

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

NATIONAL EDITION

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MASS PICKETS DEFY TEAR BOMBS OF MINE POLICE

REVOLT LIKELY IN CANTON; RED GUARDS GAINING

Worker-Peasant Armies Threaten Swatow

CANTON, April 8.—Workers and peasants have driven out the reactionary troops from the Yeunchun and Yeungkong districts, about 140 miles south of Canton, according to reports received here.

The worker-peasant victory was made possible by the refusal of the troops ordered to the districts to fight against the workers and peasants.

Gain in North. Further victories for the worker-peasant troops are reported from the Hoifung and Lukfung areas.

'DAILY' NEEDED TO ORGANIZE MINERS

Workers Must Send Subs to Aid New Struggle

Most of the delegates who attended the great Save-the-Union Conference in Pittsburgh have returned to their homes and are beginning to spread the message of the conference among the rank and file miners of their districts.

The extent of this part will, however, be determined by the readers of THE DAILY WORKER. Most of the miners who before the strike were regular readers of the Daily and drew revolutionary inspiration from its columns have been unable to renew their subscriptions because, unlike John L. Lewis and his fellow-fakers, they do not continue to draw salary while on strike.

The DAILY WORKER has, however, continued to send the paper regularly to these old subscribers, despite the fact that the loss of revenue has been a serious blow to the Daily in its present condition.

These thousands of miners are being organized now for the greatest struggle in the history of the United Mine Workers of America, a struggle which will decide the fate not only of the United Mine Workers of America, but of the entire American working-class.

'Daily' Fights for Miners. Save the Miners' Union has become

Klan Decision Today WASHINGTON, April 8.—The United States Supreme Court is expected to render a decision Monday on the validity of the New York law requiring all members of the Ku Klux Klan and other secret societies to file membership lists with the secretary of state.

Prominent in Miners' Movement to Save the Union



Photo shows four militant mine leaders snapped at the Save-the-Union Conference at Pittsburgh. From left to right, Powers Hapgood, Damchak, delegate from the anthracite fields, John Brophy and delegate Lamarek, from the anthracite. The boy in the rear was the representative of the children of striking miners organized into Young Strikers' Clubs thruout the coal region.

CURTAIN WORK IN SOUTHERN MILLS

Low Pay Is Cut in Half by Part Time Work

CHESTER, S. C., April 8.—Touched by recession of production in the textile industry of New England, are now beginning to inaugurate a drastic curtailment program.

The Lockhart Mills in Lockhart are to a drastic curtailment program. The Columbia Textile Manufacturing Company at Ramseur, N. C., is also starting on a short time schedule.

300,000 TO GET MAY DAY 'DAILY'

Workers in All Trades to Receive Special Issue

Organized and unorganized workers in every trade will be reached when 300,000 copies of the special May Day edition of THE DAILY WORKER are distributed throughout the country.

The special edition will contain 32 pages, in which many features of interest to every worker will be presented. Worker correspondents and labor journalists throughout the country are now being mobilized to make this May Day issue of THE DAILY WORKER the greatest that has ever appeared.

Every unit of the Workers (Communist) Party should send in greetings at once, and every Party member and sympathizer should have his or her name on the May Day Honor Roll. Plans for the distribution of the special edition should also be made immediately.

UNION SQUARE KNOWN AS RED SQUARE NOW

With thousands of militant workers already acquainted with the new Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, as a result of the public inspection of the building Saturday and yesterday, and with the unanimous endorsement of the project by the Party membership of District 2, the drive for \$30,000 to purchase and finance the building is now definitely on.

STAGE SET FOR SINCLAIR TRIAL

Col. Stewart Is Slated for Gallery

WASHINGTON, April 8.—With Harry F. Sinclair, oil magnate, due to go on trial here today on a charge of conspiracy in the Teapot Dome lease, it begins to look as if the government would attempt now to let the Continental Trading Co. phase of the oil scandal investigation die out.

It was because Col. Robert W. Stewart refused to tell what he knew of the formation of the Continental Trading Co. that he was charged recently with contempt of the senate.

Stewart, chairman of the board of directors of the Standard Oil Co. of Indiana, has been subpoenaed to appear as a witness in the Sinclair trial and is instructed to bring documents bearing on the Continental Trading Co., which the senate committee failed to get into its record.

