

PROGRESSIVES ISSUE CALL TO 800,000 COAL MINERS

WORKERS DEMAND TRACTION STRIKE CALL TOMORROW

Believe Workers Will Force Action

Rising sentiment among nearly 40,000 New York traction workers for immediate strike action will force officials of the Amalgamated Association to issue a general strike call tomorrow when a mass meeting of the union members acts on the discharge by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company of 21 Amalgamated members.

The so-called truce which the officials of the union have permitted the Interborough to expire tomorrow evening. Scores of traction workers have already gone on "vacations" as a protest at having to work with scabs. A sort of "creeping strike" has begun to spread over the lines.

Company To Reject Men.
The Interborough, it is known, will not accept the offer of the Amalgamated officials to "arbitrate." When this fact is definitely announced, the traction workers who have thus far been restrained from action by the dangerous dallying policy of their officials will no longer remain in check. A strike is inevitable according to the information of those who are in touch with the situation.

It is reported that hundreds of telephone calls have been made to the headquarters of the union officials at the Continental Hotel, Broadway and 41st St., by traction workers who have demanded immediate strike action. These workers have pointed to the intensified preparations by the company of its strikebreaking activities.

It is also known that a majority of the members of the executive council of the union have demanded an immediate strike. The officials have promised action, it was learned, but will seek to avoid the strike call by some maneuver at the last moment.

The experience of the traction workers with the last strike situation in the summer of 1927, it is thought, will guard them against another such defeat as their officials permitted at the time.

KOSSUTH STATUE PLANS EXPOSED

Horthy Delegation Sails for Unveiling Here

The proposed unveiling of a monument here to Louis Kossuth, Hungarian liberator, was exposed before several hundred Hungarian workers at Central Opera House yesterday afternoon as part of a plan by the Horthy fascist regime in Hungary to raise a loan here.

Speakers said the Horthy government hopes to raise money among Hungarian workers here by playing on their sentiment for Kossuth.

The unveiling is scheduled to take place at Riverside Drive and 115th St. March 15.

Officials on Way.

Dispatches from Budapest say Horthy officials, wealthy landowners and former Hapsburg nobles left Hungary yesterday for New York to attend the ceremony.

Among the speakers at yesterday's meeting were Arthur Garfield Hays and Roger Baldwin, both of the Civil Liberties Union; Lewis Gannett, of the Nation; Dr. S. Buchler, president of the Anti-Horthy League; Hugo Gellert, artist and secretary of the league; Rosika Schwimmer, Emery Balint, Hungarian writer. Fake Amnesty Exposed.

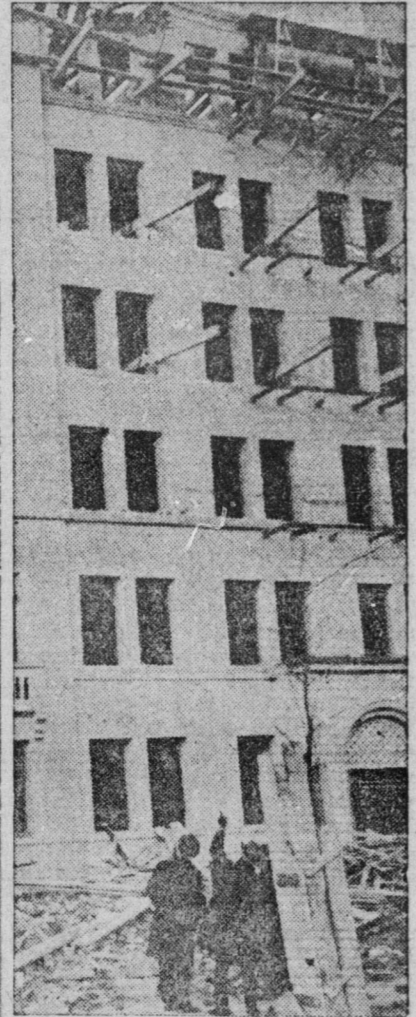
Balint and Gellert aroused sustained applause from the workers present by denunciation of the imprisonment and torture of the Com-

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Unique Tableau At "Red Revue"

Proletarian minstrels, jazz, satire, and proletarian tableaux. All will be found at the "Red Revue" to be given at the New Star Casino, 107th St. and Park Ave., Friday evening, March 16, for the benefit of the DAILY WORKER. Striking, original, proletarian tableaux will also be staged at that time. Maurice, the dancer will lead the Workers' Theatre that will participate in the presentation.

Tower Crushes Worker



One worker died and another was severely injured when the tower of an apartment being constructed in Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn toppled. Such are the risks building laborers must take for the meager wages they receive. The building is shown above, photographed after the crash.

30 BOOTHS AT I. L. D. BAZAAR

Workers Thruout City to Participate

All roads will lead to New Star Casino, 107th St., and Park Ave., Wednesday night when workers of New York City and environs will gather the opening night of the bazaar which the International Labor Defense will hold from Wednesday until Sunday night.

The bazaar, which is an annual event, will be international in character. American, German, Hungarian, Polish, Chinese, Japanese, Finnish, Greek, Ukrainian, Russian and Czechoslovak workers for the past few weeks have been engaged, both as individuals and thru their labor and fraternal organizations, in preparing booths and the programs for each of the days of the bazaar. There will be 30 booths.

To Open With Talk.

The bazaar will open at 8 p. m. Wednesday with an introductory talk on the work of the International Labor Defense by Pascal Cosgrove, secretary-organizer of the Hotel, Food and Restaurant Workers' Union. The evening has been designated as Slavic Night.

Thursday will be a Finnish Night, Friday Hungarian and German Night. Saturday afternoon will be Children's Day and in the evening an international masquerade ball will be held. The program of Sunday evening, the last night of the bazaar, will consist of a concert by the Brooklyn Art Trio. The bazaar, after opening Wednesday night, will be open all day throughout its duration, it is announced.

BOX WORKERS EXPECT VICTORY

The 1,500 paper box workers still out on strike are enthusiastically picketing the paper box district on Greene, Mercer and Wooster streets. Despite efforts of the police squads and the plain clothes men to intimidate the workers, the strikers have continued the systematic picketing. Owners of the shops still out have combined to discriminate against the shops which have settled.

The drivers are in the paper box industry are out solidly in support of the other workers, according to Irving Freeman, manager of the Paper Box Makers' Union. Over 30 shops, among them many of the largest, have already settled. Indications are that a settlement will be sought by the Paper Box Manufacturers' Association during this week, he said.

Unemployed Workers to Hold Demonstration Today

WILL DEMAND RELIEF AT UNION SQUARE MEETING

Workers International Relief Opens Kitchens

Unemployed workers will assemble in Union Square at 2 p. m. today to hear speakers on organization and on demands for relief, under the auspices of the New York Council of the Unemployed, 60 St. Marks Pl.

At the same time the women's section of the Council and the Workers International Relief, 1 Union Square, will continue plans for opening three kitchens here for unemployed men and women and their children. The kitchens are scheduled to open Thursday.

1500 Assemble.

Children will be fed from 3:30 to 5 p. m. daily. Adults will be served from 9 a. m. to noon. One of the kitchens will be located at 60 St. Marks Place and the others in Harlem and Williamsburg.

To Hold City Conference.

Preparations are also under way for a city-wide conference on unemployment that the council has called for Saturday, March 17, at 2 p. m. at Webster Hall, 119 E. 11th St. Labor and fraternal organizations, as well as committees of unemployed workers thruout the city will be represented at this conference.

The executive committee of the women's section will meet tonight at 6 p. m. at the office of the Workers International Relief to plan the first meeting of unemployed women called for Wednesday at 2:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

A meeting of unemployed seamen will be held tomorrow at 2 p. m. at the Seamen's Club, 28 South St.

BISCUIT WORKERS FIRED FROM PLANT

Low Wages, Speed-Up, Spying Revealed

The National Biscuit Company, which operates a number of large factories at 15th and 16th Sts. between Ninth and Tenth Aves., employs 10,000 workers. The company's net profit last year was \$15,000,000. The same National Biscuit Company employs an army of bosses, sub-bosses and foremen whose duties are the driving of the workers to ever greater speed in production, maintaining strict discipline and driving deep into the workers the fear of losing their jobs.

The National Biscuit Company is guilty of wholesale discharges of workers in order to keep a minimum number working under high pressure to make up for the production of those discharged.

The Wage Plan.

The salary at which a woman worker starts is usually \$12, sometimes \$15, a week. Men start at from \$15 to \$22 a week. The custom at the National Biscuit Company is to raise the workers \$1 a week after the first month of employment. This ostensible generosity is largely ex-

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PARTY UNITS PLEDGE MORE SUPPORT

Ruthenberg's Words on "Daily" Cited by N. Y. Communists

Declaring that The DAILY WORKER is passing thru a crisis more severe than any which has attacked it in the past, that the combined attacks of the reactionary forces is becoming sharper, Section 2, New York City, calls upon all militant American workers to come to the defense of the paper. At the same time the Section pledges itself to raise \$1,500 immediately.

Issue Challenge.

Challenging any other section in the country to equal or surpass its record, Section 2 is calling upon every other section to prove its loyalty to

Aged Left to Charity Under Capitalism



Mrs. Bertha Liss slaved for 80 years. After it had sapped all her strength, the capitalist system had no more interest in her. She had her choice of starving on the streets or starving in a home for the aged. She chose the latter. Above photo shows the aged woman in a home, where she must spend the rest of her life amidst discomfort. Capitalism has no further use for the aged workers after it has drawn the last drop of blood from them.

WORKERS PARTY CALLS FOR TRACTION STRIKE

Pointing out that only an immediate strike on the part of the New York traction workers will prevent a repetition of the defeats of 1916 and 1926, the Workers (Communist) Party of District 2, New York, yesterday urged these exploited and unorganized workers to vote unanimously in favor of a general traction walk-out tomorrow night. The statement follows:

Twenty-one of your most active union brothers have been fired for membership in the Amalgamated. In spite of the "solemn" promise of Jimmie Walker that you would be protected, this servile tool of the traction trust has openly betrayed you by an agreement to permit the I. R. T. legal department under Quackenbush to decide upon your rights.

Judge Wasservogel, who has been mentioned as your friend, has likewise shown his true role by refusing to "interfere."

And boot-licked Pat Connolly, obedient to his master's voice, says the Brotherhood will not tolerate any Amalgamated members.

Is it not clear that this is all a game to defeat you?

It should be clear now to everyone that the whole traction gang from Hedley to Walker intend to stand by the discharge of your twenty-one brothers. They are seeking to establish these discharges as a precedent for the complete destruction of the union. Then, shackled by the yellow-dog contract, you will be made to pay for your defeat in lower wages, longer hours, and conditions of even more intense exploitation than at present.

The issue is clear: Either you will seize the present favorable opportunity which is now in your hands or you must resign yourself in the

future to a condition of virtual slavery. Only by a strike can you establish your union!

The choice is either strike or surrender. And no worker who possesses a spark of intelligence, courage or self-respect will any longer hesitate.

You Must Strike! 100 Per Cent.

Never in the history of the New York traction lines was there a stronger movement for organization among the workers. A strike movement will now bring a prompt and enthusiastic response in every shop, terminal and power house. Organ-

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Medical Supply Campaign Is Begun for Nicaragua

"Enlist with Sandino," is the watchword of the Sandino medical supply campaign launched yesterday by the All-America Anti-Imperialist League, whose United States headquarters are at 39 Union Square.

Although he is well supplied with arms and ammunition taken from the enemy, General Augusto Sandino has written to the Mexican Headquarters of the Hands-Off-Nicaragua Committee that his wounded soldiers "are dying like dogs on the roads" from lack of medical supplies.

The All-America Anti-Imperialist League is sending out 25,000 descriptive folders on the situation in Nicaragua. A list of 10,000 contributors is being circulated through the mails and individuals receiving them will solicit funds. A direct appeal will be made to the labor movement through speakers going before local trade unions.

Checks or money orders for the Sandino Medical Supply Fund should

be made out to the All-America Anti-Imperialist League and sent either to the district office or to the national headquarters.

"This is the most important campaign we have ever undertaken," Manuel Gomez, secretary of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League, said yesterday.

"The drive should become part of the anti-war activities of every organization which declares itself against the war in Nicaragua. At every meeting called, for no matter what purpose, collections should be taken up for the Sandino Medical Supply Fund.

"All money collected will be sent

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"SAVE-THE-UNION" COMMITTEE OPENS NATIONAL DRIVE

Summons All Union Locals and Unorganized Fields to Huge Conference at Pittsburgh April 1

Calls Upon Miners to Defeat Coal Operators' Attack and to Oust Lewis Machine

Declaring that the incompetency and corruption of the Lewis administration in the United Mine Workers of America and the efforts of the operators to destroy the organization have brought the coal diggers' union face to face with the most menacing crisis in its history, the "Save the Union Committee" has issued a call for a great national conference of coal miners to be held in Pittsburgh on April 1st.

