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VULTURES OF CAIRO OVER STORM AREA FEEL FIT GRABS AS DEAD LIE UNBURIED

"The class struggle is showing clearly in the storm area of southern Illinois," says E. B. Hewlett, a coal miner from West Frankfort, now seeking work in Chicago. "While the bare necessities of life were furnished temporarily to the ones directly struck by the tornado holocaust, the merchant capitalists immediately raised the prices of food to the whole community." The labor fakers of the U. M. W. of A. also saw and are profiting by another dig at the treasury.

The Dead Are Workers.

Figures of the dead given so far are approximately correct, says Hewlett, but the capitalist papers do not tell you that the dead are only from the working class, and that far from losing money, the capitalists are making and intend to make money from the great misfortune.

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY

THE French and British governments are still "feeling each other out" on the German offer for the basis of a security pact. Like pugilists in a ring they shake hands, more or less cordially, and then try to sneak the horse shoe into the gloves. Britain favors the German proposals principally because France does not. France now has the draft of a counter-proposal ready and is sounding out its former allies with a view to unanimity in offering it to the German government. A rather frank Paris dispatch tells us how France regards the whole business. "The French negotiators view the German proposals as valuable only insofar as they reaffirm inviolability of the Rhineland as a neutral zone and compromise England in case of German aggression." How those capitalist nations love each other!

THEY love each other like hungry dogs quarrelling over a bone. But yet they can always find a basis for unity in their hostility to the international working class movement. It is reported that Poland and Paris have patched up their differences. Akin Millerand, who was recently kicked out of office of president of the French Republic is agitating for breaking off relations with Soviet Russia.

THERE is no likelihood of France severing diplomatic relations with the Soviet government—at least not at this time. France's big fight just now is with England, and England is the most powerful enemy of the workers' republic and the most dangerous. Those who have developed a taste for reading foreign news may note that the Kurds and Turks are waging war on each other. England as usual is on the side of "self-determination" and supports the Kurds. Being rather suspicious of British gifts we learn that there is lots of oil in the ground where the British want to see a native government established. England wants the oil.

LORD BALFOUR is wandering thru the Holy Land on business bent. He is one of the best trained political bagmen of the British ruling class. Balfour went to Egypt and took the Port Said express from Cairo to Palestine traveling in a special car sent by the Palestine government. This is the British government's Palestine government. It is so thru right of purchase. The British paid pounds sterling for it. They own it in the same way that the Irish Free State and the governments of Jugo-Slavia, Estonia and Greece belong to them, and as the Polish, Czechoslovakian and Turkish governments belong to the French.

BUT Balfour did not find an enthusiastic populace turning out to greet him. He was well protected against the people he went to honor with his presence. Soldiers guarded him. His route was suddenly changed for fear of untoward incidents. Jerusalem, which did not cut much of a figure in world history since the crusaders stopped fighting over the route to Asia is once more breaking into the news. Balfour was scheduled to arrive in Jerusalem from Cairo but he changed his mind.

THERE was a general strike in the Holy city so the noble lord that the longest way around was the shortest way home. It is a far cry from Richard the Lion Hearted, to George the Imbecile, but the mission of the former was no different fundamentally to that of Balfour, who is the latter's envoy. Richard went to the Holy Land, ostensibly to wrench the sacred sepulchre from the hands of the infidel Turk. Balfour goes to assure the people that the mighty power of the British empire is behind them and their government.

BUT unfortunately—for the British empire—the people don't believe Balfour. They were not so numerous and not so skeptical in the days of (Continued on Page 6)

STUDENTS FORCE HALT TO OFFICIAL'S PARIS SPEECH DESPITE POLICE

PARIS, March 29.—A crowd of students estimated at 5,000 battled with police today in the Place de Medica when the police attacked their demonstration in protest against the engagement of Georges Scelle, a high official of the ministry of labor to make a speech on international law. The schedule was postponed.

Wales Leaves for Colonies. PORTSMOUTH, England, March 29.—H. M. S. Repulse, carrying the Prince of Wales on his 25,000 mile journey departed from Portsmouth.

RUSSO-CHINESE UNITY SUN'S LAST MESSAGE

Urged Kuomintang Pact with Soviets

MOSCOW, March 29.—The central executive committee of the Union of Soviet Republics has made public the death bed message to the committee of Sun Yat Sen, leader of the oppressed peoples of China against foreign imperialism, which urges a closer unity between the people of China and the Soviet government after his death.

Sun Yat Sen's message to the Soviet Republics gives the lie to the capitalist press of the world, which declared that Sun repudiated his friendship for Soviet Russia, and shows that at his death Sun's most vital hope was that the Soviet and the Chinese people would draw closer and closer together.

Sun's message to the central executive committee of the U. S. S. R. (Continued on page 3)

GOVT. PRINTER IN DRIVE TO WRECK UNION

Carter Is Pliant Tool of "Open Shop" Senators

(Special to The Daily Worker.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 29.—A union wrecking campaign without precedent in the history of the government printing office has been launched by Public Printer George H. Carter, an appointee of the corrupt Harding administration.

Under the guise of enforcing the "economy" program of Cal. Collidge, Carter is relentlessly exterminating those employees of his department that endeavor to maintain union conditions in the office.

At one blow 167 were discharged two weeks ago and a veritable reign of terror prevails. Time was when employees of this department of the government who were fairly competent to do their work enjoyed a security of employment not found elsewhere.

Advancement was slow, like other government institutions, but fairly sure, while work was pleasant, priority of employment was recognized and vacations and annuities were enjoyed. Now all this has vanished and every worker that dares stand for decent conditions has the threat of dismissal hanging over him. And since Washington's principal industry is the government, discharged governmental employees must leave the city. Instead of encouraging the employment of union men as was frequently the case under former administrations of the government printing office, Carter has instituted a policy of applying the lash and speeding up, combined with widespread espionage.

