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AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

ONLY a short time ago the capitalist lie mills had Zinoviev's troops attacking Trotsky's troops and both were having each other arrested or besieged in the Kremlin. A Honolulu editor mistook that ancient edifice for a prominent member of the Russian Communist Party, and when a private in the United States army pointed out his mistake the editor called up the authorities and the private got forty years in jail.

THE discussion in the ranks of the Russian Communist Party on the theoretical position of Trotsky was a hot one, and it is no secret that the former war minister was flattened out like a pancake, politically, after the discussion was over. The counter-revolutionists, the yellow socialists, the liberals and the intelligentsia rushed to his assistance. The 2 1/2 internationalists grasped, like drowning men, at this latest straw of hope that blew their way. Perhaps they might yet be saved from oblivion! Trotsky in the meantime was saying nothing but taking the sun in the Caucasus.

THE latest reports appearing in the capitalist press, regarding Trotsky are not of a nature to give aid and comfort to those who expected Trotsky to sulk in his tent like a disappointed Napoleon and become the center for an international opposition against the Communist International. If the reports are true, Trotsky is slated for an important position in the Soviet government and is again ready for active service. Perhaps the lie factories will have Trotsky arresting Zinoviev in a few weeks from now.

OUR scribblers never seem to realize that what is governing Russia today, is not a little group of adventurers but a powerful, well-knit and disciplined organization, with a program, a theory and a tradition. Piffle-headed historians, who present the history of the human race to us as a series of conflicts between individual leaders, without taking into consideration the social forces behind those individuals, may see in the present situation in Russia only the result of Lenin's "scheming," and not a new era in human development marking the first successful revolution of the workers and peasants against the capitalists and feudal landowners.

COMMUNISTS do not minimize the importance of men of genius like Lenin, Marx, Engels and other intellectual giants who have charted the stormy sea of the future for the working class. They helped to fashion history. But they also know that no man or group of men no matter how brilliant can build an enduring structure on a principle that is not in harmony with economic evolution. The Union of Socialist Soviet Republics (how that title must stick in the throats of the capitalist flunkies who are obliged to use it) is in harmony with evolution. It is established on the principle that those who produce the necessities of life for society, should be the rulers and that those who render no useful service should have the full social value of the product of their uselessness.

IT happens that the useful people are in the great majority, and when this great majority gets the governmental power in its hands, which means the military machine, and has the intelligence to direct that power and is sufficiently conscious of its ability to retain that power, all the bright schemes that were ever concocted could not turn back the wheels of progress one millionth part of an inch. This is the reason why the dictatorship of the proletariat in Russia is growing stronger every day, while the black dictatorships in Italy, Hungary, Bulgaria, Poland, Spain and other countries are on the verge of collapse despite the support given to them by the millions of Wall Street.

THE Russian Communist Party, the political party that directs the Soviet government, is perhaps the most remarkable organization in the history of the world. To properly understand present developments in Soviet Russia, it is not enough to read the Communist papers, but a

(Continued on page 5)

MURDER RULES BEHIND WALL OF BAYONETS

Bulgarian Government Assassinating Foes

(Special to The Daily Worker) VIENNA, April 20.—Murder most foul is being committed by the fascist Bulgarian government behind the dark wall of silence that keeps the bloody deeds of the Zankov regime hidden from the outside world, except for surreptitious information that filters out thru the barrier of bayonets that this gang of assassins have drawn around the frontiers.

If reports are not exaggerated, a campaign of murder unequalled since the mass slaughter of workers in Finland, is now raging in Bulgaria. The fascist dictatorship, tottering before the growing opposition of the workers and farmers has tried to fasten the bomb explosion on the Communist International, and on the Communist Party of Bulgaria, the only organization that is capable of rallying the masses in the struggle for freedom.

Four hundred Communists have been executed, say news dispatches. In fact, so cruel and heartless has been the policy of the white terrorist General Tzaroff, that the army is revolting against his excesses and going over to the revolutionists. King Boris, who is a mere tool in the hands of the fascist has been made the hero of the latest crisis. The fascist hope that thru the publicity manufactured by his press agent relating to his involuntary participation in the first of the latest series of bomb incidents, that the queen of Roumania will allow her parasite daughter to marry Boris.

Court martial law rules in Bulgaria. Sharp fights are taking place all over the country between the revolutionists and the fascist and it is too early to predict the outcome. Bulgaria today asked permission of the inter-allied military commission to raise an additional 10,000 troops to enable them to crush the opposition. This indicates the seriousness of the situation. An additional recruitment of 3,000 was recently allowed by the council of ambassadors. Jugo-Slavia is protesting against any further increase in the Bulgarian army.

Snow Covers Northern Minnesota. DULUTH, Minn., April 20.—This city and surrounding territory today is blanketed by four and one-half inches of snow. Temperatures registered 32 degrees above early today.

Kurds Renew Activities. CONSTANTINOPLE.—The Kurdistan rebels have renewed their activities against the Turkish federals in the region of Silvan and Karameche, it was learned today.

Turks Hang 23 Kurds. CONSTANTINOPLE, April 20.—Twenty-three Kurdistan rebels were hanged today in the district of Diebekir by Turkish federal troops.

Japs Have Air Mail. TOKYO, April 20.—The Japanese air mail service was inaugurated today when the Tokyo-Osaka route was opened to the public.

Two Quakes Rock Tokyo. TOKYO, April 20.—Tokyo was rocked by two earthquakes last night and this morning, the first shock coming at midnight and the second at 6 a. m. No damage was reported.

POLISH PRIEST TO HAVE BEEN EXCHANGED GETS 6 YEAR SENTENCE

LENINGRAD, April 20.—Branislav Oussas, the Polish priest who was one of the prisoners to have been exchanged for two Polish Communists murdered while under police guard bound for the Soviet border, was sentenced to six years' imprisonment and strict isolation by the district court here. He was charged with immoral treatment of young girls in his employ.

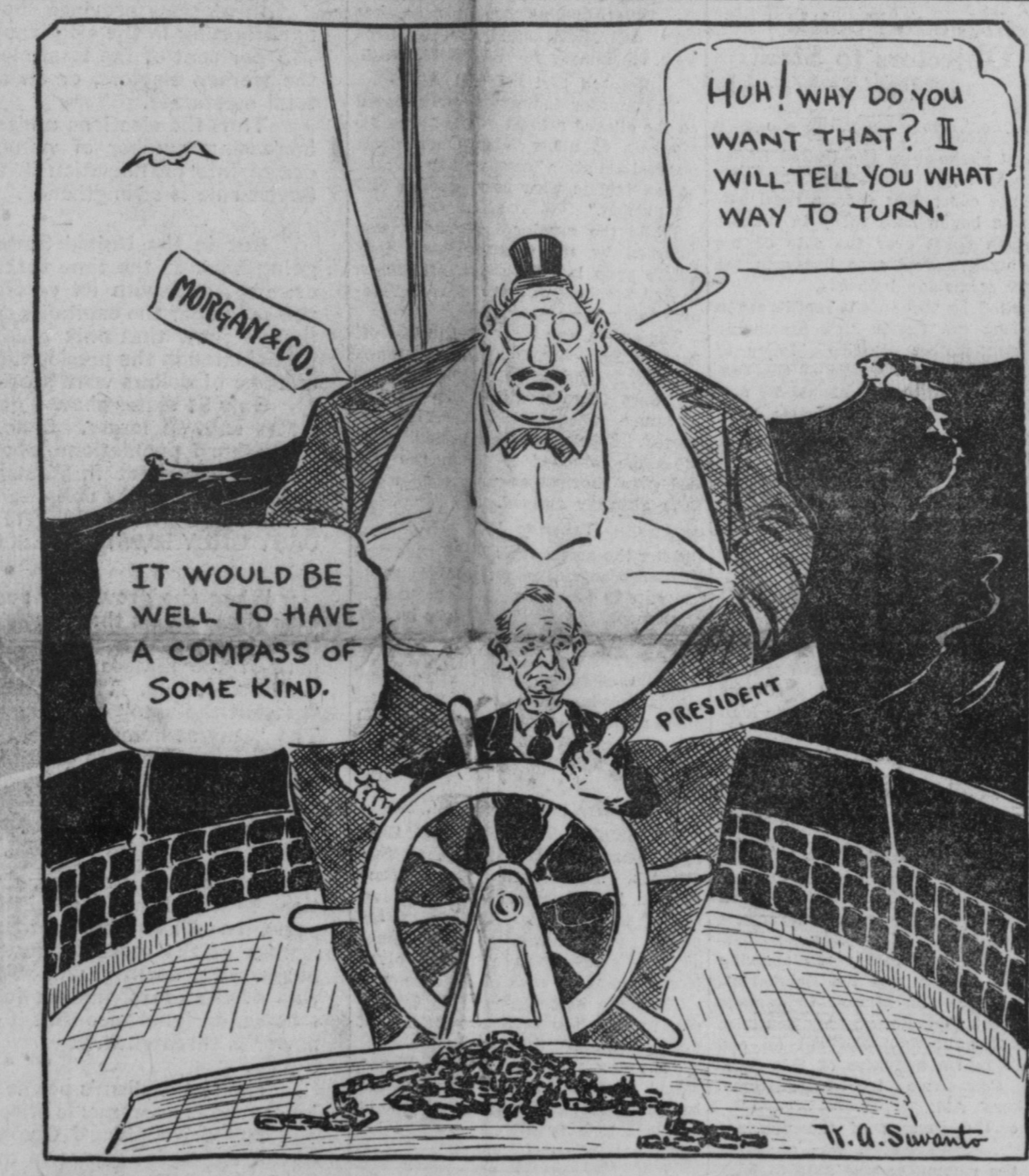
LEVIN PREVENTS "SUSPENDED" MEMBERS FROM GETTING WORK AND TRIES TO BAR THEM OUT

That the Levin-Hillman gang now trying to hold down the rank and file from revolting at the expulsions of the left wing members for daring to hold political opinions different than Abe Caham of the yellow socialist "Forward," had their tongues in their cheek when they pretended that the "suspended" members should "apply for work," is shown by the events of the last few days and a conflict yesterday morning in the A. C. W. employment office.

How They Are "Given Work." Conforming to the instruction to register at the employment office for work, the "suspended" members have faithfully carried out the instruction. But with little employment being given. Helen Kaplan was given a job, but strangely got fired after two days on the excuse that she was "working too fast."

Built War Air Fleet. In furtherance of the plan of American financial interests to build an immense fleet of commercial airplanes that may be quickly turned into war planes, the Chicago Aviation company has been formed by business men and will fly passengers and freight between Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, Detroit, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Indianapolis, Omaha and other cities.

THE HELMSMAN



COMMUNIST FOR SHOW DOWN ON FRENCH POLICY

Painleve Cabinet to Face Deputies Today

(Special to The Daily Worker.) PARIS, France, April 20.—The new Painleve cabinet will have to answer the question of Marcel Cachin, Communist leader, "What is the government's general policy?" when it faces the chamber of deputies tomorrow. This question will be hard to answer, as the socialist bloc ministry, containing minister of finance Caillaux and minister of foreign affairs Aristide Briand, is made up of men with divergent ideas.

Caillaux For Inflation. The newspapers here declare that Caillaux plans to issue bank notes in exchange for sixty billion francs of short term treasury bonds and twenty billion francs of long term bonds maturing this year, making the total note circulation 120 billion francs or three times the present figure.

Illinois Storm Kills Two. PEORIA, Ill., April 20.—A storm which swept thru Wisconsin and central Illinois and passed on thru Ohio, killed two watchmen, George Wonder and Frank Hammel, here, when the walls of a hardware store crashed in on them.

BRITISH MILITIA CALLED OUT TO CRUSH SERIOUS REVOLT IN ORANGE STATE WHERE WALES SEEKS THRILLS

BLOEMFONTEIN, Orange Free State, South Africa.—A demonstration by natives here against the English rule was put down only after the police had fired on a crowd of over four thousand natives, killing a unknown number. The military forces have been called out and the situation is regarded as serious. Many have been arrested.

The Prince of Wales, on his pleasure trip thru Africa, to demonstrate the "love" of the British imperialists for the African natives, is due here in a few weeks. Bloemfontein is the capital of the Orange Free State. The Prince of Wales, who is due to reach Capetown on April 30, is now traveling in a special train thru southern Nigeria, en route to Lagos.

GARY GLOATS OVER PROFITS AS HIS STEEL SLAVES MAKE WORLD RECORD

HOBOKEN, N. J., April 20.—Directors of the United States Steel corporation were re-elected at the annual meeting of the corporation here today. There were represented at the meeting 2,383,094 common shares out of a total of 5,083,025 outstanding and 1,452,491 preferred shares of a total of 3,602,511. Half Billion Surplus Profit.

Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the board of directors, who presided at the meeting, announced that the United States Steel corporation had undivided surplus on hand of \$517,061,308. From this amount, he said, there had been invested in new properties \$264,070,646, leaving a balance of net working assets of \$252,990,662.

Judge Gary told stockholders that the directors of the corporation had made its securities intrinsically more valuable from time to time. Increased Dividends. "We increased the dividend on the common stock," Gary declared, "by the payment of extras, so that if continued without interruption it would amount to 7 per cent. We made these

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AMALGAMATION OF ALL WOOL TEXTILE UNIONS OF BRITAIN GOING ON

NEW YORK, April 20.—That the amalgamation movement in the textile unions of Great Britain has reached formidable proportions is testified to in information received here by the Fairchild publications which list as committed to amalgamation into one organization of all unions in the British wool textile trade the following unions:

The National Union of Textile workers, the National Society of Woolcombers, the Wool Yarn and Warehouse Workers Union, the Scottish Textile Workers' Union Dunfermline; the Brechin Mill and Factory Operatives' Union, the Dundee and District Calender Workers' Union, the Scottish Textile Workers Union, Kilmacdy; the Dundee and District Union of Jute and Flax Workers and the Perth Textile Workers' Union. Combined membership of these unions is approximately 95,000.

COMMUNISTS OF MEXICO AND U. S. JOIN IN PLAN FOR SPECIAL WEEK TO WAGE FIGHT ON IMPERIALISM

(Special to The Daily Worker)

MEXICO CITY, April 11.—(By Mail.)—July 4, marking the independence of the United States from British rule, will henceforth serve as a symbol for the national liberation movements in all countries of the western hemisphere, which are now facing the menace not of Great Britain but of the all-devouring empire of Wall Street.

Accepting unanimously a proposition presented in the name of the Workers (Communist) Party of America, the third annual congress of the Communist Party of Mexico, now in session, went on record in favor of denominating the week ending July 4 as "anti-imperialist week" thruout America.

During this week meetings will be held, special editions of Communist and other anti-imperialist periodicals will be published, demonstrations will be staged in front of American consulates, etc. An effort will be made to enlist the co-operation of labor and peasant organizations, student leagues and all other anti-imperialist groups in North, South and Central America.

Greetings from United States. Greeting the congress of the Mexican Party in the name of the sister organization of the north, Manuel Gomez, fraternal delegate from the Workers (Communist) Party of America, emphasized the growing importance of a united struggle against American imperialism and presented a number of concrete proposals for common action, all of which were adopted.

The congress also adopted a resolution of protest against the interference of the United States in the Tacna-Arica controversy between Chile and Peru and called upon the Chilean and Peruvian peoples to hold their governments responsible for having accepted such interference. The appointment of General Pershing to administer the plebiscite was especially stigmatized and an appeal to the solidarity of the peoples of the two South American countries was issued.

Another resolution denounced the American occupation of Santo Domingo, Haiti and sections of the territory of Central America by armed forces of the United States.

Bare Crimes in Central America. The fraternal delegate from the Communist Party of Central America reported on the crimes of the Orellana government in Guatemala, openly supported by the United States government. In Guatemala there is no such thing as freedom of press and even the right to strike is denied. Hundreds of workers have been thrown into jail and submitted to the most extreme tortures for activities in behalf of their class. The Communist Party of Central America is forced to exist as an illegal organization. Even the issuance of a simple strike leaflet is severely castigated. The Communist Party of Central America appeals to working class organizations thruout America to take up its fight for freedom of press and the right to strike in Guatemala.

U. S. Capitalism Dominates. American capitalists dominate Guatemala, Salvador, Honduras, Nicaragua, Costa Rica and Panama. They own the public utilities, mines and railroad lines. In the banana-producing regions the United Fruit company is lord and master, with the local governments ever ready to send troops in case of working class resistance.

Bertram D. Wolfe, delegate of the Mexican Party to the Fifth Congress of the Comintern, reported to the congress (Continued on page 6.)

Convention Agree to Surrender its Powers. The others are kindly provided by the union officialdom, three to be appointed (Continued on page 6.)

PROTEST ON RED ARRESTS BRINGS SPEEDY ACTION

War Department Will Be More Lenient

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 20.—Following the storm of protest that swept the country over the barbarous sentences of 40 and 26 years meted out to two Hawaiian soldiers for being Communists, the war department announced today a policy of greater leniency for military prisoners.

New regulations provide that prisoners may become eligible for parole after completing one-third of their sentences, although nine months must have been served. Prisoners at Governor's Island, New York; Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, and Alcatraz Island, San Francisco, are affected.

The extremely heavy sentences given Paul Crouch and Walter Trumbull, stationed at Schofield barracks, Honolulu, for no other reason than that they declared themselves Communists in sympathy with Soviet Russia, drew the attention of the American workers to the persecution of soldiers by the war department.

Blue Blood's Dance at Lexington Celebration. BOSTON, Mass., April 20.—The celebration of the 150th anniversary of the battle of Lexington is being held by the New England business men and public officials will end at three o'clock tomorrow morning when the military ball given by Governor Fuller to a crowd of selected blue bloods will terminate.

CHINESE IN SEATTLE, IN MEMORY OF SUN YAT SEN, JOIN HANDS WITH THE WHOLE WORKING CLASS

(Special to The Daily Worker) SEATTLE, Wash., April 14.—(By Mail.)—For the first time in history, the Chinese of this city have officially and otherwise participated in a gathering of working class organizations, exchanging and accepting courteous invitations, thus demonstrating that the Chinese masses are moving fast onward. The occasion was furnished when the city central committee of the Workers Party, thru a special committee extended an initiative to the Kuomintang of this city, to participate in the commemoration of the death of Sun

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JUDGE BARS ALL WHEELER DEALS AFTER ARREST

Ruling Gives Defense Big Victory

GREAT FALLS, Mont., April 20.—The defense in the trial of Senator Burton K. Wheeler of Montana, on charges of misuse of office scored an important victory today in a ruling handed down in federal court here by Judge Frank E. Dietrich.

Upholding a motion by Senator Walsh, chief defense counsel, the court barred the prosecution from introducing evidence or testimony relating to government oil permits that were not actually pending before the interior department in January, 1923, the time when Wheeler's indictment charged he illegally received a fee to appear before Washington authorities relative to permits of Gordon Campbell, Montana oil operator and his associates.

Blow to Prosecution.

The decision, admittedly, was a great blow to prosecution, which was attempting to implicate Wheeler in all of Campbell's permits. The government must now confine itself to a narrowly restricted number of Campbell's permits and show Wheeler's activities in behalf of those specific assignments.

Expressing disappointment at the ruling, John L. Slattery, United States district attorney, announced that on the remaining permits held admissible by the court he would prove that Wheeler after elected to the senate actually received \$4,000 from Campbell to straighten out oil land troubles in Washington.

Relevancy of the permits was brot up when Walsh moved to bar testimony of H. J. Coleman, attorney for the California Oil company, relative to the company's purchase of a permit assigned to Louis E. Lincoln, employe of Campbell. Wheeler and Campbell attended a meeting here in February, 1923, when there was alleged to have been discussion of reassignment of the Lincoln permit to Tom Stout, ex-congressman from Montana. Approval of the interior department was necessary to make the transfer.

"Don't Worry!" Said Wheeler.

Coleman was to testify, Slattery told the court, that Wheeler assured the oil men:

"Don't worry, there's a Montana attorney in the interior department, Eddie Booth (Edwin S. Booth, former solicitor) who will help out the Montana boys."

This testimony was barred by Walsh's motion.

Booth, here as a defense witness, was indicted in Washington with Wheeler and Campbell on charges of conspiracy to defraud the government out of government oil and gas lands.

GARY GLOATS OVER RECORD STEEL PROFITS

Half Billion Surplus Besides Big Divvy

(Continued from page 1)

increases as soon and in amounts as large as practicable, reasonable and wise, taking everything into account.

"The present management of the steel corporation will manage its affairs in every respect just as any reasonable, sensible stockholder would like to have them."

Breaks World Steel Production Record

GARY, Ind., April 20.—The Illinois Steel company, a subsidiary of the United States Steel corporation broke the world's record for total steel production in one month's time during March, it was shown by official figures made public last night.

The Gary works in March produced 224,021 gross tons of pig iron, 329,418 gross tons of open hearth steel ingots and 309,676 net tons of coke. This world's record stream of steel was rolled into rails, billets, blooms, slabs, plates, axles, rolled steel wheels and merchants' bars and shapes. The total shipment of these finished products amounted to 254,308 gross tons.

The Illinois Steel company is a subsidiary of the United States Steel corporation with 14,000 men in the steel plant and more than 8,000 others in other subsidiary plants at Gary.

Quezon Protest Ship Sale.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 20.—Manuel Quezon, president of the Philippine senate, has cabled President Coolidge protesting against the sale of the five government steamships to the Robert Dollar steamship line, on the ground that the transfer will create a monopoly of shipping facilities to the Orient.

Quiet Funeral for Sargent

LONDON, April 20.—Quiet funeral services attended only by relatives and intimate friends were held today for John Singer Sargent, world famous painter. Two wreaths lay on the dull metal coffin, one from his sister, and one from the royal academy, of which he was a member.

SOVIET RUSSIA REFUSES TO TAKE PART IN PARLEY OF WORLD ROBBERS

GENEVA, Switzerland, April 20.—Soviet Russia has refused to participate in the forthcoming conference proposed by the league of nations relative to the control of traffic in arms.

The league of nations was formed by the capitalistic world powers to divide up the small and defenseless nations.

Mexico Dodges Arms Conference

GENEVA, April 20.—The secretariat of the league of nations today announced that Mexico had refused to participate in the international arms conference at Geneva May 4.

Levin Blacklists Suspended Members

(Continued from page 1)

foreman told Aronberg to come to work the next day. Levin's brother said nothing while Aronberg was there. But the next day when Aronberg appeared for work, the same foreman said, "Your record was looked up in the office, and I'm sorry, but we can't hire you."

Blacklisted For Advocating Amalgamation

Aronberg's "record" in the Hart, Schaffner and Marx shop is a blacklist against him since 1916, when for union activities, in his fight for amalgamation, put him in bad with the firm. Apparently it has put him in bad now with the Levin dynasty.

Sam Levin and his crowd have continually spread the rumor that the "suspended" members don't want work and even refuse it when offered. The above nails that lie, as does the new attempt, tried yesterday, to prevent the "suspended" members from even coming to the employment office.

The Abe Cahan-Hillman-Levin Espionage Act

Helen Kaplan, was instructed by her local to apply for work. Yesterday in the employment office the other members gathered around her wishing to discuss the discrimination practised against the left wing and, apparently not conceiving that the officials have passed a little private espionage act, wished to talk with her about the class struggle in general.

Quite a crowd of union members were gathered, when Charles Burr, financial secretary of the joint board, called her aside and told her "You'll have to leave this place."

"Why?" asked Helme Kaplan, as the furtive and mysterious air of Burr seemed to indicate that he had been browsing among the latest pages of some Sherlock Holmes tale.

"Why, you are doing the same thing now as for what we expelled you," he said, forgetting that it was technically a "suspension."

"What is that?" she asked.

"Talking to people," Burr replied, heatedly, "and making them dissatisfied."

"Do they hang persons for talking to people, nowadays, or do they just put them in prison for twenty years," Kaplan retorted.

Burr replied, "I got my orders to put you out of here." Then as the crowd of members got more and more interested, he got more angry and demanded her employment registration card. "Don't give it to him," cried the crowd.

Business agents, began to appear. These worthies who had previously tried, by order of the Levin machine, to take part in arguments, but had always gotten the worst of it, did not appear to be favored by the crowd of workers.

"Who is that fellow, a gangster?" asked one worker.

"No, that's a business agent," replied a second worker.

"But, what's the difference between a business agent and a gangster?" interjected a third worker.

Sam Levin, lord high executioner, arrived, wearing his medal of dishonor presented by the Polish government for loyal services rendered.

Said Levin: "Come along to my office, I want to talk with you."

Helen Kaplan protested that she could be talked to right where she was. "That's it," cried a business agent gangster, "she wants to talk in front of the people here."

"But They Feared the Multitude"

Levin then ordered her to leave the office and told her that she was not allowed there by his orders. "You register, and we will notify you when to come for work."

Kaplan stood her ground. "That's a fake you're trying to put over to start the same lies as before about the suspended members not wanting

WORKERS' RELIEF FILM WILL SHOW IN UTICA APRIL 30, NOT MAY 1.

