

BIMBA IS CONVICTED OF SEDITION

Imperialist Armies Open New War In Morocco

END OF RAINS IN MOROCCO SIGNAL FOR ATTACK BY FRENCH LEGIONS AND FURIOUS RIFF RESISTANCE

RABAT, March 2.—The rainy season has ended. Instead of bringing the hope of peace and contentment that has been welcomed by the people of this land for uncounted centuries it is the signal for the renewal of imperialist frightfulness as the mercenary battalions of the French and Spaniards again swing into action.

Again the airplanes drone their song of death above the bright countryside while devastating projectiles explode in the huts of unarmed men, women and children; the shells again level to the ground the habitations of people who strive to maintain that liberty that the swindlers of Versailles promised to all the world at the close of the war between the great imperialist nations.

U. S. GREATEST NAVAL POWER ADMIT BRITISH

Blue Book Shows America Has Most Ships

(Special to The Daily Worker)

LONDON, March 2.—The question of whether Great Britain has really lost her naval leadership to the United States has suddenly become the absorbing topic of the hour. The controversy was precipitated by the statistics concerning the respective naval strength of the great nations as published in an official government Blue Book, released yesterday.

According to this compilation, the United States leads the world in the number of warships at its command. The Blue Book gives the totals of naval vessels as follows: United States, 543; Great Britain, 444; Italy, 247; Japan, 222; France, 219; Russia, 176; Germany, 87. The United States is listed as possessing 300 destroyers while Great Britain has 172. American submarines number 120 to Great Britain's 56, Japan has 31, France 15 and Italy 14.

Capitalist Press Screaming.

The press is running scare headlines on the subject. Under a banner-line reading "Secrets of United States Battleships Revealed," the Evening News declared that it has learned that the battleships Maryland, West Virginia, Colorado, Arizona and Pennsylvania are being fitted with eight new guns each.

"The installation of new guns indicates the increasing importance which is now being attached in the United States to the defense of warships from aerial attacks," the Evening News states.

U. S. Has Longer Range Guns.

The newspapers lay great emphasis on the statement made in the Blue Book that five American battleships are being equipped with five-inch anti-aircraft guns, capable of attacking aeroplanes at a height of six miles. It is stated that these guns are the most powerful of their kind on any naval vessel. The press declares that Great Britain's navy is lamentably weak in this respect, being equipped with only four-inch anti-aircraft guns.

Get your tickets now for the International concert of the T. U. E. L., Sat., March 13, at 8th St. Theater.

WILL TRAIN CHINESE STUDENTS TO BECOME REVOLUTIONARIES

(Special to The Daily Worker)

CANTON, March 2.—The political council of the Kuomintang has established a preparatory class here for the preliminary instruction of candidates who wish to attend the recently opened Sun Yat Sen University in Moscow. Over a hundred students enrolled before the class began.

The object of the Sun Yat Sen University is to turn out trained Communist agitators for work in the Far East. Karl Radek is director.

CHICAGO MILITANTS ATTEND T. U. E. L. MEETING TONIGHT!

The Chicago group of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its monthly meeting at the Northwest Hall, corner North and Western Aves., tonight in the large hall.

Arne Swaback, member of the Painters' Union will speak on the Protection of the Foreign-born.

Class collaboration and the Watson-Parker bill will be the subject on which Pete Jensen, chairman of the Chicago Switchmen's Line Federation, will speak.

Race Prejudice in the Trade Unions will be the subject of H. V. Phillips, secretary of the American Negro Labor Congress.

The Necessity of the Trade Union Educational League will be discussed by Andrew Overgaard, secretary of the National Committee for the Amalgamation of the Metal Trades.

SETTLEMENT OF ITALIAN DEBT SPLITS SENATE

"Hell 'n Maria" Dawes May Decide Issue

(Special to The Daily Worker)

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Vice-President Charles G. Dawes may be the determining factor in the ratification of the Italian debt settlement. This appeared to be more than a mere possibility today when informal polls of the senate revealed a division so close that it may take the vote of the vice-president to break a tie.

Cognizant of this situation, administration leaders in the senate have already importuned Gen. Dawes to "stand by" at all hours once the Italian agreement is brought to the senate floor. They still remember—poignantly—that Charles B. Warren of Detroit would have been attorney general today had not Gen. Dawes been taking a nap when the senate divided evenly on the question of his confirmation.

A Tie Vote Probable.

The senate polls show that a few votes either way will decide the ratification of the Italian settlement, and that if all senators are present and voting, or paired, a tie vote is very likely. Of the 39 democrats in the senate, 31 are counted on to vote against ratification. Sixteen republicans will leave the administration reservation to register their opposition. These, with the anticipated negative vote of Senator Shipstead, farmer-laborer, of Minnesota, would give a vote of 48 against ratification, requiring the administration forces to muster every other vote in the senate to equal it. The informal polls, taken by both sides, are conceded to be reasonably accurate as of today. However, there is considerable "missionary" work being done on both sides which may result in the shifting of a few votes this week.

Coolidge is keenly aware of the situation, and has undertaken some personal "missionary" work on his own hook. He has already held, and will continue to hold, conferences with various individual senators who are known to be opposed to ratification or who are described as "wavering."

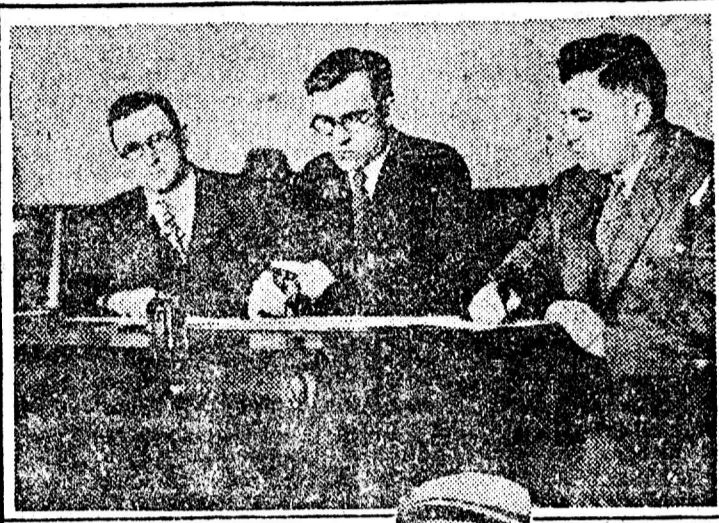
The Italian and other settlements will be brought to the floor as soon as the Muscle Shoals graft is disposed of, probably the latter part of this week.

Scranton Mayor Fires Permanently Crippled Fireman Injured on Duty

(Special to The Daily Worker)

SCRANTON, Pa. March 2.—Altho crippled for life in an accident received in the line of duty, Gerald McHale, Scranton city fireman, has been discharged by mayor E. B. Jermyn. The mayor ordered McHale's firing unless the permanently disabled worker paid \$1,700 hospital and physician's charges. The worker claims that the city should pay.

Scenes at Blasphemy Trial



Picture above shows Anthony Bimba, Lithuanian Communist editor, seated in court room between his lawyers, Irving and Harry Hoffman. Below Bimba and his wife during a recess between sessions of the famous case in which the blasphemy charge was thrown out and the judge decreed that Bimba was guilty of sedition and fined him \$100. The case is being appealed.

ASWELL BOASTS THAT HIS VICIOUS BILL AGAINST LABOR WILL BECOME LAW; NO OPPOSITION IN WASHINGTON

By J. LOUIS ENGBAHL

(Special to The Daily Worker)

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 2.—"It is going to pass." This was the exultant declaration that James Aswell, congressman from Louisiana, made to me in his office here. He was speaking, of course, about his infamous "Aswell Bill," now before congress, providing for the registration of foreign-born workers.

Aswell is the congressional leader in the fight against the foreign-born, letting loose a flood of proposed legislation calling for the finger-printing, photographing and registering of alien labor. He is a democrat but he has the support of the republican Coolidge administration, especially of Secretary Davis, head of the so-called department of labor. Aswell visited 16 different

Senate Asks Coolidge How Many Trusts He Has Busted to Date

(Special to The Daily Worker)

WASHINGTON, Mar. 2.—The department of justice was called upon today by the senate for a report on its prosecution of anti-trust cases. A resolution, sponsored by Senator King, democrat, of Utah, was passed without a record vote. It asked the number of persons convicted and imprisoned for violation of the laws against monopolies, the number of consent decrees obtained by the government, the number of contempt proceedings prosecuted, and the amount of property seized, condemned and forfeited to the government.

President of Syria Resigns as Protest

(Special to The Daily Worker)

DAMASCUS, Syria, March 2.—Soubi Bey Bakhrat, president of Syria, has resigned. The French high commissioner will appoint a temporary president, with authority to choose assistants, who will rule the country until the form of government is finally decided upon. The French general, Andrea, has been named military governor of this city.

The difficulties of the French will be increased by the resignation as it indicates that the natives will refuse to hold office as long as they are denied their independence.

(Continued on page 2)

ACQUITTED OF BLASPHEMY CHARGE BUT OPEN SHOP FORCES ABLE TO IMPOSE SENTENCE ON FRAME-UP

BROCKTON, Mass., March 2.—Anthony Bimba, Communist editor and speaker, was acquitted of the charge of blasphemy here today and convicted of sedition by Judge C. Carroll King. The witnesses for the defense testified that Bimba not only revived religion but denied the possibility of existence of any god, the judge ignored these facts and the 300 years old law under which the case was tried.

The case had attracted world-wide attention and was reviving the odious past records of the puritan founders of New England. The patriots who pervert the history of the days of Cotton Mather and other religious bigots and fanatics who settled New England in order to create illusions in the minds of the working class did not want the blasphemy charge to proceed further.

Sedition Frame-Up. After the world wide publicity and the vicious campaign of "red baiting" and attacks on the foreign-born on the part of the authorities and the white guard foreign clergy of New England in the pay of the textile and shoe manufacturers it was not possible for the puppet judge to release Bimba and thereby admit that the whole case was a frame-up, so the sedition charge was declared to have been sustained because, in the words of the judge, Bimba had "slightly overstepped" the sedition statute. The penalty was fixed at \$100 fine.

The International Labor Defense announces that the case will be appealed and a strenuous fight made to maintain the "right of Communists to talk in Massachusetts in spite of the sedition law."

Deportation Threat. In an effort to stamp out attempts to establish effective leadership for the labor unrest now sweeping the mill towns of this state the capitalist press has launched an unprecedented agitation demanding deportation of the foreign-born workers who come to this country and have brains enough to learn that this much vaunted land of liberty is a myth, and who dare to take steps to organize and fight for better conditions.

Councils for the protection of the foreign-born are springing up and will be connected with similar fighting organizations throughout the country in order to combat the nefarious legislation contemplated by the scab government at Washington and the notoriously labor-hating forces in Massachusetts dominated by the Coolidge appointee, United States Senator Butler, who is up for reelection this year.

FIGHT AGAINST PA. SEDITION LAW UNDER WAY Conference to Be Held April 4

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., March 2.—A vigorous campaign for the repeal of the notorious strike-breaking union-smashing Flynn anti-sedition act of Pennsylvania was inaugurated here when a call for a conference was sent out to all labor organizations of western Pennsylvania by a provisional committee consisting of several labor unions and the International Labor Defense. The conference will be held at the Walton Hall, 220 Stanwix Street, Pittsburgh, Sunday, April 4th, at 2:30 p. m. The purpose of the conference, according to the call sent out, is "to devise ways and means to conduct a campaign for the repeal of this vicious law which threatens the existence of the organized labor movement of this state."

