

On hurried orders from Washington, this warship departed from the Brooklyn Navy Yard to aid in Wall Street's fight against the Nicaraguan people. Marines are being rushed daily in a frantic effort to maintain the tottering regime of Diaz, agent of American financiers. Photo at right shows Nicaraguan liberal, captured as a prisoner by Diaz's soldiers, being burned at the stake.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK FOR A LABOR PARTY

# THE DAILY WORKER

FINAL CITY EDITION

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## World Leaders Send Messages to Daily Worker Anniversary

### Revolutionary Greetings From Many Countries to Be Read at Mecca Temple

Cablegrams and telegrams from all parts of the world hail the Fourth Anniversary of the founding of The DAILY WORKER, and indicate the tremendous importance attached to the fact that in the United States, the citadel of the most powerful, ruthless and reactionary imperialism there has been published for four years the only Communist daily newspaper in the English language.

Joseph Stalin and N. Bucharin, leaders of the Communist Party of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, have sent revolutionary greetings to The DAILY WORKER on the occasion of the Fourth Anniversary.

The Communist Party of Germany, steeled in revolutionary struggles against European reaction, realizes fully the international significance of a daily organ challenging on its own soil the investors of the Dawes plan, and already has sent us their greetings. The famous Communist daily of Berlin, the Rote Fahne (the Red Flag), also sends a cablegram hailing the beginning of the Fifth Year of The DAILY WORKER.

To Be Read at Celebration. These messages and many others, including those from members of the Workers (Communist) Party of America, who are now in Moscow and other parts of the world whence their revolutionary tasks have carried them, have arrived. John Pepper, well-known for his effective services to the American movement, greets the Fourth Anniversary of the paper to which he devoted so much energy to help found. A cablegram has been received from Comrade J. Louis Engdahl, an editor of The DAILY WORKER since its founding, who is now in Moscow. These messages of revolutionary salutation will be read from the stage at Mecca Temple on Friday evening when the Fourth Anniversary Celebration and Concert is held.

Concert An Innovation. The concert arranged as a part of the celebration is something new in the history of such celebrations, and is, of itself, sufficient to attract an audience that fills to capacity any theatre in the city of New York, even aside from the political celebration.

A number of artists of the first rank have been engaged for the concert, including the radiant Russian singer of folk songs, Nina Tarasova; the world famous Metropolitan Opera tenor, Paul Althouse; one of the foremost interpretative and classic dancers of the day, Doris Niles, and the eminent violin virtuoso, Sascha Jacobson.

Those desiring tickets should obtain them at once, as there are only five more days left until the concert and celebration. The tickets may be obtained at a number of stations in town and from many workers who have them. Those desiring them and who do not know workers selling them should call at the local office of The DAILY WORKER, 108 East 14th St., at the Jimmy Higgins Book Store, 106 University Place, where they can obtain seats, all of which are reserved.

## Relief Committee Calls for Volunteers to Aid in Miners' Drive Today

The Pennsylvania-Ohio-Colorado Miners' Relief Committee, 799 Broadway, is calling for volunteers to assist in a special two-day relief drive in New York City, beginning today.

Reports from the strike zone state that relief for the thousands of men, women and children affected is more urgent than ever. Those eager to aid in the drive are requested to call the office of the committee, Stuyvesant 8881.

# "COOLIDGE GUILTY" SAYS SANDINO

## "Spread the Coal Strike", Is Demand of Conference

### "SAVE THE UNION" SLOGAN OF MEN FROM THE LOCALS

#### Brophy Urges Defiance of Injunctions

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Jan. 6.—Addressing a conference of more than 125 striking coal miners from local unions of every subdistrict of District 5, United Mine Workers of America, with a number of visiting representatives from Eastern Ohio and Central Penna., that met yesterday in Walton hall to discuss the strike situation and ways and means to save their union, John Brophy, for ten years President of District No. 2, United Mine Workers and "Save the Union" candidate against John L. Lewis in the last election declared that "if the strike is to be won, if the union is to be preserved, then the present strike which is one of fighting on a very narrow front must be taken out of the stage of deadlock. This can only be done by spreading the strike into other coal fields. A real fighting policy is the only way to achieve victory."

"The injunction in this strike has been used to interfere with our constitutional rights. Such misuse of the injunctive power must be met with mass defiance." Brophy further stated to the assembled body, that nationalization of mines with democratic management was the only adequate remedy for the ills of the coal industry and this policy, which the miners' union is committed to by action of various International Conventions, should be accepted.

(Continued on Page Three)

### Four Coal Miners Released on Bail

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 6.—Tom Zina, Milan Rester and Peter Muselin, who were sentenced to five years, and Steve Bradich, who was sentenced to two and a half years three weeks ago on charges of violation of the Flynn anti-sedition act, will be released tomorrow on bail of \$7,000 each which was furnished by William J. White of the International Labor Defense. Motion for a writ of superseas was argued before Judge Porter of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania by Henry H. Wilson. The required bail was then offered when sentence was passed, but Judge McDonnell refused to accept it, the result being that the men had to remain in jail for three weeks.

### Girl Works 14 Hours a Day, 7 Days a Week for \$5 Wage

BAYONNE, N. J., Jan. 6.—How Mathilde Wagner, 21, worked in a bakery for fifteen months, fourteen hours a day, seven days a week, only to receive half the \$10 weekly promised her as wages, was revealed in Second District Court here yesterday before Judge Ernst, who denied her suit because of lack of proof. Orphaned as a child, Mathilde went to live with her step sister, Mrs. John Szfransky. For many years she worked in a factory at \$6 a week, which she gave her step sister. Four years ago John Szfransky opened a bakery at 847 Broadway, Bayonne, with a partner, and Mathilde was employed in it. Szfransky paid her \$5 a week, promising to give her the other \$5 a week in a lump sum when she was married. In 1926 she married a railroad fireman, but her boss refused to pay up. In court here she denied that he ever made a promise.

#### Fought to Save Union



John Brophy, leader of militant miners, foretold in his campaign for president of the union the disaster into which the policies of his opponent, Lewis, would lead.

### LEWIS MINE MEET ENDS; NO PROGRAM

#### International Union Conference Closes

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.) PITTSBURGH, Jan. 6.—The special emergency conference of representatives from 31 international unions which met here yesterday and was addressed by William Collins, organizer for the American Federation of Labor and Phillip Murray, vice president of the United Mine Workers, adjourned today without adopting a specific program.

Called without any publicity to discuss the critical situation of the United Mine Workers in the tenth month of the strike, the organizers were in conference for several hours in the Carpenters' Union building.

No Program. "We have no specific program," (Continued on Page Two)

### Threatens Violence To Daily Worker

Editor, DAILY WORKER: Dear Sir:

I lost my brother in the sinking of the "S-4"—I'm a vet of the World War—A party of us veterans will come down to your plant and TEAR IT TO PIECES—fine title—"U. S. Marines continue to kill Nicaraguans" stick to your red ink about wages and hours—but I warn you to cast no slurs against this government Go to any God damned place you like better no body is keeping you Reds here Emma Goldman went too far she'd kiss the sidewalk if she could get back—Undertakers live by burying people—you live by feeding numbskulls all kinds of propagander—spreading discontent—you will be out of a job very soon—

HAEDRICH REID. Sayville, L. I., January 5, 1928

### SANDINO PRAISED FOR LEADERSHIP OF NICARAGUANS

#### Vaca Says Diaz Rule is Imposed On Country

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 6.—The struggle in Nicaragua is the direct result of the imposition of the reactionary Diaz government upon the people of Nicaragua, Dr. T. S. Vaca, confidential agent of the Nicaraguan Liberals in the United States, declared to representatives of the press yesterday.

Fight to the Last Man. Denouncing the intervention of the United States in the affairs of Nicaragua, Dr. Vaca stated that he had learned from questionable sources that the army of independence under General Sandino is well equipped and trained and will fight so long as there is one man left alive "against this unjustified exploitation and conquest by a foreign invader."

Dr. Vaca declared that the Liberal forces are constantly growing and are already far superior to those which took part in the first engagement at Quilali. General Sandino can depend upon the support of all Nicaraguans in the northern and eastern districts of the country and wherever the influence of the Liberal armies may spread, he said.

#### Wall Street's War.

"The present situation in Nicaragua," Dr. Vaca asserted, "is the direct result of the imposition last May of the Diaz regime on the Nicaraguan people, exhausted and bleeding after a year of constant civil war. It is the direct result of the machinations of the New York financiers, assisted by the marines sent by the state department and the financial support sent to the bankers' agent, Adolfo Diaz."

"There can be no peace or happiness for mankind while there exists no justice but that imposed at the point of the bayonet, and that is the sort of justice that Nicaragua is 'enjoying' today.

#### Flays Stimson.

"When Colonel L. Stimson, without paying any attention to the most fundamental principles of equity, decreed that the 'honor and prestige of the United States' required unconditional support of the Diaz government and declared that the United States forces were about to proceed with the immediate disarming of the victorious forces of the constitutional government of Dr. Juan B. Sacasa, he definitely involved the United States in an unprecedented act against a defenseless nation, whose tyranny will always have to bear the guilt of shedding this human blood."

"Col. Stimson did more than that. With a menacing gesture of forcible (Continued on Page Two)

#### Directs Mass Slaughter



Brig. Gen. Logan Feland, commander at Paris Island, has been ordered to resume command of the U. S. marine forces in Nicaragua. He had previously served faithfully the American capitalists in crushing resistance to their bloody rule in Nicaragua.

### COPS IN CHARGE AT LODGE HOUSE

At the New York Municipal Lodging House, 432 E. 25th St., supposedly a public refuge, unemployed workers these cold nights are being admitted by uniformed police officers in groups of about 25. After being carefully scrutinized they are admitted to a mess hall for "supper."

The capacity of the lobby is about 150 but only 25 are admitted at once, while a long line of men, women and children in desperate need of shelter wait in the street.

#### Line Is Double.

A long double line of applicants patiently waits till the doors are opened at 6:30 in the evening. Then the police patrol car rolls up. About 10 policemen get out to guard the doors. Each applicant must pass a gauntlet of police and petty municipal officials.

Many men coming down the dismal street to the lodging house upon seeing the police car turn around and walk quickly away. They have heard that only one night's lodging a month is permitted to those who come from outside the city limits. Those who apply for shelter twice in one month are threatened with prison as "vagrants."

#### No Talking Allowed.

Absolute silence must be maintained in the dining room. Superintendent Edward E. MacMahon or one of his representatives stands in the doorway to compel observance of this rule. MacMahon last night on one occasion hurried in to caution a man who had dared to ask his neighbor for the bread he had left beside his plate. (Continued on Page Five)

### "WILL GIVE UP LIVES TO RETAIN OUR FREEDOM"

#### Rumor Marines Desert in Nicaragua

(Special to The Daily Worker.)

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 6.—President Calvin Coolidge is charged with responsibility for the United States war against Nicaragua—an independence by General Augusto C. Sandino, in a statement issued by the rebel leader from Nuevo Segovia, in northern Nicaragua, according to reports received here.

Holding that Adolfo Diaz (maintained in the presidency by the United States) is "nothing but a lackey for President Coolidge," Sandino declares in the proclamation that: "Today, more than ever, we resent having traitors and invaders of our country come in search of us. We shall give our lives if necessary in order that our people may enjoy true liberty, which is the right of all men."

"The only person responsible for all that is occurring now, and that will occur in the future here in Nicaragua, is President Calvin Coolidge, because he has obstinately persisted in sustaining in power his lackey, Adolfo Diaz, an individual who has the contempt of all good Nicaraguans."

#### Many Marines Desert.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—A number of marines have deserted in Nicaragua and have joined the Sandino forces, it is authoritatively stated here. Official reports disclose that there have been a number of desertions altho the exact number has not been revealed.

Altho Major General Lejeune, marine corps commandant, has issued a statement denying the desertions, official records disclose that a number of marines deserted in the Nicaragua campaign. The inference that the marines joined the Sandino forces is contained in a number of despatches received here.

#### Sandino Resistance Tells.

The fierce resistance of the army of independence under General Sandino and their own serious losses in the last week's engagements in northern Nicaragua have taken some of the fight out of the leaders of the United States marine corps, despatches reaching New York from the war zone indicated, and they are waiting quietly at Quilali for reinforcements and apparently in no frame of mind to risk attacking the (Continued on Page Two)

### Clothing Union Sets Date for Election

The executive board of Local 5 of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union, which was recently empowered by a membership meeting to set the date for local elections, yesterday announced next Wednesday as the tentative date. However, certain preliminary technical arrangements must be made, it was said, before the elections take place.

The elections in this local are to be held in spite of instructions to the contrary issued by Abraham Beckerman, manager of the New York Joint Board, who is reported as fearing the election of progressives might result in his losing control of the union.

### Connolly, Under Fire of Graft Charges, Quits Job

#### Maurice E. Connolly, borough president of Queens, now under fire in the \$29,500,000 sewer graft scandal, has quit. Yesterday he appointed August Kupka, assistant commissioner of public works in Queens, to be acting head of the borough.

Connolly is one of the Tammany men slated to be swept out of office in conformity with Gov. Smith's ambition to appear as a presidential candidate with cleaner skirts than is customary with Tammany politicians. Clever Move. The Queen's president's action is considered by local politicians to be a clever move intended to make impossible his substitution in office by a man hostile to him. The acting president, Kupka, is an old crony of Connolly's and there is no danger of his turning over damaging records to the political opponents who are probing (Continued on Page Two)



# Mexican Press Calls the Havana Confab "Proud Gesture of Imperialism"

## COOLIDGE HELD GUILTY OF WAR IN NICARAGUA

### Sandino Says He Will Never Surrender

(Continued from Page One)  
Liberals on their fortified mountain stronghold, El Chipote.

Dispatches from Managua report that the marines are waiting for the reinforcements which have begun the long journey thru the treacherous jungle and mountain country between Managua and Quilali. Every day lost by the marines in attacking is a day gained by the Liberals who are making intensive preparations to carry on a guerilla war in the mountains for an indefinite time, the despatches state.

