

THE DAILY WORKER FOR THE ON... FOR THE C... FOR A LA...

THE DAILY WORKER

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RAISE THOUSANDS AT WORKERS PARTY MEMBERSHIP MEETS

Sections 3 and 4, New York, Raise \$3,500 in Defense of "Daily"; More Pledged Dunne, Bittelman, Emphasize Great Need if Paper Is to Resist New Attacks

Three thousand five hundred dollars has been pledged by Sections 3 and 4, New York city, for the defense of The DAILY WORKER, at two recent meetings. The members of Section 4 pledged themselves to raise \$2,000 within the next few weeks. One hundred and sixty-seven dollars was raised at the meeting and every member pledged to give one day's wages at the end of the week. The members of Section 3 pledged themselves to raise \$1,500. One hundred and sixty-eight dollars was raised at the meeting in cash. The rest is promised within the next few weeks.

Addressing Section 4 which met at 43 E. 103rd St., Alex Bittelman, member of the Political Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, and one of the three leaders against whom the government is attempting to railroad to the penitentiary, appealed to the members to defend their paper. "The severest blows are yet to come," Bittelman warned. "The patriotic organizations such as the Key-men of America and the Military Order of the World War are only the catspaws of the bosses who are being used in the campaign to wreck the American militant labor movement and stifle the voice of the American workers."

\$4,000 By Saturday. Following Bittelman's appeal, A. Ravitch, circulation manager of The DAILY WORKER, took the platform and called upon the meeting to raise \$4,000 by Saturday. He declared that it is not enough simply to contribute to the defense of the paper but they must bend every effort to increase the news stand sales and the readers or the paper would be destroyed.

At the end of the meeting hundreds of "Resist the Attack on The DAILY WORKER" leaflets were distributed. Dunne Addresses Section 3. We must rally the working class to the defense of their paper against the government's attack," William F. Dunne, assistant editor of The DAILY WORKER, declared to the meeting of Section 3 at 101 W. 27th St.

Dunne, who is out on \$1,000 bail as a result of the attack which the American capitalists thru their militarist henchmen are leading against the "Daily," is expecting re-arrest at any moment. Pointing to the growing influence of The DAILY WORKER among the American workers, the increase of militancy in the trade unions and the fear of the bosses in the face of the aggressive unemployment situation, as causes which unite the government's offensive, Dunne indicated the danger which threatens the American workers at this time if the bosses succeed.

RUTHENBERG MEET IN CLEVELAND

CLEVELAND, Feb. 24.—A meeting to commemorate the memory of C. E. Ruthenberg, leader of the Workers (Communist) Party who died in March 1927, will be held at Moose Hall, 1000 Walnut St., March 4 at 2 p. m.

Ruthenberg was the leader of the anti-war forces in this city when America entered the world-war in 1917. The present war danger, the unemployment situation and the attacks on the working class will be taken up at the meeting.

The speakers will include William W. Weinstein, New York district organizer, Workers (Communist) Party.

Electrician Killed

PATERSON, N. J., Feb. 24.—Charles Kearney, an electrician of Arlington, was instantly killed yesterday when he fell 8 stories while at work on the new wing of St. Joseph's hospital here. Kearney, who tripped on a rafter, suffered a broken back.

ATTEMPT FLIGHT RECORD.

IMPERIAL, Cal., Feb. 24.—A fourth attempt to lower the world's mark for sustained flying will be made here within a few days. It was announced today by the pilots of the South-Albatross monoplane.

STOP HIS TALK



Pablo Manlapit, leader of the Workers of the Philippine Islands, was arrested in Los Angeles while addressing a meeting. He is now on tour for the All-America Anti-Imperialist League, 39 Union Square, New York.

WEINSTONE WILL TALK IN DETROIT

DETROIT, Feb. 24.—William W. Weinstein, member of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party and organizer of the New York District, will address a membership meeting at the New Workers' Home, Russell and Ferry streets, at eight o'clock Sunday evening, Feb. 26.

Weinstone will appeal to the workers of Detroit to rally to the defense of The DAILY WORKER against attacks of the United States government.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Feb. 24.—William Weinstein, organizer of the New York district of the Workers (Communist) Party will be the principle speaker at the Ruthenberg Memorial meeting which will be held at the Labor Lyceum, 35 Miller St. next Friday evening.

Weinstone will tell how Ruthenberg devoted his life to the struggle of the American workers. He will urge that a powerful Labor Party be established this year as a memorial to Ruthenberg.

Weinstone will address the session of the District Plenum on March 3, at four o'clock, in the Socialist Lyceum, 805 James St., North Side.

FIREMAN BURNED AT WORK.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Feb. 24.—George Wilds, 30, a fireman aboard the Lackawanna R. R. ferryboat Maplewood received painful burns yesterday when he was caught by a back draught while stoking a boiler.

20 DEAD IN ARKANSAS MINE BLAST

ARREST MANLAPIT FILIPINO LEADER TO PREVENT TALK

Police Forbid Address in Los Angeles

(Special to The Daily Worker) LOS ANGELES, Feb. 24.—Pablo Manlapit, famous Filipino nationalist and labor leader, was arrested last night and prevented from addressing a Philippine independence mass meeting called by the Los Angeles branch of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League. Detectives of the "red squad" arrested him just as he was entering the meeting hall.

Manlapit is on tour for the All-America Anti-Imperialist League, and intends to organize a Filipino section of the League upon his return to the Philippines.

The noted Filipino came to this country from the Hawaiian Islands. He was practically deported to this country, the Hawaiian governor refusing to release him from prison unless he would agree to leave Hawaii for the mainland.

His imprisonment was the result of his activities in leading the Filipino and Japanese laborers in the great Hawaiian sugar strike of 1924-25.

MILWAUKEE HOSE STRIKE GROWING

Effective Picket Line Brings More Out

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Feb. 24.—The ranks of the strikers out against the Allen-A Hosiery Company, in Kenosha, Wis., were further increased when they were joined by a group of unskilled women workers. The effectiveness of the picket line maintained by the strikers, who now number about 4002 is believed responsible for their growing numbers.

Not only the strikers themselves (who are mostly American born) have organized picket demonstrations every morning, but their wives and sympathizers are active on the picket lines.

Benefits Regular.

F. A. Canfield of the U. S. Department of Labor, is in Kenosha, and has offered his services as a mediator in the walkout against the Allen-A Company. While he has already interviewed the management of the mill, and the leaders of the union, no statements as to definite action was obtainable. The union is giving out regular weekly benefits to help support the strikers while they are out. The Kenosha Trades and Labor Council at its recent meeting pledged both moral and financial support to the strikers.

Bosses' Demands.

The strike was called by the local organization of the American Federation of Full Fashioned Hosiery Workers, after the mill owners had precipitated an open shop fight by demanding the knitters operate two knitting machines instead of one. Only the skilled workers, however, were called out to strike. Some criticism is being levelled at the union's fraternal leadership for not pushing energetically enough the stoppage and organization of the 1,000 unskilled workers in the mill.

Big Communist Drive to May 1; Many Join

STRIKING MINERS JOINING WORKERS PARTY IN FIGHT

Win Toilers in Fight for Unemployed

The rapidly mounting inflow of applications for membership in the Workers (Communist) Party in the coal fields of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Kansas and Colorado, has caused the announcement from the national office of the party yesterday, by Jack Stachel, secretary of the organization department, that the drive for new members of the Party and for new readers of the DAILY WORKER will be extended on a larger scale.

Instead of ending on March 2, the anniversary of the death of C. E. Ruthenberg, the Lenin-Ruthenberg drive for new members of the Workers (Communist) Party and new readers of the DAILY WORKER will continue until and including May 1.

Telegrams and other reports from outlying districts show that a great influx of coal miners into the ranks of the Party is a product of the stand that the Party is making for the miners in the strike. Old members (Continued on Page Two)

BOSTON BAZAAR DRAWS THRONGS

BOSTON, Feb. 24.—The last night of the big bazaar arranged by the Joint Defense and Relief Committee of the Cloakmakers and Furriers is to be marked by a concert and color-light ball beginning at 8 p. m. Also tomorrow will be the last opportunity for the workers of Boston to obtain bargains at exceptional prices. Whatever merchandise is left of the original \$50,000 collection of articles will be disposed of at any price.

Thousands of workers already have attended what is admittedly one of the most elaborate labor affairs ever held in this city. Both large halls of the Scenic Auditorium are occupied to house what has virtually become a large department store.

BOSTON, Feb. 24.—All but nine cloak manufacturing shops have signed an agreement with the local cloakmakers union, granting the 42 hour week. An announcement from the union states that these shops will be called out on strike.

The union membership in Boston are expressing deep resentment at the activities of the right wing leadership, who openly admit helping to organize a new employers' association.

Philadelphia Meeting

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 24.—A general membership meeting of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held at the party headquarters, 521 York Ave., on Sunday afternoon, February 26, at 2 p. m. James P. Cannon will report on the recent Plenum.



Ruthenberg on Last Journey to Moscow

A hitherto unpublished photo of C. E. Ruthenberg, dead leader of the Workers Party, taken on board ship during a journey to Moscow in January, 1926, to attend the plenary session of the Executive Committee of the Communist International.

It was his last journey to the Union of Soviet Republics, until at his request, his ashes were sent to Moscow to be buried. A great demonstration accompanied the interment in the wall of the Kremlin, with the farewell salute fired by the workers and peasants' Red Army.

Monster memorial meetings will be held in Ruthenberg's honor by the Workers (Communist) Party

Minerich, Pa. Mine Relief Head, Released on Bail

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Feb. 22.—Anthony P. Minerich, chairman of the Pennsylvania and Ohio Miners' Relief Committee, who was arrested in Lansing, Ohio, on Saturday, Feb. 17, while addressing a mass meeting of striking miners has been released on \$1,000 bail from Franklin County Jail, Columbus.

HOOVER EVADES FLOOD RELIEF

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—After having played safe yesterday on the touchy political issue of prohibition, Herbert Hoover today cleverly evaded the question of flood relief by stating that he is for the policies of Coolidge on flood control and failing to come forward with any practical proposals for relief of the victims.

Appearing today before the Senate Commerce Committee, he suggested a compromise plan for financing the Mississippi River program, which included the appointment of a federal commission and the determining within a year of the financial capacity of the stricken flood areas, in line with Coolidge's plan, which provides for saddling 20 per cent of the flood control costs on the localities affected.

The postponing of action during a year's investigation is a compromise said to have originated with President Coolidge and have his approval.

The International Labor Defense is taking steps to protect the legal interests of the defendant.

The Minerich indictment assumes more than ordinary significance in that it is the first case where the issuance of an injunction against picketing in the miners' strike will be tested in court. The trial is scheduled to open March 2nd.

Officials Submit.

The officials of the U. M. W. A. have meekly submitted to the strike-breaking decrees issued by the coal company judges and have fought, and threatened with expulsion the progressive elements in the union who favored rallying the entire membership and the members of the Ladies auxiliaries for duty on the picket line.

Minerich was seated on the platform at Lansing, waiting for his turn to speak when Vincent Kamenovich, who was addressing the audience, was placed under arrest by a United

35 COAL DIGGERS SUFFERING FROM EFFECTS OF GAS

Company Ignored Safety Appliances in Mine

MINE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Developments in the coal fields overshadow everything else in today's news. Struggles arising in the strike areas, a mining disaster in Arkansas, anthracite miners in mass meeting protesting against unemployment caused by the policy of the operators and union officials, a federal indictment against Tony Minerich, young rank and file miner leader, charging violation of the injunction—the first case of the kind, and detailed testimony of the organized brutality of the coal and iron police in Pennsylvania furnished the senate committee by striking miners and sympathizers, out outstanding features of recent events. In detail they are:

1. A large force of state troops have been sent into Horton County, Pa., by Major Lynn Adams to suppress demonstrations of striking miners.

2. Twenty miners are believed dead and thirty-five have been severely injured in an explosion in the Mana coal mine near Jenny Lind, Ark.

3. Tony Minerich, member of the Save the Union Committee of Pittsburgh, arrested and charged with conspiracy to violate a federal injunction prohibiting picketing, is released on \$1,000 bail.

4. Mass meeting of four large local unions in anthracite districts charges that coal operators and union officials are responsible for unemployment and demand division of work.

5. Miners' wives and local sympathetic business elements tell senate committee of horrible brutalities committed by coal and iron police; abusing dying man, beating up children, kicking and beating women in their own homes, etc.

6. Ohio miners protest efforts of authorities and union officials to suppress their meetings.

20 Miners Dead.

JENNY LIND, Ark., Feb. 24.—At least 20 miners are dead and nearly 50 injured in a terrific explosion which trapped 120 miners at the Mana Coal Mine No. 3 here. Rescue crews began to blast their way to the strangled men at once.

