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Eurrent Events By THOMAS J. OFLAHERTY

THE Texas state textbook commission, trembling for the spiritual welfare of the population, has ordered alterations in the school text books eliminating all references to evolution. Textbooks on biology, physiology and hygiene have come under the blue pencil. Thus Texas will be made safe for the democratic party and the mud and rib theory of creation will hold the fort while the theories of thinkers like Darwin and Haeckel will be relegated to the cel-

THE New York publishing houses I that had contracts with the state of Texas to publish textbooks consented to delete all passages which held that the bible is "all wet" so to speak, and that the theory of special creation is the craziest nightmare that ever got inside of a cover. The Texans want their apples raw and their figleaves scant They must have their bible in all its nakedness. Weli. perhaps the poor devils must have some healthy vice since prohibition has taken the thrill out of the moonshine industry and the ku klux klan has made a business out of pure womanhood.

TTALY is progressing favorably as a doctor might say of a patient dying of consumption. The budget is balanced and the external debt amounts only to a few billions. In the vanishing lira and the unfavorable trade balance. But a few cheers for Mussolini will cure those diseases. How our American labor haters would like to talk like the "Duce." The latest fad that this genial creature has taken up is imperialism. Our fat boys fleece their victims with prayers on their lips and tears in their eyes but Musso after biting a stick of dynamite, his favorite breakfast food, observes that he intends to acquire colonies because his people are prolific breeders and need elbow room. Also because other peoples are armed only with arrows while he has poison gas. He calls a spade a spade.

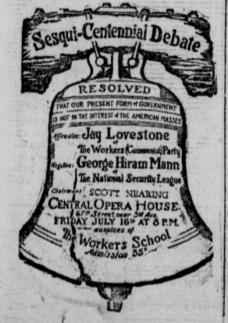
LOURTEEN San Franciscans worth over \$100,000,000 met and decided to donate several millions of their surplus and unearned wealth to some "community" scheme. The action was applauded by the press and no doubt by the horde of secretaries and well-fare workers who flit around such foundations as flies hover in the vicinity of a byre. But where those millions? It would be interesting to know how many of them as a splendid deed of solidarity in ment manufacturer in the building, redid those benevolent gentlemen get own stock in the United Railways of San Francisco, or the other interests that sentenced Mooney and Billings to life imprisonment for attempting to organize the workers. Why don't those good citizens who love their community so much, demand that the scores of class war prisoners in California jails be released? You know the reason why. Why waste time telling you? But don't you detest hypocrisy and sham?

the office to take up a collection to his energies for many years to the lected for the British miners. working class movement. The afflict-(Continued on page 3)

I. W. A. GIVES FIGURES SHOWING MUSSOLINI'S AMNESTY TO BE FARCE

The Italian section of the International Workers' Aid cites the following figures of white terror in Italy, despite Mussolini's recent amnesty proclamation:

During April and May, 1926-Political murders ... Arrests .. 2,119 532 Assaulted and wounded



MOVE FOR PAY

Surface, Elevated and I. R. T. Cites Hatters' North Shore Involved

The members of Local 241 of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes have unanimously endorsed the demands for a wage increase of five cents an hour to bring the schedule up to the old scale of 80 cents, according to President William Quinlan in an interview with a representative of The DAILY WORKER.

There is no wage agreement at present between the Chicago Surface Lines and their employes, declared Mr. Quinlan. The agreement expired

Local 241 has a membership of 14, 600 and is the strongest unit of the (Continued on page 3)

ASK COURT AID RAISE IN CHI. AGAINST LABOR

Case Against Strikers

NEW YORK, July 14. - The Consolidated Railroad Workers of Greater New York, numbering 1,905, of which 688 are motormen and switchmen, employed on the Interborough Rapid Transit System, today defied Frank Hedley's supreme court move at their meeting in Manhattan Ca-

. . . (Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, July 14 .- Based on the Danbury Hatter case, under which the homes and savings of strikers were confiscated by the courts, the Interborough Transit Company yesterday (Continued on Page 3.)

GOV. FULLER RECEIVES ANOTHER CABLEGRAM FROM GERMANY ASKING NEW TRIAL FOR SACCO AND VANZETTI

BOSTON, Mass., July 14.-Governor Fuller of Massachusetts received fact everything is alright excepting yesterday another cablegram from Germany protesting against the threatened execution of Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti.

The signers of the cablegram are Count von Bernstorf, former ambassador to the United States; Maximilian Harden; Dr. Max, president of the Russian Academy of Arts; Sigfried Jacoby, secretary to Prof. Einstein, and a number of other prominent figures.

ILL MINERS'

Aid British Brothers Bosses Hire Killers to Despite Own Distress

(Special to The Daily Worker) SPRINGFIELD, III., July 14.-The majority vote of the Illinois miners garment workers were shot yesterday to send a donation of \$25,000 to the in the building at 46 West Twenty-fifth view of the suffering among the min- ported to be operating with non-union ers of the state due to unemployment. workers. The Illinois miners have always aided generously any union brothers en- vue Hospital last night, where it was gaged in battle, as they did the Kan- said they would probably recover. The sas miners when the latter were striking against the Industrial Court. a bullet smashed his watch, escaped There are 95,000 union miners in Illi-

"Your district officers understand this vote to mean," writes Secy. Treas. Walter Nesbit to the local un-"that it is the wish of our membership to assist the British min-WHILE those lines were being writers to the extent of \$25,000 and a ten two comrades walked into check for said amount will be forers to the extent of \$25,000 and a warded to Intl. Secv.-Treas, Thomas defray the expenses of burying an- Kennedy at Indianapolis, who is in other comrade who had devoted all charge of the funds that are being col-

> Other Thousands Needed. This \$25,000 is half of the \$50,000 hat was understood pledged to the Miners' Federation of Great Britain by the United Mine Workers of America when the appeal to the American miners was sent out. Some thousands were forwarded at once from the international treasury and were acknowledged with cordial thanks by Secy. A. J. Cook of the British union. A number of local unions in the American districts have also voted donations from their local treasuries to be sent thru the international

> The American Federation of Labor s forwarding donations thru Secy. Frank Morrison, Washington, D. C. The Intl. Workers' Aid has also sent emittances thru its Chicago office.

If you want to thoroughly understand Communism-study it

I. L. G. W. THROWS ARMY OF 20,000 PICKETS ON LINE OF MARCH IN N. Y.

NEW YORK, July 14 .- (FP)-Twenty thousand striking cloakmakers staged their first mass picket demonstration on July 12, marching with banners thru the streets past many of the shops which have been closed since the walkout on July 1. Spectators included one policeman and two or more private uniformed guards in front of each large building in the garment district. Six persons were arrested charged with blocking side-

PICKETS SHOT BY N. Y. GANG

Fight Strike

(Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, July 14.—Four striking

Three of the wounded were in Belle fourth, saved from serious injury when with a slight flesh wound.

Third Shooting in Week. strike pickets were shot. Union officials blamed the shooting on "guerrillas," who, they declared, were engaged

y garment manufacturers. The men wounded yesterday were Morris Sperling of 778 Trinity avenue, shot in the right side; Benjamin Zim merman of 1077 Fox street, wounded in the left thigh, and Harry Sholachman of 52 East Ninety-ninth street. bullet wound in the right leg. Morris Kaplan of 129 Eldridge street was the man whose watch deflected a bullet.

No Warning. According to Kaplan, he and a group ing to investigate a report that the The National Security League thinks great efforts in the work of organiz-Katz Garment company was manufac- that it is, the Workers (Communist) turing garments with non-union em- Party thinks that it is not. ployes when the shooting occurred. Near the seventh floor, said Kaplan.

the pickets were confronted by five men, one of whom asked "Who are you and what do you want?" "We're pickets and we're on our way to investigate one of the shops," the

union men replied. Without further parleying the five men at the head of the stairs whipped out pistols and began shooting. Sperling, Zimmerman and Scholachman dropped to the floor and their assailants fled. The pickets who escaped Mrs. Scott on Hunger without injury helped the three wounded men into taxicabs and drove with them to the office of Dr. F. Marie Lerner, 48 Third street. Later they were taken to Bellevue Hospital.

Eight garment workers were arrestd yesterday charged with obstructing the sidewalks in the garment district during a mass picketing demonstration of 15,000 workers. Six men were fined \$5 each for disorderly conduct in Jefferson Market court and two women were released on suspended sentences.

Eight Lose Lives in Fire. CATSKILL, N. Y., July 14 .- Eight

persons lost their lives in a fire which tenced to hang. destroyed Twilight Inn near Haines Twenty persons are missing. Five bodies have been recovered and three others have been sighted.

BELGIUM, ITALY AND FRANCE ARE FACING CRITICAL MONEY TROUBLES

THREE European nations are facing critical financial difficulties and all are attempting to cope with the situation in widely different ways. King Albert of Belgium has been made virtually a royal dictator with wide powers to save the Belgian franc from further depreciation.

In Italy, Premier Mussolini, the fascist tyrant, has put the nation on what amounts to a war-time basis. The premier has increased working hours, curtailed non-essential imports, and placed restrictions upon the sale of luxuries and non-essentials.

In France, with the franc still dropping, M. Caillaux, finance minister with an ever uncertain majority behind him in the chamber of deputies, has summoned leading bankers to his aid and will present a financial program to the chamber later in the week, with its success doubtful.

Corn Acreage 1% Greater This Year in State of Illinois

(Special to The Daily Worker) SPRINGFIELD, III., July 14.-Corn

creage in Illinois this season is one per cent greater than for last year, according to estimates announced by federal and state departments of agriculture for July 1.

State acreage is now placed at 9,-332,000 acres compared with 9,240,000 ast year. The condition of the crops s reported at 75% normal or below verage. The indicated crop prospect s 297,958,000 compared with state proluction of 388,080,000 bushels last year and a five year average of 327.

The New York Street Car Scab-Snake



locked out British miners for their Street, near Fifth Ave., by men who locked out British miners for their Street, near Fifth Ave., by men who locked out British miners for their Street, near Fifth Ave., by men who locked out British miners for their Street, near Fifth Ave., by men who locked out British miners for their Street, near Fifth Ave., by men who locked out British miners for their Street, near Fifth Ave., by men who locked out British miners for their Street, near Fifth Ave., by men who locked out British miners for their Street, near Fifth Ave., by men who locked out British miners for their Street, near Fifth Ave., by men who locked out British miners for their Street, near Fifth Ave., by men who locked out British miners for their Street, near Fifth Ave., by men who locked out British miners for their Street, near Fifth Ave., by men who locked out British miners for their Street, near Fifth Ave., by men who locked out British miners for their Street, near Fifth Ave., by men who locked out British miners for the scale of the sca

ous spirit shown during the 1924 strike

"Your jail sentences have called the

attention of labor and other public

citizens to the evil of the misuse of in-

junctions as applied in labor disputes

"We have resolved in convention to

work for legislation to abolish the

TO PROBE EXPLOSION

THAT 'EXPERTS' THOT

NEVER COULD HAPPEN

WASHINGTON, July 14 .- Ma-

chinery of the navy began to uncoil

today for a searching inquiry to de-

termine why the Lake Denmark

arsenal was wrecked by a disaster

which experts declared couldn't

The formal appointment of a

board of inquiry authorized by

Secretary of the Navy Wilbur will

set in motion exhaustive efforts to

solve the riddle of what high offic-

ers declare is "the most extraordi-

nary accident in the navy's history.

ed upon to determine whether some-

one blundered or whether some-

thing happened which no man

"This thing was thought impossi-

ble," said Admiral Edward N. Eber-

le, ranking officer of the navy.

"When the first reports came

many officers couldn't believe they

Experts and officers, will be call-

"Elizabeth Christman.

"Secretary-Treasurer.

union movement.

happen.

could forsee.

were true.'

WOMEN'S TRADE UNION LEAGUE GREETS JAILED GARMENT STRIKE PICKETS IN COOK COUNTY PRISON LIBRARY TO AID

The following telegram was received by the jailed 1924 International The shooting was the third such af- Ladies' Garment Workers' strike pickets at the Cook county jail from the ray in the last week. In each case National Women's Trade Union League convention in Kansas City:

"Delegates and officers attending the tenth blennial convention of the Women's Trade Union League of America, meeting in Kansas City, Mo., unanimously voted to send you heartiest greetings, commending your courage

Workers Party and Security League to and at the present time. Debate on Friday

(Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, July 14.- Jay Love and we believe will serve to hasten stone of the Workers (Communist) the day when this practice will be Party and George Hiram Mann of the abolished thru the efforts of the trade National Security League will debate of six pickets were walking up the on the subject: "Resolved that our stairs between the sixth and seventh present form of government is not in floors of the Twenty-fifth street build- the interest of the American masses."

> ing women into trade unions. George Hiram Mann is described by the National Security League as "an American of old family and an authority on the constitution." Jay Lovestone is the author of "Second Thoughts on July 4," the "Government Strikebreaker' 'and the "First Amercan Revolution." Scott Nearing acts

as chairman of the debate. The debate will be held at the Central Opera House on Friday night.

Strike in Attempt to Save Her Husband

DETROIT, July 14 .- Mrs. Catherine Scott, wife of Russell Scott, condemned Chicago murderer, has lost 51/4 pounds as she continued the fourth day of her public fast.

Mrs. Scott is attempting a 45-day fast to raise funds to continue her fight to free her husband. She is cheered by the hope that Russell may be saved thru the plea of guilty made by Robert Scott in Chicago for the same murder for which Russell was sen-

Every Worker Correspondent must be a subscriber to the American Worker Correspondent. Are you one?

WORKERS' SCHOOL SUMMER COURSES

Spent in Research

(Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, July 12 .- For the first York Workers' School will have a November. omplete library to co-operate with t in its work. The Workers' School library will play an important part in the National Summer Training School; in fact it will be an integral part of the intensive training course.

About three hours every day will be given over to study in the library for the next day's lesson. There will practice and are preparing to put forth be several copies in the library of every book, pamphlet, magazine or periodical used in the different courses. Librarians, experienced in such work will be in the library during the entire course to help the students look up references and to show them how to do research work. It is the aim of the National Summer Training School to teach the comrades how to look up material on different subjects so that when they return to their various districts and sections, they will be in a position to

> do much work themselves. Technically the National Party Training Course ends on July 31. In reality, July 31 should be but the beginning of an intensive training. One of the best methods for continuing such work is to buy the most important books and magazines on the different subjects. Often, one chapter is assigned because of lack of time when the studying of a few other chapters would have thrown more light on the subject. The student who possesses the reference or book on the subject will be in a position to read those other chapters at a time when he has more leisure. For this reason, the National Summer Training School has made special arrangements with the Jimmie Higgins Bookshop, 127 University Place, New York City, to give a 20% reduction to all students attending the National Summer Training School.