The so-called marine "rescue" column from Managua under the command of Lieutenant Hunt reached Quilali without participating in any serious fighting. Their presence in the town is merely regarded as an additional drain on the supplies which have to be brought by airplane or over the difficult mountain roads.

### Ship More Marines.

A small detachment of 26 marines have sailed from Brooklyn on the first leg of the journey that will take them to the fighting in the Nicaraguan hill country and perhaps to their graves. They will make part of the 1,000 marines who will be shipped to Nicaragua as fast as transports can be got under steam.

### Just Plain Murder.

The despatch of United States marines to Nicaragua "is nothing but plain murder," according to Harold Leavay, 158 Avenue O, Brooklyn, whose son has been ordered with other marines to fight against the Sandino independence forces.

"The boys are going to fight for the Wall Street bankers," he said. "I'm only a poor milkman and I need my son more than they do."

SANTIAGO, Chile, Jan. 6.—Commenting on the Nicaraguan situation, the conservative El Mercurio attacks the recent despatch of United States marines to Nicaragua.

"This repetition of the episode that seemed definitely buried in the records of international errors is not even presented as a nobly inspired crusade to do good by force of arms, but rather appears as a punishment and menace against a defenseless people that have done nothing other than to exercise in good or bad form its rights and duties."

### Mistake to Back Diaz.

CHICAGO, Jan. 6.—"General Sandino the rebel leader should have been the man supported by our government," declared Horace G. Knowles, former United States Minister to Nicaragua, in an informal debate with Professor William Hass of Northwestern University last night.

"I feel sure that the United States has made a mistake in recognizing President Diaz."

### WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Major General John A. Lejeune, commandant of the marine corps, will go to Nicaragua aboard the cruiser Trenton, which sails Monday from Charleston with a detachment of marine reinforcements, it was learned late today.

Gen. Lejeune's trip will be a visit of inspection, he said, to enable him to "familiarize himself" at first hand with conditions in Nicaragua.

He will be accompanied by Brig. Gen. Logan Feland, who is to take command of the marine expeditionary forces in Nicaragua. Gen. Lejeune will spend "some time" in Nicaragua, he said.

## Proclaims Republic



"Nicaragua shall not be the patrimony of imperialists and traitors, and I shall fight against them as long as my heart beats," declares Gen. Augusto C. Sandino, the mine worker who is leading the Nicaraguan liberation movement.

## SANDINO PRAISED FOR LEADERSHIP

### Vaca Says Diaz Rule Is Imposed on Country

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disarmament, he hastened to arrange a secret treaty with the more prominent Liberal leaders. This was the so-called agreement of Tipitapa which was no more than a conversation between Col. Stimson and General Moncada at which there was not one witness present and which was never even put on paper.

### Marine Murdered Liberal.

"Three of the military chiefs who were operating against Diaz refused to obey the order to disarm. One of the three was murdered in his own home by a sergeant of the United States marine corps a few days later. Sandino and Salgado, the other two, marched into northern Nicaragua where they declared themselves in state of rebellion.

"General Sandino with astute strategy withdrew to the mountains together with those who remained loyal, taking with him nearly a third of the war materials of the constitutional army and openly defying American intervention.

"General Sandino is a young man in his early thirties. He declares that he will fight so long as he has a man alive and declares that while he recognizes the seriousness of his situation in defying the power of the United States, he is strengthening by the conviction that he is defending the integrity of his countrymen and his native soil against the exploitation and conquest by a foreign invader.

Sandino Unambitious.

"Sandino has no personal ambitions and is not a presidential candidate which allows him a certain liberty of action. Better yet, he represents the men of his race and can unquestionably count upon the sympathy of most judicious Central Americans who by intuition clearly realize the peril which American intervention in Nicaragua represents for them without being deceived by those resounding phrases and word-plays which occur with such frequency in foreign proclamations.

"The marines will be rushed to Nicaragua with the purpose of crushing Sandino. This will present an already sad and disquieting spectacle against which to talk friendliness and brotherhood in the way projected at the coming Pan-American conference."

BOOST THE DAILY WORKER!

## Exposes Pretensions Of Havana Conference

### "El Universal," Leading Daily Calls Meeting "Proud Gesture of Imperialism"

Latin-American opposition to the Sixth Pan-American Conference will be staged at Havana on January 16, at which Coolidge will appear with a retinue of Wall Street's proudest diplomats, and to which Col. Lindbergh will fly in a circus stunt to dramatize the "moral conquest," is evident in a sensational editorial which appeared in "El Universal," the leading Mexican conservative daily, on December 29.

Altho the "El Universal" is a conservative paper, standing somewhat to the right of the Calles government, it attacks the forthcoming Havana conference as a Wall Street maneuver. Mass pressure coupled with the recent United States campaign in Nicaragua have made even the conservative Latin-American press react unfavorably to the pet imperialist scheme of the Coolidge government representing the interests of Wall Street.

The "El Universal" editorial is a reply to the Washington Post, which is known to be the unofficial voice of Coolidge. The Post, owned by Edward J. McLean, famous slush-fund payer in the oil scandals, and bosom friend of Coolidge, has been leading the attack on Latin America in the capitalist press.

An English translation of the complete text of the editorial is now given for the first time by The DAILY WORKER.

### Editorial from "El Universal," of Mexico

"We have for some time been observing and calling attention to all the favorable predictions that have been indulged in, in connection with the coming Pan American conference which is to meet in the capital of Cuba next month, and we are in a position to say that throughout Latin America, there had been successfully created, if not a perspective of great illusions, at least an atmosphere of tolerable good will. The first anticipation of cold water springs from where it was least expected. An important American newspaper, The Washington Post, prints an editorial, not very good-humored and not remotely optimistic, warning Latin America that the Monroe doctrine will neither be abolished nor modified in the Sixth Pan American Conference, and that any attempt at modification would be a complete failure.

This declaration is made still more emphatic by the statement that the Americans are resolved that the good relations among the republics of this hemisphere must not be disturbed, the Latin Americans should not deceive themselves with false hopes.

"Proud Gesture of Imperialism." Reference is then made to the Judicial Congress which met in Rio de Janeiro in the Spring of this year, and in which, according to the same newspaper, there was formulated a project for transforming the Pan-American union into a political league with specific arbitral jurisdiction and regulations to guarantee the sovereignty of every country in America. And the editorial ends with a proud gesture of imperialism, affirming that the United States will not permit discussion of a League of American Nations because it does not wish to consult with any other nation regarding problems which relate only to its security and independence, nor does it wish to receive suggestions regarding the manner of carrying out its duties, nor associate itself with anyone else for the carrying out of the Monroe doctrine, which is not an instrument of aggression but of defense.

A "Crude Warning." It is not possible to decide off-hand if this crude warning is in any sense due to internal political considerations, as might well be the case when we take into consideration that one group of Americans has actually been trying to infuse false hopes in Latin America. It may be that this is merely newspaper gallery play. In any case it is a great error.

In the first place, because the Sixth Pan American Conference has not developed any illusions on the part of the peoples of Latin America. With regard to international relations and an Americanism, the attitude of Spanish-Americans has long been one of resolute skepticism, the much-bruited Assemblies not being considered more than decorative formalities. What has been announced and what some people have tried to make us believe is that in the Havana conference this attitude could be modified because the United States intends to re-establish an authentic cordiality among the nations of the continent, and institute a system of policy based upon good-will and mutual respect, in benefit of peace, commerce, and international justice. In consequence, what they are trying to achieve is the suppression of the skeptical sentiments that prevail in Latin America in connection with imperialism.

And such illusions as are built up in connection with the Havana conference consist in notions of the possibility of brushing away and dissolving these hostile sentiments.

"Monroe Doctrine Never Confirmed By Latin-America."

As for the discussion of the Monroe doctrine, we believe it had not been proposed in any concrete form. If there is no initiative for such discussion on the part of the United States, there could not very well be one on the part of the Latin American delegation, inasmuch as that doctrine is a unilateral declaration and has never been recognized nor confirmed

## UNEMPLOYMENT EFFECTS TALK OF CANDIDATES

### Smith, Fuller Differ In Tactics

By ESTHER LOWELL, (Fed. Press)

Against a background of growing unemployment, wage cuts overbalancing wage gains, and trade unions facing a struggle for legal existence, two possible candidates for the presidency of the United States have made their respective views toward labor plain. Gov. Alfred E. Smith of New York and Gov. Alvan T. Fuller of Massachusetts offer almost opposite attitudes to organized labor in their annual messages to legislatures.

Smith, who is perhaps closer to the Democratic nomination than Fuller to the Republican, incorporated most of the New York State Federation of Labor's legislative program in his message. Fuller urges restriction of labor news while Smith advocates "liberalization." Fuller flouted the request of Massachusetts state federation of labor officials for an exclusive state compensation insurance fund. Initiative petitions of the state labor body have been repeatedly rejected by Fuller's state attorney general, Arthur Reading.

### Fuller Remains Fuller.

Fuller may have hopes of riding to the White House on the death chair of Sacco and Vanzetti. He congratulates by name the three official advisers he chose in the case: president A. Lawrence Lowell of Harvard, president Samuel Stratton of Mass. Institute of Technology, and former judge Robert Grant. He publicly thanks his private counsel, Joseph Wiggins, but never mentions the names of the two innocent workers whose death warrant he signed. He recommends changes in the law which would prevent future governors from the painful necessity of reviewing a case as he did that of Sacco and Vanzetti.

### Unemployed Raided.

Behind Smith's message is less unemployment than in Massachusetts and the only small wage gains eastern unions have made in the month: \$1 a week for the pressmen and job printers, the latter getting an annual \$1 raise for 5 years.

Unemployed in New York City, however, are under attack by commissioner of public welfare, Bird S. Coler, who admits there are more homeless and jobless than any winter since the depression of 1921. The first raid on the Municipal Lodging House brought 14 vagrancy convictions.

Fuller gloats over defeating old age pensions and asks for tax reductions for bay state mills.

## CONNOLLY QUILTS AS PROBE NEARS

(Continued from Page One)  
into Connolly's grafting activities during the past few years.

In announcing the appointment the Queens president said that the action would leave him free to "conduct the defense" of his administration.

### Records Stolen.

In an effort to determine how some of the records in connection with the sewer scandal were stolen last week from the offices of the Awixa Corporation, at Islip, L. I., Justice Townsend Scudder, in charge of the quiz of Connolly's reign, yesterday subpoenaed a large number of witnesses.

### Defy Scudder.

Joseph S. Frank, 27 William Street, Manhattan, attorney for the Awixa Corporation, said yesterday he was sending to Justice Scudder a letter signed by James Richardson, vice president of the Awixa Corporation, and Clare E. Schlemmer, president, saying they would not appear before Justice Scudder in Brooklyn in response to subpoenas served on them, because the law provides that all hearings must be held in Queens.

The official hearings at which all the facts regarding the graft orgy in Queens will be revealed, is scheduled to commence at the Long Island court about Feb. 1.

## Remus Must Stay in Jail Pending Appeal

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Jan. 6.—George Remus, bootlegger king, ordered permanently to the State Asylum at Lima following his trial for wife murder, must remain a prisoner at the asylum pending the outcome of his appeal against the jury's decision. This was decided when an application by his attorney for a writ of habeas corpus was denied today at Common Pleas Court.

At the trial for the killing of his wife, Remus entered a plea of temporary insanity, but was ordered permanently locked up. This effectively prevented Remus' threats to expose national graft among Prohibition enforcement officials, as the testimony of an insane man is held invalid.

BUY THE DAILY WORKER AT THE NEWSSTAND

## Waiting for Food



Scene in Chicago during the holidays when capitalist charity agencies become "benevolent." During the freezing weather hundreds of people depended on outside aid for food.

## ARREST 30 MORE MINE STRIKERS

### Colorado Pickets Were Beaten by Militia

By FRANK L. PALMER. (Special to The Daily Worker.)

DENVER, Colo., Jan. 6.—Meeting the violence, lawlessness and mobbing by the state with a policy of picketing in all important coal fields has resulted in more arrests and more enthusiasm than has been seen for weeks heretofore.

Charging they were picketing miners on the road to the Columbine were attacked by militia this morning. A group of 30 strikers were arrested including Paul Seidler, Nick Sanchez and William Snow. Others were brutally attacked and kicked, the militia cursing them.

The miners of Northern Colorado are aroused to new spirit of loyalty by the experiences they are facing.

### Arrested at Mine.

Arrests at Walsenburg yesterday wrongly reported as made at hall. They were actually made just outside Walsenburg mine of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company at Edge City.

Six hundred strikers swarmed around jail all day following arrests causing great fear among state police who placed eight machine guns outside to protect themselves. Four hundred strikers marched to the mine in the afternoon and returned when ordered by state police and Rockefeller thugs. This mine is heavily guarded by professional gunmen of the usual Rockefeller type.

### Comes from Jail.

The industrial commission hearing at Canon City was interrupted this morning when Martin Kattning, brot from jail where he was held for leading pickets yesterday, was placed on

## VARIED GROUPS, MANY WORKERS GIVE MINERS AID

### Penn-Ohio-Colo. Committee Reports Funds

The Polish Committee for the Aid of Striking Miners has laid plans for the organization of Polish Aid Committees in New Jersey and Connecticut, to be followed by a national organization campaign, according to the Pennsylvania-Ohio-Colorado Miners' Relief Committee, 799 Broadway.

Various members of the committee reported on their relief activity immediately following the Provisional Conference of last week. Most of them had succeeded in collecting substantial contributions, totalling \$280.48. During the session a representative of the Polish Red Cross entered and announced a contribution of \$150 from that organization. A vote was taken as to the disposal of the donations. It was decided to send a check immediately to the Penn-Ohio Miners' Relief Committee of 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

### Women Collect \$170.

The Women's Committee for Miners' Relief has collected \$170, this being their second large contribution. The money was turned over to the Miners' Relief Committee, 799 Broadway yesterday. The Women's Councils throughout the city are actively engaged in collecting funds and clothing and are mobilized strongly for the special collection today and Sunday.

### Early this week the New Masses

circularized its subscribers in an appeal for aid to the striking miners. The first return came in yesterday in the form of a check for \$20.

