

VOTE COMMUNIST FOR:

1. Unemployment and Social Insurance at the expense of the state and employers.
2. Against Hoover's wage-cutting policy.
3. Emergency relief for the poor farmers without restrictions by the government and banks; exemption of poor farmers from taxes, and no forced collection of rent or debts.

VOTE COMMUNIST FOR:

4. Equal rights for the Negroes and self-determination for the Black Belt.
5. Against capitalist terror; against all forms of suppression of the political rights of workers.
6. Against imperialist war; for the defense of the Chinese people and of the Soviet Union.

In the Day's News

EXILE 20 CHILE COMMUNISTS

SANTIAGO, Chile.—The capitalist press reports that twenty members of the Communist Party, including Elias Laferte, former Presidential candidate, have been taken from jail here by the fascist government and sent into exile at Easter Island.

GEORGIA MILK STRIKE

ATLANTA, Ga.—About 450 members of the Georgia Milk Producers' Association are on strike for a higher wholesale milk price. The city's supply is reported to have been cut more than 75 per cent by active picketing.

FIVE WORKERS BURNED

MT. PLEASANT, Mich.—Five workers were burned, and two may die, in a fire caused by sparks from a derrick engine igniting an oil well in the Midland fields.

COX SEEKS MORE MONEY

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—Father Cox, Presidential candidate on the fascist "Jobless Party" ticket, arrived here from Kansas City. He claimed that he had no money, but immediately made arrangements to ride by plane to San Francisco, where he intends to continue his demagogic campaign.

SCHMELING PICKED TO WIN

NEW YORK.—Max Schmeling is set to win over Mickey Walker, and the boxing promoters are all set for a good harvest of the fight fan's money. It has been taken from the night in the Madison Square Garden Bowl. The winner is to meet Sharkey.

Injured In Strike



Myrtle Carden, 21, girl striker, was so badly clubbed, gassed and kicked by southern chivalrous cops during the textile strike at High Point, N. C., that she may not live.

NEEDLE TRADES ARE IN SESSION

Report Thousands of Dollars Wage Gains

(See Page 2 for South River, N. J., Strike News)

NEW YORK.—Hundreds of delegates to the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union suspended other business and rose in a tumultuous cheering demonstration Saturday when six delegates from the South River strike marched into the hall.

A woman delegate from South River greeted the union in the name of 1,800 striking dressmakers and thanked the needle trades workers of New York and all other workers for relief support. She called on them to strengthen the union as a fitting memorial for the murdered Walter Rojek, 11 year old son of a striker. She appealed for funds to continue the strike to victory in 14 shops, and the delegates responded on the spot by raising over \$200 in cash and pledges.

Important Convention.

The district convention of the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union opened here Saturday at the Manhattan Lyceum.

Hundreds of enthusiastic worker delegates from the shops, International and Amalgamated opposition groups heard Roy Wortis, make a report on the union's activities for the past year.

Wortis pointed out that the union led 1978 shop strikes involving 20,737 workers. In the dress section, gains of \$1 to \$3 and in some cases as high as \$5 were made for over 8,000 workers. However one of the points to be discussed is the failure of the union to hold all of these gains.

In the fur section in 1931 3,000 workers struck under the leadership of the Industrial Union. In 1932 gains amounting to \$16,641 weekly were made by the union for over 2,643 workers.

She further reported that the union collected in back wages \$10,958.53 for workers. Three thousand two hundred shops meetings were held. Organizers visited 4,469 shops. Complaints handled numbered 212.

"Health" Politician Asks Park Eviction

NEW YORK.—A drastic move to "wipe out" the shanty colony of unemployed workers in the bed of Central Park's old lower reservoir, officially named Hoover Valley, is called by Health Commissioner Wynne, who stated an inspection showed conditions were not "sanitary." The only solution he recommended to remedy the sanitary conditions was to destroy completely the 17 shacks and drive the homeless men out into the streets again.

Permanent structures had been recently built by the workers in preparation for the coming winter.

ATTACK VETS, GUARD SPEAK-EASY

(By a Worker Correspondent.)
NEW YORK.—At the regular outdoor meeting of the Workers Ex-Servicemen's League at 39th Street, on September 20, while we were about to begin, a police car drove up and the police notified us we would have to vacate that corner. On that particular corner is a speak-easy, and while we were talking with the cops two fellows came out from the speak-easy and handed the cops two envelopes. You can draw your own conclusions.

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VETERANS' CONFERENCE PLANS BONUS MARCH ON CAPITAL

National Farm Strike March and Conference in Wash. Dec. 7

FARMERS DEMAND TAX AND DEBT PAYMENT BE STOPPED; NO EVICTIONS

United Front of Rank and File of All Farm Organizations to Send Delegates

Will Lead Strikes and Demonstrations in All States; Demand Real Relief

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 25.—The Washington arrangements committee of the National Farm Strike Conference has opened offices in the Mills Building here, with Lem Harris, secretary, in charge.

The committee, first set up by the middle western conference held September 9 in Sioux City, has announced that a national march of farmer delegates on Washington will lead up to the national conference, which will meet here, December 7 to 10, and which will undoubtedly adopt a set of demands to lay before congress which will then be opening for its "short session."

Farmers Adopt Demands.

The demands will probably be those adopted at the middle western conference of delegates from ten states, supported by 15,000 farmers massed in Sioux City at the time and holding a series of huge mass meetings and parades through the streets. These demands were laid before the governors' conference then meeting in Sioux City, and were disregarded by the governors, who had no proposals for relief of the poor farmers.

The farmers then issued their call for a national march on Washington, and for a national conference there. The demands unanimously adopted at the Sioux City conference are for a moratorium (period in which no payments need be made) on farm debts, mortgages, and taxes; no foreclosures and no tax sales or evictions; higher prices for farm products at the expense of the merchants and middlemen and without higher prices for the worker consumers. The farmers demand also emergency relief for the poor farmers without restrictions by the government and banks.

The masses of farmers in Sioux City endorsed these demands, and voted to back them up by spreading the farm strike over the whole country as far as possible.

U. F. L. Supports Conference.

"Mother" Ella Reeves Elmer, speaking to the mass meetings and the Sioux City Conference, in the name of the United Farmers League, and pledging the full support of the league to the strike, the national march and conference, was given a great ovation by the farmers.

Since then, Harris stated yesterday, many groups of organized farmers in Pennsylvania, New Jersey, and the Nebraska State Holiday Association have officially endorsed the march and national conference, denouncing the conservative leaders of the Farm Holiday, Farm Bureau, Grange and other organizations, for opposing militant action.

Negro and White.

Harris stated that the conference would include Negro and white "owners, tenants, share croppers and those who have been 'dispossessed'." He pointed out that delegates would be elected by the rank and file of all farmers' mass organizations, even if in some of them the officials do not support the plan. Accredited delegates will be elected by local mass meetings of farmers, at the rate of one delegate for every 25 farmers present.

The delegates on their march across the country will hold mass meetings in all farm sections, and draw new support for the conference. Demands on the way will be presented to local and state governments.

Local Struggles.

The united front organization resulting locally from these elections for the national conference, will organize mass resistance to evictions and foreclosures and tax sales, and will lead the farm strike.

"We proclaim the right to remain in our farm homes," is a keynote in the call to the conference.

A. O. Rosenberg, vice president of the Nebraska State Holiday Association has written the Washington committee: "Eviction and foreclosure are just around the corner for most of us. Since our leaders, both those elected by us to represent us in government and those who head our farm organizations, have shown that they cannot or will not help us, we, the farmers, must take matters into our own hands. You can count on a caravan of covered wagons from Nebraska, moving on to Washington."

"The Negro Reds of Chicago,"

by Michael Gold, begins in the Daily Worker on Wednesday, Sept. 28. Be sure to order your copy in advance!

LETTERS SHOW SPIRIT IN DRIVE TO SAVE 'DAILY'

EATS SWAMP CARBAGE—BUT SENDS DOLLAR

Fort Pierce, Fla.
Comrades:
Here's one dollar—all the money I have. Would send you \$10 right away to help out the Daily Worker but I just ain't got it. Have to live in the woods, eat swamp cabbage and corn bread and get me some traps and catch some 'coons and eat them. Every body is workless here. No jobs, and what few jobs there are they pay 75 and 65 cents a day—nine hours; and you can't even get no job for this most of the time. Hope the Daily Worker pulls through. We need it.
—G. W.

A RED CHRISTENING

Cleveland, Ohio.
Dear Comrades:
There are many ways of helping the Daily Worker in this hour of need, so when a daughter was born to us, we held a Red christening. This was held last Sunday in the South Slav Hall, and many other workers and their families came. Comrade Sandburg of the W. I. R. was master of ceremonies. After the program was completed we found to our great joy that we had raised \$27.60 for the Daily.
Yours,
Comrades TODOROVIC.

"TLL FIGHT LIKE HELL"

Portland, Oregon.
Dear Comrades:
Enclosed please find a \$2 bill, \$1.50 to save our Daily and 50 cents for a one-month extension on my sub. I wish it were \$200, but it is as it is. I don't know how soon I'll see any more money, but no matter, I'll fight like hell to save our Daily Worker.
Comradely yours,
R. E. JENNINGS.

EARN \$5.34 A WEEK; SENDS \$1

Worcester, Mass.
Dear Comrades:
I make \$5.34 a week. I have 3 children, my wife and myself to support. I am sending you a dollar out of my week's wages to save the Daily Worker.
Comradely yours,
J. S.

CHICAGO BAKERS CONTRIBUTE

Chicago, Ill.
Daily Worker District Office,
2319 W. Division Street,
Chicago, Ill.
Dear Comrades:
Enclosed you will find an express money order for ten dollars from the Progressive Group Bakers U. L. No. 237. We hope you will rush same to New York and tell them we are very sorry that we can't send a bigger sum at the present time.
With revolutionary greetings,
PROG. GROUP BAKERS U. L. NO. 237.

CAMP WORKERS SEND \$10

Hurleyville, N. H.
Dear Comrade Editor:
Enclosed you will find check for \$10.00, donated to the Daily Worker from proceeds from an affair at Camp Harmony conducted by its social staff.

This contribution is the result of a desire on the part of the social staff to emulate the excellent work of the organized workers of the camp, who have participated organizationally and financially in other numerous affairs for workingclass organizations both at this hotel

and in other places in the country.
We have in the past contributed \$20 to the Daily Worker, and \$40 to other organizations. We have a real Workers' Committee, which we have forced the 'boss' to recognize.
Comradely,
W. W. MARTIN HARRY H. T. A. ERWIN
Workers' Committee.

