

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

FINAL CITY EDITION

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LOVESTONE AND FOSTER ENDORSE WORKERS CENTER

"Red Banquet" to Mark Formal Opening

Pointing out the importance of all militant workers of the new Workers Center at 26-28 Union Square, Jay Lovestone, executive secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, and William Foster, member of the secretariat of the Workers Party, in statements issued yesterday, endorsed the drive for \$30,000 to purchase and finance the Workers Center and call upon all workers to lend it their utmost support.

Lovestone's statement declares: "The establishment of the revolutionary movement of New York is a home of its own means much more than merely the acquisition of a central building. The Workers Party in the New York district and the movement that has sprung up around it have grown to such an extent that it has become impossible to carry on properly the increased activities with our forces scattered in inadequate quarters. It has become a necessity for us to centralize our forces in the ever-sharpening class struggle. And Union Square, the heart of the revolutionary movement, is the logical place for such centralization.

"With the establishment of the Workers Center on Union Square, the revolutionary movement of New York takes possession of this scene of so many working class demonstrations, which in the future will be even more definitely a battleground for its struggles against capitalism. Every class-conscious worker must contribute his share in the campaign for \$30,000 to buy this home of working-class activity and thus strike a mighty blow for his class and against the capitalist class in its greatest stronghold.

Needed More Than Ever.

Foster's statement follows: "Now more than ever is a center for all the activities of the militant workers of New York needed. The united front of the capitalists and the betrayers of labor, who are trying to crush all militancy in the workers and to convert the trade unions into docile tools of the bosses, makes the establishment of the Workers Center in Union Square of momentous importance as a factor for concentrating the forces of the workers of New York in their bitter struggle against their enemies.

"Around this revolutionary center will rally thousands of militant, class-conscious workers. Many thousands more of the progressive trade unionists will feel the strength of the revolutionary movement and will be drawn to our party as the only or (Continued on Page Two)

CAST HUGE VOTE FOR COMMUNISTS

Beat Socialist Party in Paris Districts

PARIS, April 23.—Although the electoral laws prevented the return of any Communist candidates to the chamber of deputies in the first ballot in the French national elections, the Communist Party polled a huge popular vote that vindicated the expectations of the Party. In the suburbs of Paris alone, Communist Party candidates polled a total of 233,000 votes to the socialists' 157,000.

Even in agricultural districts the Communist Party gained numerous votes which had hitherto gone to the socialist party. In the department of Loire, which is a predominantly agricultural district, the Communist candidates polled 19,000 to 14,000 votes for the socialists. Communists led socialist candidates in the Nord and Calais departments which had hitherto been socialist.

Doriot In Lead.

At least twenty Communist candidates are expected to be returned to the chamber when the second ballot is cast next Sunday. Doriot, Duclos and Cachin, Communist Party leaders who have all been sentenced to jail for opposing the French war in the Rif, are all leading the polls in their districts and are almost certain to be returned to the chamber on the second ballot.

Duclos is leading the socialist leader, Blum, who is placed in the position of soliciting bourgeois votes or retiring from the elections. Blum is expected to enter into a coalition with the radicals in his effort to defeat the Communist candidate. Blum's position is typical of a great many unions (Continued on Page Three)

Framed By Coal Barons



Eleven jurors knew that Sam Bonita, progressive mine leader, was innocent. One man, a "plant," held out for a verdict of guilty. The jury finally compromised on "involuntary manslaughter." This the judge refused and forced the jury to return a verdict of manslaughter. They pleaded, however, for extreme leniency. The judge disregarded their plea, sentencing Bonita for the maximum term of from 6 to 12 years at hard labor. His defense committee will fight the verdict until he is released.

BONITA DEFENSE PLANS BIG MEET

Labor Conference Set For May 13.

(Special to The Daily Worker) WILKES-BARRE, April 23.—A call to a Defense Conference was yesterday issued by the Bonita-Moleski-Mendola Defense Committee to take place Sunday, May 13 at 2:30 p. m. in the Italian Hall, 206 Oliver Street, Luzerne, Pa.

The purpose of the conference is to muster the forces of labor and especially the mine workers in an effort to free Sam Bonita, convicted mine leader, from the sentence to from six to 12 years prison term to which he has been consigned by Judge William McLean.

Local unions are requested to send representatives to the conference. All mine unions are called upon to pass resolutions of protest and of endorsement of the Bonita-Moleski-Mendola Defense Committee and to send funds to this committee so that the innocent mine workers may be freed. Those desiring copies of the resolution form may obtain them from the Defense Committee, Room 518 Coal Exchange Bldg., Wilkes-Barre.

Garlin to Broadcast Gordon Case Tonight

The activities of the Military Order of the World War, Key Men of America, and other professional patriotic organizations will be discussed by Sender Garlin, of the DAILY WORKER staff, from Station WEVD tonight at 10:40. He will talk on "David Gordon and the Dollar Patriots."

For having written a satirical poem, "America," Gordon, 18-year-old member of the Young Workers (Communist) League is now serving a three-year sentence in the New York County Reformatory. At the time his conviction was sustained by the Court of Appeals, Gordon was a student at the University of Wisconsin, to which he had won a Zona Gale scholarship for literary promise.

MINERS ISSUE NEW CALL

Save-Union Forces to Spread the Strike

(Special to The Daily Worker) PITTSBURGH, April 23.—Calling for the spreading of the strike in the unorganized fields from which 15,000 miners have already poured out to join the ranks of the progressives, the Save-the-Union Committee has circulated 100,000 printed leaflets in every district.

John Brophy, chairman, John J. Watt, vice chairman, and Pat Toohy, secretary of the committee sign the call.

Widespread Response. "On April 16," the message reads, "at the call of the Save-the-Union Committee, 15,000 miners laid down

NEW TERROR SWEEPS MINE FIELDS

Textile Walkout Starts in Earnest as Last Pay Goes

PICKETING GROWS AS HUGE STRIKE BECOMES BITTER

Mill Committees Help Hungry Family

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., April 23.—As the 30,000 striking textile workers here, whose miserable wages ever finds them more than two weeks ahead of actual starvation, used up the last week's wages that they had received from their work in the mills, the numbers turning out to patrol the mill gates were heavier than at any time since last Monday morning, when the strike began.

A great difference was also apparent in the temper displayed by the strikers. While picketing last Monday was more in the spirit of a demonstration of power and strength, the sentiment expressed by yesterday's turnouts of pickets was of a far more serious kind. Bitter determination to win the fight against the mill owners replaced the more carefree enthusiasm of last week.

Picketing More Organized. The picketing also took on a more conscious, organized form as the call of the Textile Mill Committee for picket demonstrations at all plants threatening to resume operations, was obeyed by the strikers. In this the plans of the leaders of the American Federation of Textile Operatives are being completely disregarded by the workers. The strikers, massed around the open gates of several mills, soon compelled them to shut again.

While the Workers' International Relief, 1 Union Square, New York City, an organization that raised hundreds of thousands of dollars for aid to the Passaic textile strikers, is preparing to establish its relief machinery in New Bedford, the Textile Mill Committees have already begun to give assistance to cases of immediate want. John Gula, striking weaver, a widower with his three (Continued on Page Two)

CLOAK CHAIRMEN RAP SCHLESINGER

Vote to Continue Fight Against Right Wing

Representatives at a shop chairmen's conference, delegated by the workers in over 400 shops in the cloak and dress industry, have decided by an overwhelming majority to renew the struggle against the right wing administration of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, whose war against the progressive elements in the organization has been going on for more than 18 months. The result has been the wrecking of many organizations throughout the country.

The conference, held under the auspices of the Committee of Fifty Cloak and Dressmakers at Webster Hall, 11th St. and Third Ave., Saturday night.

In voting almost unanimously for a renewal of the fight against the union-smashing clique supported by the "Forward," the delegates expressed their conviction that the convention of the International, which is to open soon in Boston, will not decide to end the war in the union, will not unite the organization, nor will the convention begin a fight for the (Continued on Page Five)

"Food Will Win the Strike"—Labor Must Act!



The above picture shows that Cleveland has begun to respond to the urgent need of the miners. But only the smallest fraction of the relief which must be secured in order to win the strike has thus far come in. John L. Lewis has shut off assistance to thousands now striking under the leadership of the Save-the-Union forces. Nearly ten thousand tents are now a dire necessity to shelter those already evicted. Women and children literally face starvation. Labor must act. Wire funds to the Penn-Ohio Relief Committee, 611 Penn. Ave., Pittsburgh.

MINE STRIKE, NEEDLE TRADES, MAY 1 FEATURE

The needle trades and the miners' struggles will be featured at the May Day meeting to be held in Madison Square Garden under the auspices of many labor organizations together with the Workers (Communist) Party.

10,000 MINERS TO JOIN BIG STRIKE

Progressives Report on Great Movement

PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 23.—Ten thousand unorganized miners will swell the total already out in Westmoreland county by the end of this week, according to John Watt of Springfield, Illinois, now organizing for the "Save-the-Union" Committee in the non-union fields of western Pennsylvania with Anthony P. Minerich, Powers Haggood, Ella Reeve Bloor and scores of other organizers. It is estimated that there are 20,000 miners now on strike in the four unorganized counties.

Watt declared that he has never experienced so much enthusiasm for organization as he finds among the exploited slaves of the coal barons of Westmoreland county. The rank and file miners are showing a remarkable facility on learning the technique of organization. Their fighting spirit is excellent and the women are participating in the task of organization with as much enthusiasm as the men. Several mass meetings are held daily in halls and in the open air.

Eviction notices are being prepared by the coal operators, and by the end of the month hundreds of striking miners will be threatened with eviction from their homes. A new wave of evictions is sweeping through the old strike regions of Pennsylvania. In Avella, an insurgent stronghold, eight families were given a final five-day notice last Saturday to leave their homes. A committee from the local union involved visited Pat Fagan, president of District Five, and requested assistance. He asked the committee on what side of the inter-union struggle they stood and when informed that they supported the progressive side he shook his head and said he could (Continued on Page Five)

"FOOD WILL WIN" IS MINERS' PLEA

Body Urges Labor to Save Brothers

(Special to The Daily Worker) PITTSBURGH, April 23.—"Save the Miners so that they may save their union," is the new call of the Penn-Ohio Miners Relief committee in an urgent appeal to the labor movement to come to the assistance of the hundreds of thousands of strikers now out for nearly thirteen months.

"Thousands of men, women and children have been forced out into the fields. Send money for tents. Ten thousand are needed. They must not be left to live without shelter. They must eat. Starvation is literally before them. There never was such a need before this.

"Relief has been completely shut off from thousands under the leadership of progressive forces. These men, women and children are now dependent upon this committee alone for their very lives. The labor movement must not let them die. Wire funds to 611 Penn. Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Negro Escapes Lynching

HAZELHURST, Miss., April 23.—Green Kirk, convicted Negro slayer, escaped death when a lynching mob seeking him in the county jail found that he had been taken elsewhere. It is believed that an appeal granted to Kirk incited the mob.

N. Y. PAYROLLS PADDED

Tammany Bosses Cheat Jobless Workers

The circumstances surrounding the suspension of 19 foremen in the New York Street Cleaning Department for payroll padding not only shows how Mayor Walker's administration uses public funds, but shows also the extent to which Tammany Hall misrepresents the number of relief jobs given to unemployed workers during the few snow flurries of last winter.

Four other Tammany Hall foremen in the Bronx have been held for trial on charges of forgery and grand larceny for similar payroll padding on city snow shoveling. Tammany Hall announced repeatedly last winter that it was hiring (Continued on Page Two)

CLUBS, GUNS AND BOMBS ARE USED IN TROOPER FURY

Lewis Machine Aids in Attack on Miners

(Special to The Daily Worker) PITTSBURGH, April 23.—A reign of terror such as has probably never before taken place in industrial warfare in America is now in progress in West Virginia, in those sections especially in which the Save-the-Union forces are in charge of the strike activities among the miners. Here the forces of the "law" are receiving the assistance of the Lewis officials in their campaign of terror.

Civil liberties have broken down so completely that even the mention of the words is a mockery. Meetings are broken up with no more explanation or regard than similar acts are committed during a siege of war. Women, children, the sick and the infirm fare equally at the hands of the "legal bandits" who now roam over the mine districts ruling with clubs, guns and tear bombs.

Hospitals Crowded.

Hospitals in Washington county, Pennsylvania are crowded with strikers, their wives and children who were seriously injured when constabulary and coal and iron police on several occasions charged upon groups of pickets, rearing their horses and clubbing indiscriminately, smashing skulls and breaking bones. Many other injured miners are in the jails on various charges where they are not even receiving any medical attention whatsoever. The following incidents which all took place within one week are typical occurrences in the war now being waged on the Pennsylvania miners.

Last Monday police suddenly attacked a peaceful group of 150 pickets who were on their way home from the picket line. Six men were reportedly injured and fourteen were subsequently arrested on charges of unlawful assemblage, conspiracy and inciting a riot.

Injure Others.

Four more strikers were badly injured Tuesday when 400 strikers and their wives who were on their way to picket the non-union mine at Fred (Continued on Page Two)

AWAIT VERDICT IN MINEOLA CASE

Plan Fight to Save Nine Militant Furriers

The nine furrier victims in the Mineola frame-up case whose sentences of from two and a half to five years was sustained by a recent decision of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, together with scores of members of the Joint Board Furriers' Union, waited in vain at the union office yesterday for the outcome of their attorneys' attempt to secure permission to appeal the case to the Court of Appeals. In spite of an official announcement made by the judge before whom the hearing is taking place that he would make a decision yesterday, none was forthcoming. It is believed that the decision will be made public today.

A new element entered into the fight of the Joint Board of the Furriers' Union to rescue the nine workers from long prison terms. The two employers who had begun the proceedings in Long Island by claiming that the nine furriers had attacked a scab shop they were operating, also filed a damage suit several days ago demanding \$100,000 damages from the Joint Board. The suit was brot in the Brooklyn Supreme Court.

