

# MIGHTY STRUGGLES OF U. S. TOILERS DEMAND 'DAILY' BE SAVED!

## This Is Your Battle

Members of mass organizations: The Daily Worker has been engaged in advancing your cause for the nine years of its existence. The Daily Worker now faces suspension for lack of funds. The plight of the "Daily" is your plight. The battle of the "Daily" for continued life is your battle. Collect at your meetings! Arrange affairs! Be in the vanguard of the drive for \$35,000!

# Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.  
(Section of the Communist International)

## Shop Committee Collects

The shop committee of the "Helena Frock Co." collected, in the shop and at a party organized by the committee, the sum of \$12 which was forwarded to the Daily Worker. Carry the drive into the shops, collect funds to save the paper that fights to better conditions for all workers. Save the Daily Worker.

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## U. S. SUPPORTS COLOMBIA PAWN IN WALL ST. WAR

### Note to Peru A Threat In Guise of Move to "Avert" Conflict

**BULLETIN**  
NEW YORK.—James W. Ford, Israel Amter and Fred Biedenkapp are speakers at a mass meeting protesting the arrest and clubbing to death in the Tokio police station of Japanese workers' leaders. The meeting is called by the I.L.D. for Feb. 3 at 2 p.m. at Stuyvesant Casino.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Chief instigator of the wars now raging in South America, the U. S. imperialists actively intervened yesterday against Peru, in support of their Colombian puppets, under the pretext of "averting" war between Colombia and Peru over the "disputed" Leticia area. On the same day, the U. S. Standard Oil Company entered a hypocritical denial that it was aiding Bolivia "financially and otherwise" in the undeclared war between Bolivia and Paraguay over the "disputed" Gran Chaco territory.

**Supports Colombia Puppet**  
In a note sent exclusively to the Peruvian Government, Secretary of State Stimson brazenly took up the cudgels in support of the Colombian Government in the struggle being waged between U. S. and British imperialists through their native puppet governments for control of markets and raw resources in South America. The U. S. note states, in part:

"The telegram of the Minister of Foreign Affairs of Colombia to your excellency of January 11 declares, on behalf of the government of Colombia that, in such action as it may be necessary for Colombia to take in the Leticia region, its forces are advancing merely in order to reoccupy Colombian territory and to prevent the continuance in that region of the conditions of violence which have caused the suspension of all law and right, in violation of public treaties. The communication continues to affirm that the Colombian forces which will be employed for that purpose will avoid conflict with the military forces of Peru unless the latter attempt to place the onus for war on Peru. He carefully refrains from mentioning the real issues involved in the war between Colombia and Peru—the rivalry between U. S. and British interests for control over

**Defend Resort to Arms.**  
Under the hypocritical pretense of seeking to "avert" a conflict, Stimson thus defends the resort of the Colombian Government to arms to settle what he pretends is merely a dispute over Leticia. While pretending to be "seeking peace," Stimson justifies the use of its armed forces by the Colombian government and attempts to place the onus for war on Peru. He carefully refrains from mentioning the real issues involved in the war between Colombia and Peru—the rivalry between U. S. and British interests for control over

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

**45 JOBLESS REMANDED**  
TORONTO.—Finally allowed out on their own bail, the forty-three unemployed workers arrested here before the Hunger March, were remanded to Jan. 27. Baker and Johnson, arrested at the same time but charged under Section 98 were also remanded. The others were charged with vagrancy.

## CITY EVENTS

**MASS MEETING ON FILIPINO INDEPENDENCE**  
Mass meeting at 7:30 p.m. at Stuyvesant Casino to present the true demands of the Filipinos on independence and analyze the so-called Philippine Independence Bill passed by congress. Speakers: William Simons, national secretary Anti-Imperialist League; H. M. Wicks, associate editor Daily Worker; John Ballam, district secretary I.L.D.; M. Publico, of Filipino Anti-Imperialist League and M. M. Abulance, vice-secretary of Anti-Imperialist League. M. Manzon, chairman of meeting, educational director of Filipino Anti-Imperialist League; R. Tumeinda, president of Filipino Anti-Imperialist League.

**SOUTH BROOKLYN UNEMPLOYED MARCH**  
Marchers form at 192 President St. and 201 Bond St. at 9:30 today and proceed to Home Relief Bureau at 69 Schermerhorn Street to present demands formulated by conference of unemployed councils and block committees.

**HACKER TO REPORT ON FIFTH I.L.D. WORLD CONGRESS**  
Hack Hucker, national organizer of the International Labor Defense, will report to an open meeting at 2 p.m., Jan. 29, at Irving Plaza Hall, on the Fifth World Congress of the I.L.D. to which he was a delegate.

**SCOTTSDORO DEFENSE PARADE AND MEETING**  
Scottsboro Defense Committee will lead a parade Jan. 30 from Union Sq. mass meeting at 7 p.m. to another meeting in Hennington Hall, 214 E. Second St., at 8 p.m. Richard B. Moore will speak for the committee and Hack Hucker for the I.L.D.

**CELEBRATE FOURTH ANNIVERSARY OF N.T.W.I.U.**  
Celebration of Fourth Anniversary of founding of Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union, Saturday, at 8:30 p.m. in New Star Casino. All other militant unions, workers clubs and I.W.O. branches urge their members to participate.

**U. S. BANK DEPOSITORS LEAVE SUNDAY FOR ALBANY**  
Bank of U. S. Depositors go to Albany Sunday to place demands before governor and banking committees of legislature. Leave on Steamer "Benjamin B. Odell" at 5 p.m. from Pier 43, foot of Christopher Street. Register at Pier.

## Miners' Delegate



Tony Minerlich, representing the striking coal miners, who together with 50 other representatives of 250,000 workers and poor farmers of Illinois was ordered clubbed by the democratic Governor Hornet.

## U.M.W. CHIEFS IN WAGE-CUT PLOT

### Secret Parley Plans Anthracite Slash

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Behind closed doors a committee of 12 representatives of the coal operators and the United Mine Workers officialdom is continuing its negotiations with the Anthracite Wage Board in an effort to put over a sweeping wage-cut for all Pennsylvania anthracite miners. The operators are reported demanding a cut of 35 per cent, and UMW chiefs are playing the usual game of pretending to oppose this cut in order to compromise on a slightly smaller figure and so hand a brilliant wage cut "victory" to the starving miners.

The wage Board is expected to announce its decision within the next few days, and since it consists of only two people, George Rubles, representing the operators, and Frank Morrison, secretary of the American Federation of Labor, it is likely that it will announce its failure to arrive at any agreement. This would pave the way for bringing in a third person, whose decision would be binding; in other words, the usual "impartial" arbitration scheme by which the mis-

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

**STRIKERS REJECT A.F.L.**

NEW YORK.—The workers of Pellessier Jones & Rivet Inc., 31 Stockton St., Brooklyn, went out on strike against a wage cut. This shop was an A. F. of L. shop until two years ago, when it was sold out by Look, one of the A. F. of L. officials. These workers do not make the same mistake twice. This time they would have nothing to do with the International Ladies Garment Association. They went to the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union under whose leadership they are now conducting their strike.

## MOTOR PRODUCTS MEN WON'T TOUCH BRIGGS MATERIAL

### Fine Solidarity With 10,000 Detroit Auto Strikers

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 26.—While the strike of more than 10,000 auto workers at four plants of the Briggs Manufacturing Corporation continued today with militant mass picketing, the shop committee of the Motor Products Corporation, an auxiliary of the auto industry, today notified the company that the workers will refuse to produce material for the Briggs Company as long as the strike lasts. The 1,000 workers of the Motor Products Corporation themselves went out on strike last week against a wage-cut, gaining an overwhelming victory last Saturday.

**Splendid Solidarity**  
This splendid demonstration of solidarity came after a meeting of Motor Products workers who jammed Germania Hall last night. More than 700 of them joined the Auto Workers Union, which led their struggle, and paid initiation dues. The workers showed tremendous enthusiasm for building the union and decided to organize sub-locals in each department. Raymond and Wald spoke for the union and Andrew Overgaard for the Trade Union Unity League, to which the union is affiliated.

**100 Per Cent Organized**

The night shift of the Motor Products plant met this morning and made similar decisions. The entire factory is organized 100 per cent. The picket-line in the Briggs strike was greatly strengthened this morning by the addition of the workers of the Waterloo and Meldrum units, who yesterday joined those of the Highland Park and Mack Avenue plants in the fight against wage-cuts. At the Mack Avenue plant the police attempted to drive the strikers away, but failed because of the militancy of the mass picketing. The Auto Workers Union is leading the strike.

**Present Demands**  
Yesterday the General Strike Committee elected a Negotiations Committee, consisting of 25 workers from all four plants, including men and women, Negro and white. Demands were formulated for each department and submitted to the bosses. A wage-scale committee of 45 is also working on its demands.

In an effort to prevent the strike from spreading, the Murray Body bosses sent home their workers last Wednesday. Sentiment for strike action is gaining, not only at the Murray Body plant, but in Ford's and many others, and the influence of the Auto Workers Union is increasing by leaps and bounds.

## B'KLYN HUNGER MARCH IS TODAY

### Thousands to Present Demands to Bureau

NEW YORK.—Large numbers of South Brooklyn workers are to march to the central office of the Brooklyn Home Relief Bureaus at 69 Schermerhorn Street today. Yesterday's Daily Worker incorrectly stated that the march was to take place yesterday. Preparatory to today's march, mass meetings were held last night throughout South Brooklyn. Workers gathered at the Red Hook, 15th Street, the Bay Ridge and the South Brooklyn Unemployed Councils. A committee of 25 was elected to present the workers' demands to Mrs. O'Neill, supervisor of the Brooklyn Home Relief Bureaus.

