

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK FOR A LABOR PARTY FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

# Daily Worker

FINAL CITY EDITION

Vol. V., No. 211

Published daily except Sunday by The National Daily Worker Publishing Association, Inc., 26-28 Union Sq., New York, N. Y.

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1928

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: In New York, by mail, \$5.00 per year. Outside New York, by mail, \$6.00 per year.

Price 3 Cents

# MINE LEADER MURDERED!

## OFFICIALS MEET TO PLAN SELLOUT OF RAIL STRIKE

### Aim to Ignore Vote of 70,000 Workers for Walk-out Consider "Peace" Plan

(By United Press)  
CHICAGO, Sept. 4.—Committees of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and the Order of Railway Conductors met today to consider a mediation proposal which may avert a strike among 70,000 employes of 55 Western railroads.

Although the majority of trainmen and conductors have voted to strike, the walkout will not be called if the peace plan drawn up in Washington last week by representatives of the railroads, brotherhoods and the federal board of mediation should prove satisfactory to the brotherhood committees now in session.

High officials of the two organizations said it might be two or three days before the committees could reach an agreement on the mediation proposal. Until then they are withholding the final result of the strike vote.

The strike vote resulted from failure of previous conferences which lasted over a period of several months. A 7 1/2 per cent wage increase was asked by the trainmen. The roads offered to meet the salary demand in part, but held out for working conditions which the unions were unwilling to grant.

## DRESS WORKERS MEET IN PHILA.

### Sigman Rushes There to Save Henchmen

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 4.—Waist and dressmakers here will rally at a mass meeting to be held tonight in Garden Hall, Seventh and Morris Sts., for the purpose of establishing a local branch of the National Organization Committee of Cloak and Dressmakers. Louis Hyman, Joseph Borachovich, Rose Wortis and B. Kaplin, leaders of the National Organization Committee, will come here from New York to address the workers.

Careful preparations were made, the committee arranging the meeting declares, to assure the assembled workers that no organized squad of right wing hirelings can disturb the meeting. A similar mass meeting held last week was ordered to disperse by the police who were openly doing the bidding of right wing officials. The Sigmanites first began a disturbance in order to provide the police with an excuse for breaking up the meeting.

Sentiment among the workers runs so high since the interrupted meeting last week, that the right wing officials have sent a hurry call to New York for Sigman to come to Philadelphia.

## Section 3 Daily Worker Agents Meet Tomorrow

A conference of all Daily Worker agents of Section 3 will be held tomorrow, at 6:30 p.m. at 101 West 27th St. The purpose of the conference will be to mobilize the members of all the units in Section 3 for work in the Daily Worker-Freihait Bazaar.

## Dismiss Health Workers in South

NEW ORLEANS.—Due to industrial depression throughout Louisiana 70 employes of the State Board of Health, which includes the inspectors of milk, have been dismissed. The legislature cut the healthy appropriation in half.

## Workers (Communist) Party Candidate



William Patterson, candidate for governor of the state of Ohio on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket. Patterson will conduct a speaking tour bringing the platform of the Workers Party to workers in all parts of Ohio. He will spend the longest period among the industrial workers of northern and eastern Ohio and the miners of the southeast.

## BRITISH MISLEADERS BLESS COLLABORATION

LONDON, Sept. 4.—Complete endorsement of the Lord Mond plan of class collaboration by the officialdom of the British Trade Union Congress characterized the sessions of that body which opened two days ago, a report from Swansea, Wales, states.

It is understood that a measure empowering the General Council to collaborate with employers' organizations in setting up a so-called National Industrial Council with authority to regulate industrial support is to be rammed through the congress.

The gesture of the congress officials in excluding the reactionary Seamen's Union whose officials, headed by Sir Havelock Wilson, have for years betrayed the men and gained especial notoriety by his strikebreaking actions during the British General Strike, has been more than compensated by the alarm with which the march of the Welsh miners to Swansea has affected the congress heads.

The officials appealed to the police for protection and the starving men were met by a phalanx of po-

lice. **TRAIN KILLS BRAKEMAN.**  
Hopping from a moving New York Central train yesterday morning at 125th St., Edwin Gingsar, thirty-five, a brakeman for the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad, fell under the wheels of a car. His legs were severed and he died almost instantly. He is survived by his wife, Mary, and a daughter, Kathleen, who dances in vaudeville as Hillie Kalua. He lived at No. 223 Alexander Ave., the Bronx.

## SEEKS AL SMITH'S JOB

### G. O. P. Names Oil-Smeared Ottinger

State Attorney General Ottinger, who as assistant in the Department of Justice to the notorious Harry Daugherty aided in the great oil looting during Harding's administration, has been chosen as the republican candidate for governor of New York, it was learned on reliable authority yesterday.

## ANOTHER TRAIN WRECK IN BRONX

### First Reports About Injuries Meagre

**BULLETIN**  
(By United Press)

A speeding passenger train entering New York City was derailed at 150th Street in the Bronx shortly after 11 p. m. last night and a hurry call was sent for all available ambulances in the district.

First reports indicated that two coaches, neither of which contained any passengers, had been turned on their sides. How the accident occurred was not at first established, but one report indicated the wrecked train collided with a freight train.

One report said one man had a leg amputated and was believed to be dying, but the report lacked confirmation.

The passenger train was understood to have been a "special" which was being brought into the Grand Central Station without passengers.

## CHILEAN BUDGET SUBMITTED.

SANTIAGO, Chile, Sept. 3.—The 1929 budget which has been submitted to congress calls for ordinary revenues of 1,123,000,000 pesos (\$409,895,000) and ordinary expenditures of 1,063,000,000 pesos.

## 3 Ford Slave Ships Reach Brazil; Start Rubber Tract Work

PARA, Brazil, Sept. 4 (UP).—Three Ford ships arrived at the mouth of the Tapajoz River today with engineers, material, machinists and physicians to begin development of Henry Ford's vast rubber concession on the Amazon River.

Ford's concession for months has been subjected to a severe attack by newspapers throughout Brazil, many of them charging the governor of Peru with giving the automobile manufacturer privileges which were withheld from local industrialists.

## WORLD CONGRESS ADOPTS PROGRAM IN FINAL SESSION

### Seven New Parties are Admitted to the International

### Elect New Executive

MOSCOW, Sept. 4.—In a speech reporting the work of the Program Commission of the Communist International Bukharin officially brought to a close the forty-sixth and last session of the World Congress of the Communist International, held here today under the chairmanship of Remelle. The program, in its final form, was unanimously adopted by the Congress.

"The Program Commission," Bukharin said, "has completed its very good work. The smaller program commission dealt with 600 proposals for amendment. The most important addition to the program was the chapter dealing with capitalist development and concerning the general family and social relations under capitalism. Another passage was adopted concerning the evolution of state power under monopolist capitalism and dealing with the general crisis in the capitalist system.

"Great improvements were made in the colonial question. Great alterations were made in the chapter dealing with the strategy and tactics of the Communist International.

Continued on Page Five

## 30-DAY TERM FOR POOR MRS. KNAPP

### But G. O. P. Embezzler May Not Even Serve

ALBANY, Sept. 4.—Convicted of grand larceny and embezzling funds in her administration of the state census of 1925, Mrs. Florence E. S. Knapp, former republican secretary of state, was today sentenced to serve 30 days in jail.

Mrs. Knapp, who was until quite recently dean of Home Economics at Syracuse University, had hoped to avoid even this light jail sentence by feigning illness. This she may yet accomplish, her lawyers feel confident, when they will attempt to obtain a certificate of reasonable doubt with bail pending appeal from Supreme Court Justice Ellis J. Staley on Saturday.

Mrs. Knapp was convicted on a specific charge of embezzling \$29,500, but testimony during her trial revealed the fact that huge sums, entirely unaccounted, were stolen under her administration as a result of padded payrolls and other methods of graft. Numerous of her relatives were on the state census payroll, the majority of them not even having been assigned to jobs. A step-daughter of Mrs. Knapp testified that a check for several thousand dollars made out in her name was not even known to her, Mrs. Knapp having endorsed it and pocketed the proceeds.

Mrs. Knapp was taken to the women's detention room in the Albany County jail, where she will remain today. She will be assigned to a regular cell in the women's section tomorrow, it is announced.

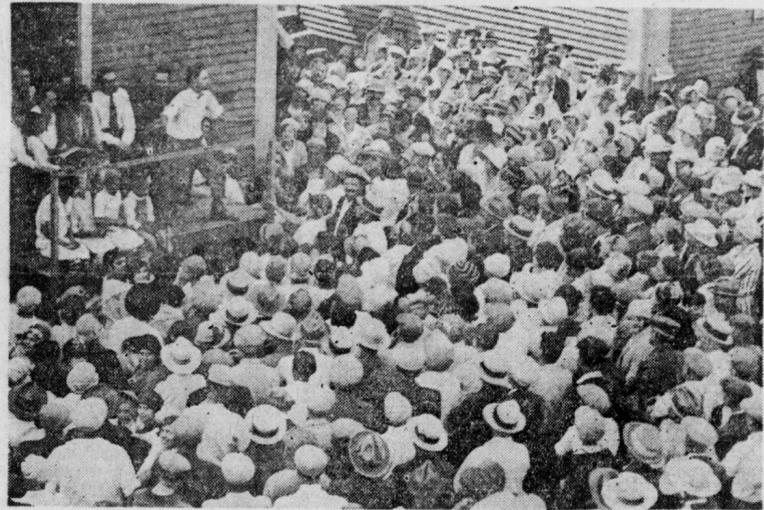
## 3 Ford Slave Ships Reach Brazil; Start Rubber Tract Work

PARA, Brazil, Sept. 4 (UP).—Three Ford ships arrived at the mouth of the Tapajoz River today with engineers, material, machinists and physicians to begin development of Henry Ford's vast rubber concession on the Amazon River.

Ford's concession for months has been subjected to a severe attack by newspapers throughout Brazil, many of them charging the governor of Peru with giving the automobile manufacturer privileges which were withheld from local industrialists.

**BELIEVE SHIP LOST**  
SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 4 (UP).—The crew of a salvage boat which searched all day Sunday for the missing freighter Florian reported today that an oil film on the waters off Cape Flattery apparently marked the grave of the vessel.

## Addressing Throngs of New Bedford Textile Strikers



Masses of New Bedford textile strikers listening to addresses by leaders of the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union of the Textile Mill Committees. Never flinching in the face of police terrorism and the hardships which every strike entails, the textile strikers are firmer today than ever before.

## CALL FURRIERS TO BLOCK MEET

### Workers in All Shops Get Appeal

All furriers working on West 27th St. in the shops of the Associated Fur Manufacturers, as well as those in shops of the left wing New York Joint Board, are urged by the union to come to a block meeting in its headquarters, 77 E. 22nd St., Thursday evening immediately after work.

This is the second of a series of meetings called for those employed on individual blocks in the fur manufacturing district as part of the Joint Board's drive to unionize the trade and thereby give the final death-blow to the disintegrated right wing Joint Council of the A. F. of L.

The first of these meetings called, instead of being merely a meeting of workers in a particular industrial section, developed into a mighty demonstration in support to the left wing organization drive. Workers quit promptly at 5 o'clock and marched to the union building en masse.

The statement issued by the union calling the meeting pays particular attention to the workers employed in the Associated shops, the owners of which are particularly vicious in their sweat shop exploitation, because they are ostensibly controlled by the Joint Council.

These, as well as workers employed in the open shops (which have greatly increased since the A. F. of L. began their union destruction) are called upon to destroy their membership cards of the scab union and sign up with the Joint Board. Hundreds of workers at the last meeting demonstratively tore up their right wing cards as they stood before the windows signing up.

## POLICE ATTACK MILL STRIKERS

### Had Come to Boston to See Gov. Fuller

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 4.—The committee of forty textile strikers, on their way through the Boston Commons to the State House to keep their appointment with Governor Alvin T. Fuller, Sacco-Vanzetti murderer, were yesterday attacked by a squad of police who injured many by their onslaught. The strikers were singing strike songs and were displaying banners demanding an end to the New Bedford and Fall River police terror.

After the workers were slugged by the police, an announcement was made public that the committee "came too late to see the governor, but that he would be willing to hear them Wednesday morning.

**LIGHT MICHIGAN VOTE.**  
DETROIT, Sept. 4 (UP).—Showing practically the same attitude as most of the candidates assumed during the campaign, little interest was displayed and only a light vote cast in the Michigan primary today.

