

Develop Campaign For Celebration of 14th Year of Party

Recruit Members Mainly from Basic Industries; Hold Meetings Between September 4 to 15

"The working class will be in a position to fulfill its role as the most decisive class in the struggle against finance capital, as the leader of all toiling masses, only if it is headed by a Communist Party which is closely bound up with the decisive strata of the workers."

The 14th anniversary of our Party falls in September. In the short time left between now and the anniversary date the districts must immediately check up on the plans and activities of the campaign.

The celebrations of the Party anniversary should be utilized for carrying through a wide campaign of mass propaganda connected with all of the daily struggles carried on by the workers, especially in the factories, and among the unemployed for recruiting members into the Party.

In order to carry this through, an agitation campaign must be conducted in the Party and among the workers in mass organizations close to the Party, industrial unions, etc., on the role of the Communist Party.

In view of the fact that a large majority of our Party members have only recently joined, we should bring before them the whole struggle of our Party towards Bolshevization.

We will have to bring forth the struggle against sectarianism, its roots in the history of our Party and in the American workingclass movement, the liquidation of the factional struggle which followed the Communist International Address in May, 1929, and the present tasks confronting us in building a mass proletarian Party in line with the Open Letter.

Activities should be conducted around the development of our Party during the past 14 years, dealing especially with the role of the Party in the struggles of the American working class, the task of the Communist Party in winning the American workers for revolutionary struggle.

In the Home

Today's Menu Can You Make 'em Yourself?

FRIDAY BREAKFAST 1—Stewed fruit. 2—Hominy. 3—Coffee for adults, milk for the children.

Use one cup of hominy to two cups of boiling water and 1 tea-spoonful of salt. Mix and cook in a double boiler 40 minutes. Do not stir. Take off the cover of boiler and gentle turn over with a fork. Put in oven to dry. Serve with milk (and if desired—sugar).

LUNCH 1—String bean salad. 2—Codfish balls. 3—Cornstarch pudding. 4—Coffee or tea.

Pour boiling water over a package of prepared codfish in the colander and drain it. Heat a frying pan and while you are waiting beat the yolk of an egg. Squeeze the water from the fish. Put one table-spoonful of butter in a hot pan and when it bubbles put in two table-spoonfuls of flour, and stir and rub till all is smooth. Pour in slowly a pint of hot milk, and mix well, rubbing in the flour and butter till there is not a single lump. Then stir in the fish with a little pepper and when it boils put in the egg. Stir it all up one and it is done. Serve on slices of warm buttered toast.

SUPPER 1—Scalloped cheese. 2—Tapioca Pudding. 3—Coffee for adults and milk for the children.

For scalloped cheese you take 6 slices of bread, 3/4 pound of cheese, 2 eggs, 1 table-spoonful of butter, 1 cup of cream, 1/2 tea-spoonful of salt, 1/2 tea-spoonful of dry mustard, 3/4 tea-spoonful of paprika.

Write to the Daily Worker about every event of interest to workers which occurs in your factory, trade union, workers' organization or locality. BECOME A WORKER CORRESPONDENT

A Pictorial History of the Great Steel Strike of 1919



No. 1.—In the face of such suppression of constitutional rights and in the face of other staggering difficulties, it was clearly impossible for our scanty forces to capture Pittsburgh for unionism by a frontal attack. Therefore, a system of flank attacks was decided upon. The outlying districts that dot the counties and States around Pittsburgh were to be won first.

Bosses Use NRA to Lower Wages and Living Standards of Workers

Must Make Code Minimum on Commissions or Lose Job Under Eagle How You Can Help

Blue Eagle Brings More Unemployment to Lynn, Massachusetts

Shoe Factory Boasts of Hiring More Men; Actually Fires Them

11 Hours for Stewart Employees Each Day; Blue Eagle in Window

Small Fry Among Bosses Resent Big Profits of Big Bosses Under NRA

Art Crayon Co. Used NRA to Cut the Wages

Blue Eagle, Like Blue Vulture, Soars Over Los Angeles for Prey

Letters from Our Readers

We print below the first reader's letter to "IN THE HOME". Surprisingly, this comrade dislikes both our daily menu and our column. But she tells us how the job should be done, so we gladly turn the column over to her.

WE'RE BAWLED OUT!

