

PARTY CONVENTION TONIGHT

MR. HILLQUIT IS PITIFUL FIGURE AS 'STAR' WITNESS

Begs Judge for Chance to Make "Statement"
When Associate Blurts Out Facts

Suffers from Lapses of "Memory" Under Cross-
Examination of Workers' Attorney

In previous installments of this expose of the huge \$150,000 swindle of the property of the New York cloak and dressmakers, engineered by Morris Hillquit, millionaire boss of the socialist party, we told how Hillquit's tool, Frederick F. Umhey, had, under orders from his boss, gotten possession of International Union Bank shares owned by the Joint Board, Cloak and Dressmakers' Union and the left wing locals. Umhey had previously, at Hillquit's suggestion, been appointed trustee of the shares and of the stock of the union buildings, which were given as security for a loan of \$300,000 made by the Joint Board from the International Union Bank in order to finance the 1926 cloak strike. Hillquit had at the time given his solemn promise that he would be responsible for the return of the union property.

MINOR, OLGIN IN COURT; OUT OF JAIL ON BOND

Bailed by Labor De-
fense; Continue Expose

Robert Minor, Daily Worker editor, and M. J. Olgin, editor of the Jewish Communist Daily Freiheit, were brought before Judge Mulqueen in Part 1 of General Sessions, yesterday morning and pleaded "Not Guilty" to the charge of having "libeled" Morris Hillquit, when they published facts exposing Hillquit as having organized a steal of \$150,000 belonging to needle trades worker. Hillquit is a millionaire lawyer who steers the traitorous course of the socialist party here and is an executive committee member of the "Second International."

After the technical pleading, bail was set by judge and representative of the New York section of the International Labor Defense provided the necessary bonds, obtaining the release of the Communist editors. Hillquit, the "socialist," through the district attorney's office had obtained warrants for the arrest of Minor and Olgin without the two editors having had an opportunity to have themselves heard before the warrants were issued. They were taken from the editorial offices of the Daily Worker and Freiheit Wednesday afternoon by plain clothes detectives who were accompanied by representatives of the socialist party and its organ the "New Leader." The Communists were confined in Tombs Prison till released on bail bonds.

Basing its disclosure on facts extracted from Hillquit and his agents while under cross-examination at another trial, the Daily Worker and Freiheit told of a fraudulent appropriation of a huge sum of money belonging to needle trades workers. It is now publishing a series of articles quoting stenographic records of these cross-examinations, to prove with Hillquit's own words the truth of the scandalous thievery. The articles are to be found in another part of this issue.

Section 1, WP Members to March to Convention

Party members of Section 1 are instructed to report at the Harlem headquarters of the Workers (Communist) Party, 142 E. 103rd St., tonight. They will march in a body to the opening of the Sixth National Convention of the Party, 1 New Star Casino, 107th St. and Park Ave., at 8 p. m.

W. I. R. Opens National Miners Relief Campaign

National Office of the Workers International Relief this morning received a communication from the executive board of the National Miners Union, Pittsburgh, Pa. signed by Pat Toohy, secretary-treasurer, accepting the W. I. R. proposal for a national campaign for miners relief, according to Rose Pastor Stokes, acting secretary of the W. I. R., One Union Square, New York, N. Y.

The proposals adopted by the National Miners Union calls for the immediate formation of branches of the Workers International Relief in all coal mining towns, the branches to mobilize in its ranks the broadest ranks of the unorganized miners, in addition to those who are members of the union. These W. I. R. branches, as well as the locals of the miners union are immediately to

MELLON GUILTY OF THE MURDER OF PENN. MINER

Mellon-Owned Com-
pany Police Killed
Barkoski

Coal Diggers Aroused
Victim Refused to Aid
Police Frame-up

(By LRA Service.)
That Secretary of the Treasury Andrew W. Mellon is responsible for the murder of John Barkoski, coal miner, by Pittsburgh Coal Co. private police is acknowledged in a letter from Senator Burton K. Wheeler to the American Civil Liberties Union.

"Mr. Mellon," writes Wheeler, "who was secretary of the treasury during the past six years, and who undoubtedly will be the new secretary of the treasury, completely dominates not only the Pittsburgh Coal Co., whose policemen committed this murder, but likewise dominates the republican party in Pennsylvania, and, to a large extent, the economic life of the western part of the state."

"All that he would have to do is to say to the legislature that these private policemen should be done away with and the legislature, in my humble judgment, would no doubt pass a law prohibiting them, and he could likewise say to his company that he did not approve of them, and they would be done away with."

As chairman of the senate committee in the western Pennsylvania coal fields in 1927, Wheeler had opportunity to find out about the coal

CROUCH WILL NOT BE EXTRADITED

I.L.D. Forces Governor
to Refuse Application

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 28.—The New York District of the International Labor Defense gained a second important victory when Governor Roosevelt today refused the application of the state of Massachusetts to extradite Paul Crouch, national secretary of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League, to stand trial with 24 others on two conspiracy charges in connection with the New Bedford textile strike. Two weeks ago the I. L. D. succeeded in having the governor refuse to extradite Fred Biedenkapp, national secretary of the Workers International Relief, as defendant in the conspiracy trial.

The governor gave as his reasons for refusing to extradite Crouch the fact that the Massachusetts authorities had failed to arrest Crouch despite the fact that he appeared in New Bedford many times subsequent to June 27, 1928, when the "conspiracy" is alleged to have taken place; and also that the conspiracy trial has been indefinitely postponed.

Jacques Buitenkamp, representing the New York I. L. D., appeared for Crouch before the governor.

start collecting information relative to the present conditions of the coal diggers. It will include documents, official reports and pictures of the misery and starvation that is being endured by the miners and the members of their families. The Workers International Relief branches in New York, Chicago, San Francisco, Los Angeles, and other large cities, will immediately call local conferences to start the relief campaign in their section. Mrs. Stokes, added. She also stated that an effort will be made to send an investigation committee into the coal region consisting of prominent writers, lawyers and publicists. The findings of their report will be broadcast widely to acquaint the public with the destitution that is now to be found in the coal fields.

Editors on Bail; Need Funds to Save 'Daily'

TO THE WORKING CLASS READERS
OF THE DAILY WORKER:

COMRADES:—The campaign to destroy the Daily Worker continues, and the Daily Worker continues to rely on the class conscious workers to defend it.

The struggle proceeds step by step. Late yesterday, Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker, and Moissaye Olgin, editor of the daily Freiheit, imprisoned the day before on a warrant issued by the yellow socialist leader, Morris Hillquit, were bailed out of the city prison by the International Labor Defense.

These worker editors were taken immediately to the court for bailing formalities, and found there representatives of Morris Hillquit, and special reporters from the yellow official organ of the socialist party, the New Leader, and the equally yellow socialist Forward. They came to gloat over their work, and they hope to wreck us.

Here the issue is clear cut and definite. The Daily Worker has enthusiastically supported the strike of the needle trades workers, struggling to win the forty hour week and a wage raise, to abolish sweat shop conditions in the industry.

Yesterday the yellow socialist "Forward" came out openly, and hysterically commanded workers not to support the Daily Worker, financially or otherwise. In spite of the yellow Forward, the workers will support and help the Daily to fight the traitors of the working class. The socialist party, and all of its publications slander the strikers, demand the jailing of their leaders and applaud gangster tactics against the members of the union on the picket line. This is plain strikebreaking, done in the service of the employers.

Now the next stage in the battle. Morris Hillquit, socialist leader, smarting already under the lash of working class wrath because exposed by the Daily Worker as a participator in the swindling of the needle trades workers out of \$150,000 of their money, rushes into the attack. He demands indictments for "libel." Recognizing the services of his party to the strikebreaking employers, the district attorney's office of New York gives him every facility, handcuffs the defense by permitting Hillquit to get his indictment direct from the grand jury, without any preliminary hearing, something that has seldom if ever happened before in criminal practice in New York. These enemies of labor know how to stick together and help each other.

This phase of the battle is not over yet.

We have to see now whether the working class knows this lesson too. The Daily Worker expects a long and hard fought struggle against the socialists and the strikebreaking district attorney's office of New York. It will need money for this defense. The Daily Worker, as all its readers know, was already in serious financial difficulties when Hillquit launched his indictments. To the working class, which the Daily Worker has defended in their every strike, in all their demands for better wages and improved conditions, to whom it has preached that the workers should have and should run the industries and stop supporting a useless millionaire class, or its strikebreaking socialist party and other reformist grafters, to these workers the Daily Worker comes, appealing for financial help which to it is a matter of life and death.

What is your answer, workers? Send in the supplies we need to carry on this war for you. This is your fight. The Daily Worker is not something separate and different from the workers, it is their paper, their voice in this contest.

Rush funds immediately.

THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.

The total contributions, including those of last week are:

Previously listed	\$13,790.19
Monday	412.50
Tuesday	385.01
Wednesday	362.12
Thursday	393.50
Total	\$15,343.32

SHIP BLAST KILLS 3.
BUENAVENTURA, Colombia, Feb. 28 (UP).—The steamer Tritonia, of the British Donaldson line, was wrecked and sank in Buenaventura Bay today after a terrific explosion. Three persons were known dead and four seriously injured. The Tritonia was loaded with dynamite and gasoline.

GROZNY PARAFFIN FACTORY.
GROZNY, U.S.S.R., (By Mail).—During the first year of its operations, the Grozny paraffin factory produced 3,330 metric tons of paraffin. The domestic demand for the product was fully satisfied. Expansion of the factory this year is expected to raise the production to 6,000 tons.

NEEDLE TRADES SHOP DELEGATES ACT ON STRIKES

Plan Extension of Fight
Beyond Dress, Pleater
Trades

Local 41 Signs Bosses
Union Dress Shops Work
Saturday for Strike

The shop chairmen and delegates' council, a meeting of shop representatives in the cloak, dress, fur and auxiliary industries, was held last night in Webster Hall, 11th St. and Third Ave., in order to hear full reports on the dressmakers' strike and on the strikes the union has called in the other trades.

After General Manager Borochovich of the New York Joint Board had delivered his report, which included recommendations of tasks for the immediate future, the Council delegates began what developed into an extremely interesting discussion. When this ended, plans for carrying on of the strike in the dress industry, and the tuckers, pleaters and hemstitchers trades, were adopted.

In the report and discussion it was clearly shown that the strike called by the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union in the dress and auxiliary trades, has resulted in the gaining of union standards in hundreds of open and right wing shops and how the union was preparing the ground for the big general strike in the fur industry, by organization strikes going on now in strongholds of the right wing.

28 Settlements.
Settlements with 28 employers were reached today by Local 41 of the Hemstitchers, Pleaters and Tuckers, affiliated with the Joint Board of the NTWIU, which called a strike last Tuesday. The strike will continue against all those employers who refuse to sign an agreement on union terms.

A. Gross, manager of the furreries
(Continued on Page Two)

WAR PERIL IN MILITARY PACT

Also Exposes Socialist
and League Hypocrisy

(Wireless By "Inprecorr")

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Feb. 28.—Pravda states that the Franco-Belgian-British secret military agreements are now exposed and declares that the existence of such agreements against Germany are well known. They mean that the Locarno illusions are dead and buried now. Social democratic hypocrisy concerning the League of Nations as a peace instrument is finally exposed. Mueller and Vandervelde will find difficulty in coming to an agreement concerning the contents of the published secret agreements. Social democracy represents an organic part of the present system of secret military combinations, says Pravda.