A Tool of Open Shoppers.

For years the leading employees of the government composing rooms were members of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101. The union had strong influence in the conduct of the establishment. This condition irked the irreconcilable enemies of the scab shop, so a well laid conspiracy was set on foot to place the control of the printing office in the hands of reliable labor hating elements. The political culmination of this conspiracy occurred with the placing of Reed Smoot, the Mormon Senator of Utah and Senator Moses, the funkney of the New Hampshire textile aristocracy of child labor exploiters, in prominent places on the committee on public printing. The inauguration of Warren G. Harding, March 4, 1921, was the signal for a concerted drive against organized labor in the government printing office.

George H. Carter, formerly a member of the Newswriters Union of Milwaukee, Wis., but who had been clerk of the committee on printing for (Continued on page 6.)

ARABS' STRIKE DRIVES BALFOUR TO JUDEA HILLS

Police Walk Streets As Moslems Protest

(Special to The Daily Worker)

JERUSALEM, March 29.—Gendarmes patrolled the streets during the second day of Lord Balfour's visit and menaced the Arab strikers who are protesting against domination of Palestine by British imperialism. Lord Balfour recovered from his "sea sickness," which, together with the strike of the Arabs, had "indisposed" the representative of British imperialism, sufficiently to allow Balfour to motor outside the hostile city, and into the hills of Judea.

The Arab shopkeepers closed their stores in protest against Balfour's visit. The heads of the Zionist movement which is being used by the British as a weapon to keep the Arab races in subjection, were the only ones to welcome Balfour. Many Jewish stores also closed here.

Moslems Protest Visit.

GENEVA, March 29.—The league of nations has received two telegrams from Palestine, protesting against Lord Balfour's visit, and the British practice of favoring one race to the detriment of another. The telegrams were sent by the Palestine Moslem league and the Moslem christian society.

England is angered at these protests, declaring that under the provisions of the league, only mandatory powers may protest to the league.

Get a sub—make another Communist!

More Miners Killed in America Than in Any Other Country

WASHINGTON.—Lives of coal miners in the United States are less safe than the lives of coal miners in any of the other large coal-producing countries, engineers in the U. S. bureau of mines admitted, when questioned in connection with the Fairmont disaster.

But, argued a government engineer, who admired the coal companies' efficiency, there's less blood on a ton of American coal than on a ton of British or German, because American machinery permits the mining of three times as many tons per man as does the British system, or the German. Therefore, even though more men, per hundred employed, are killed by accidents in American mines than in those of other nations, our business men must be congratulated!

SOLDIERS FACE FIRING SQUAD FOR COMMUNISM

Spies Frame Up 8 Reds in Hawaii

(Special to The Daily Worker.)

HONOLULU, Hawaii, March 29.—Paul Crouch, and seven other soldier members of the Hawaiian Communist League, an organization including United States soldiers stationed at Schofield Barracks, have been arrested and face court martial on charges involving the death penalty and life imprisonment. The sole evidence against the United States soldiers is that they are Communists.

Those who have been arrested by the United States government for their political views are:—Private Fred Creque, 27th infantry, a young working class writer, who studied at the University of Idaho, Washington and Oregon; Private Walter M. Trumbull, 21st infantry band, formerly a prominent sculptor of Boston, Mass.; Corporal Roy F. Ebert, 35th infantry, graduate of Iowa dental college; Ste-

JAP WORKERS WAGED BIG STRUGGLE AGAINST PASSAGE OF LEGISLATION TO AID EMPLOYER'S WHITE TERROR

That the workers of Japan waged an energetic struggle against the passage of suppressive legislation intended to crush all attempts of the working class at organizing their forces, is seen in the accompanying declaration of the Proletarian Organization of Japan. The Workers (Communist) Party recently issued a manifesto declaring its solidarity with the Japanese workers in their struggle. The ruling class of Japan pushed the legislation thru the diet and it is now on the statute books of Japan ready to be used whenever necessary, to combat militant Japanese labor. The declaration of Japanese labor follows:

To the Workers of the World, We Appeal!

WE, the proletariat of Japan, are threatened with a regime of white terror. The peace maintenance bill, which seeks to supervise all social movement, is to be introduced into the 50th session of the imperial national legislature, now in session at Tokio.

The bill, under the excuse of maintaining the peace of the land, seeks to suppress every legal as well as illegal movement of the workers, and of (Continued on page 3)

Judge Told Fellow Grafter to Take \$1,000 Per Month

(Special to The Daily Worker)

EAST ST. LOUIS, Ill., March 29.—The scene of the congressional probe into the official conduct of federal Judge George W. English was shifted to East St. Louis where the subcommittee examined data bearing on the services of C. B. Thomas, former referee in bankruptcy. Thomas, close friend of Judge English, resigned when his conduct was subjected to severe criticism.

Court records showed cases where Thomas served as receiver and where he also acted as attorney for the receiver. The first case considered revealed that Judge English had ordered Thomas to pay himself \$1,000 a month as receiver in the failure of the Chicago Fuel company, filed by Jacob Handelsman, Elmer Webber, co-receiver, received a similar salary.

Testimony has already been introduced indicating that Judge English promised certain East St. Louis bankers the privilege of handling bankruptcy funds in return for positions in their banks tendered his own sons.

Saved \$30,000; Count Insane.

TAYLORVILLE, Ill., March 29.—A tragedy of loneliness thru long years of toil, was revealed here today in an attempt to declare William Bailey, 62, Hermit plasterer, of Pana, insane. He is said to have \$30,000 saved from wages on deposit in a Pana bank. Declared insane, he is to testify for a new hearing

AMERICAN WORKERS JOIN IN GROWING WORLD LABOR CRY, "LANZUTSKY MUST NOT DIE!"

