

MAY POSTPONE CHILE ELECTIONS
SANTIAGO, Chile, Oct. 23.—The postponement of the presidential election which is scheduled to take place on Oct. 30, is being considered here by the government. Such postponement, it is stated, is "suggested" by a document issued by the rank and file of the army which attacks the government.

REPORT MILITARY PLOT IN EDUCATOR
QUITO, Ecuador, Oct. 23.—A plot against the government was discovered and frustrated here, governmental officials announced, when several conspirators were arrested yesterday.

The purpose of the plot was to overthrow the government and establish a military police. Most of the conspirators are said to be army officers and police officials. One of them is Colonel Borga, former chief of police.

40,000 SOLDIERS TO GUARD MUSSOLINI
TURIN, Italy, Oct. 23.—Forty thousand soldiers were mobilized to protect Mussolini, who is to arrive today for a three day visit, from the wrath of the starving and oppressed workers. The workers of Turin are known for their anti-fascist mood.

HITLERITES IN MANUEVER WITH OLD GENERAL
BERLIN, Oct. 23.—To B. Clara Zetkin, the veteran Communist leader, from opening the Reichstag, the National Socialist (Hitlerite) nominated General Litzman, 82 years old, as candidate. If elected the Reichstag would be opened by Litzman in virtue of his seniority.

Clara Zetkin, who is 75 years old, opened the Reichstag when it convened after the last election. She delivered a stirring speech denouncing the government, and calling upon the workers to carry on the struggle for its overthrow outside parliament.

BERLIN PROTEST STRIKE
BERLIN.—All the employees of the Negri cigarette factory in Berlin went out on a half-hour protest strike against the recent suppression of the Berlin "Rote Fahne," Communist daily. This is an example of how the workers of Germany regard their paper, and the lengths to which they will go to defend it.

GENERAL STRIKE LOOMS IN SPAIN
60 Communists on Hunger Strike

MADRID, Oct. 23.—Demonstrations of unemployed workers are increasing all over Spain. At Badajoz, unemployed workers stopped all traffic, and took food from restaurants, bakeries and groceries. The Socialist-Republican government sent troops to villages throughout the country to shoot down the unemployed workers and the starving peasants.

Troop movements throughout Spain show that the Socialist-Republican government is preparing to put down with force the general strike which the wide masses of workers are reported preparing in Seville under the leadership of the Communist Party.

COMMUNISTS ON HUNGER STRIKE
BARCELONA, Spain, Oct. 23.—Sixty Communists held here in prison for leading the workers in revolutionary struggle against the capitalist government started on a hunger strike today.

MINERS STRIKE
MADRID, Spain, Oct. 23.—Thousands of miners answered the general strike call and downed their tools today.

SEAMEN DEMANDS GO TO HOOVER
Marine Workers To Be In National March

NEW YORK.—A committee of ten elected by the seamen of east coast ports, and headed by George Mink, national chairman of the Marine Workers Industrial Union, is on its way to Washington to present demands tomorrow to President Hoover. The committee is preparing to call for a special march of unemployed seamen as part of the National Hunger March on Washington, in December to back up the general demand for \$50 unemployment relief and the specific demands of the marine workers for:

1—All seamen unemployed for one month or longer to receive \$1 a day during the period of unemployment. The sum to be raised from funds now appropriated, through the Jones-White Act, for direct subsidies and loans to the shipowners. All funds appropriated to be distributed under the supervision of committees elected by the seamen. Relief to be granted all seamen sailing on American ships regardless of nationality.

2—Unemployed seamen to be allowed the right of admittance to all Marine Hospitals regardless of length of time ashore. All dental and optical work to be free.

3—Full enforcement of manning scale; 3 watches on all ships; no work-arounds or forced labor on any ships.

4—Immediate abolition of the blacklist and deferred lists and logging systems.

5—Establishment of Central Shipping Bureaus in all ports under the supervision of elected committees of seamen.

6—Laid up ships to be requisitioned and fitted up as lodging for unemployed seamen.

7—Passage of the Workers Unemployment Insurance Bill.

8—Recognition and establishment of trade relations with Soviet Russia.

VOTE COMMUNIST FOR:

- 1. Unemployment and Social Insurance at the expense of the state and employers.
- 2. Against Hoover's wage-cutting policy.
- 3. Emergency relief for the poor farmers without restrictions by the government and banks; exemption of poor farmers from taxes, and no forced collection of rent or debts.

Daily Worker
Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.

(Section of the Communist International)
NEW YORK, MONDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1932

VOTE COMMUNIST FOR:

- 1. Equal rights for the Negroes and self-determination for the Black Belt.
- 2. Against capitalist terror; against all forms of suppression of the political rights of workers.
- 3. Against imperialist war; for the defense of the Chinese people and of the Soviet Union.

8,000 Detroit Jobless and Veterans Jeer Hoover at Station, Shout "We Want Foster;" Demonstrate for Relief, Bonus

CHEER COMMUNIST POLICY AT BIGGEST PHILADELPHIA MEETING SINCE THE WAR

8,000 At Foster Meet Hear Weinstone Call for United Fight on Wage and Relief Cuts

"Communist Lead Daily Struggles and Show Revolutionary Way Out S. P. Aids Bosses Drive!"

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 23.—The largest labor gathering in Philadelphia since the world war gave an impressive and enthusiastic endorsement of the Communist election platform Saturday night, when 8,000 workers practically filled the Market Arena for the election rally of the Communist Party.

Towards this huge rally, earlier in the evening, came parades and truck caravans of workers from all parts of the city. On the preceding night a torch light parade and a youth election rally had further paved the way for the Market Arena meeting.

James Watson, Negro worker and Communist candidate for state representative in the 18th Representative District, was chairman of the meeting.

Weinstone Speaks
William W. Weinstone, Communist candidate for U. S. Senate, was the main speaker, in place of William Z. Foster, presidential candidate of the Communist Party, who is now on the road to recovery from his illness, and is expected to appear at the Madison Square Garden election rally Nov. 6, in New York.

Foster's greetings to the workers of Philadelphia, presented by Weinstone, brought forth an ovation from the large audience. Weinstone then proceeded with an appeal for a workers united front against the capitalist wage cut and hunger offensive. In this capitalist offensive, Weinstone pointed out, Hoover, Roosevelt and Thomas collaborate.

Hoover's speech in Cleveland, said Weinstone, showed Hoover was as bankrupt in his promise as the capitalist system itself. While the crisis deepens Hoover comes forward with "share-the-work" and "staggers" schemes, and with more open wage cuts which increase the misery of the workers and only worsen the whole situation. Hoover's path is one of still further depression of the living standards of the masses and of preparations for imperialist war.

Roosevelt-Hoover Capitalist Twins
Weinstone ridiculed Roosevelt's proposed "liberalism." He stands exposed by his record as governor of New York state, when he clubbed unemployed workers demanding relief, and kept leaders of the working class in jail, and, as secretary of the navy, when he helped in the oppression of the Haitian masses. The support thrown to Roosevelt by big business magnates such as Raskob and Owen D. Young, and by organizations like the Ku Klux Klan in the South, shows that Roosevelt's claims of any difference from Hoover is only an attempt to create illusions for the workers.

S. P. Helps Boss Offensive.
The Socialist Party, Weinstone further points out, in all practical steps as well as in its policy, is helping the offensive of the capitalist class against the working class. This is amply proved, he showed, by the examples in Milwaukee, where unemployed workers suffered forced labor at \$1.13 a week, evictions and clubbing, when they protested, and in Reading, where, when the Socialists were in control, workers' meetings were broken up and workers were arrested for collecting relief for the striking miners of Pennsylvania and West Virginia.

The program announced by Norman Thomas of nationalization of public utilities, without destroying the capitalist system, Weinstone declared, is the climax to the election campaign of the Communist Party, but will also be a celebration of the 15th anniversary of the workers' and farmers' seizure of power in the Soviet Union. A mass pageant will be shown, depicting the struggles of the workers against the Czar and then against Kerensky, and showing

U.S.S.R. TO BUILD NEW GIANT POWER PLANT ON VOLGA

Will Exceed Size of Dnieper Dam Which Is Largest in World; Soviet Engineer Winter to Head Project

800 Foreign Workers, Specialists Pledge 200 Production Suggestions Before 15th Anniversary Russian Revolution

(Cable by Impecor.)

MOSCOW, Oct. 23.—With the Dnieper Hydroelectric Power Station, the largest in the world, going at full speed, one hundred thirty-four of its best workers have already left for Yaroslavl to take part in the erection of another gigantic power plant on the Volga which will exceed the size of the Dnieper dam.

The Soviet engineer Winter who was in charge of the Dnieprostroy will head the Volgastroy construction. The dam site has been prepared, and an extensive plan of work for the next months has been laid out.

Foreign Workers Pledge More Co-operation.

Among the Soviet workers and farmers who are preparing for the enthusiastic celebration of the 15th anniversary of the October Revolution by pledging to achieve additional successes in the socialist construction, are hundreds of American, German and other foreign workers who are taking an increasingly active part in Soviet daily life.

At a recent meeting of eight hundred foreign workers and specialists held in the hall of the Moscow Soviet, a resolution has been adopted stating their intention to make before the November celebration of the 15th Anniversary 200 suggestions for the improvement of production, transportation and construction.