### Painters Take Lists.

The Lithuanian Workers' Progressive Alliance of Brooklyn is taking active part in the campaign for funds, its members, few in number, having raised \$20 as an initial step.

### The Brotherhood of Painters, Local

'25, Brooklyn, has also raised \$20 for relief. Its members have pledged themselves to work vigorously with donation lists.

### the witness stand and was greeted

by long, loud cheering by strikers. Chairman Annear had to threaten to clear the room before demonstration could be quieted.

### Meeting is Held.

State police attended a meeting here last night but did not carry out threats to arrest speakers though students offered to go to jail in strikers' places and police were called murderers for part in Columbine massacre. The large theatre was packed to capacity. Many had to stand. "Solidarity for Ever" was sung repeatedly and could not be stopped in the tremendous demonstration.

The leaders repeatedly warned the strikers against any violence and expressed themselves as willing to go to jail as victory is now believed possible within a few days.

## LECTURES AND FORUMS

**THE PEOPLE'S INSTITUTE**  
AT COOPER UNION (9th St. and Astor Place) At 8 o'clock

SUNDAY, JANUARY 8th  
Mr. EARL BARNES  
"The New Turkey Transferring a Civilization by Degrees"

TUESDAY, JANUARY 10th  
Mr. W. B. CURRY  
"Michael Faraday"

FRIDAY, JANUARY 13th  
Mr. EVERETT DEAN MARTIN  
The Psychology of the American Public—"Andrew Jacksonism" and the Agrarian Mind."

ADMISSION FREE.  
Open Forum Discussion.

Muhlenberg Branch Library (209 West 23rd Street) At 8 o'clock

MONDAY, JANUARY 9th  
Dr. HELEN D. LOCKWOOD  
Tools and the Man—"The Utopia of Craftsmen: William Morris."

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 11th  
Dr. SCOTT BUCHANAN  
Mathematical Thought—"Arithmetic: From Things to Numbers."

THURSDAY, JANUARY 12th  
DR. E. G. SPAULDING  
Questions People Expect a Philosopher to Answer—"Can Nature Repeat?"

SATURDAY, JANUARY 14th  
Dr. RICHARD P. McKEON  
Some Questions for Platon—"The World of Perfections and the World of Causes: What Are Things and How Do They Come to Be?"

Tomorrow night at 8:30 sharp  
**BERT. D. WOLFE**  
will explain  
"The Trotsky Expulsion"  
(Lenin vs. Trotsky—the unprincipled alliance with Zinoviev.)

BRONX OPEN FORUM  
2075 Clinton Ave. (near E. 180 St.)  
NEXT SUNDAY—Wm. F. Dunne will speak on "Our New Policy Toward Mexico."  
Under the auspices of the BRONX WORKERS' SCHOOL.

Tomorrow Night 8 o'clock  
**MANUEL GOMEZ**  
will speak on  
"Our War With Nicaragua"  
Nicaragua as the spectre which will haunt the United States at the Pan-American Conference at Havana

At the  
**WORKERS SCHOOL FORUM**  
108 East 14th Street  
Admission 25c.  
NEXT SUNDAY: William W. Wetstone will speak on "Has the World Revolution Failed?"

DELAY WALL ST FLIGHTS.  
TAMPICO, Mex., Jan. 6.—Violent storms raging on the mountains of Southeastern San Luis Potosi kept the two Houston, Texas, "good will planes" which are enroute to Mexico City, on the ground here yesterday. The flight will be resumed as soon as weather conditions are favorable.

**LABOR TEMPLE** 14th Street & Second Ave.  
SUNDAY, JANUARY 8th  
P. M.—Lecture  
Dr. G. F. Beck—"The Return of the Soldier," Rebecca West.  
7:15 P. M.—Am. Int. Church  
E. B. Chaffee—"Can We Achieve an Ethical Society by Unethical Methods."  
8:30 P. M.—Forum  
Edgar Wind—"Art and the Common Man."

BUY THE DAILY WORKER AT THE NEWSSTAND

## Western Labor Plans Mighty Meal on Daily's Birthday

(Special to the DAILY WORKER)  
SAN FRANCISCO, Calif., Jan. 6.—Friday, January 13th will be a gala day for the militants in San Francisco. On this evening the Workers (Communist) Party will hold a celebration in honor of the 4th Anniversary of the founding of The DAILY WORKER. The celebration will be held in the headquarters of the Workers' Educational Club, 1212 Market St.

Eats Galore.  
San Francisco's celebration will take the form of a proletarian banquet with viands that will appeal to every palate. The Committee on Eats has sent its emissaries to the wide open spaces for which California is properly famous to assure a bounteous repast. Mountain streams will be searched, ocean depths explored, and the forest primeval induced to stand and deliver in abundance of their tender and juicy morsels. No effort will be spared to make this banquet worthy of its proletarian origin. And it will all be FREE.

Attractive Program.  
Of course there will be music. This feature of the program will be sure to please. There will be violin, vocal and piano solos by real artists. The string orchestras of the Junior Section of Nature Friends and the South Slavic Educational Club, which always make a decided hit will also participate.

Ben Gitlow Guest of Honor.  
Ben Gitlow, member of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers' (Communist) Party, now making a nation-wide tour, will be in San Francisco on the 4th Anniversary of The DAILY WORKER and will be the guest of honor at the celebration. The occasion will afford an opportunity of becoming better acquainted with Comrade Gitlow whose fighting record in the militant section of the American labor movement brought from the trial judge who sentenced him to 10 years imprisonment a characterization of "Red Ruby" of the revolutionary movement.



# Chinese Workers, Peasants Take More Villages; Set Up Own Governments

## MILITARISTS IN HANKOW EXECUTE MORE MILITANTS

### Martial Law Continues In Shanghai

HANKOW, Jan. 6.—The expropriation of landlords in the province of Hupeh is going on and peasants and workers are setting up governments in villages throughout the province, according to reports from various sections of the province received here. A number of large villages in the vicinity of the Wuhan cities are still in the complete control of workers and peasants.

Wholesale arrests and executions of workers suspected of Communist sympathies are daily occurrences here. The military authorities are ferreting out the leaders of the recent textile strike and executing them with little formality.

In an effort to raise money for their unruly troops, the authorities have announced a fifty per cent ad valorem wine and cigarette tax in Hupeh.

SHANGHAI, Jan. 6.—Scores of workers have been arrested here by the Nanking authorities following a series of strikes in the native sections of the city and clashes between strikers and police. Martial law still prevails in the city. The militarist authorities fear a workers' and peasants' outbreak similar to the one which occurred at Canton last month.

## BIG BILL DOUBLE CROSSES NEGROES

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 6.—The Negro population of Chicago who actually elected "Big Bill" Thompson, mayor of Chicago by giving him his plurality of 85,000 votes, are demanding from him that he make good on his election promises.

Thomson had promised the Negroes that in the matter of appointments he would consider them on an equal footing with the whites. But the Negro leaders who had given "Big Bill" 90,000 of the 100,000 colored votes, became impatient when they saw that the only appointments available for them were as messengers and porters in the city hall.

## Chinese Workers Open Own Club in Moscow

MOSCOW, (By Mail).—A club for Chinese workers has been opened in Moscow. There are about 10,000 Chinese in Moscow. Most of them are home industry workers: laundry men, leather workers, dyers, knitters, etc. Nine hundred people applied immediately for membership in the newly opened club.

The following circles have been organized in the club: reading and writing (Russian), political education and musical-dramatic. The club has also a library and reading room. It proposes to publish a newspaper.

BUY THE DAILY WORKER AT THE NEWSSTAND

## New Zealand Seamen Back Chinese Workers' Struggle

MOSCOW, (By Mail).—The growth of the revolutionary spirit among the working class in the Pacific countries is being vividly shown in an increase of sympathy for the Russian and Chinese revolutions.

Thus a general meeting of members of the New Zealand Federated Seamen's Union passed unanimously the following resolution with regard to the tenth anniversary of the November Revolution in Russia:

"... This meeting of members of the Federated Seamen's Union of New Zealand thanks the Transport Workers' Union for their invitation to attend the U. S. S. R. Trade Unions' celebrations on the tenth anniversary of the October Revolution but regret that time does make it impossible for our representative to be in attendance. We instruct our executive to send them fraternal greetings and wish them the best of success in their struggle to build up a new social order against the united capitalist forces of the world."

These same seamen responded to the appeal for help of the Chinese Seamen's Union in Canton, by passing the following resolution:

"Whereas the water transport in-

## Murderers' Envoy



Dr. C. C. Wu, one of the leading members of the reactionary Nanking government, which is murdering workers and peasants in China, has been appointed special envoy to the United States. The Nanking government, which has broken off relations with the U. S. S. R., is seeking an even closer alliance with the imperialist powers.

## DELAY ELECTION OF ALL SOVIETS

(Special Cable to DAILY WORKER)

MOSCOW, Jan. 6.—By the decision of the Central Executive Committee of the U. S. S. R., the elections of Soviets which was scheduled to have taken place during the first quarter of this year have been deferred until the autumn.

The reason for the postponement of the elections is the necessity for attending to immediate and important campaigns like the cooperative elections, the country-wide revision of wage agreements and the State grain collection campaign.

The action of the Central Committee was taken at the request of a number of federal republics. Elections will be held throughout the Soviet Union this autumn.

## "Save The Union By Spreading The Strike," Says Mine Conference

(Continued from Page One)

Each representative present expressed strong determination to continue the strike until the miners victory is achieved, the union maintained and a crushing defeat administered to the coal companies, and were bitter in their denunciation of the policies and leadership of John L. Lewis, Philip Murray, etc., as leading in the wrong direction. "To save our union and the Jacksonville scale" said Powers Haggood, striking miner from Cresson, and noted youthful fighter, "the strike must be spread. In order to create a shortage of coal not only must the strike-breakers be brought on strike, but also the unorganized fields struck as like in 1922. This, however, is impossible as long as Lewis is head of the Union, for after being betrayed by him in 1922 in the Somerset, Fayette counties, and West Virginia district, the non-union miners will not respond to his misleadership, having lost all confidence in Lewis."

Serious discussion regarding ways and means to win the strike was taken up by all present. The Lewis policies were examined and attacked as wrong policies. The conference emphasized that the strike must be won, but could only be won by correct policies and a fighting leadership.

"The policy of local and district strikes; local and district agreements militates directly against the mine workers now striking and the union generally" said Pat Toohey, miner from Canonsburg. "To win the strike, we must extend to the unorganized fields and more important to the union fields now working, i.e. anthracite, Indiana, etc. The workers of all America must mobilize for relief, but the American Federation of Labor to date has sent \$150,000, a mere drop in the bucket. Membership action is necessary, a special convention to consider the crisis, more relief, mass picketing, national strike is the course to follow. Lewis will not do this. Lewis must go."

Others present pointed out that it was Brophy, not Lewis, who was elected President of the Union last election, giving specific proof of wholesale vote stealing by the administration. Others expressed indignation and disgust of the administration policy of obeying the many injunctions and restraining the membership from mass picketing. The question of officers taking large salaries while the strikers starve was condemned, and a demand will be made that the salaries be suspended and utilized for relief for the strikers. Plans were made to mobilize the labor movement for relief work to aid in saving the union and winning the strike.

The recent conference called by Secretary of Labor Davis, and the American Federation of Labor Emergency Conference held in November were characterized as blinds to keep the membership from revolting and demanding more militant policies, more qualified and courageous leadership to win the strike.

Lewis Must Go. The conference declared that the union must be saved, the strike must be won. Lewis cannot do this: Lewis must go. A National Strike of all miners, organizing the non-union fields, mass picketing and violating injunctions en masse were emphasized.

The conference decided to intensify relief work, and wage a fight for the resignation of John L. Lewis and his administration. The conference attacked dual unionism and misleading leaders, and declared for membership control, re-establishment of union democracy, and a fighting leadership leading to victory and sacrificing with the membership. A campaign will be waged for a special convention to be held in Pittsburgh to consider the situation. The conference emphasized that the lines must hold, picketing must continue and high morale is a prerequisite for victory.

URGES INTELLIGENCE TEST BATTLE CREEK, Mich., Jan. 6.—Instead of looking at it from the social angle, Dr. William J. Hickson says that only when intelligence tests are the basis for granting the vote will crime be eradicated. He spoke before the Race Betterment Conference last night.

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## LITHUANIAN, POLE FRONTIER GUARDS EXCHANGE SHOTS

### Settlement Between Two Countries Far Off

BERLIN, Jan. 6.—The danger of an open outbreak of hostilities between Poland and Lithuania loomed today when shots were exchanged by frontier guards, according to reports received here. One Lithuanian soldier was wounded, the despatches state.

As a protest against the present boundary of Lithuania a number of Lithuanian guards cut down several posts marking the frontier near Krzaczyzna, when the Polish troops opened fire. The Lithuanians returned the fire.

In spite of the supposed settlement arranged between the two countries by the League of Nations, friction between the two countries remains as great as ever. Poland has announced its intention of retaining Vilna, while the Lithuanian Government has made it clear that it will tolerate no permanent settlement until it regains Vilna.

## 10 Reactionaries in Mexico Arrested for Plot Against Obregon

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 6.—The number of counter-revolutionaries arrested in Guadalajara on the charge of having plotted against the life of General Obregon has reached the total of ten, according to reports received here.

Obregon's change of route thru the Guadalajara district resulted from a railroad tie-up caused by counter-revolutionary bandits who burned a number of bridges.

## EXPRESSION OF SYMPATHY

CHELSEA, Mass., Jan. 6.—Section 6 of the Workers (Communist) Party has just passed a resolution extending its sympathy to W. Gontar whose wife died recently.

## U.S.S.R. Institute of Science in Turkey

LENINGRAD, Jan. 6.—The Academy of Sciences has decided to inaugurate, in Constantinople, the Soviet Institute for Scientific Research Work. The statutes of the Institute, which is the first Soviet institution abroad for scientific research work, provide for the possibility for Turkish, Soviet and foreign savants to study there the history, archaeology, letters, ethnography and the mutual juridical relations between Russia and Byzantium at the end of the X Century.