BULGARIAN WORKERS SCHOOL SENDS \$3.02

Detroit, Mich.
Dear Comrades:
Alarmed by the financial crisis facing the organizer of the American working class, the Bulgarian Workers School in Detroit, and representing many important cities from all over the country, feel that we must sacrifice the few pennies left in our pockets in order that the Daily shall live.
The sum collected by us, \$3.02, is small, but we had no more. We call on all workers throughout the country to do as we do—send every penny they can spare to save our own great Daily!
THE STUDENTS OF THE SCHOOL,
Peter Stevens, Secretary.

JAPANESE STUDENT SUBSCRIBES

Comrades:
I am one of many foreigners who have taken much interest in the development of the American workers' paper, Daily Worker, as the sole revolutionary paper in the United States. As you may know, we Japanese students were completely deprived of our jobs of any kind, any amount, any size, by the new regulations of U. S. Labor Department on the 1st of this month.
I should like to subscribe for the Daily Worker for a year and also to respond to your S. O. S. Regretably enough, however, the only amount I can make out now is but \$1 for two-month's sub. I hope you will realize our situation. Enclosed you will find one dollar bill.
Comradely,
U. U.

SICK FOR THREE MONTHS; SUBSCRIBES

San Francisco, Calif.
Dear Comrades:
I have been laid up with sickness about three months. I am just getting on my feet. Times are awful hard but I managed to get a dollar to renew my subscription for two months more. Sorry that I let it run over-due.
L. C. TRUE.

Comrades, will you join in the actions described above to save the Daily Worker? Speed up the campaign to raise 50,000 half dollars. Collect all available funds and rush it to Daily Worker, 50 East 13th St., New York City.

Comrades—Here is my share toward raising the \$40,000 Emergency Fund of the Daily Worker.

Name
City State

Address

MAINE DEMOCRATIC GOVERNOR TRIES TO BREAK STRIKE OF 5,000

Lives In Coke Oven



John Schofield, jobless, and former record coal loader for the H. C. Frick interests in living in this coke oven near Pittsburgh. He is the father of 9 children.

PHILLY VETS GO TO CLEVELAND

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 25.—Ten delegates of various veteran organizations left here on Friday for the United Front Convention in Cleveland. Among the delegates was an ex-captain. The election of the group took place at an enthusiastic mass meeting of workers and veterans.

Dr. W. W. Yen, representative of the Nanking Government, which has not raised a finger to resist the Japanese aggressions in Manchuria and other parts of China, weakly opposed postponement of the discussion on the Commission's report.

SHOE WORKERS REJECT TRICKERY

Vote to Continue Fight on Wage Cut

LEWISTON, Maine, Sept. 25.—The Democratic Party governor elect of Maine, Brann, has intervened in the strike of over 5,000 Lewiston and Auburn shoe workers, with a scheme for them to go back to work, smash their strike, and await some sort of "conciliation" and "adjustment" later. (This strikebreaking action of the Maine Democrats forecasts what a democratic administration in Washington would do.—Ed. D. W.)

The shoe workers met this with a vote to continue the strike against recent wage cuts and for reinstatement of men discharged for organizing. Local strike committees are being formed and are hard at work. The strikers are asking what the Workers International Relief can do in this fight against starvation.

W. PHILA. JOBLESS TO MAP FIGHT

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 25.—A call to all workers' organizations and committees to send delegates to a conference on Oct. 2 at 1137 N. 41st St. at 2 p.m., has been issued by the West Philadelphia Unemployed Council. The conference will map a plan of action for the jobless struggles this winter.

248 RANK AND FILE DELEGATES FROM ALL OVER U.S.A. AT SESSION

Ford, Negro Communist Candidate and Marines Who Refused to Shoot Vets, Are Honored

Browder Greet Convention in Name of the Communist Party

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 25.—The Veterans' Conference today unanimously voted for the new national bonus march on Washington at the time Congress opens. It denounced the Hoover attack on the first bonus march. It gave a great ovation to A. W. Mills, of the National Committee of the Unemployed Councils, and his proposal to co-ordinate the national hunger march in December with the veterans' march. It adopted and sent to Secretary Doak resolutions demanding that deportation proceedings against Mills be dropped. It received with tumultuous applause Hugo Graf, secretary of the International of Wounded World War Veterans, a deputy in the German Reichstag, and himself wounded fighting against American soldiers at the second battle of the Marne. Secretary Radejck of the conference was stricken ill during the proceedings as a result of gassing received in Washington on Bloody Thursday. The Marine Hospital refused to accept him, and a delegation from the conference forced it to take Radejck in and give him treatment.

By HARRY RAYMOND.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 25.—The Veterans National Rank and File Conference, which marks a new historic step forward in the fight for the bonus, is on at full swing here at the Bohemian Hall. Two hundred and forty-eight delegates representing over 18,000 veterans are deliberating on the method which the rank and file shall adopt to force the Wall Street government to pay the ex-servicemen's bonus.

Practically all the delegates brought with them proposals for a gigantic bonus march to Washington when Congress opens. Although the proposals have not yet been voted on, it is clear that the final session will take up the task of laying out plans for the organization of the march which will be led by democratically elected rank and file committees.

The first session of the conference was opened at 11:30 Saturday morning by S. J. Stember, outstanding leader of the bonus march to Washington. John Pace, who was jailed for leading a mass picket demonstration in front of the White House, was unanimously elected chairman. H. Wood, Negro veteran, was elected vice-chairman. A president of 17 members was elected which included veterans from all sections of the country.

James W. Ford, veteran and Communist candidate for vice-president, presided (presiding committee) with Tom Mooney (the nine Scottish boys, Willie Peterson, the 27 marines who refused to attack the bonus marchers and Betsy Ross, great granddaughter of the woman who made the first American flag, and supporter of the W.E.S.L.

Another vet elected by a post of the D. A. V. is Leroy Precourt. One hundred and fifty members of Post 6 of the D. A. V. sent Precourt to the conference.

All Workers.

There were delegates from all walks of life—coal miners, steel workers, railroad men, farmers, medical technicians, an engineer, professional men.

One of the delegates belonged to the Odd Fellows and was also a member of the American Legion. He is returning to his organizations to organize the rank and file to fight for the bonus.

A Brooklyn veteran, member of the Spanish-American War Veterans' Association, came to the conference, elected by 175 members of his camp. His organization passed a resolution to march to Washington when Congress opens to demand the bonus and an increase in pensions for the Spanish-American War Vets.

Mrs. Lynn, a gold star mother, was given a tremendous ovation when she got up and said: "I'll go with you to Washington."

Kentucky Miner.

Jim Grace, a miner from Harlan, Ky., told the delegates that the terror the veterans met in Washington on Hoover's Bloody Thursday was the same terror the Kentucky miners met every time they organized a fight against starvation. Grace urged the vets to form a solid united front to smash the terror and force the payment of the bonus.

Greetings poured into the conference from all over the country. Messages came from Posts of the W. E. S. L. groups of veterans, trade unions and fraternal organizations.

Applause for Foster.

A telegram from William Z. Foster, Communist candidate for President of the United States, was received with enormous applause.

Earl Browder brought greetings to the conference from the Central Committee of the Communist Party. He was given an ovation which lasted several minutes.

"L. A." POLICE HAIL ROOSEVELT

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Sept. 25.—Governor Roosevelt rode with a police escort through Los Angeles streets and was greeted by delegations of city and corporation officials yesterday. He spoke in the Hollywood Bowl.

Less than a week before, these same police had clubbed to pieces the meeting arranged in a hall for James W. Ford, Communist candidate for vice-president, and arrested Ford and five other workers. In June the same thing happened to William Z. Foster, Communist candidate for president.

MOFFIT, HOOVER AGENT, BETRAYS SOUTH RIVER NEEDLE STRIKE

TROOPERS CLOSE DOWN STRIKERS HEADQUARTERS

Strikers Are Urged to Fight Sell-Out Today

SOUTH RIVER, N. J. Sept. 25.—The heroic five-week strike of 1,800 needle workers here against a series of wage-cuts has at this writing been betrayed by John Moffit, Conciliation Commissioner of the U. S. Department of Labor, and John Krzyanowski, president of the local needle workers, who has been working with Moffit.

Proof that Moffit and Krzyanowski have sold out the strike resides in the following facts: the agreement does not even mention an increase in wages; the strike committee did not draw up the agreement, it was drawn up behind closed doors by Moffit and Krzyanowski and the strikers had no voice in its making; a mass meeting that was to have taken place on Saturday afternoon and at which the strikers were to discuss their demands was not held for the obvious reason that Moffit and the bosses were afraid to let the strikers hear beforehand under what conditions they were going back to work; the strike headquarters in the Polish National Home has been ordered by the state troopers on the order of the Prosecutor; Krzyanowski entered the Workers International Relief not to provide any more food to the strikers "because the decisive question is what will the workers do tomorrow (Monday) in answer to this betrayal!"

Moffit and Krzyanowski asked all the printers in South River to announce from their pulpits on Sunday "that it is the duty" of the strikers to go back to work.

Bosses Fear Communists. The hand of the strike-breaking Hoover government may clearly be seen in the agreement made by Moffit for the strikers. The motive is expressly made that should the workers affiliate themselves with a Communist organization at any time, their agreement with the bosses is null and void.

The fact that the bosses fear the "Communist" Needle Trade Workers Industrial Union, which has been supporting the strike from the beginning, is the best proof in the world that the Industrial Union has been advising the strikers correctly and the strikers realize this.

The Industrial Union from the beginning has urged a large rank and file strike committee to run the strike and has always been opposed to the leadership of a few, especially when they are like Krzyanowski. Only a large, representative strike committee which meets frequently insures the strikers against a sell-out by their leaders. The past experiences with Government "Conciliation" agents like Moffit shows that their tactics are always the same: they operate behind closed doors with the bosses and do their utmost to prevent the strikers from knowing what is taking place.

The agreement made by Moffit avoids discussing any of the main issues of the strike and confines itself to such starting "improvements" of the needle workers' conditions as "mutual respect by employer and employee," "no work on legal holidays," "the 49-hour week," and "first aid kits on every floor in the factory."

