bulwark of the revolutionary forces of the entire proletariat. They are learning from you how to fight and to win. And the stronger the U. S. S. R., the stronger the power of the proletariat and the more it is convinced of its victory. Strengthen the defenses of our fatherland, mobilize all your creative enthusiasm, your strength and knowledge for the successful fulfillment of the Second Five-Year Plan. Strengthen the power of the Red Army! Rally more closely around the Leninist Bolshevik Party and the leader of the world proletariat, Comrade Stalin, the great helmsman of the world revolution!

Throughout the world, there is only one country where there is no capitalist slavery, fascist terror, starvation and poverty, where the boy hands of hunger do not stretch out to grip the throat of the worker and where the terrible spectre of unemployment does not stand behind his back.

There is only one country that is truly and consistently fighting for peace between peoples, which is not trying to seize the land and colonies of others. This country is our great fatherland, the U. S. S. R. Our proletarian fatherland, at the will of the millions of the toilers of the U. S. S. R., led by the Party of Lenin and with the most direct support of the proletariat of all countries, has become the strongest and most powerful country in the world.

We have the right to be proud of this fatherland of the most advanced technique, Socialist culture and free labor, the fatherland of the Chelushkinities, the aviator-heroes, the talents of new technical thought," of the great leaders of the proletariat.

And in the face of the growing danger of an attack on the U. S. S. R., we swear to defend to the last drop of our blood this fatherland which belongs equally to the Russian proletariat, the fighters on the barricades of Vienna and the oppressed peoples of the colonies.

September 1st must be a day of powerful demonstrations of the working and toiling youth against war and fascism. We shall demonstrate our readiness to struggle, our hatred toward fascism.

Long live the fighting unity of the working youth!

Down with imperialist war!

Down with fascist terror!

We demand the liberation of Comrade Thaelmann and all the anti-fascists who have been thrown into prison, concentration camps and military camps.

Long live the proletarian revolution!

Long live Soviets throughout the world!

# Marine Leader Reveals Tie-Up of Great Lakes And U.S. War Machine

## Huge Inland Waterway Provides Strategic Route for Transportation of Steel and Grain in Time of War—Urges Organization

By W. C. McCUISTION

Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War during the Wilson administration, speaking at the Maritime Code hearings in Washington, stated:

"The Great Lakes industry consists almost entirely of transportation of bulk cargoes, consisting of iron ore from the Lake Superior region, a movement South and East, coal from the Lake Erie and southernly ports to the northern lake ports at a particular season of the year, and the transportation of cargoes of grain; and the vessels previously devoted to the transportation of coal and ore are washed and made water-tight bulk carriers for grain, and the less inviting, but still important similar task of carrying limestone, which is used as flux in the making of iron."

In his description of the shipping industry on the Great Lakes, it is not what Mr. Baker says that is so important, but what he fails to say. It is true that grain and iron ore are the basic cargoes of Great Lakes vessels, but still more important is the concentration of the steel industry and grain elevators on the Lakes and the inland waterways. Ninety per cent of the steel mills in the country are so located that they can receive raw material and ship their finished product independent of the railway system, and grain elevators capable of storing the entire wheat production of the United States are located on the Lakes.

Steel Mills Are Fortresses

The steel mills are located and planned so that at a moment's notice they can be turned into veritable fortresses. In all important steel production centers from the Calumet Area on Southern Lake Michigan to the Lackawanna on northeastern Lake Erie, are found highly fortified areas with armament and defenses comparable to the elaborate coast defense (or offense) system. C.C.C. camps, National Guard barracks, and regular army posts are also found in this region. Constant dredging operations under the supervision of the United States Engineer Corps are constantly being carried on in order that docking and other waterfront operations can be changed from their present locations at a moment's notice.

Connect with Atlantic and Gulf

The Great Lakes are connected with the Atlantic Seaboard through the Erie Canal, Welland Canal and the St. Lawrence River and the deepening of the Chicago Canal already been decided upon by the Roosevelt administration. Through a system of feeder highways, short railways and by virtue of a slight deepening of the Chicago Canal and its extension with small dredging operation on the upper Mississippi, it will be possible to have a connecting inland waterway system from the copper mining region of Montana direct to the Atlantic, via the Great Lakes and connecting rivers and canals, and direct to New Orleans via the Mississippi River.

Lake Tonnage Important Factor

Nine hundred and twenty-one ships are registered and are in condition to operate immediately. Of these, 598 fly the American flag and have a registered gross tonnage of 2,600,000 tons, while the remaining 323 ships are of Canadian registry with a gross tonnage of 757,000. With only a portion of the total number of ships operating, they are handling, in addition to grain and other cargoes, 70,000,000 tons of ore and 20,000,000 tons of coal annually. Without increasing the total tonnage now available they are capable of furnishing the raw material and transporting the output of the entire steel industry at full blast. For the escort and "protection" of this vast inland fleet, the U. S. Government maintains a large and modern "Coast Guard Navy," which maintains a constant patrol in the industrial areas.

Army Supplies Transported

In preparation for war, when they face the possibility of political strikes against war on a broad scale, the army and navy have already initiated a "war maneuver" on the lakes. Foodstuffs, milk, butter, eggs, etc., are shipped entirely by water from Duluth, Minn., to the Atlantic Seaboard although it would be more economical and rapid to do this by rail, avoiding the numerous transshipments now required.

The Great Lakes shipping industry is one of the highest trusted industries in the world and is the

most highly trusted of any section of the marine industry. The hiring of crews is conducted almost entirely through shipping halls controlled by the Lake Carriers Association, which is the Maritime Company Union of the Steel Trust (U. S. Steel, etc.). Seamen are compelled to keep continuous discharge service books and to be registered through this agency, to which the United States Government gives direct aid by permitting the shipping masters to be registered as "commissioners." In this manner it would be the work of few minutes to transfer the entire Great Lakes Shipping industry into a government controlled agency "an emergency matter."

A Strikebreaking Center

The Great Lakes shipping industry is carefully groomed, maintained and nursed to play the role of the "ace in the hole" for the government in time of war or general strike or any other "national emergency." The greatest manufacture of war materials and armament is in the lakes region, connecting directly with the ten largest cities in the land, and with the greatest industrial areas. The greatest area producing foodstuffs, Wisconsin, Illinois, Ohio, Minnesota, Michigan, the Dakotas, Indiana, New York, and even Canada, are located in the Lakes shipping region. Troops can be transported, war materials, foodstuffs, minerals and raw materials; strikes can be broken, the task of conducting a war made much easier for the capitalists if the Lakes are unorganized—but they must not remain unorganized!

Industrial Union Grows on Lakes

This year the Marine Workers Industrial Union has organized five branches on the Lakes. Delegates are operating in seven additional ports, many ships have ship delegates aboard. Youth committees are active establishing anti-war and anti-fascist committees with the labor party also found in this region. Constant dredging operations under the supervision of the United States Engineer Corps are constantly being carried on in order that docking and other waterfront operations can be changed from their present locations at a moment's notice.

It is a task that must be organized. The Lakes must be organized into militant class struggle unions. The organization of the workers on the Lakes and in the steel mills spells defeat for the strikebreaking and war plans of the bosses.

# Nazis Return Worker To Finnish Fascists

BERLIN, Aug. 17.—A Finnish workman named Kirtonen, who had fled to Germany at the time of the massacre of Communists in Finland, has been arrested by the German authorities for an offense against the passport laws and extradited to Finland.

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# THE SPIRIT OF THE U. S. S. R. IS CONCENTRATED IN MOSCOW NOVEMBER

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# Congressional Election Platform of the Communist Party

## PARTY URGES WORKERS' UNITED FRONT AGAINST BOSSES AND THEIR PARTIES

In the congressional elections, Tuesday, November 6, the Communist Party, the Party of the working class, represents the immediate needs and the emancipation of the workers, the poor farmers, the Negro people, and the impoverished middle class from the miseries of a bankrupt capitalist system.