Company officials, in an effort to evade responsibility for the tragedy, (Continued on Page Two)

A. F. L. DESERTS ANOTHER FIGHT

Abandons Compensation Issue

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—Another step backward in the "legislative" battles which the American Federation of Labor has been conducting is seen in the abandonment of its position on the working men's compensation law.

The Washington Central Labor Union which may be taken to express the immediate view of Green, Wolf and Company after fighting for 10 years has just dropped its attempt to secure the enactment in the District of Columbia of the Ohio model working men's compensation law. It has unanimously endorsed, as a substitute, the placing of workers' compensation for industrial accidents in the District of Columbia under the federal commission which administers the Longshoremen's Act.

The Ohio law, sponsored by William Green, then a state senator, and now president of the American Federation of Labor, gave the state a monopoly in the handling of this insurance. Under the new scheme, the private insurance companies will get a share of the business.

JOBLESS FACE HUNGER AND COLD AS BREAD LINES GROW



Despite the fact that the army of jobless workers is growing, no effective measures are being taken to relieve the increasing misery of the thousands thrown from the shops and factories. While capitalist politicians prattle about "prosperity," scenes like the one shown above can be seen daily in all the large industrial cities of the U. S. Photo shows unemployed workers freezing for hours in long lines in the hope of getting a hand-out at the Christian Doctrine Madonna House, 175 Cherry St., New York.

FOREIGN NEWS --- BY CABLE AND MAIL FROM SPECIAL CORRESPONDENTS

EXPEL RENEGADE LEADERS OF WEST UKRAINIAN PARTY

Comintern Executive Scores Vissiliv

(Special Cable To DAILY WORKER.) MOSCOW, Feb. 24.—The plenary session of the Executive Committee of the Communist International...

The Executive Committee decided that Vissiliv and Turiansky expressed the tendencies of the petty bourgeoisie, the boss peasantry and the nationalist bourgeoisie.

The report presented to the Executive Committee of the Communist International charged Vissiliv and Turiansky with fighting against the Executive Committee of the Polish Communist Party...

MAXIM GORKY IS HONORED BY USSR

MOSCOW, Feb. 24.—A new issue of postage stamps will bear the portrait of Maxim Gorky...



Maxim Gorky is honored for his achievements of the Soviet Union. A Gorky celebration was held in Leningrad and Moscow recently.

SHOE FIRM SEEKS TO ENJOIN UNION

BOSTON, Feb. 24.—The Waban Shoe Company, with a factory in the Roxbury district, has made an application for an injunction against the Shoe Workers Protective Union...

The employers who have up till the present operated a union shop, have refused to renew the agreement with some of the highly skilled craftsmen in the factory.

HINKLER FORCED DOWN.

LONDON, Feb. 24.—Bert Hinkler, Australian aviator, flying from Port Darwin to Concurry, was forced down today near his destination...

Hinkler, who flew from England to Australia in the record time of sixteen days, was making a two-day flight to Bundaberg from Port Darwin.

FOR YOUR HEALTH Strictly Pure FLORIDA HONEY

Guaranteed by the BEE-FARMER. Special Prices During Run of This "Ad" 5 Lbs. \$1.25 6 Lbs. \$1.40

Battle Cruisers Warm Up for the Coming Imperialist War in the Pacific

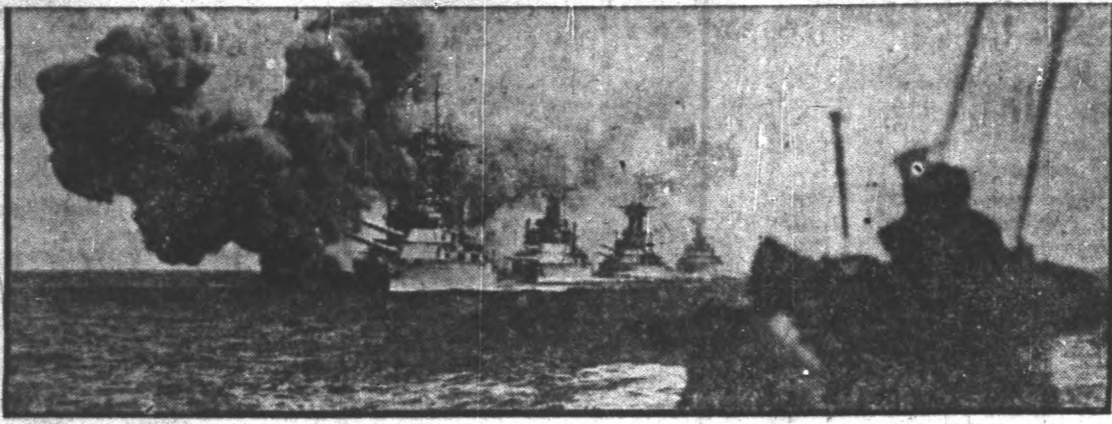
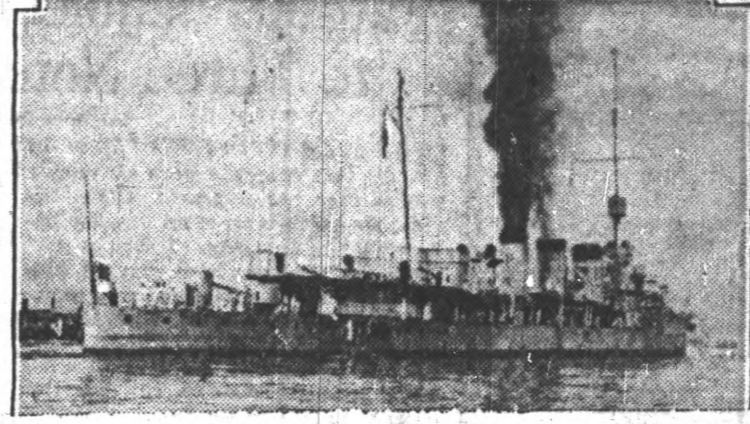


Photo on left shows two cruisers of the United States Pacific fleet in target practice off Los Angeles. They are limbering up for the coming imperialist war in the Pacific.



REPORT SHIPMENT OF USSR BULLION IS UNRESTRICTED

To Pay for Purchases of Goods Here

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—There will be no restriction placed upon the use of \$5,200,000 in Soviet gold bullion recently received by the Chase National Bank and the Equitable Trust Co. of New York...

Since its arrival in New York last Tuesday, the five casks of gold bars have been idle in the vaults of the two banks, having been deposited there without the usual stop at the government assay office...

A similar shipment in 1921 was not admitted to the assay office because of a question of ownership. No question of title has arisen, however, in connection with the present shipment.

ATTACK FASCIST TERROR IN TYROL

LONDON, Feb. 24.—A unanimous protest against the treatment of inhabitants of the former German-Austrian parliament, a Daily Mail dispatch from Vienna said.

Italian authorities now have jurisdiction in the Tyrol section. During the heated discussion in the Austrian parliament, deputies charged that "law-abiding citizens in large numbers had been beaten into unconsciousness, women outraged, freedom of speech and of the press abolished, and the sanctity of the home abused."

CAMDEN, N. J., Feb. 24.—James Kaiser, 45, a garage worker of this city, died yesterday as a result of injuries he received in an explosion at the garage in which he worked in Magnolia on Tuesday.

SWEDISH PAPER LOCK-OUT GROWS

STOCKHOLM, Feb. 24.—More than 133,000 workers will be effected by the lock-out in the pulp industry, it was learned yesterday when the Swedish Employers' Association announced that it would extend the lock-out to the paper mills.

The employers' association is determined to lower wages and increase hours in the industry, while the workers are equally determined to resist the wage cut and any lengthening of hours.

Italy Uses Birth Rate As Excuse for Boosting Its Imperialistic Aims

ROME, Feb. 24.—Considerable significance was attached by the Italian press today to the news that Italy's population had increased 853,000 in the last two years.

It was pointed out that such a huge increase required a suitable "outlet" for economic and other reasons.

According to the bulletin issued by the Central Statistical Institute, the population rose 410,000 in 1927 and 409,000 in 1926. While the number of births decreased last year, the death rate also decreased which resulted in the net gain.

White Russian Spouse of Victoria Arrested For Beating Up Page

BERLIN, Feb. 24.—Alexander Zoubkoff, White Russian husband of Victoria, the former German kaiser's sister, added assault and subsequent arrest to his list of notorieties today.

According to the police, Zoubkoff was arrested for beating up a page at Berlin's elite dance hall, the "Casanova," and insulting the guests. After several hours' detention he was released and allowed to return home to the Hotel Hercules house where his sixty-three year old bride awaited him.

WRANGEL AGAIN.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 24.—Baron Wrangel, who commanded one of the "white" armies which subsidized by the powers tried to overthrow the Soviet Government, said today that he is only awaiting "another opportunity to return to Russia at the head of an army to fight the Reds."

Germany to Extend Air Line to Afghanistan

BERLIN, Feb. 24.—Extension of Germany's commercial air system to Kabul, capital of Afghanistan, will be one of the results of the visit of King Amanullah to this country, it was stated this afternoon.

The Afghan king already has been informed of Germany's intentions and expressed his satisfaction.

HUNGARY HOLDS FASCISTI ARMS

GENEVA, Feb. 24.—Hungary has refused to comply with the request of the League of Nations council that the machine guns shipped into that country from Italy be held as "evidence" for the league investigation next month, it was learned this afternoon.

The incident has caused a great deal of criticism. It is felt in league circles that Hungary's action will force the league as a whole to act.

Unless a satisfactory explanation is given by Hungary to the league council and the Budapest government apologizes it is unlikely that Hungary will be invited to join the new middle European entente proposed by Dr. Benes, president of the security commission.

Lisbon Cop Killed in Effort to Break Meet

LISBON, Feb. 24.—One policeman was killed and another was seriously wounded when fired upon by assailants today while breaking up an anti-government meeting.

GET ONE NOW 14-Karat Gold Emblem (Actual Size and Design) SCREW-CAP TYPE \$1.25 Sent by Insured Mail for \$1.50 On Receipt of Money by Jimmie Higgins Book Shop 100 University Place New York City

SERFS FOR FORD RUBBER HOLDING

Reach Brazil; to Start Work Soon

BELEM, Brazil, Feb. 24.—Several hundred workers to be employed on Ford's huge rubber plantation here are expected to arrive today on board the steamship Pancras.



Henry Ford, imperialist erected in the swampy territory here.

With Ford making an attempt to grow rubber on a vast scale in Brazil, Harvey Firestone is renewing his efforts to secure large rubber land holdings in the island of Mindanao, Philippines. Powerful influences are working for the alteration of the present land laws, which limit the size of land holdings.

CHICAGO WOMEN'S CLUB.

CHICAGO, Feb. 24.—The recently formed American Progressive Women's Club meets once a month at 3841 Archer St.

43,000 Moscow Workers Will Go to Rest Homes

MOSCOW, (By Mail).—Forty-three thousand of Moscow manual and office workers will go next summer through the rest homes of the Moscow gubernia alone.

A hundred thousand roubles will be assigned for the mechanization of kitchens in six rest homes (in two of them they have already been mechanized).

MINORITY HOLDS POWER IN JAPAN

TOKIO, Feb. 24.—Returns from Japan's general election made it certain this evening that neither the government party (Seiyukai) nor the opposition party (Minseitō) would have a working majority in the new Diet, and that the balance of power would be held by minority parties.

Complete, but unofficial, newspaper tabulation gave the following results: Minseitō, 218; Seiyukai, 217; Kakushintō, 4; Jitsugyo Doshikai (business men's party), 4; Proletarians, 8; Independents, 15.

SIGNS APPROPRIATION BILL.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—President Coolidge today signed the new \$100,000,000 public buildings appropriation bill.

Labor Will Welcome New Cooperatives

Sunday, Feb. 26 2 p.m. Central Opera House Tickets 50c.

COOPERATIVE CELEBRATION

of the Completion of the Second Block Houses of the

United Workers Cooperative Association

Spectacular Strike Scene

Machine Dance Mass Demonstrations Mass Singing

COOP. SECTION OF THE FREIHEIT DRAMATIC STUDIO COOP. SECTION OF THE FREIHEIT SINGING SOCIETY

under the direction of

JACOB SCHAEFER and JACOB MESTEL

INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE



Annual Bazaar

To Aid Political Prisoners

Five Big Days

DANCING RESTAURANT MUSIC EXHIBITIONS CONCERTS

Wednesday Thursday Friday THE GREATEST EVENT of the YEAR Saturday and Sunday

Affair of the 50,000

STAR CASINO

107th Street and Park Avenue.

TICKETS ON SALE AT: I. L. D. Office, 799 Broadway, Room 422; Jimmie Higgins Book Shop, 106 University Pl.; Proletcos Cafeteria, 30 Union Square; Daily Worker, 33 E. 1st St., New York.

Join and Support the International Labor Defense.

Young Comrade Corner

TO THE RESCUE!