Organizing Defense. The Furriers' Committee for the Defense of the Mineola Prisoners, who together with the Joint Defense and Relief Committee is developing a mass movement of protest for the release of the victims announced that the conference they called recently will be held Thursday evening, at the headquarters of the Joint Board Cloakmakers' Union, 16 W. 21st St.

Mass Picketing Campaign Led by Progressives Shuts Down Illinois Mines

ANGELO, VOYZEY, GUSHES, JONES, HEAD BIG FIGHT

Women on Picket Line Display Courage

(Special to The Daily Worker.)
 SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 23.—The call of the Illinois District Save-the-Union Committee is bringing out ever larger numbers to the picket lines. Only a few mines are attempting to operate in scattered territories in the state. Operation however has already been badly crippled and those still responding to the mine whistle arrive under protection of armed sheriffs and deputies.

The four miners arrested at the Springfield Old West mine picket line Saturday were immediately released since no charge could be placed against them. They were Joseph Angelo, Secretary of the District Save-the-Union Committee, George Voyzey, Frank Gushes and Roy Jones.

The sheriffs evidently had hoped thus to disorganize the picket line by taking the leaders away, but they did not succeed. The numbers returning to work are constantly diminishing; the sheriff's forces are increasing, but that will hardly produce any coal.

Many women appeared on the picket line this morning and showed real militancy. Subsequently they set to work organizing their "Win the Strike Women's Club," elected their president and secretary and are now actively working to augment the picket line. Throughout the state the women are organizing to help win the strike.

The Staunton sub-district is developing the most excellent fight for the union ever seen in that territory led by the most active members within the Save-the-Union movement, Joe Polka of Staunton, Boullard and Ronchetti of Wilsonville, Rose of Benid and others. Two mines, the Superior Coal Company mine No. 2 and 3, have been trying to operate. The picket-line during the last two days has increased to 1,900 and 1,200. The coal company itself admits that the working force is badly crippled and is daily growing smaller. There also, the sheriffs forces are increasing. Everywhere the reactionary union machine officials are working hand in glove with the armed forces asking them to protect those who are now actually taking a position of scabbing upon their brother workers.

Yet this did not seem to help Joe Carnella, the president of the Staunton sub-district. Twice he "happened" to be hit by flying bricks when his automobile came in the way of the picket line.

It is interesting to note that in the past the Illinois Coal Operators association always applied a penalty clause in the case of any member of the association who broke away to sign a separate agreement. Today this clause has disappeared. Evidently the operators see their chance in following this separate agreement policy of the Lewis-Fishwick machine as the best way to carry out their designs of breaking the union.

BIG MILL STRIKE BECOMES BITTER

Widower, 3 Children Get Mill Committee Aid

(Continued from Page One)
 small children, were reported by other strikers to be at their home at 19 Bulard St., in immediate need of food. The Mill Committee offices immediately sent temporary relief to this family. It was found that they had been completely without food since Saturday.

Apply For Relief Permits.
 An announcement made by the temporary relief committee organized by the Textile Mill Committees' strike committee states that applications for permits to collect relief have already been requested from the city authorities in Lawrence, Lowell, Providence and all other textile centers in New England. These plans have been made in addition to the country-wide campaign contemplated by the Workers' International Relief. The reactionary officialdom of the Textile Council here is taking no direct steps to prepare relief for the 23,000 unemployed among the total of 30,000 strikers.

The Textile Mill Committees have condemned the union officialdom for believing the declarations of the mill owners' association that they intend to keep the plants shut because they have plenty of stock on hand. The bureaucrats have used this as a pretext for refusing to organize for regular picketing.

The Textile Mill Committees have also announced that they have opened new headquarters, the old ones on Purchase Street being too small. The new headquarters at First and Potomac Streets are at the South end in the heart of the mill area. As soon as suitable quarters are available, the Mill Committees will also

NEWARK, PATERSON, PUSH DRIVE FOR MAY DAY EDITION OF DAILY

Two pages of greetings and advertisements from labor and fraternal organizations in Newark and Paterson for the special May Day edition of The DAILY WORKER testify to the enthusiasm with which the northern New Jersey workers are preparing for the special issue of their class press.

Scores of labor and fraternal organizations have been approached in the drive to secure the ads and greetings. A special effort has been made to impress upon all these bodies the importance to them of a prominent display in the pages of their paper's May Day edition.

A number of labor and fraternal groups have already responded to this appeal and the Newark and Paterson workers declare that they have received many promises. Many more greetings will probably be received within the next few days.

Widespread distribution of the May Day edition of The DAILY WORKER, not only in Newark and Paterson, but throughout the northern New Jersey industrial basin, is being planned for the international labor holiday.

The workers throughout New Jersey are eagerly looking forward to the special edition of their paper and it is expected that hundreds of copies of the paper will be distributed to mills, shops and factories where the workers are as yet only slightly familiar with their only militant English labor daily.

The Business Office of The DAILY WORKER continues to emphasize the financial saving which the early receipt of May Day greetings and advertisements means to The DAILY. Every day makes the immediate receipt of all May Day material more imperative, it is pointed out.

LOVESTONE AND FOSTER ENDORSE WORKERS CENTER

"Red Banquet" to Mark Formal Opening

(Continued from Page One)
 organization fighting for the interests of the workingclass. All support to the Workers Center in Union Square!"

"Red Banquet" Progressing
 With many tickets already sold, plans for the Red Banquet that will be held at the Workers Center, 28-28 Union Square, Friday evening are shaping themselves towards making the banquet one of the most memorable workingclass celebrations of recent years. Hundreds of workers throughout New York City and vicinity are preparing to attend this event which will officially celebrate the acquisition of the workers center as the home of the revolutionary movement of this city.

Prominent Speakers.
 After a full-course meal, which will be served by Proletcos, there will be speeches by leaders of the Workers (Communist) Party, leaders of trade unions and others prominent in workingclass activities. The decorations for the banquet are being designed by Hugo Gellert and Adolf Wolff.

The drive for \$30,000 to purchase and finance the Workers Center is now proceeding at full force, though some sections and units are lagging behind. The Board of Directors of the Workers Center point out the necessity of every member of the Workers' Party and every class conscious worker doing his utmost to raise the required sum.

New contributions are coming in constantly from various units, with the Bronx still showing the way. Section 5, Branch 5, turned in \$20 yesterday and is continuing to collect. Among other new contributions are: Section 6, \$35.50; Yonkers Section, \$34 in cash, \$180 in pledges; Section 3, \$108; 2F-1S, \$9; 2F-3S, \$9; 2F-2S, \$9; 3E-2F, \$5; 2A-6F, \$12.50.

Contributions are also being received from non-party workers. Among these are \$2.50 from Minnie Rosenberg, \$15 from Mary Tarowsky and an anonymous contribution of \$50, which was collected by F. B., a member of the Workers Party.

"Land of Liberty" Denies Them Entrance



Three times the hardy German workers, above, too poor to buy their passage from the big steamship companies, have stowed away on American ships in an effort to enter the United States. They have been caught again and are to be shipped back to Germany by the first boat.

"LEGAL" TERROR RULES AS MINE STRIKE SPREADS

Hospitals Full, HOMES Desolate

(Continued from Page One)
 rickstown, Washington County, met four constabulary police under Sergeant Price. He ordered them to disperse and while they were doing so his men beat them up. Forty others were arrested and 25 of them sentenced to \$10 fine or 10 days in jail. At a farcical trial these miners who had no defense, all chose the ten days. Later Attorney Duggan obtained their release on bail.

Ride Down Miners.
 Speakers on their way to a mass meeting scheduled at Hermitine, Pa., Saturday were stopped by constabulary police and ordered to turn their car back. The meeting was held nevertheless and in an enthusiastic spirit. After the meeting, when the miners were on their way home, police appeared suddenly and for no apparent reason bludgeoned the strikers right and left. There is no report of the total injured yet.

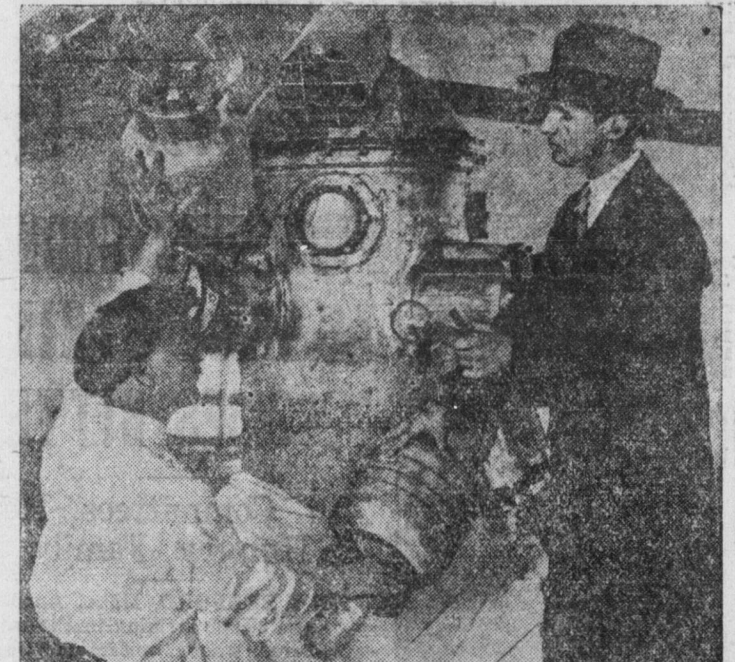
Joseph Magliacano, an organizer for the Save-the-Union forces was arrested Tuesday afternoon near Graces Landing. The organizer was offered the alternative of promising to avoid Fayette county or of facing charges of inciting to riot and unlawful assemblage. When he refused to answer questions directed at him by the four state troopers under the command of Corporal Dodson, Magliacano was severely beaten.

Order Miners to Disperse.
 Magliacano was taken into custody while he and a group of about 20 miners were walking to Masontown. The miners were ordered to disperse and the organizer and John Rosnick of Point Marion were forced into the patrol auto of the state police. Rosnick, who witnessed the beating administered to his companion, was released after the troopers had admonished him to "get the hell home and stay there." Rosnick was threatened with immediate arrest if he was found in Masontown or the vicinity toward which he was walking when arrested. Magliacano was to appear for preliminary arraignment in Masontown late this afternoon. He is at liberty on \$1,000 bail. His defense is under the direction of the International Labor Defense.

Magliacano's arrest marked a high point in a week of persecutions of Save-the-Union representatives. The campaign began with the arrest of Isaac Hawkins, a Negro, at Cardale, near Republic last Sunday. A charge of malicious mischief was lodged against him after he had been taken into custody by two deputies whose tactics of intimidation were directed at the disruption of a mass meeting at which Hawkins was present. Approaching a group in which Hawkins was standing, the two deputies furnished blackjacks and commanded, "Come with us, nigger." Hawkins obeyed and was ordered into an auto. He was kept incommunicado for five hours in the Brownsville, Pa. jail. The charge against him was later dismissed by Squire Virgil Trotter of Brownsville.

Twenty-five pickets who were arrested at Fredericktown were the first to be arrested in Fayette county en masse since the beginning of the April 16 strike. That drastic measures against mass picketing will continue was clearly evidenced today by the revelation of a prepared emergency proclamation.

Capitalists Seek Spoils of War They Sank



The capitalists are willing to let H. L. Bowdoin, at left above, take any chances he likes if he will recover for them the \$16,000,000 in gold they lost when the steamships Egypt and Lusitania were sunk in their late war. Bowdoin's diving suit which weighs half a ton, is shown in the picture beside him.

N. Y. CHILDREN TO CELEBRATE MAY 1

"Out of School on May Day," Is Slogan

"Out of School on May Day" is the slogan raised by the Children's Conference on May Day for all working class children of New York. Ten thousand leaflets proclaiming this slogan and explaining the significance of May Day will be distributed among the school children this week. Six open air meetings have been arranged to call upon working class parents to keep the children home for the celebration of this international labor holiday.

The necessity for drawing the children into the celebration was brought out in two statements issued yesterday endorsing the activity of the children's committee. The striking fruit clerks issued one and United Council of Workingclass Women the other.

Vacations in Order in Oil Investigation

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Another principal in the oil slush fund inquiry is now taking a vacation. He is Harry F. Sinclair, oil magnate, acquitted by a government court in the District of Columbia Saturday of a charge of conspiracy in the Teapot Dome lease case.

Sinclair is celebrating his acquittal with friends on his Ranococo farm in New Jersey.

Albert B. Fall, former Harding-Coolidge secretary of the interior, has been on a vacation in California ever since the government decided not to try him with Sinclair.

OTHER oil men, including O'Neill and Blackmer, have long been vacationing in Europe to avoid testifying before the senate public lands committee investigating the Teapot Dome lease.

The senate committee itself was more or less on a vacation today, in the face of proposals that it investigate the leasing of the Salt Creek oil reserve in Wyoming to a Standard Oil Co. subsidiary. The senators think it might be somewhat unhealthy to step on the toes of Standard Oil. The Standard Oil Co. was willing enough that the younger oil group, represented by Sinclair and Edward L. Doheny, be investigated, particularly when this younger group began to grab off too many valuable concessions through the bribery of cabinet members threatening its own monopoly.

City Payroll Padding Cheats Unemployed

(Continued from Page One)
 to jobless and hungry men.

The "surveys" on unemployment made by officials on instruction from Mayor Walker and Gov. Al Smith quite naturally did not contain this information.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 23.—Charging that Secretary of Labor Davis had "misconstrued" the report of the commissioner of labor statistics, Sen. Robert A. Wagner of New York, in a speech in the senate, has declared that the number of unemployed in the United States is nearly 6,000,000.

Sen. Wagner asserted that the unemployment figure of 1,874,050 given by Secretary Davis had been submitted by Commissioner of Labor Statistics Stewart merely as the shrinkage in the national industrial payroll between 1925 and 1928.

After 7 Years

CHICAGO, April 23.—After 7 years without conventions the Journeymen Tailors International Union will meet in Chicago, Aug. 6. The membership is now a third less than at the last convention.

