

## RED DAY DEMONSTRATIONS SWEEP WHOLE WORLD

### Issue Official Call to Working Youth to Back Cleveland Meet

**AMY SCHECHTER, VERA BUSH  
SOPHIE MELVIN, BAILED OUT;  
WARN OF "COURTESY" TRICK**

**Mill Workers Expose Fraud of 'Higher Wages'  
Coupled With Speed-up and Unemployment**

**Oehler, N.T.W. Southern District Organizer,  
States Conference Preparations Going Well**

**BULLETIN**

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Aug. 2.—The provisional committee of the Southern Textile Conference has sent the following cable to the 500,000 striking British textile workers.

"The Southern Textile Workers' Conference held here with 230 delegates representing over 50,000 Southern Textile Workers, who are fighting the mill owners' attempt to electrocute 13 of our members and send ten others to the penitentiary, and are organizing a struggle against the speed-up and for higher wages, send greetings to their English brothers who are striking against wage cuts. Only struggle against the combined forces of the bosses, the treacherous MacDonald government and the traitorous social reformists in the union can win for you."

**By LISTON OAK.**

GASTONIA, N. C., Aug. 2.—Amy Schechter, Vera Buch and Sophie Melvin, the three girl organizers of the National Textile Workers Union who have been in jail in Gastonia since the shooting of Chief of Police Aderholt on June 7th, charged with first degree murder, were released today in \$5,000 bail each. The International Labor Defense posted the bail money today. The charge against the three girls was changed by the prosecution to second degree murder.

When interviewed at Gastonia upon their release, the girls were all quite indignant that they should be shown any preference on accounts of their sex. "The boys are not any more guilty than we are," Vera Buch said very emphatically. "In our opinion this is a 'gesture of Southern chivalry' calculated to appeal to public opinion. We would prefer to stay in jail with the others unless everyone is released, although of course we will be glad to get back to whatever work is assigned to us by the National Textile Workers Union or the International Labor Defense, or the Workers Inter-include a few novels but most of

### COLOMBIA FACES FRESH OUTBREAK IN WIDE REVOLT

**Armed Workers Battle  
At Dos Quebradas**

BOGOTA, Colombia, Aug. 2.—Breaking the iron censorship with which the Colombian government is striving to cloak the extent of recent revolts of workers throughout the country, newspapers here today printed accounts of a new insurrection.

In an outbreak, reputed to be led by Communists, at Dos Quebradas, six persons are reported killed and twelve wounded. Obviously the official figures minimize the number of casualties.

The Colombian government yesterday characterized the present outbreak (Continued on Page Five)

### CLOAK CUTTER IS ASSAULTED BY I.L.G.W. THUGS

**Reported in Critical  
Condition**

Joe Jacobs, 28, a cloak cutter living at 2420 Bronx Park East, is now lying at the point of death in Bellevue Hospital, after having been brutally assaulted by two hired thugs of the International Ladies' Garment Workers, the company union of the cloak manufacturers. Hospital doctors say that Jacobs is suffering from a fracture of the skull and lacerations of the face and scalp.

Schlesinger's "Drivers." The attack on Jacobs was made upon him as he was leaving the shop where he is working at 131 W. 35th St. A large number, witnessing the assault, chased the assailants and (Continued on Page Five)

### "La Guardia War Candidate, Pliant Tool of the Bosses"

**Weinstone and Other Communist Nominees to  
Speak at 'Freiheit' Picnic Today**

"An ardent supporter and tool of U. S. imperialism, a warm admirer of Mussolini, twice decorated by the Italian fascist government for his services during the world war, and a pliant servant and apologist of the bosses." This is how Rebecca Grecht, campaign manager of the Communist Party in the forthcoming mayoralty election and candidate in the 5th Assembly District of the Bronx, yes-

**Thousands Demonstrate Against Imperialists at Big N. Y. Meet**



Photo shows small section of the crowd of twenty-five thousand New York workers who attacked the preparations for the next imperialist war and joined with millions of workers throughout the world in pledging themselves to defend the Soviet Union in a great demonstration held August First in Union Square. Thousands of other workers left their shops at 4 o'clock at the call of the Communist Party. The greatest and most militant working class demonstration held in New York City in many years. Workers courageously resisted the attempts of the Tammany police to break up their processions on the way to the demonstration. Especially conspicuous in this respect were members of the Communist Youth League and the Young Pioneers of America. In the foreground can be seen the new headquarters of Tammany Hall, that corrupt outfit thru which the bosses of the state and city express their will.

### The Daily Succeeded in Finishing Red Day Drive

With the greatest effort and against what many times appeared insurmountable obstacles the Daily Worker was able to live to carry out its part in the job of mobilizing the workers of the United States for the great demonstrations on Thursday—International Red Day Against Imperialist War and in Defense of the Soviet Union. The campaign for Red Day is over, but the demonstrations, the mobilization of the masses on that day, mark only a stage in the fight against imperialist war.

Many campaigns are still going on in addition to the struggle against war. The Gastonia prisoners are in the shadow of the electric chair, from which they must be rescued and returned to the ranks of the working class. The next big job is the preparations for the Trade Union Unity conference at Cleveland on the 31st of this month. Workers in every industry are struggling against wage-cuts, speed-up, lengthening of hours and other effects of rationalization. A powerful directing and coordinating force is needed. Only the Communist Party can function as that force. The Daily Worker is one of the most powerful weapons of the Party, of the whole working class.

One of the worst calamities that could befall the workers at this critical time would be the suspension of the Daily. Yet, we must now frankly tell our readers and Party members that there have been many times during the past weeks that we did not think we would ever exist to publish the story of the International Red Day demonstrations.

Today we face a serious situation where funds are as urgently needed as they have been for a long time. You must know what that means.

Without a moment's delay every comrade, every worker, who is inspired by the tremendous demonstrations of August 1st should rally to the financial aid of the Daily.

Rush funds at once to the Daily Worker, 26 Union Square, New York.