For five years, the nation has been in the throes of a terrible crisis. The Republican Party of Hoover and now the Democratic Party of Roosevelt have both failed to relieve the suffering of the people or to overcome the crisis. Their policies have served only to further enrich the biggest, the monopoly capitalists and to further impoverish the masses of the people. With the continuation of such policies the capitalists will only succeed in placing further tremendously increased burdens on the masses.

The Communist Party is the only political party which leads in the every-day fight of the masses of the people for improved conditions; it alone offers a practical way out of the appalling misery and suffering brought on by capitalism and capitalist rule.

Fifteen million people remain unemployed, with still inadequate relief, in fact with reduced relief.

The masses still clinging to jobs have had their real earnings sharply reduced through the dual process of N.R.A. codes and inflation.

### NEGRO PEOPLE DISCRIMINATED AGAINST

The Negro people are discriminated against on the job and in the handing out of relief; Negro sharecroppers are being driven off the land by the cotton reduction program and forced into starvation; they are undergoing the greatest poverty, suffering, persecution and terror.

Roosevelt's A.A.A., embodying the willful destruction of hundreds of millions of dollars worth of cotton, wheat, cattle, etc., while millions go hungry, has resulted in more evictions of farmers from their land, in more foreclosures and in the further impoverishment of the mass of poor and middle farmers. The A.A.A. destruction, combined now with the drought, has brought the whole farming section from Canada to Mexico to the condition of famine.

Millions of working class housewives are being compelled to seek employment in industry, with wages for women being far below the already low wages of men.

The young generation, with the school system in almost total collapse, is growing to manhood and womanhood without prospect of jobs or future security. The "New Deal" for the youth means militarization and forced labor in camps under army supervision.

The small business men and the lower middle class have been brought to the point of ruin, while the "New Deal" has greatly strengthened the position and increased the profits of the big trusts and monopolies.

On all sides, more privileges and power for the wealthy and more misery, suffering and disease for the masses characterize the decaying capitalist system.

Faced with their own inability to solve the paralyzing economic crisis by ordinary means, the capitalist rulers of the country, the Morgans, Rockefellers, Fords, through Roosevelt, who acts as their chief executive, prepare for imperialist war, for a new world slaughter. The billions needed to keep alive the hungry masses are spent instead on means of murder, on battleships, machine-guns, tanks, airplanes, poison gas.

### ROOSEVELT REGIME TAKES FASCIST STEPS

Faced with the growing discontent of the people, as expressed in the wave of fiercely-fought strike struggles, the militant demonstrations of the unemployed and the determined battles of the farmers and farm laborers, the big-banker-controlled regime of Roosevelt is resorting more and more openly to fascist measures of suppression, to open murder and terror against the masses, to a brazen restriction of the rights of the toiling population.

American capitalism is fostering open fascist ideology and action, expressed also in intensified lynch terror against Negroes, hounding of the foreign-born workers, and anti-Semitism of medieval Europe and Nazi Germany.

Capitalist rule has to offer only—hunger, misery, fascism and war!

In this situation, the Communist Party proposes to the masses an energetic, determined struggle for the following central demands in the congressional elections:

1. Against Roosevelt's "New Deal" attacks on the living standards of the toilers, against rising living costs resulting from monopoly and inflation, for higher wages, shorter hours, a shorter work week, and improved living standards.
2. Against capitalist terror and the growing trend toward fascism; against deportations and oppression of the foreign-born; against compulsory arbitration and company unions; against the use of troops in strikes; for the workers' right to join unions of their own choice, to strike, to picket, to demonstrate without restrictions; for the maintenance of all the civil and political rights of the masses.
3. For unemployment and social insurance at the expense of the employers and the state; for the Workers Unemployment Insurance Bill (H.R. 7598).
4. For the repeal of the Agricultural Adjustment Act; for emergency relief to the impoverished and drought-stricken farmers without restriction by the government or banks; exemption of impoverished farmers from taxation; cancellation of the debts of poor farmers; for the Farmers' Emergency Relief Bill.
5. Against Jim-Crowism and lynching; for equal rights for the Negroes and self-determination for the Black Belt; for the Negro Bill of Rights.
6. For the immediate payment of the veterans' back wages (bonus).
7. Against the sales tax; no taxes on persons, or their property, earning less than \$3,000 per year; steeply graduated and greatly increased taxation on the rich.
8. Against Roosevelt's war preparedness program; against imperialist war; for the defense of the Soviet Union and Soviet China.

### UNITY NEEDED TO WIN DEMANDS

The Communist Party is fighting for the unity of the working class as a whole against the capitalist class.

The Communist Party, in putting forward these demands, calls upon the millions of workers and farmers, Negro and white, and particularly upon those workers who until now have followed the mis-leadership of the Socialist Party and strikebreaking officials of the A. F. of L., to unite their forces in a determined fight for these demands.

Particularly in every struggle, even for the most modest demands, the workers meet the stubborn resistance of the capitalists, who are always supported by the armed power of the state. This united front of the bosses, their government and the strikebreaking A. F. of L. officials can only be defeated through the united actions of the workers and all their organizations.

The Communist Party stands for one united trade union movement of all industrial and agricultural workers, for a trade union movement free from racketeering, for a trade union movement having the fullest inner democracy—for a united and militant movement capable of effectively uniting all workers, employed and unemployed, for determined struggle for improved conditions.

The above immediate demands of the Communist Party can serve as the basis for this united action of all workers and farmers who are being oppressed and starved by the rule of monopoly capitalism.

Only united mass struggle—protest actions, demonstrations, strikes, political strikes—can block the capitalists' offensive of fascism and war, and bring victory to the workers and poor farmers. The central guiding slogan of the Communist Party is the fight for working class unity—for the united front.

### COMMUNISTS FIGHT FOR TOILERS NEEDS

The Communist Party urges you to energetically support and elect Communist congressional candidates. They will lead the fight for the above demands and for all the needs and interests of the toiling population. They will directly aid in building the workers' organizations and in leading the struggles of the toilers for improved conditions, against fascism and against imperialist war.

Spokesmen of the other parties will promise everything, before elections, but after getting into office they will vigorously oppose all demands of the toilers which would really improve their conditions; they will join in authorizing the beating, gassing and shooting of workers who fight for these demands; they will faithfully carry out the dictates of the Wall Street bankers and the heads of the big trusts who completely dominate both the national and state administrations.

Roosevelt and the Democratic Party took office to the tune of a "New Deal" for the "forgotten man," but their record in office already gives the lie to their promises. The conditions of the mass of workers, the poor farmers, the Negro people and the lower middle class—Roosevelt's "forgotten men"—are worse today than when Roosevelt took office. This fact was confirmed by the investigation and report of the Darrow Review Board.

Roosevelt promised social insurance before the elections; this promise was never fulfilled. His promises today again made for election purposes, have the same value as those of 1932.

The "New Deal" has benefited only the nation's richest men, the heads of the big banks and trusts, by piling increased burdens on the backs of the great majority of the population. Under the "New Deal," the rich have grown richer; the poor have become poorer.

Side by side with this have gone growing restrictions on the rights of the masses and the letting loose of the most brutal drive of terror and persecution in the nation's history against the workers, the farmers and the Negro people. Consider the outright murders of workers, deportation drives, strikebreaking, under the "New Deal"—Birmingham, Toledo, Minneapolis, San Pedro, Cleveland and San Francisco. The reign of terror of Democrats and Republicans alike, aided by the A. F. of L. bureaucrats, against the San Francisco general strike, shows up most glaringly the loyal strikebreaking service of Roosevelt to the bosses.

Thus the Roosevelt government stands exposed as the tool of the capitalists, the open shoppers, the company unions, against strikes, for the suppression of the workers and their organizations. The Communist Party has been singled out particularly for attack because it is the organizer and fighter for the most elementary rights and needs of the workers. Clubbing, gassing and killing workers has become a weekly occurrence under the present Democratic Party regime. Those are Roosevelt's deeds for the "forgotten man."