Thirty Bay Ridge families were granted immediate relief yesterday as a result of the drive by South Brooklyn Unemployed Councils. Workers will rally today at two points, 192 President Street and 201 Bond Street, at 10 a.m. Hooverville workers are to join in the march. The following demands will be made by the hunger marchers: \$1 a day for single workers; abolition of the red tape system at the Relief Bureaus; removal of police from all bureaus; opening of empty buildings for the homeless unemployed; no discrimination against Negroes, Filipinos and foreign-born workers.

## Another Judge Calls District Attorney to Prosecute Jobless

NEW YORK.—Following the precedent begun by the court in Williamsburg, the Coney Island court has postponed the case of the eleven workers' arrested Monday demanding relief, until February 10, in order to have the corporation counsel prosecute them, and secure severer sentences. The defending attorney from the I. L. D. David Schiffman, protested against this, explaining that the workers in the courtroom had borrowed carfare to attend and some had walked long distances through the rain in their torn shoes and worn overcoats.

## \$35,000 Drive Falls Down Badly; Immediate Funds Needed to Save the 'Daily'

**THIRTEEN** days of the Daily Worker campaign. And all that has been received has been \$1,778.54, including yesterday's total of \$79.45, which was a drop from the \$290.44 that came in Wednesday. We know that many of those who have helped contribute this sum have made great sacrifices, have actually taken food from their own mouths to save the "Daily." But there are thousands more, many of whom still have jobs, who have not contributed a cent, not because they don't want to, but because the readers of the Daily Worker, the Party members, all those who should be most active in the campaign are not on the job as they should be.

And there is the growing host of sympathizers of the working class, intellectuals, professional people, etc.—thousands of them—who have not yet been reached.

**That is why** in nearly two weeks of the campaign we have received only \$1,778.54—a sum that is not even enough to meet the current expenses of publishing the Daily Worker, involving a weekly deficit of more than \$1200. What about the \$35,000 that must be raised to make up for the losses of the past and keep the "Daily" alive?

The truth must be told: the failure of a number of the largest districts to show any real activity in the drive is endangering the life of the only daily paper in English that fights for the working class. This is especially true of Districts 8 (Chicago), 3 (Philadelphia) and 13 (California).

**Tonight** and over the week-end many workers' organizations are holding their meetings. At every meeting the alarm must be sounded, collections taken up, collection lists distributed, affairs planned. The American workers must show that they are not going to let their most powerful weapon be taken away from them. Not while the Negro worker, Angelo Herndon, waits for the working masses to smash the chain gang sentence against him; not while the Scottsboro boys still stand in the shadow of the electric chair; not while Tom Mooney still rots in San Quentin; not while the Detroit auto workers are waging such splendid struggles against wage-cuts; not while the fight for immediate relief and unemployment insurance, the struggle of the farmers against forced sales and starvation, the fight against imperial war and in defense of the Soviet Union—will every battle of the American toilers calls to us to save the Daily Worker, the leader and organizer of these mighty struggles.

**Act at once!** Every day, every moment counts. Wire or air-mail every cent you can spare to the Daily Worker, 50 East 13th St., New York City.

## Nation-Wide Indignation Forces "Macon Telegraph" to "Deplore" Chain Gang Sentence of Herndon

### White Southern Paper Sees Savag e Sentence Menacing Usefulness of Courts in Maintaining Ruling-Class Oppression

#### Recognize the Communists As Only Leaders in the Struggle for 'Food and Clothes and Shelter' for Masses

ATLANTA, Ga., Jan. 26.—The thunder of protest against the vicious sentence of 18 to 20 years on the chain gang against Angelo Herndon, 19-year old Negro organizer of the unemployed, is having its repercussions in the boss press in the South. Under the caption "Shamful Verdict," the Macon Telegraph, a white newspaper, in its issue of Jan. 20, deplores the sentence and gives a hint to the lynch courts that such sentences will not serve to crush the rising tide of mass rebellion against starvation, but, on the other hand, serves to destroy the "dignity of our courts"—meaning their usefulness to the ruling class as instruments for maintaining the robbery and oppression of the white and Negro toilers.

## 25 THUGS BEAT UP 7 PAINTERS

NEW YORK.—A band of some 25 gangsters carrying pipes, knives and other weapons and acting under the orders of Painters District Council 9 officials, carried out a brutal attack on seven workers, members of the Alteration Painters Union Wednesday. All seven suffered serious injuries. The worst hurt being Paul Korth, 319 E. 5th St., who is now in the Fordham Hospital.

The attack took place on the job at 4278 Third Avenue, where the Alteration Painters conducted a successful strike, winning better conditions for the workers. The attack on the Alteration members comes immediately after the attack on seven rank and file members of the A. F. of L. Local 261.

## Needle Trades Jobless Council Wins Relief for Victim of Church

NEW YORK.—The Needle Trades Workers Unemployed Council has won relief from the Y. W. C. A. for Anna Yambro, who was cheated out of \$295 wages, she says, by the Holy Trinity Roman Catholic Church of Hazelton, Pa., before she moved to New York.

Mary Cosentino, who has been steadily refused relief by the Home Relief Bureau took her case to the Needle Trades Unemployed Council, which sent a committee to Taylor's office at 50 Lafayette Street and got relief for her.

## Hundreds Demand Some Real Meals in "Gold Dust Lodge"

NEW YORK.—Hundreds of unemployed workers housed in the Gold Dust Lodge demonstrated Wednesday afternoon, demanding three square meals a day and reinstatement of Robert Austin and Harvey Cowan, who had been suspended from the lodge by the administration for advocating this demand.

The demonstration was held under the auspices of the Gold Dust Lodge Grievance Committee and the Lower East Side Unemployed Council, which is supporting the demands of the 2,200 workers in the lodge.

The dissatisfaction of the men was brought to a head when hundreds of stickers appeared inside the lodge bearing the demand: "We want three square meals a day!" The men had been under-nourished and worn out. On a number of occasions they had seen 100-pound sacks of sugar donated for the lodge taken away in a car regularly accompanied by the adjutant of the lodge. In the meantime the men had to drink coffee without sugar.

The mood of the men was previously indicated when the lodge officials attempted to form a group for the purpose of breaking up meetings of the Unemployed Council, but the sullen refusal of the workers to respond to this provocation clearly indicated that they knew their friends.

## Fake Insurance Bills Shaped to Stifle the Workers' Demands

### Republican and Democrat Legislators Prepare at Albany to Railroad Measures Sponsored by Bankers

**By JOHN CASEY.**  
NEW YORK.—When President-Elect Roosevelt sought last October to squirm out of a special session of the Legislature to grant relief for the jobless and starving millions, he called in for counsel among others, Geo. R. Fearon, Republican leader of the State Senate. It mattered not that Roosevelt was then the Democratic candidate for the Presidency, while Fearon was a loyal supporter of Hoover. What cannot be emphasized too strongly is that Republican, Democratic and Socialist leaders are ever alert to set up a united front on any

stances, could be absolutely depended upon for cooperation with Roosevelt and John Sullivan, head of the State Federation of Labor.

As the Republican leader of the Senate, Fearon receives his instructions on all legislation from W. Kingsland Macy, chief of the New York State party organization. Macy, who is a capitalist newspaper publisher, is an intimate friend of the leading Wall Street bankers. The word on legislative matters is passed on from Wall Street to Macy, then to Fearon

and the Democratic legislators at Albany to railroad measures sponsored by bankers.

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## BANKERS IN CONFERENCE ON NEW AND SAVAGE LAY-OFFS AND WAGE CUTTING

### Applaud Example of Fall River Where Libraries Are Closed, Teachers Fired, Medical Service Cut 40 Per Cent

### Rent Strikers Pledge Support to Albany Conference to Repulse Such Attacks

NEW YORK.—Practical instruction on slashing city workers' wages, overloading teachers, depriving children of certain sorts of schooling, firing janitors, reducing public health service by practically half, closing libraries—this was the nature of the speech last night by James Jackson, chairman of the State Finance Committee of Fall River, Mass., to eager, responsive pupils. Those who heard him were some 200 bankers of the Eastern Regional Savings Conference of the Savings Division of the American Bankers Association. The speech was made in the Waldorf Astoria Hotel.

**They'll Do It Here.**

These are the same bankers who called a special session of the legislature to cut New York City workers' wages, who insist on the city firing all foreign born workers and many native born.

Before them, Jackson held up a goal of further achievements, using Fall River as an example. He said, while New York bankers listened eagerly:

"In Fall River we were able to reduce the school budget by a 20 per cent reduction in salaries; we dispensed with the services of some 140 teachers, by increasing the teacher load from 28 to about 38; by raising the entrance age from 5½ years to 6 years which closed the kindergartens, and by closing the night schools. We also eliminated some janitors. I believe that the economies effected thus far have not been detrimental to the child. A further study might readily show that our expenses could be materially reduced through some simple changes in the curriculum. This also without detriment to the child.

"Branch libraries have been closed. Some department heads were eliminated by consolidating several departments under a commissioner of public works at a saving of \$1,000 a year. A few policemen and firemen have been dropped from the rolls and more modern methods have increased the efficiency and economy in operation of these departments.

"The health situation of the city has been very carefully surveyed by an outside medical group and we have been able to cut the cost of our health service, including hospitals, about 40 per cent. Special attention has been given to the needy poor are getting better attention than ever before.

"These studies could not have been made by the finance board so that board secured the services of OUTSIDE GROUPS unbiased by local feeling, to survey these different local problems and every survey that has been made has proved that economies could be effected and efficiency increased."

New York also has progressed far along this road, but Jackson's speech sets a goal for further achievement.