"Although we foreign workers and specialists—the resolution declares—"have successfully applied our technical experience transferring it to our Soviet fellow workers and have seen hundreds of our valuable suggestions and inventions carried into effect, we have not cooperated active-



SOVIET ENGINEER WINTERS

ly enough in the activity of the Soviets. We want to make good this omission."

Form Four Brigades.

"We want to do our utmost thru our Soviet deputies in the factories to carry out and surpass the plans for the 4th quarter of 1932, the final year of the first Five-Year Plan. At the same time we appeal to all foreign workers and specialists to follow our example, become active workers in their Soviets and undertake certain obligations for the November celebration of the 15th anniversary of the Revolution."

of the Revolution." One hundred and ten foreign workers formed four brigades to aid in the industrial and municipal work to improve the housing conditions.

Hold Harvest Festival.
This year harvest festival which began on the 15th of October coincides with the campaign of Soviet agriculture for intensified farming on land already under cultivation.

The harvest festival lasts ten days during which the attention of all branches of the national economy is centered on the questions of socialist agriculture.

Whereas previously the major task was to sow the largest possible area, now the chief task, especially on technical and deep plowing of crops, is intensive cultivation. Having attained an increase in the sown area of 74,000,000 acres, and having furnished state and collective farms with over 100,000 tractors, Soviet agriculture is taking up the fight for greater harvests through intensive cultivation as the next stage of its development.

Fall Sowing, Plowing Progressing.
Grain deliveries by the middle of the month are slightly behind those of last year which by the same date were forty-five and two tenths per cent of the year's program.

Fall sowing and plowing are progressing well with seven eighths of the year's program already sown at a rate of sowing well over last year's.

"The Ukraine which in the early part of the season fell behind, is now sowing at a rate considerably higher than last year's. The plan for cotton deliveries is surpassing that of last year."

Two Children Die of Hunger; Result of Hoover's 'Aid'

ROSEBURG, Ore., Oct. 23.—As a result of the Hoover Relief policy two children, Julianne Phillips, aged 3, and her brother Harry, 2, are dead here and four other children of Mr. and Mrs. Julian Phillips are in the hospital and are not expected to live.

The father of the family had been unemployed for a long time and was forced to feed the children on a diet composed exclusively of corn meal and condensed milk. The girl resulted in intestinal trouble which caused the death of the first two children.

Police Dogs For Whom?



Here are the bloodhounds Washington police have lately acquired. "To run down criminals," the cops said. But whether a convicted felon like former Sec. of the Interior Albert B. Fall (a fellow cabinet member with Hoover) or men charged with a felony like U. S. Senator James J. Davis of Pennsylvania or men guilty of being veterans of the World War or unemployed, it was not made clear.

GOP, Democrats Hand Bosses A Billion Dollars

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 23.—The Reconstruction Finance Corporation, which is run by both Democrats and Republicans, reported Saturday that it had given out \$995,406,000 so far. Of this, \$544,000,000 went to banks and trust companies, and \$218,670,000 to railroads. Some of the rest was for mortgages on farms and \$53,105,000 went to the "self-liquidating" city water and construction projects, on which alone a small number of workers get jobs. The other sums are entirely for capitalists.

National Hunger March—See Page 3

outside so that those that can not get in may hear anyway. Cars and trucks are coming from South and West of New Jersey carrying workers to greet Comrade Foster.

SAM BROWN MASS MEETING TONIGHT

Mass Pressure Forced Short Terms for 18

Sentences of 10 days each in the workhouse were pronounced Saturday in Essex Market Court by Judge Farrell upon 18 workers framed up on "disorderly conduct" charges arising out of the demonstration last week in front of the home of the judge who railroaded Sam Brown, jobless colored worker, to jail for six months for demanding unemployed relief. Only the mass protest of hundreds of workers stopped Judge Farrell from pronouncing more vicious sentences.

The Sam Brown-Scottsboro United Front Defense Committee urges all workers to attend a giant protest meeting at 8 p.m. tonight at Lido Ballroom, 160 W. 146th St. to demand freedom for Sam Brown, for Sam Weinstein, for the Scottsboro boys and for all class war prisoners.

"This meeting must be even a greater protest against the frame-up tactics of the bosses' courts than was the demonstration in front of Judge Aurelio's home, for which 19 of our comrades have just been sentenced to jail by the unscrupulous Tammany tool, Judge Farrell," the committee

Roosevelt Once Director of S I o t Machine Company

CAMBRIDGE, Md., Oct. 23.—The Democratic candidate for president was director of a corporation interested in manufacturing and licensing slot machines, Senator Hastings of Delaware charged at a Republican meeting here.

After recalling that in one of his speeches Franklin D. Roosevelt appointed himself the guardian of the people's savings which, in his own words, "are made...the sport of the American stock markets," Hastings stated that in 1928 Roosevelt was himself director and stockholder of a corporation which "typifies almost in every particular the things he complains of."

The Republican Senator added however that he does not condemn Roosevelt for having been the largest stockholder of this kind of corporation and even justifies him.

stated, "Sam Brown, Weinstein and the Scottsboro boys must be freed. These challenges hurled at us by the tools of capitalism must be answered by mass protests, so tremendous and so militant, that these wretched lackeys of a decadent system will begin to think twice before they slip us."

"LIBERAL" MAYOR'S COPS ATTACK BUT CROWD HOLDS GROUND FOR 25 MINUTES

Hooting of President Develops into Mighty Roar As He Nears Guarded Hall

"Murderer of Veterans," "Gave Millions to Bankers, Nothing to Jobless," Yell Workers

DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 23.—Eight thousand jobless workers with the world war veterans prominent in the front ranks, met Hoover at the station last night, at 8:20. They booed him vigorously. They flaunted signs: "He gave millions to the banks and not a cent to the jobless," "Immediate relief and unemployment insurance for all workers," "Down with Hoover, slayer of veterans," "Immediate payment of our back-wages," "No discrimination against Negro veterans." The crowd shouted over and over again: "We want Foster for President!"

Hoover and his party immediately fled back to their private train, and for 25 minutes they slunk in hiding there, while the jobless masses fought with Mayor Murphy's police for the right to the streets, the right to bring their demands face to face with the chief magistrate of the American capitalist government.

Even capitalist reporters describe the din of jeering and booing for the president as "terrific."

Shout Demands for Relief
The slogans on the placards were shouted in roaring choruses by the whole crowd. Motorcycle police charged madly into the crowd, foot police shoved and punched and clubbed, but the workers resisted.

Veterans Mount Telephone Poles
Even when they were somewhat pushed back, four workers' leaders, who had mounted telephone poles, continued to speak, calling on the workers for mass united front action and organization in the shops and neighborhoods to win unemployment relief and insurance, to fight Hoover's wage cutting policy and stagger plan. These speakers were Philip Raymond, head of the Auto Workers Union and Communist candidate for governor; J. T. Pace, prominent in the Detroit Workers' Ex-Service men's League, chairman of the Veterans National Rank and File Committee in charge of the next veterans' bonus march on Washington, and Communist candidate for congress from the Fourth District, Dearborn; Walter Elicker, one of the outstanding leaders of the last bonus march and on the National Rank and File Committee, Communist candidate for state senator, and W. Goetz and Silverman, leaders of the Young Communist League.

Four Arrested
Police finally pulled them down and arrested them. The charges are so far unknown.

When repeated police charges had opened a way through the crowd Hoover and his party were escorted through and rushed toward the arena, where Hoover was to begin his speech with a declaration that "The measures and policies of the Republican administration are winning the major battles for recovery. They are taking care of distress in the meantime."

Children Jeer Hoover
The direct lie had been given this declaration already on the way to the hall, not only by the first mass demonstration of 8,000 at the railway station, demanding relief, but by swarms of children of the unemployed workers of Detroit who ran from the sidewalks to the Hoover cavalcade as it swept by, and running beside the president's jeered and booed at him. Jeering and booing came from the crowds of workers along the sidewalks on the way to the Olympic Arena. The best of the capitalist reporters could say that, "Here and there groups applauded the president."

Henry Ford Welcomes Hoover
Hoover entered the hall to be greeted by a picked delegation of reception committee of Henry Ford, Republican ward heeler, and by the Postmaster General Brown and some senators, etc. Ford has laid off all but a handful of his 120,000 employees.

Praises Teapot Dome President
In Marion, Ohio, Hoover lauded former President Harding, the Teapot Dome president, on whose "Ohio gang" cabinet Hoover was Secretary of Commerce.

The jobless and Detroit employed workers are called by the Unemployed Council, the Workers Ex-servicemen's League and the Communist Party to protest demonstrations in many points about the city this afternoon, against the "liberal" Mayor Murphy's police attack on the

Expect Verdict On Scottsboro Frame-Up Today

(Special to the Daily Worker.) WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 23.—With the U. S. Supreme Court scheduled to adjourn, unofficial reports in Washington declare that a decision will be rendered in the Scottsboro case on Monday.

The probability that the Scottsboro decision will be forthcoming tomorrow is based on the knowledge that the Supreme Court plans to clear its entire calendar before it adjourns.

The case involving a frame-up against seven young Negro boys facing electrocution was argued before the court on Oct. 10 by Walter H. Pollack, representing the International Labor Defense which, since the original trial in Scottsboro, conducted the defense of the case, carrying on a world-wide campaign on behalf of the defendants.

Pollack and other I. L. D. attorneys proved conclusively that it was a hideous frame-up; that the boys were rushed thru a mock trial without any defense, and that one of the lawyers assigned to "defend" the boys himself aided the prosecution.