Similar conference will be held shortly in other parts of the state in order to make the campaign statewide. (Continued on page 3.)

Klan Makes Protest.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 2.—More than 100 knights of the Ku Klux Klan, headed by the editor of a Klan publication, appeared before the police commissioner today and protested against the performing of Eugene O'Neill's play "Desire Under the Elms" in Los Angeles.

FENG RUSHES ARMY TO HELP HOLD TIENSIN

Fierce Battle Rages for Seaport's Control

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PEKING, March 2.—The battle for Tientsin is assuming large proportions. General Feng is rushing troops from the Kuomintang armies south to the scene of conflict. The entire garrison of the capital has been shifted and is quartered in the native city of Tientsin.

Armored cars have stopped the advance of General Li Chung-lin, whom the nationalists have removed as governor of Chihli. Chang Tso-lin forces are trying to force a landing from the sea at Taku, thus attacking the city from the east while Li Chung-li assaults it from the west.

The battle is certain to be prolonged and desperately fought as this city is the only seaport of northern China and the terminus of the comparatively short railroad line to Peking.

Insurgents Try to Curb Administration on Muscle Shoals

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The insurgent bloc of the senate today directed its drive toward amending the house resolution, which creates a commission to negotiate a lease for the \$150,000,000 project, following the overwhelming majority mustered on the first test vote by the administration-democratic alliance favoring private operation of Muscle Shoals.

Two amendments already have been offered. The insurgents plan to sponsor several more, severely restricting the powers of the proposed lease-makers.

INTERNATIONAL Woman's Day ISSUE Saturday March 6 EXTRA

A Special Issue Containing features of the woman's part in the class struggle. Special Articles, cartoons and drawings. Features of conditions, rights, status of women the world over. At the regular price 3 1/2 cents a copy. Order a Bundle!

KENTUCKY POLICE TORTURE NEGRO INTO CONFESSION

Sentenced to Be Hung March 5; Asks Re-Trial

LEXINGTON, Ky., March 2.—Edward Harris, Negro, who was sentenced to hang on March 5, in the courtroom following a trial that lasted thirteen minutes for the alleged raping of a white woman, denies that he ever committed the crime and calls upon his lawyers to appeal his case.

At the time of the Harris trial several detachments of troops armed with riot guns and tear gas bombs and armored tanks patrolled the streets about the court-house to keep the mob that had gathered around the court room from lynching Harris.

Railroad Negro to Gallows. The trial was a cut and dried affair. The sheriff was the only witness for the state and he gave what was purported to be a "confession" of Harris admitting that he had raped the woman. From the time that the trial opened until sentence was passed and Harris huddled into a fast automobile took just thirteen minutes. From the moment he was arrested up to the passing of his sentence, Harris was not allowed to see any of his colored friends.

Harris, unable to get in touch with any of his friends and unable to get a lawyer was told that the judge would appoint a lawyer. The judge appointed three lawyers to "defend" Harris. No attempt was made on the part of the lawyers to defend Harris. Upon the judge asking whether he had anything to say before the sentence was passed, Harris realizing that if the trial exonerated him, he would still have to face the mob, declared: "I've got nothing to fight this case with. I plead guilty."

Denies "Confession." Shortly after, a "confession" was widely printed in which it was alleged that Harris admitted his "crime." Harris denies that he ever made this confession and declares many of the statements which the sheriff made in a purported confession at the "trial," were forced from him thru torture that lasted for many hours and the constant threat that he would be released for the mob to finish.

Harris denies that he raped Bryant's wife and declares if given an opportunity, he will force her to prove her accusations. At the time of the trial Mrs. Bryant did not attend the trial as it was claimed she was "too ill" and "too shocked." Harris is also accused of killing Bryant, with whom he was associated in bootlegging white mule, and Bryant's two children. Bryant had been released from prison but one day before the alleged murder.

Lawyers Refuse Harris' Pleas. The lawyers that Harris had appointed to represent him in the trial by the judge refuse to appeal the case. At the time of the trial despite Harris' plea they fight for a change of venue, the lawyers refused to do so. When they were approached as to whether attempts would be made to stay the hanging and appeal to a higher court, the lawyers showed their disdain for the Negro and declared that Harris had "committed the crime" while crazed by wood alcohol that Bryant had given him to drink.

New Orleans Daily Lauds 'Majah' Berry for Strike-Breaking

NEW ORLEANS—(FP)—The Daily States of New Orleans in a 2-column spread eulogized George L. Berry, international president of pressmen's union, for declaring that a strike is a crime, followed by an account of the troubles in New York, where he walked into a meeting of the pressmen's union and with several blows of his fist felled to the floor members of that organization who did not agree with him in his demand that the 1923 strike be called off, using brute force when persuasion failed. He also advertised for and brought to New Orleans 600 men to break the local's strike.

Before his departure from New Orleans Berry obligated Robt. E. Ewing, owner of the Daily States, as an honorary member of the pressmen's organization. The Daily States is a scab publication as far as the typographical union is concerned, having broken its contract with the union 11 years ago, when it locked out its printers without an opportunity to arbitrate. The pressroom of the Daily

Countess Asks That Kellogg Tell Truth

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, March 2.—Countess Catherine Karolyi of Hungary, thru her attorneys, asked Secretary of State Kellogg today to specify under which of 145 different sub-divisions of the immigration law, or the 46 sections of the same law, he excluded her from this country.

The countess contended, in a brief filed in the district supreme court, that Kellogg's explanation to her mandamus suit that he had merely acted "under the immigration law," was evasive, vague and non-conclusive.

Check-Off Agreement Ends Strike of the Nova Scotia Miners

(Special to The Daily Worker) GLACE BAY, N. S., March 2.—It is expected that a two year wage agreement will be signed this week between the British Empire Steel Corporation and the United Mine Workers of America executives. The company has agreed to restore the check-off. The contract is based on the recent report of the royal commission which was adverse to the miners' claims. For the last three months the miners have been working under a temporary agreement. This marks the formal ending of one of the most costly and bitterly fought labor conflicts in all Canadian history.

NEW YORK LABOR SENDS PASSAIC STRIKERS RELIEF

GarmentWorkers' Union Donates \$1,000

PASSAIC, N. J., March 2.—Labor and fraternal organizations all over the country are coming to the support of the strikers of six New Jersey textile mills who are in the fifth week of their strike. The Dressmakers' Joint Board of the International Ladies' Garment Workers, New York, voted a contribution of \$1,000. Another New York union is making arrangements to donate one day's pay which will bring in a large sum. Local No. 22 of the garment workers has made a contribution of \$300. Many other contributions have been received to swell the relief fund.

An initial donation of \$250 has been received from Mrs. Stephen L. Wise, chairman of the child adoption committee of the Free Synagogue of New York. Fannie Hurst, prominent novelist, spent a day visiting the strikers' homes and declared that "unbelievable conditions absolutely justified the strike, and that wage cuts under the circumstances were an incredible act." Rebecca West, a well-known English novelist, also visited the strike district with a view to reporting conditions.

Arrangements are being made for a permanent auditing committee of the books of the relief organization. A committee composed of Carl Holderman of the American Federation of Full Fashioned Hosiery Workers, Branch 7 (Patterson), L. Stein, of the Associated Silk Workers (Patterson), and a representative of the American Federation of Full Fashioned Hosiery Workers, Branch 17, (Passaic) met in conference early this week and went over the books of the general relief committee and declared its intention of establishing a permanent auditing committee to answer unfounded slurs on the disposition of relief funds.

The first issue of the Textile Strike Bulletin has appeared and is being distributed. It will be issued regularly twice a week in the future, and carry the strikers' true story of conditions and progress of the strike as well as reports on relief.

White Prejudice Blocks Printing Negro Paper

(Special to The Daily Worker)

S. BROWNSVILLE, Pa., March 2.—The Civic Guide, a small weekly magazine which was to have been printed for the Negro Civic League, the leading Negro fraternal organization of the section, will not be printed for some weeks yet, due to the attitude of the landlord who owns the building in which the present printing plant is housed.

The Economy Printing plant, owned by Manteo Herring and located on Bridge street, in the basement of the Morrow brothers building, was engaged to do the printing. He will not be able to do the work, due to the water which the landlord allows to run down from his store to the basement.

Rights Guaranteed Only by Force. Mr. Herring has made every effort to get the owners of the building to protect his shop, but about that they will say to him is that he "must pay all the rent" or be sold out for the amount. The owner of this store signed a contract to keep water from running down from their floor to the basement but up to this time has done nothing.

The colored men of North and South Brownsville are watching to see what these men will do. They say: We can see that the office seekers will say anything when they want to get our votes. We can see that the sign of a square deal in the Morrow Bros. and Patterson, in this case. From now on we will see it that we do as they have done—look for ourselves."

Took Bible Literally. HUNTINGTON, Ind., March 2.—Because he built a huge blaze in the kitchen stove with the announced intention of offering his three children as a "sacrifice to the lord" Joe Randall laborer of near Huntington, was enraptured today to the eastern Indiana insane hospital at Richmond for observation. "I had a dream and God told me to do it," Randall said when officers arrived.

CHINESE BOYCOTT CAUSES A HUGE LOSS TO ENGLISH

50 Percent Slump Hits British Merchants

CANTON, March 2.—The effectiveness of the strike boycott of Hongkong is disclosed in the publication of the statistics of its shipping for the third quarter of last year. Imports of the 25 principal commodities dropped from approximately \$58,000,000, the 1924 total, to \$29,000,000, or one-half. Exports in the same period slumped from \$44,000,000 to \$23,500,000, almost one-half.

Shipping statistics confirm the terrific losses suffered by the British. In 1924, Hongkong registered an average arrival of 210 vessels a day, with a tonnage of 156,154 tons. For the third quarter of 1925, the average was only 34 ships daily with a tonnage of 55,819 tons.

Shares Are Hard Hit. The stocks and bonds of the Hongkong banks and sugar refining, electric, and other industries have suffered enormous declines. Three thousand bankruptcies have taken place. The finances of this city, on the other hand, are in excellent shape. Trade and industry are progressing.

Chamberlain, The Liar. LONDON, March 2.—The hypocrisy of British statesmen in dealing with the imperialist policies of the empire is revealed by the reassuring statement in the house of commons of Austen Chamberlain that "the attitude of patience and conciliation" adopted by the British government in the present situation in China is bearing fruit in the slow but steady restoration of friendship and good will between the British and Chinese peoples" with the actual fact that just a day before his address the armed forces of the British in Hongkong had paraded that city from early morning until late at night in an effort to intimidate the Chinese. The forces included the Punjabis, a regiment of natives of India brot here to support British imperialism.

Fear a "Red" China. LONDON, March 2.—The possibility of China turning "Red" in her struggle against foreign shackles is emphasized in the report on China, compiled for the department of overseas trade by M. Brett. "The growth of the labor movement," he concludes, "and the danger of its diversion to purely political ends, is one of the most dangerous symptoms in the present state of China, and so long as this threat continues to exist the investment of foreign capital in industrial enterprises in this country will be attended with grave risk."

The British have recently sent \$3,000,000 to Hongkong for anti-Bolshevik propaganda. The frequent armed displays of British strength in that city have the same object.