CAPITAL CITY STIRRED OVER **CUMMINS TALK**

First Bold Republican Prods Coolidge

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, July 14. - Senator Albert B. Cummins' prediction that President Coolidge will not be a candidate to succeed himself in 1928 aroused considerable speculation in the capital today as to whether the lowan 'spoke by the book."

Senator Cummins has enjoyed partiularly friendly relations with the White House throughout the Coolidge administration. He has been the most regular of all the Western republican group, and it has been to him that Mr. Coolidge has often turned in recent months for counsel regarding midwestern political conditions.

First "Bold Republican."

Only on one issue in the session just closed did the veteran Iowa senator break with Mr. Coolidge. That was on the farm relief issue in the closing days, but the difference caused no breach in the cordial relations. Because of this friendly and intimate contact. Cummins' prophecy that Mr. Coolidge will not run again commanded considerable attention today. Incidentally, he is the first regular republican of national prominence to be so bold.

Most of the president's intimates left in Washington today characterized the Cummins' prediction as a personal one, and intimated that his political views may have been jaundiced by the revolt in his own state that resulted in the nomination of Col. Smith W. Brookhart, They declared Mr. Coolidge by no word or deed has provided any justification for the prediction of his political re-

Dawes and Lowden Mentioned.

On the other hand, the mid-western insurgents, still angry over the president's defeat of their cherished Mc-Nary-Haugen bill, privately subscribed to Cummins' prediction, and added. also privately, that even if Mr. Coo lidge does decide to run again he will have opposition. The names of vice-President Dawes, who led the farm revolt against the White House in the closing days, and Ex-Gov. Frank O. Lowden of Illinois, who aided in it, were mentioned in this connection.

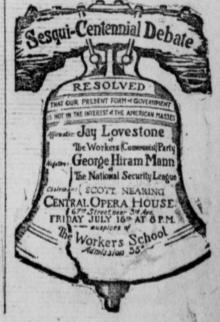
So far as is known in Washington. the president has never given the slightest indication of whether he plans to run again. The practical politicians among his advisers believe the time is not yet ripe for any declaration on his part, and thus far he has apparently subscribed to their ounsel. Many things can happen in the eighteen months or so before a decision must be made, they point

November. Conditions are such that the administration is considered cer-Three Hours a Day to Be tain to suffer some defeat, particularly in the senate where 33 seats are at stake and only seven of them democratic and those from the solid south where the republicans cannot hope to gain. The best the republicans can ime since its inception, the New possibly dos is to hold their own in

COOLIDGE WILL QUIT 1928 RACE, IS BELIEF OF SENATOR CUMMINS

DES MOINES, Ia., July 14 .- Senator Cummins, still smarting from his defeat by Brookhart, has expressed the opinion that Coolidge will not be the republican candidate in 1928.

"One doesn't know that President Coolidge will be a candidate or that he wants to be a candidate," said Cummins. "My own opinion is that he will not be a candidate. I think he will have had enough of it by



ANACONDA GETS CONTROL OF ALL EUROPEAN ZINC

Rich Polish Mines Go to American Trust

(Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, July 14 .- Thru negoiations conducted by W. A. Harrinan and company of New York, the Anaconda Mining company has acuired the control over the zinc mines f Europe, taking over the holdings of the Germany company of the Giesche-Erben company, a firm whose greatest mines are in Poland, and whose operations have been carried n continuously for 222 years, without ever before allowing shares, let alone control, to pass to other hands.

The new firm controlled by Anacona capital, will be known as the American-Silesian corporation, and will control not only the largest European zinc mines now furnishing 10 per cent of the world's production, but will also take over the famous Blei-Scharley mines, the forth greatest ore body and the world's most extensive high grade zinc ore fields near Bouthen; also the Mathilde lead, zinc and coal mines near Chrzanow: the Cleophas coal mines west of Kattowitz, and the Heinitz coal mines.

The Versailles treaty is partly re sponsible for the Anaconda's grabbing of these great holdings, the treaty putting four-fifths of the German firm's holdings under possession of Poland. The firm was consequently coerced into selling control in its holdings which it had for centuries refused to monarchs anxious to acquire profitable properties.

How rich a profit the Giesche-Erben company makes was shown in 1913, when taxation valuations showed that it made greater profits even than Krupps.

Middle Village, L. I., Will Form Passaic Relief Conference

MIDDLE VILLAGE, L. I., July 14 .-At a meeting of union men and labor sympathizers at the Hebrew Institute, a resolution was passed to effect the early organization of a conference for Passaic strike relief in this town. The meeting was presided over by Samuel Zeldin, with M. Michaelson as secretary.

HOSTILE THRONG MEETS SPANISH DICTATOR; 16 ARRESTED; POLICE HURT

PARIS, July 14 .- Hoots, catscalls and a crowd fighting the police to get to tell the dictator of Spain what they think of his oppression of Spanish workers and his part in the Moroccan murders of Riffians were the features of the arrival of Primo de Rivera in Paris to attend the celebration Wednesday of the fall of the Bastile. Two police are nursing wounds in hospitals.

Sixteen demonstrators were arrested and three held for examination, one being a Spaniard named Raymond Marty-Freras. One of the arrested is a French army doctor. President Doumergue, De Rivera and the puppet sultan of Morocco, also a visitor, expect to review the military parade, when another demonstration is expected.

BUGHOUSE FABLE NO. 2 IS FUNN

By Our Foreign Correspondent. CICERO, Ill., July 14.-When news hat Sheriff Hoffman was released rom jail, where he spent thirty days for contempt of somebody or other the republicans of this township threw a little party.

Every machine gun that was not ammed appeared on the streets as if y magic. The thirteen democrats who are not in the bootlegging busi ness surmised that either another as sistant district attorney's name was found in the telephone directory or else the overwhelming majority of the opulation decided to have law and vas a spontaneous exhibition of joy ised regular employment. over the release of the good-hearted No Increase of Jobs With Low Wages

A sheriff who goes to jail for his boys is not only worth voting for, he is worth fighting for.

Minnesota Federation in Hibbing August 16.

HIBBING, Minn., July 14.—(FP)-The 44th convention, Minnesota State Federation of Labor, opens in Hibbing | Coal Co. struck against an attempt

Worker Correspondent. Are you one? 124 hours against a further cut.

Air Photograph Shows Munitions Base as Crater of Death

CHICAGO LABOR RADIO STATION IS ON THE AIR

Station WCFL Works in Satisfactory Manner

WCFL, Chicago Federation of Labor's radio broadcasting station has been on the air for a 2-hour period between 3 and 5 in the morning every day for the past week. Department of commerce representatives have found everything satisfactory mechanically and otherwise. The station will begin broadcasting regularly in about a

The test program was entirely musical and went off in excellent order, being audible thru about the same range as the other Chicago sta-

tions and in equal volume. The ordinary range will be limited so as not to interfere with WEAF, the American Telephone & Telegraph staof 491.5 meters Chicago labor has appropriated. The daily broadcasting of support. eriod on 491.5 meters by WCFL will e from noon to midnight, says Harry I. Losh, the federation's radio engi-

Coal Miners' Meeting Discusses Plans for Union in Kentucky

Plans for reunionizing the western Kentucky coal field were discussed by former members of the United Mine journal of the industry. Miners, in and other oddments. Alfred refused this field were forced by a long lock food. He has been adjudged insane. out to accept the 1917 wage scale order, even if they had to fight for it. in place of that based on the Jack-But it was nothing of the kind. It sonville agreement. They were prom-

Events in this field, however, justified the contention of the union that lower wages would not afford relief. Operators in Muhlenberg county are to reduce wages.

On June 28, 225 miners employed by the Morgan mine and the Hayden scale. A few weeks ago the Morton Every Worker Correspondent must | Coal Mining Co. restored the 1917 be a subscriber to the American scale after its employes had struck

ALARMS CABINET; MAY BRUSSELS, July 14 .- The Bel-

BELGIAN FRANC DROP

gian cabinet tonight agreed to ask parliament tomorrow to extend dictatorial powers to the king for a period of six months to deal with the economic situation. This action came after the Belgian franc had dropped to 48.50 to the dollar.

Begin Drive in Herrin to Get Rid of "Terror" Between Klan and Antis

HERRIN, Ill., July 14. - Two men, 'Blackie" arms and Ray Walker, named as leaders of a "gang of undesirable citizens," by Mayor McCormick, were arrested here today in a move to rid this city of "terrorism." The arrests followed reports to authorities of a series of fights and aso a zone about halfway to New York saults on numerous persons here within the past month. Others arrests are expected to follow and charges of tion in New York, whose wave length vagrancy will be placed against all persons who fail to show visible signs

Hunger-Striker Is Adjudged Insane by British Physicians

PRESTON, England, July 14 .- Alred Wildman, imprisoned for breaking and entering, declared a hunger strike.

During a month in prison the jail physicians found that Alfred had swallowed a wrist watch, twelve buttons, Workers at Central City July 4, ac- a collar stud, a pair of scissors, two cording to Black Diamond, leading steel pins, a coin, a pair of buckles

Savage "Trying to Sneak" a Tabulation of Votes, Is Charge

County Judge Edmund K. Jarecki accused State's Attorney Joseph P. today unable to give more than half- Savage, nominated in the April pritime work. Some are again trying mary for county judge, of "trying to sneak" a tabulation of votes.

The clash followed when Judge Jarecki, returning from lunch, found the five assistant state's attorneys to reduce wages 25% below the 1917 grouped about a table where demo cratic ballots were being recounted.

New Haven Unions **Back British Miners**

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 14.-As Scores Die and Millions in Property Are Destroyed Painters' Union of New Haven is furthering the work for the relief of British miners. A decision to call an enlarged meeting for the relief of British miners to consist of trade union and fraternal delegates was passed at the last meetings of the Painters' Union Locals 4 and 409.

The machinist local also acted izing British relief.

The members of the British society of Sons of St. George are considering the matter of organizing the relief. Saturday, July 17, there will be an open air meeting on the green to be addressed by T. Pascal Cosgrove on the situation in Great Britain. There will be no collection. The meeting will start at 7 o'clock.

Boy Scouts Vandals, Says Forest Expect

NEW YORK, July 14-(FP)-Boy scouts, who have been widely adverised as being freighted with idealism are destroying many trees in this see tion by driving nails into them, ac cording to George Moresby. On a recent hike in Eastern Long Island, Moresby came upon numerous signboards pointing the way to scoup camps. These had been fastened to trees, each with five or six nails.

Moresby soothed his own indignation by pulling down each sign, and the wood thus acquired proved useful for cooking fires. Moresby has made extensive researches showing the need of forest conservation in the United States.

Drug-Crazed Bandit Kills Three in Cicero

Police are seeking a drug-crazed bandit who shot and killed two men and a woman when they resisted his efforts to rob them.

The trio were killed in Cicero, not far from the spot where Assistant State's Attorney William McSwiggen and his two bootlegger friends were

but claimed his companion fired all ing a certificate for operation be-

European Crisis Breeds GIVE KING BIG POWER | New Struggles Between United States and Britain

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

JOSEPH CAILLAUX, France's reported financial wizard, only hopes that the debt settlement with Great Britain will help save the franc from the abyss. That is about all that any profit guardian in Europe can do nowadays.

If the capitalist France scored any victory in the debt funding agreement reached at London, it was at the expense of Germany. It was agreed that if the Germans default at any time in their reparations to France, then France may also default to Britain. This becomes increasingly important at this stage of the European crisis, with the increasing burdens being placed on Germany thru the growing demands of the Dawes plan.

France will now try to get similar concessions from Washington as an amendment to the Mellon-Berenger arrangement for the payment of the French debt to the United States Of course, Washington denies that any such concessions will be granted, but Secretary of the Treasury "Andy" Mellon is now in Europe and in the face of capitalist necessity "anything may happen."

Any French-British debt settlement, including the return of 500,-000,000 gold francs by the Bank of England to Paris, part of the total of 1,377,000,000 francs it had on deposit as a guarantee for the payment of the French debt, is only temporary aid to the stability of French currency. Evidently it was "first aid" demanded in a hurry, if one is to judge by the precipitous airplane flight of Caillaux from Paris to London,

The European financial situation concerns all of the continent still under capitalist rule and cannot be solved by any Angle-French settlements.

Economic Life, an official Soviet organ, published at Moscow, points out that the proposals advocated by British and American financial experts for the 'financial restoration" of Europe must inevitably lead to the "Dawesation of Europe."

The Soviet publication declares that the thick veil that has concealed the secret negotiations that have been going on between Montagu Norman, governor of the Bank of England, and Benjamin Strong, director of the United States Federal Reserve Bank, is gradually being ripped aside.

It claims that the question of forming a European federal reserve system is being discussed. This is supposed to serve as a means of recurrency of capitalist Europe. For the settlement of international accounts it is proposed to issue a European currency on a gold basis, while the various currencies will be utilized exclusively for home consumption

It is declared that this scheme is being put forward by the British banking head and that it is being received with favor by American financiers, who know it must fail without them. But this does not mean that such co-operation will be durable. It is only another move in the high-staked game of poker between London and New York for world financial supremacy. In spite of this plan for joint action, it must be pointed out that "the interests of American and British capital are becoming more and more differentiated and increasingly antagonistic in the world arena."

Both the United States and Great Britain are feeling the damaging effects of competition of countries with a low valuta.

Great Britain is losing its markets. This is charged largely to the return of British currency to a gold basis. Low valuta countries continue to squeeze British goods from the world's trade. Norman wants to obviate this by putting forward a unified international valuta.

Similarly the United States is feeling the effects of competition of these same countries. It has lost its favorable balance of trade. Uncle Sam had a favorable trade balance during the first quarter of last year of \$205,000,000, but this turned to an unfavorable balance this year of \$125,000,000. This is a huge drop of \$330,000,000. Europe is too poor to buy American goods. On the other hand it is flooding the United States with goods at low prices or, at high prices, as in the case of the British rubber monopoly, that has adopted the American great business slogan of "All the traffic will bear." Economic Life, from its Moscow point of vantage, however, points out that the American dollar has the strategic position. It says:

"The investment of capital into a central emission bank would place under the control of New York not only the economy of the European countries but also of their colonies. New York could thus soon liberate itself from the monopolistic combines controlling the prices of the principal raw materials, and so relieve the United States industries of the danger of competition of low valuta and of the shortage of high price of raw materials. "In the present relation of forces

in world economy the execution of the plan to establish an international federal system is tantamount to the 'Dawesation' of Europe and her colonies. The British bankers are willing to take an important part in the execution of this scheme by the investment of their own capital, but they calculate mostly on utilizing American capital to strengthen their position on the world market. Sir Montagu Norman also calculates on the financial restoration of Europe, restoring to London its old position as the financial center of the world. The American bankers will be compelled for a time to co-operate with the British bankers in the execution of this scheme for the reason that the British banks have their ramifications all over the world, even to the most remote colonies, whereas the United States bank have not yet managed to adapt themselves to the requirements of exporting capital and are. therefore, unable, as yet, to cope with so great a task."