**Workers!** This is the program of the bankers and capitalists, and of the Tammany and Lehman administrations!

**Build the State Conference**  
Answer it by moving in every local union of whatever affiliation, in every workers' club and workers' organization of every sort, for the support of the State Wide Conference on Unemployment Insurance and Labor Legislation. The conference will meet in Albany Feb. 25 to 27 at the call of 60 labor unions and other workers' organizations. It will formulate bills to present to the legislature. There will be bills for unemployment insurance, against evictions, against firing of city employees and looting of workers' pay for fire relief.

The struggle is being waged by ever larger groups of workers in New York already along these lines, in rent strikes and demonstrations at Relief Bureaus.

**Rent Strikers Endorse**  
House and Block Committee representatives, many of whom are now engaged in the leadership of rent strike struggles in New York City, gathered at the headquarters of the East Bronx Unemployed Council, 616 Tinton Avenue, for the purpose of endorsing the State Labor Legislation Conference.

In a resolution endorsing the conference, the delegates declared in part: "We pledge to mobilize the unemployed, part-time and employed workers in our territory towards making this conference a success."

**Rush funds to save the "Daily,"** You can't do without it. Support the \$35,000 Drive.

## Picket in Rain at Franklin Ave. Strike; Picket Again Today!

NEW YORK.—Crowds of workers picketed 1392 and 1377 Franklin Avenue yesterday in spite of the rain. The expected evictions were not attempted. Many calls were sent in by tenants of nearby houses for organizers. The movement is spreading toward a general rent strike in this part of the Bronx.

## Strike Spreading in Bryant Ave. Section to Four More Houses

NEW YORK.—The Bryant Avenue and Hoe Avenue section in the Bronx swarms with cops, but the strike movement is spreading. At 556 Fox Street yesterday the tenants went on strike, demanding lower rents.

The 1045 Bryant Avenue and 1484 Hoe Avenue tenants, both houses being owned by the same landlord, sent in demands and will strike Saturday morning unless they are granted.

The same thing will happen Monday morning unless demands already presented by Negro and white tenants of 824 and 844 Dawson Street are granted.

Kreppel, the landlord at 1041 Bryant Avenue, is trying to frame up Buck King and Rosen, strike leaders, on charges of hiring someone to break in his apartment.

Meetings are going on in many places. Four evictions threaten Monday at 1045 Bryant and three at 1041 Bryant, and a big picket line will form.

## Jobless Leaders Turn Down Judge's Bribe; Won't Quit Struggle

NEW YORK.—Max Rann, 19; Irving Weinberg, 22, and Harry Chester, 19, tried Tuesday in the Tenth District Magistrate's Court in Brooklyn for disorderly conduct because they asked relief for needy workers on the Home Relief Bureau, 400 Ashford Street, Brooklyn, refused the bait of a suspended sentence which Judge Elipen promised them if they agreed to drop their activities in the Unemployed Council.

After an hour's speech, in which the judge abused the Unemployed Council and the revolutionary courage of the three arrested workers, they were sentenced to five days each. About 200 spectators, during the trial cheered the three workers. Among them was Mrs. Weinberg, mother of Irving, whose eyes were filled with tears when her son was sentenced, but who said to him, "I'm glad, son, that you refused to promise the judge that you wouldn't do any more revolutionary work."

## Mass Picketing at One House Wins Strike at Another, Brownsville

NEW YORK.—The mass picketing at 226 Barrett Street, Brownsville, is getting results. The landlord of 234 Barrett Street, prominent in the landlords' association, and the man who has been telling the 226 Barrett landlord not to settle with the strikers, was faced with a strike of his own tenants Wednesday.

When he saw preparations for a real struggle, he yielded and settled for: \$3 and \$4 reduction in rent, recognition of the house committee, and no evictions.

Meanwhile the landlord at 226 Barrett agreed to call off two evictions scheduled for yesterday and to meet the strike committee last night. The house committee calls for a mass picket line today at 10 a.m. to strike the final blow and win this strike. Strikers and pickets are registering with the Unemployed Council and endorsing its program, including the preparations for the Albany conference.



### FATE OF H. PING STILL UNKNOWN

#### 140 Artists, Writers Demand That Charges

SHANGHAI, Jan. 26.—The Kuomintang Nanking Government continues its refusal to reveal the prison to whom Huang Ping, chairman of the All-China Federation of Labor, was transferred upon his arrival in Nanking two weeks ago in chains and under a heavy guard. His like-wise refusal to state the charges on which he has been arrested. All efforts to discover his whereabouts have been unavailing. In fact, it is not even certain whether he is still alive. The toilers of the whole world are urged to intensify the protest campaign, demanding the immediate, unconditional release of this stalwart anti-imperialist fighter and labor leader.

#### Artists, Writers Protest

CHICAGO, Jan. 26.—One hundred and forty artists and writers attending the Open Forum, conducted by the John Reed Club, unanimously adopted the following resolution to be forwarded to the Chinese legation in Washington and to the Kuomintang authorities at Nanking: "We demand the immediate and unconditional release of Huang Ping, Chairman of the All-China Trade Union Federation, arrested, tortured and threatened with death by the Kuomintang authorities of Peiping and Nanking.

"We condemn the Kuomintang leaders for their actions to be the lackeys of the imperialists and the betrayers of the Chinese masses.

"We declare our sympathy with the anti-imperialist national liberation movement.

"We demand the withdrawal of all imperialist powers from China!

"Freedom for Huang Ping!

"Freedom for Gertrude and Paul Ruegg!

"Freedom for all Chinese class-war prisoners!"

A copy of the resolution was also sent to the Chinese Consul in Chicago.

### U. S. SHARPENS FIGHT ON BRITAIN

#### Demands Concessions on War Debts

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—The Wall Street Government today sharpened its offensive against its British rivals, demanding trade and other concessions in exchange for any downward revision of the British war debt to the U. S., and at the same time attempting to force Britain back to the gold standard in an effort to deprive the British of their present temporary advantage in the world market—an advantage secured by the process of currency inflation through which the cost of production has been reduced, thus enabling the British to undersell the U. S. in the world market.

#### Refuse Concessions.

The British Government, in accepting Roosevelt's invitation to send delegates to a conference in Washington in March, has rejected the U. S. demands, refusing to make any concessions to its U. S. rivals. In making its Dec. 15 payment on the war debts, the British Government stated that it would be its last payment on the old agreement. The French and other European governments which defaulted in the Dec. 15 payments are reported standing firm in their resistance to the U. S. demands for payment of the instalments and for concessions in exchange for debt revision. The Italian Government has offered a final lump payment, which would wipe out two billion dollars of the Italian debt to the U. S. government.

#### Call for Reprisals

Democratic and republican leaders in Congress are calling for reprisals against the debtor countries in the form of an increase in the already high U. S. tariffs and for inflation of U. S. currency "to compensate for depreciated currencies abroad." Both of these proposals would further lower the already starvation standards of the toil masses in this country and are part of the bosses' scheme to increase the price of commodities by securing monopoly of the domestic market for the American bourgeoisie and reducing the purchasing value of the dollar. This also means a sharpening of the present bitter tariff and trade war increasing the danger of a new world slaughter.

### DRESDEN POLICE KILL 13 WORKERS

#### Shot in Back at Anti-Fascist Meet

(Cable by Imprecors) BERLIN, Jan. 26.—Declaring dissolved a meeting attended by 1,000 workers in Dresden yesterday, the police fired point-blank into the backs of departing workers, instantly killing 13 and seriously injuring 10. The meeting in Dresden yesterday was convened by the League Against Fascism. The police invaded the meeting as Comrade Friedrich, former army lieutenant, commenced a protest speech against fascist terror. The police then declared the meeting dissolved, and opened fire at the departing crowd. None of the police were injured, retreating capitalists, press assertions that the workers fired first. The authorities have imposed a state of siege over Dresden. All outdoor meetings and demonstrations have been prohibited.

### Protest Grows

#### Tear Huang Ping from the hands of Chang Kai-Shek!



"Tear Huang Ping from the hands of Chang Kai-Shek!" reads the banner carried by this demonstrator before the Chinese Consulate in New York.

### U. S. FOR PUPPET IN WAR DRIVE

#### Supports Colombia in Drive Against Peru

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Colombian puppets to effect that control for U. S. financial interests.

Stimson then proceeds to praise the "peace efforts" of the Brazilian Government which, in the main, represents the mobilization of huge Brazilian naval and military forces on the Peruvian border and permission to Colombia for the untrammeled use of Brazilian waters (the Amazon River) by Colombian warships and transports advancing on the Leticia region.

#### Brazil Joins U. S. Bloc

Stimson's endorsement of the Brazilian "peace efforts" is proof that the U. S. imperialists have been victorious over their British rivals in the struggle to win Brazilian adherence to the U. S. bloc of puppet governments. Washington also scored another victory over the British yesterday at the League of Nations conference of 19 powers in securing the formal support of the conference for its Colombian puppets. The League, which has failed to stop Japan's robber war on China, is to join Stimson in his hypocritical gesture of "averting" war.

#### Meanwhile one of the bloodiest battles in the Chaco region enters its seventh day, as the Bolivian army, supplied with arms from the United States, continues to press its offensive against the Paraguayan forces.

Casualties during the first four days were reported at 6,500, including killed and wounded. The ground between the two opposing forces is piled high with dead and dying. No reports have been made of the casualties for the past two days, but these are expected to be increasingly high as a result of the growing intensity of the battle.