"Stanislav Lanzutsky must not die!" "Release the victimized workers of Poland's white guards!" "Down with Poland's murderous government of Grabski! Down with the capitalist dictatorship! Hail to the coming Soviet Republic of Poland!" "Long live the international solidarity of the workers! Long live Soviet Russia!"

These were the challenges hurled into the face of the emissaries, consuls and agents of the white guard Polish government yesterday in demonstrations taking place in all the largest cities of the United States.

They were staged by American workers before the doors of all Polish consulates and in front of the Polish legation in Washington, D. C.

The demonstrations were to protest in the name of the American workers against the sentence of death by Poland's capitalist dictatorship upon Stanislav Lanzutsky, a railroad worker now a member of the Polish parliament, whose lifeblood is sought by the white guards of Poland because he delivered a speech before the striking Railway Workers' Union in the city of Przempl on Nov. 11, 1923.

Police Attack Washington Demonstration

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 29.—With banners and placards bearing denunciations of the Polish government's attempt to murder Stanislav Lanzutsky, Communist member of the Polish parliament, sentenced to death for a speech, the members of the Workers (Communist) Party of America picketed the legation of Poland here yesterday afternoon and were driven away only by the assaults of the police of the capital of American democracy.

The police were summoned by Dr. Ladislav Wroblewski, the Polish minister, who denied to the newspapers that he knew anything concerning the railroad worker whose life is sought by the Polish bourgeoisie because he made a speech during the general strike of railway workers in 1923.

The Communists promised further picketing of the legation if the Polish government proceeds with its announced design of crushing out the working class movement of Poland. A mass meeting is being arranged at which protest will be sent to the gov-

(Continued on Page 2)

RED STUDENTS GIVE SCHOOL HIGH PRAISE

Pledge to Work Hard for Communism

Enthusiasm prevailed at the closing session of the Workers School when a resolution was introduced by one of the students, expressing gratitude to the central executive committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, District No. 8, and the Chicago central committee for the opportunity to study Communism and the methods by which the party brings its message to the masses.

The resolution also expressed the appreciation of the students for the instructors who so willingly gave their time to make the school a success. The resolution which was passed unanimously reads:

The Lenin School in Chicago will remain a landmark in the history of our party. We, the students of the school, appreciate the efforts of the C. E. C., District No. 8 and the C. C. C. of Chicago in bringing this great event about. We consider it a great step forward in the bolshevization of our party, and express the wish that it will be possible to make it a permanent institution, therefore be it

RESOLVED: That, we, the direct beneficiaries of this school, go on record as heartily endorsing the idea of the school, and extending our thanks and appreciation to those responsible for it. We wish especially to express our appreciation and regard for the instructors, who, already overburdened with party work have so willingly given their time that the school, might be a success.

And we pledge ourselves to our party that we will go back to our tasks in our respective units to multiply our activities and efforts a hundred fold. We promise to show by our work, that the school and the sacrifices which it entailed, will be justified by the results.

Women Now Compose Nearly One Half of England's Workers

LONDON, March 29.—The design of capitalists to replace male workers with unorganized, and hence lower paid, women workers, regardless of "breaking up the home"—is shown in the issuance by the government of the 1921 census returns.

It shows that there is not a single division of industry in England and Wales in which women are not employed while only 30,000 fewer women than men are connected with one or other of the professions.

Altogether, 17,188,050 persons were employed in industry at the time of the census, 12,112,718 men and 5,065,332 women. This is an increase of 234,580 women compared with the census of 1921.

Women completely outnumbered men in many industries, including the textile trades of Lancashire, the china and porcelain trades, and the making of pins and needles.

State School Burns.

LINCOLN, Ill., March 29.—One hundred and twelve patients were led to safety here when fire broke out beneath the floor of the state school and colony for feeble minded.

Red Killed in Bulgaria. SOFIA, March 29.—A Communist and a policeman were killed in a street battle between workers and police who attempted to break up their meeting. Several were injured.

MADRID, Spain, March 29.—Premier Primo de Rivera has refused the request of the liberal party to assemble in convention

LANDLORD CURSE MAKES FARMERS RED, BOOK SAYS

Bankers Control Poor Tenantry

"The danger is that it is already too late to find a remedy short of revolution," writes Herbert Quick in his book The Real Trouble With the Farmers.

"Most writers," he says, "are ignoring the fact that farm tenantry has increased until it is the controlling factor in the condition of the farmer."

"Farm tenantry increases with such rapidity because land grows so valuable that a poor man cannot buy it and pay for it."

Quick points out that this passing of the land into the hands of the rich is increasing the average size of farms.

The farm rental system in the United States is described as the worst in the world. To find one as bad we must go to prewar Russia.

"But," he predicts, "class consciousness is coming. It is, in fact, here. When it has its threatened increase, look out for bitter attacks on existing institutions."

MAY RE-OPEN FOSTER'S CASE

(Continued from page 1) more of those indicted under the criminal syndicalist law of the state of Michigan.

The event that led up to this was the holding of a peaceful convention in Bridgeman, Michigan.

Through the trials of W. Z. Foster, whose trial came first, and that of C. E. Ruthenberg, it never was once proven by the state or any one else that these Communists performed any overt act.

Where Money Came From It is interesting to note in this case that the prosecution peculiarly enough has been financed from other than local sources.

Proved No Overt Act William Z. Foster, who was the first tried, was not convicted as the jury disagreed in his case.

SICK AND DEATH BENEFIT SOCIETIES

Frauen-Kranken-Unterstützungs Verein Fortschritt Meets every 1st & 3rd Thursday, Wicker Park Hall, 2040 W. North Avenue.

PITTSBURGH, PA. To those who work hard for their money, I will save 50 per cent on all their dental work. DR. RASNICK DENTIST 645 Smithfield Street.

NOBLE "MOUNTIES" OF STATE POLICE STRONG FOR ROMANCE OF BREAKING WAGE STRIKES

ARTICLE V. By MANUEL GOMEZ.