400,000 U. S. Children Need Aid, Report Says

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 8.—That there are over 400,000 children in this country who need government aid because of low wages, unemployment and disability of parents, is admitted in a report just made public by the U. S. Department of Labor, and entitled "Public Aid to Mothers with Dependent Children."

Forty-two states, the District of Columbia, Alaska and Hawaii have adopted laws authorizing assistance from public funds for dependent children, the report says.

(Special Cable to The Daily Worker) MOSCOW, April 8.—The Pravda publishes the letter of Antonov Ovsenko addressed to Stalin on April 4th and an extract from Krestinsky's letter to Yaroslavsky, in which they declare that they have broken with the Opposition.

MINERS' RELIEF NOW MORE VITAL

Penn-Ohio Committee Issues Call

PITTSBURGH, April 8.—Hunger and destitution are sweeping over the strike areas. Pernicious anemia the result of almost no food, is becoming alarmingly acute.

When the public health nurse makes her rounds through the camps, she says, "The children need a doctor's care, nourishing food, tonics." But nothing is done, and she repeats her admonition each time.

It is Red Square Now. William W. Weinstein made an official announcement of the Workers Center and of the campaign to purchase it at a meeting of members of District 2, Workers (Communist) Party, held Friday night at Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Pl.

"The new building," he said, "is not only a political necessity but a physical necessity. It is impossible for the organizations that will be housed in the Workers Center to continue their work effectively in their present inadequate quarters."

"When we move to Union Square we will change its name to Red Square. It will be the real center of revolutionary activity in this city."

Brooklyn Jobless Hold Mass Meet Tomorrow

A mass meeting for the unemployed workers of the Bronx will be held at 29 Graham Ave. tomorrow at 10 a. m. The meeting will be held under the auspices of the New York Council for the Unemployed, Bronx branch. The meeting is one of a series in the national campaign of the New York Council for the Unemployed to force the city, national and federal governments, by means of mass demonstrations, to effect suitable measures of relief for the more than 4,000,000 unemployed workers in the United States.

2 LEADERS QUIT TROTSKY OPPOSITION

Admit Policies and Tactics of U. S. S. R. Party Are Correct (Special Cable to The Daily Worker) MOSCOW, April 8.—The Pravda publishes the letter of Antonov Ovsenko addressed to Stalin on April 4th and an extract from Krestinsky's letter to Yaroslavsky, in which they declare that they have broken with the Opposition.

MELLON POLICE LAUNCH GAS ATTACK ON WOMEN, CHILDREN OF MONTOUR PIT AT LIBRARY

'You Can Put Us in Jail,' Women Shout, 'but You Can't Stop Mass Picketing'

WARRANT OUT FOR ARREST OF CORPORAL H. L. JONES, WHO LED COAL AND IRON POLICE

PITTSBURGH, April 8.—Hurling tear gas bombs and using their clubs, coal and iron police in the employ of the Pittsburgh Coal Company yesterday attacked a mass picketing demonstration of miners, their wives and children before the Montour No. 10 mine at Library, fifteen miles from here.

Notwithstanding the terroristic tactics of the hired thugs in the pay of the Mellon company, the miners and particularly the women refused to be intimidated.

Women Defiant. "You can put us in jail," Mrs. Christine Dolence is reported to have said, "but you can't stop us and you can't stop mass picketing."

"We will put you in the hospital," the police are reported to have threatened.

The attacking officers were led by Corporal H. L. Jones for whom a warrant is now out. One of the pickets, Frank Chenuda, swore out a warrant for his arrest.

The women of the little city practically under control of the Mellon police, today were determined that they would go back on the picket line.

DEFEND INNOCENT MINERS, IS CALL

Bonita, Mendola and Moleski in Danger

WILKES-BARRE, April 8.—A call to the workers of the country to rise to the defense of Sam Bonita, Adam Moleski, and Steve Mendola, the three innocent miners who have been indicted for murder in connection with the shooting of Frank Agati, a gunman, who it is charged was in the employ of the Cappelini machine in District 1.

The National Bonita-Moleski-Mendola Defense Committee, Room 513 Coal Exchange Building, of this city, Stanley Dziengielewski, secretary, which is the official and original committee having charge of the defense of the three miners, today issued the following statement:

Danger at Hand. "Tomorrow, our three fellow workers who have suffered and sacrificed in our behalf come to trial on trumped up charges in connection with the shooting of a contractor and gunman."