The war is threatening to engulf the whole South American continent, by the governments of Argentina, Chile and Uruguay lining up in the British bloc, while Brazil is mobilizing to support the U. S. bloc of Bolivia, Colombia and Ecuador. With the growing sharpness of the struggle between U. S. and British imperialism over the war debts, marksmen and colonists, the two bandit powers are more and more openly instigating the spread of the armed conflicts in South America. The threat of a new world imperialist war is menacing the interests and lives of the working class throughout the whole world. We must answer with intensified activity in support of the anti-war Congress to be held at Montevideo, Uruguay, Feb. 28.

### CHILE CONSCRIPTS SUPPORT TOILERS

#### Communism Grows in Army and Schools

The growing anti-war sentiment of the toiling Chilean masses are causing great embarrassment to the war preparations of the Chilean Government. The government decided yesterday not to call this year's quota of conscripts for military service "as a result of discovery of Communist propaganda among the recruits at the Valparaiso garrison." The government intends instead to call for volunteers from the bourgeois youth and those elements of the petty bourgeoisie who have not yet lost faith in the capitalist "way out" of the crisis which is having a specially devastating effect in Chile. The volunteers will be picked carefully "in order to prevent further infiltration of Communists into the army."

The government's decision followed a secret meeting Wednesday between representatives of the Chilean and Argentine governments on the undeclared war between Bolivia and Paraguay.

The Argentine bourgeoisie are known to be preparing to enter the war on the side of Paraguay, as part of the British bloc of puppet South American governments in the armed conflict U. S. and British imperialists are waging through their South American puppets. Throughout South America, the toiling masses are answering these war preparations with increasingly militant anti-war actions and support for the Soviet American anti-war Congress to be held Feb. 28 at Montevideo, Paraguay. The Chilean government also dismissed 100 school teachers yesterday on charges of Communist agitation in the schools. Reports of recent meetings of teachers at Antofagasta and Concepcion state the teachers have openly refused to carry out the war preparations of the bourgeoisie and are battling the rapid growth of revolutionary sentiments among the underpaid teachers and undernourished children.

### Troopers Attack the Delegates of 250,000 Starving Illinois Toilers

#### Governor, Praised by Norman Thomas, Orders Assault; Negro, White Fight Back Militantly; Conference Elects State Body

BULLETIN SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 26.—The conference on unemployment, meeting here, forced the release of the nine workers arrested yesterday when state troopers and police attacked a delegation which tried to see Governor Horner.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 26.—Governor Horner, newly elected Democratic Governor of Illinois, yesterday showed the Democratic Party's relief program in action, when he ordered state troopers to club and forcibly eject 50 delegates who came to present the demands of tens of thousands of starving unemployed in this state. This is the same Horner who was so highly praised by Norman Thomas, Socialist Party leader, when he visited him a few days ago.

The delegates resisted militantly and saved their spokesman, Lockner, from being beaten up and arrested. The workers walked out, singing "Solidarity," and yelling: "We want bread and unemployment insurance, not clubs." Reserves were called and motorcycle cops, detectives and patrol wagons dashed up and again viciously attacked the delegates. A Negro worker who rushed to the defense of a white worker who was being beaten, was herself clubbed. White and Negro workers fought side by side, showing real solidarity.

One detective said: "We'll beat you up so we won't have to give you relief."

#### Conference Hits Attack

Nine workers, five women and four men, were arrested. Lockner reported back to the delegates at the conference hall and pointed out the significance of the attack.

A resolution was adopted condemning the assault.

The spokesmen for the delegation that went to see Horner were Carl Lockner, secretary of the Cook County Unemployed Council; Tony Minerich, representing the striking coal miners of southern Illinois; Martha Yurkshat, a member of the Young Communist League, representing the young workers of the Progressive Miners, the American Federation of Labor, the Unemployed Councils, the Communist Party, the Young People's Socialist League, and many other organizations, representing more than 250,000 workers and poor farmers throughout Illinois.

The delegation went into the Governor's office, they were followed by dozens of police, state troopers and detectives, with reserves kept hidden

### U.M.W. CHIEFS IN WAGE-CUT PLOT

#### Secret Parley Plans Anthracite Slash

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

leaders of the A. F. of L. have put over many wage cuts.

#### Notorious Betrayers

The UMW committee consists of some of the most notorious betrayers of the miners: John L. Lewis, president of the UMW, Philip Murray, Thomas Kennedy, Michael Hartneid, Martin Brennan and John Boylan. Boylan is president and Brennan former president of District 1 (Anthracite), and both have an odorous reputation among the miners.

The UMW heads have been negotiating secretly with the coal operators since September. With many of the biggest mines shut down and thousands of men unemployed, the Lewis-Boylan gang have connived with a so-called citizens committee to get 1,700 miners of Taylor and West Scranton, Pa., to accept anything the Glen Alden Coal Company is willing to pay on the promise that it will re-open its mines at Taylor, Payne and Archbald.

While these negotiations have been going on, the miners in many places throughout the Anthracite region have shown their determination to struggle by striking against wage cuts. All miners, employed and unemployed, are urged to elect their own rank and file committees to defeat by strike action the wage cutting conspiracy of the UMW officials.

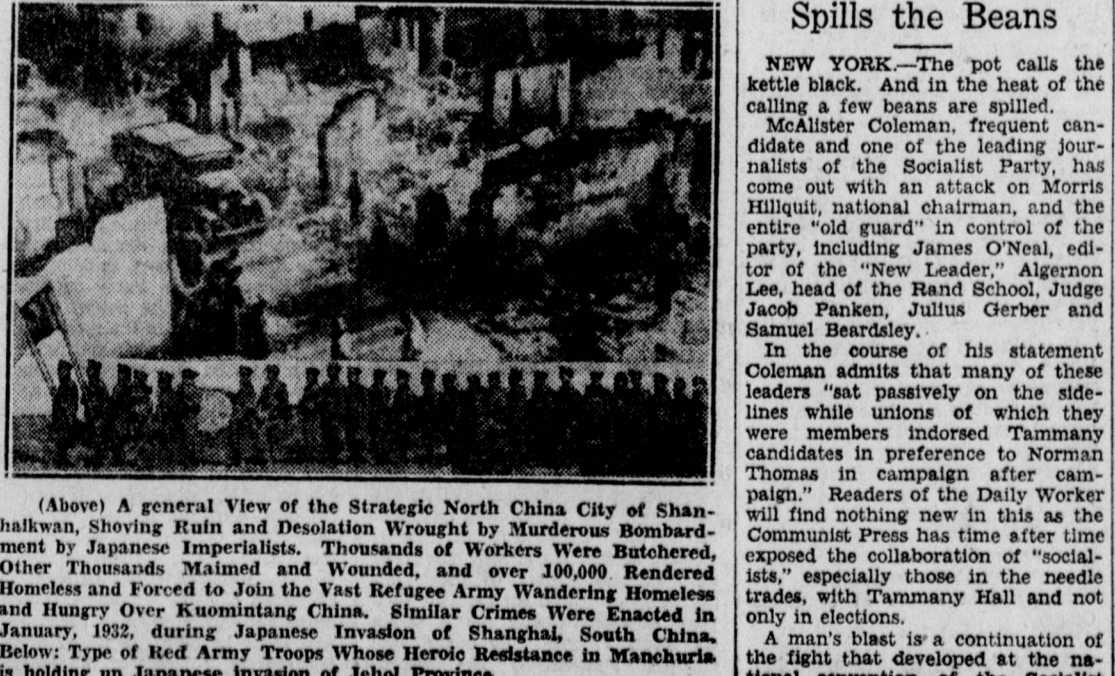
#### Move Against Foreign Born

HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 26.—The misleaders of the American Federation of Labor are reporting vigorous "serious study" to a bill proposed in the state legislature by Representative O. J. Powell, to bar foreign-born workers who are not citizens from working as anthracite miners. This would hit a big proportion of anthracite miners. The report that the A.F.L. leaders are giving this bill "serious study" means that they are secretly backing it in line with their nation-wide policy of opposing immigration and supporting all attacks on the foreign-born.

#### GLASS BILL IN HOUSE

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 26.—The Glass banking reform bill, which extends the power of the big banks through a system of branch banking and enables these to take over, at a tremendous discount, insolvent smaller

### THE SHANHAIKWAN HORROR



(Above) A general view of the Strategic North China City of Shan-haikwan, showing signs of destruction and Japanese occupation.

### PAINTERS DEFEND LOUIS WEINSTOCK

#### Demand That Charges Against 8 Be Dropped

NEW YORK.—As the regular meeting of the A. F. of L. Painters Local 499 on Wednesday, the local discussed the charges brought by the reactionary officials of the District Council . . . 9 against Louis Weinstock and seven other members of the Brotherhood. The charges are—creating dissension among the members and slandering the officials of the Brotherhood, etc. Last Thursday night, the District Council unseated three Council delegates among them was Louis Weinstock of Local 499. The Council also notified the local to send some one in his place.

#### Local in Uproar

When the minutes of District Council 9 were read in the local the members were all in an uproar against the attack of the officials. The meeting was very well attended, and the result of the discussion was that local No. 499 voted full confidence in Brother Weinstock for his actions in District Council 9 in behalf of local 499 and organized labor in general.

#### There was a thorough discussion by the membership. They saw that the charges brought against the militant members is a part of the policy of the District Council and the General Executive Board to get rid of those who are carrying on a struggle for better conditions, for unemployment insurance, fighting against the corrupt leadership in the District Council and against the corrupt leadership in the General Executive Board.

One speaker after another assured Weinstock that Local 499 as a whole will do its best to protect not only its members, but the members of other local unions who are fighting for the interests of the membership.

#### Makes Demands on Officials

The following motions were adopted:

1. Local 499 demands that the three suspended Council delegates be seated again in the District Council with their full rights.

2. That the charges be dropped against the eight members of the Brotherhood. In case the charges are not dropped, the accused brothers shall refuse to select their trial committee from the District Council, but shall demand that the trial committee shall be elected from the members in the local union directly.