'BATH-TUB GIRL' APPEARS BEFORE N. Y. GRAND JURY

Joyce Hawley Demands \$100,000 Damages

NEW YORK, March 2.—Joyce Hawley, pretty young lingerie model whose wine bath featured Earl Carroll's sensational party at his theater here recently, was to appear late today before the March federal grand jury, which is "investigating" the party.

Carroll who appeared before the February grand jury when the inquiry started, was to be another witness. Miss Hawley was to be questioned concerning the story that she climbed into a tub of wine and laded drinks to the guests. Carroll was to be asked where he obtained the wine and who also was involved with him in procuring it.

Russ Inventor Designs New Variometer

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., March 2.—A new appliance for the measuring of deviations from normal gravitation has been perfected by Prof. Nikiforov senior physicist of the Academy of Sciences. The advantages of the new appliance over the old types of gravitation variometers consist in that it affords the possibility of registering from 20 to 40 deviations per day, whereas with the old instrument it was only possible to take two records daily. The appliance is quite portable and convenient for field observations.

You do the job twice as well—when you distribute a bundle of *THE DAILY WORKER* with your story in it.

7,663 People Pump Christian Dome Into the Chinese Daily

(Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, March 2.—Statistics show that there are 7,663 people, including in that number the members of their families, engaged in missionary work in 740 different cities of China. They are distributed as follows: Shanghai, 584; Peking, 284; Canton, 265; Nanking, 220; Chengtu, 208; Fochow, 188; Changsha, 123; Hankow, 153; Tsinanfu, 123; Wuchang, 103; Tientsin, 99; Hangchow, 91; and Hongkong, 84.

MINNESOTA CALLS A FARMER-LABOR STATE GATHERING

County Conventions Will Be Held First

(Special to The Daily Worker) MINNEAPOLIS, March 2.—The call for the state convention of the Farmer Labor Association of Minnesota has been issued. It will be held in St. Paul, March 26 and 27 in the Labor Temple. Delegates to the state convention will be apportioned according to the vote for governor on the farmer-labor ticket in the last election, each county to be entitled to one delegate for each 1,000 votes or major fraction thereof.

Hennepin County Convention. County conventions are already being prepared. Hennepin county, consisting of Minneapolis and vicinity, which is entitled to 70 delegates to the state conference, will hold its convention Thursday evening, March 11. This convention, according to article IV, section 1 of the state Farmer Labor Association constitution, will be limited to the election of delegates to the state convention and to the adoption of resolutions pertaining to the present political situation and to the aims and aspirations of the farmer-labor movement. The county convention will not nominate county or district candidates for office, but will refer these nominations to a special nominations convention to be held later.

County Call Sent Out. The call for the county convention will be sent to all organizations formerly affiliated to the Farmer Labor Federation as well as to all organizations eligible to representation according to the constitution of the association. Article I of the constitution reads: "... Its (the F. L. A.) purpose shall be to unite all farmer, labor and other kindred organizations, and unorganized elements which support independent political action by economic groups, into a political association..." Altho the call will be sent out immediately, all local organizations meeting before the call is received are urged to affiliate (if unaffiliated) and to elect representatives to the county convention.

Each local organization, union or ward club, with not less than 10 members, will be entitled to one delegate, plus one for each 100 members or major fraction thereof, not to exceed three delegates. This will be the basis of representation at the county convention. Representation to the state convention will be as follows: "Article IV, section 2. Delegates to the state convention shall be based upon the vote cast for governor on the farmer labor party ticket at the preceding state election. Each county shall be entitled to one delegate for each 1,000 votes or major fraction thereof cast for the farmer-labor candidate for governor in said county at the preceding state election and one or more delegates from a county may cast the full quota vote allotted to said county at any state convention in case of the absence of any delegates from said county."

Chamorro Agents in Washington. WASHINGTON—(FP)—March 2.—Agents of Gen. Chamorro, unrecognized dictator of Nicaragua, have had a talk with the chief of the bureau of Latin-American affairs in the state department. They have been refused any interview with the secretary, and have been reminded that the United States will neither recognize Chamorro nor encourage any of his financial moves in New York.

OAK PARK AND AUSTIN WORKERS HOLD BUNGO AND TEA PARTY TONIGHT

A celebration—the first of its kind to be held in the Austin and Oak Park territory will take place at Wickstrom's 1015 North Taylor Ave., Oak Park, Ill., tonight, in the form of a bunco and tea party. The lucky ones will receive good prizes in the form of books, English tea and the best of Swedish pastry will be served.

Ellis Peterson, editor of the Ny Tid, Swedish organ of the Workers (Communist) Party, will deliver a short talk on the international labor defense. Admission to this grand social will cost fifty cents. The affair is arranged under the auspices of Nucleus No. 33, Section No. 6, and the proceeds will go to the Zelliger miners' defense.

Brockton Is Proud of the Revolution That Is 150 Years in the Past

By J. LOUIS ENGDahl.

"REVOLUTION!" is today a hated word by the ruling class in the shoe town of Brockton, Mass. But it was very different 150 years ago.

Then the call to "Revolution!" rang thru this neighborhood, and every able-bodied man was supposed to respond to the call to arms. All who did not were denounced as royalists—traitors.

This year is the 150th since the signing of the Declaration of Independence. It will be celebrated far and wide as an event of the greatest historical significance.

The American revolutionists of 150 years ago will be lauded as great heroes to be honored by all the people. But Anthony Bimba, the revolutionist of 1926, the Communist editor, has been on trial here these past few days, prosecuted by a Lithuanian Jew, who has forsaken the religion of his fathers to join the Unitarian church and do the dirty work of the profit-seeking New England capitalist class. He is denounced as a seditiousist in addition to being charged as a blasphemer.

I dropped in at the local library. A young man was at the book counter. I asked if they had a history of Brockton. He produced with pride a bulky volume.

It was with the tremendous words of the court prosecutor, questioning about "force and violence," "overthrow of the government," "revolution," still ringing in my ears, that I turned the pages of this historic book and came to a whole chapter set apart under the heading of "The Revolutionary War." It starts out with this proud claim:

"No period in the history of the world is more interesting, or more full of moral and political instruction than that of the American Revolution."

The author recites with pride the growing resistance of the colonists to the tyrannical rule of the British king. The colonial legislatures passed resolutions protesting the right of the king to impose taxes without permitting representation in his royal parliament. This gave rise to the famous slogan, "No Taxation Without Representation!"

When the king's government passed "The Sugar Act," April 5, 1764, imposing new taxes upon the necessities of life, the waves of protest mounted higher, so that British rule sent 10,000 more soldiers to be quartered among the colonists "to maintain law and order." The flames of revolt spread as the hated Stamp Act, of March 22, 1765, was imposed. The colonists placed a boycott on all goods coming from Great Britain, and the famous "Tea Party" threw a cargo of tea into Boston Harbor. All these facts are proudly set forth in this "History of Brockton" with this comment:

"All these measures did not intimidate the Americans, but served to strengthen their firm purpose not to submit to their oppression in any form."

"Societies in great numbers were formed called 'Sons of Liberty' determined to resist parliamentary oppression (Great Britain)."

But the British made no retreat. Instead they strengthened their mili-

itary forces. The United States congress is even today strengthening the power of its Governor General Leonard Wood in the Philippines in pretty much the same tyrannical way. The British General Gage, began building new fortifications in Boston.

Then came another threat from the colonists in the holding of the Provincial Congress, that met at Concord, westward from Boston, while Brockton is to the southward. At Concord, Oct. 11, 1774, the spokesmen of the colonists took measures for arming the whole province. Without any arguments about the use of "force" the author says of the acts of the Provincial Congress:

"Twelve thousand men were ordered to be raised and to hold themselves in readiness at a moment's warning. They were called 'minute men.'"

The writer then goes over carefully the march of the British against Lexington and Concord and the successful resistance of the colonists. He writes in lauding these events the following:

"At Lexington was the first blood shed in defense of the liberty of the people, and immediately on the departure of the troops (British) from that place, by an arrangement previously made, the committees of safety thruout the whole country despatched messengers on horse in every direction, so that by evening every town within 100 miles was informed THAT THE WAR HAD COMMENCED."

"The news was scattered thruout the towns by guns being fired, and other signals being given, so that the people in the remote sections of a town were soon aware that they were needed."

"THE NEWS OF THIS BATTLE ARRIVED IN BRIDGEWATER (NOW BROCKTON) EARLY IN THE DAY AND BEFORE SUNSET THE COMPANY HAD COLLECTED AND WERE READY FOR A MARCH."

That was on April 19, 1775. The book then devotes numerous pages to following the deeds of Brockton's revolutionary soldiers thru the seven years of the War of the Revolution. Many pages are used up in recording their names and the military units to which they belonged.

Today, of course the right of revolution is outlawed, just as the British tried to outlaw it 150 years ago.

New England, the richest center of American revolutionary traditions, is today the stronghold of the greatest reaction. New tyrannies, always new wage cuts, ever worse conditions of labor, all these things are visited upon New England labor of all nationalities by a parasitic class, largely native, "The Sons and Daughters of the Revolution," grown respectable thru the passage of a century and a half of time.

Today it becomes seditious to even talk about the miserable conditions of New England labor. Bimba is held up in court as a criminal for daring to utter these things and calling upon the workers to organize for the struggle to better their lowly standard of living.

The new revolutionary change faces the same obstacles that were confronted by the old. But the struggle grows and develops. The new obstacles to the new revolution will also be successfully overcome.

KEEP OUR CITY SCABBY, PLEADS COMMERCE HEAD

Los Angeles Open Shop Losing, Is Warning

(Special to The Daily Worker) LOS ANGELES, March 2.—The chamber of commerce, which boasts of being the largest in the world, is worried lest the reputation which this city has acquired as the "Citadel of the Open Shop" may be lost. According to R. W. Pridham, returning president of the chamber, "a particularly energetic and strenuous effort is being made at this time by organized labor, thru the medium of sympathetic strikes, to reduce our fair city to a condition of industrial servitude." It is the duty of every resident, Pridham contended, "to combat this destructive union-labor propaganda with all the might and power at his command and assist the Merchants and Manufacturers Association, which has battled and maintained industrial freedom for the past thirty years."

This pathetic appeal by the millionnaire exploiters of the city for help from the little business men and the professional people was voiced at the recent banquet given by the chamber in honor of its newly elected president, Arthur S. Bent. Other speakers included, Robert A. Millikan, the scientist; Frederick Wardo, a veteran actor, and Cyrus K. K. Curtis, editor of the Saturday Evening Post. Culture Pays.

The keynote of the meeting was the plea that it was time to develop Los Angeles from the cultural standpoint. "These things have a distinct economic value," declared Pridham in referring to the need for an artistic city and an intellectual atmosphere. The industrial situation, according to him, was very good. During the past year 400 new industrial establishments had located in Los Angeles. The plants already here made a gain of 20 per cent in productivity. As there has been no general increase in wages this increase shows that exploitation of the workers has become much more thoro.

Their Ideal Scab Herder. Curtis made a flowery speech of praise for the city. He was warmly greeted by the banqueteers, as he is their ideal of the militant union-bater. His publications have never been unionized. In Philadelphia, the home of the Saturday Evening Post, the almost total absence of any organized labor strength is due to his overpowering influence.

