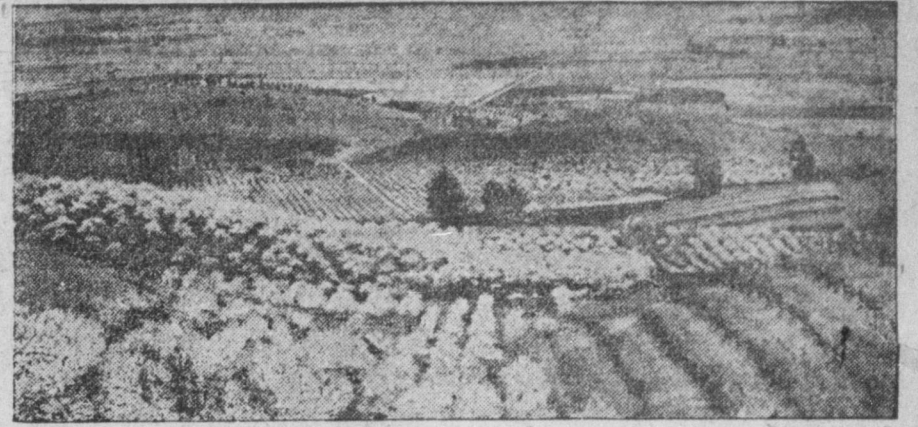
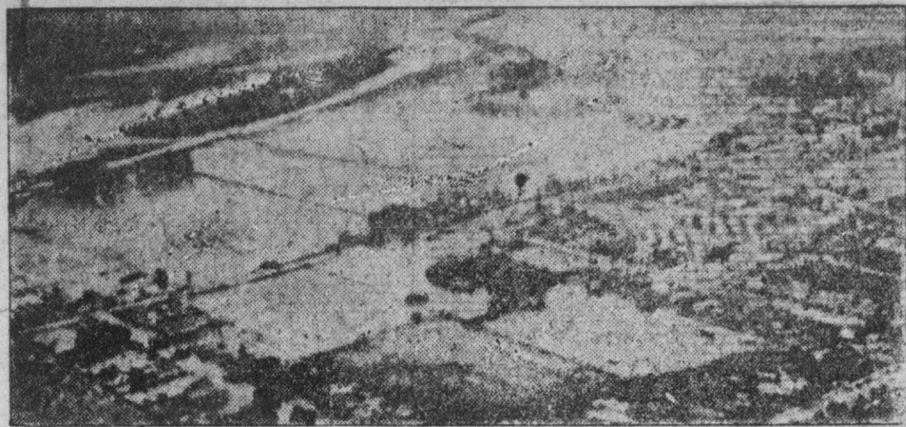


NUMBER OF DEAD AND MISSING IN CALIFORNIA DAM BREAK MOUNTING; HAVOC IS SHOWN



Political graft resulted in the death of workers in California, when the waters of the faulty San Francis dam burst, flooding the Santa Paula valley. Engineers had repeatedly said that the collapse of the dam as it was constructed was inevitable, but state inspectors had been bribed by real estate men to approve the project. Photo at left shows the valley after the flood. Center photo shows workers searching the flooded area for the dead. At extreme right is shown the valley as it looked before the flood had devastated it.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

FINAL CITY EDITION

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POLICE GUNS FAIL TO HALT ANTI-HORTHY PROTEST

BONITO, MENDOLA, MOLESKI, UP ON MURDER CHARGE

Defense Makes Active Preparations

PITTSFORD, March 14. — Adam Molecki, Sam Bonito and Steve Mendola have been indicted for murder. A murder charge was returned yesterday against these three progressive mine workers who have been held in connection with the shooting of Frank Agati, one of the Cappelini gunmen in District 1.

Expected.

The indictment handed down yesterday has come as no surprise to the local miners. It has been understood from the very first that the local police officials working together with the coal operators and the union officials of District 1, would seek to put these innocent progressive miners out of the way.

The three are to stand trial at the next term of the court. Bonito is declared to have done the actual shooting although Mendola and Molecki have been indicted with him.

A local defense committee to work for the release of these miners has been formed. Powers Haggood, a well-known militant miner, is chairman of the committee.

The committee has announced that there will be no let-up until these innocent workers have been returned to their fellows.

Class Justice.

The hypocrisy of class justice in Pennsylvania has been fully revealed in the past few weeks. Although four leading progressive miners have been shot down, and scores beaten up and their homes destroyed; although others have been bombed by gangsters of the district machine, still the police officials have shut their eyes to these crimes.

The machine gun killers, admittedly in the pay of the Cappelini crew, have not been apprehended. The murderer of Tom Lillis is still at large, the gunman who shot down and nearly killed Sam Greco is free to continue his activities. The local authorities make no real effort to run them down. But when a crime can be fastened on to a progressive miner no matter how impossible the connection, the police here are on the job.

The miners and workers everywhere will rally to the defense of Bonito, Mendola and Molecki.

ELLIS, GELLERT, AT "RED REVUE"

Original Performance Tomorrow Night

Fred Ellis and Hugo Gellert, revolutionary artists, will contribute to the program at the "Red Revue" to be presented tomorrow evening at the New Star Casino, 107th St. and Park Ave. Humorous blackboard sketches of figures prominent or notorious in the labor movement will be drawn by them. Some of the individuals depicted will undoubtedly be cheered and others will just as certainly be booed. Among the latter will be found the rotund and prosperous countenance of Morris Sigman of New York City and Iowa— at present on a leave of absence from his western Coney Island. Others will be Morris Hillquit, a New York lawyer; Norman Thomas, a clergyman without a pulpit; Calvin Coolidge and Andrew W. Mellon.

Another Victim of Political Corruption



Photo shows a worker carrying the body of a twelve-year old boy one of the hundreds who were drowned in the deluge which descended on the Santa Paula valley in California when the poorly constructed San Francisco dam burst. State officials were bribed by real estate men who tried to get rich quick by booming the valley, to give their official approval to the dam project. As part of the same program of corruption, thousands of farmers who had been lured to Southern California by glowing promises of cheap arable land were later robbed of their water rights and financially ruined.

DEMAND FOR INQUIRY INTO TRAGEDY GROWS

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 14.—The number of dead and missing as a result of the break in the St. Francis dam Tuesday morning has been rising steadily. Feverish check-ups of the number of victims of the tragedy reveal 248 known dead and over 600 missing. A large portion of the latter, it is expected, were probably drowned when the waters of San Francisco canyon burst thru the dam.

DENOUNCE VISIT OF TERRORISTS

Workers Party Issues Statement

"Hon. James J. Walker, Mayor of the City of New York, Dear Sir:

"The Workers (Communist) Party of America, New York District, vehemently protests against the brutality and viciousness of the police displayed in the vicinity of Pier 54, North River, on Tuesday, March 13th. At that time and place several thousand workers assembled at the waterfront in an emphatic and yet lawful manner and made known to the emissaries from the Horthy fascist government about to enter the city that American workers were fully aware of the bloody butchery which is the order of the day in Hungary.

"They had come to show their solidarity with their fellow workers in Hungary now languishing in the (Continued on Page Five)

Benefit for Jobless at Playwrights Tonight

Unemployed workers of this city will be the beneficiaries of a performance of "Hoboken Blues," Michael Gold's play of Harlem life, which will be given at the New Playwrights' Theatre, 40 Commerce St., tonight under the auspices of the Workers' International Relief. The proceeds of the performance will be used to feed the unemployed at the food kitchen opened last week by the W. I. R. at 60 St. Marks Place.

Mellon Admits Concealing "Oil" Bonds

"SLEPT ON" THEM; THEN DECIDED TO TURN THEM BACK

Offers No Proof for His Claim

WASHINGTON, March 14.—That Andrew W. Mellon, secretary of the treasury and virtual dictator of the Coolidge "oil scandal" government, returned \$50,000 of Sinclair oil bonds only because the Teapot Dome investigation had already begun and because he feared exposure was revealed here today in a further examination of the testimony given by Mellon before the senate committee yesterday.

Mellon first received and then returned the bonds sent him by Will Hays, chairman of the Republican national committee in November, 1923. This was a month after investigation into the Teapot Dome leases had created a national stir.

Mellon Gives \$50,000.

Secretary Mellon further testified that December 6, only about two weeks after he says he returned the bonds, he sent Hays a check for \$50,000 toward wiping out the republican party deficit in the expense of buying the election of Harding and Coolidge in 1920.

In his testimony Mellon stated he received the bonds from Hays thru a messenger, after the latter had telephoned to him that he was sending the treasurer a "package of value." After opening the package he discovered that the contents were bonds. (Continued on Page Five)

Workers Score Welcome of Horthy Terrorists



Over 500 white terrorists representing the Horthy fascist government in Hungary, heard boos and shouts from the Hungarian workers of New York. The blood-stained Hungarian fascists, among whom are many actual leaders in the torture and murder of thousands of Hungarian workers, will unveil a monument to Kossuth, Hungarian revolutionist, today. The name of Kossuth is being used to mask the real purpose of the terrorists, which is to spread Horthy propaganda in this country.

COMMUNISTS CONDEMN BETRAYAL OF I. R. T. MEN

Statement of the Workers (Communist) Party District 2, to the traction workers of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company.

"To the Traction Workers of New York City: "You have been betrayed by the reactionary Tammany Hall henchmen, Coleman and company and by the Tammany Hall mayor, Jimmie Walker. What we predicted a long time ago, that these labor bureaucrats and cowardly officials could not and would not organize you into a union, has come true. While the Interborough Rapid Transit Company has been acting with the brutality of traction kings making every effort to hamstring you in the work of organization by the use of injunctions, by their beakies and company spies and by secret understandings with the city administration, Coleman and company have been carrying on backstairs negotiations with Tammany Hall officials who are owned body and soul by the traction kings and the big open shop interests of New York City.