But with this logical development of American financiering will come new struggles between the imperialisms of the United States and Great Britain. Then London will lean more upon the anti-American bloc on the European continent that fights desperately against slavery to Wall Street. It is not a settlement of the European crisis that lies ahead. It is an aggravation of that crisis that will hurl capitalism in western Europe, as in the remainder of the world, into the throes of new agonies of disintegration. Caillaux tries to bolster the franc while the social order he sponsors sinks in the quicksands.

LANSING. Kan., July 14 .- Forty leaders of the 327 convicts who barricaded themselves 750 feet underground in the prison coal mine as a protest against lack of bed sheets and other matters of prison routine, were placed in solitary confinement by order of Warden W. H. Mackey, and about half the remaining number have been sent back to the mine.

Grant Bus Company Demands. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 14. - A certificate of necessity and conveni-The bandit is believed to be "three ence was granted to the Superior Mo- Maurer, drug clerk, pleaded guilty to finger" James Granit. He has been tor Bus company in orders announced the same murder. Assistant State's identified from a description furnished by the commerce commission permit- Attorney Emmet F. Byrne announced by James McWane, his partner in the ting operation of motor carriers on the death penalty would be insisted oldup and triple murder. McWane state hard road Route No. 15, between on for Robert Scott regardless of the was arrested following the shooting, Mascoutah and Nashville and deny plea of guilty. tween Belleville and Nashville.

CHICAGO SHOP NUCLEUS NUMBER 28 GIVES OUT DAILIES, THEN COLLECTS

There are only six members in Chicago shop nucleus No. 28 of the Workers (Communist) Party organized in a big down town shop. This little group distributed 300 copies of The DAILY WORKER among the workers in the shop. After all the papers were given out the members went around the shop and collected donations to cover the cost. They got \$8.50. That is a mark for other nuclei to shoot at.

Robert Scott Pleads Guilty.

Robert Scott, brother of Russell ors an excellent reception. Scott, condemned slayer of Joseph

SEND IN A SUBI

NEW YORK WORLD 'LABOR EDITOR' BRANDED LIAR

Associated Silk Workers Hit False Report

PASSAIC, N. J., July 14 .- To the statement of Jeremiah Leary, "labor editor" of the New York World, that the committee elected at the June 5 conference of the Independent Textile Unions in New York City, which met June 19, had refused to give financial aid to the Passaic textile strike, the

lie is given from two quarters. It is pointed out in the first place that the question of financial aid never arose at the committee meeting. A special resolution supporting the strike morally and financially was adopted at the conference of the textile unions held June 5 at Imperial Hotel, New York City. This made it entirely unnecessary to raise the question at a meeting of the committee elected by the conference of June

Independent Union.

Since this time, the American Federation of Textile Operatives, the largest independent union attending this conference, has held its convention in Lawrence and there, after an address by a representative of the Passaic Textile Strikers' Relief Committee, adopted a resolution for strike relief and sent a special message of encouragement to the textile strikers, calling attention to the fact that arge sums of money have aiready been voted out of the treasuries of the affiliated unions for relief and that much more will be sent.

Associated Silk Workers. From Selig Pitkowitz, a delegate from the Associated Silk Workers of America to the conference of the independent unions, came the following challenge to Leary's leery statement: To the Editor of the Evening World. Pulitzer Building, New York City, Dear Sir:

"Again I must call your attention to the news item that appeared in your paper to the effect that after the meeting it was said that the main differences of opinion was over the extent to which the representatives of the conservative unions would back Weisbord in his efforts to raise funds for the Passaic strikers. On this point the conservatives declared no agreement had been reached. Mr. Weisbord had nothing to say. This, my dear editor, is nothing but a tissue of lies; for I have been a delegate to both the conferences held on June 5 and 6 and to the committee conferences held on June 19 and 20.

"Spiritual" Reporter. "The garbled and colored up reports of your reporter, Mr. Leary, makes me think that he would make better spiritualist reporter . .

than a reporter of labor news. I cannot recall any instructions to Mr. Hatty and Mr. Weisbord, who were to give out the news to the rep ers of such proceedings, authorizing them to make such statements. I remember distinctly that when Batty and Weisbord spoke to Mr. Leary in the lobby of the Imperial Hotel, I was a by-stander and listened into the statements given to your reporter, and I emphatically deny that any such statement was given to Mr. Leary. In other words this brands Mr. Leary as a non-reliable reporter of labor news.

"Trusting that my letter will appear in the columns of your editorial page, I remain, "Respectfully yours,

"Selig Pitkowits."

Philadelphia Theater Alliance Presents Acts to Passaic Strikers

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 14 .- On the invitation of the entertainment committee of the Passaic strikers, the Workers' Theater Alliance of Philadelphia presented two plays to the strikers.

The first play "In the Shop" in two acts brot out the contrast between conditions in a non-union and a unon shop.

The second play dealt with the desires of a young working girl for beautiful things. Later she found out hat the only beautiful thing for workng men and working women was to participate in the every-day struggles of the workers.

Both plays were written by mempers of the alliance and presented under the directorship of Alfred Sobel, the founder and organizer of the alliance. The strikers gave the act-

Merger Probe Demanded.

WASHINGTON, July 14 .-- Twentyhree senators today joined in an appeal to the federal trade commission to investigate more than a score of important mergers within the past lour years to determine whether the anti-trust laws have been violated.

DEBATE IN NEW YORK

A strong wind, aided by the flight of exploding shells, spread the havor far from the scene of the original

disaster. Rescue parties were prevented from penetrating close to the heart of the disaster area by the continued

"Resolved, That Our Present Form of Government Is Not in the Interests of the American Masses."

"IT IS NOT!" says JAY LOVESTONE, who will represent the Workers

(Communist) Party. IS!" a representative of the National Security League will argue

AT THE CENTRAL OPERA HOUSE FRIDAY NIGHT, JULY 16

ADMISSION 35 CENTS.

MAC DONALD IS IRKED BY ROUGH WORDS OF MATES

Debate Shows Graft of Tory Gentlemen

LONDON, July 14 .- "Say you're sorry, apologize to the speaker," snapped MacDonald, leader of the labor parliamentary bloc, to Lawson, a labor member, when the latter blamed the speaker censuring the labor members for their outburst.

Lawson made no apology. British Graft.

Debate followed on the labor resolution cailing for an investigation of the connection of certain ministers with public and private business enterprises and companies receiving contracts from the government .

During the debate it was brought out Neville Chamberlain, minister of health, at the time of his appointment was director in a company which had received seven government contracts and the largest shareholder in another concern which had received four-

The labor resolution was defeated by 246 votes.

Germany's Technical Skill to Aid Soviet Metal Machine Works

MOSCOW (By Mail) .- An agreement which will bring German technical skill to bear very considerably upon the development of Soviet machine industry has been concluded between the Orgmetal Company, a Soviet state machine construction enterprise, and the German Federation of Machine Construction Works providing for permanent technical co-operation. The agreement has been approved by the Council of People's Com-

Explaining the nature of the agreement, Mr. F. M. Alperovitch, a director of the Orgmetal Company, stated that according to the agreement both sides agree to exchange models of the latest machines for the working of metestablished for planning new machine existing obsolete ones, in which the work of German experts are partici-

The bureau is now engaged in drafting the plans for large machine construction works projected for the south of Russia.

You do the job twice as wellwhen you distribute a bundle of The DAILY WORKER with your story in it.

OF COMMUNISM

By Bukharin and Preobrazhensky.

The authors were commissioned by the Russian Communist Party to write a complete and simple explanation of Communism. The student will find this book a gem of Communist teachings.

50 Cents

Supplement to the A B C of Communism. Questions and notes on the original work for study class use.

5 Cents.

THE DAILY WORKER PUB CO. 1113 W. Washington Blvd. Chicago, Illinois.

CURRENT EVENTS

By T. J. O'Flaherty.

(Continued from page 1) ed with an incurable disease he per formed his duty like a loyal soldier of the revolution. He is Comrade Daniels of the Greek section of the Workers Party. There are thousands like Daniels who are never heard of outside the little circle in which they move. But they are the real heroes.

the house of lords for the disorder present French government. Memlast Thursday during the speech of ories being what they are you may not recollect that only a few short on a bench in a French prison won- league with the operators. The klan posed of North Shore Inne employes, dering whether his neck which was Caillaux was charged with having treasonable relations with Germany, and Clemenceau, alias the "Tiger" had an itching desire to sever his fellow countryman's head from his that Len Small can proclaim martial Congress, the Moose and the Elks . . .

> HOWEVER, Joseph had a strong faction in France, a valuable asset in a political struggle, and his head stayed with him. A few insignificant people were thrown to the American capitalist papers were howling for his blood. He was a traitor. Today he is something of a hero because he is looked upon as the French white hope who will induce the French to pay the debt to the United States. Big headlines tell us that Caillaux and Churchill reached an agreement on the funding of the Franco-British debt. It is hinted that the growing popularity of Germany in Paris was conducive to the settle-

EX-SOLDIERS of the great war! not continue. I appeal to the law abiding citizens of Williamson County machine guns across no-man's land! and to the elected officials of the How often do you think about the county to maintain order and enforce doings of statesmen here and abroad? the law. If they fail to do this and it Most of the capitalist officials who again becomes necessary to send cheered you on to "victory or death" troops into Williamson County, I feel are still living snugly if not fuxuri- that it will be my duty to comply with ously. The German capitalists are requests made and declare martial now drinking French champagne and law in Williamson County, suspending there is nothing between the former the civil authorities in the municipalals. A joint technical bureau has been foes except good fellowship until their ities and the county. interests again clash so violently, that construction works and reorganizing they cannot settle their differences over a bottle and then, you will be regret the necessity to do so, that if asked to leave your limbs on gory I am compelled to return troops to battlefields for national honor or Williamson county, they will return glory so that your masters may continue to guzzle and enjoy life at your county and the municipalities where Think fast heroes! Think expense.

Bosses Are Slow to Pay DICTATOR UP

CHICAGO-(FP)-The Illinois naional guard which became conspicuous in the 1922 railroad shop strike and other labor disputes is not getting er co-operation from the manufa turers whose anti-labor policies it Manufacturers Association.

properties of all citizens and fairness should protect the men against the

oss of their wages when on duty." For that reason Glenn wants the emloyers to pay the difference between heir factory wage and the soldier wage when any of their own workers mergue, in an effort to make his are called out to protect other people's property.

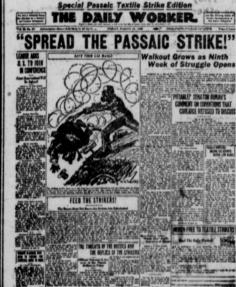
INFORMATION WANTED concerning the whereabouts of BERTRAM L. MAC DONALD

25 years of age, 5 ft. 9 in. tall, brown eyes, brown hair. Last heard from in wheat fields of S. Dakota, 1 year ago. Worked in silver mines, Gem, Idaho and Washington lumber camps.

Information as to present address will be greatly appreciated by his brother,

H. E. MAC DONALD 3525 Hurlburt Avenue DETROIT, MICH.

CLIP THIS OUT!



Show it to your shopmates and speak up like this: "Here's the front page of one issue of a fighting, working class newspaper. How about subscribing, fellowworker?"

MARTIAL LAW IS **SMALL'S THREAT**

Will Rule County with Troops

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., July 14 .to the residents of Williamson County JOSEPH CAILLAUX, as you may threatens the county with martial law know is finance minister in the and the suspension of the civil gov-

shortly be entertaining the sharp and have formed an organization to locals was likely. edge of a guillotine blade. In short combat the klan. Up to now the klan has had nothing but severe defeats.

Seek To Destroy Union. It is expected now that the klan will again seek to create disorders so law and thus crush the union of the miners.

The telegram bearing the warning was directed to the residents of the county and was dispatched to the editors of the Marion Evening Post Marion Republican, Johnson City Prowolves. When Caillaux was in jail, gress, Herrin news and the Herrin Journal.

The warning follows: "On several occasions during the ast four years it has been necessary to use the Illinois National Guard in Williamson County to suppress lawlessness, riot and murder. For the last three months troops have been franchise countered the demands of its continuously stationed in your county. The expense of maintaining these occupants of the state and paid from ment. It helped to push Churchill's lature and has amounted to more than \$200,000.

> "This condition cannot and must not continue. I appeal to the law

Threatens Martial Law. "I wish to make it clear, much as with full authority to govern the

civil government has failed." Signed "Len Small," governor.

PARIS. July 14 .-- In the greatest celebration of recent years commemhelps to further. That is the sub- orating the fall of the Bastille, stance of a circular by John M. Glenn, 20 workers, among them M. Joly, secretary of the open shop Illinois a Communist member of the Paris Chicago division of the Carmen's hands of the traction interests, will "It should be remembered that the jeering at the puppet sultan of Mor- meeting of the union until Aug. 7th election to raise the fare but is already Illinois national guard is maintained occo, Mulai Youssef, as the satrap but that a special meeting might be planning an indirect subsidy in the for the protection of the lives and rode with President Doumergue down called. He was emphatic in his decthe Champs Elysees to review the troops

The derisive greetings of the Paris workers became so pronounced and general against the Moorish traitor to his own people, that President Douguest think that the people were friendly, stood up in the cab and bowed and doffed his hat continually

The workers, however, had sought for bigger game in the shape of Primo de Rivera, dictator of Spain, who was expected to ride with the president also. De Rivera, relishing by slipping away to the Arch de Triomphe, leaving the sultan of Morocco to take all the "honors" of the ride with the president of France. American flags were notably absent among those of foreign nations.

Grand Rapids Water Department Must Pay for Politicians' Aid

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., July 14. ernment-Managed Government." Any- ing. one reading that book would think everything is lovely and "the goose hangs high."

To get out a book like this copiously illustrated on sized and supercalendared paper set the city back \$3,795.53-for 2,000 copies. The city commission charged this printing bill to the water department.

E. W. RIECK LUNCH ROOMS

169 N. Clark 118 S. Clark W. Washington | 167 N. State 42 W. Harrison 234 S. Halsted PHONES, HARRISON 8616-7

Beans and Brown Bread Fine Soups and Fresh Made Coffee Commissary and Bakery: declared that Alme 1612 Fulton St. Phone West 2542 travel or hardship.

The Traction War in N. Y. and Chicago

Street Carmen Move on Three Fronts for Pay Raise in Chicago

(Continued from page 1)

A .A. S. R. B. This number includes besides motormen and conductors, approximately 1,500 shopmen who are Governor Len Small in an ultimatum not affiliated with any other union. A joint meeting of officials of Local

241 of the Surface Lines anl Local 308 of the elevated employes was in contemplation, according to Mr. Quinlan Williamson County has been the In all probability it would take place their contract." battleground between the union min- in a day or two. Mr. Quinlan could years ago this same Joe was sitting ers and the ku klux klan, who are in not say if officials of Local 900, comseeks to destroy the union. The would participate, tho it was underintended for a better fate, might not miners are resisting these attempts stood that a joint meeting of the three stituted. There was a tacit agreement be

ween the union officials and the company that the new wage demands would not be pressed intil the three great conventions, of the Eucharisti were over. Employes of the Insull in terests may be interested to know that a similar policy was adopted in Cleve. land by officials of the Street Car men's Union during the days of the epublican party convention with disastrous results to the workers. As oon as that convention was over the company declared an open shop and the courts supported them in ruling that a union of employes of a public utility corporation was illegal.