WOMEN MUST BE DRAWN INTO LABOR'S STRUGGLE

By AMY SCHECTER. The International Women's Day mass meeting to be held March 6 at Northwest Hall is to mark the opening of an intensive campaign to draw the working class women of the city into real participation in the struggles of the working class.

Women in industry are the victims of every type of exploitation and oppression to which men workers are subject; as a less organized section of the working class the degree of exploitation is in their case even more intense. The general enslavement of the working class is their enslavement: the general fight of the working class for liberation must be their fight.

Working class women fall broadly into two categories—women in industry and housewives; tho of course immense numbers of women are saddled with the double burden of long hours in the shops and care of their children, cooking, and cleaning to attend to when they come home tired out at night. Both men and women in the shops who as union members are already consciously taking part in the daily struggle of the workers, must unite in a systematic attempt to draw all the women in the shops into the union and into the struggle. They must bring every woman in the shops to realize that her interests as an individual and as a member of the working class are inseparable from those of the organized workers in her industry, that their union must be her union and every struggle that it carries on her struggle. The woman in industry must also be approached on issues especially affecting her interests—equal pay for equal work, abolition of night work for women, etc.

The working class housewife has a constant struggle to meet the problem of seeing to it that her family is housed and fed and clothed and her children educated in the face of high rents, high prices, low wages, and inefficient, overcrowded schools. Working class housewives must join the existing organizations, such as Mothers' Leagues, Renters' Associations, Parents' Associations, etc., and carry on a united campaign against the exploitation with which the worker's family is met at every turn of the road.

At the International Women's Day meeting speakers will deal with the problems of the working class women as sketched above, outlining demands and methods of work for the future.

Get your tickets now for the international concert of the T. A. E. L., Sat., March 13, at 8th St. Theater.

ASWELL BOASTS THAT HIS VICIOUS BILL AGAINST LABOR WILL BECOME LAW; NO OPPOSITION IN WASHINGTON

(Continued from Page 1) pearance sake," and Aswell smiled quite contentedly.

Green Does Nothing. I don't know how correctly the late Gompers was quoted, but investigation showed that the Green regime isn't even putting up the appearance of a fight. Up to the present time President Green has appeared before no committee of congress championing any "labor measure." He has written no letters to any member of congress demanding any sort of action on anything. The so-called "labor lobby," composed of three tried and true henchmen of labor aristocracy, have shown no activity against this anti-foreign-born legislation, altho the Atlantic City convention last October condemned it in energetic terms.

Bitter hostility to this legislation was voiced at the office of Congressman Adolph J. Sabbath, of Chicago. It was denounced as an effort to introduce the deposed Russian czarism in this country. But it was admitted here that the opposition was not organized. Nothing had been heard here of Green's labor lobby.

Victor L. Berger, the socialist congressman, was back home in Milwaukee. He opposed this legislation, of course, but he had organized no fight against it.

The so-called "progressive group"

in congress is disorganized, without leadership and having no program. It has no definite stand.

Labor Must Fight. It is very evident, therefore, that the fight must come from the outside. It can only originate with the councils for the Protection of the Foreign-Born that are now being organized in all sections of the country. These councils must not only develop sentiment against this legislation at home, but they must also provide for pushing the war energetically in Washington.

Aswell says of his bill, "It is going to pass."

Labor over the country must say of this and all similar legislation, "It will not pass."

Lower Pay in Massachusetts. BOSTON—(FP)—The average weekly wage of Massachusetts cotton mill workers is actually less than that of southern textile workers, Thomas F. McMahon testified at the legislature's labor committee hearings on the proposed bill to break the 48-hour law for women. Massachusetts cotton workers average only \$16 per week while southern mill workers average \$17.30 weekly, by McMahon's statistics. Massachusetts workers have been on part-time employment for over two years.

MORGAN LACKEY FOR CIVIL RULE IN VIRGIN ISLES

Only Property Owner Will Have Vote

WASHINGTON, March 2.—(FP)—Rep. Robert L. Bacon of New York, of the Morgan banking group, is sponsor for the bill providing civil government for the Virgin Islands, now under discussion before the house committee on insular affairs. This bill contains a proviso that voters must qualify by ownership of property or by ability to read and write English.

Discrimination Against Workers.
Questioned on this discrimination against a section of the working class of the islands, Bacon said he adopted it at the suggestion of Dr. Tucker, who made a survey of conditions in the islands for the treasury department. Bacon further asserted that it was "good American doctrine" to exclude from the franchise all adults who cannot read and write English. He is a former Plattsburgh military camp graduate, and held a commission in the world war.

Dr. Tucker asserts that only about 15 to 20% of the people of the Virgin Islands are illiterate, and that a group of French women were conspicuous in this class. He attempted to deny that the clause would discriminate against the blacks.

A. A. Berle, appearing as chief promoter of the bill, is a New York lawyer for sugar companies operating in the islands. He explained to the committee the scheme under which the president may decide the confirmation or rejection of officials appointed by the governor and rejected by the elective councils in the islands. American citizenship is to be given to all Danish subjects and natives in the islands, and a quick process of naturalization is to be granted all natives of the islands who now reside in the United States. Some 4,000 of them are in New York City.

Insists on Military Rule.
Gen. McIntyre, head of the bureau of insular affairs, to whose control the islands are to be given, under the bill by the navy, urged the committee to go slowly. He said military government was always more economical and efficient than popular government, and the people of the Virgin Islands would soon discover that they could not have so many public improvements and health measures financed by their own revenues as the navy had given them. He wanted the bill amended so as to permit the employment of officers of the army and navy in all branches of the service of the territory.

Mussolini Sends S. O. S. to Fascist Ministers

(Special to The Daily Worker)
ROME, March 2.—Possible revision of the Italian foreign policy is seen here in summons sent to the Italian ambassadors at London, Paris, Berlin and Santiago to return to Rome for conferences with Premier Mussolini. There is no doubt that the complications which are daily arising in connection with the meeting of the council of the league of nations at Geneva on March 8 is responsible for this hurried conference.

NORFOLK RESIDENTIAL SEGREGATION LAW IS HELD UNCONSTITUTIONAL

NORFOLK, Va., March 2.—The residential segregation law enacted in Norfolk, Va., has been declared unconstitutional by Police Justice R. B. Spindle and will be carried to a higher court in order to have this ruling affirmed.

The first court test of Norfolk's segregation law came about when Nathan Falk, a white merchant, opened a grocery business in a strictly colored section of the city. In order to test the law, a complaint and warrant charging violation of the law was served on Mr. Falk. The case came before the police court justice who declared the law unconstitutional.

As the police court is not a court of record, this case will be carried to the next highest court on appeal, in order that a definite and recorded decision may be had holding the segregation ordinance unconstitutional.

Mr. Gompers—Hillman



Working for many years as a progressive—not to say revolutionary—labor leader Sidney Hillman, president of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, is today in practice following the path of Sam Gompers. This path has led to slugging of union members, wage cuts under the guise of "readjustments," and the scabby Nash agreement.

BIRTH CONTROL COMES BEFORE NEXT CONGRESS

WASHINGTON, March 2.—(FP)—Its measure proposing to legalize the sending by physicians thru the mails of information as to birth control, has not yet been introduced in congress by the American Birth Control League, Inc., of which Margaret Sanger is president. Mrs. Anne Kennedy, in charge of the Washington office of the organization, says that the movement is now relying upon educational efforts at the capitol to prepare the way for consideration of the bill in the next session. Sen. Cummins and Sen. Norris are named as being sympathetic with the purposes of the legislation. Catholic and episcopal clergy oppose the bill.

The birth control league limits the legalization of the sending or publication of information or means of preventing conception, to duly licensed physicians and to drug houses dealing with them, in order that the information and means of birth control may not be commercially exploited and made the basis of fraud upon ignorant persons.

Meanwhile it has issued leaflets dealing with the significance of the movement to organized labor, to unemployment, to war and to science. In the birth control clinic established in New York practically all of the first 4,000 cases treated were working class women, of whom one-third were Catholics, one-third Jewish and one-third Protestant, according to these leaflets. A special campaign among the trade unionists is being made by the league, due to the belief that it is the workers who suffer most—thru ignorance and the use of dangerous means of preventing births—from the present laws against the giving of scientific help by doctors.

Lawrence Textile Workers Will Help Passaic Strikers

LAWRENCE, Mass., March 2.—Lawrence textile workers were aroused by "Mother" Bloor's story of the Passaic textile workers' strike at the big noon-day meeting at the gates of the American Woolen company's mills at Lawrence.

Hundreds of textile workers listened as she warned them to watch out for the work that may be coming in from the strike center of Passaic and to refuse to do such work. The slogan of the Lawrence workers to be: "If Passaic loses, Lawrence loses. We must win together."

Noon-day meetings will be held at all of the mills every day this week. The strikers' committee arrives today from Passaic.

World-wide storm of protest forced military authorities to release Trumbull. Celebrate with him next Friday night at North Side Turner Hall.

HINDUS AND EUROPEANS PROTEST AGAINST SOUTH AFRICAN COLOR BAR BILL

LONDON, March 2.—Intense feeling has been aroused in India by anti-Asiatic legislation of the white man's legislature in South Africa. Europeans headed by the Bishop of Calcutta and members of the legislature joined with Hindu and Mohammedan leaders in a mass meeting of protest.

Latest reports are to the effect that the color bar bill, which would limit certain employment exclusively for whites, has been advanced in the South African legislature. The natives all over South Africa are seething with discontent, and demand that such legislation be abolished.

FORMER FASCIST MAKES THREAT TO EXPOSE BUTCHER

Mussolini's Confidante Turns on Despot

NICE, France, March 2.—General Cesare Rossi, once Premier Mussolini's confidante and trusted lieutenant, today reiterated his defiance of the premier and avowed his determination to "tell the world what I know to free Italy of ignorance."

Rossi, who escaped from Italy after being imprisoned for complicity in the murder of the socialist deputy Giacomo Matteotti, said that the blackhand letters threatened his life he planned to continue his attacks on the present Italian government.

Will Expose Fake Trial.
"I do not intend to remain silent and allow Mussolini to run the trial of Matteotti's alleged assassins like a tyrant," Rossi declared defiantly. "Everybody knows Mussolini intends to make a grand farce of the trial which starts March 16. I'll take the evidence bit by bit and tear it apart and lay all its falsities before the world."

Fascists Threats.
"I have already received numerous blackhand letters threatening my life. I know whose hand directed their sending. But I am out from under the tyrant's rule and free to speak and tell the world what I know in order to free Italy of ignorance."

Foreman of Japanese Mill Loses Life in Chinese Strike War

(Special to The Daily Worker)
SHANGHAI, March 2.—A Japanese foreman has been killed in conflicts which have arisen in the cotton mill district between the strikers on the one side and the employers, backed by the police on the other. A serious situation exists.

POLICE HEADS SHIELD KILLERS OF SHIP FIREMAN

Threaten Witnesses with Tortures

TAMPA, Fla., March 2.—The corrupt administration of Tampa is doing its best to exonerate one of its members, M. M. Gullette, for the cold-blooded murder of John Petjohn, fireman on the Bull line freighter, Barbara. Gullette and a number of other policemen were called aboard the Barbara by Captain Williams who claimed that the sailors had mutinied.