## Foster Leads Straw Vote at Harvester Co.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 4.—The workers of the International Harvester Co. have expressed themselves overwhelmingly in favor of William Z. Foster, Workers (Communist) Party candidate for President. In a straw vote taken at the plant on the question of which candidate the workers would prefer to address them Foster came out on top with close to 120 votes. Hoover, Smith and Thomas each received only about a dozen votes.

The Harvester company workers, as well as the workers of other trades in Milwaukee, will have an opportunity of hearing Foster next Monday night when he will speak at Bahn Frei Hall, 1120 North Ave. Hundreds of workers are expected to hear the militant message of the Communist presidential candidate.

The meeting at which Foster will speak will also inaugurate Red Week in this city. House to house collections for the election campaign fund will be made and the workers' press and literature will be brought to thousands of wage-slaves.

## KENOSHA LABOR SPY EXPELLED

### Warn Units Thruout U. S. to Shun Bugna

KENOSHA, Wis., Sept. 4.—John P. Bugna, former secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, local Kenosha, has been expelled from the Party, charged with being an industrial spy. It has been discovered that he was known as Q-170 in the employ of the Corporation Auxiliary Co., one of the largest industrial spy agencies in the country.

In a statement issued by Samuel A. Herman, field organizer of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in Kenosha, branches of the Party throughout the country were warned against Bugna.

"Bugna is about six feet tall," the statement reads, "slenderly

**REORGANIZE UNION.**  
NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—Firemen and others employed in cotton mills have reorganized their local union, broken in a 1919 strike.

## PLAN BIG PRESS BAZAAR

### Daily Worker Affair on Oct. 4, 5, 6, 7

Militant workers thruout the country are expected to make the Daily Worker and Freiheit Bazaar on October 4, 5, 6 and 7 one of the biggest affairs yet held in the militant working class movement. The bazaar will be held at Madison Square Garden. Labor and fraternal organizations and units of the Workers (Communist) Party are making preparations for the bazaar.

## ADMIT D'OLIER VITAL WITNESS

### Commissioner Says "He Knew Much"

Police yesterday continued to shadow-box in the "investigation" of the mysterious death of William L. D'Olier, sewer engineer, whose body was found in a lonely spot in Queens Sunday morning.

First considered a suicide, it has now become increasingly clear that D'Olier was murdered. The specific reason was casually suggested yesterday by former Commissioner Shearn, who had charge of the second Queens sewer investigation. The connection between the Sanitation Company of which D'Olier was president and the \$29,500,000 Queens graft situation was "very important and D'Olier knew all about it, admitted Shearn yesterday.

**Connolly Speaks Up.**  
At the same time Maurice Connolly, deposed borough president of the Queens, who up till now has maintained an extremely discreet silence on the probable cause of D'Olier's death, volunteered the information that the dead sewer man had been "keenly disappointed by the failure of negotiations to close a \$15,000,000 paving contract in Kentucky."

The "suicide" theory is being strongly advocated by the Queens graft ring, whose most conspicuous practitioner is Connolly, and all others who had business relations with Connolly during his efflorescent administration.

This group received a serious jolt when it was definitely established that D'Olier's brief case, which he carried when he left his home in Pelham, N. Y., Saturday afternoon, was not found with his body.

**Refute Police.**  
A number of Queens residents who saw D'Olier's body when it was discovered insist that there was virtually no blood on the ground under the body, and disagree fundamentally with New York detectives who claim the contrary.

Yesterday the theory gained ground that D'Olier might have been shot in an automobile and his body then carried to the spot where it was found.

**TO FLY TO SHANGHAI.**  
LANSING, Mich., Sept. 4 (UP).—Dr. Tien Lai-Huang, Chinese aviator, announced today he would take off from San Francisco, probably within two weeks, on an attempted two-stop flight across the Pacific Ocean to Shanghai.

## FIVE BULLETS TAKE LIFE OF FRANK BONITA

### Lewis Machine Seen as Real Murderer of Progressive

### Brother of Sam Bonita

### Shooting on Eve of Big Mine Meet

WILKES BARRE, Pa., Sept. 4.—On the eve of the National Miners Convention to build a new union, the bloody corpse of Frank Bonita, brother of Sam Bonita, now in the penitentiary on framed charges, has been thrown down as a challenge to the coal miners of the country.

Five bullets from the revolver of a man alleged to have been an agent of the Lewis machine, now under arrest, struck down the progressive leader with a calculated ferocity reminiscent of the murders of Thomas Lillis, Pat Reilly and Alex Campbell, his fellow progressives.

**Veil of Secrecy**  
Ross Nilo, alias Rosario Chiodo, Bonita's alleged murderer, and Joe Mogentale, a boarder in Bonita's home are in the Mid-Valley Hospital with wounds in the hands and thigh. Paul Schlegel, another man, also suspected with the killing is under arrest.

In spite of the curious veil of secrecy which invests the affair and which the authorities have so far done little to dispel, the bloody and devastated dining-room of the Bonita home is mute evidence of the terrific battle which the progressive leader made for his life as well as of the determination of his murderer to "get" him at any cost.

Overturned and broken chairs, smashed pictures and bloodstained

## SIGMAN'S THUGS COLLECT "DUES"

### Agents of Scab Union Forget Receipts

A squad of "dues collectors," made up of underworld thugs, sent to all the cloak and dressmakers' shops by the right wing Sigman company union, yesterday collected their real due from the workers in the dress-manufacturing shop of Bellard Cloak Co., 130 W. 25th St.

The workers in the shop were occupied at their various tasks when the door was suddenly pushed open and the squad of Sigman agents entered.

When one of the pressers answered the thugs' gruff demands for money with the statement that he did not intend to pay any more dues to the Sigman union, one of the strong-arm men suddenly pulled a knife. This was a signal for the immediate rising of the other workers from their machines to the defense of their fellow-worker. The arguments presented by the workers against dues payments did not subside until after police came and arrested four of the invaders.

## 'COLLABORATION' PLAN IN MINES

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—A new plan to hog-tie the miners of Colorado by means of a class collaboration scheme was revealed today by the National Catholic Welfare Conference, which was instrumental in the scheme.

The collaboration scheme, whose object is to bind and deliver the miners to the Rocky Mountain Fuel Company, resembles in some respects the notorious Baltimore and Ohio plan. It is the outgrowth of the wrecking of last year's strike in the Colorado fields by the opportunist leadership of the I. W. W.

# Hylan, Graft Expert, Says Police Department Is Linked With Phila. Graft Ring

## \$15,000,000 IN 'NUSH' MONEY A YEAR IN N. Y. C.

### Higher-Ups Involved in Graft Ring

That the police force of New York is riddled with graft and corruption and definitely linked with the running and graft-ridden police force of Philadelphia, whose \$10,000,000 graft activities were exposed two days ago, was yesterday revealed in a statement issued by former Mayor Hylan of New York.

Hylan, whose own city administration was shown several times to be a hotbed of corruption, speaks authoritatively on the graft situation, admitting that he was himself offered a bribe to participate in the graft activities. This offer, the ex-mayor vows, he declined to accept.

**Situation Bad.**  
The situation in this city as regards official countenancing and aiding, directly or indirectly, all sorts of illegality, including bootlegging, gambling and other vice, is extremely bad," Hylan said. "And it is going from bad to worse, aided by the unwillingness or inability of the local authorities to check it."

Hylan's statement charged that the run-rim of Philadelphia, which had been able in a single year to deposit graft profits to the extent of \$10,000,000 in the banks, was definitely connected with the New York police force and city administration, reaching out to several high officials of New York City.

Protection graft given to the New York police force by speakeasies and other illegal businesses in New York has reached a total of almost \$15,000,000 annually, it is charged. In this matter, the entire force is implicated, led by the highest police officials, who lead the entire force in corruption and graft.

Recent disclosures of graft among the members of the narcotic squad of the New York police department, the ex-mayor interpreted as a sure indication of graft higher-up and an attempt to cover up existing rottenness among the higher officials of the department.

**Speaks From Experience.**

"You can make up your mind pretty quickly," said the former mayor, under whose administration the graft and corruption at the hack licence bureau on West 57th St. under Commissioner Drennan was shown up in the winter of 1924-25, "that when cops are getting razzed, there's something to be hidden among the higher-ups. When a little man is 'broken,' particularly when there's a lot of public ceremony about the process, you can be sure that a neck a whole lot more important than his is being saved."

## TO PICK CALLES SUCCESSOR SOON

### Provisional President to Serve One Year

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 4 (UP).—Congress is expected to select a provisional president to succeed President Calles in two or three weeks, instead of waiting until November, as originally planned.

It was indicated today that the provisional president would serve for one year, when an election would be held.

## French Flyers Forced Down in Morocco Town

LE BOURGET FIELD, France, Sept. 4 (UP).—The Yellow Bird landed at Casa Blanca, Morocco, at 4:40 p. m. today, it was announced here this evening.

The plane, in which Sergeants Jean Assolant and Rene LeFevre started a long distance flight at 7:05 o'clock this morning, was forced down by a leaky oil pipe, a message said.

## Cal to Return to 'Labors' Next Week

SUPERIOR, Wis., Sept. 4 (UP).—President Coolidge will leave the summer White House for Washington the first of next week, it was announced at the executive offices today.

While the exact date was not given out, it was learned on good authority that the president will be in Washington not later than the middle of the week.

## SEARCH HERRICK FOR LIQUOR.

Myron T. Herrick, United States Ambassador to France and James J. Davis, Secretary of Labor, were among the 1714 passengers of the S.S. Ile De France, who were searched by customs officials for liquor, when the liner docked here late today.

## Militarism and A. F. of L. Betrayal



The complete sell-out of the officialdom of the American Federation of Labor has seldom been more graphically portrayed than in the above picture of "Labor Day" celebrations at Fort Hamilton, Brooklyn. The celebration was held under the auspices of the Central Trades and Labor Council, the cabinet of reactionary labor tars who have consistently betrayed the workers of New York City to the bosses, and who have grown, in many cases, enormously rich in doing so.

## BIG SECTION 1 MEET SATURDAY

### Banner Ceremonies to Be On Program

The ceremonial banquet which will accompany the awarding of the first District 2 Election Campaign Banner will be held at the headquarters of the Downtown Workers Club, 35 E. 2nd St., this Saturday at 8 p. m.

The banner will be awarded to the members of Section 1 in recognition of the good work of members of that section in putting across the first assembly district in the city—the Eighth Assembly District of Manhattan.

For the occasion, 35 E. 2nd St. will be festively decorated and a banquet will be given by the Section Campaign Committee, of which A. Gussakoff, District Literature Agent, is in charge during the absence of S. Milgrom. An unusually fine musical program has been arranged, to be followed and preceded by refreshments of a substantial nature.

A nominal charge of fifty cents is being made for admission, to defray the cost of the music and food. The banquet is not restricted to members of Section 1. All members of the Workers (Communist) Party and progressive workers throughout the city are invited to attend. Should the attendance be large enough, the receipts above the cost of the banquet will be given to the Communist campaign fund.

## Co-operative Branch of Bronx to Mobilize for Final Signature Drive

In a statement issued last night by Spencer, campaign director of Branch 6, Section 5 of the Bronx—known as the Co-operative House Branch of the Workers (Communist) Party—all Bronx Communist campaigners and members of Sections 2 and 3 are urged to report at 2700 Bronx Park East for participation in the signature drive.

The members of Branch 6 have already obtained 1,000 of the 1,800 signatures required to put the Communist candidate in the Sixth Assembly District on the ballot. This work is to be especially commended in view of the fact that the Sixth Assembly District is the largest in the city, and many sections of it are very sparsely populated.

Splendid work has been done in the matter of selling party platforms by the members of the branch. According to a report made by Spencer, the branch has received very little assistance from the members of Sections 2 and 3, who are supposed to participate in the signature drive in the Sixth Assembly District. This has been largely due to the Red Sundays these sections have been arranging in other sections of the city.

In his statement Spencer declares that "unless all comrades of the Co-operative Branch, comrades of other Bronx branches and those comrades of Sections 2 and 3, who are supposed to report at the Co-operative Branch, unite for one concerted effort, there is danger that the Sixth Assembly District may not be put across. This we must not allow. The next two weeks must finish our drive in the Sixth Assembly District, and with the co-operation of all of us this can be easily accomplished."

The Co-operative headquarters is open every evening, with Spencer in charge. All members are urged by the District Campaign Committee to co-operate with Branch 6 in its signature drive.