COURT DENIES EUEL LEE APPEAL

I. L. D. to Push Fight On Lynch Verdict

TOWSON, Md., Oct. 23.—The Circuit Court yesterday upheld its lynch verdict against Yuel Lee (Orphan Jones), over-ruling the motion of the International Labor Defense attorneys for a new trial in the case of the aged Negro farm hand framed up on a charge of murder. The I. L. D. has announced its intention of continuing the fight for Lee, in which are involved the constitutional rights of Negroes to sit on juries in the state of Maryland.

The motion of the I. L. D. attorneys for a new trial cited the exclusion of Negroes from the jury which tried Lee. It denounced as improper and illegal the methods used by the court in selecting the petit jury panel of 200 names, charging that Negroes were excluded because of their race and color. It declared that the rights of the defendant had been violated by this and other procedure of the court and law officers, and that Negroes were segregated in the court room during the trial.

Lee was framed up in connection with the murder of a rich white farmer and his family of four. Arrested on "suspicion" because he had once worked for the farmer and was known to have resented being gypped out of a day's wages (\$1), he was rushed to trial in a lynch atmosphere.

Save Antonoff
An emergency conference is meeting today to mobilize mass protest against the attempt of Hoover's Secretary of Labor Doak to murder the Detroit worker, Antonoff, by sending him back to the hangman of Bulgaria.

CUBAN WORKERS HEAR BROWDER ON COMMUNISM

Speaks Twice In Same Hall; La Guardia Fails to Appear

NEW YORK.—Earl Browder, Communist candidate for Congress in the 20th district, received a prolonged ovation when he appeared Friday night at Laurel Garden, at the Cuban Communist Club meeting attended by about 700 workers.

"It is the capitalist way cutting down on relief, cutting wages, preparing for imperialist war—the Communist way," said Browder. "There is nothing to choose between the Republicans, Democrats and Socialists. All make democratic promises and all carry out the purposes of capitalism at the expense of the toiling workers."

"But the dictatorship of the capitalist few can be overthrown here as it was in Russia, and more easily. Russia was a backward country, without machinery of modern industrial equipment. That had to be built up, and in fifteen years, half of which were stricken with war and famine, they have built up one of the strongest countries in the world."

"Here in America the machinery is ready. It only remains for the workers to take it over. And the call to vote Communist today, is a call to the workers to organize and prepare. There are two ways. There is capitalism which the workers who have produced too much food, too much clothing, who have produced too many houses live in hovels; and there is the Soviet way where conditions have constantly improved."

LaGuardia Fails to Appear
Browder addressed the 400 workers in the same hall earlier in the evening at a meeting which was to have been a debate between himself and LaGuardia, but at which LaGuardia refused to appear. After pointing out the failure of the three capitalist parties to provide for the unemployed, or even to give the unemployed the soldiers of the Great War, Browder made special appeal for the oppressed Negro workers.

"Why should the white workers worry about the Negro workers?" he asked. "Because, by oppressing the Negro, the capitalist has also driven down the conditions of the white. He has played off one against the other. Only by uniting Negro and white will the workers destroy the system which is oppressing them."

Hoover Promise Is A Toot
Hoover has shown his stand toward the Negro when he told a group of Negro Republicans that "the Republican Party would look after the Negro as it had for the past seventy years." The Socialists ask for equal political, economic and legal rights, but omit social rights. Heywood Brown, candidate for Congress in 1930 for the Socialist Party, wrote in the

Hathaway to Debate O'Neal, Socialist, Wednesday, Astoria

NEW YORK.—Clarence Hathaway, candidate in the 3rd Congressional District, will debate James O'Neal, socialist, on the elec-



C. A. HATHAWAY

Watch for New Trick to Evict Jobless; Do Not Move Out Goods!

NEW YORK.—The city marshals working closely with the landlords, have got a new scheme, which unemployed workers should watch out for. The marshalls have learned that mass demonstrations may arise, particularly when the unemployed council finds out about an approaching eviction, and the eviction is stopped. Now sometimes the marshalls go to the tenant to be evicted, pretend friendliness, and advise him to just distribute his furniture among the other tenants in the building, to "prevent it being thrown into the street." They sometimes even tell him he can move in back into the apartment as soon as the marshalls have gone.

But when the tenant has done this, the landlord locks up the apartment and begins to rent it to some one else.

WIR BAND REHEARSAL TONITE
The Workers International Relief Band will have its final rehearsal tonight at 8 p.m., at 122 Second Ave. (near 8th St.) for the Madison Square Garden celebration on Nov. 6th. Additional players of band instruments are needed.

What's On—
All comrades who have borrowed cuts or mats from Daily Worker over 5 days ago must return them immediately—or all requests in future will be refused.

MONDAY
P. S. U. members wanted for volunteer work at P. S. U. District Office, 799 Broadway, Room 330.

Flatbush Workers Club—Open-Air Meeting—8:30 p.m. at Ave. U and E. 14th St.
Speaker: E. Saunders.

Coney Island Unemployed Council—Mass Meeting—8 p.m., at Pythian Hall, 2864 W. 21st St.

Concourse Workers' Club—Symposium—All for parties to be represented—8:30 p.m., at Paradise Manor, 11 W. Mt. Eden Ave. Admission 20 cents.

Rehearsal of mass pageant for Madison Square Garden, Nov. 6, at Workers' Center, 50 E. 5th St. Workers urged to participate and make it a real mass pageant.

World Congress Against War—Report of American Delegation, Speakers: C. M. Farland, in English; Margaret Schlauch, Professor, New York University, in French—8:15 P.M., 241 W. 4th St., between 8th and 9th Aves., Audubon. Clarke, French-Speaking Workers' Club. Admission 10 cents.

Harlem Progressive Youth Club—Class in History of the Class Struggle.

Workers' Correspondence Group—Discussion on Workers' Correspondence led by N. G. Brown, 241 W. 4th St., between 8th and 9th Aves., Audubon. All workers urged to attend.

PROMISE TO PRINT NEGRO FILM FACTS

Shepard In Delegation to Amsterdam News

NEW YORK.—Henry Shepard, Communist candidate for Lieutenant Governor of New York, Steven Kingstone and Laurence Campbell, candidate for the 20th Assembly District, were in a delegation which called Saturday on the editor of the Amsterdam News, Harlem Negro newspaper, to protest against its failure to publish the statement by a group of Negro artists now in the Soviet Union, who denied charges by Moon and Preston, on the Amsterdam News staff, that pressure by American business had forced the Soviet Union to abandon the filming of a picture showing Negro oppression of the Negro in the United States. The delegation called in the name of League of Struggle for Negro Rights.

The failure of the Amsterdam News to publish the statement of the majority group of Negroes after it had published the charges by Moon and Preston was deliberately done so as to turn Negro workers from the Communist Party," Shepard said to the editor of the Amsterdam News. "The Amsterdam News is in favor of the Republican Party."

Premise To Print
The editor of the Amsterdam News claimed he was impartial, but could not explain why he had failed to publish the majority Negro group statement in which it was definitely declared that technical reasons were the cause for delaying work on the film, and that work on it would be resumed as soon as the technical problems were solved.

A.F.L. Union Denies Relief to Worker Who Contributed to Fund
W. Bernstein, who belonged to the A. F. of L. International Pocketbook Workers' Union since 1915 and who for many years paid dues and taxes toward the employment fund, reported now that the union refuses to pay him any unemployment relief. According to the terms of the unemployment fund, Bernstein was supposed to get \$10 relief every two weeks, but for three weeks no relief has been given him.

Labor Union Meetings
CARPENTERS
Carpenters' Local 2090, A. F. of L. will have a political symposium, with representatives of the Republican, Democratic, Socialist and Communist Parties, on Thursday, Oct. 27, at 8 p.m., at the Bohemian Hall, 78th St., between 1st and 2nd Aves. William W. Winston, candidate for U. S. Senator on the Communist Party ticket, will present the platform of the Communist Party.

ALTERATION PAINTERS' UNION
Local Meetings
Local No. 1, Bronx, Monday at 8 p.m. at 1130 Southern Boulevard.
Brookville Local No. 2, 1440 East New York Ave., Thursday, 8 p.m.
Local No. 3, Williamsburgh, Wednesday, 65 Manhattan Ave.
Local No. 6, Coney Island, Monday, 8 p.m. at 2100 Mermaid Ave., Coney Island.

Soccer Results
Olympic, 2; Red Sparks (A), 1.
Prospect Workers, 2; Eastern, 2.
Adriatic, 1; Mexican Workers, 0.
Macabees, 1; Red Sparks (B), 0.
Red Sparks (D), 2; Girls, 2.
Union de Chile, 4; Hebrew Workers, 2.
Italian Americans (A), 2; Fichte (A), 0.
Italian Americans (B), 2; Scandinavian Workers, 0.
Red Sparks (C), 1; Juventus, 1.
Friend Springing Club, 1; Fichte (B), 1.
Polina, 1; Downtown Workers, 1.

Communist Candidates Lead Demonstration at Borden's Today for Milk to Children

Patterson, Shepard, Raymond, Taft at Debates and Election Meetings Today, Tomorrow

NEW YORK.—With election day but two weeks off, the Communist campaign is being intensified. But the Communist Party is the party of struggle, and its best election campaign is the leadership in the fight against wage cuts and for unemployed relief.