Facts and figures brought out in these articles prove conclusively that state police are not "rural police" but industrial police for use against the workers in industrial disputes.

But the police have their secondary rural purpose too—and in rural communities it is the poor farmers who suffer from their depredations.

The Romance of Strike Breaking To see what a military police force will mean for the poor farmers and rural workers one need only study past experiences.

The stories of romance and adventure which have been written around the Royal Northwest Mounted police have built up a legend among the unsuspecting that this force is an ideal organization established for the sole purpose of protecting the sanctity of home and fireside.

It Runs Something Like This: During the early sixties the Hudson Bay company, which then owned "by grant" a considerable slice of northern and western Canada, had become engaged in bitter competition with its rival, the Northwest company.

Since that time, the history of the Royal Northwest Mounted police has been replete with stories of strike-breaking activities at the behest of the big capitalists who hold Canada in their grasp.

Workers and poor farmers are united against the oppressive power of capitalism. In the United States as in Canada, these two elements must be brought closer and closer together.

Every extension of the police power, every attempt of the financial interests to get more clubs and more bayonets in their service, constitutes a new menace.

While much propaganda was made by the capitalist press against the Communists and the rest of the labor movement on the basis of this famous raid, nevertheless the persecution in these cases succeeded in accomplishing a unification of the various elements of the labor movement.

Out of the Bridgman raid and the Michigan cases have grown a series of red-baiting stories from various sources which sought to picture the Communists and other sections of the working class in the most lurid light.

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314,308 RAILWAY WORKERS GETTING BUT \$900 YEARLY

"Living Wage" Scorned By Railway Board

By LELAND OLDS.

Certain members of the U. S. rail labor board must chuckle at the forty-eighth presentation of the argument for a living wage when they know from interstate commerce commission figures that they have already awarded 314,308 adult male workers an average of less than \$75 a month or \$900 for the full year 1924.

The figures are from the commission's summary of wage statistics for 1924. If we raise the maximum to \$100 a month or \$1,200 for the year, we find over half a million workers grouped below this figure which represents the minimum subsistence wage for a normal family.

The 202,967 section men averaged \$73 a month or \$876 for the year; 58,408 extra-gang and work-train laborers averaged \$75 a month or \$900 for the year.

There were also 8,120 other maintenance of way laborers and 23,007 crossing and bridge watchmen whose yearly average came to an even \$900.

In the shops there are two big classes of low-paid common labor, one of 59,842 workers with an average of \$80 a month or \$960 for the year, the other of 45,994 with average yearly earnings of \$1,140.

The average wage of all hourly-paid rail workers in 1924 was \$1,544 marking a decline of \$12 from 1923. By groups the comparison is shown as follows:

Table with 3 columns: Railroaders' Yearly Wage, 1924, 1925. Rows include Clerical, Maintenance of way, Shop forces, Station, etc.

The shop crafts suffered the largest reduction in average earnings. Over half of all the layoffs also fell to this group.

The train and engine service employes show a slight gain in average earnings but their numbers were reduced by 22,003 compared with 1923.

Maine Rejects Child Labor Bill. AUGUSTA, Me., March 29.—The Maine senate, by a vote of 16 to 7, rejected the proposed federal child labor amendment.

SOVIET GOVERNMENT DISCOVERS PRICELESS RELICS OF ORIENTAL MONARCHS AND RARE TARTAR COINS

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, D. C., March 29.—Recent bulletins received from the joint information bureau in Moscow by the Russian information bureau here give the news of discoveries of remarkable interest to archaeologists, made by scientists who have been making a survey of great quantities of material packed away and forgotten for many years in the store rooms and vaults of Russian museums.

One notable find is the seal of the Persian monarch, King Artaxerxes, presumably either Artaxerxes I, who reigned 465-424 B. C., or Artaxerxes III, who reigned 359-338 B. C.

The seal is carved on a cylinder of fine chalcidony. It depicts the king, in warlike raiment, with a halo over his head, holding in one hand a sceptre with the point resting on the ground.

Some of the coins were contained in a jug standing at the bottom of the glazed vessel. This was two-thirds full of coins of one of the later Tartar dynasties.

Twelve hundred of the coins, those best preserved, have been placed among the collections in the State Historical Museum in Moscow.

URGED RUSSO-CHINESE UNITY

(Continued from page 1) which showed his appreciation of the heritage of Lenin, follows:

"Dear Comrades—On my death bed I should like to express my thoughts on the fate of my country and my party. You are at the head of a union of free republics, which immortal Lenin left as a heritage to all oppressed nationalities of the world.

"I leave to the nation a party which, as I ardently hope, will share with you in the historic mission of emancipating China and other oppressed nationalities from the imperialist yoke.

"Therefore I call upon my party to remain uninterrupted contact with you. I firmly believe that you will always support my country. In taking leave from you, dear comrades, I give expression to my hope that the day is not far, when the U. S. S. R. will find in a free China a strong friend and ally, who will work together in the great struggle for the emancipation of the oppressed of the whole world.

At the same time Sun Yat Sen addressed his political testament to the Kuomintang Party, of which he was the leader. Sun wrote: "The forty years' work for the national revolution aiming at winning liberty and equal rights for China

will be filled me with the conviction that that aim could only be achieved thru mobilizing the masses and thru the closest connection with nations who trust us on a footing of equality.

Following Sun Yat Sen's death, the central executive committee of the Russian Communist Party sent the following telegram, signed by Stalin, to the central committee of the Kuomintang Party, which expressed the faith that the cause of Sun Yat Sen has not died but that the workers and peasants of China will emancipate themselves from foreign imperialism.

"The central committee of the R. K. P. has no doubt that the great cause of Sun Yat Sen will not die with his death, but will continue to live in the hearts of the Chinese workers and peasants, in spite of all their enemies, and that the Kuomintang Party will carry aloft the banner of Sun Yat Sen in the great fight for emancipation from imperialism and will march to the final victory over all imperialist agents in China.