### BUILDING WORKER 15 ARRESTED IN GROUP DENOUNCE CHICAGO BATTLE GASTONIA TRIAL GET JURY TRIAL

**Workers Everywhere  
Must Act to Save 23**

The National Progressive Building Trades Committee of the Trade Union Educational League has sent from New York to Judge Barnhill in Gastonia a telegram of hot protest at the attempt of the mill bosses to railroad the 23 textile strikers and organizers to electrocution or prison terms. It declares the "workers have a right to defend" (Continued on Page Five)

### Police Charge Engdahl Strated Struggle

(Special to the Daily Worker)  
CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 2.—Jury trials were secured today for 15 workers arrested in the Communist anti-war demonstration here yesterday, in which thousands of workers fought the mobilized police force for use of the streets and for use of Union Park in the heart of the west side, for working class gatherings. Judge Burke, in Desplaines St. Police Court, admitted the prisoners to bail after they had spent the night in foul, underground cells, some appearing in court this morning with their hair clotted in blood, clothes torn and bloody.

### POLICE ARREST 30 N. Y. WORKERS ON ANTI-WAR DAY

**Many Others Beaten;  
I. L. D. Defends**

A total of 30 workers were arrested during the International Red Day demonstrations of the Communist Party and during the preparations for International Red Day on Wednesday. Many other workers were brutally attacked by the police who were infuriated by the militancy of the demonstrations and the courageous defense put up by the workers. All the arrested workers are being defended by the New York District of the International Labor Defense, which also furnished bail for all those not released otherwise. Jacques Buitenkant is the attorney for the I. L. D.

The list of arrests follows:  
Wednesday, July 31: Mary Stalter, arrested at Grand St. Extension for distributing Anti-War Day leaflets. Released in \$500 bail. Received a hearing in Bridge Plaza Court, Brooklyn. Case postponed until Aug. 9.

Serves Jail Term.  
James Makus, arrested at 27th St. and Sixth Ave. for distributing Anti-War Day leaflets. Taken to Jefferson Market Court on a charge of disorderly conduct and sentenced to \$10 fine or one day in jail. He served.

Isidore Klinghofer and Benjamin Kaplan, arrested for speaking at an Anti-War Day preparatory meeting (Continued on Page Five)

### LESS THAN WEEK TO DAILY'S BIG MOONLITE CRUISE

**Get Tickets in Advance  
For Aug. 9 Affair**

The date of the Daily Worker's moonlite cruise and costume ball, Friday, August 9, is now less than one week away, and as the number of tickets available, limited to start with, are dwindling hourly, it is not out of place to ring in a few happy hours for the benefit of those workers who plan to take the trip but have not yet bagged their pasteboards.

The early bird catches the worm. Procrastination is the thief of time. Forewarned is forearmed. A buck and a half in time saves bitter disappointment. Do it now!

### MOST EXPLOITED; ORGANIZATION IS NOW VITAL NEED

**Six-hour Day; Fight on  
Speed-up, Demands  
of Youth**

**For New Union Center**

**Denounce Treachery of  
A.F.L., Reformists**

The official call to the working youth of the United States to join in the building of a new trade union center by supporting the forthcoming Cleveland Trade Union Unity Convention has just been issued by the Youth Committee of the Trade Union Educational League.

The convention will be held Aug. 31-Sept. 2 and delegates from the major industries of the U. S. will be present. At least 20 per cent of the delegates will be working youth, it is expected.

The official call of the Youth Committee follows:

"The National Committee of the Trade Union Educational League has issued a call for the formation of a new trade union center to be organized at a convention in Cleveland, Ohio, Aug. 31-Sept. 2. This Convention is of great importance to the working class youth of this country.

"In no country in the world is there such a great percentage of young workers as in America. Out of 40,000,000 workers, 10,000,000 are young workers and 3,000,000 are child laborers. This is a direct result of the rapid process of rationalization. With the continuous development of new machinery the skilled workers are being replaced by unskilled laborers, the bulk of which are young workers.

**Youth Most Exploited.**

"It is the most exploited section of the working class. It is young workers who, as a result of rationalization, are being speeded up, working for long hours and for low wages, under unsanitary conditions. The bosses not only exploit us, not only give us the hardest and dirtiest jobs, but also use us against our own fathers and brothers, because we are not organized into militant trade unions which would protect our living conditions.

"The A. F. of L. has degenerated into an organization which does not fight for the interest of the workers but for the interests of the bosses. The A. F. of L. is therefore, naturally not interested in organizing the unorganized young workers. More than that it is doing everything in its power to prevent the young workers from becoming organized. Has it not been (Continued on Page Five)

**SECTION 1 REPORT TODAY.**

Section 1 membership must report at headquarters today at 1:30 p. m. and Sunday at 9:30.

**COSTUME BALL ON HUDSON  
AUGUST NINTH.  
GET YOUR TICKET  
IN ADVANCE.**

### Eisman, Militant Pioneer, Gets 6-Month Sentence in a 'Home'

**Judge Threatens Reformatory, Attacks the  
Pioneers; Eisman Makes Strong Reply**

Can a working class child defend the interests of his class in this "free" and "democratic" country? The capitalist courts are saying "no" in an unmistakable manner in the case of Harry Eisman, 15-year-old member of the Young Pioneers.

In Children's Court, 22nd St. and Lexington Ave., yesterday afternoon Eisman was sentenced by Magistrate O'Keefe to six months in the Home of Jewish Guardians at Hawthorne, N. Y. The crime—that he took part in the Pioneer demonstration against the Boy Scouts at Pier 53 on Saturday, July 20, and defended himself when he was attacked by a mounted policeman.

The magistrate, in pronouncing sentence, added the threat that if Eisman doesn't "behave," he will be sent at the expiration of his sentence on Jan. 29, 1930, to a reformatory—one of those vile schools of

### CAPITALIST PRESS CENSORS NEWS OF HUGE MEETINGS IN ALL BIG INDUSTRIAL CITIES

**15,000 Demonstrate in Pittsburgh; Battle With  
Police in Almost Every City**

**Inprecorr Press Service Breaks Censorship  
Refutes Lies; Tells of European Meetings**

New York workers who staged an overflow meeting of between 20,000 and 25,000 in Union Square, and countless smaller meetings before and after throughout the city and stuck it out in the face of rain and police were yesterday drawing a lesson from the attempts of the capitalist press to represent their huge demonstration as a trivial affair, of from five to ten thousand workers, who "were broken up by the rain." They see in this policy of censorship and lying evidence that the reports of a "quiet" International Red Day in Europe are false, and likewise similar reports of "nothing happening" in Europe.