### WORKERS PLUNDERED TO AID RICH

The Republican Party, the Republicans in Congress, have supported all these measures of Roosevelt directed against the masses and for the benefit of the capitalists. Together with the Democratic administration they have plundered and starved the toiling people and handed out hundreds of millions to the rich. With the approach of the elections, the Republican Party is trying to appear as an opposition to the "New Deal." They even pretend to "criticize" the growing bureaucracy of the Roosevelt administration. But these are only campaign tricks, efforts to utilize the growing disillusionment of the working people in the "New Deal" to continue to serve the interests of capitalism. The boss class wants to alternate the two major capitalist parties, posing as an opposition to each other when one is in power and by such means place the discontented masses under the control of their trusted political servants. In the states which they control, the Republicans have used the same brutal terror against those who resisted the lower-

ing of their living standards. Any differences between the two major parties reflect only differences within the capitalist camp on how to continue and increase the robbery and persecution of the poor.

The Farmer-Laborites, likewise, while posing as representatives of farmers and workers, with a program characterized by the most demagogic promises, in Congress and in Minnesota, where they control the state administration, have given the most slavish support to Roosevelt's measures which times has proven were directed against the masses. The Farmer-Labor Governor, Olson, of Minnesota, like his Democratic colleague, Governor White of Ohio, and the Republican Governor Merriam of California, has also sent National Guard troops to break the strike of the Minneapolis truckmen. The so-called "Progressives," the Borahs, La-Follettes, etc., in practice carry out the same anti-working class policies.

### SOCIALIST PARTY PRACTICES BOSS POLITICS

The Socialist Party, while pretending to advocate Socialism, practices outright capitalist politics. In Milwaukee and in Bridgeport, where the Socialist Party is in control, they have adhered to Roosevelt's "New Deal" policies, meeting the strikes and demonstrations of the workers against those policies with the same ruthless terror as is practiced in cities and states under Democratic, Republican and Farmer-Labor rule. Their present criticism of Roosevelt and his policies comes only after the real class character of these policies became evident to the masses, when it was no longer possible to pretend to be "Socialist" and still openly support Roosevelt. But the rejection by the Socialist Party of the only possible road to Socialism—the road of revolutionary mass struggle as proposed by the Communist Party—inevitably keeps this party bound to the fundamental policies of Roosevelt, of the capitalists. Their fear of revolution, of mass struggle, of powerful strikes and demonstrations by the workers, causes them to accept lower wages and lower living standards and to agree to the taking away piecemeal of one set of workers' rights after another; it leads them inevitably to policies which pave the way for open fascist dictatorship as was the case in Germany and later in Austria. Behind phrases of "democracy" and "socialism," and while pretending to be a workers' party, the Socialist Party leadership, working hand in hand with the A. F. of L. bureaucracy, renders the most loyal service to the capitalist exploiters and oppressors of the workers.

The Democratic, Republican, Socialist and Farmer-Labor Parties—together with the American Federation of Labor through its so-called non-partisan policy, which has as its aim to keep the masses chained to the capitalist parties—each appear in this year's election campaign in a different garb each will promise measures immediately beneficial to the masses.

### WORKERS MUST BREAK WITH OLD PARTIES

The Communist Party calls upon the workers to break decisively with these parties of hunger, fascism and war. It calls upon the masses to defeat the Republican, Democratic, Farmer-Labor and Socialist candidates in the congressional elections. Elect Communist candidates. Send fighters for your demands, for your class interests, to Congress!

The Communist Party calls upon the millions of workers and farmers, Negro and white, not only to elect Communist congressmen and all other Communist candidates, but to boldly and determinedly take up and broaden the mass fight for the immediate demands set forth in this platform. This alone can win immediate and substantial victories for the toilers.

More than that, the mass fight for these demands is the starting point in the workers' struggle for political power, for a workers' government, for a Soviet government in the United States, which alone will bring the present capitalist crisis to an end.

The only way out of the crisis for the toiling masses is the revolutionary way out—the abolition of capitalist rule and capitalism, the establishment of the Socialist society through the power of a revolutionary workers' government, a Soviet government.

### UNITED STATES RIPE FOR SOCIALISM

The program of the revolutionary solution of the crisis is no blind experiment. The working class is already in power in the biggest country in the world, and it has already proved the great superiority of the Socialist system. While the crisis has engulfed the capitalist countries—at the same time in the Soviet Union, where the workers rule through their Soviet power, a new Socialist society is being victoriously built. It completely abolished unemployment and tremendously raised the material well-being and cultural standards of the toiling masses. Upon the basis of its Socialist system, the Soviet Union has become the most powerful influence for peace in an otherwise war-mad world.

In every material respect, the United States is fully ripe for Socialism. All material conditions exist for a society which could at once provide every necessity of life and even a degree of luxury for the entire population.

The first acts of a revolutionary workers' government would be to open up the warehouses and distribute among all the working people the enormous surplus stores of food and clothing.

It would open up the tremendous accumulation of unused buildings—now withheld for private profit—for the benefit of tens of millions who now wander homeless in the streets or crouch in cellars or slums.

Such a government would immediately open up all the factories, mills and mines, and give every person a job at constantly increasing wages.

Unemployment and social insurance at full wages with-

out special cost to the workers would immediately be provided for all, to cover loss of work due to natural causes outside the control of the workers' government, as well as due to sickness, old age, maternity or other disabilities. Jobs would be provided to all able-bodied workers under planned economy.

Such a government would immediately begin to reorganize the present anarchic system of production along Socialist lines. Such a Socialist reorganization of industry would almost immediately double the existing productive forces of the country. Such a revolutionary government would secure to the farmers the possession of their land and provide them with the necessary means for a comfortable living; it would make it possible for the farming population to unite their forces in a cooperative Socialist agriculture, and thus bring to the farming population all of the advantages of modern civilization, and would multiply many fold the productive capacities of American agriculture. It would proceed at once to the complete liberation of the Negro people from all oppression, secure the right of self-determination of the Black Belt, and would secure unconditional economic, political and social equality.

The revolutionary Soviet government would immediately withdraw all American troops and battleships from China, Cuba and the Caribbean. It would immediately grant complete independence to the Philippine Islands, Hawaii and other American territorial possessions.

The efforts of the capitalists to get out of the crisis lies along the way of wage cuts, speed-up, denial of unemployment insurance, cutting of relief, discrimination against the Negroes and foreign-born, strikebreaking, fascism and war. The revolutionary way out of the crisis begins with the fight for unemployment insurance, against wage cuts, for wage increases, for relief to the farmers—through demonstrations, strikes, general strikes leading up to the seizure of power, to the destruction of capitalism by a revolutionary workers' government.

The Communist Party calls upon the workers, farmers, impoverished middle classes, professionals, office and clerical workers, to unite their forces to struggle uncompromisingly against every reduction of their living standards, against every backward step now being forced upon them by the capitalist crisis, against the growing menace of fascism and war. The Communist Party leads and organizes this struggle, toward the final solution—the establishment of a Soviet America—a government of workers and toiling farmers.

ENTER THE ELECTION STRUGGLE UNDER THE LEADERSHIP OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY!

SUPPORT THE COMMUNIST PARTY — FIGHT FOR ITS DEMANDS!

VOTE FOR ALL THE COMMUNIST CANDIDATES!  
JOIN THE RANKS OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY!

### BEHIND THE POGROMS

by EMIL GLASS

What is really back of the recent Jewish massacres in Algeria? Is it an economic basis? Why does the author conclude

"Contributing to the growth of Moslem anti-Semitism is no doubt the aggressive, criminally chauvinistic anti-labor policy of the Jewish bourgeoisie in Palestine?"

### ROOSEVELT HOUSES THE WORKERS

An editorial expose of how workers' wages will be cut to enable private business to improve housing for a substantial fee.