Tries Eating Own Skin to Curb Hunger
(By a Worker Correspondent)
NEW YORK, Oct. 23.—William Bernstein a good slave and a dues paying member of the International Pocket Book Workers Union, affiliated with the A. F. of L., has just gotten orders to move out of his home at 204 East 25th St., apartment No. 10, on account of not being able to pay his arrears in rent. He got his eviction notice at 11 p.m. Saturday evening.

He has paid the unemployed tax to his local union which was \$3, owing \$22 more. His book number is 4599 in the A. F. of L., which is allowing this victim of capitalism to be thrown out in the streets to freeze. His wife has cut a piece of skin off of her fingers by trying to eat it to stave off starvation.

Goldman is chairman of the Local of P.B.W.U., and another parasite by the name of Stein is the secretary of this fake union. The only way that workers like W. Bernstein can get unemployed aid or insurance is to join the left opposition in his union and fight for something better than slow starvation and snow balls. Show your class by voting for a Communist government that fights against evictions and the bosses' starvation tactics.

Intern'l Workers Order
DENTAL DEPARTMENT
80 FIFTH AVENUE
15th FLOOR
All Work Done Under Personal Care of DR. JOSEPHSON

DR. JULIUS LITINSKY
107 Bristol Street
(bet. Pitkin & Sutter Aves.) B'klyn
PHONE: DICKENS 3-2012
Office Hours: 9-10 A.M., 1-2, 4-8 P.M.

Brooklyn
WORKERS—EAT AT THE Parkway Cafeteria
1638 PITKIN AVENUE
Near Hopkinson Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Agents Wanted for "PROLIT FOLIO"
The "Prolit Folio," monthly publication of the Revolutionary Writers Federation, is issuing a call for all comrades and workers to sell this magazine. A commission arrangement will be made with all appointed agents. All those now selling the Daily Worker, New Masses, Liberator, etc., are requested to call today and Tuesday from 2 p.m. to 5 p.m. at the Federation headquarters, 114 W. 21st St. See Syd Freed, managing editor.

SUTTER
Vegetarian and Dairy Restaurant
282 SUTTER AVE. (Cor. George B'klyn

Bronx
All members Meet at BRONSTEIN'S Vegetarian Health Restaurant
558 Claremont Parkway Bronx

FREEMAN CAFETERIA
Formerly the R. & M.
1291 WILKINS AVENUE
NEAR FREEMAN
COMRADELY ATMOSPHERE

Garment District
Garment Section Workers
Patrolize
Navarr Cafeteria
333 7th AVENUE
Corner 28th St.

Labor Sports
Good Food Served Right
Farragut Cafeteria
326 Seventh Av., at 28th St.

Mansion DAIRY RESTAURANT
147 WEST 27TH STREET
Near 7th Avenue
UNION RESTAURANT

GET YOUR RESERVED SEAT NOW for the **15TH ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION** of the **RUSSIAN REVOLUTION** and **FINAL ELECTION RALLY** **SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 6. AT 7:00 P. M.** at **MADISON SQUARE GARDEN** 50th Street and Eighth Avenue
Speakers:
WM. Z. FOSTER COMMUNIST CANDIDATE FOR PRESIDENT
I. AMTER CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR
H. SHEPPARD CANDIDATE FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR
Pageant of the Successful Completion of First Five-Year Plan
WORKERS CHORUS OF 500
W. I. R. BAND
Admission with this coupon 35 cents. At the door 40 cents. Unemployed admitted with free tickets issued by the Unemployed Councils.—ONLY 1,500 SEATS AT \$1.00 TO BE PURCHASED AT 50 EAST 13th STREET.

2 JEWISH MASS CONFERENCES

Amter, Olgin Speak Tonight Uptown

NEW YORK.—Two important conferences will be held early this week to mobilize workers' mass organizations in New York City into a more intensive campaign in the last lap of the election drive.

Active workers and executives of all Jewish Workers' mass organizations will meet in an "Elect Olgin Conference" this Monday night at 1610 Boston Road, Moiseyev Olgin, candidate in the 24th Congressional District; Israel Amter, candidate for Governor, and other speakers will address this conference.

Discrimination Boast By Tammany Speaker
In line with the bosses' policy of dividing the workers, Mrs. Hibbs, a real estate shark whose offices are at 241 W. 13th St., speaking for Tammany Hall at Columbus Circle Saturday night, declared that she made it a rule to discriminate against foreign-born workers when giving out jobs.

VOTE COMMUNIST
Against capitalist terror; against all forms of suppression of the political rights of workers.

SCOTT NEARING
will lecture on **"What Next In Germany?"**
Tonight Monday, Oct. 24th at 8:30 P. M.
Irving Plaza 17 Irving Pl. Admission 50 cents

ELECTION DANCE & CABARET
WEBSTER HALL
WEDNESDAY EVENING **OCTOBER 26**
DANCE MUSIC BY **VERNON ANDRADA** AND HIS HARLEM RENAISSANCE ORCHESTRA
John Reed Club Artists
ENTERTAINMENT FEATURES:
Oriental Dances, Chinese, Japanese, Korean and Hindu; Bobbie Lewis of the Group Theatre; Political Satires; Wandering Negro Minstrels; Harlem Tap Dancing; Margaret Larkins; Political Ballads and Cowboy Songs; Black and White Revel and Other Big Features

INDEPENDENT COMMITTEE
FOR SUPPORT OF FOSTER & FORD
798 BROADWAY, Room 340
Phone GRamery 5-5448
Dancing 9 p.m. to 2 a.m.
Tickets, 75c in advance—At Door \$1

CAMP NITGEDAIGET
Open for the Indian Summer and Fall
The best time of the year for rest, hiking, games, social recreation. The hotel is equipped with steam heat and all modern facilities. Come and enjoy the exhilarating atmosphere of the late fall season in comfort while building yourself back to health.
The same reduced rates will prevail
\$12.50 PER WEEK
[Autos will leave from Bronx Co-operative as usual.]
For information telephones ESTABROOK 8-1400

Fight on Construction Gyp Forces Tammany Hall to Hold Hearing

NEW YORK.—The fight under the leadership of the Trade Union Unity Council for the return of money illegally taken from Negro and white workers on public works has forced Tammany Hall to hold a hearing on the workers' charges.

Allen Taub, lawyer for the International Labor Defense, appeared Saturday before Trial, assistant to Comptroller of the Budget Berry, to present evidence that \$1450 a week had been forced out of the workers on the construction job at Harlem Armory, 145th St. and Lenox Ave. These workers charge that the money was divided between Tammany Hall officials, A. F. of L. officials, and the contractors.

Prial showed great anger at the leaflet distributed by the workers exposing Tammany Hall's part in this deal, and also showed great reluctance in granting Taub's request for the records in the case.

Workers also charge discrimination against Negro workers on the Harlem construction job, and call on all workers, Negro and white, to come to the open air meetings, Wednesday evenings at 143d St. and Lenox Ave., and Thursday evenings at 131st St. and Seventh Ave. to join in the fight against this discrimination.

F.S.U CLASSES POSTPONED
NEW YORK.—The opening date of the Friends of the Soviet Union classes on organization and public speaking have been changed from Oct. 24, to Nov. 14. All organizers that have not yet sent in names and addresses of students should do so now.

BAD CONDITIONS CAUSE WELFARE ISLAND REVOLT

Inmates Turn Fight Into Rebellion

Climaxing a whole series of prison revolts sweeping North America, about 1,800 inmates of Welfare Island Penitentiary on Saturday revolted against miserable living conditions. George Holsho, a stool pigeon occupying a privileged position as a trustee in the photography department, was killed.

The rebellion started when the leadership of two factions of prisoners quarreled over the sale of dope, a business carried on in the prison with the full knowledge of Warden Joseph A. McCann. Rank and file prisoners, including many workers jailed for vagrancy, turned this fight into a revolt against the prison administration. Factionalism is encouraged among the prisoners by Warden McCann, on the principle that as long as the prisoners are fighting among themselves, there will be no danger of their uniting against his rule. Deputy Slesman, reported to have fired his revolver during the rebellion, has been exposed in the past as having insulted prisoners' wives, daughters and sisters visiting the prison.

Even though crowding the inmates in small steel cells, many of the prisoners showed their spirit by pounding empty wash basins, tin cans and other objects against the bars of their cells, and by hooting the guards.

AMUSEMENTS
THE THEATRE GUILD Presents **'THE GOOD EARTH'**
Dramatized by OWEN DAVIS and DONALD DAVIS
From the PULITZER PRIZE NOVEL BY PEARL S. BUCK
GUILD THEATRE 52nd St., W. of Broadway, Evs. 8:30
Matinee Thursday and Saturday at 2:30

AMERICAN PREMIERE—NOW
The Cultural Revolution in the U. S. S. R.
The Last Insult
The Development of Russia's Children — A Sequence to "Road to Life"
SEE THE BIRTH AND GROWTH OF THE YOUNG PIONEER THE PIONEER IN THE HOME, SCHOOL, ETC. THE PIONEER IN HIS STRUGGLE AGAINST SUPERSTITION AND REACTION
The Worker's ACME THEATRE 15c Exc. Sat. & Sun. 9 A.M. to 2 P.M.
14th STREET & UNION SQUARE Midnite Show Sat.

