

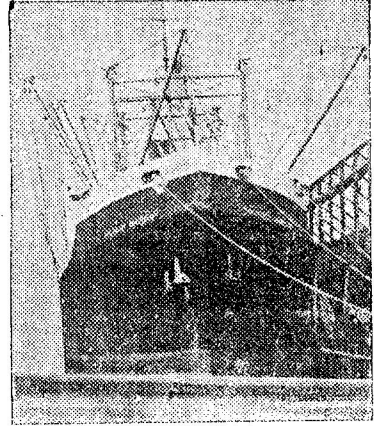
\$10,000 NEEDED AT ONCE IN DAILY WORKER CRISIS

FALL OF PEKING NEAR AS CHANG EVACUATES CITY

Japanese, American Troops On Watch

SHANGHAI, June 3.—With a Nationalist army reported to be 500,000 strong advancing on the city and with the northern war-lord, Chang Tso-lin in full flight for his Mukden stronghold, it is expected that Peking will be in the hands of the southern war-lord, Chiang Kai-shek, within a few days.

Seamen Drown in Crash



Nine members of the crew of the liner Kershaw were lost off the Massachusetts coast when the vessel collided with the S. S. President Garfield (above). Seamen are among the lowest paid workers.

MENDOLA FACES MURDER CHARGE

Trial Follows Case of Sam Bonita

(Special to the Daily Worker)

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., June 3.—Steve Mendola of Local Union 1703 is on trial and being framed up for the murder of Frank Agati. Already Sam Bonita, the militant leader of Local Union 1703, and its president, has been railroaded to the Eastern Penitentiary.

FIND TORTURER IS "INNOCENT"

Indo-French Officials Crippled Natives

MANILA, June 3.—The investigation of the case of the French colonial official, Durupt, in Indo-China has resulted in a complete justification of all his acts, according to reports from Hanoi.

In spite of the findings of the investigators, which revealed that Durupt had used the most frightful methods in trying to extort confessions of guilt from innocent natives the investigators freed him.

Twisting limbs until the ligaments snap, tearing teeth out of the gums are only two of the ingenious practices which Durupt devised for the torture of natives. The witness against Durupt looked like an assemblage of cripples with warped arms and legs and toothless heads.

FASCIST VICTIM IS LUNATIC NOW

Blackshirt Tortures Drove Him Insane

VIENNA, June 3.—First reports of the trial of the Communists by the fascist tribunal at Rome, which are now leaking thru the Italian censorship, reveal that during the time of their imprisonment the accused had no opportunity to make a statement of their innocence nor were they informed of the reason for their detention.

The prosecution further opposed the motion of the defense that Azzario be sent to an insane asylum as a madman but the court was compelled to uphold the defense in this point also.

Azzario was arrested in 1927 when he was the representative of Panama to the Red International of Trade Unions. He was deported from southern Italy but landed again at Genoa. Azzario was in good health at the time he arrived in Italy but the terrible tortures which he underwent in prison caused him to lose his reason.

CLOAK CHAIRMEN MEETING IN N. Y.

Conference Opens New Era of Struggle

A turning point of historic significance in the struggles of the needle trades workers against their betrayers and bosses was reached when the conference of shop delegates, representing thousands of cloak and dress makers, concluded its all day session at Webster Hall Saturday evening.

The closing of the highly enthusiastic conference officially launches the drive of the workers in the ladies' garment industry to regain bearable living standards by the rebuilding of a union which was smashed by the attacks of the socialist officialdom, the bosses and police.

Action Started.

Permanent machinery for the prosecution of this campaign in New York began their respective functions soon after election of workers' shop delegates. They include: a committee of executives called the Shop Council, composed of representatives from the Joint Board, the Tolerance Group and from the Chairmen's Committee of 50; a Resolutions Committee of 11; a Press and Propaganda Committee of 9; and an Organization Committee of 11, whose first task is to set up an organization committee of 500 rank and files.

The conference was held in answer to the call of the National Organization Committee, which is rallying the cloak and dressmakers thruout the country to a struggle against the Sigman-Schlesinger clique for the reconstruction of a union in the industry.

