

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK FOR A LABOR PARTY FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

NATIONAL EDITION

Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Vol. V., No. 201.

Published daily except Sunday by The National Daily Worker Publishing Association, Inc., 22-28 Union Sq., New York, N. Y.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, AUGUST 24, 1928

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: In New York, by mail, \$5.00 per year. Outside New York, by mail, \$6.00 per year.

Price 3 Cents

DEFY POLICE TERROR; HOLD SACCO-VANZETTI MEETINGS

LATVIAN STRIKERS SPREADING THRU TRAM WORKERS

250 More Arrested by Police; Firing Continues

Martial Law Planned

RIGA, Latvia, Aug. 23.—Fighting between strikers and police was resumed here today.

The government was considering proclaiming a state of siege.

Two hundred and fifty workers were arrested today in addition to 400 arrested yesterday. Police were firing continually in the air to intimidate the rioters.

Minister of War Kalminich returned from his vacation.

The strike movement, which began yesterday among 5,000 harbor workers who walked out in protest against the trial of Communist agitators in the Riga District Court, spread today to the street railway workers.

RIGA, Aug. 23.—Police continued to patrol the streets of this city today following the demonstrations of thousands of Latvian workers against the government's attempt to disband all unions which are predominantly Communist in composition.

The demonstration yesterday followed an attempt of the government to close the offices of a number of trade unions. The unions have a majority Communist membership. The suppression orders brought response from thousands of workers in the capital in the form of demonstrations which marched on the center of the town. Police attempting to stop the marchers fired into the procession wounding several.

4 FUR LOCALS IN NEW UNION VOTE

Members of all four craft locals of the left wing New York Joint Board Furriers Union, cutters, operators, nailers and finishers will meet tonight immediately after work to take up the important question of endorsing the action of their leaders in launching a new national union of fur workers. Cutters' Local 1, Operators' Local 5, and Nailers' Local 10 meets in Irving Plaza Hall, 15th St. and Irving Place; Finishers' Local 15 will meet in Stuyvesant Casino, 142 Second St.

The new union movement, launched at a recent conference in which all but two local unions of the International Fur Workers' Union of the A. F. of L. participated, has already been endorsed by the membership of three locals at their meetings several days ago. The last one to take this action was the Boston local which met Tuesday night, according to a report received today.

No Work; Girl Tries to Kill Self by Poison

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 23.—Dorothy Ross, nineteen-year-old girl who came here several months ago to find employment, yesterday attempted to commit suicide by swallowing lysol after repeated attempts at getting a job had failed her.

She was taken to the Atlantic City Hospital in a serious condition. Surgeons said she would recover.

U. S. IN RUBBER GRAB To Force Filipinos to Increase Grants

MANILA, Aug. 23.—The first step in the program of leasing large scale plantations to American syndicates, chiefly for the purpose of cultivating rubber, was taken yesterday with the introduction of a new land law into the national legislature. The law which would increase the amount of land which may be leased from the government to 5,000 hectares.

Victim of Police



Policemen in the Holland vehicle tube tunnel between New York City and New Jersey severely beat James Bernard (above), when Bernard was driving thru the tunnel. Testimony showed that the assault was absolutely unprovoked.

AL TAKES WALL ST. NOMINATION

Against Injunctions, If "Unwarranted"

ALBANY, N. Y., August 22.—Speaking on this anniversary of the murder of Sacco and Vanzetti by American capitalism, but with no sign of recognition of its significance to the working class of the world, Alfred E. Smith, Tammany-Wall Street candidate for the presidency of the United States, tonight accepted the democratic party's nomination.

Smith's speech was a peculiar mixture of the promise of humble obedience to the will of finance-capital with an appeal to elements within the republican party. This appeal to republicans is seen in the words:

"Dominant in the republican party today is the element which proclaims and executes the political theories against which the party liberals like Roosevelt and La Follette and their party insurgents have rebelled. This reactionary element seeks to vindicate the theory of benevolent oligarchy. It assumes that a material prosperity, the very existence of which is challenged, is an excuse for political inequality. It makes the concern of the government, not people, but material things."

But the governor immediately hastened to cover up:

"It is a fallacy that there is inconsistency between progressive measures protecting the rights of the people, including the poor and the weak, and a just regard for the rights of legitimate business, great or small. Therefore, while I emphasize my belief that legitimate business promotes the national welfare, let me warn the forces of corruption and favoritism, that democratic victory means that they will be relegated to the rear and the front seats will be occupied by the friends of equal opportunity."

The expected retreat of the Tam-

Continued on Page Two

Japanese Warships to Vie With British and American in Hawaii

HONOLULU, Hawaii, Aug. 23.—After American and British warships have vied to show their efficiency to the residents of Hawaii at the centennial of the landing of Captain Cook, the Japanese navy is now rushing two battleships, bearing the brother of the emperor of Japan, to Hawaiian waters. The cruisers Yakumo and Idzuma will be received by the Japanese official resident on the island with a show of pomp and splendor. The vessels will retaliate by maneuvering in the harbor, where American battleships are anchored.

POLISH OIL MONOPOLY.

WARSAW, Poland, Aug. 23 (UP).—A virtual government monopoly on oil in Poland is being planned, it was understood today.

URGES NEGROES TO AID WORKERS PARTY CAMPAIGN

Communist Champion of Race, Says Moore

Takes Up Challenge

In answer to the challenge made in an article that appeared in the New York Amsterdam News by Dr. Thomas L. Harten, pastor of the Holy Trinity Baptist church of Brooklyn, in which Harten declared that he would give \$200 for the campaign of any colored man who is nominated for any office, who would be an actual fighter for the cause of the Negroes, the Workers (Communist) Party, through its candidate for congress in the 21st Congressional District, Richard B. Moore, yesterday made public a letter which discusses the points raised by the pastor's article.

The letter, agreeing with Dr. Harten's summary of the republican and democratic parties as not only holding out no inducements for the Negro but being definitely against the entire race, claims his support for the Workers (Communist) Party Negro candidate, Richard B. Moore.

"The Workers (Communist) Party," the letter reads, "stands forth today as the champion of the oppressed Negro race and of all other oppressed groups in the country. Unlike the republican and democratic parties, which segregated and excluded Negroes at the national conventions, the Workers (Communist) Party welcomed and seated 24 Negro delegates. These delegates participated on all important committees, many serving as chairmen of sessions, and helped to draft a program of action for the complete emancipation of the oppressed masses of America.

"The Workers (Communist) Party, in accordance with its stand for the complete emancipation of the Negro race, nominated three Negro candidates on its state ticket—Lovett Fort Whitman for state comptroller; Richard B. Moore for congress, and Edward Welsh for assembly."

The letter concludes with a call to Harten to support the campaign of Richard B. Moore if he is as sincere as his article implies, and if he has the true interest of the Negro masses at heart.

MURDOCH SPEAKS IN FALL RIVER

Flays Uniformed Thug Brutality

(Special to the Daily Worker) FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 23.—Fall River textile workers at a mass meeting held on Liberty Lot yesterday evening welcomed William T. Murdoch, New Bedford strike leader recently released from jail, with an enthusiastic demonstration. This was his first appearance before a meeting of the Fall River Textile Mill Committees.

In the speech that followed Murdoch commented on the chairman's introductory remark that he had been jailed without any justifiable cause. Murdoch declared that he had been imprisoned for the greatest reason that the bosses can have. "That reason," said he, "is that I represented the Textile Mill Committees, which had come in and carried on the strike that Batty had planned to sell out, just as the yellow traitors, the officialdom of the Fall River Unions, had sold out the workers when the wage cut was enforced here in January. We are also the mill owners' most dangerous enemy because we proceeded to organize the masses of workers that the Batts term 'unorganizable.'"

He then launched a slashing at

Continued on Page Three

Rescue 32 in Schooner Wreck Off West Alaska

Accepts Challenge



Richard B. Moore.

MINERS PREDICT NEW ERA AHEAD

All Eyes Turn to Big Convention

(Special to the Daily Worker.)

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 23.—September 9 will mark the beginning of a new era for the miners, according to the view generally expressed by progressive mine leaders and rank and file coal diggers who are making every preparation for the big national conference which opens here on that date. At the headquarters of the National Arrangements Committee, 119 Federal St. N. S., signs of the greatest activity are in evidence.

"Our enthusiasm and confidence is based not on mere hopes but on our knowledge of the situation," it was declared. "Reports from practically every organized and unorganized field are uniform in declaring that sentiment for the new union is rising."

Kentucky Active.

"Organization work in Kentucky for instance, is booming," leaders stated. "Powderly, Browder, Hillside, Beach Creek are already lined up with the movement to build a new miners union. When William Duncan, Lewis' local boss' comes to the mass meetings with armed gangsters, with the handles of knives sticking out of their belts and draped on their fat stomachs, the men simply laugh at him and go on with their plans for more and more mass meetings, organizing more locals, electing delegates.

"You've done your share, Duncan," they tell him. "You've wrecked what was left of the U. M. W. of A. in Kentucky. Now we're doing this job. We are going to build an honest, militant miners' union, and a thousand Lewises and Duncans can't stop us!"

"Even in far off Washington the

Continued on Page Three

ELECTION FUNDS NEEDED

With the Workers (Communist) Party ticket on the ballot in fifteen states and at least fifteen more expected to be in the red column within the next six weeks, the need for funds to cover this large territory with speakers and campaign literature is becoming daily more critical.

William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow are to start their national campaign tours the first week in September, and several other nationally known speakers are scheduled to go on the road shortly. It costs money to tour speakers and to print literature.

The tremendous circularization of the readers of the Party press, the sending out of a quarter million pieces of mail, placed a heavy financial burden on the campaign committee. Thousands of dollars were expended for printing and stamps alone. Unless there is a generous response to this appeal, not only will there be no net return for the \$100,000 Communist Campaign Fund but the campaign itself will be hard hit by the heavy deficit.

The National Election Campaign Committee again appeals to the readers of the Communist press to contribute generously and at once to the Campaign Fund.

If every Communist who reads this appeal will take at least one single dollar and send it at once to Alexander Trachtenberg, 43 East 125th Street, New York City, our problem will be solved and the campaign will go ahead. Help. The emergency is great. You are urged not only to contribute yourself but also to canvass the shop in which you work, the members of the working class fraternal organizations to which you belong, and the members of your trade unions.

Many have already responded, and hundreds of dollars are reaching the National Office for the Campaign Fund, but thousands are needed—and now—and unless the flood of contributions is substantially increased, the campaign will suffer a terrible blow.

The National Election Campaign Committee points out to the class conscious workers who are supporting the Communist ticket the seriousness of the situation and the urgent need for funds. Every worker who realizes the importance of the election campaign and the great opportunities that it presents to radicalize the workers ideologically, must look on this appeal as a personal one and join actively in the drive to raise the \$100,000 campaign fund.

If you have not already acted, help now and save the campaign from a most disastrous blow just when we are beginning to go full steam ahead.

TEN ARRESTED AT SACCO MEET IN KANSAS CITY

Oehler, Cushing Now Face Long Prison Sentences

Plan Protest Meeting

(Special to the Daily Worker)

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 23.—Hugo Oehler, district organizer of the Workers (Communist) Party, and Cushing, a member of the executive committee of District 10 of the Young Workers (Communist) League, are facing the possibility of long prison terms under the "criminal syndicalism" law of this state, following a raid on a Sacco-Vanzetti memorial demonstration at Shawnee Park last night.

Seven other workers, members of the International Labor Defense, who were arrested at the same time, were later released.

The attack was instigated by the Armour Company of this city, before whose gates a similar meeting was held the day before, workers charge. At that time Oehler and Cushing were arrested. They were later freed under bail.

Despite the general police intimidation which exists throughout the city, the International Labor Defense is mobilizing all forces at its command for a series of protest meetings and a general united front conference of labor organizations in a few days.