UTICA, N. Y., April 20.—To avoid conflict with a May Day meeting the Italian committee for International Workers' Aid in Utica, N. Y., has advanced the date of its showing of "The Beauty and the Bolshevik" to April 30, instead of May 1.

ANOTHER ILLINOIS MINE CLOSES THROWING HUNDREDS OUT OF WORK

WEST FRANKFORT, Ill., April 20.—Eight hundred and fifty miners will find themselves without employment Wednesday when Old Ben Mine No. 8 here suspends operations indefinitely it was announced today.

KLUXER CHARGED WITH MURDEROUS ATTACK JAILED

Gives Up After Two Days in Hiding

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 20.—David C. Stephenson, ex-grand dragon of the K. K. K. in Indiana, was arrested at 9:45 o'clock this morning by Sheriff Omer Hawkins on an indictment charging him with first degree murder in connection with the tragic death of Miss Madge Oberholtzer, 28, daughter of a respected local family.

He was accompanied by Earl Gentry and Earl Klenck, his lieutenants charged with him in the murder indictment.

Habeas corpus proceedings will be commenced immediately as ball is not allowed. Stephenson and his co-defendants spent the week-end in a nearby town.

Indicted After Death.

Already charged with criminally attacking the girl who died from the effects of self administered poison, Stephenson was indicted for murder following her recent death. Klenck and Gentry are Stephenson's lieutenants.

Miss Oberholtzer's death was traced to poison she swallowed after a trip to Hammond, Ind., in a sleeping car during which Stephenson is alleged to have criminally attacked her. Klenck and Gentry were listed in the indictment as accomplices, but they were held equally responsible with Stephenson for the girl's death.

Refused Girl Medical Aid.

The murder indictment was based on the alleged refusal of the three defendants to allow Miss Oberholtzer medical aid after "causing her to take poison tablets thru fear, duress and compulsion."

While the murder indictment was returned by the county grand jury before noon last Saturday, all efforts to find Stephenson and the co-defendants today were unavailing.

The arrest was made in the law offices of Eph Inman, chief defense counsel. Stephenson, Klenck and Gentry were there awaiting the arrival of Inman, when Sheriff Hawkins appeared. Stephenson explained that the three intended to go to the jail and give themselves up as soon as their attorney arrived.

Taken to Jail.

After the arrest the sheriff escorted the defendants to an automobile waiting outside and hurried them to the Marion county jail. They were locked up, after telephoning Inman.

County Prosecutor Remy was convinced that Inman would attempt to obtain freedom for his clients thru habeas corpus proceedings. In Indiana persons charged with murder cannot be admitted to bail.

Kluxer to Stay in Jail.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 20.—Eph Inman, attorney for D. C. Stephenson, Earl Gentry and Earl Klenck, jointly indicted for the murder of Miss Madge Oberholtzer, appeared in the Marion county criminal court this afternoon and filed pleas in abatement for each of his clients.

The state immediately filed demurrers to the pleas and Judge James A. Collins sustained the demurrers.

Following the court action, Inman stated that no further action would be taken today nor would any attempt be made to have Stephenson and his lieutenants released from jail.

Misuse Bakers' Label.

MINNEAPOLIS, April 20.—The People's Bakery Co., inc., is in court in Minneapolis defending itself against the charge by Bakers' Local 231, of using the union label without authority. The company is using strikebreakers and has an injunction forbidding picketing, but used the label just the same, a misdemeanor under the law. The bakery which broke its agreement with the union, is backed by the open-shop citizens' alliance.

Cashier Suicides; Bank Closes.

OSCOLA, Ia., April 19.—This city was stunned today by the suicide of Roy A. Downs, cashier of the Osceola National Bank, and subsequent closing of the bank by national bank examiners.

The body was found in the city park by James Jackson and James Glass, friends of the banker, who had been searching for him all night.

Plot Against Jap Premier.

TOKYO, April 20.—A plot to assassinate Premier Kato was revealed today, according to the Tokyo vernacular press, when police arrested Takachi Omichi charged with being the head of the conspiracy. Evidence discovered on Omichi, the police declared, involved opposition politicians.

Abolish Night Baking.

The social effect of Mattapan, the newly invented bread that keeps fresh for 2 years in sealed tins, will be the abolition of the curse of night baking, the Bakers' Journal, organ of the Bakery & Confectionery Workers' International Union, points out.

Munding Gets 22 Years

WHEATON, Ill., April 20.—George Munding, Chicago riding master, was convicted by a jury here of the murder of his common-law wife, Julia Abb Douglas and sentenced to 22 years in prison.

Jugo-Slavs Plan Naval Base.

BELGRADE.—The Jugo-Slavian government has authorized credits necessary for the enlargement of the Port Slobanico on the Adriatic Sea and the erection of a ship yard, making that city the chief naval base of Jugo-Slavia.

Quake in Tokio

TOKYO, April 20.—Tokio experienced a slight earthquake late this afternoon. The earth tremors lasted thirty seconds. No damage has been reported.

The Intelligent Worker Is the Staunchest Ally of Fight for Communism

By J. LOUIS ENGDahl.

TODAY presents an opportunity for comparing the number of voters participating in elections in the United States, under capitalist rule, and in the Russian workers' republics under Soviet rule. The actual figures give the Soviet republic a staggering lead over this capitalist republic. Under Soviet rule the masses are being drawn into participation in Soviet public life, while in the United States many sections of the country show an actual falling off in the number of eligible voters who went to the polls in last year's elections.

In making this comparison there is this great difference to be kept in mind. The United States has its list of "eligible voters," a selected list of the "best citizens," native born or naturalized. In many states those who pay certain taxes only are allowed to vote. There are also residential qualifications, while in the South there are many restrictions, of various kinds, on voting by Negroes. The United States, therefore, in its "eligible voters" has a "selected list" to start with.

In the figures for Russian Soviet rule we find no such phrase as "eligible voters." All have the right of franchise, a few bourgeois alone excepted. Even the most backward masses among the peasants, but recently freed from the black oppression of czarism, are drawn into the electoral struggle. Yet here are some of the facts:

In the province of Kiev from 50 to 70 per cent of the peasants participated in the elections.

In some of the districts of the Artemovsk province as many as 80 per cent of the electors participated.

In Moscow province the average proportion of electors participating in the elections to village Soviets held so far is 78.7 per cent of the total men electors, and 49.1 per cent of the women electors, or an average of 63.9 per cent of the total electorate.

Thus the elections under Soviet rule are featured by an increasing number of women and peasant voters being drawn into participation in this phase of public life. Thus Soviet rule is strengthened.

But in the United States, with the right of franchise going back to the time that the first settler arrived in this country, and with its carefully "selected list" of "eligible voters" under the capitalist dictatorship that rules today, the figures show that only 50.92 per cent of "eligible voters" participated in the presidential election last November, when millions of dollars were spent "to get out the vote."

Only 31 states show a gain for 1924, over 1920, while 17 states showed losses. Every southern state, with great native-born populations, showed a loss, except Mississippi and Georgia. Yet in Mississippi only 12.9 per cent of the eligibles went to the polls, and in Georgia only 11.32 per cent.

SOUTH CAROLINA, WITH 806,880 ELIGIBLE VOTERS, CAST ONLY 50,751 VOTES, OR A BARE 6.3 PER CENT.

When the growth of population is taken into account, even those states that showed slight increases, actually suffered losses. This indicates a startling indifference on the part of the masses under the fraudulent "democracy" of Wall Street rule. This indifference is stirred at times by the "get-out-the-vote" campaigns, with their barrels of money. The "stay-at-home" eligible voters are usually reactionary in politics. They are paid to go to the voting booths when the interests of "big business" are threatened, no matter whether in local, state or national elections. They cast the deciding vote on the side of ignorance and reaction.

Soviet rule, however, draws its masses into the elections to win them for the intelligent rule of the workers and peasants. The stability of Soviet rule depends on the intelligence of the most backward masses, especially the most backward peasantry, while American capitalist rule, like the rule of the czars, finds a foothold in the ignorance of the masses, an ignorance that it can call to its aid, whenever its power is threatened.

Thus capitalism's pet lie, that Bolshevism thrives where ignorance is supreme, is effectively and thoroly shattered.

The drive toward Communism thruout the Union of Soviet Republics grows in momentum as the emancipating light of a dawning mass intelligence drives out the last vestiges of czarism and capitalism.

An intelligent working class, which means a working class daily growing more class conscious, means a working class aroused against capitalism. It means an increasingly effective struggle against capitalism. It means in time, thru the intelligent exercise of the organized might of labor, the overthrow of Wall Street rule.

Capitalism has an ally in ignorance. The intelligent worker is the staunchest fighter for Communism.

POLISH WHITE TERROR EXPOSED BY RADWANSKI

Large Meetings Hear the Communist Message

Comrade Radwanski, Polish Communist leader spoke at well attended meetings in Buffalo, Niagara Falls and New York recently. The meetings were held under the auspices of the International Workers' Aid and the Polish Federation of the Workers Party.

Comrade Radwanski speaks in Brooklyn on April 23, in White Eagle Hall, 261 Briggs Avenue and in Newark on Friday evening April 24. He spoke at an open air meeting in New York last week and at an indoor meeting last Tuesday.

Comrade Radwanski's meetings have been uniformly successful and were well attended particularly by Polish workers, who were aroused against the white terror now carried on in Poland by the present government of that country.

Senate in Sham Fight for Waning Power in Courts

WASHINGTON, April 16—(FP)—Argument of the suit begun by the late Frank S. Myers, postmaster of Portland, Ore., under the Wilson administration against his summary removal from office by President Harding in 1921, has just been heard by the federal supreme court. Myers raised the issue that since the law of 1876 requires that postmasters of the first, second and third classes are to be selected and removed by the president, "by and with the consent of the senate," his removal without consent of the senate was illegal. The senate consents to a removal by approving the selection of a successor to the office. In Myers' case, no successor was approved by the senate for nearly 18 months. He sued for salary due.

At the suggestion of Chief Justice Taft, the senate selected Sen. Pepper of Pennsylvania to join Judge Will King of Oregon, counsel for Mrs. Myers, in upholding the right of the senate to determine whether a first class postmaster may be removed by the president. This assertion of the senate's right to veto removals of a political nature is new. If the president is not upheld, the patronage power of the White House will have suffered a serious curtailment.

Women Meet at Richmond, Va.

RICHMOND, Va., April 17.—Women from all parts of the country and many from Europe, gathered here today for the first general meeting of the sixth annual convention of the national league of women voters tomorrow.

No Business for Ships.

COPENHAGEN, Denmark—Operation of the American immigration laws has curtailed immigration to such an extent that the Scandinavian-American line has decided to operate only three ships between Denmark and America.

Drop British Plans.

LONDON, April 20.—Native rifle men have brought a British bombing plane down in flames near the Syrian frontier, according to a dispatch from Bagdad. Two airmen were killed.

Dirigible Waits for Weather.

LAKEHURST, N. J., April 20.—The dirigible Los Angeles will not sail for Bermuda today, as planned. It was decided weather conditions were unfavorable.

London Clocks Ahead.

LONDON—London goes on "summer time" tonight, moving the clocks ahead an hour.

HILLCREST MINE IS TIED UP BY PICKET LINE

Strikers Refuse Scab Wage Cut Contract

HILLCREST, Alta., Canada, April 16.—(By Mail)—The lockout here has developed into a strike. Blairmore, Bellevue and Coleman have signed up. Their new contract leaves conditions as before except for the wage rate.

Hillcrest men have refused to sign up as the rest of the camps, and the men are determined to save the conditions already won.

Where Wages Are Won.

The first break was when about 50 or 60 men signed up for work at the wage cut scale. The miners called a special meeting and decided to picket the mine next morning—that is today.

About five men went to work in the morning. The afternoon shift stayed at home. The fun began when the scabs had to run the gauntlet of the pickets.

Mr. "Kolchak" Evades Pickets.

One of them got clear, he was an ex-officer of Kolchak's army. Mr. "Kolchak" had better keep dodging the pickets. Everyone is satisfied with the result of the day's picketing and are confident of winning a decent contract.

We are all to be on the job—the picket line—at 6 a. m., a good turnout puts the crimp on the scabs' effort to break our solidarity.

Yesterday at Bellevue, one man met his death by gas, another today got both legs broken. A good start for open shop conditions.

A Postscript on Mr. "Kolchak."

Later—Only one man worked on the shift just over, and he lives inside the picket lines. And today Mr. "Kolchak" got his trimming. So after all our picket line was very effective.