Approximately eleven hundred shop representatives, representing about 800 cloak and dress manufacturing shops, according to an early report by the credentials committee, participated in the proceedings with an enthusiasm seldom equalled in the union's history. The delegates came from registered and unregistered shops, from organized as well as open shops. Even shops of leaders of the Industrial Council, which is the bosses' association lending the great-

TO OUR READERS!

COMRADES:

As we regretfully announced in Saturday's issue, The DAILY WORKER will cease publication within the next few days unless the workers and sympathizers with the workers' cause who read the DAILY WORKER come to its rescue with very generous support.

As we told you frankly, we are faced with an ultimatum under the terms of which \$10,000 must be raised before June 16, and \$5,000 of this must be obtained during this week, before Saturday, June 9. These terms are impossible to meet from any resources within reach of The DAILY WORKER. The paper must cease publication unless this money can be obtained from its readers.

The danger is that you will not understand this urgent need until it is too late. Last Friday at three o'clock in the afternoon, the shop was scheduled to close, stopping the publication of Saturday's paper. We obtained three hours' grace—an extension of the time limit until six o'clock. At five-thirty a friend came to the rescue with \$1,000. With this it was possible to make an arrangement with creditors which kept the doors open until Monday, so that this issue of the paper could be gotten out. On this Monday morning we are awaiting telegraphic and airmail answers to our appeal. If they don't come, we know that we shall have to close.

We are not going to close if it can be made physically possible to keep on. We will fight and go hungry as long as we can get a line of type set. We know that the Workers (Communist) Party, of which we, The DAILY WORKER, are the central organ, needs us now more than ever before. The greatest political campaign ever undertaken in the United States was launched by the National Nominating Convention of our Party which put Foster and Gitlow into the field as candidates for president and vice-president. This revolutionary campaign in the capitalist "democratic" election marks an epoch in the history of the American working class and a turning point in the life of our revolutionary Party. We don't want to go down just at this of all times. We know that our Party depends upon The DAILY WORKER now more than upon anything else to make a struggle to advance our cause.

We won't quit as long as you give us a chance. But make it quick. We are sinking. The conditions are: \$10,000 must be obtained before June 16. But at least half of this must be obtained THIS WEEK, before Saturday, June 9. Otherwise there will be no more DAILY WORKER after that June 9. It may be necessary to reduce the size of The DAILY WORKER to four pages immediately unless the financial help comes in very rapidly in the next day or two.

But we will fight on and win if you will help generously and quickly. Address DAILY WORKER, 33 First St., New York.

—THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.

Capitol Cops Out for 'Reds'

WASHINGTON, June 3.—The police authorities of this city are again having bad dreams. Supt. Hesse has just ordered his sleuths to be on the lookout for all "persons who have placed placards opposing the citizens' military training camps in some of the local schools.

S. I. CARMEN VOTE TO STRIKE TODAY

Demanding an increase of ten cents an hour over the present scale, several hundred trolley workers are expected to go on strike this morning on Staten Island. A strike vote taken late Saturday night resulted in a practically unanimous decision for an immediate walk-out.

8 Jersey Job Holders in Jam

ELIZABETH, N. J., June 3.—Bribery, conspiracy, misfeasance in office—these are but a few of the varieties of indictments against five councilmen of Liden, four men connected with the administration and two other city officials.

RICH TOBACCO COLLEGE FIGHTS LABOR

Magnate's School to Train Political and Industrial Bosses

DURHAM, N. C., June 3.—Wages have been lopped from 25 to 50 per cent on the campus of Duke University since the building trades unions were ousted last fall. A survey by the Durham Central Labor Union tells what the open shop plan is doing in the construction of the most richly endowed school in the United States.

Unqualified men cause accidents on the job. Only the other day a dynamite foreman overcharged and a reserve supply went off, tearing down a concrete wall 100 feet high, 21 inches thick and 20 feet long at its highest point.

his father, a discharged Confederate soldier. Using the new cigarette machines of the 80s, the family became enormously rich, and in 1890 Duke combined some of his tobacco duties into the American Tobacco Co. Later his wealth flowed into hydroelectric development in the south and in Canada and today the Duke Power Co., through its subsidiary, Southern Power Co., drives the spindles of 300 cotton mills in the Carolinas. The Dukess are heavy

Militant Negro Miner



George W. Hawkins, one of the thousands of Negro miners who for over a year have been conducting a militant fight against the coal barons and their allies in the Lewis machine is shown in the picture. Hawkins is now in New York City where he will plead for relief for the struggling Negro and white mine strikers thruout the coal fields.