CIVIC REPERTORY
117th Street and Sixth Avenue
30c, 50c, \$1.00. Evenings 8:30; Mats. Wednesday and Saturday, 2:30. (Wat. 9-7450)
EVA LE GALLIENNE, Director
6TH YEAR BEGINS WEDNESDAY EVENING WITH MOLNAR'S "LILIOM"
THURS. EVE: "LILIOM" FRI. EVE: "LILIOM"
WEDS. EVE: "CAMILLE" SAT. MAT: "LILIOM"
SATURDAY NIGHT: "CAMILLE"

IT DARES TELL THE TRUTH!
The Picture millions have been waiting to see
"WASHINGTON MERRY-GO-ROUND"
A Columbia Picture
NOW AT THE MAYFAIR
Broadway at 47th Street
There's Always A Better Show at RKO

GAME OVER
6TH BIG WEEK **"GOONA-GOON"**
WATSON FOR SOVIET
13TH ANNIVERSARY FILM

THE GROUP THEATRE presents **SUCCESSORY**
By JOHN HOWARD LAWSON
Maxine Elliott's Theat., 59th St. E. of B'way
Evs. 8:30 Matinee Wed. & Sat. at 2:30

COUNSELOR-AT-LAW
WITH PAUL MUNI ELMER RICE
PLYMOUTH THEAT. W. 45th St. LA. 4-6729
Evs. 8:30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

JEFFERSON 14th Street and 3rd Ave.
TODAY TO TUESDAY—2 Features
"THIS SPORTING AGE"
with Jack Holt and Evelyn Knapp
"THE LAST MAN"
with Chas. Nickford-Constance Cummings

MEN MUST FIGHT
A Vital Play
"SOMETHING WORTHY OF RESPECT."
—N. Y. American
LYCEUM Theatre, W. 43th St., BR. 9-8314
Evs. \$1.00 to \$3.50 Mats. THURS. & Sat.

AMERICANA New Revue Hit!
An intelligent and successful revue with a grand sense of humor.
—Garland, World-Telegram.
SHUBERT THEAT. 418 St. W. of B'way
Evs. 8:30. Matinee Wed. & Sat. at 2:30

Health Center Cafeteria
WORKERS CENTER
60 EAST 13th STREET
Patrons of the Health Center Cafeteria and help the Revolutionary Movement
BEST FOOD REASONABLE PRICES

JADE MOUNTAIN
American & Chinese Restaurant
197 SECOND AVENUE
Bet. 12 & 13
Welcome to Our Comrades

John's Restaurant
SPECIALTY ITALIAN DISHES
elect with wine
where all eat
302 E. 12th St. New York

371 Organizations Agree On Big Chicago Hunger March

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 23.—A general united front conference on unemployment and particularly on the county hunger march, Oct. 31, and on the preparations for the National Hunger March, in December, met here in New England Congressional Church Friday night. There were 712 delegates, representing 371 organizations, including branches of the Unemployed Councils, Chicago Workers' Committee on Unemployment, Workers' League of America (the first originally meeting for united front). There were representatives from P. S. U. locals, Communist Party, local branches of the Socialist Party, Farmer-Labor Party, Workers' Service League and many other organizations.

There was a delegation of the Right Shirts with its national commander dressed in a fur coat present, but these left in a demonstrative fashion when John Williamson, acting district organizer of the Communist Party, began to speak.

Struggle With Socialists.
After a sharp struggle in the conference with the Socialist. Borders of the Chicago Workers' Committee on Unemployment, and some of his allies, the conference was dominated by overwhelming majorities the demands previously published, for no 30 per

cent wage cut, and no evictions, for relief, etc. It also by similar majorities adopted the method of struggle previously worked out in united front conferences called by the unemployed councils, which calls for united front from below and neighborhood struggle.

Unite Rank and File.
"The Communist Party does not regard the united front conference as a love feast with the Socialist, Farmer-Labor Party and Borders leadership, but will unite the rank and file for united struggle for relief," declared Williamson.

PROGRAM OF ACTION TO WIN WINTER RELIEF FROM LOCAL AND FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Directives for the Preparation of the National Hunger March

Program Adopted by National Committee of Unemployed Councils of U. S. A. in the Enlarged Session Held in Chicago Oct. 11 and 12.

The following program adopted by leaders of the struggles against unemployment in 18 principal cities, outlines the plans for uniting the broadest masses in struggle against mass starvation which threatens the whole working class of the U. S. It also includes the plans for the National Hunger March which is to take place in connection with the opening of Congress on Dec. 5th. The Daily Worker publishes these plans in order that they may become the property of the broadest masses. We will continue to publish in the same manner all decisions and directives of the National Bureau of the Unemployed Councils so that these may be made known to every worker who is concerned and who desires to participate in the development of the local struggles and National Hunger March which are intended to force the government to provide relief for the starving masses.

suffer from and are threatened by the effects of the prolonged crisis, can save the millions who face slow starvation, exposure and premature death during the coming winter.

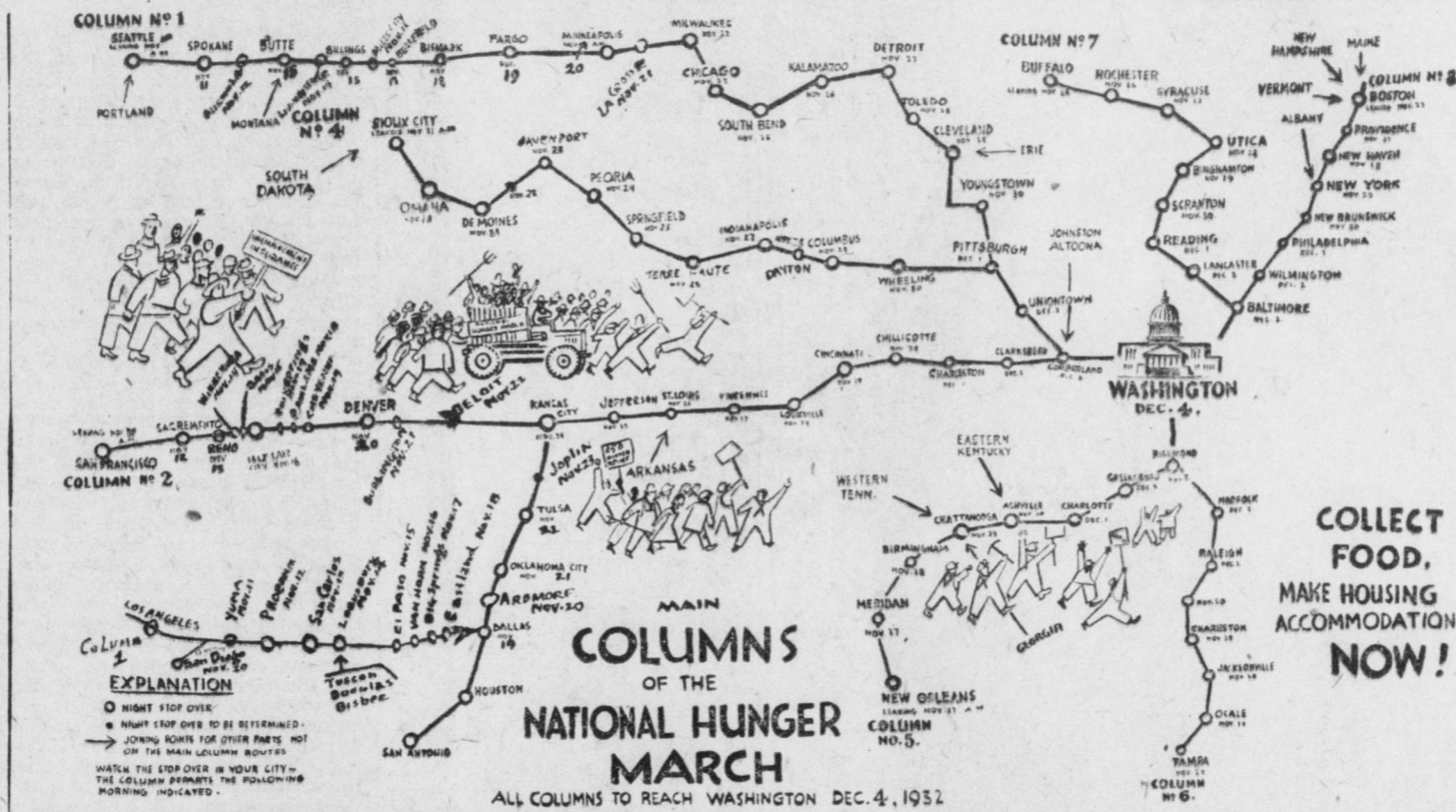
The purpose of the Unemployed Council of this program, is to stimulate, develop, organize and lead these essential struggles, to the end that:

Not One Unemployed Worker or His Family Shall Be Without Decent Housing, Food and Clothing.

In order to achieve this purpose, militant committees of action, should be established by the workers themselves, in their own neighborhoods, within every breadline and flop houses, around every relief office wherever the workers gather and wherever they confront problems that can be solved only through their own common action.

These Committees of Action, elected by the workers themselves, from out of their own ranks, should be known to all the workers in the respective area or place including those who did not participate in the election.

Our struggles and actions will be based upon such issues as the widespread attempts to reduce expenditures for relief by further reductions in the amount of relief and in the number to whom relief is given. We should fight to compel an increase in the totally inadequate relief. We should determine on a minimum relief standard in each locality and insist that this minimum shall be given to every



COLLECT FOOD, MAKE HOUSING ACCOMMODATIONS NOW!