Charge Fleischmann Yeast Firm Makes Bootleggers' Alcohol

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 20.—Attorney General Sargent has announced that the force of "investigation" of the Standard Oil trust, the Fleischmann Yeast company and the General Electric company, under the anti-trust laws, will be continued by him.

The Fleischmann Yeast company will be investigated for the manufacture and sale of industrial alcohol. Mrs. Mabel Walker Willebrandt, it is recalled, when testifying before the House committee investigating the treasury department, criticized the failure of the treasury and prohibition department to initiate action against the Fleischmann Yeast company.

The dry unit has evidence, she charged, that the yeast company is manufacturing alcohol that eventually finds its way into the bootleg trade.

Trouble for Italian Gamblers.

ROME—A stock exchange crisis is developing as a result of the government restrictions placed on trading. Leading exchanges are curtailing operations and have requested the government to permit the exchanges to close until May, pending the working out of the government's financial policy.

Shepherd Claims, "Not Guilty!"

"Not guilty!" This was the formal answer which William D. Shepherd today sent ringing thru a courtroom here in reply to the state's charge that he murdered William Nelson McClintock, his foster son, by inoculating him with typhoid germs.

Wood for Cheap Dollar Rule.

MANILA.—In pursuance with a drastic policy of economy Governor General Leonard Wood intends weeding out all unnecessary government employes, reducing the present personnel at least thirty per cent, it was learned here today.

THIS PAGE

Is Devoted to the Activity and Interests of the Trade Union Educational League

North American Section of the RED INTERNATIONAL OF LABOR UNIONS

THE T.U.E.L.

Represents the Left Wing of the Labor Movement. Its Purpose is to Strengthen the Labor Unions by Amalgamation of Existing Unions, Organization of the Unorganized, and by Replacing Reactionary and Class Collaboration Policies with a Unified Program for the Transformation of the Unions into Organs of Revolutionary Class Struggle for the Overthrow of Capitalism and the Establishment of a Workers' and Farmers' Government.

DISTRICT 18 SHOT TO HELL BY SCAB SCALE

Starvation Cure with Fakers' Aid Did It

HILLCREST, Alta., Can.—A sample of the crafty coercion that is being used by the coal operators to force over the wage cut in District 18 of the U. M. W. of A. is given in the circular letter sent all the employees of the Hillcrest collieries.

Especially to be noted is the smooth way of arguing that if the miners only take a cut in wages, they will get lots of work. This is the same poison that is being whispered into the ears of workers everywhere now, and it should be spotted by anybody at the moment the boss begins it.

Baiting the Hook with Jobs.

"What justification can there be for the present wage of 72c an hour as a minimum for ordinary labor outside the mine, all other rates being higher in proportion? You may hold out for high wages, but you get little or no work as evidenced by the fact that during the past twelve months you have only averaged a total of about 43 full days' pay. The coal operators have lost money and you have depleted your savings, but your paid agitator has flourished thru it all on money you provided him with.

Busting the Contract.

"There is ample precedent to terminate a contract which has availed the worker little, prevented the operator from obtaining business, and is therefore today an ineffective document which was forced upon us last fall against our better judgment, as evidenced by the letter addressed to our employes at that time, outlining the business position of the coal industry.

"It has been suggested that we post a scale of wages conforming to the Pernie wage scale, and this we have no hesitation in doing. You will therefore find the revised wage scale posted at the time keeper's office, and our mine manager will be at his office ready to sign on any men willing to work on this basis. As soon as a sufficient number of men are signed on, we will again open up our mines."

Fakers Don't Care.

In the face of this attack Sherman, the district president, does nothing; John L. Lewis does nothing, and the union is going to hell in District 18.

FAKERS SLEEP WHILE COMPANY UNIONS GROW

Head of Metal Trades Not Interested

By LAURENCE TODD, (Federated Press)

WASHINGTON—(FP)—April 20—Growth of company unions, under whatever name, does not alarm Secretary Berres of the metal trades department, American Federation of Labor. Despite the steady shrinkage in total membership in metal trades unions of the United States, Berres contends that the labor movement is essentially as strong as ever, and when a crisis shall come it will rally in overwhelming force.

Berres' attention was called by the Federated Press to the New York Trust company's announcement that "works councils" have grown in number from 12 in 1917 to 814 at the present time, covering plants which now employ 1,177,000 persons.

"The number of wage earners affected by the works councils," says the New York concern, which presumably is the financial agency of some of the greatest employing groups, "is now approximately 25 per cent of the total labor membership. In view of the fact that only one-fifth of this country's wage earners are members of trades unions, the rapid growth of works councils suggest the possibility that their development by

Building Trades of Cleveland May Walk Out with Glaziers

CLEVELAND—Twenty thousand union building tradesmen may be involved in a major strike of the industry in Cleveland within the next 30 days following on a strike of union glaziers, now in its sixth week. The strike began March 1 when the union, with a \$1.25 scale and a 44-hour week, was turned down on a demand for a \$1.50 scale and the 5-day week. The glaziers immediately organized a co-operative company but the bulk of the glass work has been postponed.

Contractors are considering importation of nonunion glaziers, which it is believed will precipitate a general building strike. The Building Trades Employers' Assn. offers financial support to glazing contractors in their efforts to break the strike.

UNION OFFICERS IGNORE MINERS' JOB COMPLAINTS

Agreement Works Only One Way in Mines

By A MINER (Worker Correspondent) BENTLEYVILLE, Pa., April 20—Many of the favorable conditions formerly prevailing have been lost by the miners in District Five since the officials signed the last agreement. The excuse given for not fighting the company is bad times and fear that the company will shut down the mines. On the Bentleyville Branch there are ten mines, only four of which are working, but still these cowardly officials say it is better than nothing.

The first condition that the miners lost was a rule in the mines that if a man worked in a wet place he received \$5.00 extra in two weeks. One day the company cut off this extra \$5.00 and the men refused to work unless they could get their well earned money.

Wet Work Not Paid as Agreed.

They took it up with their committee but failed to reach any agreement with the bosses. They then took it up with the board members and were given the decision that if the bosses wouldn't pay, that they would have to put the men in dry places.

This the men accepted right away. The pit boss put them in other places and hired new men who had been out of work about six months. These men were glad to get jobs under any conditions and none of them received one cent extra for working in water. That was the settlement made by our "good" officials.

The Drivers' Complaint Ignored.

Our drivers had been used to start at 6:30 in the morning to leave the stable. The mine developed so far that the drivers could not reach their working places at seven and the company fired one driver for not starting at 7:00 o'clock as the agreement called for. In fact some of these drivers had a good hour's way to travel underground before they reached their working places.

This was also taken up with the company without any result, so they called upon their board member for help. He notified them that if they could not reach their working places at seven they should leave the stable earlier or else he could not do anything for them in case they got fired and now the boss takes care of the firing part.

Waiting for Cars—To Help the Boss.

The four mines still operating are only working from two to four days a week, so the bosses are trying to get as much coal out on these days as possible. To increase their tonnage they have some picked men working every day, mostly the bosses' favored men. They fill all the empty cars in the mine from the coal knocked down by the miners the day before and when the latter come to work they have to wait from two to four hours before they get their first car.

The miners called a special meeting to stop this practice and also to stop the method used by the bosses of doubling up two men in one place. They elected a committee to meet with the bosses, but as usual they failed to get any results.

Again they asked their board member to come and help them in their fight but he told them to do the best they could, he could not help them because the company would shut down the mine if they stop these practices. The company refused to give the miners any satisfaction because they know they can get much more favorable decisions from the officials.

No Protection from the Union.

Every day some new bad condition and not a word of protest from our officials because they say we have an agreement for three years and we should be glad we are working. However the miners are beginning to see the point and getting ready for the fight, if the officials will not fight the miners are apt to take matters into their own hands.

Herrin Miner Killed.

HERRIN, Ill., April 20.—His skull crushed by a falling boulder, James Spica, 42, employe of the Consolidated Coal Co., Mine No. 7, was instantly killed today. He is survived by his widow and a son.

STEEL WORKERS VICTIMIZED BY "SAFETY FIRST"

Open Shop and Speed Up in Pittsburgh

By THOMAS (Worker Correspondent) PITTSBURGH, April 20.—"Safety first" committees have become the pet angel of the steel trust. In reality they are nothing but "open shop" propaganda committees trying to force their dope on the workers, nothing is ever given for the benefit of the workers. Here is how it works out in the mill where I am employed.

There are paid men who go around the mill every day of the week preaching how much better the place is now than it was ten years ago, and they try to convince the workers that they are in heaven, but it is the opposite, it is the worst hell it is possible to imagine "Safety Committee" Always Blames the Workers.

This safety committee is supposed to try to cut down accidents and give reasons when an accident takes place so that men could avoid them in the future. That is what they say they are doing, but there is nothing of the sort. What they do is to put the blame on the shoulders of the workers, for every accident which takes place. Regardless of whose fault it is, the workers are called careless.

There was a young worker fired because he had received a few cuts on his hands in one week. Another was fired because he refused to handle heavy bars with an injured hand. There was another worker whose job it was to oil the rolls over which white hot rails run. He could not oil them while the rolls were running, so he told the foreman to stop them, which he did, but not long enough for the worker to finish the job with the result that a hot rail went clean thru his body and killed him.

At the next "safety meeting" a paid speaker of the company came and stated that a man had been killed, and as much as the company regretted it, it is mainly thru his own carelessness and that he had no business in that spot; this, also he had been ordered there by the foreman, and then the speaker went on to state the difference in the accidents now and ten years ago.

"All Time Want More Work." A good many of the foreign born workers can see that the safety meeting is a speed-up meeting. I spoke to one today and also he could not understand the English language very good or even speak it. I asked him what he thought of the meetings he said, "All time want more work." So you see the impression that he got.

The company has its spies all over the plant who will report any talk of a union that they hear, and some excuse is immediately found to fire the one who advocates organization. The wages are so low that the workers have barely enough to live on and if any sickness takes place they have to trust to charity of others. If you are injured too bad to be able to walk to work, the company will send the ambulance to fetch you and take you home again in the evening in order to keep discontent at a minimum.

The main point is they are afraid the men will organize once again to better their conditions. They have done it once and they will do it again.

It Costs Like Hell But Unions Must Go, Says New Haven Line

WASHINGTON—(FP)—Farming out locomotive repairs by the New Haven railroad, to avoid dealing with its shop unions as ordered by the rail labor board, cost 140 per cent more than the work in its own shops. This is attested by experts for the Interstate Commerce Commission. From July 1, 1922, when the shop strike began, until the end of 1923, the New Haven paid \$3,310,798 for contract work, which could have been done in its own shops for \$1,397,634. The American Locomotive Co., the Baldwin Locomotive Co. and the Bethlehem Shipping Corp. get most of the loot.

the DAILY WORKER? Ask him! Does your friend subscribe to

Shoe Repair Men Strike for Raise

NEW YORK—(FP)—Shoe repairmen in the United Shoe Rebuilding Co.'s shops are following their fellow workers in Klein shops in striking for \$10 increase in wages and better conditions of work. The workers in Klein shops won their increase recently. Men from the United shops complain that they must work for from \$22 to \$30 a week, work 9 1/2 hours a day, and have other disagreeable features.

White Plains Barbers Win

WHITE PLAINS, April 20.—Boss barbers of White Plains have yielded without a strike to the union's demand for an hour off a day. Shops hereafter will close at seven, instead of eight at night during the week nights and at nine instead of ten on Saturday. Prices to customers will be increased slightly.

PRIZE FIGHTERS AND PREACHERS USED TO KEEP PACKING HOUSE SLAVES ENTERTAINED "PROPERLY"

By TOM MATTHEWS (Member of Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen.) The strike of 1921-1922 taught the meat packers many lessons in the art of keeping wage-slaves satisfied and unorganized. The methods range all the way from prize fights to preachers' sermons. "Anything to keep them satisfied" has replaced "Treat 'em rough" as the motto of the packers in handling the slaves.

Thus Cudahy's Omaha plant, for instance, has its "Cudahy Athletic Club." During the winter season boxing matches (prize fights) are put on for the edification of the slaves with popular stunts in the fist art on the programs. The arena is located at the plant, and the workers are duly impressed with the regard the company has for their entertainment and "welfare."

During the summer months baseball games between various departments will replace the prize-fighting exhibitions. The packers have learned that "union loyalty" can be replaced with "department loyalty." So Cudahy's pork butchers, for example, will meet Cudahy's mechanics on the diamond with the slaves from each department rooting for their respective warriors.

Armour Uses Sky Pilots.