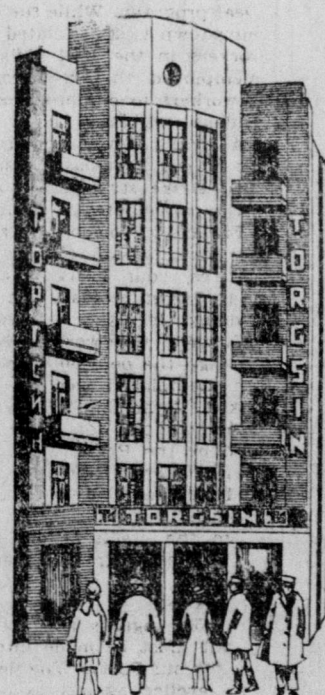
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# C. P. UNIT HELPS BRING MILITANT PROGRAM TO BUTTE MINE STRIKERS

## WORKERS' HEALTH

Conducted by the Daily Worker Medical Advisory Board

**ATHLETE'S FOOT**

We have received so many questions about "athlete's foot" that we will try to answer them all in today's column.

This condition is also called ringworm, and technically "dermatophytosis." It is caused by a very tiny organism called a fungus. It has very little to do with athletics and is not contagious, but too common to ignore. At least half of all people have it at some time or other, but only a few are made uncomfortable. Even when completely cured, it sometimes recurs. It is not serious.

In the mild cases the skin between and under the toes begins to peel and scale; it may become soggy and cracked, and very tiny blisters are common. The disease may spread to other parts of the foot, appearing as patches of redness, scaling, blisters and pimples.

To take care of this condition, keep the feet as dry as possible by frequent changes of socks and occasional sprouting with alcohol. Get Whitfield's ointment and apply it every night to the affected parts. (This is not a patent medicine, but may be obtained by name at most drug-stores.) This will cure most cases within two weeks. If the ointment is too strong for your skin and irritates it, you can mix it half and half with vaseline.

Ringworm sometimes appears in the groin. It can be treated with the same ointment.

In more severe cases when the skin is raw and oozing, you will not be able to apply this ointment at first. You must rest your feet as much as possible and keep them dry. Gauze pads between the toes and talcum powder help. When the skin has become dry and soothed you can start using Whitfields.

If a great deal of skin has become raw, red, oozing and sore, you will have to stay in bed a few days. Apply a wet dressing of boric acid solution for one day. Then sponge with calamine lotion every few hours. When the rawness has gone you can start treating it as you would a mild case.

In severe cases, with rapid spread, pain, swelling or a feeling of being generally sick, or any other complication, you must, of course, call a doctor.

The most important thing you should know about taking care of ringworm of the feet is to avoid using any medicine that your friends or drug advertisers suggest. Many very serious complications have occurred from the use of medicine like iodine, mercury, lysol, carbolic acid, etc. Don't make trouble for yourself by performing experiments on the only feet you have!

### ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

All letters pertaining to medical advice should be addressed to the Daily Worker Medical Advisory Board, 50 E. 13th St., New York City, and not to any individual doctor.

## Rank and File Revolt at Roda Local Meeting

By a Mine Worker Correspondent

RODA, Va.—Last Saturday was our regular meeting day. The rank and file committee decided to bring up the question of demanding a closed shop in the local. Mr. Saxton, the new District President, had been promising to visit the Roda local. Someone tipped him and he came. The district secretary, off to what was planned, and while the meeting was in progress they both came in.

The local president immediately turned over the meeting to them and they began making their flowery speeches, telling the miners what the New Deal had done for them, and what their great leaders, John L. Lewis and so on, had done to get the New Deal for them, and how their pay had been increased.

When the miners began to take the stand and expose the true conditions, however, Saxton said we ought to be willing to share our little bit of work with the thousands who have no jobs at all.

A Negro worker had been elected to the mine committee. Mr. Minton expressed his pleasure at this election, and then on Saturday he said the company had this Negro worker on the spot and was laying for a chance to fire him, and advised him to resign from the committee. A comrade then told him that the whole committee had better resign, and let Mr. Ingles, the superintendent, appoint whom he wanted. The miners gave Mr. Minton to understand that they would have whom they wanted on the committee.

When the chairman of the mine committee made his report he told that the miners had lost every case they had before the board, and told of one case where the board failed to agree, and an umpire was called, who was an operator, and the worker was discharged.

He then said we would not take any more cases to the board, but would settle them at the drift-mouth. Then Mr. Minton said he thought we had done pretty well at the board, that these were the first cases we had lost. Our comrade told him we would not lose any more.

Mr. Saxton said he could promise nothing but to enforce the contract. One miner told him the contract had only loopholes for the operators, and shackles for the miners. He replied: "I guess you're right, son. I hope you'll get to write the next one." The miner said: "I do intend to, or at least help write it, and if I couldn't write a better one than this I wouldn't have any. We are only working two days a week, and we can't get our pay half the time, much less the full pay days these fakers talk about."

Now the workers in this newly organized field, where there was never a union before, are beginning to understand these officials' lies, and now they are saying we will have to do the same thing the miners of District 2 in Pennsylvania are doing, take the leadership away from these crooks.

## Mobilizes Meeting of 700 to Aid Struggle

Helps to Popularize Mass Picketing Tactics As Way to Win Demands

By a Worker Correspondent

BUTTE, Mont.—Yesterday, August 11, the Communist Party unit held its first public meeting on the mine strike here. The purpose of the meeting was to explain the Party's interest in this strike as well as all other strikes and struggles of the workers the world over. Also the effectiveness of militancy, mass picketing and general strikes was to be pointed out, too—all this on the basis of the experience of the past struggles of the workers, their victories and defeats and why they took the course they did. An appeal was to be made to members of the miners' union to bring up the question of mass picketing at the next union meeting.

The meeting was attended by 700. About 250 or 300 members of the miners' union were present. The program of the unit was carried out to the letter, and in addition a member of the miners' union spoke on the necessity of mass picketing and how it can revive the interest of all in the strike and thus increase the chances for victory.

In response to the question asking how many in the audience were in favor of mass picketing a majority, by far, raised their hands. Only three raised their hands signifying their opposition to it. This meeting must be followed up with meetings at the mines at which the workers and those sympathetic to them will be called on to commence mass picketing. Action of this kind can bring out, into the fore, the militancy and courage that the workers of Butte refer to with pride when recounting the past history of their struggles.

## Bosses Killed My Baby, Writes Wife of Miner

By a Worker Correspondent

ARTINS, Ky.—I am a coal miner's wife, and was born and raised in Kentucky. I will tell you how the capitalists caused the death of my baby girl.

Before the baby was born my husband worked in the coal mines for 23 cents a ton, and half the time I had to go hungry. My husband worked hard all day and then sometimes didn't have anything for supper when his day's work was done. Before the baby came I had to go hungry for days at a time and when I could get anything it was something I could hardly eat. Corn bread and pinto beans is regular with the miners.

So baby came into the world a little half-starved child. My two oldest children had stood by the bed and cried with hunger when baby was coming. After that my husband got T. B. and we sold everything we could sell to try to get food for our children and medicine for our baby. As long as the money lasted we could get medicine but when the money was gone, the doctor (my husband had been cut to pay for the doctor through the company office for three years), Dr. Brezill, flatly refused to doctor our baby unless we had the money. He said, "I guess the baby needs milk."

I went to the relief office to try to get milk but they told me they just couldn't give me anything but milk for the baby. So just what little milk I could borrow from the neighbors I all baby had.

Just before baby died I tried to get the doctor to come to see her. He said, "I can't fool with that kid, I'm going to the show. So baby struggled along and tried to live so hard till she was 14 months and nine days old, but she finally had to die, and the dirty bosses are to blame.

They are starving little children to death every day, so I am begging to workers everywhere to unite and help me to fight against having your children and mine being starved to death by the dirty capitalists in Harlan County. Miners and their families haven't got any privilege there.

A little 13-year old boy went to a peanut stand and bought him

and the thug shot him in the back, and said he thought he had stolen the peanuts.

There was a poor Negro who went to Harlan to get work. He asked some of the men if they had a union there, and the thugs heard him and took him for a ride. They took him across the mountain and cut him all to pieces with switches and the next day the poor fellow was found there dead.

It will make any honest person that has reasonable sense wake up and unite and fight for the right to live. I am the mother of two little, naked, half-starved children. I am one of the poor mistreated company of miners' wives.