Allowed Demoralization. "In place of militantly organizing the workers and striking at the moment when the situation was ripe and when thousands of workers had en- (Continued on Page Five)

SEWER SCANDAL MEET TOMORROW

Weinstone and Miller To Be Speakers

The \$29,500,000 Queens sewer scandal will be discussed at a mass meeting tomorrow at 8:30 p. m. called by the Long Island section, Workers (Communist) Party, at Bohemian Hall, Woolsey and Second Ave., Astoria, L. I.

The speakers will be William W. Weinstone, district organizer Workers (Communist) Party and Bert Miller, district organization secretary of the Party. A. H. Harfield will preside.

WHAT HAVE YOU DONE FOR "DAILY"?

What Will You Do to Help Save Your Paper from Destruction?

To every Comrade, Reader and Sympathizer! The situation is still serious, the need is urgent. The DAILY WORKER is still on the defensive. We want to ask you a few questions. You make the answer. Then act at once. Do you want The DAILY WORKER to go to hundreds of striking miners, who can't afford to pay for it? Do you want the protests of the unemployed workers to go unheard? Do you want to save Bill Dunne, Bert Miller and Alex Bittelman from going to jail? Do you want the message of militant struggle to go around the country from New York to California? Do you want to save The DAILY WORKER? What has your organization, club, or nucleus done to save this paper? What have you done to get a new subscriber? Are you buying that extra copy of The DAILY WORK-

ER to give to your fellow worker, or your friend, or to leave in a street car or some place where it will be read? How much are you giving REGULARLY to the Ruthenberg Sustaining Fund, weekly or monthly? How often have you contributed to The DAILY WORKER? What have you done about it? What will you do about it? The situation is serious, the need is urgent. You make the answer, and let your conscience be your guide. Have you already given? Then give more! If you haven't given then think of the miners, the unemployed, The DAILY WORKER. Then make your answer. Act at once! What have you done about it? What will you do about it? —HARRY BLAKE.

MAYOR SPEAKS IN WELCOME AS POLICE ATTACK

Hungarian Delegation Denounced by Labor

With Tuesday night's gun fire of the New York police fresh in their minds, hundreds of workers returned to the streets again yesterday to continue their demonstration against the delegation of 572 Hungarian fascists sent to this country by Horthy, Hungarian white guard premier.

Shortly after the arrival of the delegation on the Olympic Tuesday night the police were firing into a crowd of men and women workers in a desperate attempt to disperse them. Scores of workers were beaten with night sticks and black-jacks. The police attack surpassed in brutality any similar attack of the recent past.

Police Ride on Crowd.

Despite the exposure by the Anti-Horthy League of the delegation's purpose in coming to this country, Mayor James J. Walker officially welcomed the delegation at the New York City Hall yesterday, while 500 mounted police and patrolmen and 100 detectives stood guard. The police threw an armed cordon around City Hall Park to forestall a large congregation of workers there. Thousands of leaflets were distributed by the workers in the vicinity of the City Hall despite the riding of mounted police into the ranks of pickets bearing placards.

Workers Expose Motive.

The official program arranged for the fascist delegation in cooperation with Tammany Hall for today consists principally in the unveiling of a statue to Kossuth, Hungarian liberator, on Riverside Drive at 113th St. at 2 p. m. The unveiling will be preceded by a parade on Fifth Ave.

Organized Hungarian workers and liberals throughout the United States charge the unveiling of the Kossuth statue is intended merely as propaganda material. The Horthy regime hopes to raise a huge loan in this (Continued on Page Two)

KEYMEN IN NEW LABOR ATTACKS

"Daily" Needed to Aid Workers in Fight

A delegation composed of representatives of the Keymen of America, the American Legion, the Allied Patriotic Societies of New York, the Daughters of the American Revolution and the New York Chamber of Commerce, have visited President Coolidge and urged him to put into force the scheme fixing the quotas of foreign born workers seeking entrance to the United States.

This new attempt against the foreign born workers, carried out by the same patriotic and militarist organizations which have been attacking The DAILY WORKER, is the latest development in the general conspiracy of the American capitalist reaction to crush the growing militancy of the American working class.

The Keymen of America, militarist agents of the bosses, were the instigators of the original suit against The DAILY WORKER whose purpose was (Continued on Page Two)

UNION OFFICIALS DESERT IRT MEN

Carry Out Last Step of Tammany Plan

That the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees has abandoned its plan to take any action to protect its members from the continued reprisals and intimidation by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company which today led to the firing of two more workers, was confirmed yesterday.

From sources close to the officials of the union, it was learned that there has now been abandoned even the pretense that anything will be attempted.

At the same time it became evident from a published statement by Mayor Walker that he will hereafter wash his hands of the whole situation. The Tammany mayor who has used the union labor fakery to betray the traction workers in his statement stresses his helplessness to secure action from the Interborough management.

This statement following upon the departure from town of William D. Mahon, president and William B. Fitzgerald, vice-president of the Amalgamated, who by their hurried retreat from the city have put a fitting touch to their acts of treachery, confirms the prediction that the Tammany Hall-Amalgamated outfit now propose to liquidate the situation as speedily as possible.

In a statement that is inane to the point of exasperation, the mayor after showing how helpless he is in (Continued on Page Five)

Providence Forms "Builders Clubs" to Aid Daily Worker Subscription Drive

RAISE \$58.00 TO DEFEND "WORKER" AT ACTIVE MEET

Worcester Prepares to Push Campaign

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 14.—At a very successful meeting here Sunday of members of the Workers (Communist) Party, readers of and sympathizers with The DAILY WORKER—the first DAILY WORKER "Builders Club" in Providence was formed.

The big meeting, opened by H. Shapiro, DAILY WORKER agent in Providence, heard A. Ravitch, circulation manager of the paper, discuss the need of a strong "Builders Club" to intensify the national subscription drive in Rhode Island.

Ravitch told the meeting of the danger with which the paper is faced as a result of the attacks of the United States Government and emphasized the importance of the "Builders Clubs" in the work of organizing activity on behalf of the "DAILY."

Propose to Form Club.
When Ravitch had finished speaking, it was proposed from the floor that the meeting proceed at once with the formation of the "Club." The motion was accepted. Nineteen workers were immediately incorporated into the new body which proceeded with the formation of plans for the subscription drive.

House to house subscription work, frequent free distribution of the DAILY WORKER and the opening of new news-stands for the paper were arranged.

Fifty-eight dollars for the defense of The DAILY WORKER was collected before the end of the meeting with the promise that more would be contributed in the course of two weeks.

Worcester Meeting Success.

WORCESTER, Mass., (By Mail).—In spite of heavy, snowy weather scores of members of the Workers (Communist) Party turned out in a general membership meeting here Friday, to hear A. Ravitch, circulation manager of The DAILY WORKER, discuss the dangers threatening the workers' press and proposed means by which the workers can defeat them.

Plans for organizing the subscription drive in Worcester and vicinity were discussed and the strengthening of DAILY WORKER "Builder Clubs" was decided upon. Other plans of an organizational nature were also arranged for.

The entire Party organization in Worcester is behind the drive and promises to put across the subscription campaign in their area.

Thirty-one dollars for the defense of The DAILY WORKER was collected at the meeting.

KEYMEN IN NEW LABOR ATTACKS

(Continued from Page One)
the complete muzzling of the workers' press. The arrest of Wm. F. Dunne, Bert Miller and Alex Bittelman was the result of the representations made by this organization of American fascists.

Again the life of The DAILY WORKER is in the hands of the American working class. Only their contributions can hold off the attack of the militarist organizations and prevent the crushing of the only militant English labor daily in the world.

The danger is great. Respond to your paper's need. Rush your contributions to The DAILY WORKER, 33 First Street, New York City.

Charged With Bribery, Milk Dealer Pleads

Henry M. Danizer, of Middle Village, recently indicted charged with bribery in connection with the bringing of "bootleg milk" to New York City, has asked Judge Frank F. Adel in Queens County Court to dismiss the indictment. Danizer is alleged to have paid a bribe of \$1,440 to Thomas J. Clougher, former secretary to the health commissioner.

The plea for the dismissal of the indictment was based on testimony given by the defendant against other alleged violators of the health laws.

Labor Defense Benefit

A gala night for the readers and friends of the "Labor Defender," the illustrated monthly magazine of the International Labor Defense, will be held Friday night at the New Playwrights' Theatre, 40 Commerce St., where Mike Gold's whimsical fantasy in black and white, "Hoboken Blues," is playing.

FOR LABOR UNITY.

Vern Smith, editor of "Labor Unity" will be the principal speaker at a conference of Labor Unity agents to be held tonight at 8 o'clock at 101 E. 14th St. Plans for city-wide distribution will be discussed.

These Two Coal-Diggers Are Relief Workers



Here are Larry Peterson and Cullen R. Miller, rank and file miners of (District 5) California, Pa. They are in New York to work with the Pennsylvania-Ohio Miners Relief Society to raise funds for the 600,000 starving miners, their wives and children. Yesterday these coal diggers together with two of their fellow workers gave the lie to the senators in the Washington probe who stated that the miners are unwilling to receive help from this Society.

RULING IS SOUGHT ON NICARAGUAN STAMP

A complaint was filed by the All-America Anti-Imperialist League yesterday morning, applying for a temporary injunction against New York Postmaster John J. Kiely and Postmaster General Harry S. New, who have refused to allow the League to use a stamp bearing the inscription "Protest Against Marine Rule in Nicaragua." The complaint was filed by Manuel Gomez, secretary of the United States section of the League, through Arthur Garfield Hayes, his attorney.

"The use of the stamps has been only a part of our propaganda," Gomez said, "but the issue takes on additional importance only because of the government interference which makes it a sudden expression of the consciousness and ruthlessness with which the United States government is proceeding along the imperialist path.

Aid for Sandino.
"At the same time as we carry our propaganda into the courts we also are carrying it among the masses of the people by sending out 25,000 circulars and appeals for funds to aid Gen. Augusto Sandino with bandages and medical supplies.

The post office department notified the League in January that it was violating section 212 of the United States Penal Code and that the stamps were libelous and obscene, according to the complaint. Other organizations have used stamps without interference from the government, however, Gomez points out.