The Daily Worker, through its own telegraph reports from workers on the scene in various American cities, and the International Press Correspondence ("Inprecorr" Wireless) from Europe herewith presents abundant proof that millions demonstrated in the chief industrial cities of the world, and that news of these demonstrations was censored and deleted by the bosses' papers.

### GORKY, CHINESE 15,000 FIGHT DEFEND U.S.S.R. IN PITTSBURGH

(Wireless By "Inprecorr")  
MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Aug. 2.—President Kalinin and Maxim Gorky addressed a tremendous demonstration of workers in the Cultural and Recreational Park here, after tremendous street demonstrations. A German worker, wounded in the May 1 fighting in Berlin was received with thunderous applause when he rose to speak.

There were demonstrations everywhere in the Soviet Union. Everywhere mass meetings including practically all the workers and peasants in the vicinity, expressed a determination to defend the proletarian fatherland to the utmost. Chinese workers took a prominent part everywhere.

(Wireless By "Inprecorr")  
140,000 Meet in Berlin.

BERLIN, Germany, Aug. 2.—Tens of thousands of workers struck in Berlin yesterday on the Communist Party call to finish work early in the afternoon and come to demonstrations. Strikes took place in the departments of Siemens, Baun, and General Electric works, in the Potsdam station, and in the Sarotti, Lorenz and other factories. Metal, building, shoe and cigarette workers flocked out on strike.

The Communist demonstration in the Lustgarten, led by Communists, was composed of approximately 140,000 workers. The social democratic counter demonstration at Friedrichsbain drew at the most about 80,000. The Communist demonstrations bore a fighting character, while the socialist meetings were very tame.

There were no serious incidents, but much police jostling.

A number of workers were arrested for wearing Red Front Fighters uniforms. The huge crowd was (Continued on Page Five)

**BULLETIN**

(Special to the Daily Worker.)  
CROWN POINT, Ind., Aug. 2.—Otto Wangerin, prominent as an organizer of railroad workers, and several steel workers are held in jail here on criminal syndicalism charges as a result of participating in an anti-war mass meeting at Hammond, Ind.

They are being held on \$5,000 bail. A successful August First meeting was also held in Waukegan, an Illinois steel town.

(Special to the Daily Worker.)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 2.—Fifteen thousand workers took part in International Red Day demonstrations here yesterday, and protested police action in violently smashing meetings and arresting 25 workers, including Pat Devine, Communist Party district organizer; Sam Herman, Clyde, Pat Toohy, secretary-treasurer of the National Miners' Union; Elbert Tetherow, Gastonia striker, and others.

"During the day the police prepared openly to smash the meetings against war. The entire press here carried stories of the determination of the authorities to "prevent the Reds from using the streets."

Mounted, motorcycle and uniformed plain clothes police, plus all city police reserves, patrolled the section where the meeting was scheduled to take place during the day.

**Fight For Streets.**

In answer to repeated threats as to what would happen if the meeting were held, the Communist Party intimated its determination to fight for the use of the streets.

The meeting opened at the scheduled place simultaneously with three other meetings at strategic vantage points.

The police ruthlessly rode down the crowds, arrested speakers and tried to precipitate a riot. They searched many bystanders.

The workers demonstrated and picketed in front of the police station all evening, denouncing the attack on the Soviet Union and showed the most militant spirit yet seen in the city.

**Factory Demonstrations.**  
Three thousand steel workers of McKeesport National Tube Co., assembled at a noonday meeting to demonstrate against the attack on the Soviet Union. They vigorously resisted the attempt of the police to break up the meeting and remained out of work 30 minutes after the lunch hour.

Doyle, Herman, four speakers and a Young Pioneer were arrested and very brutally handled by the local police.

In New Kensington, a noon day meeting before Secretary of the Treasury Andrew Mellon's American Aluminum Co., was attacked by police and four speakers arrested, including Joe Tashinsky, Youth organizer of the N. M. U.

The entire crowd picketed the police station until the prisoners were released.

Thousands of workers attended meetings in the steel towns, such as (Continued on Page Five)

# The American Federation of Labor Leadership in the "New South"

By BILL DUNNE  
(Concluded)

The militancy of the mill workers is a sign that the capitalists and their press have seen and understood and from which they have drawn correct conclusions—for themselves.

In an editorial, remarkable for its correct estimate of the situation and its open advocacy of corruption of the workers by means of slight concessions and appeals to Southern patriotism accompanied by some form of company unionism, the Spartanburg, N. C., Herald for July 20 says:

"... the manufacturers themselves are organized. Why? To promote mutual advantage, cooperate in caring for a common interest, when legislation, taxes, power rates and other matters affecting them arise. THEY HAVE BEEN CLASS CONSCIOUS AND ALERT TO PROTECT THEIR INTERESTS FOR A LONG TIME." (Emphasis Mine.)

No such editorial would have or could have found its way into the Southern capitalist press four months ago. Since April 2, the date of the outbreak of the Loray strike in Gastonia, class consciousness has increased tremendously among the workers, the Marxian terminology begins to be heard and this forces the spokesmen of the capitalist class to drop some of the democratic pretense which has helped to keep alive the fiction of "no classes in America."

This editorial, with only the most formal attempt to conceal its meaning, actually tells the A. F. of L. officials what is expected of them. It says:

"Putting aside for a moment what McMahon, McGrady and others say about people and affairs in the South, what is the policy of responsible mill managements as regards organization of their labor? Will they assume a resolutely hostile attitude to any organization at all under any circumstances?"

"If they do, history is against them."