"We are threatened with a regime of white terror! We are challenged by the imperialism of Japan as to the rights of the proletariat!"

"We swear before the working men of the world that we will fight it out with the reigning class of Japan for the destruction of imperialism with all our might and in spite of all sacrifices and oppression!"

"Let all join hands with us and help us in our fight against the oppression of the ruling class of Japan!"

At this important moment, the bourgeois government of Japan, one of the monsters of imperialism in the whole world, under pressure of its privy council, is going to set up a piece of legislation, intended to threaten us with the regime of white terror, namely the peace maintenance law, in exchange for the granting of the franchise and the recognition of Soviet Russia.

LABOR DEMANDS STATE ADMIT ITS FAULT IN MURDER

Workers Ask, Mercy for Child Slave Who Killed

ATLANTA, Ga., March 29.—Organized labor in Atlanta is aroused over the threat of the state to hang Mrs. Ida Hughes for the murder of her mother-in-law. Mrs. Hughes was found guilty and sentenced to death recently and unless Governor Clifford Walker sees fit to commute her sentence she will be hanged.

In an open letter to Walker published in the Journal of Labor, official organ of organized labor in this town, it is pointed out that although Mrs. Hughes undoubtedly did commit a murder society is responsible.

"Society thru the state says to her, 'You have committed murder and you must die.' That she has done a most terrible thing no one will deny. But suppose she were allowed to indict society for the crime against her? She might say to society, 'You denied me the right to a normal life. Whereas I should now be in the bloom of maidenhood I am broken by fourteen long years of hard labor. You allowed me, at the age of eleven, to be thrust into a factory. Since that time my body has known no rest. Bound to the machine I have been denied by you all opportunities. Born a mortal you have condemned me to be a machine.'"

"Let the state first acknowledge her crime against this woman, as a child, and against the thousands of other children; let the state first take steps to free the child from the greed of the workshop; and then exact her pound of flesh. Will you, Mr. Walker, raise your voice against this social injustice by offering clemency to this woman?"

Hammer and Sickle But No Crucifix or Bible for Communist

PARIS, March 29.—In comparison with M. Galliard, who recently refused to testify in the parliamentary campaign funds inquiry unless a crucifix were provided for taking the oath, Deputy Raffin Dugens, a Communist, today brot a hammer and sickle before the committee for the same purpose.

Questioned concerning a check for 5,000 francs alleged to have come from union economic interests, the deputy said he certainly had received such a check with an illegible signature.

"I was unaware of the origin of the check. All funds are good for the support of party purposes," he said.

Mexico-Chile Relations Resumed. MEXICO CITY, March 29.—Mexico resumed relations with Chile following the appointment of Gen. Eduardo Hay as minister to Chile. Relations were broken off after last September's flight of President Alessandri of Chile.

GET A SUB AND GIVE ONE!

The Latest Issue No. 8 No. 8 is now being mailed. This number of the "Communist International" in addition to: "Seven Years: The First Anniversary of the Revolution Without Lenin" by GREGORY ZINOVIEV, contains articles on: United States, England, Georgia, China, France and Jugo-Slavia. Single Copy 25 Cents. \$2.50 a Year—\$1.25 Six Months Order from the Daily Worker Agent in your city or THE DAILY WORKER 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

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Jap Labor Wages Big Struggle

(Continued from page 1) with the blood of our comrades.

Denied Right of Assemblage. The application of the existing peace ordinance, which forbids the assemblage of more than two persons without the permission of the police, interferences and makes it impossible for us to assemble together.

By the working of this peculiar piece of legislation, the citizens of our country, and especially our comrades face imprisonment at the whim of the police, for no offense at all. For instance, comrades residing in a home can be arrested and be put into custody of the police under the name of loafers who do no good to the society.

Our legislation in regard to the publishing of books and newspapers are so prohibitive that we, the proletariat, can hardly hope to have our own papers. Our newspapers and magazines, which survive in spite of this pressure, are frequently placed under ban and confiscated by the police for no particular offense.

Not satisfied with oppression by means of various brutal existing laws, such as the peace ordinance, publishing law and similar laws proclaimed by various provinces, the reigning capitalist class, with the aid of the authorities in power which are nothing more than feudal bureaucrats, is going to establish the law designed to cripple the movements of the proletariat in order to insure the last hurried gain out of their capitals.

The bill is now being laid before the joint committee of the three government parties to be investigated and it will shortly be introduced into the diet for final approval. It is not difficult to foresee that the bill, if passed, will enable the government to carry out its policy, much

SOLDIERS FACE FIRING SQUAD FOR COMMUNISM

Spies Frame Up 8 Reds in Hawaii

(Continued from Page 1)
phen Domagalski, 21st Infantry band, drum major; Simon L. Schwartz, bugler corps, 11th field artillery, a young artist; and another man in the 11th field artillery. These charges against all of these soldiers are "radical ideas," or "member of Hawaiian Communist League."
Paul Crouch who, before his arrest was a regimental supply clerk in the 21st Infantry. Craque and Trumbull have been framed up, the two "witnesses" against them being secret service spies who unsuccessfully tried to join the Communist League, and the three Communists are in danger of the firing squad. The "evidence" against Craque consists of his comments in his diary which the detectives stole, and articles in the DAILY WORKER.

Spy Stole Letter
A letter written by the Hawaiian Communist League to the Third International at Moscow, never reached its destination as it was taken from the United States mails by the spy, who was acting under orders from the assistant chief of staff of the United States army, Hawaiian division. The letter declared that the Hawaiian Communist League accepted all the rules and principles of the Third International, and sent the greetings of the class conscious workers and soldiers of Hawaii.

The spy sent out by the United States government to frame up the soldiers, Corporal Eugene M. Fisher, was not admitted to the Communist League, and whatever "evidence" he has to show is either manufactured or stolen.