Dear Little Comrade Mary Laka: I am 17 or 18 miles northwest of Chicago, Illinois. I have passed the seventy-two mile post (72 years old) last August. I just received the DAILY WORKER, February 4, issue. When I read your letter in the Young Comrade Corner, tears rolled down my face. Oh, how sorry I feel for you and your father and mother and the rest of the family. I am not able to send you much. I am forwarding one dollar. I have no home of my own. I am staying with a nephew of mine. Hoping that by the time you receive this letter, the amount you will have received through your pitiful appeal will be over a thousand dollars.

I left Minneapolis, Minnesota, the 24th of October, 1924. Enclosed find five stamps, four of which I bought in Minneapolis. I cannot use them here. So I am sending them to you my little comrade. With fraternal greetings to you and all young comrades, I am

A. C. Barrett, Warpsite, Alta, Canada.

Dear Comrades: My brother Eugene and I are sending one dollar each for the poor striking miners' children.

Comradely,
THEODORE POLKMAN.

THIS WEEK'S PUZZLE NO. 144.

This week's is a guess-me-if-you-can puzzle. And by the way, don't forget one more puzzle and then the prizes. (In order to help us pick the winners, write to us and let us know how many puzzles you have answered correctly.) Let's go.

Don't you see, don't you hear?
High and low, far and near,
Up and down, loud and clear,
Don't you see, don't you hear?

By the midst of the fray, with no sign of fear,
He falls not back, he does not veer.
Don't you see, don't you hear?
He's not over there, he's over here,
Forward he marches, year after year.

Drowning the sob, wiping the tear,
Who's this fellow to us so dear?
Why who's this fellow that has no peer?

Don't you see, don't you hear?
He's the little.....

Send all answers to THE DAILY WORKER Young Comrade Corner, 33 First St., New York City, stating name, age, address and number of puzzle.

Young Comrade Sub
1 year, 25 cents 1 year, 50 cents

Name.....

Address.....

City.....

State..... Age.....

Issued Every Month

PUZZLE CONTEST.

The answer to last week's puzzle No. 134 is PIONEER.

MORE ANSWERS TO PUZZLE NO. 124.

Milda Casper, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

OUR LETTER BOX.

Why, Oh Why?

I have a little sister by the name of Elizabeth Semkiw. One day as she was in school the teacher happened to be talking about God. The teacher said that no one that lives on this earth saw god or angels. My sister, very bright, had an idea. She stood up and said, "Well, if nobody saw God or angels why do they have paintings about God and angels, and where and how did they get God's picture and how do they know that angels have wings?"

By JOHN SEMKIW.

THE FLONZALEY QUARTET.



Who will give their final concert at Town Hall next Tuesday night.

Screen Notes

"The Leopard Lady," will be the attraction at the Colony Theatre beginning today. This is an adaptation of the play by Edward Childs Carpenter. Jacqueline Logan, Alan Hale and Robert Armstrong are featured in the cast.

"Love Me and the World is Mine," with Mary Philbin and Norman Kerry, will come to the Broadway screen Monday. Another photoplay attraction is "Head Hunters of Ecuador," a pictorial record of an expedition through the jungles of Ecuador.

"Soft Living" will be screen feature at the Roxy Theatre this coming week. Madge Bellamy, plays the lead.

Dr. Matthew W. Stirling, former director of the Smithsonian Institute, will bring his film to the 56th Street Theatre today. It is called "Adventures in Pygmy Land."

TIPO SCHIPA.



Soloist with the Musical Forum at the Gallo Theatre tomorrow night.

MY PUBLIC SCHOOL GRADUATION.

A solemn march was playing. All the graduates dressed in white, marched in like soldiers, one behind the other.

We sat down in our seats and soon the principal came up on the platform and started to read the "holy bible."

Then we all stood up and sang "The Star Spangled Banner." Also gave the pledge to the American flag. The program began. The play was very dry and the actors went through their parts like machines. We sang some songs, of course they were patriotic and almost every song had the word "God."

Now the most important part of the graduation exercises for the teachers and principal came. That was the speeches. Well, you can imagine what kind of speeches they were. Everyone who addressed us seemed very solemn. They told us a lot of "bunk."

One said, "You are in the hands of the almighty God. Let us hope he will protect you and not let you stray off the right path."

I suppose by that he meant we should always serve the U. S. I wanted to cry out, "Tis a lie, all you've said are lies. Where is the freedom, and golden opportunity this country has to give us?"

"What about Sacco and Vanzetti. Were they given justice?"

"What about the different strikers that were brutally beaten by the police?" "Is this freedom?"

And so the program stretched without a smile. We must sit for three hours and quiet as mice.

At last the diplomas were handed out by a priest. What made me laugh was when one girl was presented a character medal. The teachers never notice the qualities of the children and then at the end of the term they are able to select one girl out of one hundred who has the best character. You can imagine what kind of girl she is. Really the dumbest in the school.

With great impatience we arrived at the happy time when with great ceremony we slowly marched out of the auditorium and went home. Is it a wonder that the American workers are not class conscious? The public schools are good servants in helping to make the American children slaves of the capitalist class.

ESTHER LENATZKY.
(A Young Pioneer.)

DRAMA

Famous Schiller Prize Awarded to Three Noted Dramatists

THE award of the Schiller Prize for the best dramatic work of literary value that has appeared within the last six years is an event of some importance in Germany. The rules governing this award have changed constantly since it was founded in memory of Schiller's hundredth birthday on November 10, 1859.

For twenty years no work of sufficient importance to receive the prize was produced in Germany. Twelve have passed since it was last bestowed. The present committee of nine, consisting of University professors, literary men, and actors, have awarded it to three men whose work they declare to be equally meritorious—Hermann Burte, Fritz von Unruh, and Franz Werfel.

The choice is significant of a general dissatisfaction with the pre-war Germany that has been portrayed in the works of them all. None of the three is a good dramatist, but all are enthusiasts, and all are inspired by the struggles between the old and the new, the eternal conflict between father and son, the bitterness of war waged for an ideal, the pity and horror of death and devastation, and the longing for liberty of body and spirit. Their burning convictions on these subjects have ensured them all a success in post-war Germany that would not have been so general in the old days.

Hermann Burte, a South German, is best known on the Berlin stage for his drama of Frederick the Great's friend "Katte". His plays are popular in Germany and on the continent. Chief among the leaders of the expressionist school, von Unruh, has maintained his hold over a great section of the public where the more chaotic of those who led the new movement are already forgotten. Franz Werfel, born and brought up in Prague, has a special claim on many hearts in Germany today for his verse alone. Many enthusiasts have followed their leader Dostoevski in the so-called "school of pity." Werfel stands alone in his power of subjugating the intellect to the emotions. His drama of the ex-Empress Charlotte of Mexico, "Maximilian and Juarez," ranks higher than "The Trojan Women," his principal earlier dramatic work of importance.

Werfel's "Goat Song" and "Maximilian and Juarez" were produced here by the Theatre Guild last season.

will be sung by a tenor instead of the traditional soprano.

The casts and programs follow: Monday evening, "Martha"; Adele Vasa, Brownie Peebles, Charles Hedley, Mark Daniels, Howard Laramy, John Uppman. Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday evenings, "Faust"; Natalie Hall, Helen Oelheim, Patrick Killkelly, Clifford Newdall, Edison Rice, John Uppman, Allan Burt, George Fleming Houston. Wednesday matinee, Thursday night and Saturday matinee, "Carmen"; Peebles, Maria Iavovina, Winifred Goldsboro, Louise Bernhardt, Hedley, J. Frederic Roberts, Mark Daniels, Uppman, Laramy, Raymond Koch. Important changes in casts will take place in the following performances.

With the Orchestras

PHILHARMONIC.

In addition to its appearance this Sunday afternoon at the Brooklyn Academy of Music and the usual pair of concerts on Thursday evening and Friday afternoon at Carnegie Hall, there will be an extra concert of the Philharmonic Monday evening at Carnegie Hall for the benefit of the Orchestra Pension Fund. The soloist Monday is the veteran cellist of the orchestra, Leo Schulz, who will play the "Saint-Saens Concerto No. 1 for Cello and Orchestra. The program also includes the Overture to "Amoreon" of Cherubini and four Wagner numbers: Siegfried Idyll, Siegfried's Death and Funeral Music from "Gotterdammerung," Prelude and Finale from "Tristan and Isolde," and the Overture to "Tannhauser."

This Sunday afternoon at the Brooklyn Academy of Music the program will include the Haydn Symphony No. 13 in G, Ravel's Daphnis and Chloe, Suite No. 2, Vivaldi's "Spring" from "The Four Seasons," and Respighi's Pines of Rome.

On Thursday and Friday De Falla's El Amor Brujo, with Sophie Braslaw as soloist, Rossini's Overture to "The Barber of Seville," Beethoven's "Pastorale" Symphony, and the Overture to "Thannhauser" complete the program.

Philip Morrell will give his violin recital at Town Hall next Saturday night.

Ina Claire will make her first appearance in "Our Beters" in Wilmington, Delaware, on Feb. 9. She will open here at Henry Miller's Theatre on Feb. 20. George M. Cohan's "The Baby Cyclone," now in its twenty-second week will be moved to another theatre.

MUSIC

AMERICAN OPERA EXTENDS RUN WITH A WEEK OF "FAUST" AND "CARMEN"

The American Opera Company will present its new version of Gounod's "Faust" at the Gallo Theatre four times next week, with the addition of Bizet's "Carmen" and one performance of Plotow's "Martha." This constitutes an added week to the American company's first New York season.

As in previous presentations, two artists will sing the role of Faust, one depicting the aged philosopher, another playing the cavalier. Siebel

BROADWAY AT BEGINNING MONDAY
 "ANOTHER MERRY GO ROUND"
LOVE ME AND THE WORLD IS MINE
 WITH PAUL PHILBIN, NORMAN KERRY, BETTY COMPTON, J. H. WALKER, HARRY SHAW, EDIE BLONDEL, JACKIE COOPER, J. H. WALKER, HARRY SHAW, EDIE BLONDEL, JACKIE COOPER, J. H. WALKER, HARRY SHAW, EDIE BLONDEL, JACKIE COOPER.

Music and Concerts

PHILHARMONIC N.Y. Symphony

TOSCANINI, Conductor.
 CARNegie HALL, Monday Eve., 8:30
 2nd Membership Concert for the Benefit of the Orchestra Pension Fund
 Soloist: LEO SCHULZ, Cellist
 CHERUBINI—SAINT-SAENS
 WAGNER
 Tickets at Box Office, 50c to \$5.00.

Carnegie Hall, Thurs. Eve., Mar. 1, 8:30
 Friday Afternoon, March 2, at 2:30
 Soloist: SOPHIE BRASLAW, Contralto
 ROSSINI—BREITHOVEN—DE FALLA
 WAGNER
 Arthur Judson, Mgr. (Steinway)

The last of the Series of 7 Concerts of the MUSICAL FORUM will take place at the GALLO THEATRE, SUNDAY NIGHT, at 8:30 instead of the Guild Theatre as announced.

EVENING OF ITALIAN MUSIC
 KURT SCHINDLER, Musical Director
 SOLOISTS:
 Last N. Y. Appearance This Season

TITO SCHIPA Tenor
MARIO CORTI Violinist
 Assisted by
ARTHUR LOESSER Pianist

Ticket holders can exchange their tickets at the Box Office of the Gallo Theatre, 44th St., West of Broadway (The Knabe is the Official Piano of the Forum). Mr. Schipa uses the Mason & Hamlin Piano. Mr. Corti uses the Baldwin Piano.

Guild Theatre, Sun. Eve., Feb. 25, 9:00
 Last of the Series of 3 Recitals

Musical Art Quartet
 Sasha Jacobson, Paul Bernard
 Marie Romanoff-Rosenoff
 Louis Kaufman
 Program: Schubert Quartet—Debussy Quartet, Randall Thompson; "The Wind of the Willows."

AMERICAN OPERA COMPANY
 1st N. Y. SEASON, SUNG IN ENGLISH
 GALLO THEATRE, 44th St., West of Broadway
 54th St. of W. W. W. PHONE COL. 1140.
 Mon. Eve. Carmen. Tues. Wed. Thurs., Fri., Sat. Eve. Faust, Mar. 2, Mar. 3, Mar. 4, Mar. 5.

MARGEY FINLEY.



In the new Hassard Short musical show "Sunny Days" at the Imperial Theatre.

NEW YORK SYMPHONY.

A program featuring five great cities of music—London, Paris, Rome, Vienna and New York—will be presented by Walter Damrosch on the Thursday afternoon and Friday evening concerts of the New York Symphony Orchestra in Carnegie Hall. This Sunday he will repeat the concert version of "Tristan and Isolde" at Mecca Auditorium, with Rachel Morton, Rudolf Laubenthal and Frederick Baer as assisting artists.