#### Drop Charges in General

3. That the defense committee of five be elected by the locals and in case the District Council does not drop the charges against these eight members, Local 499 will proceed immediately to call a mass meeting to acquint the membership with the frame-up of these eight most militant members.

The speakers talking in defense of Brother Weinstock in Local 499 regular meeting, said that it is to the credit of Weinstock and Local 499 that the American Federation of Labor was forced to come out in favor of unemployment insurance.

### ARREST ANOTHER TAMPA WORKER

#### Charged "With Being a Communist"

TAMPA, Fla., Jan. 26.—Panchito Valdez, militant worker, was arrested last night under the city ordinance which is being used to terrorize the workers and fail all their leaders, and is charged with "being a Communist and found in Tampa."

Three workers are now being held under this charge. The International Labor Defense is appealing the case of Homer Barton, jobless organizer, who was sentenced to five days on this charge. Though released on a writ of habeas corpus pending the appeal, Barton was immediately re-arrested by county and immigration authorities, and is held without charges.

Workers are asked to send protests immediately by wire and mail, to Chief of Police Logan, Tampa, Fla., demanding the immediate release of Valdez, Barton, Armando Lopez, and Enriqueta Palacios, and for the right of workers of Tampa to organize to fight against starvation, and repeal of the unconstitutional anti-Communist ordinance.

#### Negro Artists Assist Scottsboro Defense

NEW YORK.—A group of Negro artists in Harlem have arranged a series of entertainments for the benefit of the Scottsboro Case Defense. A swell program and a good band for dancing.

The second of these affairs will be held this Saturday evening, Jan. 28, at 9:30, at the Friends Amusement Guild, 214 West 127th St. Admission 25 cents.

#### "BUILDING" STANDARD MEN

NEW YORK.—A seaman on a Standard Oil tanker bought himself a home gymnasium set, saying he had to build his system to stand the Standard chow served aboard the ship.

Other men of Standard tankers report to lockers full of groceries, but this plan is commonly condemned because a locker full of cheese, bologna and canned goods attracts cockroaches.

Party last year, and which came to the surface again a few days ago when Norman Thomas came out for the misleaders of the Progressive Miners in the Illinois strike, while Hillquit supported the Lewis White Mine Workers gang.

The so-called "Militant" group, for which Coleman speaks for years was hand in glove with Hillquit, O'Neal and Co., but is now being forced by the pressure of the social party rank and file and the general radicalization of the workers as a result of the crisis to adopt a revolutionary pose in order to betray them more effectively.

### SAYS S. P. WORKED WITH TAMMANY

#### Fake Left Socialist Spills the Beans

NEW YORK.—The pot calls the kettle black. And in the heat of the calling a few beans are spilled.

McAfee Coleman, frequent candidate and one of the leading journalists of the Socialist Party, has come out with an attack on Morris Hillquit, national chairman, and the entire "old guard" in control of the party, including James O'Neal, editor of the "New Leader," Algernon Lee, head of the Rand School, Judge Jacob Fankler, Julius Gerber and Samuel Bardsley.

In the course of his statement Coleman admits that many of these leaders "sat passively on the sidelines while unions of which they were members endorsed Tammany candidates in preference to Norman Thomas in campaign after campaign." Readers of the Daily Worker will find nothing new in this as the Communist Press has time after time exposed the collaboration of "socialists," especially those in the needle trades, with Tammany Hall and not only in elections.

A man's blast is a continuation of the fight that dropped at the national convention of the Socialist

### Workers School Student Council Forms Committee to Aid 'Daily'

#### NEW YORK.—The Student Council of the Worker's School, consisting of 94 delegates representing 1,500 students, has unanimously endorsed the Daily Worker drive and established a Daily Worker Committee of the Worker's School.

The committee will function as a "shock brigade" to aid the "Daily" in its present financial drive, and to remain as a permanent organization to increase the paper's circulation among the student body.

The committee asks that every student rally to the support of the "Daily" with generous contributions and help build the circulation of the paper that fights for the toilers of hand and brain.

### "BE SHOCK BRIGADER IN DRIVE TO RAISE FUNDS FOR THE DAILY"

NEW YORK.—The City Committee of the International Workers Order has issued a call to all its branches to be "Shock Brigades" in the campaign to raise funds for the Daily Worker. The appeal states:

"The call for funds for the Daily Worker must reach every worker. We cannot permit the loss of the Daily Worker even for a day.

"On you will fall the responsibility if our revolutionary organ does not reach the broad masses. Our Order cannot grow without the Daily Worker."

"The City Committee calls upon every branch executive, upon every member to save the Daily Worker."

"Our branches in the past, and especially in the last campaign, have shown their readiness to take up the call. Let your answer be the same now."

"The 'Shock Brigades' in this campaign.

"Our Daily Worker must live! Contribute, collect, rush funds at once!"

"City Committee, International Workers Order. H. Plotkin, Chairman. H. Schiller, Secretary."

### Contributions from I.W.O. Branches Help Swell "Daily" Fund

At last the members of the International Workers Order have responded to the appeal of the National Executive Committee of the organization to rush to the aid of the Daily Worker in its acute financial crisis. Returns from various branches total \$109.64. This is a good start. But it is a long way off from the \$8,000, which is the I. W. O. quota.

There are 21,000 members in the I. W. O. Every one of these 21,000 should help himself or herself the task of helping to save the only English-language workers' daily. Answer the call of the I. W. O. Executive Committee! I. W. O. branches and members, swing into activity at once! The quota must be fulfilled!

The following branches were responsible for Wednesdays I. W. O. contributions:

Branch 198, New York	... \$10.95
Branch 620, New York	... 3.00
Branch 138, New York	... 10.00
Branch 9, New York	... 3.70
Branch 19, New York	... 5.85
Branch 227, New York	... 2.84
Branch 97, Monticello	... 8.00
Branch 36, Albany	... 5.60
Branch 192, Miami, Fla.	... 60.50
Total	\$109.64

### Sam Brown to Speak At Welcome Banquet This Saturday Night

NEW YORK.—Sam Brown, militant young Negro worker, just released from prison after serving a six months sentence for demanding relief for unemployed Negro families and young workers of Harlem, will speak at a welcome banquet held in his honor this Saturday night, 8 p. m. at the Harlem Workers Center, 650 Lenox Ave.

When Brown was sentenced, the Tammany Judge Orello told him to "keep away from whites." Eleanor Henderson, wife of Donald Henderson, economics instructor at Columbia University, arrested at the same time was given ten days, and was told by the judge "don't mix with colored people." Later, a demonstration was held before the home of Judge Orello protesting against the severe Jim-crow sentence.

Hines will probably become Roosevelt's budget director. He was formerly railroad attorney and was associated in numerous deals with William G. McAdoo, who will probably be one of the leading members of the Roosevelt cabinet. Barney Baruch, the multi-millionaire Wall Street boss, is also visiting Roosevelt and is prominently mentioned as a Cabinet member.

### ROOSEVELT FOR FEDERAL PAY CUT

#### Considers 25 P. C. at Expense Employees

WARM SPRINGS, Ga., Jan. 26.—Walker D. Hines, who hails from the Kentucky Lynch gangs and who was formerly director-general of railroad, had a conference here in the heart of the chain-gang belt, with Franklin D. Roosevelt on how to slash wages of federal employees another 25 per cent and also to cut down other governmental expenses. The wage cutting as carried out under further use of the Hoover stagger system will probably amount to much more than 25 per cent.

Hines will probably become Roosevelt's budget director. He was formerly railroad attorney and was associated in numerous deals with William G. McAdoo, who will probably be one of the leading members of the Roosevelt cabinet. Barney Baruch, the multi-millionaire Wall Street boss, is also visiting Roosevelt and is prominently mentioned as a Cabinet member.

### WORKER CORRESPONDENCE

#### NEWSPAPER MAN TRIES TO PROVOKE TROUBLE

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—An open air meeting was held at 27th and Calford Streets, Philadelphia, against Judge Parry's action of sending an unemployed man to jail, after he was found not guilty of inciting to riot.

During the meeting there, a man who said he was from Public Ledger, took several pictures. He went to a group of five girls, M.C., M.S., and E.G., and two other girls I do not know, and asked them if they wanted to get their pictures in the paper. He told them to go up and knock the speakers' stand over and he would snap their pictures.

These girls, not belonging to anything, but anxious to hear both sides of the struggles against evictions around Gray's Ferry, had been already convinced that the Unemployed Councils are not their enemies, but their friends, and that the Unemployed Council of Gray's Ferry fights for the interest of all the workers of Gray's Ferry, black and white.

When the provocateur saw that he could not create trouble by urging these girls on, he tried another group of boys, such as Hamply M., E. L. and others who were born and raised in Gray's Ferry, but they also refused. And the meeting was carried on peacefully.

It is becoming more difficult for the provocateurs to get the workers to fight the so-called Reds, Communists, and Unemployed Councils, because the people of Philadelphia and Gray's Ferry are attending these open air meetings of the Unemployed Council, and are finding out the truth, and beginning to see how their misery has been poisoned against them by the Unemployed Councils by the Philadelphia newspapers, which fight for the moneyed interests, bankers, real estate agents, and building and loan associations.

This so-called Public Ledger reporter may have been the Philadelphia Police Dept. in plain clothes, posing as a newspaper reporter. This is a well-known trick of the Dept. But these girls are ready to testify that this provocateur tried to persuade them to dump the speakers' stand over.