We know that all the boys and girls and even men are interested in some kind of sports, and very little has been done for them to show them that the workers have a Labor Sports Union. I know if something were done to show them the sports union of the workers they would fall in line.

Supposed Wage Raise in Cafeteria Actually a Thirty Per Cent Cut

Doctor Luttinger Advises:

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The S. P. and the C. P.—What Is the Real Difference?

Reply to Worker's Letter Shows Communist Party Alone Fights for Interests of the Working Class

What is the difference between the Socialist and Communist Parties? P. D. KELLY, Brooklyn.

The Socialist Party puts itself forward as defending the immediate, day to day interests of the workers, while at the same time it preaches the peaceful, gradual change from capitalism to Socialism.

The Communist Party, on the other hand denies that the Socialist Party really fights for the immediate interests of the workers, and proclaims that there can be no gradual, peaceful change from capitalism to Socialism.

The Socialist Party teaches the workers that capitalism can be overthrown and Socialism established through the election machinery of capitalist "democracy"—by a majority vote in Congress, for example.

The Communist Party bases itself on the teachings of Marx and Engels, and proclaims that there can never be any real democracy under any capitalist government, that the forms of democracy in this country are only a covering for the real dictatorship of the capitalist class, and that therefore the working class will have to forcibly seize the state power and set up a new form of government—a Soviet form of government of the workers and toiling population.

The Socialist Party declares that the capitalist class will fight to the last ditch with violence and bloodshed against the loss of its power, and that therefore the workers and the toiling masses must prepare for the forcible seizure of power.

The Socialist Party is, thus, a party of democratic reform, while the Communist Party is a party which leads the daily struggles of the workers in preparation for revolution.

But the Socialist leaders say that the Communists are not interested in the welfare of the workers here and now, that they are only interested in some distant revolution.

They also say to the workers that the Communists believe in the personal rule of a "dictator" over the workers.

Then, the Socialist leaders say that the Communists welcome and even incite "violence."

These are only a few of the distortions and false charges that Socialist Party leaders propagate against the Communists.

But let us see what the real situation is. And we shall find that in all cases the Communist Party represents the best interests of the workers, while the Socialist Party really weakens and betrays the fight for these interests.

On the question of the fight for better working conditions, for higher wages, etc., for example, the Socialists say that Communists are not interested in these, but only on some faraway revolution. The Socialists say, "We believe in the revolution, but that is too far away; we want better conditions now."

But in actual fact it is the Socialist Party leaders who always betray the struggles for these immediate benefits right here and now. As a matter of fact, it is the Communist Party which has beaten down the wages and working conditions of the workers.

Even now Norman Thomas is telling the workers not to strike against the codes for higher wages. All through the crisis the Socialist leaders have been telling the workers that it is "hopeless" to fight against wages on the basis of preparing the workers to carry the struggle ever higher, to the final goal, the overthrow of capitalism. The Communists know that every concession from the employers must be fought for.

So the workers in this shop under the code have received a 30 per cent wage cut. The boss himself, a petty bourgeois, almost in the proletariat because of big capitalist competition, made cynical remarks about the code.

NOTE: The correspondence from textile workers, which usually appears in this section on Fridays, will appear on the special textile page tomorrow instead. In future it will again appear Fridays. Get the letters to us by the preceding Tuesday

NOTE: The worker who wrote the letter at 47 E. H. Macy & Co., which appeared in the Aug. 16 issue, is a healthy able-bodied American young man from 18 years up, and paying from 20 to 30 cents per hour, which means \$8 to \$12 per week. By this method he saves himself actual cash from \$150 to \$4 per week on each man.

Hence, the boss displays the blue eagle for saving himself actual cash and speeding up production so that he can throw us all out on the street that much sooner when the market is again overstocked.

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DE CESPEDES FEARS NEW STRIKES AS HE CLAMPS DOWN WALL STREET RULE

Workers Hold Out While Welles and Puppet President Work Out Schemes to Gouge New Sums to Meet Debts to American Banks

HAVANA, Aug. 17.—With the strikes of the Cuban workers remaining solid in many parts of the island, President de Cespedes admitted yesterday that his chief fear was of another general strike.

The whole waterfront of Havana remains paralyzed by the dock workers' strike, and the Maestranía and the Franconia, large passenger liners, have been unable to dock. The steamship companies offered to raise wages from \$3 to \$4, with double time at night, but refused the other demands of the workers.