Not Secret
The Hawaiian Communist League is not and never has been secret organization.

Comrade Crouch was arrested Feb. 19, and taken to the guard house, charged with "violation of the 96th article of war on four specifications," including the charge that the league is a secret organization, that he advocated the overthrow of the government," and that the letter to the Communist International "violated the law."

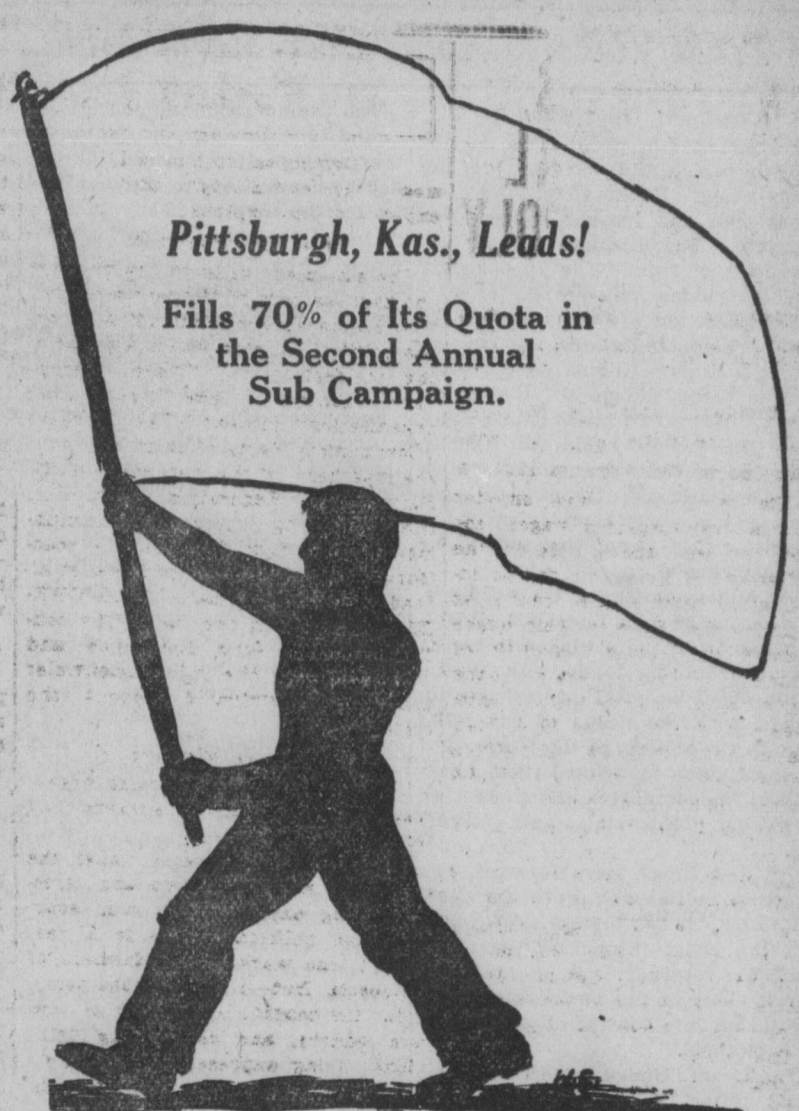
Comrade Crouch and his fellow prisoners are without legal aid without funds, and are being treated abominably. Comrade Crouch is in the prison ward of the hospital, suffering from ulcer of the stomach. His treatment has been brutal beyond description.

In the guard house he was not permitted to write his parents, and up until the present time has not been allowed to have a comb or shaving brush. He is being forced to use the one safety razor blade for shaving which he had been using when arrested. He has not been allowed to secure any of his personal possessions.

Comrade Crouch's mail has been withheld from him.

Army Tries to Suppress Case
He was forced to work when he was so ill his fellow soldiers had to carry him to his post. He has been threatened with personal violence by the brutal provost sergeant.

On Feb. 28, Comrade Crouch was moved to the hospital ward. He is not permitted to have any money. The army officials are trying to suppress all publicity with regard to the case.



JAPANESE WOMEN SLAVE IN MILLS 12 HOURS A DAY

Guarded to Cut Off Escape

OITA, Japan, March 29.—One million Japanese women and girls are kept virtual prisoners in Japan's silk and cotton factories, where they are forced to labor 12 hours a day for 40 cents a day.

One such factory here, owned by a foreign corporation which owns 42 such factories, is typical. The factory is enclosed by an eight foot wall to prevent the escape of the 45,000 girls who are housed within its walls. Sentries stand guard over the gates. The girls live in cramped quarters provided by the factory. They work from 7:30 a. m. to 7:30 p. m. with no Sunday rest.

Overseers stationed throughout the factory keep the girls working at top speed. Girls as young as 9 and 10 years of age are made to labor in these textile mills.

Union Officials of Sweden Compromise to End Big Lockout

(Special to the Daily Worker.)
STOCKHOLM, Sweden, March 29.—The lockout in Sweden of the workers in five industries, affecting 130,000 employes, was called off yesterday after a compromise agreement between the officials of the general labor federation and the association of employers. The union officials had previously refused to call a national general strike to assist the locked out workers, as demanded by the rank and file.

BIG BUSINESS 'DEFLATES' THE WHEAT FARMER

Knocks 55 Cents Off in Two Months

Will the recent break of 25 1/2 cents a bushel in wheat in three days and the steady decline to a level 55c below the middle of January wake the farmers up to the fact that they were duped by a nefarious price situation into electing Coolidge? According to Griswold in the Chicago Journal of Commerce, "the oldest trader on the exchange has no recollection of a situation that is comparable to this."

"In a normal market," says Griswold, "no exaggeration of opinion, no distortion of market news could drive a single wheat option close to the pre-war level and then chop 55c off the price," before the option expires. Of course this market had been rigged to take the wind out of the farmer-labor combination.