The new Institute will be on the lines of the former Archaeological Institute which existed in Constantinople before the war and whose inventory and part of the library have been preserved and will be utilized for the establishment of the present Institute.

## Jugoslavs Alarmed At Italian Treaty

BELGRADE, Jan. 6.—The Jugoslav press expresses considerable alarm at the proposed treaty between Italy and Greece, which is believed to be military as well as commercial in its nature.

Greece is reported to have agreed to relinquish temporary control of its coast to Italy in case of a war between Italy and Yugoslavia. Italy is stated to have offered to give Greece the Dodocanese islands in return.

The control of Saloniki would be of the greatest strategic importance to Italy in event of a war with Yugoslavia.

The Greek Minister of Foreign Affairs is now in Italy for the ostensible purpose of negotiating a commercial treaty.

CHIHUAHUA, Mexico, Jan. 6.—A relief fund of 5,000 pesos has been raised here for the sufferers at the mining town of Batopilas, which was destroyed by a storm and the breaking of a reservoir early in December.

## MEXICO TO OPEN RURAL SCHOOLS



Soldiers in the army of Gen. Augusto C. Sandino, mine worker, who is leading the fight of the Nicaraguan liberals for the independence of their country from American financiers. The lacking in the elaborate equipment supplied to the marines by the U. S. war department, these workers are nevertheless fighting bravely against terrific odds.

## MEXICO TO OPEN RURAL SCHOOLS

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 6.—The department of education announces that 1,000 more rural school teachers will be employed at the beginning of the school term on March 1 than were employed in 1927.

New schools to accommodate 100,000 pupils have been constructed during the year. The department also announced that hereafter teachers will be classified as public benefactors, pensioned upon reaching old age and buried with public honors.

Notwithstanding the fact that the country is facing an economic crisis appropriations for education for 1928 have been increased over 1927.

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## Wall Street Plans Big Loan to Keep Cuba Job For 'Butcher' Machado



Soldiers in the army of Gen. Augusto C. Sandino, mine worker, who is leading the fight of the Nicaraguan liberals for the independence of their country from American financiers. The lacking in the elaborate equipment supplied to the marines by the U. S. war department, these workers are nevertheless fighting bravely against terrific odds.

## Wall Street Plans Big Loan to Keep Cuba Job For 'Butcher' Machado

Wall Street bankers are conferring with Cuban officials on the question of a \$50,000,000 loan to the Machado regime, it was learned yesterday.

Altho the proposed loan will go ostensibly for the construction of roads in Cuba, a large proportion of it, it is believed, will be devoted to maintain Machado as president.

## Bratianu May Join Late Brother Soon

BUDAPEST, Jan. 6.—Newspapers here today reported that Vintila Bratianu, present premier of Roumania, has suffered several strokes ascribed to advanced arterio sclerosis.

Prince Stirgey Titelescu, it was reported, has been mentioned as possible successor to Bratianu's office.

Vintila Bratianu became fascist premier of Roumania last November immediately following the death of his fascist brother, Jon Bratianu, who held the job before him.

BUY THE DAILY WORKER AT THE NEWSSTAND

Hail the Fourth Anniversary of the Daily Worker! GREETINGS TO BE PUBLISHED IN THE SPECIAL JANUARY 13TH EDITION SIGN—SEND YOUR GREETINGS Send not less than 50 cents with every name to The Daily Worker, 33 First St., New York, N. Y. FULL NAME Amt. GREETINGS—Accepted from workingclass organizations at \$200 per full page (fractions of a page on this basis) and \$1.50 per inch. Be sure your organization sends its greetings. Order a Bundle of the Daily Worker For the January 13th Meeting and for Distribution. The DAILY WORKER, 33 First St., New York, N. Y. I enclose \$..... for ..... copies of the Fourth Anniversary Edition of The Daily Worker. Must be mailed from New York not later than ..... Name ..... Street ..... City ..... State ..... Rates—\$1.50 per hundred copies. This List is collected by .....

## FIGHTING FOR NICARAGUAN INDEPENDENCE



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## BOMBAY WORKERS THREATEN STRIKE

LONDON, (By Mail).—A one day strike to protest against the British India Commission has been voted by the Bombay Municipal Workers' Union, according to the Indian News Service. The strike will take place when the Commission arrives in India.

Municipal Commissioner Clayton warned President Jhabwalla of the union that municipal workers who "failed to perform their essential duties" would be liable to prosecution. The Commissioner threatened that he would dismiss any worker who participated in the strike. President Jhabwalla replied that the workers were perfectly free to strike.

A number of other unions have already voted to strike as a protest against the appointment of the Commission.

## Soviet Union Making Farming Agriculture

MOSCOW, (By Mail).—In the current year 128 million roubles worth of agricultural machinery and implements will be manufactured against 93 million roubles worth last year.

By extending home production it is possible to diminish gradually import of agricultural machinery and implements from abroad.

## FEWER BRITISH UNIONISTS DUE TO LEADERSHIP

### Labor Weakened by New Reformist Tactics

LONDON, Jan. 6.—The British trade unions have suffered heavy losses in membership and financial strength in 1927, the official report of the registrar of Friendly Societies revealed yesterday. The losses are believed to have been the result of the heavy defeat suffered by labor in the surrender of the general strike and the rapidly diminishing ardor with which British labor leaders have devoted themselves to the task of organizing workers.

The report reveals that there is a decrease of 300,000 members and that trade union funds dropped from \$63,750,000 to \$43,250,000, while contributions from members fell off a quarter of a million dollars.

Leaders of the minority movement partly attribute the drop in trade union strength to the methods of the present leadership of the Trade Union Congress. Minority leaders pointed to the proposed conference between the trade union leaders, headed by J. H. Thomas and Walter Citrine, and the most powerful British capitalists, as evidence of the swing of the "reformist leadership toward open collaboration with capital."

## Berlin Blast Kills 18

BERLIN, Jan. 6.—Eighteen dead, 7 missing and 16 severely injured was the official report today of the explosion which yesterday wrecked a four-story house in North Berlin.

The explosion was caused by ammonia gas and occurred while the occupants of the house slept.



## January 21

### Is Lenin Memorial Day

For this day, for individual reading—for books to give to your shop-mates—for Communist Party units—

### For Lenin Memorial Meetings

we present this special list of books and other items. Some of these are being offered at special prices.

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### BY LENIN

- LENIN ON CO-OPERATIVES 3c
INFANTILE SICKNESS—Or Leftism in Communism 15c
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# YOUTH PROBLEMS IN INDUSTRY AND THE LEFT WING TASKS

## YOUNG WORKERS MUST GET INTO TRADES UNIONS

By JOHN WILLIAMSON.

The nineteenth century with its slogan to the youth of "Go West, Young Man, Go West," has given way to the "Help Wanted" columns of the daily press and the factory gate. No longer is America, "the land of opportunity," as the countless millions of young workers can testify.

Altho this transformation has taken place and we find the young workers forming one-fourth of the total working population, they are as yet, not a factor in the labor movement corresponding to their numerical strength or their strategic position as a bridge between the foreign born and American born workers.

The large bulk of the youth, as far as they are unorganized are found in institutions, such as the Boy Scouts, the YMCA, the 4H's, and the Catholic Guides, which are pro-boss in character and whose doctrines are against organized labor, not to speak of a militant labor movement. A very limited number of the working youth are to be found in the trades unions and the only attempt at organization is found in the left-wing political organizations.

If we contrast such a situation to that existing in the European labor movement, we see a vast difference. There the trades unions have established special youth journals, issue special youth literature, have established special bureaus which are continually in contact with the young workers and see that the life of the union is of such a character that it will interest and hold the newcoming youth.

**A Wrong Philosophy**

There are those who think that the youth "are to be seen and not heard." This was the philosophy of the past and can have nothing in common with a militant section of the labor movement who have in mind the mobilizing of the laboring class for progressive steps forward. Backward as the American working youth are, there are signs of recent date, such as the Passaic strike, the miners' strike and the present struggle in Colorado where the youth have played an important part and have showed themselves capable of leadership and of conducting a militant struggle for better conditions.

**Organizing Young Workers**

The organizing of the millions of young workers is a part of the task of "Organizing the Unorganized." This gigantic task falls upon the Left Wing. The problems of the youth are therefore the problems of the Left Wing to solve and find organizational expression for.

**The Location of Young Workers**

The extent to which young workers between the ages of 15-24 have penetrated industry is little known. An

Table 1—Main Classifications of Gainfully Employed.\*

Industry	Total Emp. 10 yr. over	Total Boys Emp. 15-24	Total Girls Emp. 15-24	Total Emp. 15-24 yrs.	% of Total
Agriculture	10,953,000	2,117,190	322,622	2,439,812	23%
Mineral Ext.	1,090,000	245,832	1,176	247,008	23%
Mfg. & Mach.	12,818,000	2,307,959	873,196	3,181,155	25%
Transport	3,062,000	595,654	140,637	736,341	24%
Trade	4,242,979	577,313	271,982	849,295	20%
Public Serv.	770,460	177,507	3,589	181,096	23%
Professional	2,143,889	131,348	380,618	511,966	24%
Clerical	3,126,541	620,342	840,977	1,461,319	47%
All Occup.	41,614,248	6,950,122	3,364,397	10,314,519	24%

\*The figures for "Total Emp. over 10 years" are for "Gainfully Occupied." If these were for actual wage earners the percentage of young workers would be higher by several per cent.

Table 2—Classification of Important Occupations.

Industry	Total Emp. 10 yr. over	Total Boys Emp. 15-24	Total Girls Emp. 15-24	Total Emp. 15-24 yrs.	% of Total
Farm Labor	4,041,000	1,587,364	312,129	1,899,493	47%
Coal Miners	733,936	181,082	591	181,673	25%
Clay Glass*	209,997	52,490	10,427	62,917	30%
Bakeries*	28,756	7,717	8,330	16,097	56%
Candy*	58,865	8,876	21,903	30,779	52%
Packing House*	109,539	23,199	5,279	28,478	26%
Auto*	204,505	51,568	7,509	59,077	29%
Furniture*	90,989	21,757	4,887	26,644	29%
Ptg. & Pub.**	91,839	18,565	24,739	43,304	47%
Shoe*	225,435	47,576	37,653	85,229	38%
Textile*	848,470	144,820	228,256	373,076	44%
Rubber*	137,671	38,992	12,681	51,673	37%
Elect. Supp.*	91,630	20,741	20,608	40,809	45%
Paper Box*	23,836	3,650	9,397	13,047	54%
RR Labor	495,713	113,168	1,571	114,739	23%
Sailors	54,832	18,744		18,744	34%
Salespeople	1,177,494	205,917	155,386	361,303	30%

\*The total figure listed under these industries is not complete. It only includes unskilled and semi-skilled, omitting skilled. The amount of skilled workers in these industries is very small and would be offset by the fact that the "total column" is for "gainfully employed" and not for wage-earners. This makes the % youth approximately correct. If figures were available for each item a check-up would show the % figures within 1% of being correct.

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For the January 13th Meeting and for Distribution.

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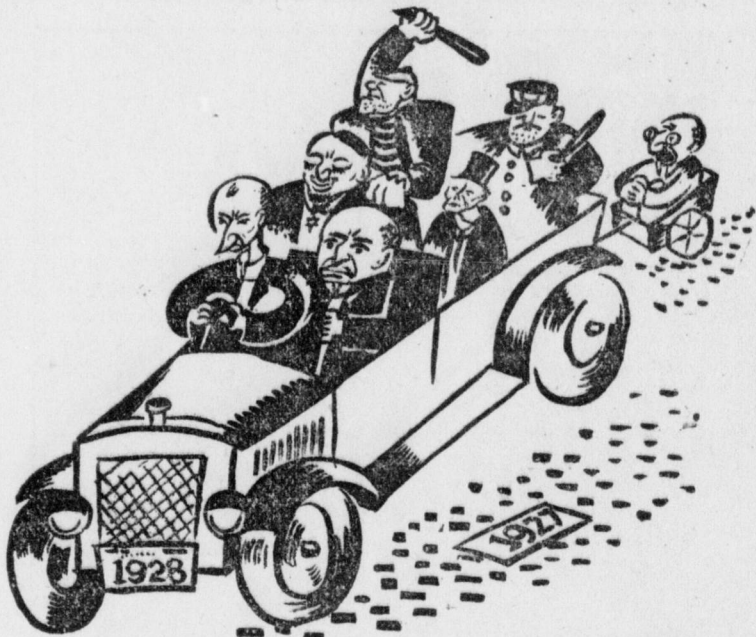
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### A New Number but the Same Old Crew



During 1928, as in 1927, the same gang will control the life of the American workers; exploiters and their hirelings—the courts, police and hired editors.

examination of Table 1 and 2 will be illuminating to many. Here we see in general, considering those "gainfully employed," which includes foremen, supervisors, etc., that the youth form 24.7 per cent of the total.

If we take special occupations, of the seventeen listed, there are only five where the young workers from less than 30 per cent of the total employed and in many, such as Bakeries 56 per cent; Paper Box 54 per cent; Candy 52 per cent; Farm Labor 47 per cent; Printing & Publishing 47 per cent; Electrical Supply 45 per cent, etc., we see the youth forming at least half and some times more of the entire working force. There are even certain industries, such as those listed herein which can be considered "youth industries," and which must be approached from this basis.

It is especially significant that the youth are employed primarily in those industries which are classified as "unorganized." Also they are found in those types of industries where little or no skill is required and where the entire industry has been mechanized.

**The Trend in Industry.**

Since these figures were taken (1920) the whole trend of industry has been for the further elimination of skill and introduction of machinery, which has undoubtedly brought several hundred thousands more young workers into industry. Consider the radio industry, established these past few years which employs almost exclusively young workers under 21 years of age.

(To Be Continued.)

**TRIBAL KILLER GETS LIFE.**  
DETROIT LAKES, Minn., Jan. 6.—The age old tribal law of killing the aged and infirm failed. Alex Jourdan, a Chippewa Indian, sentenced to life here today for the murder of his ninety-year-old mother-in-law with an axe last March.

## With the Young Workers

"DEFEND THE U. S. S. R.!" DECLARES THE GERMAN YOUTH DELEGATION.