"Assume for the moment a spontaneous movement today or tomorrow toward organization of the mill operatives, guided by Southern men, free from any wild radicalism, unpoisoned by bitter conflict at the outset and frankly aimed at reasonable protection and promotion of their interests by collective negotiation

and bargaining, would any mill management by well-advised to fight this?" (Notice the deliberate use of quotes of A. F. of L. phraseology.)

"It would not. . . . Meanwhile, the effort to suppress breeds destructive and costly forces, robbing all concerned of any real gains. . . . Certainly, however, they serve to warn mill managers, that old times are passing and new times at hand, when a labor policy must be matured and adopted, which can be defended before the moral sense of the nation." (Emphasis mine.)

Can the A. F. of L. leadership corrupt and control the Southern workers as they and other agents of capitalism have corrupted and controlled certain sections of the Northern workers. This is the question that the more far-seeing spokesmen of the mill owners are putting to the Greens, Hoffmans and McMans. The bosses want guarantees. There are a lot of N. T. W. U. organizers in the South, especially in the cotton textile industry and where, as in the rayon section, there is no labor aristocracy to furnish a stable base for class cooperation and organized attacks on class-conscious unionism which are the stock-in-trade of the A. F. of L. bureaucracy.

The textile mill owners have a healthy respect for the Communists who are taking a leading part in the class struggle in the new South. They have shown themselves good organizers and first class propagandists on a broad scale. As a result of the rapid growth of highly rationalized industry and the activities of the Communists, large sections of the Southern workers are for the first time realizing the connection between their economic struggles and the function of city, county, state and national government in this imperialist country. The connection between imperialist war and international competition in the textile markets of the world is beginning to be clear. The race question, in those areas where struggles have taken place recently, is beginning to be viewed in the light of class relationships by the white workers.

In the South such developments have a revolutionary character in that the proletariat sees itself as a class having interests of its own which are so sharply in contradiction with those of the ruling class that conflict on the economic and

political field is inevitable. For the first time in history, the governor of a Southern state, Governor Gardner of North Carolina, is summoned to appear in court in a class trial and explain his connection, as the symbol of the power of the state, with the attacks on the Gastonia strikers, the armed struggles at the headquarters of the N. T. W. U. and the effort of the bosses and authorities to railroad 15 workers to the electric chair.

Yes, the Southern capitalists have need of all the assistance the A. F. of L. leadership can give them. It stands ready to do its best.

This answers the questions asked at the beginning of this article. The A. F. of L. leadership is playing the same role in the South as in the North—but not so successfully. It cannot furnish the guarantees the bosses desire but it will do all it can.

Some of the reasons why it will not succeed in its program of corruption and betrayal as well as it has in the North have been pointed out already (absence of a labor aristocracy, etc.). There is another reason. It is given below in the clear and simple language of a worker in the Loray mill:

"In 1921 the United Textile Workers Union came to Gastonia and organized us. That was in the Loray mill. We went out on strike and tied up the mill completely for five weeks. We didn't have the trouble then with the police that we had in this strike. Then the U. T. W. officials sold us out and left with all the money we had paid in as dues, and I suppose taking a sizable sum which the mill owners paid them to get shut of the union. Then we went back to worse conditions than we came out from. In a few days we got a wage cut of 10 cents on the dollar.

"The National Textile Workers' Union is a different kind of a union. It has proven this both in the strikes in the north and here. The leaders have fought with us and gone to jail with us and we will stick by them."

It is significant, as an indication of the inability of the A. F. of L. leadership to play an active and decisive part as agents of big capital in the labor movement of the South as in the North, that not a single state federation of labor or a single central labor body in the South has passed any hostile resolutions or issued any statements antagonistic to the members and organizers of the

N. T. W. U. on trial for their lives in Gastonia. The convention of the South Carolina state federation of labor (June 26, after the battle at the N. T. W. U. headquarters in Gastonia where chief of police Aderhold was killed while leading an armed raid, and which three police officers and one union organizer were wounded) refused to pass a resolution condemning the action of the N. T. W. U. members in defending themselves.

T. A. Wilson, president of the North Carolina state federation of labor, wrote as follows in the June issue of the American Federationist:

"Southern industrial workers are aroused. These 100 per cent American workers who have been advertised to all sections of the United States as docile and accustomed to long hours and low wages are revolting against the bad conditions . . . and especially are they fighting against making

them worse through the so-called 'stretch-out system.'

"THE COMMUNISTS CAME WITH THE STRETCH-OUT SYSTEM. THEY EITHER KNEW IT WAS COMING or looked upon the South as a fertile field in which to work . . . with the rapid industrial development of this section the opportunity exists as never before. The agitation is coming from within the ranks of our Southern workers, but it is necessary for the international unions affiliated with the A. F. of L. to take advantage of this situation. THE RADICALS ARE DOING MUCH WORK IN SOME OF THE WORST SPOTS." (Emphasis mine.)

After giving the Communists credit for leading the strike in the Loray's mills, "owned by a Pawtucket, Rhode Island, group," the article continues:

"For some unknown reason the Southern manufacturers have

thought the workers of this section immune from radicalism, but very suddenly they woke up one morning and realized that the 100 per cent American workers of Gastonia were being led by the Communist group. . . . Just why they had these thoughts no one knew, other than the fact that they had been reading so much of their own literature and the propaganda of promoting organizations.

"With the sudden realization that the Southern workers will follow radical leaders and the South has social and industrial problems just as any other section, many of the more liberal minded employers realized that they had to make a choice between the radicals and the unions affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

"Of course, we realize that manufacturers are not going to go out and ask the A. F. of L. to come in,

but many realize that unionism is inevitable and they are certainly more susceptible to reason today than ever before. But many are going to fight to the last." (My emphasis.)

The absence of any actual hostility to the unions in which Communists occupy leading positions, as well as the absence of the usual A. F. of L. denunciation of Communists and Communism in the above quotations, the almost completely objective tone in which the entire article is written, is undoubtedly a reflection of the mass pressure for organization, and with considerable accuracy denotes a fact which not even the bureaucracy dares deny—the fact that the Southern workers in mechanized industry want militant leadership and will follow and support, at the cost of tremendous sacrifices, as in Gastonia, able, honest and courageous leadership.