Interests of all who suffer from mass unemployment.

Each united action and struggle should be conducted around the relief offices; in the flop-houses, breadlines, employment offices and shops; at the homes and offices of local government officials and politicians; around the homes of workers threatened with eviction; in and around the City Halls and County Court Houses; within the courts where evictions cases and persecution of militant hunger fighters come to trial; within organizations whose officials use their power to help defeat the interests and demands of the workers. These struggles must persist, involve ever larger forces and develop ever greater militancy until the needs of the workers are recognized and their demands granted.

These struggles will take the form of countless neighborhood

demonstrations, the sending of mass delegations to the various local relief and government bodies, City and County Hunger Marches and where possible State Hunger Marches.

Defeat and Isolate the Demagogues.

In order to prevent unity for struggle and thus prevent the workers from winning real relief, a whole host of demagogues have been turned loose among the masses. These various agents of the class which controls the enormous wealth of this country, carry on their treacherous activity under cover of deceptive phrases, hypocritical pretense of sympathy, false promises and sometimes even by the use of slogans very similar to those of the Unemployed Councils.

Consolidating the Forces United in Struggle

The unity which is developed in the daily local struggles, must be cemented through the establishment of permanent organization. The Committees of Action which may be formed in the course of action around one issue, should not be liquidated after the one issue has been disposed of. It should continue to function, to raise other issues and grievances and to be prepared to act on those that will inevitably arise.

These Committees of Action should be united through delegate bodies representing groups and organizations of workers in nearby neighborhoods. These delegate bodies constituting the Unemployed Councils shall lead the broader struggles that require greater forces than are available in one block, neighborhood or institution.

The Action Committees and Unemployed Councils shall enlist and register all workers as permanent supporters. In this manner, through conscious, systematic campaigns, we must undertake to enroll a minimum of 200,000 new Registered Supporters by January First. Each Committee of Action and Council should set itself a corresponding quota.

TO BE CONTINUED

PROGRAM OF ACTION TO WIN WINTER RELIEF FROM LOCAL AND FEDERAL GOVERNMENT AND DIRECTIVES FOR THE PREPARATION OF THE NATIONAL HUNGER MARCH.

ONLY the determined and united struggle of the masses who

PLAN AND INITIAL STEPS FOR PREPARING THE HUNGER MARCH!

1—Mobilization of Unemployed Councils

All Unemployed Councils shall immediately call large meetings to discuss the program of action for the coming winter. These meetings should thoroughly review our past activities, demands, methods of approach to the workers generally and to those in such organizations as the Citizens Leagues in particular. On the basis of the conditions in their own localities and their own experiences they should prepare a detailed program of action and struggle for relief.

2—Local United Front Conferences.

On the basis of the most urgent local issue or issues and of our central national demands, we shall call in all cities, broad mass conferences to which all groups of unemployed and employed workers and ALL their organizations shall be invited to send delegates.

Win Support and Participation of Farmers.

Millions of farmers are being bankrupted. Many hundreds of thousands of them are already involved in struggle against the same forces whom we must fight.

Composition of the National Hunger March.

Approximately 2,000 delegates, elected by the masses out of their struggles and organizations shall constitute the body of the National Hunger March. Our aim is to involve at least one million workers in the elections that will name these delegates.

State	Delegates	State	Delegates
Washington	30	Ohio	250
Montana	20	Pennsylvania	300
Wyoming	10	(Pittsburgh area)	400
California	80	Pennsylvania	400
New Mexico	5	(Philadelphia area)	150
Colorado	30	New York	150
S. Dakota	20	(Buffalo area)	400
Iowa	50	New York	400
Texas	20	(New York City)	10
Oklahoma	10	Delaware	10
Arkansas	10	Maryland	100
Missouri	50	Washington, D. C.	50
Louisiana	10	New Jersey	200
Tennessee	30	Connecticut	50
Mississippi	10	Massachusetts	50
Alabama	30	New Hampshire	10
Georgia	10	Vermont	10
Florida	30	Maine	10
N. Carolina	30	Michigan	200
S. Carolina	10	Oregon	20
Virginia	50	Idaho	10
West Virginia	50	Nevada	10
Kentucky	50	Arizona	20
Wisconsin	75	Utah	30
Illinois	350	N. Dakota	20
Indiana	150	Minnesota	100

Within this number we will undertake to include representation from the basic industries as follows:

Miners	300	Steel and Metal	300
Marine	200	R. R. & Transport	50
Textile	200		

We invite all unions to help in this and especially call upon the rank and file of the A. F. of L. to elect representatives through their local unions and opposition groups.

How the Hunger Marchers Shall Be Elected

Elections shall begin on the West Coast on and after November 1st. East of Denver, elections shall begin on and after November 8th. State and local organizations shall be guided by the above figures and suggestions in determining the composition and approximate numbers of delegates to be elected in each city.

Qualifications of Delegates.

In election of delegates, consideration must be given to the following qualifications:

- Activity in struggles against unemployment;
- Age and ability to stand strain of march;
- Capacity to participate in the many activities connected with the march itself and with the mobilization of workers for support of the struggles that will arise during and after the march.

Routes and Itinerary.

The march will proceed in eight main columns. Consult map and where necessary write for details to the National Committee. Delegations from towns not on the main routes shall join the columns at the point nearest to them.

Supporting Meetings, Demonstrations and Resolutions.

The influence and effectiveness of the National Hunger March will be determined by the mass support of the workers and all sections of the impoverished population. This mass support is the best defense that can be provided the representatives of the workers who will participate in the march itself. It is therefore of the utmost importance that this support shall be manifested in the most emphatic manner possible.

Financing the National Hunger March.

Special directives will be published on methods of raising the large sums required for carrying through this gigantic national action. The following are the general plans:

- The National Committee of the Unemployed Councils has invited the Workers International Relief to organize a broad supporting committee which shall be composed of representatives of all possible organizations. This will be known as the Joint Committee for Support of the National Hunger March. This committee will conduct the campaign nationally to raise all necessary finances.
- The treasurer elected by this committee shall receive all funds

shall be arranged in all cities and towns throughout the country. These shall send telegrams to President Hoover, Vice-President Curtis and Speaker Garner.

Agitational Material and Supplies.

The National Committee will take steps to supply leaflets; posters; stickers; buttons; collection lists and stamps, etc.

Feeding and Housing the Marchers.

Every effort shall be made to force city and county officials to provide suitable food and lodgings for the Hunger Marchers on their way to Washington and on their return. To this end, special letters shall be sent to the Mayor and City Councils Sheriffs and County Commissioners and supported by mass delegations, demonstrations and resolutions.

Equipment of Marchers.

Where the cities provide food and lodgings, these must be carefully inspected in advance and approved by a responsible committee. Under no circumstances shall jails be accepted as a place of lodgings.

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Special directives will be published on methods of raising the large sums required for carrying through this gigantic national action. The following are the general plans:

Regulations and Organizational Problems of Marchers.

The National Hunger Marchers should present to the workers in the cities through which they pass a practical example of efficient organization and workingclass discipline. This is also essential in order that the march may achieve a high degree of success in accomplishing its purpose and advancing its aims. To this end, the following regulations shall apply:

Tasks of the Hunger Marchers.

All participants in the march shall be afforded an opportunity to participate actively in the various tasks connected with the march. All will be assigned to either:

- Feeding and Housing; Leaflet Distribution; Literature Sales; Organization; Collection and such other committees as will be set up.

Special attention shall be given to the sale of literature and distribution of leaflets and collection of funds along the route of march.

collected and deposit it to a special account. All such funds shall be used exclusively for the Hunger March and for no other purpose. The center will maintain a strict check-up and will make accounting for all funds received.

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Daily Worker

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Stop Wall Street's Wars in South America

IMPERIALIST war has leaped from the Far East across the Pacific to the Western Hemisphere. Its flames devour the peoples of four countries and will embrace an entire continent if the American working class is not quickly aroused to action.

Two wars are going on in South America: Between Bolivia and Paraguay and between Colombia and Peru. Both wars are fomented and supported by American and British imperialism through their puppet governments.

The wars in South America are part of the series of imperialism was now going on in the Far East—the war of Japan upon the Chinese people, the invasion of Manchuria, etc.; the war of British imperialism upon the Indian masses; the war of French and Italian imperialism upon the peoples of Africa in the Riff, Tripoli, etc.; the wars of American imperialism upon the Haitian and Nicaraguan peoples. The wars in South America are part of the world-wide attempts of the imperialist powers to bring into their particular sector of the anti-Soviet front weaker semi-colonial nations as military and political allies, to make of their toiling populations reservoirs of cannon fodder for the new world war whose preliminary engagements are now being fought.

These wars in South America are directed—and here there is no conflict between American and British imperialism—against the working class and the agrarian population of the South American countries who, driven into the lowest depths of unemployment, poverty and hunger are revolting against the imperialism and its capitalist-lord-militarist governments. To prevent the mass revolution and the overthrow of imperialism and its governments, war in the interests of imperialism, is fomented.

By the formation of so-called "neutral" groups of countries supporting the aims of one or the other imperialist power the basis is being laid in South America for a war involving every country on the South American continent; and, since the Panama Canal and the whole Caribbean area is the military center of the struggle between American and British imperialism, probably Mexico and Central America also. The imperialist stand has the object of driving the subject peoples to wars ostensibly of a nationalistic character.