"TIGER" TO WAGE FIGHT ON PATTEN

Tammany Hall Out to Capture Queens

A vigorous fight against the newly chosen borough president of Queens, Bernard M. Patten, will be made in the forthcoming primaries by Tammany Hall, it became known yesterday.

Patten was selected to succeed Maurice E. Connolly who resigned under fire during the investigation of the \$29,500,000 sewer graft in Queens. So bitter was Tammany Hall against his selection that Mayor James J. Walker refused to administer the oath of office.

The Tammany machine had hoped, with the ouster of Connolly, to become the beneficiary of the personal machine which the latter had built up during the past sixteen years.

Garrett W. Cotter, a U. S. Commissioner, has been picked to make the fight in the primaries by Tammany Hall. Defeat in the Queens primaries would be extremely costly to Tammany Hall, it is pointed out, inasmuch as it would threaten its rule throughout the entire city.

MINE OWNER PAYS SCHOOL.

LA PAZ, Bolivia, April 23.—The English Catholic College at Cochabamba has been subsidized by Simon Patino, millionaire owner and head of the huge Patino silver interests.

FRUIT STRIKERS TO MEET FRIDAY

Bosses Conduct Reign of Terror

A membership meeting of the Grocery, Dairy and Fruit Clerks' Union will be held Friday night according to an announcement made public yesterday at the strike headquarters of the organization. The meeting will be held at Stuyvesant Casino, 142 Second Ave., at 8 o'clock, and will take up for discussion the fruit clerks general strike, now in its third week.

Strike Successful.
 The strike, which has been successful despite the reign of terror conducted by the open shop employers, their hired thugs and the New York police force is to be continued until every open shop employer has been compelled to settle with the union the statement from the union declares.

A. B. Gingold, anti-labor fruit dealer, at 1616 Bathgate Ave., yesterday ordered the arrest of a union organizer, Harry Rosenzweig. The charge of assault brought against him was dismissed by Magistrate Brodsky in night court.

Women Aid Strikers.
 The union has been receiving the aid of several working women's organizations, whose open air meetings near the non-union store owners has done a great deal to compel many fruit bosses to rush to the strike headquarters at 3690 Third Ave., for settlements. In addition to aid from the Councils of Workingclass Women the strikers have been receiving aid by the active participation on the picket lines of Young Workers (Communist) League and the Young Pioneers of America, a Communist children's organization.

Flood Bill Fought

WASHINGTON, April 23.—President Coolidge served an ultimatum on congress today that he would veto the Jones-Reid \$325,000,000 flood control bill unless it is modified to meet his demands for a heavier contribution by the affected states.

open headquarters in the other mill area, the North End of New Bedford.

Relief Urgent.
 "The necessity for immediate relief work is of the greatest importance in New Bedford if the extending textile strike there is to be successful. The Workers' International Relief will do its utmost to enable the 30,000 strikers to fight on until victory is assured."

This is the statement of Fred Biedenkapp, national secretary of the Workers' International Relief, just returned from the scene of activities in the New England mill town where one of the greatest struggles in the textile industry is under way.

Biedenkapp conferred with the members of the action committee of the Textile Mill Committee, and the relief machinery of the W. I. R. will swing into action within the next few days, he said.

Flood Holds up Trains in Florida

DEFUNIAK SPRINGS, Fla., April 23.—Great damage over a wide territory in West Florida and South Alabama was caused by the terrific rains that fell Sunday and Sunday night, according to more detailed reports today.

The business section of Brewton, Ala., was flooded, and Louisville and Nashville trains were held here all day because of washouts east of Ponce de Leon. No trains came from the North into Flomaton since Sunday noon.

STUDENTS QUIT; PROTEST DESPOTISM

Resign After Clash With Dollar Controlled College Head

By SCOTT NEARING, (Federated Press).
 THREE senior students have handed their resignations to Pres. Atwood of Clark University, Worcester, Mass. One of the three was president of the student body, catcher on the varsity baseball team and literary editor of the Clark Monthly. The second was president of the debating society and leading actor of the dramatic society. The third was chairman of the college Liberal Club, member of the athletic council and of the editorial staff of the Clark Monthly.

The students resigned in protest against Pres. Atwood's expulsion of several student editors of the Clark Monthly when he and the editorial board clashed over the publication of a story in the monthly.

Another couple of months and they would have had their diplomas. Could not the issue have waited?

NO. Social forces do not wait for college commencements. Many a student left his college work unfinished when the United States entered the war in April, 1917. These three young men have found themselves in a war where college diplomas are far less important than the voicing of student protest against academic autocracy. A minority of American college students, gradually awakening to the bitter struggles that lie in the immediate future, are demanding a hearing for their views.

College presidents may protest these demands. They may use the academic ax, expelling right and left. Pres. Atwood represents the local business interests of Worcester. He and they are of one breed with Gov. Fuller and Judge Thayer. Atwood as the representative of the Worcester manufacturing interests has introduced expulsions and resignations into the Clark course of study.

It is well. From such a course the intelligent students at Clark will learn more than from a dozen full term academic courses in constitutional history, political science or economics.

Tunney Tells Why He Adores W. Shakespeare

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 23.—William Shakespeare was accorded recognition here today by James Joseph Tunney, world's heavyweight boxing champion, otherwise known as Gene Tunney.

The world's heavyweight champion, addressing classes from the School of Literature of Yale University, to the number of four hundred persons, spoke for forty-five minutes on the Bard of Avon and in the end conceded that, by and large, he was quite a bard.

"The first book of Shakespeare's I ever read was 'A Winter's Tale,'" the muscular young literary scholar declared. "Although I had long been an admirer of Shakespeare, this was the first opportunity I had to read him."

Regarding "A Winter's Tale," Tunney confessed he read it once but failed to understand it. "I read it again, then again and again, until I had read it thru 12 times. Then, and only then, did its full import dawn upon me."

The boxer was introduced by Prof. William Lyon Phelps, who earns a lot of pin money week-end lecturing to women's clubs on various aspects of life for \$100 a throw.

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DUAL CAP UNION RIGHT WING AIM

Attempt to Start Fake Boston Local Fails

BOSTON, Mass., April 23.—The war on all progressive forces in the International Cloth Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers' Union, which was recently started when the right wing general executive board of the union removed the militant leadership of the Chicago capmakers' strike, has spread to the Capmakers' Union of this city. The right wingers have been making repeated attempts to break up union meetings held here.

The coolly thought-out union wrecking plans of the followers of the right wing president, Max Zaritsky, have already resulted in an attempt of the right wing clique to establish a dual union here when their plans to break up union meetings met with failure.

Right Wing Sabotage
 When the special elections recently held here at the order of Zaritsky resulted in the re-election of the militant leadership by a larger majority than they had at the previous polls which were declared void by the right wing, the bureaucrats became frantic in their efforts to oust the progressives from control. The right wingers here, miserably small in numbers, decided to make up for lack of followers by an abundance of noise. They came to meetings and sabotaged the proceedings by refusing to let business proceed.

At the last union meeting they capped the climax to their disturbance by an attempt to seize control of the chairman's platform. Knowing that their courage is fed by the endorsement of their action by the general executive board; and desiring to prevent violence at the meeting, the chairman ordered adjournment.

Hold Own Meeting
 The right wing disturbers then walked out of the hall with their followers and declared that they would hold their own meeting. This they did, it was later learned. In addition, they elected a new set of officers for the local, declaring in the meantime that they had the backing of the employers and the national union officialdom. They also announced their intention of collecting dues for what they claimed to be the local recognized by the national office.

The leaders of the Boston Capmakers' Union have as yet not announced their plans for a struggle against the designs of the right wing, but that decisive steps are contemplated seems certain.

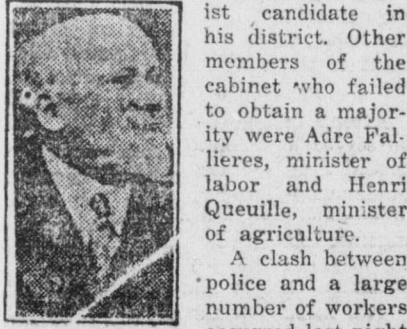
French Communist Party Makes Large Gains in Nation-Wide Elections

LARGE POPULAR VOTE CAST FOR PARTY IN PARIS

Socialist Will Seek Bourgeois Support

(Continued from page one)
cialist candidates who were outdistanced by Communists in yesterday's ballot. While the socialists are expected in most cases to enter into a coalition with the radicals, large numbers of workers who voted the socialist ticket in the first ballot, will cast their votes for Communist rather than for radical candidates.

Painleve Beaten.
Paul Painleve, minister of war in the Poincare government, was far behind the Communist candidate in his district. Other members of the cabinet who failed to obtain a majority were Adre Fallieres, minister of labor and Henri Queuille, minister of agriculture.



Painleve.
French Tory.

A clash between police and a large number of workers occurred last night when police attempted to break up a demonstration in front of the offices of the Communist newspaper L'Humanite where workers had gathered to hear the election returns. A number of workers were hurt by the police who swung their batons freely. Several workers were arrested earlier in the day for posting placards issued by the Communist Party.

The Communist Party is planning a series of demonstrations during the week.

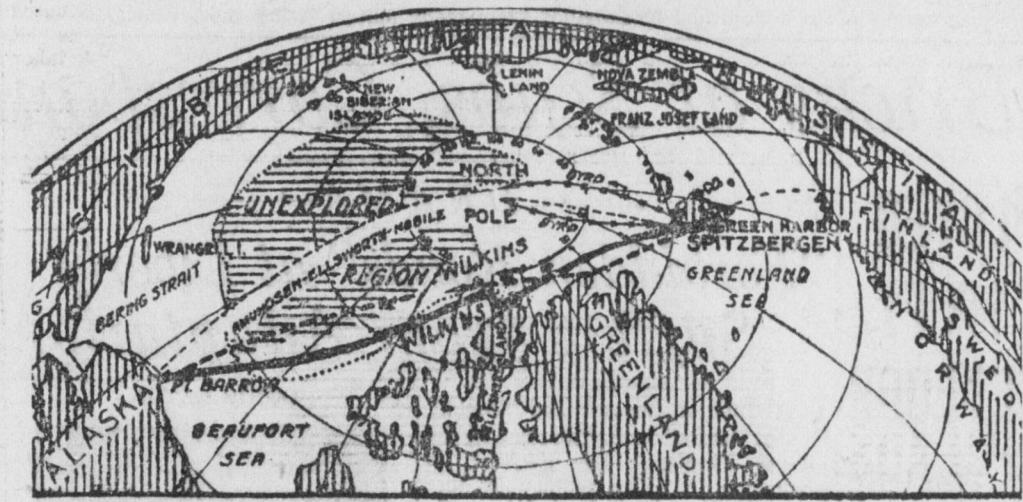
Premier Poincare has issued an appeal for a chamber loyal to him and not based on any set of "campaign planks."

Socialists Refuse to Protest Nicaragua War

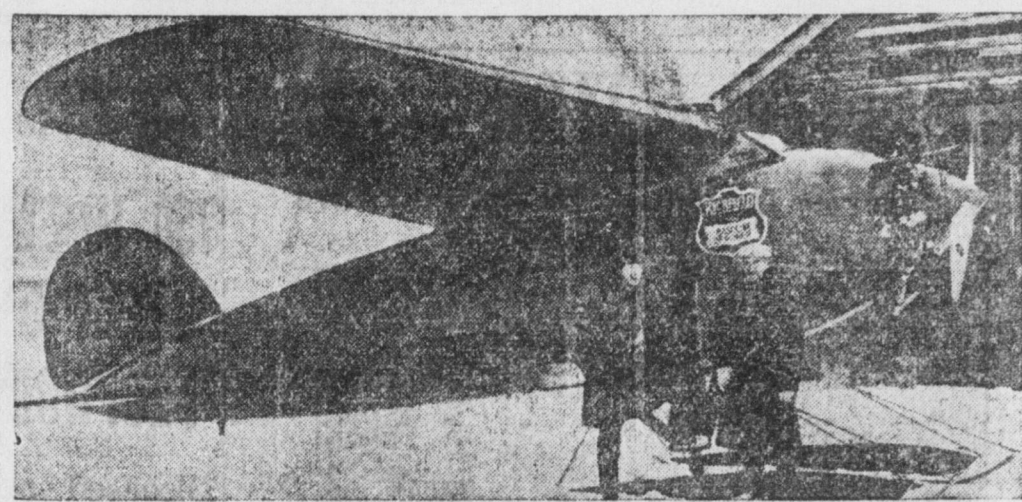
When representatives of the Workers' School introduced a motion for a demonstration in Union Square against the invasion of Nicaragua by U. S. marines at the last students conference at the New School for Social Research, the Rand School delegation withdrew, it was learned yesterday. The Rand school is the official school of the socialist party in this city. The Workers School resolution was defeated by a vote of 16 to 22.

Twenty-five colleges and universities were represented at the conference including Brookwood Labor College, Yale, Harvard, Princeton, New York University, Columbia, Hunter College and the College of the City of New York.

WINGS OF IMPERIALISTIC EAGLE SPREAD OVER THE POLAR NORTH



...manned by a Detroit newspaper, Capt. George H. Wilkins flew 2,200 miles from Barrow, Alaska, to Green Harbor, Spitzbergen, and found nothing but Arctic ice. Had he discovered land, as he had hoped, the American flag would have fluttered from his plane to add another bit of soil to the American empire. Photo on left shows the plane in which he made his flight; the map at the right shows his course in the air.



WILKINS PLANE IS NOT DAMAGED

Gathers Scientific Data for Report

OSLO, Norway, April 23.—Completely rested and with their hunger appeased after the five-day isolation at Doedmansoera (Dead Man's Island) which climaxed their epic 2,200 mile flight over uncharted polar wastes, Captain George H. Wilkins, Australian explorer and aviator, and Carl Ben Eielson, Norwegian-American pilot today planned their return to civilization at Green Harbor, Spitzbergen.

The seven inhabitants of Green Harbor received the fliers very hospitably. Neither showed any ill-effects from their hazardous venture, though they suffered from the pangs of hunger during their enforced stay on the uninhabited isle of Doedmansoera.