AMSTERDAM, Holland, Feb. 28.—The Dutch foreign ministry has asked the Belgian foreign ministry whether the published Franco-Belgian-British agreement is authentic. The capitalist press here is conducting a violent anti-Belgian campaign. The social democratic paper Het Volk publishes the Brussels report according to which Vandervelde, for years the foreign minister of Belgium, is allegedly unaware of the interpreting clauses of the secret military agreement.

EMERGENCY FUND

Proletcos Workers Give Day's Wages

Answering the arrest of Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker, on a warrant sworn out by Morris Hillquit, millionaire leader of the socialist party, the workers of Proletcos, the Workers Cooperative restaurant in New York City, all contributed one day's wages to the drive to save the Daily Worker. The sum, to act as financial fuel in the fight the Daily Worker carries

ANTI-WAR DEMONSTRATION, RUTHENBERG MEMORIAL AT FORMAL OPENING TONIGHT

"Defend Soviet Union" to Be Slogan; Honor
Founding of Communist International;
Party Leaders to Open Meet

Delegates from Thruout U. S.; District Two
Urges Workers to Attend Opening

Tonight at 8 o'clock several thousand workers will join in a mighty demonstration against the coming imperialist war at the huge mass meeting in New Star Casino, 107th St. and Park Ave., that will mark the opening of the Sixth National Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party.

The convention comes at a time when the American section of the Communist International, the Workers (Communist) Party, faces the most important tasks in its history. The growing war danger, the attacks on the Soviet Union being planned by the imperialist powers, the nation-wide offensive of the employers against the working class, actively aided by the corrupt officialdom of the American Federation of Labor and the socialist party, side by side with the growing militancy of the workers, make this convention of unusual significance and place a heavy responsibility upon all the delegates. Ruthenberg, Fighter Against Imperialist War.

EXPOSE BRITISH OIL PLOT IN USSR

"Inprecorr" Shows His
Counterfeit Money

LONDON, Feb. 28.—The secretary of the head of Shell Oil Co., the British oil trust, Sir Henry Deterding, stated in his name that he had not signed a contract with the Soviet Union Oil Trust, and was as much an enemy of the first workers' state as ever.

Deterding has carried on for years, ever since he failed to agree with the Soviet Oil Trust over a contract for Baku oil, a campaign of slander and calumny in which his favorite charge against the workers of the Soviet Union is that they have "stolen the oil from its owners" (the capitalist exploiters).

He Made Money.

The February 8 issue of International Press Correspondence contains detailed charges that Deterding has secured the stealing of the secret minutes of a German court which was investigating Georgian chervonetz counterfeiters. The theft included photostatic plates and other evidence which proves that Deterding himself was part of the counterfeiting ring.

Deterding was evidently using the counterfeit money to work out plans submitted to the British admiralty for the conquest of the Caucasian oil fields, to pay for agitation against the Soviet Union in Paris, where he secured the recall of the U. S. S. R. ambassador, and for a publicity campaign.

Counterfeit money and stolen evidence are considered quite moral by a millionaire who wants to start a world war, and who is shocked because the workers have taken the oil fields away from some of his associates.

Convention Delegates
to Attend New Masses
Spring Ball Tonight

Because delegates to the Sixth National Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party will attend the New Masses Ball at the Webster Hall, 11th St. and Irving Place, Fourth Aves., tonight, the event, for the first time since its inception, will be transformed into a national celebration of artists, writers and proletarians. It is not too late to obtain tickets at the Workers Bookshop, 26 Union Square, the New Masses office, 39 Union Square, or tonight at the opening of the Workers (Communist) Party Convention, 107th St. and Park Ave.

The sessions of the convention start tomorrow morning at Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Place. Over 100 delegates from every section of the country, including many coming directly from shop, mine and mill, will be present.

Calling for mass support of the Sixth National Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party, which opens at New Star Casino, 107th St. and Park Ave., tonight, the District Executive Committee of the New York District, through William W. Weinstein, District Organizer, points out in a statement issued last night the significance of the convention in the development of a mass Communist Party in the United States. The statement reads:

Tonight the Sixth National Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party of America opens at New Star Casino, 107th Street and Park Avenue.

The Convention takes place at a critical moment in the life of the working class of America. The American workers are being subjected to the most intense exploitation through the speedup and rationalization and by the heavy burdens of American imperialism.

N. Y. Fascist Papers Supported by Now Defunct City Trust Co. Thru Forged Notes

\$1,000,000 OF BANK'S ASSETS RANK FORGERIES

\$100,000 Forged Note Just Before Crash

Pressure from organizations of the depositors in the City Trust Company bank, closed recently by the banking commissioners because of a \$4,000,000 deficit, forced the district attorney's office to make public yesterday that it is investigating, and promised yesterday that it would investigate and question the officers.

The depositors reveal that the district attorney already has evidence that at least \$1,000,000 of the deficit is based on the discount of palpably and obviously forged securities. One note, discounted by the bank only two months before it collapsed, was for \$100,000.

Stole Money For Fascists. The officers of the bank, depositors say, issued loans on forged securities, and discounted forged notes in order to support with the hundreds of thousands of dollars thus obtained, not only private deals but Italian language fascist newspapers in New York.

Italo Falbo, editor of Il Progresso Italo Americano, the most prominent of these papers, admits receiving heavy loans, on no more security than his deposit of part of the amount loaned in the City Trust Company.

Forced Workers To Deposit.

The bank encouraged the deposits of many Italian workers, their employer in many cases forced them to deposit in this "trust" company, apparently in order to utilize their money without their consent for fascist propaganda, and to pay good salaries to Mussolini's agents in America.

At present the New York state banking department is still assuring the depositors that somebody will buy the bank, and they will get 80 or 90 cents on the dollar for their deposits. But it was learned yesterday that the banking department was counting some of these big forged notes in the assets of the bank in order to make out this case for the directors of the defunct concern. The greatest leniency is being shown the officials of the bank by the state banking department and the district attorney's office. Not one of them has been arrested so far.

HARVEY WRECKS GRAFT PROBING

Mysteriously Abandons \$1,000,000 Graft

Queens Borough President George U. Harvey, after charging publicly that hundreds of thousands of dollars had been stolen in the Queens street cleaning department, has seen something new, or been seen. He suddenly dropped all of the charges yesterday, after a conference with District Attorney Newcomb, issued a written statement to the press, and refused to answer any questions.

Harvey's statement disregards altogether the mysterious murder of Raymond Clark, chauffeur of the street cleaning department officials, just before he was to testify against them, and says nothing about the discharge on the day of Clark's death, of the superintendent of the department, Sullivan.

Harvey's statement is as follows: "Despite the most thorough investigation by Commissioner of Accounts James A. Higgins and his assistants for a period of more than five months, and diligent search by Commissioner Fritz Brieger into irregularities in the Queens Bureau of Street Cleaning, we are able to present to District Attorney Newcomb only evidence that will fix the responsibility for minor thefts."

"Although we know that thousands of gallons of gasoline and other supplies are accounted for in the books of the Street Cleaning Department, I am of the opinion after most careful investigation that it is humanly impossible to fix the responsibility for its loss."

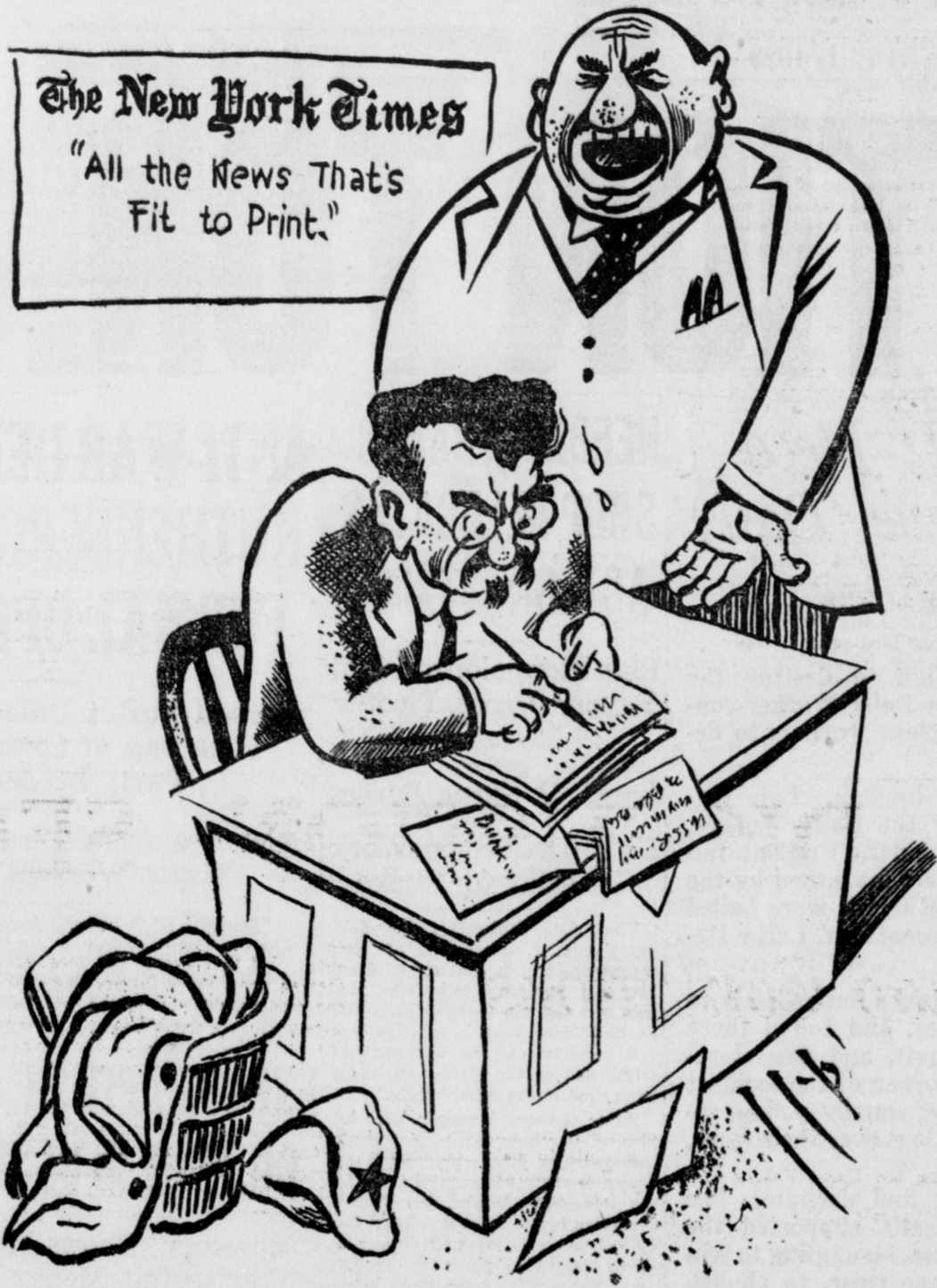
"District Attorney Newcomb has given us the fullest cooperation in this matter and I am satisfied that no evidence can be adduced except that involving petty thefts."

Send Material for the Women's Day Daily Worker Immediately

In preparation for the Women's Day Edition of the Daily Worker, which will appear during the first week in March, request has been made that material for this edition be sent in immediately. Articles from women workers in the shops are especially asked for. Worker correspondence from women workers in all industries is also wanted for the special Women's Day Edition. All such material should be addressed "Women's Day Edition" and sent in care of the Daily Worker, 26 Union Square.

THE NEW "HAND"

By Gropper



Hillquit Is Pivotal Figure on the Witness Stand as He Is Cross-Examined on Steal

(Continued from Page One)

He, was being tied into knots, rushed to his rescue, took the stand and declared:

Hillquit: So there will be no misapprehension, may I say for the record that the defendant concedes that the stock of the 130 East 25th Street Corporation is held by Frederick F. Umhey solely as trustee and subject to the terms of the agreement, dated July, 1926.