The workers of Gray's Ferry are too interested in the Unemployed Council to fall for making trouble at the request of Shad, Molloy or any other provocateurs. It's to the interest of the workers of Gray's Ferry and Philadelphia to get into the Unemployed Council. This will help to stop evictions, will help to get coal, to get food orders, to get meals in schools, to get clothing, and to get reductions in rents and taxes. If only the people will get together by joining the Unemployed Councils in Gray's Ferry and Philadelphia. The cost is about one cent a month.

—C. H.

I recognize the necessity of the Daily Worker as a mighty weapon in the day-to-day struggles of the working class and wish to contribute to its maintenance.

I contribute \$..... to the Daily Worker Fund.

Name .....

Address .....

Wire, air Mail, rush funds to the Daily Worker, 50 East 13th St., New York City.

# Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.

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## Trying to Head Off the Farmers' Movement

AS the farmers' fight against sheriffs' sales spreads from Northwestern Iowa through other parts of the state, and into Nebraska, and similar action is carried on in Wisconsin and other farm states, the authorities in their alarm are compelled to resort to all sorts of tricks to try to stem the tide. Governor Clyde Herring of Iowa, according to press dispatches has issued a proclamation asking holders of realty or personal property mortgages to refrain from foreclosing until legislative bodies have had time "to enact laws meeting the economic emergency."

This is a gesture to try to dupe the farmers so they will relax their vigilance against the mortgage sharks—the bankers, the insurance companies, the farm machinery trust. It is quite clear that the upsurge of the farmers' fight against foreclosures, against low prices for their products has advanced to a stage where there is widespread mass defiance of the state authorities. The growing unity of the workers in the towns and cities with the farmers in the fight for immediate emergency relief, for poor farmers, against forced collections of rents and debts, and for relief and unemployment insurance for workers shows that the struggle is reaching a higher political stage. It is this fact that has compelled such gestures as that of Governor Herring of Iowa. Such "proclamations" are also a part of the attempt to head off the preparations that are being carried out for mighty mass demonstrations throughout the country on inauguration day, March 4th, to insist that congress at once take up and act upon the demands of the National Hunger Marchers.

All such manoeuvres should be met with greater demonstrations and more relentless struggle against hunger. Such united action can compel the ruling class and their governments—federal, state and local—to come through with relief NOW!

## Tariff Robbery Disguised as Independence

THAT the so-called independence bill for the Philippines recently adopted by congress is in reality a tariff bill aimed at the Filipino people is emphasized by Reginal Dykers of New Orleans, general manager of the American Sugar Cane League. Couched in the typical language of the lynch ruling class of the South, Dykers hails the bill as having a "beneficial effect upon the domestic sugar industry." Commenting further he says:

"The most incredible thing that has occurred in connection with this legislation is the comment made that it is selfish. Nothing could better illustrate how warped the mentality of some Americans have become than their statements that to protect their own impoverished fellow citizens from ruin by refusing to allow an Asiatic race 7,000 miles away to fatten on their indelicately selfish."

This spokesman for the American sugar interests and the trusted domination of Cuba: hails the fake independence bill which was prepared by their own lackeys in congress and the senate. The above quotation shows how these slave-drivers who own the sugar plantations are trying to turn the growing discontent of the masses into support of their own policies. Also involved in the tariff attack on Philippine imports is the determination of the United States sugar plantation owners and the sugar refiners to boost the prices of sugar to consumers.

At the same time the bill requires the Philippines to remain a dumping ground for American products, as all of them can enter free duty. Dykers' disparaging talk about "Asiaties" is also a part of the war propaganda to back up the drive of American imperialism for conquest of the Pacific, which is being increasingly challenged by Japan.

AMERICAN workers and farmers must be on guard against such deceptive agitation as is carried on by the exploiters of the domestic sugar industries. Against this spurious independence bill the American masses must demand the immediate, unconditional independence of the Philippines — must demand the withdrawal of all armed forces and all the lackeys of Wall Street, such as the governor-general and his political lackeys. It is the duty of the toiling masses of the United States to support with all means the struggle of the Filipino masses to drive out of their country all agents of American imperialism.

## Green Again Tries to Deceive Rank and File

NATION'S BUSINESS, organ of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, carries an interview with William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, which says that "organized labor will wait no longer to redeem humanity from lawless greed." Then follows a number of demands such as (1) federal licenses for corporations doing an interstate business; (2) protective government service for investors; (3) national economic planning; (4) recognition of "equities" of workers in industries in which they work; (5) government control of credit to finance production; (6) a federal agency to determine economic balance; (7) higher wages; (8) organization of more and stronger unions.

Bill Green, in the capitalist magazine, continues for the bureaucratic leadership with the boast that it has always "been patient." "It has not clutched at the throat of the government. It has not chased after false gods. It has not lost its head."

With considerable bombast Green says that the workers have suffered for three years and now cry "enough."

All this is part of the desperate campaign by Green and company to try to stem the revolt in their own ranks against their infamous policies of helping the capitalist class carry out its hunger offensive against the working class. The fact that the interview was published in the chamber of commerce organ is evidence that the bosses are helping Green in his job of trying to dupe the workers in the ranks of the American Federation of Labor.

It also comes at a convenient time to aid the democrat and republican politicians try to head off the nation-wide demonstrations against hunger that will sweep the country on inauguration day, March 4th, when Roosevelt becomes the head of the Wall Street government at Washington.

It is clear that the first six demands put forward by Green are all capitalist demands to help the bosses. The third demand for "economic planning" can never be realized under capitalism, and no one will ever imagine Green approving a socialist system. The last two demands have always been fought by Green in action and are only now put forth to try to cover up Green's attacks in behalf of his capitalist masters against the standards of life of the toiling masses. His attempt to expel Louis Weinstock, leader of the A. F. of L. rank and file committee for unemployment insurance, is part of the drive.

As against the deceptions of Green and company the rank and file members of the American Federation of Labor will continue, in larger numbers, to join the fighting ranks of the class-conscious workers in the fight against the hunger and war program of the capitalist class, for immediate relief, for unemployment insurance and against wage-cuts.

## Stalin's Speech on "First Five-Year Plan" to Appear in Full, Saturday

MANY believe that the Five-Year Plan is a private affair of the Soviet Union: an important and serious affair, but nevertheless a private national affair of the Soviet Union.

"History has shown, however, that the Five-Year Plan is not a private affair of the Soviet Union, but an affair of the whole of the international proletariat."

This is the opening paragraph which strikes the keynote of "The Results of the First Five-Year Plan," the speech delivered by Comrade Stalin at the meeting of the Joint Plenum of the Central Committee and the Central Control Commission of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union. This speech will be published in full in supplement form in Saturday's issue of the Daily Worker.

Saturday's "Daily" will also contain the closing speech by Comrade Earl Browder at the Chicago Shop Conference held on Jan. 1, under the title, "Smash Reactionism—Penetrate the Masses."

## 'Every Factory Our Fortress'

Establish Intimate, Permanent Contacts With the Workers.

"The successful accomplishment of this task (winning the majority of the working class) requires that every Communist Party shall establish, extend and strengthen permanent and intimate contacts with the majority of the workers, wherever workers may be found."—From the 12th Plenum Resolution, E. C. C. I.

### DEVELOPING, FOLLOWING UP CONTACTS IN SHOP

WE have a comrade here, sitting right in this room, who has an "unusual" way of making contacts. He makes friends with the workers on the job. You know the lunch buckets are not so full now. He manages to carry a few extra apples in his lunch basket. He passes the apples to some of the workers and develops a friendship with them and so he was able to bring several workers into the union. He is an Italian worker, and yet he was able to bring some American workers in. Now we have this American worker, the same one this Italian worker drew into the union, and he is very interested. He wants to know why we can't get American workers into the union. I explained the resolutions of the plenums to him in a very elementary language. I told him some of the mistakes that we make, what our troubles were. And he said: "You know down there — there were many fellows who may not be interested in the union, but they are interested in learning about radios, and he also knew a fellow who can give instructions, and they are going to start a radio club."

Unemployed, work is very important, particularly here. Formerly all our plans were on paper. But now we are actually putting them into effect. A thorough discussion was held in the nucleus, especially on the question of the Hunger March. As a result of this it was proposed immediately that the Unemployed Council should be formed, that is the organizational committee, and the development of committees in the steel workers' section.

Many comrades felt that the workers in this sect. were not ready to fight. Of course, it was known that there was misery to a certain degree, but how much we did not know, because we did not get among the workers in the neighborhoods. And there we found that within a radius of six blocks, with the exception of two families, everybody was in immediate need of food, coal or clothing. As a result of this canvassing, three committees doing the work on each committee going around from one family to another, talking to them, asking them about their conditions, talking to them about the necessity of getting together, we found a splendid response. After the two day's investigation we were able to form an unemployed committee on the following day, getting the house of a worker right in that block, and in this way we formed two block committees in two important steel workers' streets. Following that we developed action and were able to win relief for unemployed steel workers. This is just a beginning. Our perspective is for developing block committees on a wide area throughout the steel workers' neighborhoods and a march on the plant, possibly in six or seven weeks, according to how well we are able to mobilize and organize.

UNEMPLOYED work is extremely important. On this question our ability to organize the unemployed steel workers will make it just that much easier for us to organize steel workers who still have a job. On the question of developing issues. Only through these personal contacts will we be able to sense the needs of the workers and their moods. The developing and deepening of these issues bring into motion many workers whom we otherwise have no contact with. A concrete example. Last February, 1931, when one Greek comrade in a department through personal contact with a few workers, was able to mobilize quite a number of workers. Without the aid of leaflets, through preparation of a committee inside that department, we were able to bring 135 workers to a meeting.