It is believed that their plane, a machine of American make, suffered no material damage in the two landings made by the fliers.

Spitzbergen, the northmost outpost of Europe, is still completely closed in by ice. Shipping cannot reach the island until the thaws set in about the middle of May. The fliers, therefore, will either have to fly here or wait until that time for a ship to bring them.

OSLO, Norway, April 23.—If, as some Arctic explorers believe, a continent exists at the North Pole, Capt. George H. Wilkins and Pilot Carl B. Eielson failed to find it on their dash by plane from Point Barrows, Alaska to Spitzbergen.

Capt. Wilkins and the American aviator at Green Harbor, Spitzbergen, today where the former is assembling his data for a report to the National Geographical Society of America.

German Police Jail Red Front Fighters

BERLIN, April 23.—Police interference with a march of Red Front Fighters returning home from a meeting, resulted in a fracas and the nine month jail sentence for one of the militant workers. Others received sentences of three months apiece.

FASCIST TORTURES MAY KILL WORKER

VIENNA, April 23.—The workers recently arrested at Oradea have gone on a hunger strike in protest against their barbaric mistreatment, according to a telegram from the city.

Doubt is expressed that Victor Tordai, the metal worker, will survive the terrible tortures inflicted on him during the three-day inquisition in which he was seriously injured. His condition is critical.

The arrests of the workers were initiated by the Siguranza, the Rumanian fascist organization whose activities are closely bound up with the "liberal" party of Bratianu.

Heavy Storm Does New England Damage

BOSTON, April 23.—New England today continued in the grip of a northeast storm, which tied up shipping, caused widespread damage to crops, resulted in automobile crashes which injured thirty persons and caused the wreck of two freight trains.

Rain, hail, snow, and sleet fell. Sections of New Hampshire were blanketed with snow.

The wreck of the freight trains occurred during the height of the storm when a locomotive and sixty-three cars crashed into a switching train just east of the Fitchburg station. Wreckage tied up the main line of the Boston and Maine railroad for twenty hours.

Trenton Workers Plan May Day Celebration

TRENTON, April 23.—At a May Day conference held here under the auspices of the Workers (Communist) Party it was decided to hold a meeting May 6 at the Arcade Auditorium, E. State St., with Jelle Stuart Poyntz as speaker.

The organizations participating in the conference were the International Labor Defense, Independent Workers' Circle, Young Workers (Communist) League, Roebling Workers' Beneficial Society, Culture Club, German Singing Society and the Hungarian Workers' Club.

NAVY MANEUVER DRAWS PROTEST

Communists Cover Coast City With Stickers

SAN FRANCISCO, April 23.—Eighty warships and 30,000 men have sailed out of San Francisco Bay, after a week's stay. The battle fleet is leaving for the Hawaiian Islands, where they will conduct naval maneuvers. "Navy Week" was celebrated in San Francisco by an aircraft exposition.

A thousand stickers were posted about the city by the Young Workers (Communist) League with the following appeal, "Sailors! Don't shoot workers and peasants in China or Nicaragua for Wall Street."

SANDINO TROOPS CAPTURE MINES

BLUEFIELDS, Nicaragua, April 23.—U. S. marines were being rushed today to the Principula district where Sandino troops raided the Bonanza and Laluz gold mining camps. These mines, both of which are owned by Americans, are about 70 miles from Bluefields. There are about 300 troops in the band which made the raids.

At the same time rebels raided the Martinez mahogany camp in the Cape Gracias district.

The scene of the raids is some miles distant from where the nationalists were last active.

CELEBRATE MAY DAY IN RUSSIA IN 1890

On the First of May, 1890, when the working class of Russia was just beginning to take organizational forms, the revolutionary circular printed below was disseminated in Leningrad (then known as St. Petersburg). A copy was found in the archives of the police department. It is possible that this circular was issued by some obscure revolutionary circle or perhaps by some individual revolutionary worker:

"To the People on May First!
"In vain the Russian government mocks the Russian people by imposing taxes and penalties, by crushing their human rights, by reducing their share of the soil, by maintaining caste differences, by encouraging the employers to reduce the wages of their workers, and by every means known to despotism.

"All this is done in order that our people shall not be able to go beyond the limits of their serfdom, to prevent their overstepping these limits, at least legally. But the day is coming when the Russian people awakes out of its century long sleep, seizes the Russian rulers in its mighty hands, and drives away that band of robbers which the simple-minded still call a government.

"This day is not far distant. In the course of the last few decades the consciousness of the Russian proletariat of the workers and peasants had developed so rapidly that we may hope for our own First of May in a not too distant future. Only let us be sensible, let us wait until our organization has sufficient members of its own to begin with serious action.

"This is the first proclamation issued by the 'first Russian anti-Government Workers' League,' written and printed under the most difficult conditions, in one night. At the present time the League has 800 members.

"Brothers! Till our next meeting in the near future!"
These efforts of the old revolutionaries of Czarist Russia to establish May Day under the greatest difficulties as the holiday of labor, are encouraging present-day revolutionaries in capitalist countries to make every effort to win back this day as our own. The Madison Square Garden meeting on May First in New York and similar meetings in other centers are the starting point for a new note of militancy in the ranks of labor.

SOVIET UNION TO CONTINUE FOREIGN TRADE MONOPOLY

Workers Observe Lenin's Birthday

MOSCOW, April 23.—Shattering the reports widely circulated by the social-democratic papers of Europe that the Soviet Union intended to give up its foreign trade monopoly, Commissar of Trade Mikoyan issued a report yesterday declaring that the monopoly was the keystone of the socialist economy of the Soviet Union. The decree was issued on the occasion of the anniversary of Lenin's birth and the tenth anniversary of the foundation of the foreign trade monopoly.

The foreign trade monopoly "is the defensive rock against which must crash the waves of the world market and the stock exchanges with their crises and fluctuations," the report says. Mikoyan announced that the attempts of international capitalists, headed by British and French interests, to organize a consortium for dealings with the Soviet Union was "assuredly doomed to failure."

Coolidge Program

by Jay Lovestone

Whom does Coolidge speak for? What does his "program" mean for the workers? What is the truth behind Cal's "prosperity" blarney? This pamphlet must be in the hands of every intelligent worker.

ONLY FIVE CENTS.

1928 Elections and the Workers

by Jay Lovestone

An analysis of the roles of various parties in the next presidential elections. Why every class-conscious worker will support the Workers (Communist) Party in those elections.

Twenty Cents per Copy.

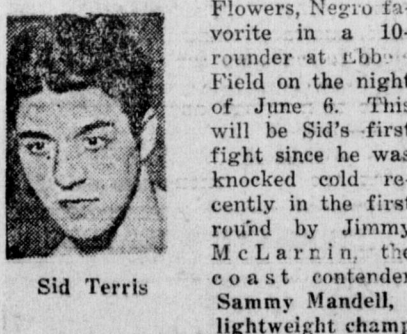
WORKERS LIBRARY PUBLISHERS, 43 East 125th St. New York City.

SPORTS IN BRIEF

Soccer of, by and for workers has pushed the membership of the Metropolitan Workers' Soccer League up from 9 teams to 32 within six months. Club revolts against commercialism, professionalism, high costs and racial discrimination are responsible for the league's rapid climb in the New York amateur sports world.

Five hundred fifty workers representing 20 organizations are playing soccer in the league now and more are clamoring for admission.

Sid Terris, popular East S's lightweight will attempt a comeback.



Sid Terris

he faces Bruce Flowers, Negro favorite in a 10-rounder at Ebbets Field on the night of June 6. This will be Sid's first fight since he was knocked cold recently in the first round by Jimmy McLarnin, the coast contender Sammy Mandell, lightweight champ.

for the championship. The winner is promised a crack at Sammy Mandell. Flowers will engage in several other matches before he meets Stanley Lozya in Detroit. On May 7 he will then battle Stanislaus Baraban at the St. Nicholas Arena and will clash with Honeyboy Finnegan in Boston, May 14.

Jack Sharkey and Jack Delaney are continuing their training for their 15-round tussle at Madison Square Garden on April 30. Matchmaker Jess McMahon has predicted a \$100,000 gate for the fight. It is estimated there are enough boxing fans in New York and vicinity to fill up Tex Rickard's arena and keep the "Garden" owners from starving for the next few months.

Armand Emanuel, Jewish contender

for the heavyweight championship, will leave the coast for New York tomorrow, according to information received here. Emanuel has been making a good impression along the Pacific and will be watched closely by promoters and fans alike.

NY UNIONISTS WIN LABOR LAW CASE

Painters Get Judgement From City

WASHINGTON, April 23.—The supreme court today formally dismissed the appeal of the City of New York from state court decisions holding constitutional the state labor law providing that mechanics should be paid as much for public work as the prevailing wage for similar private employment.

The city appealed after Frank Campbell, bridge painter and others, won judgments of \$892.35 each in state courts.

Cops Fired for Swearing

Patrolmen George H. Gondolf and Hugh A. Tully of the Newton Police Station, Queens, were dismissed from the police department by Commissioner Joseph A. Warren, after each had been found guilty of using profane language while intoxicated last February.

FIND COPPER IN CHILE

VALPARAISO, Chile, April 23.—Reports reaching here from Magalanes state that what is believed to be a copper field of great value has been discovered near Puerto Bahamonde.

TO ALL OUR READERS:

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTIZERS

Do not forget at all times to mention that you are a reader of The DAILY WORKER. Fill out this coupon stating where you buy your clothes, furnishings, etc.

Name of business place
Address
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Address

Mail to
DAILY WORKER

33 FIRST STREET NEW YORK CITY

100,000 Miners on Strike 30,000 Textile Workers on Strike

To Save the Union; For a Victorious Strike; For the Miners' Control of Their Union; Against the Wage Cut; Against the Speed-up; Against Longer Hours

Thousands of requests are being made in every mail for The DAILY WORKER from the Striking Miners. Hundreds of requests are already coming in from the striking Textile Workers.

All expired subscriptions of strikers are still being sent even tho the strikers can not afford to renew their subscriptions. Every day we are sending 4,000 papers to the mine strike area FREE OF CHARGE. We have begun to send The DAILY WORKER into the Textile strike area FREE OF CHARGE.

Our Resources Are Limited—We Cannot Afford It Any Longer Help us keep up the work—Help us to increase the circulation Help the Striking Miners—Help the Striking Textile Workers Send to the Daily Worker a free subscription to the strikers.

Send The DAILY WORKER into the strike areas. Thousands more WANT The DAILY WORKER. Thousands more LIKE The DAILY WORKER. Thousands more NEED The DAILY WORKER. Send a subscription to the Strikers.

THE DAILY WORKER

33 FIRST STREET New York City

Enclosed find \$..... to help you send the Daily Worker to the striking areas for months.

RATES
\$6.00 12 months
\$3.50 6 months
\$2.00 3 months
\$1.50 2 months
\$1.00 1 month

Name
Address
City

SCOTT NEARING

Lecture dates still open:

Wednesday .. Nov. 7	Monday .. Nov. 19
Thursday Nov. 9	Tuesday Nov. 20
Saturday Nov. 10	Wednesday .. Nov. 21
Sunday Nov. 11	Thursday Nov. 22
(Sunday Afternoon, N. Y. C.)	Saturday Nov. 24
Monday Nov. 12	Monday Nov. 26
Wednesday .. Nov. 14	Monday Nov. 26
Thursday Nov. 15	Tuesday Nov. 27

For information write to Harry Blake, c/o Daily Worker, 33 First Street, New York City.

EVERY WORKER MUST WEAR A MAY DAY BUTTON!

Every worker must show his solidarity on May Day by wearing the

May Day Button

To wear a May Day Button means:

- Protest Against American Imperialism!
- Support of the Soviet Union!
- Struggle Against the War Danger!
- Support of the Striking Miners!
- World-wide Proletarian Solidarity!

- Every Party unit—Spread the buttons!
- Every Party member—See that your friends and fellow-workers wear the May Day Button!
- Every progressive and militant labor organization—See that all your members wear the May Day Button!
- Every militant worker—See that you wear the May Day Button!

Buttons sell at: 1 to 100 7 cents.
100 or more 5 cents.

Order from:
National Office, Workers Party, 43 East 125th St., N. Y. C.

PATERSON SILK WORKERS PLAN UNION DRIVE AS UNREST STIRS ALL TEXTILE INDUSTRY

(By a Worker Correspondent)
 PATERSON, N. J. (By Mail).—The textile industry, which is an enslaving industry for the toiling masses, is coming into the spotlight again. The workers in the industry all over the country are lifting up their heads, along with the other workers in all the great industries.

Down in Paterson, the "Silk City," the workers are forced to stand from 10 to 12 hours a day at the looms.
 Some of the mills are organized and others are not. The smaller mills, which do not have union conditions, are in competition with the larger ones and all kinds of conditions are permitted.

The larger mills run two 10-hour shifts. All in all for a 55-hour week most of the workers earn from \$18 per week for piece work.
 There have been many attempts to establish the eight-hour day. But all the workers who come out for it, all left wingers who put up a fight are fired and black-balled from many places.

The textile workers of this city, nevertheless, are again beginning to mobilize their forces for a united front to battle against conditions.
 We must never forget that the first great textile strike took place in Paterson in the early eighteenth hundreds. The workers must also fight now against the unemployment crisis by demanding shorter hours of work.
 —SPERRY.

Allen-A Agents, Not Workers, Threw Bricks at Scabs, Correspondent States

STRIKERS ALWAYS ORDERLY; FIRM'S MEN TOTED GUNS

Co. Wants Violence to Hurt Big Walk-Out

(By a Worker Correspondent)
 KENOSHA, Wis. (By Mail).—I want to tell THE DAILY WORKER that in regards to the statement that Allen-A hosiery mill strikers threw the bricks thru the strikebreakers' windows, this is not true. As soon as the bricks were thrown with the warning on them the papers began to say the strikers did it. They did not do it.

I am sending you a copy of the Kenosha Hosiery Worker with this story in it. I wish you would print this so that everybody can see that we did not do this.

