

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK FOR A LABOR PARTY FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

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SIGN KELLOGG "PEACE" PACT IN AIR FEVERISH WITH WAR

EXPOSE NEW CAMPAIGN OF KANSAS AUTHORITIES TO DESTROY WORKERS PARTY

Communist Leaders Face Long Jail Terms on Criminal Syndicalist Charges

New Attack Seen as Party Gets on Ballot in the State

(Special to the Daily Worker) KANSAS CITY, Aug. 27.—The cases of Oehler Yocum and Kassis, Workers (Communist) Party members arrested here in connection with a Sacco and Vanzetti demonstration, have been set over for September 10. They are charged with violating the Kansas criminal syndicalist law. The charges against them will be amended to include their membership in the Workers (Communist) Party as one of their "crimes."

The Kansas authorities will base their case against the seven others arrested at the same time on the alleged "illegality" of the Party. The prosecution will seek to obtain convictions on the basis of the Party platform and on Oehler's speech, it is reported.

A rousing call for a fight against the "criminal syndicalism" law of Kansas, and the recent attempts of the Kansas authorities to crush and drive out of existence the Workers (Communist) Party with the arrest of a number of its members, was today issued by the national office of International Labor Defense, 80 E. 11th Street.

The call follows upon the arrest in Kansas City, Kansas, of Hugo Oehler, district organizer of the Workers Party, and Matthew Cushing, a young packing house worker, at an open air noon-day meeting held in front of the Armour Packing plant. They were held on charges of vagrancy, which were too thin, and were later changed to charges of violating the Kansas Criminal Syndicalism Law.

Persecute Radicals.

The Kansas law is an extremely vicious piece of anti-labor legislation and is cunningly framed to make it an easy matter for the prosecution to railroad to prison any "undesirable person." The charges against Oehler read that he "by word of mouth and by means and use of public distribution, display, circulation, gifts and sale of certain printed and written circulars, leaflets, books and other printed matter did unlawfully, wilfully, knowingly, openly, publicly and feloniously suggest, advocate, advise and affirmatively teach to various and numerous other persons there assembled, the doctrine of criminal syndicalism, with the intent then and there to spread the same, or the

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GREAT RESPONSE IN "RED DRIVE" Tammany Threat Is a Boomerang

The answer of thousands of class-conscious workers to the action of Tammany's Department of Welfare in banning the collections for the campaign fund of the Workers (Communist) Party will be an extension of the Red Week drive to take in all this week, and an intensification of the drive, the district office of the Party announced last night.

The Tammany-controlled Welfare Board's action has proved a boomerang.

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Italian Communist Tortured in Jail, Is Reported "Ill"

Berlin, Aug. 27.—Terracini, Italian Communist leader, who was sentenced to twenty-two years imprisonment at the recent trial of the members of the Central Executive Committee of the Italian Party, has been taken suspiciously ill in the Santo Stephano prison. His life is endangered.

According to reports which have come over the border, Terracini was brutally tortured in jail.

NEEDLE TRADES TO ENDORSE RED TICKET AT MEET

Ben Gitlow to Speak Tomorrow Eve.

The candidates and platform of the Workers (Communist) Party will be endorsed at a rally of New York needle trades workers, to be held tomorrow night at Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Place. Benjamin Gitlow, vice-presidential candidate of the Party, will be the principal speaker at the meeting, which is arranged by the National Needle Trades Committee of the Trade Union Educational League.

Besides listening to Gitlow, the progressive needle trades workers will hear their own militant leaders, who have led them successfully in bitter struggles against the right wing of the socialist party and A. F. of L. bureaucracy, and who are most energetically working for the support of the Workers (Communist) Party.

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POLICE AT MINE ELECTION MEET

Anthracite Miners Get Taste of Democracy

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., Aug. 27.—Using the ridiculous excuse that a mass meeting was being held on Sunday without a permit, Chief of Police Taylor yesterday broke up the Endorsement Conference called by the Workers (Communist) Party at 206 South Main St. The conference was called to endorse the Communist candidates, William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow and to mobilize for the September 1 picnic and rally at Sans Souci Park, where Benjamin Gitlow will be the main speaker.

About sixty delegates were present, representing labor organizations in Luzerne and Lackawanna Counties, when Emil Gardos, sub-district organizer, opened the conference. Pointing to the presence of the police, he said: "This conference is being stopped in spite of the fact that we are in election

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DUNNE ATTACKS I. R. T. OFFICIALS

Greedy for Profit Costs Blood, Says Nominee

Charging that Al Smith, Jimmie Walker, the republican legislature, together with the I. R. T., are responsible for the terrible subway catastrophe which took place Friday afternoon at 5 p. m. near Times Square Station, resulting in 16 killed and over 100 injured, William F. Dunne, candidate for Governor of New York on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket, issued the following statement:

"For years the traction companies have followed a practice of undermining their trains without any action by the administration. They have consistently refused to install and maintain mechanical safety equipment, have not carried out the order to purchase more cars. The insufficient number of cars has resulted in the inhuman crowding in trains to unheard of limits. Experienced workers have been fired as punishment for organization activities. In general, the I. R. T., with the connivance of Tammany Hall, has been carrying out a policy that was bound to endanger the life and

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"Goat" for the I. R. T.



Selected by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company as a scapegoat in order to shield itself from criminal responsibility for the subway smash-up which killed 17 and injured over 100, William Baldwin, above, is now out on \$10,000 on a charge of homicide. In return for many years of service to the traction barons, Baldwin may be imprisoned for the rest of his life. Faulty equipment of which the company was aware was responsible for the disaster last Friday evening.

2 MORE WORKERS IN I. R. T. NET

Traction Barons Evade Responsibility

Two more Interborough workers, Joseph Carr and Harry King, a towerman, may be dragged into the net which the I. R. T. is weaving in an effort to shake itself from responsibility for the subway wreck which took the lives of 17 and mutilated over 100 others last Friday evening.

This was stated by attorneys for the I. R. T. yesterday simultaneously with the announcement that the hearing in connection with the tragedy which was scheduled for yesterday would be held today. Ten witnesses were called.

William Baldwin, veteran employe of the I. R. T., who was the first scapegoat of the company is now free under \$10,000 bail, charged with homicide. Carr, who is to be dragged into the case, was Baldwin's helper when the disaster occurred.

At the same time District Attorney Banton announced that he would not submit the case to the Grand Jury until he had read "reports" from Mayor Walker and John F. Gilchrist, chairman of the Tammany transit commission.

The 17th victim of the wreck, Miss Elizabeth Seibold, an employe of the Union Carbide Co., 30 E. 42nd St., died yesterday. She had boarded the train a few minutes before the wreck, enroute to the summer home of her parents at Rockaway Beach.

At the same time the Interborough is expected to capitalize the impending damage suits in its efforts to increase still further its huge profits by foisting the seven-cent fare on the New York riding public. Mayor Walker, who has served the I. R. T. so well in its campaign for the seven-cent fare, and members of the Board of Transportation have already let it be known that the suits would involve \$1,500,000 or \$2,000,000 and that this would create a new financial

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T. M. C. DEMANDS PARADE PERMIT

(Special to the Daily Worker) NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 27.—A committee chosen by the New Bedford Textile Workers Union of the Textile Mill Committees will visit Mayor Ashley tomorrow to ask

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MANY RECORDS FALL AT LABOR SPORTS MEET

Arthur Kirtin, Negro Athletic Star, Scores Double Victory in Sprint Events

In spite of a slow track, soggy with a three-day downpour of rain, 650 athletes, representing labor and members of the Board of Education, met in a two-day track and field meet at Wingate Field, Brooklyn, Saturday and Sunday, in the second annual athletic meet of the Labor Sports Union of America.

Although hampered by the slowness of the drenched field and the

SCABS KNIFE 3 IN ASSAULT ON STEEL STRIKERS

Men Turn Down Boss Terms; Demand Flat Rate

Massillon Strike Looms

CANTON, Ohio, Aug. 27.—The Central Alloy Steel Corporation's attempt to break by force the big steel strike which their counterfeit peace proposals have failed to smash after two weeks of struggle, resulted yesterday in a fight between strikers and scabs, in which three of the former were arrested.

The fight, which followed the arming of strikebreakers in the Central Alloy plant, began when mine scabs attacked six strikers. The pickets defended themselves and in the course of the affray a strikebreaker stabbed three men not strikers, seriously wounding them. Bleeding profusely the victims were carried by the police not to a hospital but to the jail. It is thought that the police believed the men were strikers.

The strikers were then fined \$10 and given ten days in the workhouse. The government's interest in the strike has been dramatically disclosed in the terms which Communist

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WORLD CONGRESS HITS OPPOSITION

Score Trotskyists at Communist Meet

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Aug. 26.—The forty-third session of the fifth World Congress of the Communist International opened here yesterday with Bela Kun acting as chairman. The discussion opened on the subject of the speeches of Varga on the situation in the Soviet Union and a speech by Manuilski on the problems of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union.

Thaelmann, of Germany, then proposed that both speeches be published in a brochure as an answer to the social democratic slanders, and followed the proposal with a reading of a declaration in the name of the Communist Parties of Germany, Czechoslovakia, Poland, Austria, Sweden, Finland, Norway, Denmark, Lithuania, Latvia, Estonia and the Young Communist International, completely approving the political and organizational line of the

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TO LAUNCH NEW MILL COMMITTEE

PATERSON, N. J., Aug. 27.—At a mass meeting of textile silk workers held here yesterday in Carpenters' Hall by the Workers International Relief, Paterson silk workers heard Albert Weisbord and Selig Pitkowitz, former organizer of the Associated Silk Workers Union, announce the imminent launching of a new national union of textile workers at a convention in New York in Sept. 22.

After pointing out to the workers that the new wage cut drive now being inaugurated by the silk manufacturers here and in neighboring cities was not being combated by the Associated Silk Workers, officials of that union were concerning themselves with carrying through an amalgamation with the defunct United Textile Workers Union of the A. F. of L. which is no better

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I. R. T. Greed Now Claims Its Seventeenth Victim



Another straphanger, the victim of I. R. T. greed, died yesterday. This brings the death toll to seventeen. Above the mutilated bodies of victims being brought to the surface after Friday's wreck.

BUKHARIN ON U. S. PARTY SITUATION

At Sixth World Congress of the Communist International

MOSCOW, Aug. 27.—From the detailed report of International Press Correspondence we can now give a clearer and more objective picture of the estimation of the American Workers (Communist) Party situation as given by the Sixth World Congress of the Communist International than the short and sometimes unclear and distorted wires containing speeches made at the congress.

The closing remarks of Comrade Bukharin, the official spokesman of the Executive Committee of the Communist International, clarified all issues related to the American Party situation.

Internal and External Contradictions.

Comrades of the American opposition, Foster and Bittelman, and Comrade Lominadze who deviates from the official line of the Russian Party, criticized the theses of Comrade Bukharin from the "left." They made the criticism of the theses and of the American Central Executive Committee, that they underestimate internal contradictions and lay too much emphasis on external contradictions of imperialism. Bukharin said on this point the following:

"The basic thing today is the war danger. If we separate external contradictions from internal contradictions it is equivalent to diminishing the significance of this fact. From an objective point of view such an underestimation of the war danger is not a left position but quite the contrary, it is the reflection of right wing dangers in the Communist International. The principal danger that threatens us today is the underestimation of the War Danger."

Reserve Powers of U. S. Imperialism.

The speakers of the opposition, Comrades Dunne, Bittelman and Foster, charged that the Central Executive Committee overestimates the power and growth of American imperialism and overlooks the fact that "the reserve powers of American imperialism are diminishing."

Bukharin said on this question as follows:

"I absolutely disagree with the argument advanced here by many comrades to the effect that the internal possibilities of American imperialism have been exhausted. They have not been exhausted and in general I am in principle opposed to this point of view. It is wrong both in theory and in principle. It is the Luxemburg theory."

New and Old Unions.

The speakers of the opposition and Comrade Losovsky accused the Central Executive Committee of obstructing the execution of the Profintern resolution because, laying the main emphasis on organizing new unions, the Central Executive Committee stated the necessity of maintaining and increasing our work in old unions, too.

Bukharin took the following position on this question:

STATE A. F. OF L. OKAYS DUPONT AL

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Aug. 27.—Tammany Al Smith, who has received the support of Raskob, Du Pont and other representatives of Wall Street, will in all probability receive the unqualified endorsement of the State Federation of Labor, whose convention opens here tomorrow.

The convention will be addressed by Senator Robert F. Wagner, for the federations in other states.

"A dangerous tendency was also revealed in the course of the discussion, namely a tendency to deny the necessity for working in the reactionary unions; and attempts were even made to develop a theory for the purpose of fortifying this attitude. Sometimes this tendency is observed among the rank and file and arises from difficulties which the work in reactionary trade unions encounters. The tendency to leave reactionary unions is fostered also by the fact that large numbers of workers in many countries are still unorganized. This is the case in the United States of America and also in France. It is absolutely clear that the task of organizing the unorganized is one of our main tasks at the present time, but this is no reason why we should abandon our work in the reactionary trade unions even in countries where dual unions exist."

No Big Political Differences.