Mass Meet Tonight. The Industrial Union and the International Labor Defense have called a joint open-air meeting for tonight (Monday) at Jackson and Perian Streets to expose the sell-out, to urge the workers to continue their struggle for better conditions, and to protest at the murder by police of Walter Rojek, the nine-year old son of a striker and the serious wounding by police of John Wilczak, another boy in his early "teens."

At a meeting on Saturday at which a truckload of relief sent by the Communist Party in New Jersey was distributed to the strikers, a member of the Communist Party explained to the strikers that the Communist Party supported their struggle for better conditions to the utmost, and urged them to take the strike into their own hands by ridding themselves of their misleaders.

What's On—

The Daily Worker, Morning Freiheit and Young Worker Bazaar will take place on October 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 at Madison Square Garden. The national organizations and sympathizers are asked not to arrange any affairs for these dates and help the Red press.

MONDAY. The Brooklyn section of the International Labor Defense will have a Weinstein defense rally at the Coney Island Workers Club, 2709 Convent Avenue, Brooklyn, at 8:30 p. m. Comrades Weinstein, Taub, Stern and Gold will speak.

The following open air anti-war meetings under the auspices of the F. S. U. will be held: East Bronx Branch, Claremont Parkway and Washington Avenue. Speaker: LeRoy. West Bronx Branch, Fordham Road and Walton Avenue. Speaker: LeRoy. Sea Gate Branch, 24th Street and Mermaid Avenue. Speaker: Henderson. Bath Beach Youth Branch, 21st Avenue and 86th Street. Speaker: Jaffe. Bow Park Branch, 43rd Street and 13th Avenue. Speaker: Green.

The following I. L. D. meetings will be held: Harlem Branch. Speaker: Baum. Walter Rojek Branch, Montrose and Dwight Ave., Brooklyn, 8 p. m. St. and Imperial Valley Branch, 19th St. and Walton Ave. Speaker: Dale.

Registration for the Art School of the John Reed Club will begin tonight at 63 West 15th Street.

The first rehearsal of the Workers Music League will be held at Manhattan Lyceum, 16 West 4th Street, at 8 p. m.

"OUR HERO!"



Painters' Union General Executive Board Betrays Strike

NEW YORK.—The General Executive Board of the United Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers of America has sold out the New York painters in a most shameful manner.

It has taken over the district council, dissolved the strike committee and put the notorious Phil Zausner, once driven out for wholesale graft, in charge, as a dictator.

Local union 499 has already taken action by withdrawing its delegates from the fake Zausner-Ackerly district council, has appointed a committee of three and instructed it to get in touch with the other locals for similar action to stop the wage cut and oust Zausner.

On July 14 the Brotherhood of Painters District Council No. 9 called a general strike against the proposals of the employers to cut the wages and to establish a two wage scale in the city of New York.

The local union politicians, many of them well known socialists, acting as agents of the bosses, openly agitated the strike leads that it is impossible to get \$11.20, therefore they urged them to accept the two wage scales and for establishing an

Establishes Zausner, Corrupt Official, As Dictator in New York; Local "Leaders" Prepared Way for Betrayal

Local 499 Leads Revolt Against Zausner-Ackerly Council; Calls on Painters to Elect Own Officials

alteration department. This agitation on the part of the officials and politicians of certain local unions weakened the strike and made an artificial split in the organization. The bosses instructed the politicians to send out a referendum on the two wage scales and "politicians" obeyed. The referendum went out and the membership almost unanimously rejected the proposal of the bosses on the two wage scales and for the alteration department. A fight started between the "politicians" and instead of calling a mass meeting to explain the situation to the members, both groups of "politicians" agreed to bring the General Executive Board to New York to settle the differences between them.

Ackerly Arrives. The General Executive Board, sent Ed. Ackerly, from Tarrytown, newly elected general vice-president. He was sent by the General Executive Board with full power. The "politicians" welcomed him like a Messiah. "Eddy" became the idol of both groups in the district council. As soon as Ackerly arrived in the city, the hostilities between the "politicians" stopped. The so-called "Gentle politicians" were promised by Ackerly that they would be seated in the Building Trades Council and wages would be \$11.20. For the so-called "Jewish politicians," he promised there would be no Building District Council and promised two scales of

wages, with an alteration department. So both groups were satisfied, everybody except the membership.

After these promises, Ackerly came to the District Council and said he had wonderful plans, to settle the strike for one scale of wages and he could do everything under the sun but he needed full power to act in "behalf" of the organization.

The left-wing opposition pointed out to the membership at the beginning of the strike that \$11.20 is not the main issue; conditions on the jobs, the control of hiring and firing, abolition of speed-up, must be the main demands along with the \$11.20 demand.

The left-wing further pointed out that the "politicians" in the District Council and also in the strike committee have artificially split the ranks to weaken the organization for the benefit of the employers.

After full power was granted to Ackerly, he dissolved the strike committee, dissolved the District Council, called off the strike, signed an agreement with the employers, established an alteration department, and last but not least he double-crossed both groups of "politicians" and appointed Philip Zausner, the notorious labor faker, the open shop boss, general organizer with full power. Zausner cleaned the treasury of \$35,000 a few years ago and was driven out. But he got back.

This was more than even the "politicians" could stand for: Phil Zausner, in full charge of the District Council, in full charge of dealing with the employers, make agreements with them, in full charge of the income and expenditures of District Council No. 9! The double-crossed politicians first thought was the court. Those who expected jobs from Ackerly were kicked out just like a useless dog.

They didn't think for a minute to go to the membership and with the support from the membership clean out the Ackerly-Zausner gang. No, they don't believe in it. The "politicians" have only two grievances against Ackerly and Zausner. One is that they have been double-crossed, secondly, their rights have been curtailed as Council delegates.

The membership must take matters into their own hands. The left-wing must give a program to the members of District Council No. 9.

The membership should do the following immediately:

1. Withdraw its delegates from the Ackerly-Zausner Council.
2. Not recognize it as an executive body.
3. Elect new delegates who are honest representatives of the membership.
4. Call a mass meeting immediately to demand that Ackerly leave town.
5. Establish a new District Council.
6. Void the agreement made between the employers and Ackerly.
7. Abolish the alteration department.
8. Elect a new agreement committee which shall negotiate with the employers on a one wage scale and for conditions on the job.
9. This new agreement shall be ratified by the membership at a referendum vote before it is signed.

Local 499 at its last meeting held on Wednesday, Sept. 21, one day after Ackerly signed the agreement with the employers and appointed Zausner, the local adopted a resolution condemning the action of Ackerly, withdrew its delegates from the Ackerly Council, elected a committee of three, and instructed the committee to seek the co-operation of the membership of other local unions and to take similar action in regards to Ackerly.

TAMPA DEFENSE PROGRAM MAPPED

To Spread Leaflets, Hold Street Meets

NEW YORK.—The United Front Tampa Committee called an enlarged committee meeting Saturday afternoon at 22 West 114th Street at which delegates from ten organizations of lower Harlem were present.

Plans were laid for activities of these organizations during the week preceding the Oct. 1 demonstration.

The following program was decided upon: Leaflets to be distributed by the Tampa Youth Club, Section 4 C. P., Tobacco Workers Industrial Union, Porto Rican Branch Anti-Imperialist League, Spanish Workers' Center, Ecuadorian Spanish Club, Anti-Imperialist League (Dist.), Young Communist League of Columbia, etc.

At a meeting on Saturday at which a truckload of relief sent by the Communist Party in New Jersey was distributed to the strikers, a member of the Communist Party explained to the strikers that the Communist Party supported their struggle for better conditions to the utmost, and urged them to take the strike into their own hands by ridding themselves of their misleaders.

BAKERS LOCALS IN UNITED FRONT

Winning Demands for Eight Hour Day

NEW YORK.—Bakers Local 505 of the A. F. of L. Bakery and Confectionery Workers International Union of America threw the night work strike out at its meeting Friday and voted to take up the fight for eight hours' work, under the leadership of the United Front Committee.

After a stoppage in the Public Baking Co. the workers returned with a 100 per cent victory, including recognition of the shop committee.

Two business agents of Local 505 have been brought up before the workers on charges of trying to keep workers away from shop committee meetings. These business agents are named Sunshine and Kreinstein.

STAGE-SCREEN

GROUP THEATRE OPENS WITH LAWSON'S "SUCCESS STORY" The Group Theatre, which produced "Roar China," "1931" and "The House of Connelly" last season, will open their current season this evening at the Maxine Elliott Theatre with "Success Story," a new play by John Howard Lawson. Lawson will be remembered for his plays "Professional," "International" and "Loud Speaker." The present play deals with problems of today. The chief players are Franchot Tone, Morris Carnovsky, William Chales and Margaret Barker. Mordcaai Gorelik, of the W. I. R. Laboratory Theatre, who did the settings for "1931," designed the production.

"Belmont Varieties," Richard Herndon's vaudeville revue, will have its premiere this evening at the Belmont Theatre. The cast includes over fifty players.

"Earl Carroll's 'Vanities,' tenth edition, will open Tuesday night at the Broadway Theatre. The large cast includes Will Fyffe, Andre Randall, Helen Broderick, Edwin Styles, Harriet Hector and the Helen Jackson Girls. The sketches are by Jack McGowan and the music and lyrics are by Harold Arlen and Ted Koehler.

At the Vanderbilt Theatre Wednesday night will be presented "Bidding High," a comedy by Lois Howell. The players are headed by Nedda Haggard, Sheila Trent, Maud Enda Hall and King Calder.

WIR Meeting to Collect Food for South River

Mass collections of food for the heroic needle trades strikers of South River, N. J. will be held at a meeting called by the Workers' International Relief at 1334 Southern Boulevard, Bronx, tomorrow (Tuesday) evening.

United Front Committee. They are 509, 79 and 505. Local 509 gave \$300 and Local 79 gave \$200 to the strike fund.

Already three shops have settled with the United Front Committee.

After a stoppage in the Public Baking Co. the workers returned with a 100 per cent victory, including recognition of the shop committee.

Two business agents of Local 505 have been brought up before the workers on charges of trying to keep workers away from shop committee meetings. These business agents are named Sunshine and Kreinstein.

STRIKES SPREAD IN GERMANY

The spreading of strikes against the attempt of the German employers to reduce wages as provided for by the recent Von Papen emergency decree, was admitted Saturday by Hugo Schaeffer, Minister of Labor, according to capitalist press reports.