The call states that the purpose of the conference is to defeat the nation-wide attack of the operators and their government agencies upon the union and on the wages and working conditions of the miners, to oust the corrupt Lewis machine and to lay plans for the complete organization of the industry.

Lewis and his machine are charged by the National "Save the Union Committee" with having lost district after district because of their refusal to wage a militant struggle during the strike or prepare for the inevitable contest with the operators since the signing of the Jacksonville agreement.

Big Lewis Money-Grab. Lewis is scored for drawing \$11,093.66 in salary and expenses during six months of the strike while hundreds of thousands of miners and their dependents were starving.

The conference call declares that the rank and file of the miners are in a state of insurgency against the Lewis machine and are already in several states adopting a militant

MINERS' STRENGTH AWES OPERATORS

Forces Lewis Machine to Retreat

SCRANTON, Pa., March 4.—The rising power of the progressive miners under the leadership of the Save-the-Union Committee has driven fear into the hearts of both the mine owners and union officials of District 1, headed by Rinaldo Cappellini, chief henchman of the Lewis machine.

Mass Fury Rising.

Under the pressure of this rising force, officials of the Pennsylvania Coal Company, which controls all operations in the Pittston region, have hastily combined with Cappellini, in an agreement to resume mining operations in the Pittston district for a period of thirty days in order to ward off the rising mass fury of the miners who are holding Cappellini and the mine owners jointly responsible for the murder of Alex Campbell and Peter Reilly last week as well as the killing of two other progressive miners.

Thousands Mourn Campbell, Reilly.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., March 4.—The funeral of Alex Campbell, progressive mine leader, murdered at the hands of the Lewis-Cappellini machine gun killers, marked the solemn occasion here yesterday of the renewal by fifteen thousand mine workers of a pledge to carry on the struggle

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3,000 WOMEN JOIN IN CELEBRATION

Urge Organization at New York Meeting

"We, the working women of New York, gathered at the celebration of International Woman's Day, send our revolutionary greetings to you, the emancipated working women of Soviet Russia, who are today the vanguard of all the oppressed women thruout the world." Thus began the greeting endorsed by over 3,000 women gathered at Central Opera House yesterday.

Juliet Stuart Poyntz, Secretary of the New York Federation of Working Women's Conference acted as chairman, and Marian Emerson, of the Workers International Relief, Fanny Ridd, Secretary of the Pennsylvania-Ohio Miners' Relief Committee, and Ray Ragozin, organizer of the United Council of Workingclass Women, were the principal speakers. The speakers all emphasized the growing influence of the women in the labor movement and the great need for organization.

Other features included violin solos by Fanny Levine; piano selections by Valentine Righthand, and readings by Genevieve Taggard, American poet. Dances by Dorsha, and especially "March Slav", was enthusiastically received.

The statement reads: Pittsburgh, March 1, 1928. GREETINGS: To all local unions and members of the United Mine Workers of America and the miners of the unorganized districts:

The National "Save the Union Committee" will hold a great national conference of coal miners in Pittsburgh on April first. The purpose of this conference will be to work out a program to meet the deep crisis which has been brought upon the union by the incompetency and corruption of the Lewis administration. The conference will take definite steps for winning the Pennsylvania-Ohio strike, to defeat the nation-wide attacks of the operators and their government agencies upon the union and the wages and working standards

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JOHN BROPHY.

strike policy in defiance of the orders of the reactionary leaders.

The program of the National "Save the Union Conference" calls for unity of all honest elements in the union, for the struggle against the operators and Lewis, for the mobilization of the membership in Pennsylvania and Ohio for the winning of the strike, for a six-hour day and a five-day week, for nationalization of the mines, a Labor Party, the Jacksonville scale, a national agreement for all coal miners, against arbitration and separate agreements, for an honest and aggressive leadership, democracy in the union and abolition of company control.

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Campaign in Pittsburgh Area Being Intensified, "Daily" Agent Reports

STRIKING MINERS TO RECEIVE FREE COPIES OF PAPER

Kaspar Describes Plans of "Builders"

Every effort is being made to stimulate the campaign to add 10,000 new subscribers to The DAILY WORKER, according to a statement to the paper made yesterday by John Kaspar, the DAILY WORKER organizer in District 5, centering around Pittsburgh.

With the full cooperation of District Organizer Jakira, preparations are being made for the free distribution of thousands of copies of the "Daily."

Thousands of miners who are too poor after their long struggle to buy copies of the paper will receive the free issues and it is expected that a tremendous impetus will be given The DAILY WORKER in the Pittsburgh district as a result of this plan.

While not yet in a leading place in the campaign the Pittsburgh district promises to intensify its work in every way possible and it is believed that a great effort will be made to drive the subscription offensive towards a successful issue in the western Pennsylvania area.

MINERS STRENGTHEN AWES OPERATORS

Forces Lewis Machine to Retreat

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against the contract system, the reductions of the mine owners and the betrayals of the union officials.

At the grave, James Lamarca, a rank and filer, arose in the midst of the crowd and in quiet but striking tones spoke of the courageous struggle which Campbell had carried on for the miners, against the evils of the contract system, against the Cappellini machine, for a better life for the workers.

Fakers Must Go!
George Papcun, secretary of the Save-The-Union Committee urged the necessity of using the sacrifices of Campbell, Reilly and others as the inspiration for a renewed struggle against the common enemies of the miners. "No let up, no discouragement. A clean house in the miners union: Lewis, Cappellini, Kennedy must go!"

The funeral was one of the greatest demonstrations ever held in history of Luzerne County or even in the anthracite region. The funeral of Peter Reilly, murdered simultaneously with Campbell was held here this morning under almost as impressive circumstances. Considerable indignation is being expressed by miners over the refusal of officials of District 1 to postpone a meeting of their board held at the time of Reilly's funeral.

Children Suffer.

HARRISBURG, Pa., March 4 (FP).—Because children's diseases are increasing alarmingly among the youngsters of striking soft coal miners, three more nurses have been sent to the strike fields by the Pennsylvania health department. Dr. Theodore Appel, secretary of health, reports to Gov. John Fisher much destitution and hardship in the strike districts of central and western Pennsylvania, with relief not always available from local authorities.

Miners Make Recommendations.

PITTSBURGH, March 4 (FP).—Abolition of the coal and iron police, elimination of the state constabulary from strike zones, open hearings of the senate committee, voiding of anti-strike injunctions are some of the recommendations to senate investigators made by the Save the Union Committee of United Mine Workers members. Shortening the work week is asked to relieve the over-manning of the coal industry.

Nationalization of the coal mines with operation under democratic management with union representation is proposed. Promotion of a Labor Party is essential the committee states. It asks the senate investigating committee also to transfer the huge naval appropriation to the relief of striking miners.

DUPONT, March 4 (FP).

Opposition to the contract mining system is the reason given by members of local 265 United Mine Workers for ousting their old officers and electing a new slate headed by Barney Guziar, former president. The 1,000 miners at Butler colliery of Pennsylvania Coal Co. have had little work since the beginning of the year. Pennsylvania Coal is the same company which owns No. 6 mine at Pittston. Practically all local union officers who opposed the contract mining system at Pittston, near Dupont, have been killed in the last weeks—all shot down in the streets.

HAYS GOT OIL CASH; LINDBERGH PARROTING MASTERS' WORDS



Will Hays (at left), former chairman of the republican national committee, admitted he received \$280,000 from H. F. Sinclair to help cover the deficit incurred in electing Harding and Coolidge in 1920. The second photo shows Charles A. Lindbergh, flying imperialist, boosting bills in the New York legislature for military airports and aviation courses in the public schools. Lindbergh is rendering efficient service to his masters, the bankers. The next to last picture shows the two heads of the gunnery department of the navy, Captains C. C. Bloch and Commander H. K. Hewitt. They have charge of teaching the sailors how to shoot down workers of other nations. At the extreme right is S. Forry Laucks, millionaire manufacturer of York, Pa., who is being sued on charges of assault by Ingeborg Wistedt, a New York girl.

Progressives Issue Conference Call to 800,000 U. S. Coal Miners

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of the miners, to oust the Lewis machine and to place the union in the hands of the miners, to abolish corruption in the union and make it into an invincible weapon of the 800,000 coal miners, to lay plans for the organization of the great masses of unorganized miners so shamefully neglected by the Lewis henchmen.

This conference is held pursuant to resolutions unanimously adopted by the big "Save the Union" conferences in Districts 5, 6, 12 and the anthracite tri-districts, which represent the sentiment of these conferences. "Spontaneous movements of the mass of miners have enormously strengthened the strike and show that the workers are inspired at the prospect of a real struggle in defense of their interests. You are urged to send delegates to this vital conference which will initiate a determined fight to save our organization and living standards.

Bosses Anti-Union Drive.

The United Mine Workers is in the most serious crisis in its history. The coal operators, assisted by the courts and police, are attacking it on all fronts. The Lewis administration thru its reactionary policies, has made no real defense, consequently district after district has been lost. Now the operators are trying to break the backbone of the union by destroying Districts 2, 5 and 6 in the present strike. They are using all methods from federal and state injunctions to evictions of our members and their families and the most brutal attacks upon us by the National Guard, the state constabulary, the coal and iron police and other organized gangs of coal operators thugs. Over 500,000 men, women and children in the coal fields are facing cold, sickness and starvation.

President Lewis, with his international and district machines, has forced upon the union a policy which has brought it to the verge of destruction. During the whole life of the Jacksonville agreement the Lewis machine made no attempt to prepare the union for the present struggle and refused to conduct effective organizational work in the non-union territories.

Failure to Organize Miners.

Lewis is cooperating with the coal companies to drive 200,000 miners out of the industry. He has already succeeded in forcing 200,000 miners out of the union. The refusal of the Lewis machine to organize West Virginia, Kentucky and Tennessee and sections of Western Pennsylvania has allowed the operators to cut wages in these territories and to flood the market with cheaply mined coal to break our strike and disrupt the union.

Against the militant miners who pointed out the dangers which the union faced and who urged the union to adopt a fighting program, President Lewis carried on an open war. Hundreds of loyal members and whole locals and districts in Nova Scotia, Kansas, Alberta, Anthracite, Illinois, etc., have been expelled for opposing the judicial policy of the Lewis machine.

Democracy in the union has become merely a memory. Lewis rules

like a czar. He packed the last convention, steam-rolled the rank and file delegates and raised his salary to \$12,000 per year. From June to December, 1927, while the striking miners were starving on a dollar or two a week relief money, Lewis drew \$11,093.66 for salary and personal expenses. The salaries of Murray and Kennedy were also raised to \$9,000.

The Lewis machine has never been elected. It stole the election from the Howat forces in 1920, from Voysey in 1924, and from the Brophy "Save the Union" slate in 1926. It does not represent the choice or will of the membership.

Lewis refused to enforce the Jacksonville agreement during the life of the contract. The operators were allowed to do as they pleased, systematically breaking up the union and robbing the miners of hard-won conditions, by cutting wages, by refusing to pay for all kinds of dead work, by cutting the yardage rates, by refusing to pay for the setting up of timber and balling of water, by placing two or three miners in one room, etc.

Lewis for Separate Pacts.

Before the strike began, April 1, 1927, Lewis offered to sign separate district agreements and thus to wipe out the policy of the Central Competitive Field agreement which our union fought for years to get and maintain.

For almost six months after the strike was called the Lewis machine did nothing to organize strike relief. The failure of the union officials to organize mass picketing and mass violation of the injunctions was a betrayal of the strike. The Fagans, Halls, etc., did nothing to win the strike. They systematically suppressed all militancy in the strike. They preached reliance on the A. F. of L. officials' conferences of reactionaries, on appeals to Coolidge, Fisher and Pinchot and to empty senate investigations.

Lewis and Fishwick of District 12 betrayed the strike by signing a separate agreement for Illinois, they deserted the Pennsylvania and Ohio miners and took the pressure off the Illinois operators during the winter. They put over an arbitration and speed-up agreement for District 12. Now the operators in Illinois, strengthened by Lewis' policies, are insisting upon \$1.50 wage cut and a decrease of 24c in the tonnage rates. They are out to break up the union. 40,000 Illinois miners are unemployed while the operators install labor displacing machinery without a wage differential, and Lewis and Fishwick are cooperating with them in this. The same separate agreement policy followed in Indiana.

In the anthracite arbitration agreement signed by the Lewis-Cappellini machine in 1925, together with the joint action of the operators, the contractors and the tri-district officials, is wrecking the union. 70,000 anthracite miners are jobless or working one or two days per week.

Militants Shot Down.

The operators are allowed to violate the contract at will. Wage rates are being reduced in many ways. Grievances are not adjusted by the district machines. The contractor system is throwing thousands of miners

out of work. Local union officials and rank and file leaders who fight for an honest and militant union are shot down by Cappellini gunmen as were Thomas Lillis, Samuel Grecco and Alex Campbell and Pete Reilly. Militant miners are framed up as in the case of Sam Bonita. It is the same frame-up system that was used against Corbishley and the other Zeigler, Illinois miners who are now in jail.