## SYDNEY POSTAL STRIKE.

The secretary of the Amalgamated Postal Workers' Union (Mr. E. F. Murnane) stated that the mail branch at the General Post Office, Sydney, was seething with discontent, and that apparently the present superintendent of mails was not inclined to give consideration to Union representations on behalf of the employees affected.

## Sections 2 and 3 Plan Red Sunday in Harlem on Sunday, Sept. 9

The members of the Red Squads of Sections 2 and 3, in line with their splendid work in the Bronx and Brownsville, will mobilize for the third time on Sunday, Sept. 9, for campaign work in Harlem.

The two Red Squads will meet at 9 a. m. next Sunday at the Harlem headquarters, 143 East 103rd St., and will make a gallant effort to put across the seventeenth, eighteenth and twenty-first assembly districts.

According to Bessie Gussakoff and H. Bydarian, campaign managers of Sections 2 and 3, special registration is being taken at every unit meeting of volunteers for the Red Squads. It is expected by the campaign managers that the Red Squads which will report in Harlem next Sunday will greatly outnumber the squads that worked in the Bronx and in Brownsville.

It has been proposed by Bessie Gussakoff that a special banner be awarded to the Red Squads of the two sections in recognition of their work in the signature drive throughout the city, and the proposal is being looked on with favor by Rebecca Grecht, district campaign director.

Should the work of the Red Squads in Harlem equal that done in the Bronx two weeks ago it is certain that no opposition to Gussakoff's demand will be met.

## PLAN BIG FRENCH TEXTILE STRIKE

### Delay Date to Make Walk-out General

PARIS, Sept. 4.—Due to the sympathetic interest shown by non-union textile workers and even by the rank and file of the reformist unions toward the strike action proposed by the revolutionary textile unions, the latter have announced a postponement of the general strike call from September 2, till the 23rd, in order to mobilize all the mill workers for a big general strike.

The original demand put forward by the left wing organizations, a wage increase for women textile operatives, met with such unanimous approval that the militant unions decided to rally the membership of right wing unions as well as the non-union workers around a larger list of demands, before the strike is put into effect.

## 'DAILY' SUB DRIVE EFFORTS URGED

### Agents Must Intensify Work in All Cities

In a letter distributed throughout the country by the committee in charge of the Daily Worker Election Subscription Drive, Daily Worker Agents were advised to participate more strenuously in the big campaign. The letter follows in part: "To all Daily Worker Agents:

"This is the first week of the Election Subscription Campaign to get ten thousand new readers for the Daily Worker. All the necessary material has been sent and should be in your hands by this time. The success of this campaign will depend on the amount of organization done by our agents in the various districts, cities and units.

"The Daily Worker Agents should work to fill their quotas not only for the various prizes that are being given to the cities and district but also as a means to build the Party press.

"The various city agents should sub-divide the quotas among the units in their cities. You should arrange to have a bundle of Daily Workers (at the special price of \$6 per thousand) at all meetings and for the purpose of getting new contracts and new subscribers to the Daily Worker. You should take steps to organize systematic distributions in front of the large shops and trade union meetings. Visit the various fraternal and sympathetic organizations in your city and see that their members subscribe to the Daily Worker."

## RED CANDIDATES TO TALK IN BRONX

### Banquet Is Scheduled for Sunday

A Bronx Communist Campaign Banquet at which all the local Communist candidates will be present, will be held at 2075 Clinton Ave., the Bronx, at 5:30 p. m. on Sunday, Sept. 9.

The banquet will celebrate the placing on the ballot of the candidate running on the Communist ticket in the Fifth Assembly District of the Bronx, and, if a final drive this week can do the job, will also celebrate the putting across of the Fourth Assembly District of the Bronx, for which only three hundred additional signatures are needed.

The Bronx banquet, at which elaborate food and musical programs will be given, will be the first affair of its kind to be held in the Bronx during the present campaign, and should be attended by all Bronx members of the Workers (Communist) Party as well as other progressive workers who recognize in the election platform of the Workers (Communist) Party the expression of their own political and economic demands.

The banquet will be filled with militant needle trades workers who have recently endorsed the platform and candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party, since the Bronx may be called the home of these militant left wing needle trades workers who have fought the reactionary policies of the socialist party misleaders consistently.

All of the Communist candidates running in the Bronx will be present at the affair. While the details of the musical and other entertainment to be provided have not yet been divulged, the banquet will be an affair long to be remembered in the minds of those workers who will be present, according to Jacob Yakovlev, organizer of Section 5, the Bronx.

## Workers of Panama Score Democratic Anti-Alien Plank

PANAMA, Sept. 4.—The General Syndicate of Workers of Panama has sent a letter to the Daily Worker protesting against the resolution incorporated in the democratic platform providing that only American citizens be employed in positions in the Canal zone above the rank of messenger. The resolution was proposed by Canal zone democrats and is regarded as part of the campaign against foreign-born workers, especially those of radical sympathies, in the Canal zone.

The letter is signed by Charles R. Mendoza, executive secretary, and Jorge R. Brouwer, Jr., foreign secretary of the General Syndicate of Workers of Panama.

Who wins when you read your bosses' paper?

## I. L. D. APPEALS TO WORKERS FOR MORE SUPPORT

### Urges Branches to Intensify Work

With the conclusion of the summer season, the New York Section of the International Labor Defense, 739 Broadway, is planning to intensify the activities of all its branches. An appeal, signed by Rose Baron, secretary of the New York Section, has been issued to the branches and to all class-conscious workers, urging more active co-operation and aid in order that the I. L. D. may be able to continue its work. The appeal states:

"The summer months, always difficult months financially for the International Labor Defense, have this year been unusually hard upon us. Our annual outing, which is usually a source of considerable income, fell far below expectations because of postponement and rain. Throughout the summer money was constantly being paid out to defray the expenses of the many cases that we handled, while very little was coming in.

Without Funds.  
"Thus the I. L. D. now finds itself actually without sufficient funds to go on with the defense of workers under attack by the capitalist courts. But this work will not and must not stop. The only weapon which the workers have in their fight against the frame-up and the other devices of the boss courts—the International Labor Defense—must not be crushed because of lack of support.

"The I. L. D. appeals to all branches to intensify their work immediately, to start membership campaigns, to arrange affairs of various sorts and to do everything possible to enable the local office to continue its indispensable work in behalf of workers caught in the legal machinery of the capitalist courts.

Autumn Revel.  
"The I. L. D. also appeals to all class-conscious workers to join in this work by becoming members of the International Labor Defense and supporting it to the utmost.

"All branches and all workers should also make preparations for our Autumn Revel, which will be held Saturday, Oct. 27, in Webster Hall, 119 E. 11th St. Branches and other workingclass organizations are requested not to arrange affairs for this date."

## Grab Levine Plane for Non-Payment of Taxes

PARIS, Sept. 4 (UP).—Police seized Charles A. Levine's new Junkers plane, Queen of the Air, at Cherbourg today.

Levine, who had intended to sail for New York today aboard the Leviathan of the United States Lines, arrived at Cherbourg flanked by gendarmes and his plane was put under seal.

The plane was seized because Levine, piloted by Bert Acosta, left Le Bourget Field without the authorization of customs officials, who previously had ordered the plane to stay on the ground until the taxes on it were paid. The plane was built in Germany and imported by Levine.

## New Job for Hughes?

GENEVA, Sept. 4 (UP).—The assembly of the League of Nations will elect a successor to John Bassett Moore as judge of the world court Saturday, Herliuf ahle, president of the assembly, announced today. The election of Charles Evans Hughes was regarded as certain.

## Painter Has Narrow Escape in Fall



Manuel Martin had a narrow escape yesterday when he fell from a scaffold at 245 Degraw St., Brooklyn, and dropped three stories to the ground. He suffered bruises only. Falls from scaffolds are frequent occurrences among painters.

## BURKE TO LEAVE ON TOUR TODAY

### Will Cover 10 Towns on Trip

Preparatory to the election campaign tour for the Workers (Communist) Party to be made by Robert Minor, Communist candidate for U. S. Senate and Lovett Fort-Whiteman, Communist candidate for Comptroller, which is scheduled to start at Poughkeepsie on Sept. 4, Donald Burke, Red campaigner, today begins his upstate tour, covering each of the cities at which Minor and Whiteman will later speak.

Burke's first stop will be Poughkeepsie, at which he will speak today. The rest of his itinerary includes: Troy, Sept. 6 and 7; Albany, Sept. 8; Schenectady, Sept. 9 and 10; Utica, Sept. 11; Syracuse, Sept. 12; Rochester, Sept. 13 and 14; Buffalo, Sept. 15, 16 and 17; Jamestown, Sept. 18, and Binghamton, Sept. 19.

Besides making preparations for the Minor-Whiteman tour, Burke will hold open-air meetings on the platform of the Workers (Communist) Party and wherever possible will speak at factory gates at noon.

Burke is already a familiar figure in many upstate localities due to his fine work during the Red Essex tour, during which he and George Pearlman accounted for putting fourteen upstate counties on the ballot for the Workers (Communist) Party. The expenses of the tour will be paid by Burke himself out of collections to be taken at the various meetings, and he confidently expects to raise sufficient funds to considerably swell the Communist campaign fund after paying the costs of his tour.

## To Protest Porter Jailing at Meet in Milwaukee Sept. 16

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 4.—International Youth Day will be celebrated in Milwaukee with a mass meeting protesting against the vicious sentence meted out to John Porter, young textile strike leader, who has been condemned to two and a half years at hard labor by the federal military authorities.

The meeting will be held on the evening of Sept. 16 at Liberty Hall, Eighth and Walnut Sts., under the auspices of the Young Workers League. Minnie Lurie, a member of the District Executive Committee of District 8 of the League, will be the chief speaker.

## Kroger Grocery Trust Swallows Competitor

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 4 (UP).—Announcement was made today by the Kroger Grocery and the Baking Co. of the purchase of the Eagle chain of 715 stores in Pittsburgh which have been owned and operated since 1922 by Benjamin Chait, Joseph Goldstein, Joseph Porter and Meyer Weinberg.

## MILL STRIKER'S WIFE COMES TO THE 'BIG CITY'

### Slaved 22 Years in Textile Mills

After twenty-two years in the gray textile mills of New Bedford, a thin, undernourished little striker's wife, Mrs. Stella Correia, left her husband and three little children and came to New York yesterday to help raise funds for the fighting, hungry New Bedford strikers. This is her first time in this city. As Fred Biedenkapp, national secretary of the Workers' International Relief, brought her from the Grand Central station, the noise and bustle of the traffic and the glittering shop windows on Fifth Avenue left her a little breathless.

"How is it possible," she asked, "that while our people are working for starvation wages in New Bedford that there is so much wealth in New York?"

Mrs. Correia will attend union meetings for the purpose of raising funds for the textile strikers and on Saturday, September 15, at 1 p. m., she will address the Workers' International Relief Conference at Irving Plaza Hall.

At the offices of the Workers International Relief, 1 Union Square, Mrs. Correia told a pitiable tale of hunger and suffering among the textile workers of New Bedford and Fall River. She also told of how she and her children have taken part in all mass picketing demonstrations and how on several occasions she and her oldest girl, Mary, were arrested and brutally manhandled by the New Bedford police. Her youngest child, Charlie, she said, is a chronic victim of pleurisy, contracted during a winter when the family could not afford coal.

When her husband and herself are at work they both make \$21.45 for a full week's work, Mrs. Correia said. The children are left with neighbors and have to shift for themselves as best they can.

"When are you going back to work?" a reporter asked.

Mrs. Correia stiffened and snapped back: "When we win the strike."

## FIRE MORE MINERS

LONDON (By Mail).—Eight hundred men and boys are to receive notice today at New Blightworth (Notts). The pit was sunk only two years ago. Depression in the industry is the reason given for the notices.

*Are You Working*  
for the

DAILY WORKER-FREIHEIT  
**BAZAAR**

October 4, 5, 6 and 7

These will be red letter days of the biggest event of the year.

**Madison Square Garden**  
will be the place for this stupendous expression of proletarian effort and initiative.

EVERY PARTY UNIT from New York to Seattle, from Maine to Texas, every workingclass organization sympathetic with the revolutionary movement, every class conscious worker on the job. Here is what you should do:

ELECT A BAZAAR COMMITTEE to gather articles. Solicit ads for the souvenir program at \$75 per page. No workingclass organization should fail to register itself in this manner by taking all or part of a page. No Workers Party Unit should be missing. Gather names for the Red Honor Roll at one dollar a name.