Nine Koschetz, soprano, and Allan Jones, tenor, will appear as soloists Thursday and Friday. The program follows: First movement from "A London Symphony," Vaughn Williams; Fountains of Rome, Respighi; Finale from "Donise," "Paris, Paris," Charpentier; Skyscrapers, John Alden Carpenter; Tales from the Vienna Woods, Johann Strauss.

The Kedroff quartet will assist at next Sunday's concert in Mecca Auditorium. Mr. Damrosch will perform Tchaikowsky's Symphony No. 6, "Pathetic," Jarecki's Symphonic Poem, "Chimero," and dances from Prince Igor by Borodine.

The Flonzaley Quartet will give their third and last concert Tuesday evening at Town Hall. The program: Quartet in B flat major, Opus 68, Brahms; First Quartet, Erwin Schulhoff; Quartet in C major, Opus 59, No. 3, Beethoven.

The Musical Art Quartet will give the following program at their recital at the Guild Theatre this Sunday night: Quartet, Opus 29, A minor, Schubert; "The Wind in the Willows," Randall Thompson; Quartet, Opus 10, Debussy.

The Musical Forum will give their concert at the Gallo Theatre this Sunday night.

Ernest Laemmle will direct "Why Announce Your Marriage?" by Louis Allen Brown and Alan Crosland, for Universal.

"Phyllis of the Peggies," from a story by Arthur Gregor, featuring Matt Moore, Alice Day and Lillian Tashman, has just been completed and is ready for release.

AMUSEMENTS

The Theatre Guild Presents
 EUGENE O'NEILL'S
STRANGE INTERLUDE
 JOHN GOLDEN THEATRE, 53th St., E. of B'way.
 Performances Only at 8:30.
 BEGINNING MONDAY, FEB. 27
 BERNARD SHAW'S COMEDY
The Doctor's Dilemma
 GUILD THEATRE WEST 52nd ST.
 Mat. Thurs. and Sat.
 Week of Mar. 5: "MARGO MILLIONS"
 Week of Mar. 12: "THE DOCTOR'S DILEMMA"
PORGY
 A FOLK PLAY
 BY DUBOSE AND DOROTHY KEYWARD
 REPUBLIC THEATRE, West 42nd St. E. of 8th
 Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:40

The shooting's all over now. Still in all seriousness, but with laughter, music, song and dance, the New Playwrights present at their theatre, 40 Commerce Street (phone Walker 5951)

Michael Gold's New Play
Hoboken Blues
 For all performances, a 10% reduction will be given on all tickets purchased from the local Daily Worker Office.
 108 East 14th Street. Phone
 Stuyvesant 6584.

Winter Garden Even. 8:30. Mat. 2:40.
WORLD'S LAUGH SENSATION!
Artists & Models
 WINTHROP AMES presents
ESCAPE WITH LESLIE HOWARD
 BOOTH THEATRE, W. 46th St. E. of 8th
 Mat. Wed. & Sat.
 Broadhurst Th. W. 44 St. E. of 8th
 Mat. Wed. & Sat.
GEORGE ARLISS
 in THE MERCHANT OF VENICE
 National Theatre, 41 St. W. of B'way
 Eves. 8:30. Mat. Wed. & Sat. 2:10
"The Trial of Mary Dugan"
 By Bayard Veiller,
 with Ann Harding-Bex Cherryman
THE JEFFERSON AT
 APOLLO THEATRE
 Sat. & Sun.
 3 Keith-Albee Acts, including
 THE ICEBERG
 19 Girls—Direct from Siegfried Polster
 Coming Monday—BELLE BAKER
 W. E. Fields & Chester Conklin
 in "Two Flaming Youth."

ERLANGER'S THEATRE, W. 44 St. E. of 8th
 Mat. Wed. & Sat.
THE MERRY MALONES
 with GEORGE M. COHAN
 LECTURES AND FORUMS

DRACULA
 FULTON THEATRE, 40 St. E. of 8th
 Mat. Wed. & Sat. 2:10
"BETTER THAN THE BAT"
 National Theatre, 41 St. W. of B'way
 Eves. 8:30. Mat. Wed. & Sat. 2:10
"The Trial of Mary Dugan"
 By Bayard Veiller,
 with Ann Harding-Bex Cherryman
THE JEFFERSON AT
 APOLLO THEATRE
 Sat. & Sun.
 3 Keith-Albee Acts, including
 THE ICEBERG
 19 Girls—Direct from Siegfried Polster
 Coming Monday—BELLE BAKER
 W. E. Fields & Chester Conklin
 in "Two Flaming Youth."

THE PEOPLE'S INSTITUTE
 AT COOPER UNION
 (8th ST. and ASTOR PLAZA)
 At 8 o'clock
 SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 26th
 DR. A. WAKEFIELD SLATEN
 "Taking the III out of Illusion."
 TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 28th
 MR. JOHN HOWARD LAWSON
 "Psychologizing the Playwright."
 FRIDAY, MARCH 2nd
 MR. EVERETT DEAN MARTIN
 The Psychology of the American Public—Politics and Leadership in American Democracy.
 Admission Free.
 Open Forum Discussion.
 Muhlenberg Branch Library
 (206 WEST 23rd STREET)
 At 8:30 o'clock.
 MONDAY, FEBRUARY 27th
 DR. MARK VAN DOREN
 Eight Poets—Page.
 WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 29th
 MR. KENNETH C. BLANCHARD
 Experimental Analysis of the Living Cell—"Chemical Changes in the Cell."
 THURSDAY, MARCH 1st
 DR. E. G. SPAULDING
 Fundamental Philosophical Problems—"What is Error?"
 SATURDAY, MARCH 3rd
 DR. BORACE M. KALLEN
 Fate and Freedom—Human Hope and Responsibility, Predestination and Providence.

Tomorrow Night, 8 o'clock
SYMPOSIUM
 on
"Problems of Working Women Today"
 Juliet Stuart Poyntz, labor lecturer; Ray Ragozin, member of the Teachers' Union; and Rose Worts, member of Joint Board I. L. G. W. U.—will deal with problems facing working women and working class housewives today.

Tomorrow night at 8:30 sharp
JOSEPH FREEMAN
 on
"The Russian Theater"
 BRONX OPEN FORUM
 2075 Gileston Ave. (near E. 180 St.)
 Under the auspices of the BRONX WORKERS' SCHOOL.

LABOR TEMPLE 14th Street & Second Ave.
 SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 26th
 5 P. M.—Lecture
 Dr. G. E. Beck—"Sir James George Frazer's Literary Testament."
 7:30 P. M.—Am. 1st Church
 Dr. E. S. Chaffetz—"Religion and the Modern State."
 8:30 P. M.—Forum
 Dr. G. E. Beck—"Walt Whitman—The Mystic."
 Myra H. H. pianist, appears in recital at Town Hall, Tuesday evening March 3.

Workers Forum
 108 East 14th Street.
 Admission 25c.

EAST SIDE OPEN FORUM
 At the Church of All Nations
 9 Second Avenue (near Houston)
 SUNDAY, FEB. 26th, 2 P. M.
 9:30 P. M.—"Russia."
 9:30 P. M.—James Yard will speak on "The Chinese Adventure."
 Admission Free. Everyone Invited.

ARE YOU TRAINING YOURSELF For the Class Struggle?
The Workers School
 108 EAST 14TH STREET
 JAY LOVESTONE—America Today.
 SCOTT NEARING—Modern Imperialism.
 ALEX. BITTELMAN—History of the Russian Communist Party.
 ROBERT W. DUNN—Present Tactics of Employers.
 BEATRICE BECKER—Speech Improvement.
 SCOTT NEARING—Development of American Empire.
 HARRY BLAKE—Public Speaking.
 BERT MILLER—Organization Problems.
 Classes in Fundamentals of Communism
 Classes in Elementary and Advanced English
 Classes in Youth Problems
 Classes in Literature
 Beginning this week and next.
 REGISTER NOW!

THE BLACK HOLE OF GALATA IN RUMANIA

By HENRI BARBUSSE.

The following account is the result of investigations made by Henri Barbusse and a group of European associates into the white terror conditions in Rumania. The investigation was carried out under extreme difficulties, the Rumanian fascist government throwing every possible obstacle in the way of the investigators. The subsequent reports which showed a systematic persecution of workers and peasants almost unequalled in the history of bourgeois repression appeared subsequently in L'Humanite, the French Communist daily.

Henri Barbusse is the celebrated French revolutionary novelist, best known as the author of "Under Fire," "Chains," "Light" and a spirited appeal to the French intellectuals, "The Knife Between the Teeth." He is the sponsor of the Clarte group of revolutionary writers and intellectuals.

There is worse still, yes, worse than the hammer strokes on your bones and the tearing and cutting of your skin, which stop just a little before they kill you (because yonder they find means of killing you several times consecutively), there is the disease which they give you.

"The cage and the ghettos guarantee you against tuberculosis," said Spridicev and Jon.

"I wish to speak of the disease which is directly distributed, as the bastinado is distributed. I wish to speak of one of them, exantematic phus, to give it its true, dreadful name. Yes, that is also an instrument which is used in order to tame Rumanian political prisoners, an instrument which one does not see, and which creeps in everywhere.

"There is a prison which is impregnated and rotten with this disease: it's Galata prison. For the rest the bourgeois newspapers have said it; when a newspaper is bourgeois and has said such a thing, it's because it could not help saying it. At Galata it sweats, it oozes, it rains typhus. It turns under the crust of the soil, under the skin of the walls, in the coats of filth on the doors, even in the marrow of the pillars.

"The typhus patients are, of course, mixed with the other prisoners. The lice which gorge themselves on their blood have nothing to do when their client is buried, as they like warm blood, so they apply themselves to the survivors.

"You see the trick for evading the Rumanian law which has suppressed the death penalty. What would you wish them to do to the lice, each of which is a microbe merchant? And they are on you at once, layers of 'em, and as to your skin, it's like a newspaper in which the print is crawling.

"There was one-eyed Simion who lay alongside of us for three weeks, unconscious. He writhed queerly and was delirious from morning till evening and so round the clock.

"It is abdominal convulsions, that is to say, nothing," said the doctor.

"And he gave him camomile and a purgative.

"We twenty-five prisoners shut in the same cell with him knew very well what it was, during the hours which we used to pass looking at this heap of rags which writhed and writhed and made the last of human strength groan on a mattress of dung, you may imagine that it was never changed, still less when it was taken to the small tub. He was surrounded by a stench so dense that it seemed as if you could touch it.

"A week before someone had ventured to say to the head warden, 'Suppose Simion were given a bath?'

"The face of the chief warden had become as red as a volcano in eruption. 'A bath! He has held out quite well for five years without taking a bath!' bellowed the potentate in answer, and went on to bawl: 'Others in the prison have done very well without taking a bath for seven years. And besides, what's it to do with you?'

"You see the problem: wearing clothes which had been decontaminated to us by prisoners who had disappeared under the earth, fed with a little warm water called tea, with ice-cold pap and a lukewarm soup of rotten beans, unwashed and with a doctor who refused to be a doctor, sucked by poisoned vermin and heaped on top of each other, the question was how to escape deadly contagion.

"Sometimes we hoped: one has such strange dreams! But above all we were afraid. Our teeth chattered more and more and we felt our bellies gripped and the stench of Simion's bed embraced us like death itself.

"Simion died one night. 'On the following day we were made to take off our clothes to have them exposed to the vapour of an engine boiler. What was the use of this caress, when it would have required fire and flood to cleanse this single cell!

"It also came to pass that the warders and all the prison staff ceased to come to us. They kept out of the way. They disappeared. The service was performed by soldiers who, as you know, are good for anything.

"Still it was the prisoners, ingeniously intoxicated for the occasion, who removed Simion from his bed, sprinkled him with lime, then buried him.

"Finally this happened, this same day: one after the other, Vasilii the robber, Fedor the pickpocket, and Wasja the politician fell sick.

"No one troubled about them. I have said that we no longer saw the officials. They, the spiders, were waiting in shelter at the ends of their webs for the prisoners.

"The state of the three stricken men became rapidly worse. And in the cell three delirious men began to shout. They each bawled some essential scrap of their earthly destiny. Wasja, who had been condemned because a functionary had wished to rob him of his little field and he had resisted (that sort of thing is called politics, and perhaps not wrongly), bawled at the top of his voice: 'Good Right is Good Right!'

"Vasilii thought that he was surrounded by the gendarmes and he struggled with loud shouts and summoned the robbers' god to his assistance.

"As to the pickpocket, Fedor, he complained with much bawling against his comrade, the police commissioner, with whom he thought that he was sharing the stolen booty as was his custom, as many of his like were accustomed to do in Rumania—and who had swindled him in the sharing out. (It was the settlement of this affair, not the affair itself, which had brought about his incarceration.)

"Then the shouters became calm, and for a very good reason: at the end of the sixth day they were all three in the lime, and three white blocks were put into the earth.

"And we, we were ever awaiting, our heads eaten by fear, the condemnation which comes from within.