—KENMORE.
 EDITOR'S NOTE: The copy of the Kenosha Hosiery Worker, published by the American Federation of Full-Fashioned Hosiery Workers, Branch 6, locked out by the Allen-A Company, is reproduced in part below.

On the night of March 6, bricks were thrown through the windows of two strikebreakers of the Allen-A Company. These bricks bore certain messages on them, telling the said strikebreakers to "BEWARE."

The strikebreakers who were thus warned or "threatened" were: Charles Meyers, 3127 Roosevelt Rd., Francis Lourigan, 5132 25th Ave.

Immediately the local newspaper played up VIOLENCE in first page headlines, the assumption being that it was strikers who threw the bricks. The fact was, that no one was found who could be remotely charged with this rash action, which the union had condemned in no uncertain terms.

On the night of February 28, more bricks were thrown. Evidently the first bricks were not satisfactory as yet. The strikebreakers who were thus "attacked" were: Charles Meyers, 3127 Roosevelt Rd., Herbert Waldo.

The question now arises: Who threw these bricks? It is an important question, as much has been made of it in this district. We would like, therefore, to call certain interesting facts to the attention of the people of Kenosha, for their information.

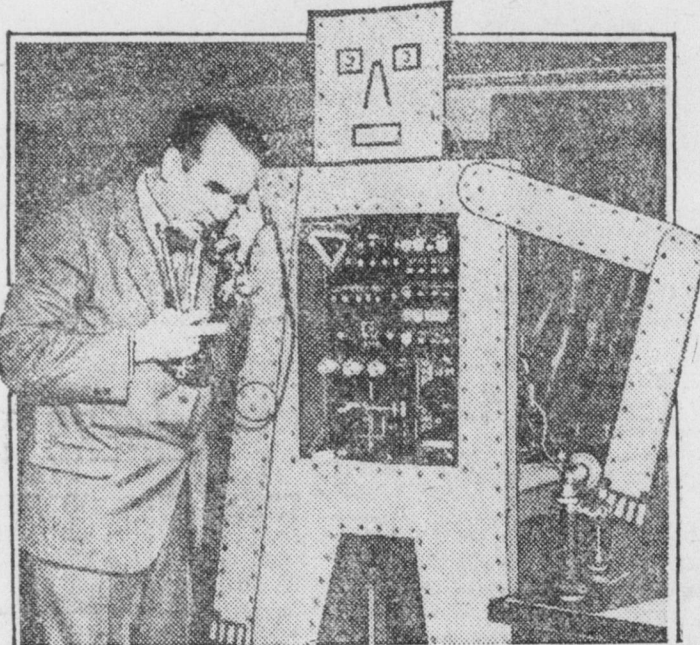
Carried Gun.
 In the first place, it is worth while to know that the strikebreaker Charles Meyers, the day before the first bricks went through his window, had asked permission of the police department to carry a gun. He had stated that he knew that he was about to be attacked. Where, we would like to know, did he get this prophetic vision? As a matter of fact, he was not a conspicuous leader among the strikebreakers nor is he a skilled workman. Under the circumstances he seemed unduly alarmed. It is further more than strange that his house should be chosen again as the scene of the second brick throwing. These circumstances are more than suspicious.

But there are more important things that deserve notice in this connection. The union representatives had warned the workers from the beginning that violence was what the company wanted, to have an excuse to secure an injunction. This was common knowledge among men familiar with the situation.

Urged Police Protection.
 Moreover, the union representatives had made a special request of the police department—not on one, but on several occasions, to give police protection to the Allen-A mill 24 hours of each day. This had been particularly emphasized after it was learned that one A. R. MacDonald, popularly known as "yellow dog" MacDonald, had been called in by the company to break the backs of the workers. The union representatives were concerned about a frame-up, which would give the company occasion for an injunction. The officials knew that in Joliet, Ill., a short time ago, a Burns Detective Agency operative had been caught red-handed throwing a bomb into a garage, in order to blame it on strikers. They knew of other frame-up attempts of this sort, and did not want an excuse to be given the company, under the plea of property protection, to secure action in the courts which would hamper the workers' case.

The union had printed "Ten Com-

The Bosses Dream of the Perfect Slave



The bosses have driven their workers with the whip of hunger to slave most of the day and most of the night in the mills. But the human slaves have learned to form unions against their class enemies. Ever since the application of machinery, however, the bosses and their scientists have tinkered with ideas of a mechanical man who would slave all day and all night and never unionize. Their latest robot, above, was invented by R. J. Wensley.

BUILD LYNN SHOE MILL COMMITTEES, IS PLEA

(By a Worker Correspondent)
 BOSTON (By Mail).—The major task of the progressives in the shoe industry at the present time is to organize both the organized and the unorganized shoe workers into progressive groups in every shoe center in the country. These local groups in turn must be combined thru a nationally delegated body into a powerful organization which will be able to fight the reactionary machine.

Can't Confine Activities.
 The progressives will not be able to fight effectively the combined attacks of the bosses and the reactionary officials and develop a fighting organization if they confine their activities to the existing unions as has been the case in the past.

This is especially true at the present time when only a small minority of the shoe workers belong to these unions, and since last year a steady falling off has taken place, this is particularly true of the Boot & Shoe Workers' Unions.

Officials Betray Shoe Workers.
 Wherever the progressives show any signs of activity in their respective locals in behalf of the shoe workers, in even minor disputes with the bosses, the reactionary general officials do the dirty work for the shoe manufacturers by reporting them to their bosses and these militant workers are then fired. When the local union has taken any action to improve conditions these corrupt officials' blacklist the local as a whole and revoke the charter and put the local into local "O."

The progressives must point out to the shoe workers therefore, that it is impossible to achieve any improve-

ments for Pickets," which instructed all of us workers in peaceful and orderly picketing.

No Violence.
 Not one finger of accusation has been pointed at us strikers by way of arrest. Not one of the strikebreakers has ever sworn out a warrant of arrest against us. And had we been guilty of any violent actions the people of Kenosha may be sure that the unscrupulous policy of the company would have driven it to fill the jails with us workers. But it was given no opportunity to do this.

There was a very definite reason for our orderly and peaceful course. We knew very well that we had the company completely defeated, thru the throneness of the workers' refusal to go back under anti-union conditions. As the union publicly states: "Violence can only injure our cause."

It was only the company that could profit from alleged violence.

Refused Mediation.
 It is particularly noteworthy that the second brick throwing came to pass the night after the company had rejected the six local clergymen's offer of mediation. Every one knows that the company at that time, by reason of its arbitrary action, was in bad public odor. The second brick throwing came to the Allen-A like a plank to a drowning man. It again screamed VIOLENCE, even though no one could tell who had committed the act.

The bricks, in all instances, were so nicely placed that they broke windows with abandon but touched not a hair of the strikebreaker's head. We consider this a strange phenomenon. The whole business was merely a spectacular way of throwing mud at the workers, by inference.

We were so concerned with these developments that we made a man-to-man survey of our workers.

750 UNEMPLOYED SLEEP ON 140 FT. FLOPHOUSE FLOOR

Diseased and Healthy Lie Side by Side

(By a Worker Correspondent)
 LOS ANGELES, Cal. (By Mail).—A few days ago five barbers were arrested by officers of the health department "as the first step in a campaign recently inaugurated by city health officer George Parrish against unsanitary conditions in barber shops."

Flowers In Spring, Tra La!
 This caused me to think about the health-destroying conditions in the lodging houses of Los Angeles, a city advertised by the open shop element as a health resort of sunshine and flowers.

Lousy flop-joints are numerous here, and the bed-bugs have a strong majority over the angels. These lines, however, will deal only with Midnight Mission, a place the writer inspected the other day.

Gloomy Mission
 In the spring of 1917, just before the war to end all wars broke out, I worked as header-setter in a Kern county road camp. During that time I learned to know, more or less, the workings of those toothless labor laws of California, made by "progressive" legislators and signed by Hiram Johnson as governor. Like all the rest, the law dealing with sanitation was violated right and left. A kick was made to the department of immigration and housing. One of the answers was that the law provides for a floor space of one hundred square feet for each person in tents or houses used as sleeping quarters.

In the Midnight Mission, however, the floor space for each sleeper is about six and one-half square feet, as 750 men (conservatively estimated) are crowded into a single room about 140 feet long and 35 feet wide. So figure it out for yourself. There are at least 600 bunks (4-high) in the place, and a fifth man is sleeping on the floor underneath the bottom bunk of each of the 150 (or more) rows of bunks.

Like sardines in tin cans, healthy and diseased men are crowded together on a small, filthy lot of an old building into which the California sun never shines.
 A dead person occupies at least 24 square feet of ground, so ever potter's fields are 4 times as liberal with space as the Midnight Mission. Cleanliness is next to godliness, they say. But if the latter is measured by the former, the godliness of the Midnight Mission is of a very low grade in quality if not in quantity.

Preaching takes up 15 hours every day, and the men are permitted to sleep only from four to five hours a night, namely, from one to two o'clock a.m. to six in the morning.

Unsanitary conditions, garbage-like food and lack of sleep, etc., are killing off the unfortunate "guests" very fast. Soiled towels may be dangerous enough to health. But barber-shops are, generally, cleanliness itself compared with said institution operated in the name of the holy ghost. So why not clean up the dirtiest spot in the city first?

Don't Waste Literature.
 A book as big as the jungle could and ought to be written on this subject. Anyhow, the progressive forces within the labor movement are making a very bad mistake by completely ignoring the needs of the unemployed of this city.
 L. P. RINDAL.



Some International Books

- HISTORY OF THE AMERICAN WORKING-CLASS ANTHONY BIMBA 2.75
- TEN DAYS THAT SHOOK THE WORLD JOHN REED 1.50
- MATERIALISM AND IMPERIO-CRITICISM V. I. LENIN 3.00
- MARX AND ENGELS RIJAZANOV 2.50
- MARX: MAN, THINKER, AND REVOLUTIONIST A Symposium 1.75
- LIFE AND DEATH OF SACCO AND VANZETTI EUGENE LYONS 1.50

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"Forbidden Roads" at Liberty Suffers from Adaptation

DORIS EATON.

A THESIS on honor called "Forbidden Roads," is now playing at the Liberty Theatre. The play is an adaptation from the Spanish of Jose Lopes Pinillos, by Roland Oliver. In its native land the play was known as "El Caudal de los Hijos." (The Heritage of the Children.)
 While the story is told with not a little dramatic force it seems unreal most of the time. Altho it concerns itself with Spain, somehow it is difficult to dissociate the action from Long Island or any other part of the United States where the bourgeoisie live. Whether the adapter or the director is responsible will not be taken up here.

The play is presented with a small cast headed by Judith Vosselli, Robert Bentley and Alan Birmingham.

Mr. Bentley gives a fine performance in the role of Don Augustin, who prevents his wife's elopement and spares the life of her lover, Gaspar Gomez, (Richard Farrell) for the sake, so he says, of his young son. Fifteen years later, the son finds himself in a similar situation. His mother, Dona Isabel, (Miss Vosselli) confesses her love affair of years gone by to persuade the son, Rodrigo, (Mr. Birmingham) from killing his wife's lover, Dr. Javier (Richard Nicholls). In the end the mother herself kills the young wife, Marta (Maxine Calvert).

The play suffers a great deal from repetition, which after a while becomes boring. The tightening of the story throughout, and the bringing back of its Spanish atmosphere would help a great deal to strengthen the production.
 The play is staged by Henry Stillman and produced by Walter O. Lindsey and James E. Kennedy.
 —S. A. P.

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"TROUPE" HAVE TO BEG SICK AID FOR HURT ACTORS

Theatre Owners Pile Up Enormous Profits

(By a Worker Correspondent)
 The week of April 8 to 15 inclusive was set aside by the National Vaudeville Artists (N. V. A.) as the twelfth annual jubilee week.

During the whole week collections were made in the various vaudeville and theatres in this country and Canada for the benefit of the artists who are injured during their work.

It is a shame that these vaudeville artists should go around begging from the theatre-goers to help their unfortunate brothers while the theatre owners are piling up millions in profit.

These artists will sooner or later realize that if they organize they can force their bosses to provide for them in case of illness or injury.

In the Soviet Union the government provides for the sick artists. Of course, our government is "too civilized" to do such a thing.
 —GATTI.

Preachers and Fuller Favor Herbert Hoover

The latest recruits to the boom to nominate Herbert Hoover for president at the republican party national convention are Gov. Alvin T. Fuller, whose organization committed the legalized murder of Sacco and Vanzetti, and a large percentage of the clergymen of New York, it was learned yesterday.

The Massachusetts governor inserted in yesterday's Boston newspapers a double column page-length advertisement appealing for Hoover's nomination.

That the preachers are supporting Hoover is the claim of the Hoover-for-President New York State Committee, which has just completed a canvass of the local clergymen. Of those stating their choice, 2,013, or 84.9 per cent went on record for Hoover.

TELEGRAPHERS JOIN UNION
 ST. LOUIS, (FP) April 23.—The Order of Railroad Telegraphers enrolled 322 new members in March.



In "Excess Baggage," John McGowan's comedy of stage life, now in its fifth month at the Ritz Theatre.

ARABIAN NIGHTS FESTIVAL AT ROSELAND TOMORROW NIGHT.

The fifteenth annual Arabian Nights' ball and festival will be held at Roseland tomorrow night. Twice each year Roseland celebrates with a costume ball, which draws many of the Broadway actors to participate in the prize offerings. The layman too, takes advantage of the occasion and often carries away the best prizes for original or comical costumes.

This year \$500 will be distributed to the wearers of fancy, original and comic costumes. The judges will include Broadway celebrities, both from the stage and screen. Three orchestras, the Kentucky Kernels, the Detroitians and Milt Shaw's Arabian Orchestra will furnish the dance music.

"Car Ivan the Terrible" opened at the Yiddish Art Theatre last night for a run. This is the first East Side showing of the famous Sovkino film, which created such a sensation both at the Broadway showing and on the Continent.