The growing solidarity of white and Negro unemployed workers will prove to be a mighty weapon in the struggle for decent relief.

## Answers Murray's Attack on "Daily"

By a Mine Worker Correspondent

TARENTUM, Pa.—In our last regular local meeting, local No. 2242, U.M.W.A. of Curtisville, Pa., a group was organized by John Murray of District No. 5 against the Coal Digger and Daily Worker, because these papers tell the truth about what the leaders of the U.M.W.A. are doing to the workers.

In this group of the local they made a motion to stop the reading of the Daily Worker and the Coal Digger, and they said if the workers were caught reading or selling it they would be suspended from the union.

We sell five Daily Workers every day and 15 on Saturday, and 100 copies of the Coal Digger monthly. Now we are going to try to get three times as many subscribers as we had before and sell more papers than ever. For the start I am sending in three subscribers, one year each, for the Saturday edition.

Miners and others are suffering from lack of food and other necessities, and are flocking to the Unemployment Council.

A county committee is successfully being organized, to meet local officials at the County Relief Headquarters in Greensburg, to protest against a relief cut of 20 per cent.

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## Negro-White Solidarity in South Growing

By a Mine Worker Correspondent

BESSEMER, Ala.—The night of August 15 marked a large step forward toward the unity of the Negro and white workers.

Local No. 1 (formerly the unemployed local) of the Mill, Mine and Smelters Union staged a little minstrel show to raise money to send delegates to the union's National Convention. Both Negro and white workers participated in the program. 200 workers were present, of whom about 10 per cent were white workers.

The singing was contributed by Negro women, two quartets and two soloists. The Negro songs, which express the deep revolutionary spirit of an oppressed people, were well received.

The refreshments—ice cream and peanuts—were all served from the same freezer to the Negro and white alike.

Another significant thing was the workers' discipline. Three Negro and four white workers appointed as guards to keep order in case anyone came drunk and started a fuss. As it was, no disorder of any sort occurred. The object of worker discipline was to keep the police away.

The Negro vice-president of the union acted as Master of Ceremonies. Hobson, a white worker and secretary of the union, spoke on the value of organization. He referred to Wilson's war administration as having offered the workers a chance to organize—but he claimed the workers refused this chance. Now Roosevelt has offered labor the chance to organize and we should grasp it. Hobson, although honest in his convictions, does not see through the lies and fakery of Roosevelt. Right here in Bessemer the T. C. I. and other companies are openly trying to smash the bona fide unions while already the company unions have started with scales as the nucleus.

This is the same Local of the I. U. M. M. S. W. that unanimously endorsed the Workers Unemployment Insurance Bill H. R. 7598 a few weeks ago.

The growing solidarity of white and Negro unemployed workers will prove to be a mighty weapon in the struggle for decent relief.

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## PARTY LIFE YCL Mobilizing Against War National Youth Day, Sept. 1

Leadership Issues Directives for Carrying Thru Preliminary Demonstration

International Youth Day marks its 20th anniversary on Sept. 1 as a day of struggle against imperialist war of the toiling youth in all countries. At this time the danger of war is more real. This is seen in the sharpened relations in Central Europe, in the desperate attempts of Hitler to throw the starving German workers and peasants into war, in the increased provocations of Japan against the Soviet Union. In the United States rapid strides toward war are shown by increased war preparations, by the growing fascist terror, and the increased lynchings of Negroes. Here in New York, too, the brutal attempts of the San Francisco bosses to smash the Party, Y.C.L. and other workers' organizations, are aped by LaGuardia in his attempt to register all "regular" labor leaders and the establishment of a Police Rifle Corps of 1,200 to handle labor troubles.

In the light of these developments, the Y.C.L. and Party must energetically come forward and mobilize thousands of youth, as well as adults, for International Youth Day.

On this day, not only is it necessary to express our desire to struggle against war, but also to demonstrate the spirit of internationalism which binds the working class youth of all countries.

The Communist Party of the New York District is continuing its generally healthy approach towards the youth in helping to mobilize for International Youth Day. The enthusiasm of the splendid National Youth Day demonstration no doubt is still fresh in the minds of the Party members and has already marked a new conception of the role of the Party among the masses of youth in New York. In the light of this the Party has undertaken the following steps in order to insure a mass demonstration on September 1:

1. To initiate a broad discussion among the Party membership on the significance of International Youth Day.

2. The Sections of the Party, together with the Y.C.L. to organize preliminary demonstrations for International Youth Day.

3. That a statement be printed in the Daily Worker in the name of the Party District Bureau, mobilizing the mass organizations for support of International Youth Day.

4. That the Party fraction of the T.U.U.C. undertake to mobilize various trade unions for International Youth Day and see to it that the Trade Union papers contain material on International Youth Day.

5. That a leading Party comrade write an article for the Party press calling for a mass mobilization.

6. That all Party shop papers include material on International Youth Day and wherever possible a special International Youth Day issue be turned out.

7. That the Party issue a leaflet of 50,000 copies for International Youth Day and 10,000 stickers.

Comradely,  
P. M.  
Y.C.L., Brooklyn.

Note by Editor

The National Office of the Y.C.L. is preparing a handbook. However, this handbook, while dealing with the most important organizational tasks of the League, will not answer all the points raised in the comrade's letter. It will in the main, deal with the organizational problems of the Y.C.L. in giving leadership to the youth in the shops, trade unions, "Y's," schools. Other material issued will supply information on conducting classes.

There is in print a program of the Young Communist International, a song book, and recently a pamphlet on "How to Sell the Daily Worker," which can be purchased from Youth Publishers, Box 23, Station D, New York City.

NATIONAL ORG. DEPT.,  
Y. C. L.

## WRONG AND RIGHT WAY TO FIGHT EVICTIONS

By a Worker Correspondent

DECATUR, Ill.—A worker's furniture on North College St. was put out on the boulevard because he could not pay rent. The worker

who suggested setting the furniture back asked:

"What will become of the family for tonight, crawl under the tarpaulin also?" Mr. Good didn't know about that, this was the only logical way, he said.

When put on the spot, Mr. Good crumpled, took his men, and left. At 8:30 the Unemployment Council workers congregated. This time there was no hesitating, but a steady aim. The doors were opened, the furniture set back into the house, and the family slept under a roof that night.

Unless Every Section and Unit in the Party Throws Its Forces Vigorously Into the Campaign Drive, the Daily Worker Remains Unknown to Thousands of Workers.

TRIAL SUB OFFER

DAILY WORKER  
50 E. 13th St., New York City

Send me the Daily Worker every day for the next 30 days. I enclose \$1 (check or money order)

Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Address \_\_\_\_\_  
City \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_

Note: This offer does not apply to renewals, nor does it hold good for Manhattan and Bronx.

BOOST "DAILY" DRIVE

Build the "Daily Worker" Contest

WIN A \$10 PRIZE!

Join the letter-writing contest, open to all workers. Write a 300-word letter on "Why Workers Should Read the Daily Worker." Letters will be judged for clarity of ideas and simplicity of language.

Judges: CLARENCE HATHAWAY,  
JAMES CASEY,  
HARRY GANNES.

Winner's letter will be published in the Daily Worker and in leaflet form. Next best letters will also be printed, with honorable mention given to their writers.

CONTEST CLOSING AUGUST 20th.  
DAILY WORKER - 50 East 13th St., New York

## IN THE HOME

By HELEN LUKE

### "Coming Events . . ."

Digging about for the cause of the "catastrophic" low birthrate of Germany, the author of the September Pictorial Review article gingerly admits that "economic stringency" has been gripping Germany . . . and instead of taking their little Hansels and Gretels out into the forests, the fathers and mothers have decided not to let them come in the first place. That is why the 1,500,000 little soldiers are missing. They never even reached the recruiting office."

Reading further we learn that until recently knowledge and gadgets for birth control, formerly the "monopoly" of the rich, had spread to the working class, so that noble marriage-and-babe-loving (bachelor) leader, Herr Hitler, horrified by this immoral state of affairs, closed the stations giving information (to the masses) and banned advertising and sale of devices. The saintly Fuhrer also banned abortions, which investigators said equalled births in number.