Nowhere is there a better example of "imperialist war without war" than in South America. Nowhere is there a sharper confirmation of the analysis of this tactic of imperialism made by the Executive Committee of the Communist International on the basis of the critical war situation in the Far East.

Let us look for a moment at some of the economic interests underlying the conflicts in South America between Yankee and British imperialism which, as part of the struggle for world hegemony, have brought the additional scourge of war to peoples already suffering unspeakable miseries as a result of the capitalist crisis.

Bolivia and Paraguay are at war. That is to say that the governments of these countries have mobilized the toiling population to slaughter one another for the American and British overlords. Paraguay is in the sphere of British influence. It is economically dominated by Great Britain and Argentina—Britain's principal base in South America. Paraguay's government debt is held largely by British banks and Argentine capital dominates the commercial, agricultural and pastoral enterprises. Including the Chaco district, in which there are said to be large oil deposits, and for the possession of which the Bolivian-Paraguayan war nominally is being waged, Paraguay has a total area of only 196,000 square miles. Its importance in the present imperialist conflict is strategic rather than economic.

Bolivia, on the other hand, is dominated by American capital with investments totalling \$135,000,000 as against \$13,000,000 of British capital. Of vital importance to American imperialism is that in addition to the rubber industry in the rest of the world practically a British-Dutch monopoly—Bolivia has the only large tin mines outside of Great Britain and British spheres of influence like the Dutch East Indies. American companies have monopolized Bolivian tin properties.

If there are large oil reserves in the disputed Chaco area the immediate object of American imperialism in driving the Bolivian masses to war for this fever-ridden jungle is to prevent their being added to British imperialism's oil reserves in the Western Hemisphere, with a direct outlet to the Atlantic through British-controlled territory.

The war between Colombia and Peru is an extension of the bitter struggle of American and British imperialism for domination of Peru. Colombia is a principality of American imperialists. American investments in Colombia, mainly in oil, amount to \$260,000,000 as against British investments of \$38,000,000.

American interests own the platinum mines of Colombia—the only important deposits of platinum outside of the Soviet Union and which now produce 25 per cent of the world's supply. (Platinum is indispensable for certain chemical processes—notably in the manufacture of high explosives—and is used in the magnets for airplane motors.) It is a war metal of the highest importance.

In Peru, however, American and British investments are almost equal. American capital has a total investment of \$151,000,000. Great Britain a total of \$141,000,000. In addition, in 1925 Italian capital had invested \$40,000,000, Germany \$22,000,000, and France \$10,000,000.

The imperialist struggle for the control of the vast mineral resources and of the government of Peru is therefore a many-sided one as evidenced by the complicated maneuvers resulting in civil war that have taken place in the last three years.

Peru possesses 92 per cent of the world's supply of Vanadium—a metal far superior to tungsten for hardening and toughening steel. It is now used extensively in automobiles, in the manufacture of high speed machine tools—and in armorplate. American interests have a monopoly of Peru's vanadium mines and deposits. American interests own the immense and rich copper mines and deposits. British interests on the other hand operate 1,167 miles of the total of 2,100 miles of railway in the country.

The United States and Great Britain take about one-third each of Peru's exports.

The Colombian-Peruvian war in the light of these facts is shown to be a war between American and British imperialist interests in which the question of the sovereignty of the small town of Leticia is merely an excuse, not the reason, for armed conflict.

The mobilization of the workers and exploited agrarian masses for war in the interest of the imperialist masters is accompanied by the most intense efforts to replace the revolutionary desires of the masses by the most virulent form of national chauvinism.

The war and war preparations are accompanied by a ruthless campaign of persecution and suppression directed against the Communist Parties, militant unions and all sections of the population which cry halt to the imperialists and their lackey governments.

Mass arrests and imprisonments, tortures and executions of workers, soldiers and peasants are the order of the day. Forced contributions for the war funds are being exacted from the poverty-stricken working class as in the Liberty Loan drives in the United States during the World War.

American armament firms are busy in the manufacture and shipment of munitions to South America.

The imperialist alignments for the attack on the Soviet Union are in process of formation in South America through the medium of war. The governments of semi-feudal landowners, native capitalists and generals are being lined up on the side of American or British imperialism for a new world war.

The struggle for hegemony of South America and the Caribbean area between British and American imperialism is already bringing death and disaster to the toiling population of four countries. The war in Brazil has ceased only for a moment.

WORKERS of the United States: Stop the manufacture and shipment of arms and munitions for the imperialist butchers of our South American brothers.

Mass behind the Communist Party and the Anti-Imperialist League to end the assaults of Wall Street imperialism against the South American workers and peasants. Support in every way the revolutionary struggle of the South American masses against imperialism.

Own with the imperialist wars in South America!

Organize and fight against the imperialist wars which lead fast and straight to a world war against the Soviet Union, the colonial peoples, the working class of the United States and the whole world.

Support the Communist Party in its fight against imperialist war!

Vote Communist!

Book Reveals Chain Gang Horrors in the South

"Georgia Nigger" Exposes Enslavement of the Negroes; Boss Press Suppresses Facts



"LADIES AND GENTLEMEN! TAKE YOUR PICK!" —By Burke

Debs' Fight Against the Reformist S.P. Leaders

"Tendency to Become a Party of Politicians, Not Workers," Debs Said of S. P.

By ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG

IV.

At the time of the Left-Wing split from the S. P., Debs was in prison. Only partial information could reach him regarding the political controversy in the party which preceded this split. While Debs was bound by many ties to the Socialist Party, he did not fully agree with its leadership. During the 1919 convention the remaining Left Wing elements succeeded under pressure of the split in forcing a resolution which would insure Debs the nomination for the presidency at the 1920 convention, where the question of candidates was to be dealt with. The leaders did not wish to have Debs, who was then in prison, nominated as a candidate. They feared that the size of the vote might be affected and did not want to flaunt before the country a presidential candidate who was in prison. When he was finally nominated in 1920 and a committee consisting of Steadman, Onal and others was sent to visit him in prison to notify him officially of the nomination, he surprised the committee with a devastating criticism of the party.

Regarding the platform adopted at the convention which nominated him, he said: "I wish I might say that it had my unqualified approval," modifying it by saying that platforms are not so important, as "we can breathe the breath of revolution into any platform." He emphasized, however, that "Socialist platforms are not made to catch votes" and that "we are in politics not to get votes but to develop power to emancipate the working class." (Emphasis mine.—A. T.) It was also significant that on that occasion he expressed regret "that the convention did not see its way clear to affiliate with the Third International without qualifications." Debs, therefore, allied himself with the third of the delegates of the 1920 Convention which favored the acceptance of the twenty-one points of admission to the Communist International and was opposed to Hillquit's fake proposal for affiliation with reservations. To the S. P. leaders who were present he addressed himself point blank with the following rebuke: "There is a tendency in the party to become a party of politicians, instead of a party of workers." (Emphasis mine.—A. T.)

REMOVED from the outside world by his incarceration, Debs, perhaps, could not see sufficiently that this was no longer a tendency, but a fact. The process of degeneration, beginning with the struggle against the Left Wing, was fast being completed and Debs, having recognized that the S. P. was be-

Workers Fight Move of French S. P. to Expel Amsterdam Delegates

THE disciplinary action taken by the Central Committee of the French Socialist Party against those of its branches and members who answered the appeal of Henri Barbusse and Romain Rolland to take part in the preparation of the International Anti-War Congress in Amsterdam is meeting with strong resistance from the rank and file of the Socialist Party. A number of branches have adopted protest resolutions, and recently a meeting of 700 members of the Socialist Party took place in Paris and listened to speeches on the issue. A resolution was adopted by 700 against 40 votes on expressing complete approval of the action of those members and officials of the Socialist Party who co-operated in the International Anti-War Congress, protesting against the measure of the Central Committee and against the one-sided reporting of the official party organ "Le Populaire," and calling for space in the "Populaire" for the articles of the pro-congress elements, and for the immediate holding of a national congress in order to discuss the whole question and affiliate the party to the permanent anti-war committee. Up to the present "Populaire" has not even mentioned this most important meeting and resolution.

Workers have completed the transformation of the Socialist Party into a party of social fascism, so that now it fits snugly into the capitalist state machine.

In 1905 Debs' wrote on the place of the class struggle in the program of the labor movement, to say nothing of a Socialist Party: "We insist that there is a class struggle; that the working class must recognize it; that they must organize economically and politically upon the basis of that struggle; and that when they do so organize they will then have the power to free themselves and put an end to that struggle forever."

HAVING already lost every other vestige of Socialism or semblance to a working-class party, the S. P. has deleted from its membership application blank the clause dealing with adherence to the principle of the class struggle. The class-conscious workers know that the S. P. has not thereby removed itself from participation in the class struggle. It is simply fighting on the other side, the side of the bosses. To enable it to parade as a party, it needs members. Since the workers are learning more and more of its true character, the S. P. now offers itself as a political haven to all and sundry liberals, trade-union bureaucrats, small and big business men and deserters from the class struggle of all hues, including renegades from Communism.

Debs saw this degeneration coming. It was, therefore, his historic mistake not to break with the moribund organization and join the party of the proletarian class struggle—the Communist Party.