Loading machinery adds to the unemployment. Thru the Anthracite Boosters' Association, the district officials join with the operators and business men to "lower the cost of anthracite"—which means in reality to reduce wages, speed up the miners and worsen working conditions.

The union in the anthracite is in great danger. It is being betrayed into the hands of the operators by the Lewis-Cappellini-Golden-Kennedy machine.

In the southwestern districts and in Canada the reactionary policies of Lewis have wrecked the union.

Union Fighting for Life.

For ten years under the Lewis administration the union has steadily grown weaker, until now it is fighting for its very life.

The weakening of the miners' union precipitates a crisis in the whole trade union movement. Encouraged by success in the coal industry the open shop employers are intensifying their drive against all sections of the labor movement.

Lewis attempts to explain away the breakdown of our organization on the ground of overproduction in the industry, the use of substitutes for coal, etc. But this false claim will not permit the Lewis machine to hide the disastrous effects of its policies and escape responsibility. With an aggressive policy for shorter hours, and for the organization of the unorganized, the union could have been built up and conditions in the mines improved despite the so-called overproduction.

Miners, the Time Has Come for Action!

The "Save the Union Committee" calls upon all members of the United Mine Workers and the miners in the unorganized districts to unite to smash the conspiracy against the miners' union and living and working conditions in the mining industry.

Strike Must Be Won.

The miners must unite. The strike can and must be won. We must mobilize our full forces to spread the strike and to beat back the open shop attacks of the employers.

The Lewis machine and its ruinous policies must go. Miners, take control of the local unions! Take the union into your own hands!

Pennsylvania and Ohio Miners: Hold fast in your brave fight!

Mass picketing and mass violation of injunctions are absolutely necessary for winning the strike. The National "Save the Union" Conference will build up the utmost possible support to your heroic battle.

Miners of Illinois, Indiana, Kansas and the Southwest: You have been double-crossed by the Lewis policy of separate agreements.

The operators have used this Lewis policy to weaken the Pennsylvania-Ohio strike, to cripple your own district organization

February 23, 1928. Campbell was former International Executive Board member of District No. 1, and long an outstanding leader of the "Save the Union" forces in the Pittston district. Reilly, a young miner, was secretary of the "Save the Union" Pittston Committee in the 1926 election.

The murder of Campbell and Reilly, preceded by the murder of Tom Lillis, progressive miner, and the attempted assassination of Sam Greco, grievance committeeman, lieutenant of Campbell, makes good the threat of the gunmen that they would "get" both. Greco was ambushed a week ago while on his way home with his wife and the gunmen fired five bullets into his head. He still lives. Greco called Campbell to his bedside and said, "You are the next, my friend, watch out."

The campaign of murder instituted by the Cappellini machine to maintain power, which has now resulted in the murder of three loyal fighters and the attempted assassination of a fourth, demonstrates beyond the power of words to describe the desperation of the reactionary murderous gang. The rank and file are in open rebellion. Not even murder of their leaders will deter the rank and file. The cry of "Lewis-Cappellini Must Go" is ringing thru the anthracite.

The "Save the Union Committee" calls upon its supporters nationally to hold memorial meetings for our fallen fighters. Let us mobilize the miners of America to oust the reactionary gang whose best weapon is the gun in the dark

3 Communism Classes At the Workers School

"Fundamentals of Communism" again promises to lead all other social science subjects given at the Workers School, 108 E. 14th St. in the number of registrations, it was announced yesterday.

NEW EMBLEM AGAINST WAR

A brawny fist striking at a two-headed serpent which is twined about two bayoneted guns to make a dollar sign, is the new emblem of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League which is being issued today in the form of buttons which will be sold at meetings for ten cents apiece. The design set in a white triangle on a red ground.

Hold Labor Athletic Exhibition March 25

The Labor Sports Union will hold its first indoor sports and athletic exhibition March 25 at the Finnish Progressive Center, 16 W. 125th St., it was announced yesterday.

NOTES.

Lou Moskowitz, Bronx featherweight favorite had his string of victories rudely broken Saturday night when he was knocked out in the first round of a ten-round bout at the Olympia A. C. by Pete Zivic, veteran Pittsburgh fighter. By his victory over the Bronx boy, Pete reversed the recent defeat of his stablemate Allantown Johnny Leonard at the hands of Lou.

Eddie Cannon Ball Martin, ex-bantamweight champion will meet Johnny Huber in a six-round bout at the St. Nicholas Arena, tonight.

Five sixes and a four-round comprise the card.

Starting off three months ago with only 21 teams, the Metropolitan Workers' Soccer League which is affiliated with the Labor Sports Union has now grown to include 32 teams.

Between 10 and 12 games are played in the public parks of New York every Sunday. J. Bowled is chairman and Emil Austin secretary of the organization.

SOCCER RESULTS.

The Red Star Sport Club Team A and the New York Eagles played a 1-1 tie yesterday at Crotona Park in a regular game of the Metropolitan Workers' Soccer League.

The Red Star Sport Club, Team B defeated the Blue Star team by score

SECTION 2 OF NEW YORK PLEDGES AID IN "DAILY" FIGHT

\$1,500 to Be Donated for Defense

(Continued from Page One)

defending The "DAILY," the representatives of the Section outlined the campaign by which they are raising \$1,500 for the defense of their paper within the next few days.

"Last summer when The DAILY WORKER issued an urgent call for funds," the communication states, "Section 2 showed its Party loyalty and its thro estimation of the importance of The DAILY WORKER by quickly raising \$1,500.

"And this was accomplished," the communication states, "in spite of the fact that most of the members of Section 2 are needle trades workers and unemployment in the needle trades was great at that time."

"Let us keep clearly before the working class the duty which Charles E. Ruthenberg left as his last bequest to the militant American workers, the task of defending The DAILY WORKER against all attacks," the statement of Section 2 concludes.

15 MINE RELIEF WORKERS JAILED

W.I.R. Is Given \$500 for Relief Kitchen

Fifteen workers were arrested over the week end in New York for participating in the miners' relief campaign conducted by the Pennsylvania-Ohio Miners' Relief Committee, it was learned last night. Three will be tried Thursday. The other 12 were found guilty of violating a city ordinance. Sentences were suspended.

Thousands of volunteer workers were still collecting funds at a late hour last night, making it impossible to estimate the amount collected, according to Fanny Rudd, secretary of the committee. A statement will be issued during the week, she added, which will give the figures on the amount of money contributed by New York Workers to the relief fund.

Among those arrested were a member of the Young Workers (Communist) League and a child. The latter will be arraigned in Children's Court. The International Labor Defense is defending the arrested workers.

W. I. R. To Open Kitchen.

An anonymous donation of \$500 has been received by the Workers' International Relief, 1 Union Square, for opening a food kitchen for the children of the striking miners in Pennsylvania, the organization announced yesterday. A kitchen will be opened in Pittsburgh within 10 days, according to Marion Emerson, assistant secretary of the Workers' International Relief.

It is planned to feed the children twice a day. After the kitchen has been fully established branches will be opened in the outlying districts. Games will also be arranged for the children.

"Though the \$500 donation will be sufficient for starting the kitchen," Miss Emerson said, "additional funds are needed to maintain it and open the branch kitchens. The children of the striking miners have been the greatest sufferers in the present strike and have endured untold privations."

MEDICAL AID FOR SANDINO PLANNED

(Continued from Page One)

to the Hands-Off-Nicaragua. At every meeting called, for no matter what purpose, collections should be taken up for the Sandino Medical Supply Fund.

"All money collected will be sent to the Hands-Off-Nicaragua Committee at Mexico City, the treasurer of which is Prof. Rafael Ramos Padruenza. The committee in Mexico is working in close cooperation with the Nicaraguan Red Cross and in turn makes its shipments through Mr. Froylan Turcios, the accredited representative of General Sandino.

"In Mexico City and Salvador a campaign for funds has been carried on for some time and now the campaign is spreading thruout all America."

KOSSUTH STATUE PLANS EXPOSED; THE HORTHY DELEGATION SAILS FOR N. Y.

(Continued from Page One)

Geller exposed the fake amnesty by Horthy last week of 1000 "political prisoners," whom, he said, were not political prisoners, but ordinary criminals.

Hays and Baldwin spoke on the complete repression of civil liberties under Horthy's dictatorship.

500 Embark.

BUDAPEST, March 4.—Over 500 representatives of the bloody Horthy government today left Budapest for the unveiling of a Kossuth monument on Riverside Drive, New York, March 15.

In the delegation are such enemies of the workers in Hungary as Baron Perenyi, wealthy landowner, Count Paul Bethlen and many officials of the fascist Horthy government. All are notorious for their brutal treat-

UNION TO HOLD STRIKE MEETING

The Architectural Iron and Bronze Workers Union is calling a meeting of all the shop chairmen and active members for Tuesday evening, where the question of the packer Iron Works and Varman Iron Works strikes will be considered and plans for further activities will be made. The meeting will be held at the office of the union, 7 E. 15th st. at 8 p. m.

Firemen Burned

PERTH AMBOY, N.J., March 4.—A large part of the Ford Porcelain Works was destroyed yesterday by fire. Two firemen were injured, one of them seriously. Many workers were made jobless by the fire.

A. J. Cook Urges a World-Wide Mine Strike to Halt Employer Offensive

POINTS TO WAGE SLASHES, LONGER HOURS IN MINES

Wants National Meet of British Miners

LONDON, (By mail).—A world wide coal strike to halt the slashing of wages and the lengthening of hours on an international scale was urged by A. J. Cook, Secretary of the British Miners Federation in an interview with the Sunday Worker. Cook also urged that a national conference of the Miners' Federation be called immediately.

CARDIFF, (By mail).—In a series of mass meetings held through the South Wales coal fields, A. J. Cook, militant mine leader, attacked the drastic wage cuts which go into effect in the Durham and Northumberland mines on March 1.

Urging a world-wide miners protest, he said, "The Miners' International is meeting at Brussels on Tuesday this week, and my opinion is that international action should be taken to defend the miners not only in Britain, but in France, Germany, Belgium and the United States, where attacks are being made by coal owners. "We must force a world stoppage to secure a seven hours' bank-to-bank shift. "I am in favor of calling a national conference of the Federation in order to thrash out a policy whereby we can resist the mine owners.

MILL BARONS FIGHT FOR CHILD LABOR

Say Long Hours Are Not Harmful

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Mar. 4.—Southern newspapers and trade journals are announcing the imminent inauguration of a campaign of the industrial interests of the south to pass a 55 hour work week law, which will apply to every southern state.

The Southern Textile Bulletin declares editorially that: "A 55-hour law is right and is in accord with public opinion. . . and in periods of prosperity would greatly aid to the profits of cotton manufacturing." The editorials also generously announce that "public sentiment is opposed to a working week longer than 55 hours and by continuing to refuse to comply with that sentiment mills are furnishing ammunition for the agitators who seek the '48 hour week.'" The above comment refers to a large number of southern mills which have a 60 or more hour work week in their plants.

In other editorials the wrath of the gods is called down upon the heads of "the agitators who seem inclined to concentrate their fire upon the employment of those between the ages of 14 and 16 years of age for more than 8 hours a day."

"There should be no compromise or yielding on this point by cotton manufacturers of the south," is the cry raised in the editorials. "There has never been any evidence of any injury resulting from allowing those between the ages of 14 and 16 to work more than 8 hours daily," is the statement further made. They also say that they are certain that the mill workers in question are also opposed to such limitations.

Mussolini Threatens To Suppress German Newspapers in Tyrol

ROME, March 4.—A threat to suppress all German papers in Tyrol was made by Mussolini yesterday. After declaring that "hereafter he would let the facts do the talking," Mussolini declared that all talk of submitting the question to the League of Nations was nonsense. "The League of Nations? Geneva? What a hope," he said.

Where Sandino Fought



Scene of the recent battle in which the nationalist Nicaraguan forces routed a detachment of United States marines.

Builds Huge Press for Tory Propaganda



Lord Rothemere, left, brother of the late Lord Northcliffe, and owner of the Daily Mail, who owns a huge string of newspapers which has been spreading propaganda against the Soviet Union. Rothemere is photographed with G. Ward Price, the brass check director of the Daily Mail, during their recent visit to the United States.

LOSOVSKY SCORES TO HOLD POLISH GENERAL COUNCIL

Sees Social Struggles in England Soon

MOSCOW, (By mail).—The Fourth Congress of the Red International of Labor Unions will devote special attention to the problems of the British trade union movement, A. Losovsky, general secretary of the R. I. L. U. said in an interview today.



A. Losovsky, R. I. L. U. Head

"All these struggles will be doomed to defeat if led by those who deliberately supported the enemy in May, 1926. It becomes plain, therefore, that the Minority Movement's tactics in England are extremely important."

PARIS COMMUNE DAY IS PLANNED

Many Cities Will Hold Celebrations

Paris Commune Day will be celebrated by a larger number of cities than ever before in the country, the International Labor Defense, 799 Broadway, announces.