Boudin: And all the parties to it therein mentioned?

H: As provided in said agreement. (Court Minutes, Page 109).

Here Boudin began calling off the parties to the agreement, mentioning each local separately, local 2, local 9, local 22 and so on. Hillquit, however, objected to having each local mentioned separately. The judge asked Hillquit why he objected and he said that if all the debts are paid and the shares of a right wing local, local 10, for example, remain untouched, the local would then get its property back. (This was not actually happened.)

On this the judge made the following comment:

"The Court: That would be rather unfortunate in a way, if these other locals' property had been used by the trustee, all that they had put in, and the particular local then got its property back and got off scot free." (Court Minutes, Page 112).

Evidently even the capitalist judge had to express disapproval of the manipulations of Hillquit and Company.

Hillquit had, however, been compelled to admit that the buildings still belonged to their original owners.

"The socialist" corporation lawyer, in the course of the trial, suffered some remarkable lapses of memory. He, for example, forgot who Joseph Boruchowitz is. This was a pretty scene in the trial. Lawyer Boudin put Hillquit, Umhey and Caplowitz, of the International Union Bank on the stand one after the other, and none of them knew what office Boruchowitz held!

Boudin grilled Hillquit as follows:

Boudin: Well, was he (i. e. Boruchowitz—Ed.) an officer of that organization?

Hillquit: I have no personal knowledge of that fact.

B: Did you know that he was an officer of that organization?

H: I knew him as some representative or officer of Local No. 2.

B: That is what I asked you, whether you knew him as an officer of local No. 2?

H: I assumed he was some officer of Local No. 2. (Court Minutes, page 66).

The Reason Why. Why did Hillquit deny that he knew just who Boruchowitz was?

Had not Boruchowitz been to see him many times concerning union matters when Hillquit was still attorney for the Joint Board? Hadn't Boruchowitz signed the agreement Hillquit mentioned on the witness stand in his (Hillquit's) office? But the Joint Board case against

Hillquit and Company had officially been brought up in court as Joseph Boruchowitz versus the 130 East 25th Street Corporation. By denying that they knew Boruchowitz Hillquit and his well-coached tools hoped that the whole case would fall through.

The testimony of Caplowitz on this point is particularly interesting. Here it is:

Boudin—You say that you left the membership of Local No. 2 some time in 1926?

Caplowitz—That is right.

B.—Now, in 1925 you were still a member?

C.—I was.

B.—Did you know who was the secretary in 1925?

C.—I really could not fix the dates of the secretaries.

B.—When the bank was organized, Mr. Caplowitz, you took charge of it as cashier?

C.—I did.

B.—Did you have occasion, Mr. Caplowitz, to find out who was signing checks for Local No. 2 in 1925 and 1926?

C.—I couldn't remember off-hand every officer of an organization or a corporation that we may have in the bank.

B.—You don't know that Mr. Boruchowitz used to sign checks, do you?

C.—I could not say.

B.—Did you ever make loans to Local No. 2 for the bank?

C.—Yes, we made one or two loans.

B.—Did you know who signed these notes for the loans when you made those loans in 1925 or 1926?

C.—There were two signatures required. As to who signed them I cannot remember exactly.

B.—Don't you know that Boruchowitz was one of them?

C.—He was one of the signers, yes. (Court minutes, pages, 73, 74 and 75).

Some Memory!

What was the aim of Caplowitz's idiotic answers? What cloakmaker doesn't know that in 1925 and 1926 Boruchowitz was manager and secretary of Local 2? Both are memorable years—1925, the joint action struggle, and 1926, the big cloak strike. Every member of Local No. 2 most certainly knew what office Boruchowitz held. And Caplowitz, the bank cashier, seems to have had a memory equally as bad as Caplowitz the member of Local No. 2.

He doesn't seem to know who signed the checks and notes of Local No. 2.

Hillquit pulled the strings and marionette Caplowitz did the rest.

After finishing with Caplowitz, Lawyer Boudin again called to the witness stand Frederick Umhey, Hillquit's office manager. Boudin wanted to get information from him concerning the sale of the bank shares belonging to the Joint Board and the left wing locals, but Umhey found it remarkably difficult to give direct answers.

Boudin: Now, will you say that you remember having the stock transfer book of the Cloak Operators Lyceum, Inc., in December, 1926?

Umhey: I recall having a stock-

B: Answer the question yes or no.

U: I recall having a stock transfer book in my office in 1926, yes sir.

B: That is no answer. You know there are lots of transfer stock books in your office probably. I asked you a specific question. (Court Minutes, Page 81).

Umhey had "a" stock transfer book, but he tried to squirm out of admitting that he had a specific stock transfer book in his possession. However, he did not escape so easily. Boudin finally succeeded in making him talk concerning the sale of the shares.

Boudin: To whom did you sell this stock?

Umhey: I sold in the first instance 375 shares as one group.

B: When did you sell that first item?

U: That I think was in May 1927.

B: To whom did you sell that?

U: I sold that to a group of the directors of the bank.

B: And what were their names?

U: Mr. Solomon Fillene and Mr. A. Berkman.

B: Berkman?

U: Berkman, Mr. Philip—

B: What does the "A" stand for?

U: Alexander, I believe.

Hillquit: Aaron.

Umhey (continues): Mr. Phillip Rodriguez and Mr. Morris Hillquit.

Boudin: How much did you get for that?

U: Two hundred dollars a share.

B: And what was the next sale made by you?

U: The next sale was the entire balance, 900 shares.

B: When was that sold and to whom?

U: That was sold in about November 1927.

B: And how much did you sell that for?

U: I don't know.

B: Well, you are a director of the bank, or you were at that time?

U: Yes.

B: Did they get it from the bank?

U: My recollection is a small part of it, yes.

B: You don't know the rest? (Court Minutes, pages 114, 115, 116).

NEEDLE TRADES SHOP DELEGATES ACT ON STRIKES

Union Dress Shops Work Saturday for Strike

(Continued from Page One)

department of the NTLWU, stated that the strike against two shops, Reinman and Blumgard, is continuing and all workers are out. He called attention to the character of the scabs who are working in the shops. None other than socialists such as Glassman, Ritman, Richman, Kramer and Brown, as well as the Willie Yacker gangsters, are scabbing openly against the striking workers.

On Saturday afternoon the New Playwrights Theatre will give a performance of John Dos Passos' new play, "Airways, Inc." which will be free to the shop chairmen and members of the general strike committee, at the Grove Street Theatre.

The trial of John De Santos, arrested while seated in the courtroom yesterday, on complaint of S. Spitzer, an employer, who charged that De Santos assaulted him two weeks ago on the picket lines, was postponed this morning to March 8th. Sam Markowitz was in Jefferson Market Court as attorney for the complainant. He is the attorney for the ILGWU and has appeared in court nearly every day to act as informer, provocateur, and attorney for the employers. In this case Markowitz prevailed upon the employer to sign the complaint which he failed to do yesterday. The bail was raised from \$160 to \$250, due to the efforts of Markowitz. 24 others who were taken in Monday's wholesale arrests, had their cases adjourned to March 8th. The trial of Irving Potash, picket captain, George Leanos, and Ben Goldberg, arrested Feb. 23rd when they repulsed the attack of right wing gangsters, was adjourned to March 5th.

Won't Dismiss Rosemond.

The complainant against Henry Rosemond, Negro furrier who was beaten up on Feb. 6th, the first day of the strike, failed for the third time to appear this morning. Judge Farrell refused to dismiss the charge of assault against Rosemond and postponed the case to March 8th.

The trial of the four strikers arrested Feb. 25th, who according to the union attorney, were obviously framed up by the right wing, was adjourned to March 8th. Arrested in the courtroom on the complaint of Louis Reiff, chairman of Local 35 of the right wing ILGWU and member of the socialist party, that they threatened him as he was waiting to testify against Sonia Chaiken who had been arrested on his complaint, they charged that they are known to Reiff as militant left wingers and he is trying to frame up a case against them.

Jack Shine's case was postponed to March 11th. All of these strikers were, as usual, charged with disorderly conduct.

U: Alexander, I believe.

Hillquit: Aaron.

Umhey (continues): Mr. Phillip Rodriguez and Mr. Morris Hillquit.

Boudin: How much did you get for that?

U: Two hundred dollars a share.

B: And what was the next sale made by you?

U: The next sale was the entire balance, 900 shares.

B: When was that sold and to whom?

U: That was sold in about November 1927.

B: And how much did you sell that for?

U: I don't know.

B: Well, you are a director of the bank, or you were at that time?

U: Yes.

B: Did they get it from the bank?

U: My recollection is a small part of it, yes.

B: You don't know the rest? (Court Minutes, pages 114, 115, 116).

Hillquit Takes the Stand.

Umhey was unable to answer. He had reached the end of his squirming and he was "stumped." Here Boudin turned to the judge and said: "I ask permission to suspend with this witness and ask Mr. Hillquit to take the stand." (Court Minutes, page 116).

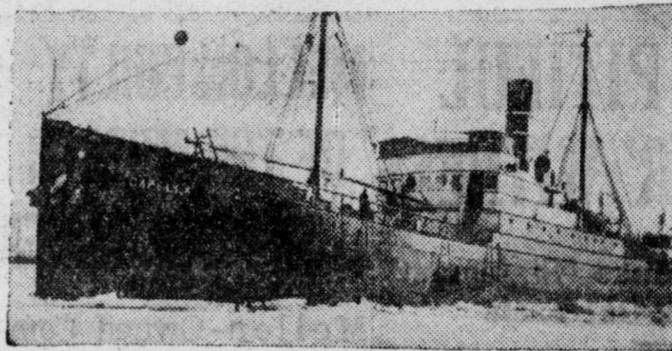
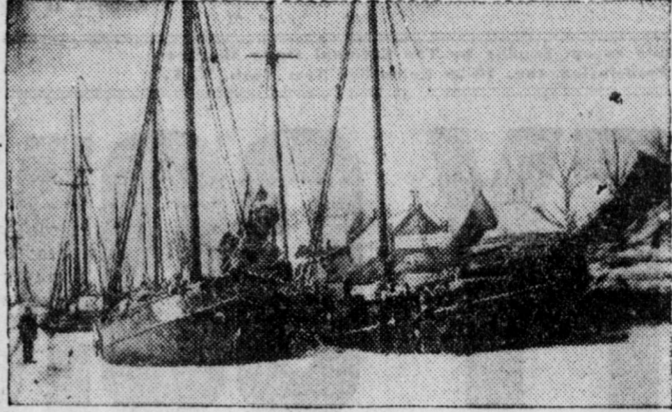
And Morris Hillquit, corporation lawyer, shareholder of the open-shop Burns Coal Company and socialist party leader, took the stand. And Hillquit was compelled to let the cat out of the bag.

(Tomorrow the Daily Worker will print the verbatim testimony of Hillquit, telling how the shares were sold and the cloak and dress-makers were swindled out of \$150,000. Don't miss the fourth installment of this remarkable expose. Tell your friends and shop-mates about it.)

NEW USSR FISH TRAWLER.

MOSCOW, (By Mail).—A large trawler constructed for the Soviet Northern Fish Trust has been completed at Stettin, Germany. The trawler will be used at Murmansk.

Seamen Suffer in Record Cold Spell



Above, ships frozen in the canal at Hottelau, Germany, during one of the most severe cold spells Europe's workers have known in years. Below, the passengers were taken off a trans-oceanic liner by a ladder, while the seamen were forced to remain aboard the ship. In some cities the temperature fell to 49 degrees below zero, killing hundreds of unemployed workers and poor peasants.