"There were at this time sixteen other cases of typhus in the various black holes of Galata. It was Spiru who told me, and he only said what he had seen and was sure of.

"A white-haired peasant was watching the fifteen days of detention which he had yet to serve, diminishing slowly, so slowly. Fifteen days wasn't much, but all the same the matter was urgent. . . . he only had three more days to go. The evening but one before the day of his release, he was lowered into the white paste which burns even to the bones.

"The commandant Constantine Cernat, director general of the prisons of great Rumania, was returning from his domain of Bessarabia, when he was informed of the spread of the typhus epidemic—which he had known for a long time.

"He shuddered: That was becoming serious; and he hurried, putting everything on one side to telegraph these simple words to Galata: 'Until further orders, no more convicts from Galata for work on my fields.'

"As he knew that precautions must be taken against contagion.

Aid the Miners
For the striking miners of Pennsylvania, Ohio and Colorado \$672 was collected at an enthusiastic mass meeting, held recently at the Arena Gardens, Detroit, Mich., under the auspices of the Workers International Relief, with national headquarters at 1 Union Square, New York City.

Describes Prison Tortures



HENRI BARBUSSE.

Fighting the Frame-Up

By MAX SHACHTMAN

BEHIND the walls and bars of San Quentin prison in California sits Tom Mooney. In Repra, Calif., is his comrade Warren Billings. Further north, in the Washington penitentiary at Walla Walla are a number of I. W. W. from Centralia. All of them are a part of the long list of class war fighters who have been captured by the ruling class and held prisoners against the movement of militant labor. Their cases are the worst, for not only are they innocent of any crime but their activities in the cause of the working class, but they must expiate this "crime" of loyalty with life-long sentences.

For Rest of Lives.
To the very last day of their lives they are to remain confined in bleak prison cells. The last breath of life must come from their bodies on a prison cot. Their world must remain hemmed by four narrow stone walls and their sight of the sky marred by the strong steel gratings of a tiny window. That is what the judges decreed. The law of capitalism has spoken with dignified majesty and there is no further recourse in the courts.

BUT if there is no recourse in the halls of capitalism's courts, the working class, for whom the Mooneys, Billingses, Barnetts and McInerneys are imprisoned, have other means at their disposal. The workers have a weapon that is unmatched in the whole arsenal of their enemies, and that is the unbroken solidarity of labor.

LABOR can free the class war prisoners if it will undertake an intelligent and stubborn fight against the infamous frame-up system which has taken these fighters alive in its penitentiaries. The workers can smash this anti-labor institution, which imprisons and murders the active fighters in the movement, by grouping their forces with determination and clarity. The International Labor Defense, which has already accomplished a great deal in the fight against the imprisonment of scores of workers who are arrested every year for their activities or opinions in the labor movement, has made an appeal to every worker to join in a country-wide campaign against the frame-up system and for the release of all the class war prisoners confined in the penitentiaries of American capitalism.

TOWARDS this end, the tour of James P. Cannon, the national secretary of International Labor Defense, has been organized. The tour will not only serve to make clear the character and work of the frame-up system, but will offer a program of action to combat it. The first section of the tour begins in Pittsburgh, Wednesday, Feb. 29, and will take him to the Pacific coast and back again to Chicago.

TOM MOONEY, Billings, Matt Schmidt and a number of the Centralia men have already written that they are glad to learn of the tour, for in the course of it Cannon will visit these old fighters and discuss with them plans for a new campaign for their release.

The support of the tour in every city where a meeting is held is one of the means by which every worker can help to make successful this fight against the frame-up system and show that he has separated from "the apathetic throng—the cowed and the meek" and joined the militant army of fighters that has decided to fight obstinately with all its power for the vindication of the victims of vicious class "justice."

There I read:
Hunger
Poverty
And Hate. . .
—ABRAHAM WARSHOFKY.

BOOKS and COMMENT

Dunn's "Company Unions" Analyzed

The Mechanism of the Class Struggle

COMPANY UNIONS. By Robert W. Dunn. Vanguard Press. Fifty cents.

EVENTS which have followed on the heels of one another during the past few months give a timeliness and importance to the subject of company unions such as has not hitherto been the case. The labor movement may be said to have waked up rather late to the menace of the company union. The officials of the trade unions, in spite of their verbal attacks, still continue to "sleep on the issue" for the well-known reasons.

But in the meantime the company union may pass through another stage and become an incorporated factor of industrial development. Evidence brought out at the recent hearing on the proposed anti-strike law at the Bar Association indicated very clearly, if such a law is passed the company union with its handmaiden, the "yellow-dog" contract, will become respectable. There are also a number of signs that the labor officialdom will not hesitate to seek shelter under the cover of this new respectability either to abandon altogether the struggle against the company union or to climb upon the employers' band wagon wholeheartedly as directors of the entire parade.

The faint-hearted attacks which the labor officials have made on the company-union are capable of ready conversion into accents of qualified support and finally they will not shrink from open support of the company union provided they themselves are taken care of.

What does the company union really mean for the labor movement? Even the militants, those who are engaged actively in fighting the company union, should understand this more clearly.

The author of this volume provides the answer to this question in the fullest manner. Dunn, who is the outstanding student of the mechanics of the class struggle in America has gathered material here which will undoubtedly remain a permanent contribution in labor history. Incidentally, it might be said that these studies of the newer methods of employers are providing the basis for the wide-scale attack which the workers will soon have to make against their open shop employers.

Considerable of Dunn's efforts are directed to showing that whatever the employers' claims, the basic reason for the company union is to prevent organization of the workers. The employers make no bones about their intentions:

"After all what difference does it make whether one plant has a 'shop committee,' a 'works council,' a 'Leitch Plan' . . . or whatever else it may be called? These different forms are but mechanics for putting into practice . . . the open shop." ("Industrial Management," Feb. 1920.)

This is the general purpose of the company union which embraces all the others. Its two chief subdivisions are wage reductions and speed-up. The company union is valuable for these ends—and how!

Dunn reports that "the wage-cutting campaigns of 1921 revealed the company unions as effective instruments. Some textile company unions voted themselves as much as 20 to 40 percent cuts in wages." Fresh in our minds is the recent publicity given to the methods by which the Interborough Rapid Transit Company union was able to put over a 10 percent wage cut when all the locals of the "Brotherhood" voted against it.

As for speed-up, the constitutions of practically all company unions almost uniformly have their references to "qualify and quantity of production," "for the good of the industry," etc. And these references are no mere formality but actually the flesh and blood of the worker-employer relationship.

A million and a half workers are

SKETCH
I looked into the eyes
of a ragged dishevelled old man
in the subway train,
breathing his last bitter years
in agony. . .
There I read:
Hunger
Poverty
And Hate. . .
—ABRAHAM WARSHOFKY.

A Tepid "Liberal" Writes a Novel

SILENT STORMS. By Ernest Poole. The Macmillan Co. \$2.50.

HAVING found that he could earn a comfortable livelihood by flattering the rich, Ernest Poole, who once wrote that unusual novel of the class struggle called, "The Harbor," has been a liberal for a number of years. Regularly he turns out novels which are widely reviewed as books discussing the "great problems of our age." "Silent Storms" is his latest.

To Poole, the "regrettable thing" about a Wall Street multi-millionaire is that he doesn't see the "valuable work" the League of Nations, "that strange new laboratory of peace," has done.

When Poole is not filling his book with New York World editorials, he deals with a great modern marriage problem: why a middle-aged American millionaire, who is shown to be as clean as a newly-washed pair of diapers, cannot get along with a flip-flop French wife half his age who likes to dance with young men and who came to America to raise \$100,000 for the French fascists by lecturing at women's clubs.

Poole's conclusion is that a young man who can dance and who can more appreciate the League of Nations—in other words the financier's nephew—could be more able to get along with the fascist countess.

Never once does the renegade Poole, like a truthful historian, point out that while the fastidious fascist French wife squanders fortunes on scores of "radiantly beautiful" evening gowns, thousands of children go hungry in the Ghetto a few blocks away.

Poole breathes sympathy for Kerenky, praises Mussolini and "revolutionaries of the rich against the poor," and rants about the "Communist menace." I really cannot get mad about this novel because it is too poorly written.

—WALTER SNOW.

now in bondage to the company union. There has been a steady growth of this institution during the period when the American Federation of Labor lost two millions of its membership. What will happen in the wake of the country-wide drive on the trade unions, in the presence of a deepening economic crisis when the organized labor movement usually loses in membership, may well be imagined.

On this account the methods of fighting the company union here elaborated are of the greatest importance. These will repay the most careful study.

"Company Unions" is a book of the moment in the present struggle of the working class.

JOHN L. SHERMAN.

Announcing! No. 5 of the WORKERS LIBRARY!

The Trotsky Opposition

Its Significance for American Workers
By Bertram D. Wolfe

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Back from China



Scott Nearing, author and lecturer, has just returned from the Soviet Union, after having made a study of conditions in China. Nearing was also a delegate at the recent session of the general council of the International League against Imperialism at Brussels.

Nearing's latest book, "Whither China," will be reviewed soon.

Is It Coffee Or Is It Not

Nothing like a stiff cup of coffee after a long watch in the crow's nest, say sailors. But if you like your java strong avoid the Katrina Luckenbach, one of the big coast to coast freighters of the prosperous Luckenbach line.

A sailor just back from a round cruise to Seattle told the Federated Press how the ship's coffee is made. "The captain drinks postum so he doesn't worry what the rest of us drink. The two first mates have a percolator. And for the other 40 members of the crew the steward boils up one pound of coffee. The man averages four cups a day, so you can figure the strength of the brew.

Good coffee is supposed to give 25 to 40 cups to the pound. On the Luckenbacher a pound makes 150 cups. And yet some folks wonder why American boys don't want to go to sea as they used to.

REVELLE
Early Morning:
(The giant bury Cop Drives His murderous club Into The soles Of the jobless workers Snoring On the benches In the park.)
—ABRAHAM WARSHOFKY.

I ASK FOR A VOTE

Comrades!
Men of the streets!
Sweatshop workers!
Subway diggers!
The aged, the poor and the starving—
I ask for a vote by the sprained fist.
You who know the bony hand of hunger,
you who sleep in cold hallways,
you who walk with our brothers face to the storm—
I ask for a vote.

Harvest hands!
Mill hands!
Dock workers, farm hands, working stiff!
I ask you for a vote by the shaking hand of terror.
You who know their contempt for the poor,
you who have seen them in their comfort,
you who have felt how they can be hard and cruel in their power—
I ask you for a vote.

I, too, know how our brothers beg at their doors—
I, too, have seen our worn-out comrades hidden away in pineslab coffins. . .
—LEBARRE.

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Worker Correspondents Expose Registry of Labor Voters; Seamen's Conditions

RECORD NAMES OF MINERS WHO VOTE FOR LABOR PARTY

See Trick to Blacklist Progressives

(By a Worker Correspondent.)
ARNOLD, Pa. (By Mail). — This is the third and last day of registration for the primary elections in Westmoreland county which includes New Kensington, Arnold, Parnassus and some other towns.

Hush Primary Notices.
No mention was made to the public of the primaries except a short item in the local press on the first day of registration.

When we went down to register for labor, and we found that everyone who voted republican or democratic last year and now wants to register labor or any other party, outside of the republican or democratic, must fill in a special slip, besides writing his name in the registration book. The slip contains your name and address and furthermore you have to have a witness to sign it. No address or witness is needed if you register republican or democratic.

This troubles the workers who want to register labor and they are suspicious of the slip and think there is some dirty trick in it. They believe this is some spying scheme to keep track of the workers who vote for a Labor Party, and to prevent them from doing so by means of oppression.

Fascist Terrorism.
The much-talked about democracy and political freedom turns out to be a fascist terrorism, covered with promises today and tomorrow with bayonets against the workers who demand a party of their own.

We'd like to hear what the peaceful evolutionists and the ballot-loving socialists have to say about that! It is time for them to study Lenin's State and Revolution.

More Contributions to Ruthenberg Daily Worker Sustaining Fund

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Miner's Baby Born 'Mid Hardships in Barracks



Above is Mrs. Mike Zrelak, a miner's wife, and her baby son who was recently born in the rough barracks the miners were forced to build with their own hands after they had been evicted from their homes by the operators. Hundreds of babies of the striking miners have first seen the light of day amidst surroundings of extreme hardship in the barracks. Thousands of these tots face death from starvation.

Repair Garage Apprentice Tells of Gas Fumes, Cold

(By a Worker Correspondent.)
I am an apprentice in an automobile shop on Ave. A. There are five mechanics, counting the foreman, working in our shop. They are mostly German workers. Most of them know what's what but they make just enough wages to keep them going, so they figure, "Why should I kick?" Later maybe they'll feel different.