Among the cities scheduling meetings are Chicago, Milwaukee, New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Pittsburgh, Martins Ferry, Gary, Cleveland, Kansas City, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Seattle, Toledo, Detroit, Superior, Duluth, Minneapolis, St. Paul, and many other cities.

The Boston meeting, March 18, will be addressed by Max Shachtman, editor of the Labor Defender and author of a booklet on the Paris Commune.

Lessons for U. S. Workers. The speaker in Philadelphia will be Manuel Gomez, secretary of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League. In Chicago one of the speakers will be Bishop William Montgomery Brown.

The various locals are preparing elaborate programs in addition to the speaking, such as tableaux, music and drama.

Emphasis will be laid at these meetings on the lessons for the workers of the world of the Paris Commune.

Asbestos Trust Charged In Federal Court Suit

The federal government has brought suit in U. S. District Court against a business group which it charges is violating the Sherman anti-trust law by monopolizing 95 per cent of the asbestos trade. Among those named in the federal suit are the Asbestos Corp., Ltd.; Dillon Read and Co., bankers, and the Johns Hanville Co. The asbestos trust has fixed prices and acted in restraint of trade, the suit charges. Wages paid the asbestos miners and workers in asbestos plants are unusually low, due to the fact that their unorganized condition has rendered these workers helpless in the face of the huge and wealthy combination of firms against them.

500 Ask Philadelphia Jobs; 50 Are Accepted

PHILADELPHIA.—Five hundred men applied for work when Kensington Shipyard & Drydock Co. opened after 10 months shutdown. Fifty men were employed. Later the force may be increased to 1500, if business warrants. The plant used to be a branch of William Cramp Ship & Engine Building Co.

TO HOLD POLISH ELECTION TODAY

Expect Left Wing Gain Despite Terrorism

WARSAW, March 4.—In spite of the wholesale arrest of left wing leaders, considerable gains for the left wing parties are expected in the elections which will take place tomorrow.

Numerous workers have been arrested for demonstrations against the Pilsudski government and trade union and left wing headquarters have been raided by the police. Observers here point to the recent gains of the Communists in the municipal elections at Lodz, Grodno and Warsaw as indicative of the general trend in politics.

SWEDISH PAPER LOCKOUT TODAY

57,000 Workers Will Be Thrown Out of Jobs

STOCKHOLM, March 4.—More than 27,000 workers in the paper industry will be thrown out of work tomorrow when the lockout announced by the paper mill employers goes into effect. A large number of workers in the wood pulp industry have already been locked out.

The workers have categorically rejected the demands of the industrialists for a longer working day and a lower wage. Both chambers of the Swedish Riksdag have refused to consider the proposal that the national anti-trust laws be applied to the trade unions.

Current Burns R. R. Men

STAMFORD, Conn., March 4.—Andrew Kennedy, 30, a worker on an electric signal bridge of the New Haven Railroad, was instantly killed when his head touched a wire supporting an 11,000 volt feed wire. His body was enveloped in flames. Benjamin Simmons, a fellow worker, was badly burned by the flames and may die from his injuries.

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40,000 GERMAN METAL WORKERS DECLARE STRIKE

Strike Against Piece Work in Tool Trade

BERLIN, March 4.—More than 40,000 metal workers went on strike yesterday when Berlin tool manufacturers refused their demand for the discontinuance of piece work. The strike took place in spite of the attempts of conservative trade union leaders to prevent any walkout.

Workers in other branches of the metal trades industry are expected to join the walkout this week. Several thousand metal trades workers in Central Germany are on strike in spite of the mandatory order of the Government against strikes in the metal trades.

Conclude Imperialist Bargain on Tangier

PARIS, March 4.—The long-discussed Tangier agreement was signed yesterday by Foreign Minister Briand and Quinones de Leon, Spanish ambassador to Paris.

The agreement will be submitted immediately for the approval of England and Italy. The new agreement will place a Spanish officer inspector general of the police of the city of Tangier.

It is generally believed here that the agreement will meet with the approval of Sir Austen Chamberlain, British minister of foreign affairs.

Nanking Delegation Seeks U. S. Support

(Special to The Daily Worker)

LOS ANGELES, March 4.—Members of the right wing Kuomintang Nanking government arrived here Sunday. General Hsu Shung-chi, Chan Han-yu, Prof. Chou Lou and C. T. Tsing are among the Nanking representatives who arrived.

The Nanking government is making an attempt to secure the support of the United States and other imperialist powers.

Power Trust Rates

In 1926 the average rate charged domestic users of electricity in the United States on the 25,000,000,000 kilowatt hours they consumed was 7.4c per k.w.h., as compared with 2c in Ontario under the publicly owned plant.

Fascist Govt. of Peru Arrests Strike Leaders

CALLAO, Peru, March 4.—Eight leaders of the dock workers' strike have been arrested by the police, it was learned today. The dock workers were striking for higher wages and better conditions.

JOIN IN A REAL FIGHT!

LENIN RUTHENBERG DRIVE

FOR

- Organization of the unorganized.
- Miners' Relief.
- Recognition and Defense of the Soviet Union.
- A Labor Party.
- A Workers' and Farmers' Government.

AGAINST

- Injunctions.
- Company Unions.
- Unemployment.
- Persecution of the Foreign Born.
- War.

Join a Fighting Party!
Join the Workers (Communist) Party of America

Application for Membership in Workers (Communist) Party (Fill out this blank and mail to Workers Party, 43 E. 125 St., N. Y. C.)

NAME _____

ADDRESS No. _____ St. _____ City _____ State _____

OCCUPATION _____

If you are on strike or unemployed and cannot pay initiation fee please check this box.

UNEMPLOYED AND STRIKERS ADMITTED WITHOUT INITIATION and receive dues exempt stamps until employed.

(Enclosed find \$1.00 for initiation fee and one month's dues.)

ELECTRIC POWER IN U.S.S.R. Build More Stations Thruout the Union

MOSCOW, (By Mail).—Another eight regional electric stations (three working with peat fuel, two hydro-electric stations, and three using low grade coal), of a total power capacity of 197,000 k.w.t., have been established in the Soviet Union during the last few years. Added to the power capacity of the formerly erected stations, the general capacity of all the operating stations amounts to 302,000 k.w.t.

Under construction are 16 electric stations (5 hydro-electric stations, 3 using peat fuel, 2 using anthracite, 3 using low grade coal and 3 paraffine mazout) of a total capacity of 546,500 k.w.t.

The sum total of the capacity of all the Union stations, those operating and under construction, including the increased capacity of the municipal stations in Leningrad, Moscow and Baku, which are being enlarged, will amount to 1,084,500 k.w.t.

STUDENTS ATTACK EGYPTIAN GOV'T

Police Injure Five at Demonstration

CAIRO, Egypt, March 4.—Five students were severely injured when police attacked a demonstration against the British-Egyptian treaty and against the British-controlled government. The huge student demonstration which was held in front of the "House of Nations" was finally dispersed by the police.

The widow of Zaghoul Pasha, who attempted to quiet the students in a speech from a balcony was shouted down by the students. Placards denouncing the government and the treaty were carried by the demonstrators.

WORKERS FIGHT 50-HOUR WEEK

PATERSON, N. J. Mar. 4.—In answer to the declaration of many silk mill owners that they intend to bring back the 50 hour work week, a mass meeting of silk workers' unions and other bodies of organized labor held here late Friday night, unanimously passed a resolution to inaugurate a drive to maintain the eight-hour day.

The meeting was held under the auspices of the Associated Silk Workers Union at the Carpenters' Hall, and was attended by a large crowd of workers representing the A. F. of L. as well as independent unions.

Discuss Fascist Arms

GENEVA, March 4.—The shipment of arms from fascist Italy to Hungary will be taken up tomorrow at the meeting of the Council of the League of Nations.

RED ARMY GETS 15 NEW PLANES AS MASS GIFT

To Strengthen Defense Against Imperialism

(Special Cable To DAILY WORKER.) MOSCOW, March 4.—In connection with the celebration of the tenth anniversary of the Red Army, the fleet of 15 of the 66 airplanes built by the "Our Reply to Chamberlain" Fund was handed over to the army by the Ossoavkhiam and the chemical defense at the Moscow Aerodrome yesterday. At the same time the Red Cross presented the Red Army with the first Soviet ambulance-airplane.

The construction of the 66 airplanes was subsidized by a fund raised by the various defense societies of the Soviet Union. Workers and peasants willingly contributed to the construction of an air fleet for defense against imperialist attacks.

Imperialist Envoy



Alexander P. Moore has been appointed as ambassador to fascist government in Peru. Moore has already had experience as ambassador to the fascist Rivera dictatorship in Spain.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE

Annual Bazaar

To Aid Political Prisoners

Five Big Days

DANCING RESTAURANT MUSIC EXHIBITIONS CONCERTS

Wednesday Thursday Friday

THE GREATEST EVENT of the YEAR

Saturday and Sunday

March 7, 8, 9, 10, 11

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Join and Support the International Labor Defense.

WHY? WHY? WHY? WHY? WHY? WHY?

Fairy Tales for Workers Children

FOR LITTLE BOYS AND GIRLS

WITH OVER 20 BLACK AND WHITE ILLUSTRATIONS AND 4 COLOR PLATES AND 2 COVER DESIGNS BY LYDIA GIBSON —Duroflex \$.50— Cloth \$1.00—

BY HERMINIA ZUR MÜHLEN TRANSLATED BY IDA DAILES

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SOCIALISTS SUPPRESS CRITICISM AT MEETING OF NEW YORK UNEMPLOYED

USE OCCASION FOR ATTACK ON WORKERS PARTY

Throw Out Members of Unemployed Council

(By a Worker Correspondent.)
Recently an unemployed meeting was held at the Jewish Forward Hall. As an unemployed representative of the Unemployed Committee I went there to listen. The chairman announced Norman Thomas as the first speaker. He spoke for ten minutes during which time he did not mention a word about the class struggle.

Then Claessens took the platform. While he was speaking a photographer snapped a picture. People were scared and ran to the door. Claessens saw that, so he said to the unemployed workers, "It's very bad to run to the doors. We're not like the Communists. They start a fire, then they run away."

Throw Silver Out
When Claessens was thru speaking, Harry Meyers was announced. He stated that when Theodore Dreiser came back to this country, he said there were no bread lines in Europe. Silver, of the Unemployed Council, said to Meyers, "Why don't you mention the Soviet Union?" Three strong arm guys came up to the balcony and threw Silver out of the hall.

Isidore Korn was the next speaker. He claimed he had never heard of the Unemployed Council before. I called him a liar. Then he shouted from the platform, "Throw him out." Three strong arm guys were standing in the aisle where I was sitting but the unemployed workers were with me.

Then Harry Meyers jumped down and took me over to the platform. He began to speak, saying the Workers Party wanted to call a parade to the City Hall. He said that the workers should get their heads clubbed to bring the Social Revolution.

Ask United Front.

Then I spoke. I proved that he was a liar and that we were against the parade. I asked Meyers how long it was since he was attacking Forrest Bailey and Norman Thomas in the columns of the DAILY WORKER and showed how now he is going hand in hand with them. Then I said to Meyers, "Why build an opposition when there is an Unemployed Council in existence?" I asked him why he did not unite with us, adding that we were calling an Unemployed Meeting at Webster Hall on Mar. 17, which would be attended by trade unionists.

When I was thru speaking, Meyers said he would not answer. Let the working class and the labor movement know what the socialists stand for—misleaders of the workers.
HENRY BLOOM,
Unemployed Council.

Garman Co. Iron Workers Strike on Wage Slashes

(By a Worker Correspondent.)
For 5 weeks I, with the other workers of the Garman Iron Works, 59 Davis Street, Long Island City, have been out on strike against the attempt of the Garman Co. to force non-union conditions on us.

There were 25 workers, all union members of the Architectural Iron and Bronze Workers' Union in this shop. We were getting 38 to \$40 a week, and working 44 hours. Then Garman started to discharge a couple of union workers every day, and bring in non-union men. He paid these \$8 or \$10 less a week, and made them work 48 hours. Garman fired 15 union workers, and tried to force the rest to take work for \$35 for a 48 hour week. So we struck on January 25, and have been out since. We are picketing this shop every day.
—A PICKET.

CLOTHING UNION FIGHTS IN COURT

WASHINGTON, D. C., Mar. 4.—The Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America filed a petition in the United States Supreme Court seeking a reversal of the decision of the Federal District Court of St. Louis, which endorses an anti-strike injunction obtained by the Curlee Clothing Company against the union in St. Louis.

The appeal to the Supreme Court merely questions the authority of the St. Louis Federal Court to act in the situation, due to the fact that the company is owned entirely by Missourians. The firm switched the case a state court on the grounds that the corporation had a Delaware charter.

The case grew out of an organization strike called by the Amalgamated against the Curlee Clothing Company in June 1925, during which a drastic injunction was obtained by the firm a month after the strike was called.