Armour's Omaha plant has gone in pretty strongly for "bowling leagues," but since it is obvious that not all the slaves can bowl, that always-ready servant of capitalism, the sky pilot, has been rushed into the breach. In this particular instance the "Reverend Brown" delivers his regular sermon. Like all good, sincere christians the reverend appeals to his hearers to be honest and industrious, which is another way of telling the workers to be loyal wage slaves and put their faith in "god" rather than in the might of organized labor.

Dold Teaches "Co-Operation"

Dold's Omaha plant has its "fifty-fifty club" to emphasize the idea of "partnership" between employer and employe. The latest stunt of this particular company union aggregation is a co-operative grocery and meat market at which Dold's slaves can buy their foodstuffs at wholesale prices. In this respect the Dold Packing company is going a step farther than the Big Five.

"Why should we pay profits to small grocers and butchers, when we can sell to the men at no cost to ourselves and keep them satisfied," is the way the Dold company reasons.

Dold's company union (fifty-fifty club) numbers among its officers workers formerly active in the Butcher Workmen's Union and prominent in the 1921-22 strike. Packing-house leaders can be bought cheaply, but such company union traitors in the various plants are being exposed by militants of the Workers Party and Trade Union Educational League, who alone know how to combat such class collaboration poisoners.

Swifts and For "Welfare"

Swift's company has its "employees' welfare and benefit association." This is a form of group insurance administered by the company in much the same manner as are the company unions in the other plants. Swift's Omaha plant looks after the welfare of its slaves in more ways than one, as will be related in future articles.

Against organization and class solidarity the packers have mobilized preachers, prize fighters, religious and national antagonisms, company unions, co-operative stores, moving pictures, wage increases, insurance, social clubs, baseball and bowling teams, among the schemes to keep their 200,000 wage slaves divided and satisfied.

Working in close the perhaps unconscious co-operation with them are the bootlegging and gambling dens such as thrive in all meat packing centers.

NOTE:—Packinghouse workers

in the various centers are urged to write of their experiences to the T. U. E. L. page of the DAILY WORKER, particularly on such questions as:

Is the 42 1/2 cent scale for common labor adhered to?

Is there any sentiment for organization?

Are such schemes as described above, company unions, etc., used in your district?

Do religious and national antagonism keep the workers divided? Are they used openly by the packers?

Or any other problems or experience which will throw further light on the situation in the meat packing industry.

Chicago Structural Iron Workers May Go on Strike for Raise

Bridge and structural iron workers will meet in the next few days to take action on their Chicago wage scale. The existing rate of \$1.25 an hour expires May 31. It is understood that \$1.37 1/2 could be obtained without much trouble in the new agreement but \$1.50 is demanded. There are 2,500 members in the union, which handles all the important iron and steel construction in Chicago.

White Plains Barbers Win

WHITE PLAINS, April 20.—Boss barbers of White Plains have yielded without a strike to the union's demand for an hour off a day. Shops hereafter will close at seven, instead of eight at night during the week nights and at nine instead of ten on Saturday. Prices to customers will be increased slightly.

For the member of your union and your shop mates, send in a sub.

HOW THE WAR INVOLVED THE LABOR UNIONS

Became a War Between Patriotic Unionists

By A. LOSOVSKY (General Sec'y. of the Red International of Labor Unions)

Not only by the emptying of the ranks of the unions did the war attack the trade union movement, but this process also changed the old ideology, creating a new one, the ideology of the war period. This ideology in different countries had different names, but mainly it was called "war socialism." What was the main feature of this ideology which was created by the leaders of the trade union and political movement during the war?

We think it can be characterized in the following short formula: "Fatherland, first of all." Let us remember that at the beginning of the war one of the most talkative syndicalists of France, Gustave Harve, who turned over to social patriotism with lightning agility, has explained this evolution in the following way:

"The workers" said he, "were caught by the iron hand of the war by the throat, raised into the air and thrown back by the strong hand to the ground, and they felt first of all their own ground. Every one of the workers who was thrown by the hurricane of events fell to the ground of his own country."

Anarcho-Syndicalists Also Discovered A "Fatherland"

We have to say that although the reformists of all countries as it was already mentioned in the social sense, have been believers in evolution, but in their own personal viewpoint, they have been developing in an entirely different way. In this case we may rather use the conception of revolution than evolution, for they have been changing their views literally over night.

And this may be said not only about the reformists but also about a very great number of anarcho-syndicalists, who suddenly, somehow, began to feel that they had a "fatherland" although anti-patriotism was previously their hobby.

The Division on Military-Diplomatic Coalition

The military ideology of the labor movement brought great changes in the relation of forces. The modern war is not a war of small groups, or small armies. Modern war is a war of masses, a war of nations in the real sense of the word. It is a war of industry against industry. The tactics of the working class in this war, the tactics of its unions, the methods of struggle, play a decisive role in the modern war.

Not without reason did the garrulous Lloyd George in 1916 say to the metal workers, "In this victory on the northern front won by the British army, you, metal workers, played a great and decisive part." Yes, the influence of industry played a decisive role in the war. The growth of military industry explains the numerical changes of the unions beginning in 1916-17.

But, on the other hand, this growth also explains the lowering of the level of the labor movement, for in the war industry, which was the basis of war and which concentrated all workers not gone to the front, the conditions of work were such that those who participated in it were in fact ideological and political participants in the war.

A War Between Unionists

When we talk about the war between France and England on one side and Germany on the other, we have to talk not only about the war between the two groups of bourgeoisie, but also the war between the socialists and trade unions of these fighting countries. Here, the war was not only in the sense that the workers had been organized into unions and sent to the front and ordered to fire at their comrades with machine guns.

The war which began in 1914 started a war also between the trade unions of the allies and the unions of the central powers. It started a polemic and an ideological fight where the representatives of one side—the allies, tried to prove to the German trade unions, that they were traitors to the principles of international socialism when they were supporting the kaiser, and Legien, the leader of the German unions, tried to prove that the traitors were the unions of the allies, because they were supporting the bourgeoisie allied to the Russian czar.

The above article is taken from Losovsky's excellent book, "The World's Trade Union Movement"

the most interesting book written on the various union movements of the world. Send 50 cents to the T. U. E. L., 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill., and the book will be sent you postage paid.

Soviet Sues United States.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 20.—The Soviet Russian volunteer fleet has brought suit against the United States government for \$10,000,000 before the court of claims, to recover the value of the Russian ships confiscated by the United States during the war.

FREE STATE OF IRELAND HIDES FAMINE FACTS

McCarthy Tells of the Starving Thousands

NEW YORK, April 20.—The Irish Free State is hiding the true facts of the serious famine Irish peasants and fisherfolk are suffering from on the west coast of the island, says John Patrick McCarthy, returning from the famine area and now on speaking tour of the United States for the Irish Peasants' and Workers' Famine Relief committee, 19 S. Lincoln St., Chicago.

The contradiction of the Free State government is shown in the fact that for the first time in many years the government is supplying school children with bread and cocoa lunches while officially denying the famine. Even the \$25,000 sent over by Cardinal Hayes from America was sent back by the Free State government, which is dependent upon foreign loans and tries to keep up the appearance of a prosperous Ireland as good security for further loans.

Thousands Starving. Hundreds of families in the Kerry district, McCarthy reports from his experience, are living on one meal a day and have not seen a potato—the standard Irish food—on their tables since November. About 750,000 people are in the famine area. The long-continued bad weather is blamed by the peasants and fishers for the famine. For months the rain has poured down daily until the ground is too soaked to grow potatoes or even grass for the sheep and cattle and the storms at sea have prevented the fishing folk from venturing out. The peat fuel has been so soaked that it would not dry and the people have had nothing but a little furze and scrap wood to burn for heat.

British Steal Fish. The Irish peasants say that conditions have not been so bad for 75 years. The British steam trawlers, supposedly barred to beyond the 3-mile limit in Irish waters, come right into the bays and destroy the fish or take them so that the Irish fishers must starve. The sheep and cattle are diseased from under-feeding and damp. Thatch roofs are rotting on peasant huts and the occupants suffer from illness and damp. There is no seed for the next season so that even worse conditions are expected next year.

Refuse to Pay Rent. In Donegal 30,000 peasants have refused for six years to pay rent to the government because of their extreme poverty. In other districts the people are forced to live by begging from more fortunate neighbors.

Many Lepers Cured. MANILA, April 20.—Four hundred and thirty-five lepers have been cured by chaulmoogra oil in the Philippine Islands during the last four years.

UNIONS SUPPORT WORKERS PARTY MAY 1 MEETING

United Front Confab in New York

NEW YORK, April 20.—The united front May Day conference held on Sunday, April 12, at the Labor Temple, was successful in bringing together thousands of militant workers of this city for the purpose of presenting a united front on May Day.

There were in all represented about 40 organizations thru 80 delegates, including labor unions, Workmen's Circles, sick and death benefit societies, Councils of Working Class Women, as well as branches of the Workers Party and the Young Workers' League.

Report on May Day. The conference discussed plans for the May Day demonstrations and listened to reports of the different organizations as to their previous arrangements. The Workers Party under who leadership and initiative the conference was called reported that they are making arrangements to hold open air demonstrations in every part of the city, and that prominent speakers will address all of the meetings.

The other organizations affiliating with the united front May Day conference reported that they are going to hold meetings in different halls.

The Workers Party will in addition to the many open air demonstrations that will hold, have two large indoor mass meetings, one at Central Opera House, 67th street and Third Ave., Manhattan, and the other in Grand Miller's Hall, Brooklyn. These meetings will both be held in the evening while the open air demonstrations will last all day and end about 6 p. m.

At both meetings, both in Central Opera House, and Grand Miller's Hall, the main speaker will be William Z. Foster, chairman of the Workers Party, the other speakers being Olga Weinstone, Lore Stachel, with Krumbeln as chairman in Central Opera House, and Amter, Poyntz, Praska, Zam with S. Nassin as chairman at the Brooklyn meeting.

Keep this day open, make no other arrangements. Lay down your tools on May Day and celebrate with us. Watch the press for further announcements and also for schedule of street meetings.

Five Missing in Gas Blast. MELBOURNE, Australia.—Five persons were missing today and fifty buildings damaged by an explosion believed caused by stored gasoline. Police with difficulty checked attempts at looting.

Foreign Exchange. NEW YORK, April 20.—Great Britain, pound sterling, demand 478 1/2; cable 478 3/4. France, franc, demand 5.23 1/2; cable 5.24. Belgium, franc, demand 5.04 1/2; cable 5.05. Italy, lira, demand 4.09 3/4; cable 4.10. Sweden, krone, demand 26.93; cable 26.96. Norway, krone, demand 16.34; cable 16.36. Denmark, krone, demand 18.49; cable 18.51. Germany, mark, unquoted. Shanghai, tael, demand 74.00; cable 74.50.

200 German Soldiers Killed. LONDON, England, April 20.—Two hundred soldiers of the German retschwehr died in the recent accident in the river Wehr, information reaching military authorities here today showed. The German authorities reported seventy soldiers killed. They were drowned while conducting war maneuvers.

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50,000 WOMEN IN PUBLIC OFFICE UNDER SOVIETS

Percentage Shows Big Growth Since 1921

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, D. C., April 20.—Nearly 50,000 women hold public office in elective bodies in Russia this year, according to a bulletin received from Moscow by the Russian information bureau here.

Forty thousand women are members of the rural Soviets, 200 of them being presidents of these bodies. In the city Soviets there are 6,000 women. One thousand women are members of District ("Volost") executive committees, including twenty district presidents, and there are 100 women in county ("Uyezd") executive committees, and 75 in provincial executive committees.

Exclusive of Administration Posts. This does not include the many women who hold administrative posts in the government, among them an ambassador and a woman occupying a high post in the army.

Of these some of the more important are as follows: Krupskaya (Mme. Lenin), chairman of the department of political education; Mme. Trotsky, chairman of the committee for the preservation of art museums; Mme. Kollontai, ambassador to Norway; Mme. Kameeva, chairman of the federal bureau for cultural relations; Mme. Bitzenko, chairman of the co-operative institute; Mme. Lilina, director of welfare activities in Lenin-grad province.

The Percentage Grows. The percentage of women members in Soviet bodies has increased markedly, as is shown by the following table:

Table with 3 columns: Soviet Body, Pct. of Women Memb. in 1921, Pct. in 1924. Rows include Rural Soviets, District ("Volost"), Execut. Committees, City Soviets in county, City Soviets in Provincial Centers, and Vologda leads the provinces with 36 per cent.

Brown, former Head of Farmer-Labor Party, Now in Meat Business

SEATTLE, Wash., April 20.—Jay G. Brown, former national secretary, farmer-labor party of the United States, at their Chicago headquarters, is now conducting a meat market in Seattle. He has been initiated into Meat Cutters Local No. 81, Amalgamated Meat Cutters & Butcher Workmen. Brown at one time headed the Timber Workers' International Union, which gave up its A. F. of L. charter about two years ago.