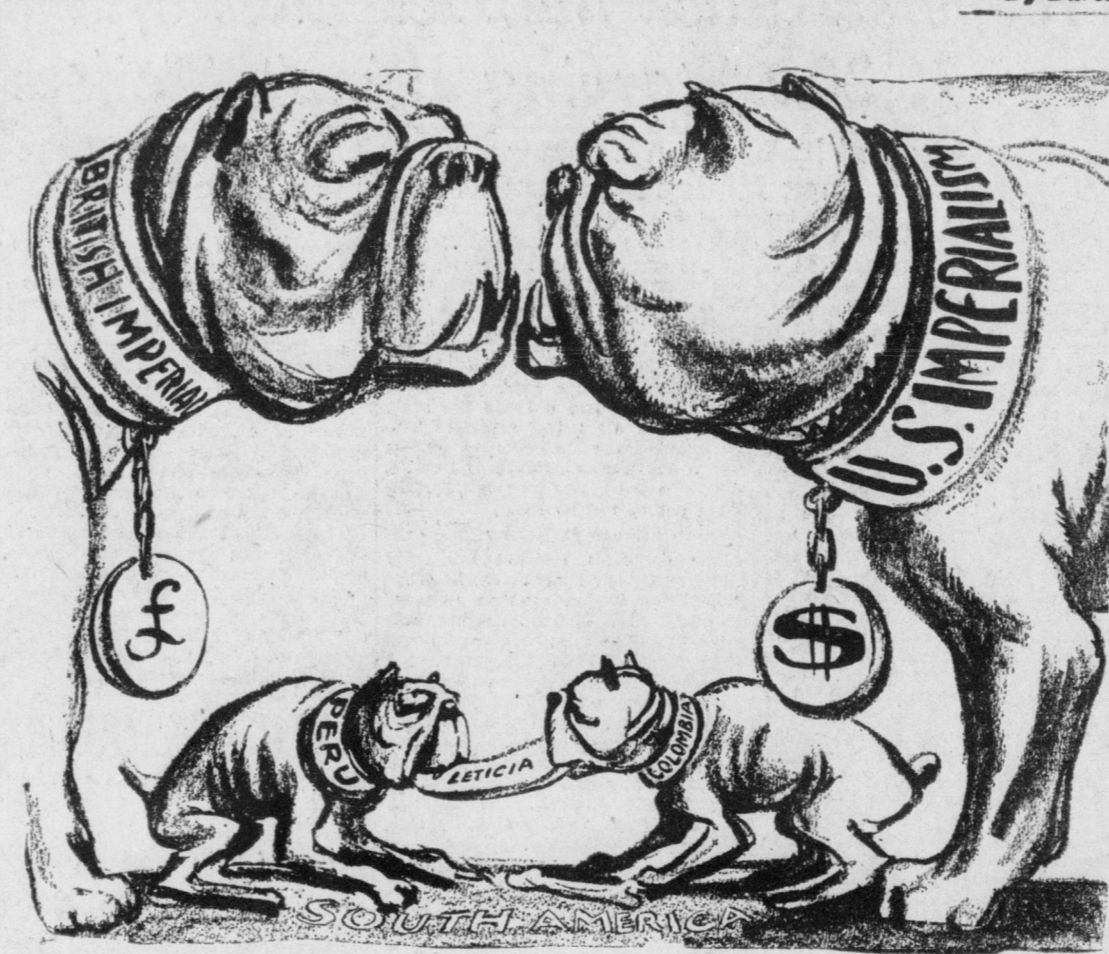
There is one conception that must be driven out of our minds and that is the question of big action without preparation. A few years ago we had a bulletin with the slogan, "Down Tools on May 1," in it and at 12 o'clock everybody was supposed to down tools. But what was the attitude of the workers? They all knew about this slogan and were discussing it, but not seriously, just in a joking manner. But why wasn't it possible to arouse the workers to the point of downing tools on May 1? Because, there was no organizational basis established. If there had been a small group among the workers at that time probably the slogan would have been carried out, but the pre-requisite was not there.

There is a possibility of developing small actions inside the mill. There is a question there of the heaters who are getting bad material to work with. But we did not take advantage of this action; we did not get the heaters together to discuss what could be done.

THE FIGHT BEGINS!  
The burning problem confronting the Illinois coal miners is to unite the rank and file members of the United Mine Workers of America and the Progressive Miners of America and unemployed miners in one common, solid united front against the attacks of the coal operators and Governor Horner. To successfully establish a united front of action against starvation, hunger, terror and persecution of the miners, it is necessary to concentrate the main attack upon the leadership of the U.M.W.A. and P.M.A., which is instrumental in carrying out the orders of the coal operators and Governor Horner. The following are some recent developments in the Illinois coal fields. John L. Lewis and John H. Walker, international and district presidents of the U.M.W.A. signed an agreement with the Illinois coal operators for continuation of the present agreement of \$5 a day wage scale for two more years, that is, until March 31, 1935. This agreement was signed by the officialdom of the U.M.W.A. without the knowledge or consultation of the membership of the U.M.W.A. and the membership has been denied the right to express their opinion. The reasons for this are very obvious. KNEW AGREEMENT WOULD BE DEFEATED. The coal operators and the officialdom of the U.M.W.A. are conscious of the fact that this agreement would be defeated if submitted for decision to the membership of the U.M.W.A. as it was twice defeated in referendum in 1932. As to the objectives of this agreement it is very clearly stated both by the coal operators and the officialdom of the U.M.W.A. "The Wall Street Journal" of Dec. 22, 1932, declares: "The labor troubles which followed the signing of the present contract appear to be completely settled." John L. Lewis declares: "The signing of the agreement demonstrates that there is room for only one union and it will ensure peace and stability in the Illinois coal fields at least until 1935."

SO the operators and the officialdom of the U.M.W.A. openly proclaim that the main aim is to keep the masses of miners in submission to their dictation—that is, submission to starvation and hunger which prevails throughout the coal fields in Illinois. The miners who are members of the P.M.A. also working under the \$5 a day agreement the same as the U.M.W.A. look upon the present agreement which expires on March 31, 1935, as a temporary agreement and that with its expiration the miners will fight for the old wage scale of \$6.10 a day. The membership of the U.M.W.A. is likewise against the extension of the present agreement for two more years. Because of this, Governor Horner, acting in the interests of the coal operators, is having secret conferences with the officialdom of the U. M. W. A., Lewis, Walker, Nesbitt and the officialdom of the P. M. A., Percy and Keck, to bring about the consolidation of the leadership of both these unions for the purpose of putting over the two-year agreement despite the miners. The officials of the U.M.W.A. and P.M.A. already openly betrayed the miners by agreeing with Governor Horner to stop all picketing in the mines now on strike, particularly the mines of the Peabody Coal Co. to disarm the strikers, and that the National Guard remain, which is protecting the strike-breakers recruited by the U.M.W.A. officialdom from different parts of the country, who are working in the Peabody Coal mines in Christian County.

### THE FIGHT BEGINS!



## For Unity in Action of the Illinois Coal Miners

"Necessary to Concentrate Main Attack on Leadership of U.M.W.A. and 'Progressive Miners of America'"

By BILL GEBERT

ner and the officialdom of the U. M. W. A. and P. M. A., 22 striking miners of Christian County have been indicted on frame-up charges of murder and were held without bail in the county jail in Taylorville, and a number of miners were killed on the picket line by the armed thugs and the National Guard. The indignation of the miners, both in the P. M. A. and U. M. W. A. against these sell-outs and betrayals of the miners, is growing and is already assuming organizational forms. Here, for instance, is a letter written by a member of the U.M.W.A. to a member of the P.M.A.:

"Dear Brother: "You are a member of one union and I am of another. But what we are striving for is a good union with correct leadership. I mean that the membership of both unions have common aims. I mean that the membership of our local (U.M.W.A.) has elected a committee to visit every local union in the sub-district to get them to elect committees of their own to serve with ours, without pay, unless they are called upon to serve and lose a shift at the mine. So far two locals have elected committees of three. Next week we will call on other locals. Then we are going to call a sub-district conference of all elected committees to formulate a program of demands, to unite all miners to struggle against the operators' and misleaders' wage-cutting policy. We estimate that 90 per cent of the membership are disgusted and have lost confidence in the leadership. After we have our sub-district meeting we are going to seek the other sub-districts' co-operation and have a state conference. We will circulate literature and explain to the miners our aims. Our movement does not intend to fight against members of the P.M.A., but want their co-operation as well as the non-union miners. We will try to establish a united front on a class struggle basis—miners against coal operators, no discrimination or wage-cuts, shortening working hours, unemployment insurance at the expense of the bosses and government and support for immediate relief. We are going to try to show the membership (U.M.W.A.) it is wrong to have grudges and ill-feelings against each other and it is best for all of us to be brothers and put our shoulders to the wheel and push. I hope you will get a clear conception of what we are trying to start within the U.M.W.A. to make it a good militant union and so that the membership will be the dictators and not the officers, as the present constitution reads. With best wishes to you. . . ."

This letter of a rank and file miner, member of the U.M.W.A., to a rank and file miner of the P.M.A., expresses the sentiment of the broad masses of miners in both unions, the U.M.W.A. and P.M.A., the atmosphere for unity in action against the officialdom of the U. M. W. A. and P. M. A. is growing as the miners are learning in their daily struggles that the officialdom of both unions, although under different phrases, are carrying through the same policy.