Demands Injunction.
The complaint asks the court not only to issue an injunction restraining the defendants from interfering with the mail of the League, but to declare the defendants, Postmaster Kiely and Postmaster General New, were without authority in declaring the stamps unmailable.

A meeting will be held by the New York Branch of the league Monday, March 19, at 8 p. m. at Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving place on the subject of "Wall Street's War with Nicaragua." Scott Nearing and Toribio Uijerino, former Nicaraguan consul general in New York, will be the speakers.

Earthquake Threatens Workers on Coast



Severe earthquake tremors shook the section of California to the north of Los Angeles a few days ago, and severed the water system in that city. The workers, who are forced by poverty to live in the most poorly constructed houses, are always the chief sufferers in earthquakes. Photo shows the effect of the last earthquake on workers' homes in Santa Barbara.

POLICE FAIL TO STOP HORTHY PROTEST HERE

Hungarian Terrorists Here for Cash

(Continued from Page One)
country as a prop for its discredited power at home, according to the workers, and is using the name of the Hungarian patriot.

Mass Meeting Called.
The Anti-Horthy League has called a mass meeting for today from 4 to 8 p. m. at the Central Opera House to demand the immediate departure of the delegation and freedom for the workers and peasants in Hungary, where many have been killed or imprisoned. English-language as well as foreign-language speakers will address the meeting.

The Workers (Communist) Party, the International Labor Defense and the Anti-Horthy League are participating in the demonstrations, which the organized workers in other cities to be visited by the delegation expect to carry on, according to dispatches received in New York.

In addition to Mayor Walker the other speakers at the reception that was held in the city hall were Baron Sigmund Perenyi, chairman of the delegation; Mayor Sipoc of Budapest and Morris Zuker, chairman of the Kossuth Memorial Committee. William H. Wooden of the mayor's reception committee presided.

When the delegation was leaving the city hall pickets started to display banners. Mounted police drove into their ranks and dispersed them. Several thousand leaflets were distributed.

Ceremony Today.
The delegation will attend the unveiling of the statue of Louis Kossuth, Hungarian patriot at 113th St. and Riverside Drive this afternoon. The delegation claims that it came to America for the purpose of participating in the ceremony. Liberal Hungarians in America charge the delegates are here to secure a loan for the fascist government of Hungary and to promote fascist propaganda.

More than a dozen shots were fired into the line of workers demonstrating in front of the White Star Line pier at 17th St. and West St. at 10:30 o'clock Tuesday night. In addition more than a score of workers were severely beaten up.

Police Brutality.
No police action against demonstrating workers in recent years has equaled in brutality this action of the police and detectives, who numbered several hundred.

When the Hungarian fascists reached the Knickerbocker Hotel at 45th St. and Broadway at 11:30 p. m. additional pickets with banners greeted the white terrorists. Police here also broke up the picket line, beating up many workers.

When the 572 fascists started to enter the buses at the pier, the line of pickets, banners high, started to march along West St. from 18th St. towards 17th St. Mounted police blocked the progress of the workers and compelled them to march into 17th St. in the direction of 11th Ave. The pickets quickly reformed their lines and once again appeared on 11th Ave, suddenly coming from 18th St. Detectives and patrolmen started beating up the workers driving them in 17th St. once again. After half of the pickets had been driven to 11th Ave., the police circled the tail end of the line which consisted of about 20 workers. One policeman entered the circle and compelled one worker at a time to leave, the policemen hitting them with their nightsticks when they were driven out of the line. Women as well as men were the victims of the police terror.

Re-form Line.
While this was going on the other pickets were again re-forming their lines on 11th Ave. They again appeared on West St. and once more mounted and foot police drove into them. Clubs were used freely, the crack of the clubs on the heads of scores of workers sounding above the cheers of defiance by the demonstrators. The line was then driven into 17th St. again. When they were half way down the block with mounted police on their heels, the camera of a newspaper photographer exploded on West St. more than a half a block away from any of the demonstrating workers.

The police started shooting at the retreating workers. Other patrolmen nearer the workers also drew out their revolvers and also started shooting point blank at the workers, some of whom were only a few feet away from them. Due to the intense darkness on 11th Ave. no one was hit, altho several workers were beaten into semi-consciousness. In several cases four or five police attacked one worker and beat him for five or six minutes. The police under the impression that the exploding camera was a bomb, became ruthless. Workers were chased in some cases for several blocks and then beaten. No attempts at arrest were made. Members of the industrial and bomb squad participated.

Intimidate Workers.
More than an hour later individual workers were stopped by patrolmen and detectives in the neighborhood of

Exploit Desire for "Romance" for Imperialism



Desire for excitement, publicity and financial rewards are being systematically exploited by the war-mongers in their effort to extend the aviation machinery of the capitalist countries. British and American rivalry in building up their military forces has resulted in a series of aviation stunts by naval aviators in an effort to make flying attractive. Walter Hinchcliffe (left), British military aviator, left on a mysterious flight with Elsie Mackay (right) as passenger.



NATIONWIDE PULLMAN STRIKE VOTE PLANNED

FORM COMMITTEES AT TEXTILE MEET

Officials Betray Men, Delegates Declare

BOSTON, Mass., (By Mail).—

Delegates from textile committees in mills throuth the New England states, as well as from the Amalgamated Textile Councils and locals of the United Textile Workers participated Sunday in a conference of the utmost importance to textile workers the country over.

Sensational disclosures of exploitation, speed-up, doubled and tripled production, \$7 average week's wages, 58 to 72 hours of work, were the general reports of the delegates.

Betrays by officials of the United Textile Workers and the American Federation of Textile Operatives, presidents and other "leaders," serving as efficiency experts for the bosses, were described by the delegates. In one instance an official acted as police chief to suppress the workers, as in the case of Tansay of the A. F. T. O. in New Bedford. This situation in the industry and in their organizations confronted the delegates at this conference.

The conference decided to form committees in every mill to unite those committees in the cities, states and nationally; and immediately proceeded to organize the unorganized in the New England states, as well as immediately making contact with the southern states.

The conference voted unanimously to form the New England district of "Textile Mill Committees" with headquarters at 20 Olneyville Square, Providence, R. I.

the pier and if their explanation of their presence was not satisfactory they were also beaten up. Many workers were searched for weapons and then attacked.

Placards Displayed.

At 11 p. m., a half an hour before the fascist delegation reached the Knickerbocker Hotel, pickets marched on Broadway between 44th St. and 45th St. to call attention to the reason for the demonstration. Thousands watched the marchers, including the theatre crowd.

When the white terrorists reached the hotel at 11:30 p. m. the picketers again appeared on the scene. Three times they formed their lines and three times the police charged them. Motorcycle police drove on the sidewalk.

Some of the placards displayed at the demonstrations read: "How Many Innocent Workers Did You Murder, Horthy?"; "Free the Thousands Rotting in Horthy Prisons"; "We Demand the Immediate Departure of the Murderers of the Hungarian Workers and Jews" and "Long Live the Second Hungarian Soviet Republic."

Getting Ready for "Red Revue" Tomorrow Night



By ESTHER LOWELL.

(Federated Press.)

Stripping down for a fight is exactly what the Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters is doing. Before calling for a strike vote the union is intensively preparing to make its action against the Pullman Co. effective.

"The decision of the interstate commerce commission not to consider our case has proven a fine rallying point for the porters," declares general organizer A. Philip Randolph.

The I. C. C. decision virtually upheld tipping as a legitimate part of wages. Randolph expects a vote favorable to the strike in at least 20 main centers for porters.

Action To Be Forceful.

Union supervisors are being sent into each of 7 regional zones the organization has delineated. The supervisors will be in touch constantly with the organizing executive committees which have had charge of union affairs to date. Keymen among the union porters will be lined up to lead the fight locally. No time will be wasted, says Randolph, in exhorting stragglers among the porters and maids to keep in line. The union plans to make its action forceful and effective enough to bring out the workers and cripple Pullman service on all main railroads.

Tips For Wages.

While the dissent of three members of the interstate commerce commission from the decision to dismiss the porters' complaint was hopeful to the commission will be sought. Henry T. Hunt was counsel for the union in the first action. The porters' complaint was based on the Pullman practice of counting tips as part of workers' pay without publishing the fact in its rate schedules. The I. C. C. majority decision was that the union really wanted a wage adjustment, over which the commission had no authority.

Public sympathy has been built up by the Brotherhood from its inception two and a half years ago. In the past few months representative citizens' committees of whites and colored have been organized in New York, Chicago, and other cities to support the union's fight for decent conditions in Pullman service.

Bronx Workers Forum For Miners' Relief

According to Hannah L. Siegel, secretary of the Bronx branch of the Miners' Relief Committee, the response thus far received to the conference call sent to Bronx workers' organizations indicates the interest of all Bronx workers in the miners' struggle and their eagerness to help them win their fight for a living wage and decent working conditions. The conference will be held Sunday at Ambassador Hall, Third Ave. near Claremont Parkway, the Bronx, at 10 a. m. The conference will be attended by a striking miner direct from the strike area. A permanent, enlarged Bronx committee for Miners' Relief will be formed.

POLICE DEMAND IMPRISONMENT OF UNEMPLOYED

Philadelphia Workers Appeal Sentences

PHILADELPHIA, March 14. — The attitude of the police of this city towards the organization of the unemployed was shown yesterday in the trial of the appeal of 16 workers from sentences of \$10 fine or 30 days in jail for participation in a meeting February 12. Judge Allesandrini, who presided at the appeal hearing, took the matter under advisement and ordered the filing of briefs.

Superintendent of Police Mills stated that he had refused a permit for a meeting at Machinist Temple, February 12, when George Evans, one of the 16 defendants, applied for it, because the applicant was reputed to have "Communist leanings" and "in the interest of law and order."

He further stated that he ordered police to prevent the meeting from moving to the Workers (Communist) party headquarters. Other police told of arresting men for trying to enter the building although they had no warrants.

The police attorney, H. Eugene Heine, asked the court to sustain the action of the police.

Among the defendants are Herbert Benjamin, district organizer of the Workers Party, and Pat Toohey, militant coal miner.