Seattle Memorial to Sun Yat Sen

(Continued from Page 1) Yat Sen, held on Friday, April 10, in the Painters' Hall. The invitation was accepted and a speaker representing the Koumintang as well as representatives of several other organizations and a large number of Chinese participated in the memorial meeting, intermingling with members of the Workers Party and sympathizers in the large gathering and exchanging friendly greetings.

Low Kay Speaks for Chinese. The hall was decorated for the occasion with red and black, Chinese lanterns and a large life size picture of Sun Yat Sen on the platform.

Low Kay, the Chinese spokesman, in a most eloquent, forceful language, narrated the struggles of the Chinese under the yoke of the Manchu dynasty up to the time when Sun Yat Sen decided to consecrate his life to the liberation of the Chinese from the tyrannical rule of the Manchus. He then vividly described the heroic struggle and sacrifice of Sun Yat Sen, his serene life-long devotion to the cause. His exile, hounding by the Manchu tyrants, imprisonment and escape. His conquest and victory; the betrayal by Yuan Shai Kai that led to the formation of the Southern Republic. And finally his continuous battle for freedom to the very end of his life.

That the struggle was not in vain, said Kay, is proven by the large and ever increasing number of organized workers on the economic and political field since the overthrow of the Machu dynasty, such as never existed before. He enumerated a large number of strikes taking place everywhere thus showing the progress made. The masses are claiming and asserting themselves more and more. That is due to the life work of and sincere devotion of Sun Yat Sen to the cause of liberation. He concluded by thanking the meeting for the Koumintang.

Stanley J. Clark speaker for the Workers Party in a very forceful speech eulogized the work and life of Sun Yat Sen whom he said was not a pacifist, as the capitalist apologists are trying to portray, but a militant and revolutionary of the first magnitude. He then elucidated why the Communists are commemorating the death of Sun Yat Sen, who was a nationalist only in so far as the accomplishment of the liberation of China from foreign imperialism was concerned, but in aspiration an internationalist. He then read the message of Sun Yat Sen on his death bed to the Koumintang and the proclamation of the Communist International.

Adopt Message of Condolence. Aaron Fisherman presided at the memorial meeting. At the conclusion of the memorial meeting a message of condolence and sympathy to be sent to the Koumintang, Peking, was unanimously adopted. The Chinese who held a memorial meeting on Sunday afternoon April 12 to commemorate the death of Sun Yat Sen, extended the following invitation to the Workers Party: "Workers Party, Seattle, Wash.—You are cordially invited to attend the memorial services for the late Dr. Sun Yat Sen, to be held Sunday noon, April 12th, in the Chinese Opera House at 516 Seventh Ave. South."

The Workers Party members and sympathizers turned out en masse and attended the memorial meeting. The theater was decorated unusually for the occasion in honor of Sun Yat Sen. The footlights down to the floor was a mass of bouquets of flowers. The stage was decorated with banners of which all kinds of inscriptions were visible. The walls were covered with long wide streamers bearing messages of sympathy and condolence from various organizations and individuals. Along with these on the stage two mourning banners of white and black hung. On the back of the platform on the stage framed banners with large inscriptions and in the middle an easel on top of which a large sign inscribed Sun Yat Sen the founder of the republic hung. All inscriptions were in Chinese.

The procession commenced at the Koumintang headquarters the paraders marching down to the theater, headed by a large picture of Sun Yat Sen, and a band.

Memorial Lasts Three Hours. When the procession entered the theater all stood up while the picture was placed on the easel on the back of the platform facing the audience. Then a series of ceremonies began. The first of which was sixteen representatives of Chinese organizations and the entire audience stood up and bowed thrice to the Sun Yat Sen picture. This was followed by a wreath of red carnations being placed at the bottom of the picture, the frame of which was all covered in flowers. The person who placed it bowed to the picture before placing the wreath. Then scripts of homage were read by every one of the representatives on the platform, each one turning and fronting the picture, bowing first to it then reading the script of homage and bowing again when finished.

After which the band played mourning marches. Several speakers addressed the memorial meeting in Chinese each spoke very eloquently about the struggles and life of Sun Yat Sen. Including among these was the local Chinese council. The entire commemoration was conducted in Chinese, lasting nearly three hours. As the assembly dispersed the band played.

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

(Continued from page 1) Knowledge of the history of the Russian revolutionary movement is essential. This can be secured by reading the history of the Russian Communist Party, now running serially in the Workers Monthly. It is written by Zinoviev, who is as well qualified to write on the subject as anybody living. Our readers, and all active revolutionists should make themselves acquainted with the story of the rise of the Russian working class. It is more thrilling and interesting than the most daring flight of fancy, that ever came from the pen of a fictionist, all the more so because it is true.

THE capitalists are not done telling strange tales about Soviet Russia. It seems that they have selected the head of the Communist International for their dirtiest slanders. One of the choicest pieces of filth, now making the rounds of the capitalist press, has Zinoviev owning several factories in Leningrad, and so forth. That the capitalist press should publish this literary refuse is not surprising, but one would not expect, even the most reactionary labor sheet to give the lie space in its columns.

HOWEVER there is no cess pool so deep that a labor faker cannot rub his nose on its bottom, when digging for material to hurl at a revolutionist. This is doubly so when the faker is a yellow socialist. Therefore it should not cause astonishment among Communists to see the anti-Zinoviev rubbish decorating the pages of the Oklahoma Leader, edited by Oscar Ameringer, the yellow "red," who is also editor of the Illinois Miner the private organ of Frank Farrington the arch-faker who keeps Ameringer's yellow belly filled. Ameringer did not dare peddle the stuff in the Illinois Miner, for fear of the coal diggers but he unloaded it thru his Oklahoma rag.

THERE is no way to prevent the enemies of the working class and their paid journalistic prostitutes from lying about the leaders of the revolutionary movement. Perhaps it is not even desirable. Let them lie. There is something that every class conscious worker should do and can do, and that is to bring the papers that tell the truth about the workers and their leaders into the hands of the toilers. The DAILY WORKER is not able to answer all the lies that appear in the capitalist press. It lacks space. But it flattens the most important ones. And it does not waste its time in dealing with side issues. Put the DAILY WORKER in the hands of your brothers and sisters who toil for a living. They will learn to like it and when a sufficient number of workers read the Communist daily, the Ameringers and similar swine will peddle their filth in vain.

NOVY MIR SHOWS UP RUSS BRASS CHECK EDITOR

Wrote "To Order" For and Against Soviets

By M. A. SKROMNY.

Like thunder from a clear sky came the publication by the Novy Mir, the Russian Communist daily, of a secret letter mailed by the former editor of the Chicago Russian counter-revolutionary sheet to Prof. Pavel Milukov, former minister of the provisional Kerensky government, asking for instructions how to conduct the paper in Chicago and how to organize against the Soviet government.

Calls Himself a Soviet. When the author of the letter, a man with many aliases, who called himself here Nicolai Kalujin, first arrived in Chicago he proclaimed himself a Soviet doctor. The local Russian paper at that time was more or less liberal. It was at the beginning the property of a Russian peasant co-operative society. But the circulation of the paper was very small and the society went bankrupt. An enterprising Lithuanian lawyer by the name Gugis, organized a private company and bought himself a majority of shares (900) at a bargain, of course, and became the owner of the paper.

This gentleman had already some experience in this kind of business as he had previously captured in a similar way the Lithuanian socialist paper Naujenos. Litigations are still going on in the courts in connection with this affair. The new owner intended to make money out of this newspaper, he isn't in business for his health. He ordered the editorial staff to turn to the right. As a business man he figured that a newspaper that will fight the bolshevik will have more advertising from big corporations and stores than one that is in sympathy with the bolsheviks.

Former Editor Loses Job. The editor who was more or less a decent chap refused to obey and resigned. The new arrival, the "Soviet doctor" became editor. Altho a few days before that he was writing in favor of the Soviets, as soon as he became editor, he began an awful attack against the Soviet government. While still writing in favor of the Soviets under the old editor he sent a letter to Milukov asking for instructions how to fight the Soviets in Chicago. This letter is now published in the Novy Mir.

In the letter this "Soviet doctor" informs his chief in Paris that the owner of the paper offered him the job of editor, and that altho the paper has a miserably small circulation, only about three-four thousand copies, "much can be done under proper instruction and guidance." He also reveals all his names under which he was writing in the different counter-revolutionary newspaper published in the United States and abroad. And to the great amazement of the readers of the local Russian sheet they find out that the "hot discussion" which was conducted for a short time in the paper for and against the Soviets was written by one and the same person. He is a kind of a Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde.

After this gent became the editor the circulation of the paper fell from the three-four thousand so low, that the owner got scared to death and quickly fired him.

The owner received a practical lesson proving that out right counter-revolutionary stuff can not be peddled profitably to the Russian masses in Chicago.

Present Editor Former Prince? The owner of the paper changed his mind again. He invited the old editor back as a writer and appointed A. Skopin, who has been a writer under the "Soviet doctor" as editor, with instructions to write in favor of the Soviets but against the Communists. This brass check writer obeyed faithfully the voice of his master and began an attack from a new angle.

N. Kalujin, the former editor, got mad for losing his job and came out with an attack against his former friend Skopin, exposing him as Prince Shujki. Whether Skopin is really the prince or not, he is a bitter enemy of the workers' and peasants' Soviet government.

Now the scheme is exposed and the whole gang stands stripped before the Russian masses who see them in their true light.

PENNSY EXPLAINS ITS "HARMONY"

(Special to The Daily Worker)

WASHINGTON, April 20.—A handbook explaining its "employee representation" scheme, thru which it evades dealing with union committees in settling labor grievances, has been issued by the Pennsylvania Railroad company, and added to the long list of publicity pamphlets mailed to Washington press correspondents. In this book the company, emphasizes the harmony which it maintains with its workers, by means of boards composed of equal numbers of officers and employees, with final appeal to a reviewing committee in which the company has nominally half of the membership, but whose decisions require a two-thirds majority.

The "democracy" of this feudal system is disclosed in the confession that the management and the men "jointly" arrange the election machinery by which the employees' representatives are chosen to meet the officers of the company. In brief, the company permits its employees to see the company direct the whole business, and it grants just enough favors to mask its war against the spirit of trade union self-reliance.



BUILDERS AT WORK

MONESSEN, PA., LEADS CAMPAIGN!

Young Workers League Shows Up Older Reds.

IN four weeks—and with eight more weeks to go yet, Monessen, Pa., has completely filled its quota in the Second Annual Sub Campaign. And still they are not finished. Comrade Leo Kauppila, DAILY WORKER agent, writes:

"Chalk up three more new subs from Monessen, Pa., on the right side of the ledger—and that's our quota. But keep the chalk handy, as we are only half thru our route!"

And the Monessen comrades will have to keep going if they want to lead. Worcester, New Orleans, Milwaukee, Pittsburgh and Detroit among others are already stepping on their shirt tails in

THE RACE

in the Second Annual Sub Campaign.

Table with 4 columns: City, Subs Sent, Quota, Percentage Filled. Lists cities like Monessen, Pa., Worcester, Mass., Pittsburgh, Kan., etc., with their respective numbers.

These cities have secured one sub in a quota of 10: Johnstown, Pa., New Brunswick, N. J., Covertale, Pa., Madison, Ill., Kincaid, Ill., Brule, Wis., Zaito, Md., Sunrise, Wyo., Woodlawn, Pa., Chisholm, Minn., Miami, Fla., Sisterville, W. Va., Port Vule, Pa., Salt Lake City, Utah, Cheswick, Pa., Hibbing, Minn., Alliance, O., Hancock, Mich.

Table with 4 columns: City, Subs Sent, Quota, Percentage Filled. Lists cities like San Francisco, Cal., Cleveland, O., Denver, Colo., St. Louis, Mo., Rockford, Ill., Muskegon, Mich., Boston, Mass., Hartford, Conn., Richmond, W. Va., Pittsburgh, Pa., Superior, Wis., Cincinnati, O., Stamford, Conn., Sioux City, Ia., Minneapolis, Minn., Neffs, O., South Bend, Ind., Chicago, Ill., Toledo, O., New Haven, Conn., Astoria, Ore., Elizabeth, N. J., Canton, O., New York, N. Y., West Frankfort, Ill., Baltimore, Md., McKeesport, Pa., Rochester, N. Y., Kansas City, Mo.

HANNA, WYO., Did best on Saturday when these new subs where sent in to build "our daily."