"Everyone by this time knows that these workers are innocent; that they are being held because they dared to take the initiative in fighting our battle against the operators, against the lowering of wage standards and against the vicious individual contract system. For this they are now in jail and for this 'crime' they will be sent to the electric chair, innocently as Sacco and Vanzetti were sent to the chair innocently, unless the workers of the country issue a protest in time."

LEWIS MACHINE PLANS NEW M

Support Governn Scheme

WILKES-BARRE, April 8. ernment intervention in the a cts districts against the mine ers, led by the militant Local 176 Pittsburgh, are fighting the indial contract system, was foreshad ed today in the announcement th Thomas Davis, a federal mediator, with headquarters in this city, would seek to bring "peace" into the situation.

Although officials of the Cappelini machine in District 1 denied that they had any knowledge of the move, it is understood that they are behind the maneuver to defeat the miners and force them back into the contract mines.

The plan is believed to have been worked out by John L. Lewis, architect of the union, when he found that the miners of Local 1703 completely rejected his recent order to return to work for the Pennsylvania Coal Company.

The mediator, Davis, has been working quietly during the past few days, "sizing up the situation" and will, it is understood, use indirect ways in the effort to compel the miners to accept his plan. The plan, whatever its provisions, will undoubtedly contain the condition that the miners return to the mines.

The Pennsylvania Coal Company, in whose behalf Davis has in the past "mediated," is believed to favor the move. There is some suspicion among the miners that the Brennan forces will support the plan. The Brennan forces are shown to have gradually slowed up the campaign for the special convention. These forces, while nominally attacking Cappelini, have worked together with Lewis' policies; they have attacked the only forces which can save the miners' union, the Save-the-Union Committee.

At the present moment it is even thought that some of their followers are dealing with Cappelini.

Many States Failing To Enforce Provisions For Aid to Children

WASHINGTON, April 8.—Only about 200,000 children in the United States are today receiving public aid in their own homes, according to a report on "Public Aid to Mothers with Dependent Children" by the U. S. Children's Bureau, after years of pressure from those who look to the government for a final solution of their economic problems.

Laws authorizing aid from public funds for dependent children in their own homes have been adopted by 43 states, the District of Columbia, Alaska, and Hawaii. The states which have taken no action are Alabama, Georgia, Mississippi, South Carolina, and New Mexico. Not all of the states have put their laws into force, moreover.

The report declares that the existing regulations deprive of this aid an additional 200,000 children who would receive it if all types of more or less permanent family disability were included.

Jersey Carpenters Seek Increase, 5-Day Week

PATERSON, N. J., April 8.—Several hundred carpenters are on strike here to enforce their demands for an increase of 80 cents a day and a five-day week. Laborers are also on strike. They are demanding an increase from \$8 to \$9 a day. The carpenters are asking for \$12.

SPECIAL TWO-MONTH SUBSCRIPTION TO THE DAILY WORKER FOR ONE DOLLAR IS OFFERED

A two months' subscription to The DAILY WORKER now costs one dollar! This opportunity, one which no militant American worker can possibly afford to miss, brings the workers' press within the purchasing power of thousands of workers.

workers are laid off in all branches of industry, as American capitalism overproduces. In these circumstances even the subscription to their militant class organ, which is dearer to the workers than food itself, becomes an impossibility.

Let every worker, DAILY WORKER agent, Party member, reader of, and sympathizer with the paper, get behind the one dollar subscription drive. Workers everywhere should take advantage of this unusual opportunity. Get your two months' subscription to The DAILY WORKER. The offer only holds good until the first of May. If you have a subscription already, send one to a worker who has not.

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Needle Trade Workers Urged to Fight Reaction at Two Unions' Conventions

CALL IS ISSUED BY EDUCATIONAL LEAGUE LEADERS

New Offensive to Start Against Bureaucrats

Calling the needle trades workers in all parts of the country to use the coming conventions of two of the largest needle trades unions as a starting point from which to renew their offensive against the reactionary policies of the national leadership of these two organizations, the National Committee of the Needle Trades Educational League has issued a statement which follows in part:

Cal Was Not at Home



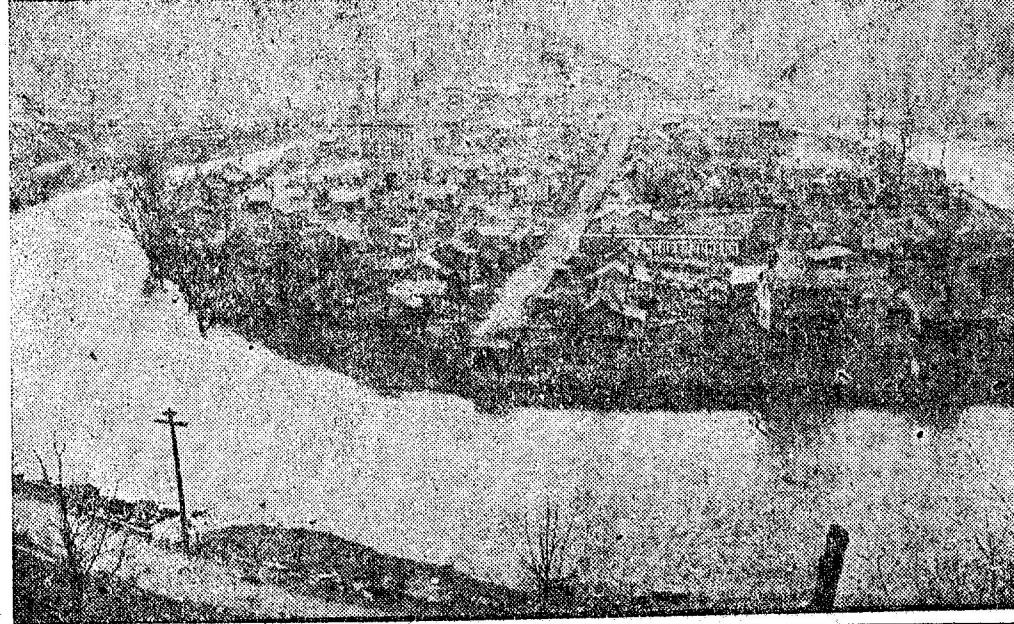
Dr. J. Eads How, millionaire hobo, shown above with Sylvia Diner, delegate from the conference of 200 unemployed "hoboes" found that the white house spokesman was not at home when they called recently. But they met the white house hobo. Refusal of the unemployed men to join in the mass movement of the unemployed has resulted in their failure to make substantial gains.

SAYS LAW CANNOT END HIGH COST OF THEATRE TICKETS

Moses Admits Speculation Will Continue

ALBANY, April 8.—That the new law now in effect regulating the traffic in theatre tickets is ineffectual is the contention of Secretary of State Robert Moses, whose department is charged with its enforcement. Moses accuses United States Attorney Tuttle of making grave errors when he gave an optimistic report of the operation of the law. Moses says his department has not sufficient funds and adds that "it is the agreement between the theatrical managers and producers which in the last analysis determine the prices charged by brokers for theatre tickets."

Where Hell Is Camouflaged by Henry Ford



Above is a bird's eye view of Twin Branch, West Va., Henry Ford's "model" coal town where the flivver tsar pays high for the lives of the workers who are forced to sell themselves to quick death in this pretty-looking hell. Ford's famous speed-up is in its most brutal form in Twin Branch.

SINCLAIR TRIAL IS REUNION OF OIL FRATERNITY

Veiling of Continental Deal Attempted

(Continued from Page One) The Continental Trading Co. was a link in the elaborate machinery by which oil interests organized around Sinclair and Edward L. Doheny convinced the republican party that the huge slush fund of 1923 was safe from exposure. The list of witnesses called for the Sinclair trial shows once more how the oil corruption permeated not only the republican party but the highest circles of the Harding-Coolidge government. The witnesses thus far called include Secretaries Wilbur and Work of the present Coolidge-Dawes cabinet and Edwin Denby and Harry M. Daugherty, members of the former Harding-Coolidge cabinet, whom the government was forced to drop in its pretense at housecleaning. Col. Theodore Roosevelt, former assistant secretary of the navy, also has been called.

KLAN CONVICTION UPHELD. The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court has sustained the conviction of John E. Kipp, a member of the Ku Klux Klan who was convicted of assaulting Patrolman William O'Neil on Memorial Day.

UNION SQUARE IS RED SQUARE NOW

Campaign On to Raise Funds for New Center

(Continued from Page One) new building will unify Communist activity in this stronghold of the world's greatest capitalism and give new impetus to every phase of our activity.