Police Club Seamen.
When the police came onto the boat they found a number of sailors arguing among each other about keys to the ice-box. The police immediately handcuffed John Petjohn, who was acting as the pacifier in the dispute, and Farrell together. Then they began to club able seaman, John Burns. Petjohn seeing Burns being clubbed into insensibility shouted to them to stop beating Burns and that if they wanted to show how tough they were they could shoot him.

Patrolman Gullette, whose sobriety many question, to show how "tough" and rough he was stepped back a few paces and shot the ship's fireman. As soon as the shot was fired the cops backed off the ship and fled. The sailors then had to take their dead fellow-worker, who was still shackled to Farrell and lay him on a board and him to the main land. When Petjohn was brot to the mainland he was already dead. The police then came back and arrested able seaman, John Burns and the cook, J. G. Newman and threw them into jail.

Threaten Witnesses.
In the prison cell both of these seamen had leg chains placed on them and were told if they said anything they would "face the music." When reporters tried to board the ship and gain the truth of the cold-blooded murder, Captain Williams, master of the ship, declared that no one except the crew would be allowed to be on board the ship. All attempts were made to bar reporters from the two jailed seamen.

Immediately after the murder an inquest was held and the patrolman exonerated. Later Chief of Police D. B. York also declared that the policeman was exonerated and that as far as he was concerned the "incident was closed."

Despite the attempts of the police heads to cover up this murder, a warrant was sworn out for the policeman by Sheriff Heirs and at the hearing the policeman was again set free and declared innocent of any wrongdoing.

Ship Captain Flees.
In order that the real evidence in the case should not be heard the ship Barbara sailed away the day before the hearing, with a load of phosphates and when the two seamen that remained behind testified in the hearing as to the cold-blooded murder of their shipmate every attempt was made to discredit their testimony.

Attempts will now be made to have the grand jury investigate the case and persecute this policeman. The policeman admits that he killed the seaman and claims that the handcuffed seamen had tried to kill him with an axe.

Petjohn is to be buried in the Potter's field.

Textile Organization Chances Look Better

NEW YORK—(FP)—The demand for organization among textile workers is growing, judging by the appeals sent for United Textile Workers union organizers. Thomas F. McMahon, union president, says organizers are busy in Rhode Island drapery mills, Pennsylvania silk mills and in the hosiery mill strike at Durham, N. C.

New England drapery workers get a third less pay than organized Philadelphia workers in that trade. Most of the workers in the Pennsylvania anthracite district are miners' wives and daughters and have been paid less than \$15 a week while organized Paterson silk workers get about twice as much.

Protest against the arbitration award to Pittsfield, Mass., woolen workers has been made by the union. In 60 days new demands will be made to mill owners. The Pittsfield workers twice struck against a 10% wage cut and when they submitted to arbitration in December were ordered to take the 10% reduction.

Cotton mills manufacturing auto tire fabrics are the most prosperous in the cotton division of the textile industry. Upper New York state has many mills working up cotton brake linings, cotton wadding for automobile upholstery, etc. Workers in these mills connected with the busy automobile industry and cotton sheeting mills are considered the best ground for further organization work.

PARIS COMMUNE CELEBRATION
All working class organizations are asked not to arrange any conflicting meeting on March 19 as the International Labor Defense, Chicago local, is arranging a Paris Commune pageant and drama. Moving pictures of labor defense in the United States and in Europe will be shown.

Labor to Fight Penna. Seditious Law

(Continued from Page 1)
The call as issued by the provisional committee follows:
Call for Conference.

To all trade unions and other workers' organizations:
On Dec. 4th, 1925, Edward Horacek, an American citizen, member of the Machinists' Union was found guilty of violating the so-called Pennsylvania anti-sedition law. Nine other fellow workmen are charged with the same "crime."

In instructing the jury, Judge J. Fraether declared: "There is no evidence here of any overt act of violence or anything of that sort committed by Horacek. Yet he was found guilty and faces a long sentence of imprisonment."

On January 24th, George Papcun, 19 years old, American born, was arrested in Republic, Pa., by the notorious state police, at a Lenin memorial meeting and charged with violation of the same vicious anti-sedition act.

The policeman who made the arrest testified at the preliminary hearing that the reason the arrest was made was that "for the last two years Papcun was trying to organize the miners of the coke region into the United Mine Workers of America thus causing the discontent among the workers."

Numerous other workers have been arrested charged with violating the anti-sedition law and placed behind iron bars, as has been the case in Farrell, Pa., in Green county, etc.

Law Passed During War.
The anti-sedition law which originally passed in 1919 and amended in 1921 is the product of the war hysteria which existed at that time and it will be used against all organized labor attempting to defend their rights as workers. The State Federation of Labor of this state has continually gone on record at its conventions against this act.

The undersigned organizations have therefore decided to call a conference of representatives of organized labor of western Pennsylvania to devise ways and means to conduct a campaign for the repeal of this vicious law which threatens the existence of the organized labor movement of this state.

You are requested to take this matter up at the next meeting of your organization and to send two delegates to the conference which will be held Sunday, April 4th, at 2 p. m., at Walton Hall, 220 Stanwix St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Fraternally yours,
Journeymen Tailors' Union No. 131,
Martin Babski, Sec'y.
Int'l. Ass. of Machinists No. 52,
W. C. Maurice, Sec'y.
Int'l. Ass. of Machinists No. 536,
M. Schindler, Sec'y.
United Mine Workers of America No. 2851, L. Gonik, Sec'y.
United Mine Workers of America No. 3365, Wm. Smith, Sec'y.
International Labor Defense,
Dr. Rasnick, Sec'y.

ST. LOUIS FORMS DEFENSE COUNCIL AT CONFERENCE

Arrange a Meeting for Walter Trumbull

(Special to The Daily Worker)
ST. LOUIS, March 2.—At a conference here at the Labor Lyceum attended by delegates from local trade unions and workers' fraternal organizations a local Labor Defense League was established. Chas. Blome, president of the molders' union, Local No. 53, was unanimously elected president. An executive committee of nine was selected, their immediate duty being to push the Trumbull meeting.

Blome is a progressive trade unionist of many years standing. He is on the organizing committee of the Central Trades and Labor Council and by his activity has already increased the membership of several of the unions. He is a veteran fighter, having been foremost in the defense campaign for Mooney and Billings and the chairman of the local Friends of Soviet Russia group.

Prove Their Support.
To show their support, the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Workmen's Circle, a participating organization, donated \$5 to the national office of the Labor Defense. A comrade gave \$10 for the local treasury. L. Levine, secretary of the central branch, announced this had already grown to 50 members. P. Buneta, secretary of the South Slavic branch, stated it had 23 on the rolls and expected more members at the next meeting. Henry Corbushley, district secretary of the I. L. D., outlined the tasks of the organization and explained the Zeigler frame-up.

Trumbull Mass Meeting.
It was decided to hold a mass meeting to welcome Walter Trumbull and to voice the demand for the release of all class war prisoners at Carpenter's Hall, Grand and Zozens St., Wednesday evening, March 3, at 8 p. m. Walter Trumbull himself will, of course, be the main speaker. In addition, Stanley J. Clark, a prominent attorney of the west and a nationally known labor organizer for many years, who is representing the International Labor Defense, will make a talk. Chas. Blome, president of the local molders' union and chairman of the St. Louis branch of the defense league, and Henry Corbushley, the district secretary of the organization, conclude the list of speakers.

Republican Movement Sweeps All of Spain

PARIS, Mar. 2.—The republican movement is sweeping Spain like a dry grass fire, according to travelers arriving from the peninsular monarchy today. Some of the biggest names in modern Spain are identified with the movement and many more have joined it since the celebration of the short-lived Spanish republic on February 11.

Leaders of the kingdom's four leading political parties have signed a document merging forces in a single party pledged to carry on an active campaign leading to the proclamation of a Spanish republic. These leaders are Senor Azana, of the reformists; Marcellino Domingo, of the autonomist republicans; Manuel Hilarlo Ayuso, of the federal republicans, and Senor Lerroux.

See the motion picture of class war prisoners' aid in Europe and America at the International Labor Defense commemoration of the Paris Commune at Ashland Auditorium on March 19.

BINGHAM MAYOR'S PALMS ITCH AT SIGHT OF MISERY

Would Have Stricken Pay for Hospital Bed

BINGHAM, Utah, March 2.—The heart of a nation went out recently to the stricken workers and their families who were victims of the terrible snowslide which visited this quiet little town high up in the mountains of Utah and took a toll of nearly 40 known dead. Several other bodies are believed to still be buried under the avalanche.

Deplorable as such a disaster may be to humanity generally, there are always those who are eager to take advantage of the misfortunes of others to further their own selfish gains. When it became apparent that some of the injured who were given first aid treatment at the local hospital would need further medical attention but were unable to pay for such services, the public spirited mayor of Bingham, Dr. F. E. Straup, who also happens to be county physician of Salt Lake county, stepped forward with a solution. Surely the unfortunates could pay the small sum of ten dollars to the county physician to defray expenses of transferring them to the Salt Lake county hospital at Salt Lake City, where the good taxpayers of Salt Lake county have so generously provided an institution to care for those needy of medical aid but who are without funds. The transportation of each person from Bingham would probably be one-tenth that amount, but surely the good doctor-mayor should have something for unwinding the red tape necessary to admit a patient to the county institution.

Another incident which added much weight to the already heavy burden of those bereaved by the disaster was the refusal of officials of the mortuary to permit Ed Halvorsen to view the body of an unidentified woman with the possibility of ascertaining whether the body of his wife had been taken from the ruins. Mr. and Mrs. Halvorsen were both in the slide, but the husband was fortunate enough to escape with slight injuries. His bereavement was not lightened by this intelligent action of the mortuary officials.

Personal Ambitions of Benes Postpones Russ Recognition

(Special to The Daily Worker)
PRAGUE, March 2.—The reason for the sudden change of mind by Dr. Benes, foreign minister of Czechoslovakia, on the subject of recognition of the Soviet Union is closely connected with the trend of national politics in that country. His reversal was the more remarkable in that he had announced he would bring the matter up at the conference of the little entente at Temevar a few weeks ago. The recent elections to the national parliament had given such a clear majority to the advocates of Russian recognition that it was believed it could no longer be delayed.

What is evident now is that the foreign minister, who is one of the most prominent as he is certainly one of the most ambitious of the statesmen of the smaller nations, is maneuvering for concessions from the Soviet Republic before an agreement upon a treaty. Neither France nor Great Britain did this. They negotiated for the settlement of detailed differences after recognition. If Benes can extort a favorable settlement in advance it will boost his personal stock, and that is what he needs right now.

The Presidential Bug.
Benes is ambitious to become a candidate to succeed President Masaryk whose term of office expires next year. Besides this, there is a strong movement on in the agrarian party to which the prime minister belongs to oust Benes from the foreign office.

Postal Workers Want Saturday Holiday.
MIDDLETOWN, Conn., March 2.—Saturday afternoons off and no work Christmas day were approved by the state convention, National Federation of Post Office Clerks. The Connecticut convention condemned the post-office speed-up system used in large cities and favored a time differential for night workers. The Leoback-Stanfield retirement bill was endorsed.

Watch the Saturday Magazine Section for new features every week. This is a good issue to give to your fellow worker.

Lawyers Form "Union."

CINCINNATI—(FP)—Short shrift is promised for members of the lawyers union, the Ohio State Bar association, who undercut the union scale. Lawyers employed by auto clubs to protect members in court will be expelled from the bar association for "scabbing." The auto club lawyers take lower fees.