REPORT HASSELL PLANE SIGHTED

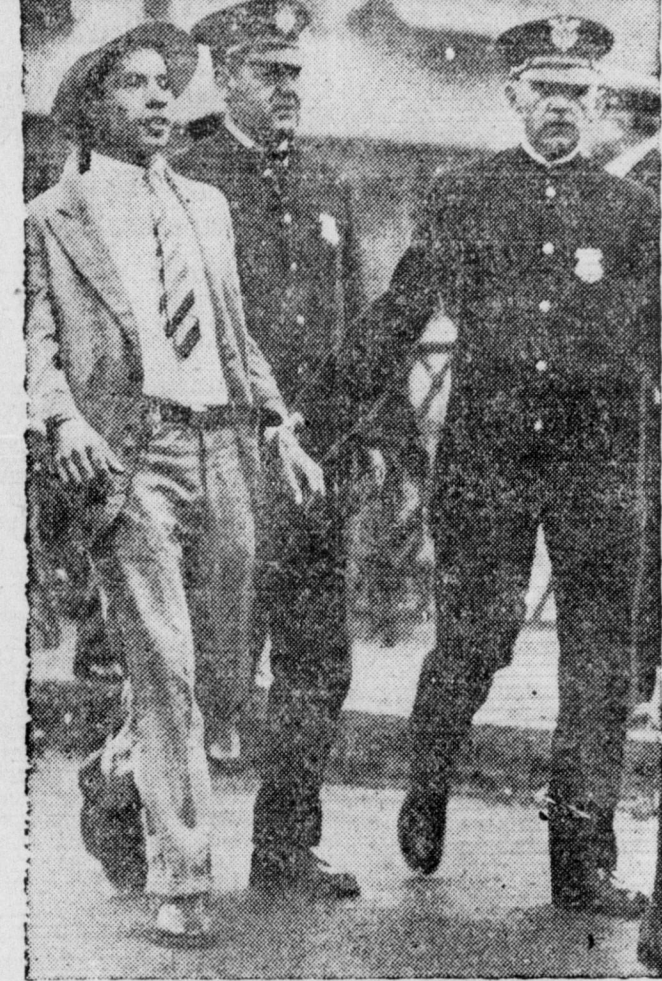
Seen Over Greenland Sunday

JULIANEHAAB, Greenland, Aug. 23 (UP).—A plane believed to have been the Greater Rockford was seen on Sunday passing over the village of Fiswenaeset, the governor of South Greenland, announced today.

A message from the governor received at the radio station here said there was no doubt about the plane having passed, as it was seen by the entire population of Fiswenaeset and the neighboring village of Lichtenfel.

The plane was sighted at 11 a. m. Sunday, flying from the north and going low over Fiswenaeset, as though looking for a landing place.

Militant Seized in New Bedford Strike



Textile picket seized by the New Bedford police who have intensified their terror in a vain effort to smash the strike against the wage slash. (Courtesy New Bedford Evening Standard.)

ARREST FIVE PICKETS AT NEW BEDFORD MILLS

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 23.—Four strikers were arrested this morning, three of them women, when they insisted on their legal right to picket at the Potomac Mill gates this morning. Germina Medeiros, strike committee member on her way to a meeting at union headquarters was also arrested on a warrant issued against her on charges of "disturbing the peace."

Maria Valente, Laura Nunes, Joseph Gomes and 16-year-old Blanche Almeda after being twice driven away from the factory gates by a squad of police came back to reform the picket line for the third time, which resulted in the arrests on charges of peace disturbance and loitering.

William T. Murdoch, general organizer of the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union, who was just released from jail appeared this morning at the mills to lead the picket lines.

DISCUSS INDIAN REVOLT TACTICS

Red Congress Holds 37th Session

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, USSR, Aug. 23.—The thirty-seventh session of the Sixth World Congress of the Communist International opened on the afternoon of August 18 with Schuller as chairman. Continuing the colonial debate the following spoke: Fachi of Turkey, Murphy of Britain, Mondok of Czechoslovakia, Losovski of the Red International of Labor Unions, Neumann of Germany, Page Arnot of Britain, Devries of Holland, Dutt of India.

De-Colonization Theory.

Murphy opened his speech by saying that he spoke for himself and not for the British delegation. He said that he was completely in agreement with the theses. He declared that Bennet gave a menshevik picture of the industrial development in India. Bennet's de-colonization ideas would lead to the conclusion that no revolutionary perspective was possible before the industrialization of India, he said. The decisive factor in the colonial revolution Murphy designated as the accumulation of imperialist contradictions and not industrialization. The retarding process of industrialization in the colonies is the common character of all imperialist colonial policies, he said. Statistics prove that Britain always followed the same policy of hindering the industrial development in India with the exception of the war years. Bennet's contention that the whole Indian bourgeoisie is already in the counter-revolutionary camp, he termed a false statement.

"We must stand on the basis of

Tampico Workers Go on Strike as Sacco-Vanzetti Memorial

(By United Press.)

TAMPICO, Mexico, Aug. 23.—Labor organizations held street demonstrations today outside the American and Italian consulates and the newspaper El Mundo's offices in commemoration of the Sacco-Vanzetti executions a year ago.

Fiery speeches were made, but there was no disorder, beyond the suspension of traffic. Three general stoppages were reported at noon.

CLOAK WORKERS DRIVE BROADENS

More than one thousand shop delegates, representing many thousands of workers in the ladies garment manufacturing industry concluded their second monthly shop chairmen's and delegates' conference at Webster Hall Tuesday night, with the unanimous adoption of measures providing for the continuance of the organization drive with which they are building the new union and the widening of its scope to take in every shop in the trade where union conditions are not enjoyed by the workers.

The other outstanding feature of the enthusiastic conference was the answer given by all the speakers to the recent public decision of the reactionary chiefs of the United Hebrew Trades to organize a "Vigilante Committee" of underworld characters for the admitted purpose of breaking up left wing meetings and attacking left wing leaders. A

Continued on Page Two

MORE BORDER POLICE.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 23 (UP).—The addition of 17 members to the customs border patrol was announced by Harry Smith, assistant collector of customs. The appointments are temporary, pending receipt of the civil service eligible list.

FIGHT THE SAME ENEMY 5,000 Strikers Honor Sacco, Vanzetti

(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 23.—Over five thousand striking textile workers crowded into Sauniers Lot yesterday at a Sacco-Vanzetti memorial demonstration held under the auspices of the International Labor Defense.

Out of a sick bed, Augustus Pinto, the heroic young strike leader came to the meeting, declaring he felt he must speak to the strikers on

BOSTON WORKERS DEFY POLICE TO HOLD MEMORIAL

Hold Meeting in Street After Lock-out at Paine Hall

Crowd Cheers Gitlow

(Special To The Daily Worker.)

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 23.—In direct defiance of local police authorities who earlier in the day had caused the doors of the Paine Memorial hall to be shut, 2,000 workers last night joined in a huge memorial demonstration in honor of Sacco and Vanzetti in the streets outside the hall.

Benjamin Gitlow, vice presidential candidate on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket, and principal speaker at the meeting, received a tremendous ovation. Other speakers were Jessica Henderson, who opened the meeting on behalf of the International Labor Defense and Harry A. Cantor, of the Workers (Communist) Party, who acted as chairman.

Held but a short distance from the Charlestown state prison where the two workers were a year ago executed by the frenzied business class of New England, the demonstration was one of the most militant held here in many months.

Gitlow, reviewing the seven years of torture thru which Sacco and Vanzetti were led, declared that the most effective way to honor their memory is to build the militant,

Continued on Page Three

15,000 JOIN SACCO MEETING IN N. Y.

Communists Denounce Frame-up System

In the face of a score of mounted police, armored motorcycles, and several hundred uniformed cops and plainclothesmen, about 15,000 New York workers yesterday crowded the north side of Union Square at the first anniversary memorial demonstration of the murder of Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti.

From three platforms nearly 50 speakers representing the Workers (Communist) Party, left wing trade unions, working women's organizations and fraternal societies denounced the "rapacious system" which was responsible for the death of Sacco and Vanzetti, and explained the class character of the prosecution of the two Italian immigrant workers.

Communist speakers declared that the overthrow of the capitalist system and the establishment of a dictatorship of the working class alone would prevent the recurrence of such brazen frame-ups as was made upon Sacco and Vanzetti.

The memorial was quickly turned into a demonstration for immediate release of Tom Mooney, Warren K. Billings, the Centralia victims and the other class-war prisoners confined in American jails and penitentiaries.

Speakers at the meeting included Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker; M. J. Olgin, editor of the Hammer, Yiddish Communist monthly; Bert Miller, organizational secretary of District 2, Workers (Communist) Party; Louis Baum, of the Photographers' Union; Roger Baldwin, American Civil Liberties Union; Kate Gitlow, secretary of the United Council of Workingclass Women; Martin Abern, acting national secretary of the International Labor Defense, and a large number of others.

FIGHT THE SAME ENEMY 5,000 Strikers Honor Sacco, Vanzetti

the day when the world's workers mourn the death of their martyred comrades. Another speaker was A. Gaspar, arrested last year in the demonstrations arranged by the local Portuguese revolutionary paper, "A Luta."

G. Zamieris, representing the Workers (Communist) Party, in an impassioned speech in Portuguese declared that the oligarchy that had

Continued on Page Three

"Socialist" Official of United Hebrew Trades Faces Court on Charge of Extortion

GROGGER TRAPPED HELLER, LEADER OF 'WAR ON REDS'

Doublecrosses His Meal Ticket, Boss Assn.

Always outstanding as one of the most boisterous shouters in camp of the "socialist" trade union official...

PHILADELPHIA WORKERS CONSIDER THEMSELVES "LUCKY" ON \$25 WAGES

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 23 (FP).

Along smoke-blackened river fronts of the Delaware and Schuylkill, 250,000 industrial workers toil...

12,000 AT MILL STRIKERS' PICNIC

Hold Sport Events at Demonstration NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 23.—A demonstration of solidarity for the New Bedford textile strikers was held Sunday at Sylvan Grove...

Charging Segregation in Civil Service, Negro Bolts G. O. P.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—J. Finley Watson, grand exalted ruler of the Negro Elks, today refused to serve on the republican national committee in an advisory capacity...

Olympic Athletes Safe Until One Hero Drops a Bottle of Champagne

Of course, nobody was supposed to know anything about it. They had all sworn to keep mum about the contents of the valises. A crowd of American 100 percenters were cheering them like all hell.

AL TAKES WALL ST. NOMINATION

Against Injunctions, If "Unwarranted" Continued from Page One many candidates on the tariff question was made in the words: "The democratic party does not underrun my leadership will not advocate any sudden or drastic revolution in our economic system which would cause business upheaval and popular distress."

DENY TAXES FOR BRITISH TROOPS

IRAQ GOV'T. REFUSES TO PAY FOR ARMY BAGDAD, Iraq, Aug. 23.—Declaring that Great Britain has so many political and economic interests in Iraq that she can afford to pay for the upkeep of her own troops...

CLOAK WORKERS DRIVE BROADENS

Hold Spirited Delegate Parleys in N. Y., Boston Continued from Page One special resolution was passed giving the official attitude toward these threats of the right wing gangs.

NEGRO WORKERS MEET TOMORROW

Moore, Padmore and Campbell to Speak Noted Negro leaders will address the Monster Mass Meeting to be held tomorrow evening at 8 p. m. at the Boyles Memorial. E. Church, Gates Avenue and Irving Pl., Brooklyn, under the auspices of the American Negro Labor Congress.

\$500,000 SUIT AGAINST J. D., JR.

Bright Still Fights Corruptionists A new suit for \$500,000 against John D. Rockefeller, Jr., together with applications for injunction relief against the psalm-singing oil magnate as well as Federal Judge Augustus Hand, Supreme Court Justice Mitchell May, Edwin P. Hesse, police superintendent of Washington, the Morgan controlled Equitable Trust Company, John J. McKelvey, Charles P. Howland, George Gordon Battle, Rockefeller attorney, was yesterday begun by Charles Bright, who has for years been carrying on a legal battle against the combination.

LEAGUE SCHOOL NOW IN SESSION

24 Young Workers are Attending Courses

Twenty-four members of the Young Workers (Communist) League are attending full-time sessions of the League school which is now in session at the Workers School, 26-28 Union Square.

4 FUR LOCALS IN NEW UNION VOTE

Continued from Page One of town locals also falling before the bosses A. F. of L. drive. Before the week is over, it is understood, meetings of many other locals in the United States and Canada will be held with those remaining arranging for meetings for next week.

LOWELL MILLS ARE SHUT DOWN

Wage Cut Accepted, Shut Plants Anyhow LOWELL, Mass., Aug. 23 (FP).—Last winter a week before Christmas, Pepperell Mfg. Co.'s workers were told the mill would be closed unless they accepted a 10 per cent wage cut. Fearing to face New England's icy blasts without jobs or bank savings, Pepperell's workers, bowing their heads, took the cut.

100 Volunteers Wanted for Ulmer Park Picnic

One hundred volunteer workers are wanted by the Trade Union Educational League to act on committees at the T. U. E. L. Workers' Festival, to be held at Ulmer Park Saturday. They are urged to report at the Workers' Center, 26-28 Union Square. Volunteers will be admitted to the picnic grounds without charge.

Funeral of Leo Strauss, Young Militant, Today

The funeral of Leo Strauss, 16-year-old member of the Young Workers (Communist) League, who was drowned last Sunday when he ventured beyond his depth in the water near Pleasant Bay Park, will be held today at 142 Ludlow St.