MILL COMMITTEE IN SPECIAL CALL FOR NEW MEMBERS

Start Drive As A F of L Union Stops Dole

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 3.—A special proclamation to all the members of the New Bedford Textile Council of the United Textile Workers' Union, is about to be issued by the Textile Mills Committee, a DAILY WORKER representative was told yesterday. The proclamation will call upon them to join the Mills Committee along with the thousands of unskilled and semi-skilled workers who have signed up with that organization since the strike of 28,000 textile operators began more than 7 weeks ago. The Textile Council membership consists of about 6,000 skilled workers.

Funds Exhausted. Although the membership drive conducted by the T. M. C. in New Bedford also included a campaign to enroll the council members, this special call is forthcoming, it was learned, because of the announcement made by the officialdom of the Textile Council that the distribution relief does to the union members will be stopped due to exhausted funds. The Loom Fixers' local declared that the last benefit payment of \$4 to a family was made last Saturday, and that further payments for the strike's duration are not to be made. The other locals may end benefits by

N. Y. COMMUNIST MEET OPENS SOON

Nominations to be Made For All Offices

Up-state delegates from every section of New York State will arrive here next Saturday for the State Nominating Convention of The Workers (Communist) Party which opens Sunday, June 10. The Convention, which will elect gubernatorial and senatorial candidates in the 1928 election, will meet at 10 a. m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square. Delegates will be elected from Workers Party locals as well as fraternal delegates from shops, unions, and labor and farmer organizations. Large Representation.

CROP OUTLOOK GOOD IN U.S.S.R.

Will Draw Peasants Into Farm Plans

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R. (By Mail).—The spring field work in the Soviet Union has been somewhat delayed in view of the late spring. The spring is from two to three weeks late and in some places even four weeks. Owing to the slow melting of snow, considerable quantities of moisture have accumulated. This is very important, especially for the districts suffering from droughts. On the whole, according to the People's Commissariat for Agriculture, the state of the spring crops is satisfactory.

INDICTED MINERS ARE DISCHARGED

Mine Justice Admits It Was Illegal

(Special to the Daily Worker) ST. CLAIRSVILLE, Ohio (By mail).—Seventy-five striking miners, indicted on charges of rioting as the result of attacks on picket lines made by Belmont county police authorities and mine guards, will never be brought to trial, the National Miners' Relief Committee was informed yesterday.

The indictments pending against the pickets were quashed in common pleas court here yesterday on the request of County Prosecutor Paul Waddell. In making his request the country attorney said frankly that he did not believe that "The charges could be sustained in most instances." Waddell is the same gentleman who, in reflecting on the abrogation of all civil rights in Belmont county, declared: "We have had to forget what we were taught in school about rights."

None of the 51 women pickets arrested in St. Clairsville April 21 were included in the set of charges set aside at Waddell's request. None of the 51 women had ever been indicted and it is assumed that the county authorities will not press the cases against the women demonstrators.

FASCIST MURDER JAILED MILITANT

Case Like That of Sozzi; Plan Protest

ROME, June 3.—Carlo Riva, whose murder in the prison of Genoa has now been established, suffered a fate similar to that of Ruota in the same prison, a week or two previously and of the well-known victims Sozzi and Sanvito. The same report—that he had committed suicide in his cell—was given out, but, as in the previous cases, the body was refused to his relatives and was buried secretly with a strong

Czech Police Attack Workers with Guns

PRAGUE, (By Mail).—Scores of workers and peasants were injured and many were arrested, including the editor of the Communist Rude Pravo, during May Day demonstrations in the hinterland of Czecho-Slovakia when the police attacked the demonstrators with gun-butts and bayonets.

The DAILY WORKER regrets its inability to supply the full six pages of matter today. Facing the danger of immediate suspension, which can be avoided only if the comrades and sympathizers send us financial help in the quickest possible time, we may be compelled to reduce the size of The DAILY WORKER to four pages tomorrow. Sorry, but we are in the fight for the life of the only revolutionary daily newspaper published in the English language.