The Minister said that by cutting down wages the bosses were fulfilling their "peace obligations" under the wage agreements and "warned" the workers that by striking against the wage-cuts they would violate their part of the "peace obligations" and endanger their position of their trade unions. Under the fatherly "warning" there is a threat to disband the workers' revolutionary unions and red oppositions which lead the strikes against wage cuts.

The first attempts by the bosses to cut wages resulted in a whole series of strikes following upon a series of protest stoppages serving notice on

Four hundred workers out of 500, according to a Berlin dispatch, walked out at the Wittmann cast steel factory in Westphalia as soon as a 10 per cent wage cut was announced. All the workers of a textile plant near Berlin, numbering 500, responded with a strike to a similar wage-cut. Through their protest strikes the workers of several other factories in Berlin succeeded in forcing the employers to withhold their wage-cuts. Strikes are reported from Saxony and the Ruhr.

"The Negro Reds of Chicago," by Michael Gold, begins in the Daily Worker on Wednesday, Sept. 28. Be sure to order your copy in advance!

5 Day Demonstration For the RED PRESS in MADISON SQUARE GARDEN

DAILY WORKER MORNING FREIHEIT YOUNG WORKER

Bazaar

Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Sunday, Monday Oct. 6, 7, 8, 9, 10

Largest selection of merchandise ever concentrated in one place

LIVELY PROLETARIAN PROGRAM AND DANCING EVERY NIGHT

Comrades, only TWO WEEKS are left to the opening of the BAZAAR. Your Press appeals to you to spare no energy of yours in these last few days to help us make the Bazaar a tremendous success.

Bazaar Headquarters, 50 E. 13th St., 6th Floor

TUUC CALLS FOR DELEGATES TO PRESS MEETING

Urges All Union Group Be Presented October 7

A call to every union, league and opposition group to send delegates to the press meeting for the Daily Worker, to be held Oct. 7 at 7:30 p. m. at Irving Plaza, has been issued by the Trade Union Unity Council of Greater New York. The call states: "The Daily Worker, the only English working-class daily in the United States, is a powerful weapon in the hands of the working class in fighting the attack of the bosses and the government."

"In the last few weeks there has been considerable improvement in the content and make-up of the Daily Worker. The paper, however, must react even more than it does at present the struggles of the workers and the daily happenings in the shops and factories.

"The Daily Worker cannot become the real voice of the working class without the help of our unions in mobilizing the workers to take an active part in writing for the paper, in increasing its circulation, and in helping to shape the editorial policy. "It is for this purpose that a press meeting for the Daily Worker has been called for Friday, Oct. 7, at 7:30 p. m., at Irving Plaza, 15th Street and Irving Place, where Comrade Weinstein, editor of the Daily Worker, will speak. It is very important to have every union, league and opposition group represented at this meeting, with as large a delegation as possible. The policy of the Daily Worker is being changed to better serve the interests of the local unions and therefore every union must help to make this meeting a success. "Every union should immediately proceed to elect its delegation for this press meeting, Oct. 7."

Mass Defense Rally in Brooklyn Tonight

A giant Weinstein and Scottsboro Defense rally has been arranged by the Brooklyn Section of the I.L.D. to be held tonight at 8:30 p. m. at the Coney Island Workers Center, 2709 Mermaid Ave., Brooklyn.

AMUSEMENTS

AMEO 9th & 42nd St. 2nd Week! N.Y. American said "GOONA-GOONA" is utterly new and interesting!

PAYFAIR 9th & 42nd St. Richard Dix in "HELL'S HIGHWAY" Daily to 2 P. M. 35c-11 P. M. to close 55c

HOUSE OF DEATH THE TRAGEDY OF DOSTOEVSKI New Soviet Talkie

Acme Theatre 14th Street and Union Square

Intern'l Workers Order DENTAL DEPARTMENT 80 FIFTH AVENUE 15th FLOOR All Work Done Under Personal Care of DR. JOSEPHSON

WILLIAM BELL OPTOMETRIST AND OPTICIAN Special Rates to Workers and Families 106 E. 14th St. (Room 21) Opposite Automat Tel. Tompkins Square 4-8257

Dr. N. S. Hanoka SURGEON DENTIST Clinic Rates to All Comrades 563 5th Ave. 2619 Porter Ave. Cor. 41st St. Astoria, L. I. Tel. Bryants 9-6710 Tel. Ravenswood 8-8733

JADE MOUNTAIN American & Chinese Restaurant 197 SECOND AVENUE Bet. 12 & 13 Welcome to Our Comrades

John's Restaurant SPECIALTY: ITALIAN DISHES A place with atmosphere where all eatables meet 302 E. 12th St. New York

Health Center Cafeteria WORKERS CENTER 50 EAST 13th STREET Patronize the Health Center Cafeteria and help the Revolutionary Movement BEST FOOD REASONABLE PRICES

COUNSELOR-AT-LAW WITH PAUL MUNI ELMER RICE PLYMOUTH THEA., W. 45th St., L.A. 4-6219 Eves. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30

A. H. WOODS, MGR., Presents THE STORK IS DEAD A New Farce by Hans Hailton Adapted by Frederic & Kenny Hudson PRICES: NIGHTS, 50c to \$2.50 MATS. WED. & SAT., 50c to \$2.00 48TH ST. THEATRE, East of Broadway Eves. 8:10. Mats. Wed. and Sat., 2:30

R. C. JEFFERSON 14th Street and 3rd Ave. TODAY TO TUESDAY—2 Features "THE LAST MILE" with Preston Foster and Howard Phillips "OKAY AMERICA" with Lew Ayres and Maureen O'Sullivan

International Barber Shop 181 AVE. C. COR. E. 11TH ST. Open to Downtown Comrades and Friends Haircutting for Men, Women and Children

Garment District

Garment Section Workers Patronize **Navarr Cafeteria** 333 7th AVENUE Corner 25th St.

Bronx All comrades Meet at **BRONSTEIN'S** Vegetarian Health Restaurant 558 Claremont Parkway, Bronx

Brooklyn PURITY QUALITY **SUTTER** Vegetarian and Dairy Restaurant 383 SUTTER AVE. (Cor. George W. Walkin)

WORKERS-EAT AT THE Parkway Cafeteria 1635 PITKIN AVENUE Near Hopkinson Ave. Brooklyn, N. Y.

Classified

APARTMENT TO LET—Six rooms, newly renovated. Suitable dentist, doctor or private family. Fine corner location. 1461 58th St., Brooklyn

SUCCESSFUL COMPLETION OF 5-YEAR PLAN ASSURED IN 4th YEAR

VETERANS PARADE THRU CLEVELAND; 1,000 WORKERS GREET CONVENTION

Enormous Applause for Militant Leaders: Cowan, Pace, Levine, Brown Squire; Gold Star Mother; Cotter of the Legion

START RANK AND FILE FIGHT FOR BONUS PAYMENTS

"Stop President and the Congress from Walking Over Us"

By HARRY RAYMOND
CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 25.—Over a thousand workers jammed the Veterans Hall Friday night, and gave a tumultuous ovation to the delegates who arrived from all over the country for the Veterans Rank and File Conference which was officially opened at the Bohemian Hall Sunday morning.

This mass meeting of welcome was held following a parade of all the delegates down Euclid Ave. to Public Square, blocking the traffic over a half hour and greeted with applause and cheers all along the line.

After a warm meal which was served to the delegates by local workers and sympathizers, C. B. Cowan, leader of the Cleveland contingent of the bonus marchers, opened the meeting and outlined briefly the purpose of the conference.

"We have come here to analyze what's happened," said Cowan, "it's significance, it's lessons, it's mistakes. We have come here to work out plans to continue the struggle for our back wages along more militant and effective lines. We are here to launch a mass struggle based on a solid united front that will win the bonus."

Danuel Levin, chairman of the Workers Ex-Servicemen's League was introduced as the first speaker. He pointed out that the republican, democratic and socialist parties alike are against the payment of the bonus.

Here a frail grey woman arose in the center of the audience. "We gold star mothers are with your good fight to the end," declared the little woman out of her simple mother's heart. "My son was one of you. They took him to France, but he never came back."

The whole crowd stood and gave the mother an ovation which lasted over five minutes.

The little mother is Mrs. Lynn of Youngstown, Ohio. She hitch-hiked it here to the conference. Her son, Howard was a lieutenant in the Air Service.

"Howard was killed ten months before the armistice was signed," said Mrs. Lynn with tears in her eyes. "I have come here to be a delegate and help you boys fight," she told me.

Mrs. Lynn was elected as a member of the presidium at the opening session of the conference Sunday.

Mrs. Feuchel, who came from St. Paul in place of her husband, was wildly cheered when she called for the organization of a woman's auxiliary to fight for the bonus.

"There are thousands of wives of veterans up in the northwest where I live who are ready to march with you the next time you go to Washington," said Mrs. Feuchel.

Brown Squire, a Negro and leader of the Chicago delegation, greeted the meeting for the veterans from Illinois.

"We didn't get democracy in 1919," declared Squire. "But if we fight hard enough under this rank and file leadership, we will get it."

Delegate E. Cotter, member of the American Legion from Kalamazoo, Mich., said, "We've got to get down to brass tacks. It's a serious thing when a president and a congress walk over you. We've got to get together and stop the walking. The question we see is the better."

John Pace, leader of the rank and file veterans in Washington, was given a big ovation when he got up to speak.

"We have found that for the last 15 years we have been organized into organizations that were used against us," said Pace. "The leaders of the American Legion fought against the bonus and the bonus march. It was due to the program presented to veterans by the rank and file committee and the Workers Ex-Servicemen's League that the boys put up a militant fight down in Washington and won one demand—the withdrawal of the two year restriction clause on our bonus certificates which made it possible for 214,000 ex-servicemen to get half of the bonus."

"Why did the legion leaders go on record for the bonus? Because the rank and file tried to pass the resolution or never show their face to the veterans again."

"But resolutions will not win. The V. F. W. passed resolutions every year. But the day after the resolutions were passed all was silent on the bonus. We've got to have mass action to win the bonus."

"We want every delegate to get up and express himself in this conference. The rank and file will lead the bonus fight—a rank and file composed of all veterans, workers, farmers, professionals and ruined businessmen who served in the armed forces. We cannot get the bonus fighting one another; we've got to fight together."