- HANNA, WYO.—Fred Williams, 7. SPRINGFIELD, ILL.—A. J. Schuchardt, 2. MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.—Dan W. Stevens, 4. ST. PAUL, MINN.—O. L. Johnson, 2. CLEVELAND, O.—G. Ecke, P. Lukachie. LOS ANGELES, CAL.—S. Globerman.



SCHOOL FINANCE COMMITTEE NOW TO O. K. RAISE

Lower Group Teachers Get Wage Cuts

The finance committee met again to consider the McAndrew teachers' salary schedule before presenting it to the board of education Wednesday afternoon.

Trustee Julius Smitenka, who held up the decision at the last meeting and said he would bring the whole matter before the board for a "show-down" presented quite a different front at this meeting. He was decidedly solid on the proposition. The finance committee met, officially accepted the schedule and recommended it to the board for passage.

The committee further recommended that the board ask for an increase in the tax rate of \$1 for educational purposes. This increase would bring the board's revenue to approximately \$33,000,000 as against the present \$32,000,000. About half of the increase will be used to meet the higher salaries. The new salary to go into effect Sept. 1.

The elementary school principals get an immediate increase of \$1,000 a year—the maximum is raised from \$4,800 to \$6,250. High school principals are given a maximum of \$7,500 as against \$5,700, the present salary.

To the teachers, however, the recommendation tells a different story. Those in the lower group will actually get a cut in wages. The teachers in the upper group will fare better. The scale for the teachers is as follows:

Table with 3 columns: Year, Old, New. Lists salary ranges for Lower Group and Upper Group.

Your Union Meeting

Third Tuesday, March 17, 1926.

- Name of Local and Place. 21 Bricklayers, 912 W. Monroe St. 58 Carpenters, Diversey and Sheffield. 141 Carpenters, 1023 E. 75th St. 272 Carpenters, Moose Hall, Chicago Heights. 1786 Carpenters, Springfield and 26th. 402 Engineers, 180 W. Washington St. 535 Firemen and Enginemen, 5438 S. Halsted St. 542 Federal Employees, Great Northern Hotel. Glove Workers' Joint Council, 1710 N. Winchester Ave., 520 P. M. 5 Hod Carriers, 225 E. 15th St., Chicago Heights, Ill. 6 Hod Carriers, 814 W. Harrison St. 81 Ladies' Garment Workers, 328 W. Van Buren St. Marine Fire and Oilers, 357 N. N. Clark. 147 Painters, 20 W. Randolph St. 180 Painters, N. E. cor. California and Madison. 184 Painters, 6414 S. Halsted St. 191 Painters, N. W. cor. State and 55th. 275 Painters, 220 W. Oak St. 521 Painters, Trumbull and Ogden Ave. 502 Plasterers, Monroe and Perlo St. 4 Printers and Die Stampers, 19 W. Adams St. 724 Railway Carmen, 75th and Drexel Ave. 1047 Railway Clerks, 9 S. Clinton St. 2219 Railway Clerks, 909 W. Washington. 703 Teamsters, 159 N. State St. 7 Waiters, 834 W. Randolph St. 111 Upholsterers Union, 180 W. Washington St. 39 Amalgamated Clothing Workers, Kedzie and Ogden. 182 Amalgamated Clothing Workers, 154 N. Robey St. (Note: Unless otherwise stated, all meetings are at 8 p. m.)

IN DETROIT. N. STOYANOFF PHARMACY 11142 Kercheval St. An Experienced Druggist Who can advise the proper remedy for results.

VISIT THIS DRUGGIST If you are in a hurry, call: HICKORY 0892.

Eat at the GLOBE CAFETERIA Best Foods at Moderate Prices. 14th STREET, COR. IRVING PLACE (Opposite New York Party Headquarters)

Philadelphia, Notice! Weber Printing Co. 350 N. FIFTH STREET, Philadelphia, Pa.

PITTSBURGH, PA. To those who work hard for their money, I will save 50 per cent on all their dental work. DR. RASNICK DENTIST 645 Smithfield Street.

FOR SALE—Fur Shop, well established, good paying, in running order, best location, reasonable rent. Best reason for selling. Address: Daily Worker, Box 112-W.

OUR DAILY PATTERNS

A STYLISH "DAY" FROCK A COMFORTABLE APRON STYLE



5032. Charmeen or satin crepe would be attractive for this model. It has straight lines, and the new flare effect in added tunic portions. The Pattern is cut in 6 Sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust measure. A 38 inch requires 4 1/2 yards of 40 inch material. Collar of contrasting material as illustrated requires 1/2 yard. The width of the dress at the foot is 57 inches.

Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 12c in silver or stamps.



5059.—This simple design may be attractively developed in linen, unbleached muslin, sateen, gingham or percale. The Pattern is cut in 4 Sizes: Small, Medium, Large and Extra Large. A Medium size requires 2 1/2 yards of 32 inch material. Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 12c in silver or stamps. Address: THE DAILY WORKER, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

NOTICE TO PATTERN BUYERS—The patterns being sold thru the DAILY WORKER pattern department are furnished by a New York firm of pattern manufacturers. Orders are forwarded by the DAILY WORKER every day as received, and they are mailed by the manufacturer direct to the customer. The DAILY WORKER does not keep a stock of patterns on hand. Delivery of patterns ordinarily will take at least 10 days from the date of mailing the order. Do not become impatient if your pattern is delayed.

Talk it up—your shopmate will subscribe!

FASHION BOOK NOTICE! Send 12c in silver or stamps for our up-to-date Spring and Summer 1925 Book of Fashions, showing color plates and containing 500 designs of ladies', misses', and children's patterns, a concise and comprehensive article on dress-making, also some points for the needle illustrating 20 of the various simple stitches, all valuable hints to the home dressmaker.

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The Mexican Communist Party and American Imperialism

The convention of the Mexican Communist Party has outlined a campaign against American imperialism and one would expect that in its country the officials of the trade unions would consider such a move one of the greatest importance to a working class which is doubly exploited—by native capitalists and by Wall Street.

But this is not the case. The officialdom of the Mexican Federation of Labor is tied neck and crop to the policy of the American Federation of Labor which, thru its tool, the Pan-American Federation of Labor, prepares the Mexican labor movement for its daily sacrifice on the Wall Street altar.

In the old days when the Aztec priesthood ruled what is now Mexico, prisoners of war were butchered by the thousands to honor a number of blood-stained deities. They were led up to the top of the teocallis—the gigantic pyramids on which the ceremonies were conducted—stripped, bent back over the sacrificial stone, their breasts cut open and their still beating hearts plucked out by the priests.

A ceremony similar in many respects to the ancient customs, was performed at El Paso. The Mexican workers were led across the Rio Grande, the high priests of Wall Street, garbed in the habiliments of labor, dedicated them to American imperialism and sent them back across the river in chains, to a death slower and less merciful than that at the hands of the Aztec priesthood.

The chains on the limbs of American labor have been forged cunningly and they are not visible to the naked eye. But they are there and their clanking is heard in Wall Street where it causes great joy.

The officialdom of the Mexican labor movement has assisted the sale into slavery of the workers. They have been rewarded with well-paid positions of ease and comfort.

It is for this reason that they look with angry eyes on the campaign launched by the Mexican Communist Party—a campaign directed at their paymasters.

The corruption and decay of the Mexican labor movement is one of the most enlightening events in recent American history. Once militant, even revolutionary, the Mexican labor movement has been touched by the leprosy hand of the agents of American imperialism, the hand that blights whatever its fingers clutch. In the United States, its agents in the ranks of labor are preaching unconditional surrender to the master class. In Mexico they have delivered the labor movement to the oil, copper and timber barons.

The Calles government is a creature of Wall Street and wars on the Mexican working class. The labor Judases give it a protective coloring and fool the masses who fought and bled for it, believing it belonged to them.

It is under such conditions that the Communist Party of Mexico holds its convention and raises the standard of war against American imperialism. In the trade unions it meets the same persecution that Communists in the United States are familiar with, but it operates in a country where the working class has been reduced to a colonial status and its task of exposing the treacherous labor union officialdom before the masses is that much easier.

The important thing is that the Mexican Communist Party has understood the nature of its task and has attacked Mexican reaction at its weakest point.

"Industrial Peace"

The Gary plant of the United States Steel corporation broke the record for production last month. Three hundred and thirty thousand tons of steel were fabricated in addition to 224,000 tons of pig iron and 300,000 tons of coke, in round figures.

This production was in excess by 50,000 tons of the biggest month in the history of the plant.

Let us sell these 330,000 tons of steel at prevailing pig iron prices and thus strike a general average for the entire production. Pig iron is selling around \$24 per ton.

The Gary plant and its subsidiaries employ 22,000 men. Each man produced, therefore, 15 tons of finished steel. At pig iron prices this amounts to \$360 per man.

The average wage in the steel plants is around \$4 per day, \$120 per month. Each worker therefore delivered to the steel corporation exactly three times as much steel as he got paid for.

Each worker averaged \$120 for the month, but the steel trust, at the most conservative estimate, made \$240 from each worker employed.

The stockholders for the steel trust met yesterday and President Elbert H. Gary reported a surplus of some \$517,000,000 after all charges had been met and extra dividends paid. This is an evidence of prosperity, but little of its sifts thru to the

steel workers who produce a surplus value of \$240 per month.

In connection with this it is enlightening to review the recent convention of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers held in Pittsburgh. The steel trust secretary of labor, James J. Davis, addressed the convention and urged "industrial peace."

In New York City the other day William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, took lunch with the Civic Federation, of which Elbert Gary is an active member, and also urged "industrial peace."

Well, putting two and two together, it is not hard to see that the steel trust can afford to subsidize labor leaders to talk of industrial peace when peace due to the weakness of labor organization makes it possible to rob each worker of just twice what he receives in wages.

As an antidote to the slimy servility of the labor fakers, read the program for the workers in the steel industry published by the Trade Union Educational League. It will be quite plain then why Gary and Green unite to fight the Communists and the left wing which they lead.

Fascist Propaganda

We have received a copy of a leaflet issued by the Mussolini government in districts taken from Austria. This particular leaflet was distributed to the pupils of a confiscated school and is printed in Italian, French, English and German. For brazen lying it is hard to beat, but the most interesting part of it is the close connection shown between the fascist government and the catholic church. The leaflet is as follows:

In Italy one works serenely and quietly; the country does not interest itself with the political-strife of a negligible minority.

The national government presided by Benito Mussolini, prides itself in the faith of the crown, senate and house of parliament.

No incident has ever disturbed for months and months the public order or the public services. For years, Italy has never past such a period of quiet and calm work.

All the contrary voices which have been diffused abroad are produced from the dark maneuvers of our enemies, and adversaries of the church who are trying to speculate on the exchange, and to dissuade the faithful from the jubilee pilgrimage.

Ask to any honest person of your confidence for information and you will have the full confirmation of such news.

The situation in Italy and its subject territories must be one of great tension when a government feels it necessary to descend to such puerile propaganda as this. But another thing is also evident. It is that under fascism Italy is going back to the dark ages when it was necessary only to brand any movement as an enemy of the church to put it outside the pale.

In connection with this leaflet it is well to remember that Mussolini has postponed the elections to the chamber of deputies at the request of the vatican as the latter feared that the inevitable struggle would interfere with its jubilee celebration.

There is light showing thru the dark clouds that hover over Italy, however, but it is not the yellow light of the jubilee candles. It is the red flame of revolt held aloft by the Communist Party of Italy which in spite of the horrible persecutions of its members, has steadily carried on its work of winning the masses for the overthrow of Italian capitalism.

"Trade Union Unity"

We have received the first number of Trade Union Unity, the new English magazine, devoted to speeding up the drive for unity of the world union movement, edited by A. A. Purcell, president of the International Federation of Trade Unions (Amsterdam), Edo Fimmen, secretary of the International Transport Workers' Federation and executive board member of Amsterdam, and George Hicks of the Building Workers' Union of Great Britain, also board member of Amsterdam.

The first number contains articles by Fimmen, Purcell, Will Thorne, general articles on the world trade union situation and news of the support of the world unity movement from a half dozen countries.

The magazine is a distinct contribution to trade union literature and its aggressive tone is indicative of the seriousness and sincerity with which the British trade unions have thrown themselves into the work of building a powerful, fighting movement of the organized workers the world over. The first issue carries messages of sympathy and support from members of the general council of the British Trades Union Congress, like R. B. Walker, secretary of the National Union of Agricultural Workers, who was a fraternal delegate to the Portland convention of the A. F. of L.; Ben Turner, president of the National Union of Textile Workers; A. Conley, secretary of the Tailors' and Garment Workers' Trade Union, and Mary Quail, Transport and General Workers' Union.