Fall in line to make the Red Bazaar the biggest success of the year.

HEADQUARTERS  
**National Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar Committee**  
30 UNION SQUARE NEW YORK CITY

**Did You Receive Our Letter?**  
**Did You Answer?**  
If not yet, tax yourself with one day's wage and do your share to complete the fund

**A Day's Wage**  
for the  
**\$100,000**  
COMMUNIST CAMPAIGN FUND

Are you unemployed and so badly in need that you cannot send even a single dollar or a two-dollar bill for the Communist Campaign?

ANSWER BEFORE YOU LAY DOWN THIS NOTICE	<b>We Need</b> 5's, 10's, 25's and 100's but the singles and twos are just as welcome.	Just attach your contribution to the blank that we sent you and mail it in NOW!
--	---	---

Send all Funds to  
**ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG, Treasurer**  
**National Election Campaign Committee**  
43 EAST 125TH STREET NEW YORK CITY

# Bukharin's Speech in Reply to Discussion on the International Situation

Bukharin's speech in reply to the discussion on the international situation at the Sixth Congress of the Communist International began in Saturday's Daily Worker. Those sections already published are: "I. The Positive and Negative Sides of the Discussion," "II. The Stabilization of Capitalism and the Controversy over the 'Third Period,'" "III. The War Question is the Central Question," and "IV. The External and Internal Contradictions of the Capitalist System."

I now want to take up certain separate problems, which in my opinion are very important. Permit me first of all to say a few words about our trade union tactics and our trade union work, which was discussed here. The Executive of the C. I. constantly emphasizes in its resolutions, circulars, letters, and other documents, the necessity for persistent trade union work in connection with the united front tactics. Everybody knows this. The world situation, which I have analyzed and described here makes this problem more acute than ever and brings the task of winning over the masses more and more to the forefront. In the present situation winning over the masses is the condition precedent for our struggle against the dangers of war, and against war as such. The masses cannot be won over unless we work inside the trade unions. From the point of view of our international relations we must repeat what we have already said, namely, that strenuous work in the trade unions is absolutely essential.

We must not lose the initiative in the struggle for trade union unity. In the present situation we stand particularly in need of strongholds among the masses. That is why an intensification of trade union work in general, and an intensification of Profront work in particular, is now one of the major tasks in the work of the Communist Parties. In the course of the discussion of the trade union question a number of tendencies were revealed. Some comrades spoke of the necessity to organize the unorganized, to create independent organizations in opposition to the reactionary unions, and, under certain definite conditions, to link up with the Profront unions those trade union organizations which have been captured from the reformists. This is the policy which we advocated and which was generally adopted by the IV. Congress of the R. I. L. U. However, in the discussion reference was made to tendencies to resist these decisions, to the absence of an independent Communist line in trade union work, to complete surrender to Reformism out of fear of expulsion from the trade unions. But another tendency was also revealed in the course of the discussion, namely, a tendency to deny the necessity for working in the reactionary unions, and attempts were even made to develop a theory for the purpose of justifying this attitude. Sometimes this tendency is observed among the rank and file and arises from the difficulties which work in the reactionary trade union encounters. It is true that we are being expelled from the reactionary unions and for that reason greater firmness and a strong belief in our own policy is necessary to be able to work under such difficult conditions. The tendency to leave the reactionary unions is fostered also by the fact that large numbers of workers in many countries are still unorganized. This is the case in the United States and also in France. Comrade Thorez pointed out in his speech that only a negligible section of the French workers are organized. It is absolutely clear that the task of organizing the unorganized is one of the main tasks at the present time. But this is no reason why we should abandon our work in the reactionary trade unions, even in countries where dual unions exist. Some comrades try to prove theoretically that it is impossible to capture the machinery of the reformist labor organizations, trade unions, etc. They draw an analogy between the trade union and the governmental machinery. The slogan: capture the bourgeois state machine, they claim, must not be taken literally. They point out that Marx and Engels, and later Lenin in his "State and Revolution" explained that capturing the state means destruction of the state machine and its displacement by another; that this was the process of capturing the state.

The comrades apply this argument to the trade union question. There, too, there is a firmly organized bureaucratic machinery similar to that of the bourgeois state machine. They say that it is impossible to capture that huge machine, it must be destroyed; but it is possible to destroy it only when the bourgeois state apparatus is destroyed. From this they conclude that it will be impossible to capture the reactionary trade unions before the capture of political power. On these assumptions it is easy to arrive at the conclusion that it is not necessary to work in the trade unions now under a Reformist leadership. However the argument that it is impossible to capture the reactionary unions cannot be proved. True, it is a very difficult task and it is probable that a final victory all along the front will be scored in many countries only in the process of the Social Revolution and after the capture of power. We have had cases like that in Soviet Russia, but we have abandoned our work in the Menshevik trade unions. To say that it is impossible to capture the unions is to take too pessimistic a view of the situation. The bourgeois state apparatus does not consist of workers. But the trade union

## V. Problems Connected With the Work of the Communist Parties

supported. Willi Munzenberg alone is not to be blamed for this; we are all to blame. We gave very little assistance to the League, we did not supply the League with adequate forces. Our parties did not sufficiently co-operate with it. Such are the unembellished facts, on the basis of which we must draw our conclusions.

The problem of mass organizations is one of the most important problems and the next Plenum will have to work out a series of practical measures for its correct solution. The line is clear, but our experience is inadequate. We have already adopted many resolutions on this question and have debated on it many times. We have resolutions to show but our deeds do not correspond with these paper resolutions. This is a fact.

**Unemployment.** The unemployment problem was touched upon, and quite rightly. Several comrades spoke on the question and particularly Comrade Hanington from Great Britain. This question must be elaborated in the theses and the most serious attention must be paid to it.

The unemployment problem was discussed here yesterday in connection with the special problems pertaining to America. Comrade Lominadze raised several objections to the case presented by Comrade Varga. He said on the one hand that Varga revises the fundamental principles of Marx by speaking of a decline in the number of workers employed in industry. He thinks this is not the case nor can it be. On the other hand Comrade Lominadze says that he does not agree with me when I say that this is the first time anything of this kind has occurred, for Marx has given numerous examples of such cases.

I think one must choose one of these two propositions. Either something of the sort has existed and exists now or nothing of the kind can exist. (Lominadze: There is no law of development.) Quite right. There is no law of development. (Lominadze: I said this against Varga.) But you are arguing also against me.

The second proposition excludes the first. But Comrade Lominadze wants to have it both ways. How does the matter actually stand? Is a reduction in the number of workers employed in industry possible or not? It is possible. It is possible as were the various cases which Marx cited in volume I of "Capital." Not a "certain" but a fairly well known French economist, Ganil to whom Comrade Lominadze referred, developed a whole theory on this subject as follows: as capitalism develops, the number of workers employed declines, and the number of capitalists increases. Hence, the workers become capitalists! Marx said that this was nonsense, that it was a ridiculous and worthless theory. But this is the point involved in the "American" case? Did Varga express his agreement with Carver (and Ganil)? Did Varga say that the workers become capitalists? God forbid! Varga said that they become unemployed. There is nothing in this to suggest Ganil's theory. Hence, Ganil must be left to lie in peace. Further, Marx cites several cases of individual factories in which the number of workers employed declined. Is it possible for the same thing to happen now (for the first time!) in a whole country, at least for a certain period of time? I think it is possible. A certain country may occupy an exceptional position in world economy, may be distinguished by certain specific features of development just as certain individual factories or districts of Great Britain were distinguished in the days of Marx. It would be imprudent and wrong to advance a new "natural law" of capitalist development at the present time. Firstly we have too little empirical material with which to make such generalizations, but it is quite permissible to speak of positive facts. There is a country that occupies an exceptional position in world economy and that country is the United States. It is quite reasonable to suppose that a country with such enormous economic resources and where technical progress has made such rapid strides should not develop along the general, average line but should develop in leaps. That is exactly what is happening in America.

What does that mean? For our analysis as a whole it means the following: We see various processes giving rise to growing unemployment. These are—growing unemployment caused by depression and as a result of rationalization, and finally a spasmodic reduction in the absolute number of workers employed in industry due to the very rapid technical development that is taking place in the United States. I absolutely disagree with the argument advanced here by many comrades to the effect that the internal possibilities of American imperialism have been "exhausted." They have not yet been exhausted and in general I am on principle opposed to this point of view. It is wrong both in theory and principle, it is the Luxemburg theory (Voice: This is what Varga said!). Yes, Varga said it but I disagree with Varga on this point. It is wrong, it is a repetition of Rosa Luxemburg's theory. What is true is that under the present market conditions in a country like the United States, consecutive investments of capital are not as profitable as for instance in South America. And this problem is not as simple as some comrades think. It is a very complicated one. Our general deductions are as follows. There are now various causes of unemployment and these causes must be analyzed. There is the unemployment that arises in time of depression; there is unemployment called forth by the process of rationalization, even in the period of the upward trend of development; there is a rapid growth of unemployment at the time of a marked upward trend of development accompanied by extremely rapid technical progress. Take for instance unemployment in Great Britain and in America. These are two different types of unemployment. It goes without saying that we as Communists regard all the types of unemployment as a product of the development of the contradictions in capitalism. We utilize these contradictions with the object of sharpening the class struggle.

**The Peasant Problem.** Now a few words on the peasant problem. The critical remarks made on this question by Comrade Kolarov, by the Italian, Balkan, South American, Persian and several other comrades I think are absolutely justified. But in my turn I can hurl the reproach at all these comrades for not having said a word about the agricultural proletariat. As a matter of fact this problem is one of the most serious problems in the capitalistically developed European countries. How does the peasant problem as a whole stand at the present time? I think the formulation we adopted in 1925 still holds good. With the beginning of partial capitalist stabilization, work among the peasantry in the highly-developed West-European countries has become objectively more difficult for us.

The broad masses of the peasants—not the pauperized peasants of the Chinese, Russian or Rumanian type, but the "middle" and "lower middle" West European type (Germany, France, Czechoslovakia, etc.)—became restless when considerable disturbances took place in the entire capitalist system. No analogy can be drawn between the Chinese peasants and the German middle peasants. They represent totally different social categories, they are quite different types of peasants. Lenin spoke of this at the second congress, and strongly emphasized this distinction. In times of war and great disturbances in Western Europe, these sections were also moved. But under the present conditions of stabilization, work among the peasants in the large capitalist countries will in my opinion be very difficult.

accept the suggestion. The arguments advanced in its favor are not convincing enough. We are told that since we must devote more attention to the peasant problem, particularly in the various colonial and semi-colonial countries, in the South American countries, etc., it naturally follows that we must organize peasant parties. Why? We have already discussed this question and decided that it was necessary to organize peasant leagues, to gain influence in them and to control them through our fractions. It seems to me that this position was absolutely correct and that it holds good also today. Why are separate peasant parties necessary? What does it mean to create a new party in the light of the prospect of development of bourgeois national revolutions in the colonies and their transformation into social revolutions. It means that we would set up parties to compete with the Communist Parties of the proletariat. We cannot say: up to a certain point we "favor" such parties, but after that we "eliminate" or liquidate them without ceremony. No, comrades, such parties would grow and eventually would compete with the Communist Parties. Of course, in cases where peasant parties already exist we must seek to win them over and to bring them under our influence. But wherever the question of organizing a peasant party is raised for the first time it seems to me that it would be much better for us to organize peasant leagues, because by doing so we shall be able to organize broader sections of the peasantry and create a surer means by which to lead the toiling sections of the peasants. Such a form of peasant organization may attract a larger membership and will be much easier to bring under the influence of the proletarian Communist Party. All these political considerations argue against this proposal. We decided this question in this spirit before and gave the same motives for this solution. There is no reason whatever why we should relinquish this position.

**The Negro Problem.** I want to stress the importance of the Negro problem. The Comintern has already passed a number of resolutions on this question. Nevertheless, it is a fact that the Parties concerned have not yet paid the necessary attention to this issue. Almost all Negro comrades say in addition that the survivals of race prejudice are still to be observed in some parties. I do not deny this fact. If on minor national issues, there is friction within the Communist Parties, for instance in Western Europe, what reasons have we to believe that great cultural and racial distinctions leave no traces upon the Communist Parties? Even on the Commissions of the Comintern a wrong note is detected when questions concerning the Negro problem are discussed. I myself noticed this during a discussion on the South African question. We must put an end to this once and for all. In our theses we must declare in the name of the Comintern that it is the duty of all our comrades to adopt a correct policy on this question and fight mercilessly against the slightest manifestations of race prejudice. The Negro problem must not be studied merely from the point of view of the situation in North America, but also from the viewpoint of the situation in South Africa, etc.