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R.—The Third German Young Workers' Delegation which studied for six weeks the life in the Soviet Union, has issued an enthusiastic report of conditions here.

"The economic situation of the working class," the report declares, "which was bad enough in Czarist Russia and which became intolerable through war and civil war, has been improved and consolidated in every respect by the Soviet government. This is shown by the wages, the six to eight hour day (for young workers it is four to six hours), the two to four weeks' holiday (for young workers it is four to six weeks), as well as by the possibilities for cultural development which the workers have now."

Whereas in capitalist countries the youth is forced into industry as unskilled labor, in the Soviet Union it is the reverse. "In the factory schools," says the delegation, "young workers are given a training which enables them to take their place subsequently in the process of production as highly qualified labor forces and to occupy leading economic posts. All this we have seen with our own eyes."

Regarding the minorities the report states: "We ascertained that the Soviet government protects in every possible way the national minorities and the freedom and liberty of the Federated Soviet Republics, for instance Georgia that it gives every encouragement to their national culture and full freedom to religious societies within their own religious sphere."

Speaking of the Red Army, the report states: "It has the sympathy of the people and particularly of the working youth."

"Moreover, in view of the fact that the U. S. S. R. is the only and first country which genuinely represents the interests of the working people and is the fatherland of all workers, we declare that we are determined to defend the Soviet Union with all the strength and means at our disposal."

**LIEBKNECHT ON MILITARISM.**

(From a series of lectures given in 1906 before a section of the Young Socialist League on Militarism and Anti-Militarism and later published in book form.)

"There is nothing specifically capitalist about militarism. Moreover, it is proper and essential to all systems of class society, of which the capitalist system is the last.

"Capitalism, like any other system of class society, develops its own special variety of militarism: for militarism, by its very essence, is a means to an end, or to several ends, which vary in accordance with this variance. This is brought to light not only by the military organizations, but also by the other attributes of militarism which manifest themselves when militarism carries out its tasks.

"Militarism is not only a means of defense against the external enemy; it has a second task which comes more to the fore as class contradictions become more marked and as proletarian class consciousness keeps growing. Thus the outer form of militarism and its inner character take a mere definite shape; its task is to uphold the prevailing order of society, to prop up capitalism and all reaction against the struggle of the working class for freedom. (Note the militia in the Colorado strike.)

"Militarism manifests itself here as a mere tool in the class struggle, as a tool in the hands of the ruling class. It is destined to retard the development of class consciousness by working together with the police and the courts of justice. (Note the injunctions in the Pennsylvania-Ohio coal strike) the school and the church.

"The task of militarism is, above all, to secure for a minority at whatever cost, even against the enlightened will of the majority of the people, domination in the state and freedom to exploit."

### YOUTH NOTES FROM THE SOVIET UNION

The "Subbotnik" (day of free labor) which was organized thruout the entire Soviet Union by the Leninist Young Communist League gave a financial result of one million roubles. (\$500,000.00).

Two young workers' universities have now been started in Leningrad. They are the first of their kind in the Soviet Union. Lectures are delivered there by first-class professors twice during the week and on Sundays.

In all trade unions in the Soviet Union new collective agreements have been concluded. New tariffs have been specially arranged for apprentices thru which wages have been generally raised by 20 per cent. Apprentices in the metal industry instead of 20.50 roubles, which they received hitherto will get 24.60 roubles monthly. Young workers who are engaged in specially hard work will now get instead of 1 month's holiday with pay, 6 weeks holiday with pay. In the Soviet Union there is a law in accordance with which every enterprise must employ a certain percentage of apprentices, in order in this way to train qualified workers. Seventy-five per cent of these young workers must be admitted in the factory schools.

### Lives by Risks



Miserably underpaid and overworked, the U. S. mail fliers risk their lives daily. Harry G. Smith, 34, nearly lost his life in making an emergency landing in a clearing on Red Top mountain, near Du Bois, Pa. Smith, who used to fly the mail with Lindbergh before the latter became a window-dresser for the American imperialists, became lost as his plane neared the Alleghany mountains in a blinding snow-storm.

It is the only organ that broadcasts Liebknecht's ideals to the American youth, that organizes the young workers into Liebknecht's organization."

All militant workers are called upon to send a donation and to get their children and young friends to subscribe to the Young Worker during this drive. Do your bit in the drive!

### A YOUNG WORKER LOOKS FOR A JOB.

(By Young Worker Correspondent.)

New York City.—A clerk looked up from the cultural columns of the "Daily Mirror" and asked me what I want. Like a number of other jobless youth, I am a candidate for \$2.80 a day and "eats" with the automatic restaurants (the throw-your-nickel-in-the-slot places). It is regrettable that the inventive genius of America has not devised a machinery through which help can be hired and fired. Until then, our "tired" clerks must continue to lay aside their "Daily Mirrors" until troublesome applicants are dispensed with.

I am advised to return at 4 p. m. when the night managers telephone for the help they require. I do so, incidentally discovering a tactical error in not showing up at least one hour earlier. Some 50 or 60 men and women of all ages are present. One young fellow next to me had slept on park benches for three nights—but sported a clean collar for the occasion. He curses frequently, chiefly at the two clerks whom he holds responsible for the waste of time.

The clerks are now busy at the phone and only a few applicants are called to the counter to receive instructions. It is after 5 p. m. and very few have been dealt with. Since the employment bureau closes at 5:30 p. m. we become restless. The phone rings. The minutes tick by. The clerks look more frequently at the clock. "That's all for tonight!" shouts the ponderous one. "That's all for tonight!" he repeats irritably as a colored boy approaches him inquiringly. I follow the others into Broadway—still jobless.

### Pilot Turns Boss

Clarence Chamberlain, trans-Atlantic pilot, started work yesterday on models of a new sport plane, at the Elasticap Warehouse at Twelfth St. and Hudson River, Hoboken.

## With the Young Comrades

### OUR LETTER BOX

From a Little Bolshevik.

I am a fourteen year old girl, and I go to a catholic school (Roman Catholic) and our sister in school tried to make us girls believe that the Bolsheviks in Russia persecute the catholics, but I don't believe it, and she told us that they are spreading all over in Chicago. (I suppose she's afraid they'll get her.)

But I know better cause I got two aunts and uncles that read the "Uj Elore," and when Saturday comes I always read the English part. ("The Young Comrade Corner.") My aunt gives me plenty of instructions.

When I get sixteen I'll get all my girl friends to subscribe for the paper. I'll try to do my best.

Just last week my aunt was reading an article about a poor little girl, nine years old selling matches on the street, in ragged clothes and it was cold. This was in Budapest, my aunts were having a conversation about it and were crying and felt sorry for the poor people in Budapest.

I was also sitting in the room and I asked them what they were crying about, and they told me. When they told me my heart nearly broke.

"Cause my father and mother came from Budapest, and I can just imagine how they suffered.

My father is dead, but my mother often tells me how they used to suffer, and not only them but all the poor people in Budapest. How they went hungry and slept in cold rooms.

I have a few dollars of my own saved, and I have some clothes old and new that I cannot wear any more, and I don't want my mother or my aunt to know I am sending them away. I want to make it a Christmas gift for the poor children. So will you please be so kind and good as to give me the address of any poor little girl in Budapest who has no clothes to wear, and would like to have some.

I promise with my true heart that I will be a true, loyal soldier of the Bolsheviks, and get many more soldiers, too.

I'll never believe what the catholic sisters or priests say about the Bolsheviks. "Cause my aunt always tells me how good it is in Russia.

And I hope it won't be before long that we get the best of the capitalists and send them to the deepest

H-E-L-L there is, and let them stay there for good.  
Yours very truly,  
THERESA RAYNAK

(Editor's Note: A great deal of suffering is going on in many countries in Europe, it is true. But at this present time just as much suffering if not more is taking place right here in our own country. If you would be a true Bolshevik, HELP THE STRIKING MINERS.)

### THE PIONEER AND THE SCAB.

The scab sat on the track,  
The Pioneer rang the bell,  
The train went to California,  
And the scab went to hell!

—MARIE KOSTYK.

### THIS WEEK'S PUZZLE NO. 6

This week's puzzle is a confusion puzzle. The way to solve this kind of puzzle is to place each of the ten given words in a sentence that is not jumbled using all the words. With the best of luck, let's go!

ALWAYS - DISTRESS - ARE - THE HELP - READY - TO - WORKERS - IN - PIONEERS.

Send all answers to Daily Worker Young Comrade Corner, 33 First St., New York City, stating name, age, and number of puzzle.

### Law Revision Urged

The welfare advisory committee of the New York State republican committee will urge revision of the tenement house and poor laws, better health protection for school children and prevention of child marriage without parental permission, in a report to the state legislature in 1928, Harold Riegelman, its chairman has announced.

### SING SING BARS BENT.

OSSING, N. Y., Jan. 6.—A possible avenue of escape from Sing Sing Prison was blocked it was learned today when Keeper William Halpin reported to Warden Lewis E. Lawes that in his daily inspection of door and window bars, yesterday he had discovered two bars on a cell block window bent apart far enough to permit a human body to pass through.

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  5. War.
1. Organization of the unorganized.
  2. Miners' Relief.
  3. Recognition and Defense of the Soviet Union.
  4. A Labor Party.
  5. A Workers' and Farmers' Government.

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# GOMEZ TO TALK ON NICARAGUAN WAR

Manuel Gomez, secretary of the United States section of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League, will speak on "Our War With Nicaragua" at the open forum of the Workers' School, 108 E. 14th St., Sunday night at 8.

Commenting on the talk, Bertram D. Wolfe, director of the school, said: "This is one of the most important situations facing the American workers. Marines are daily being rushed to slaughter those who are fighting for Nicaraguan independence, and for emancipation from American financial interests."

"Gomez, a keen student of world politics, has written much concerning the question of Pan-American relations."

## Negroes to Hear Talk On Disfranchisement

Representative George Holden Tinkham, sponsor of bills calling for a reduction in southern representation in congress because of the disfranchisement of Negroes in southern states, will address the annual mass meeting of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People Sunday afternoon, at 3 p. m. in the Mother A. M. E. Zion Church, 151 W. 137th St. Dr. W. E. B. Du Bois, editor of the Crisis Magazine, will speak on "The Negro and Political Issues."

Monday the association will hold its annual business meeting and election of officers. James Weldon Johnson, secretary, will deliver a report of the year's work at this meeting.

BUY THE DAILY WORKER AT THE NEWSSTAND

## Broach Admits Deal With Big Electric Bosses; Rules Union With Hand of Iron

(Continued from Page One)

Year before it after previous testimony by certain electrical contractors had pictured him as being unwilling to deal with the employers and having set up a reign of terror in Local 3 over which Broach is now practically the complete ruler.

Admits Setting Up Reign of Terror. "As to the charge of having instituted a reign of terror," Broach replied, "I admit that we have had to deal with the situation in a practical way. You can't deal with a union as if it were a Sunday school. You can't accomplish anything by singing hymns. In the French revolution after the reign of terror a few heads had to fall. These are the practical facts and we have had to meet them."

To the charge of excessive fines of \$250, \$500 and even \$1,000 levied against members who refused to take his instructions, Broach made a similar reply and further pointed out that courts act in the same way under similar conditions. He admitted that the effect of these fines had been to force these members out of the union.

In addition it was disclosed that under the new "reorganization" policy of Broach, the initiation fee had been raised \$100 to the present sum of \$250. This was necessary, he stated, to bring order out of chaos.

Plays Up To Big Bosses. Making a further bid for the support of the large contractors in the trade, the man who had come to New

## LABOR AND FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

**Vecheerinka and Dance.**  
The Downtown Section of the Freiheit Singing Society will hold a Vecheerinka and dance tonight at 133 Second Ave.

**Yorkville I. L. D.**  
The monthly meeting of the Yorkville English branch of the International Labor Defense will be held Tuesday at 8 p. m. at the Hungarian Workers Home, 350 E. 81st St.

**Printing Trades Meeting.**  
The League for the Amalgamation of the Printing Trades Unions will meet tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock at 101 W. 27th St. Every Party member and sympathizer connected with the printing trades should be present. The manipulation of the book and job scale by the Rouse machine in the interest of the employers will be discussed.

**Lecture on Soviet Union.**  
Jacob Afros, New York University student who recently returned from the Soviet Union as a member of the Students' Delegation, will lecture tomorrow at 9 p. m. on "Russia Today," at the Home for the Aged, Howard and Dumont Ave., Brooklyn.

**Ferrer Modern Sunday School.**  
The parents and children who attend the Ferrer Modern Sunday School will meet tomorrow at 1528 Second Ave. to arrange for an affair to be held Jan. 14 at the Labor Temple, 243 E. 84th St.

**For Miners' Relief.**  
An emergency conference for miners' relief will be held Sunday, Jan. 29, at the Labor Temple, 243 E. 84th St., by branches of the Workmen's Sick and Death Benefit Fund of the metropolitan district.

## Father of Marine Now in Nicaragua Invited to Lenin Memorial Meeting

News that the Lenin Memorial meeting at Madison Square Garden January 21, will be converted into a protest meeting against the Nicaraguan war was made public yesterday at the office of the Lenin Memorial Committee, 799 Broadway.

At the same time William W. Weinstein, district organizer of the Workers (Communist) Party, 108 E. 14th St., under whose auspices the memorial meeting is to be held, wrote to Harold Levey, Jr., 158 Avenue O, Brooklyn, father of Harold Levey, one of the marines who was dispatched to Nicaragua for war duty against the rebel forces of General Sandino, and formally invited the marine's father to attend the anti-imperialist Lenin Memorial meeting. Weinstein's letter follows in full:—

"Plain Murder."  
"We join with you in protest against the sending of American marines to Nicaragua. We agree with you that the dispatch of your son to this little Central American country which is fighting for its freedom is 'nothing but plain murder' of your son and other workers' sons in the interest of the Wall Street bankers."

"As a political party which is dedicated to the fight against world imperialism, we wish to point out

that only the united mass action of workers like yourself can prevent the murder of workers' sons in a war being fought on behalf of the House of Morgan.