Half of the workers are still out in Santiago, including street car, bus and railway men, and bakers. Street car and railway men are still out in Camaguey.

The Cuba Northern and Cuba-American Car Company's railways remain paralyzed, as are the ports of Antilla, Puerto Tarifa and others along the north coast.

Raise Revolutionary Demands Largely under Communist leadership, the strikers are demanding that their economic demands, and raising the demand for lifting of all restrictions on the revolutionary unions, for the smashing of America's imperialistic grip on the island, and for the distribution of the land among the peasants.

President de Cespedes appeared openly as a puppet president yesterday when he was first admitted in government circles that he had not announced his new program because every detail of it had first to be approved by Sumner Welles, the American ambassador.

Prepare Tax Exactions The chief problem which de Cespedes and Welles are considering is taxation. The ruined small farmers are far behind in their taxes, which are crushing in size, and the first task the new Wall Street-de Cespedes regime has set itself is to gouge new taxes out of the workers and farmers to pay Cuba's immense obligations to American banks.

Even if his program were ready and approved by Welles, de Cespedes would still find difficulty in carrying it out, since a majority of the Congress and Senate are either out of the country or hiding in fear of their lives, because of their support of Machado, and it is not yet possible to get a quorum to meet.

Soldiers Hunt Out Porristas Meanwhile workers, students and peasants had the active support of soldiers of the Cuban army in the hunt for murderers of the Machado regime. Soldiers with machine guns and rifles covered the docks when Jose Gans, a Porra leader, hid himself on board the American liner "New Castle," and were persuaded with difficulty not to raid the ship.

Forty-two soldiers and two policemen were reported injured as a battalion of the Cuban army besieged a house in Havana in which a large group of Porristas, believed to be headed by Antonio Anciter, former chief of police, were holed up. The Porristas had a machine gun, and were fighting with the knowledge that they could not get out alive.

Deadly New Bomber Built for U. S. Navy

WASHINGTON, Aug. 17.—A new type of Navy bomber, faster than the "Curtiss" and equipped with machine guns, is being tried out at Anacostia, and will be one of the Navy's most formidable flying fighters.

Admiral Ernest J. King is attempting to get a further \$30,000,000 from the Public Works Fund to build planes of this and other types to equip the Ranger, a new aircraft carrier, and four cruisers equipped with "Curtiss" type planes. The current \$228,000,000 building program, which will be completed next year.