Blast Kills Workers

DENVER, April 23.—Seven workers were killed and 19 injured when three explosions rocked the Alexander Industries plant at Englewood near here.

AMUSEMENTS

The Theatre Guild presents Eugene O'Neill's Play, "Strange Interlude" John Golden Theo., 58th, E. of B'way Evenings Only at 5:30.

ALL THIS WEEK VOLPONE Guild, W. 52d St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30 Week of Apr. 30: "Marco Millions"

32nd WEEK DRACULA FULTON B'way, 46 St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30 "See It and Creep."—Eve. Post.

ERLANGER W. 44 St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30 GEO. M. COHAN (HIMSELF) AND HIS COMEDIANS MERRY MALONES IN THE

National Theatre, 41 St. W. of B'way Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30

"The Trial of Mary Dugan" By Bayard Veiller, with Ann Harding-Rex Cherryman

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The TERRIBLE ADDED ATTRACTION Pictures of the Tenth Anniversary of Russian Revolution; also "Views of Moscow."

Popular Prices—Aft. 30c, Eve. 50c

THE JEFFERSON 241 Apr. 25—Evs. 50c—Eve. 75c

Mon., Tues., Wed., April 23-24-25 BOZO SKIDDER—SYBIL VANE Other Keith-Albee Attractions. LAURA LA PLANTE in "Thanks for the Buggy Ride"

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HUDSON Theatre, West 44th Street. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. THE ABSOLUTE HIT OF THE TOWN

WHISPERING FRIENDS By GEORGE M. COHAN.

SAM HARRIS Thea., 42d, W. of H. Mats. Wed. & Sat. LOVELY LADY with Wilda Bennett & Guy Robertson.

Are you a "DAILY WORKER" worker daily?

BROOKLYN THEATRES MOMART FULTON ST. & ROCKWELL PL. NOON TO 11:30 P. M.

First Brooklyn Showing Amazing Russian Masterpiece! "CZAR IVAN THE TERRIBLE" with LEONIDOFF and Moscow Art Players. Afts. 35c, Evs. 50c, exc. Sat., Sun. & Hol.

DARK HOLE IN FRISCO. SAN FRANCISCO, April 23 (FP).

San Francisco police conditions were revealed in two cases arising on the same day. One was the beating of a crippled war veteran, James O'Brien, who was seriously injured during his arrest for drunkenness. The other was the revelation that women prisoners in County Jail No. 3 have been placed for discipline in a dark cell without ventilation.

Cloak and Dress Shop Chairmen Vote Overwhelmingly Against Schlesinger

FIGHT AGAINST RIGHT WINGERS WILL CONTINUE

Saul Shelly's Action Is Repudiated

(Continued from Page One)

re-establishment of union conditions in the ladies' garment industry.

In a series of resolutions, the conference delegates, representing the sentiment of thousands of workers in the shops, bitterly criticized the action of some of the "leaders" of the Committee of Fifty, endorsing Benjamin Schlesinger for president of the International.

In the lengthy discussion on this question, the delegates condemned the action of Saul Shelly, secretary of the Committee, who endorsed Schlesinger's candidacy as delegate from the right wing Local 2 by issuing circulars signed with the name of the Committee of Fifty. Shelly and his followers were also condemned for sending a letter to Pres. Green of the American Federation of Labor.

It was pointed out that Shelly's belief that Schlesinger's victory over Sigman for the union's presidency would mean an end to the war in the union was completely false. Schlesinger's supporters were pointed to by the speakers as proof of this contention. "In addition to the support of such fascists as Breslau, Ninfo, and Dubinsky, the Schlesinger clique has a record as black as Sigman's when he was at the head of the union a number of years ago," were the statements made on the floor of the conference. The gangsterism of Sigman will no more rebuild the union, than will the fascism of Schlesinger," they charged.

After declaring that the workers in the shops had no illusions in regards to the coming fake convention which is completely controlled by the Sigman and Schlesinger groups, the resolutions declared: (1) That they do not endorse Schlesinger as the heads of the committee did; (2) that such action is declared to be contrary to the sentiment of the last conference of shop chairmen.

Another resolution set forth the opinion that the workers should rally round the Committee of Fifty for the rebuilding of the once powerful union. A delegation of 10 was also elected to go to the convention to demand an end to the destructive war carried on by the officialdom of the International union.

BAKERS PICKET SILVERS' PLACES

Ask Workers Not to Patronize Firm

Picketing of Silvers' Restaurants is being actively carried on by striking members of Bakers' Local 1 of the Amalgamated Food Workers against the attempt by the chain restaurant combine to break down union conditions in the industry.

Particular efforts are being directed against the firm's places of business at 7th Ave. and 38th St., and 7th Ave. and 40th St. Following a number of arrests on trumped up charges made by the restaurant owners of union pickets who were let out on \$500 bail, the union has made an appeal to the workers of the city to refuse to patronize the establishments of Silvers' Restaurants. Until recently the firm dealt with the union but has decided to go open shop in an attempt to force down the wage levels in the trade. Other places of business of this open shop company are located at 100 East 41st St., 38 Beaver St. and 38 Park Row.

Miners, Needle Workers Featured May 1 Meet

(Continued from Page One)

representing the Negro workers, Juliet Stuart Poyntz, M. J. Olgin, a representative of the children and a youth speaker, William W. Weinstein will preside.

Women Pledge Support. The United Council of Working-class Women, at a central body meeting pledged its support to the May Day celebration of the united front workers, and will give full cooperation in making this international workers' holiday a most imposing demonstration of class solidarity. Special Section Taken.

Realizing the importance of this day, which in 1886 marked the awakening of the workers of America to class consciousness, the women call upon all their affiliated groups and neighborhood organizations to join with them in this mass gathering, to show that women too have awakened to class consciousness and recognize themselves as a part of the international labor movement.

More than a thousand women, they declare, will come May 1st with banners and pledges of solidarity, representing the councils and other women's organizations in every section of the city. A special section of the Garden has been reserved for the women.

Workers Party Activities

May Day Posters.

May Day posters are now ready for distribution. All units, sections and subsections must apply at once for their quota of posters for distribution. May Day leaflets will be ready for distribution tonight. These must also be distributed. Both may be obtained at the district office, 108 E. 14th St.

Unit B, Subsection 4. A meeting of Unit B, Subsection 4, will be held tomorrow night at 8 o'clock at 135 E. 81st St.

Section 8, International Branch 1. Section 8, International Branch 1, will meet at 8 o'clock tomorrow at 1639 Pitkin Ave.

Unit PD 3 SS SE. Unit PD 3, Subsection SE will meet tonight at 101 W. 27th St. at 6:15 o'clock.

Special Unit Meeting. A special meeting of Unit 42, Subsection 1AC will be held at 6 p. m. tonight.

New Party Course at School. A course for new Workers (Communist) Party members is being given at the Workers School at 108 E. 14th St., Friday evenings at 7 p. m.

Special Meeting. Section 7, Branch 5 will hold a special meeting tomorrow evening at 8:30 at 2401 Mermaid Ave.

IB 1P to Meet. Unit IB 1P will hold an industrial meeting tomorrow evening at 8:30 at 60 St. Marks Place.

Branch 4, Section 7 Wednesday. Branch 4, Section 7, will meet tomorrow night at 8 o'clock at 3049 Benson Ave., Brooklyn. Elizabeth Belinsky will lead a discussion on "The 1928 Presidential Election."

May Day Tickets. Tickets for the May Day celebration at Madison Square Garden are now ready at the district office for distribution, and can also be obtained thru section organizers. Comrades who can dispose of tickets are urged to get them at once.

To Unit Organizers. Unit organizers should call for collection lists for the Workers Center Building at 24-28 E. Union Square or 108 E. 14th St.

Unemployed Comrades. The Party calls upon all unemployed comrades to respond to work of first rate revolutionary character. During the next few weeks special tasks in connection with addressing and organizing unemployed forces in the present campaign, will demand the efforts of all comrades who can be secured. Report at the local district office immediately.

The response to this work must be larger than in previous years. Bert Miller, Organization Secretary.

Miners' Relief Concert In Jersey City Friday

JERSEY CITY, N. J., April 23.—A concert and dance for miners' relief will be held at Ukrainian Hall, 160 Mercer St., Friday, April 27, at 8 o'clock. Entertainment will be furnished between dances by the Ukrainian Chorus, the Finnish orchestra, and the Miners' Troupe, composed of striking miners from Illinois.

The concert will be given under the auspices of the Pennsylvania-Ohio Miners' Relief Committee. Admission will be 75 cents. Tickets may be obtained from M. Blechschmidt, 2 East St., Jersey City.

LOWDEN LINES UP EDITORS.

CHICAGO, April 23.—The Publishers' Lowden for President Club, is circulating all the capitalist newspaper editors of the country in an attempt to line them up to support the presidential candidacy of Frank O. Lowden.

The publishers are asked to sign a pledge reading: "I gladly join in offering my moral and editorial support to the candidacy of Frank O. Lowden for president of the United States."

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Liber Lecture For 3C.

Dr. B. Liber will lecture on "False and True Prevention," under the auspices of Subsection 3C on Friday, April 27, at 8 p. m. at 1259-60 Boston Road. Admission is 35 cents.

Mobilization For May 1 Meeting. All committees elected by the units to act as ushers and volunteers at the Madison Square Garden meeting May 1st are to be present at a special meeting called for Sunday, April 29, at 12 a. m. at 108 East 14th St., Room 42.

International Branch 1D. International Branch 1D will hold an educational meeting on Wednesday, April 25th, at 7:30 p. m. Harry Fox will be the speaker.

Night Workers Meet Today. A special meeting of all the night workers is called for this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, at 60 St. Marks Place. Presence of every member is obligatory.

H. Freeman at Subsection 3E. "The History of May Day" will be the topic for discussion at the meeting of Subsection 3E at 6:15 p. m. tonight at 101 W. 27th St. Harry Freeman will be the speaker.

Branch 5, Section 5. A special meeting of Branch 5, Section 5 will be held tonight at 2075 Clinton Ave.

Where Tickets For May Day Are on Sale

Tickets for the May Day demonstration at Madison Square Garden are obtainable at the following stations:

- Downtown: District Office, Workers Party, 108 E. 14th St.; Freiheit, 30 Union Square; Workers Center, 24-28 Union Square; Jewish Workers University, 126 E. 16th St.; Solins Restaurant, 214 E. 14th St.; Seligs Restaurant, 78 Second Ave.; Armenian Workers Club, 159 E. 28th St.; Gliskin's Bookstore, 302 E. Broadway; Rational Restaurant, 199 Second Ave. way; Yankovitch's Bookstore, 175 East Broadway.
- Brooklyn: Jewish Workers' Club, 35 2nd Ave.; Workers' Club, 101 W. 27th St.; International Labor Defense, 799 Broadway; No-Tip Barber Shop, 77 Fifth Ave.; Unity Cooperative, 1500 7th Ave.; Health Food Restaurant, 1600 Madison Ave.; 143 E. 163rd St.; Hungarian Workers' Home, 350 E. 81st St.; Scientific Vegetarian Restaurant, 164 Madison Ave.; Spanish Workers Club, 55 W. 113th St.
- Bronx: 2075 Clinton Ave., Bronx; 715 E. 133th St.; Cooperative Colony, 2700 Bronx Park East; Rappaport & Cutler, Bookstore, 1310 So. Boulevard; Sliemovitch Stationery Store, 494 E. 167th St.; Jewish Workers' Club, 1472 Boston Road.
- Brooklyn: 29 Graham Ave., Brooklyn; 46 Ten Eyck St.; Workers Center, 1689 Pitkin Ave.; East New York Workers' Club, 604 Sutter Ave.; 857 Hopkinson Ave.; Finnish Workers' Home, 754 40th St.; Workers School, 1373 43rd St.; Max Snow's Drugstore, 4254 13th Ave., cor. 43rd; 1240 Benson Ave.; Maderman's Bookstore, 8603 20th Ave.; 2901 Brighton Beach Ave.

THE ARCHITECTURAL IRON, BRONZE & STRUCTURAL WORKERS UNION meets every second and fourth Tuesday of the month at Grand School, 7 East 15th Street, City. Headquarters: 7 East 15th Street, City. Telephone: Stuyvesant 9144-2194. A Rosenfeld, Secretary.

Advertise your union meetings here. For information write to The DAILY WORKER Advertising Dept. 23 First St., New York City.

MARY WOLFE STUDENT OF THE DAMROSCH CONSERVATORY **PIANO LESSONS** at her studio 49 WADSWORTH TERRACE Telephone Lorraine 5588. Will also call at student's home.

No Tip—Union Barber Shop 77 FIFTH AVE. Bet. 15th and 16th Streets NEW YORK CITY Individual Sanitary Service by Experts. LADIES' HAIR BOBBING SPECIALISTS. Patronize a Comradely Barber Shop.

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A Big Reduction THIS MONTH at **AARON KLEIN** Manufacturer of Men's, Young Men's and Boys' Clothing SUITS MADE TO ORDER A SPECIALTY. Don't miss this opportunity. STEP IN TO OUR STORE. 95 AVE. A. Corner 6th St. NEW YORK.

L. I. WORKERS TO CELEBRATE MAY 1

To Rally Labor for the "Garden" Meeting

At the meeting last week where it was announced that thenceforth Long Island City was to have the status of a section, Long Island City made detailed plans for doing its share in making the Madison Square Garden meeting a success on May Day.

Posters will be spread throughout the section. The May Day number of "The Mascot," the shop paper issued by the Rolls-Royce-Brewster nucleus in the section, will be distributed before May Day as a special May Day issue, containing an editorial on the significance of May Day and a notice of the Madison Square Garden meeting. The district leaflets will be enclosed in the bulletin.

Open Air Meeting Planned. Tickets will be sold at the factory just beyond where the distribution takes place, to give the workers a chance to find out what it's all about before they run up against the ticket seller.

An open air meeting is planned for Saturday at a corner where workers congregate, to explain the significance of May Day and urge the workers to attend the meeting. District leaflets will be distributed at all the large plants and at the Sunnyside railroad yards, not only the general leaflet but a special leaflet appealing particularly to the Negroes.