25,000 to Attend.  
"On January 21 at Madison Square Garden, 25,000 New York workers will gather to honor the memory of Lenin, the great foe of imperialism. With the growing war danger rapidly approaching a crisis in Latin America, this memorial meeting will be a mass protest meeting against President Coolidge's Wall Street policy of the suppression of weaker nationalities south of the Rio Grande. "We invite you to attend this meeting and for that purpose we are enclosing two complimentary tickets in the hope that you will be present along with other marines' parents and voice your valuable protest against the needless shedding of American workers' blood in the present contemptible imperialist war against Nicaragua."

The Memorial Committee announced that among other features at the memorial meeting will be a mass pageant depicting scenes from the Russian Revolution in which 1,000 actors will participate. Another feature at the meeting will be a ballet of 100 headed by Miss Segal.

## Police at Door Evict Unionists

With police guarding the door to keep left wing and militant workers out, another meeting of White Goods Local 91 of the International Ladies Garment Workers Union has been held and prematurely ended by the terrorist methods of right wing manager Greenberg.

The meeting had been called partly to decide on punishment for those who dared to issue leaflets denouncing the policies of the right wing and partly to discuss a renewal of an agreement with the bosses which expires in February.

A thug who assisted the police at the door struck Becky Levy, expelled left winger, in the face.

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## Butcher Workers to Call Strike

In the next few days a general strike call involving over 5,000 butcher workers in New York City will be issued. A strike called by the Hebrew Butcher Workers' Union will effect Brooklyn, Bronx, Washington Heights, and the Lower East Side.

Determination is expressed by the workers to end the unbearable conditions under which they are forced to work. At present the kosher butchers work from 6:30 in the morning to 5 at night, and on Thursdays they work from 6:30 to 7:30, for seven days a week.

The union also plans to establish co-operative stores to fight those bosses that insist on not recognizing the union.

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## PARTY ACTIVITIES NEW YORK-NEW JERSEY

**Branch 3, Section 5.**  
All members of Branch 3, Section 5, who were absent from the meeting last Tuesday are expected to participate in the miners' relief work today and tomorrow. They are to report at 2 p. m. at 2075 Clinton Ave. or 1472 Boston Road for instructions.

**Rehearsal Today.**  
Rehearsal for the Lenin Memorial dance will be held at 1:30 o'clock today at Irving Plaza, Irving Place and 15th St.

**For Miners' Relief.**  
A mass meeting for miners relief will be held next Friday at 8 p. m. at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. Fourth St., by the Downtown Section, Young Workers' League.

**Hold Concert.**  
Branch 6, Section 5, jointly with the United Council of Working Class Women, Council 11, will hold a concert and surprise party at 8 o'clock tonight at the auditorium of the United Workers' Cooperative Colony, 2700 Bronx Park, East.

**2F 1D.**  
Florence Hellar will lead a discussion on Stalin's talk with the American trade union delegation at the meeting of 2F 1D, to be held Monday at 6:30 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Place.

**Nightworkers' Meeting.**  
Nightworkers' Branch 1 will meet Tuesday at 3 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Place.

**Section 2, Attention!**  
All Section 2 unit and subsection agitprop directors and literature agents are urged to be present at the monthly conference Saturday at 1:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

**Subsection 1B.**  
All members of Subsection 1B should report today and tomorrow for miners' relief duties at either the Jewish Workers Club, 35 E. Second St., or the Jewish University, 126 E. 16th St.

**Y. W. L. Dance.**  
The Young Workers League, District 2, will hold a dance Saturday, Jan. 14, 1928.

**Bath Beach Affair.**  
The Bath Beach branch of the International Labor Defense will hold a package party and dance tonight at the Progressive Center, 1940 Benson Ave.

Airy, Large  
**Meeting Rooms and Hall TO HIRE**  
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**Czechoslovak Workers House, Inc.**  
347 E. 72nd St. New York  
Telephone: Rhineland 5097.

## Unemployed Must Pass Police O. K.

(Continued from Page One)  
After being rushed thru the meal the inquisition begins. A doctor examines everyone in turn, being particularly careful to smell each man's breath. Many are turned away by him.

**Aged Man Arrested.**  
One aged man who piteously remonstrated with him was promptly shoved into the detention pen to await arrest. The questioning is viciously conducted. Who are your friends, relatives? Who was your last boss? Are you a New Yorker? When were you here last? Anyone who answers unsatisfactorily is promptly turned away. Anyone who has no friends or relatives or who has been unemployed for a long time is detained for arrest.

Police raids on the lodging house on two successive nights resulted in more than 20 unemployed workers being sentenced to the workhouse on technical charges of "vagrancy." Deputies of the New York department of welfare aided the police in both raids.

This procedure is part of a well-defined campaign by the New York municipal authorities to drive thousands of unemployed workers out of the New York district. It will continue, according to Superintendent MacMahon.

Due to acute unemployment throughout the United States and Canada the setting in of winter has resulted in a record number of applications for shelter at the Municipal Lodging House and similar institutions.

**Two Take Poison.**  
Charles Kormick, 25-year-old unemployed worker, was critically ill at Bellevue Hospital yesterday from the effects of poison swallowed while waiting in line at the Municipal Lodging House the night before. He had spent one night at the Lodging House previously and feared he would be either turned away or arrested. He had no other place to go, he told hospital attendants.

Similarly Frederick McCormick, hungry and without funds after long unemployment, took poison in a Brooklyn subway station yesterday. At the Kings County Hospital, where his condition is critical, attendants found the following note in his pocket:

"I am a veteran of the World War. I served in the Canadian Army and received a lot of high honors. I have no money and no job and I am hungry. Goodbye to all. Please notify my sister, Mrs. William Burke, at 98 De-catur St., Dorchester, Mass.

## CAPMAKERS HOLD ELECTIONS TODAY

Nominations and elections for a new executive board for Local 1 of the Cloth Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers' Union are to take place today at the Headgear Workers' Lyceum, 21 E. 5th St., at 8 p. m.

This is one of the locals which recently compelled the employers' association to end a lockout declared in an attempt to reinstate the 44-hour week in the industry. The executive board now in control of the local advised the workers to concede to the employers' demands but the rank and file insisted on struggle, winning a partial victory as a result.

**Militant Board Wanted.**  
International President Max Zaritsky for the past year or more has been openly proposing to the employers the institution of piece work and a standard of production. He is allied with the present executive board.

The workers, condemning these proposals as meaning longer hours and the speed-up system, are expected to come in large numbers to today's meeting to defeat the present executive board and elect a militant one.

## Violent Death in N. Y.

Five hundred forty-one persons took their own lives last year in Manhattan and 192 others were slain; Chief Medical Examiner Norris reports. Illuminating gas proved the favorite method of self-destruction, being used in 206 cases. A hundred jumped from buildings.

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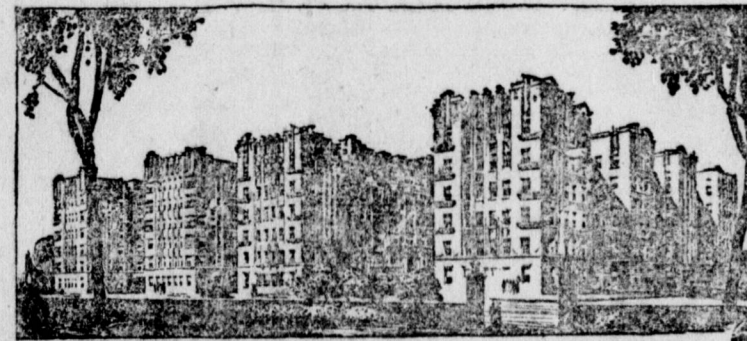


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# The Colorado State Industrial Commission --- A Weapon of the Rockefellers

## CHAIRMAN LAUDS COLUMBINE MINE FOR ITS MURDERS

By HUGO OEHLER.

DENVER, Jan. 6. — After the 1913-14 strike of the Colorado miners and after Ludlow, the general assembly passed the Colorado Industrial Law of 1915, creating a body to deal with all struggles between the workers and the capitalist, a commission that was to prevent industrial conflict, stop strikes and outlaw picketing. The commission with its three members, one for the employer, one for the workers, and one for the public, was the best arrangement with the best laws for the interest of the bosses that could be devised at that period.

**The Law's Provisions.**  
To begin with it is well to review a few of the clauses of the law and see how this body functions, "impartially" for the good of all concerned or involved in any industrial controversy.

Each member of the commission is elected for a period of six years and receives a salary of four thousand per. With this goes the important item of expenses necessarily incurred. In the present strike, led by the I. W. W., the miners ask for the Jacksonville scale of \$7.75 per day. At present the miners receive the enormous average amount of \$900.00 a year in wages. A commissioner receiving \$4,000 and expenses deals with the living problems of miners receiving \$900 a year, with technicalities of the laws, with the status quo, pushing to the background the item of present standard of wages and moving to the front the "important" issues of technicalities.

Frankly, the commission serves its masters well so why shouldn't they be paid more than the miners?

**The Sacco-Vanzetti Strike.**  
In section 29, paragraph 2, we find that, "Employers and employees shall give the Industrial Commission and the one to the other at least thirty days prior written notice of an intended change effecting conditions of employment or with respect to wages and hours."

When the I. W. W. called the Sacco-Vanzetti two-day strike and over three thousand miners answered in the Southern field, the Industrial Commission rushed to the field and declared that it was unlawful as no thirty day notice was given.

The strike was the longest in the country for Sacco and Vanzetti, and the miners informed the commission that there was no change contemplated in working conditions, wages or hours involved. The workers then went back to work to wait for the call to strike for wages, etc., as planned before. The demonstration, led by Embree and Seidler was a success, the commission was on the war path and the strike of two days was a prelude to the coal strike of Colorado.

**Drastic Rulings.**

Section 29, paragraph 1 says, "uninterrupted relations shall continue between the employer and employee until settlement by commission. Prior to and during an investigation it shall be unlawful to cause lockout or strike." We are informed by Section 30, paragraph 1, "Employee who goes on strike contrary to provision of law shall be guilty of misdemeanor and fined not more than \$50 and 6 months' in jail and each day or part of day that the worker is on strike shall constitute a separate offense." Section 33, paragraph 2, and paragraph 3, inform us that "persons inciting, or who encourages, or aids in any manner any employer to declare or continue a lockout, or employe to go or continue a strike, shall

be guilty of misdemeanor, and if convicted shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$1,000 or prison term of 6 months or both."

**The Present Strike.**  
The present strike was called after the conference at Aguilar on September 2. This conference was attended by 198 delegates, notice was served on Industrial Commission and a few days later letters sent to the companies. Due to the lateness in sending notices to the companies, the strike was not called until Oct. 18, instead of Oct. 2.

The strike was declared illegal by the Industrial Commission, an outlaw strike led by an outlaw organization, the I. W. W. The technical grounds for the above decision were based on an opinion that the conference of Oct. 2 was "not representative of the employees."

**The Law and Company Towns.**  
Most of the camps are "company towns," with the Post Office on the center of the property and the miners' houses all around. Union organizers when known, are chased off and the right to assemble, free speech and press in these camps are the same as in Russia under the czar.

The commission knows that the conditions in company towns make it impossible to live up to the letter of the law. In fact all concerned know this. The I. W. W. did all in their power to hold meetings in these camps to take a vote and most places were not successful. They even offered to hold joint meetings with the operators, each giving their side to the miners and then letting the miners vote for strike or against.

**Picketing Illegal.**  
In Colorado as in many other places picketing is illegal.

"162. Picketing Unlawful. Sec. 13: That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons to loiter about or patrol the street, alley, roads, highways, trails, or place of business of any person, firm or corporation engaged in any lawful business for the purpose of influencing or inducing others not to trade with, buy from, sell to, work for or have business dealings with such person, firm or corporation, or to ticket the workers, mine, building or place of business or corporation for the purpose of obstructing or interfering with, or injuring any lawful business, work or enterprise; provided, that nothing herein shall prevent any person from soliciting to trade, custom or business for competitive business."

**Chairman Lauds Murders.**

In the present strike first the local county authorities threw scores in jail, then the state police became active and finally the military authorities, with no authority to arrest, did the same thing. The combined force arrested and imprisoned hundreds, holding many incommunicado and depriving them of their liberty "without due process of law."

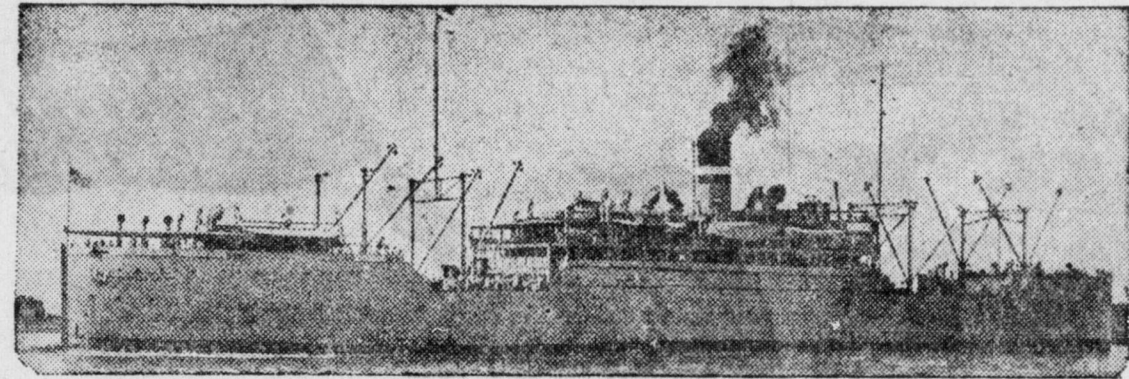
At the Columbine massacre, where six miners lost their lives and scores were wounded by state police, it "happened" that Thomas Anner, chairman of the Industrial Commission was present at daybreak to see the massacre. He said many things in praise of the murderers but the following sentence is sufficient to show what kind of a chairman the Industrial Commission has: "Scherf ought to have a medal for acting the way he did. It was the bravest deed I have ever seen." Scherf is in charge of state police.

**Fake Conferences.**

The press of Colorado, many times during the last 7 weeks of the strike, had articles telling of conferences of the Industrial Commission with many groups for the settlement of the strike.