"Go to Hell" Says Arms Maker Asked About War Orders

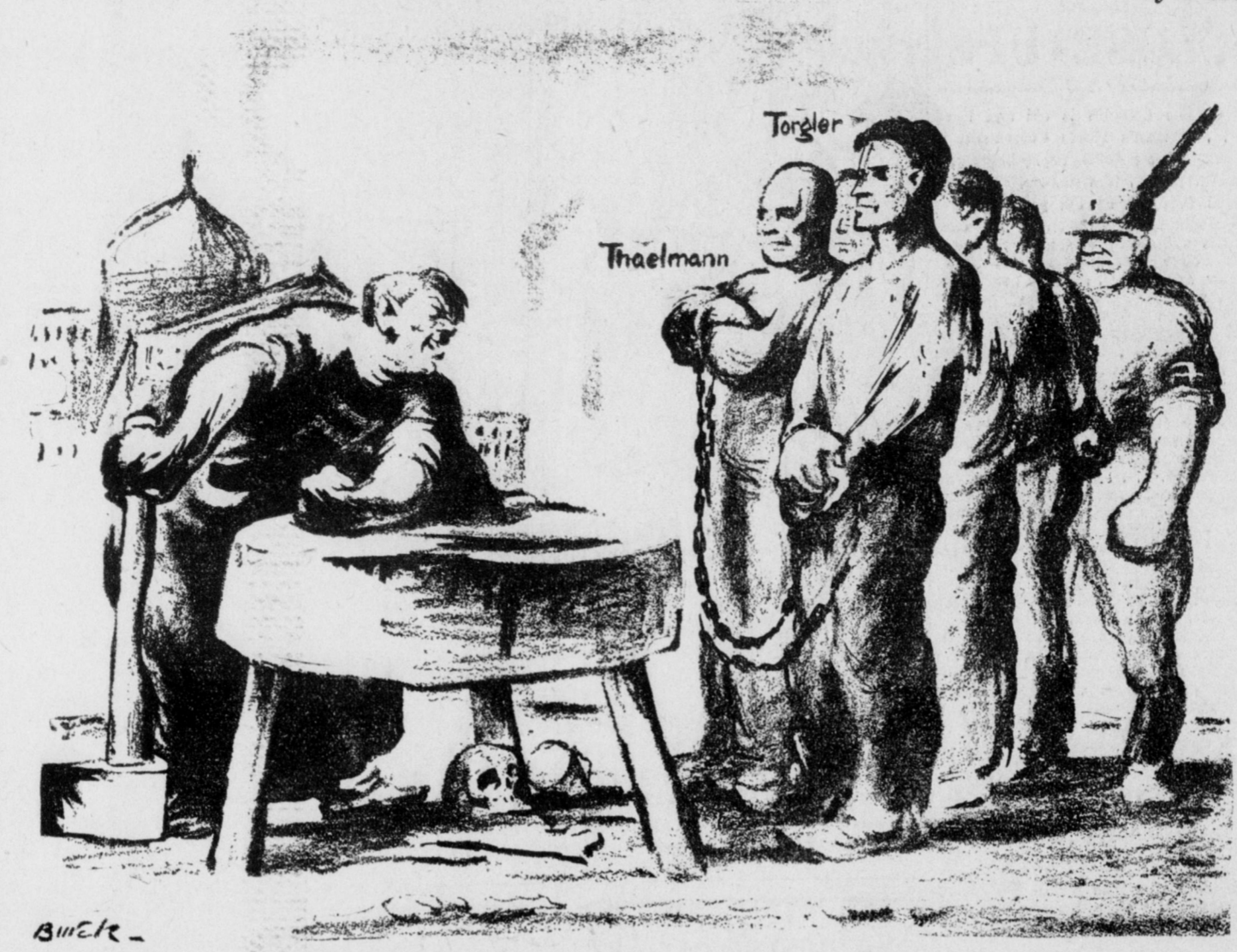
BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 17.—Mrs. Eliza Tudor, wealthy Boston Liberal, was told to "Go to hell," by John Harrington of the Harrington & Richardson Arms Co. in Worcester, Mass., when she and Mrs. Ruth Mowrey of Stoneham, Mass., attempted to interview him on the war preparations going on in his plant.

Mrs. Tudor and Mrs. Mowrey, members of the Women's International League for Peace and Freedom, have been conducting an independent campaign of picketing before New England munition factories and attempting to get workers to sign a petition to Roosevelt calling for reduction of armaments. Their plans were widely publicized by a time by the capitalist press, but what they learned during their experiences are not reported.

In a letter to the New England Labor Research Association, Mrs. Tudor reports conversations with workers at the Winchester Repeating Arms Co. in New Haven, Conn., who said they were manufacturing large quantities for war. The superintendent, on the other hand, told them the plant was making machine tools, but sport arms, washers, machine skates, etc. He said they made nothing out of the last war and that the firm was now in receivers' hands. This last was later denied and the workers gave the statement that no money had been made out of the war. The superintendent admitted that the firm sold gunpowder to South America.

Help improve the "Daily Worker." Send us your suggestions and criticisms! Let us know what the workers in your shop think about the "Daily."

Shall the Butcher Have His Way?



British Prepare to Tighten Grip on Iraq Kingdom

Machado Family Under Guard in Philadelphia

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 17.—Senora Elvira Machado, wife of the former Cuban President, her two daughters and their husband, and three grandchildren were closely guarded in the Pennsylvania Hotel here, with armed men guarding the corridors and closely scrutinizing every person who enters the hotel.

They had intended going on to New York, but changed their minds and remained in Philadelphia, while 100 New York policemen waited to guard them on their arrival in New York. It was said they had been warned of danger from enemies of Machado in New York.

Chinese Flood Peril Increases

SHANGHAI, Aug. 17.—The floodwaters of the Yellow River have got beyond control in Shantung province. General Han Fu-Chu, governor of the province, has sent warning to Kiangsu province, to the South, that the river is likely to flood both provinces and regain its old bed, which it left 81 years ago.

Still More Communists Reported Accused in Reichstag Frame-Up

Lawyer Reports 'Rote Fahne' Editor and Others Will Be Made to Stand Trial With Torgler and 3 Bulgarian Leaders in September

By WILLY TROSTEL. AFTER the German authorities had maintained silence for weeks regarding the trial in connection with the Reichstag fire, several partly contradictory reports have recently reached the public.