LABOR DEFENSE OPENS CHINESE LECTURE TOUR

Final arrangements are completed for the opening of the national illustrated lecture tour on the present struggle of the Chinese people for liberation to be held under the auspices of International Labor Defense, with Max Shachtman, editor of the Labor Defender, as the speaker. The first meetings will be held in New York City, where a series of them will be opened Wednesday at 8 p. m., at the Bohemian Hall, 347 E. 72nd St., under the auspices of the Harlem branch of the I. L. D. Another meeting will be held under the auspices of the Brownsville branch at the Brownsville Youth Center, 122 Osborn St., Brooklyn, next Sunday at 8 p. m. A number of other meetings are being arranged in various parts of the city.

the slave driving in the shops. Leniency toward the employers and ruthlessness toward the militant workers is the dominant policy of the Amalgamated today. With the consent of the bureaucracy the employers are carrying through reorganizations, throwing hundreds of workers out of the shops and creating a vast army of unemployed.

Mobilize Workers. "As against these treacheries and this policy of surrender to the employers the left wing in the needle trades unions under the leadership of the National Committee has been waging a heroic struggle in defense of the workers' interests, and has mobilized the workers to resist the combined attacks of the employers and bureaucracy. The left wing during the last two years has proven that it is the only constructive force for the building and strengthening of the unions as a powerful instrument for the improvement of conditions. Today under the powerful blows of the workers the cliques everywhere are disintegrating and losing their hold on the unions."

"The coming conventions of the I. L. G. W. U. and the Amalgamated will mark a critical period in the history of the needle trade unions. They will have to decide whether to continue the policy of class collaboration which means surrender to the bosses, whether to continue the policy of expulsion, discrimination and persecution which will spell the annihilation

of the needle trades unions and the substitution of company unionism; or whether the conventions will repudiate the policies of the bureaucracy which have brought ruin and devastation, and unite the workers for the purpose of rebuilding the organizations. The experiences of the needle trades workers have proved how closely connected are the problems of the various needle trades and how vitally they are affected by each other. The bureaucracy is coming to the convention to offer a policy of expulsion, class collaboration, subserviency to capitalist political parties and disunity. The left wing is coming to demand unity, amalgamation, a labor party and a militant struggle for the improvement of the workers' conditions.

Must Fight Or Surrender. "The very existence of the needle trades unions depends on the final decisions of these issues. The workers are confronted with a situation where they have to choose between the policy of fight or surrender. The workers of the I. L. G. W. U. and the Amalgamated throughout the entire country must mobilize their forces and take up the struggle with renewed vigor. Elect delegates who will come to the convention to repudiate the policies of the reactionary bureaucracy and prepare the unions to meet the challenge of the bosses and their agents in a struggle for the amalgamation of the needle trades unions. "Workers! Fight for these demands: One powerful union in the needle industry. Organization of the unorganized. The 40-hour week. The unemployment fund, paid by the employers and managed by the union. The reinstatement of the expelled. The democratization of the unions. Against company unionism, against class collaboration policies. Abolition of the piece-work system, standards of production and other speed-up methods. (Signed) NATIONAL NEEDLE TRADES COMMITTEE."

Campaign Is On. Weinstein urged that all members of the Workers (Communist) Party should not only give as much as they can for the Workers Center but should obtain donations from friends and sympathizers. The campaign must start immediately, he said, as the \$30,000 is to be raised by the end of the month. Later in the month a banquet will be held in the new building, to which Workers Party members and militant workers will be invited.

Other speakers at the meeting were Alexander Trachtenberg, chairman of the board of directors of the Workers Center; Ben Lifshitz, secretary of the Jewish Bureau, Workers Party; Robert Minor, editor of The DAILY WORKER, and Joseph Brodsky, treasurer of the new center. They discussed the financial details of the acquisition of the building and pointed out its significance to the revolutionary movement.

Quotas Assigned. The speeches were followed by discussion from the floor, after which support of the drive for \$30,000 was unanimously voted by the membership. Bert Miller acted as chairman of the meeting. Many Workers Party units have already begun activity to fulfill their quotas as quickly as possible. The quotas assigned are as follows: Section 1, \$2,800; Section 2, \$2,500; Section 3, \$2,500; Section 4, \$2,000; Section 5, \$2,800; Section 6, \$1,000; Section 7, \$1,000; Brownsville, \$500; Long Island City, \$500; Yonker, \$400; Hempstead, \$100; Hicksville, \$100; Katonah, \$50; New Rochelle, \$100; Portchester, \$100; Staten Island, \$50; Jamaica, \$50; Bayonne, \$100; Cliffside, \$50; Elizabeth, \$200; Jersey City, \$150; Linden, \$50; Newark, \$200; Passaic, \$100; Paterson, \$200; Perth Amboy, \$50; and West New York, \$50. All money collected will be turned in at once to the district office, 103 E. 14th St.