Worker Correspondence

Trenton Potteries Workers Reject Forced Labor Plan

TRENTON, N. J.—Here in Trenton the bosses are trying to put the employed workers on forced labor. Recently the bosses of the Trenton Potteries Co., located at North Clinton Avenue and Oak Street, called a meeting of the 500 to 600 workers that are employed now and tried to force the workers to agree to work for grocery slips instead of cash. The workers all started shouting "No!" and forced the boss to withdraw this scheme.

The Trenton Potteries Co. is a plant more than five blocks long; some parts of the plant are 3 and 4 stories high. It is owned by the Crane Co. of Chicago, big metal company. Normally 2,000 to 3,000 workers are employed, now only 500 to 600 work.

Wages Cut Twice

Wages have been cut twice already. Wages used to average \$2 cents, 90 cents, \$1.10 and more an hour, piece work \$1.10 an hour for our labor and paid \$4 every three months to belong to the A. P. of L. Now we get wage cut after wage cut and work two or three days a week and pay \$6 every three months to belong to the union. Lately we had our wages cut 10 per cent and have no protection now as a laborer.

I asked the president, "Since we had our wages cut, when will we have a cut in our dues?" He told me, "Never!" I told him I have been paying my dues steady and never know how much money we have in the treasury or what they do with the money. He said, "It's none of your business."

If we don't pay our dues, the boss of the company we work for (Chicago Surface Lines) tells us to pay our dues immediately. He tells us this because he is pretty darn sure he'll get his share of it.

This union pays \$5 per week if the worker gets hurt on the job. They don't pay anything for the first or last week. If the worker does other work than his union card states, and gets hurt, he gets nothing. If he is just sick without being hurt on the job he gets nothing. If he hasn't paid his dues regularly for six months he gets nothing and still owes money to the union. If he gets killed on the job his people get \$50.

Fellow workers, do not let the capitalists' union betray you. Join the T. U. U. L. and fight against wage cuts.

Bangor Trust Co. Officers Indicted

BANGOR, Pa.—Three months ago about 14 officers and directors of the Bangor Trust Co. forgot, in a thoughtless moment, their finesse in dipping their hands into the bank's funds. For being too crude in this particular thievery they were indicted on Sept. 14 and charged with "conspiracy to defraud depositors and creditors of more than \$140,000."

Among those charged with this robbery stands no other than a former Congressman, Everett Kent. While all this won't repay workers throughout the slave-belt who were cruelly robbed of their little hard-earned savings; while it won't repay the girl worker who fainted over her machine in the Keyser Mill in Bangor when told of the bank failure—her whole life savings gone.

Despite the terror, the prospects for the conference are excellent. Throughout the South, workers' organizations, both white and Negro, are electing delegates to the conference. It is this demonstration of working-class unity, of growing Negro and white solidarity, that is alarming the bosses, who are desperately trying to counter it with the most savage terror against the workers.

AGAINST IMPERIALIST WAR!

PUSH WAR DRIVE IN SO. AMERICA

Mass Resistance to War Mongers Grows

The Bolivian government yesterday called four more classes of reserves to the colors, as the Paraguayan army reported substantial gains in the fierce fighting in the Gran Chaco region.

The Colombian government issued an ultimatum to Peru in connection with the occupation of the Putumayo region of Leticia. The Peruvian bourgeois press is supporting the seizure of the town by Peruvian civilians.

The Peruvian army is said to have sent munitions to the forces holding the town. The majority of the population of the town are Peruvians. The town was ceded to Colombia a few years ago. Colombia has been massing troops for several days for war with Peru. The senators of both countries have voted huge war appropriations, to be raised by loans from the imperialist powers, secured by taxes on the toiling populations.

With the armed struggles in South America daily threatening to involve most of the countries in a huge holocaust, on the basis of the imperialist rivalries of the U. S. and Great Britain, there is not wanting evidence that the working classes of all these countries are preparing to play an independent role in the struggle against the war-makers.

VOTE COMMUNIST

Against Imperialist War; for the defense of the Chinese people and of the Soviet Union.

U.S.S.R. BUILDING HEALTHY YOUTH



As its first goal the Soviet Union plans to improve the health of the masses. And here is one way it is done. These girls, working in the "Dynamo," the electrical goods factory in Moscow, are members of one of the workers' crews of the factory. The factory has a clubhouse on the river for the workers. In America such club houses are used exclusively by the millionaire factory owners.

Alabama Boss Press and Police Intensify Terror in Drive to Smash Mass Defense of Scottsboro Boys

Workers Push Preparations for October 2 Conference and World Scottsboro Day October 8

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Sept. 25.—As the Scottsboro-Mooney Day on Oct. 8 draws closer continued attacks are being made by the police and the press on the preparations for the All Southern Scottsboro-Civil Rights Conference, called for Oct. 2 at the Masonic Temple in this city.

Fake Threat Stories

In addition to raids on the offices of the International Labor Defense and the arrest of workers active in the Scottsboro defense campaign, the Birmingham press are playing up sensational stories of fake threats against the police. These lying stories are prominently displayed in a campaign to create the atmosphere for further raids and police terror against white and Negro workers who are uniting behind the fight to free the nine innocent Scottsboro Negro lads.

The same press either completely ignores or plays down the statements issued by the I. L. D. office denying the charge of individual terrorism and threats against the police thugs.

Wire Protests

The situation requires mass protest against the police raids and terror and the attempt to smash the conference. All workers' organizations are urged to wire protests at once to Commissioner Taylor in Birmingham and to Governor Miller at Montgomery, Alabama. All indications are that the next day or two will bring a terrific attack on the defense movement.

Despite the terror, the prospects for the conference are excellent. Throughout the South, workers' organizations, both white and Negro, are electing delegates to the conference. It is this demonstration of working-class unity, of growing Negro and white solidarity, that is alarming the bosses, who are desperately trying to counter it with the most savage terror against the workers.

JAPAN AIMING BLOW AT U.S.S.R.

Troops Disposed for Attack

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Officials of the Washington Government declared yesterday that Japanese forces in Manchuria have been disposed "so that they can be thrown against the Siberian border on the north, east or west." The statement is said to have been made on the basis of "authentic advice received from the Far East."

This information gives further sinister significance to the fact that Japanese war industries are working day and night rushing out war material. Foreign observers in Japan have recently expressed the opinion that Japan was preparing for a major war. They also named the Soviet Union as the probable object of Japan's frantic war preparations.

It is also reported here that the U. S. war fleet will remain in the Pacific at least until after the naval maneuvers called for next January. Orders to this effect are to be dispatched within the next two or three days.

Strike Wave Grows

In China As Nanking Resumes Anti-Red War

SHANGHAI, Sept. 25.—More than 6,000 silk filature workers walked out on strike yesterday. The strike is said to have been organized by the Chinese Communist Party.

In retaliation for attacks by the police, the strikers have begun to wreck machinery in the Hongkong area. They have successfully repulsed attacks by the armed guards at the mills. The strike is part of a growing strike wave, with many groups of strikers supporting the mass struggle against the Nanking government and its imperialist masters.

Alarmed by the growing strike movement and the victories of the Chinese Red Armies in the interior, the imperialists have been rushing munitions to their Nanking puppets.

They have successfully repulsed attacks by the armed guards at the mills. The strike is part of a growing strike wave, with many groups of strikers supporting the mass struggle against the Nanking government and its imperialist masters.

CAPITALIST LIES ABOUT ITS "FAILURE" EXPOSED

Bosses Use Old Stunt to Divert Attention of Workers from Misery at Home

Difficulties in USSR Harvest Due to Drought, Kulaks' Sabotage

By MYRA PAGE
(European Correspondent of the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Sept. 25.—These American newspapers who claim the "failure" of the Five-Year Plan are merely practicing the old stunt of "whistling in the dark" to gain courage in the midst of the heavy gloom of capitalist chaos and ruin.

Perhaps they hope to divert the thoughts of the workers from the misery at home, from the lowering of the standard of living, from the vigorous young socialist society, the Soviet Union, striving forward in seven-league boots.

But above their plaintive whistling faded the hum of 145,000 tractors serving socialized agriculture and the song of the Dnieper turning turbines, the world largest electric station. The successful completion of the Five-Year Plan in four years is already assured.

While some unevenness is noticeable in the growth of the various sectors of the national economy, with some of them lagging behind and others pushing ahead, the original plan, the basic aims of the plan are more than achieved.

Seize Upon Soviet Bold Self-Criticism
Naturally many difficulties inevitably develop in carrying through such an ambitious scheme, transforming a backward agrarian country at a rate never known in the capitalist world, into a modern industrialized land which is already taking the first place in Europe in country developing not along capitalist but socialized lines.

The Soviet press, in accordance with the policy of the Communist Party, does not attempt to conceal these difficulties and rather brings them to the attention of the workers and peasants, pointing out the methods of overcoming them, helping the lagging sectors to catch up and advance with the rest. The Soviet press does not need to whistle in the dark. But its bold proletarian self-criticism is seized upon by Soviet ill-wishers who try to spread confusion about the real results of the Five-Year Plan abroad. Articles will follow examining and exposing the arguments of the Soviet ill-wishers as well as analyzing the reasons for the difficulties in certain sectors of Soviet economy and the perspectives ahead.

Achievements in Face of Many Odds.
As the final quarter of the first Five-Year Plan approaches, it is indisputable that the plan viewed as a whole has proven to be a knockout success. Its colossal achievements in the face of tremendous odds is a historic fact—a fact that demonstrates the power of the workers and peasants, under the leadership of the Communist Party, to build a new society, and shows what millions of so-called "average men" are capable of, once they become fired with new ideas, in creating a socialist life with freedom for all who will.

"With Our Own Hands"
All this is the result of a tremendous struggle. The new society is being built, as the Soviet workers say, "all with our own hands," while the workers are exerting heroic efforts in order to construct heavy industry, lay the necessary technical basis for higher standards of life, free the country from any dependence on capitalist imports and end the old "starvation dollar," "I just got the Daily Worker and read that you ask 50,000 workers to give 50 cents each, which would save the 'starvation dollar'." I will give my 51 and hope workers get up and give the 'Daily' which fights for workers and against imperialist war."

Fifty thousand half dollars will give you the 'Daily' and 50 cents more if you can. Unemployed comrades, get together, and give a "collective" half-dollar amount from the group and spread them into the Daily Worker.