The Movement for World Trade Union UNITY

By TOM BELL.

Facts—figures—all the most exhaustive material compiled briefly on a most important subject.

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The Trade Union a School of Communism

By BERT MILLER. "A school of Communism," a preparatory school for the training of the proletariat to realize its dictatorship, an indispensable union of the workers for the permanent transference of the management of the country's economic life into their hands as a class"—this is Lenin's characterization of the trade unions.

In the midst of the perplexing problems accompanying the reorganization of our party, these words are apt to lose their former significance in the minds of some of our comrades. But if we would hold firmly to the path of Leninism, we must realize how inadequate would be our work as Communists if we emphasized solely our work in the factories thru the nuclei, without at the same time pointing out the absolute necessity of co-ordinating this work on the basis of the entire industry.

Win Leadership of Masses. Our party includes about 15,000 members. This comparatively small group has before it the gigantic task of winning the leadership over 40,000,000 wage earners.

Announce Speakers at N. Y. International Women's Day Meeting (Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, March 2.—At the mass meeting to be held at the Central Opera House, 6th St. and 3rd Ave., next Saturday night, March 6, to celebrate International Women's Day, the following will be the speakers:

OUT NOW! FOOD FOR THOUGHT March Issue of the Workers Monthly 25c a copy \$2 a year \$1.25 six months

AMERICAN FOREIGN-BORN WORKERS BY CLARISSA WARE. 5 Cents

NEW YORK Harlem Casino (Both Halls) 116th and Lenox Ave.

tried instrument of the working class—the trade union. In spite of all its defects and backwardness, the American trade union has been a strong defense of the workers of this country against a powerful capitalist class, and that millions of workers look to it for protection.

"The development of the proletariat did not and could not anywhere in the world, proceed by any other road than that of the trade unions with their mutual activity with the working class party," says Lenin.

The bourgeoisie recognizes fully the importance of the trade union as a decisive factor in the life of the working class, and fears its power.

For this reason it is willing to pay any price for the valuable services of men like Gompers, Lewis, Green, Berry, Johnston, Sigman and Hillman who blunt the effectiveness of the trade union movement and who tend to render it weak and powerless before the onslaughts of the employers.

Backwardness of Unions no Excuse For Neglect by Communists. Oftentimes we find comrades discouraged by the strength of the opposing official machine, disgusted by its corruption, and somewhat appalled by the difficulty of the task confronting them.

PARTY OFFICIALS IN CLEVELAND TO MEET THURSDAY, MARCH 4 (Special to The Daily Worker) CLEVELAND, March 2.—A meeting of all members of the section committee, all nuclei organizers, secretaries, agitprops and DAILY WORKER and literature agents will take place at the district office, 5927 Euclid Ave., on Thursday, March 4, at 6 p. m. sharp.

N. Y. Will Celebrate Commune on March 19 (Special to The Daily Worker) The Paris Commune will be celebrated in New York by a big mass meeting on Friday, March 19, at the Central Opera House.

Trade Union Educational League International Concert SATURDAY, MARCH 13, 8 P. M. Eighth Street Theatre.

AMERICAN FOREIGN-BORN WORKERS BY CLARISSA WARE. 5 Cents

our party, merely a sect which will sooner or later disintegrate and decay.

Again we find comrades discouraged by the backwardness of the workers in the conservative trade unions. These comrades feel that they can be more valuable among more "intelligent" elements, that "they are wasting their time," among those who do not appreciate their efforts anyway.

Combat Sectarianism. Our comrades in the trade unions must be the connection link between broad masses of workers and the party; they must be the means by which the light of Communist theory is transmitted to the proletariat struggling blindly against the forces of capitalism, and at the same time they must bring to the party, all the richness of their experiences with the workers, the reactions of the workers to party policies, every mood and current which is swaying the masses of organized workers, at a given moment.

We must combat that spirit of sectarianism and aloofness from the trade union movement which still remains with us as a barren heritage from the socialist party. Here we may quote Lenin's allusion to Marx and Engels: "They most firmly called upon the Anglo-American socialists to merge with the labor movement, and to drive out of their organization the narrow and shrivelled sectarian spirit."

Presidium Opens French Press for Discussion; Souvarine Opposed (Special to The Daily Worker) MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., March 2.—On the question of the situation in the Communist Party of France, the presidium of the Communist International decided to throw the French party press open for a complete discussion of the existing differences of opinion.

N. Y. Workers' School Announces Lecture by Olgin March 12 (Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, March 2.—M. J. Olgin will speak at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 East 4th St., Friday, March 12, at 8 p. m., on the topic: "The Living Revolution." This lecture is under the auspices of the Workers' School.

Pittsburgh Will Hold C. I. Commemoration PITTSBURGH, Pa., Mar. 2.—The party here will commemorate the eighth anniversary of the founding of the Communist International. The party school and the Young Workers' League will co-operate in the event which will take place at the International Socialist Lyceum, 805 James St., on Saturday evening, March 6.

JEWISH AND LITHUANIAN LABOR DEFENSE GROUPS WILL MEET TONIGHT The Douglas Park Jewish branch of the International Labor Defense will hold a meeting at 3209 West Roosevelt Road tonight.

Women's Day Celebration in Chicago SATURDAY EVE., MARCH 6 at NORTHWEST HALL Cor. North and Western Aves. (3rd floor.)

WORKERS' SCHOOL DRIVE IN N. Y. IS MAKING HEADWAY

Propagandist Corps Get Many Donations

NEW YORK, March 2.—The drive for a \$10,000 fund to build the Workers' School continues to awaken the greatest enthusiasm and shows how the school has already found a place in the hearts of the working masses of this city.

Sick Comrades Help. The first class in the school to report is Pauline Roger's class in Intermediate English, which turned in \$15.50, then announced a collection of an additional \$6, and is now working on lists for further collections.

Drive Committee. The Drive Committee has built up a corps of propagandists among the students and friends of the school, who, with collection lists, tickets for the big concert on March 14, and speeches before unions and Workers' Circle and other working class organizations, are keeping the drive going and insuring its success.

N. Y. Workers' School Announces Lecture by Olgin March 12

(Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, March 2.—M. J. Olgin will speak at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 East 4th St., Friday, March 12, at 8 p. m., on the topic: "The Living Revolution."

N. Y. Will Celebrate Woman's Day, March 6 NEW YORK, March 2.—International Women's Day will be celebrated here by a mass meeting which will be held Saturday night, March 6, instead of Friday night, March 5, as had been erroneously reported.

The Last Day of the Paris Commune. See it dramatized at the International Labor Defense Commemoration March 19 at Ashland Auditorium.

If you want to thoroughly understand Communism—study it.

Women's Day Celebration in Chicago SATURDAY EVE., MARCH 6 at NORTHWEST HALL Cor. North and Western Aves. (3rd floor.)

SOVIETS TO BUY PAPER MACHINERY FROM AMERICA

Delegation Tours Thru Many Factories

NEW YORK, March 2.—A delegation representing the Central Paper Trust in the Soviet Union, known as the "Centrobumtrust," has arrived in this country with the purpose of negotiating purchases of machinery and equipment for the new paper manufacturing plant which the Centrobumtrust is now constructing in Balakhna, near Nizhni Novgorod.

Control 40 Per Cent of Output. According to a statement made by Kolotilov on behalf of the delegation, the Centrobumtrust, which controls the paper mills in the central provision, is responsible for 40 per cent of the paper output in the Soviet Union.

In the last fiscal year the Soviet paper industry supplied only about 66 per cent of the required amount. Thirty-five per cent of the paper consumed during that year, chiefly newsprint paper, had to be imported.

To Visit Paper Mills. The delegation intends to visit paper and pulp mills and cellulose factories in the United States and Canada. They will make a special point of studying the industry and the co-ordination of its various branches as it is managed in the United States and Canada.

British Workers Are Worse Off Than in 1924, Figures Show LONDON, March 2.—Reformists have long contended that the "philosophy of misery" as they were pleased to term the Marxian formulation of the fact that under capitalism the lot of the worker is bound to get worse and worse, is only an illusion.

During 1925, net reductions of about \$800,000 were made in the weekly wages of 850,000 workers, or close to a dollar a week for each worker. Increases of half that amount, or \$400,000, effected nearly 900,000 during the same period.

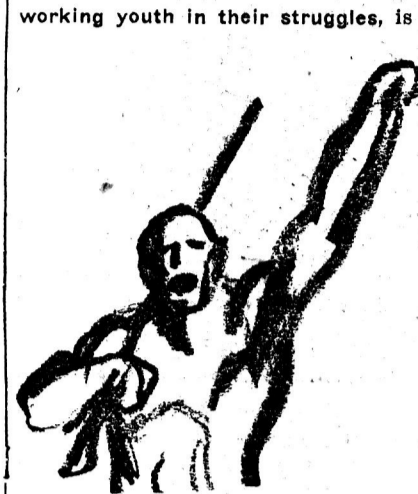
FREE LITERATURE SUPPLIED. MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Free copies of the YOUNG WORKER, Tribuna Robotnicza, Pravda, and Honor and Truth, can be secured from Frank Alder, 821 Clydesburn St., Milwaukee.

JOINT DAILY WORKER—NOVY MIR COMMUNIST SATURDAY EVENING RED PRESS REVEL MARCH 6 RUSSIAN CABARET AND BALL ADMISSION 50 CENTS

WITH THE YOUNG WORKERS CONDUCTED BY THE YOUNG WORKERS LEAGUE

Looking for New Organization Forms

By NAT KAPLAN The league is now well under way in its about-face process (from a mere consideration of internal problems) to the problems affecting the masses of young workers of this country.



Unity between young and adult workers!

The struggle for the interests of the young workers is not separate and apart from the struggles of the adult workers. It works both ways. For instance there is East Ohio. The young workers are holding a working youth conference. This conference is not for the working youth only.

That, for us, is a basic principle of a Communist youth organization. We are above all a political organization, which educates the young workers, thru an active participation in the class struggle that the only means for the emancipation of the working youth from wage slavery is thru united efforts with the adult workers in a general struggle against the capitalist order.

This manifests itself some times in the creation of incorrect organizational forms. Organize illegal youth clubs in the factories for the economic struggle, say some comrades. We must organize special opposition groups in the trade unions (youth T. U. E. L.'s), say others.

But how about reaching the masses of young workers in the shops and trade unions who cannot be won over immediately to the league? How can we rally them around a minimum program and organize them for the struggle? Yes, these questions must be answered, but not by catering to the backwardness of the young workers, but by being ahead of them and yet, not isolating ourselves from them.

The same principle works in the trade unions. The young militant trade unionists are enrolled in the general left wing. The young Communists are in the young Communist fraction and in the left wing. A certain struggle arises, a tribune besides the meetings of the left wing is needed to rally the largest and broadest masses of young trade unionists around a certain issue.

LOS ANGELES Y. W. AFFAIR. On March 20 the Los Angeles league will celebrate the fourth anniversary of the Young Worker, by an entertainment and social, net proceeds to go to the national office.

CHICAGO I. L. D. TO GREET TRUMBULL ON MARCH 4TH AND 5TH Chicago workers should reserve Thursday evening, March 4 to greet Walter Trumbull, recently released from Alcatraz after serving a sentence for Communist activity in Hawaii.