THE DAILY WORKER.

THE DAILY WORKER

Published by the NATIONAL DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING ASS'N, Inc.
Daily, Except Sunday
83 First Street, New York, N. Y. Phone, Orchard 1680
Cable Address: "Datwork"

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
By Mail (in New York only): By Mail (outside of New York):
\$8.00 per year \$4.50 six months \$6.50 per year \$3.50 six months
\$2.50 three months \$2.00 three months

Address and mail out checks to
THE DAILY WORKER, 33 First Street, New York, N. Y.
Editor.....ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor.....WM. F. DUNNE
second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

'Bigger and Better' Imperialism

It is not often that murderers speak publicly of their forthcoming crimes.

Imperialists usually conceal the cold-blooded calculation with which the coming world war is being approached. Because the imperialists and their pacifist allies conceal the truth, many workers are slow to believe when a Communist paper declares that the finance-capitalists who rule the United States through the puppet Coolidge and the puppet congress are systematically planning a world war for the conquest of Asia, including not only the subjugation of China but also the displacement of Great Britain in India, and an unprecedented holocaust of blood and destruction in an attempt at conquest of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

But once in a long time the enemy speaks openly. On May 8, under the title "Mother England," the Wall Street News published an editorial intended to show that the imperialist United States will soon displace the British Empire in the entire world with an American empire far surpassing the British, to be established "by the sword." The editorial says:

"Great Britain's is a task in diplomacy the like of which the United States has never known, because, say we, we have 'wisely' refrained from attempting to exercise control over any such body of distant foreigners. We have exercised a protectorate here and there, but over isolated island peoples capable of comparatively easy subjugation. We have kept as clear as possible of entanglements in the internal affairs of the great untutored masses of Asia proper.

"Born in the philosophy of democratic rule, steeped in the fallacy that all men are created free and equal, we have with ease pointed an accusing finger at the motives back of the far-flung domain of the British Empire, forgetting that self-interest has been as much the motive of our own seclusion as of British colonization. And in our temporary self-sufficiency we have ever been ready to belittle the world-wide significance of such achievements in law and order as have grown from England's extension of authority to the uttermost parts of the earth.

"On our part, in attempting to make the world safe for democracy we have made it safe for the brigands who perpetually prey on China's millions, for the money-grabbing military chieftains who roam at will over the vast territory of that great nation, plundering and killing as did the wild tribes of India prior to the advent of Britain's rule. But we pride ourselves on our hands-off policy. Temporarily safe in our own prosperity, geographically protected by thousands of miles of ocean from Russia, India, China and Japan, relieved by the exterminating process of murder and robbery from any retaliation by the aborigines of our own continent we survey with generous self-complacency our envied position among the peoples of the earth.

"We too easily forget that the history of modern civilization has just begun; that continually knocking at the Eastern door of Europe are over one-half the world's people—in Russia, some 141,000,000, openly antagonistic to our whole system of economics; in India over 300,000,000 religious fanatics; in China over 400,000,000 so ground down in poverty as to make them the logical prey of Bolshevik propaganda; and in the islands of Japan a cramped 80,000,000, advanced in science but Oriental in ethics, forced by economic circumstance to spread their sphere of influence on the mainland.

"We forget that if we are to inherit England's preeminence among the nations of the earth we shall inherit also a lion's share of the responsibility to direct, by the sword if necessary, the latent energy of these many millions along paths which make for our own and Europe's safety, as well as their own advancement."

The American imperialists assume "the responsibility to direct, by the sword . . ." "some 141,000,000" people in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. The Red Army of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics will answer with cold steel that will drown the invading armies of Wall Street in their own blood; but the workers of the United States and the world must help the Red Army to do so. This Wall Street organ says American imperialist armies will conquer the 400,000,000 workers and peasants of China, the 300,000,000 of India, the 80,000,000 of Japan. It is the earnest duty of the American workers and exploited farmers to see that the Wall Street armies are defeated in the attempt to do so.

Are the workers of the United States ready to believe that they must organize to fight the viper of imperialism?