U: One hundred ninety-five dollars a share.

B: What?

U: One hundred ninety-five a share for the entire balance, 900 shares.

B: To whom was that sold?

U: That was sold to the Joint Board of Cloakmakers' Union.

B: You mean that?

U: I do.

B: How did the Joint Board pay for it, if you know?

U: How do you mean how they pay for it?

B: You know the Joint Board owes the bank all this money and is practically bankrupt and they still owe \$100,000 to the bank?

U: That is right.

B: How did it pay for it; where did they get the money to pay for it?

U: Where they got the money?

B: Yes.

U: I don't know.

B: Well, you are a director of the bank, or you were at that time?

U: Yes.

B: Did they get it from the bank?

U: My recollection is a small part of it, yes.

B: You don't know the rest? (Court Minutes, pages 114, 115, 116).

Hillquit Takes the Stand.

Umhey was unable to answer. He had reached the end of his squirming and he was "stumped." Here Boudin turned to the judge and said: "I ask permission to suspend with this witness and ask Mr. Hillquit to take the stand." (Court Minutes, page 116).

And Morris Hillquit, corporation lawyer, shareholder of the open-shop Burns Coal Company and socialist party leader, took the stand. And Hillquit was compelled to let the cat out of the bag.

(Tomorrow the Daily Worker will print the verbatim testimony of Hillquit, telling how the shares were sold and the cloak and dress-makers were swindled out of \$150,000. Don't miss the fourth installment of this remarkable expose. Tell your friends and shop-mates about it.)

NEW USSR FISH TRAWLER.

MOSCOW, (By Mail).—A large trawler constructed for the Soviet Northern Fish Trust has been completed at Stettin, Germany. The trawler will be used at Murmansk.

REPORT SANDINO WHIPS MARINES IN NEW BATTLE

U.S. Invades Honduras But Meets Defeat

TEGUCIGALPA, Honduras, Feb. 28.—In their murderous hunt to suppress the stubborn struggle of Sandino's army of Nicaraguan independence, the U. S. marines have invaded the territory of Honduras but, according to reports here, have been soundly whipped by Sandino's troops at the Honduran town of Las Manos.

The marines burned the Honduran village of Santa Maria when forced to retreat by Sandino's troops, according to reports. No account of casualties are given in the reports.

CYRILL NEW "WHITE HOPE."

PARIS, Feb. 28 (UP).—Prince Nikita, Russian exile in Paris who recently was chosen by the "white army" of exiled monarchists as pretender to the lost throne of the czars, has retired in favor of Grand Duke Cyrill, it was learned tonight.

Wall St. Undecided on Labor Post in Hoover Cabinet; May Be Davis

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—The latest rumors on the Hoover cabinet indicate that Vice President Doak of the Railway Trainmen may not get the promised position of secretary of labor after all, and that James J. Davis, the present incumbent, may remain. Doak is an efficient misleader of labor, but Davis has done nothing to cause his ousting, from the employers' point of view.

Thomas D. Campbell, of Montana, the largest grain land owner in the United States, and recently back from Europe, will probably head the usual "fake" farm relief investigation board. Such a board is made necessary by the republican promises during the election, but under landlord leadership, the "dirt farmers" will be merely "kidded by experts."

USSR GLASS OUTPUT.

VOLOGDA, U.S.S.R. (By Mail).—The "Zarya" glass factory in Vologda increased its production to 1,000 cases of glassware during January. Production in previous months has never exceeded 800 cases per month. The amount of breakage has been reduced from 20 to 11 per cent.

WORLD TOURISTS, Inc.

175-5th Avenue, New York, N. Y. Tel. ALG 6626

Your Chance to See SOVIET RUSSIA at Lowest Rates

The Soviet government welcomes its friends and will put all facilities at your disposal to see everything—go everywhere—form your own opinion of the greatest social experiment in the history of mankind at first hand. World Tourists Inc. offer you a choice of tours which will exactly fit your desires and purse. Don't dream of going to Russia—make it a reality!

Write immediately to WORLD TOURISTS, Inc.

175-5th Avenue, New York, N. Y. Tel. ALG 6626

NEW MASSES SPRING CARNIVAL TONIGHT

Webster Hall 119 EAST 11TH STREET

Sensational Attraction

The Savoy Wild Cats The Pride of Lenox Ave. George Ganaway & Bertha Vandervilt in a dance selection "Scrambled Feet" and GEORGE SNOWDEN and PAULINE MORSE in their interpretation of the Harlem Stomp.

VERNON ANDRADE Renaissance Orchestra DANCING TILL 3 A. M.

For the convenience of delegates and workers who will attend the Mass Meeting at Star Casino, Tickets will be sold there. Everybody is Urged to Come to the Carnival After the Meeting

Phone reservations at New Masses Office until 8 p. m. Remember! Tickets at the Door Are \$2.50!

BUY OR RESERVE IN ADVANCE AT \$1.50 On sale at New Masses, 39 Union Sq. (phone orders accepted—ALG. 4445) Workers Bookshop, 25 Union Sq.; Rand Book Store, 7 E. 15th St.; Negro Champion, 100 W. 133rd Street.

THE WORKERS BOOK-SHOP WILL BE OPEN UNTIL 11 P. M. TO SELL TICKETS

The Undying Example of Proletarian Heroism! Now Playing! Authentic!

Actual! THE SENSATIONAL POLAR DRAMA WHICH SHOOK THE WORLD!



A Sovkino Production—An Amkino Release THE OFFICIAL MOTION PICTURE OF THE SOVIET EXPEDITION WHICH SAVED THE NOBLE CREW — and on the same program — "A DAY WITH TOLSTOY" AN ACTUAL FILM RECORD OF THE GREAT RUSSIAN

filmguildcinema 52 W. EIGHTH ST. (bet. 5th & 6th Aves.) Continuous Performances. Popular Prices. Daily (incl. Sat. & Sun.) from 12 to 12. SPECIAL 12 to 2 p. m. .35c FOR WEEK DAYS: 2 to 6 p. m. .50c

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK

ASSETS EXCEEDING \$29,000,000 Deposits made on or before the 3rd day of the month will draw interest from the 1st day of the month. Last Quarterly Dividend paid on all accounts from \$5.00 to \$7,500.00, at the rate of 4 1/2%. Open Mondays (all day) until 1 P. M. Banking by Mail Society Accounts Accepted We Sell A. B. A. Travelers Certified Checks

101 THIRD AVE. Cor 7th St.

Right Wing Corrupt Officials of the Pocketbook Union Make the Elections a Farce

SHIPLACOFF MEN READY TO STEAL ELECTION AGAIN

Tools Force Workers to Vote for Misleaders

The Shiplacoff-Wolinsky clique recently performed the first act of the election farce which is to bring in a "new" administration in the Pocketbook Workers' Union.

"Electing" Shiplacoff's Gang. Shiplacoff, lauding himself to the skies because of the "great majority" of votes he received in the last elections, is simply throwing sand in the eyes of the workers. It is a well known fact that the Election-Objection Committee does the voting. These tools of the clique stand by every voter and give him orders on how to vote. For a worker to question this conduct of the committee is to endanger his job, to say the least. The ballot is taken away and the "boys" add another vote to Shiplacoff's great "majority."

Despite all this terrorism there were at the last election a few hundred workers, who did defy this terrorism, and cast their vote for the left wing candidates.

Now, the administration is preparing itself to perform the second act of the yearly election comedy by placing its own tools on the various election committees. Again the machine is tightening its screws against the membership.

The administration knows full well that it could not hold on to power in face of strong resistance on the part of the left wing section committees to the administration's company union tactics.

It was precisely for this reason that the administration ousted the Pocketbook Makers section committee in 1926. Shiplacoff felt the growing influence of this committee among the Pocketbook Makers and Helpers, and what is more he knows that with such committees in office he will be forced to "produce the goods"—he will be forced to see that the interests of the workers are protected—that the agreement with the manufacturers does not remain a scrap of paper—an impossible task for a "socialist" manager.

Wages Forced Down. The dual system of piece work and week work in the same shop has not been checked with the result that in one and the same shop half of the pocketbook makers are working and the other half starving. The pocketbook makers committee has done nothing to check the vigorous movement of the bosses to declassify the pocketbook makers working on bag work. The manufacturers in their refusal to recognize these workers as classified mechanics, taking advantage of the fact that the agreement does not definitely specify the work they do as being mechanic's work, are forcing down the wages even below the minimum scale.

The union is about to enter into negotiations with the employers for a new agreement. A leadership hated and discredited by the membership for its incompetence, that has been working hand in glove with the employers against the workers, can only conclude in a complete sell-out of the very basic conditions of the workers.

Right Wing Sell-Out to Bosses. Is it Morris White that the leadership expects to fight for the maintenance of union conditions in his shop, when day by day they give him all the necessary aid and comfort in discharging workers for the flimsiest excuse? Or is the Maxim shop, the new up-to-date hell hole, where Goldman, the secretary-treasurer, makes his daily round and does not consider it a day's work until he exchanges confidences with the boss how to make production in his plant more efficient is a Morris White? The 600 workers employed in the above shops constitute the very backbone of the organization. With this mass of workers forced against the wall (and they are not the only ones, but typical of the trade) by the bosses with the help of the union officials, the entire organization becomes but a name that can frighten a cockroach boss.

When such a union leadership speaks of conferences with the bosses they have in mind not to fight against the bosses but betrayal of the interests of the workers.

Propose Employment Bureau. The proposition of the Progressive Group for the establishment of an employment bureau which is to consist of five members representing each section would be a death blow to the despotism and back-door methods with which the employment office is managed at present. Hundreds of workers prefer to swallow the lowest insults of their bosses and foremen, to shut their eyes to the miserable conditions prevailing in the shops rather than leave their jobs, knowing that they will be forced to walk the streets for months before they can expect the least consideration of the employment clerk. One readily sees that this plays into the hands of the bosses. In fact it is a scheme for the bosses' advantage only. Evidently the employers do not expect such favors for nothing.

Real and fraternal intersection relationship is another burning question of the day. Unless this relationship is established not only the pocketbook makers and helpers, who

Inaugural Claptrap of Imperialist Bulldog to Be Staged in Washington



The plaza and east front of the capital building at Washington, where preparations are being made to inaugurate Herbert Hoover on March 4. Here he is to swear loyalty to the "nation," meaning, of course, to Wall Street and its imperialism.

Kenosha Officials Paid Pinkertons in Hose Strike

(By a Worker Correspondent)

In the semi-monthly bulletin issued by the Allen A strikers, the "Kenosha Hosiery Worker," an expose is made of the methods used by the city government of Kenosha, Wis., to break the strike. The nature of the expenses of the district attorney's office is shown, by the following quotation from an expense bill of former District Attorney Lewis W. Powell:

Services of operator K. F. B., June 2 to 4, inclusive (4 1/2 days at \$15 per day).....	\$ 67.50
Services of Sup. W. H. G., June 2 to 8, inclusive (4 1/2 days at \$25 per day).....	112.50
Services of E. E. H., June 5 to 8, inclusive (3 days at \$15 per day).....	45.00
Services of W. R. H., June 6 (1 day at \$15).....	15.00
Expenses—train fares.....	23.01
Car and bus.....	2.83
Meals.....	24.75
Hotel room rent.....	16.75
Auto and cab hire.....	19.79
Expenses of informant.....	45.00
Fee to informant for service—1 week.....	30.00
Telephone and telegraph.....	1.96
Incidentals.....	11.15
Law enforcement total.....	\$415.24

(Paid by check No. 7327 to National Pinkerton Detective Agency.) This bill throws a searchlight on

are suffering enormously thru the slackness of pocketbook production, as distinguished from bags, but also the cutters, who are suffering from unemployment, because of the introduction of cutting machines and clickers, will begin to feel the whip of the employers. The conditions of the operators are gradually being undermined because of the administration's policy to permit non-union temporary operators to work in the shops during the season and then throwing them into the street instead of taking them into the union and having control over them. Even the framers are already confronted

with constant lowering of their wages, because of the growing open shop evil. Framers are working for as low as \$30 per week. The Amazon leather goods concern is an example of this open shop competition. The administration is doing nothing but lip service to check all these evils and naturally the bosses are taking full advantage of these conditions.