This kind of leadership the A. F. of L. and its loyal opposition, the Muste group, cannot and will not give.

"The more liberal minded employers," (this is the old Gompers theory of "good" and "bad" employers without reference to their economic position as a big or small capitalists) whom Wilson mentions, are few and far between in the South—as in the North. Especially is this true in the textile, cotton and rayon and chemical and coal mining industries. The reason is clear.

Even in industries like cotton spinning where the greatest decentralization in production exists (in Gaston County, N. C., 1,250,000 spindles are distributed among 114 mills owned by 87 concerns. The figures are approximate but reasonably accurate.) The control is actually in the hands of the big banks. There is as a consequence a centralization and concentration of capital.

This accounts for the bitter struggle in a section of industry which, from a superficial point of view, should be more or less immune from them. While nominally the workers face a large number of small capitalists and could count on a substantial amount of dissension and division in their ranks on the basis of the competitive struggle for markets, actually the workers face finance capital—Wall Street and its imperialist government.

To ask: "Will the A. F. of L. leadership take up the task of organizing the terribly exploited masses in the highly rationalized indus-

try of the New South?" is the same as asking if the A. F. of L. leadership has ceased to be the outpost of imperialism in the ranks of the working class.

The A. F. of L. leadership is not betraying its Southern and Northern masters—the finance capitalists. It is trying to betray the new proletariat of the South to the finance capitalists. It is plotting to load with blank cartridges the heavy artillery of the class struggle which the Southern proletariat is massing for a conflict in which the present struggles are preliminary skirmishes.

## SCOUT MEETING OPENS IN BRITAIN

### Pioneers Pass Country En Route for USSR

BIRKENHEAD, Eng., Aug. 2.—The International Boy Scout Jamboree opened here today as the U. S. Pioneer Delegation arrived in this country enroute to the Soviet Union.

The Duke of Connaught, Sir Baden-Powell, the Prince of Wales, and other imperialists also spoke, covering their jingoist speeches with fake pacifist phrases.

The American Pioneer Delegation will bring to the workers and workers' children greetings of solidarity and assurances that the workers of the United States will join in the defense of the U. S. S. R. in the event of an imperialist attack upon it.

### Workers of 5 Nations In Joint Demonstration Against War at Aachen

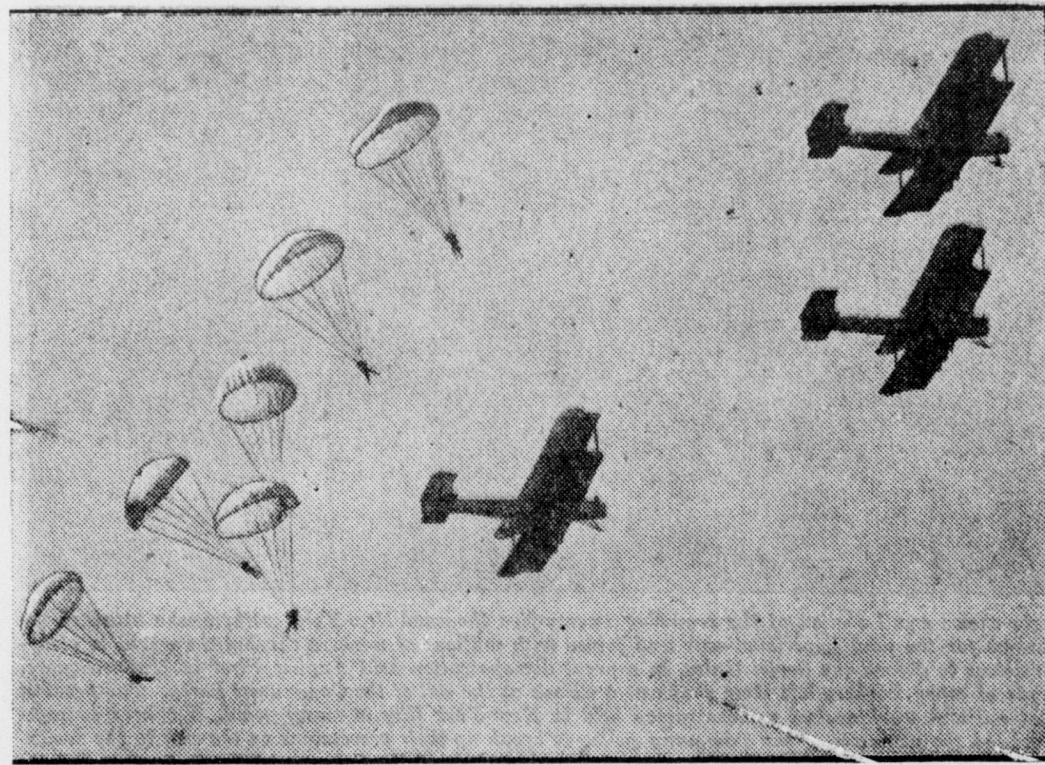
(Wireless By "Inprecor")

BERLIN, Aug. 2.—The recent Five Country demonstration in Aachen proved a great manifestation of international proletarian solidarity. Ten thousand workers from Germany, France, Belgium, Holland and Luwemburg marched through the streets.

The powerful French delegation was cut down by arrests before the demonstration.

Speeches were delivered in three languages.

### Air Pageants as Labor Party Prates of "Peace"



Feverish war preparations go on as the imperialist countries prepare for new wars. Side by side with these war plans goes the smokescreen propaganda of "peace" talk. Photo shows six parachutes dropping from three planes during the recent pageant at the British Home Airport Depot at Hendon, England. These military maneuvers under the supervision and with the complete blessing of the boss-serving Labor Government give the lie to the hypocritical "peace" and "disarmament" talk of the MacDonald outfit.

# What You Must Do to Save the

## Daily Worker

Over a month ago, June 21, the Daily Worker did not appear for lack of funds. This was the first time that this suspension occurred since the founding of The Daily Worker five and one-half years ago.