The North Shore company, which uns trains into the loop without a employes for a raise of six cents an nour by asking them to accept a rerules which would reduce the employes' earnings about 30 per cent.

A conductor on the North Shore emarked to The DAILY WORKER

of the surface and elevated employes dustries are winning the 40-hour week for an increase the employers called Such long hours are a menace to the for a 5 cents an hour reduction and good health of the men upon whom a revision of working rules which would reduce the employes' earnings 25 per cent.

The company already offers arbitration—but on both propositions. Officials of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes who did the negotiating for the men declared they would countenance no arbitration except on the demands made by them.

Death and Sick Benefit Refund. The union has also demanded a \$1,000 death benefit and \$20 a week sick pay. This too has been turned

The alteration in working rules asked by the company will require the test by the workers. This "reptile of them were among the most prominmen to get overtime only after they have worked ten hours instead of the 8-hour limit now in force.

Will Not Take Cut.

John J. Bruce, president of the has been ever more solidly in the municipal council, were arrested for union said there would be no regular laration that the men would not tolerate a reduction in wages.

LOS ANGELES, Calif., July 14 .-The grand jury investigation of the no such audience, evaded the workers alleged kidnapping of Aimee Semple McPherson, female evangelist who disappeared for six weeks and turned up et Dauglas, Arizona, with a questionable yarn of being held for ransom in a shack across the Mexican border will be resumed Tuesday.

Mate Also Disappears.

But Aimee is not the only disappearing person concerned. One Kenneth Ormiston, who was wireless operator employed by her at her 'temple" in Los Angeles, disappeared about the same time and is still not The city commission of Grand Rapids to be found, the rumors of his being has ordered to be printed an elegantly seen recently since Aimee returned bound 52-page book entitled "City of -in the neighborhood of Venice, Oak-Grand Rapids under Commission Gov- land and San Francisco, are circulat-

Male Also Disappears.

In the early days of the evangelist's questioning at Venice, said that his relations with Aimee were only that of an employe, despite the fact that his wife had announced a divorce suit naming the evangelist as correspondent, then he disappeared again.

Two witnesses from Arizona are coming to testify before the grand jury. They are Police Sergeant A. B. Murchison of Douglas, who led posses into the desert where the evangelist said she was held in a shack, without being able to find such a shack; and Meribah Shinn, the nurse who cared for the evangelist when she finished her "escape" who declared that Aimee bore no marks, of

Traction Czars in N. Y. Ask Court Aid Against Labor

(Continued from page 1) filed an injunction suit against 62 members of the Consolidated Railroad Workers' union and Edward P. Lavin. head of the union, as an individual.

The plea of the I. R. T. attorneys charges Lavin and the members of the union with conspiracy designed "to cause loval employes to leave the service of the company in violation of James L. Quackenbush, chief coun-

sel for the I. R. T., intimated to reporters that criminal proceedings against the strikers may also be in-

The injunction asks the court to: 1. Restrain the strikers from striking. 2. To prevent the strikers or

their officials from interfering with

employes of the company. 3. To recover \$239,000 loss in revenue sustained by the company. The above amount will be increased by each day's loss of revenue until the case is heard.

> STAND BY THE I. R. T. STRIKERS!

To the Men and Women Who Use the New York Subway and Elevated!

NEW YORK-The Workers (Communist) Party has issued a statement on the traction strike here which is in part as follows:

The subway and elevated men to whom are entrusted the safety and troops has been borne by all of the duction of 3 cents an hour. They are lives of New York's millions, are striknow receiving 76 cents. In addition to ing for a decent wage, for shorter appropriations made by the legis- this demand for a reduction the company demands changes in working able slavery of the so-called "Company Union" of the Interborough Rapid Transit company,

LONG HOURS, LOW WAGES The slavery to which the traction reporter that it was not difficult for workers have been subject is incredi-Insull to subsidize grand opera and ble. Motormen work a minimum of 56 permit his wife the luxury of appear- hours without time lost in broken ng as the star in plays, on the profits shifts. The station men work 84 hours of his investments in transportation. - a 12-hour day and a 7-day week-As a counter move to the demands at a time when workers in many in-

the lives and safety of all New York's

population depends. Wages are miserable. Motormen during the first years get 69 cents an hour and switchmen only 58 cents while stationmen secure from 41 cents to 43 cents per hour and other em ployes still less. On the basis of a decent work week of 44 hours, this makes \$30.36 to \$35.00 per week for motormen and \$25.52 for switchmen yet 90 per cent of these workers are married and over 70 per cent have children to support.

The company union which they have is no union. It is an organization formed by the company, controlled by its officials and used to stifle all procompany union," as the men call it, ent supporters of Mustapha Kemal has been oppressing them for ten

years. The Tammany city government which since Hylan's administration perhaps not dare, on the eve of an form of remission of taxes which will subsidize the railroad company at the expense of the mass of the inhabitants

of New York City. Instead, the Tammany city government plans subsidies, tax remissions and fare increases, "permits the importation of gunmen and the entrusting of the lives of the New York City population to inexperienced and dangerous criminal elements" brought in from all over the United States to crush the traction workers of New York City. It even uses the city police in a shameless manner to protect these gummen and terrorize striking workers.

Men and women of New York, you who must use New York's subways, elevated and street cars! Back the striking traction workers in their fight for a decent wage. Support them in their struggle to

destroy the enslaving company union and substitute a real union of the workers. Back them in their demand for such

hours as will not endanger the lives of the passengers entrusted to them and such wages as will secure and maintain competent service.

No raise in fare! Not a cent for subsidy!

Organized labor! Support your fellow traction system along with the other Portugal to exile at Angla D'Heropublic utilities be taken over by the city under a system of municipal own- placed the general ashore at his ership and operation with workers disappearance, Ormiston appeared for control, for the benefit of the people of New York.

> Out with the dangerous criminal elements who have been imported to break the strike and who endanger the lives of New York's inhabitants. No police intimidation of the strik-

Boycott the scab lines!

Protest to the city against the use of the police and the importation of scabs and oriminals. Show your solidarity with the strik-

> Workers (Communist) Party of America, District Executive Committee. William W. Weinstone, General Sec'y. Address

108 E. 14 St., New York City.

MEDIATION BOARD GETS CASE OF STRIKE ON A **ROCKEFELLER RAILWAY**



Samuel E. Winslow former representative from Massachusetts is the chairman of the new Railroad Mediation Board. The first case before it is the strike of workers on the Western Maryland Railroad, a Rockefeller controlled institution. With the exception of one member, Carl Williams, the board is composed of men who cannot even be remotely expected to render decisions in favor of the workers.

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PARIS, July 14 .- Abd-el-Krim, Riffian chief, who surrendered himself to the French troops and betrayed the struggle for independence of the Riffian tribesmen for a promise of a life of ease and luxury, has been exfled to the Reunion Island in the Indian Ocean.

Hang Fifteen Men for Attempt on Kemal Pasha's Life

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 14,-Fifeen men, four of whom were politial leaders, convicted of conspiring assassinate Mustapha Kemal Pasha were hanged in Smyrna.

The hangings were separate and were held in various parts of the city, for exemplary reason.

Many of those executed fought for the independence of Turkey. Some ish republic.

U. of C. Liberal Club to Hear Talk Thursday Upon U. S. Imperialism

The lecture given under the auspices of the Liberal Club of the University of Chicago tonight, Thursday, will feature Manuel Gomez of the All-American Anti-Imperialist League, who will speak upon the subject, "The Caribbean-An American Lake."

The meeting is held in Harper Hall of the university, which is reached by the south side elevated trains to 63rd street and University.

Killed to Get Lawyer for Damage Suit, Says Slayer

"I robbed and killed in an effort to get enough money to hire a lawyer," declared James Granit, from his cell in Cook county jail in justifying his mur der of three persons in Cicero. He lost a finger in a shop. He said young Schwatz fired him when he threatened to sue for damages.

Portuguese Dictator Is Freed at Oporto

PARIS, July 14 .- The crew of the Portuguese cruiser taking General orkers on strike. Demand that the Gomes da Costa, transitory dictator of isme, in the Azores, revolted and home town, Oporto.

COMRADE ATHAN DANIEL

The funeral of Athan Daniel, 35. will take place today from the undertaking establishment of Marzano and Psichalinos, 927-31 West Polk St., at 2.o'clock.

Comrade Daniel was an active member of the Workers Communist) Party and at one time was the organizer of the Amalgamated Food Workers' Union and led a strike of the food workens in Chicago. Comrade Daniel died Tuesday

after being sick for about one

month.

JULY 17 ISSUE

will contain these features in the

SUPPLEMEN

"THE STORY OF CHINA"

By Herman N. M. Chang

An unusual article of the way in which China became blessed with the oppression of Western imperialism, written by an active participant in the struggle of Chinese nationalists—an editor, educator and at present studying conditions in the United

EARL R. BROWDER

States.

writes an interesting letter

FROM RUSSIA

The New Great Electric Power House Near Leningrad."

story showing how Russlan workers are building Socialism.

With photographs.



illustrated by FRED ELLIS

colorful story.

"New Days in Old England"

By T. J. O'Flaherty Another unusual article on the great British strike.

> "Mexico and Its Labor Struggles" By Manuel Gomez

With Illustrations. "The Great Labor Battles

of 1877" By Amy Schechter With original cuts and illustrations

CARTOONS

from that period!

Unusual work by four splendld proletarian artists: HAY BALES

With another gay full-page of pointed pen pricks on the week's events.

F. G. VOSE

A worker-artist whose splendid work will be a regular feature from now on-

and A. JERGER

Another workingclass artist whose work is sure to always be a feature worth looking forward to.

Subscribe-of course, but also be sure to

GET A BUNDLE (at 31/2 cents a copy)

For your shop and trade union meeting.

Workers (Communist) Party

How Should Communists Organize Their Work?

By JAY LOVESTONE. workers.

to our campaigns for the protection to utilize sufficiently for the strength- for the moment under consideration. of the foreign born, the movement to ening of our organization, for the win- For instance, we will find that Comsave Sacco and Vanzetti from electro- ning of new members, the various po- munists active in securing relief for cution, the drive for relief and de- litical and other campaigns in which the striking anthracite miners will in fense of the Passaic textile strikers, we have played an active or domin- this fashion establish a base for subthe widespread approval of the his- ant part. toric event launched by the New York | Specifically, there are three ways furriers for a forty-hour week and in in which the party can "cash in" and movements among these miners. Party other instances of a similar charac- usually does "cash in" thru its parti- members who have won the confi-

ate to consider certain fundamental Communist workers are involved. questions involved in the party stratethe masses in life.

What Is Party Work? Broadly speaking, party work may push forth the interests of the worked in such a movement, in such a class interests, are not even conscious and of which they are the very mak- ation in the ranks of the textile work- other social relationship. ers. Any activities the party partiers of this country. We have in mind er in the development of their class actively in and take the lead of all campaigns. of the word, Communist activity.

those which call for, and at best are standard of living and social condi-

termine the importance of the activi- whether they be textile or other kinds drawing these workers closer to us ties precisely by the extent to which of workers, that the Communists are organizationally. they enable us to get masses into motion, to have masses move leftwardinfluence over these masses and sink our roots among them.

How is the Party to "Cash In." Some comrades raise a very pertinant question. What is the party to get out of its different activities? To put this question, or sometimes this complaint, more in the parlance of our every-day party functionary, it would read as follows: "Why should the party spend so much time and money and energy on these, move-

IN THE



Workers Monthly

Articles About the

American Revolution

American Civil War Furriers' Strike Trade Union Insurance Tasks of the American Communist Movement

Mexico China

British General Strike Moscow Uprising, 1905

WM. F. DUNNE WM. Z. FOSTER BEN GITLOW MANUEL GOMEZ ROBERT MINOR C. E. RUTHENBERG J. SULTAN BERTRAM D. WOLFE

and MARX ON TRADE UNIONS and an article by

\$1.25 Six Months \$2.00 a Year

THE WORKERS MONTHLY 1113 W. Washington Blvd. Chicago, III.

them in some way? Why should we lead them, is in this every-day de-The past six months have seen a give over our organization and workmarked revival in the success our ers to these movements?" Of course, and courage. party has been meeting in establish that is putting the problem in a very ing contact with non-Communist crude and obviously wrong way, but the problem of our party capitaliz- non-party mass organizations or cam-If anyone desires to consult the ing organizationally its participation paigns in which great numbers of most accurate barometer of such in big working class campaigns has non-party workers are involved, is to progress, all he has to do is to ex- yet to be solved effectively. We have be found in the winning over of a amine the response which masses of for some time been working in a man-certain base of operations for other non-Communist workers have given ner which has not at all enabled us

cipates in, influences in some mea- that every blow struck for organizconsciousness, is, in the largest sense such movements which will advance

monstration of our (participation)

2. Another method of the party's 'cashing in' on these activities in campaigns than the particular one sequent participation and leadership in another progressive constructive

cipation in campaigns or in organ- dence of the striking anthracite minizations in which large masses of non- ers because of the efforts which they have put up to help the miners score 1. We have instances where the a victory, will find that when they ger at the demonstration which they gy and program in activities to make party achieves a specific end. Repel speak about the nationalization of the the Communist Party the leader of tition has worn threadbare the axio- mines or the six-hour day, they will roughly to move on, and struck him matic truth which is that the Com- get much more of a hearing from a blow in the back to emphasize their munists have no interests other than these non-party miners because of orders. Rembicz ran down the hallthe interests of the working class. previous activities. The more the be said to be those activities which Let us suppose the party succeeds in party members do constructive class still in his arms. The policemen foladvance the party's program, which arousing enough workers for the sup- work in co-operation with non-party lowed. port of the striking Passaic textile op- workers, the less the chasm between ing class. Often, the workers involv- eratives. This is the achievement of the Communists and the non-Commua specific end which, considering all nists, the more the non-Communist struggle for the enhancement of their the objective conditions at hand is a workers will begin to feel faith in, victory for the Communists is a vic- and to act with, the Communists. The of the direction of the movement in tory for the workers as a class. We laws of sympathetic action hold at which they are active participants have in mind the state of disorganiz least as true in politics as in any ran into the room and there, thru the

Furthermore, we will note that connections with non-party individuals directs to some extent, and ing the unorganized textile workers is established in one united front activiwhich bring the workers a step near- a blow struck for better opportunity will serve considerably in the eser to the left, a couple of pegs high- ties; and the Communists participate tablishment of other united front

3. The direct winning of new prothe interests of the workers in the letarian followers of our party and on going with her father since her Surely those days are gone in our whole textile industry. We have in new membership of our party is a party when Communist activities are mind that the enhancement of the most important method of our party's "cashing in." Altogether too often translated into, abstract propaganda tions of the textile workers is a step we have belittled this task. We do er what had become of her. for the proletarian dictatorship, sup- towards the strengthening of the de- not sufficiently appeal for memberport for the social revolution, and so mand for better living and working ship at our meetings. We do not capiconditions of the whole working class, talize adequately the response which Today we measure the results of nor should we forget that the best non-party workers give to some of our Communist activities and we de- way of convincing the workers, our campaigns for the purpose of

Train Teachers for

time, there has been a lack, both in

the Young Workers (Communist)

League, of a sufficient number of

capable teachers. The reorganization

phasis on "Every comrade an active

comrade able to carry on Communist

work among the masses," has in-

among party and league members.

creased the demand for education

For this reason, the National Sum-

mer Training Schoool, to be held here

July 19 to 31, has added an extra

course to its curriculum, "Methods of

servation of Model Lessons: how to

avoid the lecture system; how to ask

questions and develop points; the em-

phasis on the concrete and on Ameri-

can conditions; the value of students

basis for data and material; impor-

tance of having students express

themselves, thus enabling the instruc-

the inculcation of the dynamic view-

who wish to become instructors.

should communicate with Bert Wolfe,

35, 108 East 14th St., New York City.