Let us make the red revolutionary election electoral campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party such a vigorous expose of the murder plots of the imperialists as will draw tens of thousands of intelligent workers into the ranks of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Only in the ranks of the Communist Party can you, fellow workers, put up the fight of your class against the million-fold crimes of imperialist war which are being deliberately plotted under your very eyes. Join us for war against imperialist war!

Mine Women to Increase Work

(Special to the Daily Worker)
TRIADOLPHIA, W. Va., Jan 3.—Twenty-two women of Triadelphia, wives of the striking coal miners of the Vallejo Camps Mine No. 2, owned by the Paisley interests, organized themselves here recently for the support of the union and the strike.
Mother Guinn and some of the other fighting women from Lansing, Ohio were here to help set the organization going. Committees were elected at once to collect relief and to open a children's kitchen.
Miners in this territory went on strike 27 months ago. The union was destroyed through the betrayal of the officialdom and the strike was never called off. Some miners have actually been without work during all this time. The majority, however, came out on April 16 at the call of the Save-the-Union Committee.
"Picketing will receive a great stimulus from the women's organization," Mrs. Calgeri, the newly elected president declared. "I want to see every woman get out with me on the line and help pull the scabs out of the mine."

DOWN WITH THE YELLOW DOG CONTRA CT!



By Fred Ellis

HANDOUTS

THE well-known Shakespearean student and literature, Gene Tunney, has just written a letter to the smug penguin Professor William Lyon Phelps of Yale in which the ex-prize fighter maintains that words are a medium of expression. The letter follows:

Dear Professor Billy:—
There comes to every man during his life a few occasions when words, the medium of expression, are altogether inadequate to convey the deep feelings of his heart. I am now experiencing one of these occasions. Nothing has ever surprised me more or touched me deeper than the receipt of the lovely set of Shakespeare sent me by the boys of your Shakespeare Class. . . Therefore, Billy, I wish you would read this to the boys or post it on a bulletin board that they may see by my words, though insufficient, how appreciative I am of their generous thought of me.

I wonder if the boys, who were as much a party to the shock given the public by the boxing champion lecturing on Shakespeare as we were, got as great a kick out of the public's action as I did.

With deepest gratitude to you and the boys for my most precious treasure (the autographed set of Shakespeare) and with kindest personal regards, believe me

Always sincerely,
GENE TUNNEY.

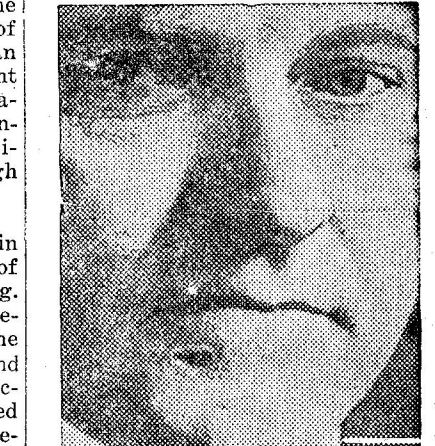
Inspecting Around



"Oh Mama who is the man resting in the picture?"
"That is Major Walker."
"Well what's he got in his hand?"
"That's one of the new subways."
"What's he going to do with it?"
"Give it to one of his friends."
"Why is he so interested in the subways?"
"He's having his picture taken, my child."
"Oh Mama can I be a major when I grow up and watch all the other people work?"
"Adolph, don't eat soap with your fingers and straighten your bib!"

PROSPERITY PLUS.
So rich are these UNITED STATES,
So rarely favored by the Fates,
We gorge our over-flowing tills
By feeding children to the mills.
—Robert Whitaker.

Coolidge, Fisherman



President Coolidge will be able to establish a reputation as a fisherman without much trouble this summer.
H. Clay Pierce, in whose summer house the president will spend his vacation, spent over a million dollars to make it an ideal fishing resort for flabby-muscled fishermen. There are fifteen artificial pools on the estate, each one containing different kinds and weights of trout. The fish are forced into the pools and allowed to grow fat on liver. Then just before the president is brought on to fish the pools they are starved for a few weeks. When the anglers come the fish are hungry enough to snap at red flannel underwear or a silk top-hat.

APRIL WHOLESALE TRADE.
WASHINGTON, June 3.—Trade of wholesale firms declined in April by more than the usual seasonal amount and was smaller than in April of last year, according to statistics of the Federal Reserve Board. Sales of firms in the nine lines of trade included in the Federal Reserve Board's index of wholesale distribution averaged nearly five per cent smaller than in April a year ago and reflected declines in all lines except meats and drugs.