The intersection transfer system as proposed by the Progressive Group must be established in order to regulate and balance the uneven distribution of employment in the various sections and thereby main-

tain the standard guaranteed by the agreement. Under the guidance of progressive committees the framers could be made to realize their fraternal duties and solidarity and would join hands over the heads of the clique with the rest of the workers in a decisive struggle against the bankrupt administration.

The election of left wing section committees would be a warning to the manufacturers to keep their hands off our union, and would serve as a check against the administration if the negotiations with the employers are not to end in the destruction of the union.

CHARGE BOLIVIA KILLED PRISONER

Paraguay Halts More War Exchanges

ROSARIO, Argentina, Feb. 28.—Paraguay refuses to proceed with the exchange of prisoners with Bolivia, which were taken by each side in the Chaco conflict during December, on the grounds that one Paraguayan soldier, named Martinez, was taken prisoner by Bolivian troops, but does not appear among those to be exchanged. It is intimated that Paraguay believes Martinez was killed after capture and while a prisoner.

The Bolivian general, Carlos Gumucio, who participated in the December fight in the Chaco, accuses Paraguay of obstruction of the exchange, saying that Bolivia has no such Paraguayan soldier captive as Martinez. Gumucio has arrived here to carry out the exchange either here or in Corrientes, as Bolivia declines to make the exchange at Formosa, because of the predominant Paraguayan population in that Argentine town.

David E. Kaufman, U. S. Minister to Bolivia, announced his resignation will be handed in automatically at the close of President Coolidge's term of office. Kaufman made the announcement on return from Bolivia aboard the Southern Cross.

DAYTON, O., Feb. 28 (UP).—Lieutenant Harry Johnson yesterday failed in his fourth attempt to set a new altitude record when the altimeter on his airplane froze when he was at 35,300 feet.

with constant lowering of their wages, because of the growing open shop evil. Framers are working for as low as \$30 per week. The Amazon leather goods concern is an example of this open shop competition. The administration is doing nothing but lip service to check all these evils and naturally the bosses are taking full advantage of these conditions.

The intersection transfer system as proposed by the Progressive Group must be established in order to regulate and balance the uneven distribution of employment in the various sections and thereby main-

AUTOCRAT RULES 'SOCIALIST' CITY GARBAGE PLANT

Workers Fired If They Make Any Complaint

(By a Worker Correspondent)

MILWAUKEE, Wis. (By Mail).—The city of Milwaukee is going to switch the basis of pay of the workmen at the garbage disposal plant from an hourly to a monthly basis. Conditions in this garbage disposal plant of the municipal government, controlled by "socialists," are miserable. Although the time cards of the workers carry a statement that workers are asked to make any complaints to the foreman, in case of dissatisfaction, if you dare to make any complaint you are either fired outright or you are laid off for five or ten days.

One man complained to the timekeeper about the rotten conditions and was instantly laid off for five days. He was told that this was done because he complained to the timekeeper instead of to the foreman, but this was a lie, as you are laid off even if you complain to the foreman.

Lucky to Choke. One of the workers at the garbage plant was nearly overcome by smoke and fumes, due to a defect in the apparatus, and when he reported it to the superintendent, L. L. Hannifan, the super snapped at him, "You're working, aren't you?"

"Yes," answered the worker, who was half knocked out by the smoke. "You're damned lucky you have a job, aren't you?" yelled Hannifan.

Socialist Discipline. Hannifan says that he expects every garbage handler to be able to read and write English perfectly for the miserable wages paid the slaves at the plant.

Hannifan has instituted a discipline as strict as army discipline, and the men are told they must "live up to every letter of the regulations."

"Discipline must be rigid," says this autocrat who does the dirty work of enslaving the workers at the municipal garbage disposal plant of the "socialist" controlled government of Milwaukee. The men know nothing of the change from the hourly pay basis to the monthly basis until after it was in effect. The garbage handlers in this "socialist" city are not considered worth being informed when a change in their wage conditions is to be made.

The pay is so poor that many of the garbage handlers are forced to work in the field during the day

"The Broken Chain" Opens at Maxim Elliott Theatre

IN SIL-VARA COMEDY

ANYONE interested in viewing a life among Chasidic Jews, a fanatical set of religious worshippers, may find "The Broken Chain," by William J. Perlman, now at the Maxim Elliott Theatre, an unusually fine play, while others will claim that it is very dull. There is one thing, however, that everyone can agree upon. That is, the play is well written and acted by a large cast headed by Frank McGlynn, who plays the part of Reb Velvete Slomner.

The play will not have a very broad appeal, due to the fact that it is rather odd, and to a certain extent severe in its interpretation of the Jewish religion.

Reb Slomner, the rabbi, is shocked when his son, instead of following in his footsteps, decided to become a prizefighter. Then his grief is intensified when his married daughter leaves her husband to live with another man. In his son's place as a rabbinical student, Slomner places Gabriel, who had married his daughter. When the girl leaves him to live with a boy she loves the old rabbi considers his daughter dead, according to Jewish custom. Religious scheme to move him from the synagogue, pointing to his daughter's actions for their justification. However, they do not succeed, for the rabbi performs a "miracle" and saves his job. He then forgives his daughter and everybody is happy. This stupid and weak ending to the play is absolutely unjustified and prevents it from being considered as a truthful portrayal of a group of exceptionally religious people. After being courageous enough to write two and a half acts in a logical and sane manner, Mr. Perlman apparently got cold feet and decided to have things turn out in the usually expected manner of a happy ending. While he succeeded in his purpose, he has done his play a great deal of harm.

In addition to Mr. McGlynn, other members of the cast include Edgar Barrier, Mary Fowler and Sarah Biala.


USE TOBACCO WASTES. MOSCOW, (By Mail).—The Commissariat for Trade has ratified a plan to construct a factory for the production of tobacco extracts and nicotine from tobacco dust and waste. The output of the factory will not only satisfy the internal demand but will permit the export of 1,000,000 rubles' worth of nicotine and tobacco extracts annually.

and the plant at night to receive a wage anywhere near a living wage. J. K.

R.R. MECHANICS WIN INCREASE. Eleven thousand mechanical workers on the Union Pacific Railroad have gained a wage increase of \$1.73 a week.

—J. P. A.

READ NEW SERIAL



"BILL HAYWOOD'S BOOK"

(EXCLUSIVE RIGHTS TO RE-PUBLISH BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT WITH THE INTERN. PUBLISHERS)

THAT absorbing story of the class struggle by one who has a distinct place in the American Labor Movement. His life was devoted to a relentless fight against capitalism and for the emancipation of the workers.

START READING THESE MEMOIRS TODAY!

IN THE

Daily Worker

26 UNION SQUARE, New York City

ON SALE AT ALL NEWSSTANDS IN NEW YORK AND VICINITY

BUY AN EXTRA COPY FOR YOUR SHOPMATE!—IF YOU LIVE OUTSIDE NEW YORK — SUBSCRIBE!

CARNEGIE HALL

SATURDAY AT 8:30

March 2nd

RECITAL OF MUSIC

LEON THEREMIN

SOVIET RUSSIAN SCIENTIST AND INVENTOR

Ether-Wave Music Instruments

AND THEIR DEVELOPMENT DURING 1928 IN AMERICA

IN PROGRAM: BACH, BEETHOVEN, TSCAIKOVSKY, CHOPIN, PROKOFIEFF, RAVEL, ETC.

The music is produced solely by delicate and plastic movements of hands and fingers in the air without contact with the instruments! SEATS NOW ON SALE PRICES: \$2.50, \$2.00, \$1.50, \$1.00, 75c

DEMATERIALIZED MUSIC

NEW TONAL AND ARTISTIC POSSIBILITIES

ARTHUR JUDSON, Concert Management.

Mass Opening

of the

6TH NATIONAL CONVENTION

of the

WORKERS (Communist) PARTY OF AMERICA

TONIGHT

NEW STAR CASINO

East 107th St., near Park Ave.

SECOND MEMORIAL OF THE DEATH OF C. E. RUTHENBERG (July 9, 1882—March 2, 1927)

First Showing of New Russian Film "RUSSIA IN 1928"

Nationally Known Communist Leaders Will Speak

—ADMISSION 50c

Buy Your Tickets at District Office; Workers Center, or at National Office, 43 E. 125th St.

Theatre Guild Productions

EUGENE O'NEILL'S

DYNAMO

MARTIN BECK THEA. 45th W. of 8th Ave. Evs. 8:40 Mats., Thurs. & Sat. 2:40

SIL-VARA COMEDY

CAPRICE

GUILD THEA. W. 52nd St. Evs. 8:30 Mats., Wed., Thurs., Sat. 2:40

Wings Over Europe

By Robert Nichols and Maurice Browne

ALVIN THEATRE 52nd St. W. of Broadway. Evs. 8:30; Mats., Wed. & Sat.

EUGENE O'NEILL'S

Strange Interlude

John GOLDEN Thea. 58th E. of W'way Evs. 8:30; Mats., Wed. & Sat. 2:40

ARTHUR HOPKINS presents

HOLIDAY

Comedy Hit by PHILIP BARRY

PLYMOUTH Thea. W. 45 St. Ev. 8:50 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

Chanin's MAJESTIC Theatre 44th St. West of Broadway. Evs. 8:30; Mats.: Wed. & Sat. 2:30

The Greatest and Funniest Revue

Pleasure Bound

CIVIC REPERTORY 145 St. 6th Av. Evs. 8:30; Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30

EVA LE GALLIENNE, Director

Tonight, "Katerina." Sat. Mat., "Peter Pan." Sat. Eve., "Lady from Alfaceque" and "On the High Road."

Burke Theatre

White Plains & Burke Avenues Tel. Olivette 9088 — Bronx

'The End of St. Petersburg'

with ALEXIS DAVORE and OLGA KORLOFF

SATURDAY, SUNDAY, MONDAY, MAR. 2, 3, 4

To All Labor and Fraternal Organizations, Workers Party Sections and Affiliated Organizations!

SCHEDULE A PERFORMANCE AT ONCE OF—

Airways, Inc.

JOHN DOS PASSOS PLAY OF A GREAT MILL STRIKE

Now Playing at the Grove Street Theatre

Make \$275 for the Daily Worker and the Needle Trades Strikers

Call FAXTON at SPRING 2772 for Arrangements.

"In AIRWAYS, INC. John Dos Passos attacks boldly the major problem of our Age and our America—namely, the class war. This is the play of the American workers awakening to class consciousness." —MIKE GOLD.

New Playwrights Theatre, 22 Grove St., New York City

A UNIQUE REVIEW!

"STAGE AND BACK STAGE"

staged and directed by

MOISHE NADIR

ONE-ACT PLAYS—ACROBATICS DANCE AND MUSIC

Tickets at Box Office, Freshet and Amber Concert Bureau, 106 East 14th Street, New York City

CIVIC REPERTORY SUN. EVE., MARCH 10 THEATRE, 105 W. 14th Street

Foreign Trade of USSR Grows; Many Large Orders Placed with American Firms

WORKERS PARTY CONVENTION OPEN IN N. Y. C. TODAY

Anti-War Rally Will Honor Ruthenberg

(Continued from Page One) The American working class is resisting this increasing exploitation...

The Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party of America will be a huge mobilization of the forces of the Party and of the revolutionary workers...

The Convention will intensify the struggle against social reformism, against the labor bureaucracy of the A. F. of L. against the yellow socialists...

The Convention will particularly focus its attention upon the growing war danger resulting from the increasing rivalries of American imperialism with Great Britain and of the imperialist states against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

The Convention will intensify the struggle against the right wing within the Party as well as against the opportunist Trotskyist grouping...

All members of the Workers (Communist) Party, all revolutionary workers who see the need for the rapid development of the revolutionary forces in the United States will attend this meeting.

The general crisis of capitalism is deepening. The antagonisms of world capitalism are becoming ever sharper. The present moment requires the unification of the forces of revolutionary workers...

The New York district, which has been the battle ground of many big struggles, garment, textile and silk workers greets the National Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party...

—DISTRICT EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, DISTRICT NO. 2, WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY OF AMERICA, WILLIAM W. WEINSTONE, DISTRICT ORGANIZER.

"All possible efforts must be made to mobilize the entire League membership for participation in the mass demonstration that will mark the opening of the 6th National Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party of America..."

In order to make it possible for all League members to be present arrangements have been made to admit unemployed League members free of charge...

PARIS, Feb. 28.—Marshal Ferdinand Foch, generalissimo of the Allied troops in the world war, lies ill of a lung and kidney disease...

Mussolini Has Workers Jailed in U. S.



Acting on instructions cabled by fascist police in Naples, Italy, United States officials arrested five Italian workers...

Workers Party Activities

Section 4 Daily Dance. Entertainment and dance for the funds of the Daily Worker and Spanish and Negro papers...

Social. Y. W. L. Williamsburgh section will hold a social tomorrow at the Workers Center, 55 Manhattan Ave...

"Young Workers" Dance and Entertainment. A dance and entertainment for the benefit of the "Young Workers" will be given by the Young Workers Unit 1 and 2...

International Branch 1, Section 3 Subsection E. International Branch 1, Section 3 Subsection E has changed its meeting night from Monday to Friday...

Spanish Fraction Ball. A "Ball for Solidarity" will be given by the Spanish fraction of the Party, Saturday night, March 16...

International Women's Day. International Women's Day will be celebrated at the Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave...

Daily Worker Spring Dance, Bath Beach. Unit 4, Section 7, Bath Beach, will give a Daily Worker dance at 45 Bay 28th St., Saturday evening, March 16.

Young Workers League Dance. An entertainment and dance under the auspices of the Young Workers League will be held at Harlem Casino, 116th St. and Lenox Ave., March 30...

East New York Y. W. L. Forum. The first open forum of the East New York Young Workers League will be held Sunday, 8:30 p. m., 213 Hinesdale St.

Italian Fraction Ball. The Italian fraction of Harlem will hold a social, March 2, 8 p. m., 314 E. 104th St.

Italian Fraction Concert, Ball. The concert and ball arranged by the Italian fraction of Harlem...

State Legislature of Kansas Has 7 "Labor" Lobbyists; One UMWA

TOPEKA, Kansas, Feb. 28.—The complete futility of labor unions looking to capitalist legislative bodies to improve the condition of the workers instead of by their own organized power...

Yet at the Kansas State Legislature this year there are no less than seven lobbyists for "labor," from the A. F. of L. and the R. R. Brotherhoods, of course, the labor aristocracy with one exception...

The U. M. W. lobbyist will have pleasant company, as C. N. Price of Pittsburg, Kansas, will hobnob with the "union" man in the lobbies of the Kansas capital.

Paris Bourgeois Fear Communist Town Near

ATHIS-MONS, France, Feb. 28.—The Communist Municipal Government of this industrial town of 10,000 people, has bought the chateau of Avaucourt for a city hall.

Textile Mill Owners Demand Child Slavery

BOSTON, (LRA)—A bill to raise the age at which children may get working papers from 14 to 15 years is opposed by republican and democratic representatives from textile centers...

REICHSTAG VOTES DOWN RED MOTION IN A BIG SESSION

Social-Democrats for Backing Imperialists

BERLIN, Feb. 28.—The Communist motion of confidence in the German government, sharply criticizing the new German imperialism and its social-democratic supporters, was voted down in the Reichstag today.

The crisis which is now gripping the coalition regime, was momentarily delayed when the People's Party, of which foreign minister Gustave Stresemann is head, voted in an ambiguous way late last night to support the coalition, despite the desire of its industrialist members for a reduction in taxes and their dissatisfaction with the proceedings of the reparations committee.

The "Steel Helmets," fascist organization of Germany, has been holding provocative demonstrations for a week and its speakers declare that the time has come for an open dictatorship.

The crisis, however, seems to have been delayed for the moment, and the moderate elements (reformists) seem to have taken the situation in hand for fear that too drastic a move towards dictatorship may arouse the workers to civil war.

COOLIDGE SIGNS NEW WAR BILL

17 Millions to Be Used for Preparations

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—President Coolidge yesterday signed the bill appropriating \$17,185,610 for army housing projects in various parts of the United States, the Canal Zone and the insular possessions.

Most of the funds appropriated in the bill will be devoted to construction of hospitals, barracks and officers' quarters at army posts.

During the last war, some delay in mobilization and training of the millions of conscripts was occasioned by the lack of barracks.

Reports which evade the censorship multiply in proof of the insistent rumors that during the dissolution of the artillery corps, many clashes took place between the infantrymen charged with disarming and ousting the artillerymen and the artillery officers.

All in all in accord with the report that the situation in Spain grows daily more impossible for the continued dictatorship of Primo de Rivera. It is said by some that if a new armed movement should take place, De Rivera could not face it, and King Alfonso himself would be compelled to place himself at the head of the army to quell the revolt.

NEW USSR COPPER DEPOSITS. MOSCOW. (By Mail).—An exploring party of the Soviet Geologic Survey has discovered large deposits of copper ore in the vicinity of Kazil Orda in Kazakhstan. The deposits are located near the Turkestan-Siberian railway, which makes them valuable for future exploitation.

FROM FACTORY TO YOU! HIGH-GRADE MEN'S and YOUNG MEN'S SUITS From \$12.50 to \$25.00 PARK CLOTHING STORE 93 Ave. A. Cor. 6th St., N. Y. C.

COOPERATORS! PATRONIZE M. FORMAN Allerton Carriage, Bicycle and Toy Shop 736 ALLERTON AVENUE (Near Allerton Theatre, Bronx) Phone, 6111ville 2583

Cooperators! Patronize E. KARO Your Nearest Stationery Store Cigars - Cigarettes - Candy 649 ALLERTON AVE. Cor. Barker, BRONX, N. Y. Tel.: Olinville 9681-2-9791-2

Cooperators! Patronize SAM LESSER Ladies and Gents' Tailor 1818 - 7th Ave. New York Between 110th and 111th Sts. Next to Unity Co-operative House

Patronize No-Tip Barber Shops 26-28 UNION SQUARE (1 flight up) 2700 BRONX PARK EAST (corner Allerton Ave.)

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

International Labor Defense Bazaar. The annual bazaar of the International Labor Defense, New York district will take place March 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 in New Star Casino, 107th St. and Park Ave. Make donations—contributions—come into the office, 799 Broadway, Room 422 and help us with the preparatory work.

Freiheit Singing Society. The Freheit section, Freiheit Singing Society will hold a concert and ball Saturday, March 9, Rose Garden, 1347 Boston Road. The chorus will participate in the concert program.

Entertainment, New York Drug Clerks. The New York Drug Clerks Association will hold an entertainment and dance at Leslie Gardens, 53rd St. and Broadway, Sunday evening, March 3, 8 p. m. All organizations please keep this date open.

Inter-Racial Dance. An inter-racial dance for the benefit of the Fraternal Organizations Worker and the Obroso has been arranged for Friday evening, March 22, Imperial Auditorium, 150 W. 120th St.

Millinery Theatre Party. The Millinery Workers Union, 43, has arranged a theatre party for Friday evening, March 22, at 227 Brighton Beach Workers Club tomorrow, 1:30 p. m. at 108 E. 14th St. A beginners class will start the same evening. All welcome. Instruction free.

Progressive Group, Local 38, I.L.G.W. The Progressive Group, Local 38, I. L. G. W., will have a booth at the I. L. D. Bazaar, an episode of the miners' struggle, without charge for any Party unit, trade union or fraternal organization at the affair they arrange. Write Sylvia Pollack, 1409 Ave. J, Brooklyn.

Needle Trades Workers Dance. Left wing needle trades workers will attend a concert and ball given by the Needle Trades Workers Union, 9, Workers Center, tomorrow, Jazz band.

Want Books For Bazaar. The Downtown I. L. D. Bazaar will have a book booth at the I. L. D. Bazaar, an episode of the miners' struggle, without charge for any Party unit, trade union or fraternal organization at the affair they arrange. Write Sylvia Pollack, 1409 Ave. J, Brooklyn.

Brooklyn Workers Sport Club. A sport carnival will be given by the Brooklyn Workers Sport Club Saturday, March 23, Rose Garden, 1347 Boston Road.

Young Workers Social Culture Club. The fourth annual dance of the Young Workers Social Culture Club will be given at the Imperial Auditorium, 150 W. 120th St., Friday evening, March 22, at 8 p. m.

Young Workers Social Culture Club. A membership meeting of the Brooklyn Young Workers' Social Club will be held today, at 8:30 p. m., 118 Bristol St., Brooklyn.

New Masses Ball. The Spring Carnival of the New Masses will be held tonight at Webster Hall, 11th St., between Third and Fourth Aves.

Council 23, German U. C. W. U. The German Council 23, United Council of Working Women, meets the third Monday of the month at the Hungarian Workers Home, 350 E. 81st St., City. The council is preparing for the annual bazaar of the I. L. D.

Moore Talks at Workers Forum. "Democracy, Terrorism and the Negro" will be the subject of a talk by Richard B. Moore, associate editor of the Negro Champion, Sunday, 8 p. m. at the Bronx Workers Forum, 1320 Wilkins Ave., Bronx, near Freeman St. subway station.

To All Labor and Fraternal Organizations. The May 1st conference of the children of Greater New York will open tonight at 8:30 p. m., at the Labor Temple, 247 E. 84th St., Room 17. All labor and radical organizations are urged to send delegates.

Progressive Barbers Ball. A concert, dance and sport carnival will be given by the Progressive Barbers League of the Trade Union Educational League this Sunday evening at the Workers Center, 26 Union Square. All are urged to attend.

Hotel and Restaurant Workers Branch of the Amalgamated Food Workers 133 W. 51st St. Phone Circle 7336 BUSINESS MEETING held on the first Monday of the month at 8 p. m. One Industry—One Union—One Fight the Common Enemy! Office Open from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Cooperators! Patronize SEROY CHEMIST 657 Allerton Avenue Estabrook 3215 Bronx, N. Y.

Dr. ABRAHAM MARKOFF SURGEON DENTIST Office Hours: Tues., Thurs. & Sat. 9:30-12 a. m., 2-5 p. m. Sunday: 10:00 a. m. to 1:00 p. m. Please Telephone for Appointment 240 EAST 115th STREET Cor. Second Ave., New York Telephone: Lehigh 6022

DR. J. MINDEL SURGEON DENTIST 1 UNION SQUARE Room 803—Phone: Algonquin 8183 Not connected with any other office

Anti-Fascist Ball. An entertainment and ball will be given by the Anti-Fascist Alliance of North America at Manhattan Lyceum, 86 E. Fourth St. on Saturday evening, March 23, at 8:30 p. m.