Election of the section commit-

Communism Classes

the extent to which we develop our NEW YORK NUCLEI URGED TO ELECT **DELEGATES FOR SECTION CONFERENCES**

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK-(By Mail)-The District Executive Committee has laid down the following rules for the holding of section conferences where the election of section committees and officers will take place.

These rules have been laid down by the District Executive Committee after a careful examination of the composition of the membership in every unit of every sub-section and has been agreed upon unanimously by the secretariat of the District Executive Committee.

These rules and the basis of representation hold only for this conference and is by no means a precedent for the conventions or conferences in the step upon the police with a railroad

The basis of representation in those Workers' School to sub-sections that consist only or mostly of international branches is different than in the sub-sections that are mixed. For example in the Bronx sub-section and the Bath Beach subsection where there are only international branches each of the units elects three delegates, while in the the Workers (Communist) Party and other international branches the basis is one for every 15.

The basis of representation and the dates of the conferences of the dif. of the party and league with its emferent sections are as follows: Section I will hold its conference

Monday, July 26, at 8 p. m., at 85 Forsythe St. Every shop nucleus of less than 10

nembers elects 1 delegate. Every nucleus of more than 10

nembers, 2 delegates. Every factory district nucleus one delegate for every 10 registered mem-

ers or major fraction Every international branch one delegate for every 15 registered members or major fraction.

Section II will hold its conference Tuesday, July 27, at 8 p. m. at 108 experiences in class struggles as a

E. 14 St. The basis of representation is the same as that of Section I.

Section I'll will hold its conference Thur., July 29, at 8 p. m. at 301 W.

Representation same as in Section

Friday, July 30, at 8 p. m. at 81 E.

The one nucleus in Sub-Section 4-A, 1 delegate. The one factory district nucleus in

4-A. 2 delegates. All international branches, 3 dele-

Section V will hold its conference Tuesday, July 27, at 8 p. m. at 1347 Active comrades who are interested, rested the girls." Boston Road

Basis of representation same as Section IV. All the nuclei one delegate, the factory district 2 each and all interna-

tional branches 3 delegates each. Section VI will hold its conference Wednesday, July 28, at 8 p. m. at 56

Manhattan Ave. Basis of representation same as in ection I.

Section VII will hold its conference Wednesday, July 28, at 8 p. m. at 1940 Benson Ave

Each international branch will elect 3 delegates. The following will be the order

A district executive committee will be present at all conforences.

1. Vitalization of the units.

2. Functions of the section.

Membership drive.

Headquarters.

4. Election campaign

PASSAIC POLICE LAWRENCE SEEKS SEEK TO FRAME TO WIN RIGHT FRANK REMBICZ OF FREE SPEECH

Victim to Prison

PASSAIC, N. J., July 13. - Pursued

bus load of scabs were passing. Peo- by the police. watching the scene.

Assault Rembicz.

could not quell, they ordered him way to his apartment, his little girl

Neighbors crowded down the hallway and saw the officers begin to are aiding the Lawrence textile workbatter at the door with their clubs. ers. They broke thru the thin panels and reached inside for the lock. Little Peppercorn Uses Josephine screamed. The women loor to a bedroom they saw the police tear the child from her father's arms, and rush to attack him. When the terrible struggle was over, and Rembicz had been beaten to insensibility they carried him unconscious to the patrol wagon. His little girl ran after him, sobbing, and insisted

Uses His Rights,

Frank Rembicz attacked in his own gressives at the bottom. home did all in his power to defend

en pieces of the door, and bloodstain- the joint board. its of the affair.

are being arranged by the police. The opinion about it. local press has been filled with a wild tale (1) an attack upon the po- Textile "Problems" lice by Rembicz several blocks from car coupling; (3) an attack upon the police with a hammer, and so All of these conflicting repolice as a smoke screen under which NEW YORK, July 13.—For a long a long term in jail.

Club Strikers.

Officer Edward Hogan of Passaic will attend the institute. attacked Joseph Meka, John Mohasa bench on their porch.

Teaching." This will consist of-Ob- Nancy Sandosky Freed of "Assault on Officer" Charge

PASSAIC, N. J., July 13. - Judge release Nancy Sandosky, her sister Mamie, and Catherine Toth, who were picked up by a special officer, Max tor to note the misunderstandings and Meyer, on the astounding charge that errors of the students; the value of the three frail girl strikers had atclass discussion and class expression; tacked him and beaten him up.

Meyer failed to prove that the girls point; necessity of drawing conclus- had attacked him or had been disordions and relating the lesson to preserly in any way. Judge Davidson, who Section IV will hold its conference ent day problems in America; how to had held the girls on \$1,600 bail and keep the lessons within bounds and insisted on cash bail, contrary to the prevent it from disintegration—these usual custom of the courts in accept. One Auto to Each are some of the points that will be ing bond bails, was reluctantly forced explained to and discussed with those to adjudge the three girls not guilty of the stupid charge of assault and Many comrades, especially of the battery.

Young Workers (Communist) League, The bosses' papers have given have already signified their intention Meyer great praise for his "heroism" of attending this "Teachers Institute." for, say they, "single-handed, he ar-

who feel that they can function in the A petition presented by tax payers future as instructors in the party, of Dayton Avenue, asking for his removal from that beat was thrown into director of the Workers School, Room the scrap basket by the notorious Police Chief Zober.

> Loundry Workers Sign Agreement. SAN FRANCISCO - (FP) - The laundry workers union of San Fran-

cisco has signed a new 2-year agreement with laundry owners, hours and wages being unchanged. The local industry is paying the highest wages in the country.

derstand Communism-study it | United States.

Mill Barons

LAWRENCE, Mass., July 13 .- The into his own house, his right of dom- United Front Committee of Lawrence icile violated, his child snatched from has appealed the case of Fred Beal, his arms, Frank/Rembicz, of 160 secretary, arrested by police for Eighth street, was terribly beaten speaking at an open air meeting. after he was forced down on to his Two other speakers, Professor Harry S. Longfellow Dana, of the Civil Two drunken Passaic policemen, Liberties Union and Anthony Ramug-John Noonan and Abram Geene, saw lia, Italian organizer of the United Rembicz come out on his porch as a Front Committee, were not arrested

ple in the street and children in The chief of police refused permits doorways booed as the scabs passed. to the United Front Committee to With his little four-year-old daughter hold its meetings. This action was Josephine in his arms, he stood undoubtedly dictated by the mill owners. According to the city ordinance, the chief of police is obliged to Suddenly the two policemen spot grant a permit for open air meetings ted this striker. In their drunken an. on application by an individual or an organization. He grants permits to everybody but workers' organizations.

> In court Marshall O'Brien, who ar rested Beal, lodged a complaint against him for violating a city ordinance by speaking without a permit.

> The American Civil Liberties Union and the International Labor Defense

New Trick in A. C. W. Election

(Special to The Daily Worker)

CLEVELAND, July 13. - Elections for the joint board of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers recently took place in Cleveland. The practice in the Amalgamated has been to put the names on the ballot in alphabetical mother was not at home. Altho the order. This time, the reactionary busipolice took her to the hospital they ness manager Peppercorn, struck upon later refused to tell the frantic moth- a new method. He put the names of the 17 administration candidates first on the ballot and those of the pro-

This would not be so bad but for himself but was finally overcome by the fact that many of the members the two men. Both policemen were of the Amalgamated cannot read Engcut and bruised by his blows. He is lish very well and furthermore do not in the Passaic General Hospital, suf- know the names of the candidates. fering from a possible fracture of the Peppercorn therefore got his agents on the job and had them go from shop After the outrage was committed, to shop telling the workers to vote eaders from strkie headquarters for numbers one to seventeen. This went to his home where they found ensured his slate a victory and alevidences of a terrible battle. Brok- most eliminated the progressives from

ed sheets from the bed on which he Unquestionably, administration was beaten were taken as evidence. people generally will proclaim this an Seven witnesses have made affida- honest election. The membership of the Cleveland locals will soon have an The preliminaries for a frame up opportunity of expressing their

to Be Discussed at **Brookwood College**

KATONAH, N. Y., July 13 .- Probports have been handed out by the will be discussed at the Textile Instito charge this innocent man with College today. The United Textile tute which opens at Brookwood Labor atrocious assault and frame him for Workers' executive committee will hold its annual meeting in connection with the institute. About 40 persons

Speakers will include Hugh Frayne. ky and Joe Mohasky and their wives of the A. F. of L.; Edwin Newdick; and children as they were sitting on Spencer Miller, Jr.; Ethel M. Smith of the Women's Trade Union League; A number of strikers returning George Soule; A. L. Bernheim, and from their meeting were dragged in Stuart Chase of the Labor Bureau to the Botany mill and beaten into and John Sullivan, president of the unconsciousness by Herman Zober, N. Y. Federation of Labor. Discusson of the Passaic chief of police. sion of organization problems will be They were later released without led by Dr. Arthur W. Calhoun, incharges being preferred against them. structor of economics at Brookwood.

Sheriff Hoffman Ends 30-Day Term in Wheaton Jail

WHEATON, Ill., July 13 .- Sheriff William B. Davidson was forced to Peter M. Hoffman of Cook county was Open Lefter of the released from the jail here after serving a thirty-day jail term for granting extraordinary liberties to Terry Druggan and Frankie Lake, millionair bootleggers, while they were supposed to be confined in Cook county jail.

Hoffman will resume his official duties as soon as he gets back to Chi-

Six People in U. S.

WASHINGTON, July 13 .- There is ow one automobile to every six persons in the United States, says a report by the automotive division of the department of commerce, quoting figures as of January 1, revised to June

The total number of motor cars in he world is found to be 24,589,249, of which 19,954,000 are in the United States, 815,000 in the United Kingdom, 735,000 in France, 715,000 in Canada, 330,000 in Germany and 115,000 in Italy. Australia has 29,000 and Argentina 118,000 cars of all classes,

Afghanistan has only one car to 1,200,000 population, while China has has one to 31,871. Only 10 per cent of the cars in France and 2 per cent in Italy are of American make, but Germany bought 25 per cent and Hol-If you want to thoroughly un- land 45 per cent of her supply in the

To Railroad Clubbing Workers Fight Ban of WORKING CLASS YOUTH RECEIVES EXCELLENT TRAINING IN SUMMER SCHOOL AT WAINO, WISCONSIN

WAINO, Wis., July 13.-The young workers' summer school, conducted by the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League with the support and co-operation of numerous co-operatives, workers' clubs and women's sections in the Minnesota-Wisconsin-Michigan district, opened several weeks ago at Waino, a farming community six miles

from Brule and about 40 miles from Superior, Wis. A large part of the tures and discussions on religion, population here are Finns, among whom there is a strong progressive tendency which is led by a comparatively well-organized and active Workers (Communist) Party and Young Workers League group.

We now have 60 students at the school. Most of them are between the ages of 16 and 21, with a few a little younger and four or five beyond 21. Most of the students are from Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan, but we have one or two from North and South Dakota as well as two boys from Astoria, Ore. Most of the students are American-born youths of Finnish parentage. It is our hope and purpose to draw into the school more of the youth of other nationalities. also in the schools that will be held in the future.

Comrades A. J. Hayes, of Superior and Oliver Carlson are our instructors. Comrade Toivo Tenhunen, who has been very active in building the Young Workers (Communist) League movement in this district, and who was a student at the courses held last year, is now technical manager of these courses and occupies himself in making everyone's stay here comfortable, attending to the numerous details that are necessary in the school community. And last but surely not least, we must mention the two capable cooks, Comrades Sannah Hill and her assitant, Mrs. Nurmi.

Four Periods.

The following subjects are taught Speaking, American Social and Labor History. In addition he directs in learning red songs, group games and athletics. Comrade Carlson instructs in Marxian or Political Economics, Current Events and Workers Journalticularly revolutionary class struggle theory. Both Hayes and Carlson lecture on "forum" subjects, that is, three periods at the most, such as lec- student control.

workers' youth and capitalist sports, etc. In the forum period it is planned to hold debates between students on various subjects. Special lectures on the co-operative movement have to be delivered by Comrades George Halonen, educational director, and Eskel Ronn, manager, of the Co-operative Central Exchange,

One of the most important subjects on the curriculum is Young Workers (Communist) League organization and the entire forenoon each Saturday is taken up by the work of the model shop nuclei. The students are divided into nuclei according to their own occupations and the entire group operates as tho they were an actual local organization of the league. We even have cards, stamps and other supplies.

Separate from the model league organizations and other activities, which include circle discussions, etc., the student body meets each Friday to discuss and act on matters pertaining to student activities at the school, such as discipline, entertainments, the work of our numerous working committees, etc. The students have elected from among themselves a Student Council of nine members, which is the highest body in the system of student control. Chairman of all the important standing committees. as the committees for discipline, the wall-paper or editorial committee, school correspondents committees and by Comrade Hayes: Sociology, Public others, are members of the executive council, which is a permanent organization for the whole school period but any of its members may be recalled and new ones put in their places whenever that is desired. In the meetings of the student body the inism. Working Class Theories and par-structors have voice but no vote. In disciplinary matters the final decision rests with the instructors, however, as the short duration of the school subjects that are of special interest does not make it possible to develop but do not require more than two or a complete and self-reliant system of

CHIEF FACTORY INSPECTOR OF ILLINOIS STATE ADMITS INCREASING CHILD LABOR

Chief Factory Inspector Wm. H. Cur- work in the factory inspection diviran admitted in his report that the sion, but also by the fact that not in-Ullinois employers are increasing their frequently children under 16 injured

The Illinois law prohibits children under 14 from working for compensation during school hours, before 7 o'clock in the morning or after 6 in the evening. It also prohibits employers from working children under 16 more than six days a week, eight hours a day and before 7 in the morning and after 7 in the evening. Another provision debars employers from putting children under 16 to work in a large number of prohibited occupations regarded as detrimental to health and dangerous to life. Of course all the laws are only on paper. The government can only use police against workers, but against the employers they are helpless and can't do anything

against the violation of laws. Mr. Curran in his statement said as follows: Owners of fruit, vegetable and grocery stores persistently violate the law by employing children under 16 on machines. That violations occur is demonstrated not only by the

while working on power machinery, are reported to the industrial com-

The young workers must raise their fight against the exploitation of children and do their utmost to put a stop to this evil.