CLOAK CUTTERS BUILDING UNION

In a call announcing considerable gains in membership since the recent Bronx Stadium meeting, cloak and dressmakers yesterday appealed to all cutters in the ladies' garment industry to leave the reactionary Local 10 and take out membership books in the new cloak and dressmakers' union.

SHIPWORKER BADLY BURNED

Joseph Sariballier, of 64 Columbia Place, Brooklyn, a deckhand on the steamboat Dayton, moored at Main St., Brooklyn, was critically burned yesterday when he fell against a boiler in the engine room of the boat. He was removed to the Cumberland Hospital.

Foster and Gitlow

As the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party stand for the emancipation of the proletariat from the slavery of capitalism, from the horrors of imperialist war, unemployment and poverty, work and vote for Communism. Read The DAILY WORKER. Read the National Platform of the Workers (Communist) Party. Write for it to the National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th Street, New York City. Ten cents a copy.

The Vege-Tarry Inn

"GRIVE KRETSCHKE" BEST VEGETARIAN FOOD MODERN IMPROVEMENTS DIRECTIONS: Take ferries at 254 St. Christopher St., Barclay St. or Hudson Tubes to Hoboken, Lackawanna Railroad to Berkeley Heights, N. J.

CHINA UNIONS IN NEW AID APPEAL TO U.S. WORKERS

Bishop Brown Joins Committee

Continuing their drive for the raising of funds for the relief of the Chinese workers and peasants now persecuted by the Nanking government through the suppression of their labor and farm unions, the Committee to Aid the Chinese Trade Unions yesterday made known the enlistment of Bishop William Montgomery Brown as a member of the Committee.

Women Burned Alive

"Do you know the Canton rebellion of the workers, directed against the yoke of the imperialist murderers has been suppressed? Do you know that over 5,000 workers' corpses were thrown upon the streets of Canton? Do you know that working women were tied together in batches of five and burned alive?"

WORKERS' FESTIVAL THIS SATURDAY August 25 Given by Trade Union Educational League, Local N. Y., and Jewish Workers University An Unusual Program Will Be Offered 3 P. M. Freiheit Soccer Team. 5 P. M. International Red Poets Forum 6 to 11 P. M. Camp Fire Concert with the Mass Chorus of Brooklyn—and other musical members Tickets for Entire Festival, Only 35 Cents TO BE OBTAINED AT THE FREIHEIT AND WORKERS' CENTER, ROOM 205 B. M. T. West End Line to 25th Ave.

Workers in Berlin, Leipzig, Cologne Protest Social Democratic Cruiser Building

CROWDED MEETS DEMAND WARSHIP ORDERS REVOKED

Communists Leading Protest

BERLIN, Aug. 23.—Demands that the social democratic government of Chancellor Mueller revoke its armament program initiated with the order for the building of a new cruiser at Kiel, are sweeping over the German working class and finding expression in hundreds of meetings and demonstrations of which the largest took place in Berlin yesterday.

Cities as widely separated as Cologne, Breslau and Leipzig have also held similar meetings.

In Berlin a crowded gathering demanded that the social democrats cease their apologies together with the program for armament construction and revoke the orders for the Kiel cruiser.

The demand, which was put in the form of a resolution, was passed by a huge majority.

Similar resolutions were carried in other meetings throughout the country.

The Communist Party, which is leading the German working class in its protest against the war danger implied in the building of the cruiser is also pointing out the political capital the reactionary parties hope to make out of the issue. The reactionaries are secretly pleased with the social democratic action as is evidenced by President Hindenburg's refusal to permit a referendum. At the same time they are eager to drive the social democrats from office and the cruiser issue offers them the easiest way.

So widespread is the feeling among the German workers against the cruiser construction that it is believed the social democrats will be unable much longer to ignore the growing protest movement.

DISCUSS INDIAN REVOLT TACTICS

Red Congress Holds 37th Session

Continued from Page One
The Second Congress these and build up strong Communist Parties in the colonies which can fulfill their tasks in the bourgeois democratic period," he concluded.

Losovsky Speaks

Losovsky declared that the new factor since the adoption of Lenin's resolution at the Second Congress is that since then the proletariat appeared as an independent force in numerous colonies. This fact is connected with certain industrial developments, he said. It would be false, however, to adopt a de-colonization theory from this fact. It was also false, he said, that colonies are the only sources of raw material and food for the motherlands. Such an assumption would make it difficult to set forth the slogan of the dictatorship of the proletariat and peasantry because this slogan assumes a certain stage in industrial development. Some comrades, he said, particularly the Latin Americans, wrongly fear that the slogan of the bourgeois democratic revolution diminishes the role of the proletariat and the Communist Party. Leninism demands, however, that the proletariat play a leading role in the bourgeois democratic revolutions.

This fact, Losovsky continued, and the character of the Bolshevik slogan of the dictatorship of the proletariat and peasantry must be made clearer in the theses. It is theoretically correct that the proletariat may temporarily support the colonial bourgeoisie and even make agreements with it but it is politically incorrect when the theses declare that the task of the Indian proletariat is the formation of an independent revolutionary working class movement and cleaning the revolutionary organizations from the Swarajists. The theses contain practically nothing about colonial reformism, he said.

Situation in India.
Neumann declared that Lenin's lesson of the avoidability of the capitalist development stage in the path of the colonies to socialism must be stressed. The de-colonization theory inevitably contradicts Lenin's standpoint, he said. The Indian proletariat must not conclude an alliance with the native bourgeoisie even temporarily because the Swarajists will betray the struggle at the first opportunity. The old leadership of the Communist Party of China, he said, made not only opportunist errors but even counter-revolutionary errors, for instance when it appealed for the suppression of the peasant "excesses." The present leadership of the Communist Party of China showed toleration towards the putchist tendencies in the beginning but since has corrected its errors.

Page Arnot of Britain declared that the British delegation never

THE FLINT STRIKE AND ITS LESSONS

First Strike Against the Intense Speed-Up in Fisher Plant

(This is the seventh of the series of articles on "Automobile—Symbol of The Modern Slavery." Previous articles have discussed the scope of the industry, the giant combinations, the driving forces to war, the health conditions in the various plants. Tomorrow's article will deal with the question of "Who Will Organize the Auto Workers?")

By BEN LIFSCHITZ

The strike in Flint, Michigan was one of those department walkouts to which we have referred in the last article as a manifestation of the resistance the workers in the Automobile Industry are beginning to show.

The strike broke out in the Oil Sanding Department of the Fisher Body Corporation in Flint, Mich. The Fisher Body Corporation took advantage of the change in the Buick model to cut down the earnings of the oil sanders.

In spite of the fact that there is added work on the 1929 Buick, the company insisted that the oil sanders do this work for the same prices they received for the 1928 model.

Extreme Abuses

The men working in the Oil Sanding Department have to stand all day long in an inch or more of oil. They are soaked externally and internally with this same oil which is extremely detrimental to the health of the men, causing boils and sores all over their body. This constant source of irritation and poison is the cause of much heart and stomach trouble and obliges many of the men to obey the doctor's orders and quit.

The only response to the complaints of the men was a demand by the management that the men try again to make up their regular earnings by speeding it up a little bit more. Finally, being convinced that they would receive no consideration from the company, the men went out on strike Thursday, July 5th. Elect Strike Committee, Present Demands.

That evening the strikers sent a committee to Detroit for the purpose of obtaining the assistance of the Auto Workers Union. With the help of the organizer of the Auto Workers Union, Philip Raymond, the strikers formulated a set of demands and elected a Strike Committee and Picketing Committee. The Strike Committee was instructed to present the demands of the strikers to the company at once. The demands of the strikers were as follows:

1. A 25 cent raise on coach and coupe jobs.
 2. A 10 cent raise on roof rail panels and drip-molding panels.
 3. A better grinding compound instead of the oil furnished, and more sandpaper.
 4. Hot water for washing.
 5. No victimization.
- In the afternoon the committee returned and reported the results to the assembled strikers. They reported that the company insisted that the men return to work and try to earn their usual pay at the old rate. If this were found impossible, then the company promised to adjust the wages. The men unanimously refused to depend on further promises from the Fisher Body Corporation and voted to continue the strike until their demands were granted.

Strike Holds Up New 1929 Model

By Tuesday the strike had seriously held up production throughout the whole plant. The Buick Motor Company was held up by the lack of bodies. Many workers, both in the Fisher body plant and the Buick Motor Company were sent home because of the tie-up in the production.

Meetings were held in the afternoon opposite the Fisher Body plant. During the week a large meeting was held of about 800 workers in the Labor Temple under the auspices of the Auto Workers Union. On Saturday, the 14th of July, a meeting was held with representatives from several of the other departments of the de-colonization theory. The Indian industry is not dominant but growing, he said. The theoretical error of the theses is the attempt to explain the present policy of the British monopolist capitalism in India on the basis of the description of the period of industrial capitalism. The theses should have shown clearly the general law of capitalist development according to which capital exports produce a tendency to increase the speed of development of industry in the colonies. Imperialism tends to foster the growth of industry, he said. The normal form of capital export is investment in state loans, which contributes to the Indian industry, particularly in steel production, he said.

Dutt declared that it was incorrect to say imperialism hinders the growth of industry and it was also incorrect to say that it fosters industry. To a certain extent, he said, British imperialism hampers the growth of industry but having regard to the inevitable development, imperialism strives to bring Indian industry under its control. The Indian bourgeoisie betrayed the national revolution but is still a factor of contradiction towards British imperialism, but is also a counter-revolutionary factor towards the proletariat. Recognition of the counter-revolutionary character of the Indian bourgeoisie must not prevent us from utilizing it in order to develop a mass revolution, Dutt concluded.

partments of the Fisher Body Corporation, which were ready to come out on strike in support of the oil sanders and also to gain their own demands. These representatives agreed that their departments would come out on Monday. To prevent the further growth of organization among the workers, the company voluntarily gave its vet sanders an increase of 25 cents per body.

Others Walk Out

At two o'clock the afternoon a large group of metal finishers walked off the job. They stated their determination to support the demands of the oil sanders. That evening a committee, elected by the metal finishers, in a meeting with the strike committee agreed to the plan of going on the job the next morning for the purpose of bringing the rest of the men in their department out on strike, unless the company acceded to the demands of the oil sanders. The next morning the company countered this move by guaranteeing all the men \$1 an hour whether there was work for them to do or not. A majority of the metal finishers also failed to realize the necessity of supporting the efforts of the oil sanders. By this time it had become obvious that without support from the other departments the oil sanders could no longer prevent the company from slowly but surely reaching the point of normal production. At a meeting of the strikers that evening, the strike was called off.

Proof of Solidarity

In an interview between the writer and Mr. Frank McGrogan, the leader of the strike, he stated that to his knowledge this strike was one of the best illustrations from the point of view of the solidarity of the workers in that department that ever took place in the Fisher body plant. It was the first time that over one hundred and eighty workers, mostly Americans, struck against the increasing speed-up system being introduced into the Fisher body and in all the other plants in the automobile industry.

In order to understand the significance of this strike, we must know that there was no union or any other organized group within that shop. That this walkout was simply a sporadic outburst on the part of the workers which expresses the accumulated resentment, dissatisfaction and the growing spread of revolt which is continually, slowly but surely, growing among the automobile workers.

Shortcomings of the Strike

It is true that the Flint strike shows that we are still in the first stages of the rude awakening of class consciousness among the automobile workers. In the interview with Frank McGrogan, he stated, "Well, the company treated me pretty fair for about three years, but last year this wage-slashing campaign started and now suddenly they come along with another wage-cut of about \$7 a week. This was more than any of us could stand."

CORRUPT UNION OFFICIALS SUED

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—Following revelations of corruption and extortion on the part of union officials of Painters' District Council 14, the Department of Justice probably in connection with certain open shop employers taking advantage of the situation, yesterday filed a suit in equity against officers and business agents of the council, charging a conspiracy in restraint of trade.

Twenty local painters' unions and their recording secretaries, all of the Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers of America; Arthur W. Wallace, secretary-treasurer of the District Council and Frank L. Axelson, Joseph Casey, George W. Cummings, Stephen J. Dempsey, Albert Green, W. E. Hertz, Charles W. Hanson, Harry Leubbe, Joseph C. Moenich, Roy Shields and George Tuckbreiter, all business agents of the district council, are named in the suit.

Revelations last April disclosed that the union officials worked together with manufacturers to compel the purchase by retailers of certain makes of cabinets and other supplies, called strikes to enforce their demands and charged a premium of \$2 up per item, for permission to use articles other than those specified. At the time it was revealed that several millions of dollars had been extorted in this way by the union officials working together with the employers.