We resumed publication the next day. A few comrades and friends in New York pooled their resources to save the Daily, and give it a chance to appeal to the readers and loyal supporters.

The campaign for funds is now five weeks old, and yet the Daily is in the same precarious condition it has been in at the beginning. The money coming in is too slow to cover the deficit, and give the Daily a breathing spell.

Ten thousand dollars has been collected, when at least \$1,000 per day is needed to pull the Daily out of its present crisis.

Will the Daily get this money? The next few weeks will decide the fate of the Daily.

The readers will have to decide—

Shall the Daily live—or shall it suspend?  
Shall the Daily suspend—with the danger of war looming in the immediate present?

Shall the Daily suspend—in the face of the attempt to railroad 15 workers in Gastonia to the electric chair?

Shall the Daily suspend—at a time when the workers are facing ever increasing attacks by the bosses, their police and gunmen, and their Right Wing Allies?

UPON YOU DEVOLVES THE ANSWER.

Publication of the paper means increasing sacrifices on the part of all members and sympathizers of the Party and Daily.

The minimum of one day's wage for members of the Party and substantial contribution at least equivalent to a day's wage must be forwarded immediately.

The next few days are crucial. The next few days will settle the fate of the Daily.

WILL YOU ANSWER?

Do not wait for another suspension. Enclose your check or money order immediately. Wire it or rush by air mail to THE DAILY WORKER, 26 Union Square, New York, N. Y.

The Daily must increase its circulation to reach ever wider circles of workers. A large circulation will reduce the huge deficit.

We have a number of ways for increasing the circulation, which are enumerated below.

The Sustaining Fund must be established immediately. Our readers and friends should not only send their immediate contribution, but pledge themselves to give a definite sum monthly or weekly. This will help the Daily avoid such crises as now exist.

### READ THE SERIAL

# "I SAW IT MYSELF"

By HENRY BARBUSSE.—Author of 'Under Fire,' 'Chains,' and Other Great Novels.

It is a story of white terror and workers persecution that is full of harrowing details. The Daily Worker is fortunate in being able to present this story to its readers for the first time.

This brilliant novel has been tabooed by the ruling class press the world over. In America it is hardly known.

## WILL THE DAILY SURVIVE?

SEND ALL YOUR CONTRIBUTIONS AND SUBSCRIPTIONS TO DAILY WORKER, 26-28 UNION SQUARE, NEW YORK CITY.

- 1.—Read the Daily.
- 2.—Buy a copy for a friend or shopmate.
- 3.—Get a bundle for distribution.
- 4.—Insist that your standkeeper carries the Daily.
- 5.—Insist that he displays it.
- 6.—Buy a copy to start off the standkeeper's sales.
- 7.—Keep this up for a few weeks.

- ### SUSTAINING FUND
- 1.—Pledge yourself to send in contributions weekly or monthly.
  - 2.—Send it the first of the month regularly.
  - 3.—Get your union or organization to contribute regularly.
  - 4.—Get a co-worker to do the same.

# RAILROAD NEGRO IN TEXAS FOR LIFE JAIL TERM

## Terror Swears Man is Innocent

HOUSTON, Tex. (By Mail).—The newspapers during the middle of June ran articles describing the attack of a white woman by a "sooty black Negro who had a thin scar in the right side of his face." This article was accompanied by the screaming headline "NEGRO BRUTALLY ASSAULTS WHITE WOMAN: FLEES; . . . and described all of the intimate details of the assault.

Following this, there was intense activity on the part of the police, who let up on their beer drinking games long enough to fill the jail with "sooty black Negroes." During a period of 10 days, 147 "suspects" were "third degreed" and paraded before the heretofore virtuous one to determine their resemblance to the supposed attacker. These figures, (gathered from the capitalist press) are for Houston alone; but a similar program of intimidation was carried out in every burg and hamlet of the great commonwealth of Texas; it is not strange, however, that the "culprit" was "recovered in Shreveport—a city some 250 miles away—and conducted to Houston for a speedy trial."

This particular Negro had no scar on his face and differed in many respects from the original description of the attacker. But by this time we suppose the lady had grown tired of viewing "sooty black Negroes," and hearing and reading of what had transpired in her bedroom about 3 weeks before; therefore, when faced by the Negro imported from Shreveport, she sobbed: "That's him," and went into a swoon.

The trial was just another one of those farces: a Negro worker receiving white ruling-class "justice." The prosecution pleaded for an electric chair. Somehow, the Negro went wrong—and the defendant got life in the state "pen!" Since the trial we have talked to one of the jurors, a "radical," named Carroll who owns a printing plant and who swears that the defendant—the man whom he helped send to the "pen" for life—is innocent.

This confession came about when we carried a Red Day leaflet to the printer. He would not print it because "it suggested social equality" by the joint activity of the Communist Party and the American Negro Labor Congress in the affair. After blowing off at length in denunciation of his "radicalism" and denouncing the present institutions, he declared, "We must keep the niggers in their places" and that under no circumstances would he, directly or indirectly aid a cause that had the least suggestion of radical intermingling. Thus we uncovered another example of Southern justice it applies to Negro workers.

We might add that the Negro in the South is fast finding his place: out of a class conscious worker fighting his ruling class enemy with very ounce of energy under the banner of the Communist Party.

# NEW PLOT OF POWER TRUST

## Gov't Complicity is Indicated

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—A secret memorandum has come to light here reporting to have been for circulation among power company executives and stating that the Federal Power Commission's activism if carried on, "may have dangerous effects on our stock values now so favorably quoted."

The disclosure was made anonymously, and no indication of the authorship of the document was mentioned by the government. Observers of the situation point to the possibility that government officials themselves may be involved in the power trust's activities, as was disclosed in the investigations several months ago.

Verification of this possibility was given in the fact that one of the government officials, Major-General Len E. Edgerton, acting head of the Power Commission, attempted to minimize the importance of the document, and the activities it reveals. Edgerton said he "doubted its (the memorandum's) authenticity in the light of the obvious incriminating statements it contained."