Speakers of the opposition, especially Comrade Bittelman, accused the Central Executive Committee that it is advertising American imperialism and that it does not see the possibilities for Communist mass work in America. Bukharin's speech rejects categorically both charges:

"Take the American Party. Quite lately—at least so it seemed to all of us—the American Party appeared to be overcoming the internal friction, but now we find that the controversy is flaring up again. The internal Party struggle has 'revived' to such an extent that attempts are being made to utilize the present conjuncture for the purpose of continuing the struggle in the acutest form. Are there really any big political differences in the American Party? No. They are petty. Are the differences so important as to warrant the formation of factions? I believe they are not. For instance, take the question concerning the attitude towards American capitalism. Some say American imperialism has grown stronger. Their opponents declare that they are advertising American imperialism. Such an expression should not be used. No good can come of it and it does not help clear up the question. I must confess that I do not entertain any hopes of a revolutionary situation arising in the United States in the near future. I say this quite frankly. In no country in the world is capitalism so strong as it is in the United States of America, where it has reached its zenith. Is it a terrible thing to say that there is little likelihood of an immediate revolutionary situation? It is if this is used to back up the argument that there is positively no ground for activity among the American masses. As far as I know, however, no one has made such an assertion. Unemployment is a fact. Changes in American industry is also a fact and so also is the growing discontent among the unemployed workers. Is there any ground for the growth of the Communist Party? Yes, there is. Does this furnish any justification for an acute factionary struggle? Of course not. All steps must be taken to avoid such a struggle."

(By United Press)

PARIS, Aug. 27.—Ambassador Herbetie presented the invitation to Foreign Minister Litvinoff and at the same time gave him a copy of the treaty.

ANTI-KELLOGG MEET ATTACKED

After three speakers had addressed a crowd of 2,000 at a meeting held at Wall and William Sts., yesterday noon on the fake Kellogg "peace" pact, police attacked and broke up the gathering which was arranged under the auspices of the New York section of the All-American Anti-Imperialist League.

Before the meeting was scheduled to begin, when the stand was being put up by the anti-imperialist workers, police tried to keep them from proceeding, on the ground that "the police sergeant had heard nothing about it." This was denied by the officials of the New York section of the All-American Anti-Imperialist League, who said that the police commissioner had been duly notified of the

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FOUR RUM RUNNERS DROWN, KEY WEST, Fla., Aug. 27 (UP)

—Four men—part of the crew of a rum runner captured near here today—were believed to have been drowned when they jumped overboard at Coast Guard Cutter No. 225 towed the craft into port. No trace of the men has been found.

SOVIET UNION IS "INVITED" AFTER TERMS ARE FIXED

43 Communists are Jailed by Paris Police

Humanité Scores Pact

(By United Press)

MOSCOW, Aug. 27 (UP)—The Soviet Union has been invited to participate in the Briand-Kellogg treaty to outlaw war, which was signed in Paris today by representatives of 15 powers.

French Ambassador Herbetie late today transmitted an invitation from France to the Soviet Union to join the pact. Ambassador Herbetie said Russia would participate under the same conditions and privileges of the original signatories.

(EDITOR'S NOTE: Despatches to the effect that the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics is invited to "participate" in the Briand-Kellogg treaty to outlaw war "under the same conditions and privileges of the original signatories" are entirely deceptive. The pact had been subject to negotiations since December last, and the Note of the United States department of state of June 23 was taken as validating reservations made by both France and Great Britain, the reservations having the effect of strengthening the imperialist character of the pact. The statement to the press of Commissar of Foreign Affairs of the Soviet Union, Chicherin prior to the signing of the pact, was not that the Soviet Union would sign the pact in its condition as signed yesterday, but that: "I can declare that our government is prepared to take part in these negotiations. The issue will depend upon the content of these negotiations. But the Soviet government is of the opinion that the possibility of it, too, signing the Kellogg pact is not excluded. . . . Only if we are served with the official Notes can we take part in these negotiations, and in the event of favorable conditions, also sign the pact. . . . Our Government . . . regards the intended prohibition of these wars as insufficient. . . . in the event of our participation in these negotiations we would also propose alterations in this pact which are necessary from our point of view. . . . The imperialist powers delayed the invitation to the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics until after negotiations of their own had moulded the character of the pact, excluding the Soviet government from any chance to propose changes. Only after the imperialist powers had signed the pact in a form to their own liking, the invitation is sent to the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.)"

(By United Press)

PARIS, Aug. 27.—Ambassador Herbetie presented the invitation to Foreign Minister Litvinoff and at the same time gave him a copy of the treaty. Litvinoff requested an official list of the governments invited to adhere and a complete file of the diplomatic correspondence in regard to the pact. He said the Soviet Government would need these documents in connection with consideration of the French invitation to adhere. At the same time the invitation was made public, the Soviet's refusal to participate in the League of Nations Commission to Control Private Production of Arms was announced. That invitation had been forwarded through Germany. The commission will convene this week. Litvinoff's letter to the general secretary of the League said the "work of the special commission is giving no practical results and can only create illusions, hiding the real situation of disarmament." He recalled the Soviet proposal at the last disarmament conference to eliminate all arms—which was not even considered.

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

PARIS, Aug. 27.—Not six months after they had retreated in confusion before the proposals for complete disarmament made by the Soviet government thru its assistant commissar for foreign affairs, Maxim Litvinov, at Geneva, the representatives of fifteen powers in all parts of the world today affixed their signatures to the Kellogg peace pact in Paris in an atmosphere

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Young Workers League Girls Distribute Leaflets to Army Recruits at Fort Hancock

JINGO SURROUNDS DANCE HALL WITH ARMED SOLDIERS

But No Trace Is Found of Leaflets

A group of six girls, all members of the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York, attended a dance given by the Citizens' Military Training Camp at Fort Hancock, Saturday, and managed to distribute bulletins, leaflets, and stickers in many of the buildings of the fort. After they had completed the distribution of the anti-imperialist leaflets, they returned to the dance hall and proceeded with the dancing.

For a time all went well. The jazz band continued to play and the jingo officials in charge of the occasion remained blissfully ignorant of the fact that leaflets reading, "Don't Become a Scab and Strikebreaker," "Demand the Withdrawal of Marines from China and Nicaragua," "Defeat the Imperialist Attack on the Soviet Union," and "Free the Philippine Islands from the Rule of Wall Street," had been placed under the notice of the young recruits.

Lieutenant Finds Leaflet.

But suddenly, a lieutenant, his face flushed and irritated, appeared in the hall and ordered the dance stopped. He had discovered one of the stickers with the Young Workers (Communist) League slogans printed in glaring black on it. Soon soldiers with cocked guns surrounded the dance hall, with orders not to let a single person leave until the "culprits" responsible for the distribution had been found. A search was immediately instituted, with no one of the 330 young people gathered in the hall allowed to leave.

Guns of No Use.

But after a quarter of an hour, not a single trace of a leaflet had been found on any of those in the building. Finally, irritated beyond measure, the jingo lieutenant and his aides were forced to quit their search for the unknown leaflet-distributors, and allow the dance to continue.

One of the leaflets distributed on the night of the dance read, in part, as follows:

"To all Fort Hancock Recruits: You are now getting your second 'free trip.' You are going to Coney Island. You will be taken to Luna Park.

"All of this is pure bribery. The camp authorities want to make you believe that they are great fellows. They want you to forget the real purposes of the Capitalist Military Training Camps. They give you these little 'treats' in order to hide the real issues.

Score Lieutenant Walker.

"What has Lieutenant Walker been telling you? He always starts off his lectures by reading last year's letter to the recruits. He tells all kinds of fairy tales about the Communists. He gives the flukiest kinds of 'explanations' about the statements in the leaflet. He tells all kinds of lies about the Communists, who they are, what they stand and fight for.

"What is the real position of the young Communists to the question of capitalist militarism? Why do the Communists fight against the C. M. T. C.'s?"

"We young Communists fight the C. M. T. C.'s because the young workers and students are trained to be used to defend the millions of dollars invested by the bankers of Wall Street in China, Nicaragua, and other places. What investments have the young workers in Nicaragua? Why are American marines killing the brave Nicaraguan people? What are American gunboats and marines doing in China? Why is American capitalism preparing to fight against the only workers and farmers government in the world—Soviet Russia? All because of the interests of American bankers in these places. All because Soviet Russia defends the interests of the workers and farmers in Russia itself and throughout the world."

TO HOLD ELECTION RALLY ON COAST

Workers Will Ratify Whitney Nomination

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 27.—A mass ratification rally will be held on Tuesday, September 4, at the Labor Temple, 532 Maple Ave., when Charlotte Anita Whitney, prominent California Communist and "criminal syndicalism" defendant, will speak and be formally endorsed by all members of the Workers (Communist) Party and Young Workers (Communist) League, and other hundreds of interested and sympathetic workers.

Red Squad Will Invade Harlem as Signature Drive Gains Momentum

The past week marked the most active signature work since the drive started, with a total of 2,800 signatures obtained throughout the city. Sections 2 and 3 Red Squad are to some extent responsible for this unprecedented wave of activity, and the response of the memberships of the various sections was much better than heretofore.

Branch 6 of Section 5 of the Bronx, with headquarters at 2700 Bronx Park East, brought into the fold three hundred and fifty signatures yesterday, the result of Sunday's work alone. Stern, campaign manager of the branch, reminded the District Campaign Committee that this number was obtained through the work of the members of the branch only, with no outside assistance.

Sections 2 and 3 Red Squads, despite a pouring rain and the remoteness of the Brownsville station from its usual stamping grounds, reported last Sunday at 154 Watkins St., Brownsville, and went out for signatures to put the candidates of the 22nd and 23rd assembly districts on the ballot. The next

Burial of Dead; Crowds at Funerals of Victims of the I. R. T. Greed



The burial of the victims of the traction barons' lust for profits were crowded by silent masses of men and women, chiefly workers. Anger against the corporation whose inhuman greed caused the death of nearly a score at Times Square last Friday made the silence of the crowds grim. The burial of the seven year old Herman Zips, killed with his mother, is shown above.

YOUNG WORKERS JOIN RED DRIVE

Harlem Unit Leads in Signatures

Competition which has arisen between the various sections of the Workers (Communist) Party on the signature drive to put the candidates of the Workers Party on the ballot has extended to the units of the Young Workers League.

In order to help put the workers' candidates on the ballot, the District Training School of the Young Workers (Communist) League, in session for a two-weeks intensive course, has planned to participate in the drive by working with the various units of the League, giving the same time and attention to each unit.

The activity of the students of the training school will begin today, August 27th, when they meet in the lower Bronx to put across the Communist candidate from the 3rd Assembly District of the Bronx. It is expected that through the efforts of the thirty members of the training school enough signatures will be gathered in one evening's applied work.

In the League competition, thus far the Harlem unit is ahead, with a total close to three hundred signatures obtained by Harlem young workers. The next in line for the League Election Campaign Banner is Williamsburg, with 108 signatures to its credit.

During the next two weeks a decided increase in League election activities will be noticed, especially with respect to the signature drive, since not only will Sundays be made special mobilization days, but during the week unit meetings will be dissolved early for participation in the signature drive.

A feature of the Young Workers League signature drive activities is the challenges being hurled back and forth by the units of the city. Each is confident of an unparalleled record at the end of the drive, and although Harlem is far ahead of the other competitors the coming two weeks may find it in second or worse position.

TO HOLD ELECTION RALLY ON COAST

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Organizations Must Send Delegates to Daily-Freiheit Meet

Unions, trade union leagues, fraternal organizations, workers clubs, women's councils and other women's organizations, Workers (Communist) Party units, sections, youth organizations, musical and cultural organizations, must be represented with three delegates each at the Freiheit and Daily Worker Bazaar Conference at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 East Fourth St., tomorrow, at 8 p. m.

Those organizations which have not elected their delegates should be represented by the secretary and two active members.

The work which will be organized at the conference is very important, and it is necessary that every organization be represented.

ANTI-KELLOGG MEET ATTACKED

2,000 Workers Hear Anti-Imperialists

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leagues' plans through a communication written to him several days before the meeting was scheduled to take place.

For a short time the police, who present in great numbers as at the last Wall Street demonstration on July 3, when wholesale arrest of members of the organization had been made, did not try to molest the meeting. Harriet Silverman, secretary of the New York branch of the league addressed the meeting as chairman. Following her in quick succession came Harry Gannes, acting head of the national organization, and Harvey O'Connor, of the Federated Press. As they spoke, the office workers, passing the corner on which the speeches were being made, flocked closely around the stand. In a short time, a crowd of about 2,000 white-collar slaves of Wall Street had gathered.

Then Y. Y. Shu, president of the Chinese Students' Alliance of America, was introduced to the meeting.

Just as he was about to begin his speech, however, the police surged forward through the crowd, and cut short the meeting.

The posters were confiscated, the crowd driven away.

In the anti-imperialist meetings held on Union Square and Columbus Circle later in the day, police continued in their intimidation of the workers who gathered to listen to the speakers. Plowing their ways through the crowds at both places, they tried to break up the meetings without giving the impression of using force. But the workers, in spite of many underhand jabs from the clubs of the police, continued to hold their ground and listen to the speakers expose the fake Kellogg treaty.

The speakers at both of the later meetings included I. Zimmerman, Harriet Silverman, Harry Gannes, Y. Y. Shu, George Padmore and D. Seizo Ogino.

Caddies on Strike; Seek Organization

POUGHKEEPSIE, Aug. 27.—Led by a high school graduate who protested "Seventy-five cents for sixteen holes is atrocious pay," caddies of the Dutchess Golf and Country Club have gone on strike for higher wages and the privilege to organize for their mutual welfare.

Two Stowaways Found Dead on Munson Boat

BALTIMORE, Aug. 27.—Two stowaways were found dead and four others were found in a semi-conscious condition when the sugar-laden Munson Line freighter "Munson" docked today.