My work begins like the others at 8 a. m. I clean parts like fenders and mudguards with the wire-brush and gasoline. Also I shoot grease into the dozens of cars with the alemit gun. And there are a lot of heavy trucks, etc., that have to be pushed. It sounds simple but the little time that's left over I can learn the trade in, if one of the mechanics is in a good humor and wants to show me something.

Labor Defense Plans Bazaar For All Imprisoned Militants

In Brooklyn four workers were given jail sentences on charges of conspiracy to undermine the authority of the courts in distributing a leaflet against anti-labor injunctions, a statement by the New York district office of the Workers (Communist) Party said last night. The statement calls on all Party members and sympathizers to support the International Labor Defense bazaar at the New Star Casino, Park Ave. and 107th St., March 7 to 11.

Another Worker Threatened.
The statement also calls attention to the recent sentencing of another militant worker to 30 days in prison for participating in a demonstration before the Greek consulate.

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STEAMSHIPS IN ORIOLE SERVICE ARE HELL-HOLES

Sailor Describes Bad Food and Sickness

(By a Worker Correspondent)
I am at present an I. W. W. and at present a member of the I. S. U. (International Seamen's Union); don't laugh. Well, fellow worker, I have just completed a trip on this ship to Manchester from Baltimore. I will get paid off in Baltimore Monday for which I am more than thankful.

One Mess-boy, 23 in Mess.
It seems that the Oriole Line is in the habit of making as bad conditions for its slaves as possible. Well, they have done remarkably well on this ship. The firemen and sailors eat each in their own mess back aft where their quarters are. There is one mess-boy for both these rooms altho 23 men, eat in them. All the food (?) has to be carried down a ladder from amidships.

We have had five mess-boys this trip so far. One of them was fired in New York on the outward bound trip. One was discharged in England with a badly burned hand which he received while carrying a bucket of boiling tea down the ladder. Another became sick from the ships' motion and the bad food. The fourth fell down the ladder and hurt his arm and leg.

The fifth boy was a fair mess-boy so they put him in the P. O. (petty-officers' mess when there was a little trouble amidships, and put the third mate back aft.

Food Gave Out.
The bad food and rotten conditions have caused 23 cases of sickness out of a crew of 43, which is a fair record. But altho the food is no good and of the cheapest kind, the port steward was not able to put enough aboard to last the trip and the steward did not buy enough in England, with the result that we ran out of sugar, syrup, cheese, bologna and cabbage, in fact out of all vegetables except frozen potatoes and beans.

Well, the slaves on this wagon were yelling their heads off in the mess but only a few would register a kick anywhere else.

—J. F. H., A SEAMAN.
1500 JOBLESS IN SMALL TOWN.
EVANSVILLE, Ind., Feb. 24.—What was once a busy town of 500 miners and their families has today become a "starving" village of 150 half-clothed, worn-out people, many of whom are ill. This, the town of Little, is only one of many that have been suffering severely since the 1500 men in the mining area here have been out of work as a result of disputes over wages and general overproduction in the coal industry.

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IN THE ARMY AND NAVY SAILOR WRITES ON S-4 DISASTER; RAPS PACIFISTS

This column is conducted in the interests of servicemen and ex-servicemen, and all letters received dealing with conditions and experiences in the army and navy will be gladly printed. Contributions should be addressed to DAILY WORKER, 33 East First St., New York, N. Y. The name of the writer will not be used.

Letter From Slocum.
To The DAILY WORKER:
I am writing from Fort Slocum, located on a small island in the Hudson opposite New Rochelle, New York. Slocum is the hell-hole where the men scheduled to serve their "term" in Panama, Hawaii and other foreign countries or U. S. possessions, are held for shipment. There are some 1500 of us here now, waiting to leave on a transport sailing on or about March 1st, and the I came here direct after enlisting in New York City a few weeks ago a large number of the recruits come from other parts of the country, since all enlisting for foreign service at recruiting stations nearer here than to Galveston, Texas, or Angel Island on the West Coast, the other two points of embarkment, come to Slocum.

Conditions For Transits.
In addition to those waiting to leave mostly for Panama and Hawaii, the 18th Infantry is stationed here permanently, being at present a skeleton regiment of little more than 200 men. Since the conditions of these "permanents" are better and much different from those of the "transits," I will write to you mostly about the conditions of the latter which I know only too well.

The biggest shipments are usually this time of year, since the recruiting sharks do their heaviest business during the winter when things get worse for the man out of work. This explains the large number of us here waiting to sail at the present time for foreign countries and U. S. possessions.

Starting Thru the Mill.
When you come to Slocum you first get to the receiving barracks in your civilian clothes. Here there are double bunks as in all the barracks on the island. When you first come you are given two blankets which you sign for and stay in the barracks overnight, standing reveille the next morning when after your first army breakfast you are taken to the quartermaster and "given" a full outfit of army clothing which never fits.

The quartermaster has a good reason for giving out misfits, since when the men get to their own outfits they are "compelled" to buy new uniforms if they want to pass inspection, altho the sergeant will tell them that it is not compulsory. These uniforms sold to them on the installment plan cost from \$40 to \$50 in serge and \$18 to \$25 in khaki. Also the men will be forced to buy buttons, cap ornaments, etc., when reaching their destination since the black buttons which are issued are supposed to be shined, something that is practically impossible.

Call Food "Slum."
Those who have a few dollars when they enlist spend that money in the canteens for food, since the regular food is cooked, or rather stewed-by-steam, in big kettles, coffee is served without milk or sugar, and the potatoes are fixed sometimes as often as five or six meals. A short time ago when we first came here there were quite a number in the hospital sick from the food.

Since then the officers have been running around wildly, and instead of supervising the kind of food being served, they are telling the men how to enter the hall, how to sit, how to eat, etc. The main dish is stew which the men call "slum" and has no taste, while whatever is left over is used to make hash after the juice has been drained off. This hash is put on the table until used up, sometimes lasting for several meals.

Beans Break Monotony.
Every now and then the men are given beans to break the monotony of the "slum." As a rule a month of eating in this mess hall gives the new recruit severe heartburns which last for several days. Everything gets a good sprinkling of salt-petre, including the coffee which is filled with it, I suppose to make up for "no milk or cream." Instead of the general mess hall the men have renamed it "the general mess."

The allowance per man has been "raised" to 50 cents a day, but there is plenty of graft involved, and they also save from the regular ration money for the special holiday feeds. The permanent troops of the 18th Infantry do not eat in the general mess hall and they have much better food. In order to have enough to go around for the "casuals" they always cook over and use it several days.

EDITOR'S NOTE—Further about Fort Slocum, the barracks, etc. will appear in the column next Saturday as we are forced to discontinue "Casuals" letter at this point due to length.

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—"SAILOR"

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WHAT S-4 MEANS. Editor, DAILY WORKER:

Get Taste of Coming War

The pacifists have been raising a big howl about the S-4 disaster, saying that it is an example of the inefficiency of the navy. The S-4 disaster is not an example of inefficiency, but of war time efficiency. The navy is built for war, and for war efficiency, not for peace time safety, and if the S-4 disaster is an example of anything, it is an example of what will be the lot of those who fight in the next world slaughter—for the profits of Wall Street or any other country. If you want to fight against more S-4 disasters don't yell with the pacifists for a more efficient navy, but instead of boosting the war preparations—fight the danger of war and see that you and your buddies are not on the ocean floor in the next slaughter-fest of the bosses.

THREE WORKERS INJURED.
ELLEVILLE, Ont., Feb. 24.—Three workers at the Canadian Industrial Alcohol Company plant at Corbyville near here were seriously injured when one of the workers struck a dynamite detonator cap with his pickax yesterday.

etc. will appear in the column next Saturday as we are forced to discontinue "Casuals" letter at this point due to length.

JOIN IN A REAL FIGHT!

LENIN RUTHENBERG DRIVE

FOR

1. Organization of the unorganized.
2. Miners' Relief.
3. Recognition and Defense of the Soviet Union.
4. A Labor Party.
5. A Workers' and Farmers' Government.

AGAINST

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2. Company Unions.
3. Unemployment.
4. Persecution of the Foreign Born.
5. War.

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Application for Membership in Workers (Communist) Party (Fill out this blank and mail to Workers Party, 43 E. 125 St., N. Y. C.)

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JOBLESS ARMY IN CLEVELAND GROWS THOUSANDS IDLE

City Ignores Suffering of Unemployed

By I. AMTER

CLEVELAND, Feb. 24.—Altho the city authorities here state that conditions have vastly improved, the long lines of job seekers at the large factories daily and the thousands of unemployed and homeless seeking shelter at the night lodgings give the lie to their claims.

Officials of the municipal employment bureau said a few days ago that they had 107 machinists' jobs open with no one to take them. The truth of this statement is shown by the fact that at the Machinists' Union offices there are thousands of machinists seeking work.

Wide Depression.

Fisher Body, the big plant of the General Motors Corporation, is not working at anywhere near full force nor full time. The auto manufacturers blamed their tune of prosperity for this year, but there is no prosperity and no orders that would put hundreds of thousands of workers to work.

The steel industry has not equalled the regular seasonal advance. The clothing industry is dead; the building industry is at a standstill, and unemployment among the organized building trades workers is very severe.

The Cleveland Unemployed Council knew the condition in October and November and demanded that the city council take steps to relieve the unemployment. The city council and city manager Hopkins ignored the Unemployed Council's estimate of conditions—and refused to do anything. Manager Hopkins promised that if his building program were adopted, prosperity would again reign. It was adopted, and conditions are worse.

Arrest Three.

The Unemployed of Cleveland will not tolerate this much longer. For escaping a tag day on the streets of Cleveland, three unemployed were arrested and sentenced as "common beggars." For attempting to sell themselves "at auction" on the Public Square, three persons were arrested. Two were discharged, but one, Sadie Van Veen, is being held for trial, for "holding a demonstration on the Square without a permit." As no permit has hitherto been required, it is obviously an effort to keep the unemployed of the city—and with them all radicals—from showing up the hypocrisy of the city officials.

This evidently will be a fight for free speech. The city authorities know of the 4,500,000 unemployed in the country, and are doing everything to prevent them from linking up into an army. They know about the Unemployed Councils in New York, Philadelphia, San Francisco, Cincinnati, etc., and know that, first of all, an admission of so much unemployment is a burning of the public of "prosperity"; and secondly, that an army of unemployed is a serious menace, after all their claims of America being the richest country in the world.

4,500,000 Jobless.

The authorities and the employers know that all their propaganda is going home to roost. You cannot prosper and have millions of hungry people. You cannot talk of plenty, while millions in the shops are compelled to work at breakneck speed and long hours for pittance, and 4½ millions can procure no work at all. These things do not give, and the workers see through these fine-spun lies.

The Unemployed Council of Cleveland intends to push forward in its demands. Winter is here, spring is coming and nothing has been done by the hypocrites who control the city. The unemployed have gone to the City Council, to the Community Fund, to the Welfare Bureau, to the Associated Charities, and each one shifts the blame and responsibility. "The city has no facilities to deal with the unemployed situation," admits Dudley Blossom, Welfare Director of the city.

The unemployed will soon care for themselves.

Hearing on Rent Laws Will Be Held Tuesday

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 24.—Bills to extend the emergency rent laws in New York City and Buffalo from June 1 next to June 1, 1929, will be given a hearing by the Assembly Judiciary Committee Feb. 25, it was announced today at the capital. Real estate interests will oppose the extension of these laws for another year.

Western Labor Defense

LOS ANGELES, Calif., Feb. 24.—"Labor Defense and Outlawing of War" will be discussed at a mass meeting Thursday evening at the Cleveland Hall, 730 S. Grand Ave. Miss Mills will be the principal speaker at the meeting, which will be conducted under the auspices of the International Labor Defense.

ORGANIZED LABOR—TRADE UNION ACTIVITIES

NEWS AND COMMENT
LABOR EDUCATION
TRADE AND GOVERNMENT
LABOR UNION POLITICS

Threaten 44-Hour Week for New York Cloakmakers

POLOGUES AND PROGRAMS
STRIKES—INJUNCTIONS
THE TRADE UNION PRESS
LABOR AND IMPERIALISM

CALL CONFERENCE ON UNEMPLOYED

City-Wide Meeting Will Be Held March 17

A call for a city-wide conference to act on the unemployment crisis has been made to trade unions, fraternal organizations, committees of unemployed workers and other working class groups by the New York Council of the Unemployed, with temporary headquarters at 60 St. Marks Place.

The conference will be held Saturday, March 17, at Webster Hall, 119 E. 11th St. at 2 p. m. The call was signed by John Di Santo, secretary of the New York Council.

"According to authoritative governmental reports, there are approximately 4,000,000 workers unemployed in the United States at the present time," the conference call says.

Involves All Labor.

"In addition to the direct suffering which this situation has brought to the unemployed and their families, there is a definite danger involved to the labor movement as a whole. The employers are utilizing the fact that millions are jobless and suffering in order to make an attack upon the trade unions and the standards of the workers. Wage cuts, longer hours and more intensive speeding up of the workers is the order of the day. It therefore becomes essential for the labor movement as a whole to take up the question of relief for the unemployed in order to protect the interests of the workers.