First with the strike committee, then with the I. W. W. leaders, business men and whatnot, but the truth of the matter is that most of this was just paper talk and the commission was busy seeing what could be done to help defeat the strike as its scope was already beyond the

## HEADED FOR SCENES OF NICARAGUAN MASS KILLINGS



American troops, recruited from the ranks of the unemployed workers, are being rushed to Nicaragua to make war on the forces struggling for liberation from American capital. Picture shows U. S. S. "Chateau Thierry" leaving on rush orders from Washington.

conference table and would not reach the conference table again unless one of the two extreme results occurred, i.e., failure of the strike or success of the strike.

**Attorney General Helps Bosses.**

Attorney General Boatwright came to the rescue of the coal operators and the Industrial Commission when, on Nov. 6, he said the strike was illegal, unlawful and the notice of the strikes was void.

The law provides that committee presenting demands to the boss or commission must be employed—good and well for the company, for when the miners' committees of the different camps signed statements and presented them they were discharged at once.

All who took an active part in drawing up demands were discharged. According to the law these men were "unlawful, etc., etc., etc." oh yes, the Industrial Commission is for the workers as well as for the capitalists.

**99 Per Cent Wage Cuts.**

In the ninth report of the Industrial Commission of Colorado for the year 1925 we can obtain an insight into the functions of the commission in behalf of the workers and judge for ourselves. The present strike shows who's who and their action all through the years also tells a tale. Of a great number of cases reviewed (mainly disputes between miners and operators) I find that over 99 per cent were on wage reductions and that the cases ended by saying "no protest, case closed."

Of course the miners were unorganized with the exception of a few United Mine Workers' locals under the type of leadership of Lewis. The Rockefeller plan was found other places where decreases were accepted with joy.

At this period the U. M. W. A. officers of the district were spending carfare touring the state telling workers they would have to take the cut and in 1927 they toured telling workers they must not go on strike for an increase of wages.

**Need for Strong Union.**

In reviewing other cases, one can note that where there is a strong union, able to uphold its position and fight for more wages, wage increases were granted, proving that in the strength of the union the workers have their success and not in any commission. Weak, divided workers were easy prey to the commission for wage reductions. The bosses' pill was sugar-coated by the commission.

**Commission Is Bosses' Weapon.**

Like all other "three party" commissions the Colorado Industrial Commission is a weapon of the capitalist against the workers. It is a means of class collaboration as well as of open suppressions. Its laws and acts and the anti-picketing law are means for the state to check the advance of the workers. It is a weapon of the capitalist, through the capitalist state, in a period of capitalism when centralization with more power to the state is necessary for the capitalists in order to hold their own against the rising working class.

## Musical Forum To Present Russian Program at Gallo Theatre Tomorrow Night.

For its fourth subscription concert this Sunday evening, the Musical Forum will move to the Gallo Theatre as the Guild Theatre is having a dress rehearsal on that date. Kurt Schindler has prepared a Russian program for the occasion, with the Kedroff Quartet, Mina Koshetz, soprano, and Benoit Moiseiwitsch, pianist, as soloists. This is Mme. Koshetz' first appearance here since 1924.

Mme. Koshetz will sing two groups of songs. The first will be drawn from the classic composers and will include numbers of Glinka, Gai, Rimsky-Korsakoff, and Dargomyzhsk. The second will consist of Russian folk songs arranged by Glazounev, Balakireff, Liapunow, Liadoff, Saratygin, and Gretchaninow. Mr. Moiseiwitsch will play two groups, levoting one to Medtner. The Kedroff Quartet will also offer two groups. The fifth concert of the Forum will be at the Guild Theatre. The program will feature Spanish music, with Andres Segovia as soloist.

**NORTH BERGEN, N. J., Jan. 6.**—Back wages amounting to \$33.50 were ordered paid to Clara Hansen of this city by the Union City Embroidery Plant here in Police Court yesterday. The plant's manager tried to hold out on the worker, alleging the work done was unsatisfactory.

## Conditions in Anthracite Worse as Officials Sleep

By ED FALKOWSKI.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., Jan. 6. —

What impresses one most in the anthracite at present is the lack of program on the part of the United Mine Workers. From all sides complaints pour forth. Reports of men "knocked off"; of breakers operating on idle days putting through bank coal; of cranes skimming the men off timber bankers; of miners oppressed and cheated. Over all hangs the cloud of slack time. It absorbs everything. Slack time is in the faces of men standing on corners. It is in the sales receipts of stores; in the poor attendance of picture shows. Everywhere slack time—an unescapable phenomenon that has enveloped the region and is choking the old vigor out of it.

Yet everyone seems to be dodging the issue. Few are brave enough to face it. January is a big hope to them. Maloney, president of the P. & R. C. & I. Co. is a vast miracle man, a salesperson, who will soon start the collieries full time. Everybody waits for something to happen. But nothing happens. Every day is the same. Slack time—a dreary heaviness that presses everything down! And everybody stranded, wallowing in a mire from which it is impossible to crawl out!

Despite prayers, the weather continues warm and sloppy. It is not even normally cold. Bum weather for the coal trade.

The union stands by, watching. Efficiency comes with its dismissed hundreds, its machinery, its timeclocks—its proletariat tramping up and down these hills in search of work. But the union does not answer with a program of its own. It does not come forward to challenge those who are preparing to slide the union out of existence. It even concedes points to them, and permits them to carry on their pernicious work.

So the region drifts from bad to worse with little outlook for tomorrow.

**The Mine Boards Meets.**

Conversational preliminaries are hammered to faint murmur as the enormous bulk of the chairman sits itself into a chair, and the meeting is declared open. Cigars are lit, pipes charged, ears perk up attentively, as the secretary reads off in a slumberous voice the unexciting minutes of the previous meeting. It seems that the janitor was the big figure at the last meeting. A loaded delegate defied the chairman to keep him in order, starting a one-man meeting that made the official meeting look like a ragged sideshow. The noise reached such gay pitch that the church services upstairs were disturbed. The janitor was sent down by the priest to turn out the lights and adjourn the meeting. This the janitor did, as he was already tired of sitting out in the cold hallway waiting for this endless meeting to hit some snag that would hasten its adjournment.

Incidentally, a feeble fellow whose wooden leg has a rhythm all its own as he pounds in and out, reported the alarming presence of 100 Wobblies in the town. Where they met, what they did, who they were—he couldn't say. But certain he was that these dire disrupters had nested themselves in the town, and the mine board should take drastic measures to setting them on the open road again. Nothing, however, was done.

The minutes, gavelled to slumber by the silence of the delegates, and the efficiency of the chairman grievances were taken up again. The delegates from the different collieries were asked to render reports of the latest troubles arising at their workings.

Came from one colliery the report of a lokie engineer who had previously tended his lokie on idle days, and whose engine was now tended by stone engineers, thus "knocking him off" on idle days. But as winter comes on, the engineers are compelled to walk to the lokie house to tend the fires, where previously the lokie was set by the engine house—a convenient jump for the engineers. Hence the engineers registered high kick, and attempts were made to have the lokie engineer come out on Sundays, leaving the idle days to themselves. This the engineer refused to do, since if they could do his job when the colliery was idle, what on earth was to stop them from doing it on Sundays as well?

**Hot Talk.**

Argument developed, as the chunky engineer himself gave details of his

grievance which was further elaborated by the vast presence of the engineer himself who accused the lokie man of being "without guts." The lokie runner jumped out of his patience, and accused the other of "scabbing"—particularly as this engineer was one of the grievance committee men, and had actually agreed to do another man's work without extra pay!

Debate swung high and low for an hour, and opinions of each other were rendered freely until the official hammer banged on the lean table again, clearing the way for officialdom to speak—which it did through the mouth of the chairman who stated this matter would be referred to higher channels for action as "old conditions must be restored in all the collieries." The lokie man lit a cigaret, and passed into the shadows of the back reaches of the room.

Maple Hill reports loss of jurisdiction over culm bank men who were switched to the adjoining colliery that they might be "knocked off" on idle days contrary to the agreement already made at Maple Hill which required that if any rock at all was being taken out of the breaker on idle days, the full crew of bank men be employed. The committee men of the neighboring colliery noted this, and promised to restore those men to work.

**Buy Batteries?**

Then came the matter of batteries. A delegate stated that the company was trying to compel men to buy discharge batteries to set off their dynamite. "In other collieries batteries are furnished free by the company. Here they are trying to sell them to us. What is your opinion?"

A variety of opinions came forth, some holding batteries were better than fuse because you were sure that the charge would go off—there were fewer "misses" than with dynamite; others contended that the old fashioned fuse was far better since you had no wire trouble after the blast went off which you do have with batteries. A motion was made to restore the old fuse again, and not use batteries. This motion was passed with strained ayes.

**Merchant Uses Coal.**

The executive board member then got up and assured the members that the rumors about a certain merchant using an oil burner were untrue, as certain miners investigated the man's basement, and instead of the alleged oil burner, found there a few tons of

## ORGANIZATION TO BE DISCUSSED AT DETROIT MEETING

Detroit, Mich., Jan. 6.—

Disgruntled committee men of another colliery asked why the executive board member allowed that concern to operate their colliery beyond the eight-hour limit. The local had taken steps to stop the practice when the official gave his approval to the company's measure stating it would mean more jobs for the men. But this act was opposed to the local's wishes, and an explanation was demanded.

The board member floundered about catching thin phrases to screen the emptiness of his excuse. He wrestled with nothing for a few minutes, stretching words to cover up his discomfort. As he sat down, the secretary swung in with his chantey of receipts and expenses, cutting off further debate, and tumbling the meeting to an unfinished adjournment. This left most of the matter to be thrashed out on the streets where the men later formed in groups which petered out, being sucked into the various saloon entrances where good beer is known to be handled.

A monster demonstration in commemoration of the death of Nicolai Lenin will be held by Detroit labor organizations on Jan. 22 at the Arena Gardens. Bertram D. Wolfe of New York and Vera Buch, will be among the speakers.

On Jan. 9, 10 and 11, the Detroit Federation of Workingmen's Organizations will hold its annual bazaar at the New Workers' Hall. This year's proceeds will be for the organization itself, the I. L. D., and the Pioneer Children's Camp.

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**The New Plays**

"MARCO MILLIONS," by Eugene O'Neill, will be presented Monday night at the Guild Theatre by the Theatre Guild. In the cast are Alfred Lunt, Margalo Gillmore, Bialoi Holloway, Dudley Digges, Henry Travers, Ernest Cossart, Morris Carnovsky, Philip Leigh and Mary Blair.

"THE SERVANT OF TWO MASTERS," by Goldoni, will be the next production of the Reinhardt players opening Monday night at the Cosmopolitan Theatre, preceded by Folstoy's, "He Is To Blame For Everything." Alexander Moissi will play the lead in Goloni's work and Herman Thimig the chief role in the latter.

"ROSALIE," at the New Amsterdam Tuesday. The book is by Guy Bolton and William Anthony Maguire, music by George Gershwin and Sigmund Romberg and lyrics by Ira Gershwin and P. G. Woodhouse. Marilyn Miller and Jack Donahue are the principal players.

"DIVERSION," by John Van Druten, at the Forty-ninth Street Theatre Wednesday night.

"INTERNATIONAL," by John Howard Lawson, will open at the New Playwrights' Theatre Thursday night. Jane Barry, Herbert Bergman, Franchot Tone and Larry Bolston have leading parts in the production.

"COCK ROBIN," a mystery play by Philip Barry and Elmer Rice, Thursday at the 48th Street Theatre. The cast is headed by Edward Ellis, Beulah Bondi and Beatrice Herford.

"A FREE SOUL," by William Mack, at the Playhouse Thursday night.

"THE FIRST STONE," by Walter Ferris, will be the next production of the Civic Repertory Theatre, opening Friday night. Eva Le Gallienne heads the cast.



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## VIVA NICARAGUA LIBRE!

By Fred Ellis

# BOOKS



"Nicaragua shall not be the patrimony of imperialists and traitors, and I shall fight them as long as my heart beats."—General Sandino.

### A Consistent Record of Twenty-eight Years

Today in New York City in its home at 350 East 81st street opens the Twenty-eighth Annual Convention of the Hungarian Workingmen's Sick Benefit and Educational Federation, representing 5,000 workers and which has as its official organ, the fighting working-class daily newspaper, "Uj Előre."

For more than a quarter of a century this organization has played a notable role among the thousands of Hungarian workers who came to these shores. It has been realistic and has been able to become an affective force in the United States because it has responded to the demands of the workers here, and not merely existed, as do so many similarly named organizations, as a foreign organization held together on American soil by social ties alone.

It has met and solved the distinct problems of those workers coming here who speak a foreign tongue and now, with a second generation of Hungarians in this country playing a role in its ranks, it has become an effective agency in the class struggle, participating in all the drives to defend the elementary interests of the entire American working class.

The DAILY WORKER greets this Twenty-eighth Convention and expresses our confidence and the confidence of the vanguard of the American proletariat that it will be a point from which ever more effective work in the class struggle will be put into effect.

### Gag Rule in Senate on Nicaragua

Bombs continue to fall upon the inhabitants of Nicaragua. And the empty "brave words" of cowardly opposition senators die into silence.

No debate of major political significance, especially dealing with foreign affairs and affecting the imperialist policy of the United States, is permitted to run its course on the floor of the United States senate. Gag-rule has come to be the customary procedure of that "most august" body.

Nowhere is the fact that capitalist democracy is a mere fraud, a cloak to veil the most arrogant despotism, more clearly revealed than when even the most impotent of the opponents of the Mellon-Coolidge-Kellogg administration attempt to interfere with the murderous course of United States imperialist policy.

When the opponents of the world court put the administration on the defensive in the famous 1926 debates on that question the Wall Street republican-democratic coalition invoked cloture—a shutting off of debate—and like marionettes voted as their masters told them to vote.