Dangers Facing the Working Girl.

The young working girl, who is terribly exploited and getting low wages, is facing many dangers in looking for a job thru the various newspaper ads. Some gentleman advertised for young girls. He had no office and no jobs to offer, but used this ad as a means of luring the young girls for an entirely different purpose.

This happened in New York. The police discovered a whole gang of such "employers." Of course it happens mostly with unorganized girls, who do not want to enter the union. Only thru the union, which distributes jobs to its members, are the working girls safe in looking for jobs.

Y. C. L. G. in Support of the British Strike

The central committee of the Y. C. L. G. has addressed to the central committee of the S. A. J. of Germany an open letter, which begins by the reproduction of the telegram of the Y. C. I. to the Y. S. I., drawing therefrom the deduction of joint active support. The following practical measures are proposed:

1. Formation of committees of ac tion of the proletarian youth in all districts and localities in support of the British struggle.

. Organiation of a campaign for the committees of action with the object of inducing young workers to support the strike of the British workers, especially in the mining districts of Upper Silesia and in Hamburg.

3. Joint sympathy demonstrations

and manifestations of the working class youth for the British workers on strike, particularly united participation in the demonstrations to be held on Wednesday thruout the country. 4. Energetic participation in joint

Every Worker Correspondent must be a subscriber to the American

Italian Youth Sends Delegation to Russia

A conference was held in Italy of various youth organizations, which decided to send a youth delegation to the Union of Socialist Soviet Russia in order to observe the conditions of the Russian youth. The delegation will soon leave Italy and will spend a few weeks in Russia. This will be the best means of getting real information about the conditions in Russia, which are hidden by the fascist newspapers.

Spartakiad-Oympiad-1928

At Moscow, U. S. S. R. in August, 1928, there is to be held a tremendous demonstration of the development of the movement for workers' sports and athletics at the International Spartakiad. All workers' sports athletic and physical culture clubs are invited to participate. Inquiries and requests for information are flooding the offices of the Red Sports International at Moscow. From time to time bulletins of information and announcements

will be available. At the same time, in Amsterdam, the Olympiad will be participated in Worker Correspondent. Are you one? by bourgeois sports' organizations.

WORKER CORRESPONDENTS BY JANUARY 13

LAND GRABBERS IN MONTANA GET LEGAL SANCTIO

Court Decision Favors Sharks

MARGARET HELANDER (Worker Correspondent)

PLENTYWOOD Mont. July 13. For the first time in years, the farmers in this district have had something bankers who have mortgages on the property of the farmers, and the loan sharks who have rights in the crops know this also. Consequently a new poor pay-men injured and killed, kink in the law has been handed down session to the purchasers of foreclosed truth of their own convictions or at-

"Move Off!"

In this way a number of farmers who have hoped for a little income for their long spring and summer's work are being dispossessed of their lands,

the happy hunting ground of loan sharks for the many poor years we their demands up with the steel comhave had, and now that something pany. green is peeking above the ground. these sharks are busier than ever legally taking away every possible thing of of value from the unfortunate

Council of Action. The Council of Action of the Progressive Farmers of Montana, a very powerful organization in this state, is taking the matter of these landgrabbers into their hands, and hopes by bringing the cause of the dozens of dispossessed workers to the supreme court of the state that something might be done to relieve the distress.

Seattle Boosts The Daily Worker Thru

By a Worker Correspondent. SEATTLE, Wash., July 13 .- Large and enthusiastic crowds of workers gather nightly and listen attentively at the corner of Occidental avenue and Washington street to Vincent Brown of the Machinists' Union speak

With conditions so rotten in the lumber camps, with thousands of men walking the streets looking for work and beginning to realize that under this dog-eat-dog system there is no fered, stood for, or lived cleanly mor-

on the need of a strong workers'

At these street meetings DAILY WORKERS are sold like hot cakes. At two meetings over the July 4 holidays, 250 copies were sold. Comrades in other cities could increase the circulation of The DAILY WORK- vices and weaknesses of his race with ER thru this method and help in

combat the falsehoods of the plun-

derbund sheets.

Workers' Children

By Herminia Zur Mühlen. Translation by Ida Dailes.

Illustrated with black and white drawings from the original German edition and four color plates and cover designs by Lydia Gibson.

A book that children will treasure and one that will instill in their minds a pride of being in the ranks of the working

class. For your child-and the children of other workers get this

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The state of the s

RHYMES OF EARLY JUNGLE FOLK. By Mary Marcy.

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LETTERS FROM OUR READERS

UNION CONFLICT

SHOWS NEED OF

Cement Workers' Pres.,

Threatened Scabbing

By a Worker Correspondent.

Chicago unions which shows the ne-

cessity of amalgamation. Local 464

of the Street Paving Engineers, thru

Jack LaBay, business agent, pulled

out their men on the Chicago high-

ways, demanding that the chauffeurs

driving tractors and small trucks, who already belong to Local 731 of the

chauffeurs, leave that union and join

They were out four days on Chicago

work, then threatened to call out all

Apparent, as a result, F. A. Schielf,

president of Local 76 of the Cement

Workers' Union, called the business

agent of Local 731, chauffeurs, Skinny

Flynn, and Jack LaBay of 464 of the

engineers, to his office at 814 Harrison

street. Schielf told them to "get to-

gether and settle the jurisdictional

row or Local 76 would send its men

Schielf, who is a union representa-

tive on the arbitration board of the

Landis award, told the engineers that

their wage, \$14 a day, is "too damned

much for a workingman." Following

Philadelphia Win

By a Worker Correspondent.

PHILADELPHIA, July 13. - The

strike of the Italian bakers organized

in Local No. 8 of the Amalgamated

The Italian baker bosses who were

so emphatic in their refusal to meet

a committee of the union to talk over

the terms of settlement, were finally

brought to terms after a representa-

tive of the department of labor ap-

The demands of the workers were

of such elementary nature that the

representative of the department sup-

ported them completely. The bosses

finally agreed to meet a committee of

the union, provided the president and

organizer of the union were not on

the committee. The respective of-

The union sent a committee in which

neither of the officers were represent

ed, but the committee had to report

back to the executive board before

final action was taken. The bosses

therefore finally agreed to meet also

The following demands were agreed

1. An increase in wages ranging

2. All scabs to be fired from the

3. New men to be procured thru

4. A shop chairman in each shop.

men the boss has the right of get-

ting men, but they must become

This settlement, altho far from

ideal, has given to the bakery work-

ers immediate relief thru the raise in

wages and recognition of the union.

The bosses agreed to an adjustment

on the hours of labor and on Sunday

work. For this purpose a committee

from each side will meet and attempt

return of most of the men to the

Get your friends to subscribe to tire

American Worker Correspondent. The

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able to make still further gains.

members of the union or be fired.

When the union cannot supply

Tony Gomenach 100 O. R. Zimmerman 40 Jukka Salminen, Waukegan, III. 400

Ant Abrahm, Oak Forest, III. 20 Chris Zetterlund, Duluth, Minn, 100

S. S. Osasto, Ilwaco, Wash. ...100 J. C. Peterson, Mannette, Wash. 45 V. Gosheff, Ryderwood, Wash... 45 A. Kerr, Eureka, Calif.20

O. Menegon, Corona, L. I., N. Y. 45 John Stanley, Elizabeth, N. J. 100 Jacob Machenas, Hartford,

H. Silverstein, Newark, N. J. ..205

J. Bulatkin John Carmelo P. B. Cowdery Harry Feinstein Caroline Kanta 2015

Leo Kling ... Elsie Levitt

LOS ANGELES, CALIF.-

John Kopp Paul C. Reiss

C. F. Wu. Madison, Wis.

Max Cohen, Peoria, III.

WAUWATOSA, WIS .-

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN .-

M. Brodsky W. Hurvitz Moris Poberesky

There are still a handful (5) of cosses who are playing the die-hard ple. The union, however, with the court of most of the most of the court of the

role. The union, however, with the Frank Palm, Astoria, Oregon 20

shops will be able to concentrate fire Joe Skrell 20 on them and will very soon bring Robert A. Smith, Bend, Oregon 100

MILWAUKEE, WIS .-

Jos. R. Kovach . S. Zaiek

Wm. Wicks

with the officers of the union.

from \$7.00 to \$15.00.

jobs they now hold.

the union office.

most 100% victory for the men.

peared on the scene.

All Strike Demands

in to take the engineers' jobs."

men thruout the county. The con-

break the union.

old basis.

the engineers, who drive steam roll-

Last Tuesday a conflict arose in the

AMALGAMATION

A Steel Workers' Letter. Gary, Ind., July 2, 1926. Editor DAILY WORKER, 1113 West Washington Blvd.,

Chicago, Ill., Please allow space for this letter in

your paper. To the Steel Workers of America and Especially to the Workers of the Calumet District:

You know that for the past eighteen years of the steel mills we have had like a decent crop in view, but the to undergo many things not fitting into the well-being of the employe.

There have been long hours, bad and dangerous working conditions, without the proper sympathy and conby Judge Leiper who comes to Sheri-sideration to either the victim or his dan County to try county cases. This family. The men, fearful of losing ers, etc. allows the court to issue writs of pos- their jobs, are afraid to speak the lands before the period of redemption tempt to defend their own cause, and because of this very fear there has tractors thought it a good time to arisen unrest and discontent amongst them and the cry has gone out that they are not getting their just deserts. Something must be done. Still they do not stand up as men and attempt and have been requested to move off. to reason out the thing first amongst This section of the state has been | themselves, with justice to both themselves and dependents, and then take

> It is very true that labor must take its place in the world of affairs, for labor creates everything that capital demands. Therefore labor must help rule the world, because the laborer better knows the needs, dangers and responsibilities connected with its part | this the engineers went back on the of carrying on the great accomplishments of civilization now and in the ganization and standing for the rights Italian Bakers of

of all men concerned. Therefore, let the employer put himself mentally in the worker's shoes and see with his mind's eye how the same fare-working hours, conditions, dangers, disinterested concern for his safety, dependents, protection-would strike him, should he have been the worker instead of the pampered em- Food Workers was settled with an alployer, and I am sure, in all fairness Street Meetings to the thoughtless, rich, soft-handed employer, there will be a human thrill of sympathy for humanity, even tho less fortunate than themselves, which will enable even the steel company to lift the standard of treatment for the

mill workers and their dependents. For the past eighteen years of my life I have lived in Gary and having worked in the mills, given it close observation, both while there and since leaving its employ, and find that the thing that has greatly hindered the Negro mill worker's progress has been that of poor leadership. He has had no desire to follow anyone that ofhope for bettering their economic con-ditions they are eagerly looking for ditions they are eagerly looking for ferred the preacher or politician or particularly obnoxious for the bosses any other person who did not fight by their tireless efforts in the strike low morals, dives, greed, graft or his many other weaknesses. He has always been ready to listen to the fellow whose highest ambition was self and his own desire to prey upon the the lowest morality. They have pobuilding a mighty workers' press to luted and desecrated the sanctity of their churches, homes, clubs and fraternal activities to the same demon. Within the black race there is an abundance of intelligence, decency, pride, bravery in the right and unselfish co-laborers willing to go side by side with men or women or both

in helping to lead the race gently back to the right path. There are many white men and women, rich and poor, who are willing to help the black race hold and regain its rightful place amongst the nations' workers and doers of the world. I say the black man in the steel

mills should organize with the white workers and do his share as a man in helping the steel employer and the By means of the latter they will be steel worker to a better, purer, truer understanding of the painful conditions under which they labor today in the mills, and the employer will rejoice in the good done by, to and for all concerned.

Looking forward to that more understanding day of co-operation and sympathy between all concerned, I am, Respectfully and sincerely years, Manuel Lark.

WRITE AS YOU FIGHT!

..... How can you be an internationalist, if you don't practice what you preach? Do your share of promoting the idea of internationalism by joining an organization created for that purpose. Write for free pamphlet, "Education and Philately," by M. Boubon, to: Philatelic International, 1 Tverskaja Jamskaja No. 3, Moscow, Union of Soyiet Socialist Republics. Correspondence in all languages and in the international Tanguage, Esperanto.

****************** BROOKLYN, N. Y., ATTENTION!

them to terms.

CO-OPERATIVE BAKERY Restaurant

Meat Market IN THE SERVICE OF THE CONSUMER.

Bakery deliveries made to your home. FINNISH CO-OPERATIVE TRADING ASSOCIATION, Inc. (Workers organized as consumers)

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ON TO MOSCOW!

		A.	1
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C. Kraven 20	30	John Gritz, Montreal, Canada 10	10
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C. E. Beuhler100	1,295	the 48-Hour W	
J. Willnecker	100	the 40-Hour w	eek
M. Popovich, Warren, Ohio145 H. C. Nicol, Zanesville, Ohio 20	315	LAWRENCE, Mass., July 13	-"The
M. J. Brsovich	100	48-hour law should be repealed	
M. J. Brsovich	100	period of five years," is the de of the industrial commission ap	
John Ralchik	100	ed by Mayor Walter T. Rochefo	
Wm. Reynolds100	285 100	its report.	
A. Victor	1,605	The mill owners of Lawrence	
J. Linke, Grand Rapids, Mich 45	9,705	thus openly announced their inte	
Workers Club. Newberry, Mich. 45 Louis Miller, Blanford, Ind 10	45 10	week. When the mayor's commi	
S. H. M. Chang, Ann Arbor,		consisting of mill directors and a	gents
Mich. 45 Oakley Johnson, Ann Arbor,	45	like Chas. E. Bradley and Irvin Southward, was first appointed i	
Mich 50 CHICAGO, ILL.	50	claimed to the world that it	
M. Browder130	130	remedy the unemployment crisis	. 180
Clara Garfinkel	45 45	Thousands of workers have	
Harry Levin	100	months, while hundreds of far	
Betty Ptashue110	20 110	have no means of livelihood, o	r are
Paul Simonson	30	forced to exist on \$8 to \$10 a we	ek.

forced to exist on \$8 to \$10 a week. The mill owners and the city administration have concocted a beautiful remedy very much like the fantastic and spiritual cures of the medicine men of old. The workers suffer from unemployment. The bosses claim work is slack. The average worker works two or three days a week, making 16 to 24 hours out of a 48-hour week. Therefore to remedy the unemployment evil increase the working day. Bring back the 54 hours

Finnish Section of I. L. D. Opens Office

and the situation is saved.