A month ago the New York Times pointed out that the term world shortage of wheat had been somewhat loosely used. It said that, excluding Russia, production would be about 3,100,000,000 bushels which compares very well with 3,742,000,000 in 1922 and 3,106,000,000 in 1921. The estimated yield never reached 3,000,000,000 in any other postwar year.

The department of agriculture now says that there is enough wheat on hand in the country "to meet domestic requirements for feed, seed and flour, allow for exports equal to those from March 1 to June 30 last year and leave a carryover of about 51,000,000 bushels." It points out that in the first eight weeks of 1925 Australia and Argentina furnished the world market 50 per cent more wheat than a year ago and that the world's commercial stocks Feb. 1 were 375,000,000 bushels, the largest since the war except 1924 and only 5,000,000 under that year. Also three percent more acreage has been sown to winter wheat than in 1924.

The high prices around election did not go to the farmer. He delivered his wheat between July and Feb. 1 at an average of \$1.24 a bushel, most of it having been sold far in advance of the boom.

Wheat headed for over \$2 was only an election promise. It fooled many into believing that it would hold until the next crop. But the hope gave Coolidge the west.

FRENCH MINERS FELL 1,000 FEET IN CAGE TO DEATH AT BOTTOM

NANCY, March 29.—Ninety miners leaving a shaft in the Sarre and Moselle mines at Merjebach, Lorraine, Thursday, were precipitated from a height of 1,000 feet when the elevator cable broke near the surface.

The miners were traveling up from work on a three-deck elevator when the cable gave way. In spite of immediate rescue measures the miners have not yet been reached.

Altho cries were heard at the pit's mouth these are believed to have come from miners in the galleries below who witnessed the tragedy, in which all are believed to have perished.

Production Declining But Still Higher Now Than It Was in 1924

WASHINGTON, March 29.—Reports from the federal reserve districts summarizing general business and financial conditions, show that production in basic industries declined in February and the early part of March from the high output of January, but continued above the level of a year ago.

Despite a decline in the prices of agricultural commodities, the average of wholesale prices rose slightly. The index of production in twenty-two basic industries, which is adjusted to allow for differences in the number of working days and for seasonal variations, declined 3 per cent in February, but continued to be higher than at any time since the peak reached in May, 1923.

Subscribe for the DAILY WORKER!



BUILDERS AT WORK A MINING TOWN LEADS!

Communist Organizer Shows How.

IT is quite appropriate that a town in the rebellious Kansas coal fields should lead the campaign to "Build the DAILY WORKER." Pittsburg, Kansas, home of militant miners who are supporting Alec Howatt, in the still unorganized Communist territory turns in 70 per cent of its quota with one blow in the second week of the Second Annual Sub Campaign.

Comrade J. E. Snyder, organizer working in this territory sends in the subs that are a response to his message of what the DAILY WORKER means to militant miners. We look for even greater support from here before the campaign is ended.

New Orleans, where Communism is still unheard of, one lone Red turns in four subs to fill 40 per cent of his quota and we look to this militant, J. C. Das, to finish a brilliant beginning.

Milwaukee, Wisconsin, is doing nobly with 22.4 per cent of its quota already filled and Comrade Shklar, local secretary and DAILY WORKER agent threatens that Milwaukee will lead again as it did in the first week.

Tom Mathews, who is greatly the reason for so much Communist activity on "main street," with a batch of subs filled 22 per cent of the quota for Omaha, Nebraska.

Most cities have not begun to stir yet. New York, which has turned in a couple thousand short term subs thru a special campaign, will soon be busy thruout the branches on the present campaign and like Chicago and Philadelphia will soon be racing for leadership.

These locals and individuals are building for Communism. Are you? Perform the simple task of getting at least two NEW subs before June 15 and your local will be among the leaders. The quotas set give equal opportunity for all locals—GET IN THE CAMPAIGN.

THE RACE in the Second Annual Sub Campaign.

| City | Subs Sent | In % of Quota | Percentage Filled |
|----------------------|-----------|---------------|-------------------|
| Pittsburg, Kansas | 2 | 10 | 70 |
| New Orleans, La. | 4 | 10 | 40 |
| Milwaukee, Wis. | 28 | 125 | 22.4 |
| Omaha, Neb. | 1 | 50 | 22 |
| Pocatello, Ind. | 2 | 10 | 20 |
| Miami, Florida | 1 | 10 | 10 |
| Sistersville, W. Va. | 1 | 10 | 10 |
| Port Vule, Pa. | 1 | 10 | 10 |
| Salt Lake City, Utah | 1 | 10 | 10 |
| West Concord, N. H. | 1 | 10 | 10 |
| Jamestown, N. Y. | 1 | 10 | 10 |
| West New York, N. J. | 1 | 10 | 10 |
| Alliance, Ohio | 1 | 10 | 10 |
| West Allis, Wis. | 3 | 30 | 10 |
| Chisholm, Minn. | 1 | 10 | 10 |
| Woodlawn, Pa. | 1 | 10 | 10 |
| Rockford, Ill. | 4 | 50 | 8 |
| Philadelphia, Pa. | 18 | 250 | 7.2 |
| Kansas City, Kans. | 4 | 20 | 6.7 |
| Portland, Ore. | 4 | 60 | 6.6 |
| Superior, Wis. | 3 | 60 | 5 |
| Buffalo, N. Y. | 4 | 100 | 4 |
| Detroit, Mich. | 20 | 500 | 4 |
| Pontiac, Mich. | 1 | 25 | 4 |
| Denver, Colo. | 2 | 50 | 4 |
| Providence, R. I. | 1 | 30 | 3.3 |
| Reverse, Mass. | 1 | 30 | 3.3 |
| Astoria, Ore. | 1 | 30 | 3.3 |
| Elizabeth, N. J. | 1 | 30 | 3.3 |
| Boston, Mass. | 7 | 200 | 3.5 |
| Pittsburgh, Pa. | 7 | 250 | 2.8 |
| Los Angeles, Cal. | 4 | 150 | 2.7 |
| San Francisco, Cal. | 4 | 150 | 2.7 |
| McKeesport, Pa. | 1 | 40 | 2.5 |
| Worcester, Mass. | 1 | 50 | 2 |
| Chicago, Ill. | 23 | 1500 | 1.6 |
| Baltimore, Md. | 1 | 75 | 1.3 |
| Cleveland, Ohio | 4 | 450 | .9 |
| New York, N. Y. | 7 | 1500 | .5 |
| Toledo, Ohio | 1 | 200 | .5 |
| Minneapolis, Minn. | 1 | 200 | .5 |