Getting Ready for Another War

By SCOTT NEARING.

President Coolidge picked out Memorial Day to tell the world:

1. That the ruling class of the United States has an economic stake in the planet. He spoke of "the world-wide interests of the United States" and added: "our investments and trade relations are such that it is almost impossible to conceive of any conflict anywhere on earth which would not effect us injuriously."

2. That the ruling class of the United States proposes to have peace if they have to fight for it. "One thing that we want above all else for ourselves and for other nations is a continuance of peace. Whether so intended or not, any nation engaged in war would thereby necessarily be engaged in a course prejudicial to us." The world wide interests of the United States "makes us view with peculiar disfavor not only any danger of being involved in war

ourselves, but any danger of war among the nations."

War Preparations.

3. That the ruling class of the United States has been making and is continuing to make the necessary preparations to carry out such a program. "Our country is making outlays in excess of those ever before made in time of peace for the purpose of national defense. . . Our naval forces necessary for the protection of our commerce, which is world-wide and not exceeded in importance by that of any other country, while of very respectable proportions, needs to be strengthened in cruisers and other accessory craft. Such construction is already under way, and plans are maturing for the necessary increases. Our air forces are being steadily improved and enlarged." A few moments later President Coolidge characterized this unprecedented military preparation by stating "our country in all its history has never made preparations to attack any other country. . . While others have

that they were forced to prepare for war, our situation is such that we have always been preparing for peace."

4. Already American imperial policy is utilizing military and naval forces in order to protect American investments and to enlarge American spheres of interest. President Coolidge said "though we have at this time some of our forces in Haiti, Nicaragua and China, they are in none of these places for the purpose of making war, but for the purpose of insuring peaceful conditions under which the lives of our nationals and their property may receive that protection which they are entitled under the terms of international law." Mr. Coolidge added rather pointedly: "Our further purpose in Haiti and Nicaragua is to assist the peoples of these two countries to establish stability and to maintain orderly and peaceful institutions in harmony with civilized society."

Maintaining "Peace."

Early in 1927, Mr. Coolidge told congress that the "American investments and business interests" in Nicaragua demanded the use of the marines. Now he informs the world that the American empire with the aid of the marines, is establishing and maintaining orderly and peaceful institutions "in harmony with civilized society." Thus far the attempts of the American empire to stabilize the planet have been confined primarily to the Caribbean. Recently, however, they have been extended to China. Perhaps in the not distant future Europe will also come in for her share of attention.

All of these things were said by Mr. Coolidge at Gettysburg on the famous battle field where Lincoln announced his old line about "government of the people, by the people, for the people." Mr. Coolidge quite properly overlooked the sentiment in his analysis of American imperial preparations to conquer and exploit the world. The executive officers of the American empire are quite evidently getting down to business.

"Unclean Hands" in the Sandino Stamp Case

By MANUEL GOMEZ

A decision in the "Sandino Stamp" case has at last been handed down. This case, in which the All-America Anti-Imperialist League sought to restrain the postal authorities from interfering with its stamps reading, "Protest Against Marine Rule in Nicaragua," involved questions of fundamental importance in the development of American Imperialism. So concerned was the government in this case that personages of such official dignity as Postmaster-General New and Secretary of State Kellogg felt called upon to participate in it. Of course the decision is against the Anti-Imperialist League. The wording of the decision and the circumstances surrounding it teach a lesson of such obvious significance that even the most naive believer in American institutions cannot fail to be impressed by it.

"Unclean Hands"

No one seriously insisted that the Sandino Stamps violated any law. The government's defense against the All-America Anti-Imperialist League was that no writ could be granted because the League had not come in to the courts with "clean hands." Why? Because our Sandino stickers said something about marine rule in Nicaragua, whereas Secretary of State Kellogg had entered an ingenious affidavit stating that there was no marine rule in Nicaragua at all and that everything was quiet and gentlemanly there. Federal Judge Thomas D. Thacher was much impressed by this contention of "unclean hands."