This is the second stowaway tragedy aboard Baltimore-bound ships in the last three days. On Friday 7 stowaways from Brazil were killed when they were trapped in the hold of a ship when it was fumigated in quarantine.

CLOAK DRIVE ON IN BOSTON, PHILA.

Mass Meetings Will Be Held Today

BOSTON, Aug. 27.—A mass meeting of all cloak and dressmakers will be held here Tuesday evening in Franklin Union Hall, Berkeley and Appleton Sts., for the purpose of beginning in earnest the drive to build a real union for the workers in the industry by organizing the open shops that swamp the industry. The meeting will be held under the auspices of the executive committee of the shop chairmen's conference held here last Tuesday. Leaders of the National Organization Committee will speak.

The executive committee elected will serve as the local section of the National Organization Committee, and will deliver a full report of the proceedings of last Tuesday's conference. All plans adopted there for the organization of the unorganized cloak and dressmakers will be reported to the mass meeting. The workers will also be asked to endorse and help translate into action the plans formulated by the executive committee since the conference.

NEEDLE TRADES TO HEAR GITLOW

Workers Will Endorse Red Ticket

Continued from Page One

nist) Party candidates in the 1928 elections. Among these are Ben Gold, leader of the Furriers; Charles Zimmerman, of the Cloak and Dressmakers; H. Sazar, of the Cap Makers Union; Gladys Schester, Local 43, Millinery Handworkers Union; S. Liptzin, Amalgamated Clothing Workers, and M. Ziebel, of Local 24, Millinery Workers. Rose Wortis will be chairman.

M. Yusem, of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will speak, representing the young needle trades workers, who have been among the most militant in carrying on the struggle against right wing thug-gery.

"The large attendance of needle trades workers at tomorrow's rally," declared H. Sazar, secretary of the needle trades T. U. E. L., "will be ample answer to the mobilization of the Vigilance Committee of the United Hebrew Trades, the threats of the socialist party bureaucracy, and A. F. of L. efforts to intimidate the needle trades workers from supporting the Communist candidates."

To Invite Edison to USSR to Participate in Tolstoy Exercises

MOSCOW, Aug. 27.—Thomas A. Edison and Fridtjof Nansen will be invited by the Tolstoy Jubilee Committee to attend the Tolstoy Week anniversary here from September 10 to 17.

During this week the anniversary of the author's birth will be celebrated by meetings and special performances all over the Soviet Union at which the significance of the author will be discussed, his plays produced and special films of his life be shown. At his home town a large hospital, clinic and elementary school, the most modern in Russia, will be opened as dedications to Tolstoy's memory.

Lamont Du Pont Will Support Republicans

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Aug. 27.—Lamont Du Pont, president of the E. I. Du Pont de Nemours and Co., today announced that he would support Hoover although he "agrees with Smith's stand on prohibition."

Confident that the family fortunes will be safe regardless which candidate is elected, Pierre Du Pont, his brother, and chairman of the E. I. Du Pont de Nemours, recently announced his support of Al Smith and contributed \$50,000 to the democratic campaign fund.

USSR Labor Unions in Increase of 100 Per Cent During 5 Years

MOSCOW, Aug. 27.—Membership in the labor unions of the Soviet Union increased 100 per cent during the last five years according to figures published by the Soviet Labor Bureau.

On October 1, 1922 there were 25 industrial unions with a total membership of 4,546,100. On October 1, 1927 there were more than 10,000,000 union members with more than 2,000,000 in the Ukraine.

The increasing role of women in the labor unions is demonstrated by the fact that while in 1922 there were 1,356,100 women in the unions there are now more than 2,000,000.

GREAT RESPONSE IN "RED DRIVE"

Tammany Threat Is a Boomerang

Continued from Page One

crang. Instead of putting a stop to the collection of funds for the Red Campaign, it will result not only in an increase but a doubling of the campaign funds collected during the Red drive.

Score Tammany Move.

The workers of this city who have carried on their left wing struggles in the face of police brutality, injunctions, thuggery and gangsters, and carried them on successfully, will not be stopped in their activities by an edict of the Department of Welfare, the statement said.

"The decisive factor in election campaigns is money, according to Frank R. Kent, in his recently published book "Political Behavior." Money, he says, beats every candidate in the presidential elections who was beaten for the past thirty years.

Capitalists Buy Votes.

"While the capitalist parties use their campaign funds to buy votes, to pay corrupt misleaders of labor for swinging votes their way, and to spread the lying propaganda which is the essential part of the capitalist election campaign, the Workers (Communist) Party needs funds for the printing of hundreds of thousands of leaflets for distribution among the exploited workers and calling to their attention the role played by the capitalist government in breaking their strikes, reducing their wages and instituting the speed-up system.

"The response of workers to the Communist platform in the 1928 elections will be greater than ever before. Among the increasingly exploited masses of skilled and semi-skilled workers whose eyes have been opened to the nature of the capitalist candidates who receive their bosses' support the Workers' Party will poll thousands of votes. The urgent need is campaign funds."

Plan Dinner to Mark Opening of Workers Progressive Center

In celebration of the opening of the Greek Workers' Progressive Center, 101 W. 28th St., a dinner has been arranged for Saturday, Sept. 1, to be followed by a dance which will last until the early hours of Sunday.

The center will be a place in which cultural, dramatic, recreational and musical activities will be carried on as well as the political and labor training. Workers' plays will be presented there regularly.

Besides the enumerated activities, workers will be able to come in at noon hour, or in the evening, and eat meals in the spacious restaurant or go to the study hall and read or play chess, checkers, billiards, and many other games which are now being installed.

TRAIN DERAILED

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 27 (UP).—Several passengers suffered slight bruises, sustained yesterday when seven cars and an engine of the northbound Shasta Limited, coast route train on the Southern Pacific, left the rails in a tunnel in southern Oregon.

BREAK RECORDS AT LABOR SPORT MEET IN N. Y.

Over 650 Athletes Take Part

Continued from Page One

pageant quality of the huge sport meet. Establishing several new meet records in both the swimming and track and field events, the women and child contingents of the labor-athlete army succeeded in carrying off a great deal of the day's honors.

The summaries in full follow:

100-Metre Dash for Women.

1. V. Hedstrom, Yritys, Milwaukee, Wis., 15-1-10; 2. Mary Koski, Into, Waukegan, Ill., 15-1-10; 3. Violet Koskela, Pyrinto, Maynard, Mass., 15-4-10.

100-Metre for Men.

1. A. Kirton, unattached, N. Y., 11-7-10; 2. A. Jokinen, Into, Waukegan, Ill., 11-8-10; 3. A. Karjala, Into, Waukegan, Ill., 11-8-10.

Shot Put for Boys.

1. O. Koski, Sisu, Worcester, Mass., 14-9; 2. J. Kailhlanen, Mouhri, Lanesville, Mass., 14-6-7; 3. O. Holtti, Kistoverit, Brooklyn, N. Y., 13-30.

Pole Vault.

1. P. Vehne, Into, Waukegan, Ill., 3-18; 2. T. Maki, Yritys, Norwood, Mass., 2-9; 3. R. Kritz, Kistoverit, Brooklyn, 2-70.

200-Metre Dash.

1. A. Kirton, unattached, N. Y., 24-4-10; 2. A. Jokinen, Into, Waukegan, Ill., 24-5-10; 3. U. Asikainen, Veikot, Gardner, Mass., 24-6-10.

400-Metre Dash.

1. N. Asikainen, Veikot, Gardner, Mass., 54-9-10; 2. T. Erkelä, Mouhri, Lanesville, Mass., 54-9-10; 3. E. Toukila, Vesa, N. Y., 59-5-10.

800-Metre Dash.

1. E. Hakkila, Norwood, Mass., 2-8; 2. R. Asikainen, Gardner, Mass., 2-11-2-10; 3. H. Saloman, Yritys, Norwood, Mass., 2-15-4-10.

1500-Metre Run.

1. E. Hakkila, Yritys, Norwood, Mass., 4-27-9-10; 2. R. Asikainen, Veikot, Gardner, Mass., 4-32-5-10; 3. A. Saloman, Yritys, Norwood, Mass., 4-35-5-10.

5000-Metre Run.

1. Heikkila, Yritys, Norwood, Mass., 16-49; 2. Luiska, Jyry, Cleveland, Ohio, 16-50; 3. Neva, Workers Sports Alliance, Canada, 16-53.

10000-Metre Run.

1. Luiska, Jyry, Cleveland, Ohio, 35-36; 2. Neva, Workers Sports Alliance, Canada, 35-49-5-10; 3. V. Virtanen, Vesa, New York, 37-43-10; 4. U. Kukkonen, unattached, New York, 39-45-10.

16-Pound Shot Put for Men.

1. K. Kilpi, Veikot, Rochester, N. Y., 12-0-4 M.; 2. A. Kangas, Vesa, New York, 11 M., 93 C. M.; 3. Saloman, Yritys, Norwood, Mass., 10 M., 55 C. M.

16-Pound Hammer Throw.

1. J. Saloman, Toverit, Jamaica, N. Y., 45 M., 56 C. M.; 2. A. Cantas, Vesa, N. Y., 44 M., 5 C. M.; 3. V. L. Kuusman, Kiisto, Monessen, Pa., 40 M., 87 C. M.

Javelin Throw.

1. L. Ahola, Vesa, New York, 50-6 M.; 2. P. Soini, Kistoverit, Brooklyn, 47-88; 3. S. Saloman, Yritys, Norwood, Mass., 45-5.

High Jump for Men.

1. P. Ahola, Toverit, Jamaica, N. Y., 1-83 M.; 2. H. Maki, Kiva, Bessemer, Pa., 1-68 M.; 3. V. Heali, Into, Waukegan, Ill., 1-62 M.

Broad Jump for Men.

1. A. Ahola, Toverit, Jamaica, N. Y., 6 M., 3 C. M.; 2. P. Venhe, Into, Waukegan, Ill., 5 M., 63 C. M.; 3. H. Maki, Kiva, Bessemer, Pa., 5 M., 61 C. M.

3000-Metre Walk.

1. P. Jarvi, Yritys, Norwood, Mass., 16-9; 2. Johnson, Veikot, Rochester, N. Y., 17-46-1-10; 3. W. Williams, Yeikot, Rochester, N. Y., 18-45.

110-Metre Hurdles.

1. P. Ahola, Toverit, Jamaica, N. Y., 16-8-8-10; 2. Wm. Kuusman, Kiisto, Monessen, Pa., 17-10; 3. P. Vehne, Into, Waukegan, Ill., 19-8-10.

4x100-Metre Relay for Boys.

1. New York District, 49-6; 2. Massachusetts District, 51-5.

4x100-Metre Relay for Men.

1. Illinois District, 3-50-8-10; 2. New York District, 3-53-3-10.

Shot Put for Women.

1. Saloman, 8-86; 2. Nylund, 8-41; 3. Hovi, 8-17.

4x100 Metres for Men—Clubs.

1. Kistoverit, 46-9; 2. Into, Waukegan, 47-0; 3. Bronx Workers, 50-2.

60-Metre Dash for Boys.

1. S. Wikunen, Kistoverit, Brooklyn, 22-02; 2. Halin, Vesa, New York, 20-51; 3. L. Holtti, Kistoverit, Brooklyn, 19-09.

4x100-Metre Relay for Women.

1. Sisu, Worcester, Mass., 59 sec.; 2. Kisa, Toverit, Brooklyn, 59-8; 3. Chicago District, 61-9.

Broad Jump for Juniors.

1. J. Kailhlanen, Mouhri, Lanesville, Mass., 5 M., 50 C. M.; 2. S. Nikkonen, Kistoverit, Brooklyn, 5 M., 17 C. M.; 3. J. Resnick, Bronx Workers S. C., New York, 5 M., 16 C. M.

Broad Jump for Women.

1. Alma Kuusiluoto, Yrji, Connecticut, O., 4-45; 2. Violet Koskela, Pyrinto, Maynard, Mass., 4-17; 3. Hedstrom, Yrity, Milwaukee, Wis., 3-94.

Swimming.

Diving—1. K. Lindstrom, K. T., Brooklyn, 87-05 pts.; 2. V. Lindstrom, K. T., Brooklyn, 86-27 pts.; 3. P. Kling, German A. C., 78-96 pts.

Boys 60-Metre.

1. A. Haapanen, Vesa, N. Y., 28-3; 2. O. Nordquist, K. T., Brooklyn, 44-5; 3. L. Palo, Kistoverit, Brooklyn, 48.

Women 60-Metre Free Style.

1. Miriam, Manniston, K. T., Brooklyn, 1-4; 2. Ida Gold, 1-7; 3. Elenor Wirkull, K. T., Brooklyn, 1-10.

Mens 100-Metre Free Style.

1. A. Dpef, K. T., Brooklyn, 59-8; 2. A. Haapanen, Vesa, N. Y., 1-8;

Calles to Quit NOV. 30; RUMOR IN MEXICO

But Congress to Extend Term

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 27.—With three months of President Calles' term still ahead and the meeting of congress scheduled for September, two opposing views as to who will fill the vacancy created by the assassination of Obregon are being expressed here. Jose Manuel Puig Casauranc, newly appointed secretary of Industry, Commerce and Labor announced during a luncheon, according to El Universal Grafico, that "President Calles for no reason will continue in power after November 30."

Aaron Saenz, governor of the State of Nuevo Leon, is reported to have said that the Obregonist party will remain unified under all circumstances and "ready to face a solution of the abnormal position."