List of Sept. 19 follows:
Total Dis. \$185,972
Dis. 2, New York A. Friend 25
Perla 25
I. Martin 1.00
J. B. Baker 5.00
A. Worker 4.00
Joe. A. Mark 1.00
Pohelka 1.00
Paul Teich 1.00
Max Sanger 1.00
Refusian Class 25
Wks. School 1.75
S. Simon 1.00
A. Kraschuk 5.00
E. M. Zbilis 25
E. Poltin 25
Baplin 25
J. Grass 10
Jean Price 25
Anna Schiberg 15
I. Sachs 10
Mores Siemionow 20
Gardis 25
A. Schwartz 25
Shenkman 25
Szerkaminer 25
Lousie Drenkin 25
Mother Schwartz 25
A. Friend 25
Kaplan 25
Ray Saver 25
Anna Schiberg 15
Joe. Ierman 25
Plashner 25
Kushlitz 25
Schneider 25
Othausk 25
M. Siev 10
A. Kliner 10
T. Berkovits 15
A. Schiberg 10
A. Schiberg 25
Shifrit 10
M. Strass 25
R. Whaton 25
P. Meyer 25

Dis. 1, Boston Sam Pinkstein .25
Axel Torker .50
Ed. Mareschko .50
Severe Workers .25
Center .50
Finnish Working Club 3.00
Long Cove Unit 5.00
Finnish Federation 2.25
Daniel Fedava 1.00
Gregory Kalus 1.00
Fetelsky 1.00
monoff 3.00
Peter Kachuk .50
E. Kraschuk .50
J. Puthery .50
P. akurinsky .50
A. Sushchik .50
John Finence 2.50
Benj. Penkevich 5.00
A. Zambor 1.00
Finnish Bureau 1.00
of N. E. 16.00
Club Gardner 5.00
Dochterer Mothers League 6.25
Total Dis. 1,555.92
Til to date \$85,022
Dis. 2, New York A. Friend 25
Perla 25
I. Martin 1.00
J. B. Baker 5.00
A. Worker 4.00
Joe. A. Mark 1.00
Pohelka 1.00
Paul Teich 1.00
Max Sanger 1.00
Refusian Class 25
Wks. School 1.75
S. Simon 1.00
A. Kraschuk 5.00
E. M. Zbilis 25
E. Poltin 25
Baplin 25
J. Grass 10
Jean Price 25
Anna Schiberg 15
I. Sachs 10
Mores Siemionow 20
Gardis 25
A. Schwartz 25
Shenkman 25
Szerkaminer 25
Lousie Drenkin 25
Mother Schwartz 25
A. Friend 25
Kaplan 25
Ray Saver 25
Anna Schiberg 15
Joe. Ierman 25
Plashner 25
Kushlitz 25
Schneider 25
Othausk 25
M. Siev 10
A. Kliner 10
T. Berkovits 15
A. Schiberg 10
A. Schiberg 25
Shifrit 10
M. Strass 25
R. Whaton 25
P. Meyer 25

PHOENIX NEGROES HOLD RED RALLY

Ford Speech Revented By Delay Thru Arrest

PHOENIX, Ariz., Sept. 25.—Masses of Negro workers, forming the larger part of a crowd of 1,500 assembled here at three hours' notice Thursday on the chance that James W. Ford, Communist candidate for Vice-President, could get here to address them.

Ford's arrest and the smashing of his meeting in Los Angeles two days before interfered with the schedule, and Ford was unable to reach Phoenix in time to speak.

The crowd stayed until late, however, cheering the Communist platform demands for unemployment insurance and relief, against wage cuts, for full equality for the Negroes and self-determination in the Black Belt, and for the united front struggle to win these and other demands.

Local speakers, including Communist candidates for office in Arizona, addressed the crowd.

"The Negro Reds of Chicago,"

by Michael Gold, begins in the Daily Worker on Wednesday, Sept. 28. Be sure to order your copy in advance!

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The Growing Attacks on the Party

AS THE crisis in the United States deepens and the class struggle sharpens, the capitalist class and its government resorts to increasing violence to repress the working-class movement. The terror is particularly severe against the revolutionary working class and the vanguard of the working class, the Communist Party. The capitalist class knows that only the Communist Party can unite the ranks of the workers and defeat the offensive against the living standards of the toilers. It knows that only the Communist Party can lead the masses to the revolutionary way out of the crisis through the destruction of capitalism and the setting up of a workers' and farmers' government.

But terror is not the only weapon which the capitalists employ against the working class. Side by side with the increasing fascist attacks goes the activities of the social reformers, the Socialist Party, the Socialist Labor Party and the renegades, the Lovestone and Cannon groups, to divide and disperse the movement of the working class. In the recent months, as the waves of class struggle have risen, these social fascist organizations have displayed feverish activities and have resorted to the vilest methods in order to weaken the Communist Party and to bar its way to leadership of the mass struggle. That explains the barrage of lies and the concentrated campaign of slanders against the Party and particularly its presidential candidate, Comrade Foster.

THERE is a division of labor between the open agents of the capitalist class and its henchmen, the social fascists who disguise themselves as friends of labor.

While the capitalists, through their government, club and arrest workers and break up meetings of the leading candidates of the Communist Party, the social fascists come forward to justify the attacks of the capitalists by charging the Communists with provoking violence. They serve their capitalist masters by spreading propaganda aimed to weaken and discredit the Communist Party. Not a day passes by a new lie is spread about the Communists. The New Leader, the Forward and other Socialist sheets shamelessly pervert the truth and do not hesitate to carry in their papers the propaganda of fascists and police spies.

The capitalist class lends every support to the social fascists to achieve the end of confusing the workers. Thus we see the Socialist Heywood Brown devoting his column in the World-Telegram and syndicated by the Scripps-Howard press, a capitalist press organization which supported Hoover in 1928 and which is one of the main props of support to the Democratic candidate, Franklin D. Roosevelt. This prostitute writer knows no bounds in the vulgar lies which he spins out in his columns. The greater the support which the Communist Party wins among the masses and the more menacing the Party becomes to the capitalist order, the more violent grow the attacks of the hired journalists of the capitalist class.

But the capitalists do not trust only to their violence and the special services of the social fascists to accomplish their aims. They are using spies and stool-pigeons and police agents on an ever larger scale to destroy the effectiveness of the Communist Party. The Daily Worker today is in receipt of a widely distributed document called "East Manifesto." This manifesto carefully conceals its authors and their addresses, but it is clear that its main purpose is to create a spy scare in the Communist Party. Along with the manifesto, which describes the "virtues of Eriem," a doctrine dealing with the reproductive organs of human beings, there is a special document captioned in big type "SPIES." This document shows the crude work of a police agent. The whole document smells of the methods of the Czarist Okhrana, which tried to demoralize the ranks of revolutionary organizations by playing the membership against the leaders and appeals to the members of the Party to conduct a struggle against its leadership, on the grounds that they are being sacrificed to the police attacks while their leadership goes scot-free.

The following quotation shows the police badge of its author:

"But neither Foster nor any other leader is considered dangerous to the government. Every facility is offered them by the government for 'revolutionary activities.' The government which does not hesitate to shoot, gas and burn out the patriotic bonus seekers, always hastens to release and pardon the leaders who blabber revolution and overthrow of the government. Why—even a child can see that they are the agents of the police, the pet angels of the bourgeoisie."

This document ends with an appeal to the workers in the following language: "We are doing all to save the Party. We need your help. If there is any weakening in the Party, you will be to blame."

There is no doubt that the costs of the publication of this manifesto come from the capitalist class. It is true that it is hard to distinguish this police agent manifesto from the products of the Socialist Party, especially in the recent periods. It is true it sounds like the provocative articles of the Socialist Party, which has time and again spread similar slanders. But this does not change the character of this document as the work of a police agent. It only shows that the Socialists and the Socialist Labor Party are more and more resorting to the gutter language of the police in order to attack the Communist Party.

IN THE coming period the workers will see more of such vile methods used by the capitalists and their agents. The American capitalist class, that built up its riches by the use of Pinkertons and Burns agents, by a system of frame-up and murder of revolutionaries and by other notorious methods, will stop short of nothing to check the growth of the Communist Party. But they will not succeed. The revolutionary proletariat and the Communist Party membership will vigilantly defend its Party and stand at its post in the struggle to win the leadership of the working class in the fight for the overthrow of capitalism. The American working class, which is suffering the severe blows of the crisis, will close its ranks around the Communist Party and defend it against the capitalists and their vile agents.

A New Recruit in Detroit

By GEORGE COOPER

DETROIT—William Springer was a hundred per cent American. It was true that he had been out of work for a year, that his family were going hungry, and that he had been served with a notice of dispossession. But he was going to have nothing to do with the Unemployed Council.

When some workers from the unemployed council heard he was going to be evicted and came around to offer their help to fight the eviction, he cursed them and chased them out of the house.

"Why, I'm an American, he said indignantly. 'I'll have nothing to do with you Reds. If I was a foreigner it might be different. But I'm an American. The Welfare Department is going to take care of me.'"

So he quietly submitted to being evicted. And when the Welfare Department, as usual, sent down a truck to clear his furniture from the sidewalk, Springer actually helped the truckmen pile his belongings into the truck. For Springer didn't know that the Detroit Welfare Department was just going to put his furniture in storage, the expenses to be paid by Springer, that taking away his furniture that way was merely to prevent the Unemployed Council from putting it back into the house, in case Springer changed his mind. So the truck drove away with Springer's furniture, poor Springer fondly imagining they were taking it to a

new home to be furnished him by the Welfare Department.

By the time Springer had discovered the true situation and wearily made rounds of the Welfare Department offices and got nothing for his pains, it was already evening. Springer and his wife had no place to sleep. He had, however, held onto a couple of blankets and a great big American flag.

"They won't touch me while I have this flag," said Springer; he spread out his blankets in front of his late dwelling, covered himself with the American flag, and went to sleep.

The tattoo of a policeman's club against the soles of his feet rudely awakened Springer. An argument with the cop concerning his interference with Springer followed, with the result that Springer got a beating for his pains and spent the night in jail.

He spent the next two days looking for his furniture and trying to get the Welfare Department to give him a rent check for another flat. With no results.

"Well," said Springer, "I guess you fellows are right. No working-man can get a break around here if he tries to anything by himself. If I don't join with the rest of the people like myself I'll just go to hell by myself. I'm with you from now on."