Why Not Become a Worker Correspondent? Young and Adult Workers Are Invited to the BANQUET to welcome Walter Trumbull on Sunday Evening, March 7th, 1926

YOUNG WORKER RESCUE PARTY. The Syracuse rescue party for the Young Worker is to be held on Sunday, March 7, at Educational Club Hall, Orange and Jackson Sts., 8:15 p. m.

CLASS IN FUNDAMENTALS NEW YORK CITY.—The Bronx section of the Y. W. L. holds a class in the fundamentals of Communism every Friday, 8 p. m., at 1347 Boston Road.

Young and Adult Workers Are Invited to the BANQUET to welcome Walter Trumbull on Sunday Evening, March 7th, 1926 AT IMPERIAL HALL 2409 NORTH HALSTED STREET CHICAGO

MILK DRIVERS' HEADS BOOST LABOR HATERS

Indorse Crowe's Flunkey Savage

By a Worker Correspondent
The workers of Chicago are well acquainted with the labor record of State's Attorney Crowe.

The workers have not forgotten the action of State's Attorney Crowe in the strike of the International Ladies' Garment Workers.

Crowe has an assistant that attempts at all times to out-Crowe Crowe. This assistant, J. P. Savage, is now running for the office of county judge on the Crowe-Barrett slate.

A few weeks ago Savage was raiding and smashing into union headquarters under the pretense of cleaning up rings of gunmen and bomb throwers.

There was no discussion. The machine was well-oiled and the indorsement of Savage went thru with no active opposition.

The betrayal of the union shows the utter bankruptcy of the so-called non-partisan policy followed by the reactionaries in the union.

Milkmen, take notice and let your officials know that you realize this betrayal. Other workers should see to it that their reactionary officials do not do the same thing.

California Farmers Form Party Nucleus

By a Worker Correspondent
REEDLEY, Cal., March 2—Finnish farmers of this locality have organized a nucleus for Communist work.

A majority of the farmers are grape growers and are members of the Sun-Maid Raisin Association. This co-operative has 14,000 on its rolls.

Farmers Lose Out.
Owing to the inability of the organization to maintain prices and to its heavy overhead, dissatisfaction is growing fast.

HELP WANTED.

Modern Grocery of Pittsfield, Mass., at 238 Columbus Ave., requires services of a comrade living in or near Pittsfield, Mass.

DETROIT, ATTENTION!

BAZAAR AND DANCE
given by DETROIT FEDERATION OF WORKING CLASS WOMEN'S ORGANIZATIONS
SUNDAY, MARCH 7th, 5 P. M.

Worker Correspondence
1000 WORKER CORRESPONDENTS BY JANUARY 13 1927

This Week's Prizes!

First prize, Historic Materialism, by Nicolai Bukharin. This is an extremely interesting book on an extremely important subject for every thinking class conscious worker.

SEATTLE HAS NOVEL WAY OF BOOSTING DAILY WORKER CIRCULATION

By a Worker Correspondent.
SEATTLE, Wash., March 2 — A novel way of boosting The DAILY WORKER and getting the slaves interested in the class struggle is being used for the last 2 months on the Skid Road, Seattle, Occidental and Washington St., by the ne-agent George O'Hanrahan selling The DAILY WORKER and Vincent Brown of the Machinists' Union holding big enthusiastic meetings in behalf of The DAILY WORKER, exposing the capitalist sheets.

He is beginning to realize the value of the Communist press. As many as 40 to 50 DAILY WORKERS have been sold nightly from the soap box in the last few weeks.

Conditions in Seattle are fierce, thousands out of work looking for a master and the charity organizations are busy.

Bankers' Club Hands Out New Uniforms to Hide Waiters' Poverty

By a Worker Correspondent
NEW YORK, March 2 — The Bankers' Club of America, 120 Broadway, last week gave its waiters new uniforms. Up till then they wore something that was fit only to the deep waters.

Mr. Grant, the headwaiter, called them all together in the Oak Room and gave them a speech. He told them that they should shine their shoes, polish their fingernails, comb their hair (those who have any) and clean the uniforms everyday so their appearance may help the never-lost appetite of the guests.

Now since these 125 waiters have learned about what is good for the club and the bankers it's now time they learn what is good for themselves and their families and decide accordingly.

Pursglove Mines Close Down; 250 Seek Employment

By a Worker Correspondent
PURSGLOVE, W. Va., March 2 — A mine called Pursglove No. 2 has slacked up. Tho the foreman says they will run 3 days a week the company has paid off its workers.

The pen is mightier than the sword, provided you know how to use it. Come down and learn how in the worker correspondent's classes.

BOSSSES STIR RACE HATRED AMONG WORKERS

Company Tools Inflamm National Antagonisms

(By a Worker Correspondent.)
WARREN, O., March 2—Racial discrimination against foreign-born workers is practiced to a great extent in the steel mills around here.

His case is only one of the many typical cases where the fact that a man is of foreign birth bars him from participation in the higher paid jobs about the plant, and who are thus confined to the lower paid jobs, where they must stay or quit, and go to some other plant where their experience will be the same as at this plant.

There are about six thousand workers employed in the knit goods industry in Philadelphia. The American Federation of Labor pays no attention to these textile workers, and therefore the knit goods workers of Philadelphia are poorly organized.

The union, which has been in existence about one year, made several attempts to organize these workers, but the bosses employed every scheme to keep them from attending the meetings even buying them tickets to shows.

As property in mills, mines and factories is now held by those who profit from the labor of the wage slaves, they see that the fiction of color brings grist to their pockets, and by keeping race hatred and color bigotry alive among the workers, who have not the sense to see that they are preyed upon by these parasites who are interested in keeping them divided thru religion, the color line or some other hocus pocus.

This colored worker was a splendid fellow. He saw in race hatred the reason why the workers did not get together as they should in a battle against the exploiters.

In other words if the workers refuse to slave for these miserable conditions they may even die of starvation, he will not object to it.

The workers after listening to the speech, decided to hear what the union had to say. They also decided not to give the boss another chance, to fire workers for joining the organization which shall defend the workers' economic demands, and if necessary give the boss such a lesson that he will not dare to fire workers for joining their union.

The plot of the film is based on the 1905 revolution and many of the former generals, statesmen, princes, princesses and members of the imperial court are playing the roles they once lived. They include a chamberlain who held that position under the czar, a lady-in-waiting who served the czarina and 36 former officers.

ARREST CZAR NICHOLAS, SHOUT RUSSIAN WORKERS

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., March 2 — Workers and peasants rushed to the winter palace at Leningrad demanding that Czar Nicholas be arrested as they had heard that this despised czar had "returned" to Russia.

The gathering was called down by the Communist police who explained to those that had gathered demanding the arrest of the czar that the "czar" was only Nicholas Evdokov, a baker, whose extraordinary resemblance to the despot caused the state motion picture heads to choose him to play the part of the last reigning Romanoff in a new anti-monarchical moving picture film.

Hudson Motor Company Plant Is a Sweatshop

By a Worker Correspondent
DETROIT, Mich., March 2 — Conditions here in the Hudson Motor Car company's axle plant are very bad. The place is known among the men as the Hudson sweatshop. The workers are speeded to the limit. We have fifteen minutes in which to eat. Lunch wagons come around at noon.

SENATE TRIES TO MAKE OSAGE INDIANS PAY FOR BRIDGE SO MELLON CAN DEVELOP OIL LANDS

WASHINGTON, March 2—Oil deposits which Congressman Hayden of Arizona declares to be as rich as those in the Osage country have been found beneath the Navajo Indian reservation in New Mexico and Arizona.

Debate before committees and in the senate and house failed to disclose the oil motive in the bridge scheme. It appeared to be a plain case of the grabbing of \$100,000 of tribal funds to help pay for a highway bridge which the Indians would never use.

But when friends of the Indians objected, showing that the Navajos now have only \$116,000 of tribal funds, or about \$4 per Indian, the promoters of the bill explained that the \$100,000 was to be taken from future royalties on oil. Hayden admitted in a speech in the house, the oil is not now being developed, but it would be, some day.

The story of the Navajos' oil is this: Albert Fall, when secretary of the interior, issued an order opening the Navajo reservation to oil leases. He then deprived the tribal council of authority to issue the leases, and took it into his own office, thru the Indian bureau. A lease on the region which geologists pronounced the most promising was promptly given by Fall to one of Mellon's companies—the Gipsy Oil company. Its first drilling, at Toledo, New Mexico, failed to strike the deposit. A well driven by his Midwest—subsidiary to Standard Oil of Indiana—brought a strong flow of good oil.

When the friends of the Indians, in the senate on the afternoon of Feb. 25, had 28 votes to kill this item, against 17 in its favor, and three other senators were noted present, the oil senators made the point that no quorum was present; there were 48, when 49 were required. Vice President Dawes ruled that a motion must be adopted to bring in members who stayed in the cloakrooms. Without a quorum this could not be done.

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NEGRO SALESMAN MURDERED AT DUBLIN, GEORGIA

Hoodlums Freed by Trial Court

(Special to The Daily Worker)
DUBLIN, Georgia, March 2.—G. H. Donaldson, Negro insurance agent, was brutally murdered by three whites on the excuse that he "resisted arrest" when served with a defective warrant.

The trouble arose when Donaldson, driving his automobile, was run into by the automobile of Ezra Kea. The crash was witnessed by two white men, Bartow Jones and Ira Clark, who are quoted by a local white newspaper as saying that the white driver was to blame for the accident, as he was running on the wrong side of the road.

The white man, Kea, together with two other white men, obtained a defective warrant for Donaldson's arrest, not knowing the name of the Negro whose automobile Kea had run into. The three whites are said to have remarked on having obtained their defective warrant that they "were going to have a settlement of a Negro." A fight ensued when the three whites reached Donaldson's home, and Donaldson was shot and killed, two of the white men being wounded.

In a dying statement made by Donaldson, he declared he did not have a pistol when he went to the door at the summons of the three whites; that one white man grabbed him by the collar and tried to drag him down the steps as soon as he opened the door and that the other white men joined in, one of them shooting him. A Negro witness is quoted as corroborating Donaldson's statement that he had no pistol and that the three white men began beating him before he had an opportunity to defend himself.

The three whites were jailed following the murder. The murdered man had a good reputation and Clerk of Council A. H. Grier is quoted as having assured the three whites before they called on Donaldson that they would find him ready to do what was right and would have no difficulty in settling the matter amicably.

An editorial in the local Courier-Herald in commenting on the case declares: "If our civilization has progressed to the point we claim, it is time to stop 'white-washing' a crime because it is a case of a white man against a Negro."

The three whites were arrested but one has already been acquitted and cases of the other two will undoubtedly be thrown out of court.

Hear Walter Trumbull, the United States soldier and student, next Friday night at North Side Turner Hall, on "What Imperialism Means to the Hawaiian Sugar Workers."

POLICE TORTURE WORKERS TAKEN IN MASS RAIDS

Communist Is Killed in Prison

BELGRADE, Jugo-Slavia, March 2—The unheard of outrages, tortures and maltreatment of arrested workers in Belgrade still continues. The prisoners are beaten till they bleed so that even a part of the bourgeois press has protested. The Belgrade paper Nowosti, which printed a report about the tortures and maltreatment of Kosta Nowakowitsch, was confiscated.

Eye-witnesses tell that police chained some of the workers so that their hands became blue and swollen. Altho the prisoners are kept isolated from the external world, news has leaked out telling about the outrages and maltreatments.