**EXAMINE CALENDAR CHANGE.** LENINGRAD, (By Mail).—A special commission of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR has considered the League of Nations' materials on the proposed reform of the calendar. The commission has come to the conclusion that these materials have not been sufficiently prepared both from a scientific aspect, and from the standpoint of the preliminary coordination of the proposed reform between the different nations.

**GET YOURSELF A COSTUME AND A TICKET FOR THE MOONLITE CRUISE**

## Future Cannon Fodder for Wall Street



Wall Street trains them young as cannon fodder for imperialist war. To arouse interest of youth in military aircraft is one of the main parts of this plan.

# RACE HATRED IN DYE WORKERS OF BOY SCOUT CAMP NEWARK IN RALLY

## Discrimination Against Negro Youth Rampant

American imperialism, operating in the ranks of the Negro youth through the boy scout movement, is killing its influence on them through its blind racial prejudice.

Racial discrimination in the summer camp of the scouts at Treasure Island, near Philadelphia, is illuminating.

The situation reached a climax the past Sunday when charters of nine of the largest troops of the Negro scouts were returned to the Philadelphia council of the imperialist movement by a certain Dr. A. R. Burton, who is the recognized head of the Negro scouting activities in Philadelphia.

Twelve out of twenty troops among the Philadelphia Negro scouts have already disbanded following the racial discrimination at the camp. This means nearly 1000 Negro youth have been awakened to the basic hatred of the Negro in the American imperialist organizations.

The Negro masses in this part of the country are aroused over the incident, which is goading them on to further concerted action against racial prejudice.

**Denied Camps.** Camping privileges on the Delaware river island were first denied to Negro scouts in June of last year, when several members of troop 32 were barred from participation. Dr. Burton attacked the action of the Philadelphia council as "un-christianlike" etc, etc.

In discussing the split, Dr. Chas. D. Hart, president of the Philadelphia council, admitted the receipt of the returned charters.

His brilliant explanation of the matter was as follows: "There is a total membership of about 14,000 boy scouts throughout the city and in view of the small minority represented by the protests, the matter appears to be one of little importance."

**Would Hide Seriousness.** One of little importance? With 12,000,000 Negro proletarians being shown the bare-faced hypocrisy of the "idealistic and patriotic" movement of the boy scouts?

# Many Attend Anti-War Meet Near Factory

PATERSON, N. J., Aug. 2.—Over 300 workers of the United Piece Dye Workers participated in a mass meeting for the Defense of the Soviet Union at noon today in front of the factory. Many more workers came to the windows of the plant to listen to the speakers and receive the leaflets.

Nat Kaplan, New Jersey organizer of the Communist Party, was the first speaker. "The bosses are using the Chinese war lords to make war on the Soviet Union," said Kaplan. "The United Piece Dye bosses support this war because they can quickly turn the dyes you use in your work into poison gas and make bigger profits as a war industry. The Soviet Union is a workers' and peasants' country, where the workers have the seven hour day and good conditions, while the bosses who are making war against the Soviet Union give you the miserable wage of 40 to 45 cents an hour, the 12 to 14 hour day and the speed-up."

John Pippin of the National Textile Workers Union then spoke in Italian, calling upon the workers to join the union, fight for better conditions and defend the Soviet Union. While John Pippin was speaking to the workers in Italian the police arrived. All efforts of the police to break up the meeting were of no avail. The speakers used the top of a small truck for their platform and the police could not reach them. The meeting was continued for a half hour after the police arrived and was finally closed by the first speaker amidst the cheers of the workers.

**IMPERIALIST APPOINTED** THE HAGUE, August 1.—Charles Evans Hughes of the United States was appointed by the Permanent Court of International Justice today as judge to succeed Viscount Finlay, of Great Britain, whose term has expired.

**RUHR ANTI-FASCISTS WIN FIGHT WITH POLICE WHO ARE LED BY SOCIALIST** (Wireless By "Inprecorr") ESSEN, Germany, Aug. 1.—The Anti-fascist organization, the "Ruhrwacht" is growing by leaps and bounds throughout the Ruhr district. The social democratic police president, Luebering now declares the Ruhrwacht represents the illegal existence of the Red Front Fighters League, and will be suppressed with every force of the state.

The first result of this order was a brutal police attack against the members of the Ruhrwacht yesterday. The workers resisted, and saved their red flags, in the fighting in Essen, Dortmund, Gelsenkirchen, and other industrial towns.

**When we made our ruling we did it with the idea that segregation acted for the best interests of all concerned. The situation is not as important as it appears,"** the head of the Philadelphia council continued. The importance of the matter lies in the fact that the vast masses of Negro proletarians have received another lesson teaching them that only within the ranks of the Communist Party do they find racial equality which they deserve.—C. E.

# LEGIONAIRES IN KENOSHA ROUSED OVER PIONEERS

## Communist Camp Excites the Jingoos

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—Kenosha county in Wisconsin is all excited these days over the discovery of a "nest of baby reds" in their midst. Milwaukee and Kenosha reporters have discovered the Workers International Relief Pioneer Camp at Paddock Lake, Wisconsin, where children from the mine fields of southern Illinois, from the steel region of Gary and Calumet Lake, from the proletarian neighborhoods of Chicago, Milwaukee, and St. Louis go for periods of two weeks to be trained in the understanding and participation in the class struggle.

The days of these young fighters in the class war are spent in study, discussion, handwork, and sports. They live in a colony of fifteen tents with a huge dining hall, all on the banks of one of the finest small lakes in the famous lake region of Wisconsin. Ethel Beran, an experienced camp director who has been a proletarian shop worker since she was twelve years old, is at the head of the camp. Eva Stolar is in charge of education, Marvin Barry of sports, while Morris Fein and Nathan Goldstein assist in the carrying on of the program of the day.

The curriculum of the school at the camp consists of the study of the history of the labor movement, of the theories of the conduct of the class struggle, and of immediate working class movements in America. There is daily swimming, and hikes to the rest of the countryside occur weekly.