This happened last week. Now Springer is an active organizer on the East Side of Detroit, building the Unemployed Council.

PARTY LIFE

Fight White Chauvinism in West-Pa.

By CARL PRICE

WHITE chauvinism, much of it of the hidden, concealed variety, has shown its head more openly in the Pittsburgh district recently. The district convention of the Party added more Negro comrades to leading positions in the general Party work (three full time section organizers in West Virginia, Allegheny Valley Hill, Pittsburgh city sections, all time union organizers, etc.) and added capable Negro comrades to the leading Party committees (Ben Carruthers on the secretariat of the Party, four Negro comrades on the district bureau, etc.) This served to sharpen the struggle against white chauvinism within the Party ranks.

In the New Kensington (Allegheny Valley section) where Comrade Howard Robinson was recently elected section organizer of the Party, a special meeting of the section committee of the Party discussed this question and dragged out into the open the crassest forms of white chauvinism.

COMRADE Robinson had wanted to attend the unit meeting of the Party in an important mining town. The sub-district organizer of the N.M.U. said that the "local comrades" did not want Comrade Robinson to come to the meeting because it would mark them as Communists to have a Negro organizer visit the town. But this argument, which the sub-district organizer accepted and approved was shown in the section committee's discussion to be not the real basis of the objection to Comrade Robinson's doing his work in C. First, a Negro worker is no novelty in a mining town; second, Negro organizers of the N.M.U. had regularly visited C. third, Comrade Robinson pointed out that he had eaten and slept with comrades in both mining and steel company towns, as well as worked in them, and no objections were raised and no increase in the terror resulted. The real reason for this objection was concealed resistance to a Negro comrade being in charge of the Party work in this section. The section committee correctly decided that Comrade Robinson should attend the unit meeting together with other members of the section committee and a discussion take place on the struggle against white chauvinism.

"NEGROES AMONG NEGROES"

At this same section committee meeting another Party member objected to Comrade Robinson as section organizer of the Party, openly stating "let Comrade Robinson work among his own people and we will work among ours." When questioned this Party member "explained" that he had meant that we needed foreign-language organizers to work among the various nationalities, "explained" that he only wanted Robinson not to neglect the Negro workers, but it was quite clearly and openly stated that it is not a good idea to put Negro comrades to responsible general Party work but instead they "be more responsible among Negroes. This, of course, is white chauvinism in its crassest form and is an argument for the admittance of Jim-Crow methods in our Party, an argument against fighting white chauvinism in practice, in the daily life of the workers and in their daily struggles.

White chauvinist tendencies cropped up in the N.M.U. national board meeting held recently when even one leading organizer attempted to "explain" advocacy of Jim Crow dances. In the Western Pa. district of the N.M.U., the district bureau of the N.M.U. was undecided on one particular dance, and referred it to the Party district bureau for decision, without making any definite recommendation. The national board of the N.M.U. took a decisive action against this white chauvinism.

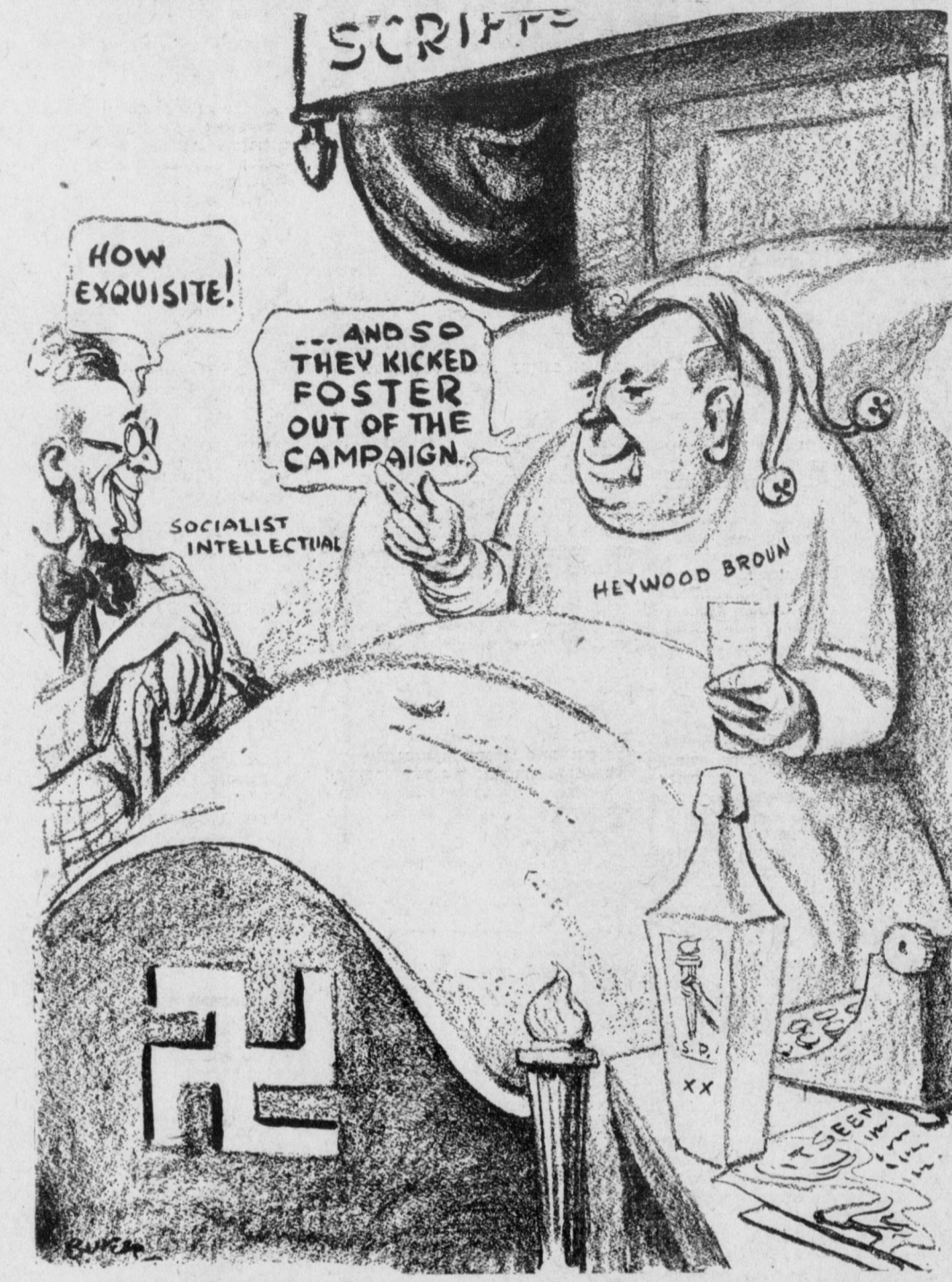
In the Coverdale section rotten white chauvinism appears among the leading section comrades, including organizers of the N.M.U. and the Party, when the Party section organizer (a Negro comrade) married a white woman. Some comrades somehow fell into this "trap" began a campaign against both the section organizer and his wife, raising other issues against these comrades, but based on the crudest form of white chauvinism. The Party secretariat had to state categorically that this campaign must cease, that rumors being spread against these comrades were untrue, and pointing out the white chauvinist base of this attack.

In Washington, the secretary of the Workers Ex-Servicemen's League organized a Jim Crow dance in the name of the W.E.S.L. The District Bureau of the Party is now organizing a mass trial of this Party member in Washington, with a member of the secretariat personally responsible.

THE growth of open white chauvinism in the Pittsburgh district is apparent. Immediate education of the Party membership as to the boss' character of these tendencies is a burning necessity. In the N.M.U. and the steel union, no struggle for the special demands of the Negroes is being carried on or has been carried on. The program for Negro work of the last strike has been shelved and forgotten. There has been developed no struggle against Jim Crow and social discrimination against Negro workers (demonstrations before restaurants, etc.). The trial now being organized in Washington, Pa. is the first mass trial organized in the district, and must be followed by mass trials in other sections. The district convention of the Party held recently sharply called for a turn in the fight against white chauvinism and in the struggle for the demands of the Negro workers.

The decisions of the district convention must now be immediately translated into action.

A BEDTIME STORY



As told by Papa Brown, leading light of the Socialist Party and prostitute penman for the Scripps-Howard Press.

Who Leads the Fights of the Negro Masses?

Four Million Negroes of South Are Now Prevented from Voting

Shows Need of Struggle for Equal Rights

By ELIZABETH LAWSON.

NOTE.—In a previous article the writer showed how four million Negroes in the South are deprived of the vote, by every method from "grandfather" clauses and fake literacy tests to sheer terror. In the present article, the question is raised: To whom can the Negroes look for leadership in their struggle to gain the franchise? What is the duty of the Communist Party in this fight?

FOUR MILLION Negroes of the South are today disfranchised. The struggle for the elementary democratic right of the franchise has been one of the most important fronts in the struggle for Negro rights. To whom can the Negroes look for leadership in this struggle?

Obviously, the Democratic Party of the South is in the forefront of the fight against the Negroes' right to vote. But those followers of the Democratic Party lie, who tell the Negroes that there is any difference in this respect between the democrats of the South and the Democratic Party as a whole. The recent national convention of the Democratic Party rejected a proposed plank against lily-white democratic primaries. The same convention refused to abolish the two-thirds rule, thus continuing and approving the leadership of the South within the Party's ranks.

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY in the South has made no effort to gain the ballot for the Negroes. On the contrary, the Southern Republicans have been at considerable pains to prove themselves more lily-white than the democrats. To this end, the Republican Party in Southern states "cleaned out" Negro committeemen. At its national convention, it unseated many Southern Negro delegates.

The collusion between the Republicans and democrats in the disfranchisement of the Negroes, is shown with striking force by an incident only a few days old. In Houston, Texas, democratic committeemen and the democrats as a whole barred hundreds of thousands of Negro voters from the primaries. And when these Negroes appealed to the republican U. S. District Attorney, Henry Holden, for redress, he formally declined to prosecute the democratic election judges for violation of the federal code regulating suffrage rights in congressional elections.

WHERE DOES THE S. P. STAND?

Nor is there any help or leadership in this struggle from the Socialist Party. Have not their own candidates declared against the suffrage for Southern Negroes? Let me cite two quotations:

Said Heywood Brown, leading socialist: "If I were a candidate for high executive office, or judiciary

office, I would say, even without being concerned, that I would not now sanction the efforts to enforce the 14th and 15th amendments to the constitution."