First the foreign lawyers from Brunn and Strassburg, who had offered to defend the accused, were informed that they would not be permitted to sign a petition to Roosevelt calling for reduction of armaments. Their plans were widely publicized by a time by the capitalist press, but what they learned during their experiences are not reported.

Nazis in New Attack on Torgler Defense Plans

Try to Get Names of Refugee Defense Witnesses

LEIPZIG, Aug. 17.—Fear of the Nazi authorities in the face of the world-wide campaign in defense of Ernst Torgler, George Dimitroff, Vassil Tanef and Blagoi Popoff, accused of setting the Reichstag on fire, is revealed by the attempts of Karl Werner, chief federal attorney, to get the names of refugee witnesses who have proved that Hermann Goering arranged the fire himself.

It was made public today that he had written to George Branting, leading Swedish lawyer, and Romain Rolland, French lawyer, members of an international commission of leading lawyers and public men, who have gathered first-hand evidence for the public People's Trial which will be held at The Hague simultaneously with the Leipzig trial, asking for their evidence.

Gandhi Wins Point, Stops "Death Fast"

BOMBAY, Aug. 17.—Mahatma Gandhi's "fast to death," begun yesterday, was ended today as the Bombay government granted him a few special privileges as a political prisoner in Yeroda jail, Poona, where he is serving a year for "civil disobedience."

Maneuvers of Nazis Reveal Fear of International Wrath at Frame-Up—Intensified Campaign Can Free Victims of Fascists

Prompt aid, which can only be rendered by a powerful international mass movement, is necessary.

"People's Trial" at The Hague It was a splendid idea to arrange a trial by a people's Court in the Hague at the same time as the trial in Leipzig. The preparation of this trial alone has rendered inestimable service to the cause of our innocent comrades. But in addition, if this action is to be effective, the factories and trade unions must be fully mobilized, huge meetings must be held and the streets and squares must be red with the campaign.

Nothing is farther from our thoughts than to harbor optimistic illusions. Nevertheless, we see that the Nazi authorities are compelled to resort to maneuvers, to issue confusing reports in order to frustrate our campaign. The fact that Comrades Torgler, Dimitroff, Tanef and Popoff are still alive and that by their innocence they constantly remind Goering and Goebbels of their guilt in connection with the Reichstag fire, the fact that these comrades have not been simply killed by the unscrupulous tools of Goehring

Anti-Nazi Week Dates Announced in Many Cities

Other Cities Urged to Organize Drives

NEW YORK.—The National Committee to Aid Victims of German Fascism today made the following announcement: "All friends of the movement to aid the victims and demand freedom for the class war prisoners of the Hitler murder regime are requested to cooperate in the following protest and collection weeks:

Newark August 14 to 21; Chicago, August 20; Frisco, August 21; Buffalo, to August 21; Cleveland to August 21; Philadelphia, to August 21. Detroit, Rochester, Los Angeles, Grand Rapids, Trenton, Yonkers, Bridgeport, Denver, Erie, Toledo, Syracuse, Providence and other cities should decide upon protest and collection weeks for early September.

Workers Can Free Communists

This will happen all the sooner, the more powerful the world movement for the release of Comrades Torgler, Dimitroff, Popoff and Tanef becomes. In our fight for the release of the victims of the Reichstag fire frame-up we are faced with a relatively small clique of Nazi leaders. They, on the other hand, are opposed by millions and millions of first. And those who yesterday called for the rescue of Torgler will tomorrow call for his revenge.

Workers Can Free Communists

A tremendous responsibility rests upon us. It demands our mobilization work when we imprisoned comrades Torgler, Dimitroff, Popoff and Tanef will be freed and when German Fascism will receive its first mortal blow.

KENNEDY SCHEME AIMED TO THWART MOVEMENT FOR JOBLESS INSURANCE

Workers' Bill Asks Payment for Whole Period of Unemployment but U.M.W.A. Misleader Asks for Only a "Number of Weeks"

By PHIL BART In an address before the Executive Board of the United Mine Workers of America, came forth with a program for "unemployment insurance." In his speech, which is printed in the August 11 number of the "United Mine Workers' Journal," he even says, "Labor having set its face not turn back." Mr. Kennedy, who is high in the circles of the American Federation of Labor, is well aware of the "turn back." At the Cincinnati Convention of the A. F. of L. last year a resolution was adopted endorsing so-called state unemployment insurance. But it has been discarded for the "new deal."