The New York Council of the Unemployed is also arranging an open air mass meeting to be held in Union Square, Saturday, March 10, at 2 p. m., to protest against the city's neglect of the unemployed and demand immediate relief, work or wages, food and shelter. Prominent speakers will address the meeting.

CONFIRM DETAILS OF FARE STEAL

On the surface "the great fare steal" and all the forces which are operating to put it across are quiet. But underneath the waters are flowing rapidly in their predetermined course.

Charges of this nature have been made on all sides without bringing any denial from the city officials who are behind the proposed fare deal. The DAILY WORKER nearly two years ago revealed the details of the agreement by which the traction interests agreed to support both Al Smith and Jimmie Walker in return for their consent to raise the fare.

Everything Fixed

These charges were yesterday confirmed by David Hershfield, former commissioner of accounts under Mayor John F. Hylan. In a news release to Hylan, Hershfield writes as follows:

"You want me to inform you of the transit situation in New York, particularly with respect to the fare proposition. There is no doubt but that the fare will be increased to seven cents in accordance with the alleged agreement in 1925 between Walker, the Democratic city and state leaders and the traction interests.

"You will recall that in the summer of 1925 it was said that the Democratic leaders with Walker and the traction representatives and that it was agreed between them that if you were replaced in the Mayor's office by Walker the traction rates would finance the Walker primary and election campaigns and also the Smith campaign, providing Walker, when elected, would stand for a seven-cent fare. The presidential campaign is on and Walker is in his third year in office, and it looks as if the deal is about to be consummated.

"The most peculiar part of the whole matter is that Walker, instead of cutting off his right arm, as he promised to do in the 1925 primary campaign, has chosen to leave New York with a dozen trunks, an English valet, a retinue of camp followers and a goodly supply of clean socks, to 'sell Smith to the South'."

Will Steal 60 Millions

"A two-cent increase in fare, according to statisticians, means almost sixty million dollars additional income to be paid by the subway, elevated and surface car riders into the coffers of the transit corporations, besides a wonderful paradise for the transit stock manipulators. "Of course, the multimillionaire and corporation owner, Untermyer, and 'new Tammany' will continue to lay down smoke screens in their attempt to fool the people and will keep on howling for a five-cent fare, but the fact remains that the efforts of the transit corporations for a seven-cent fare are about to be realized."

NEGROES HELD AS PEONS IN SOUTH

Escaped Slave Reveals Mississippi Terror

Peonage has existed for Negro workers in the 1917-18 period, at least over the 1917-18 period, an escaped victim has reported to the Nat'l Assn. for the Advancement of Colored People. The worker, whose name is necessarily withheld by the association, stated that a young Negro and his sister, named Brackett, with other Negroes are held and worked without pay on a plantation 25 miles from Vicksburg.

Mail sent to these Negro peons destroyed, the escaped victim asserted. He charged a local official with destroying all messages. The Negro workers were unable to collect any money due them from Mississippi whites. No way of helping the enslaved peons could be found. The Nat'l Assn. is reporting the case to the federal department of justice.

FURRIER TO BE FREED TUESDAY

(By Federated Press)

How the Congressional Record is being used by anti-union and open-shop employers is revealed by the American Civil Liberties Union protest to the speaker of the house and interested congressmen.

Congressman Blanton's printed but unspoken outburst against the struggle for civil liberties as "part of a Bolshevik international conspiracy" is the particular section arousing the Civil Liberties Union.

Blanton's attack and a similar one by former congressman John P. Sosnowski of Michigan were reprinted from the Congressional Record and sent broadcast as "authentic documentary evidence." The anti-union, anti-radical Nat'l Clay Products Ass'n. distributed great numbers of Blanton's blast.

"The use of the Congressional Record to frank material of a libelous character, while the authors are protected from legal action by the nature of the publication, should be stopped," wrote the chairman of the Civil Liberties Union.

Los Angeles. You can not do better than to buy books at Worker's Book Shop 122 West 3rd Street, Room 101 Same address, THE DAILY WORKER and CIRCULATING LIBRARY

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TOUR WILL AID FOREIGN BORN

The National Council for the Protection of Foreign-born Workers, is arranging an organizational tour for Jeannette D. Pearl, field organizer, who is leaving New York today. Detroit, Michigan will be the first stop, after which councils are to be organized in the surrounding industrial cities with a view to launching a movement for a national conference in the near future.

The intense efforts of certain members of a congress to put over registration-deportation legislation, makes it imperative that agitation and organization against registration proceed with unabated zeal. Twelve anti-foreign bills have already been referred by the United States congress to the committee on immigration and deportation.

If labor is to be free to organize, these bills must be defeated and the workers must be informed of the danger inherent in this kind of legislation. Registration, now aimed against non-citizens, will be made universal, if no opposition is put forth. Progressive organizations and individuals are called upon to cooperate in the work, and help establish headquarters in Detroit.

Philadelphia Academy Gets Books From USSR

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Feb. 24.—A regular exchange of books will be made between the All-Union Society for Cultural Relations in Moscow and the Academy of Natural Sciences in Philadelphia. Thirty thousand books are exchanged monthly as well as other literary and scientific material, with more than 64 countries. The "Veks," as this society is called in the Soviet Union, is the center for foreigners visiting the workers' and peasants' country. In Moscow, its headquarters are located in the palace of the former millionaire, Ryabushinsky. More than 2,000 foreign names have been registered in their books during the past two years.

CHARGE BLANTON MISUSES RECORD

(By Federated Press)

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From Lenin Memorial Day to Ruthenberg Memorial Day

And maybe you haven't yet sent in a single sub. But—

It's Not Too Late!

Results—IF—you have sent a sub. If you haven't as yet—use this blank.

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BOSTON YOUTH BALL.

BOSTON, Feb. 24.—The Young Workers League of Boston will hold its fifth annual youth ball March 5 at the Music Box, 254 Huntington Ave.

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PHILADELPHIA.

RUTHENBERG MEMORIAL

Commemorating First Anniversary of the death of C. E. Ruthenberg, Leader of the American Revolutionary Workers

SATURDAY, MARCH 3, 1928

LABOR INSTITUTE, 810 Locust Street

JAY LOVESTONE HERBERT BENJAMIN

CLARENCE MILLER

Special Musical Program by THE PREMIER CHORUS YOUNG WORKERS MANDOLIN ORCHESTRA TABLEAUX

C. E. Ruthenberg devoted his life to opposing a union-busting strategy in behalf of the American Worker. Make the Ruthenberg Memorial a demonstration for a more powerful Labor Movement for a Labor Party for a Workers and Farmers Government.

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MELLON FORCES LABOR PEONAGE INQUIRY SHOWS

Non-Union Miners Live Amid Horrors

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 24.—Non-union miners employed as strike-breakers by the Pittsburgh Terminal Coal Corporation, told a sub-committee of the United States senate today that their wages after paying their bills at the company store averaged from \$10 to \$5 a week, that not infrequently they found themselves in debt to the company on pay day, and that they were quartered in filthy houses, swarming with vermin.

In spite of the fact that the primary purpose of the investigating committee is to secure political capital for itself, its members were forced to take account of these fearful conditions.

Evidence that the Pittsburgh Terminal permits spcakasias and houses of ill-fame to operate at its camps for the entertainment of the strike-breakers, was developed by the sub-committee in a tour of the mines.

The four senators of the sub-committee, Frank R. Gooding of Idaho; Hattie Visited numerous camps of the Pittsburgh Terminal Coal Corporation and the Pittsburgh Coal Co. the two largest operators. They entered the barracks of the strikers—crude makeshift shelters, where thousands of men, women and children are forced to live.

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Editor.....**ROBERT MINOR**
Assistant Editor.....**WM. F. DUNNE**

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New Revolutionary Forces

The extension of the big Lenin-Ruthenberg Drive of the Workers (Communist) Party, which was first planned to end on March 2, but which it is now announced will continue to May 1, is very significant for the American labor movement, for several reasons.

This movement for the enlargement of the membership of the revolutionary party by 5,000 members and to increase the readers of the revolutionary organ, THE DAILY WORKER, to the extent of 10,000, is in a sense a counter-offensive. It is a measure of strengthening the front-line trench of Labor as the reactionary drive against the working class grows in intensity, as new methods for enslaving labor are constantly being devised, and as the official leadership of the organized labor movement becomes more completely identified with the anti-labor forces. The war danger, the widespread unemployment, the union-smashing campaign against the miners' union, the wholesale wage-cuts and the governmental attacks against labor evoke no resistance from the labor bureaucrats. Instead it is precisely the reactionary officials of the labor unions that most persistently fight against the attempts of the masses effectively to resist the open-shop, union-wrecking campaigns.

No one today dares to say what it used to be customary among reactionaries to say, that the Communist Party in the United States is negligible. On the contrary, it is admitted now on all sides that the political party of the American working class is the organizer, inspirer and leader of the left wing, and thus is the key-stone of all effective resistance to the reaction, whether it be in the big mine strike or in the fight against the anti-strike law.

The necessity for enlisting and training thousands upon thousands of workers for duty in the ranks of the revolutionary Party should spur every member to realize that an important part of the mass struggles of today is precisely the carrying out energetically of the Lenin-Ruthenberg campaign to increase the membership of the Party by 5,000 and the readers of THE DAILY WORKER by 10,000 before the close of the drive—May 1st.

Imperialism's Candidates

Cornelius F. Kelley, President of the Anaconda Mining Company, one of the biggest of the Standard Oil subsidiaries, and one of the worst labor-hating corporations in the United States, presented the Saunders medal, given to meritorious mining engineers, to Herbert Hoover at the banquet given in his honor in New York recently.

Kelley is nominally a democrat but his presentation speech amounted to an endorsement of Hoover's candidacy and was so interpreted by the capitalist press.

The New York Evening Post, closely linked up with the house of Morgan, gave two columns to the story of the banquet.

The biggest exploiting interests are backing Hoover's candidacy. So is that section of labor officialdom which is not committed to Governor Smith of New York, under whose regime more anti-labor injunctions have been issued than ever before in the history of the state.

Both Smith and Hoover are agents of imperialist reaction, yet official labor leadership makes war on the militant section of the labor movement, headed by the Communists, which advocates and works for a labor party.

This policy of labor officialdom keeps the working class tied to the political parties of their enemies, corrupts the labor movement and strengthens reaction. Around this alliance of labor's class enemies and labor officialdom is centered the whole program of betrayal which has plunged the labor movement into the present crisis by opening the way for the attack of the capitalists and their government seen in the drive on the coal miners union, the wave of anti-labor injunctions, mass unemployment without relief and the proposal for a federal anti-strike law.

A labor party for the 1928 elections or a united labor ticket wherever possible is the way out for workers who are given the choice of a Hoover or a Smith by their official leaders.

The Communist Party of America says to the working class that the next big step in the struggle against imperialist reaction is the organization of a mass labor party. If all efforts in this direction fail the Communists will run their own national ticket and ask the support of the working class for its program and candidates. The Communist Party alone points the way to victorious struggle against Wall Street government, the most powerful imperialistic instrument in the world.

Licking Rockefeller's Boots

The whole "oil investigation" at Washington has turned into competition in boot-licking with the chairman of the committee, Senator Walsh, the "foe of corruption," and the other members of the "investigating" committee busy lapping the polish off the shoes of the arch representative of oil-and-politics—John D. Rockefeller, Jr.

The Standard Oil of Indiana, one of the Rockefeller corporations, is just as deep in the mire of corruption as are Edward L. Doheny, Harry F. Sinclair, and other independents. But Walsh and the other Standard Oil senators do not dare assail their master—the pious Sunday school teaching, baby-burning John D. Rockefeller, Jr. Instead it is their job to aid their boss; to utilize the oil scandals in behalf of the interests of the Standard Oil corporation and against its competitors, the independent concerns. This accounts for the difference in the attitude of Walsh toward Doheny, for instance, and his belly-crawling before Rockefeller.

Thus the "foe of corruption" only opposes the smaller fry in order that the big industrialists, the very top layer of the ruling class, may become more powerful than ever and at the same time to whitewash Standard Oil and conceal its slush funds donated to both the capitalist parties in the 1920 election which resulted in the Harding-Coolidge-Hoover-Mellon oil cabinet coming into power.

When it comes to a question of defending their masters, party lines disappear and the republican and democratic stand together as Walsh, the Montana democrat, fights side by side with David A. Reed, the Pennsylvania republican.

"HIS MASTERS' VOICES"



Mr. William Green plays the part of "fido" to the two political parties of the bosses, both of them saying pretty much the same thing.

By Fred Ellis

Urge Drive Against War in Nicaragua

A widespread campaign against the American invasion of Nicaragua is advocated in the resolution adopted at the conference of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League held last Sunday at the Labor Temple, 243 E. 84th St.