In setting forth his decision the worthy jurist delivered himself of the following:

"It is not enough to say that the stamps are not within the statutory prohibition upon which the defendants relied in excluding them from the mails—a question which is not decided. At the threshold plaintiff is met with the defense of unclean hands. This court will not aid the perpetration of falsehoods. One of the stamps is designed pictorially to characterize the acts of the armed forces of the United States in Nicaragua as ruthless, oppressive and in violation of international law. Both

carry the false implication that the United States, through its armed forces, is ruling Nicaragua, whereas the truth appears from the affidavit of the Secretary of State. The rule which confines the doctrine of unclean hands to misconduct connected with the subject matter does not preclude consideration of the plaintiff's use of these stamps in connection with a campaign of falsehood and vilification against the American forces in Nicaragua, which is frankly designed to encourage desertion of United States Marines to the forces of Sandino, with whom the American forces are in armed conflict. An analogous situation is often dealt with in the trademark cases where courts of equity refuse to enjoin infringement of a lawfully registered trademark which is shown to have been used upon goods sold under false representations. In such cases the Court looks beyond the character of the mark to its unconscionable use. (Manhattan Medicine Co. v. Wood, 108 U. S. 218.) And so in this case, looking to the use which has been and is intended to be made of these stamps, it is clear that the plaintiff is seeking the aid of the Court in the pursuit of its own iniquity. It has no more right to such assistance than the Highwayman of Houslow Heath. (McMullen v. Hoffman, 174 U. S. 639, 654.)

"Plaintiff has no standing in a court of equity, and the motion is therefore denied."

"No Marine Rule" Pretense.

Stripped of all its ferocious epithets against us, this decision of Judge Thacher's says two things. First, that Mr. Kellogg's affidavit is more real than the marines, gunboats and bombing planes now terrorizing Nicaragua and that the Courts will maintain the pretense that there is no marine rule in Nicaragua. Second, that even if you disagree with Messrs. Kellogg, Coolidge, & Co., about this you may not say so. It does not demand that you refrain from seeing the facts of marine rule. No doubt that will come later. Because the All-America Anti-Imperialist League was so indiscreet as to publicly characterize the situation in Nicaragua as one of marine rule, it is declared to have "come into court with unclean hands." And no one with unclean hands can expect to have any rights

in the exclusive, lily-pure circles of the federal courts.

Free speech is all right, presumably, so long as you agree with the powers that be. No unfamiliar dictum in this land of the government-strike-breaker! Long ago we were made to understand that we could not rely upon the constitutional guarantee of free speech, to encourage overthrow of the established government, to agitate in strikes, etc., etc. Now we are told that we may not even express an opinion different from that of the secretary of state.

Courts Defend Imperialism.

The significance of Judge Thacher's decision is that it shows what a web of constituted authority surrounds and defends the most arbitrary acts of government. We try to create protest against the sending of marines to Nicaragua by President Coolidge, and against marine rule there. The Post Office Department, ostensibly a mere technical arm of the government for distribution of the mails, immediately steps in. We go to the courts for a writ against the postal authorities. The courts turn to the secretary of state, who enters an affidavit to the effect that there is no such thing as marine rule in Nicaragua. That is final. And the court turns savagely upon us with the statement that we have "unclean hands" and that we have no rights "in equity" anywhere until we stop saying that there is marine rule in Nicaragua.

It is a vicious circle. There is no way out. Our lawyer tells us an appeal to a higher court would be useless, for no judge will call into question the affidavit of the secretary of state.

Thus we are shown how absurd it is to attempt to fight against American imperialism as the private misdeed of some individual official sinner—the president, the secretary of state, or someone else. Imperialism cannot be fought without fighting the whole imperialist government. The government functions as a unit or it does not function at all. President Coolidge sends marines to Nicaragua, the military commanders carry out his orders, the state department, the courts, all other branches of the government combine to break up any attempt to interfere with the enterprise. There is more than an official esprit

PARIS, June 3.—Scores of Italian workers, who dared to attempt May Day celebrations in defiance of the fascist decrees, were arrested and thrown into jails in a number of cities, reports which are beginning to slip thru the fascist censorship state. In spite of the fascist prohibition, May Day feeling ran high in all the factories of the industrial centers it is stated.

Fascists Jail Workers

(To Be Continued.)