**The Situation in India.** A few words on India. Some Indian comrades raised some points against me and I must reply. For instance, Comrade Rasur objected to my description of the present economic situation in India. He regretted that I did not say something about the industrialization of India. I must state here that in elaborating their theory of the "decolonization" of India the Indian comrades sought support in a statement I made in the course of which, while I made no reference to the de-colonization of India, I nevertheless, pointed to the large investments of foreign capital to be observed in India. Is it true that I made no reference to the industrialization of India in my report? I may not have employed the term industrialization. But I spoke of big capital investments during the war and post-war periods; is that no industrialization? However, this is not a decisive factor in analyzing the present situation in India. A decisive element is the following: Has the policy of British imperialism changed in regard to India or not? Is there any change to be observed in the economic policy of British imperialism? I think the flow of capital to India has greatly diminished of late. We no longer observe the feverish investments of capital; there is no longer an upward curve of large investments as we saw before. That is why the surging process of economic development that was observed some time ago is not observed now. Hence, the

**The Importance of Work in South America.** Allow me to deal with a few other questions.

First of all I want to lay stress on the problem of the South American countries. We have already mentioned the fact that this is the first time that the South American Parties are so well represented at our Congress. Of course, this shows that our movement has extended to the South American countries. These countries are now particularly important for us as they play a very important although peculiar role in world politics. We have already pointed out the growing aggressiveness of North American capitalism in South America; we have also pointed already to the war of liberation Nicaragua is waging against the imperialist invasion of the U. S. We are all perfectly well aware of the great importance of Mexican resistance and we also know that such resistance and a powerful popular movement against North American imperialism is now developing in several countries in South America. We know perfectly well that this problem is intertwined with certain internal problems in the respective countries, particularly with the agrarian problem and the struggle against fascism. On the question of tactics in the South

## KENOSHA LABOR SPY EXPELLED BRITISH 'LEADERS' OKAY MOND PLAN

Continued from Page One  
built, and is at present employed at the Nash Motor Co. as an 'inspector,' and secretly as a spy on his fellow-workers. He has a record of industrial espionage extending over a long period of years, having once been a member of the I. W. W. in Chicago, as well as a member of the Chicago union. He was employed for a time by the Moody Water Pipe Co., where he was engaged in spying and reporting the activities of the militant workers to the company officials.

"During the months he was secretary of the Workers Party in Kenosha several members were mysteriously discharged from their jobs.

**Activities Discovered.** "Bugna has a box in the Kenosha post office, No. 743, where he receives mail from an individual named Harte, who is employed by the Corporations Auxiliary Co. Bugna was in the habit of paying regular visits to Harte, who lives in South Milwaukee, Wis. For his spy activities he received \$1.80 per report.

Bugna has been expelled from the Workers (Communist) Party, and all units of the Party are asked to beware of this individual, in the event of his attempting to join the Party elsewhere."

Continued from Page One  
lice who surrounded the meeting the demonstrators held in the open fields.

Everyone seeking admission to the congress today was closely scrutinized in order to prevent the entrance of miners and other militant elements. The congress has definitely refused to receive a deputation of miners.

In spite of Ben Turner's address of pacifism in which he declared pensioning all those engaged on naval and military work "until the time comes when they could be making ploughshares" would be better "than to continue the unholy preparations for war," the most serious topic before the congress, after discussion of the Mond plan, was the decline in trade union membership during the past year.

It is believed that figures revealing a decline of 280,000 by no means tells the whole story of the decay in British unionism under the existing leadership.

A resolution making unemployment a national and not a local charge was passed by the congress following discussion in which the officials advanced the opinion that the miners are solving their unemployment suffering by marching afoot to the cities where they swell the large populations of unemployed persons.

impoverishment and pauperization now in progress which is converting the peasants into urban workers on all sides, but semi-beggars on the land, robbed and enslaved on all sides. This retards the development of the home market and therefore the development of industry which has to contend against bitter competition, which is made all the more severe by the "preferences" Britain is able to secure for herself by the privileged position she occupies in the country. Such are the peculiar features of India today. Comrade Rasur said that Britain is trying to bribe the upper strata of the peasantry. This is true. But it seems to me that Comrade Rasur somewhat exaggerates this process. In reality the tendency to become transformed into social revolutions, the whole gamut of South American problems is assuming increasing significance from day to day.

**The Vienna Insurrection and the "Left" Social Democracy.** In dealing with the smaller Parties I think a few words must be said regarding the Austrian question. Some comrades asked me whether the fact that I did not mention the July insurrection in Vienna is to be taken as indicating a change in our opinion on this question. As you all know we discussed the Austrian question some time ago and expressed ourselves very strongly against the position of the Austrian Party. In the resolution we adopted it is pointed out that the Vienna uprising was a powerful revolutionary mass movement and that our Party should have advanced the slogan of Soviets and should have led the insurrection under this slogan. No doubt all of you are familiar with that resolution. It seems to me that there is no reason why we should depart from the opinions we expressed at that time. It is another

question as to whether that movement was not isolated somewhat at the stage which it had reached. The masses of the German and Czechoslovakian proletariat could not be called out for a general strike and no decisive mass action could be effected then. From this point of view the Vienna uprising was to a certain extent isolated. However, with the further development of events we might have attained a different situation. That was quite possible. Who can say that if the events had developed further we would not have had great ferment in Germany and Czechoslovakia? Such a possibility was not entirely out of the question. The argument that the rising was isolated, or rather, relatively isolated cannot be brought in as an argument against our revolutionary tactics in Austria. Did the Austrian Party at that time have the opportunity to develop the movement? I think it did. The Party made a mistake in not helping to create mass organizations in the form of Soviets. It had the opportunity for doing that, but it committed a grave mistake in not acting in the right way in the right time. I think the resolution of the Plenum of the E.C.C.I. was absolutely correct. It is another matter as to how far similar events are possible in the existing situation. I do not consider such a prospect very likely. But this is an entirely different matter.

The Austrian events emphasized with particular force the correctness of the thesis on the role of the "left" social democrats when it says that they are the most dangerous enemies of the revolutionary proletariat.

Bukharin's speech will be continued in tomorrow's Daily Worker when the sixth section, "VI. Tactical and Inner Party Problems," will be published.

### Campaign Notice

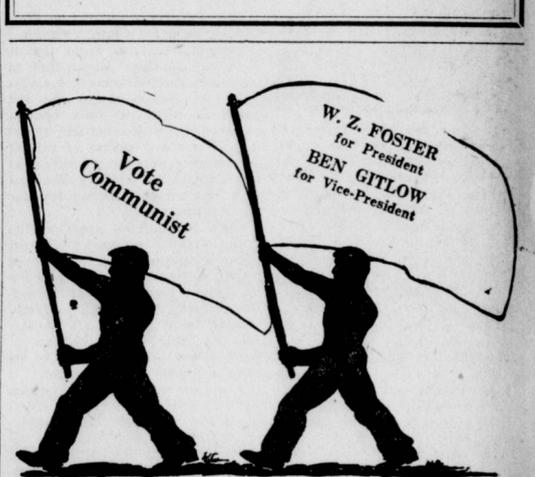
A PACKAGE of one hundred leaflets will be sent you FREE OF CHARGE by the National Election Campaign Committee. Just send in your name and address on a post card or letter. This is not an advertising campaign, and the Committee is not seeking a profit on the sale of campaign leaflets. 500,000 leaflets will be given away. If you like the idea, you can keep it going by sending as much as you can contribute to the Free Campaign Leaflet Fund to enable the Committee to renew the offer.

Mail this coupon NOW to the  
National Election Campaign Committee  
43 East 125th St., New York City.

Comrades:  
Send me a package of one hundred Communist Campaign leaflets. It is understood that there is no obligation on my part except to distribute these leaflets.

Name .....

Address .....



## Order a Bundle!

Let The DAILY WORKER help you in your Election Campaign Work.

Order a bundle to distribute and sell at your open air meetings, in front of factories and at union meetings.

Special price on Daily Worker bundles during election campaign.

\$8.00 per thousand (regular price \$10.00 per thousand).

Enclosed find \$.....for.....Daily Workers

Name .....

Street .....

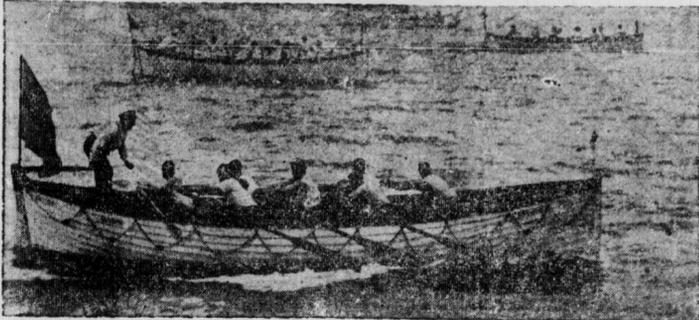
City .....

State .....



# Workers Party and Young Workers League in Joint Youth Celebration, Sept. 14

### To Seamen, Victory; To Imperialists, Publicity



Seamen from the crew of the S.S. Mauretania winning first place in the international lifeboat races. Swedish and American seamen took second and third places respectively.

## ANNIVERSARY TO BE TURNED INTO ANTI-WAR MEET

### Speakers and Excellent Program

The Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League, District 2, will hold a joint mass meeting in Irving Plaza Hall, 15th St. and Irving Place, on Friday, Sept. 14, at 8 p. m.

This year's celebration will contain many new features. It will be an All-Youth Program. It will include prominent youth speakers, will present for the first time the Youth Chorus of New York and will include Sarah Nemes, a talented violinist, and a youth sports club will perform as well.

The thirteenth anniversary of International Youth Day will be turned into an anti-war demonstration by the League and the Party. Members of the Communist Youth League have been very active in the Citizens' Military Training Camps this summer. The Young Workers (Communist) League has learned how to carry on work against capitalist militarism both inside of the very institutions of capitalist oppression, and outside of them among the masses of youth, a statement announcing the meeting says.

## WORKERS PARTY OPEN AIR MEETS

### Speakers Will Cover Entire City

Open-air meetings throughout Greater New York have been arranged by the agitprop department of District 2, Workers (Communist) Party:

Today.

Twenty-eighth St. and Lexington Ave., Baum, Suskin, Aborn; 2nd Ave. and 10th St., N. Y. C., Gussakoff, Hendin, Goliger, I. Cohen; Union Square, N. Y. C., Powers, Blake, Ross, Caplan; Wilkins and Intervale, Bronx, Padgug, Gold, LeRoy, Alkin, Sumner; Fleet St. and Flatbush Ext., Bklyn., Yusem, Vera Bush, Midolla, Jessie Taft; 7th Ave. and 131st St., N. Y. C., Padmore, Pasternack, Ed. Welsh, Schalk; 7th Ave. and 137th St., N. Y. C., R. Moore, Ed. Wright, Lloyed; Passaic, N. J., Ed. Wright, Ida Starr, Evelyn Blacker.

Tomorrow.

138th St. and St. Ann's Ave., Bronx, Coddick, Peer, H. Williams, Wm. Margolis; 40th St. and 8th Ave., N. Y. C., V. Smith, Joe Cohen; Bryant Ave. and 174th St., Bronx, Chas. Zimmerman, Worts, Harfield, Weitz, Spiro; 25th St. and Mermaid Ave., C. I., Ben Lifshitz, Shapiro, Magliacano, Chalupski; Steinway and Jamaica Aves., Astoria, L. I., Powers, Rock, Schachtman, Heder, Mueller; Stone and Pitkin Ave., Bklyn., Benjamin, Kagan, Sumner, J. Cohen.

Friday, Sept. 7.

National Biscuit Co. (noon), Grecht, Ross; Bristol and Pitkin, Bklyn., Ragozin, Castrell, Lillenstein, Wilson; 5th Ave. and 110th St., N. Y. C., Markoff, Lloyed, Grace Lamb, Lyons, Rodriguez; Varet and Graham Ave., Bklyn., Bimba, Rosemond, G. Welsh, Midolla; 50th St. and 5th Ave., Bklyn., Retiss, Yusem, I. Zimmerman, Donaldson; Market Plaza, Newark, N. J., Vera Bush, Szepeszy, L. Duke; Patterson, N. J. (3 Governor St.), Baum, Freiman, Laurence Elkind.