The NRA, with its wage cuts, with the elimination of the existing relief relations has replaced even the lip-service of support for unemployment insurance. But Kennedy starts off, "The American Labor movement today stands four square for compulsory unemployment insurance" Of course the American workers are swinging more and more towards the support of compulsory unemployment insurance! The American Federation of Labor Committee for Unemployment Insurance can record some 800 locals and three State Federations which have endorsed the Workers' Unemployment Insurance Bill. This movement is gaining wider support in the ranks of the labor movement. This

is the reason why Mr. Kennedy came to the rescue, not to support the movement for special insurance "stand four square," but to do everything possible to disrupt this movement.

Only Words—No Actions If this were not true then we must ask, why is it that neither the International Executive Board nor you as a member of it, Mr. Kennedy, have carried on any activity towards mobilizing the miners in the campaign for the adoption of unemployment insurance? On the contrary, threats are made against whole locals and individual members who are active in this nation-wide movement to gain compulsory unemployment insurance for American labor.

Every move of the members of the A. F. of L., of which the United Mine Workers are a part, to organize support for this movement is met with expulsions and even physical attacks. Do you expect any worker to believe your words when your actions point in just the opposite direction?

Kind of Insurance Now, let us see the kind of unemployment insurance and social protection the secretary-treasurer of one of the largest unions in the A. F. of L. proposes for the workers? In the first place, he discards from the outset any form of special insurance in case of sickness, old age, maternity, etc. He even adds the categories to his exemption list "those unwilling to work or those on strike." In other words, if a worker is offered a starvation wage and refuses to accept it, he is "unwilling to work" and not eligible for unemployment insurance. Those on strike are not to get support, but their existence is dependent on the care given by "their own labor organizations."

Contrast this proposal with the Workers' Unemployment Insurance Bill, which states that "No worker shall be deprived of unemployment insurance because of refusal to take the place of strikers or to work for less than union rates of pay."

How Much? Now, how much benefit is to be given and for how long a period? Mr. Kennedy answers, "The amount of benefits to be paid and the number of weeks during which they shall be paid must depend upon the local conditions in each state and upon the amount of contributions paid into the fund." This labor misleader proposes to pay on the basis of "local conditions" and for a period dependent on how much the state can provide. Just as the NRA, he wants a much lower standard for the worker.

What a vast difference between this proposal and the concise measure proposed in the Workers' Bill that unemployment insurance shall "guarantee the average wages in the respective industries and territories in the United States." But in no case shall it be "less than \$10 weekly for adult workers and \$3 for each dependent." And it further emphasizes that this be paid "for the entire period of unemployment."

One would expect that the least a "labor leader" would ask for is representation of trade unions and other workers' organizations to administer the fund. But this would be asking too much from an A. F. of L. bureaucrat. Mr. Kennedy wants "the administration of the scheme of unemployment compensation and the responsibility for the keeping and investment of the unemployment funds to be in the hands of a state commission created for the specific purpose or an already existing state commission or department of labor." Let the department of (anti) labor which breaks strikes and depots militant workers be in charge of distributing funds to the unemployed. Of course he wants an "advisory board" for labor.

But the Workers' Bill demands "That the unemployment insurance fund shall be administered and controlled by the workers through unemployment insurance commissions composed of rank and file members of workers' organizations."

The actions of Kennedy, Lewis, Green and their whole crew point to a long record of opposition to unemployment insurance as well as every measure which will help the employed and unemployed workers. The recent betrayal of the 70,000 miners in Western Pennsylvania by the gang of which Kennedy is an outstanding figure is sufficient proof that the whole talk for unemployment insurance is aimed to obstruct this growing movement among the American workers.

Unemployment insurance can and will be won. But not by the speeches of "labor leaders" before audiences in universities. For this purpose it is necessary to develop a nation-wide campaign to get endorsements by trade unions, workers' and veterans' organizations, demonstrations, hunger marches, petitions before local governments demanding their endorsement of the Workers' Unemployment Insurance Bill.

In the mine fields a wide campaign should be developed to "expose the whole character of Kennedy's proposals and the record of the U. M. W. A. on this issue. By these means we will gain mass support among the miners for the adoption of the Workers' Unemployment Insurance Bill.