THE task confronting the miners is to speed up the unity movement of all miners on a program of reputation of the \$5 a day agreement signed for the next two years, for immediate relief, for unemployment insurance at the expense of the bosses and government, disarm armed thugs and for freedom of the miners to meet, organize, picket and strike, and prepare organizationally for a strike on April 1, 1935. To carry this through successfully the miners must establish unity committees on

local, sub-district and district scale. The beginning of such a movement in Illinois will have tremendous influence upon the miners throughout the coal fields of the entire country. This movement, started in Illinois, must be coordinated with a national movement of unity of all miners, unity that shall embrace rank and file members of the U.M.W.A. and the fighting national union of the miners, the National Miners' Union. It must embrace the masses of unorganized miners and unemployed miners. Because of this movement and seeing that the officialdom of both unions, the U.M.W.A. and P.M.A. is beginning to lose ground, that the membership is beginning to revolt, we see the officialdom of the U.M.W.A. and P.M.A. begins, under the orders of Governor Horner and the coal operators, to work toward unity of all kinds of fakers, misleaders and miners.

In spite of terror, the miners in the southern part of Illinois coal fields, in Franklin and Saline Counties, are beginning to defy John L. Lewis, and recently O'Gary Mine, No. 10 (Saline County), decided to withdraw from the U. M. W. A. and join the P. M. A. This is just an indication that the miners are disenchanted with the leadership of the U.M.W.A. The unity movement will meet with attacks from both the U.M.W.A. and P.M.A. officialdom, from the state and coal operators. But it will meet response from the masses. In this struggle for unity the miners must develop a struggle for the release of the 22 striking miners indicted on framed-up charges of murder and date for trial set for March 13.

THE unity movement of the miners will be stimulated by the Illinois Anti-Hunger Conference, to which a large number of local unions of the P.M.A. and U.M.W.A. have elected delegates, together with a large number of unemployed miners who are organized into the Unemployed Councils, will strengthen this movement of the miners. The task of the supporters of the National Miners' Union in Illinois is to get maximum support to such a movement, to actively participate in the unity movement, bringing agitatorially the National Miners' Union, popularizing its program, the heroic struggles which it led in Ohio, Pennsylvania, West Virginia and Kentucky, showing that it is the only union which leads the miners in struggle, as it is a union of the rank and file and not of the officials, as is the case with the unions of the P.M.A. and U.M.W.A. C. P. BACKS MOVEMENT. The Communist Party supports such a movement as an important step forward in the unification of the ranks of the miners and the task confronting the Party in the Illinois coal fields is to develop such a movement and to do so it is necessary to strengthen the Party organization in the coal fields, building Party nuclei in the mines, embracing fighting miners. Such a movement as is beginning now in the Illinois coal fields cannot successfully develop without building and strengthening the Party organization. Unity in the action of the miners of Illinois is the most burning problem and task confronting the miners in the struggle against wage-cuts and starvation, struggles of Illinois miners must get support of the entire working class, by deeds, not words. This support was given to the struggles of the Chicago workers before the Peabody Coal Co. office, by sending food to strikers, by defending 22 miners indicted for murder in Christian County. These activities must be extended and broadened and must involve masses of workers, especially locals of the American Federation of Labor

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-By Burck

## 'Technocracy and Marxism' -A Review

By A. MARKOFF

Pamphlet by Foster and Browder is Clear and Simple Refutation of Technocracy

"Technocracy and Marxism," Workers Library Publishers, 5 cents.

EVERY day in every way we hear more and more about Technocracy, the new Messiah of the bourgeoisie. Leading articles in magazines, newspapers, pamphlets, books, all dealing with Technocracy. And while the public is trying to find out what it is all about, the publishers are piling up fortunes. It is true that Technocracy assails the "price system" but the publishers through the price system are getting rich by selling Technocracy. However this is the logic of the capitalist system which the Technocrats do not understand or do not want to understand.

We have before us a number of publications dealing with Technocracy: Harper's Monthly Science and Mechanics, Technocracy Review, The New Republic, New Outlook, etc. There are articles pro and con; statements and refutations, all sorts of statistics and reports one contradicting the other. Most of these articles are written by scientific men in a most shallow unscientific manner. We are therefore glad to see the pamphlet giving Comrades Foster and Browder's Technocracy published by Workers Library Publishers.

This pamphlet contains two important items. One is the article on "Technocracy and Marxism" by William Z. Foster and Earl Browder; the other a speech delivered by W. Molotov at the Fifth All-Union Conference of Engineers and Technicians of the Soviet Union on November 26, 1932. The article by comrades Foster and Browder is the only clear analysis of Technocracy because they approach the subject armed with the Marxist-Leninist theory, the only theory which can throw a correct light on the new-fangled panacea born as a result of the crumbling capitalist system of society.

WHILE the many articles appearing on Technocracy deal with the accuracy of the figures quoted by one or the other, Foster and Browder correctly dismiss this as unimportant. "Exaggerations or inaccuracies that may be contained in the statements of Technocracy are only incidental and do not touch the essence of the question." They concentrate their analysis on the fundamental problems involved. The Technocrats as represented by their prophet Howard Scott, see the main cause of our present economic crisis in the "price system," therefore the price system (but not the capitalist system) must be done away with.

THE pamphlet "Technocracy and Marxism" supplies us with a number of quotations from the Communist Manifesto and other sources which prove conclusively that the Technocrats do not understand the real nature of capitalism. Although the economic crisis, now in its fourth year, has shaken their confidence in the system, they only see superficial facts. The captains of industry and finance whom these scientists and technicians served faithfully for decades, have shown themselves incapable of steering the ship through the troubled waters. The technicians and scientists are disappointed in their masters. The only logical thing they can see is for engineers and other technicians to take the rudder and sail the ship of capitalism safely. They do not see that at the bottom of the crisis and the source of all the troubles in society is the chief basic contradiction of capitalism, namely the contradiction between socialized production and capitalist appropriation of the products produced by the workers. "This contradiction, which gives to the mode of production its capitalist character, contains the germ of the whole of the social antagonisms of to-day" ("Socialism Utopian and Scientific," Engels).

Foster and Browder characterize the position of the Technocrats in the following: "Technocracy sees the separate facts of the collapse of the capitalist system. But it does not understand the cause of the collapse, inherent in the very nature of capitalist production. Therefore it is blind to the existence of those forces of the working class which alone can find the solution to the crisis. Therefore it sets

itself to fight Marxism and to oppose the Communist program which alone shows the revolutionary way out of the crisis." This explains why the General Electric Company and the "Radical" Columbia University displayed such an interest in Technocracy. In this present period when the masses of workers and farmers in this country are becoming more and more impatient with the conditions, when mass struggles are on the increase, when the revolutionary elements appear stronger, it is necessary to find something new, to have a new messiah appear. Technocracy can serve, temporarily only, as a means of creating further illusions in the minds of the masses and thus preventing them from falling under the influence of the Communist Party. But like all other plans proposed to save the tottering system of capitalism it contains elements of danger for the working class, it is strongly fascist in tendency. The article by Foster and Browder characterizes this as follows:

"When the Technocrats dismiss the working class as a diminishing and negligible factor, this only means that the general direction of their theories is towards fascism, that is toward evolving new props to the collapsing capitalist system while intensifying the violent suppression of the only force capable of rescuing society from destruction, the revolutionary working class."

The appearance of Technocracy is in fact an indication and a proof of the disintegration of the capitalist system of society; it is an indication of the confusion in the ranks of the technicians and scientists. There is only one way of clearing up the confusion. It is to take the advice given by Foster and Browder in the article which says: "Finally we recommend to the Technocrats and to the technicians generally, who still have some illusions, the possibility of escaping capitalist capitalism, to not only study Marx (which they have seriously neglected), but to study the expanding life of the Soviet Union and the writings of that great disciple of Marx and Lenin, Joseph Stalin. Especially we would recommend to them to read Stalin's political report to the 17th Party Congress of the Russian Communist Party" (and the recent speech made by comrade Stalin to the joint Conference of Central Committee and the Central Control Commission of the Russian Communist Party, A. M.).

The publication of Comrade Molotov's speech, together with the article "Technocracy and Communism" in one pamphlet is indeed a splendid feat. Comrade Molotov's speech vividly illustrates the great gap which separates the two worlds—the Socialist from the capitalist world. Here in the United States is a wasting of human energy, more than fifteen million unemployed. Thousands of technicians, engineers, scientists who have spent years in training find themselves unable to apply their knowledge, their skill. And as Molotov in his speech said: "The capitalist do not shrink from day after day throwing out to the street and reducing to beggary people who only yesterday occupied leading technical positions in their works and factories. Naturally there is no heard even from the ranks of the unemployed specialists, yesterday had nothing whatever to do with politics — not to speak of the fight against the capitalists—voices of despair and protest against the rule of the bourgeoisie, against the regime of capitalism."

But in the Soviet Union the situation is reversed. There the problem is not of unemployment but of a shortage of labor in every field. More technicians, more engineers, more scientists. "The technical intelligentsia," says Molotov, "occupy advanced positions in the construction of the new society and much, very much depends upon the growth of their political consciousness and their scientific-technical qualifications, which are so necessary for the management of industry, agricultural and transport undertakings."

What I would like to know is what the Progressive Miners officials are doing to protect their members in Marissa against this damnable proposition, which is in my estimation nothing more nor less than an effort on the part of the mine operators to force the members of the Progressive Miners to scab on their own organization. So far the Progressive Miners officials have done nothing about this scheme. What do they intend to do?

Enough has been said to show the timeliness and importance of this pamphlet. It should receive the widest circulation.

## Ask Marissa Relief Officials to Force Coal Miners to Scab

By A MINER.

BELLEVILLE, Ill.—The business people, bankers, Chamber of Commerce and mine owners of Marissa, of Saline County, have asked the county officials to discontinue relief to unemployed miners, and to force the mine to go into the mines, which have been idle since April 1. They made it plain to the supervisors and relief agencies that they would pay a \$4 wage scale based on 50 cents a ton, whereas the Progressive Miners scale is \$5 a day based on 68 cents a ton.

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