Saturday, Sept. 8.

1st Ave. and 116th St. (Italian), Auerbach, Napoli, Rolfe; 1st Ave. and 79th St., V. Smith, Moreau, Magliacano, Lloyed; West New York, N. J., Leroy, C. Martin; Perth Amboy, N. J., Padmore, Covatez; Elizabeth, N. J., Markoff, R. Duke; Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Wright, Duker.

## OTTINGER NAMED BY REPUBLICANS

### Former Daugherty Aid Heads State Ticket

Continued from Page One  
Co., a subsidiary of the Morgan-controlled General Electric Co. H. Edmund Machold, the new head of the state republican machine, was also a member of this commission.

Ottinger, who is a Jew, is being groomed to corner a large part of the heavy Jewish vote usually obtained by Gov. Smith. It is considered possible that the selection of Ottinger as the republican gubernatorial candidate may cause a change in the plans of the democratic machine. Col. Herbert Lehman, millionaire banker, another Jew, may be chosen instead of Senator Wagner who is at present slated to head the democratic ticket. Lehman is a member of the banking firm of Lehman Bros., and a director in the Studebaker Corporation, the Pierce Oil Corporation and the Morgan-controlled Coal and Iron National Bank.

## Workers Party Activities FRANK BONITA IS MURDERED

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

**Party Fraction Meeting.**  
A Party Fraction Meeting will be held this evening at Party headquarters, 26-28 Union Square, at 8 p. m. of all Party members belonging to the United Council of Working Class Women and other women's organizations. Party members who are housewives must all come to the Fraction meeting. All active comrades, in language groups such as Lithuanian, Ukrainian, Finnish, Jewish, etc., etc., must attend this meeting.

**3 E. 2 F.**  
An important meeting of Unit 3 E. 2 F. will be held this evening at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

**Comrades Zimmerman and Potash Report.**

A report of the present situation in the needle trades will be given by comrades Sasha Zimmerman of the Clerk and Dressmakers and Potash of the Furriers Joint Board at the Headquarters of Sections 2 and 3 this evening at 7:30 p. m. A discussion will follow. All comrades of Sections 2 and 3 are to attend.

**Unit 5 F. Subsection 3rd** will hold its next business meeting today at 6:15 p. m. sharp at 101 W. 27th Street.

**Executive Committee of 3 C** meets today at 10 W. 27th St.

**Unit B, Section 4.**  
**REMINDER**—Meetings are now held every Wednesday night at headquarters 359 East 81st Street.

**Printers Fraction Notice.**  
A meeting of the printers' fraction of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held today at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, at 6:30 p. m. A very important matter for immediate attention will be taken up. Members are asked to note the change in date and hour of this meeting.

**Downtown Unit 1.**  
Downtown Unit 1 of the Young Workers (Communist) League has arranged the following open air meetings for next week:

Monday, at 4th St. and Ave. B at 8:30 p. m.  
Tuesday, at 7th St. and Ave. B at 8:30 p. m.  
Saturday, at Clinton St. and East Broadway at 8:30 p. m.

**E. Washburn, Helman, Klingoffer, Miriam Cullen, Ben Intrator and Rose Pollack**, and a Young Pioneer member will be the speakers.

**Unit 5F, 2D Meeting.**  
Unit 5F, 2D of the Workers (Communist) Party will meet tonight at 6 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All members are urged to attend.

**6F, 2A**  
A special meeting of 6F, 2A will be held Thursday at 6:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th Street.

**Section 2 Campaign Conference** will be held Thursday at 8 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. All unit campaign directors and unit campaign committees must come.

**4F, Section 1.**  
Unit 4F, Section 1 will hold a meeting today at 8 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Pl. Roll will be taken and absentees will be reported to Section Discipline Committee.

**Women's Work.**  
There will be a fraction meeting of all women party members, this evening at the Workers Center, 4th floor, room 601 at 8 p. m. sharp.

**Functionaries Meet.**  
A meeting of all functionaries of Section 2 will be held Friday, Sept. 7, at 8:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. All functionaries must be present as important matters will be considered, including the section conference.

**Williamsburg Y. W. L.**  
The regular membership meeting will be held Thursday at 8 p. m. at Williamsburg Y. W. L.

The new headquarters, Throop Ave. corner Thorton St.

**Shoemaker, 4 SE.**  
This nucleus will meet Thursday, Sept. 6.

**FS, 882A.**  
An educational meeting of FS, 882A will be held on Thursday at 6 p. m. sharp at 101 W. 27th St.

**Boxes and Lists Must Be Turned In.**  
All lists and boxes for the collection of funds for the Party's campaign fund must be turned in at once to the various headquarters they were taken from.

**Section, subsection and units** are instructed to turn in all moneys to the district office.

**Labor and Fraternal Organizations**

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

**Local 22 T. U. E. L.**  
Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

**Freiheit Gesang Verein.**  
The annual picnic and concert of the Freiheit Gesang Verein will be held Sunday, September 9, at Pleasant Bay Park. An original program of songs has been arranged for the occasion.

**Igor Concert.**  
Saturday night, September 29 at Town Hall, 118-123 W. 43rd St. A concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish Soviet territory in Biro Bidjan.

**Workers School Sport Club.**  
All comrades and friends are invited to attend the Workers School Sport Club Hike which will take place on Sunday, Sept. 9. All participants will meet at 242nd St., Van Cortlandt Park Subway Station at 8:30 sharp. There will be a soccer practice on this hike.

**Rumanian Workers Club.**  
An educational meeting will be held by the Rumanian workers tonight at 8 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. Friday at 8 p. m. at the same place a monthly business meeting will be held.

**Working Women.**  
The Central Body of the United Council of Working Women will have its regular meeting tomorrow evening at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Sq., on the 4th floor, Room 601, at 8:30 p. m. sharp. Organizers, secretaries and delegates must attend; members are invited.

**Freiheit Gesang Verein Picnic.**  
The Annual Picnic of the Freiheit Gesang Verein will be held Sunday, September 9, at Pleasant Bay Park. The chorus will render an original program of songs under the leadership of Lazar Weiner. A large group of the Freiheit Mandolin Orchestra will give a program in classical musical. Dancing and fireworks will be included in the program during the day.

**Young Workers Social Culture Club.**  
A membership meeting of the Young Workers Social Culture Club will be held Friday, 8 p. m. at 118 Bristol St. near Pitkin Ave. All members are urged to attend.

**Phila. Underworld Dives Quiet as Fake "Clean-up" Starts**

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 4 (UP).—A quiet Labor Day was spent by Philadelphia's underworld after police had been assigned the herculean task of "cleaning up the town" in 24 hours, and the city generally awaited today further revelations by District Attorney Monaghan in his extensive investigation of prohibition violations.

## WORLD CONGRESS ADOPTS PROGRAM IN FINAL SESSION

### Admit New Parties to International

Continued from Page One  
New chapters were adopted concerning cooperative socialism and Austrian Marxism. A new chapter was also added dealing with the tasks of the cultural revolution.

"The program is not an ideal one, but it can be adopted as a great historical step forward, and I recommend that the Congress adopt it unanimously."

**Report On Colonies.**

Protracted applause greeted Bukharin at the conclusion of his report. The program was adopted, as Bukharin had advised the Congress, unanimously, and without any reservation.

After the Internationale had been sung by the delegates present, Kusunen rose to make his report on the Colonial Commission.

"Great improvements have been made," he said, "particularly in the case of the Chinese revolution and the revolutionary movements of Indonesia and India. The Commission adopted the original idea concerning the character of imperialist colonial policy, but dealt more clearly with such questions as capital exports which increase the tempo of industrial development but simultaneously increase the enslavement of the colonies."

The theses were unanimously adopted.

A resolution, read by Thaelmann concerning the situation in the Soviet Union and the problems of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, was unanimously adopted.

Kolarov reported for the Appeal Commission, and the Congress unanimously ratified the expulsion of the Trotskyists and rejected the requests of Trotsky, Radek, Sapronov, etc., for reinstatement. The reinstatement appeals of Maslov and Fischer were also rejected, simultaneously with a declaration that the way back into the ranks of the German Communist Party was open to all workers who break with the Maslov Fischer group. The appeals of Suzanne Grault, etc., and the Dutch Vynkoop group were also rejected.

After Humbert Droz had spoken on the formation of new Communist Parties in the colonies, the Congress accepted the Communist Parties in Corea, Cuba, Ireland, New Zealand and Paraguay. The Socialist Parties of Ecuador and Columbia were also accepted as sections of the Communist International, and the Executive Committee of the Communist International was instructed to give organizational instructions to these parties in order to make them into real Bolshevik parties.

The congress then unanimously adopted the following resolution:

**Labor and Fraternal Organizations!**  
Avoid financial disputes by eliminating loosely kept records. I will install for any organization a simple, yet adequate, system of accounts that will correctly reflect the true financial condition of the organization. To insure continuous well kept records, have me periodically audit your books. I submit simple and understandable financial statements. Write or call

**LOUIS P. WEINER, BCS**  
Public Accountant and Auditor  
149 Spring Street, N. Y. C.  
Walker 5783 or 7537

**MEET YOUR FRIENDS at Messinger's Vegetarian and Dairy Restaurant**  
1763 Southern Blvd., Bronx, N. Y. Right Off 174th St. Subway Station

**WE ALL MEET at the NEW WAY CAFETERIA**  
101 WEST 27th STREET NEW YORK

**Rational Vegetarian Restaurant**  
19, SECOND AVE. Bet. 12th and 13th Sts. Strictly Vegetarian Food.

All Comrades Meet at **BRONSTEIN'S VEGETARIAN HEALTH RESTAURANT**  
558 Claremont Pkway Bronx

**Health Food Vegetarian Restaurant**  
1600 MADISON AVE. PHONE: UNIVERSITY 5865

Phone Stuyvesant 3816  
**John's Restaurant**  
SPECIALTY: ITALIAN DISHES  
A place with atmosphere where all radicals meet.  
302 E. 12th ST. NEW YORK

**No Tip Center Barber Shop**  
NEW WORKERS CENTER  
26-28 Union Sq. 1 Flight Up  
NEW YORK CITY  
Individual Sanitary Service by Experts—LADIES' HAIR BOBBING SPECIALISTS.  
Patronize a Comradely Barber Shop

## GIANTS SPLIT TWO; ATHLETICS WIN 9-2

(By United Press)  
The Chicago Cubs gained a half game on the St. Louis Cardinals Tuesday in the National League race by defeating the Pittsburgh Pirates, 9 to 8, while the Cardinals were idle. The Cubs are now within four games of the league leaders. The New York Giants split a double-header with the Philadelphia Phillies, winning the first, 9 to 4, and losing the second 8 to 7.

Connie Mack's Athletics advanced within two games of the New York Yankees by winning from the Washington Senators 9 to 2.

Charlie Hargrave's wild throw in the ninth in attempting a double-play allowed Stephenson to score and gave the Chicago Cubs a 9 to 8 victory over the Pittsburgh Pirates. The Pirates found Nehf, Bush and Blake for thirteen hits and Fussell, Blankenship and Hill allowed ten. Adam Comorosky, Pirate outfielder, hit a home run and two singles, driving in six runs.

**CUBAN REPUDIATES LAW.**  
HAVANA, Sept. 3.—Refusing to accept the constitutional amendment by which all public office holders in Cuba were retained in office for two years over their regular elective terms, Dr. Ricardo Dolz, member of the senate, has presented his resignation to that body.

Bukharin then made a speech closing the Congress. "The Congress," he said, "has presented a review of the world revolutionary forces. The adoption of the program of the Communist International is a great historical task which alone would have justified the convening of the congress. The adoption of this program proves the external and internal growth of the Communist International. The Congress declared that the war danger was the axis of the present situation. The rejection of the appeal of the Trotskyists means their political death. The Communist International represents an historical class with a great mission with only its chains to lose and a whole world to win... the proletariat!"

Great applause greeted him at the end of his speech, and he read the proposed manifesto of the Sixth World Congress of the Communist International to the workers of the world. The delegates sang the Internationale.

Filing slowly through the great hall, the delegates from all parts of the world, singing revolutionary songs and shouting enthusiastically passed out, ending the Sixth World Congress of the Communist International.