After pages of this and similar stuff, with additional talk about the new Sterilization Law, the author (Dr. Wm. Sewer Woods) proceeds to describe the Reich's "enormous efforts" in behalf of the mother and child. They pan out to be nothing special beyond the few mother-and-child centers and ordinary hospital and nurse services common to any large capitalist land, plus a painfully inadequate insurance (for only some mothers, evidently) which provides a minimum of care and time at birth, giving the mother a magnificent allowance of four to ten dollars cash, the fund being "supported by the workers and employers, the former paying two thirds of the expenses."

Don't imagine the proud papa is neglected. If his family is large enough he can get a pretty badge decorated with an eagle and five eaglets to show that he is "rich in children."

Marriage loans are described, and many maudlin paragraphs devoted to the new "Women's Movement" (back to the cookstove if any).

This series on birthrates and such serves as a cloak to put across propaganda for the preservation of the old-style individualistic home, on which (with its myriad of "household problems" that disappear under socialism) these ladies' home magazines depend for their existence and profits.

It serves to stir up nationalistic feelings; to conceal, not reveal the relation between infant and mother death rates and economic system; to confuse carefully the issues, leaving the impression that Russia's high birth and low death rates are achieved in spite of and not because of her socialistic system.

Following the spiteful article in the August issue on the Soviet creche-systems, etc., this issue presents Fascism in highly sympathetic light, adoring Hitler, and not merely whitewashing Mussolini's treacherous betrayal of the masses but actually gilding and performing it. The article by Von Ziekursch, "Remove the Profit from Legalized Killing," calling for nationalization

of the munitions industry, is a shameless piece of demagogic beginning. "Dark clouds hang low over the international horizons. Russia and Japan literally are at each others' throats. France, Russia and Czechoslovakia have formed an alliance against Germany." Russia is falsely cast as an aggressor, and mentioned twice.

The marked trend to fascism in the women's magazines represents a serious menace and needs to be exposed and fought with determination and persistence.

### Can You Make 'Em Yourself?

Pattern 1945 is available in sizes 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40. Size 16 takes 2 1/4 yards 39 inch fabric and 2 1/2 yards contrasting. Illustrated step-by-step sewing instructions included.



Send FIFTEEN CENTS (15c) in coins or stamps (coins preferred) for this Anne Adams pattern. Write plainly name, address and style number. BE SURE TO STATE SIZE.  
Address orders to Daily Worker Pattern Department, 243 W. 17th St., New York City.

## Free Herndon and Scottsboro Boys

"It pleased me greatly to have received your letter today if I did receive unpleasant news a few minutes before. It didn't weaken my courage and faith whatever so long as I know you will stick by me. . . ."

Letter from Haywood Patterson, Kibby Prison, June 29, 1934.

\$15,000 SCOTTSBORO-HERNDON EMERGENCY FUND \$15,000  
International Labor Defense  
Room 430, 80 East 11th St.  
New York City

I contribute \$.....for the Scottsboro-Herdon Appeals and Defense.  
NAME .....

ADDRESS .....

## WITH OUR YOUNG READERS

Conducted by Mary Morrow, Children's editor, The Daily Worker, 50 East 13th St., New York City.

### BROTHERS







Daily Worker

AMERICA'S ONLY WORKING CLASS DAILY NEWSPAPER... PUBLISHED DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY, BY THE COMMUNIST PARTY U.S.A. SECTION OF THE COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL

Subscription Rates: By Mail (except Manhattan and Bronx) 1 year, \$6.00; 6 months, \$3.50; 3 months, \$2.00; 1 month, 0.75 cents.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 18, 1934

Defend the U. S. S. R.

(Statement of the Central Committee, Communist Party, U.S.A.)

THE working class of this country, as well as every honest person who opposes war, must today face the intense seriousness of the present situation in the Far East.

Yesterday's news dispatches reveal that Japanese imperialism is now talking to the Soviet Union in the undisguised, blunt language of war.

No longer the hypocrites of diplomatic scheming. No longer the polite, fraudulent talk of peace. But the open, raw threat of military intervention.

EVERY local of the U. T. W., every textile worker, must be on guard and watch the McMahon maneuvers. Only genuine representatives of the rank and file should be permitted to carry on any negotiation before the strike and after the strike is declared.

WHAT is necessary to properly prepare and insure every possibility for the victory of the strike? First, that in every local union, in every mill, on a district and national scale, rank and file strike committees shall be immediately elected with full power to handle all questions of the strike, including negotiations.

That every cotton worker be involved in the strike. This means that every effort must be made at once to bring the unorganized into the struggle through the election of rank and file committees in each mill, that the unorganized be drawn into the unions.

And swiftly, American imperialism, with its tremendous war machine geared to protect the Rockefeller-Morgan investments in China, and as eager as the Japanese militarists for the spoils of intervention, will move its war machinery into action, flinging the American masses once again into the butchery of imperialism.

Steps must be taken to publish in all localities strike bulletins that will regularly inform the strikers of the developments of the struggle and also keep the masses of workers in the community informed, so that they can be fully mobilized in solidarity with the strikers.

It is necessary to set up machinery at once for strike relief. The workers throughout the country will gladly give their maximum support to the textile strikers. This is being demonstrated daily in every strike. This is the best answer to the sabotage of McMahon, who tried to pour cold water on the strike with his statement that the national organization has no funds for the strike.

THE danger is real. It menaces every worker, every toiling farmer, every honest person. The masses of America must act. The horrors and miseries of another imperialist war can be stopped by determined mass action, determined mass protest.

Let there be immediate organization of protest. Let every Japanese consulate hear the protests of the masses in resolutions, telegrams, and street demonstrations. Wire to the Japanese Embassy at Washington demanding the immediate stop to all threats and provocations against the Soviet Union.

Socialist workers! Workers in the A. F. of L. unions! The united front of the working class must be welded against the menace of war! The Second International has just issued a manifesto on the struggle against war. The Detroit Convention also pledged to fight war. Only the united action of the working class can put these resolutions into life.

THE American working class extends its clasp of solidarity to the working class of the Soviet Union and the toiling masses of Japan. It pledges its revolutionary solidarity in the common fight against world imperialism, against the imperialists of Wall Street and Tokio, for the defence of the Soviet Union, the Fatherland of the world proletariat!

For the defence of the Soviet Union! Against imperialist war! For international solidarity of the working class against imperialist war and fascism!

Organize the Strike In Textiles!

THE almost unanimous decision of the convention of the United Textile Workers to declare a strike in the cotton industry before September 1st if the demands of the workers are not granted, represents a tremendous step forward.

It shows the readiness of the masses to fight against the increasing attacks of the capitalists. It further shows that the workers realize more and more that only by their own organized and militant struggles can they improve their lot.

It represents the best answer to Perkins' assertion that from now on strikes will decrease. It fully confirms the analysis of the Communist Party that the San Francisco strike was but a beginning, and an indication of the developing mass strikes of the American workers.

But every worker, and especially every textile worker, must recognize that now the workers face a real danger. The McMahon-Rieve leadership will do everything possible to stop the development of the strike. And if they can not do that, they will strangle it, unless the workers in advance make this impossible.

Already McMahon announces that he places great faith in his appeal to President Roosevelt. No doubt he will try to repeat his treachery of last June when the U. T. W. leadership announced a general strike for the purpose of stopping the growth of the strike movement in the Southern textile mills, only to call it off at the last moment without the consent of the workers. He did this on the basis that General Johnson had promised that the leaders of the U. T. W. would give representation on the textile code boards.

Despite the temporary "revival of production throughout the world," the bulletin states, "there is a lack of corresponding improvement in the unemployment situation."

The complete failure of any of the capitalist countries to solve the problem of unemployment is particularly noted by the bulletin.

The figure given in the tables for world unemployment in all capitalist countries is 22,000,000. It is probably close to twice as much as that.