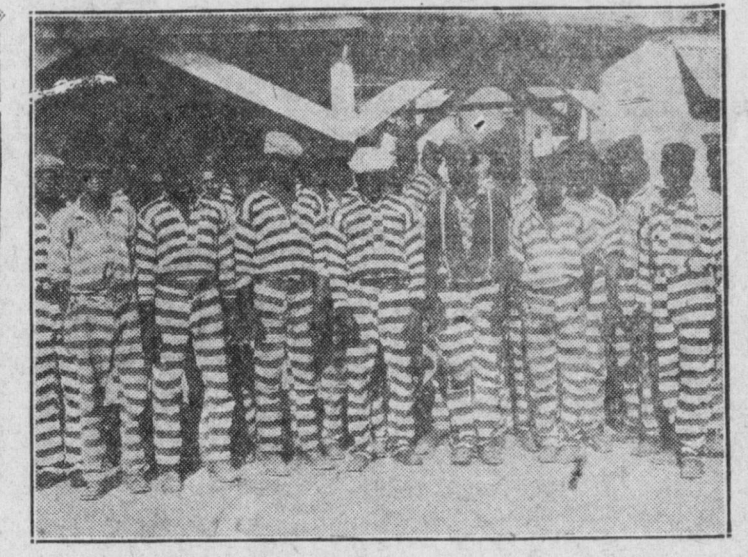
GEORGIA NIGGER, by John L. Spivak. Brewer, Warren & Putnam, New York. 241 pages. 28 extra pages of photographs. Price, \$2.50.

By VERN SMITH

AT LAST a book that tears the hypocritical mask off southern white ruling class civilization and exposes the entire system of chain gang torture and legalized slavery under which thousands of Negroes in the Black Belt are living. "Georgia Nigger," written as fiction, but based on fact, turns a merciless spotlight on conditions that equal the worst barbarisms in history, conditions that are an integral part of the same lynch-terror that is trying to burn the Scottsboro boys in the electric chair.

Ordinarily this book would have been viciously attacked by the capitalist press, which carefully suppresses the facts about the American Congo. But there are the photographs, the official documents, the letters from prisoners that are included in the book. The American government, which has led the attack on the Soviet Union with its "forced labor" lies, conceals the existence of the most vicious system of forced labor within its own territory. This system exists with the full knowledge and support of capitalist politicians of both major parties, of the capitalist press and church. It is American "democracy" in full bloom.

"GEORGIA NIGGER" is no mere sensational thriller; it is fact of the most terrible kind. Torture after torture, men chained in little cages reeking with vile odors and wearing fantastic iron spikes on their ankles, men working under the lash on county roads, linked together, flogged to within an inch of their lives for merely looking their protest at the treatment, men kidnapped in the public squares of towns, railroaded to never-ending slavery on plantations, shot for trying to escape, beaten to death or shot for refusing to work when sick, men stretched on the rack, men wrapped around a pick handle and tied and left to rot in the sun, men stuffed in sweat boxes until they go unconscious—all these things are told in a swiftly moving narrative, as the story of one Negro boy, David Jackson, a character in fiction.



THEIR ONLY TIME OF REST—A group of prisoners "rewarded" by being allowed to knock off work on Sunday afternoon—the only time they are permitted to relax from the week's work. These Negroes are in a chain gang in Muscogee County, Ga., forced to do back-breaking toil from sunup to sundown and subjected to the most brutal tortures. (Copyright by John L. Spivak, author of "Georgia Nigger.")

to Georgia. It was casually mentioned in newspaper accounts that the rest of the South is about the same, "Tennessee, Alabama, Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi and Virginia add to sweatbox and rack, flogging, Mallefert was a white boy, so his death brought his murderers to court; one was freed and the other convicted, not of murder, but manslaughter, with the possibility of acquittal at a second trial. If the victim had been a Negro, no investigation would have followed his killing.

MURDER AND SLAVERY FOR PROFIT

"Georgia Nigger" is a ghastly account of the conditions under which Negroes work, but it is also something of an interpretation of those conditions. With unobtrusive skill the author has given the class background and meaning of this orgy of torture. It is not mutilation and murder through perversion—it is murder and slavery for profit. The white landlords own the plantations and control the state. Instead of paying wages to the vast mass of Negro proletarians and tenants, they use the courts to provide them with slaves. The book tells of a Saturday evening in town with the planter there ordering his servile sheriff to pick him out some good healthy field hands. When darkness falls, the slave catchers go to work, "arresting" whatever Negro looks good to them. The next morning the Negro faces one of two alternatives: months in jail waiting trial, and probably death in the chain gang, or signing up to work for a plantation owner, who pays off the Negro's nominal fine: from \$5 to \$25.

Once on the plantation, if he takes that course, he sinks deeper and deeper into debt according to the books his master keeps. The law provides that if he tries to leave his job while in debt, he can be arrested for swindling his master and brought back. "The plantation is a prison, with armed guards, with its own laws, with the white planter flogging to death or simply shooting out of hand any who displease him, and with no one to say he shall not kill his slaves; doesn't he own the courts too?"

I showed this book to a Negro member of the Daily Worker staff who is very well informed as to the conditions and struggles of the Negroes in the South. Here are his notes on it, the things that struck him most forcibly:

PHOTOGRAPHS OF TORTURES

But then, there is photograph after photograph of just these same tortures. There is a photograph of a Negro boy tied around a pick handle. There is a picture of a Negro stretched on the "rack," tied to one post below his head, and his handcuffed hands stretched toward another post with a rope tight as a fiddle string, so that you can practically see his shoulders coming out of joint. There is a picture of the cage on wheels with its stinking pan below, and pictures of men in chains, chain-wearing, grotesquely tortured Negro humanity packed behind his bars, waiting the call to labor on the "good roads" that are the pride of the South. There is a picture of the blood-hounds tearing at the leash, ready to hunt down all who flee from plantation slavery or road camp.

And mind you, this isn't done with the sloppy medieval way, with the work of the professional torturer buried in oblivion. "This is done in 1932, in the age of bookkeeping, and the record of rack and stocks and lash is kept in a growing pile of dust-covered documents at Atlanta: "Official Punishment Report" they read, and are made out by the deputies in charge of the tortures. By date and name it is set down that "Convict So and So," for "disobeying guard" was "put in a barrel," or had spikes riveted around his ankles, or got double shackles put on him, or was given a couple of hours "restricted movement" (the euphemism for racking or putting in stocks, where, in a crouching position, a man is suspended by wrists and ankles).

posed by an obliging court, after an obliging sheriff has rounded them up on various charges upon the request of the planters seeking hands...have no compunction in murdering \$5 and \$25 Negroes...they can easily be replaced, and brutal discipline is thus maintained.

"Role of religion and preachers, and their control by the bosses... Spivak's material and other available material give unanswerable proof of the actual existence of slavery in the American Congo in the year 1932."

EXPOSED WHALEN FORGERIES

Spivak gives no program for revolt: in fact, he has a theory that he does best by reporting well, and stopping there. He has reported well on other occasions; he happens to be the man who blazoned forth in the capitalist press his discovery of the printing shop on the East Side in New York where the notorious Whalen forgeries were manufactured.

But we, as Communists, can not stop there. We can use this material, and to it we can add our program of organization and struggle, of building the united front of Negro and white toilers for "Full equality for the Negro and self-determination in the Black Belt," in the Black Belt which the book is based.

We cannot, of course, accept Spivak's constant use of the word "Nigger," but no one who reads this book can get the impression that Spivak uses it in an unfriendly fashion to the Negroes. Here again he picked up and used in a tone of casual defiance—like "Wobbly" in the militant days of the I.W.W.—

Spivak has his definite, self-imposed limitations, but within those limits, what a piece of work he has done! As clean as an etching, and the acid still drips from the steel!

Letters from Our Readers

Philadelphia, Pa.

Comrades:

When cars and trucks were first put on the streets and roads of millions of horses were sent to the fertilizer plants. When the workers built machinery to replace their labor the bosses sent the workers to the flop houses, breadlines, jails, and the army and navy. Now the bosses are planning to use them as cannon fodder in a war against the Soviet Union, where the workers drove the bosses out, and where now the machinery is a blessing to the workers instead of a curse.

The machines now idle can do more than the work of the millions of unemployed so that even if all the machines started to work again there would still be millions of unemployed. Therefore there is only one way out for the workers, and that is, under the leadership of the Communist Party, to chase the bosses out as they did in the Soviet Union.—T. M.

Editor's Note: While this comrade is correct in saying that capitalism has created millions of unemployed workers who can never be employed again so long as capitalism survives, he exaggerates when he says that no one of the 15,000,000 unemployed would get his job back if capitalism should ever get back to its pre-crisis era. Recent official figures show that should the country return to the production levels of 1929, about 47 per cent of the workers who are now unemployed would be given jobs. That means about 8,000,000 workers find it, under the leadership of the Communist Party, which is a damned enough indictment of capitalism.

BUY NEGROES FOR \$5 TO \$25

"This system more ruthless far than chattel slavery... then the slave owners had to pay substantial sums, sometimes running into the thousands, for the slaves. Now, Negroes can be bought for \$5 or \$25 at most, by paying the fines im-



"THE AMERICAN STANDARD OF LIVING"—Home of a Negro share-cropper in southern Georgia. Thousands of human beings live in these leaky clapboard hovels, little better than slaves of the white planter owners. (Copyright by John L. Spivak, author of "Georgia Nigger.")