The American Legion of Wisconsin, together with the county and state newspaper forces, are carrying on a campaign to "rid the countryside of this Communist menace." They search in vain for points of attack, but the best they can find are such things as the fact that the children enjoy absolute equality with the leaders of the camp and that all nationalities and all races are included in the camp.

# Ruhr Anti-Fascists Win Fight with Police Who Are Led By Socialist

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# Invest 3,070 Million Roubles in Industry in the USSR for 1929

The Presidium of the Supreme Council of National Economy of the USSR has approved the plan of investments in industry of the USSR for 1929-30.

In all it is proposed to invest in capital construction in industries of the USSR 3,070 million roubles against 2,000 million roubles in 1928-29.

The investment in metallurgical industry will amount to 440 million roubles against 261 million roubles in 1928-29. In the engineering industry it is proposed to invest 278 million roubles against 184 million roubles in 1928-29. In the coal mining industry, 230 million roubles against 166 million roubles; in the oil industry, 230 million roubles against 215 million roubles; in the chemical industry, 205 million roubles against 137 million roubles; in the lumber industry, 138 million roubles against 73 million roubles; in the textile, 200 million roubles against 170 million roubles, etc.

# RED CARTOONIST DIES IN WASH.

## Vose, Communist Artist Long Active in Party

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 2.—Comrade Frederick G. Vose, whose remarkable cartoons have frequently appeared in The Daily Worker and in Red Cartoons, died at his home at 634 Fourteenth St., N. E., Washington, last Tuesday afternoon, at the age of 42. His widow and two little children survive him. He had been principal of the Washington Workers' School since it was founded.

Comrade Vose was a native of Houlton, Me., and was admitted to the practice of medicine years ago. He also passed an examination as a chiropractor and was exceptionally well informed in all branches of therapeutics. For the last few years he had worked as a retoucher for a photographic firm in Washington, photography being the occupation of his father and brother. His internship as a medical student was spent at the City Hospital, Portland, Me., and he was later on the staff of the General Hospital at Boston.

Comrade Vose's membership in the Communist Party dated back several years when he was living in Massachusetts. In 1927 he was elected president of the Washington chapter of the American Association for the Advancement of Atheism and took an active part in its work. He was also a member of the Washington Open Forum and of the National Association Opposed to Blue Laws.

All his life Vose was a brave, unselfish, modest and consistent champion of the working class. His brilliant mind and his generous heart were freely at the disposal of the proletarian cause and of his comrades and friends.

The Gastonia Textile Workers' trial began July 29! Twenty-three workers face electrocution or prison terms! Rally all forces to save them. Defense and Relief Week July 27—August 3! Sign the Protest Roll! Rush funds to International Labor Defense, 80 East 11th Street, New York.

# MILL STRIKER TELLS STORY OF LIFE IN SOUTH

## Fake Murder Charge Against McLaughlin

By LOUIS MacLAUGHLIN

I was born in Atlanta, Ga. on August 25, 1906. My parents were mill workers, my father being employed by the Fulton Bag Mills. When I was seven years old, my parents moved to La Grange, Ga. My father worked in the Hillside Mills during the six years we lived there. I was 13 years old when we moved to Augusta, Ga. where I went to work in the spinning room of the Augusta Cotton Mills as a sweeper. I worked here about a year and then went to Columbia, S. C., where I worked as a twister hand in the Olympia and Duck Mills. I lived in Columbia about 4 years. Leaving Columbia, I went to Winnsboro, S. C. and I learned to weave in the Winnsboro Cotton Mills. Three years later I came to Gastonia. This was in the early summer months of 1928. I worked for about six months in Loray going from there to High Shoals. I came back to work in Loray in March and was still working when the N. T. W. U. called the strike. I came out with the rest of the workers and was always willing to do my share to help win the strike. I was made a picket captain and often acted as chairman at meetings. I often spoke at mass meetings. I had never been in any big strike before led by this union, I remembered that the A. F. of L. union, the U. T. W. had led strikes in Loray and Columbia. I was in Columbia and was one of those that were betrayed by these fakers when they ray away with our dues and initiation fees. The N. T. W. U. did not ask us to pay big dues but wanted us all to become active and help win our strike and to build a strong union in the South. That is why I joined the N. T. W. U. and did everything I could to build it. That is why I am in jail today.

BE WISE! GET YOUR TICKET IN ADVANCE FOR THE MOONLITE CRUISE.

# August 18

## Daily Worker picnic

Pleasant Bay Park  
Watch for Announcements

**USSR LUMBER EXPORT**  
MOSCOW, (By Mail).—The export of lumber from the USSR amounted this year (from June 1, 1928 to June 1, 1929) to 170 mil. r., against 95 mil. r. in 1927-28.

This year have been exported 900,000 standards of sown materials, against 550,000 standards in 1928. The export of veneer amounted to 90,000 cubic meters, against 45,000 cubic meters in 1928, the export of balances—1,200,000 cubic meters against 120,000 cubic meters in 1928.

## BLADDER PAINS YOU CAN AVOID

Many pains—suffered needlessly—in bladder and kidneys—their passages and outlets—can be safely relieved with India's ancient remedy—Santal Midy. Good also for sore membranes, an aid to bladder cathart and to better control of functions. Genuine capsules bear signature of Dr. L. Midy, the originator.

At all good drug stores.

**INFORMATION WANTED!**  
Could any person give information as to the whereabouts of three Finnish children, who have been taken from the Sault Ste. Marie Children's Home four years ago, to the St. Catherine's Children's Home, and according to information received, have been later adopted into different families. The children are, WILI POHJALA, age 18, WALTER, age 15, and a girl, HILDA, age 12. These children are all members of one family. Their present addresses are unknown, except that the oldest now uses the name, W. HAINES. If anyone knows anything about these children, or their present addresses, please write to the following address:  
HILJA SODERENA Box 26 Bruce Mines, Ont., Canada

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# Moonlite Cruise

## COSTUME BALL

S.S. PETER STUYVESANT HUDSON RAY LINE BOAT  
FRIDAY EVE. AUG. 9th

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VERNON ANDRADES FAMOUS NEGRO RENAISSANCE ORCHESTRA

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