**PARIS, Sept. 4 (UP).—**The pilot and a representative of the owners of the plane in which Maurice Bokanowski, minister of commerce, and four others were killed were blamed for the accident today.

**Try to Fix Blame on Pilot in Death of French Minister**

**Workers Cooperative Clothiers, Inc.**  
Suits Made to Order. Ready Made Suits. Quality—Full Value. 872 BROADWAY, N. Y. Cor. 18th St.—Tel. Algonquin 2223

**WANTED**  
Light, comfortable private room in Downtown Section. Write Box 20, Daily Worker, 26-28 Union Square, N. Y. C.

**Section One BAZAAR CONFERENCE**  
Wednesday, September 5 at 8:00 P. M. AT 60 ST. MARKS PLACE

All Units in Section One Are Requested to Elect Delegates

**CONSUMERS FINANCE CORPORATION**  
Subsidiary of the United Workers' Co-operative Ass'n.

**6%**  
dividends are being paid from the first day of deposit on gold bonds in denominations of \$100, \$300, \$500 and \$1,000 secured by the second mortgage of the second block of houses in the Co-operative Workers' Colony.

Offices: 69—5th Ave., New York, N. Y. TELEPHONE: ALGONQUIN 6900. 2700 Bronx Park East (Co-operative Workers' Colony)

**MARY WOLFE**  
STUDENT OF THE DAMROSCH CONSERVATORY  
**PIANO LESSONS**  
Moved to 2420 Bronx Park East Near Co-operative Colony Apt. 6H Telephone EASTABROOK 2469 Special rates to students from the Co-operative House.

**DAVID OSHINSKY**  
GENERAL INSURANCE  
Office: 60 Graham Ave., Brooklyn. Fire, Life, Public Liability, Compensation, Automobile, Accident, Health.

**I. SCOLNICK TAILOR**  
Fancy Cleaner and Dyers  
707 Allerton Ave., Bronx, N. Y.

Unity Co-operators Patronize **SAM LESSER**  
Ladies' and Gents' Tailor  
1818—7th Ave. New York Between 110th and 111th Sts. Next to Unity Co-operative House

**Butchers' Union**  
Local 174, A.M.C. & B.W. of N.A. Office and Headquarters: Labor Temple, 243 E. 84th St., Room 12. Regular meetings every first and third Sunday, 10 A. M. Employment Bureau open every day at 6 P. M.

**AMALGAMATED FOOD WORKERS**  
Bakers' Local 184 Meets 1st Saturday in the month at 3168 Third Ave., Bronx, N. Y. Ask for Union Label Bread

**THE ALMAGAMATED FOOD WORKERS**  
133 W. 51st St. Phone Circle 7336  
Business Meeting Held on the First Monday of the Month One Industry—One Union Join and Fight the Common Enemy (ice Open from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.)

**Put the Party on the Ballot**  
All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place  
Section 4—Harlem—143 East 103rd St.  
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.  
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue  
Section 7—Boro Park, 1373 43rd St.  
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

**OTTINGER NAMED BY REPUBLICANS**  
Former Daugherty Aid Heads State Ticket

**GOOD** printing of all description at a fair price. Let us estimate on your work. Telephone ORCHARD 4744

**ACTIVE PRESS**  
INCORPORATED  
33 FIRST STREET NEW YORK

**Workers Party and Young Workers League**

# Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Workers (Communist) Party

Published by NATIONAL DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING ASS'N, Inc., Daily, Except Sunday

26-28 Union Square, New York, N. Y. Cable Address: "Dziwork" Phone, Stuyvesant 1696-7-3

### SUBSCRIPTION RATES

By Mail (in New York only): By Mail (outside of New York):  
\$8 per year \$4.50 six months \$2.50 three months \$6.00 per year \$3.50 six months \$2 three months

Address and mail out checks to THE DAILY WORKER, 26-28 Union Square, New York, N. Y.

Editor: ROBERT MINOR  
Assistant Editor: WM. F. DUNNE

Entered as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

## VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President: WILLIAM Z. FOSTER  
For Vice-President: BENJAMIN GITLOW



WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!

For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

### The "Unionism" of Al Smith.

Every time the spokesmen of the big capitalist political parties open their heads on what they call the "labor question," the growing intimate relations between the heads of the great open-shop industrial kings and the heads of the American Federation of Labor become clearer.

It seems that all capitalist leaders are "for labor" in this election campaign, and certainly the reactionary trade union bureaucrats are for capital.

Here are a few words from the Labor Day address of Al Smith's running mate, Senator Robinson:

"The employers of laborers in large numbers have long applied business methods in their enterprises ANALOGOUS TO COLLECTIVE BARGAINING. While the present system is not perfect in its operation, it is nevertheless deemed essential to the carrying on of the nation's business, as well as to the best interests of employees."

We have put into capital letters the words "analogous to collective bargaining." What does this strange expression mean? What is the method "analogous to collective bargaining" which "the employers of laborers in large numbers" have long applied?

Evidently by "the employers of laborers in large numbers" Mr. Robinson can only mean the great industries such as the Steel Trust, the monster automobile manufacturing corporations, machine manufacture in general, corporations such as those of the Rockefellers, with perhaps some large railroads, etc. And he speaks, not of collective bargaining, but of "methods analogous to collective bargaining,"—and not of trade union methods applied by the workers, but of "business methods" which the employers "have long applied."

If Mr. Robinson means anything at all he means to suggest that the democratic party platform has in view company unionism as the utmost that the democratic party wants to promise the workers—a system "analogous to collective bargaining," but "applied" by "employers of laborers." (And of course even these are empty words—for Mr. Raskob and Mr. du Pont will decide for themselves whether they can best suppress "their" workers with or without company unionism.)

Some careful thinking ought to be done by any workers who may be under the spell of

the Tammany "friend of labor," Robinson, the crude politician of the West, said what Smith, the slicker politician of the East, has had in mind in all he said about "collective bargaining," something "analogous to collective bargaining,"—the Rockefeller Plan of scab company unions, in other words.

Take Robinson's words a little further. He speaks against "abuse of injunctions" in labor disputes. This means absolutely nothing unless it means that he is in favor of injunctions in labor cases, except where they can be adjudged (by a capitalist court) to be an "abuse" of injunctions. And he explains exactly what he means:

"In other words, the process has been abused in labor disputes by the granting of injunctions in PRETENDED emergencies." (Our emphasis)

He means injunctions in labor disputes must be granted to employers against the workers only when there is a real emergency, and not merely a "pretended" one. The employers must have injunctions, he says in effect, only when they need injunctions in order to beat the workers. He cites the democratic platform to prove it.

Why, then, is this criminal anti-labor platform of the democratic party supported by trade union bureaucrats? Because there is a very real and fundamental agreement between the views of such men as William Green, the trade union bureaucracy generally, and the anti-labor views which Robinson expresses. (And of course there is no real difference between the democratic and republican positions on the subject.)

Is not the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor now doing everything in its power to crush out every spark of resistance in the working class against the employers' offensive? Is not their openly expressed policy of "partnership between labor and capital" only another name for a system "analogous" to company unionism? And have they not already given their creative support to the infamous bar association project for a national anti-strike law which would practically universalize the power of injunction against all workers' organizations?

The closer Al Smith comes to that company unionism "analogous to collective bargaining," the closer the betrayers of labor headed by William Green will come to Al Smith.

Vote Communist!

### THE CORNERSTONE



## Berry, a Broker in "Labor"

(Maj. George L. Berry has been picked by Tammany Al Smith to corral the "labor vote" for the Democratic presidential ticket during the present election campaign.—Note.)

By WILLIAM Z. FOSTER.

THE symbol and outstanding instance of everything corrupt and reactionary in the printing trades is Major George L. Berry, President of the Pressmen's International Union. He is peer of the worst labor fakers ever developed in the entire history of the American labor movement. European labor men, unacquainted with the prevalent reaction in our unions, marvel that such a figure can pretend to be a labor leader and is able to hold on to his official position.

**October Strikers.** Berry, a former prize-fighter and ex-army officer, is one of the most blatant Chauvinists in the entire labor movement. He is a high official in the American Legion and a prominent politician in the Democratic Party. Berry's methods are without parallel. He has become a wealthy capitalist by the misuse of his official position. We shall reserve for later a description of his czarristic tactics in controlling his union and his scandalous system of plundering his rank and file. Here let us cite only a few of his strike-breaking exploits.

Under Berry's leadership the Pressmen's Union carries on a policy of crassest craft betrayal. When any of the other unions in the industry strike the pressmen are ordered to stay at work. And if the local pressmen, outraged by this union scabbery, nevertheless go out in support of the strikers, Berry immediately enters into active collaboration with the employers and fills their places with scabs. He follows the same strike-breaking policy when any of his local unions strike over their own grievances, regardless of their justification, unless they get his specific permission. Berry

### Czar of Pressmen's Union Waxes Wealthy On Continued Betrayals of Workers

has broken many strikes this way. One of his most infamous exploits was breaking the 1919 New York "vacationist" strike. Recently he sent professional scabs in to break the pressmen's strike in the Cuneo Co.'s plant in Chicago. Such scabbering comes easy to Berry as he himself was originally a strike-breaker in St. Louis, where he was given a card in the union to induce him to quit scabbing.

#### Broke Pressmen's Strike.

The strike of the New York web pressmen illustrate the methods of Berry. In 1921, under influence of the great post-war drive against labor, Judge Manton, arbitrator in the New York pressmen's dispute with the employers, made an award conceding all the employers' demands including wage reductions and drastic worsening in working conditions. Although enraged, the web pressmen fulfilled the award's terms until the agreement expired in 1923. At this time Berry, arbitrarily taking charge of the situation, dallied and delayed for weeks, maneuvering with the employers to force the workers to accept unfavorable terms.

Finally the pressmen struck, tying up all the big New York papers. Berry outlawed the strike and ordered the men back to work. He also issued a call to all his locals in the U. S. and Canada to furnish scabs at \$20.00 per day and he opened an office to recruit strike-breakers. The Burns Detective Agency worked with him recruiting scabs. The strike lasted 11 days. The men were driven back to work under conditions but little better than those of the Manton award, in the name of the sacredness of contracts. The employers praised Berry extravagantly, and so did the labor reactionaries.

#### Congratulated by Gompers.

Gompers wired congratulations to Berry, and when the latter appeared at the Portland convention shortly afterward he was given a wild ovation, and the delegates rising tumultuously to do him honor. Mr. Gompers said:

"We will suspend business to hear from one who has engaged in a tremendous contest in the interest of the honor and integrity of the American labor movement."

#### The Pressmen's Home.

THE notorious Pressmen's Home in Watkins County, Penn., about 12 miles from Rogersville and about 100 miles from Knoxville, cost the union originally about \$11,000 and Berry, the President of the Union, has since squandered about \$2,000,000 of union funds upon it. Berry owns several thousand acres of farming and stock-raising lands, much of which lies adjacent to the Home. Its value has been greatly enhanced by the proximity of the latter institution. Berry owns the "Rogersville Review," the Clinchfield Mercantile Co., the Clinchfield Land and Lumber Co., and the Clinchfield Hydro-Electric Power Co. He sells farm products and various other commodities to the Home at fancy prices. The Home, supposedly for the benefit of disabled pressmen, is situated conveniently for his own ends and Berry loses no opportunity to profit by it. Hutcheson of the Carpenters Union, no doubt inspired by Berry's success, is beginning the development of a big Home for carpenters at Lakeland, Florida. Already it smells badly of graft.

#### Swiped \$165,000.

In connection with the Pressmen's Home, Berry proceeded to develop his own concern, the Clinchfield Hydro-Electric Power Co., with

union funds. For this purpose he misappropriated \$165,000 upon the false pretense that the company was owned by the union. Disbelieving this, Chicago Pressmen's Union, 3, a local in Berry's International, took the matter to court. The court ruled that the company in question belonged to Berry and his friends personally and it ordered them to pay back to the union the \$165,000 which they had misappropriated. Things looked black for Berry. But the employers, of whom Berry is a valuable servant, came to his aid. With their assistance he was able to terrorize the Chicago local into dropping the case, by the threat that if they did not do so their pending demands upon their bosses for better conditions would be categorically rejected. Hence Berry, although convicted in court, was never compelled to pay back the \$165,000.