The meeting was called by the Philadelphia Council of the Unemployed.

NUMBER OF FLOOD DEAD IS MOUNTING

Demand for an Inquiry Into Tragedy Grows

(Continued from Page One)
where 300 homes were swept away with an undetermined loss of life, announced that he would conduct an "inquiry." It is expected, however, that the official quiz will evaporate just as soon as the immediate effects of the catastrophe are overcome.

Tragic Scenes.

Grim, tragic scenes pervaded the entire southern valley, with loss of life and homes affecting hundreds of families. The vast majority of the victims are farm-hands employed in this territory, and at least 100 construction workers employed by the Southern California Edison Company. Morgues have been established wherever places could be made available—lodge rooms, pool parlors and dance halls.

Property damage is estimated to have exceeded \$10,000,000, with the city of Los Angeles the heaviest individual sufferer. The waters flattened scores of homes, ranches, railroad lines and bridges, tore out wire systems, light and power wires and gas mains.

MINE RELIEF MEET IN PHILADELPHIA

Youth Conference for March 23

PHILADELPHIA, March 14. — A youth conference for miners' relief was held here under the auspices of the Youth Committee for Miners' Relief. Among the organizations represented were the Students' Forum of the University of Pennsylvania, the Friends of Nature, the Millinery Workers' Union, three locals of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union, the Baptist Temple Community Forum, the Young Workers' Athletic Club, the Young Workers (Communist) League, and other student groups. The miners' strike and the role of the youth in the strike was fully discussed and plans were made for educational and relief drives in Philadelphia.

A youth mass meeting for miners' relief has been arranged for March 23, and a house-to-house collection for relief will be conducted by the young workers this Sunday.

Concert Planned For Foreign Born Workers

Letts, Finns, Hungarians, Jews, Ukrainians and other nationalities will give a program of instrumental and vocal music and ballet dances Sunday afternoon at 66 E. 4th St. The concert will be followed by a dance. The affair is under the auspices of the New York Council for the Protection of Foreign-Born Workers, 39 Union Square.

Kellogg, Wall Street Puppet, to Force 'Supervision' of Elections on Nicaragua

REWARD MONCADA FOR SELLING OUT TO COL. STIMSON

Chamorro Wants Job for Himself; Raises Row

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The American government intends to proceed with the supervising of this year's Nicaraguan elections, despite the refusal of the lower house of the Nicaraguan congress to approve the McCoy plan.

This was announced at the state department today with considerable emphasis.

MANAGUA, March 14.—President Diaz of Nicaragua today was considering the "advisability" of calling a special session of congress to consider again the measure "empowering" the United States to supervise the general election in October.

A tense political situation has followed the rejection of the bill by the house of deputies after it was enacted by the senate.

There has been no news of any contacts between U. S. marines and Sandino's nationalists during the past few days.

MANAGUA, March 14.—The measure authorizing the United States to "supervise" the Nicaraguan elections was rejected last night after a bitter struggle. Followers of the conservative Chamorro, who is bidding for the presidency, openly charged that the United States is backing General Moncada for the post as a reward for his surrender to Col. Stimson last year.

The most bitter Chamorrist attack on the United States policy came at the end of the morning session when Alexander Arcia declared:

"The war was caused by the Americans. Moncada told General Feland: 'You Americans told me to shoot, and I shot. Now you tell me not to shoot and I don't shoot.'

"I don't know whether Coolidge is a faker or the cables lie to us when they quote Coolidge as saying he will not transgress the law of weak nations. Yet here Coolidge's representative is trying to coerce congress to pass a law against our constitution."

United States marines guarded the session against demonstrations by nationalist workers, sympathetic with Sandino.

Frame-Up Trial of More Than 300 Peasants Begins

WARSAW, (By Mail).—On Thursday, February 23, the first batch of prisoners, members of the "Hromada" appeared before the Tribunal at Vilna. Only 56 of the total number of 189 prisoners are to be dealt with in this trial.

The remaining 133 will be brought up in small groups at trials of which the dates have not yet been fixed. The same applies to the 300 odd other political prisoners, members of other revolutionary organizations.

The obvious intention of Pilsudski's Fascist dictatorship in trying these prisoners in small batches, is to muffle the clamor of protest, and to mask the extensive character of the prosecution of workers' and peasant organizations, for which it is responsible.

Bribe to Landowners.

The "Hromada" was the legal party of the revolutionary peasants, and of the national minority of White Russia in Poland. It organized the poor peasants in this region in their struggle with the powerful Polish landowners, and registered the oppression of Polish nationalism. It must be remembered that in Ruthenia, more than 60 per cent of the population is composed of White Russian peasants. The "Hromada's" activities were chiefly confined to co-operative and cultural work.

In October 1926 Pilsudski formed a government with the help of Conservative elements and representatives of the landowners. Their support was the result of a pact in which Pilsudski promised various favors to these reactionary elements in return for their aid in the furtherance of his Fascist and Nationalist policy.

The White Terror.

Pilsudski started promptly to fulfill his part of the pact by the persecution of the Hromada. A furious press agitation and numerous acts of provocation in November 1926 were the immediate manifestations of the terror. Arrests to the number of 500 were made in November and December 1926. Among these were many peasants' members of the Diet. This campaign of repression was continued in January 1927 with mass arrests and raids on the premises of workers' and peasants' organizations.

The charges brought against prisoners were diverse, and frequently contradictory. They were accused of espionage, of receiving subsidies from Soviet Russia, of supporting Ruthenian separation, etc., etc. Parliamentary immunity was ignored in the case of the members of the Diet in spite of the protest, on constitutional grounds, of the president of the Diet.

It is now more than a year ago that the majority of these arrests were made. For the whole of that period these members of the "Hromada" have been waiting trial in the deplorable conditions of the Polish prisons. The extreme brutality of the wardens and prison authorities is well known, and suicides and attempted suicides, as well as insanity, too often are the results of insufferable conditions.

The trial which commenced on Feb. 23, at Vilna is the case of 56 persons, comprising the leading officials of the "Hromada" and 4 members of the Diet. 55 of this number are charged with High Treason,—the penalty for which is 15 years hard labor, and 1 for espionage.

The prosecution will produce about 2000 witnesses, and many thousands of "documents." The chief of these witnesses is a notorious "agent-provocateur"—Michael Gurin. As for the "documents," Pilsudski's government has been by no means the least of the customers of the forgery factories, and with the large number of Russian Whites,—engineers of the murder of Voikoff,—in Poland taken into consideration, we know what to expect when the trial is published.

Fascist Terror Victim



Gastone Sozzi, left wing Italian labor leader, who was kidnapped from his home in Milan and done to death by the Fascist police several weeks ago. The murder of Sozzi is characteristic of terrorist rule of the fascisti.

RED LABOR MEET WILL OPEN TODAY

To Discuss Attack on 8-Hour Day

(Special to The Daily Worker.)

MOSCOW, March 14.—The general attack levelled against the eight-hour day by world capitalism will be one of the principal problems at the Fourth World Congress of the Red International of Labor Unions which opens here tomorrow.

The Chinese and British questions R. I. L. U. head and the general position of the reformist trade union leaders will also come up for discussion at the congress. A. Losovsky, secretary, will open the congress.

Worker Serves Term

Constantin Peliris, who was arrested and beaten by the police and sentenced to 30 days in the workhouse for participating in a demonstration before the Greek Consulate here in protest against the attempted crushing of the labor movement in Greece, has been released after serving his term.

USSR-AMERICAN TRADE GROWING AT RAPID PACE

Amorg to Open Branch on Pacific Coast

Further expansion of trade between the Soviet Union and the United States is indicated in the announcement that the Amtorg Trading Corporation, the principal firm in Soviet American Trade, placed in this country since January 1, 1928 orders amounting to \$10,777,000 which is several times the total for the corresponding period two years ago and \$3,000,000 larger than the purchases in the preceding three months and for January to March, 1927. An important feature in American-Soviet trade activities has been also the extension of credit facilities.

During the complete year 1927 the Amtorg purchased American products valued at \$31,199,834 which does not include purchases of cotton and some other materials handled by special organizations, the total purchases for 1927 amounting to \$75,000,000, while sales were \$25,000,000. These are double the pre-war figures.

Open New Branch.

"Since the beginning of this year the Amtorg Trading Corporation has shown a considerable gain in operations over the record established in 1927," stated Mr. Saul G. Bron, chairman of the Board of Directors of the Amtorg. "While last year we trebled our business as compared with 1926, this year bids fair to set a new record. In the last three months of 1927 our purchases in the United States were \$7,773,486. The total of orders placed since January 1, 1928 of \$10,776,495 indicates the progress made since the end of 1927."

"The expansion of the Amtorg business is necessitating the opening of a branch of the Amtorg, which will be located on the Pacific Coast as the Soviet Union is now in the market for products of many Western manufacturers. The development of Siberia and the Far East also makes it advantageous to have closer contact with the Pacific Coast."

Purchase Equipment.

"The bulk of orders placed during the past six months has been for industrial and electrical equipment, of which the purchases since October 1, 1927, the beginning of the new Soviet fiscal year, have totaled 7,849,987. Of this, gold mining equipment amounted to about \$1,000,000, coal mining \$700,000, Dnieprostroy power plant equipment \$800,000, railway construction equipment \$1,300,000, oil well equipment \$990,000 and refrigerating equipment close to \$400,000. Purchases of raw materials, largely metals, for the same period were \$4,302,295, agricultural equipment \$3,993,624. Orders for automotive equipment aggregating \$1,072,668 are the forerunners of large purchases of such equipment for Russia. The total of \$18,524,681 for the last six months is nearly double the purchases for the corresponding period of the preceding year."

"Among orders for \$300,000 or over placed by us during this period may be mentioned those with the following firms: Guggenheim Bros., Ford Motor Co., Marion Steam Shovel Co., American Metal Co., General Rubber Co., Sullivan Machinery Company, and the International Harvester Co."