Prisoner Killed

BALTIMORE, Mar. 4.—John W. Roles, 23, a convict, was crushed to death in a tumbling machine at work in the prison here. His clothing became caught in the unguarded machine and also his companions tried to extricate him, he was pronounced dead when taken to the prison hospital.

Engine Kills Worker

SECAUCUS, N. J., March 4.—John Hird, a worker on the Erie Railroad, was instantly killed when struck by an engine in the Erie yards here.

MINER TELLS OF HARD STRUGGLE IN PENNSYLVANIA

Knows of Lewis Bribe Treachery

(By a Worker Correspondent.)
AVELLA, PA., (By Mail).—My wife has been reading the DAILY WORKER most every day. We get it from Phillippi and "god" only knows how much we would like the paper but now we have not the price of the paper on account of the strike.

It's not only since April that we've been on strike, but since March 6, 1925, we only worked eight months here and out we went again.

My conditions are very bad at present. Before Christmas we wrote to Mr. Lewis, (may the devil take him), asking him for help for the house rent. My wife had a baby in West Virginia. Nine days after we moved into the barracks here my wife had another baby. We had to have two doctors and she's been sick every day since. No money to pay the doctor, no rent.

Lewis answered, "Go to Mr. Fagan." All right, my wife went. And the answer she got was "How does it happen that you have a private house?" My wife told him that we couldn't get a company house. "How much rent do you pay?" he asked. "Twenty-five dollars besides lights and gas." Then he said "Well, why don't you move into the barracks?" Then my wife told him about the baby. So he asked how much rent we owed. My wife said four months. Then he said, "We'll see after Christmas." Now we think he meant after 1929.

We've always been against Lewis and we know also about the bribe he took from the coal company in the coke region because we read the paper which Carl Trecca publishes.

What is Lewis doing for the miners? Well, by jiminy, he is feeding us lots of hot air. No use to bore you more with my story and hardships and my two babies, both gone. If it wasn't for my wife who is such a determined person and is trying to keep our courage up, father's and mine, with her own courage, I don't know but I might have gone to work. After three years of hardship and hard knocks—she is good for that much more battle.

I am a citizen and would like to join the Workers (Communist) Party.

Excuse my mistakes because I am trying hard to fight down my memories and emotion.
D. M., A STRIKING MINER

Coal Crushes Miner

HILLSBORO, Ill., Mar. 4.—John Manifor, 46, the father of five children, was crushed to death beneath a fall of coal at the Hillsboro mine last week. He had worked only a few minutes when the accident occurred.

Aged Woman Homeless

Mrs. Sarah Hanser, 78 years old, was found wandering in the streets in the Bath Beach section of Brooklyn early yesterday. She said she had no home or family and had eaten practically no food for several days. She was taken to Kings County Hospital.

Packer Iron Co. Fires 30; Whole Shop Tied Up

(By a Worker Correspondent.)
I am an ironworker at Packer Ironworks, located at 561 Rockaway Avenue, Brooklyn. I am a member of the Architectural Iron and Bronze Workers' Union. There are about 45 workers employed there normally.

About two weeks ago the boss started to fire the union workers in the shop, who were getting \$38 and \$40 a week. He began to bring in non-union workers at \$28, \$27, anything that he could get away with. He fired 30 union men out of the 45, and tried to make the rest of us accept the wages he was giving the non-union men. But we all struck a few days ago, and we will stay out on strike until we win union conditions. This Packer Company treated the union agreement as a scrap of paper.

—A STRIKER.

BOSS GETS TASTE OF WORKERS' LIFE

PASSAIC, N. J., Mar. 4.—Being a mill worker has its drawbacks, is the probable conclusion arrived at by S. Ainsworth Hird, president of Samuel Hird and Sons, woolen and worsted goods manufacturing company of this city, and also president of the Passaic Rotary Club.

While visiting his plant last week in a semi-annual demonstration of his "democratic leanings," which consists of operating one of the machines for a short period, Hird caught his hand in the unguarded mechanism, resulting in a very painful injury to his hand.

Workers Not Sad Over Death of Silk Boss

PASSAIC, N. J., Mar. 4.—All operations will be suspended in the Botany and Garfield Mills here on Monday for a five minute period of silence in observance of the death of Eduard Stoehr, chief stockholder, who died at his home in Germany late last week.

A press release issued by the mills states that many workers will recall the "happy chats and observations" with Mr. Stoehr when the boss was on his annual inspection trips, also pointing out that these democratic ways found great favor among his employees.

Most workers recall that the Botany and Garfield mill owners were the most vicious in their fight against the organization efforts made by the textile workers in the great Passaic textile strike of 1926.

Militarism in School

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Mar. 4.—The army is planning to establish an "air academy" here on a large tract of land donated by the city for the aviation school, as part of a campaign to militarize the traditions of American youth. Students from colleges will be asked to take a year's training to qualify as pilots in the regular army or reserve corps. Aviation courses through the south, as well as the rest of the country, will be introduced in the public schools, if plans of the army go thru.

CHESTER WORKER HAS HONEST PLAN FOR UNEMPLOYED

Union Business Agents Give Favorites Jobs

(By a Worker Correspondent.)
CHETER, Pa., (By Mail).—Because of the increasing unemployment in the trade unions of Chester and what is considered to be the unfair awarding of jobs by the Business Agents of the unions, one brother has submitted the following plan for the approval of the leaders and membership.

The plan does not at all meet the approval of the officials. There has been a discussion of it but no official action has been taken as yet. There is a possibility that there may be a fight on it or that it may die a natural death.

The following is the plan:
RULES GOVERNING BOARD
The following rules must be posted on the board at all times.

(1) Each member shall report to the Business Agent or person in charge of the board as to his ability and where working last in order to become eligible for a job.

(2) Every man must report in person as soon as possible after getting out of work when his name shall be registered at the bottom of the list in the order of reporting at the board.

(3) Where a call comes in for a certain man or men by "name," for a job it is the duty of the person in charge to send out that man or men if they are not working and can easily be got in touch with no matter what their position on the board.

(4) When a call comes in for men wanted at once it is the duty of the Business Agent or person in charge to send out the men who are in the hall at the time the call comes and who are capable of the job according to the position of their names on the board. And if the required number of men are not in the hall then those with whom he can get touch with most conveniently in the order of their registration on the board.

(5) Every man registered on the board shall report at 4 P.M. every day at which time it shall be the duty of the Business Agent or person in charge to make known all calls for men wanted on the following day or days and send out the men according to their position on the board. (Namely, a call comes in for two finishers and No. 1 John Smith is registered as rough framing therefore not capable for the job, then No. 2 John Jones whose ability is finishing, and No. 5, W. W. Roberts, the next man on the list, listed as a finisher would be the two men sent out) and their names would be stricken from the board until such time as they report out of work again, therefore the necessity of the men being registered as to their ability.

(6) Every man failing to report at the board at 4 P.M. forfeits his right to any job which might be given out that day to the man next below him on the list and if the man fails to report for three successive days he shall be considered working and his name shall be stricken from the board until such time as he reports out of work again when his name shall be placed on the board at the bottom of the list again.

(7) If a man gets a job himself while his name is on the board it is

DRAMA

Cheating the Camera An Art With German Film Producers

German film producers are considering cheaper methods of making costumes, particularly in historical films. The expense of brocade for elaborate scenes has hitherto been necessary because of the terrible truthfulness of the photographic lens.

But the camera appears to have been deceived at last by a method now being employed by the director of the big German film, "Luther," who is using the cheapest materials for everybody throughout the whole picture. Plain nettle-cloth, treated in a certain way, with patterns, folds, lace, and all ornamentation desired, painted on its surface, will photograph in the same way as heavy brocade. Ordinary sateen may be made to look like the finest satin.

Two processes are involved in the treatment—the broad strokes of a glorified house-painter and decorator, who saturates the material, and that of the artist, who paints in his pattern on the prepared surface. In the German "Faust" film, and in one or two figures in "Metropolis," the same method was used, though the boldness of Professor Rainer, the present pioneer of the method, is as yet without precedent.

LYNN FONTANNE



In "Strange Interlude," Eugene O'Neill's impressive play, at the John Golden Theatre.

Manhattan Opera House May 4, 5 and 6. The principal roles will be taken by Michio Itow, Martha Graham, Albert Carroll, Lily Lubell, J. Blake Scott, Jacques Cartier, Leo Bulgakov and Blanche Talmud.

Current Events

BROADWAY

"Gossips of 1928," a junior musical comedy unit, with Billy Dale and cast including: Billy Hibbit, Marie Hartman; Six California Peaches with Al Buttes; Ward Brothers; Alice May Howard and Sophie Bennett; Marjorie Moore's Ten June Buds; and Ray Powell, Con O'Brien, Marty Gibbons and Fred Kuhlman. Feature photograph, "The Cohens and Kellys in Paris," with George Sidney, J. Farrell MacDonald, Vera Gordon and Kate Price. Added attraction, Jack Delaney vs. Tom Heeney fight pictures.

PALACE

Bobby Clark and Paul McCullough, comedy stars, last seen in "The Ramblers," in "The Interview"; Will Fyffe, Scotch comedian; Donald Brian assisted by Harry DeCosta; Adela Verne, pianist; Solly Ward and Company, with Marion Murray; Honorable Wu and his revue, "Chinese Nights"; Mickey Lewis and Jimmy Winthrop; Speed Manning and Alotta Class; Luca and Lillian.

AMUSEMENTS

Winter Garden Eves. 8:30. Mat. Tues. & Sat.
WORLD'S LAUGH SENSATION!
Artists & Models

WINTHROP AMES presents JOH. GALSWORDTHY'S ESCAPE HOWARD BOOTH Thea. W. 45St. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Wed. & Sat.
Broadhurst Th. W. 44 St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. LAST WEEK
GEORGE ARLISS in THE MERCHANT OF VENICE

HUDSON Theatre, West 44th Street. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. THE NEW COHAN FARE
WHISPERING FRIENDS

National Theatre, 41 St. W. of B'way Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat. 3:15
"The Trial of Mary Dugan" By Bayard Veiller, with Ann Harding-Rex Cherryman

ERLANGER'S Thea. W. 44 St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat.
GEORGE M. COHAN'S THE MERRY MALONES

The Theatre Guild presents Eugene O'Neill's Strange Interlude John Golden Thea. 58th, E. of B'way Evenings Only at 8:30.

EUGENE O'NEILL'S Marco Millions Guild Th. W. 52d St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30 Extra Matinee Wednesday Week of March 12: "The Doctor's Dilemma"

PORGY Republic Th. W. 42d. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:40

DRACULA FULTON E'way, 46 St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30 "BETTER THAN THE BAT"

SAM HARRIS Thea., 42d. W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
LOVELY LADY with Wilda Bennett & Guy Robertson.

Young Comrade Corner

What Education We Get.

One day in school our principal was telling us about America. He told us that the U. S. never goes to war with any country. I know that it is a lie. If any country tries to help its people America sends her troops, like she did to Soviet Russia, China, Nicaragua and Mexico.

They think that the children don't know anything. They tell us lies and try to make us believe them. Do you see dear comrades, what education we get in the schools?
—FRANCES GEDVILES.

A WORKINGMAN'S PRAYER.

By Alex Bardos.
(Translated from Hungarian)
God in heaven,
Who sits on the heavenly throne
Open your ears,
Listen to what I have to say.
I. Thou are the omnipotent,
Thou are the omniscient
Thou knowest I am not a sinner,
And yet you punish me.

500 Window Cleaners Strike in Chicago

CHICAGO, Mar. 4.—Five hundred window washers, organized as the Building Service Employees' Local Union No. 34, with Charles F. Willis as president, have been on strike here for more than a month for higher wages and shorter hours.

They are demanding a wage of \$160 a month and a 44-hour week. They have been working nine and ten hours a day, seven days a week, in some instances, and receiving \$126 a month.

A few individual owners of buildings have signed the new wage scale, but the Building Managers Association, of which Earl Schultz is the president, in control of many of the large downtown office buildings, is resisting the demands of the union.

And that rot they want us to believe,

They have their heaven here,
But now we want our share.
VIII.
I believe in thee no more Lord,
Because the rich have made thee too,
From now on I'll fight thee
And make a heaven here.

COME ON!

By ELIZABETH JACKSON.
Come on everyone!
Young Comrade Corner needs news,
Stories, puzzles, poems and views;
Write them now and no time lose.
Come on Pioneers!
I know all of you can write,
Gather news with all your might.
Send it in both day and night.
Come on boys and girls!
Really I'm surprised at you.
I know all that you can do.
Write and show that you are true.
Come on comrades!
Write it now and don't be slow,
Always be "right on the go."
Send it—show how much you know.

red love!

A psychological study of sex-relations in the post-war period, by Mme. Kollontay.

A love-story with a new, rejuvenated world as a background.

Special from \$2.50 to \$1.00

WORKERS LIBRARY PUBLISHERS, 39 East 125th St. New York City.