#### How Wealthy.

The ultra-patriotic Major Berry is now a rich man. He is reputed to be worth half a million dollars. When he was elected President of the International at the Brighton Beach Convention in 1907 they had to take up a collection to pay his expenses from San Francisco. Now, in addition to his large properties in Tennessee, he sports, when in New York, a suite in the Waldorf-Astoria. A few years ago he narrowly missed securing the Democratic nomination (tantamount to election) for Governor of Tennessee. When he put up a fight for Democratic nomination for vice-president of the United States in 1924 he had the support of wide sections of the capitalist press, Republican as well as Democratic. At that time he had in New York practically all the national organizers of the union, at the union's expense, wearing "Berry for Vice-President" buttons and working for his nomination.

#### (From "Misleaders of Labor," by William Z. Foster. Published by Trade Union Educational League, 2 W. 15th St., New York.)

THE divine would do worse than consult young Alfred Doss, a young German who jumped ship to seek his fortune in this country. After working at odd jobs for a while Doss ran into hard luck and a few nights ago a policeman found him sleeping in a doorway and on being informed that the lad had no money, the cop arrested him for vagrancy.

BERT MARTIN, the national secretary of the Farmer-Labor Party threw up his job and declared for Hoover. Had he not done this, Martin would be unknown outside of his wife and family and the installment furniture dealer. The existence of a national Farmer-Labor Party has been something of a mystery for all past four years. Martin hopes that in four years time the "progressive forces" will be able to get together and build anew. Hope deferred maketh the heart sick. In the meantime intelligent workers will work and vote for the Communist ticket, strengthen the Workers (Communist) Party and join it for a real fight against capitalism and to organize the masses for the struggle which will end when the workers and poor farmers of this country overthrow the robber system and set up a Workers' and Farmers' Government.

I C. PENNY, the department store magnate, is for Hoover. Penny is a democrat. Now, what would like to know is: who is Robert Dollar going to support? This does not look like an election campaign, but a tit for tat game.

#### "The Other Half."

On the other hand, there are over five millions of able bodied men and women walking the streets of "prosperous" America—the paradise of the capitalist class—the hell-hole of the workers, who are willing to work, but are unable to get employment. Thousands of working class families merely live, above the starvation margin. Women and children are driven into industry. Homes are broken up; family life disintegrated.

It is estimated that there are over 25,000 fatal accidents in industry yearly, not including more than 2,000,000 daily disability. Of the 28 million children between the ages of 5 and 18 in America today only 16 million are regularly at school, while 12,000,000 are compelled to go to work to help the family income. There are more than 8 million persons over 10 years of age who can neither read nor write and it is estimated among conservative educators that only one child out of every 60 gets a chance to attend high school or college, and this opportunity, when it presents itself is either for

### Told You So

It is not safe to take too much money out of the sewerpipes of New York in a year sanctified by the candidacy of a Tammany sacker for the presidency. Tammany never squeals. If they don't die willingly, they die anyhow. Phillips, the big Queens County boss, charged with having taken millions of dollars out of the sewer business was bumped off in Atlantic City some months ago. Since then his son has been shooting his father's loot over the green baize tables of Long Island gambling joints. Last Sunday, William L. D'Olier, another big sewer man, was found dead on a lonely road with a bullet through his head.

If there is any choice between democratic political grafters and their republican competitors it is in the way they pass out rather than in the way they take their loot. The republican go-getters seem to have more confidence in justice. They await the rap as a rule, and the rap seldom comes. The only exception in recent years is Jess Smith, Harry Daugherty's pal. But then there is a suspicion that Jess was assisted to Valhalla.

It is reported that workmen have abandoned search for Tammany relics on the site of the old wigwam on 14th Street. If they were looking for the vault in which Boss Tweed kept his loot, they must be an optimistic and naive gang. It would not be like Dick Croker and Charlie Murphy to spend decades in the Tiger's lair without making a thorough investigation of the premises.

#### HERE are a few epigrams from the lips of a Presbyterian divine on Labor Day: "Luxury can only justifiably come into existence when honest penury has vanished and when each person has his daily bread." "Wealth does not release the possessor from the obligation to work." "Lack of wealth does not justify the poor in voluntary idleness." This particular divine is not a bad egg, as clergymen go, but he is full of steak. The poor are lacking in wealth because the rich rob them of the fruits of their labor and should the idle poor insist on the right to a job without the consent of the idle rich they would land in a police cell for their pains.

THE divine would do worse than consult young Alfred Doss, a young German who jumped ship to seek his fortune in this country. After working at odd jobs for a while Doss ran into hard luck and a few nights ago a policeman found him sleeping in a doorway and on being informed that the lad had no money, the cop arrested him for vagrancy.

BERT MARTIN, the national secretary of the Farmer-Labor Party threw up his job and declared for Hoover. Had he not done this, Martin would be unknown outside of his wife and family and the installment furniture dealer. The existence of a national Farmer-Labor Party has been something of a mystery for all past four years. Martin hopes that in four years time the "progressive forces" will be able to get together and build anew. Hope deferred maketh the heart sick. In the meantime intelligent workers will work and vote for the Communist ticket, strengthen the Workers (Communist) Party and join it for a real fight against capitalism and to organize the masses for the struggle which will end when the workers and poor farmers of this country overthrow the robber system and set up a Workers' and Farmers' Government.

I C. PENNY, the department store magnate, is for Hoover. Penny is a democrat. Now, what would like to know is: who is Robert Dollar going to support? This does not look like an election campaign, but a tit for tat game.

### Tom O'Flaherty

the sons of the rich or petty-bourgeoisie.

In the face of these facts, it is no wonder that the class struggle is growing sharper and sharper daily. Hundreds of thousands of coal miners have recently been betrayed by the fake leadership of men like John L. Lewis, Bill Green and Matthew Woll. Over 30,000 textile workers are putting up a heroic struggle against their bosses and in the face of police terrorism, to avoid a ten per cent cut in their starvation wages; bread lines begin to increase as the winter season approaches; and starvation and grim poverty stalks the land from coast to coast. This is the lot of the American workers, the producers of wealth and plenty for the capitalist parasites.

Truly, what America needs is a revolution.

## A Camp for Workers' Children

(Continued.)

There is a great necessity for a workers' children's camp in N. Y. Why? Because there are dozens of children's camps owned, controlled, and run by outright capitalist institutions. (Boy Scouts); by the settlement houses; by religious groups (Zionist); and then the so-called non-partisan camps; "socialist" (Pioneer youth); and the Workmen circle camps. None of

these give the worker's child a working-class understanding and training during their stay at camp. Of course we must recognize a distinction between the various types of camps mentioned above. The outright capitalist camps, scout and settlement houses, are different from the non-partisan camp, but a workers' children's camp is in direct contradiction to all of them insofar as it openly utilizes this opportunity

to carry on educational work along working-class lines.

The class conscious section of the working class must realize the importance of combatting the capitalist controlled camps. Communist and left-wing workers must give the utmost support to an English speaking working-class, children's camp. And that is what W. I. R. Children's Camp is. The policies of the Workers' Children's Camp must be a definitely class line. Whenever petty bourgeois and bourgeois elements

manage thru one means or another to get their children out to a workers' children's camp—there must not be a question at all but that after proper notification, these children will have to be returned to their parents.

**Need Aid.** If any worker is really interested in seeing and feeling a real living, throbbing movement of workers children—let him visit the WIR Children's Camp.

If any class conscious worker is interested in developing a class movement amongst the children and combatting the influence of the capitalist controlled camps—he must support the WIR Camp.

What can be done immediately? 1) Send books fit for children (between the ages of 9 to 15). There is a library in Camp. But not enough. Send books to WIR Camp, Windale, N. Y.

2) Send money to Workers International Relief. There is going to be a deficit—that is to be expected especially in the beginning of a workers children's camp. Let every worker who is concerned with the future of the movement, interested in developing new forces for the working class movement, let him and her show it by supporting, morally, and financially the Workers International Relief Camp. Address—1 Union Sq., City.

## Even Maurer Means Nothing

By I. AMTER.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 4.—Jim Maurer, vice-presidential candidate of the socialist party, was booked to speak in Cleveland on August 19. The picnic at which he was to speak was arranged by the Jewish "branch" of the socialist party in Cleveland. Socialism is so respectable that the picnic was announced at the meeting of the Cleveland Federation of Labor, one of the most reactionary central labor bodies in the country, which prides itself on knowing how to deal with the militants and progressives. Notices were in the "Cleveland Citizen," edited by that old-time socialist, Max Hayes. What more could one want! Surely a respectable crowd would appear at Lakeland to hear Jim Maurer.

Did not Jim have enough of the "red" about him to attract even the militant, the Communist? Had he not been in the Soviet Union and made fine speeches over there—and even over here when he returned? And Maurer had not yet been in Cleveland. Surely a good crowd would gather to hear him—the "future vice-president" of the United States. But it was all miscalculated. To

be sure Jim did not come. Perhaps some of the gang knew that he would not appear, but for the sake of success, the upper guys would not divulge it. How would it look if the picnic grounds were empty—although Jim Maurer, one time president of the Pennsylvania Federation of Labor and socialist candidate, was announced to speak! Surely in Cleveland there is enough "socialism" to make a successful picnic.

But it didn't work. The "masses" did not know that Maurer was not coming—but the masses didn't care whether he came or not. Two hundred people gathered at Lakeland and sat around disgusted that Maurer did not appear. Probably even the management of the picnic did not know that he would not come to Cleveland, for they provided no other speaker.

Earlier in the season the socialists had a picnic, and Sharts, candidate for governor, spoke. He bored his audience, till at the end of his speech hardly a handful was listening.

Thus the "message" of the socialist party attracts and interests the workers. The socialist party is played out as far as the working class is concerned.

## American Capitalists Live in Luxury

By GEORGE PADMORE.

There has never been a president of the United States who has been so fond of boasting about the prosperity which the capitalists enjoy as Mr. Coolidge. This gentleman, who owes his position as chief executive of the most powerful and richest nation in the world to the servile way in which he serves the interests of the American bourgeoisie, can well prate about the great wealth which the owning class of America controls.

There is no doubt about it. America is the banker of the world, due largely to the last war when the workers fought and the exploiters remained at home and fattened on war-time production. A partial examination of this idle chatter of the president reveals the fact that when Coolidge talks about prosperity he means the prosperity of the bankers, industrial capitalists and corrupt politicians. True, there is prosperity in America for the Mellons, Rockefellers, Fords, Schwabs, Hoovers, Al Smiths, Raskobs, du Ponts, etc., etc. But there is not even the full dinner pail for the workers, poor farmers and the oppressed Negro race. Whatever little these groups once enjoyed is today a thing of the past.

In this age of trust, monopoly, syndicates and cartels, the middle class of America is fast disappearing into the ranks of the proletariat.

### Coolidge "Prosperity" Applies Only to the Exploiting Class; How Other Half Lives

which grows bigger and bigger under the oppressive weight of big business. Marx was truly right when he said: "In proportion as the bourgeoisie is developed, in the same proportion is developed the proletariat, the class of modern workers who live only so long as they find work, and who only find work as long as their work increases capital."

**How Capitalists Live.** In order to illustrate how utterly false and bankrupt this swan song of Coolidge prosperity, as far as the workers are concerned, we publish a partial list of the report of the Park Avenue Association which should be compared by American workers who are today confronted with one of the most acute economic depressions in the history of the nation.

"The most characteristic example of American luxury may be found in the record of expenditures on Park Avenue, New York City, as estimated and officially stated by H. Gordon Duval, late president of the Park Avenue Association, published in the New York Times and World, Jan. 28 of last year.

Millinery	7,000,000
Yachts	7,000,000
Amusements	5,000,000
Beauty Shops	4,000,000
Total for 4,000 families	\$280,000,000

"The Other Half." On the other hand, there are over five millions of able bodied men and women walking the streets of "prosperous" America—the hell-hole of the workers, who are willing to work, but are unable to get employment. Thousands of working class families merely live, above the starvation margin. Women and children are driven into industry. Homes are broken up; family life disintegrated.

It is estimated that there are over 25,000 fatal accidents in industry yearly, not including more than 2,000,000 daily disability. Of the 28 million children between the ages of 5 and 18 in America today only 16 million are regularly at school, while 12,000,000 are compelled to go to work to help the family income. There are more than 8 million persons over 10 years of age who can neither read nor write and it is estimated among conservative educators that only one child out of every 60 gets a chance to attend high school or college, and this opportunity, when it presents itself is either for

Women's wear	\$50,000,000
Rent	18,000,000
Furs	16,000,000
Traveling	15,000,000
Art Galleries	15,000,000
Restaurants	10,000,000
Automobiles	10,000,000