"Worker" To Be Sold. The special edition of THE DAILY WORKER is also getting the attention of the section. The section has taken a \$10 ad in the special edition and has urged the various units in the section to send in their greetings in addition. They will buy and distribute copies of the special issue on May Day.

Two Pickets Arrested. Two workers arrested while picketing Silvers Restaurant, Seventh Ave. and 36th St., were released on \$500 bail each when brought before Magistrate Goodman in Jefferson Market Court. They are George Starbarger and Casper Riley. The strike has been in progress for three weeks.

Are you a "DAILY WORKER" worker daily?

10% Discount THIRIFT COUPON! 10% Discount Keep this coupon. Just show it when you make a purchase.

Newly Remodeled Drug Store

and Modern, Sanitary Soda and Luncheonette Dept. "BETTER SERVICE TO OUR GROWING NUMBER OF PATRONS."

LAZAR RABINOWITZ, Ph. G. 7th AVENUE, Cor. 112th St. NEW YORK CITY. Near Unity Artistic Co.

MAY DAY CELEBRATION

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN MAY 1, 1928, AT 3 P.M.

Nationally Prominent Speakers Freiheit Gesangsverein Lithuanian Combined Chorus Red Sports

Miners' Mass Tableaux Admission 25 cents and 50 cents. Demonstration will last from 3 to 7 p.m. DOWN TOOLS MAY FIRST!

Joint Sponsors: Workers (Communist) Party and other labor organizations.

Labor and Fraternal News

Non-Partisan School Bazaar.

All Women's Council members must call at the central office, 799 Broadway to get tickets for the Non-Partisan School Bazaar and credentials for collecting articles. The time is short and there must be no delays now.

Freiheit Gesang Verein. The Fifth Jubilee Concert of the Freiheit Gesang Verein of New York and Paterson will be held Saturday, May 12, at Carnegie Hall.

"Rebel Poets Night." "Rebel Poets Night" will be held at the Labor Temple, 14th St. and Second Ave., Tuesday evening, May 1 at 8:15. The program will be under the supervision of Anton Ramotka, director of the Labor Temple Poetry Forum.

Cutters' Welfare League. The Cutters' Welfare League, Local 19 of the I. O. O. F., will give a ball on Saturday, April 28, at Parkview Palace, Fifth Ave. and 110th St. Admission is 50 cents.

Vagabond Sport Club. The Vagabond Sport Club, which has successfully organized a soccer section, is now forming a baseball section. All interested are asked to communicate with Phil Milasky, 97 Bay 19th St., Brooklyn.

Building Trades Workers. Building trades workers are asked to report immediately for work on the new Workers Center, 24-28 Union Square.

Twenty-five trade unionists, representing nine different industries in as many different states, who are now students at Brookwood Labor College, Katonah, N. Y., will appear in "The Start" an original four-act play, at the Labor Temple, Fourteenth St., New York, on Friday, April 27th, under the auspices of the New York Alumni of the College for the benefit of the Brookwood Building and Endowment Fund.

Laundry Drivers' Wives. The Laundry Drivers' Wives' Council will hold a meeting on Thursday, April 26, at 8 p. m. at 1272 43rd St., Brooklyn. Comrade Chalusk will speak on "Unemployment."

Freiheit Mandolin Orchestra. The Freiheit Mandolin Orchestra will give a concert on Saturday, April 28, at 8:30 p. m. at Town Hall, 113-123 W. 42nd St. The orchestra, conducted by Jacob Schaefer, will give a program of classical numbers.

League For Mutual Aid. The annual membership meeting of the League for Mutual Aid will be held on Monday, April 30th, at 8 p. m. at the Civic Club, 18 East 10th St. Nominations for the new executive committee will be made and a report of the work presented.

Bronx "Daily" Affair. A grand concert and ball will be held on Monday, April 30th, at 8 p. m. at the Civic Club, 18 East 10th St. Nominations for the new executive committee will be made and a report of the work presented.

T. U. E. L. Meeting. A meeting of the local executive committee of the T. U. E. L. will be held today at 8 p. m. at 101 E. 14th St. Preparations for the return of the P. L. U. delegates will be made.

MILITANT MINERS

ISSUE NEW CALL

Save-Union Committee Urges Fight

(Continued from Page One)

wages, to improve working conditions. Let us stand together solidly. Bring the entire coal industry to a halt. Make the strike 100% complete.

The response which the Save-Union Committee has already received from the unorganized fields of West Pennsylvania is an indication of the fact that the miners from this section have regained their confidence in the new progressive forces which are taking over the United Mine Workers.

In 1922, John L. Lewis betrayed 100,000 miners in this section when he refused to include them in a settlement made for the other miners. Since then these miners have refused to come out when strikes have been called by the Lewis machine. As the Save-the-Union movement developed, however, information was received that a large number would come out under the new leadership which they trusted. Over 15,000 have since responded.

Mass Picketing Wins. The strike is spreading from mine to mine as a result of active mass picketing.

10,000 MINERS TO JOIN BIG STRIKE

(Continued from Page One)

do nothing for them. In view of the refusal of the union officials to help provide shelter for the evicted miners the Pennsylvania-Ohio Miners Relief Committee is saddled with added responsibilities. Tents must be provided at once. Arrangements are being made for a monster mass meeting in Pittsburgh for miners' relief with Bishop William Montgomery Brown as the principal speaker.

Forty-seven non-union companies in Butler county have announced a wage reduction of one dollar a day, bringing the day rate down to five dollars and similar reductions for tonnage.

BOYS BREAK JAIL. BUFFALO, N. Y., April 23.—Two 15-year-old boys overpowered a guard at a children's detention home here today and escaped.

SITUATION WANTED. Comrade, with college education, having a thorough knowledge of Russian language, seeks position with Russian-American organization or translation work; has newspaper and clerical experience. Write: I. T. c/o Talmadge, 1820 Bryant Avenue, New York, N. Y.

WANTED—Large, light room with all improvements. Write Box 1, c/o. Daily Worker, 108 East 14th Street.

SUB-SECTION 3-C is giving a

LECTURE

with DR. LIBER on Friday, April 27, 1928, at 8 p. m. at MCKINLEY SQUARE GARDENS, 1258-60 Boston Road.

THE TOPIC IS: "FALSE AND TRUE PREVENTION" PROCEEDS TO THE DAILY WORKER.

All New York Revolutionaries Will Be There!

RED BANQUET

Celebrating the Opening of WORKERS CENTER AT 26-28 UNION SQUARE

Friday Evening, April 27, at 8 o'clock

The new home of the Workers Party, Dist. 2; The Daily Worker; Workers School; Co-operative Restaurant (Proletex, Inc.); Workers Bookshop; Uj Elore; Young Workers League; Young Pioneers.

Prominent speakers, including Jay Lovestone William Z. Foster Bertram D. Wolfe William W. Weinstein, etc.

TICKETS \$1.25 on sale at Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, and Workers Party district office, 108 E. 14th St.

6% DIVIDENDS PAID from APRIL 1st

An excellent opportunity to transfer every dollar saved into gold bonds of one hundred, three hundred, five hundred and one thousand dollar denominations,

of the

CONSUMERS FINANCE CORPORATION

Subsidiary of the United Workers Cooperative Association of the

United Workers' Co-operative Association 69 Fifth Avenue

Corner 14th St., New York

TELEPHONE ALGONQUIN 6900-6901-6902.

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THE HOSTAGES

By Fred Ellis

Plan to Make Texas Center for Open Shop

HOUSTON, Texas, April 23.—Texas, which now leads the country in production of oil, is looking toward becoming an open-shop manufacturing center for textiles and leather goods, the latter because the packing industry is second in importance to oil and petroleum. The large number of raw hides will offer leather goods manufacturers an inducement to build their factories in the state. The textile open-shoppers of Fall River, Mass., are planning a visit to Texas next summer with the idea in mind of moving the textile industry into the exploited cotton belt. The present strikes of the workers in New Bedford, Mass. is in answer to maneuvering of the textile trust, which is making every effort to crush the movement of the workers to build a strong textile union.

Not Reds But Yellows Defeated

The premature joy of the capitalist press in reporting the news of the first ballot of the French elections was a hope based upon what was called the "defeat of the reds." The reds are of course the Communists, as nobody any longer speaks of the members of socialist parties as "reds."

But the news of the elections has boiled down to an admission that the Communist candidates have received more votes than they did in the last election four years ago, and finally there comes news that in the most significant sections, the Communists hold an overwhelming lead over the yellow candidates of the socialist party. The election results, in other words, are a defeat not for the Communists, but for the social-democrats.

The particular nature of the defeat of the yellow candidates is most important. Leon Blum, leader of the socialist party, heavily defeated by the Communist candidate, Duclos, will now be forced to show his colors to the working class by asking for support of the capitalist elements in order to stand any chance of election; and if he does this, then still more thousands of workers will go over to the Communists.

The working-class districts in the suburbs of Paris, gave the Communist candidates 233,000 votes as against 157,000 for the socialist party candidates. This is admitted to be an indication of the direction taken by the industrial working class.

In the agricultural department of the Loire, the Communist candidates received 19,000 votes as against the 14,000 for the candidate of socialist party, and this must be taken to have some significance in the important question of the direction taken by the peasants of France.

It is admitted by the capitalist news agencies as probable that a dozen or more Communists will be elected in the final balloting to the Chamber of Deputies and that Comrades Cachin and Doriot who are now in prison and Duclos, who is being sought by the police, will be elected to the Chamber of Deputies. The vote cast for the Communist ticket, they concede, will probably be bigger than it was in 1924, when our French comrades elected twenty deputies on the first ballot. The peculiar election law and the extraordinary number of candidates in the field are reasons for the discrepancy in the first ballot this year.

If these reports are accurate they mean that the French Communist Party is making headway in winning the masses of the French workers from the traitors who have so long held them under their reformist illusions, only to sell them out to the capitalist class. For this and not with any illusions that the "democratic" elections of a capitalist state can give the power to our class, the Communists participate in bourgeois elections.

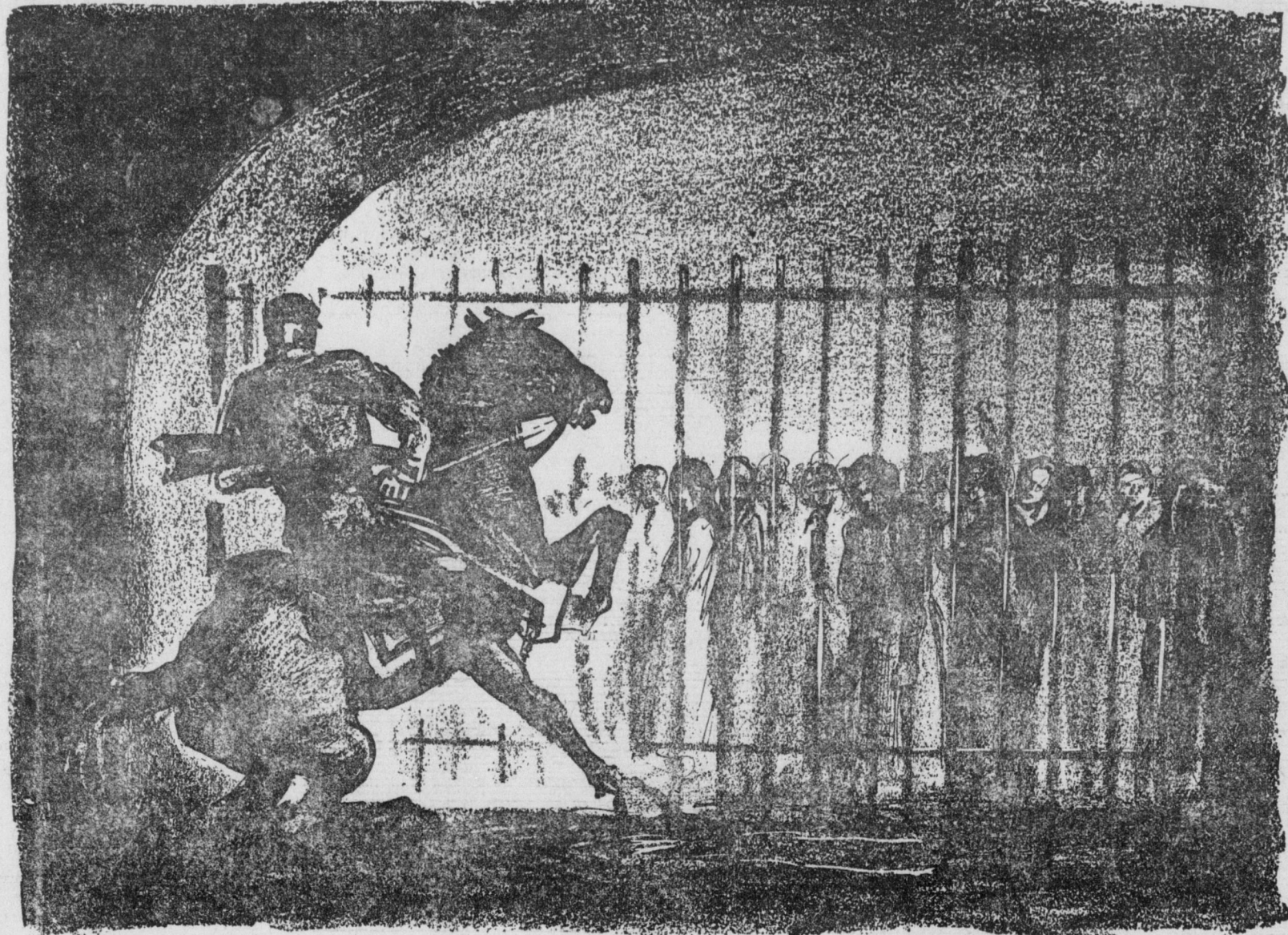
In every country of the world the so-called socialist parties are struggling to preserve the faith of the working class in the capitalist state, and thus they are the most dangerous enemies of the working class. Upon the parties of the Second International the capitalist class of the various countries of Europe depended in the period after the world war in order to defeat the proletarian revolution. In the United States, the party of Hillquit, Berger, O'neal and the Reverend Thomas is only thirsting for the opportunity to serve the Wall Street capitalists in the way that Noske, Vandervele, MacDonald and the Leon Blums served the capitalist class at a time of high tide of working class action.