Raise Your Voice Against:—
Marines in Nicaragua
Gunboats in China
Five Billion Dollars for the Navy
A New World War in the Making

RUTHENBERG MEMORIAL MEETING

Honor the Memory of C. E. Ruthenberg who went to jail fighting against the last World War

Sunday, March 11, Doors Open At 1 P. M.

CENTRAL OPERA HOUSE
67th Street and Third Avenue

Speakers:
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER BERTRAM D. WOLFE
WILLIAM W. WEINSTONE

Freiheit Mandolin Orchestra Dramatic Features

Auspices of the Workers (Communist) Party, 108 E. 14th Street.
ADMISSION 25 CENTS.



It's a Circus!

JUGGLE your finances, throw J dull care to the winds—take the whole family to see the circus in "Hoboken Blues." A delightful new musical comedy by Michael Gold at the New Playwrights Theatre at 40 Commerce St. (Call Walker 5551.) You can get a 10% reduction on tickets for all performances at the local Daily Worker office, 108 East 14th Street. (Call Stuyvesant 6584.)

There's music, song and dance—and even peanuts and lollypops (it's a circus) in this play that every worker will enjoy. Get tickets today for

Hoboken Blues

"STRIKE!" IS CALL TO TRACTION MEN BY COMMUNISTS

"Delay Is Dangerous," Says Statement

(Continued from Page One)
ized labor will stand behind you. The Central Trades and Labor Council, representing 700,000 organized workers has pledged you its full support.

You will have the full sympathy of the millions of passengers who the traction pirates are now scheming to rob in a huge seven cent fare steal. The labor movement of the whole country which recognizes in your struggle the challenge of the big interests to its very life, will support you.

Do not be dismayed by the maneuvers of silk-hat Jimmie Walker.

The police force which he has mobilized is intended to overawe you. But they will be powerless in the face of your united efforts. Nor should you be impressed by the thousands of strike-breakers, gunmen, thugs and "Beakies" which Hedley has herded together in his last desperate effort.

Police officers, "Beakies," thugs and gunmen cannot run trains!

As for Hedley's threat that if you go out on strike "no Amalgamated member will remain thereafter in the employment of the company," the answer is that he himself, in all probability, will not be left on the job to enforce the order. He made the same threat in 1926 but was forced to take back all the strikers. When he says he will not do so this time, he is talking through his hat. He needs you. He cannot operate the lines between himself, Quackenbush, Keegan, Doyle, the "Beakies" and his new shipment of thugs. Besides when this strike is over he will come to you to beg you to return as union men!

This will be a 100 per cent walk-out!

The officials of your union must not be permitted to delay any longer. You must not permit them to continue their parleys with Jimmie Walker and the Tammany Hall politicians. The new "arbitration" plan, said to have been made by Perlman, will accomplish nothing for you. This republican corporation lawyer who has served the bosses in the past will not win your strike. You can win only through your own efforts!

Every hour of delay is dangerous. All these present maneuvers in which your union officials are taking part are merely to allow the Interborough to mobilize its forces. Do not repeat the mistake of 1916 by allowing your union officials to waste precious time.

Now is the time to act. Decisively! Without hesitation!

Organize your rank and file committees in every shop barn, terminal and power house.

Demand a union meeting of your organization for immediate strike action. Telephone, write, talk to your union officials and the members of the executive committee condemning further delay and demanding immediate action.

Refuse to break in scabs! Refuse to man scab trains!

Demand your trusted and tried leadership which has sacrificed for you in the past.

Strike 100 Per Cent. Against the yellow company union! For a union of your own choice! For better conditions for the traction workers!

We're Here Again!



The most elaborate and beautiful Artists' and Writers' COSTUME BALL ever held in this town will be the

NEW MASSES SPRING COSTUME FROLIC

at WEBSTER HALL 119 E. 11th St.

March 9th, 9 P. M.

The best Jazz in town! Bright new costumes!

SAVE THE DATE!

WORKERS PARTY ACTIVITIES

NEW YORK-NEW JERSEY

Secretaries Attention! All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER office before 4 p. m. on the day before publication.

Subsection 2-A. A meeting of Subsection 2-A will be held tonight at 6:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Enlarged Executive 1-B. The enlarged executive committee of Subsection 1-B will meet tonight at 6 p. m. at 799 Broadway, Room 433.

Downtown Concert. Unit 3, Section 1, will hold a concert March 17 at 60 St. Marks Place.

Instructions To All Units. The membership drive leaflets and the unemployed leaflets are for sale to Party units at \$2 a thousand at 108 E. 14th St. The Ruthenberg leaflets must be distributed from March 7 to 8. They can be secured free of charge at the district office. Copies of The DAILY WORKER should be distributed at all traction barns and power houses by all Party units.

Subsection 2-A. Subsection 2-A will distribute 1,000 copies of The DAILY WORKER to units 1 and 2 should report to 108 E. 14th St. Units 3, 4, 5 and 6 will report to 16 W. 21st St.

Subsection 3-E. The executive committee of Subsection 3-E will meet tonight at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Unit 3-E 1-F. Unit 3-E 1-F will meet tomorrow at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Unit 3-E 3-F. Unit 3-E 3-F will meet tomorrow at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Night Workers Meet Tomorrow. Continuation of the report on the plenum, delivered last Tuesday by H. M. Wicks, will take place tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock at 60 St. Marks Place. Discussion will follow the report. A roll call will be taken at this meeting and membership cards will be checked up.

Severance Scandal Discussion. The Queens sewer scandal will be discussed at a mass meeting arranged at the Long Island Section at Beethoven Hall, Woodlawn and Second Ave., Astoria, L. I., Friday, March 9, at 8:30 p. m. Speakers will be W. Weinstein, Bert Miller and H. M. Wicks.

3-E FD3. 3-E FD3 will meet tomorrow at 6 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Traction Stickers Ready. Traction stickers at \$2 a thousand are now for sale at the district office. All Party units must come for their quota at once.

Unit 2-F 1-D. Unit 2-F 1-D will meet at 6:30 o'clock tonight at 60 St. Marks Place.

Organizers Meeting Friday. A meeting of all unit, section and subsection organizers will be held Friday at 8 p. m. at 108 E. 14th St. Unit organizers will report on their experiences in the membership drive.

Young Workers Dance. The Young Workers League, Upper Bronx, will hold a Spring Dance Saturday, March 24, at 1347 Boston Road.

Dance For Striking Box Workers. The Downtown Section, Y. W. L., will hold a dance Saturday night at 60 St. Marks Place for the benefit of the striking paper box makers. Admission will be free.

Paris Commune Celebration. Sections 2 and 3 will celebrate the Paris Commune at an entertainment and dance Saturday evening, March 17, at New Harlem Casino, 116th St. and Lenox Ave.

Freiheit Anniversary Celebration. The Freiheit sixth anniversary will be celebrated in Madison Square Garden on March 25 at 2 p. m.

AMALGAMATED FOOD WORKERS Bakers' Loc. No. 104
Meets 1st Saturday in the month at 3468 Third Avenue, Bronx, N. Y.
Ask for Union Label Bread.

Advertise your union meetings here. For information write to The DAILY WORKER Advertising Dept. 33 First St., New York City.

FOR A FRESH WHOLESOME VEGETARIAN MEAL Come to Scientific Vegetarian Restaurant 75 E. 107th Street New York.

Phone Stuyvesant 3816 John's Restaurant SPECIALTY: ITALIAN DISHES A place with atmosphere where all radicals meet. 302 E. 12th St. New York.

Health Food Vegetarian Restaurant 1600 Madison Ave. PHONE: UNIVERSITY 5885.

OKINS Drug Store White Plains cor. Allerton Av. BEST SERVICE TO CO-OPERATIVE DWELLERS.

No Tip-Union Barber Shop 77 FIFTH AVE. Bet. 15th and 16th Streets NEW YORK CITY Individual Sanitary Service by Experts. - LADIES' HAIR BOBBING SPECIALISTS. Patronize a Comradely Barber Shop.

LEARN PATTERNMAKING Learn designing, copying, pattern-making, grading, dresses, cloaks, fur garments, also children clothing. Complete courses at low prices. STANDARD DESIGNING AND CUTTING SCHOOL 218 EAST 14th STREET Algonquin 3277.

BISCUIT WORKERS FIRED FROM PLANT

Low Wages, Speed-Up, Spying Revealed

(Continued from Page One)

plained by the fact that it takes two weeks to break a worker in and therefore for the latter two weeks of the first month of employment a skilled worker is paid the same wage as an unskilled worker, and it is no rarity for a worker to be discharged on one ground or another after the first month of employment.

Spying and Speed-up.

Workers are continually under the close supervision of the many bosses and foremen. Conversation is prohibited. If a worker is caught conversing two or more times he is discharged. The foremen unceasingly drive the workers on to greater speed, not considering the possible injury to the workers which may occur, and often do. Especially a scourge the oven men do casualties occur, the incessant driving of the workers resulting in severe burns. A conservative estimate is that there is one foreman for every ten workers throughout the various departments. The policy of the company is rather to employ one foreman, at a salary of fifty or more dollars a week, to drive the workers to greater efforts, rather than to keep a sufficient number of workers employed.

The National Biscuit Company's policy is to employ foreign-born workers and to break their spirit by the inhuman, driving environment of the factories and by the starvation wages and the continual fear of losing their jobs, thus preventing any attempts at organization. Most of the workers are Italians, some Greeks and Slavs. They are very much dissatisfied with their conditions, and among themselves, outside the factory where there is no danger of being overheard by one of the innumerable company flunkies, they discuss the need for organization. They are kept from organizing only by ignorance of the methods of pursuing it and by the fear of losing their jobs.

Advocate Organization.

The need for organization is urgent. Ten thousand workers are suffering exploitation, being subjected to an intense speed-up system, many of them forced to work in poorly ventilated, unsanitary rooms, continually in abject fear of losing their jobs and the miserable pittance that are doled out as wages.

The DAILY WORKER on March 12 will carry another account of conditions in the National Biscuit Company.

District Literature Conference. A district conference of literature agents and members of the literature squad will be held Thursday, March 8 at 108 E. 14th St., Room 42, at 8:15 p. m. The speakers will be William W. Weinstein, D. Benjamin and A. Gussakoff.

MARY WOLFE STUDENT OF THE DAMROSCH CONSERVATORY PIANO LESSONS at her studio 49 WADSWORTH TERRACE Telephone Lorraine 6888. Will also call at student's home.

CO-OPERATIVE REPAIR SHOP 419 1/2 6th Avenue, near 25th St. Shoes Repaired Suits Pressed While U Wait

LAW OFFICE of CHAS. RECHT For the convenience of workers open until 6 P. M. and all day Saturday. 110 WEST 40th ST. Room 1604. Phone: PENN 4069-4061-4076.

Announcement. ANITA SHAPIRO Graduate Regame School of Music, Kiev, will engage in Piano Instruction Approved method of instruction for beginners at moderate rates. 2800 Bronx Park East Apt. P-2. Telephone: Estabrook 1637.

N. SCHWARTZ Barber Shop and Beauty Parlor NOW AT 1679-81 BOSTON ROAD Near 174th INDIVIDUAL hair and shaving, brushes, combs, cups & towels. 5 EXPERTS AT YOUR SERVICE Courteous and Comradely Attention 50% DISCOUNT TO STRIKERS.

City Neglect of Patients Is Assailed

The spending of money to entertain foreign visitors while the Kings County Hospital buildings in Brooklyn were in a dilapidated condition and "a civic disgrace" has been attacked by the February grand jury. The report of the jury submitted to Mayor Walker attacked the housing of hundreds of incurable patients in buildings erected in 1860. These bed-ridden patients must spend the rest of their lives in the filthy surroundings of the city hospitals, while many thousands will be spent by the city, for example, to welcome and entertain over 500 Hungarian fascists being sent here by Horthy to unveil a Kossuth monument March 15 on Riverside Drive.

Max Pine Buried

Max Pine, former secretary of the United Hebrew Trades, and a writer on the Jewish Daily Forward, a right wing paper, who died last Friday afternoon after a long illness, was buried yesterday in the Mount Carmel Cemetery in Brooklyn. The funeral was conducted from the "Forward" building.

Pine was one of the founders of the Jewish labor movement in America, but of late years has been identified with the extreme right wing of the movement. Toward the close of his career he also became an ardent Zionist and devoted much of his energies in that direction in addition to supporting the "Forward" and the American Federation of Labor in their struggle against the militant leadership of the needle trades and other Jewish labor organizations.

Convention Calls Issued By ILGWU and ACW

The International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union and the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America announced that they have already issued official calls for the election of delegates to the national conventions. The convention of the I. L. G. W. U. will take place on the first Monday in May in Boston and the Amalgamated will meet in Cincinnati, the second Monday in May.

ANYTHING IN PHOTOGRAPHY STUDIO-OR OUTSIDE WORK Patronize Our Friend SPIESS STUDIO 54 Second Ave., cor. 3rd St. Special Rates for Labor Organizations. (Established 1887.)