Others here doubt the words of Casauranc, and believe that Calles will remain in office as is indicated by the composition of the congress which is predominantly Obregonista and Crom, and the fact that the president recently made three new appointments to his cabinet.

MAGNET IN UKRAINE.

LENINGRAD, USSR (By Mail)—A big magnet anomaly has been discovered in the Ukraine on the territory of a former Poltava Province 25 kilometers distance from Kremenchug.

3. D. Kuusiluoto, K. T., Brooklyn, 1-10.

3x100-Yard Relay—Medley.

1. Workers Sports Alliance, 4-18; 2. Kistoverit, Brooklyn, 4-21.

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French Imperialists Are Worried Over Reports of American Control Over Liberia

FEAR U. S. WILL DOMINATE VAST RUBBER SOURCE

Loan Is Negotiated by Firestone Interests

PARIS, Aug. 27.—Statements by French West African officials today disclosed their attitude towards the control given the United States government in the internal affairs of Liberia by an alleged loan for \$5,000,000.

The statement of opinion on the part of the French officials was precipitated by reports that the state department at Washington has been accused before the League of Nations of attempting to gain control of the Liberian government through a virtual subsidy.

While pretending to ridicule the influence which the American government is able through its financial position to exert upon Liberian policies, the French officials betray their nervousness over the control thus obtained by the American interests.

While the French have huge rubber reserves in their equatorial African possessions they are also interested in the potentialities of rubber cultivation in Liberia. They, moreover, fear the independence of foreign markets which the opening of this new rubber source will mean to the American rubber manufacturers.

The loan is understood to have been negotiated secretly by the American Firestone rubber interests under liberal patronage of the leading republican party.

POWERS SIGN KELLOGG PACT

Seen as Move Against Soviet Union

Continued From Page One
The signing of the Kellogg pact, supercharged with war, while the iron heel of international militarism clanked thru the clock hall of the Quai D'Orsay. The solemn play of signing was ushered in by the arrest of 43 Communists. The building in which it was enacted was surrounded with police. Sergeants de Ville infested every embrasure and entrance for blocks around and at their head was Chiappe, the Paris police chief, notorious for his brutal suppression of workers following the demonstrations for Sacco and Vanzetti.

No representative of the Soviet government was at this "peace" conference. The representatives of the governments there assembled were consciously performing the first maneuver in the circuitous preparations for war against the Soviet Union.

"Peace is proclaimed," Premier Briand, the French foreign minister, told the 14 delegates gathered in the Salon Des Ambassadeurs at the Quai D'Orsay, "but it still remains necessary to organize it. That is work for tomorrow."

When he had finished, Briand turned to Stresemann, the German foreign minister, and bowed. The German official, in an impressive silence, proceeded to the central table almost falteringly, took up the huge gold pen and signed his name to both copies of the treaty. One copy, in French, will be preserved in the archives here and the other, in English, at Washington.

After the delegates adjourned to the gardens for tea, the crowd poured into the room, trying to touch the treaty. Guards pushed them back and surrounded the treaty while photographers took close-ups of it.

TO JAIL OREGON PLOTTERS IN U. S.

Issues Warrant Against Accomplices

Acting on advice from Manuel C. Tellez, Mexican ambassador to the United States at Washington, U. S. Commissioner Francis A. O'Neill today issued warrants for the arrest of six Mexicans in New York allegedly implicated in the assassination of General Alvaro Obregon.

Among the warrants issued was one for the arrest of Manuel Trejo Morales, 21, who has been mentioned prominently in dispatches from Mexico City as implicated in the murder of Obregon. The others, Joaquin Navarro Becerra, 34, Osvaldo Raboles Ochoa, 24, Jose A. Jimenez, 35, Enrique M. Zepeda, 35, Aniceto Ortega, are specifically charged with the murder of Obregon and also implicated in recent bomb outrages in the Mexican capital.

At Funeral of Boy Victim of I. R. T.



One case which the I. R. T. subway crash at Times Square last Friday night brought to light is typical of the great American boss slogan, "work hard and you'll get ahead." As usual it was frustrated, this time by N. Y. Traction Company greed. The parents of Irving Rabinowitz had a little grocery store and had starved along all their lives to "make something" of their son. He was finishing his medical studies when the I. R. T. made something of him that his parents had never intended. Fate? Not at all, but another American tragedy of boss propaganda. Above, the boy's parents at his funeral.

EXPOSE KANSAS DRIVE AGAINST COMMUNISTS

Continued From Page One
Syndicalism law as a flagrant and vicious piece of anti-labor legislation.

To Call Conference.
Meetings are to be organized throughout the state of Kansas so that the workers of that state will be able to express their opposition to the frame-up and to the "C. S." law. The International Labor Defense will also call a state-wide conference of all labor organizations in Kansas as soon as possible to mobilize all available forces to fight for the release of the men and the end of the Criminal Syndicalism law. Special efforts are to be made to build and strengthen the I. L. D. so as to better enable it to carry on the work in this and other cases.

Needs Funds.
The legal aspects of the case are being organized rapidly by the national office of the I. L. D. Nationally-known attorneys will be secured to represent the defense in the case as part of the campaign to use every means to smash the attempts of the Kansas authorities to make the Workers Party illegal in that state. It is understood that efforts are now being made to retain the services of such well-known attorneys as Jerome Walsh, of Missouri, the son of Frank P. Walsh and himself a member of the Missouri State Legislature, and Congressman Combs, who represents the state of Missouri in the national house of representatives. Attorney Meeks of Kansas City has already been engaged.

In order to help meet the tremendous costs that fighting the case will involve, the I. L. D. today also appealed to workers and progressive-minded people throughout the country to send funds immediately to aid in defraying the expenses.

Attack on Communists.
"The Kansas Criminal Syndicalism Law is one of the many adopted throughout the country in a vicious attempt to crush the labor and revolutionary movement. In Kansas it has already been used on numerous occasions to imprison some of the best militants in the state for no other reason than their membership in a labor organization and their devotion to the cause of the working class.

"The charges against the workers arrested in Kansas City simmers down to the 'crime' of belonging to the Workers (Communist) Party and advocating its program, the program of a legally recognized political organization."

The International Labor Defense then calls upon all workers to rally to the support of the defense immediately so that the authorities may be prevented from sending innocent workers to serve long terms of imprisonment.

All unions, and other labor organizations are urged to adopt resolutions immediately calling for the release of the prisoners and for the immediate repeal of the Criminal

WANT OWN LABOR COUNCIL: JAILED BY JUGOSLAVS

50 Dalmatian Workers Arrested

ZAGREB, Yugoslavia. (By Mail).—An attempt of the members of labor unions in Split, Dalmatia to wrest the labor council in that city from the hands of a group of corrupt officials has resulted in the arrest of more than fifty workers at the date of this writing with prospects for more arrests in the near future.

Although the council is known as a workers council, contrary to what one may expect from the name, it has nothing to do with the interests of the workers. For many years this council was ruled by a board put together by the government party, which board used money obtained from workers for personal enterprises and even for reactionary police actions. For a long time working class organizations demanded that a new board be appointed but to no effect. Not only the unions, brutally persecuted by the police, but also the nationalist organizations and other organizations condemned in the sharpest terms the directors of the labor council.

Due to the growing force of these protests the government finally had to order a re-organization of the council. Hoover, working class and national organizations were not included in the list and only a list of the old corrupt elements was drawn up.

As the reorganization meeting was being held a large number of angry workers crowded the meeting room, exposed the members of the old board and broke up the meeting. Immediately police and gendarmes entered the picture and arrested over fifty workers. The arrests are still going on. Among the arrested there are many functionaries and leaders of unions and other working class organizations. They were brutally beaten in the police prisons and then handed over to the courts.

Naturally, at a new meeting the new board of directors was elected in accordance with the wish of the government. The board consists of thirteen members, of which only two are workers and the rest officials—among them a bank director and a lawyer.

Four Boys Drown in Missouri River

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Aug. 27 (UP).—The Missouri River took a toll of four lives Sunday when a small launch carrying eight persons capsized.

According to witnesses the launch capsized when the four boys crowded to one side. All of the bodies were recovered.

Author and Signers of Pact to Cloak War Schemes



Above, premier Briand of France; secretary of state Kellogg, and William Cosgrove of the Irish Free State, who signed the Kellogg peace pact in Paris for their respective governments yesterday. Under cover of this pact the imperialists are rushing faster than ever their plans for war against the Soviet Union and one another.

SCABS ATTACK STEEL STRIKERS

Ohio Men Turn Down Bosses' Terms

Continued From Page One
sioner Faulkner of the labor department made to the strike committee, declaring that if the men would accept a bonus as part of the agreement the government would back it up.

The strike committee solidly refused to deal with the commissioner on any other than a flat rate, no bonus basis.

The plant has been badly crippled by the walkout of the men and the strikebreakers are working only three days a week, although the company is known to have big orders on hand, notably for material for airplane motors.

See Massillon Strike.
The spirit among the pickets is excellent and the line is at the mill daily.

Fear of the Massillon Steel officials that the strike will spread to their plant from Canton is leading them to take savage repressive measures and seven men were discharged yesterday for having strike leaflets in their possession or for distributing them. An army of stools and detectives has permeated the plant and every move of the workers is the subject of a report to the corporation officials from one or another of these agents.

Espionage and the trial of the three Canton strike leaders arrested at Massillon, which the corporation designed as an object lesson to the other workers, has served merely to arouse the strikers' strike sentiment in the mill.

USSR to Turn Czarist Prison Hell-Hole Into Revolutionary Museum

LENINGRAD, U. S. S. R., Aug. 27.—The Old Shlisselburg Fortress on the banks of the Neva, where many noted revolutionists were imprisoned by the czarist government, will be opened as a Revolutionary Museum by the Soviet Government on August 29.

The cells will be left as they are, many of them bearing the inscriptions of former revolutionary prisoners. Visitors will be able to see the damp and dark cells under the level of the Neva, with their single iron cots, wet and sparse floors.

At the execution place tablets with the names of the prisoners executed will be placed.

TO LAUNCH NEW MILL COMMITTEE

Continued From Page One
than a company union. Both Weisbord who is passing thru here on an extensive tour and the other speakers declared that the Textile Mill Committees are entering town to begin building a real union. Locals of the Associated being invited to join in the drive.

Announcement was made of a mass meeting to be held Friday evening for the purpose of establishing on a city wide basis the local section of the T. M. C. Pitkowitz said that committees were already being formed in the various mills. Of the 25,000 silk operatives in Paterson only about 3,500 are organized in the Associated and the U. T. W.

DOCTOR REVEALS TORTURING IN VENIZELLOS JAILS

Found Worker Suffering From Wounds

BERLIN (By Mail).—In behalf of the Greek Workers' Aid, Dr. Zouraris visited the proletarian prisoners in the Greek prisons. In spite of the difficulties put forth by the police, he succeeded in visiting a few jails. Concerning such a visit he makes the following statement:

"The undersigned doctor visited Leonidas Stingos, 28 years old, in jail and testifies to the following: 1. Bleeding and swelling of the right eye, caused by a blunt instrument; 2. Bleeding from the gluteal parts and skin; 3. Wounds on the ankles of both feet caused by a sharp instrument; 4. Swelling on the soles of both feet, undoubtedly caused by a whip; 5. Bloody discharges at coughing.—G. Zouraris."

The same doctor, on the ground of his investigations, sent appeals to all newspapers, in which he pointed out the mistreatment and proved the responsibility of the prefect of police of Saloniki. The prefect threatened him with deportation.

POLICE AT MINE ELECTION MEET

Continued From Page One
times, when, according to the so-called democracy, every party has the right to express itself before the people. It is stopped by the police, who are proving themselves to be tools of the coal operators, because they will not allow a working-class party to step forward to expose the corruptness of this system and to mobilize the workers to fight against it. . . ."

At this point Chief Taylor stopped the speaker and, using the half a dozen plain clothes men, chased all the delegates from the hall, which is used by the Party as its office and meeting place.

In a statement issued to the press, the Sub-district Committee makes it clear that they are going to fight back to test out the Mussolini-like action of the police chief.

Reference will be held again this Friday evening, August 31, on the same place, and the September 1 picnic with Benjamin Gitlow in Sans Souci Park is expected to be a huge success.

\$100,000

For a campaign against wage-cuts, longer hours, rationalization, and all exploitation of the workers. Send your contribution to the National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th Street, New York City. Alexander Trachtenburg, treasurer.

ACROSS EUROPE

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Conference of Labor and Fraternal Organizations Tuesday, August 28 at 8 P. M., at Manhattan Lyceum 66 E. 4th St. Elect Your Delegates Now

Every City in America, Every Labor and Fraternal Organization to Have a Booth

Communist Workers Dragged Down by Police at Armour Plant, Correspondent Says

HANDOUTS

As far as Secretary Kellogg goes one-sixth of the earth doesn't exist. This is the U. S. S. R. But non-existent countries as well as those recognized by the heavy-headed secretary of state may be allowed to sign his phoney peace pact. This is indicated by the humorous declaration of Acting Secretary of State Castle who says that adherence by the U. S. S. R. to the pact would not in any sense constitute recognition of the Moscow regime by the United States. Kellogg expects the combined capitalist states will wipe out the U. S. S. R. before he will be forced to admit there is such a thing. Kellogg forgets only one thing—the revolutionary proletariat.