On Thursday Senator Heflin of Alabama tried to open a debate preliminary to obtaining a vote on his resolution to withdraw the marines from Nicaragua where they have been carrying on a savage warfare against the national liberation movement led by the mine worker, General Sandino. After a few inept attempts of two ornaments of the now defunct Daugherty-Harding Ohio gang of corruptionists, Senators Fess and Willis, it was apparent that further discussion would expose to the whole country the fact that the Nicaraguan war was a predatory imperialist venture and give the lie to the claims of Secretary of State Kellogg that there is any justification for the wholesale butchery against a small nation other than to protect the thievery of the banking houses of Wall Street. So the administration henchmen hastily caucussed and decided to adjourn the senate until Monday so that debate could be shut off.

Meanwhile the Mellon-Coolidge henchmen will line up the administration fugelemen in an adroit attempt to kill the resolution by referring it to some committee where it can be buried until reinforcements of the marines, the navy and the air forces can be rushed to Nicaragua in order further to drench that land in the blood of the heroic fighters against Wall Street domination.

It is extremely doubtful if Heflin himself will not become one of the parties to this treachery if he is compensated politically, as his record is that of an unprincipled trimming politician. He supported the storming of the Mexican port of Vera Cruz by the Wilson administration in 1914, when a similar war—illegal in the sense that congress was not consulted—was being waged in behalf of the oil, land and mineral thieves in that country.

This ravaging of Nicaragua should arouse the most determined resistance on behalf of the workers and farmers of the United States, who will be called upon in ever increasing numbers to fight and die or rot of fever in the swamp-infested jungles of tropical countries in order that the investments of the Morgans and the Rockefellers may be made secure. Every labor organization, every farmers' organization should adopt ringing and defiant resolutions demanding instant withdrawal of the armed forces from Nicaragua in order that the inhabitants of that country may be permitted to establish and maintain a government of their own choice, independent of Wall Street.

Unless this action is taken the murders in Nicaragua will become only a rehearsal for ever more ambitious expeditions against other countries.

It is not the Helfins and their ilk that will force the hand of American imperialism, but the mass indignation backed by the power of the workers and farmers of this country.

## The Workers Forum

Editor, DAILY WORKER:

We organized the Women Workers' Educational Club of Lake County, Indiana, last June. We want to educate the women workers of this steel territory, and help the strikers in the coal fields all we can.

We held three affairs so far, and \$49.50 was sent to the Passaic sufferers whose fathers are class-war prisoners. The present picture we get

of things in this country is millions unemployed, the miner strikers struggling against coal kings for better conditions and higher wages. The coal operators do not want to recognize that the workers who produce millions for them cannot live on air, but need homes, food and clothes. We want to do all we can.

Comradely,

A. D.

By MARTIN ABERN

Capitalism turns, or tries to, all it touches into cold cash. From so-called legitimate business and industry, from brothels or from "pure" amateur sports, the aim is money—profits. Employers are broad-minded: they seek their profits without discrimination from all possible sources.

And now the bankers have laid their hands on the cash boxes of the college athletic departments. Amateurism is once again defiled. But money makes all things holy.

### The Business of Sports Was Very Good in 1927

1927 saw the greatest crowds in history in attendance at sport events of every description. Indeed we have mass movements toward football fields, ball parks, boxing establishments, etc. In this sense we can say that sports are a mass movement. But of course, the real aim of sports, mass participation and physical upbuilding, is not realized under capitalist conditions. The masses are but spectators to events played by a few skilled ones and profited from financially by even a smaller few.

### The Big Fight

Over a 100,000 persons crashed their way into the Soldiers Stadium in Chicago to witness Jack Dempsey and Tunney slap away at a few rounds of boxing and a like 100,000 watched the college football teams of Notre Dame and Southern California muss each other "for the glory of God and college," also at the Chicago stadium. Attendance records were broken by numerous colleges and universities, as were also those of bicycle racing, boxing, hockey, etc.

College Spirit Becomes Labor-Hunting, Ku Klux Spirit in Labor Struggle Sports are pretty well commercialized and recognized so by more people all the time. But college football has paraded always as a pure amateur sport in which the players and the student body are interested through loyalty, enthusiasm and so on for their Alma Mater. As a matter of fact, the enthusiasm, noise and rivalry worked up by the colleges is only the Rotarian, Kiwanian and Ku Klux Klan spirit spending itself harmlessly. It is without intelligence and real constructive aims. This same "loyalty and spirit" could just as easily be worked up into a fever for mobbing and lynching of workers and labor organizations which fight for elementary rights of union organization and better wages.

### The Colorado Strike

The Colorado Miners' Strike now going on against the Rockefeller corporations is a case in point. With a few militant exceptions the student elements are being lined up against the fighting strikers. Some are scabbing at this very moment. This is the common case in the United States. Very often the athlete is the leader of scabby and reactionary elements of the student body. . . . It would be interesting to point out how these "amateur athletes" live after leaving college and what is the trend of "college spirit," but here we are concerned with another angle—the profits from college sports and who gets them.

### Vast Stadiums Bring Coin—To Bankers

Many colleges and universities throughout the country in 1927 and earlier built new and huge stadiums to hold the increasing crowds. Michigan, Ohio State, Minnesota, many

Eastern colleges, are but a few of them. Of course this resulted in the employment of thousands of workers, mainly building trades workers. Need I state here that almost without exception the work was done by non-union labor?

### The Bankers' Graft

At any rate the stadiums were built. Millions of people throughout the country poured their dollars into the college athletic cash box, or so they thought, if they were at all concerned about the matter.

The vast amounts of money taken in did not go to the college players, it is true, so far as one can say. Coaches and other hired help get their salaries. One might assume that the money goes to more equipment and the drawing in of more elements into athletics. To be accurate, however, the bulk of the money goes into the coffers of bankers. Here's how.

### Huge Sums Needed

The building of huge stadiums involves large sums of ready money. Material, wages, etc. have to be paid for. A terrific financial responsibility is put on the college or board in charge. The money for building is obtained in the customary business manner, through loans. The loans are made from the bankers. What has resulted?

### "Pure Sport" Proves to Be Money-Maker

One Eastern University, to cite one example, borrowed money from the banks and built a big stadium. As in all things of business and capitalism, sums came. Receipts of the games were greatly curtailed. THE BANK FORECLOSED AND NOW CONTROLS THE STADIUM. ALL INCOMING MONEYS GO TO THE BANK TO SALSIFY PAYMENTS DUE. What is left goes, we presume, to the athletic association treasury. Many of the athletic directors and committees at the universities are lamenting. Sport, in all its lustrous purity, is being dragged in the mud and defiled. Honesty or otherwise, what delusions are theirs? For nowadays the WAY OF ALL SPORTS IS THE BANKERS.

What can these people do? Quit playing? No payments? How crudely then would be exposed the mockery of the "pure" sports of today! And so the games goes on. Capitalism clutches all in its wake: labor, youth genuine loyalty and spirit and crushes them all on its back-breaking wheel. Workers' Sport Movement Is Answer

### To Corrupt Capitalist Sports

Only the workers, and particularly the working youth, can solve this problem. Youth needs its amusements, its sports and games. It needs physical development and recreation from its labors in field, factory, mill, mine or school-room. Sports are needed and should be participated in by all in an open, honest, comradely fashion: the spirit of fun and development; and not with the cheap, profit aim and competition methods of the business men who control and dominate sports of today and who wither and corrupt all they touch.

A workers sport movement is the answer to capitalist sport corruption. The labor movement must begin to give consideration to the wide development of sports in trade unions, in the shops, etc. and steer clear of capitalist connection and the profit aim. Class sports by and for the working class is the answer to Bankers and Sports.

## Bankers and "Amateur" College Football

### From Historian to Hysterian

By A. BIMBA.

(Continued from Last Issue.)

### A Few Crimes of Mr. Oneal

After reading Oneal's tirade against my book I opened his book, "The Workers in American History," at random to see if my critic is entirely free of the errors and blunders. And here is what I found:

On page 168, Chapter X, embracing the period of the most important and most militant labor movement of America, starting with 1858 and ending with 1888, he names "An Era of Violence." Only a bourgeois intellectual could dare to give such a name to so important a period.

In his discussion of Lincoln (pp. 172-3) he says nothing of Lincoln's expressions against interfering with slavery where it existed, and leaves the impression that the republican party was the champion of the slaves.

On page 180 Oneal deals with the great railroad strike of 1877. During that memorable strike in Pittsburgh alone 26 workers were killed by the government forces and employers, even mention a single case of the most Our pioneer historian, Oneal, does not bloody attacks upon the workers. He does not utter a word about the slaughter of the workers by the ruling class in that strike.

His treatment of the Molly Maguires (p. 181) is drawn from prejudiced sources and joins hands with the provocateurs against the miners. He treats the Haymarket affair of 1886 in the same way. I think these random examples suffice to indicate that our eminent historian, Mr. James Oneal, himself has committed many very serious crimes—much more ser-

ious and fundamental than those he was able to cite against me.

—A. BIMBA.

### Mr. Calhoun On A. Bimba's Book

My Dear James Oneal: Are you game to publish this letter in The New Leader?

I examined the manuscript of Bimba's "History of the American Working Class" and recommended its publication. While I did not take time to check up on details, I was satisfied with the evidences of exhaustive study. I knew that the book was not the last word on the subject; but I was sure that it represented a great advance.

I have just gone through the book again, and in spite of your criticism, I am satisfied that the book does, in the large, convey a valid, instructive, and impressive picture of the fortunes of labor in the United States. To be sure there are incidental flaws, as is to be expected in so vast a job, but I doubt whether any of them are of a sort to spoil the total picture in the minds of the people for whom this book is intended. University specialists are to be sure, entitled to apply their own standards.

My disappointment at your reaction to Bimba's effort is the deeper because of my memory of my use of your book as a text in college classes in the years before the war. In those days, we could take a man's contribution and use it gratefully, even though we might have picked flaws in it. It is too bad that another spirit prevails today.

ARTHUR W. CALHOUN, Brookwood, Katonah, N. Y. (From the New Leader, Dec. 17, 1927.)

## Hunger

The same kind of hungry eyes  
 That look into Tiffany's diamond window  
 And then wonder whether  
 That ten thousand dollars  
 Would not be better invested  
 In Steel, preferred and common,

Look at the buns in a Busy-Bee window  
 And then wonder whether  
 That last quarter  
 Would not be better invested  
 In Sleep, preferred and common.

—SAMUEL CAMIEL.

## In Memoriam

(Maricopa Slim was a railroad gunman on the Southern Pacific in Arizona. He was notoriously brutal. He was later killed by a Negro tramp.)

Where crawls the deathly rattlesnake  
 And Gila monster slowly grim  
 Along the sullen desert-ache—  
 There once lived Maricopa Slim,  
 As low, as foul as any poison thing;  
 Cursed be the likes of him!

Rest not in peace, you murderous scamp,  
 Whose cudgel beat the young and old;  
 Whose pistol dropped the friendless tramp—  
 All, all for the wage of gold,  
 I'd make these words your epitaph;  
 Here lies the serpent-souled.

—H. H. LEWIS.

MINOR MUSIC. By Henry Reich, Jr. Parnassus. \$1. Distributed by Jimmie Higgins Bookshop.

From the many poems he has written, a large number of which originally appeared in The DAILY WORKER, Henry Reich, Jr., has selected 29 to compose a 44-page large size blue pamphlet with delicate gold lettering.

It is the sort of artistic typographical work that the alleged "blue-bloods" of the ladies' literary coteries ejaculate "perfectly lovely's" over, yet the table of contents lists the poems under such classifications as "Songs of People," "Songs of Earth" and "Songs of Protest."

If members of Browning Societies are seduced by the typography, they will be truly in for a few shocks. Reich can write such a potent quatrain on Wall Street as this:

"Here empires rise and fall, here wars are made  
 And in their chairs the bankers, gray and staid  
 Here daily plan, as calmly as can be,  
 The destinies of man from ten to three!"

Some of Reich's songs of people like "Timothy O'Toole" and "Pious John" have an ironic flavor like a glass of bitters. And the "Tale of Ye Dizzy Knight—A Ballad of Non-Resistance" will make many of the Theosophists and Quakers in the socialist party assume wry faces.

Reich made a very poor choice of a title for his pamphlet, however. The songs of the underdog are never minor music. Every rebel hymn, even though it be crude and partially unloaded, is a major note. When you pen sonnets to milady's poodle dog, no matter how perfect your rhymes and meters, you are twiddling minor music. Chocolate eclairs, although they be cooked to perfection, are not the staples of life that beefsteak and bread are.



HENRY REICH, JR.

Reich is a rebel poet; such singers are all too few amid the quagmires and marshes of American literature. —WALTER SNOW.

OUR FAR EASTERN ASSIGNMENT. By Felix Morley. With an introduction by Henry Morgenthau. Association Press, N. Y. \$1.25.

It is only in the light of a titanic struggle like the one that is being conducted by the workers and peasants of China that the shabby business of the liberal point of view becomes fully apparent.

When Felix Morley, young American newspaperman, despatched his articles about the Far East to the Baltimore Sun in 1926, his interpretation seemed picaresque enough. When his liberal journalistic articles are collected in a book, read in the light of the recent struggles of workers and peasants thruout China, they appear absurd.

For Morley, the Chinese situation is essentially a struggle between "centralization and provincial rights"; in other words between two political phrases picked up in a middle class college. It's not (for Morley) a struggle between groups or classes of people with conflicting sets of interests.

Morley wrote his book in 1926 before the middle classes had completely broken with the workers and peasants and turned against the nationalist revolution. He therefore is tepidly sympathetic, without, of course, committing himself too definitely. But there is one point on which Morley is clear—with the deadly clearness which liberals show in every revolutionary situation—his hostility toward the mass forces.

In discussing the Government of Kwantung Province in 1926, he lists as its major problems "the gradual elimination of Russian influence" and the control of the Committee in charge of the anti-British boycott. In discussing the boycott, he says:

"The second problem is government control of the Strike Committee, in charge of the Hongkong boycott. This committee operates independently of the Government. . . . As recently as June 27, 1926, five Chinese seeking to travel from Canton to Hongkong were shot dead by these organized ruffians."

It is academic, but interesting, to speculate on Mr. Morley's attitude toward the wholesale shooting of thousands of workers and peasants by Kuomintang reactionaries that is now going on in China.

HARRY FREEMAN.