These Active Builders

were among those who have turned in NEW subs to swell the total above. They have turned in subs arriving at the end of the week and if your name is not in the list—WILL IT BE THERE SOON?

Chicago, Ill., M. Gomez, 1; D. E. Earley, 1; A. E. Valentine, 2; I. L. Davidson, 1.

Philadelphia, Pa., William Kogerman 1.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Fred Merrick, 4.

West New York, N. J., A. T. Zaparka, 1.

Cleveland, Ohio, Theodore Evanoff, 1; H. Reyonen, 1.

Portland, Ore., Harry Scelnick, 2.

Boston, Mass., Albert Weisbard, 1; Elsie Pultur, 1; Robert Zeims, 2.

Astoria, Ore., Nestor Williams, 1.

Saskatoon, Sask., Can. 1.

Detroit, Mich., J. Mazzanlo, 1; N. Stoyanoff, 8.

Oakland, Cal., A. C. Makutinas, 1.

Los Angeles, Cal., S. Globberman, 2; M. Molnar, 1.

Milwaukee Wis., G. S. Shklar, 2.

Salt Lake City, Utah, William S. Dalton, 1.

Superior, Wis., Ellen Limponen, 2.

Elizabeth, Pa., Harry Janolewicz, 1.

And While You Build the Labor Movement—
For every \$6.00 worth of subs (\$8.00 worth in Chicago) we will gladly send you a leather binder with patent clasp making all sheets detachable; with pocket for receipts and note paper for your use—containing a full descriptive catalogue of all Communist books and publications from "The source of all Communist literature in this country"—The DAILY WORKER, 1113 W. Washington, Blvd., Chicago, Illinois.

LOOSE BUSINESS DEALS OF SCHOOL BOARD EXPOSED

As the time nears for a showdown between the organized teachers of Chicago and the proposed company union backers in the superintendent's office and the board, charges and evidence of administrative inefficiency and loose business dealings pile up.

Instead of meeting the congestion of children in the schools, the school authorities have allowed the seating shortage to become over 3,000 greater than last year when 76,619 pupils had no proper accommodation. This is certified to the board's finance committee by its firm of accountants which urges the board to get down to business in the following words:

"This condition, the great seriousness of which is exemplified by the fact that the board will actually lose ground during 1925 in the matter of overtaking the seating shortage, calls for an early consideration of the whole problem of organization."

The Chicago Teachers' Federation graphically points out why children must do without seats in school. It runs a full page advertisement showing that the taxable property in Chicago is valued at \$40,000,000,000 but that \$36,000,000,000 of this illegally escapes taxation.

The board of education says, platoon the school; the teachers say stop tax-fixing and tax-dodging.

The company union of Supt. McAndrew, who wants to replace the teacher councils by planting himself, a couple of his assistants, some principals and assistant principals among the rank and file meetings, is still awaiting a favorable time to put it over.

Doctor Tells Birth Control Conference We Need More Babies

NEW YORK, March 29.—The sixth international neo-Malthusian and birth control conference in session at the Hotel McAlpin received quite a jolt when Dr. Louis I. Dublin, statistician of the Metropolitan Life Insurance company told them that the figures presented in their arguments in which they contend that all our economic troubles are due to over population were incorrect.

He then made a long speech to prove that what the country needed to cure its economic and social ills was more babies.

"I cannot consider the underlying causes for the decline in the birth rate except to point to the very obvious influence of the widespread knowledge of contraceptive methods. Every doctor, every nurse, every druggist, and every social worker will, I believe, admit that such knowledge is widespread. Contraception is more widely practiced here than in any country in the world except Germany and Austria."

Mrs. Sanger replied briefly to Dr. Dublin's criticism.

"Every objection brought forward," she said, "is an old story. If he will stay with us he will find every objection answered before the conference is over."

Want State Board of Education for Illinois Schools

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 29.—The creation of a state board of education to consist of seven members and to have supervision of public school matters, is before the state legislature. The proposal was in the form of a recommendation coming from the educational commission.

Under the plan members of the state board of education would be appointed by the governor from each of the seven supreme court districts.

"It is the intent of the commission that this board shall be the policy making body for public education in Illinois," the commission says in recommending the bill.

"It will be without administrative powers over school districts. Matters of public education are now distributed among various officials, boards, and departments. The commission holds that these scattered functions should be combined and placed in charge of a state board."

Child Labor Law Killed in the New Hampshire Senate

CONCORD, N. H.—The New Hampshire senate, without a dissenting vote concurred with the house of representatives in rejecting the proposed child labor amendment.

About This Book

"Lenin--

The Great Strategist of the Class War"

by A. Lozovsky.

In a splendid introduction Alexander Bittelman, member of the central executive committee of the Workers Party, says:

"What must you do? What can YOU do?"

"Turn to Lenin, he'll tell you. He has built a party and led a movement which already conquered for the toiling masses one-sixth of the earth's surface. He ought to know how you do those things. Ask him and he'll tell you."

We have received a new stock of this splendid pamphlet by the secretary of the Red International of Labor Unions.

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