Said A. F. von Blon, socialist candidate for Lieutenant-Governor of Texas in 1930: "The South will not for at least 50 years tolerate voting for a colored man."

And the courts? The N. A. A. C.P. and other organizations of this type have made much of recent decision of the U. S. Supreme Court voiding the Texas white-primary law. But what the court actually did was to point out to the bosses of Texas a better method of disfranchisement. Said the Supreme Court: "Whatever inherent power a state political party has to determine the content of its membership, resides in the state convention." And the democratic state convention in Texas, quick to take the hint, passed a resolution barring all but "white citizens" from its primaries.

THUS the line-up is complete. The Democratic Party disfranchises the Negroes in its primaries (which, in the South, are virtually the elections). The Republican federal officials whitewash this disfranchisement, and the socialists condone it on the ground that the time is not "ripe" to make a fight on this question. And the courts take a hand only to point out to the democrats how to disfranchise in such a way that their actions will stand the tests of legality.

The conclusion is clear. Only the Communist Party and the revolutionary mass organizations can fight for the elementary democratic rights of the Negroes. And more clearly than ever is shown the correctness of the Communist slogan: "The right of self-determination for the Black Belt." How the Communist Party must lead. But here there will be objections from those who underestimate the struggle for elementary democratic rights as part of the struggle of the workers against the capitalist offensive.

SOME OBJECTIONS CONSIDERED.

Thus the struggle for the right of the Negroes to vote is one of the most important struggles that the Communist Party must lead. But here there will be objections from those who underestimate the struggle for elementary democratic rights as part of the struggle of the workers against the capitalist offensive.

These say: "We cannot fight for the Negro's right to vote in general. Most of them, if enfranchised, would vote for the republicans or the democrats. We can fight only for the right of the Negro workers to vote for the Communist ticket. We must be very careful not to raise legalistic illusions."

This tendency to underestimate the importance of the fight for

elementary rights is, unfortunately, all too common in our Party. Some months ago, a comrade in the South objected to the slogan: "For the right of the Negroes to serve on juries." on very similar grounds: "We cannot fight for the right of Negroes to serve on juries. We can fight only for their right to serve on juries in particular cases, as Scottsboro, etc. We cannot interest ourselves in this as a general democratic right, for in doing so we would be raising legalistic illusions."

SUCH an attitude is highly incorrect. The struggle for the franchise for the Negroes—and for his other democratic rights—is part of the struggle "for equal right for Negroes"; it is likewise part and parcel of the struggle "against capitalist terror and against all forms of suppression of the political rights of the workers." The determination of the white bosses and landlords of the south to keep the Negroes disfranchised is part of the efforts of these bosses and landlords to keep the white workers separated from the Negroes, to beat the Negroes down, and with them the whole working class. To the objection that to raise such demands would be to create legalistic illusions, we must answer:

TWO METHODS.

Any immediate demand, such as the right of the franchise, may be raised and fought for in a revolutionary manner, or it may be raised (and therefore betrayed) in a reformist manner. An example of the reformist method of raising immediate demands is the action of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People on this very question of the franchise. The N. A. A. C. P. raises the question in the courtroom only; there it raises it in such a way as to absolve the courts and the government from their responsibility in this theft of the Negroes' right to vote. It wants to whitewash the courts. It wants the Negroes against mass action and mass protest on this question. It promotes the belief that by means of the ballot, once gained, all rights and freedom may be achieved. Thus it betrays the struggle, and, by taking up the question, actually sets the Negro masses back in their fight for the franchise.

Similarly with the question of another democratic right, the right of the Negroes to sit on juries. Here again, the N.A.A.C.P. betrays the struggle. Unfortunately, some of our own comrades fall into opportunist, legalistic ways of looking at this question. Thus a leading comrade in Baltimore allowed a statement to be made in his name, to the effect that "Now that we have won the right to have juries in Euel Lee's (Orphan Jones) case, he can get a fair trial."

WE must be very clear on this question. The Communist Party will fight for all democratic rights

HORTHY HANGMENS PREPARE MURDERS

Arrest of Dr. Madzar and Others Follows Execution of Sallai and Furst

By G. A.

ON THE 29th July of this year Horthy's hangmen strangled two of the best fighters of the Hungarian proletariat, Emmerich Sallai and Alexander Furst. The two dead Communists were then buried secretly in an unknown place for the murders still feared them even in death.

But all these measures were unable to stifle the voice of the two martyrs of the working class. Despite the threat of the gallows, and despite police terror, bayonets and torture, the workers of Hungary demonstrated again and again against the murders and against the fascist dictatorship. And above all, the illegal Communist Party of Hungary is still at work.

The Party has issued one leaflet after the other, organized one demonstration after the other. The Horthy gang thought to intimidate the revolutionary working class movement and its party by slaughtering Sallai and Furst. Its error was demonstrated immediately, and the Hungarian police then looked around for new victims.

MAKE NEW ARRESTS.

A few days ago the Hungarian press again reported "sensational arrests." The Budapest police had arrested Alexander Poll, Dr. Marzsar and a number of other revolutionary authors, artists and workers. Dr. Madzar and many others are not Communists at all; they are left wing intellectuals. Dr. Madzar is known outside the frontiers of Hungary as a scientist, a University lecturer, as a former Secretary of State and as a member of the Social Democratic Party for many years. His crime is that he was not prepared to tolerate indefinitely the continual treachery of the social democratic leaders and that he stood for the class struggle both inside and outside the Social Democratic Party.

FOR many years Dr. Madzar was the editor of an organ of scientific socialism which had a considerable circulation. Although by no means a Communist organ, it touched uncompromisingly against Hungarian fascism, against the imperialist war preparations and in defense of the Soviet Union. With the arrest of Dr. Madzar and the others the Horthy clique aimed at intimidating the revolutionary intellectuals and robbing them of their leaders. At the same time the police wish the crush the revolutionary trade union opposition in Hungary. They declare that the Communist Party organized and directed the revolutionary trade union movement through Dr. Madzar.

PREPARING GALLOWES.

The aim of the police in arresting Alexander Poll is still more atrocious. The police report declares that Poll is the successor of the murdered Communists Sallai and Furst and the leader of the Secretariat of the illegal Communist Party. It is clear that the murders intend to murder Alexander Poll as they murdered Sallai and Furst.

An international storm of protest must prevent this brutal crime. The international working class must protest not only against the

murderous plans of the Horthy clique, but also against the perfidious denunciations of the social fascist leaders.

The latest arrests were openly demanded by the Social Democratic Party, "Nepszava," and the leader of the party, Karl Feyer, have repeatedly denounced Dr. Madzar as a bolshevik. The "Nepszava" has repeatedly called upon the police to arrest him. The police have not only complied with this request, but they have also confiscated the pamphlet published by Dr. Madzar in which he exposes the treachery of the Social Democratic Party and explains the reasons which caused his breach with it. The campaign against the Revolutionary Trade Union Opposition is at the same time an act of friendliness on the part of the Hungarian police towards the social democracy.

SOCIALISTS AND HANGMENS.

The "Nepszava" is now doing its best to persuade the Hungarian workers that Karikas, Poll and the others are not threatened with death, and that the protest campaign is nothing but Communist scaremongering. The "Nepszava" wrote excitedly the same with regard to Sallai and Furst. Prior to the murder of Sallai and Furst and after the crime had been committed the "Nepszava" called on the workers to take no action.

Under the circumstances it is easy to see why the Hungarian bourgeois press is full of praise for the socialists. The social fascists traitors have actually done everything in their power to maintain the rule of the bourgeoisie in Hungary. At the time of the Soviet Republic the social democracy allied itself with Entente imperialism and organized the counter-revolution. After the overthrow of the Soviet Republic it supported the murder of the revolutionary leaders of the working class who were dragged to the gallows with the approval of the social democratic ministers. And today the social democracy is still doing its utmost in the interests of the bourgeoisie by provocations and denunciations.

The international proletariat must condemn the agents of Horthy and save Karikas and Poll from the gallows by a powerful campaign throughout the world.

"The Negro Reds of Chicago" in Wednesday Issue

"The Negro Reds of Chicago." This is the title of the story—based on first-hand investigation—by Michael Gold, well-known working-class writer which begins in Wednesday's issue of the Daily Worker.

Appearing in four installments, Gold's story presents a striking picture of the struggles of the Chicago workers—particularly of the Negro workers on the South Side of the city.

Be sure to order your copy in advance!

How the Socialists Supported Imperialist War of 1914-18

In Saturday's issue of the Daily Worker we published an excerpt from a speech by Vandervelde, Belgian leader of the Second (Socialist) International, in support of the imperialists war. The following is from the pen of Karl Kautsky, notorious Social-Democrat, chief theoretician of the Second International and most venomous reviler of the Soviet Union. In the view of this Social-Democrat, the international unity of the working class at its most critical moment was impossible to achieve.

"The present war shows us the limitations for the influence of the (Second) International. We deceived ourselves when we thought that the international would be able to secure a united attitude on the part of the whole Socialist proletariat of the world during a world war. Such an attitude was only possible in individual and particularly straightforward cases. The world war has split the Socialists into various camps, for the most part various national camps. The International is unable to prevent this.

"That is to say, the International is not an effective weapon in time of war; it is essentially a peacetime instrument."—Karl Kautsky, in the "Neue Zeit," Nov. 27, 1914.

Noted Writers Appear In Symposium In Sept. Issue of New Masses

Waldo Frank, Sherwood Anderson, Edmund Wilson, Granville Hicks and other well-known writers contribute articles to a symposium on "How I Came To Communism" in the September New Masses, just out, Michael Gold contributes a piece on "Why I Am A Communist."

Other features of the new issue are: "Marxism and the Crisis" by a leading English economist, Maurice Dobb; Engels' Goethe, hitherto unpublished in English; two stories by Moe Bargin and John L. Spivack, and sketches from the scene of action in the farmers' strike.

Book reviews, cartoons, and poems by Langston Hughes and A. B. Magill, round out the September number.

CORRECTION

In a review of Wall Street, the new pamphlet by Anna Roscher, published in the Sept. 22 issue of the Daily Worker, the price was erroneously given as 50 cents. The correct price is 5 cents each, (with special bundle order rates.) Pamphlets to be ordered from the Workers Library Publishers, Box 148, Station D, New York City.