The drive for unity of the world labor movement launched by the Red International of Labor Unions has, as Trade Union Unity shows, enlisted the support of the most powerful unions in the Amsterdam International itself. Not the least interesting of the contents are the walls emanating from the right wing organs dominated by the Dawes plan socialists reprinted without comment by the editors.

From time to time we shall reprint extracts from this and other publications devoted to world trade union unity. There is no more interesting and important movement on foot in the world today and upon the American Communists is the responsibility of linking up the American trade union movement with this drive that is directed right at the heart of capitalist reaction.

Sessions of Enlarged Executive of the C. I.

(Continued from last issue.)

MOSCOW, April 1.—(By Mail.)—At the evening session the debate on the question of trade union unity is continued.

SEMAR (France): In France a great campaign for unity was started among the workers. The reformist leaders are sabotaging the campaign; but there is no doubt as to the sympathies of the workers. The speaker gathers from the various reports that in some countries the unity campaign is absolutely false and Trotskyist. out many deviations.

It is our task to strengthen the left wing in the reformist trade unions. In this way we shall be able to win over gradually, forty, fifty and more per cent of the workers, thus compelling the reformist leaders to effect unity. It is necessary to create fractions everywhere, and to point out on the basis of the program of partial demands that without unity, not even the daily immediate needs of the proletariat can be satisfied.

THE agitation for unity must be begun in those countries where an economic crisis is setting in, as in France, England, Czechoslovakia and Central Europe. In France a crisis is on the threshold, and large mass movements are to be expected; this must of course be taken advantage of. In these countries it is our task to discredit the reformist leaders. In France the masses grasp the significance of the campaign, despite the attempt of the reformists to discredit it as a mere maneuver. In Germany the unity campaign is more difficult, because there the social democrats still have considerable influence.

It is necessary to fight against a large number of trade union centers. In every country propaganda should be carried on in support of the co-operation between the British and the Russian trade unions.

The capitalists everywhere support the reformists against the unity cam-

aign; this should be utilized in our agitation. The speaker proposes that, besides the general resolution, specific recommendations should be made to the different sections.

GESHKE (Germany): Both in the trade unions and in the factories, the social democracy is fighting against the unity campaign with all means at its disposal. The German social democratic party carries on a more bitter fight against the Communist Party of Germany than even the reactionary forces. Those who had been expelled from the trade unions formed, under the Brandler central committee, independent unions, which, under the leadership of Shumacher, have rejected the unity campaign.

Leading comrades, and unfortunately also workers, had to be expelled from the party. In the independent unions certain functionaries are still opposed to unity.

THE clarification of the trade union problem has lent new strength to the party. Polemizing against Clara Zetkin, the speaker declares that the figures cited by Zetkin were not correct, and that she has fallen victim to an unscrupulous machination. The results of the shop council elections are not bad. It is true that the party has lost 35 local units, but then it has gained 52 new ones. The report of the British trade union delegation has done much to counteract the social democratic lies. Factory delegations wish to go to Russia in order to find out whether Purcell or the Vorwarts is telling the truth.

The approaching crisis will accelerate the unity campaign, but it would be wrong to disregard the great difficulties in our way.

DORSY (America): The American Federation of Labor is a comparatively small but strategically important organization, because the A. F. of L. wants to return into the Amsterdam International. At the time Wilson was in favor of the league of nations, Gompers also favored the league; but when the American bourgeoisie opposed the league, Gompers followed suit. At the present time

the A. F. of L. is supporting American imperialism. In view of the Dawes plan, the A. F. of L. pulling back into the Amsterdam International in order there to combat Soviet Russia and the left wing.

The speaker hopes that a strong left wing will be formed in the A. F. of L., thereby neutralizing the latter. In his closing speech, Comrade Losovsky states that the Amsterdam International is in reality no international at all, for it is dominated by national tendencies.

We want unity not for its own sake, but as a fighting organization. The right wing combats the unity campaign not only thru agitation, but also thru organizational measures. We must fight energetically against the expulsions.

Up to the present our unity campaign was too abstract. The propaganda for unity must be combined with such daily problems as wages, taxes, housing, etc., and must be elastically adapted to the concrete situation.

THE plenum will adopt a general resolution, also concrete recommendations and practical resolutions for every country. The reformists are opposed to unity because they know that unity is possible only on the basis of the class struggle. It is necessary to fight not only the reformists but also their organized machines.

The reformist leaders demand good treatment from us. But it is not a question of politeness, but one of emphasizing the essence of the struggle.

The coming conference should be neither overestimated nor underestimated. The conference will be an historical event, since for the first time, the most important organization of Amsterdam will confer with the Russian trade unions as to the methods of conducting the struggle.

THE negotiations will not deal with questions of principle in relation to reformism or Communism, but partial questions—such circumstance signifies great progress in the question of unity.

The Anglo-Russian negotiations are not a purely Anglo-Russian affair; they constitute the beginning of trade union unity.

The Vorwarts is already utilizing our analysis of the world situation to exult in the cry that the world revolution is at an end for the Comintern. But the social democracy is shouting much too early. If we manage to do a good day's work during the relatively short period of stabilization, then the prose of the daily tasks will become the poetry of the social revolution.

COMRADE SAUVAGE brings in the following resolution in the trade union question:

"The struggle for unity has completely proven the correctness of the political policy of the Fifth Congress. The present development of the class struggle strengthens the urge of non-Communist masses to come under Communist influence, and intensifies the unity movement. The plenum re-affirms the necessity of carrying on a systematic campaign for unity, since the struggle for unity is a struggle against the bourgeoisie and its lackeys.

"The plenum ascribes much importance to the unity negotiations of the Russian and British trade unions, and welcomes the coming Anglo-Russian conference.

"It calls upon the workers of all countries to support the creation of an Anglo-Russian trade union bloc and to fight energetically for international trade union unity."

The resolution is assigned to the political commission.

COMRADE ARISOV (Roumania)

g greets the plenum in the name of five million oppressed workers and peasants of Bessarabia. He protests against the false appeal of the Roumanian government to "historical rights," and asks for the support of the Comintern, expressing the hope that under the leadership of the Comintern the oppressive yoke of the boyars may be broken. (Applause.)

The session is adjourned after Semard's return of greetings.

SCOTT NEARING IS SAT UPON BY BUREAUCRATS

Education Conference Is Ruled by Reaction

(Continued from page 1)
pointed by the president of the A. F. of L., three by the international unions, one by the central state labor federations, and two by the present class collaboration "labor colleges." All independent workers' education is to be ousted, especially the Workers' School of New York.

A resolution favoring the recognition of Soviet Russia by the American government was, of course, defeated. President William Green of the A. F. of L. made a plea for "industrial peace" and deprecated strikes, while Professor Shotwell, author of the infamous Geneva protocol, guaranteeing the frontiers of all the quarrelling militarist puppet nations established by the robber "peace" of Versailles and the hostile bloc against Soviet Russia, spoke for "security for France and protection of the British Empire."

To this policy Scott Nearing rose in criticism, declaring himself in favor of a policy of class struggle. He said that Green's policy of "industrial peace" was fatal to the interests of the workers and that the Workers' Education Bureau and the A. F. of L. in following such a policy played into the hands of capitalism.

Frej, Well and Maurer rushed to the defense of themselves and Gompers, attacking Nearing and asserting that they, the officialdom, did fight the employers, but they contradicted this by adding that they opposed revolution and even opposed strikes.

Educate Leaders Only.
They declared that workers' education was solely to train leaders for co-operation with the employers around conference tables, and not to lead strikes. They added that Communist conduct "pernicious work" everywhere and that they would not allow them in the workers' education movement.

The keynote of the convention is one culture for the favored of the bureaucracy and the philosophy of pure and simple trade union technique no class struggle and no special workers' education, but general education only.

"Practical" Chaps Have No Practical Solution.
Paul Fuller, in charge of the chauntauqua work and labor classes told of how in District 2, of the U. M. W. of A., he had taught several hundred students "practical" economics as "related to the mining industry."

But both there and in Massachusetts, where John Van Varenwyck, vice-president of the State Federation of Labor, had also found terrific unemployment, neither could explain how to teach the workers who sought to learn the cause and solution of unemployment, any other "solution" than to improve production, which has been "improved" so much already that only 35 per cent of the workers of Massachusetts are working full time.

Communists Unite Against U. S. Imperialism

(Continued from page 1)

gress here, pointing out the necessity of immediately taking up the watchword of "Bolshevization." The Mexican party is greatly lacking in discipline and in Marxist-Leninist education. The reorganization of the party on a shop nuclei basis will also have to be taken up in this congress under the head of Bolshevization.

Calles Disarms Peasants.
In the discussion on the immediate tasks of the party it was shown that the Calles government is proceeding systematically toward the complete disarming of the peasants. The party will continue its energetic campaign to prevent this. It will insist on distribution of lands, which the government has allowed to degenerate into a farce. It will also take up the watchword of abolition of private property in land.

There is a noisy religious controversy going on in Mexico between "romanos" and "sismaticos," the latter being a newly organized schismatic body on a national basis, demanding complete separation of the catholic church from Rome. It is believed that the schism is to a considerable extent fomented by the government. Nevertheless, it is another sign of the disintegration of the church. The "sismaticos" are relatively few in number, but include masses of workers. The Communist Party of Mexico will take advantage of the situation to point out the decidedly "unholy" intrigues of both groups and to popularize the slogan of: Religion is the opium of the people.

Build Strong Mexican Party.
By MANUEL GOMEZ.
(Special to The Daily Worker.)

MEXICO CITY, April 13.—(By Mail.)—Willingness to face and solve practical problems confronting the Mexican workers, a firm determination to stamp out opportunism in the party itself, an absence of factional disputes and a strong sense of the need for a united, homogeneous organization marked the congress of the Communist Party of Mexico, which adjourned tonight after nearly a week of profitable sessions.

Rafael Carrillo, the "baby" of the congress, who left his post in the Mexican Young Workers' League last year to take over the secretaryship of the party in an emergency, was re-elected national secretary by an almost unanimous vote. In one short year he has established himself as one of the two or three most capable Communist leaders in the country. Elected with him on the new national executive committee are: Manuel Ramirez, Bertram D. Wolfe, Javier Guerrero, D. A. Siqueiros and Carlos Rendon.

The third congress of the party may be considered in some ways its first. For the first time the party appeared as an established organization, with actual locals in most of the important industrial sections of the country. Numerically, however, it is still very weak and altogether too loosely organized. Organization remains the primary task before the party.

Paper Has Large Circulation.
Important contacts have been estab-

SOVIET RUSSIA TO INCREASE EXPORT TRADE WITH TURKEY

MOSCOW, April 20.—The people's commissariat of foreign trade has actively taken up the question of the organization of Soviet trading organs in the biggest centers of Turkey, such as Smyrna, Trapezund, Samsun, etc., with a view to promoting the development of Soviet export trade with Turkey.

Communists to Gain in Second Poll in Germany Next Week

GERLIN, Germany, April 20.—The name of Ernst Thaelmann, Communist Party candidate for president in the coming German elections, is printed on the list of candidates with the occupation "stevedore" following his name.

The Communists are expected to materially increase their vote over the two million cast for Thaelmann in the first elections in March, when no candidate polled a majority of the votes, necessitating a second election.

Wilhelm Marx, the candidate of the socialist-catholic-republican bloc, has declared in favor of the annexation of Austria, and other imperialistic measures. Hindenburg, candidate of the fascist-monarchist right wing, who dreams of a return to a monarchy or a fascist dictatorship, is saying little, and has made no speeches in Berlin.

The industrialists are dividing their support between Hindenburg and Marx. They declare the socialists can be dealt with if Marx is elected, and will more readily keep the workers from a revolt than could Hindenburg. Both candidates have refused to put up a fight against the Dawes plan, and have declared that "the foreign policy must remain unchanged."

In a speech before the reichstag, Foreign Minister Stresemann, admitted that American bankers have withheld loans from Germany in an attempt to secure influence over whoever is elected president.

Millions Stolen from Government by Schwab, Is Charge

NEW YORK, N. Y., April 20.—That Charles Schwab, when director general of the shipping board emergency fleet corporation, used his government position as a dollar a year man to turn millions of dollars worth of contracts to subsidiaries and corporations which he headed, is charged by the United States government.

The government has sued the Bethlehem Shipbuilding corporation, of which Schwab is the head, for \$15,000,000, alleged to have been overcharged by the Schwab concern.

Schwab has filed a counter suit for \$9,000,000 which he charges is still due on ships his firm built for the government. The ships were built on the cost plus basis.