Fight Same Bosses, Say Mill Strikers

Continued from Page One
murdered Sacco and Vanzetti was the same 28,000 textile strikers were fighting against in a struggle to regain a wage cut. Eli Keller, Jack Rubinstein and Fred E. Beale, union organizers and 11 year old John Lopez of the Young Pioneers, also spoke.

It should be noted that McGrogan showed real qualities of leadership. Taking his sentiments as typical of those expressed by other workers, we have to realize that the level of class consciousness is yet quite low among the workers in the automobile industry.

However, even some of our leading comrades in the Detroit district underestimated this strike believing, as one of our comrades expressed it, that this "was the old usual department walkout."

Our comrades did not fully realize that the conditions in the automobile industry at present have reached the point where any department walkout may and can be broadened and sharpened into a larger struggle because the rationalization process in the automobile industry does not only result in a cut of wages but produces instability and job insecurity for the worker.

Changing Conditions

The automobile industry is becoming more seasonal, the ever-changing styles of cars are giving the employers more and more of an opportunity to speed up production and get more work out in a given time. Therefore the average unemployment time among the automobile workers is becoming greater. We must bear in mind that as long as the worker is sure of his weekly earnings, more or less commensurate with his standard of living, he will not be so ready to resist. But when this base of security is taken away from him, and this is not only in General Motors but also in Fords, then under the pressure of conditions, he will resist. We therefore must view every department walkout as a manifestation of a changing frame of mind among the automobile workers, and we must try to broaden and extend this resistance.

The second shortcoming in the Flint strike was that there were no general demands to draw into the strike the workers of the other related crafts. In the automobile industry, as in all modern industries, the production of the machine is divided into given units, each one of these units being made up of a group of operations. The production of the whole car can be tied up if we learn and know how to tie up the correlated operations which make up the component parts of the machine.

Broaden Demands

We must, therefore, issue such demands as will appeal to the workers of the other crafts in the industry so that strike will mean something to them and encourage them to participate in order to maintain or improve their conditions.

The third shortcoming of this strike was that the leadership of the strike did not sufficiently try to extend the strike to the other plants of the Fisher body in Detroit, Cleveland and other cities.

We must remember that the present highly developed industries work on the basis of ever increasing production. These companies create enough subsidiaries to enable them to carry on production in case of labor troubles. We therefore, find that these large concerns always have branches in other cities, under their own name and after under other names.

The strikers from the Fisher body plant of Flint, Michigan, should try to hold meetings at the Fisher body plants of Detroit and to extend the strike in the several Fisher body plants of Detroit.

Dramatic Struggle

Fourthly, the strike was not sufficiently dramatized in order to draw the attention both of the workers of the auto industry and all the other workers to it. While making this criticism, we must realize that our comrades were very much handicapped because there was no Communist nucleus to give direction and form the backbone of the struggle. Not only was there no shop nucleus, but there was not even a shop committee, a union or any other organized group with connections in other departments which could make possible the spreading of the struggle to the other departments and plants of the company.

(Tomorrow's article will deal with perhaps the most important phase of the study yet printed, the question of "Who Will Organize the Auto Workers?")

BUENOS AYRES TAXI DRIVERS WIN WALK-OUT

Police Forced to End Cruising Regulations

BUENOS AYRES, Aug. 23.—Taxi drivers of this city who have been on strike for several days yesterday won a complete victory when the police suspended the regulations to which the men objected.

The regulations, recently introduced into Buenos Ayres, were directed against cruising by taxi cabs and parking in many sections of the city. The men declared that they would be unable to operate under such laws.

The strike of the men which quickly followed the publication of the new ordinance, was virtually one hundred per cent, the entire taxi industry in the city being tied up. The firm front of the strikers forced the city authorities to suspend the regulations and taxi service was resumed this morning.

BOSTON WORKERS HOLD MEMORIAL

Gather in Streets Despite Police

Continued from Page One
fighting, political organization of labor—the Workers (Communist) Party.

Urges Fight For Mooney

"The workers in the United States will do the same to the czars of Massachusetts that the Russian workers did to the czars of the Russian empire," he said.

He appealed for an intensification of the campaign to force the release of Tom Mooney, Warren K. Billings, the victims of the Centralia frame-up and all class-war prisoners throughout the world.

Attacking both Gov. Smith and Herbert Hoover as equally pliable tools of Wall Street, Gitlow said that both candidates will sanction the frame-up of Sacco and Vanzetti. The Sacco-Vanzetti murder, Gitlow declared, was "part of the imperialist war preparations of Wall Street to terrorize the workers so that they would be submissive to the war designs of the American imperialists."

Before introducing Gitlow, the chairman revealed how John F. Casey, head of the Boston License Bureau, had ordered the hall closed, intimidating the proprietor by threatening to revoke his license. He denounced the jailing of John Porter, militant leader of the New Bedford mill strikers, and appealed to the workers to fight for the release of all class-war prisoners by joining the International Labor Defense.

HORNELL, N. Y., Aug. 23.—Joseph Cornish, a laborer employed by the Huguee Silk Company, was smothered to death when he fell fifteen feet into accumulated soot in a smokestack at the power plant of the open-shop mill.

Training the Young Imperialist Crop



While Commander Richard Byrd was planning his imperialist flight to the Antarctic it occurred to someone that to take along a boy scout would be good publicity stunt. So a group of scouts were sent for Byrd to look over and choose the one who best typified the bourgeois ideal. Here he is with Commander Byrd.

MURDOCH SPEAKS MINERS PREDICT IN FALL RIVER NEW ERA AHEAD

Flays Uniformed Thug Brutality All Eyes Turn to Big Convention

Continued from Page One

tack on Chief of Police Feeney and his gang of uniformed thugs, terming them "Black and Tans," the dirty dogs who went out to shoot down their brothers and sisters for money in the struggle for Irish freedom.

"Many of the Black and Tans shipped out to the United States when the Irish workers finally refused to tolerate their presence, and from the vicious brutality of the Fall River police assaults on the strikers here, it is likely that some of them got on the Fall River police force. If that is not so, then the brood here is the same," he declared.

After congratulating the workers here on the splendid fight against an inhuman police terror, Murdoch ended by calling for mass representation of Fall River textile workers at the coming convention of the National Textile Mill Committees, which will begin in New York September 22.

(Special to the Daily Worker)

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 23.—With the intention of providing themselves with excuses for arrests for "peace disturbance," police here are constantly entering T. M. C. headquarters with complaints about leaflet distribution and the gathering of members outside the union hall. The union intends to disregard orders to halt the legal distribution of circulars.

Police agents are also invading the homes of workers in an effort to intimidate them with threats of deportation for strike activities. They also use browbeating tactics in an effort to get the parents to prevent their children from attending children's club meetings where strike songs are sung. These clubs are being organized by the union.

HORNELL, N. Y., Aug. 23.—Joseph Cornish, a laborer employed by the Huguee Silk Company, was smothered to death when he fell fifteen feet into accumulated soot in a smokestack at the power plant of the open-shop mill.

LIBERAL PARTY PRESS LAMENTS FRENCH ARMIES

Fears Military Power on Continent

LONDON, Aug. 23.—"The sacrifice of a principle by Great Britain is something bigger than a concession—it is a betrayal. With these words the "Liberal" Manchester Guardian regrets the acceptance by the British foreign office of the French point of view that reserve armies are to be unlimited, alleged to be included or implied in the terms of the so-called Anglo-French naval accord. It also reopens the question of the exact nature of those terms which is vexing many uncluded governments today and initiates an attack upon the conservative party's foreign policy.

While leading its attack under cover of the blow which the British French alliance may mean to disarmament projects, the Guardian goes on to lament that a free hand is now given the French army on the continent.

"France's military supremacy in Continental Europe is accepted," the paper says, "her formidable long service army, her large conscript army and her vast trained reserves are alike to remain untouched in the disarmament plans."

It is understood that the London Daily Herald, organ of the reformists, which is following in the train of the liberal press, is planning to demand that the government publish the full text of the naval agreement, since there is "reason to believe that the real agreement is not confined to naval affairs."

Wall Street in New Filipino Rubber Grab

Continued from Page One
age to syndicates, has been the principal stumbling block to American exploitation of the rubber growing potentialities of the Philippine Islands.

It is understood that the Firestone and a number of lesser American rubber corporations have been actively interested in the proposed amendment of the land law and contemplate an extension of the change as soon as this can be effected. Business circles are crediting the Stimson government with what is little short of a coup.

The law will chiefly affect the island of Mindanao, the center of the rubber growing area.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 23 (UP).—Dissatisfied with a world championship marathon dance record of 945 1-2 hours, established at the union shuffle which ended here last night, Mildred Ollenburg of Milwaukee and Tom Aquino of Chicago struggled on today trying to set a mark of 1,000 hours.

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1928

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By JAY LOVESTONE

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The tasks facing the workers and what the Workers (Communist) Party means to them.

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Books on Sacco and Vanzetti

The Cast of Sacco and Vanzetti
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Sacco and Vanzetti Cartoon-Book
By FRED ELLIS
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Sacco and Vanzetti: Labor's Martyrs
By MAX SHACHTMAN
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The Life and Death of Sacco and Vanzetti
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25 cents

ALL THE ABOVE CAN BE SECURED FROM
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Starvation Wages, Plain Brutality, at Nanticoke Cigar Plant, Correspondent Says

HANDOUTS FAINTING GIRLS LIE UNAIDED AS SPEEDUP REIGNS

B. Ogden Chisolm, who has been International Prison commissioner for five years without ever being heard of, has now gained a certain passing attention by resigning the post. Chisolm says, "They may be interested in aviation but they don't give a continental damn about prisons abroad." The intensity of Chisolm's work in the past half decade and the result of his broad researches are faintly indicated by the following sentence: "I couldn't reach any common ground or make any progress." What Chisolm objected to was not the work. This was the same as most political jobs being nothing at all. What he couldn't stand was the amount of remuneration for doing nothing. He said the appropriation was too "measly."

\$13 Per Week Is 'Good' Wages

(By a Worker Correspondent)
NANTICOKE, Pa. (By Mail).—The worst possible conditions exist in the General Cigar Company, Nanticoke, Pa., where the "White Owl" cigars are made. The 1,000 or more young workers, between the ages of 14 and 21, mostly near 14, and the majority girls, are worse than slaves.

Speed Up.

Starting in the morning at 6:45, then three quarters of an hour for lunch, quitting at night at 6:00 and at times, when busy, at 6:30, the "banders" receive 32 cents for every 1,000 cigars. Working at the fastest possible rate they can make between four to five thousand cigars a day \$1.60 for a twelve-hour day! That is if you work fast enough. If not you get a "slow machine" and you're out of luck. You can't make so much.

In the folding department the work starts at 7:00 a. m. until 5:30 or at times 6:00 p. m. Here, the workers receive 60 cents for every 1,000 cigars made. If you speed up you can make about 4,000 cigars a day.

A card is given to everybody. There it's marked down how much work is put out. The foreman comes around and if you didn't make enough he tells you to hurry up. By the end of the day, if the foreman isn't satisfied, you have to keep on working, until you make enough to satisfy him. You stay, regardless of the hour.

The next day you speed up more, in order not to stay later than the rest of the workers.

Especially when they cut your wages, the way it was done last year right after Christmas. The workers received a six-cent cut on a thousand. Without receiving any notice, as to the fact that the cut is coming. When asked why, the only answer they got was, "Oh, the superintendent just felt like it." The workers did nothing but accept the cut.

The conditions in the factory are far from sanitary. The windows and doors are shut tight. No air. "The cigars will dry up," the foreman claims. "But what about the girls fainting?" "Oh, well, the girls can revive themselves by taking a drink of water, while the cigars, once they are dry, they are no good any more," comes the final answer from the foreman.

Girls Faint.

Fainting is one of the most usual occurrences in the factory. An every day occurrence.

A girl can faint two or three times a day. The foreman won't even bother picking her up, passing on and leaving the girl lying or sitting. To him it's a joke to see a picture like that. He has to laugh at the fainting girl. At times the girl will be in this fainting position for about five minutes before anybody will pick her up and give her the proper care. The girls next to her are afraid to pick her up. It might mean losing five or ten minutes. They can't afford it, on the low wages they get.

After fainting once or twice the foreman might approach the girl and ask her: "How do you feel?" In most cases the answer will be: "I feel the same way as I did before." "I guess you'll be alright. Go back to work."

The girl goes back to work. Sitting down and if she is a folder she squeezes in at the table, where she hardly has enough elbow room and continues to work, probably to faint again. Impossible to take off. It might mean being layed off for a week or probably fired. As is usually the case.