Greater Credits

"An important development during the recent period has been the expansion of credits, received by the Amtorg from firms. Credits up to two years have been granted to the Amtorg. There are quite a number of firms with which we enjoy credits for terms of a year or more. "The growth of Soviet-American

The Paris Commune Album

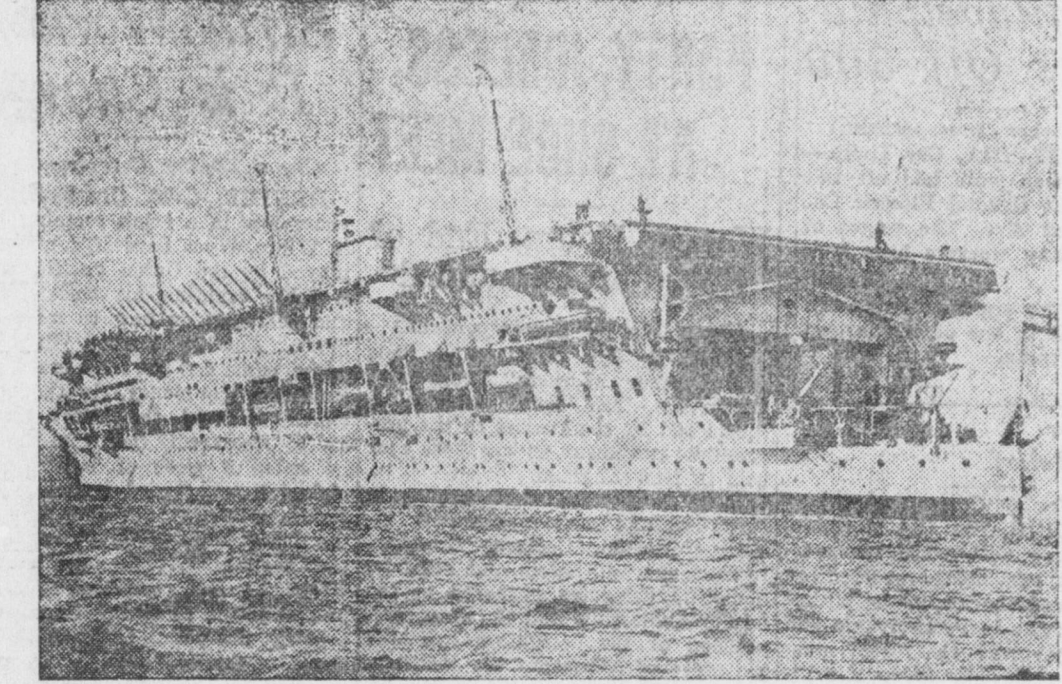
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Tory Britain Makes Air Preparations for Imperialist War



Great Britain in her preparations for the coming imperialist war is constructing monster airplane carriers. Photo above shows the H. M. S. Courageous, newest air carrier, leaving Devonport, England, on her first speed trials.

LATIN AMERICAN UNITY TIE URGED

HAVANA, March 14.—A proposal that closer cultural ties be established between Latin American countries has been presented to the various commissions of the 7th Latin American Press conference which is in session here.

Resolutions calling for a greater interchange of students and professors among colleges of Latin American countries, a proposal that colleges in all countries create departments for the study of the development of history, literature and art were among those proposed.

5 CANADIAN RAIL WORKERS KILLED

VANCOUVER, B. C., March 14.—Three men are known to have been killed and several injured when a tunnel caved in on a Canadian National Railway work train near Kamloops today, according to word received here.

Relief crews are working frantically to extricate ten workers entombed by the fall of rock.

The roof of the tunnel collapsed while it was being relined.

The dead are Andy Anders, George Parkes and M. G. Usson, all of Kamloops.

trade reflected in the increasing business done by the Amtorg and other organizations dealing with the Soviet Union is due to a large extent to the favorable reports given to the Soviet industrial organizations by the numerous Russian executives and technicians who have studied American industries and markets during the past year. The number of Soviet industrial and commercial delegations, which have placed considerable orders in this country, is without precedent in the history of Soviet-American trade."

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Berlin Workers Honor Red Army Anniversary

BERLIN, (By Mail).—A huge mass meeting was organized here by the Red Front Fighters League to celebrate the tenth anniversary of the Red Army.

Hundreds of people were turned away from the hall which was overpacked.

GETS WALL STREET POST.

WARSAW, March 14.—Former Polish Foreign Minister Count Skrzynski has accepted a place on the "conciliation" board which was set up under the Bryan arbitration treaty between the United States and Peru and will soon sail for the United States, it was learned today. The post was offered by Secretary of State Kellogg.

GERMAN PLANES IN IRELAND

DUBLIN, March 14.—German shipping interests have opened negotiations with the Free State Government for a seaplane base on the west coast, it was learned today.

BRITISH COTTON WORKERS RETURN

Win Fight Against 55 1/2 Hour Week

MANCHESTER, Eng., March 14.—The walkout effected about a week ago by the workers in the Acquaduct Mills at Stalybridge, to fight against an increase in hours from 48 to 55 1/2, has resulted in a capitulation by the employers. The operators declared that they were ready to resume operations on the 48-hour a week basis. Their announcement, however, shows that they have by no means given up hope of trying to lengthen the working hours.

The workers, who manipulated the stoppage despite the contrary advice given to them by their conservative union officials, declare that further attempts at depressing union standards will be met with the most bitter opposition.

GERMAN SECRET FUNDS FOR WAR PREPARATIONS

Communist Deputy Bares Fascist Scheme

BERLIN, March 14.—That the government had diverted part of the \$5,000,000 supposed to have been lost in the Phoebus Film Company bankruptcy for secret militarist preparations and the development of an espionage system was the charge made by Ernest Schneller, Communist Deputy, before the Reichstag Budget Committee. Schneller declared that a secret report, containing militarist plans, had been suppressed by the government.

The Phoebus Film Company had been established in the hope of creating a fund out of the profits for secret experiments in torpedo tubes, according to Schneller.

Yesterday's hearings brought out the fact that "unusual authority" had been exercised over secret funds given to Captain Lohmann of the navy during the Ruhr occupation by the French in 1922. Lohmann has complete charge of the funds, testimony revealed. Lohmann continued to control secret Reichswehr funds for a long period.

As a result of the Phoebus film scandal, Otto Gessler, fascist minister of the defense, was removed from his post. Gessler is believed to have helped subsidize the fascist "Black Reichswehr," which he helped organize.

Fascists Yelp for Gold

BUCHAREST, Rumania, March 14.—The Rumanian Government is expected to lodge a claim for the \$5,000,000 gold which the Soviet Union shipped to the United States several weeks ago.

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I. R. T. BETRAYAL IS CONDEMNED

N. Y. Workers Party Issues Statement

(Continued from Page One)

tered into the union, they allowed the opportune moment to pass and allowed the Interborough to organize its strikebreakers and demoralize the ranks of the organized traction workers by discharges, by employing strikebreakers and by intimidation. Coleman and company have been lulling the workers into inactivity by postponing and postponing action until the opportune moment had passed. These officials, Coleman, Shea, Mahon and the higher officials, Matthew Woll, Green and company, were never in favor of a strike, but thought that by cowardly subservience to the fake promises of Jimmie Walker and by licking the boots of the company they would be able to get recognition of the union. They could not organize the traction workers because they are in league with Tammany Hall.

"A union can be formed on the traction lines only by struggle, by a fight to the finish against the company union and Hedley and Quackenbush, by understanding that the capitalist politicians of both Tammany Hall and the republican party that rule this city are part and parcel of the traction ring, by building up a leadership in your union that understands these things and is willing to fight against these powers for the organization of the traction workers. There is but one thing to be done now. The situation of the men is unbearable. The company will utilize its victory to impose speed-up methods and new oppressions. It will not grant wage increases. Even though it is able to carry through its fare steal, it will not give wage increases to the workers and what it may give as a maneuver to justify the fare increase it will take away doubly once the situation has passed.

What Must Be Done.

"The organization of Rank and File Shop and Barn Committees, secretly or openly, as occasion demands, in all the terminals and shops; the establishment of groups to secure the leadership of the union; the building up of an organization inside your union that will fight against the company union within and the traction company without; the pushing forward of leaders that are willing to fight against Coleman and Shea, Jimmie Walker and Smith, and against Hedley and Quackenbush, can be done and must be done if the traction workers are to be organized and secure decent standards of living.

"No traction workers who wish to change the miserable lot of the men can shirk this task. The men will struggle if they see militant, courageous leadership and unhesitating moves for organization. They cannot be kept down forever under the heavyweight of the yellow-dog contract of the enslaving traction trust. The men will fight if they see leaders. It is up to the traction workers themselves to take control of their union, oust Coleman and company and build up a powerful organization that will establish proper conditions for the traction workers of this city."

Labor Defense Bazaar Attended by 20,000; Many Cases Defended

A total of 20,000 workers attended the five-day bazaar of the International Labor Defense, just closed, according to a statement issued yesterday by Rose Baron, secretary of the New York section.

The exact financial returns will not be available for some time, she said, but it is certain that the funds will give a great impetus to the defense work of the International Labor Defense.

Among the cases now in the hands are the federal indictment of the editors of The DAILY WORKER, the deportation proceedings against A. Kober, editor of the Estonian weekly, Uus Iim, the paper box strikers, and the case of the four workers arrested for distributing anti-injunction leaflets.

All persons who have money for tickets or unsold tickets have been urged to report to the office of the International Labor Defense, 799 Broadway, Room 422.

Green Will Make Tour For Worker Subs

A tour of New England in the interest of The DAILY WORKER subscription drive will be started today by John A. Green. His first stop will be in Providence, whence he will go to Boston. From the latter city he will visit all the industrial centres in Massachusetts. Workers and subscribers throughout the territory are requested to extend every courtesy to Green.

Scott Nearing, who recently returned from a visit to China, the Soviet Union and Europe, where he made a special study of world imperialism, the revolutionary working class movement, and the colonial movements, will begin two courses Saturday afternoon, at the Workers School, 108 E. 14th St., one in "Modern Imperialism," from 2 to 3:30 p. m., the other in "The Development of the American Empire," from 4 to 5:30 p. m.