Reduced to This



Getting married in bourgeois circles, as everybody knows, is a matter of salesmanship. If you've ever sold anything you know you must have the product in marketable condition. Above is a new form of reducer said to be effective. Reducing is one worry the poor haven't much of. The rich ladies, to whom it would never occur to quit gorging themselves and walk around the block, make use of all manner of fads to keep their bodies down to a saleable size.

In an investigation of one ward in Jersey City it was found that of 4,091 votes, 1,039 turned up missing. These people who had just voted had moved away or died. With both old parties paying out millions for votes the business is flourishing. It's getting so a man votes often after he's dead than ever before.

Push by the Bale



Al Smith, who stays awake nights thinking of ways to get his picture in the paper, did so above by standing beside the first bale of cotton of the season, which was auctioned off at "Show Boat." Al claims he is far more liable to lead the farmers out of their misery than Herbert Hoover because Herbert never did auction off a bale of cotton in his life. Due to the strength of the working class in New York Al has posed as a friend of labor to boost his name. He is the father of the hog bill which never built any houses and now he is trying to put over a powerful bill which will be a powerful aid to the power distributing corporations. Al Smith's platform for the presidency is personality. Workers should remember that no matter how strong the personality of an engineer he can't make a locomotive fly.

Gems of Learning

Paris Temps: "When it is considered desirable to publish the terms of the Franco-British compromise, it will be seen to be an instrument of peace actuated by the same spirit which inspired the anti-war pact."

What worse could be said about it?

Senator Moses, vice-chairman of the republican advisory committee: "There are some farmers who react to the auto-suggestions of ill-treatment."

Prosperous and don't know it.

Bernard M. Baruch: "The business man is not concerned about Smith. His career has been a remarkable one. I don't think we have seen one like his, unless his business has no need to be worried. Nobody can lose but the worker."

M. C. H.

CAMPAIGN TALK BRINGS FIERCE BOSS REPRISAL

Grim Silence Reveals Workers' Anger

KANSAS CITY, Kan. (By Mail).—The Armour and other packing house bosses, in order to stem the tide of the rising spirit of revolt on the part of the packing house workers, have begun a reign of police terror. On Tuesday noon, August 21, Hugo Oehler, organizer of the Workers (Communist) Party in District 10, and Matthew Cushing, packing house worker, were arrested by the police when they addressed a meeting of Armour's workers at the gates of the plant.

Early in the morning, before the workers entered the plant, leaflets were handed out to them, asking the workers to walk out at noon and attend the meeting.

While this distribution of literature was performed, 100 workers stopped at the entrance enthusiastically discussing the development of the organization drive. The response of the workers of the biggest company in the industry sent alarm down the line of the packing offices. The meeting at the Cudahy plant a few days previously added fire to the uneasiness of the bosses.

"We have got to clean 'em out of town," was the expression of one of the three bosses sitting in a rich car, and it became clear that at the noon meeting the bosses would call the police into action to intimidate and drive fear into the hearts of the workers, in this way hoping to stop the movement for organization.

At noon workers began to stream out of the gates, and, noticing the police on foot and motorcycles, they stopped, awaiting developments.

A policeman approached Oehler and told him to clear out. "There will be no meeting," he said. Whereupon Oehler protested on the grounds that he represented a political party which is on the ballot in the state of Kansas. The workers intently listened to the conversation. The policeman retreated to consult the Armour official. Oehler mounted the platform and began to speak. Workers, encouraged by the fact that the organizer did not permit himself to be bulldozed, flocked to the speaker's stand. The company's official became nervous. He ran over to the cops on the motorcycles, shouting: "Look, he is speaking. Do something!"

The cop stood for a while listening to Oehler, who explained that the party's nominees are William Z. Foster and Ben Gitlow. Then Oehler began to speak on the issues confronting the workers. "Our purpose in entering this election campaign is not only to seek your vote as a protest against capitalism, but also to organize the workers against the bosses." "That's enough," shouted the cop and with a clenched fist ran up to Oehler and pulled him down from the platform. The crowd began to follow Oehler, but then stopped when a Cudahy young packing house worker, Matthew Cushing, took Oehler's place and began to speak. A policeman violently rushed back and shouted: "You here, too?" and pulled him off. However, while he was being escorted by the policeman he continued shouting at the top of his voice. Workers applauded when he declared that the packing workers will not stand for a three-dollar-a-day wage. Stool-pigeons and bosses were also organized and a few tried to shout hurrah, but were soon silenced by the grim looks of the crowd.

When the police forced Oehler and Cushing into the automobile, Oehler shouted: "Fellow-workers, we'll see you later." Then one cop, instigated by the company official, rushed to him and slugged him until blood appeared. Meanwhile the streets were lined by the masses of the Armour workers. There was no excitement, which is the usual thing when an arrest happens, but there was a grim silence which definitely expressed the disapproval, nay, even bitterness, of the workers against the police brutality. They were brought into the police station, locked up and held incommunicado.

Company officials were on the spot trying to get some names, while representatives of the American Legion and K. K. K. were anxious to find out what was the strength of the Communists in the Armour plant. Wednesday morning the two workers were bailed out, the police setting a \$500 bond for each on a vagrancy charge. Meanwhile the stool-pigeons and forerunners circulated wild rumors in the packing house plant re the persecution of the Communists, such stories as deportation, life sentences and the like. At the same time the company is preparing lay-offs of workers under the alleged Communist leanings of the workers for the purpose of further intimidating the workers.

The Workers (Communist) Party is, however, consolidating its forces to fight the assault of the Armour and other packing interests. The I. L. D. is calling a protest meeting in Kansas. The Armour Nucleus also issued a special statement to the Armour workers offsetting the assault of the bosses.

C. M.

Shut in Phone Booth After I. R. T. Crash



Mary Hall of Brooklyn, her dress covered with blood stains as she appeared following the I.R.T. crash at Times Square is shown above. For fear she would tell the true story of the horror of the wreck she was kept shut in a telephone booth where she nearly fainted from the heat and injuries sustained in the smash-up.

SLUG PROGRESSIVE MACHINIST MEN

(By a Worker Correspondent)

CHICAGO, Ill., (By Mail).—On Monday night, August 13th at the meeting of the District 8 lodge of the International Association of Machinists, two progressive members of the I. A. of M., William Mauseuth of Lodge 113 and William Simons, of Lodge 199, both of Chicago were set upon by Charles Fry, business agent of Lodge 126 and the sluggers from his lodge. Mauseuth is a trustee of his lodge, and a delegate to the Chicago Federation of Labor. Simons is a trustee of Lodge 199 and recently elected by Lodge 199 as the delegate to the Atlanta convention of the I. A. of M. on September 17th.

Simons got blows on the forehead and jaw, which became swollen, before he succeeded in getting out of their hands, Mauseuth, unable to get away, was beaten almost to a pulp, drenched in blood. In the meeting hall, he was battered, thrown to the ground, and kicked all over his body. His nose and eyes are swollen, his body bruised all over. As Mauseuth was being pushed downstairs, he was punched from all sides. Fry himself, a big bully, directed the beating.

Desperate Over Defeat. Fry, the boss of District 8, has become desperate because of the growth of the progressive forces in this district. In the Chicago district election in December, 1927, the progressive forces increased their vote for business agents and other district officers, running on a program which was printed and distributed among the membership, making great headway. Threats of expulsion and beating up progressives were made by Fry in the district lodge meetings, but later denied by him. Last Monday night's exhibition of unbridled ferocity shows that his program is one of slugging, of gangsterism.

Czar Fry introduced amendments to the I. A. of M. Constitution, proposing the abolition of the present referendum for election of grand lodge officers (substituting election by the convention every four years); and also proposing compulsory insurance which means much higher dues. Fry's propositions were defeated in a large number of locals, largely due to the efforts of the progressive forces. Lodge 113, tool and die makers, voted down Fry's propositions. In Lodge 199, Brother Simons was elected a delegate to the Atlanta convention on a full progressive program, in opposition to Fry's amendments.

A week ago at the Lodge 199 meeting, Fry made an attack on Simons, laying down an anti-Communist barrage, branding every progressive a Communist, making the usual stupid charges of Soviet control, trotting out the usual fakery line. Simons made an effective reply, despite threats of physical beating from some of Fry's henchmen.

Fry, a Thug Himself. Under the heading "Good and Welfare" Fry read the recently issued program for the I. A. of M. convention by the International Machinist Progressive Group, branding the Amalgamated plank an I. W. W. program, of the One Big Union. The argument for organizing women he dismissed lightly with the old fashioned idea that "Woman's place is in the home." He opposed taking Negroes into the organization because "these niggers scabbed during the packing house strike." After declaring that the program was contrary to the principles of the I. A. of M., he said that the time had come for a show down; the progressives were gaining too much ground among the membership; the time had come to act. Mauseuth and Simons should be given a chance to speak, and then he kicked out of the hall; if the district lodge couldn't do it, then he, Fry, would do so.

Progressives Stand Firm. Mauseuth and Simons hurled back at Fry his own accusations, charging him with disrupting the organization, with terrorizing members,

LAUNDRY SLAVES ARE EXPLOITED ON WAGONS IN SHOP

Girls Faint in Heat of 100 Degrees

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Having read the Worker Correspondence of Comrade Suskin in the Daily Worker of Aug. 9 about the laundry industry and the working conditions, I would like to add some important data which he forgot to mention.

During the last ten years the laundry industry has grown to be one of the biggest and richest industries of this city. The following fact illustrates how quick the bosses get rich.

Eight years ago, when I started to work for one of the present very big laundries, it was a poor place, washing about 900 bundles. At the present time its size has increased to a two-story building covering four blocks. It washes as many as 7,000 bundles of clothes, amounting to some \$20,000 worth of business per week. And it is estimated to be worth \$1,500,000 in value.

The laundry employs 300 inside help and 52 outside drivers. This is only one example of the many big laundries of greater New York. What is the reason that the bosses become so rich and enlarge their plants to such an extent in so short a time? Because of the inhuman exploitation of the laundry workers and the drivers.

Comrade Suskin has already indicated that the average wage of the girls in the mangle room ranges from nine to ten dollars per week for a ten hour day. The average wage of the kitchen help is between \$20 and \$23 per week, the hours being unlimited with no extra pay for overtime. But if a worker is out a half day on account of sickness, this is taken out of his pay envelope.

Temperature 100. Comrade Suskin is also right about the miserable sanitary conditions in the laundries. In the afternoon of a very hot day, I drove up in front of the laundry where I work. To my great astonishment five of the girls were lying on the trucks outside in a fainting condition. I inquired of an elderly Irish working woman what had happened. And she told me that they had fainted because of the heat. "What is the wonder with the humidity inside the mangle room at 90 or above and the heat above 100?" There is no ice water for the girls to drink. The board of health ordered the bosses to make windows, but for known reasons the inspectors seem to be lenient with the bosses and no windows have been made yet. The same is true for most of the industry.

250 Organized. How about labor organizations in this industry? Practically none. Out of the 7,000 laundry drivers of this city, only between 250 and 300 are organized. In a laundry drivers local union of the American Federation of Labor. Just think of it, out of 7,000 drivers only 300 are organized! And their conditions are just as bad as those of the other workers. The driver is the backbone of every laundry, he uses his skill and ability to get the trade and to hold it. He works about 40 hours a week and makes from \$30 to \$35. The driver is often forced to pay for lost articles out of his wages because the bosses, regardless of their big profits, refuse to make good in such cases.

Workers of the laundries, the time has come for us to think about our conditions. Our bosses become millionaires out of our sweat, but we still live under the worst sanitary conditions for starvation wages and with no labor organization to protect our interests. Think about a union in our industry.

EDITOR'S NOTE.—For obvious reasons the name of this Worker Correspondent and his laundry are not published. Many workers are afraid to write the Daily Worker because they believe that their

Much Fancy Shooting and Ornate Swearing at Morosco

It may be as superfluous as carrying coals to Wilkes-Barre to import a Chicago gang war to New York City, but this is what Willard Mack has done, with his "Gang War" at the Morosco Theatre.

It is a realistic story of the effects of prohibition on the peace of a mid-west American city, which plugged along prior to the enactment of the Volstead Act with an average homicide record of one a day. The competition for the privilege of quenching the public thirst with needled beer compelled the competitors to organize standing armies on the theory that eternal vigilance was the measure of their beer profits. Their profits enabled the gangs to purchase the government, state and city administrations, though, as one gangster correctly said, the bootleggers did not do the right thing by the Anti-Saloon League, which was responsible for their prosperity.

"Gang War" keeps the audience from going to sleep, what with shooting and bombs and a couple of seductions. The play starts off with a bang and ends with a bombing. The leader of one beer mob is killed leaving a church. Not satisfied with one corpse, the gang responsible for the murder shot up the cafe in which the dead leader was wont to hold counsel with his men, while the dead chief's successor was busily engaged seducing a little flapper, who liked his money, his champagne and his mustache. The little girl got killed, which compelled the police to ask a few questions. The mess was cleared up to the satisfaction of the police and the audience when the new leader was killed by his discarded sweetheart, his rival had his throat slit by an expert Italian and the gang headquarters bombed by an airplane.

The police department is given credit with being on the level, interested only in the mutual slaughter

paper will print their names and addresses, or the name of their shop. The Daily Worker takes every precaution to guard the names of its Worker Correspondents, of whom there are now hundreds in mills, shops and mines throughout the United States. There are many also on shipboard. Join this group of Worker Writers. Send your paper a story of your conditions today and then show it to your fellow workers when it is printed. Your pen can fight, too, if you will let it. Give it a chance.