If anybody does stay away for a day, it means being layed off for a week, if not fired. Very seldom does anybody ever take off, no matter how sick she might be. Can't afford it. Besides another job isn't so easy to find.

"Aspirin."

There is the nurse for instance. She was nicknamed "Aspirin." Because no matter what happens to you she'll give you an aspirin tablet. Whether you faint, hurt your side, get a stomachache, the only remedy she knows is aspirin. (She must be an agent for the company that puts these aspirins out, and not a nurse.)

There is no place to wash up. There is just a sink in the toilet where there is room for two, when at least 200 work on that floor. If you do wash there is no towels to wipe yourself with. And the toilet itself. Filthy, dirty, very seldom cleaned. And if you want a drink of water, this is the only place. There is no other faucet on the floor.

Besides using this room for a toilet, a place to get a drink, it is also used for the overcoats the workers might bring with them. It is a small room and the clothes are piled one on top of another. Being so filthy, the place is full of cockroaches. Of course the best place

Aluminum Trust Shares Byrd Flight Publicity



Byrd got his fur equipment free of charge the other day from the Fur Manufacturers Association. The open shop Aluminum Company of America, one of Andrew Mellon's corporations, now joins in on the publicity, presenting aluminum cookers to the Byrd expedition. Some Aluminum Trust officials are shown above with the-cookers.

JERSEY IN FIRST BRITISH FEAR SPEAKERS MEET GERMAN PLANES

D. Benjamin at Head of Bureau

For the first time in the history of the Workers (Communist) Party and of the State of New Jersey, a Communist Speakers' Conference was held in that state on Saturday, August 18. The scene of the historic conference was 39 Mercer St., Newark, where two weeks before the New Jersey Ratification Convention had been held amid great enthusiasm.

A permanent New Jersey Speakers' Bureau was formed by the thirteen Communist campaigners present, representing Newark, Passaic, Jersey City, Union City, Elizabeth and Perth Amboy. The conference, under the leadership of D. Benjamin, District Agitprop Director, discussed the platform of the republican party, paying special heed to those aspects of the republican platform which closely touch upon conditions that obtain in New Jersey.

All those present pledged themselves to actively carry on the campaign of the Party in New Jersey by speaking at open-air meetings throughout the state.

At the close of the conference a letter was sent out to all the New Jersey units, urging all members to attend the speakers' conference, which will hereafter be held regularly at 93 Mercer St. on every other Sunday at 10 a. m., commencing with Sunday, August 26.

The counter-revolutionaries descended on the town Saturday night while the streets were filled with people from theatres and restaurants, the dispatches said. The population was in terror while the federal garrison, assisted by police volunteers, held the attackers off at the edge of the city. One message said the rebels fled, leaving an unestimated number of wounded, while the federal losses were two dead and two wounded.

SUCCEEDS MORONES
MEXICO CITY, Aug. 23 (UP).—Dr. Manuel Puig Casauranc resigned today to become secretary of industry, commerce and labor, succeeding Luis Morones.

they can find is in the clothing. You have to look your things over before putting them on. Otherwise you won't be the only one in them.

Vermin.
There are plenty of mice in the factory. You can see the holes in the wall, where they walk in and out. You can see the mice all over. Some traps are set once in a while, but that means very little. "Several are killed and about ten times as many come to the funeral."

I've been working here for more than a year and very seldom mislead a day. Even though at times I was too sick to work, I didn't take off for fear of getting fired. I make about \$13 a week for an average.

One of the girls fell on the worn out steps and had to go to the hospital. After going through a serious operation, the company refuses to pay anything, claiming that it's the girl's fault, for wearing high heels. Not considering the fact that the steps are worn out and dangerous to walk on.

You're not allowed to talk. If you do you are told to shut up. This is the way we keep on working, slaving away eleven and twelve hours a day, for a miserable eight or ten dollars a week. Every time being afraid of being layed off or fired. The few dollars are needed badly and you keep on working.

Beaverbrook Press Demands Claims

LONDON, Aug. 23 (British United Press).—The reported intention of the Junkers firm of Germany to establish an airplane service from Ireland direct to the continent, flying over England, has aroused the keenest demand for Britain to undertake the development of a competitive aerial service.

The Junkers company is said to be planning to connect with Trans-Atlantic liners at Queenstown, to take off their passengers and carry them to Dublin, Liverpool, Hull and over the North Sea, thus linking up the present German airlines, which already have a monopoly in central Europe.

Lord Beaverbrook's papers are demanding that before it is allowed, Britain's "disgracefully humiliating position in civil aviation" should be completely overhauled.

It is also understood that a British company was offered the Dublin-to-continent contract but declined it on the ground that insufficient revenue was likely to accrue therefrom for a considerable period.

Air experts point out that present day civil aviation machines are capable of easily being converted into war bombers and that therefore Germany's leadership in the world of aviation is a source of potential weakness to Britain.

Only 220,000 pounds sterling are at present expended in subsidies to British civil flying, and it is asserted that unless the amount is vastly increased, even the central African services, which are of the most vital importance to the empire's communication, will pass into the hands of the French and Belgians, thus leaving Britain without any real monopoly in the air except the service to India.

Western Road Tricks Union Officials to Divide Ranks of Men

CHICAGO, Aug. 23 (UP).—The Chicago and Alton today insured itself against the threatened strike of trainmen and conductors by signing an agreement that, whatever wage increase may result from the strike, it shall be applied on the Alton lines, effective May 1.

MACHINISTS ASK RECOGNITION OF SOVIET UNION

Philadelphia Lodge Sends Resolution

(By a Worker Correspondent)
PHILADELPHIA (By Mail).—An accurate reflection of economic conditions in Philadelphia, as well as in all other industrial centers of the United States is contained in a resolution adopted by Lodge 159, International Association of Machinists.

This resolution was passed after a thorough comparison of the system prevailing in the capitalistic United States and with the Soviet system now proving to be of such great benefit to the workers of the USSR was made by the membership of the union.

The resolution is for the recognition of the Soviet Union and reads as follows:

"Whereas, there are thousands of machinists in this country walking the streets in search of employment, and

"Whereas, the USSR needs machinery and is anxious to purchase much machinery in this country if suitable trade and diplomatic relations could be established between the two countries, and

"Whereas, the only reason for our state department's refusal to recognize the USSR is that it is a Workers' Republic, therefore,

"Be it resolved that this annual convention of the International Association of Machinists calls upon our government to immediately take steps for the full recognition of the USSR, and be it further

"Resolved, that a copy of this resolution be sent to the A. F. of L. for presentation at its next regular convention."

The wording of this resolution speaks for itself and shows clearly that the workers in Philadelphia are doing considerable pondering over their many grievances. They want redress at once and this resolution should make Bill Green and all the other A. F. of L. officials sit up and take notice.

C. RABIN.

Mayor of Newburyport Sentenced to 330 Days for Town Violations

NEWBURYPORT, Mass., Aug. 23 (UP).—Jail sentences totalling 330 days and fines totalling \$1,140 were imposed today upon "Bossy" Gillis, mayor of Newburyport, in connection with his operation of a gasoline filling station without a permit.

Newburyport's "bad boy" faced three separate charges carrying 11 counts, and District Judge Nathaniel N. Jones found him guilty on all and imposed maximum sentences.

The mayor's court appearance resulted from his recent action in opening his filling station at the corner of High Street and the Newburyport Turnpike without permission from his city council.

"Bossy" was charged with selling gasoline without a permit, storing it without a permit, and with changing the grade of a city street in the construction of his station.

LEAVES OVER \$50,000,000
LONDON, Aug. 23 (UP).—The late Sir George Wills, tobacco magnate, left an estate of at least \$50,000,000, a probate of his will showed today.

The government will collect nearly \$20,000,000 in taxes on the estate.

Vakhtangov Studio Invited to International Theatre Congress

BARBARA BULGAKOV.



In "Goin' Home," a new play by Ransom Rideout, which Brock Pemberton is presenting at the Hudson Theatre tonight.

UPON the special invitation of Firmin Gemier, the Vakhtangov Theatre of Moscow, will take part in the International Theatrical Congress to be held in Paris. The repertoire will consist of "Princess Turandot," "Virinea," "St. Antony's Miracle," and some comedies by Merime. Following their appearance in Paris, the company will tour the large cities of western Europe.

Firmin Gemier recently spent a fortnight in Moscow. Before his departure a banquet was given in his honor by the CC of the Art Workers' Union which was attended by A. V. Lunatcharsky, Mme. O. D. Kameneva and many prominent representatives of the theatre, literature and art.

Mme. Kameneva, on behalf of the USSR Society for Culture Relations, stated: "The Moscow visit of one of the leading French actors and managers—Firmin Gemier—will no doubt serve to strengthen the ties between French and Soviet theatrical circles. Gemier is at present travelling in Europe in order to mobilize public opinion around the idea of the International Theatre. As chairman of the International Theatrical Association, he has officially invited us to take part in the theatrical festivities to be organized in Paris."

In a letter to Mme. Kameneva, M. Gemier writes:

"I am carrying away the most splendid impressions of the Russian theatre and Russian music. Already during the first evening I was profoundly impressed and delighted by the presentation of Griboyedov's classical play, 'The Misfortune of Being Wise,' at the Meyerhold Theatre. I am equally impressed and delighted by all the plays I have seen here, including 'The Tsar's Bride' at the Stanislavsky Studio. It was the best performance I have ever seen in my life.

"In the course of these two weeks—which, alas, have passed so rapidly—I have become convinced of the tremendous need for cultural relations between our countries. The direct path towards winning the sympathies of the west, is to show the great power of your art.

"The International Association of Theatre, Music and Cinema will always be glad to maintain constant intercourse with its Russian colleagues."

Freidrich Holl, who will direct the Theatre Guild's production of Goethe's "Faust," arrives in New York August 30. The plays goes into rehearsal shortly after, with a cast composed of Dudley Digges, George Gaul, Helen Chandler, Helen Westley and Philip Leigh and others. Herr Holl is director of the Volksbuehne in Berlin.

The Shubert Theatre will house the new Chopin operetta, "White Lilacs," starring Guy Robertson, Odette Myrtil and De Wolf Hopper. The opening date is September 10. "The Silent House" now at the Shubert will be transferred to another theatre.

Derek Glynn, an English actor who appeared here with Eva Le Gallienne in Schnitzler's "The Call of Life," will have the role of Celin in "The Dagger and The Rose," the musical version of "The Firebrand."

Brock Pemberton's first production in two weeks, "Goin' Home," by Ransom Rideout, will open this evening at the Hudson Theatre.

I have often noted the slavish atmosphere of my fellow workmen. They seem to be utterly resigned to their "fate," are inactive even in the A. F. of L. union. The new agreement will run out not so long from the present time, but the bosses use the weapon of \$14 per day very effectively against the workers to prevent them from asking for better conditions in general. Not until the workers realize they must put up a strong fight against the bosses, slavery and drudgery and bad living will always be part of the building trades work.

—G. M.

CHAPLIN IN NEW DIVORCE
LOS ANGELES, Calif., Aug. 23 (UP).—A final decree of divorce was to be issued Lita Grey Chaplin from Charles Chaplin, film comedian, today.

AMUSEMENTS

The LADDER
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SEATS NOW ON SALE
8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.
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Money Refunded if Not Satisfied
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Mats. Wed. & Sat.
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MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

2 HURT IN PLANE CRASH
PARIS, Aug. 23 (UP).—Two passengers were injured and four escaped unhurt when an airplane overturned and caught fire in a forced landing near Marseilles today.

Keith-CAMEO 42nd & B'way
Albee
Conrad Veidt
in "Two Brothers"
and
"THE LIFE OF VON HINDENBERG"
and CHAPLIN in "EASY STREET"

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Keep in touch with the struggles of the workers while you are away on your vacation. This summer the Election Campaign will be in full swing. The DAILY WORKER will carry up-to-the-minute news concerning the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party in the various states.

Daily cable news service from the World Congress of the Communist International which opens soon in Moscow.

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4. A Labor Party.	4. Discrimination against Negroes.
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ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG, Treas.
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43 E. 125th St., New York City.

Request Photo



Due to numerous requests we are running today a photograph of the White House spokesman's spokesman, Cal Coolidge, said to be the emptiest zero that ever rolled into the presidential mansion. He's Morgan's yes man and is now irritating the trout along the Brule River, in Wisconsin, where he is resting up from the hard labor of cutting down the taxes of the millionaires. He has given up trying to break in his wooden hobby horse since an attorney fell off one and broke eight ribs. All Mrs. Coolidge will let Cal mount now is the wicker chair shown above which is nailed to the floor and provided with straps.