In order to carry on more efficient work amongst the Finnish speaking workers and farmers, International Labor Defense has now formed a Finnish Section. Comrade Elis Sulkanen has been appointed as secretary-orhis office in I. L. D. headquarters, 23 S. Lincoln St.

There are already many branches of I. L. D. established in connection forms of activities and to draw in workers from all groups-Communist W. W., etc.

Comrade Sulkanen has already sent

College Will Use Label Printing Only

everywhere.

COLORADO SPRINGS, July 13. -Only union shops will get printing orders from Colorado college, located at Colorado Springs, under an agreement reached between the college management and the alked printing trades council.

Did you ever write? See how you'll



(Copyright, 1926, by Upton Sinclair)

WHAT HAS GONE BEFORE.

J. Arnold Ross, oil operator, formerly Jim Ross, teamster, drives with his thirteen-year-old son, Bunny, to Beach City to sign a lease for a new oil field. Meeting his "Lease Hound," Ben Skutt, in a hotel he goes to meet a group of small property owners whose land he wants for drilling. But other oil concerns have been intriguing and the meeting breaks up in a row. Bunny meet Paul Watkins, son of a Holy Roller, who has run away from home. They become friends but Paul leaves for other parts before their acquaintance is very oid. Dad begins to drill in Prospect Hill near Beach City. He needs the roads fixed and smooths the palm of a city official. In short order his first well, "Ross-Bankside No. 1," is begun. Dad spends busy days in his little office and Bunny is always with him—learning about oil. Bertie, Bunny's sister, comes home from finishing school on a vacation. She is very snobbish. Her Aunt Emma has been trying to make a lady of her. Bunny tells Bertie about Paul. Bertie doesn't like Bunny to know such "Horried Fellows." In the meantime Dad is getting along with his well. With many careful and tollsome mechanical operations, Ross-Bankside No. 1 is ready to drill and by noon the next day has filled up the first tank. In a week Dad had several more derricks under way. He was working hard with everything coming his way. Bunny asks his Dad to take a rest and go quall hunting over in the San Elido valley. Dad protests that it's too far away and is told that that's where Paul's family is and they're up against it and Bunny wants to help them. Finally Dad was persuaded. They get their camping outfit ready and the next day arrive at the Watkins ranch. The old man welcomes them and with little Eli and the three girls tagging behind show them a place where they can camp.

. . . .

It was growing so cold that the little fire no longer sufficed for comfort; so the Watkins family took their departure, and Dad and Bunny set up the tent, and stowed their goods in it, and Bunny did his job of puffing at the mattress until it was full. The stars were shining, so they made their bed in the open. After spreading the blankets, they took off their shoes and outside clothing, and laid them in the tent, and crawled under the blankets in a hurry-gee, but that cold made you jump! Bunny snuggled up into a ball, and lay there, feeling the night breeze on his forehead; and he remarked: "Say, Dad, what is the Church of the True Word?"

Dad chuckled. "The poor old crack-brain." he said: I had to get some way to shut him up."

They lay still, and pretty soon Dad was breathing deeply. But the boy, though he was tired, did not go to sleep at once. He lay thinking: Dad's code was different from the one which Bunny had decided to follow. Dad would lie, whenever he considered it necessary; he would argue that the other person could not use the truth, or had no right to it in the particular circumstances. And yet, this also was plain, Dad didn't want Bunny to follow the same code. He would tell Bunny to say nothing. but he would never tell Bunny to lie; and as a rule, when he had to do any lying, he would do it out of Bunny's presence! There were lots of things like that; Dad smoked cigars, and he took a drink now and then, but he didn't want Bunny to smoke or to drink. It was queer.

Bunny's head and face were cold, but the rest of him was warm, and he was drifting, drifting off; his thoughts became a blur-but then suddenly he was wide awake again. What was that? The mattress was rocking; it rolled you from side to side. so that you had to put out your elbows. "Dad!" cried Bunny. "What's that?" And Dad came suddenly awake; he sat up, and Bunny sat up—putting his two hands out to keep himself steady. "By jiminy!" cried Dad. "An earthquake!"

Sure enough, an earthquake! And say, it was queer to feel he solid ground, that you counted on, shaking you about like that! The tree began to creak over their heads, as if a wind were rocking it; they jumped up and got out from under. A clamor arose, a bleating and moaning-the goats, who liked this sensation even less than the humans, having no ideas of earth structures and geological faults to steady their minds. And then came another kind of clamor-from the Watkins family, who apparently had rushed out of their cabin. "Glory hallelujah! Jesus, save us! Lord, have mercy!

Dad said, "It's all over now; let's crawl in, or we'll have them folks up here praying over us."

Bunny obeyed, and they lay still. "Gee, that was a terrible earthquake!" whispered the boy. "Do you think it knocked down any cities?"

"It was likely jist local," answered Dad. "They have lots of them up here in this hill country."

"Then you'd think the Watkinses would be used to them." "They enjoy makin' a fuss, I guess. They don't have so much excitement in their lives." And that was all Dad had to say. He had plenty of excitements in his own life, and was not specially interested in earthquakes, and still less in the ravings of religious maniacs. He was soon fast asleep again.

But Bunny lay and listened. The Watkins family had "let go," and were having a regular holy jumping service, out there under the cold white stars. They shouted, they prayed, they laughed and sang, they cried "Glory!" and "Amen!" and 'Selah!" and other words which Bunny did not understand, but which may have been Greek or Hebrew, or else the speech of the archangels. The voice of old Abel Watkins dominated, and the shrill screams of the children made a chorus, and the bleating of the goats was like a lot of double basses in an orchestra. Cold chills ran up and down Bunny's back; for, after all, the scientific mind in him, which knew about earth structures and geological faults, was only a century or two old, while the instinctive mind which pronounces incantations, is thousands and perhaps hundreds of thousands of years old. Priests have wrought frenzies and pronounced dooms, and because the priests believed them and the victims believed them, they have worked and therefore they were believed more than ever. And now here ganizer and has taken charge of I. L. was an incantation against earthquakes-and people down on D. work amongst the Finns. He has their knees, with their hands in the air and their bodies swaying—

"Chariots to glory, chariots to glory, Chariots to glory with the Holy Lamb!"

Bunny dozed off at last; and when he opened his eyes again, of Finnish Workers' Clubs. But it is the dawn was pink behind the hills, and Dad was slipping into the intention to create I. L. D. his khaki hunting-clothes. Bunny didn't stop to rub his eyes, he branches independent of any other popped out of bed and got his clothes on quick—that cold just froze your bones!

He clambered up the hillside and began pulling dead brush, and got a fire going and the saucepan on. And then came Eli, out circular letters emphasizing the bringing the clean plates and things, and asking whether they need of establishing f. L. D. branches wanted last night's milk, which was cold, or this morning's milk, which was warm. "And say, did you feel that yearthquake!" asked Eli, in excitement. "Say, that was a terrible yearthquake! Does you-all have yearthquakes in you-all's parts?"

Eli had pale brown hair, which had not been cut for some time, and had not been combed since the "yearthquake." He had pale blue eyes which protruded slightly, and gave him an eager look. He had a long neck with a conspicuous Adam's apple. His legs had grown too fast for the pair of worn trousers which were supposed to cover them, and which revealed Eli's shoes without socks. He stood there, staring at every detail of the equipment and clothing of these city strangers, and at the same time attempting to probe their souls. "What does this yere True Word teach about yearthquakes?"

(To be continued.)

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J. LOUIS ENGDAHL WILLIAM F. DUNNE .. Business Manager MORITZ J. LOEB ..

Entered as second-class mail September 21, 1923, at the post-office at Chicago, Iil., under the act of March 3, 1879.

290

Advertising rates on application.

Will Coolidge Run?-He Will!

The prediction of Senator Cummins that Coolidge will not run again is more of an indication of the demoralization in the ranks of the Coolidge supporters than an accurate forecast.

Undoubtedly Cummins is still somewhat groggy from the drubbing administered by Brookhart with the aid of thousands of impoverished farmers, but as one who "knows his goulash," as the slang of the day so forcibly puts it, his opinion is entitled to some consideration.

The frantic denials coming from the Coolidge camp, where 50 marines slumber when the flies will let them, are enough to arouse suspicion. If there is one thing certain about Coolidge it is that he rarely means what he says in public statements. Our experience does not include his private life but we are willing to hazard the opinion that Cummins, the Coolidge standard bearer on the Iowa battlefield, knows the president's mind just a little better than he national and national unions, is to be does himself.

No more disastrous public statement concerning an American president has been made since the collapse of the Wilsonian myth moved some of his former followers to emit high shrieks giving the low down on the erstwhile savior of a wicked world.

Interesting things are brought out by the official denial which some of the Coolidge retainers made the mistake of amplifying. We are told, for instance, that "Coolidge will run if the country continues prosperous." We have our own opinion of the present prosperity and so have several million farmers, but the statement indicates a weakening of the belief that Coolidge and prosperity are synonimous.

We think that Coolidge will run whether prosperity continues or not. But the direction he takes is the important thing.

Coolidge is on the run right now. That much at least may be gathered from the frank statement of Cummins. But with a slackening of the activity in industrial centers and a curtailment of installment buying, which the banks are already beginning to urge, he will begin to gallop, not towards but away from the White House, and as the rumble of resentment in the middle west and west rolls eastward, it will take a panting posse and a detachment of the trail-hardened Haitian marines to find him.

There is no haven for Coolidge out where the tall corn grows.

British Apologists Discover Ford

Norman Angell, noted British publicist, has rushed in where angels (no pun intended) fear to tread and tried to reply to Trotsky's paid and mostly unskilled workers-in book "Whither England?" according to a London dispatch to the conjunction with the textile barons New York Times.

The extent to which Angell has succeeded may be judged from a statement made by J. L. Garvin, in a review of the book in The Observer, that Marx has been refuted by Henry Ford. The learned Mr. Garvin states:

When Henry Ford had the idea of a minimum wage of \$5 per day for his workers, with profit-sharing on a large scale, he knocked the bottom out of abstract Marxism deduced from studies in the British Museum.

Angell's book is entitled, "Must Britain Travel the Moscow Road?" and he does not agree with Comrade Trotsky that Britain

But the Angell argument is destroyed by the one statement we quote and for the reason that he found it necessary to go outside the fields. Whole families are busy his own country to find a Henry Ford.

Henry Fords are possible only in countries where capitalism is still on the upgrade-America but not Britain.

Such enterprises, which no more constitute a refutation of Marxism than does the smaller profit-sharing of the British soap manufacturer, Lord Leverhulme, are possible only in countries with enormous natural resources, occupying a superior place in world economy, with great colonial fields of exploitation where no revolts are in progress and no serious competition has to be faced from other cially is this true of the border towns.

In a word, in a country whose imperialistic enterprises have not as yet reached their maximum development.

If Henry Fords were to be found in England, Comrade Trotsky would have had no basis for his book, there would have been no general strike, England would not have lost her steel and coal

trade. But not because Henry Fords create a stable capitalism, but because a stable capitalism creates Henry Fords.

Sad News for Patriots

Only 600 deluded individuals have registered for the Citizens' Military Training Camp at Fort Sheridan, altho the war depart mant very kindly made preparations to take care of 900, according to the Chicago Tribune. As a consequence there is great disappointment in militarist circles by the failure to get the expected number of other people to prepare to die for Morgan's country.

There is not much we can say for our home town as a rule, but we gladly record the fact that the military training camp idea has not been "sold" to any great extent.



Will it come to this in the British coal strike?

The "Monroe Doctrine of American Industry

The Third in the Series—All Slogans of American Imperialism—Vice-President Woll's New Announcement—Is Official Attitude of American Federation of Labor-"Constructive" Organization of Industry-Salaams to Herbert Hoover-Fascist Dictatorship in a New Guise-New York Times Speaks Approvingly-Passaic and A. F. of L. Officialdom-A Concrete Example of "Co-operation"-Saving Industry from the Workers.

By WILLIAM F. DUNNE.

WE have the Monroe doctrine—to be taken straight as the slogan under which American imperialism carries out its penetration and conquest of Latin America.

We have the "Monroe Doctrine of Labor" formulated at the El Paso convention of the American Federation of Labor—the slogan under which the of ficialdom and labor aristocracy of the A. F. of L. war on revolutionary tendencies in the Latin-American labor movements and carries on the work of Wall Street in the ranks of labor in those nations where American finance capital has been invested.

NOW we have the "Monroe Doctrine N of American Industry," enunciated by no less a personage than Matthew Woll, vice-president of the A. F. of L., in the latest number of the official organ of the Photo Engravers' Union, of which he is president.

Under the last slogan, if, as we be lieve, Woll is voicing the official attitude of the executive council of the A. F. of L., and the heads of the intercarried out those multifarious schemes ranging from the B. & O. plan to "labor" banking and insurance com-

Woll bases his argument on the proposal ratified at the Atlantic City convention of the A. F. of L. calling for 'a conference of organized labor, organized farmers and trade associations under the direction of Secretary of Commerce Hoover. The nurnose of the conference is to consider the elimination of difficulties preventing the constructive organization of industry.' (Emphasis mine.)

FOR the inclusion of organized farmers in such a conference some argument could be made but the inclusion of trade associations and the presence of Herbert Hoover, the petted darling of Wall Street in the post of secretary of commerce in the Coolidge cabinet, stamps this proposal for what it is-a council of war which will elect a general staff to make war upon the living standards of masses of unorganized and unskilled workers with the labor aristocrats receiving some of the loot in return for their services to American capitalism.

That this arrangement is already in force without the formality of a conference is proved by the denunciation of the Passaic strike-a strike of lowand the citizens' committee organized by the Passaic chamber of commerce. Woll continues:

American industry is working out for itself a great body of constructive law. Not all of this is wise

law BUT ITS MAIN TENDENCY IS CONSTRUCTIVE AND PROGRES-SIVE. It is industrial law made by men who know their field and their subject. Political law, when it touches industry, FOR THE MOST PART FUMBLES AND FAILS. One can almost hear the cheers

rom Wall Street. Just what does Woll mean?

HE means exactly what the industrial lords and their newspapers and lobbyists mean when they denounce "governmental interference in industry." What he is proposing is cist-minded labor officials but because Woll is proposing in detail and in cold lood a fascist dictatorship for Amerwell-to-do farmers and the middle class professional and trading ele-

DO not say that Wall has bought himself a black shirt and is preparing to lead the fascist hosts to glory or the grave. I do not believe so principally because Woll is a sure thing player and such a project contains a certain element of risk. Obproposal leads altho he probably has not that it out any further than to the pleasant moment when he can, as a constructive" labor leader, snuggle warmly into the same couch with Elpert Gary and have his picture in all he company magazines.