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Keep in touch with the struggles of the workers while you are away on your vacation. This summer the Election Campaign will be in full swing. The "DAILY WORKER" will carry up-to-the-minute news concerning the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party in the various states. Daily cable news service from the World Congress of the Communist International which opens soon in Moscow.

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CLAIBORNE FOSTER

Featured in the new comedy, "Eva the Fifth," which is scheduled to open at the Little Theatre tonight.

of the rival mobs. But the sheriff does not get such a square deal. He holds up the gang for dough and pre-war booze, which the gang leader finally refuses to cough up because he believes he is sufficiently powerful to ignore such a political nonentity as a sheriff.

There is a good deal of hokum in the play, which falls short of being husky melodrama and yet is too serious for good burlesque. In so far as it falls, it drops between these two stools. Nevertheless those citizens who are forced to live under comparatively peaceful and bloodless conditions and wish to satisfy their hidden homicidal cravings will not regret paying the tariff on "Gang War."

It must be admitted that Robert Middlemass, as the police lieutenant, and Charles T. Lewis, as the sheriff, acted their parts realistically. The former was so dumb that he did not know enough to be crooked and the latter was so crooked that he could afford to look dumb. Anne Forrest, as Mazie Dowley, looked agreeable and shot her faithless gang leader like a regular little wife, and though Wilma Lanyon, as Olive Moore, she who was seduced, did not have much time to do her stuff in view of the audience, but she showed enough in the short time at her disposal to convince the most captious that she feared nothing in this world less deadly than a bomb.

Fifty-five per cent interesting.
T. J. O'F.

NEW BALL GAME OF JUSTICE IN JUGOSLAV COURT

Torture Exile by Many Shipments

BELGRADE, Yugoslavia, Aug. 27.—The case of the hotel-keeper Adam Mueller of Osijek, which has been in the public eye for some weeks, is growing into one of the greatest extradition scandals of the last few years. Mueller, who was born in Hungary, has been living with his family for the last thirty years in Osijek. He became a citizen of the Yugoslav state and denied allegiance to all other states.

Suddenly it occurred to the police chief of Osijek, the well-known working class persecutor Cvjetko Horvat, to lodge a charge against Mueller that he was using his hotel as a meeting place for the illegal Communist Youth organization. Mueller was escorted to the Hungarian border by gendarmes, but the Hungarian officials did not want to have anything to do with him and brought him back to Yugoslavia.

Mueller now lived for fourteen days in Osijek under the strict surveillance of the police only to be sent back again to Hungary. Again the Hungarian officials did not want to have anything to do with him and he was sent back to the Yugoslav border.

Police Chief Hervat now was struck by a bright idea; he had Mueller brought to the Austrian border.

Since this drawn out persecution had nothing to do with Austria and since Mr. Schober, Austrian police chief, refused to give him asylum, it seems as though Adam Mueller will not be able to withstand very much longer this ball-game between the different border states and the Yugoslav state official.

USSR GETS SUGAR MILLS. MOSCOW, USSR (By Mail).—The Supreme Council of National Economy of the USSR gave permission to the state sugar trust to sign a contract with foreign firms to build two new sugar factories in the Ukraine on the basis of long term credits.

Who wins when you read your bosses' paper?

AMUSEMENTS

HAVE YOU SEEN THE LADDER IN ITS REVISED FORM? COURT Thurs. W. 48 St. Eves. 8:30 Mts. Wed. & Sat. Money Refunded if Not Satisfied With Play.

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1928

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By JAY LOVESTONE

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Scott Nearing Will Tour Throughout New Jersey in Workers Party Election Drive

WORLD CONGRESS DENOUNCES ACTS OF OPPOSITION

Elect Commission to Frame Resolution

Continued from Page One
Communist Party of the Soviet Union.

The declaration pointed out the great successes achieved by the Communist Party despite the difficult conditions created by foreign imperialists. These difficulties he proceeded to sum up.

The complete bankruptcy of the Trotskyist and Menshevist opposition was pointed out in the declaration. The propagation of Trotskyist ideas was declared incompatible with membership in the Communist International.

War Danger.

The war danger is acute, the declaration further declared. When war comes the Communist International will lead the masses in a struggle to turn the imperialist war into a civil war for the overthrow of the bourgeoisie and the establishment of the dictatorship of the proletariat.

The chief task of the Communist is the exertion of all forces in order to mobilize the world proletariat and all enslaved peoples for the defense of the Soviet Union, the Socialist Fatherland of all the exploited as the beginning of the world revolution.

Semard, of France, then made a declaration in the same spirit on behalf of the French, Italian, Belgian, Spanish, Swiss and Dutch delegations. Bell did likewise on behalf of the British, American, Canadian, Latin American and New Zealand delegations. Rogitch spoke for the Jug-Slav, Bulgarian, Rumanian and Greek delegates. Strachov for China, Japan, Indonesia, etc.; Fachri for Turkey, Persia, Syria, Palestine, Egypt and Arabia.

Opposition Treason.

Semard then declared that the Trotskyists had become among the deadliest enemies of Communism by denying the possibility of building Socialism in one country alone, by declaring the existence of a thermidor in the Russian Revolution, by internationalizing work and especially by their activities in the All-Union Communist Parties.

The undersigned delegations therefore approve unreservedly all measures taken against the opposition as questions vital to the existence of the dictatorship of the proletariat.

Abroad the oppositionists are allying themselves with the social democrats against the Communist International, as for example in Belgium where they have split the Party, in Holland where they have contributed to causing the Dutch trade unions to leave the Red International of Trade Unions, and in Italy where anti-Communist work among the emigrants is being carried on.

In France the leaders of the opposition were expelled and the opposition fell to pieces. The Congress must condemn the Trotskyist opposition because its activities only aid counter-revolution.

Bell Speaks.

Bell, of Great Britain, then declared that the opposition's statement that the condition of the workers in the Soviet Union is growing worse is a slander. The standard of living of the workers in the U. S. S. R. is steadily improving, while the building up of Socialism in the Soviet Union is uninterruptedly proceeding.

The Trotskyist charge of the "national limitation" of Russia is disproved by the splendid help given by Russian workers to the British miners and all other oppressed and fighting sections of the workers and colonial peoples.

All the weapons of the social democrats against the Soviet Union in recent years have been taken from the Trotskyist arsenal. The undersigned delegations approve completely all measures against the opposition and demand no readmission of oppositionists until they have abandoned all false ideas and subordinated themselves completely to Communist discipline.

Rogitch's Address.

Rogitch then approved completely the measures against the opposition. Only a united disciplined Bolshevik Party can overcome the dangers and difficulties of the transformation period, he said. The international proletariat is no longer without a fatherland. It has its fatherland to defend.

Strachov declared that the success of Socialist constructive work in the Soviet Union is the best argument against the Trotskyist opposition. The application of repressive measures against the opposition are not only right but are the duty of the proletarian state. The Trotskyist opposition declared the Canton insurrection a putsch. Objectively it assists the counter-revolution.

Elect Commission.

Fachri then stated that, "our delegations approve completely all measures adopted against the opposition by the All-Union Communist Party. Long years of experience show that the Soviet Union is the only support of the international proletarian movement and national revolutionary movement in the colonial countries."

The Commission for elaborating the resolution was then elected. The Commission consists of Varga, Maulski, Thaelmann, Semard, Rogitch, Bell, Fachri, and Strachov.



Many lives were endangered when an explosion in a one story wooden structure at 138-9 95th Ave., Jamaica, caused a serious fire. Above, firemen fighting the flames.

RED CANDIDATE HITS IRT HEADS

Greed for Profit Costs Blood, Says Dunne

Continued from Page One

health of the millions of workers of New York City who are compelled to use the subways, elevated, etc. This criminal policy inevitably led to the tragedy of last Friday when, with 2,000 crowded into the ten trains, scores of lives were sacrificed to the greed and profits of the traction barons. Nor has this been the first of such accidents. As far back as 1918 the transit commission was informed that the Malbone Street disaster, where hundreds of people were killed and injured was also due to a conscious undermanning of safety devices and equipment.

Not Safety, But Profit First.

"For the past ten years the transit history of New York has consisted of a series of wrecks and collisions, attended by terrific loss of life. What concern is it of the rich stockholders and directors of the subway company that the lives of those who must travel in the subways are jeopardized and imperiled? The Heideys, the Quackenbushes, Dahls and Chadbournes are but interested in increasing their profits; if expenses can be lowered by not making necessary repairs and improvements by worsening the conditions of those who work for the company, the matter of lives of workers and passengers counts for nothing in their estimation. A few thousand dollars spent in campaign contributions goes a long way toward closing the eyes of city officials to the criminal negligence of the I. R. T.

Slaughter in Fight for 7c. Fare.

"There is no question but that the Traction Company hoped to put across the 7-cent fare by pursuing such policies. They hoped that the workers, becoming impatient with poor, crowded, insufficient and dangerous service would be willing to pay increased fare. They did not point out, of course, that the profits the Traction Company made last year were more than enough to take care of all necessary repairs and improvements, could have provided for additional cars and service and could have made possible wage increases and better conditions for the subway workers.

"In This Criminal Policy, the I. R. T. has had the support of the city and state government. Al Smith, the Democratic Governor of New York State and candidate for President on the democratic ticket and the republican legislature are equally responsible. They did not compel the traction company to make the necessary improvement in service though the order was given several months ago. Tammany judges and Tammany police have time and time again aided the transit company with injunctions and police clubs in their attack upon traction workers when these workers went out on strike for improved conditions and for the right to organize.

Tammany's Masters.

"Tammany Hall with Mayor Walker in the lead not only have not put up a fight against the seven cent fare, but have laid the basis for it immediately after the elections for it. And now Mayor Walker repeats the climax by excusing the I. R. T. by saying: 'Terrible and deplorable as it is, we find some comfort in splendid subway construction where a train would split in half, yet only one supporting column was destroyed. The rest of the structure is safe.' Already the traction Company and government officials are attempting to lay the blame for the disaster upon some innocent worker.

"The traction robbers as Chadbourne, Kenny and others are known supporters of Smith's candidacy. Kenny who is a big stockholder in Traction Company has already given \$50,000 for Smith's Campaign and has stated that he is ready to give more. Nog does Hoover the republican candidate lack such support.

"The millions of workers of New York City will not be deceived by the attempts of the I. R. T. and of the two parties, the democratic and the republican parties to whitewash their responsibility for the tragedy.

Prosecute Real Criminals.

"The Workers (Communist) Party demands that the executive heads of the Traction Company who are responsible for Friday's catastrophe

YANKEES WIN TWO; CARDS NOW 4 AHEAD

RED ELECTION MEETS THIS WEEK

To Present Platform of Class Struggle

The Workers (Communist) Party will present to the workers of New York City its program of the class struggle at a series of open-air meetings throughout the city this week. The meetings follow:

- Grand St. Ext. and Havemyer, Brooklyn—Bimba, Shapiro, G. Welsh, Kuhl (Pioneer).
- Sutter and Williams, Brooklyn—B. Miller, Pasternack, J. Cohen, Mikels (Pioneer).
- Longwood and Prospect Ave., Bronx—Tafe, LeRoy, Alkin, Wm. Margolis.
- Lenox Ave. and 133rd St., N. Y. C.—Padmore, Powers, Suskins, Smith (Pioneer).
- Wednesday, Aug. 29.
 - Second and 10th St.—Hendin, Joe Cohen, Peer, Goliger.
 - Union Square, N. Y.—Baum, Blake, Ross, Kaplan.
 - Wilkins and Intervale Ave., Bronx—Grecht, Primoff, Spiro, L. Margolis, Eisman (Pioneer).
 - Fleet St. and Flatbush Ave. Ext., Brooklyn—Padgug, Rosemond, Mindolla.
 - Seventh Ave. and 31st St., N. Y. C.—R. B. Moore, Green, Williams, Lamb, Baum (Pioneer).
 - Seventh Ave. and 137th St., N. Y. C.—Moore, Huiswood, Vera Bush, Himoff (Pioneer).
 - Passaic, N. J.—Gussakoff, Harrison.
- Thursday, Aug. 30.
 - One Hundred and Thirty-eighth St. and St. Ann's—Yusem, Cibulsky, Fishkoff, Green (Pioneer).
 - One Hundred and Fortieth St. and 8th Ave., N. Y.—Shapiro, Joe Cohen.
 - Allerton and Cruger, Bronx—Nessin, Kastrel, Spiro, Gozgian, Berman (Pioneer).
 - Twenty-fifth St. and Mermad Ave., Coney Island—Padgug, Lillianstein, Magliacano, Shafra, Steinway and Jamaica, Astoria, L. I.—Schachtman, Abern, Vera Bush, Burke, Blake, Heder.
 - One Hundred and Sixth and Madison, N. Y.—Coddick, Schal, Sumner, Brantx (Pioneer).
 - Osborn and Dumont Aves., Brooklyn—Benjamin, Rosemond, Kindred, Julius Cohen.
- Friday, Aug. 31.
 - National Biscuit Co. (Noon)—Ballam, Ross.
 - Bristol and Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn—LeRoy, Pasternack, Alkin, G. Welsh, Levitt (Pioneer).
 - Fifth Ave. and 110th St., N. Y.—Taft, Huiswood, E. Welsh, Ruiz, Lyons, Repalsky (Pioneer).
 - Market and Plaza, Newark, N. J.—Wright, Freidman.
 - Varet and Graham, Brooklyn—Nessin, Primoff, Rosemond, Mindolla.
 - Fiftieth St. and Fifth Ave., Brooklyn (4th Ave. line, B.-M. T.)—Powers, Donaldson, Magliacano, McDonald, Chalupski, J. Taft (Pioneer).
 - Paterson, N. J. (3 Governor St.)—Markoff, Russak.
 - Saturday, Sept. 1.
 - First Ave. and 19th St., N. Y.—

Yesterday's Results

- National League
 - St. Louis, 11; Chicago, 3.
 - Pittsburgh, 9; Cincinnati, 4.
- American League
 - Philadelphia-Chicago, rain.
 - New York, 4; Detroit, 3 (1st).
 - St. Louis, 5; Detroit, 2 (2nd).
 - St. Louis, 8; Boston, 6 (1st).
 - St. Louis, 4; Boston, 0 (2nd).
 - Cleveland, 5; Washington, 3.