The defeat of the most dangerous servants of the capitalist class within the ranks of the workers, as shown by the first ballot of the French elections, is a victory for the working class. Only when these traitors have lost their power to delude the workers, will it be possible for the working class to mobilize its strength for the overthrow of the capitalist class.

Wall St. Investments Grow

By LELAND OLDS.
 (Federated Press.)
 Wall Street's investment empire grows at an ever increasing pace, according to department of commerce figures on foreign securities offered in the United States the first quarter of 1928. The department shows \$409,390,650 publicly offered by American bankers in the three-month period compared with \$377,357,700 the first quarter of 1927.
 In addition to the publicly offered securities large amounts of American capital are being invested in foreign countries through private transactions, that is by purchase of securities direct, purchase of properties and additions to American branch factories. The department finds it difficult to obtain details but it has data showing such private foreign investment in the three months to a total of \$71,509,000.
Empire Largest Borrower.
 For four successive years total foreign securities publicly offered in this country has exceeded \$1,000,000,000. The totals have been \$1,219,541,687 in 1924, \$1,329,920,750 in 1925, \$1,818,554,850 in 1926 and \$1,592,595,760 in 1927. Another record year is in prospect. The five-year total will undoubtedly exceed \$7,000,000,000. According to Woodrow Wilson such foreign investment is the modern method of conquest.
 Europe was the largest borrower of American dollars in the first quarter, taking \$196,711,650. Of this \$61,000,000 went to Germany, \$39,000,000 to Italy and \$38,000,000 to Scandinavia, chiefly Norway. Other European countries in the list are Belgium, England, Finland, France, Greece, Hungary and Poland.
\$165,000,000 in Latin America.
 The next largest detachment of American dollars invaded Latin America, the total being \$165,909,000. The three months saw \$46,997,000 in-

vested in Argentina, \$43,912,000 in Chile, \$34,750,000 in Brazil and \$31,250,000 in Colombia. San Domingo and Cuba borrowed lesser amounts. Canadian securities publicly offered in the United States in this period had a par value of \$34,270,000. For Australia the total was \$6,500,000, for Hawaii \$1,000,000 and for Japan \$8,000,000.
 Government and municipal issues predominated with a total of \$267,824,000 compared with \$141,566,650 in corporate issues. But of the capital invested in Europe during the period the greater part went to corporations.
Invested in Power Projects.
 American financing of European electric power projects was an outstanding feature of the corporate financing covered by the report. American investors put \$20,000,000 into Westphalia United Electric Power Corp., \$20,250,000 into the Italian Superpower Corp., \$5,000,000 into Terni, another Italian electrical concern, and \$6,000,000 into the Oslo Gas and Electric Works of Norway. In this group should also be included \$8,000,000 invested in the Nippon Electric Power Co. in Japan. All this represents extension to foreign lands of the American power trust dominated by Morgan's General Electric Company.
Railways, Mines, Also Included.
 Other important foreign corporations included are the Gelsenkirchen Mining Corp. of Germany, the Paris-Orleans railroad and the French Line of France, the Belgian National railways, a number of Canadian paper and power companies, two Cuban sugar companies and several German land banks.
 These quarterly reports on American foreign investments show the steady extension of the tribute levied by American capitalists on the workers throughout the world.



Trap the mine workers' wives, sisters and daughters and keep them in jail, so as to terrorize the men, is the theory of the Ohio coal operators.

Teachers' Pay Reduced

DES MOINES, Ia., April 23 (FP).—The Des Moines school board has increased the pay of about one-third of the teaching force, the total raise amounting to \$15,000 annually. The superintendent assured the board that this will not increase the budget, as during the past year 75 highly paid teachers were dismissed and low-paid ones substituted.

Defeat Night-Work Bill

BOSTON, April 23.—A bill permitting mill night work for women and children until 10 p. m. has been defeated in the state house of representatives.

The Bloody May 1st in Fascist Poland

By K. LESKI (Warsaw).
 Last year the First of May was awaited with special interest in Poland. Both the proletariat and the bourgeoisie were aware that in that year, the first year of the fascist dictatorship of Pilsudski, the May demonstration of the working class would be a protest against this dictatorship, an indication of the revolutionary mood of the masses towards the government of increased exploitation and white terror.
 The press and the appeals of the Polish socialist party (P. P. S.) incited even more than in the past year against our Party, against our slogan of defending the Soviet Union against British imperialism and against the imperialism of Pilsudski, and forbade the socialist workers to take

part in joint demonstrations with the Communists, who summoned all workers to a united front.
 The bourgeoisie, the fascist government and the leaders of the reformist P. P. S.—united and conscious of their common aim—adopted every measure in order to prevent the revolutionary demonstrations of the workers on May Day.
 Already in the last weeks of April those workers who were suspected of Communism and their organizations also, were subjected to increased persecution. In Warsaw the police forced their way into the premises where the commercial employees were holding a social evening and arrested about 40 persons. In Zyrardow and Blon, not far from Warsaw, about 50 workers were arrested. Wholesale domiciliary visits took place in upper

Silesia, Lemberg, Przemyśl and in other places of West Ukraine (East Galicia and Wolhynia). In Grodno 20 workers were arrested. In the district of Vilna 16, etc., etc.
 The proclamations of the police everywhere announced that in every place where demonstrations were held under slogans hostile to the state they would be broken up by armed force. In the whole of Pilsudski's Poland there was created that atmosphere which was so well known in the time of czarism.
 But the working masses of Poland, steeled in many fights, did not shrink before the fascist terror. Under the red banners of Communism they marched through the streets in the towns, and also in the villages. The number of those participating in these demonstrations exceeded in many

places, and especially in Warsaw, the number of those participating in the demonstrations of the P. P. S.
 Pilsudski could not permit the slogans which the proletariat flung in the face of the fascist dictatorship. His police and the fascist bands tried to disperse the demonstrators.
 In Warsaw a detachment of mounted police was let loose against the procession of Communists which was led by Comrade Varski. These bloodhounds of Pilsudski wounded 100 persons. More than 100 participants in the Communist demonstration were arrested; and the demonstration, in spite of the fact that it was twice broken up by the police, again assembled before the police prison. In answer to the cries demanding the release of the political prisoners, there resounded from behind the prison bars

the singing of the "International."
 In Lemberg, Vilna, Vloclavsk, everywhere the police and the P. P. S. proceeded together against the demonstrating Communists.
 There were also dead among the victims!
 In the district of Brest, in the village of Stavly Vielke, the police fired on a demonstration consisting of some hundreds of peasants, killing one of them.
 It also came to bloodshed in Brest (western White-Russia). When the Communists attempted to release some arrested demonstrators, the police opened fire, killing one person and wounding several others.
 The fascist dictator had added several fresh items to his ever-increasing list of crimes.

Strike Closes Illinois Mines Despite Fishwick Machine

By ARNE SWABECK.
 CHICAGO, April 23.—Despite the hectic efforts made by the Harry Fishwick miners district machine to convince the world that many Illinois mines are continuing operation on separate agreements, there appears to be extremely little coal produced in the state. The District Save-the-Union movement has taken steps to act effectively as possible to extend the strike to Illinois, to stop work in every mine, and to join with Pennsylvania and Ohio to strike for a national agreement.
 The district machine, for instance, announced that a total of fifteen mines were signed up in the Belle-

ville subdistrict. Most of them are what is called "father and son" mines, employing less than five men. The two mines in O'Fallen and Pocahontas were signed up but the miners refused to work. Picketing activities are now developing among the other mines.
 Throughout the whole state, the mines operating are only in small isolated territories, as in Danville, two mines owned by the United States Corporation, one in Panther Creek, in the Springfield subdistrict, one mine operating in Du Quain, two strip mines operating in the Herrin territory, and two mines working in Harrisburg. Out of a total of 163 shipping mines in the district, only about

five appear to be working, according to the report received by the district Save-the-Union Committee at its meeting last Tuesday. Effective steps have already been taken to pull the men out on strike in the most important territories.
 At the meeting of the Save-the-Union Committee held last Tuesday, delegates from all over the state to the total of eighty were in attendance. In addition to taking steps to spread the strike, to organize picketing of the small mines in operation, the following points were taken up in detail at the all-day conference and the following steps were taken to further strengthen the movement.
 1. Provide for taking control of the

local unions and ousting the reactionary officials.
 2. To counteract any expulsion move in such a manner as to keep the Save-the-Union movement on the offensive.
 3. Preparations to secure the necessary signatures of five per cent of the members to demand a special district convention to take up the question of
 a) extending the strike thruout Illinois against wage cuts and for a national settlement.
 b) to reject the separate agreement policy.
 c) to eliminate the reactionary district machine.
 A number of organizers were sent

into the field, particularly to the southern part of the state to build up and strengthen the movement to help organize the picketing where mines are in operation, and to make the strike complete. The conference made extensive preparations for the organization of women's committees to mobilize the women to help in the struggle and took steps to extend the miners relief activities in every city in the Illinois coal fields.
 The Illinois coal operators have reiterated their policy of refusing to negotiate with the union except on the basis of a wage reduction. The rank and file have taken up the challenge and are preparing for a fight to the finish.

The Progressives Fight to Control Farmer-Labor Party

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., April 23.—Has the Farmer-Labor Party of Minnesota become an instrument controlled for personal advancement by Senator Shipstead? This question has been agitating the minds of all sincere builders of the farmer-labor movement since the close of the recent state convention.
 Shipstead maintains silence on his intentions and even the capitalist journals wonder whether these intentions are honorable or not. Having maneuvered himself into the favorable position where he can dictate platform and policy to the party, Shipstead now teeters on the fence, not having made up his mind whether to throw in his lot openly with the republicans, whose senate caucus he helped organize and with whom he has consistently voted, or to maintain his stranglehold on the party organized and built by the toil and devotion of the working and farming masses of the state.
 In contradistinction to the old political parties, which maintain a discipline and dictation over their candidates, the Hon. Henrik has throttled the labor party into such weakness that we witnessed at the convention the sorry spectacle of a group of groveling Shipsteadites who trembled lest there be included in the election platform a single plank which it might offend the delicate sensibilities of the senator to tread upon.
 However, the same genuine working class elements who in the con-

vention put up a good fight against the attempted domination of the party by this individual, have not ceased their efforts to build and strengthen a real farmer-labor party, representing the true interests of the industrial workers and working farmers. It will be remembered that this progressive bloc in the convention sound-

ed a warning as to the fate of the farmer-labor party if it continues to pander to Shipstead, and proposed the nomination of a tested, reliable worker in opposition to the renomination of the dainty-fingered Henrik.
 They have not swerved from their intention to fight for the building of a genuine farmer-labor party, which

fight will be carried on through the primaries and the general election campaign. They are consolidating their forces and rallying support and good work and real results may be expected from them, as they are a group with clear vision, seeing the danger confronting the political organization of the workers and farm-

ers and determined to fight for the class interests of the workers and farmers. Knowing the limitations of even a genuine labor party, which at best can only bring about reforms in the corrupt capitalist system, they are nevertheless determined to break away the workers from the old line political organizations by building such a genuine labor party and securing through it whatever benefits may be possible for the industrial and farm workers.
 From all over the state, progressive forces are rallying to the battle and their next step will be the filing of William Watkins for senator on the farmer-labor ticket. William Watkins was proposed by the minority of the Nominating Committee in the state convention for U. S. senator, in opposition to Shipstead, and was supported by more than one-third of the delegates. It will be remembered that the Nominating Committee minority presented the name of William Watkins as one who has at all times worked for the building of a genuine farmer-labor party, without seeking personal rewards or advancement, in contrast to the record of Shipstead who is charged with having betrayed the interests of the workers and farmers voting against the Heflin resolution calling for the withdrawal of the marines from Nicaragua, and in lining up the republicans in organizing the senate.
 Watkins will stand without equivocation for the building of a real farmer-labor party.

Industrial Psychologists Aid Employers

The "industrial psychologist" is being more and more widely employed by American firms to induce the workers to be more satisfied with their jobs, to reduce the labor turnover, and to measure the workers' efficiency. While some of the work in this field has scientific value, the mask of science is also used to cover class collaboration propaganda of various kinds.
How to Speed Up Workers.
 One industrial psychologist, employed by a leading American firm, has pointed to Europe as an example of how people can be made happier by adapting them to their work. Referring to European experiments of this sort, the New York Times says: "In a recent experiment in England it was found that if certain girls in hosiery factories were fitted with glasses, though their eyesight was good, this had the effect of concentrating attention and increasing out-

put with less fatigue than formerly. In mass tests it was found that mine workers supplied with good ventilation produced fifty per cent more work. In factory mass tests it was found that if rest pauses were taken on an official schedule, instead of being left to the individual workers, the hourly production rose from 16 pieces to 25 pieces when working ten minutes and resting two."
 Dr. Henry C. Moffat, an economist connected with the General Motors Corporation, has said that his company uses "industrial psychology" and has shifted the problem of industry from machinery to motivation.
Ignore Real Problems.
 The "industrial psychologists" in the main, omit all reference to such un-psychological problems as unemployment, wage cuts, and low pay in the unorganized industries. One of the purposes of industrial psychology

as used by American firms was clearly expressed by Alfred A. Sloan, president of General Motors, when he said: "The degree to which any institution permanently succeeds is tremendously influenced by the ability with which capital, labor and management are coordinated in serving the public. This means that the dominating influence is the collective endeavor of every individual on the payrolls, which means more intelligent work on the part of every workman, as well as that of the executive force." Mr. Sloan is fond of referring to his company as "the family."
 A bill is to be introduced into the New York state legislature providing for the "emotional guidance" of the citizens from childhood on. The bill calls for a mental section of the educational department of the state which will aim to train boys and girls to be emotionally normal.

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