The picaresque government of Rumania, noted for its tortures to workers, has just gone in for pranks. It has issued an order that anyone found sniffing tobacco fumes that don't belong to him, in a railroad smoker, will be fined on the grounds that he is really smoking without paying the state tobacco tax.

Off and On

The accompanying map belongs to the Prince of Wales who hadn't fallen off a horse for thirty-five minutes when this edition of the Daily Worker went to press. Most princes are capable of doing nothing at all but this one at least can dismount from a horse feet last. The function of Wales in Great Britain is much the same as that of Babe Ruth in the U. S. He provides something for the papers to talk about that keeps the workers' minds off the fact that they produce all the Packard cars and yet only bosses ride in them.

Gems of Learning

Herbert Hoover, colorless candidate:
"Equality of opportunity is the right of every American—rich or poor, foreign or native-born, irrespective of faith or color."
Last week one jobless worker starved to death on the streets of Manhattan.
Mustafa Kemal Pasha, president of Turkey:
"Ten years ago Turkey's leaders were hypocrites under the shadow of the Caliph's mantle, drinking alcohol but denying alcohol to the people on orthodox grounds. They were unwilling to drink publicly but consumed more copiously in private than myself, who drink publicly to the health of the Turkish people."
Why shouldn't he? Their sweat makes his leisure possible.
M. C. H.
Who wins when you read your bosses' papers?

MILL WORKERS' STRIKE AID FUNDS GROW, NEED MORE

Murdoch Release Means New Boss Attack

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 22.—Workers throughout the United States are rallying to the aid of the striking textile workers of New Bedford and Fall River. Funds for the relief and defense of workers arrested in these two cities are being received daily by the Workers International Relief, 49 William St., New Bedford, Mass.

With the release from prison of William Murdoch, general organizer of the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union, a campaign for new union members is being conducted by the N. B. T. W. U. Increased activity on the part of the union means that the bosses' agents will rest more strikers in the future. He need of increasing the relief machinery of the Workers' International Relief is also absolutely necessary at the present time.

Fred G. Biedenkap, national secretary of the Workers' International Relief, now in this city, said today that funds for the relief and defense of the strikers are being received in increasing amounts, but yet the sums received are far from sufficient to cover the ever-increasing expenses incurred. He called upon workers to send a generous donation to the W. I. R., 49 William St., New Bedford, Mass.

Among the contributions received today is a check for \$242.85 sent by the national office of the Independent Workmen's Circle, Boston; 250 from the Workers International Relief, of Lynn, Mass., the proceeds of a recent picnic; \$50 from a Finnish Reading Club, Fort Hill, R. I., and \$56.35 collected by Andrew D. Young of Fitzwilliam spot, N. H.

WESTERN UNION ABSORBS POSTAL

Morgan Now Supreme Over Telegraph

The merger of the Western Union Telegraph with the Postal Telegraph was completed yesterday. It is not already actually completed, it is seen here as an immediate prospect in the announcement made yesterday that the Postal Telegraph will in the future use the Western Union through an agreement with the American Telephone and Telegraph Company which controls the Western Union and provides service to it.

The agreement is expected to make millions for the Morgan interests which now own both lines. J. P. Morgan and Company is represented on the directors of the International Telephone and Telegraph Company, the new owner of the Postal, by Russell C. Leffingwell, one of the Morgan partners.

Telephone and several telegraph messages simultaneously are to be transmitted on the same long distance wire circuits of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company.

The new relations between the Telephone and the Telegraph Companies are to make use of inventions which are expected to eliminate to a large extent the necessity of parallel pole lines and wire circuits of the two companies.

No estimate of the probable economies of the scheme was made by Walter S. Gifford, president of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, but it is known that millions will be made.

UNCOVER CHICAGO PAYROLL GRAFT

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—Investigation of alleged padding of the city payroll was started by Assistant Attorney General Ferre Watkins here after he claimed to have discovered evidence said to indicate political hirelings were paid after they had terminated their polls employment.

Detectives had come to the home of Mrs. Lucretia Cruse to bring her before Watkins to explain why she was paid \$140 a month as a special investigator for corporation counsel Samuel Eitelson. Sounders attempted to prevent Mrs. Cruse from giving testimony.

Mrs. Cruse, it was charged, did nothing for her salary. "I was in the employ of the corporation counsel one month," Mrs. Cruse said in a sworn affidavit. "I went to the office several times and asked for work to do. When none was given to me I just stopped going to the office."

Peter Fiegel, another municipal employe, said he had worked for the city several months, but was discharged February 1. His name, it was said, had been carried on the payroll after his discharge.

ARREST NEW YORK BROKER Harold A. Chander, former New York broker, was yesterday arrested in Philadelphia on charges of grand larceny and forgery after his firm failed, owing more than \$175,000.

Tammany Politician Greets Olympic Team on Return to United States



While the Spartakiade, or workers' sport festival is taking place in Moscow the members of the American team are returning to America where Mayor James Walker of New York City greets them. The American Olympic team came rather bedraggled out of the contests this year so there is not a great deal of enthusiasm. Above Tammany's mayor congratulating Johnny Weismuller, swimming champ.

WORKERS CALENDAR

All announcements for this column must reach THE DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

Washington Economics Class. The weekly class in Elementary Marxian Economics of the Workers' Party, 12th St., N. Y., at 8 o'clock every Tuesday. Text books are in use. Non-Communists are invited.

Washington Leninist Class. The weekly class in Leninism of the Workers' School of Washington, D. C., meets at 8 o'clock every Tuesday at 817 13th St., N. W.

Daily Worker-Freihet Carnival. Philadelphia workers will hold a monster carnival for the Red Press, on August 26, at Maple Grove Park. Fine program, best speakers. Directions: Take No. 50 surface car and get off at Olney Ave.

Rockford League School Commencement. The Young Workers (Communist) League of Rockford, Ill., will hold the five weeks' training school here, with a commencement picnic to be held at Camp Hillcrest, Rockford, on Sunday, August 26. Fine program of speakers, sports, etc. Come one, come all workers.

Kenosha Miners' Relief Conference. The Workers (Communist) Party of America, Kenosha unit is calling a conference for miners' relief for August 26, at 8 p. m., at the Russian Hall, 1207 55th St.

Chicago Workers' Press Picnic. Build the workers' press by coming to the annual press picnic given by the joint press committees of the Workers (Communist) Party, to be held Sunday, August 26, at Chermuskas Grove, 75th and Archer Ave., Justice Park, Ill. Excellent program, barbecue, dancing. Directions: Take Archer-Cleary car to end of line. Then take suburban car to 75th St., Justice Park.

Pittsburgh Sacco-Vanzetti Memorial. There will be a Sacco-Vanzetti meeting in East Liberty, in the Carnegie Music Hall, Sunday, August 26, at 2 o'clock, daylight time. Good speakers from New York will address the gathering.

Seranton Party Picnic. The Workers (Communist) Party of America has arranged a picnic, to be held August 26 at Runo Farm, Hollow Ave. The committee is preparing a good program. There will be fine speakers.

Philadelphia Sacco-Vanzetti Meet. The International Labor Defense of Philadelphia will hold a memorial meeting for Sacco and Vanzetti on Friday, August 24, at the Labor Institute, 810 Locust Street. Max Fiedler, prominent Philadelphia speaker, Italian labor leader will address the meeting. The Young Pioneers have arranged a program.

Newark Labor Picnic. The United Workers Progressive Center of Newark will hold a picnic on Sunday, August 26, at Linwood Grove, on Lincoln Highway, between Stratton and Metuchen. Fine program has been arranged. Comrades in the vicinity are asked to co-operate to help make the picnic a success. Tickets 35 cents.

N. J. League Open-Air Meets. Newark—Every Thursday evening in Union Park, Springfield Ave. and 16th Ave. Paterson—Every Friday evening, corner Main and Bank Sts.

Concord Sacco-Vanzetti Meet. There will be a Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meeting held in Oak Hill, West Concord, New Haven, Saturday, August 25, at 8 p. m. Best speakers will address the meeting and a fine musical program has been arranged. Held under the auspices of the International Labor Defense.

Omaha Daily Worker Agency. The DAILY WORKER agency here is located in room 212 Crouse Block, 117 1/2 N. 16th St. Advertisements received and papers sold. Call at agency.

Cleveland Party Campaign. On Saturday, August 25, at 8 p. m., and Sunday, 9 a. m., all members of the Workers Party, members of the League, the Pioneers, and all other members of organizations sympathetic with the Workers (Communist) Party will meet at these respective sections to get tagging for the benefit of the Communist Party campaign fund.

Omaha Open-Air Meets. Open air meetings each Monday and Thursday evenings in Omaha at Jefferson Park and Thursday in Council Bluffs, Iowa, at the Post Office.

Omaha Workers School. Study class and discussion circle of Workers School meets on Friday evenings at 8 o'clock in room 212 Crouse Block, Omaha. Buckharin's "A B C of Communism" will be studied. The next class will be Friday, August 24. All workers invited.

Yorkville League Picnic. The Young Workers League of Yorkville, Ohio, will hold a picnic on Sunday, August 26. Other branches in this section have been invited to attend. The program will consist of speaking, dancing, games and refreshments.

Anthracite Party Campaign. September 1 will be a red letter day for the anthracite sub-district. Benjamin Ottlow will speak at a picnic and campaign rally at Sans Souci Park.

Philadelphia Campaign Picnic. The enlarged Foster-Gitlow campaign committee is running an election campaign picnic and rally at Schuetszen Park, 83rd and Tinicum Aves., on Labor Day, September 3. Gitlow, candidate for vice president,

TRADE OF USSR WITH AMERICA IN BIG INCREASE

Amtorg Tells of New Radio Agreement

An agreement calling for technical cooperation has been concluded between the Soviet State Electro-technical Trust of Weak Current Factories and the Radio Corporation of America, according to M. G. Gurevitch, acting chairman of the board of directors of the Amtorg Trading Corporation, 165 Broadway. The agreement provides for exchange of patent and engineering information in regard to various radio equipment. Technical assistance with reference to the manufacture of certain radio apparatus is also provided for in the agreement.

This is one of the most important of the several technical assistance agreements concluded between Soviet and American firms during the past two years. A contract providing for consultation and supervision of the Dniepropetrovsk power plant construction was made with Hugh L. Cooper and Co. The firm of Stuart, James and Cook was engaged to render technical assistance in connection with the opening of new coal mines in the Donetz and Moscow regions; Henry Freyn, Inc., are preparing projects for iron and steel mill construction, while Frank Chase and Co. and other American firms are rendering technical assistance in various branches of Soviet industry. Altogether 26 foreign firms have been engaged to give technical assistance to industries in the U. S. S. R. The present agreement, however, is the first concluded with an American manufacturing concern.

OPEN-AIR SACCO VANZETTI MEETS

Speakers of Workers Party Throat City

A large number of open air meetings throughout the city have been arranged by the agitprop department of the Workers (Communist) Party, District 2. "The Class Murder of Sacco and Vanzetti" will be the subject for the week. Speakers are urged to obtain bulletins at the agitprop department, Workers Center.

Today: 106th St. and Madison Ave. (Y. W. L.), Fishman. National Biscuit Co. Noon. Frankfield, Ross.

Bristol and Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn. Benjamin, Donaldson, Peer, Harris. Fifth Ave. and 110th St. Taft, Vera Bush, Huiswood, Lyons.

Varet and Graham, Brooklyn. Bimba, Burk, Schalk, Silber. Paterson, N. J. (3 Governor St.) Padmore, Matlin.

60th St. and 5th Ave., Brooklyn. (4th Ave. line, B-M. T.) Nessin, Magliacane, Lillienstein.

Market and Plaza, Newark, N. J. Stanley, Russak.

Saturday: First Ave. and 79th St. Auerbach, Primoff, Magliacane, McGill, Lustig.

West New York, N. J. (14th St. and Bergenline). Yusem, Harrison. Perth Amboy, N. J. Sherman, Freiman.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y. Wright, Welch. Elizabeth, N. J. (Union Square) R. B. Moore, Burke.

Osborn and Dumont, Brooklyn. B. Lifshitz, Rosemond, Ed Welsh, Julius Cohen.

International Handkerchief Factory, 137th St. and Willow Ave. Noon. Baum and Y. W. L.

Sunday: Bath Beach (48 Bay 28th St., Brooklyn). 2 p. m. B. Miller.

POLICEMAN DRUNK. Policeman Frank T. Gettesser was suspended, charged with reckless driving, intoxication and transportation of liquor yesterday after the automobile he was driving while drunk collided with the auto of Irving Nober, who sustained cuts and bruises as a result of the crash.