T. U. E. L. Concert, Ball. A concert and ball will be given by the Trade Union Educational League of Local 9 tomorrow evening at the Workers Center, 26 Union Square. Dancing till midnight, refreshments.

Textile Booth at I. L. D. Bazaar. Every knitter and textile worker is urged by the district office to collect articles for the I. L. D. bazaar and to bring them to the union office, 247 Sixth Ave.

Brighton Beach Worker Club. A concert and package party will be given by the Brighton Beach Workers Club tomorrow, 1:30 p. m. at 227 Brighton Beach Ave. Proceeds will go to the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union.

Pageant Rehearsal. About 100 men and women are needed for the mass pageant for International Women's Day. A rehearsal will be held tomorrow, 1:30 p. m. at Local 43, 4 W. 37th St. Comrades are urged to come and participate.

German Workers Theatre. The Prolet Buehne (German Workers Theatre) meets tomorrow, 8 p. m.

I. L. D. Responds to the Appeal. The International Labor Defense has received the following cable from the Mexican section of the International Red Aid at Mexico City:

"Fanatics assaulted mining camp; burned workers' homes and union building. Many comrades, men and women killed. Need immediately \$300, which will be returned in April. We are penniless and are asking help desperately. There is necessity for national agitation against criminal fanatics of reaction. The American I. L. D. must show complete solidarity with the Mexican workers and peasants."

Concerning this news of the murderous attack on Mexican workers and the appeal connected therewith, the National Office of the International Labor Defense issued the following statement:

"This killing of Mexican workers and their families (how many is not known because of the censorship) is the continuation of the brutal attack by American imperialism upon the Latin-American workers and peasants, a policy which has already found two victims in Julio Mella and Montenegro, leaders in the Latin-American revolutionary movement.

"The International Labor Defense is calling to the Mexican I. L. D. immediately pledging the fullest aid in the struggle against Yankee imperialism and asking for further information on the killing.

"The International Labor Defense asked by the Mexico City I. L. D.

Workers Library Publishers

43 East 125th Street New York City

ORDER IMMEDIATELY! For Your Ruthenberg Memorial Meetings RUTHENBERG COMMUNIST FIGHTER AND LEADER by JAY LOVESTONE

FIVE CENTS PER COPY (REMIT POSTAGE WITH INDIVIDUAL ORDERS) WORKERS LIBRARY PUBLISHERS 43 East 125th Street New York City

WATCH THE OPENING! To All My Patrons— H. GREENBERG WELL-KNOWN RESTAURATOR WHO IS OPENING HIS NEW RESTAURANT at 939 East 174th Street COR. 106 AVENUE, BRONX RIGHT OFF 174TH ST. SUBWAY STATION

INDUSTRY KEEPS AT HIGH LEVEL, REPORT SHOWS

January Exports Big, Amtorg Reveals

"Purchases made by the Amtorg Trading Corporation for shipment to the Soviet Union during the four months, October, 1928, to January, 1929, totaled \$11,000,000, equalling the record figure attained in the corresponding period of the previous fiscal year," stated Saul G. Bron, chairman of the board of directors of the Amtorg Trading Corporation, yesterday.

"We also have on hand at present large orders from Soviet organizations to be placed with American firms. We expect that our total purchases during the current fiscal year will exceed those of last year by at least 30 per cent."

A small favorable balance for Soviet foreign trade, amounting to \$100,000 rubles, was reported for January, 1929, with exports declining 13,600,000 rubles and imports increasing 3,900,000 rubles as compared with December, January was the third month since October 1, 1928, the beginning of the current Soviet fiscal year, to show a favorable trade balance.

There was an unfavorable balance of 18,800,000 rubles in November which was more than counter-balanced by the aggregate favorable balance for October, December and January of 23,700,000 rubles. Exports for January totaled 52,200,000 rubles and imports 51,800,000 rubles, according to cable reports received by the Amtorg Trading Corporation.

Currency in circulation showed a substantial decline during the month of January, amounting on February 1, 1929, to 1,922,000,000 rubles, as against 2,027,800,000 rubles on January 1. The withdrawal of currency from circulation was due to the fact that the agricultural products procuring season has passed its peak.

In bourgeois society, living labor is but a means to increase accumulated labor. In Communist society, accumulated labor is but a means to widen, to enrich, to promote the existence of the laborer.—Karl Marx (Communist Manifesto).

Comrade Frances Pilot MIDWIFE 351 E. 77th St., New York, N. Y. Tel. RHineclander 3216

For a Real Oriental Cooked Meal VISIT THE INTERNATIONAL PROGRESSIVE CENTER 101 WEST 25TH STREET (Corner 6th Ave.) RESTAURANT, CAFETERIA RECREATION ROOM Open from 12 a. m. to 12 p. m.

All Comrades Meet at BRONSTEIN'S VEGETARIAN HEALTH RESTAURANT 558 Claremont Parkway, Bronx

MELROSE Dairy VEGETARIAN RESTAURANT Comrades Will Always Find It Pleasant to Dine at Our Place. 1787 SOUTHERN BLVD., Bronx (near 174th St. Station) PHONE 1-4 INTERVAL 9149

Phone: Stuyvesant 3316 John's Restaurant SPECIALTY: ITALIAN DISHES A place with atmosphere where all radicals meet 302 E. 12th St. New York

Comrades, Patronize The Triangle Dairy Restaurant 1379 Intervale Avenue BRONX

MEET YOUR FRIENDS at Messinger's Vegetarian and Dairy Restaurant 1763 Southern Blvd., Bronx, N. Y. Right off 174th St. Subway Station

We All Meet at the NEW WAY CAFETERIA 101 WEST 27th STREET NEW YORK

Rational Vegetarian Restaurant 199 SECOND AVENUE Bet. 12th and 13th Sts. Strictly Vegetarian Food

HEALTH FOOD Vegetarian RESTAURANT 1600 MADISON AVE. Phone: University 5865

Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Workers (Communist) Party

Published by the National Daily Worker Publishing Association, Inc., Daily, Except Sunday, at 26-28 Union Square, New York, N. Y. Telephone, STURVEGAN 1896-T-8. Cable: "DAIWORK."

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: By Mail (in New York only): \$8.00 a year \$4.50 six months \$2.50 three months By Mail (outside of New York): \$9.00 a year \$5.00 six months \$3.00 three months

ROBERT MINOR Editor W.M. F. DUNNE Ass. Editor

Address and mail all checks to The Daily Worker, 26-28 Union Square, New York, N. Y.

HILLQUIT'S LITTLE RED RAID



By Fred Ellis

BILL HAYWOOD'S BOOK

All rights reserved. Republication forbidden except by permission.

Colorado In Strike Conflagration; Coal Miners Join Metal Miners; Strike Spreads to Other States

In previous chapters Haywood told of his early life as miner, cowboy and homesteader in Utah, Nevada and Idaho; how after years in the Western Federation of Miners he was elected its Secretary-Treasurer; of the union struggles in the crucibles of Colorado. He is now writing of the famous Cripple Creek strike of 1906, how the union issued a "Green Book" giving its case against the Mine Owners' "Red Book." Now go on reading.

PART XLIX.

THE appearance of the "Green Book" was a bad jolt to the Citizens' Alliance and the Mine Owners' Association. They were completely in the dark as to how we had gotten the material, and do not know until this day that the proof sheets were given to me by a newspaper writer. We distributed the "Green Book" free throughout the mining camps, and it was scattered broadcast throughout the West. The miners were delighted that it had appeared before the "Red Book"; the members realized that we were on the job at headquarters.

From the correspondence that was pouring into the office I could visualize the situation in the mining camps and smelting towns of the West. The strike at Colorado City had thrown out sparks that had kindled the fires of the eight-hour struggle in many places. The big smelters of Pueblo were now on strike; the entire state of Colorado was in conflagration, nor did it stop at the state borders. The coal miners who had joined forces with us had extended their fight to Wyoming, to Arizona and New Mexico, covering all of district fifteen.



FROM various parts of this territory came reports of the terrorizing that was being carried on by the Reno Detective Agency, and other thugs and murderers employed by the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company and other coal companies, including those of southern Utah. These reports made gruesome pictures; the homes of miners being destroyed by dynamite, striking miners being shot to death; families being evicted from miserable shacks, their only homes, that were the property of the Rockefeller interests; miners being deported from homes, wives and children; the cruel beating of organizers Warjeon, Mooney and others.

As fearful as any other picture were those of the spies and detectives who had joined the organization to ferret out the plans of the union and report the work and whereabouts of the organizers.

BESIDES the newspaper reports and those brought in by messengers, there were letters, phone calls, telegrams from all sections. A telegram came saying that thirty-five miners had been killed in the Daly-West mine in Utah by an explosion of powder which had been stored unlawfully and criminally in the mine. We got word that three hundred and thirty-eight men had been blasted to death in Wyoming by a mine explosion. What with Fernie, the Independence disaster, and many others, this made a total of more than 1,087 deaths in preventable mine disasters that were charged against the mine owners and backed by juries' verdicts. Many were charged against the Western Federation, but these charges were not once upheld by the coroners' juries. I got letters about a strike in Keswick, California, and the deportation of miners from Dutch Flat. Then came news of scabs being shipped from the Coeur d'Alenes.

In addition to the regular correspondence with the secretaries of the unions, I sent them frequent bulletins of the strikes and asked for information about all the unions. They sent me pictures of the strikers, the union halls, demonstrations and so on, and I ran these in the magazine to create a wider mutual interest among the members of the Western Federation. I was trying to make Arizona acquainted with Alaska, Montana with Colorado; a sort of long-distance handshaking. I wanted to create a spirit of fraternity, and I did. There never was an organization like the Western Federation of Miners in that respect.

WHEN I had been elected secretary-treasurer I was a novice in the labor movement. But the three years since I had shut off the air on the drill in the Blaine mine had been a severe course of training in the class struggle. I was never satisfied that the problems of labor could be solved by trade unionism, and parliamentary socialism was not a remedy.

The membership was now being tested in the crucibles of Telluride, Denver, Cripple Creek, wherever the strikes were on. The ore was proving to be high grade.

THE Colorado Federation of Labor called a convention to be held in Denver. Three hundred and fifty delegates, representing all kinds of unions, gathered in the club building. There were delegates from the striking coal miners, from the striking miners of Telluride and the Cripple Creek district.

They discussed many things that had happened during the eight-hour struggle. They appointed a ways and means committee, the duty of which was to provide as much relief as possible for the many strikers and their families. A resolution was presented to the effect that the entire delegation visit Governor Peabody and demand the recall of the soldiers, the rescinding of the vagrancy order and the protection of all deported miners returning to their homes. It was finally decided that a committee should visit the governor with these proposals.

The committee met the governor in his office, a place that had become historic in the struggle of the miners. Governor Peabody blatantly informed them that no one had been deported except foreigners and rowdies. He could not see that in the committee were several who had been deported, among them Guy Miller, president of the Telluride Miners' Union, and he did not know that some of the best union men had been compelled to change their names in order to avoid the blacklist. He told the committee that all miners would be protected in their rights. Needless to say, the governor reserved the right of determining just what the miners' rights were.