Nearing, as a result of his observations and studies abroad, has just written "Whither China." His impressions of the Soviet Union have been included in his many works and pamphlets on that country and its achievements. His knowledge of American imperialism is shown in his books "The American Empire" and "Dollar Diplomacy."

Nearing Will Give Two Courses at the Workers School on Imperialism

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WORKERS PARTY ACTIVITIES

Downtown Concert.
Unit 3, Section 1, will hold a concert March 17 at 60 St. Marks Place.

Instructions To All Units.
The membership drive leaflets and the unemployed leaflets are for sale to Party units at \$2 a thousand at 108 E. 14th St.

The Ruthenberg leaflets must be distributed from March 7 to 9. They can be secured free of charge at the district office. Copies of The DAILY WORKER should be distributed at all traction barns and power houses by all Party units. Discussion bulletins are on hand in the district office on the following subjects: Unemployment, Traction, Membership Drive, Nicaragua, agitprop directors should come in to get bulletins.

Sewage Scandal Discussion.
The Queens sewer scandal will be discussed at a mass meeting arranged at the Long Island Section at Bohemian Hall, Woodside and Second Ave., Astoria, L. I., tomorrow at 8:30 p. m. Speakers will be W. W. Weinstone and Bert Miller.

SS 3-E FD 2
Rose Wortis will lead a discussion on the situation in the needle trades at 60 St. Marks Place, FD 2, tonight at 6 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Y. W. L. Members, Attention!
All members of the Young Workers League must report to the district office today at 10 a. m. for important League work.

Greek Fraction Meeting.
The Greek Fraction of the Party will meet tonight at 8 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Traction Stickers Ready.
Traction stickers at \$2 a thousand are now for sale at the district office. All Party units must come for their quota at once.

Young Workers League.
The Young Workers League, Upper Bronx, will hold a Spring Dance Saturday, March 24, at 1347 Boston Road.

Paris Commune Celebration.
Section 1 and 2 will celebrate the Paris Commune at an entertainment and dance, Saturday evening, March 17, at New Harlem Casino, 116th St. and Lenox Ave. Max Schachtman will speak.

Unemployment Meet.
An unemployment mass meeting will be held under the auspices of the Upper Bronx section of the Young Workers League at 2075 Clinton Ave., Bronx, on Wednesday, Mar. 21 at 8 p. m.

IF Election.
Unit 1F, Subsection 2A, will hold an election of officers tomorrow at 6:30 p. m. at 108 E. 14th St.

Traction Discussion.
John Sherman of The DAILY WORKER and Sam Nessin will speak on the traction situation at a meeting at Hennington Hall, 216 E. 2nd St. tonight at 8 p. m. under the auspices of Section 1.

3F ID To Give Concert.
A fine classical program by the Tremoli Mandolin Quartette will feature the concert of the 3F ID this Saturday night at 8:30 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Place. Part of the proceeds of the concert will go to The DAILY WORKER. Compositions of Mozart, Haydn, and Beethoven will be played by the quartette.

Mitchell on Fare Steal.
Robert Mitchell will lecture on the subject, "Will the 7-Cent Fare Steal Go Thru?" tonight at 8 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Place in an open forum under the auspices of Section 1.

Trade Union Fraction Meets.
A meeting of trade union fraction secretaries to take up important Party problems will be held Saturday, March 17, at 2 p. m. at 101 E. 14th St.

Mass Meeting on Fare Steal.
A mass meeting against the seven cent fare steal and crowding in the subways will take place at Hennington Hall, 216 E. 2nd St., tonight at 8 p. m., under the auspices of Section 1. John Mitchell and Sam Nessin will be among the speakers. Admission will be free.

Y. W. L. Forum.
An open forum on "How Are the Young Workers Affected by Unemployment?" will be held by the Downtown Section of the Young Workers League, Sunday, March 25, at 2 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Place.

Brownsville Concert and Dance.
The Brownsville Subsection of the Party will hold a concert and entertainment Saturday, March 31, at 1659 Pitkin Ave.

Sherman to Lecture on Traction.
John L. Sherman of The DAILY WORKER will lecture on the traction situation tomorrow at 6 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. under the auspices of Section 2 and 3.

Bath Beach Affair.
The Bath Beach unit of the Young Workers League will hold an entertainment and dance Saturday, March 24 at 1373 43rd St., Brooklyn, to welcome the graduates from the Pioneers.

Speakers' Conference.
A district agitprop and speakers' conference will be held at 108 E. 14th St., Room 43, Saturday at 2 p. m. All unit, subsection, and section agitprop directors should attend. Important matters will be taken up.

Nearing Lecture.
Scott Nearing, who has just returned from China and the Soviet Union, will lecture Wednesday, March 28, at 8 p. m. at Irving Plaza, Irving Place and 15th St., under the auspices of Section 2 and 3. The subject will be "Europe Today."

UNION OFFICIALS DESERT IRT MEN

(Continued from Page One)

the matter, concludes with an appeal to the public that it be "comforted." "Have I not the right to insist that the people be comforted with the knowledge that no matter what happens the subways will run in safety for the service of the people who built them?"

Five Interborough workers were called to the headquarters of the company union at 950 Anderson Ave. yesterday and there were given the third degree. Two of them were fired. These were C. J. Otten, a motorman who has been with the company fifteen years and J. C. Shay, a switchman. Both workers like true militants told the company stool pigeon Patrick Connolly, head of the company union what they thought of him and his masters in no mistakable language.

Containe Fight.
The fight for a real union and against the slave system of the Interborough has by no means been abandoned. The workers have learned the necessity of throwing off the corrupt and treacherous leadership of the Amalgamated and to fight for a new rank and file leadership of their own and for a policy of real struggle against their masters.

Worker Students Will Hold Conference Here

Injunctions and unemployment will be discussed at the annual conference of the Bryn Mawr and Barnard Summer Schol Alumnae Association Sunday at 218 Madison Ave. The morning session will open at 10 a. m. with a talk on injunctions by Fred Biedenkapp, secretary of the Workers International Relief. In the afternoon John B. Andrews will speak on unemployment. General discussion will follow both talks.

At the Bryn Mawr and Barnard Summer School all students are working women. The association has invited students from all workers' schools to attend the conference.

Break Up Children's Club Meeting.

AVELLA, Pa., March 14.—Because a club meeting of 200 children of striking miners here was broken up Saturday afternoon by a state trooper and three deputy sheriffs who declared that Sheriff Oddie Abbot of Washington County had forbidden all "mass meetings" in the county, a committee of their parents will call upon the sheriff today to protest his action.

Many children had walked three miles from the barracks and others from Penowa, Pa., where a children's strike club has not yet been formed.

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Auspices Unit 3, Section One, Workers Party.

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Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Foreign Born Affair.
The New York Council for the Protection of the Foreign Born Workers will hold an affair Sunday, March 18, at Manhattan Lyceum, 56 E. Fourth St.

Freiheit Mandolin Orchestra.
The Freiheit Mandolin Orchestra will hold its fourth annual concert, Saturday, April 28, at Town Hall, 113 E. 43rd St.

Lecture on Birth Control.
The first of a series of lectures to be given at the forum of the Unity Arbitrer Cooperative will take place tomorrow at 8:30 p. m., 1800 Seventh Ave. Dr. V. G. Burtan will speak on "Birth Control."

Call Off Hike.
The Junior Section of the Friends of Nature will not hold its usual hike Sunday due to the fact that the senior section is sponsoring a "Bunter Abend" on that day.

Smith Speaks Tomorrow.
Vern Smith, editor of Labor Unity, will address a conference of Labor Unity agents tonight at 8 p. m. at 101 E. 14th St.

"Hoboken Blues" tonight.
A performance of "Hoboken Blues" will be given at the New Playwrights Theatre, 40 Commerce St., tonight for the benefit of the unemployed workers under the auspices of the Workers' International Relief.

Sports Exhibition.
A sports exhibition for miners' relief will be held Sunday, March 25 from 11 a. m. to 12 p. m. at Finnish Labor Hall, 15 W. 126th St.

Workers School Classes.
The following courses are scheduled to begin at the Workers School, 108 E. 15th St., this week:
Tonight, Advanced English A, E. Rosenberg, instructor, at 7 p. m. (Tuesdays and Thursdays).
Saturday, "Modern Imperialism," Scott Nearing, instructor, at 2 p. m.
Saturday, "Development of the American Empire," Scott Nearing, instructor, at 4 p. m.
The course in "America Today," Jay Lovestone, instructor, will not be given tonight. The next session will be Tuesday, March 20, at 8:30 p. m.

Sports Club Hike.
The Labor Unity Cooperative Sports Club, 1800 Seventh Ave., announces a hike to Palisades Park this Sunday at 8:30 a. m. from the lobby of the cooperative. The sports leader will direct the hike and games.

Vengrower Youth.
Vengrower Youth attention. A special meeting will be held to organize the Vengrower Youth this Saturday at 2 p. m. at 106 E. 4th St.

Local T. U. E. L. Dance.
A dance of the local T. U. E. L. will take place Saturday, March 31, at 8

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Medical Director Dental Director
OPEN ALL HOURS.

MEETING OF CLOAK WORKERS TONIGHT

The cloak and dress makers in the markets are expressing great interest in the coming convention of the International Ladies Garment Workers Union to be held soon in Boston. A large attendance is expected, according to indications, at the mass meeting to be held tonight in Cooper Union at 7 o'clock. At this meeting the leaders of the Joint Board will set forth the policy of the left wing towards the International convention.

The developing grouping in the right wing locals, caused by the growing disintegration in the fake unions established by Morris Sigman International president, are expected to form a single front against the demand of the workers that the union be unified. The Joint Board will analyze this situation and present plans at the meeting tonight for the approval of the workers.

Foreign Born Affair Sunday.

The New York Council for the Protection of Foreign Born Workers will hold a concert and dance Sunday at 2:30 p. m. at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. Fourth St. Dancing will continue until midnight.

Bronx Workers School.