Denver Workers Party Holds Annual Picnic

DENVER, Colo. (By Mail).—Three hundred workers were present at the annual picnic of the local Workers (Communist) Party held recently in Golden Park, Golden, Colo.

In addition to the workers from Denver and vicinity, there were also many Greeley, Frederick and farming communities of the state. Entertainments of all sorts helped to make up a program which was enjoyed by everyone present.

Markoff, E. Welsh, Napoli, Rolfe Galiger.
West New York, N. J.—Padmore, Szepeszy.
Perth Amboy, N. J.—B. Smith, L. Duke, Rosen (Pioneer).
Elizabeth, N. J. (Union Square)—Yusem, R. Duke.

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Announcement!

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We thank the public for their sympathy and again request them to patronize the above mentioned establishments.

J. LOUIS RIFKIN President
LOUIS RUBINFELD Sec'y-Treas.

POLICE PREVENT SACCO MEETING IN ST. LOUIS

Use Tear Gas Bombs on St. Louis Workers

(Special to the Daily Worker)
ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 26.—Workers who yesterday had gathered to hold a Sacco and Vanzetti memorial meeting here were prevented from holding the meet when more than twenty policemen arrived before the time when the program was scheduled to begin, and locked the doors of the hall.

As the workers began to arrive, mounted police reached the scene and brutally rode their horses through the gathering crowd, aided by the original squad who immediately opened a tear-gas bomb attack on the defenseless workers.

Hugo Oehler, now charged with criminal syndicalism for his activities in organizing workers in Kansas City and other parts of Missouri, and Seyio, had been scheduled to speak at the meeting.

As a result of the police action, the International Labor Defense of St. Louis has issued a call to all its members to mobilize for a free-speech fight in the city.

2 MORE WORKERS IN I. R. T. NET

Continued from Page One

situation for the Interborough. Following up this gentle hint on the part of the mayor and the Board of Transportation members, Frank T. Hedley, president of the I. R. T., has issued a statement to the effect that "the company will be able to meet all its obligations, but it will be very hard. Serious expenditures would embarrass the financial position of the company."

Hedley piously refused to place the blame for the accident, declaring that he would wait for his faithful Transit Commission to do this. Mayor Walker inadvertently let the cat out of the bag when he visited the scene of the accident Friday night. He declared at that time that he "understood that the switch had been reported faulty."

I. R. T. Hypocritical Role.

Meanwhile the Interborough is playing its usual role in cases where one of its workers is under arrest—while doing everything possible to shift the blame from itself to the maintenance foreman, Baldwin, it is pretending to defend him. James L. Quackenbush, Jr., son of the labor-hating general counsel of the company, and M. J. Daly appeared "for" the accused worker when he was arraigned in court. Daley revealed the sort of fight that the Interborough intended to make for the worker when he said that if any crime had been committed, it was, "at the most, second degree manslaughter." This in interpreted as indicating that the company would seek to obtain a "lighter" sentence for Baldwin, at the same time making no effort to secure his complete exoneration. This is entirely consistent with the traditions of the Malbone St. disaster on the B.-M. T. in 1918, when the motorman was blamed for an accident in which 97 persons lost their lives and more than 100 were injured.

Baldwin is now out in \$10,000 bail and is scheduled to come up for a hearing today.

Memberships Meeting.

The membership meeting of Sub-section 3E will be held today at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Williamsburg Y. W. L.

The following open air meet will be held today at Tompkins Ave. and Hart St. Speakers: R. Gordon, Harris.

Unit 2C, 3F.

"The War Danger" is to be discussed as a special educational order of business at the meeting of Unit 2C, 3F, today at 6 p. m. at 108 E. 14th St.

International Branch 1.

This branch meets tomorrow at 60 St. Marks Place, at 7:30 p. m.

German Language Fraction.

All German speaking party members are invited to a full-fraction meeting today at 8 p. m. at the Hunzarian Workday, 350 E. 81st Street. Max Scharf will lead the discussion.

Downtown Y. W. L. Unit.

An open air meeting of the Young Workers League Downtown Unit No. 2 will be held Thursday, August 30, at 49th St. and 1st Ave. Speakers will be Marie Duke, Rosen, Jenksy, Len Richman, Fanny Rothman, Joe Harris, and Max Helfand.

Unit 5F, 3D.

Unit 5F, 3D will meet tomorrow at 6 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. Please be on time.

Harlem Functionaries Meet.

A special meeting of Section 4 functionaries for the purpose of discussing the election campaign will be held tomorrow at 3 o'clock sharp, 103rd St. Agitprop, election campaign and open-air directors; literature and Daily Worker agents, as well as all members of the speakers club, are urged to come on time.

Unit 3, Section 7.

Unit 3, Section 7 will meet today at 7:45 40th St. at 8 p. m. All members must attend.

The Brownsville Section of the Young Workers Social Culture Club.

A membership meeting of the Young Workers Social Culture Club will be held on Thursday evening at 8 p. m. Report from Comrade Heller will be given at the meeting which will be held at 118 Bristol St.

Rumanian Workers Meet.

An educational meeting will be held tonight at 8 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. by the Rumanian Workers Cultural Club.

Young Workers Social Club.

A membership meeting of the Young Workers Social Culture Club will be held on Thursday evening at 8 p. m. Report from Comrade Heller will be given at the meeting which will be held at 118 Bristol St.

CANDIDATE WILL EXPOSE ROLE OF WALL ST. TWINS

Will Tour Many Cities Thruout State

Scott Nearing, Communist candidate for Governor of New Jersey, began on Sunday a tour of the cities of the state. The first meeting was held at the old Y. M. H. A. Hall, at the corner of Smith and McLellan Sts., Perth Amboy. Other meetings will be held in Jersey City, Newark, Passaic, Bayonne, Elizabeth and Paterson.

Much interest has been awakened among New Jersey workers in Nearing's tour by the leaflet distributed by the Workers (Communist) Party challenging headed "Who Rules New Jersey?" The campaign speeches of the Communist candidate for governor will expose fully the Wall Street control of both major capitalist candidates, Smitn and Hoover, will bring to light the full graft and sordid corruption which is life in New Jersey, and will conclusively prove the domination of state government in New Jersey by powerful corporations.

The workers of New Jersey are not the only ones to be stirred to interest by the tour of the Communist candidate. The graft and corruption prevalent in that state is so widespread and involves so many high lights in the councils of both capitalist parties that there is much quaking in the boots which tramp capitalist political circles.

An incident which occurred in Perth Amboy is illustrative of the interest awakened in the masses of New Jersey workers by the impending tour of the Communist candidate. A fisherman walked into the headquarters of the Party in Perth Amboy. "Look here," he exclaimed indignantly, "while your candidate is exposing all of the graft of the politicians, let him expose the poor sewage system. It's so bad now that most of the fish we catch here are poisoned by sewage."

The full list of meetings and where held is as follows: Sunday, Aug. 26, Perth Amboy, Smith, corner McLellan Sts., Y. M. H. A. Hall; Wednesday, Aug. 29, Jersey City, Ukrainian Hall, 160 Mercer St.; Thursday, Aug. 30, Newark, Workers Center, 93 Mercer St.; Friday, Aug. 31, Passaic, 212 President St.; Ukrainian Hall; Saturday, Sept. 2, Bayonne, Labor Lyceum, 72 West 25th St.; Tuesday, Sept. 4, Elizabeth, Labor Lyceum, 515 Court St.; Wednesday, Sept. 5, Paterson, Carpenters' Hall, 54 Van Houten St.

All the meetings will be held at 8 o'clock in the evening.

CHINESE, JAPANESE FIGHT.

VLADIVOSTOK, U. S. S. R. (By Mail).

On the Japanese steamer "Tosin-Maru" loading timber in the Amby Bay of the Maritime Province there was a sanguinary collision between the Japanese sailors and Chinese loadmen resulting in five men killed. The cause of the affray was a fight between one Japanese and one Chinese. On account of it the captain of the steamer sent off two Japanese to shore.

Two sailors wanted to get arms from the captain and when he refused they began to threaten violence against him. The Chinese being superior in number tied all the Japanese sailors down, but the Soviet authorities, which appeared on the steamer, prevented further violence.

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Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

Freiheit Gesangs Verein.

The annual picnic and concert of the Freiheit Gesangs Verein will be held Sunday, September 9, at Pleasant Bay Park. An original program of songs has been arranged for the occasion.

Brownsville Sacco Meet.

The Brownsville branch of the I. L. D. will hold a Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meet Thursday, Aug. 30 at 8 p. m. at Bristol St. and Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn.

Rumanian Workers Meet.

An educational meeting will be held tonight at 8 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. by the Rumanian Workers Cultural Club.

Young Workers Social Club.

A membership meeting of the Young Workers Social Culture Club will be held on Thursday evening at 8 p. m. Report from Comrade Heller will be given at the meeting which will be held at 118 Bristol St.

Nijni-Novgorod Fair Dominated by State Firms; Orient Present

MOSCOW Aug. 27.—A new factor has been introduced into the last few fairs at Nijni-Novgorod, famous for centuries on account of its picturesque fairs that have drawn merchants from all parts of the Orient.

The majority of booths on the fair grounds are now either government firm owned or cooperative booths from all parts of the Soviet Union. Mixed with the fineries of China and Mongolia, with the products of government industries, products of the villages, can now be seen, taking a prominent part on the market, modern farm machinery. Of the 900 firms represented at the colorful spectacle about 400 are state or cooperative, eight concessionaires, 100 foreign—mostly from the Orient, and 109 private, mostly independent peasant exhibits.

The greatest feature of the fair is an exposition of handicraft from 42 producing sections of the Soviet Union.

CHINESE, JAPANESE FIGHT.

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Two sailors wanted to get arms from the captain and when he refused they began to threaten violence against him. The Chinese being superior in number tied all the Japanese sailors down, but the Soviet authorities, which appeared on the steamer, prevented further violence.

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Office Open From 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—143 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 1373 43rd St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

Daily Worker

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President WILLIAM Z. FOSTER For Vice-President BENJAMIN GITLOW



WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!

For the Workers!

Against the Capitalists!

"In Time of Peace Pacts Prepare for War."

We cannot know what resources may be left to the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics at the present moment of its struggle against the coming imperialist war in connection with the so-called Kellogg Pact. But this much is certain—the brazenly dishonest device of "inviting" the Soviet Union to sign the Pact after the negotiations as to the nature of the pact had been closed is only further proof of what Comrade Chicherin said in a statement to the press some weeks prior to the signing of the Pact:

the imperialists will cry: "See! The Bolsheviks alone refuse peace!"

Having once turned pale before the Soviet diplomats' proposal for complete and immediate disarmament at their "disarmament" conference, the imperialists dared not give the Soviet diplomats a chance to propose really to outlaw war at a conference for the "outlawry of war." For thus the Soviet diplomats would have demonstrated to the world that the outlawry of war is an impossibility to capitalist imperialist governments.

The workers of the entire world should know that the signing of the Kellogg-Briand pact yesterday brings the imperialist world war closer by a seven-league stride. The hypocritical farce at Paris is a warning to the working class to prepare for the coming war.

The Pact was signed in an atmosphere of war, with reservations intended by both Great Britain and France as steps to their particular vantage-points for the coming war. The Pact was proposed by the biggest imperialist power, the United States, which is preparing feverishly an enormous war machine with which to enforce its position as the dominant imperialism of the whole world. And the whole process developed to a farther stage the grouping of war forces in positions hostile to the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

The complex of war maneuvers against the Soviet Union is not the only ghost that haunted the Salle de l'Horloge when the treaty was signed. The imperialist rivalry between the United States, an imperialist power almost without colonies and out to conquer a colonial empire, and Great Britain, struggling to keep its weakening hold upon a worldful of colonies, is a vortex for all imperialist intrigues. The impulsion of a series of imperialist nations toward the extinction of the Chinese revolution and the conquest of China is more powerful than the "new parchment from the skin of milk-fed lamb" that Kellogg took to Paris.

Workers of the world! Get ready to defend the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics—for imperialist "Peace" has been declared! The stern duty of the working class, exploited farmers and oppressed colonials, will be to transform the imperialist war into a revolutionary war against the capitalist class—for liberation from wars and exploitation.

Machado Tool Spread Reformist Talk

(Special to the Daily Worker)

HAVANA, Aug. 27.—Juan Arevalo, Machado's tool in the Cuban labor organizations, who was "elected" to represent Cuban labor at the recent conference of the Geneva Labor Office, gave a long interview on his return to Havana to the "Diario de la Marina," the largest newspaper of this city.

He began by pointing out how he was chosen to represent the Cuban workers because he represents "within the universal labor trade union movement the evolutionist social theories as opposed to the Red Trade Union International Moscow and all its revolutionary extravagances and whose results are perfectly disastrous for those workers who follow these theories." He continued by describing how in this respect he was in perfect accord with the leaders of Amsterdam and the Second International whom he met in Europe.