WHEREAS, organized labor in the State of Colorado is fighting a deathless battle for the right to organize and live; and Whereas, the chief executive and the state administration have conspired and entered into collusion with the Mine Owners' Association, the smelting trust, the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company, and the commercial allies known as the Citizens' Alliance in defeating the political mandate of the people, as expressed at the polls in November, 1922; and

Whereas, free speech has been strangled, the press muzzled and the writ of habeas corpus suspended by military imperialism, backed by bristling bayonets; therefore, be it Resolved, that the delegates and representatives of organized labor in convention assembled, condemn and denounce the assaults of the state administration upon the rights and liberties of citizenship by trampling under the iron heel of military despotism every principle of the organic law of the state,

Resolved, that we demand the immediate withdrawal of the troops, so that law and order may again prevail in Teller and San Miguel counties.

Resolved, that we commend and admire the gallant and unflinching battle of the Western Federation of Miners and the United Mine Workers of America, who have bared their breasts to corporate power, and who are now forcing greed to hoist the white flag.

Resolved, that we call upon the membership of organized labor in every city, town and hamlet, and every liberty loving citizen of the state, to march to the polls in November, 1924, and bury the present administration so deep beneath an avalanche of ballots that a million blasts from Gabriel's trumpet will not be able to awaken it from political oblivion. I was one of the thirteen signers of this resolution.

The Increase of the Executive Power in the American Capitalist Government

In the course of the session of the Political Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party of February 13, there was a thoroughgoing discussion of recent trends of the United States government as a strike-breaking agency and as a war machine of the imperialists. The Daily Worker presents to its readers the line of policy adopted by the Central Committee towards this increasingly important question:

(1) Our policy in connection with the increased power of the president and generally of the executive branch of the government should be the following:

- (a) To utilize the fact of the growth of the power of the president and the executive branch of the government at the expense of the so-called legislative branch of the government, to combat the democratic illusions of the working class. (b) To expose the almost unlimited power given to the president in matters of war and peace as measures of transition from a parliamentary dictatorship of the bourgeoisie towards an open dictatorship; as measures dropping gradually the forms of democracy, adopting in an increasing degree methods and ways of open forces. (c) To expose the almost unlimited dictatorial powers given to the president in declaring an economic embargo against any other power and especially against the Latin American countries and the Soviet Union, as one of the most effective means of war preparations. (d) To expose these measures as methods to increase and strengthen the role of the bourgeois government over the whole economic life of the country, as methods to develop and increase the state capitalistic tendencies. (e) To expose the propaganda of the bourgeois and petty-bourgeois liberals which try to foster illusions about the so-called "democratic institutions," and to put forward the Communist point of view which characterizes all branches of the government as instruments of the bourgeoisie, as state apparatus of the capitalist class. (f) To utilize the opportunity of the Porter and Capper bills to propagandize the Thesis of the Sixth World Congress and the program of the Communist International about the increasing role of state capitalistic tendencies in most of the capitalist countries and about the declining role of bourgeois democracy in favor of more open reactionary, more fascist forms of capitalist dictatorship. (g) To expose the socialist party, which puts forward the proposal of a democratic revision of the bourgeois constitution of the United States as a substitute for the revolutionary struggle to overthrow and destroy the bourgeois state apparatus.

(2) The Political Committee rejects the conception of Comrade Bittelman that the increase of the power of the president and the executive branch of the government is not an essential part of imperialist war preparations and does not constitute a further step towards the abolition of parliamentary forms of the dictatorship of the bourgeoisie.

NO RACE PREJUDICE IN NEEDLE TRADES UNION

By HENRY ROSEMOND. (Vice-President of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union.)

Under the leadership of the Left wingers, race prejudice has been completely abolished in the Needle Trades Industrial Union, which includes in its membership large numbers of colored people of various nationalities. This new union wages a militant struggle against race discrimination and although it was formed only a short while ago, the effects of its policies are already being felt among the colored workers in the shops. This is not the policy of such unions as the yellow International Ladies' Garment Workers, that are under the control of the A. F. of L. In these unions race prejudice and race discrimination are encouraged because they serve the bosses to keep the workers in constant struggle against each other and thus help the bosses to keep all the workers in slavery.

Wednesday, February 6, the first strike of this new union, a great number of Negroes have been militantly active in it. Over 40 of them have joined the Strike and Picket Committees; one of them is a member of the Strike Finance Committee, and another is a member of the Joint Board.

During the strike I have been around and have spoken to many of the strikers: Marie Franklin, Edith Brown, Edna Kemp, Mattie Brian, Louise Martin, Eva Mayo, Laura Smith, and many others. They all said that they were treated royally by the leaders and the white strikers in the halls and elsewhere. The four last ones mentioned went back to work, they being strikers from shops that have signed the agreement concluded by the new union. These colored girls stated that they will do their very best to support the union and also see that their parents and friends who are in the trade join this union—the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union of the U. S. A.—the only one in the trade that really fights for the interests of the workers, not only white, but colored as well.

Bellingham "Labor" Paper for Everything But Labor

(Special to the Daily Worker) BELLINGHAM, Wash., Feb. 27.—Although the Bellingham Central Labor Council has a weekly newspaper, and that newspaper is called "The Labor World," that must not be taken as evidence that the council or its official organ has any particular interest in advancing the cause of labor. To arrive at such a conclusion would be very much of a mistake.

Another editorial or two, when they mean anything at all, are equally as rotten support of capitalist rule. Why, oh, why, do they call it "The Labor World"?

PROBE PAPER MONOPOLY. WASHINGTON, Feb. 28 (UP).—The Schaal resolution directing the Federal Radio Commission to ascertain whether any monopoly of news print manufacturers is violating the anti-trust laws by controlling the price of news print paper, was adopted today by the senate.

SUSPEND BUS SERVICE. YONKERS, N. Y., Feb. 28 (UP).—Bus service on seven routes of the Merchants Community Transit, Inc., was suspended today when agents for the Mack Truck agency here seized the company's 12 buses in accordance with terms of sales agreements.

LYNN UPHOLSTERY STRIKE. LYNN, Mass. (By Mail).—Twenty upholsterers of the Oriental Upholstery Co. who struck against poor conditions returned to work due to lack of leadership.

The Situation in Cuba

By ALBERT WEISBORD.

Few of us in the U. S. really appreciate the situation that exists in Cuba at the present time. It was only when I met with a group of Cuban emigres in Central America that the full meaning of the Machado terror became impressed upon me. These proletarian emigres from Cuba informed me that in the past year alone over 500 workers had been murdered by the butcher government of Machado with the consent and approbation of the U. S.

'Butcher' Machado Murdered Over 500 Militant Workers During the Past Year

It was with these figures beginning to burn in my mind that I determined to make it my business to inform the widest possible section of the workingclass in America of the true situation in Cuba, so that we might wipe out the huge obligation that we owe to our Cuban comrades and rectify our serious shortcomings in this regard.

SOLDIERS AND MINERS FRATERNIZE IN STRIKE

By PAUL BOUTONIER. (Translated by Valentino V. Konin from 'l'Humanite'.)

The soldiers and the striking miners have fraternized in Grandcombe. The miners fed the undernourished soldiers. The soldiers helped the miners to carry out their class duty. Both have realized once more that their interests are identical.

Not a single farmer, not a single worker, not a soldier or a sailor can remain indifferent to the news of such an event. At the time when the class struggle is sharpening, when the imperialists are feverishly preparing arms for new massacres, when the bourgeois diplomats are plotting a cowardly attack upon Soviet Russia, this act of fraternization between the miners and the artillery of Gard serves as a magnificent prelude to the future revolutionary armies battling with capitalism.

Shameful Exploitation. On the boats and in the barracks discontent is obviously arising. The shamefully exploited and half-starved sons of workers and peasants in the army are offering a growing resistance to the militarism of their exploiters.

But the repression against them rages with more strength every day. Recently on the boat "Jules Michelet" a group of sailors were shot to death because one of the originators of the miners' strike was among them. In one of the artilleries at Verdun a young soldier, driven to desperation by injustice and ill treatment, loaded his gun and killed himself.

Everywhere in the workshops, in the factories, in the fields, in the mines, the proletarians stand up against the exhausting rationalization and expensive living and demand raise of wages.

In this way the soldiers and the proletarians meet, united in the common front against their common enemy—capitalism.

United Front. That is why the miners of Loire have joined the claims of the soldiers with that of indignant workers in their manifestations. That is why they have furnished food to the soldiers whom the government has offered into the service of mine owners. That is why the soldiers, repeating the glorious gesture of their predecessors of 1917, have not left the miners alone.

The proletariat won the victory over the bourgeoisie. The government withdrew the troops from the mine regions. It replaced them with the cavalry and the Senegals. The miners must respond to this change of tactic by regarding the oppressed colonial troops as their brothers and by making them understand that the workers are on their side, against the colonists, who exploit and slave them.

And now, forward, towards further fraternization!

were abolished and open terrorism reigned. Machado is now actual dictator of Cuba. No other political party is allowed to exist in Cuba. At the last elections only 2 per cent of the population voted, the rest abstained because it could not put up any candidate against Machado. Behind Machado stands a large police force and American marines who are always in Cuba on one pretext or another, not only at the naval stations, but in the interior as well. Party illegal.

In Cuba the Party is completely illegal. In spite of that and in spite of the terrible conditions which face our comrades, the Party has doubled its strength in the past year. 90 per cent of the party are industrial workers both in the city and in the country. The Party functions regularly through nuclei and fractions and is a power to be reckoned with in Cuba.

Due to the tremendous repression by the Machado government, the trade union movement has been definitely smashed and is rapidly disappearing completely. The reformist influence in Cuba is practically nil. Only the railwaymen had joined the Pan-American Federation of Labor in Cuba, but even they left the Pan-American Federation of Labor. The Cuban government does not permit any union to exist that carries on a class struggle policy. Everywhere spontaneous strikes break out. In these strikes the Communist Party usually has the leadership and although the various revolutionary unions have been smashed, still the Communist Party has been able to build small militant groups in different industries than on a moment's notice can take hold and win the support of large mass demonstrations and strike movements.

The comrades maintain that with a liberal situation in Cuba the Communist Party would be able to have definitely the ideological leadership over the greatest part of the workingclass in Cuba. However, all such strike movements are put down with a great deal of bloodshed. As I have written above, last year alone over 500 workers had been killed, many of them sympathizers of the Party and actual Party members. Today in Cuba 22 Party members are in jail. Many of them are destined never to return because jail in Cuba for a revolutionist usually ends in death.

W. (C.) P. Must Aid. The bare enumeration of the foregoing facts must cause the proletarians, particularly the Communist section of it, to blush with deepest shame at the fact that we know so little of the Cuban situation and have done so little to help out the Cuban comrades. Every appeal that the Daily Worker makes is responded to by Cuban emigres in the U. S. in Florida, in the South and in the North, but when we question ourselves about how much we have aided the Cuban Party, then indeed we must see why some Cuban comrades still count us as a part the imperialist forces and not as brothers who have really helped them in the fight.

A most vigorous campaign must now be launched in the U. S. against the white terror of the U. S. government through its Machado puppet rule in Cuba. The most energetic support must be given by the workingclass as a whole, and the Party in particular, to the struggles of Cuban masses for national independence and for complete emancipation. In this way we will be able to make good the deep obligations we owe to the Cuban masses for our criminal negligence in the past.

To Those Who Rule

By MILDRED L. GAIMS.

You think you are safe behind your walls, That stones will keep us down; And you dance and drink in your revelry, And make merry all night till dawn. You dance on the bodies of comrades dear, And their blood is the red wine you drink; And you drink and you shout, till the noise without Is drown'd to a murmur, you think. But the ghastly crimes that are deck'd with flowers Shall be stripped and be held to the day; And the mask that covers the skeleton's head Shall fall and be torn away. For one of the dawns will be a Red Dawn That will flood all the world with its light; When the walls that surround you shall fall, And you, too, shall fall at their might.