The Bronx Workers School, 2075 Clinton Ave., conducts the following classes:
Advanced English, Monday at 8 p. m., J. Brooks, instructor; Intermediate English, Monday at 5 p. m., H. Siegel, instructor; Advanced English, Wednesday at 8 p. m., J. Brooks, instructor; Communism, Thursday at 7:30 p. m., F. Ziesler, instructor; Intermediate English, Thursday at 8 p. m., H. Siegel, instructor; and American History, Friday at 8 p. m., M. Goldberg, instructor, 116th St.

Mellon Admits Part in Scandal

(Continued from Page One)

He did not count them, yet he appears to have known their exact value. "I took the bonds home with me for safe keeping," he declared. "I had mislaid the combination of the safe in my office and could not get into it so I took the bonds home with me and kept them there."

He says he returned the bonds sometime later when Hays called on him.

During the years which have since passed Fall, Daugherty, Denby, Weeks and others of the original Harding "oil" cabinet were exposed. Mellon kept silent but the full extent of his participation in the deal is now growing clear.

Markoff to Speak at Workers School Forum

"Communism vs. Anarchism" will be the subject of the lecture at the Workers School Forum Sunday at 8 p. m. at 108 E. 14th St., with A. Markoff, instructor in the Workers School, as the speaker.

On the following Sunday Alexander Bittelman will speak on "Tammany Hall—Old and New."

Nearing on China

Denunciation of the terror against militant workers and peasants in China and a prediction of the return to even greater activity of the left elements in the Chinese situation is made by Scott Nearing, who recently returned from China, in an article that will appear in the forthcoming April issue of the Labor Defender.

DENOUNCE VISIT OF TERRORISTS

Weinstone in Protest to Walker

(Continued from Page One)

filthy jails because they dared to raise their voices in protest against the Horthy mailed fist. The police did everything to provoke the assembled workers. But these workers refused to be provoked. Thereupon the police and detectives, led by the notorious bomb and industrial squads, and taking advantage of a flashlight exploded by a newspaper photographer, raised the cry of "bomb," fired their guns, and with their fists, clubs and blackjacks waded into the crowd of men, women and children there assembled and dispersed them.

"A more unprovoked and brutal assault it is hard to imagine. We recognize that the same influence that brought the policemen's clubs and guns into play in New York yesterday lie behind the murders of the Pennsylvania miners, and the sweeping injunctions that are being issued by all courts in the United States wherever labor is fighting against the attacks of its masters.

"Nevertheless we protest against this shameful attack of the New York police. In spite of the police brutality the American workers will find means to make known their hatred of Hungarian fascism and their solidarity with their struggling Hungarian fellow-workers.

"Very truly yours,
"(Signed) District Executive Committee, District 2, Workers (Communist) Party.
"William W. Weinstone.

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Editor.....ROBERT MINOR
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Entered as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Walsh, Mellon and Coolidge

We said several days ago that Senator Thomas J. Walsh would not push the investigation of the oil graft fund all the way from Harry Sinclair to the white house.

Walsh stopped even shorter than we predicted.

Walsh not only stops short of inquiring into the activities of the titular head of the graft ring, the man who is the center of all the efforts to conceal the bribery, the chief living beneficiary of the bribery—Calvin Coolidge.

Walsh Tuesday stopped short before Coolidge's chief cabinet member. Walsh fell on his knees before Andrew W. Mellon. With the absolute proof that Mellon had received \$50,000 of liberty bonds from Harry Sinclair through Will Hays; with proof in Mellon's own words that he not only received this portion of the bribe fund, but, also in Mellon's words, that he wrote the check for \$50,000 the exact amount which Hays requested as a means of concealing the bribery,—with all this overwhelming and damning evidence, Walsh cringed before Mellon and said:

"I think all the members of the committee will agree that your attitude in the matter was entirely creditable."
What was Mellon's attitude?

He received \$50,000 in bonds, and he concealed the fact until caught, after which he admits that he received it. He admits that he took the \$50,000 bonds home and kept them for an indefinite length of time. He admits he knew they were from Harry Sinclair. When asked as to how long he kept the bonds, Mellon answered in a stuttering, breaking voice:

"I am not very clear. Just as I said, it may have been—it was, I suppose, a couple of days or something like that when Mr. Hays appeared" (after having sent Mellon the bribery bonds), "and it was perhaps a few days after that or it may have run longer. It is pretty hard to tell. I have no record, you see."

"A couple of days" and then "perhaps a few days after that or it may have run longer" is the time during which the secretary of the treasury of the United States admits that he consciously held in his possession \$50,000 of Harry Sinclair's bribery funds. The most astute financier in the United States, in November, 1923, one month after the investigation of the Sinclair bribery began, consciously received \$50,000 worth of bonds, knowing they were from Sinclair, took this portion of the bribe-fund home—"because I had mislaid the combination of my safe which is in my office," says the great financier—he kept no record of the bribery bonds, but kept the bonds "it may have been—it was I suppose" a length of time which he does not know and which "might have run longer," and on December 6 he wrote the check requested by the bribe-fund distributor.

But that is not all.

Will Hays came to Mellon to exchange the bribery-bonds for \$50,000 cash, in order to conceal the bribery of the Harding-Coolidge administration of which Mellon was the chief cabinet figure. The investigation which was to pull down three of Mellon's co-members of the cabinet, Fall, Daugherty and Denby, was under way when Hays came to Mellon with \$50,000 of the loot and asked for \$50,000 cash to cover it.

Mellon's stuttering statement that he returned the bonds need not be taken seriously. It does not alter the case if he did. But since this is his defense—isn't it queer that all of the evidence that points to Mellon's guilt is established by hard facts that cannot be disputed, and—Mellon's one bit of evidence offered in his defense is merely Mellon's own stuttering word? That he returned the bribery bonds, when he does not know, after keeping them how long he does not remember!

During the months when Mellon was concealing his handling of Sinclair's bonds, Mellon himself was in correspondence with the chairman of the investigation committee on the subject of these same bonds, on the basis of the pretense of Mellon as secretary of the treasury to be running down the income tax on the very loot which passed through Mellon's hands—which Mellon took to his private home "because he had mislaid the combination" of his office safe.

Does anybody believe that Walsh acted otherwise than as the servant of his creator, the Standard Oil Co., when, at the end of such testimony, he declared the exoneration of this chief member of the Coolidge graft cabinet?

Walsh and the senate committee "exonerated" Butler, chairman of the republican national committee; but that was a smaller matter, even though Butler is Coolidge's chief sponsor.

Walsh fell on his knees before Mellon.

Will the investigation go any closer to Coolidge—Coolidge who sits in the presidential chair, as all the world now knows, by force of the bribery which Walsh is "tracing"?

No.

All the world knows now why Coolidge does "not choose to run."

Walsh is running.

The candidate who receives the biggest campaign fund will be elected this year, as always has been the case since the first known record of campaign funds. Those who put up the funds will own a democratic president just as they own the present republican president.

Showing Class

"Mr. Ottinger has in view a grand jury panel made up of business men of the best type," says a capitalist paper's Albany correspondent in describing Al Smith's new plan to open up again the investigation of the graft of the republican lady, Mrs. Knapp, after Al's appointees had once allowed it to drop with a disagreeable political sound.

It is not often that the capitalist press lets slip an admission that "business men" are the ruling class. The grand jury as an institution is generally a hand-picked gang of business men for the terrorization of a community, selected exclusively from the "best type" of bank accounts and from among the tried and trusted servants of such bank accounts.

The particular business-man grand jury for investigating anew the graft of Mrs. Knapp will function as a class instrument for befuddling the other classes with some more of Al Smith's saintly hokum.

LIKES WARM BLOOD



When the representatives of the Horthy regime of Hungary, known the world over as murderers of workers and peasants, arrived in New York Tammany Hall gave them a hearty welcome.

By Fred Ellis.

Lewis Rakes in Fat Salary

By JACK RODGERS.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 14.—The financial report issued by Thomas Kennedy, secretary-treasurer of the United Mine Workers of America for the six months from June 1, 1927, to and including December 1, 1927, reveals the startling fact that John L. Lewis, president of the International Union drew in salary and expenses, at a time when hundreds of thousands of union miners and their dependents in Pennsylvania and Ohio were starving on the pittance of a few cents per week per head given them in relief by the officials of the miners' union, the sum of \$11,093.66; \$7,000 in salary and the balance in expenses.

The enormous sum of \$317,079.05 was paid out to Mr. Lewis and the members of his machine on the international payroll in six months. This is \$17,000 more than the total contribution of Labor to strike relief since April 1, until this date.

Here Are Headliners.

Of those who dug their arms up to the elbows in the union treasury during this period the headliners are, in addition to Mr. Lewis:

	Salary	Exp.	Total
T. Kennedy	\$4,500	\$1,694	\$6,194
P. Murray	4,500	745	5,245
V. A. Bittner	2,499	2,150	4,650
J. Feeley	1,580	1,793	3,373
E. O. Gassaway	1,650	1,717	3,367
A. J. Lewis	1,580	573	2,153
G. Lewis	1,580	1,095	2,675
G. W. Lewis	1,580	1,631	3,211
W. Murray	1,570	1,549	3,119
J. O. Leary	1,650	1,193	2,843

Need for Organizing the Unemployed

The need for organization of the unemployed workers of this country, in order to procure speedy relief by mass demands, was yesterday stressed in a statement of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers Communist Party. The statement follows: Once more the working class of America is faced with the menacing reality of unemployment on a large scale. Once more the streets of the "most prosperous" country in the world resound with the echo of tramping feet of hundreds of thousands of workers in search of jobs. But jobs are not to be found.

Hunger and starvation, cold and misery, are again making their appearance in thousands of working class families. While Coolidge and Hoover are prattling about prosperity, several million workers are totally denied the opportunity to earn a living and many more millions are employed part time.

Whereas the rich are growing richer and the coffers of the American capitalist class are literally bursting with wealth, the workers and their wives and children are again doomed to a period of worry, anxiety and anguish. The jobless in futile search of work. The worker who is still employed, in fear of losing his job. And the capitalist, as usual, is utilizing this situation to cut wages still lower, to weaken the unions still further and to worsen the conditions of labor all around.