Los Angeles, Calif. DR. M. KOMPANIEZ DENTIST 2630 1/2 Brooklyn Ave. Cor. Mott St. Open Evenings 7th 9 P. M. Phone: Angelus 9057

Save this copy of the Daily for one of the 40,000 traction workers.

DON'T READ

Los Angeles, Cal.

Workers Press Picnic

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1928 WHITING WOODS MONTROSE, CALIFORNIA

Including round trip, 50c

Directions: By auto, San Fernando Road to Verdugo Road to Montrose City. To Picnic Park. Buses leave 9 a. m. and 11 a. m. Co-operative Center, 2709 Brooklyn Ave. and Party Headquarters, 122 W. 3rd St. Return from picnic grounds, 5:30 and 6:30 p. m.

GREAT WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA PICNIC and DANCE

For Relief and Defense of the Miners and Families Labor Day, Monday, September 3 GAMMON'S WILDWOOD GROVE

MUSIC—DANCING—SINGING—ELABORATE SPORTS PROGRAM—PRIZES

National Speakers From Four Corners of the U. S. A. REFRESHMENTS (Everything to Eat, Drink, and Be Merry)

Admission, 50c

Joint Auxiliaries: National Miners' Relief Committee and International Labor Defense. Directions: Butler Short Line Car (20 minutes ride); B. & O. R. R. to Wildwood Station and walk. Auto: Follow Route No. 8 to Wildwood Picnic Ground.

No Aid From A. F. L.; Silk Workers Lose Strike Against Cut

PETERSBURG, Va., Aug. 23 (FP).—Unorganized, 200 artificial silk workers of the 20th Century Rayon Textiles Co. were beaten back into the mill after a six-day strike.

"It seems that the unions have forgotten us," Robert Meyers, strike leader, said. "Everything was against us. We had no union and the local press lied about us or refrained from informing the public."

"I asked the reporter why he didn't give us more publicity. He told me that the chamber of commerce doesn't want anything said about the strike, because it might drive new industries away."

The walkout followed a wage dispute. Toward the end of May wages were cut from 33 to 30 cents an hour, but employees were promised the old rate as soon as business revived. Supt. J. H. Caldwell refused to keep his promise and a spontaneous strike resulted among operatives who never before had participated in such a movement.

FRENCH, BRITISH FORCE CRISIS IN BULGAR CABINET

Demand Macedonian Movement Crushed

VIENNA, Aug. 22 (UP).—Seventy members of the government party in the Bulgarian parliament have protested to Premier Liapcheff against the resignation of War Minister Vulkov, a dispatch from Sofia said. They claimed Foreign Minister Buroff forced Vulkov to resign because he was accused of complicity in the present revolutionary activity in Macedonia, against which France and Britain have warned Bulgaria.

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Aug. 22.—The cabinet crisis caused by the resignation of A. Buroff, foreign minister, and two other members yesterday, following the arrival of a note from the French and British governments through their representatives here demanding that the Macedonian autonomy movement be suppressed, was brought to a point today by the resignation of the war minister, Vulkov.

When Buroff resigned yesterday he gave as his reason that the inability of the Bulgarian government to meet the demands of Britain and France was due to the complicity of the war minister in the Macedonian movement.

War Minister Vulkov has also been charged by the former premier, Zankoff, of receiving bribes from those interests in the Macedonian border section who would like to see a Macedonia separate from the British and French controlled Bulgaria.

The request is being sent in response to a telegram from citizens of Rockford, Ill., asking that the government do everything in its power to locate Hassell and Cramer.

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SCHUETZEN PARK

83rd and Tinicum Ave. Philadelphia, Pa. Beautiful nature spot. Splendid picnic ground with a dance hall of 1,000 capacity. Will accommodate any labor organization. DIRECTIONS: Take trolley car south-bound to Moyamensing Ave., then Southwestern car going westward. Also Subway line No. 37.

CHICAGO PLAYHOUSE

410 So. Michigan Blvd. Week of August 19 to 25 RAQUEL MELLER in Her Best Film "The Imperial Tempress" THIS FILM RAN FOR TWO SOLID YEARS IN PARIS

PHILADELPHIA, PA. CARNIVAL

Daily Worker Freiheit Sunday, Aug. 26 Maple Grove Park

The Freiheit Soccer Team of Greater New York Will Play

PHILADELPHIA HAS NEVER SEEN THIS BEFORE!

CONNECTICUT IN MILL AID WORK

W. I. R. Installs Strike Relief Machinery

HARTFORD, Conn., Aug. 23.—Although newly formed, the Workers International Relief section in Connecticut already announces several undertakings that will raise funds for the relief of New Bedford's textile strikers.

A mass meeting, the first activity undertaken by the newly formed W. I. R. Textile Relief of Hartford will be held Friday evening, August 24, 1928, at the Labor Educational Alliance, 2003 Main St., Hartford, Conn., according to Jeannette D. Pearl, field organizer for the W. I. R. Textile Relief. Hartford is planning a series of activities for the benefit of the textile strikers. Towns in Connecticut are called upon to fall in line and communicate with the organizer in the interest of textile relief.

Albert Weisbord, national secretary of the Textile Mill Committees, will be the principal speaker at the meeting in the interest of the New Bedford textile strikers.

New Haven: Volunteers are needed for the New Bedford strikers' tag day. All interested to help the strikers are urged to call all day Saturday, August 25, 1928, at 27 Congress Ave., New Haven. Attention of New Haven and vicinity.

New Haven: The first Connecticut state conference for textile relief will be held Saturday, 7:30 p. m., at 38 Howe St., New Haven, Conn. A conference call was sent out to 500 organizations and the prospects of building a strong W. I. R. Textile Relief organization is every promising, was given out by the field organizer, Jeannette D. Pearl, who urges organizations, societies, clubs, etc., to either elect or appoint delegates for that conference to give substantial relief to the strikers. Albert Weisbord is expected to address the conference.

SOVIET UNION TO MAINTAIN SEARCH

Bolsheviks Send Ship for Amundsen

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Aug. 23.—"The duty of human solidarity obligates the Soviet expedition to continue its search no matter how small are the chances of saving the missing men," the Soviet Rescue Commission said in a statement today, announcing its determination to continue the search in the Arctic for Amundsen and the missing members of the Italia crew.

In spite of the doubt expressed in the foreign press that the seven men marooned in the Arctic are still alive, the Soviet Commission has ordered the Krassin, Soviet icebreaker, and the aviator Chukhovsky, to continue the search.

The Krassin will leave from the Norway port as soon as repairs, necessitated by its arduous trip through the ice, have been completed.

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Introduction by Robert Minor

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Central Organ of the Workers (Communist) Party

Published by NATIONAL DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING ASS'N, Inc., Daily, Except Sunday

26-28 Union Square, New York, N. Y. Cable Address: "Daiwork" Phone, Stuyvesant 1696-7-3

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Editor: ROBERT MINOR Assistant Editor: WM. F. DUNNE

Entered as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

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For President WILLIAM Z. FOSTER For Vice-President BENJAMIN GITLOW



WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!

For the Workers!

Against the Capitalists!

The Reconciliation of the Socialist Party With Gumshoe Pete

W. E. Woodward, novelist, author of "Bunk," of a biography of George Washington and one of General Grant, has made a contribution toward clarifying the recent shift of the socialist party from the extreme right to the ultra-extreme right, the elimination of all reference to the class struggle from its constitution and the general adjustment of that party's formal front to its actual front of warfare against the working class for the preservation of the capitalist system.

Mr. Woodward has announced that he is "a socialist of the deepest dye"—then he explains why and when he got the deepest shade of the saffron socialist dye upon his clothes. The explanation comes in the text of a letter written by him to a select number of artists and writers to ask their support of the Reverend Norman Thomas for president. Such a vote, says he, "will help to make American politics more realistic," and will "help lay the foundation for a powerful party of progress and social justice." Nothing about the working class of course. It is a small American echo of Ramsay MacDonald's recent declaration that the British socialist-democrats constitute, not a class party, but a party of intellectuals.

That sufficiently explains why Mr. Woodward joins himself to the socialist party. But the greatest significance is to be found in his explanation on the point of the time of his joining. For Mr. Woodward makes plain that he would not have joined the socialist party in any previous period, but only now because of the changes that time has wrought.

Let Woodward speak for himself:

"Ten years ago it might have been embarrassing for me to have urged anyone to serve on a committee for socialist candidates. Names of those affiliated would have been on the blacklists and Gumshoe Pete from Washington would have had his accusing eye on one's window."

In other words, ten years ago the Ruthenbergs and Gitlows and John Reeds were in the socialist party; there was class struggle still expressed in a portion of the conglomerate group that was then the socialist party; there was still a connection with revolutionary workers; there was danger; there was Debs in prison, with Ruthenberg and Gitlow and hundreds of others soon to go for long terms; Palmer raids on left wing socialist party members—all of this was still connected with the socialist party ten years ago, and it would not do at all for a respectable gentleman like Mr. Woodward (or the Reverend Thomas, then preaching the gospel of Jesus to the fashionable Brick Presbyterian church) to have anything to do with that.

Since then the flames of struggle have separated the revolutionary elements of the socialist party of that day from the yellow dross which is the socialist party today. The socialist party has sunk to the level of contempt for the working class, and the gumshoe men of Washington smile upon it since it has ceased to be of the working class and has begun its role of open strikebreaking and belligerent support of the capitalist system.

In 1918 Mr. Woodward could not possibly have been a member of the same party with Ruthenberg, and with the Debs who declared himself a "Bolshevik" and took ten years' sentence to Atlanta prison.

"But all that has long ago been laughed to death," continues Mr. Woodward. "I am not only a supporter in this campaign of Thomas and Maurer, but I am a socialist of the deepest dye. I am one of those optimists who believe that humanity is capable of getting rid of wolfish greed and dirt and poverty and war. Yet my books are read in the most respectable homes. Even members of the stock exchange write me nice admiring letters."

And "Comrade" Woodward now will find pleasant diversion in preaching down at the working class that "humanity" (capitalist society) "is capable of getting rid of wolfish greed and dirt and poverty"; and by preaching that capitalist "humanity can get rid of war," he will be very useful and "respectable" to the same imperialists who are preparing feverishly for the coming world war, and who need the Kelloggs and also the Reverend Thomases and the Woodwards to flim-flam the working class with illusions that there is to be no war. Mr. Woodward adds his voice to the chorus of Hillquits, Bergers and Boncours who chant in unison that it is not necessary to overthrow the capitalist system.

"Gumshoe Pete from Washington" will not bother you, Mr. Woodward; he will be ready at all times to cooperate with you while revolutionary workers struggle and starve, go to jail, and fight to transform the next "War to End War" into a revolutionary struggle for the establishment of the rule of the only class that can and will abolish capitalist greed and poverty and war.

Mr. Woodward, shake hands with Mr. Gumshoe Pete; you're in the socialist party now.

Japan's Stronghold on Shantung

By M. L.

THE reactionary government of Japan has sent tens of thousands more soldiers to China and occupied the whole of the province of Shantung, taken over the railway line Tientsin-Tsinan and occupied the nearby mines and other industrial undertakings. The army operating in Manchuria is growing increasingly and a new expedition has been set up along the frontier of Korea and Manchuria. In Tientsin strong Japanese military forces are "protecting the town" and for this reason they have occupied the greater part of it. Japanese military planes have made military demonstrations over the town.

That is no simple intervention, but open war against the Chinese people. The Kuomintang, under its reactionary leaders, does not even think of offering any serious resistance to these Japanese imperialist encroachments, but has even subordinated itself to the imperialists. The "appeals" and "protests" of the Kuomintang have no real weight. The Kuomintang in its present composition has ceased to be a danger to the imperialists. The Japanese interventionists know his as well as anyone. The Japanese are sending continual reinforcements to Manchuria and other parts of North China and declare quite openly that Manchuria is a Japanese possession and that anyone who talks of taking up a threatening position towards the dominance of Japan in Manchuria must be deposed.

Position Strengthened.

At the same time the Japanese imperialists are using every possible intrigue to strengthen their position. They are ready to use any and every Chinese general for their purpose and are negotiating with Feng Yu-shiang and Yen Si-shang with this aim in view.

In his speech at the opening of the Japanese parliament, the prime minister and Foreign Minister Tanaka declared that Japan had a "great mission" in the far east. This "great mission" of course is nothing but the maintenance of Japanese hegemony in China by the oppression of the Chinese people, the destruction of the revolution and the annihilation of the "Red danger." One can trust the government of Tanaka to do all in its power to be true to this "great mission."

Its Fight With Britain.