In a letter of one of the imprisoned workers it states: "On Friday, at 9 in the evening there was heard an awful shouting from room No. 5 of the Glayastcha.

"After five minutes a worker was carried out dead. "One does not know who the murdered man is. In the Glayastcha there are over 160 political prisoners. "As there is no ventilation in the cells, the air is so bad in the morning that one can scarcely lift the head and many prisoners are getting fainting fits.

"New prisoners are always being brought in." It is believed that the worker is Joschka Jorza, who some days previous had his limbs broken. After breaking some of his bones they continued to torture him. He lay unconscious for two days. The police wanted to force him to "confess" that he had made anti-militarist propaganda.

Nowosti declares as follows on the persecutions and arrests: "Nobody is allowed to see the prisoners. All Communists were punished with 15 days' imprisonment for invented crimes. After this it is clear to anybody what sort of material proof the police possessed when it arrested them and threw them into prison.

"The entire way of proceeding of the police up to now is a brutal neglect of the law and arbitrary force."

A Communist Classic The Theory and Practice of LENINISM by I. STALIN



The principles of our great leader—his contribution to Communist theory—his service to the world Communist movement—
All these are the subject of this booklet, written by a close co-worker of LENIN and the present secretary of the Russian Communist Party. It is one of those splendid contributions sure to remain a classic of Communist literature.

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Meat Market Restaurant
IN THE SERVICE OF THE CONSUMER. Bakery deliveries made to your home.
FINNISH CO-OPERATIVE TRADING ASSOCIATION, Inc. (Workers organized as consumers)
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Due to the volume of Worker correspondence that comes to our office every day and the necessity often to ask for more detailed information and send suggestions and instructions, we make the following request from our Worker Correspondents:

At the top of each page of your manuscript, in the right hand corner, write in plain hand, if you do not use typewriter, your name, address and date. At the end of your manuscript add a note stating whether you wish your name to be used and any other instructions regarding the signing of your article.

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J. LOUIS ENGBAHL WILLIAM F. DUNNE MORITZ J. LOEB Editors Business Manager

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Advertising rates on application.

The Campaign Against the Foreign Born

"Keep Your Mouth Shut or Get Out of the Country"

By I. AMTER.

If you don't like this country, go back to the country you came from. This is what every foreign-born worker has to face whenever he complains about conditions in this country.

How much hypocrisy there is in this statement! It emanates too often from the mouths of capitalists, who themselves depend to a large extent upon the foreign-born workers for cheap, unskilled labor.

These are the same capitalists who are not in favor of restricted immigration, but prefer that the silent man of the White House (who is doing a lot of empty talking these days) should have the power to admit foreign-born workers above the quota, "provided industry needs them."

rope—in a few states—and altogether the unstable state of things will reflect on America. Economic conditions in the United States may not be serious at the present time, but the decline of European industry will immediately have a reaction on the United States.

Billie Against Foreign-Born. This campaign is bound to become more intense, as conditions get worse. The capitalists therefore have introduced thru their representatives in the government bills to coerce the foreign-born workers.

knowledge of the authorities. At any time, at any place, an officer of the law will be allowed to stop a man and ask for his registration card. This is terrorization of the brazenest kind.

Organize to Protect Selves. COUNCILS for the Protection of the Foreign-Born Workers must be the answer of the working class to the challenge of Coolidge and the capitalist attempts to terrorize the foreign-born.

Even though they may not be deported, the attacks, discrimination and general leveling of the Negro to a status below that of the foreign-born, make it imperative that the Negro workers become a powerful factor in these councils.

Local and national councils for the Protection of the Foreign-Born Workers are the demand of the hour. Every foreign-born worker, all trade unions, and especially those containing a percentage of foreign-born workers—but in reality all organized labor must recognize the danger of the present situation.

The Binba Decision

Acquitted of blasphemy and convicted of sedition is the verdict in the now famous Binba case at Brockton. If the law were followed the verdict would have been just the reverse—Binba was beyond dispute guilty of blasphemy and under any blasphemy law would have been convicted for his utterances.

Communism exposes the swindle of religion to ridicule and contempt, we wantonly and maliciously revile god and religion and everything connected with them.

By marshalling incontrovertible facts of science we prove that every tenet of religion is baseless; there can be no god, there is no future existence. By proving to the workers that this existence is the all in all we blast their hope for compensation in realms beyond the clouds for their earthly misery.

Because of the march of scientific knowledge and the fact that no intelligent person longer believes in the existence of a god—despite the ravings of such mental vacuumers as the Brockton shoe manufacturer's prosecuting attorneys—the petty judge of the shoe barons' domains was forced to throw the blasphemy charge out of court.

Of course, the case will be appealed to a higher court. Meanwhile Communists will insist upon criticizing the United States government and the government of Massachusetts and the city of Brockton, in order to arouse the masses against the despotism of the rule of the capitalist lackeys.

Communists do not advocate force and violence and other means of terrorism to overthrow the government of the country. We simply point to the historical fact that no ruling class surrenders without a struggle even after it is rebuked and despised by the overwhelming masses of society and only exists thru terror as a fetter upon further development of social forces.

There is a vast difference between inciting to violence and predicting the outcome of the class struggle upon the basis of the lessons of history.

"Old Doc" Evans Administers the Dope

That every department of the capitalist press reeks with poison for the working class is proved by a recent screed appearing in "Old Doc" Evans' column in the Chicago Tribune, purporting to deal with the death rate as compared with the birth rate in the Soviet Union.

Even a dopest ought to know better than to utter such inane twaddle. It is indeed grotesque to read the assertion that Lenin proved Marxism to be impractical, when it was Lenin who rescued Marxism from the hands of the social-democratic agents of the bourgeoisie who tried to warp his revolutionary teachings so they would serve to conceal imperialist designs.

If "Old Doc" Evans' opinions on matters pertaining to health are as faulty and unscientific as his deductions regarding contemporary history and his readers follow his advice the death rate among Tribune readers must be appalling.

Fortunately few who read this space-filler take him seriously as one who is a really good physician doesn't need to devote himself to such questionable literary (?) tasks as conducting a "health column" for a capitalist sheet.

The imperialist war to subdue Morocco and force the population to become subservient to French imperialism has been resumed with the close of the rainy season. It is to be hoped that the Riff tribesmen have been able to mine the earth with high explosives so they can blast the invaders' carcasses back across the Mediterranean.

Secretary of Labor Davis is to run for governor of the state of Pennsylvania, which will leave a vacancy in the strikebreaker president's cabinet. Perhaps John L. Lewis will now realize his reward for his long groveling before the capitalist class and his recent shameful betrayal of the cause of the anthracite miners by securing the long-coveted job as secretary of labor.

Every red-blooded Chicagoan should turn out and welcome Trumbull, who defied American imperialism in the army of occupation in Hawaii, when he arrives here next Thursday evening at eight o'clock.

Get a member of the Workers Party and a new subscription for The DAILY WORKER.

Why We Formed the Hawaiian Communist League

By WALTER M. TRUMBULL.

The Hawaiian Communist League was formed on or about Feb. 14, 1925. The executive committee was chosen and plans for the work of the different branches were drawn up and instructions given to the members.

Wishing to wait for the answer from Moscow before making any more elaborate plans, we decided to do only the work already planned. I drew plans for a membership card which met with the approval of the committee but these were never printed as we were jailed the next day.

On Feb. 19 the enlisted men and officers of the 21st U. S. Regt. of Infantry were given an unusual order. The order was to the effect that they were to assemble in front of their respective companies at one o'clock in field uniform.

While in the guardhouse, Crouch was so mistreated that he had to be sent to the hospital. He was

and typed. The three members of the executive committee signed it and Nadeau and I took it to the postoffice and mailed it. We had already made a mistake, however. Eugene V. Fisher, the hired spy of Lt. Col. John B. Murphy, the assistant chief of staff of the Hawaiian division, had seen the letter written and signed.

Wishing to wait for the answer from Moscow before making any more elaborate plans, we decided to do only the work already planned. I drew plans for a membership card which met with the approval of the committee but these were never printed as we were jailed the next day.

While in the guardhouse, Crouch was so mistreated that he had to be sent to the hospital. He was



Walter M. Trumbull was welcomed at the Chicago Depot at 7:30 o'clock Thursday.

A group of about twelve officers including the Lt. Col. before mentioned came into the quadrangle and proceeded to question each company commander. When they reached the service company they called Crouch from the supply section and Nadeau and I from the band section, ordered us up to the orderly room and placed a guard of about seven or eight military police over us.

HUDSON MOTOR COMPANY OWNERS MAKE \$4,300 ON EACH \$10 INVESTED

A profit more than one and a third times the entire value of the company's extensive plants is the record made by the Hudson Motor Car Co. thru the high-speed exploitation of its employees in 1925. The total profits of the 3 years from 1923 to 1925 were more than 3 times the average value of the plant used during that period.

Starting in 1909 with an investment of about \$100,000 represented by 10,000 shares of \$10 par value stock, the company has grown to a net worth of over \$43,000,000 almost entirely thru the re-investment of excess profits made during the period.

Small Holder Gets Small End. But of course, when labor is asked to join the investing class the best that it is offered is a 7 per cent preferred stock. And at the end of 17 years each \$120 (12 months at \$10) so invested would increase to about \$3,300 if all dividends were re-invested, an amount somewhat short of the \$50,000 which would result from \$120 invested by the owners of industry, without reinvesting their enormous cash dividends.

Hudson's current dividend rate is \$3 a year on each share of stock. But as each original \$10 share has blossomed into 100 shares this means a regular annual return of \$300 in cash on each \$10 invested in 1909. A regular 300 per cent cash dividend is rather better than the 7 per cent which wage earners draw on their scattered holdings in preferred stock.

ATLANTA SCHOOL HEADS FEAR TEACHING OF EVOLUTION THEORY

(Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, March 2.—(FP)—Atlanta, Georgia public schools are being investigated to find whether any teacher is trying to put over evolution theories to students. The investigating committee of the board of education has been appointed but what action will be taken against offending teachers, if any are found, is not yet known.

Pennsylvania Miners Help Zeigler Defense

(Special to The Daily Worker) AVELLA, Pa., Mar. 2.—Local No. 2381 of the United Mine Workers of America at its last meeting adopted a strong resolution expressing solidarity with the Zeigler miners whom the government is trying to railroad to jail on a frame-up charge of conspiracy and attempt to murder.

BRITISH TRADE UNION DELEGATION REPORTS CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH INDIAN JUTE WORKERS MUST TOIL

NEW YORK, March 2.—Strong trade unions; primary education; cooperative societies—these are the three essentials for improving the lot of Indian workers, the Dundee jute workers' union delegation to India reports in the London Herald. Tom Johnston, M. P., and John F. Sime, secretary Dundee Union of Jute and Flax Workers, composed the British delegation.

Defend Right to Teach Evolution

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, March 2.—(FP)—Defense of the right of educators to teach evolution was voiced by the National Education Association, in the final session of its convention in Washington. Fifteen thousand members had attended.

Conditions Appalling

Indian jute workers suffer all the abuses which led Bombay cotton mill workers to strike last September: all sorts of wage deductions for fines, getting a job, advancing, keeping the foreman friendly, etc. The workers are constantly in debt to money lenders who charge up to 300 per cent yearly interest. The British unionists report their amazement at seeing "that the authorities had planted cheap alcohol and opium shops all over the mill area."