Government's Orders Held Up By Brooklyn Metal Workers' Strike

BROOKLYN, N. Y.—A walkout of the majority of the workers at Quantal Products Machine Co., 341 39th Street, yesterday completely tied up production at the plant here, which is working chiefly on government orders.

Prior to the walkout a committee representing the workers attempted to discuss the demands with the management, but were refused recognition as the official representatives of the workers.

Steps must be taken to publish in all localities strike bulletins that will regularly inform the strikers of the developments of the struggle and also keep the masses of workers in the community informed, so that they can be fully mobilized in solidarity with the strikers.

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World Trade Drops Again Report Shows

Unemployment Grows in All Capitalist Countries

NEW YORK—Further intensification of the world economic crisis, despite some advances in production in various countries, is revealed by the latest bulletin of the Foreign Policy Association.

The complete failure of any of the capitalist countries to solve the problem of unemployment is particularly noted by the bulletin.

The figure given in the tables for world unemployment in all capitalist countries is 22,000,000. It is probably close to twice as much as that.

Foreign Trade

In foreign trade, another indicator of the state of the economic crisis, the bulletin reports further declines to new record lows. "Despite some increase in the movement of raw materials, world trade in 1933 measured in terms of gold was 9 per cent lower than the previous year and 65 per cent under the 1929 level."

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Nazi Newspapers Lose Heavily in Circulation

BERLIN, Aug. 17.—At the end of this month the once so mighty Ullstein publishing office, long since reduced to a miserable remnant, will be swallowed up by the official publishing concern of the National Socialist Party, the Eher publishing office in Munich.

With this the Ullstein concern meets the fate which its cowardly readiness for co-ordination has just called down upon it. The Berliner Illustrierte is to be merged in the National Socialist Illustrierten Beobot.

The amalgamation of the BZ am Mittag with Der Angriff is planned as a means of stemming the steady drift of subscribers to Goebbels' paper. Today it may be stated with absolute certainty that the circulation of the merged papers will not by any means reach the level totalled by the separate papers up to now.

THE workers throughout the country stand ready to support the fight of the textile workers. Not alone San Francisco but also Toledo, Minneapolis and Milwaukee have shown that the solidarity spirit of the workers is very high. This arises from the fact that the workers understand the issues in every struggle today, the fight for wages, the fight against speed-up, the fight for the right to organize, the fight against the company unions, are the burning issues facing the whole working class.

Nazi Impose Heavy Sentences on Workers

BERLIN, Aug. 17.—Thirty-five Communists, working men and women, have been brought up for trial in Wiesbaden on charges connected with Nazis which took place a year and a half ago.

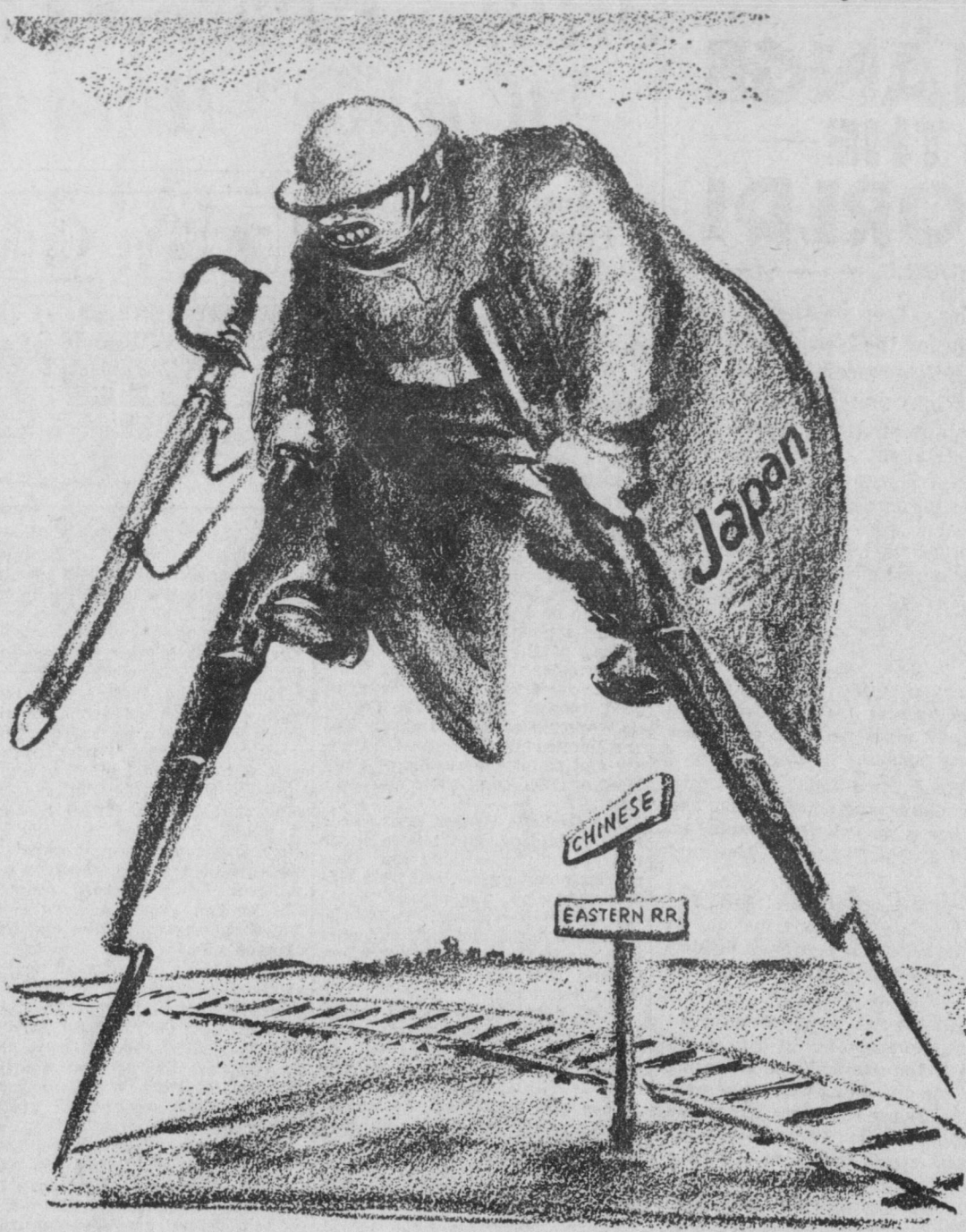
In Bremen eight workers have received sentences of one to one and a half years. A workman from Dueseldorf has been sentenced by the Karlsruhe high court to two years imprisonment for importing illegal literature.

Big Graft Discovered Among Nazi Officials

BERLIN, Aug. 17.—Embezzlements on a large scale have been discovered in the district office at Zehlendorf, Berlin. Seven Nazi officials are involved. Six have been arrested, one committed suicide.

Our Readers Must Spread the Daily Worker Among the Members of All Mass and Fraternal Organizations As a Political Task of First Importance!

HEADING FOR A FALL!



Herndon, One of First Scottsboro Defenders, Girds Now for Biggest Fight to Save the Nine

He Organized First City Conference on Boys' Frame-up

By ELIZABETH LAWSON NEW YORK.—Angelo Herndon was one of the first defenders of the Scottsboro boys. From that historic day in 1931 when a certain body and mind at a quiet farm in upper New York, he has accepted one of the hundreds of invitations that had come to him from friends and sympathizers.

Fought Misdemeanors

"While I was in Chattanooga that trip, I went to a meeting in a Negro church, addressed by William Pickens. Pickens made an attack on the International Labor Defense. He said we shouldn't get the governor and the courts mad—we should try to be nice to them."

"One morning," he said, "I picked up the capitalist paper and saw that 'nine black brutes had raped two little girls.' That was the way the paper put it. There was a dock strike on at the time in New Orleans—7,000 Negro and white longshoremen out against a slashing wage cut. The New Orleans bosses would have been glad to see this issue—the Scottsboro case—used as a method of whipping up hatred of white and Negro longshoremen against one another."