Low Level Reached.

Employment at present is about 15 percent lower than in 1923. It is already lower than in the depression of 1924 when about two million workers were out of work. As compared with the last months of 1926, employment decreased nine percent in brick and tile, seventeen percent in cast iron pipe, over 10 percent in foundries and machine shops, 11 percent in iron and steel, about 12 percent in lumber, etc.

Why should workers whose brain and muscle have built up this gigantic economic system be humbled and humiliated in this outrageous manner?

The answer is: the capitalist system. Capitalist ownership of the means of production. Capitalist domination of the government.

Profits For Bosses.

The American capitalist class, the same as capitalism generally, is running industry at a tremendously high rate of profit. To secure these high profits, in the face of the ever-sharpening competition at home and abroad, the capitalists are introducing systems of speed-up, new machinery, and generally more intense methods of exploitation. The productivity of labor is increased tremendously. The introduction of these labor-saving devices creates a reserve of "superfluous" labor, a permanent army of unemployed. A similar condition results from the growing poverty and ruin of the exploited farmers. The agricultural crisis in America has become chronic. Big capital, with the aid of the government, is running business to suit the interests of the big capitalists, totally disregarding the needs and interests of the majority of the farming population. The result is that large numbers of bankrupt farmers are driven to the cities in search of work, thus swelling higher the number of unemployed.

Unemployment is a "normal" institution under capitalism. It has become a permanent institution in the United States involving more than a million workers even in times of high production.

But this "normal" unemployment is periodically developing into large scale unemployment. Such a situation prevailed in the United States in 1921 when six million workers were out on the streets in search of jobs.

Capitalists are running industry for profit and not for the welfare of society. Under capitalism, production is planned by each capitalist or combination of capitalists for their own enrichment and not for the betterment of the conditions of the masses. Consequently, when the market ceases to offer the capitalist sufficiently high profits, the capitalist slackens production. A recession sets in. Workers are discharged. Others are put on part time. Hundreds of thousands of workers find themselves on the streets without the means of livelihood.

That is what is happening today. American capitalists are curtailing production. Tremendously sharpened competition on the world market together with the critical condition of such basic industries as mining, automobiles, oil, and the critical condition of the New England industries, are at the bottom of the present depression.

Vicious Circle.

But the American capitalists are not much worried by this situation. They have become great exporters of capital into foreign lands. From the late imperialist war, American capitalism emerged as a first rate imperialist power, penetrating and subjugating the countries of Latin America, China, the Near East, Europe, etc.

These imperialist exploits bring the American capitalists tremendously high rates of profit. Foreign investments are progressively playing a larger role in the activities of American capital. Since the home market ceases to bring high enough profits to satisfy the lust of American capitalism, capital in larger quantities is exported into other lands, subjugating and exploiting other countries, and laying the basis for new imperialist wars. See what American imperialism is doing in Nicaragua today.

The present industrial depression is responsible for the growing unemployment. The spreading unemployment in its turn is further undermining the buying capacities of the working class. This is aggravating the industrial depression still more. Thus a vicious circle is created which may result in a prolonged industrial crisis accompanied by wide-spread suffering for millions of American workers.

Resist Wage-Cutting

The capitalists are taking full advantage of this situation. They press forward their wage-cutting and union-smashing campaigns. They are making preparations for even wider attacks upon the standards of living and the trade-union organizations of the American working class. In this they receive the full support of the government which operates against the workers with injunctions, police, military, jails, etc.

What is the official labor movement doing about it?

What is the trade union bureaucracy undertaking in this critical situation?

The answer is, they have done and are doing nothing to organize the workers for struggle. They have done and are doing all in their power to weaken and demoralize still further the ranks of the working class.

The workers must resist this attack of the capitalists.

Must Fight For Relief.

The way to meet the present situation is to fight for immediate and permanent relief for the unemployed. The American capitalist class and its government must be made to realize that the working class will not stand for the misery imposed upon it by the present industrial depression. The American workers will fight against it. The American workers will demand that the burden of the crisis be shifted from themselves to the capitalists.

Immediate government relief for the unemployed must become the demand of the American working class. The federal government, the various state and city governments, must be compelled to immediately appropriate and set aside sufficiently large sums of money to relieve the suffering of the jobless workers.

To compel the city, state and federal government to initiate immediate unemployment relief, the workers must organize and fight energetically.

Every trade-union organization in

the country must join the unemployed in the struggle. The trade unions must fight for the establishment and further development of unemployed insurance in their respective industries.

This is necessary not only for the relief of the unemployed, but also for the protection of the trade unions.

The unemployed in every locality must organize themselves into special organizations. Councils of unemployed, similar to the one organized in Cleveland, Ohio, will prove of great practical service in the struggle for unemployment relief.

These councils of unemployed, together with the trade unions in each locality, must formulate and present to the local government concrete programs for immediate relief of the unemployed.

Fight For Insurance.

Unemployment is no passing event in the life of the workers under the capitalist system. On the contrary, it is a chronic and permanent institution, degrading the lives of the working masses and exploited by the capitalists to fasten and strengthen their domination. Unemployment will disappear only with the destruction of the capitalist system.

For this reason, the workers of all capitalist countries have been fighting for the establishment of permanent unemployment insurance by the government. Such government unemployment insurance, though inadequate, is at present operating in nearly every capitalist country.

Only in the United States, with the richest and most powerful capitalist class in the world, government unemployment insurance does not exist. The same is true of all forms of social insurance which the American ruling class refuses to accept.

With unemployment in the United States having become a permanent institution brutally exploited by the capitalists to degrade the whole working class, the workers must fight with redoubled energy for the establishment of government unemployment insurance.

But this insurance must not be permitted to become another means in the hands of the government and the capitalists to oppress and demoralize the workers. For this reason the workers must demand government unemployment insurance controlled by the trade unions, together with the organizations of the unemployed.

Organizations Necessary.

The Workers (Communist) Party of America calls upon the unemployed, the trade unions and the unorganized workers to organize and unite their forces for a struggle against unemployment.

Unite and mobilize your forces against the cause of unemployment—the capitalist system and capitalist rule.

Organize the unorganized and strengthen your unions to defeat the offensive of the capitalists.

Carry on a political struggle against the capitalist parties, organize a political party of your own, a Labor Party, to protect and defend the interests of the workers.

Organize Councils of the Unemployed to join with the trade unions in the struggle against unemployment.

Fight for the shortening of the workday and division of work.

Fight for Unemployment Relief.

Fight for the overthrow of the capitalist system under which unemployment is inevitable.

Fight for a Workers and Farmers Government.

CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY.

Young Workers Urge 6-Hour Day

Demanding a 6-hour day, 5-day week for all young workers, the complete abolition of child labor, the Young Workers (Communist) League of America has issued a complete set of demands in the unemployment situation, included in the following statement to all District Executive Committees:

League Statement.

"The National Executive Committee wishes to bring to your attention the question of unemployment which is confronting the league and which should receive your careful consideration and in connection with the league must carry on energetic activities.

"A complete program on unemployment is at present being worked out and will be sent to you within a few days. The NEC, however, discussed thoroughly the question of our demands in the unemployment situation and reached the conclusion that it is necessary to issue two sets of demands: one set of demands to deal with the question fundamentally and the other one to be demands which we issue for the unemployed young workers immediately. The NEC believed that it is absolutely correct to have these two kinds of demands so that we not only fight for relief and help and so on, for the unemployed, but we at the same time show that we make a more basic analysis of the situation and really offer a program for the entire labor movement, the entire working class, on the question of unemployment.

Fundamental Demands.

"The first set of demands is as follows:

- "1. Six-hour day and five-day week for all young workers.
- "2. The complete abolition of child labor, without modifications and the state maintenance of all children at present employed.

"3. The abolition of underground work, night-work, over-time and work in dangerous occupations for all young workers.

"4. The organization of the young workers into the trade union. The immediate abolition of all initiation fees and lowering the dues enabling the young workers to enter the trade unions.

"5. Establishment of work schools in factories for the training of young workers in industry. These work schools to be under the control of the young workers attending the trade union and the workers' factory committee. Young workers to receive full wages while attending these work schools.

"You will note that many of these coincide with the point adopted in our program for social legislation for young workers, and this consequently affords us an excellent opportunity for popularizing our program. The second set of demands is as follows:

Immediate Demands.

"1. Two dollars to be paid to all unemployed young workers to be paid by the local authorities as unemployment dole.

"2. Free feed and clothing for the children of the unemployed workers—to be supplied in schools.

"3. The immediate establishment of work schools as explained above, in the automobile industry, steel industry.

"4. The establishment of youth center of an educational and social character, relieve the monotony of tramping the streets in vain search for work. These to be under labor control.

"5. In connection with military forces:
"(a) Outside: Issue slogan 'Don't be driven by unemployment

and hunger into the army. Fight for effective relief set forth in our demands."

"(b) Inside: Increase of amount to dependents of soldiers, maintaining full amount to soldiers.

"In connection with Number 1, we set two dollars per day as the general national demand considering that the average wage of young workers is about \$15.00 a week, and since it is impossible to demand in unemployment doles, an amount equal to the average wage of the young worker. Consequently this demand is approximately correct. However, it may be modified in special sections, in industries where the wages are appreciably lower or higher than our estimate. For example, in an industry where young workers would ordinarily be making \$25.00, we could easily demand \$3.00 in unemployment doles, but where the young worker is making only \$6.00 to \$10.00 a week, (textile workers in the anthracite) it would be difficult even to demand \$2.00 a day.

Districts should proceed immediately to carry on work based on the above demands, issuing leaflets, and so on. Of course one of the important means of activity is participation in the councils of the unemployed by the Young Workers (Communist) League, and by the young unemployed. We should endeavor to have representatives of the unemployed youth on all the councils and have the councils adopt some of our demands in their program.

The activity of the league should not be confined merely to participation in councils. It must also carry on activity in its own name, such as issuing leaflets, calling mass meetings, giving league headquarters as gathering places for the unemployed youth, etc.