Dr. ABRAHAM MARKOFF SURGEON DENTIST Office Hours: 9:30-12 A. M. 2-8 P. M. Daily Except Friday and Sunday. 449 EAST 115th STREET Cor. Second Ave. New York

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CO-OPERATIVE Dental Clinic 2700 Bronx Park East Apt. C. I. TEL. ESTABROOK 0568. DR. I. STAMLER Surgeon-Dentist DIRECTOR OPEN: - Tuesday and Thursday from 10 to 8 P. M. - Saturday from 2 to 7 P. M.

Health Examination The Newest and Most Successful Methods in the Treatment of Blood, Nerve, Skin and Stomach Diseases of Men and Women. Consultation Free Charges are Reasonable Blood Tests X-Rays DR. ZINS Specialists--Est. 25 Yrs. 110 East 16th St., N. Y. (Between Irving Pl. & Union Sq.) Daily 9-8 P. M. Sunday, 10-4

WORKERS HONOR C. E. RUTHENBERG

Delegates from Unions to Attend Meeting

Representatives of trade unions and other working class organizations are expected to attend the Ruthenberg memorial meeting to be held next Sunday, at Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave., under the auspices of the Workers (Communist) Party, New York district.

The meeting being held at the time when U. S. marines are invading Nicaragua, the speakers will point out Ruthenberg's attitude toward American imperialism.

The speakers will be Bertram D. Wolfe, national agitation-propaganda director of the Party; William Z. Foster, secretary of the Trade Union Educational League; Jack Stachel, director, national organizational department and William W. Weinstein, secretary District 2.

Mass Meet Called to Save Workmen's Circle

All members of the Workmen's Circle are called to a mass meeting on Thursday evening, March 8 to hear a report of activities since the nomination conference in Webster Hall, on February 19. The mass meeting is to be held at the Stuyvesant Casino, Second Ave. and 9th St. at 8 o'clock.

The reports made public in the Jewish Forward will be exposed by the left wing delegates to that conference. The life of the organization depends upon the defeat of the plans made by the right wing at this conference, declare the progressive delegates.

Theater Men Strike

A strike of the moving picture operators of the Waco Theatre, 118 Rivington St., and the Avenue A Theatre, Ave. A and 3rd St., has been called by Moving Picture Operators' Union Local 306 of the International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employees and Moving Picture Machine Operators. The operators are striking for the recognition of the union.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Sacco-Vanzetti Branch I. L. D. A special meeting of the Sacco-Vanzetti Branch I. L. D. will be held tonight at 1472 Boston Road, Bronx. The main order of business will be preparation for the bazaar.

Workers School Classes. The following courses are scheduled to begin this week at the Workers School, 108 E. 14th St. Improvement, Beatrice Becker, instructor. Sunday at 3:30 p. m. American History For Pioneers, Tom Foley, instructor.

Sunday at 3:30 p. m. Fundamentals of the Youth Movement for Pioneers, Leon Platt, instructor. The week of March 12 will witness the beginning of three courses for young workers, students and Young Workers League members—Course for Pioneer Leaders, Problems of the Youth Movement and League Functionaries Course.

Talent For Labor Organization. The Cooperative Music Service, 180 W. 42nd St., Brooklyn, will furnish talent gratis to labor organizations. Emily Rosenstein is in charge. **Fundamentals Class in Spanish.** The Workers' School is starting a class in "Fundamentals of Communism" to be conducted in the Spanish language. The course will start March 6 and will continue every Tuesday for 12 weeks. The class will be conducted by Alberto Moreau at 143 E. 163rd St.

I. L. D. Bazaar. The annual bazaar of the International Labor Defense will be held for five days beginning March 7, at New Star Casino, Park Ave. and 57th St. All articles and contributions should be sent to 799 Broadway, Room 422.

Boro Park Concert. The Workers' Club of Boro Park will hold a concert and package party at 1373 43rd St., Saturday, March 10.

Rebel Poets Night. The Poets Forum will conduct a Rebel Poets Night at the Labor Temple, Second Ave. and 14th St., Tuesday, March 13, at 8:15 p. m.

Mohegan Modern School. The Mohegan Modern School will hold its fifth annual concert, bazaar and dance Friday, March 9, at 8:30 p. m. at Beethoven Hall, 210 E. Fifth St. Proceeds will be used for a new school building at Peekskill, N. Y.

Left Wing Workers to Attend New Masses Ball

Hundreds of left wing New York workers are expected to be present at the annual Spring Costume Frolic of the "New Masses," radical magazine of arts and letters, at Webster Hall, 11th St. and Third Ave., next Friday, March 9.

A large number of proletarian writers and artists have already signified their intention of being present at the affair.

GROCERY CLERKS TO STRIKE TODAY

Aim to Organize Stores in Brooklyn

A general strike, effective today, has been declared by the Retail Grocery, Fruit and Dairy Clerks' Union of Greater New York. The strike call urges upon all clerks in the stores of Brooklyn, Williamsburg, East New York and Brownsville to stop work and report to the strike headquarters at 117 Second Ave., New York City.

While the strike is primarily for the purpose of organizing the non-union stores in Brooklyn, all clerks in Manhattan and Brooklyn union stores are asked to report at the strike headquarters, where they will be formed into committees to visit the non-union stores for the purpose of recruiting clerks not already on strike.

The principal demands of the union as set forth in a circular that is being distributed are: 1 a 9-hour day; 2 six-day week; 3 union conditions. Appeal to Housewives.

A general appeal has been sent out by the union to the United Council of Workingclass Women to lend their support in spreading the strike. The latter organization has been very effective in helping the union win their long drawn out fight against a dual union established by the reactionary machine of the Jewish Daily Forward, a right wing paper. In spite of over twenty injunctions taken out against the union by the right wing, the union succeeded in eliminating the dual union.

Furrier Open Forum to Discuss Big Mass Meet

An open forum of registered and unregistered workers will be held at the office of the Joint Board of the Furriers Union, 22 E. 22d St., today at 2 p. m. Important questions, particularly the one involving a committee to the Joint Board and the Joint Council regarding one union, will be discussed.

WORKERS' THEATRE PLAYS.

Three one-act plays will be put on tonight by the Workers' Theatre at the Triangle Theatre, Seventh Ave., between 11th and Perry Sts.

The most **Unique** ENTERTAINMENT NEW YORK EVER WITNESSED **RED RENUE** PROGRAM **8 BIG ACTS** **8 SURPRISES** **NEW STAR CASINO** FRIDAY MARCH 9 7.50 **107th St.** TICKETS — JIMMIE HIGGINS 106 UNIVERSITY PLACE & Park Ave. FREIHEIT 30 UNION SQUARE DAILY WORKER 108 E. 14th STREET **BENEFIT THE DAILY WORKER**

THE DAILY WORKER

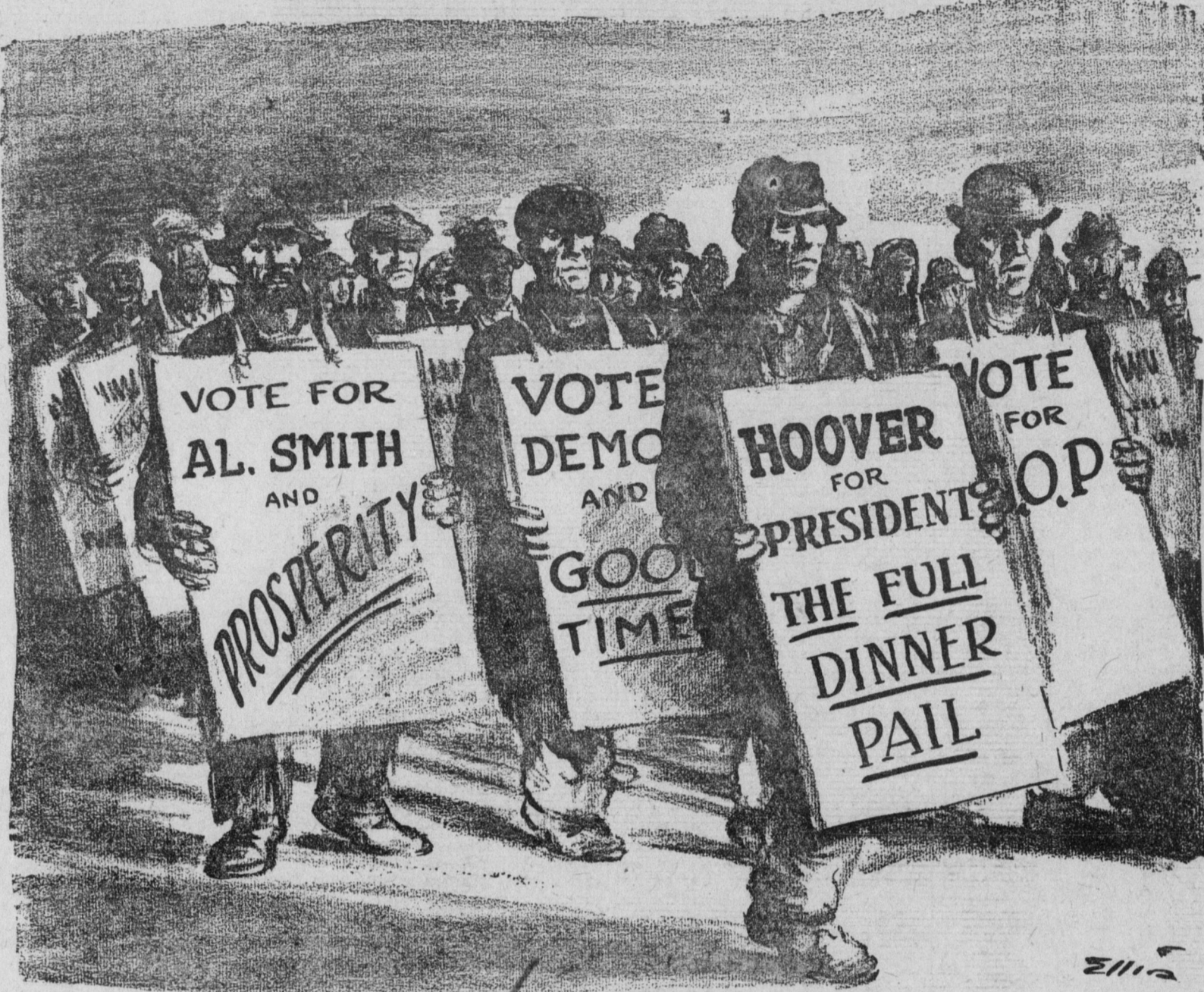
Published by the NATIONAL DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING ASS'N. Inc.
Daily, Except Sunday
63 First Street, New York, N. Y. Phone, Orchard 1680
Cable Address: "Daiwork"

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
By Mail (in New York only): By Mail (outside of New York):
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THE DAILY WORKER, 33 First Street, New York, N. Y.
Editor.....ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor.....WM. F. DUNNE
Second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1912.

"PUBLIC WORK" FOR UNEMPLOYED

By Fred Ellis



A Solid Front Against Lewis

It is no accident that a United States senate committee has recently been roaming the coal regions of Pennsylvania under the pretext of investigating conditions that produced the heroic and bitter struggle of the miners of the Pennsylvania-Ohio region against the Mellon-Fisher interests. Nor is their visit to the strike region a result of a democratic yearning to eliminate the tyrannical rule of the coal barons. They are there because the strikers and the advanced section of the working class that has supported the strike have proved that they cannot be crushed by the combined terror of the police, the courts, the private armies of gunmen and the vicious Lewis machine combined.

April 1st is approaching—the date on which expires the separate agreements imposed by the John L. Lewis machine upon the miners in Illinois, Indiana and other places. On that date—the first anniversary of the beginning of the strike in Pennsylvania and Ohio—the "Save the Union" committees urge a strike of the miners of Illinois, Indiana, Kansas and the Southwest.

Although delayed a year by the infamy of Lewis' separate district agreements, determined action by the miners of these districts, even at this date, will defeat the Lewis policy and enable the union to achieve victory over the coal barons in every organized field.

"Save the Union" conferences have been held in many districts in the mine regions of the country. These conferences are streams that will sweep into a mighty flood at the national "Save the Union" conference called to meet at Pittsburgh, Pa., on April 1st, creating a national directing center for a solid front against the Lewis machine.

In the call for the Pittsburgh conference, issued for the "Save the Union Committee" is the clear appreciation of the fact that one of the most effective weapons against that blight upon the miners' union—the Lewis machine—is to wage a determined fight against the mine owners in the so-called organized territory and to organize the unorganized miners in the non-union territory.

Lewis and his henchmen perceive the danger that faces them. They know by the returns of the last elections that the overwhelming majority of the membership are opposed to them. Just as they have used intimidation, terror and deception to prevent the consolidation of the rank and file resentment in the past, so they will utilize their bureaucratic machinery against the April 1st conference.