"I followed the Scottsboro case the best way I could while I was in jail. Every time I got a paper—and that wasn't often—I looked eagerly for news of the Scottsboro boys. Every time the jailers let someone into the jail, I asked them about the Scottsboro boys. I was uplifted, brimming with joy over the splendid fight we made in Decatur. I could hardly contain myself when I saw how the workers were making the Scottsboro case a battering-

Now Is Touring To Help Raise \$15,000 for Appeal Costs

ram against Jim-Crowism and oppression." "Were you surprised at the lynch decision after the first Decatur trial?" I asked Herndon. "Not a bit!" he answered emphatically. "Yes, I know we proved complete innocence. We showed that the boys didn't have a thing to do with the girls. We piled up evidence that would have staggered an impartial court. Only, of course, there isn't any such thing as an impartial court. Evidence means very little—it's useful only to show the frame-up, to convince people what kind of case this is. But all the evidence in the world wouldn't mean anything to the lynchers. What counts is the protests, the meetings, the resolutions, the telegrams, the marches and demonstrations. I saw that in the Scottsboro case, and I saw it very clearly in my own case."

"What do you think of the chance of getting the Scottsboro boys free?" someone asked.

"We've got to get them freed—there's no question about it," Herndon said at once. "But how?" The last U. S. Supreme Court decision in the Scottsboro case raised illusions with some people that the Supreme Court is fair on these matters, and will give a verdict of innocence. As a matter of fact, when you look carefully at the Supreme Court decision in this case, you see how little faith we can place in that court. They avoided all the questions of principle. They had to reverse the verdict because the protests were deafening, but they refused to say a word about the right of Negroes to serve on juries; they didn't say anything about the lynch-spirit that pervaded the courtroom, and the lynch-crowds in and around it."

"From now on we can expect the U. S. Supreme Court and all the other courts to be even more vicious in their decisions. We can expect the misdeeds—of the type of Pickens, and the others we had to deal with—to be busier than ever. And we've got to answer with increased activity. I got out of jail because the workers organized, and demonstrated, and protested, and got together money, and raised hell generally. Well, the Scottsboro boys will get out that way—and no other way!"

"I'm glad to be going on a tour for the Scottsboro boys now. This summer and fall have got to see \$15,000 raised for the Scottsboro Herndon defense, and a real deluge, a flood of protests to the Supreme Court and to the Alabama officials. The appeal to the Supreme Court comes up soon—and there will have to be more hell-raising if we expect a favorable decision."

26 Yonkers Teachers Leave Their Classes In Fight on Wage-Cut

NEW YORK.—Twenty-six school teachers conducting summer evening sessions in the Yonkers public schools walked out of their classrooms on Thursday night in protest against a twelve and a half per cent wage cut.

When they reported to their classes they were confronted by their superiors and asked to sign statements indicating their willingness to permit their present weekly salaries of \$16 to be cut to \$10. The teachers refused.

Several of them have expressed their determination to fight the cut to a finish. One said: "The evening sessions are our only source of income at the moment and the reduction in wages means that the School Board is asking us to live and to support our families on \$10 a week. It can't be done and we don't intend to try."

The teachers will seek the support of Yonkers and may try to line up the others in their profession in backing of their students if the School Board attempts to enforce the cut.

NASSAU TO HOLD PICNIC NEW YORK.—The first picnic ever held by the Communist Party in Nassau County, Long Island, will take place on Sunday, at Paschak's Grove, Jerusalem Avenue, Hempstead. There will be sports, dancing, games and a boxing exhibition. Admission is 25 cents. A prominent New York working class leader will speak on the strike wave.

By Burck

On the World Front

Hindenburg's Will Thanks to Socialist Leaders "Only Step by Step..."

A GREAT deal has and will be written about the so-called Hindenburg political last will and testament. What we want to write about and emphasize is the revelations of this old corrupt ally of the Socialist leaders of Germany regarding his protection of the Weimar constitution, of capitalist "democracy."

To the very last, the German socialist leaders tried to retain the illusory division between von Hindenburg and Hitler. Even today they believe that if the Hitler bolt were lanced, the healthy organism of German capitalist "democracy" would cleanse itself, and history could be hurled backwards instead of forward. For example, the illegal socialist paper, Sozialistische Aktion, on July 29 declared: "Hitler has preached murder. He bears the chief guilt. Hitler is the enemy."

WOULD matters change if Hitler croaked or was croaked? Is it a question of the individual, Hitler? Or is it the class behind Hitler, the finance capitalists and the rich landowners? Read Hindenburg's will and he reveals that his aims were always the same as the bloodiest fascist murderer. Hitler is the symbol, the personification of the brutal, savage, murderous dictatorship of German capitalism; but he is not the chief enemy. The chief enemy is German capitalism, which must be destroyed for the revolution of the German toilers to triumph, for tyranny to be ended and socialism built in Germany.

Even now the Socialist leaders want to mislead the German toilers, want to direct their fire and hatred against an individual instead of against the whole rotten class that stands behind him.

LET us see what Hindenburg has to say his aims were in the office of president, where he was placed with the help of the Socialist leaders of Germany.

It must be remembered that the Socialist leaders urged the German workers to vote for Hindenburg as the protector of "democracy," as the enemy of Hitler. They were Hindenburg's shock troops against the Communist candidate Ernst Thaelmann. Thaelmann now rots in the living tomb of a Nazi prison, from which he can be saved only by the world pressure of the toiling masses.

"I was aware," the old fossil Hindenburg wrote, "that the basic law of the State (the Weimar constitution) and the form of government that the nation gave itself in the hour of great distress and internal weakness did not correspond with the real needs and characteristics of our people."

"The hour was yet to ripen when this knowledge became public property. Therefore it seemed to be my duty to lead the country through the valley of outward oppression and humiliation, internal distress and self-flagellation without endangering its existence until this hour dawned."

In other words, this "lesser evil" of the Socialist officialdom was waiting for the first opportunity to trample the Weimar constitution into the garbage can and establish the open, brutal dictatorship of his class. This was the sole reason for taking office, and in this he was nobly assisted by the Socialist leaders, who told the workers that Hindenburg's only purpose in assuming the presidency was to protect the comedy of "democracy" he had sworn to destroy as quickly as conditions matured.

HE even tells how he did it without arousing the revolutionary resistance of the proletariat—for which again, thanks to the Socialist leaders.

"Only step by step, therefore, without provoking an overpowering opposition, the shackles that fettered us could be loosened."

Here is a great lesson on how the Socialist leaders protect the class. They support a Hindenburg, or a Roosevelt, or his NRA and other deeds, or a LaGuardia to guarantee the "democratic" rights of the workers, when persistently and consistently these good agents of capitalism "step by step," without provoking an overpowering opposition, "lead to shreds the filthy rag of 'democracy' that covers their naked dictatorship underneath."

HINDENBURG, posthumously apologizes to some of his finance capitalist and junker followers who did not at the time understand his acceptance of Socialist cooperation.

"If many of my old comrades," he speaks from the grave, "at that time could not understand the necessity of this course, history will judge more justly how bitter, but also how essential in the interest of the maintenance of German life, many of these measures signed by me have been."

His greatest joy before his death was to have seen the victory of fascism (of which, according to the Socialist leaders, he was the greatest enemy).

"I THANK providence," he writes, "for permitting me to see in the evening of my life the hour of recovery. I thank all those who in unselfish love of the Fatherland have cooperated in the work of Germany's resurgence."

Messrs. Wels, Leipart, Braun, Severing, Hilderfer, the "lesser evil" thanks you, along with Hitler, from that grave into which the proletarian revolution, led by the Communist Party of Germany, will plunge German capitalism.

House Anti-Communist Committee Will Open Hearings in Chicago

(Daily Worker Midwest Bureau) CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—The notorious congressional committee investigating "foreign propaganda" in the United States will open hearings in Chicago next week.

The committee is raising a smoke screen for its anti-working class activities, the excuse that it is investigating Nazism as well as Communism.

The ferocious anti-red campaign being conducted in the Chicago weeks gives a good indication of the type of "evidence" which will be presented to the committee.

Unemployed? Join the Red Builders!