Woll has made a good start. The New York Times publishes his statements with favorable comment:

HE finds that the American workers are wholly at variance in the philosophy and procedure followed by European workers. IN-STEAD OF DENOUNCING CAP-TAINS OF INDUSTRY, OF PUT-TING EMPLOYERS AGAINST EM-PLOYES, OR DIVIDING AMER-ICAN FARMERS AND BUSINESS-MEN, he calls upon all elements in our productive life to join in a conference for the purpose of having these groups work out their respective problems with one another and with the state acting merely in an advisory and guiding spirit. (Times, July 11.)

Will Vice-President Woll now inform us if he is also in favor of the state "acting merely in an advisory and guiding spirit" in the strike of the Passaic textile workers which he has joined in denouncing, in the face of local unions and central bodies? A NOTHER question, for this is a serious matter and we untutored

its support by hundreds of A. F. of L.

(Communist workers want to be clear f about it:

Has Vice-President Woll given his theory of the "guiding and advisory" role of the state a practical test by calling to the attention of a very wit-the Passaic police force-the fact ing, bombing and arresting the Passaic textile workers is in direct viola- bands and fathers have been killed at tion of his idea of the function of the state?

But these are rhetorical questions and we do not expect an answer. the most sinister thing ever uttered As a matter of fact we do not need by a labor union official—not that it it because we have our answer in both has not been mentioned by other fas- the American Federationist, official or gan of the A. F. of L. to which Vice President Woll is a frequent contributor, and the Textile Worker, ofica with the labor aristocrats, the ficial organ of the United Textile Workers, in the form of advertisements of the Forstmann & Huffmann, ments in the role of the Italian black- Botany and Gera textile mills against which the Passaic strike was declared. THIS smelly sample of the goods

Woll has for sale, "working out their respective problems in co-operation with one another." in our opinion will not stimulate the demand for his commodity altho it may enable Woll and his fellow-bureaucrats to stipulate jectively, however, this is where his thirty-one instead of thirty pieces of

> But the above is only what lawyers call "corroborative evidence."

WOLL himself furnishes the proof of what his purposes are and it may be remarked in this connection that his type of labor official appears to worry much more about the subjective factor of European working class developments influencing the American masses than do the spokesmen of the ruling class. More closely in touch with the masses, even tho fearing them, having risen from the ranks of the workers, these labor officials sense much quicker than their masters the response, of American workers, feeble tho it may be as yet, to the rapid development of the class struggle in Europe and the growing power of the workers and peasants of Soviet Russia.

So we find Vice-President Woll giving a solemn warning to the enemies of conscious labor:

American leaders of modern thot believe that either State ownership or State regulation must eventually develop a political bureaucracy leading straight to State socialism, strangling to death the finest and fullest possibilities of our almost MIRACULOUS industrial plant.

THEY VIEW WITH GREAT AP-PREHENSION, AND RIGHTLY SO, DEVELOPMENTS IN FOREIGN LANDS. (Emphasis Mine.)

such basic industries as coal and metal mining, steel and railroads, will agree with Woll's characterization of American industry as "miraculous." knowing as they do by what arduous minor branch of the American state, to toil of millions of workers' hands these industries have been established. Nor that their actions in clubbing, shoot- | will the thousands of workers' widows and orphaned children whose hus

> their tasks see anything "miraculous" in the rise of American industry. They are much more liable to call it hellish

BUT if one is concerned about incare, as does Woll, much more about saving it from the toil-hardened proletarians and leaving it in its present

This is what Woll proposes. Not uite so crudely but plain enough for the hired men of the bosses to under-

Organized labor believes that it has worked a philosophy which is democratic-a philosophy that removes the necessity for State control or overlordship of industry ... It believes too that THIS PHILOSO-PHY WILL CAST ASIDE FOR-EVER THE CHIMERA OF COM-MUNISM, SOCIALISM AND THE BURDENSOMENESS OF STATE REGULATIONS WITH THEIR BLUNDERS AND RESTRICTIONS. HERE we have it: There is to be thing, least of all of industry.

But what are you going to do with the state, Vice-President Woll? It is now organized by and for the lords of

What if, in spite of all your fine pretensions, the state of Morgan, Rockefeller and Co., insists on robbing great masses of the workers?

T is evident that you do not care about this at all. What you are trying to do is to make a deal with this state and the great trusts and banks whose instrument, it is and leave the great majority of the working class to shift for itself.

You and your kind are trying to become part of the apparatus of American capitalism. Rather, you are trying to become a more important part of the capitalist apparatus and this bid for the favor of the bosses you have called the "Monroe Doctrine of Industry."

It is a good name.

It labels your scheme for what it s so plainly that every intelligent worker can understand that it is the application at home of the imperialist policy which Wall Street follows in Latin-America-a policy of peonage with labor aristocrats as slave drivers.

Us to Folly or Frenzy "BING!" SAYS BYNG. Without much whittling the following story could be shaped to Few workers, especially those in fit Byng and King: The president of the corporation blamed an employe for a

> ter's dignity couldn't stand it. "Are you the president of this corporation?"

mistake. The latter retorted in

kind, showing up the way the

president spoiled things. The lat-

WITH THE STAFF

Being Things From Here and

There Which Have Inspired

"No, Sir."

"Well, in that case," he thundered, "don't talk like a fool." * * *

For weeks to come the "issue" before the electors of Canada will be whether the governor general did right in refusing King what he granted Meighen. As a matter of fact it doesn't matter much whether he was right or wrong. The subject is only interesting in that it shows nine million people are subject to the irresponsible will of the representative of another nation-and still kid themselves that they enjoy democracy.

-J. S. Wallace in Canadian "Worker."

. . .

Beer a Necessity; Water Not.

"MUNICH, July 5. - After a long leliberation the city fathers have decided it was improper to levy a tax on beer as a means of acquiring funds for carrying out a building program industry and finance. It is THEIR to relieve the house shortage, on the grounds that necessities of life should not be taxed.

"Then the magistrates appointed a committee whose business it was to find ways of bringing the necessary funds into the city coffers. After a long search trying to find a taxable article, the committee returned with a plan which was accepted.

"Henceforth water will be taxed. The city will be richer by \$600,000 yearly and the housing committee will be able to use the funds thus required for relief of the house shortage without taxing necessities."

. . . DIVINE DISPLEASURE

LOS ANGELES, July 14.—Police were at loss to identify the man who took a shot at John J. Kershner late last night. Kershner is the author of a pamphlet, "The Disappearance of Aimee Semple McPherson." He has been repeatedly warned to remove his brochure from circulation.—News Item.

If the truth you are seeking of Aimee.

And doing your dead level best To avoid speaking ill of a lady, You should put on a bullet-proof

Great Britain, W. Mellor, assistant edi- tionary office that the government had About women and stone-casting sinners.

But it may be a shot in the dark.

If you don't think that Jesus is with her. And anxiety won't let you rest:

cover. If you don't wear a bullet-proof

vest. WHAT SAYETH THE DELPHIAN

ORACLE? Throneless, jobless, hopeless, help-

ess and worse than alone, King George of Greece intends to emigrate from his Roumanian refuge to the United States and hunt for a job, provided somebody pays his passage. George's only visible means of sup-

port (or alimony as the case may soon be unless the king connects with a payroll), is a wife of considerable pulchritude. Unfortunately there are thousands of Russian duchesses willmoral turpitude, that thing what is ing to wash dishes for a pittance that the bugaboo of them who think for would make even the king of Portu-So low have the king and queen of

Greece sunk in the social scale that All citizens should go to jail, for even the monarch of all the Roumanwunst to get upon the trail of thoughts lians not yet murdered or in jail, will and fears and pain and doubt of them not eat with them. George was ofwhat's inside lookin' out, and know fered a \$40,000 a year "honorarium"

> Now there is nothing left for George except a look-out job on Blue Island Avenue. But that only pays in hard knocks-usually lead.

BLANK FOR REMARKS.

A track supervisor got the following note from a foreman:

"Enclosed is the accident report concerning Pat Casey's hitting hisfoot with a spike maul. You will note that I left blank the space provided for "remarks." I didn't. know if you wanted mine or

Get your friends to subscribe to the American Worker Correspondent. The price is only 50 cents a year.

The Children of the Southland

By NORMAN BURSLER.

INDER the flaming sun of the Southland, from Texas to Virginia, thousands of frail little children, black and white, toil long hours hoeing cotton or doing other work in at this work and the tots yet too small to handle a hoe toddle along behind their mothers. The wages for adults at this kind of work range from \$1.25 to \$2.00 a day.

WEST of the Mississippi, thousands of people live the life of the Cro-Magnon men of thousands of years ago. Large families are crowded into one and two-room mud huts. Espe-The progress American imperialism is making in subjugating Mexico is quite noticeable. American slushy moving pictures and jazz are doing their work far more effectively than anything the army could do. The children, like the American children are early forced into the business of creating profits for those who control their country by controlling the means by which the people make their liv-

LAST of the Mississippi, conditions could hardly be said to be bet. The only animal alive ter. Instead of mud huts, frame huts

make their appearance. At first sight they appear to be a cross between a pig pen and a chicken coop. In these huts the workers of tomorrow are bred and are soon out in the fields trotting behind their mothers and sisters who push the plows thru the furrows of southern plantations.

From dawn to dusk, we see the little ones slaving in the fields. Now and then the sight is broken by a prison camp and a slave driver, whip in hand ready to enforce his commands.

WE distinguish between prison camps and fields of wage laborers only by having autoists explain to us which is which. The sight of frail-faced little boys and girls who wave to us occasionally, stopping an instant in their work, makes us choke with tears and the little poem from the Young Communist International Bulletin is forcibly brought to our minds that:

'No fledgling feeds the father bird No chicken feeds the hen

No kitten mouses for the cat These glories are for men We are the wisest, strongest race

Long may our praise be sung. That lives upon its young."

ELECTRIC POWER BIG FACTOR IN REDUCING COAL TONNAGE FIGURES

By LELAND OLDS.

Federated Press Correspondent. Since 1918 more efficient use of coal in industry has cost tens of thousands of miners their jobs, according to the U. S. bureau of mines. But for that the market for bituminous coal would have been 60,000,000 tons a year greater than it is today.

Class I railroads have reduced consumption of coal per 1,000 gross tonmiles from 176 lbs. in 1917 to 140 lbs. in 1925, a decrease of 20 per cent. Consumption of coal per passenger train car-mile has been reduced from 19.4 lbs. to 16.1 lbs., or 17 per cent. The iron and steel industry has reduced the coking coal used in producing a ton of pig iron from 3,577 lbs. to 3,248 lbs., or 9 per cent.

Electric Power Big Factor. The growing use of electrical power makes the efficient use of coal in central power plants of particular importance to coal diggers. The bureau figures show that where in 1919 about 1919 rate the industry would have 1 ton of coal was consumed in the in- used over 65,000,000 tons.

dustry for every 1,000,000 kilowatthours of current, by 1925 consumption had fallen to about two-third ton, a re duction of nearly 34 per cent.

The electrical output of the country expressed in millions of kilowatt hours, the total produced by fuels, and the coal consumed by the industry are shown year by year since 1919 in the following:

Electrical Millions of Kw-hrs. Tons of Coal used 38,880,000 By fuel 24,176 1919 38,921 1920 43,555 27,248 41,420,000 40,976 25,863 35,240,000 47,659 30,240 38,000,000 1923 55,674 36,092 43,522,000 1924 59,014 38.808 +43,130,000 1925 65,801 43,233 44,700,000

Thus while the total current produced increased 62 per cent and the amount produced by fuels increased 79 per cent, the quantity of fuel in-creased only 15 per cent. If consumption of coal in 1925 had been at the

Publicity and the British General Strike

Union Congress and labor party of the printers were notified by the sta- And it won't be a scriptural lark tor of the Daily Herald, tells the story commandeered all paper the size of of the difficulties encountered in the the Herald wherever it might be. ficial strike bulletin of the T. U. C. agree that the strike had no political during the period of the general stop- aspect. In fact the government was

Not only does Mellor's story reveal tion in a trade union movement divided on craft lines and with such strike. conservative bodies as the British unions of the skilled trades, but it tion of the general council while in

Not until the British Gazette, the government strikebreaking sheet, was on the streets for fifteen hours, did the general council decide to issue a paper. It was printed by the Victoria House Printing company, which turns out the Daily Herald. On the first appearance 350,000 copies were disposed of and when the strike was called off one million copies were rolling off the presses daily.

This remarkable circulation was secured despite all kinds of obstacles. due to government interference and also to craft jealousies. I should say that the principal obstacle in the way of the British Worker was the T. U. C. which edited or censored the paper thru its representatives.

Two of the most outstanding pieces of stupidity committed by the T. U. C. during the strike was the calling out of the workers on the labor press and the employes of the co-operatives. They justified this procedure on the ground of "fairness" to the enemy.

When the unions connected with the printing trades agreed to co-operate in getting out the British Worker, rates of wages were fixed with the unions, excepting the National Union of Journalists, which is not affiliated to the T. U. C. and was not officially on strike. The Paper Workers' Union supplied the distribution force.

The printing and distribution of paper on such short notice was a colossal task, and the success attained is another testimonial to the resourcefulness of the working class.

While the editorial directors of the British Worker were issuing daily DAILY WORKER.

IN the July issue of The Labor Maga-Japologies for the strike and declaring zine, official organ of the Trades that it was not a political struggle, For Jesus is there to reprove you,

production of The British Worker, of Evidently the government did not nothing else during the struggle except a strikebreaking organization. the difficulty of securing unity of ac- The embargo on paper was not lifted You may visit him soon and disuntil after the T. U. C. called off the

The experience with the British Worker will be remembered the next shows the lack of plan or determina- time the workers are engaged in life and death struggle with the employers the throes of a struggle that had for and their government. There must be its aim on the side of the government no jurisdiction squabbles over who is the complete annihilation of the trade to do this or that and no nonsense about "fair play" to the lying capitalist press.

DINNER PAIL **EPIC**

By BILL LLOYD, Federated Press. To write my pome, I must not fail, tho I am shut inside a jail. I ain't done nothin' half so rude as this here me and you—like when at Ellis Island's gal go on strike. door they let some in, but stop some

the beds, the board, the pail, and such by a Florida real estate company but like fixins found in jail. Their views before he had time to snap it up is awful thumpin' thin, when got from Ponzi waded in and burst up the buboutside lookin' in Oh, gracious no, you needn't sin, to join the ranks of them what's in. This getting jugged is no more feat than

walking on a quiet street. The sheep

and goats ain't spaced so far as them

on either side this bar. Now I have turned penologist. I rise, my friends, to sure insist that when to save from sin we fall, we might try burning down the jail, and push much nearer to our goal by letting turnkeys shovel coal.