But they will not succeed this time! The Save the Union committee has specifically warned against yielding to the autocratic dictates of Lewis and his machine. If local union meetings are prevented; if disruptive tactics are used, the militant miners should form local committees and send delegates to the Pittsburgh conference, so that it will be really representative of the mass revolt against the mine barons and their agents at the head of the union.

The senate committee visited the Pittsburgh district in order to head off this mass revolt; in order to secure a fake settlement before April 1st so that Lewis and his masters, the Mellon-Fisher combination, could continue to enslave and tyrannize the coal diggers of that region, and at the same time leave the miners of other districts to fight their battles alone.

The Pittsburgh conference will create on the scene of the heroic struggle of the miners a central force that will shatter the Lewis machine and lay the basis for a revival of that spirit of struggle that made the miners' organization the very backbone of the American labor movement.

The efforts of the miners at Pittsburgh will have the unstinted support of hundreds of thousands of other trade unionists in the United States, who realize that the menace now threatening the United Mine Workers of America endangers every other union in the country.

Imperialistic Insolence

Now that the sixth conference of the Pan-American union has passed into the history of yankee imperialism the vassals of Wall Street representing especially the bloody Moncada government of Cuba, the lackeys of the Diaz regime of Nicaragua, and the agents of the Panaman government should have to face the fury of the masses who suffer under the horrors of dollar despotism. Those less spectacular agents of imperialism from other countries, who sat in the conference and listened to the imperialistic insolence of Charles Evans Hughes, head of the Wall Street delegation, should meet a similar fate.

The Pan-American union is nothing but a bond of vassaldom in the hands of American imperialism. The outstanding characteristic of the sixth conference was the desperation with which the United States is trying to consolidate its power in Central and South America, to completely crush every vestige of opposition to its predatory policies, so that it may have a free hand to defend its investments in other parts of the world by force of arms and continue its ravages against other parts of the world.

Just as American imperialism wages a fierce fight to destroy all vestiges of militancy on the part of the working class at home in order to consolidate its rear in preparation for the next imperialist war, so it tries to wipe out all anti-imperialist opposition in the Latin American countries, which it regards as another sector of the rear. Equally victims of imperialism, the working class and the exploited and impoverished farmers of the United States have a common interest with the workers and peasants of the southern republics. From Mexico to Cape Horn the masses should fight for a policy that will result in a formidable Latin-American anti-imperialist bloc against the United States and here, on the very soil in which yankee imperialist insolence has its roots the working class should wage an anti-imperialist struggle against the Wall Street government so that every predatory war against colonial and semi-colonial peoples will be defeated and the armed borders of American imperialism forced to get out of those countries and stay out.

The Position of the Working Class Woman In the United States

By KATE GITLOW

"LADIES first," they say in America.

Let us examine as to where the working women come first.

She is first to work longer hours for less pay than men get for the same work. This is not because the working women want to work longer hours for little pay. It is because the bureaucrats in the American labor movement do not consider that the working women need to be organized in trade unions is small compared with the number of women in the trades. We might as well say that the working women in America are not organized at all. The reactionary labour bureaucrats turn their attention to the organizing of working women only when the women in great numbers invade the particular trade, and the breakdown of the union is threatened. In most of the unions where the working women are organized, they are not organized on an equal basis with the men.

This is the way women are treated in Democratic America.

Let us analyze the way in which democracy is put into practice for working women in America. A review by the Secretary of Labour Davis in Washington and the studies made by the Women's Bureau of this department on wages, hours and conditions of working women in industry in several States of America prove that the women work long hours for little pay.

In Mississippi, only 3 percent of the working women work 8 and less hours per day. In Tennessee only 6 percent and Delaware only 15 percent have a working day of 8 hours or less. For the long hours of toil in Mississippi the earnings per week of a white woman are \$8.60, for a Negro woman \$5.75. In Tennessee \$11.10 for a white woman, \$6.95 for a Negro woman. In Delaware for white women \$11.50, in factories, stores and laundries; \$10.15 in hotels and restaurants, and \$9.50 in canneries.

The weekly wages of Negro women restaurant workers in Delaware is

\$10.75, while the great bulk of Negro women work in canneries at a weekly expense of \$5.25. The Negro woman is less paid than the white woman for the same work.

Another important study made by the Women's Bureau was of 3,285 women, who suffered injuries in accidents during employment in Jersey, Ohio and Wisconsin States showed that 15 were killed, 536 suffered permanent disability. In an interview with 285 of those women to learn what adjustments they have been able to make as to indemnities, medical rehabilitation, few of them have secured satisfactory indemnities.

The working women are the most oppressed of all workers and are the prey of the capitalist greed in the United States. American capitalism thrives on exploitation. Who cares where the profits come, from women, from children, and who cares if they are injured or killed on the job.

When a working woman is injured on the job in America she must sue the boss to get indemnity, an expensive process. The low wages received by working women in America make it impossible for them to hire legal aid, and in America there is no other way of arguing a case in the capitalist court. The boss has the money to hire the best lawyers, to pay the doctors to testify against the injured workers. And above all, the capitalist judges are at the service of the boss.

When working women, if they get sick or injured on the job, they suffer untold misery in America.

How different are the conditions of the working women of America with the working women in Soviet Russia where the workers are the rulers of the Government and the managers of the factories where they work! In Soviet Russia the working women are organized in the trade unions together with the men on an equal basis, with equal pay for equal work. The working women in Soviet Russia receive all benefits together with the men workers, full pay during sickness and injury, free medical attendance, vacation with full pay from 2 to 4 weeks. The special needs of the women are taken into consideration. Special provisions are

being made for a working woman about to give birth to a child. She is given four months rest with full pay, two months before and two months after child birth, besides money is given to her for baby's clothes, extra money for milk for herself during the nursing period for nine months.

In capitalist America the working woman has to provide everything herself. Wages received by the great low that they hardly provide for the bare necessities of daily life. The consequence is that when a working woman loses her job, or gets sick or injured, or is about to give birth to a child, she is in a desperate position. Often the working women give birth to a child on the job, as happened frequently in the textile mills

of Passaic before the big strike. In such circumstances the working women in America are confronted with the greatest hardships, facing hunger, cold and loss of home. In America when a worker loses his job or is sick and can't pay his rent he or she can be thrown on the streets. The law gives the right to the landlords who own the workers' homes, to throw out the workers on the street when they are unable to pay rent. Specially during industrial depression when great masses of workers are unemployed, workers' families can be seen huddled together in all kinds of weather on the sidewalks with their humble belongings.

This is the protection that "democratic" America gives to working women.

IN THE ARMY AND NAVY

This column is conducted in the interest of servicemen and ex-servicemen and all letters dealing with conditions and experiences in the army and navy will be gladly printed. Contributions should be addressed to DAILY WORKER, 33 East First St., New York, N. Y. The name of the writer will not be used.

MORE ABOUT SLOCUM.

(Continued from last Saturday)
The casual's time is taken up continuously from six in the morning until practically six at night. This does not include the K.P.s who work longer. Not only do the men get long hours of drill, but rather than let them rest, the officers take up any spare time during the day by monotonous talks.

Old Barracks.

The barracks here are so bad that even some of the officers are complaining, although there is no rush to improve things. There are about 40 to 50 men in each barrack, and about 90 percent of the men have colds because the building is so old that it can never be properly heated. The barracks were erected in 1888, and of cheap material at that.

This explains why the "two blankets" mentioned are not enough for the men, as they might be in well-built, well-heated buildings.

Fear of Officers.

The casuals are always in fear of the non-commissioned officers as well as the commissioned officers. This is because the recruits are never told of their rights, even the some of the regulations are supposed to give them certain rights, at least to make complaints. He is always threatened by the officers, and they hammer away at him until he becomes like a puppet and afraid to look an officer in the eye. This is his first lesson in becoming "a good soldier."

Passes are very limited, especially at Slocum. Out of about 100 men only four or five are allowed to go to town, and these only if they pass inspection, know their general orders, special orders and all the orders of the post.

Afraid of Desertions.

The reason they are especially strict in giving the casuals passes is because they know that a large number of these men would desert if they go to town. First, they are all new recruits, and the conditions at Slocum

are so bad that many would give a lot for a chance to get out. Second, they are all waiting for shipment for their "three years" in the tropics, and the army doesn't want to give them any chance to make a getaway before they get them to their outfits. The biggest proportion of the men receive no passes from the time they come here until their transport leaves, whether it be a week, a month, or longer.

More later. The worst is yet to come, the trip down. According to a previous serviceman here it is a trip worth describing.

"CASUAL"

RECRUITS IN CELLAR.

To THE DAILY WORKER:
I want to tell you a little story about Slocum, as I see you have already printed something about the rotten conditions here.

It seems that they are what they call "just overcrowded" here. There are about 1400 here now, although more are coming every day. So some of the latest arrivals are being put into the cellars like sheep, next to the toilet. You see they don't even have to worry about any board of health out here. The truth is they are all freezing, as there is no steam heat there, of course. But they will get lots of heat when they get to the tropics.

I hope to write you more after we get to our outfits, as I am glad to see that there is one paper which is willing to print something besides recruiting bunk about the service. We are very "busy" now getting ready to sail March 1 on the army transport "....."

"RECRUIT"

HELL IN PANAMA.

Editor of DAILY WORKER:
In a recent issue of THE DAILY WORKER there is a letter from an ex-sailor of the U. S. N., where he tells of conditions in the navy. I

Troops Live Thru Hell In Panama

know that in reality conditions are blacker yet than they appear on the printed page, however this has to do with the U. S. army: "The best army in the world!"

Why They Join.

There are three classes of men who join the army. First there are the young fools, mostly boy scouts who do not know what to do with themselves and join for the sake of patriotism and adventure. These soon find out what army life is, then call to papa and mama to get them out, as they are under age. When this cannot be done they get themselves out by the nearest route: "Over the hill they go!"

Second, there are the jobless workers, hungry, who have to choose between the army and the river; and third, there are those workers, too, who have the law after them for some reason or other, and are thus forced to join.

Defended Union Hall.

When I joined the army I belonged to this third group of those who have to join. My crime was that a year before, together with other workers, I had defended our union hall, in a town down south, when attacked by a mob of "law and order" minions.

Everything is offered to a man to make him join. Among these things are good food, good pay, sports, a chance to learn a trade, and what not? It costs the recruiting officer little to make these nice promises. But once he is in they make him forget these things, and mighty quick, too.

Goes To Panama.

Together with about 300 young fellows I was sent to the Canal Zone to serve my three years. Three years of hell!

Life in the tropics in the army is a terrible thing. There is drilling for a half a day, every day. There is work with the pick and the shovel or the chopping of trees for the rest of the day under the blazing sun. Then the food is disgusting, coffee and a hunk of cake, or flatjacks and molasses and coffee for breakfast; then beans and slum and now and then a little roast beef, but never enough of any of these rotten dishes.

Pay Goes Fast.

The \$21 which the soldier gets in pay is not enough to buy decent food at the post restaurant. However, sometimes the commanding officer compels the soldiers to buy uniforms of better grade than those supplied by the government so that they will look nice on parade. To do this about \$5 is taken out from every man's pay for five or six months until the uniform is paid for.

The discipline is very tough. For the least thing a man is sent to the guard house for a month or two. While he is there he loses his pay. The officers do what they please with their men, and woe to the man whose face or manners fail to please some particular officer! They will get him sooner or later.

Case of Private "M."

I will now give you an illustration. Private M. of the 63rd Service Squadron of the Air Service, stationed at France Field, Canal Zone, failed to please his officers and N. C. O.

Why, I don't know? He was a hard working man but he never went running after any one to wag like a puppy. Instead he was very independent. Well, they gave him all the dirty jobs around the place and in the end they "got him." Framed him up shamefully!

Crude Frame-up.

One night M. came from the town with me. He was very drunk and I put him to bed. That was about 12 o'clock. He went to sleep dead as a log. His bed was next to mine. A few minutes later I heard a terrible noise and jumped out of bed to find the N. C. O. in charge of quarters together with two friends, standing over M. and making every one in the barracks know that he had "caught" M. with a fellow who slept three beds away from mine. The guards came and M., dizzy and not knowing what had taken place, was led away and put in the guard house. I realized the frame-up but could not even dream it was going to end the way it did.

Seven Years Hard Labor.

M. was tried before a general court martial and sentenced to seven years hard labor in a military prison. He is now at Fort Jay, Governors Island.

They did not call me as a witness, and when I told the top sergeant of the squadron that I knew the man was innocent, and that I should be called to tell what I knew, he told me that if I knew what was good for me I should keep my mouth shut.

Many Desert.

You don't see any news in the papers about desertions from the army, but there are many, far too many, to please the authorities. In three years, from about 600 men who were in the post, about thirty went "over the hill." Three of them took their pistols with them and stole a pleasure boat belonging to an officer. They were never caught. Of those who went down there with me about fifteen deserted, seven died, and over fifty got out with the help of their families, and the rest of us got out at the end, and you can be sure the army won't see us again!

Never mind my name,
CORPORAL.