The resolution recommends the publication of popular priced literature on imperialism, also the holding of local conferences throughout the nation. It also went on record to collect funds to buy bandages and medical supplies for the soldiers of General Sandino.

The resolution, in full, reads as follows:

"Whereas, the Wall Street war against Nicaragua, constituting a direct threat to all Latin America and also containing implications which are fraught with dire consequences for the masses of the people in this country itself, constitutes a challenge to the common people of America; and

"Whereas, such a concrete challenge cannot be met simply by general demands for 'peace' but, in this country from which troops have gone forth to invade alien soil, obliges all sincere and serious opponents for imperialism to grapple earnestly with the problem of actual struggle against the invasion and against those responsible for the invasion, therefore be it

"Resolved, that the All-America Anti-Imperialist League local New York conference, meeting in the Labor Temple, 243 East 84th St., New York City, puts forward the following program of ways and means to meet the Nicaraguan situation:

1. Widespread publicity among the masses of the people in this country of the facts regarding the war against Nicaragua.

(a) Organization of a series of public meetings thruout the city.

(b) Organized efforts to secure the inclusion in open forum programs of speakers dealing with the Nicaraguan question.

(c) Organization of a speakers' bureau to furnish speakers on this topic to local trade unions and other organizations.

(d) Circulation of popular literature such as the folder entitled 'Defeat the War Against Nicaragua' issued by the national office of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League (U. S. section).

(e) The conference also recommends to the national office of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League in this country:

1. That it issue a popular-priced pamphlet on Nicaragua and American imperialism in the Caribbean.

2. That it try to conclude arrangements for a nation-wide speaking tour.

3. Organized protest and mass pressure against the government for unconditional withdrawal of the marine.

(a) Holding of popular demonstrations of protest.

(b) Cooperation of all organizations in securing the widest possible circulation thru the mails of the so-called Sandino stamps reading 'Protest Against Marine Rule in Nicaragua!'

(c) Adoption of resolutions of protest by trade unions and other organizations.

4. For More Conferences.

(d) The conference also recommends to the national office of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League the holding of local conferences, similar to this one, in other cities thruout the United States, to be followed by a national conference against the Nicaragua war to meet in Washington, D. C., at the earliest possible date.

5. Direct aid to the Nicaraguan people in their resistance to the invasion in all its forms.

"The conference endorses the campaign for the collection of funds for bandages and medical supplies for the soldiers of General Sandino, which the national office of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League is about to initiate in this country in cooperation with the Nicaraguan Red Cross division in Salvador and Mexico and the Heads-Off-Nicaragua Fund Committee in Mexico City.

6. For Broad Movement.

"4. Drawing in of all possible forces to make this specific struggle count by the general struggle against American imperialism.

"The conference sets forth its view that in this country the pre-condition for an effective struggle against the separate manifestations of American imperialism is the consolidation of a powerful section of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League in the United States, thru affiliation to the League of Trade Unions and all organizations opposing any phase of American imperialism."

The Young Communist League of the U.S.S.R. Strengthens the Red Army

(Continued from Last Issue.)

The Young Communists in the army and navy organize their own groups to assist the party in its political work among its own ranks and among non-Party soldiers. The Young Communists are, together with the Communists, the model Red soldiers in the army and constitute the most reliable skeleton in it, guaranteeing its political and moral soundness, and its devotion to the interests of the proletariat and the poor and middle class peasants. They help in training the soldiers and instituting discipline in the Red Army. They help to make the Red Army a powerful instrument of the proletarian dictatorship. Besides, the Y.C.L. constitutes in the Red Army the principal reserve for the Party organizations. The Y. C. Leaguers are the most active elements in the political-educational work of the army. The most advanced Young Communists lead political circles in it. They take active part in the issuing of wall-newspapers and are active elements in the social organizations in the army (Friends of Air Fleet, Prisoners' Relief, and others).

Role of Y. C. L.

The role and significance of the Young Communists in the Red Army, and their influence in it, increase to the extent that their number increases. The extent of this influence may be seen from the figures showing that there are 130,000 Young Communists in the army consisting of a little over 500,000. The extent of Young Communist influence among non-Party Red soldiers may be seen from the fact that 23,000 applications have been made for Y.C.L. membership in the course of 1 1/2 years.

The Young Communists constitute 40 per cent of the students in the military schools which train future Red officers.

The Young Communist organizations in the Red Army maintain close contact with the civilian Young Communist organizations and assist them in their work in defence of the U. S. S. R.

The defensive work now carried on by the Y.C.L. among the broad sections of the toiling youth has the following main streams:

(a) Participation in the work among new recruits.

(b) Military propaganda.

(c) Patronage over the Red fleet.

(d) Participation in the strengthening of the military, technical strength of the U. S. S. R.

(e) Entering the military schools (see decision of Sixth Congress of the Russian Y.C.L.)

The work carried on among recruits constitutes the first stage of military training. It is of enormous significance in preparing the cadres entering the Red Army. The Y.C.L. explains to the toiling youth the significance of the preparatory work, renders assistance to the military political institutions in organizing training centres and setting up of "military corners," supplies the training centre with literature, helps the political organs of the Red Army by sending instructors of political classes, and is extending the influence of the Communist Party among the non-Party elements through its organizations.

Military Science.

In the sphere of military propaganda, the Y. C. L. urges its members to study the history and structure of the Red Army, as well as naval and military technique. It organizes in the Y. C. L. clubs, military science classes, military corners, shooting practice. It takes active part in the work of the Defense Society ("Osoaviakhim"). It carries on mass military propaganda, organizes Y.C.L. manoeuvres with the assistance of the Defense Society, rallies girls to the Red Cross circles, etc.

In the sphere of patronage over the Red Navy, the Y.C.L. does the following:

(a) It maintains permanent contact with naval detachments and boats.

(b) It trains cadres of physically fit and politically developed Young Communists for the Red Navy.

(c) It popularises the Red Navy among the masses of workers.

Work in fortifying the military

technical strength of the U. S. S. R. is carried on by the Y.C.L. in the form of popularizing the Defense Society, in the form of collecting funds for the construction of war aeroplanes, in the form of teaching the use of chemical means of warfare, etc.

In the sphere of completing the military schools, the Y.C.L. prepares politically conscious and physically fit boys to enter these schools. This guarantees that the Red Army officers will be workers and peasants.

Lenin wrote in 1916 (on the disarmament slogan): "Never will the women of an oppressed class, which is really a revolutionary class, be reconciled to such a shameful role (i.e., merely "demanding disarmament"). They will tell their sons: 'You will soon be big. You will be given arms. Take them and learn how to use them well. This knowledge is necessary to the proletarians not in order to use them against their brothers, the workers of other countries, as this is done in the present (i. e., imperialist) war, and as the Socialist traitors tell you to do, but in order to fight against the bourgeoisie of their own countries, in order to put an end to exploitation, poverty and war, not with good wishes, but by defeating and disarming the bourgeoisie.'"

This lesson, taught by our leader, has been realized over one-sixth of the globe. The rest of the workers of the world are also learning.

Work in fortifying the military

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Work in fortifying the military

Milk Bottle in One Hand; Rifle in the Other

By I. AMTER

Governor Vic Donahey, of Ohio, the so-called "popular" governor, the man with sense and reason governing him, has shown himself to be the same tool of the bosses as all others.

On Feb. 21 Donahey announced to a purported committee of St. Clairsville miners that "it is your right as it is the right of every citizen of Ohio to be permitted to make his livelihood in any legal manner he may desire, and you are entitled to the aid of all peace enforcement agencies if you are denied that right."

Donahey admits that officers of the National Guard of Ohio have been in the Ohio coal fields and kept the governor fully informed of the situation.

This same Governor Donahey some weeks ago started a campaign for the relief of the striking miners and particularly their children. Up to the present, no more than \$26,500 has been gathered, although Donahey used every agency in order to reach the ears of the public. However, he used the agencies for gathering relief and the National Guard for disbursing it "A milk bottle in one hand and a rifle in the other."

Donahey thought he could demonstrate his humanity on the one hand, and also believed that the striking miners would forget that the milk for their children was brought them by the same National Guardsmen who would be prepared to shoot them down.

The miners of Ohio are beginning to demonstrate that they have little regard for the scab. If, up to a short time ago, they did not show sufficient militancy and willingness to fight, today, with the "Save the Union" committees leading in the fight for winning the strike, for saving the miners' union and for clearing out the traitorous mine union officials, they are beginning to take the steps to clean out the scabs. Hundreds on the picket lines—despite the court injunctions—indicate that it is one thing to issue proclamations and injunctions and another to enforce them.

Donahey has sent a copy of his letter to Judge Benson W. Hough, of the United States District Court, to inform him that he, Donahey, stands ready to send the militia into the coal fields to help the coal operators win the strike and break the union by sending troops.

Any sensible worker could have seen this in advance. Though even the governor's milk is not transparent, still the miner could understand that in the final show-down, the governor of the state would use all the resources of the state to beat down the miners.

There are two sides to the situation however. The coal operators gathered in Cleveland a few weeks ago, and declared that they would make no concessions but would fight on to the bitter end. Probably they thought they would demoralize the striking miners, but there was not a flurry in their ranks. The miners, by this time, have learned that this is a life and death struggle and everything is at stake. They are preparing for the battle, and fine, rousing meetings that have been held by the Progressives in Dillonville, Yorkville and Lansing indicate that the battle lines are being drawn up.

In Bellaire the Progressive meeting at the Bohemian Hall was stopped by the police. According to report, the meeting, which was composed of delegates of 60 local unions in the sub-district, quietly disbanded, to reconvene at the Miners' Temple, controlled by the reactionary administration.

There the Progressives proceeded to denounce Lewis and the entire treacherous regime, and demanded a general strike.

Governor Donahey may think that his milk bottle has made halibut of the miners. His National Guard officers can report the contrary. First of all, the relief that he, Donahey, has raised is a disgrace. With all means at his disposal—the press, church, radio, etc.—he has raised the paltry sum of \$26,500. The A. F. of L. likewise has completely failed. The campaign has failed out, the A. F. of L. officials are evidently believing that it has done its duty, not facing the fact that the loss of the strike will mean the destruction of the union and the opening of a frontal attack on all the unions of the country.

The money that the A. F. of L. has raised has not benefited the miners at all. They have not received one extra penny, so that the miners are justified in their contention that the money going through the official channels has been used entirely for paying the salaries and "expenses" of the union officials. The union officials are getting their full salaries and "expenses," which amount to hundreds of thousands of dollars a month, while miners and their families are starving—and battling bravely for the life of their union.

In West P. Int, for instance, a mining camp near East Liverpool, the

miners are not getting a single penny of relief from the union. Recently, together with their wives, they went to East Liverpool, to the charity societies, and asked for help. This is the aid that the miners are getting from their union and the proud Executive Council of the A. F. of L., which can think of nothing better to do than to fight for an injunction bill, which will recognize the right of any mining injunctions, but will be directed against the "abuse" of injunctions! As absurd as the fight for the Clayton law, which even the A. F. of L. recognizes as a scrap of paper!

While William Green and Matthew Wall are in Washington lobbying on this bill and attending the American Bar Association's conference on "no strikes" the miners of Pennsylvania and Ohio are on the REAL battle line FIGHTING in the only manner that will bring them victory and an end of injunctions. They are against not only the "abuse" of injunctions, but against the right of the employer to the use of injunctions altogether. There is only one way to smash this right and that is to DEFEAT the right and the injunction at the same time.

The scabs at the Crabapple mine near St. Clairsville and the rest of the strikebreakers in the strike area may believe that they are perfectly safe. Masses of union miners are being raised to the seriousness of the situation. The Left Wing is on the march; they are engaging in mass picketing. The rifle of the National Guard will take the place of the milk bottle. But not even the rifle will frighten the miners. To remain to work on the conditions that the coal operators demand is to go back to hunger. The miners are determined that this condition shall be a thing of the past, and they are fighting. The Pennsylvania Ohio Miners' Relief Committee is keeping them on the firing line. The rank and file all over the country is responding to the call of the battling miners. The battle will be won—despite the "popular governor," Vic Donahey.

The 57th anniversary of the Paris Commune, the first workers' republic, drowned in blood by counter-revolutionaries, will be commemorated in the United States in connection with the fifth anniversary of the founding of the International Red Aid, the world-wide labor defense organization. The International Labor Defense, 80 1/2 11th St., is now arranging Paris Commune meetings in vari-

ous cities throughout the United States.

The Commune meetings will be utilized as a celebration of the victory of the workers and peasants in establishing the Soviet Union.

Meetings have already been arranged in New York, Boston, Chicago, Philadelphia, Milwaukee, Cleveland, Kansas City, Jamestown, N. Y., Martins Ferry, Ohio, and other centers in which thousands of workers will participate.

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