When the great revolution threatened chiefly the positions of the British during the advance of the Canton army against the north, Japan did everything in its power to exploit the situation in order to take over the positions of the British. This was the time of the diplomacy of Shidekharas, or the period of the economic penetration of China. At that time Japan was unwilling to co-operate with Great Britain openly. The concern Mitsubishi, whose political representative was the ruling party of the day, the Kenseikai (at present Minseito) had not so much in the pool as the concern Nitsui, the backer of the present governmental party Seiyunkai. Further, the smaller merchants who made considerable profits out of the

temporary flourishing of trade with China were on the whole against an intervention. When, however, the revolution extended to the valley of the Yangtze and the national-revolutionary troops occupied Shanghai, the Japanese capitalists began to cry for help. Then the government of Tanaka, supported by all the reactionary forces of Japan, came forward with its open policy of aggression. Strong forces were sent to China and Chiang Kai-shek was bribed. The directorial boards of five of the most important large scale banks openly welcomed this "positive" course. Before the so-called eastern conference, which was initiated by the government of Tanaka, the executive power in Southern Manchuria was divided amongst three persons, the administrative chief of the South Manchurian Railway, the general consul in Mukden and the general governor of Kwangtung. The Tanaka government concentrated all power in the hands of the administrative chief of the South Manchurian Railway and Yamamoto, an agent of the Mitsui concern, was appointed to take over this post.

(To Be Continued.)

Nothing can now keep the Pullman porters from striking! After being endorsed by several religious organizations, one or two insurance societies; after having their recent strike sabotaged by William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, the climax came yesterday when the organization received an endorsement from a Negro employers' association.

SACCO AND VANZETTI ARE NOT FORGOTTEN!

By Fred Ellis



Told You So

THERE is a rather healthy rebellion in the ranks of the social-democratic party of Germany over the action of the socialist ministers of the Imperial Republic in approving the outlay of \$20,000,000 for cruisers. Prior to the elections, the socialists promised to "outlaw" war and devote the money that their capitalist political opponents would spend on war preparations on welfare work and unemployment. The fact is that the social-democratic party of Germany stands for imperialism as firmly as the most extreme fascist group.

THOSE who have followed the actions of the British Labor Party ministers when MacDonald was premier will not be surprised that the German socialists favor building a big navy to protect the interests of German imperialism. MacDonald sanctioned the building of five new cruisers and there was little more than a peep of protest from the liberals and pacifists in England and other countries, the very people who howl because the working-class government of the Soviet Union maintains a powerful proletarian military and naval force for the defense of the revolution.

ADVICES from Berlin indicate that the masses of the social-democratic party have been aroused to action by this fresh act of treachery of their leaders. Several meetings of socialist workers were held at which motions demanding the resignation of the socialist ministry were passed. This is a good sign. There is no hope for a successful struggle against capitalism in any European country until the masses break away from the socialists and join the Communist Party.

ACCORDING to a headline, Prince Charles of Belgium is the working people's pet. The prince likes to drive an engine, work in railroad shops and coal mines and tinker with motor cars. This should more than compensate the Belgian working-class for any discomforts they may suffer from having to keep this member of a parasite brood in luxury.

Tom O'Flaherty

CAMPAIGN CORNER

A second order for "Vote Communist" stamps has been received from Baltimore. The first ten books ordered have been quickly disposed of, and the present order is expected to last only a few days. Preparations are going forward to make the rally and picnic on Labor Day, when Benjamin Gitlow will speak, the biggest affair of the kind since the war. Scores of workers' organizations are co-operating in the arrangements of this huge affair. All eyes in the Quaker City are turned toward Schuetzen Grove, where this rally will be held.

Edward McCormack of Denver mailed a letter to Comrade George Saul, the hustling Rocky Mountain organizer, with a Vote Communist stamp pasted where the stamp of Morgan's uncle is supposed to be. It was returned marked "unmailable." Uncle is particular. He probably thinks that Benjamin Franklin is a better looking man than Benjamin Gitlow. He certainly has more hair on his head than Gitlow and Foster combined.

There is enough news of New York activities to fill several campaign corners. Rebecca Grecht, the campaign manager, and Lawrence Ross, the district publicity man, are nifty with tongue and typewriter, so there is much activity among the comrades in the Empire State and much talking and writing about it. Signatures are coming in in big bundles, and the workers and poor farmers of the wealthiest state in the union will have an opportunity to mark their ballots for William F. Dunne for governor, Robert Minor for United States senator, and the smaller (though not less worthy) fry on the state ticket. More about New York in another "corner."

"Funds, funds and more funds," to paraphrase Danton or darned near it in the absence of the correct quotation. Funds and tens are now pouring in on contributions, blanks. New states are going on the ballot every week now, or the Communist ticket is going on the ballot in new states every week. It's all the same either way. Action brings more action and money. The campaign is now beginning to hit its stride. The dog days are rapidly going to the dogs, and with the approach of bearable weather the morale of the comrades is due for a rise. Never mind if the Gulf Stream switched its course and changed the climate. We'll restore the status quo after the revolution. In the meantime, make the shekels fly this way. Remember what Hearst wired his correspondent in Cuba before the Spanish War: "You give us the news, and we will give you the war." Comrades and sympathizers: "You give us the money, and we will give you the campaign"—and a peppy one at that. Forward your contributions at once to the National Election Campaign Committee, 43 E. 125th St., New York City. Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer.

Mill Workers Must Build Union

By ALBERT WEISBORD

Textile workers throughout the country are looking with eager eyes toward the coming convention called for September 22-23 in New York City by the National Textile Mills Committee. They see in this convention the first step toward the organization of a new union for the textile industry which will fight to lift the workers out of their present wretched condition of long hours, speed-up and wage-cuts.

From Maine to Alabama the textile workers are sweating in a misery which can scarcely be surpassed in any other industry. Whether it be in cotton, in silk or in wool manufacture, whether in the dye works of Paterson or in the knitting mills of New York City, whether in the carpet mills of Philadelphia or in the silk throwing mills in the anthracite, everywhere the wage slaves in all branches of this big and important industry are seeing a worsening of their conditions.

Hours are growing longer than ever. The Massachusetts textile

Look Forward to Big Convention in New York Sept. 22-23

barons through their lobby in the legislature are planning to wipe out the 48-hour week. In Rhode Island, Maine and other parts of New England the hours run from 54 up. In South Carolina women are slaving as many as 60 hours a week. Not only are the hours longer than they were a few years ago, but the quantity of production the workers are forced to turn out is greater than ever. The number of machines to be tended is doubled, tripled and even more. Machinery is run at a higher speed. The life and heart eaten out of the worker in a nerve-racking grind.

Wages in textile mills have always been low. It is the lowest paid of any big industry. On top of average wages of about \$17 a week, which is all the textile workers can

vast masses of the one million unorganized textile workers it has never attempted to reach.

The call for a new union comes like a beacon of hope to all those who are suffering in the textile hells. With a militant leadership, the same leadership that conducted the splendid fight made by the woolen workers in Passaic two years ago and is now in charge of the spirited battle being put up in New Bedford and Fall River, with such a leadership the workers feel confident that their ranks will be organized and mobilized for struggle.

The National Textile Mills Committee calls upon all unorganized and organized textile workers everywhere to communicate with the National Secretary, Albert Weisbord, at 96 Fifth Ave., Room 311, New York City, sending in names and addresses of all those interested in the national convention. The convention is called for Sept. 22 and 23 at Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Place, New York City.

Rob Injured Children of Compensation

By W. J. WHITE

Pennsylvania is noted for its brutality to workers. No state in the entire United States is more callous to the needs and miseries of its wealth producers. This arises from the fact that Pennsylvania is one of the most productive of the states and that its productivity has passed into the hands of a few mighty oligarchs, who, in their race for the surplus wealth produced by the workers, have thrown other considerations to the winds.

Children in Mills and Factories.

In the competition for mass production and a cheapening of the articles produced in the mills and factories of the state, notwithstanding that there is a child labor law in the state, many young boys and girls are employed in the many dangerous occupations where machinery of the most massive and dangerous type is used. Thousands of these young workers are forced, through the poverty of their parents, to lie outright and falsify their age when they apply at the mill or factory for work. Where these young workers have been employed, under such circumstances, the supreme court of the state has placed itself on record against the children and in favor of the employers.

Record of Capitalist Courts.

In 1927 there were investigated by the Bureau of Women and Children's Department of the Compensation Board, 515 cases of accidents to children under this illegal employment. This represents 12 per cent of the total accidents in the state. Out of these, 258 were denied compensation, which represents 50 per cent of the cases investigated by the bureau under a special investigator.

This means that one half of those injured whose cases were investigated could not get any compensation when they went into the courts and sued the employer. The supreme court of the state denied them compensation.

Some idea of the productive capacity of Greater Pittsburgh and the number of men, women and children it employs can be imparted by re-

Percentage of Accidents in Pennsylvania High; Courts are Harsh

counting some of the products of this industrial area.

Record Production. The production of pig iron is greater in the Pittsburgh area than in any country of Europe. Its production of this basic product is one-tenth of the world total and one-fifth of the United States total. In money values it represents \$200,000,000. The pig iron industry employs 7,000 people and has a payroll of \$13,500,000 annually. It has a greater payroll than the total payroll of Arizona, New Mexico, Nevada, North Dakota and South Dakota combined. Its 57 blast furnaces represent 13 per cent of the blast furnace capacity of the United States. All of these represent an outlay of \$13,000,000. Notice that the production sells for \$70,000,000

more than the invested capital annually. The production of this pig metal uses up 28,500,000 tons of iron ore, limestone, coke, and other raw materials. This represents 600,000 railroad cars of material, which, if placed end to end, would reach for a distance of 4,500 miles.

In steel, Greater Pittsburgh outdistances all other cities in the country. No other city can even compare with it. Its production of this commodity is 25 per cent of the entire country. It gives employment to more than 100,000 workers and the annual payroll is \$200,000,000. The value of the product when marketed is more than \$750,000,000, and of this many millions are profits produced by the workers for the Thawes, Morgans and Mellons for nothing.

THE REVEREND THOMAS FIZZLES IN OMAHA

(By Special Correspondent)

OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 16 (By Mail).—Norman Thomas and his socialist followers failed last night in their attempt to hold a big mass convention of 500 voters as is required by the state election laws to place their party ticket on the ballot in Nebraska.

For three weeks it had been advertised that Thomas would speak at the meeting and thousands of leaflets had been distributed in hopes of inducing a few hundred workers to attend the meeting. Only about three hundred came to the meeting and they were given leaflets at the door by several class-conscious workers exposing the socialist party as an enemy of the working class.

Norman's followers became indignant when they discovered the nature of the leaflet and started grabbing them from the hands of the persons

who received them before they had time to read even the first line. One lady got so peeved over this that she demanded that she be given another and Norman's henchman very meekly got one and handed it to her. He quickly got the police and chased the workers away, but they had already passed out about 200 of the dodgers.

Workers Leave Hall.

Before Thomas spoke August Claessens of New York announced that the meeting was in reality a convention and that at the conclusion of the presidential candidates' speech all who were socialists or believed in what Norman was about to say should remain and take part in the convention. Almost the entire audience walked out when Thomas finished speaking. The chairman yelled frantically for them to remain but only about fifty did so.

Greater Pittsburgh steel works annually produce eleven and one-half million tons of steel in gots and castings, which is about 25 per cent of the country's production and 15 per cent of the output of the entire world.

Greater Pittsburgh's steel works and rolling mills, annually produce nine and one-half million tons of finished steel rolled products and forgings, which sell on the world's markets for more than 500 million of dollars, and not one state in the entire country can meet or excel this record, except the state of Pennsylvania.

Pittsburgh has one hundred and one steel works and rolling mills within its confines and all of them together have a grand capacity of fifteen millions of tons of steel annually.

Steel, Coal, Railroads and Oil.

In these mills and factories young and ill-paid workers toil side by side with their parents. In the deadly heat and exhausting labor they can be found risking their lives amid the most massive and dangerous machinery. Not a day passes but a toll of injury and death is exacted from the young and inexperienced in life and limb. Yet when they go into court for compensation they are met with the barbarous maxim of the common law of England, "That they do not come into court with clean hands"—that is, that by under-stating their age become partners to an illegal contract and can not recover.

Coal and Railroads Take Their Toll.

In coal and on the railroads the percentage of accidents is even higher. In the coal mines, especially now that they are, in many cases, filled with inexperienced strikebreakers and scabs, the death toll is very high. The risk of the average railroader is the highest, or among the highest, in all industry and in these the young workers pay the debt to "rationalization" and the speed-up of greed. Yet when it comes to getting pay for their injuries, here also the mandate of the owned and paid-for courts stand as a bulwark to defend the interests of those who profit from things as they are.