ALL PARIS WALKS ON MAY FIRST

Workers in French Capital Celebrate Their Historic Holiday

PARIS, April 8.—The streets of Paris on May 1 are always empty. No taxis or buses are to be seen. The drivers are well organized and will not allow the transportation company to infringe one iota on their historic right of celebrating May 1st.

But in 1925 was a year of terrible depression in France, and the employers thought they could break down once and for all the old tradition of quitting work May 1st. Trying to take advantage of the great unemployment at that time, the misery and weakened resistance of the workers due to the inflation of the franc, they gave out the order to the drivers to report for work as usual. May 1, 1925, however, the streets of Paris were empty. The men took their usual holiday. May 2 when the drivers showed up for work they were denied access to their machines unless they would

sign a pledge never again to lay off on May Day. A strike was the answer. But the workers weren't going to let a golden opportunity slip by. While they were striking in protest, they decided they might as well strike for some substantial gain. Half a year before, the company had agreed to an adjustment in pay to compensate for the swift rise in the cost of living which was continuing steadily. But it had never been put into effect. Several meetings a day were held and on Sunday a monster meeting was attended by all the strikers and their sympathizers in the red suburbs. It was a lesson to the company. Expecting to find the men submissive, their ultimatum acted as a boomerang and they found themselves face to face with a strike which promised to wring from the company concessions which, if peace had been maintained, might have been put off. Besides, that the men rode free on the

street cars to and from their meetings, by showing their employee cards. Even the weather was against the company. It rained hard every day, contributing to the inconvenience of the Parisians, who do most of their travelling on the buses, to such an extent that public clamor required a settlement of the strike as quickly as possible. After three rainy days the strike was finally settled. It was a victory for the strikers. They got the adjustment in wages and the men were reinstated. They demanded and got pay during their idle time. But most important of all they secured once more their historic right of quitting work on the day set aside for the celebration of international solidarity, May First. Not only the Parisian workers, but workers all over the world, fight hard to uphold the old tradition of downing tools the first of May.

MINERS' RELIEF CALL IS ISSUED

Urge Immediate Help for Strikers

(Continued from Page One) by sending food, or leave them to starve. Don't Want Charity. "We do not want charity!" That is why we call upon the workers to help us," declared Vincent Kamenovich, a striking miner of Daisytown and secretary of the Pennsylvania-Ohio Miners' Relief. "When our fight is won, and other workers strike, we will stand by them. We ask for solidarity, not charity!" The progressive local of Renton, Pa., was threatened by international organizers with evictions from the barracks which they themselves had built. The meager, irregular relief checks will be cut off, the officials say, unless the local severs connections with the progressive "Save the Union" Movement. But the militant miners reply, "Throw us out if you can. This is a life and death struggle, and whatever faces us, we will win our strike and build the union into a strong, invincible organization!" Miners Will Resist Evictions. "Let them throw us out, we have gone through so much a little more doesn't alarm us," declared Mrs. Anna Mondell, board member of the Ladies Auxiliary of the United Mine Workers Union from Renton. "We are with our men, we'll picket with them, resist evictions and fight to the finish. But you must help feed our children, that is all we ask." The Pennsylvania-Ohio Miners Relief Committee urges that every worker in this country show the miners that he is with them by sending donations, raising money through organizations and forwarding it to the relief headquarters at 611 Penn Avenue immediately. The success or failure of the great struggle now depends upon the relief that is sent into the strike fields.

Resist the Attack



The American Legion, the Keymen of America, the National Security League, the American Government have combined to destroy Labor's fighting paper and are attempting to put its editors in jail.

WHAT IS YOUR ANSWER?

You Must

Save The Daily Worker

Here Is My Contribution to the Defense Fund 33 First Street, New York City

Table with columns for NAME and AMOUNT. Includes a dotted line for a signature and a line for the City and State.

Street Car Men Win

SCRANTON, Pa., April 8 (FP).—Union street car men of Scranton win wage increases in their contract. Barn men are raised 3c an hour and bus drivers 5c. The union had asked 5c for all workers. The union pension fund is strengthened by a checkoff agreement of 50c a month from each worker's pay.