Organize in Argentine.

From these meetings, Arevalo reports, the idea was born to organize a central Latin American Labor Office in Buenos Aires in connection with the "Confederacion Obrera Argentina" which is affiliated with this Latin American organization will by no means try to oppose the Pan-American Federation of Labor. But he hopes that such an organization, with the center in Buenos Aires, will be able to approach many labor organizations which the Pan-American Federation of Labor was unable to reach, "because the anarchists, Communists and syndicalists are spreading false conceptions about the purpose and aims of the P.A.F.L."

tion of Labor, which will take place in Havana in May, 1929, "will clarify many erroneous ideas which were traditional in the labor movement, such as the 'class struggle.' We must find new orientations towards 'class cooperation,' because the aspirations of the working class being just and humane, we need for the betterment of the working class the sincere cooperation of other classes. We are convinced," he continued, "that we could obtain help towards our betterment from many elements who today deny this help to us because they are told to be our enemies, while in fact they sympathize with the idea of betterment of the working class." He explained how he could see clearly in Geneva, that the "Marxist conception, that governments are committees representing the capitalist class, is false because the majority of the governments represented

Makes Millions While Premier of Greece

ATHENS, Greece, Aug. 27.—Fifty million dollars represent the wealth amassed by Stephanos Skouloudis, former premier and foreign minister of Greece, in his banking operations in Constantinople which cover the period 1915-16 when he held power in Athens. He was forced out of his premiership by the allied powers because he prevented Greece from joining them on account of his huge interests in Turkey. The death duties alone on the will of the former premier amount to \$6,000,000.

there voted and worked for the conventions favorable to the workers and thus we have an enormous amount of data and proofs to demonstrate the opposite of Marx's theories."

The "Glory" of Reformism.

"We do not deny," he continued, "that the governments defend the rights of private property and the wage system, but labor reformism is not interested in hypothetical aims." On these principles Arevalo announced, he is going to start a campaign "among the workers and intellectuals of Cuba for the organization of the long expected socialist party of Cuba, as there is a great necessity for such a party."

Surprising as it may seem from this exposure of his characteristics, Arevalo met with an unexpected adventure when returning from Europe. Before leaving for Cuba, he went to visit his parents in Coruna, in Northern Spain. There the police of Primo de Rivera promptly arrested him as a dangerous character. Arevalo complained bitterly about this incident, that though "equipped with a diplomatic passport and being an official delegate of the Cuban government," he was kept in jail for twelve days in spite of the intervention of the Cuban consul in Coruna and the Cuban ambassador in Madrid. The fact of being the editor of such a dangerous paper as his "Accion Socialista" was sufficient to make him suspected, notwithstanding the assurances of the Cuban ambassador.

A COPY IN EVERY KNAPSACK



As he marches to the impending imperialist world war, each conscripted worker and farmer will be equipped with the "poison gas" to make his own brain soggy—if Mr. Kellogg's swindling "peace" pact works as intended.

By Fred Ellis

Told You So

THE officials of the wreck that was once the powerful United Mine Workers of America are begging the coal operators to sign contracts with them under almost any conditions. Accepting a reduction of wages for the miners is the least of those lads' worries. Of course there is going to be no reduction in the salaries of the union officials. John L. Lewis will still draw his \$12,000 a year with an equal amount for expenses.

THE officials of the international union and the district officials are not devoting all their time to chasing hard-boiled coal operators with pleas for a conference and a contract. Comrade B. K. Gebert, who is active in the anthracite region, sent in a program of a "Civic Testimonial" in honor of the Right Reverend Monsignor James S. Fagan, of Hazelton, Pa., of which Thomas Kennedy, secretary-treasurer of the U. M. W. of A. is General Chairman. With Mr. Kennedy on the committee is a coal company lawyer by the name of John H. Bigelow.

IN his opening remarks brother Kennedy quoted from the "holy gospel" the old gag, "He that exalteth himself shall be humbled and he that humbleth himself shall be exalted." Perhaps the striking coal diggers had exalted themselves overmuch in fighting for the preservation of the Jacksonville scale and now being properly humbled according to scripture by a reduction in wages. Mr. John L. Lewis, who according to the catholic catechism should go straight to hell—provided he can go straight even on that straight road—joined in his praise of the Reverend Fagan for "promoting harmony between employer and employee." And so on.

WHAT the starving miners of the bituminous coal fields may think of the "stately ceremony and gorgeous pomp" that marked the elevation of the Rev. Fagan to the rank of papal chamberlain we cannot say for certain but we can imagine that are now being properly humbled account of the ceremony they will utter some healthy curses. "The scene at the church was most beautiful. Assembled around the magnificent marble altars were fully fifty priests, attired in black cassock and white surplice. The beautiful purple of the robes of Monsignor Fagan and Monsignor Leach and the bright hue of the purple robes of the three bishops, stood out in brilliant contrast against the black of the priests, while the gold vestments of the officers of the mass blended well with the array of color."

WELL, here is one ex-altar boy who would swap the whole ceremony for a loaf of bread for a hungry miner's child. And those who wish to protest against this medieval hocus pocus, can do so in no better way than by sending a contribution to help the National Miners Relief Committee, with headquarters at 611 Penn Avenue, to feed the victims of the coal operators in the great strike. Alfred Wagenknecht, Relief Director, who is neither a priest nor a bishop, will see that the money is used for food and not for incense or gold vestments.

MARCUS GARVEY would have his followers believe that Africa can be redeemed for the black man with the aid of Al Smith. Marcus knows better, but like all leaders who in the past as well as in the present have utilized the sufferings of an oppressed people to rise to power and affluence, he is deliberately deceiving the exploited and persecuted Negroes who have not yet seen through his fraudulent pretensions. No intelligent Negro worker will expect any help from the leader of the lynching Democratic Party any more than from the Republican Party which permits the lynching of Negroes without a protest. "A plague on both Wall Street parties who serve the exploiters of white and black!" will be the answer of the class conscious Negroes who have learned that only through the program of the Workers (Communist) Party will the Negro masses be able to emancipate themselves in a common cause with their white brothers and sisters.

AN Associated Press staff writer says that state department folk look at the "outlaw-war" planks in the Democratic and Republican platforms with wry faces. And well they might, because they only mean more war. It is rumored in Washington that Kellogg intends to step out of his present berth as soon as he puts his fake anti-war treaty over in Paris. Whether he does or not will make no difference to the colonial peoples and particularly to the Nicaraguans. Another Kellogg will send the marines just as willingly to shoot down any people that refuse to be slaves to Wall Street.

Tom O'Flaherty

3 Hurt in Bus Crash

NORWALK, Conn., Aug. 27 (UP).—Three persons were injured, one seriously, early today when a New York-Boston bus of the Berkshire Transportation Company skidded and crashed into a truck on Amory Hill.

What Party Fights for Negroes?

Communist Candidate Challenges a Negro Minister to Make Good His Promise

Rev. Thomas S. Harten, pastor of a Negro church (one must remember that white Christians compel Negro Christians to accept the Jim Crow system of segregation), recently published a statement to the effect that both the democratic and the republican parties are enemies of the Negro people and offering a donation of \$200 to the campaign fund of any Negro candidate nominated for public office—presumably meaning one truly representing the cause of emancipation of the Negro masses.

Richard B. Moore, candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party for congress in the 21st congressional district of New York, answered the challenge of the minister, pointing out that the Workers (Communist) Party is the only party that qualifies as the champion of the Negro masses and that it has numerous Negro candidates for office on its tickets in this election. Moore therefore demands that the preacher make good on his offer by contributing the fund to the Communist campaign and by giving the other forms of aid promised to a genuine campaign for Negro rights.

The full text of the letter of the Communist candidate to the Rev. Harten, recently quoted in part in our news columns, is as follows:

Rev. Dr. Thomas S. Harten, Pastor, Holy Trinity Baptist Church, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Dear Dr. Harten: Your statement published in the New York Amsterdam News of August 8 with respect to the present political campaign and the interests of the Negro, is quite a challenging one. You are quite right when you say:

"Today it seems that the great principles of human rights are forgotten by the Grand Old Party, while a few of our Negro leaders play to the howling mob without making the proper demand for our citizenship rights. On the other hand the democratic party... is just as much opposed today to the Negro receiving his citizenship rights as it was sixty years ago."

Surely any man who is at all interested in the emancipation of his race and whose eyes are open to the actual situation, to the brazen and open rebuffs to the Negro by both these parties, can come to no other conclusion.

We are indeed glad to find that you are taking a definite and militant stand in this present campaign. We bear in mind the militant struggle which you have waged in Brooklyn in many instances for the defense of the oppressed Negro race. And we are hoping that your entry into the political campaign will be characterized by the same uncompromising and militant spirit.

We are at one with you in your opposition to Governor Smith and to the democratic party, because we know that the democratic party is not only the party of the Solid South, but also the party of big business, the party of the wealthy oppressors who profit from the degradation and exploitation of the black and white workers of this country. "Black Man Without a Party?"

The republican party is also the party of big business and the party of racial oppression. Only a blind man can hope for anything from these parties for the oppressed Negroes.

Will the beneficiaries of a system do anything to abolish that system? Will the parties of the oppressors do anything to abolish oppression? Of course not! You seem to be conscious of this when you say: "Today the black man is without a party. During political cam-

paigns, the candidate comes, delivers flattering speeches and makes great promises, which only last until election day. In fact, the present republican administration stood by and held the coats of the southern democrats while they stoned us; in other words, the democrats violated the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments, while sending up a mighty howl about the Eighteenth.

"To my mind, it will not pay the Negro to lose friendship over Mr. Smith nor Mr. Hoover, but our only salvation lies in selecting some real men of our race not only in Harlem, but throughout the country, and send them to congress, to the state legislature, and elect them judges."

Yes, in respect to the republican and democratic parties, it is absolutely correct and indisputable to affirm that "today the black man is without a party." But fortunately for the oppressed Negro race, there is a growing militant and powerful party of the oppressed Negro and other workers of America, the Workers (Communist) Party of America.

The Workers Party stands forth today as the champion of the oppressed Negro race and of all other oppressed groups in the country. Unlike the republican and democratic parties, which segregated and excluded Negroes at their national conventions, the Workers (Communist) Party welcomed and seated 24 Negro delegates. These delegates participated on all important committees, many serving as chairmen of sessions, and helped to draft a program of action for the complete emancipation of the oppressed masses of America.

Only Party for Negroes.

This platform is a historic document. It is the first time in the political history of America that a party has taken such an unequivocal, uncompromising and militant stand upon the Negro question. I ask that you give your careful consideration, and that you especially note the section dealing with the oppression of the Negroes. I feel confident knowing your militant attitude, that when you have read this, and when you have become fully acquainted with the record of the Workers Party, you will conclude that this is the only party in America which today offers any opportunity to the

Negro masses and is therefore the only party which deserves their support.

The Workers Party, in accordance with its stand for the complete emancipation of the Negro race, nominated three Negro candidates on its state ticket—Lovett Fort-Whiteman for State Comptroller; Richard B. Moore for Congress from the 21st Congressional District, and Edward Welsh for Assembly from the 21st Assembly District. These candidates, standing as they do upon a platform which demands the abolition of the whole system of racial discrimination, will be compelled to wage a militant struggle in the legislative offices and will have the support of their party.

Not Question of Individuals.

I am sure you will agree that it is not enough to have individuals who are sympathetically disposed toward the Negro race, or even Negro candidates in office, if they lack the clear understanding of the true situation and the spirit of military struggle. It is also necessary—in fact, it is absolutely essential—to have a party back of these candidates which will compel them to toe the mark and will stand back of them with its support.

A Negro who is bound hand and foot by the corrupt and oppressive democratic and republican machines, will be unable to fight militantly for the interests of his race. But even if he had the desire to do so, he would be completely blocked by his party. We know what happens to men who break the discipline of their political machine. We know how Governor Sulzer was impeached by the democratic machine and how Theodore Roosevelt was broken by the republican plunderbund. These instances are conclusive. If Tammany Hall did not hesitate to impeach a governor, what would it not do to a Negro who did not obey its mandates? If the republican party did not hesitate to crush the most influential single figure in American political life, what will it not do to a Negro? Both republican and democratic parties have given evidence in this connection. If the republican party will indict and jail its most faithful Negro henchmen, such as Perry Howard and Warner, what would it not do to a militant Negro who broke its discipline fighting for the interests of his oppressed race? All this convinces us of the necessity of supporting a party which actually supports our cause.

U. S. S. R. REVENUES INCREASE 16 PER CENT

MOSCOW, Aug. 27.—The revenues of the Soviet government, for the most part from government and co-operative undertakings promises to exceed the expectations of the Planning Commission, which estimated that the year 1927-1928 would net a revenue of 6,100,000,000 roubles for the Soviet government. Figures for the first nine months of the economic year (which is calculated from October 1, 1927) show that the revenue receipts were 76 per cent of the yearly total. The revenues thus far show an increase of 16 per cent over last year. The budget funds this year are distributed so as to constitute an increase of 29 per cent for agriculture, 79 per cent for poor peasants' collective farms, 30 per cent for industry and 37 per cent for electrification. The excess of 100,000,000 roubles will be devoted to cultural and educational undertakings.

ANOTHER GANG MURDER

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 27 (UP).—Chicago racketeers, working against Los Angeles bootleggers in a liquor running war, today were blamed for another gangland murder in connection with the death yesterday of Philip Rubino.