

MINNESOTA LABOR REACTION BEATEN

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHEARTY.

MRS. ETHEL SNOWDEN, wife of Philip, former chancellor of the British exchequer, is touring Canada under the auspices of the department of education. That a capitalist institution should tour a socialist is sufficient proof that Ethel's socialism is of the yellow brand.

MRS. SNOWDEN said, substantially that Ramsay's leadership was everything it should not be and that the Tories made a horse's neck out of him on the Zinoviev forgery issue.

SEVERAL moderately progressive leaders of the British trade union movement take violent exception to Ethel's prediction, regarding the future conduct of the members thereof toward his majesty, George, the empty-headed.

THE British delegates to the Russian trade union congress continue to cause excitement in the haunts of the yellow socialists on the continent of Europe and even in America.

AS a counter defensive against the trade unionists, Purcell, Tillett Bromley and others, the capitalists, socialists and the anti-Soviet forces generally put the notorious political prostitute Emma Goldman on the platform to belch forth her venom against the workers' and peasants' government.

THE extreme right wing of the trade union movement in Minneapolis is not satisfied with ousting Dan Stevens from the Trades and Labor Assembly.

COLORADO PRISON WARDEN ON TRIAL CHARGED WITH BRUTALITY, FLOGGING

(Special to The Daily Worker)

DENVER, Colo., Feb. 2.—Thomas Tynan, warden of the Colorado state penitentiary, went on trial today on charges of incompetency, brutality and flogging before the state civil service commission.

RELIEF PLANNED FOR IRELAND AS FAMINE SPREADS

No Fuel, No Food While Epidemics Rage

(Special to The Daily Worker)

DUBLIN, Feb. 2.—Human misery is rapidly reaching its lowest ebb in South Fermanagh, for there famine conditions are tragically acute, said reports from Enniskillen, in that district today.

Potatoes always have been the main and staple diet for these people and the lengths to which they have gone to sustain within themselves the spark of life is a story of privation almost beyond comprehension in countries where there is food and warmth.

Peat is not to be had for fuel. Farmers go about daily combing the bleak countryside for green heather with which to kindle a tiny flame for their suffering families.

Illness is general, malnutrition is widespread.

Epidemic in Donegal. Gales blowing off the Atlantic are daily adding to the hardships of the inhabitants of the west counties of Ireland.

Three were dead and ten injured today from derailment of two coaches of a train, blown from the viaduct by the fury of the gale last night.

In Donegal the situation has been aggravated by epidemics which have killed huge flocks of sheep.

BAN ON POULTRY FROM 13 STATES RILES DEALERS

Claim Loss Is Sixty Million Dollars

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—Live poultry dealers are in a state of frenzy over the loss of profits because of the embargo on poultry from thirteen states.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—The embargo is against sending into New York live chickens, roosters, capons, hens, ducks, geese, turkeys, pigeons and guinea fowl from the states of Missouri, Kansas, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Nebraska, the Dakotas, Ohio, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Connecticut and Wisconsin.

It is claimed that huge losses are being sustained by 400 distributors of live poultry, who are not only bewailing the profits which could be made, but say their credit may be damaged.

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COOLIDGE FAILS TO AID NOME, STRICKEN WITH DIPHTHERIA

(Special to The Daily Worker)

SEATTLE, Wash., Feb. 2.—Word was received here from Nome, Alaska that 5 residents of the stricken town died in one day as a result of the diphtheria plague.

One million units of anti-toxin were sent from here on the steamer Alameda which will be taken overland from Seward to Nome. The dog team speeding toward Nome was due to arrive in the plague ridden city today.

Dr. Marguder of Seattle who sent the serum, declared no word has been heard from Washington in answer to repeated requests that the government arrange for shipment of the serum to Nome by airplane.

Dr. Curtis Welsh, the only physician in Nome, had previously reported four deaths. The temperature in Nome is now 50 degrees below zero.

STRIKE AGAINST TEXTILE WAGE CUT IN UTICA

Unanimous Strike Vote at Once Effective

(Special to The Daily Worker)

UTICA, N. Y., Feb. 2.—A unanimous strike vote was made by the workers of Utica Steam and Mohawk Valley cotton mills in a mass meeting at the Labor Temple Sunday afternoon.

Their action resulted from a 10 per cent cut in wages announced two weeks ago. Production has been continued for one week at the reduced rates, while committees from the various departments sought an adjustment with owners, the combined committees met mill officials Saturday afternoon with no results.

Workers Resent Report.

Their report claimed that wages must be lowered or the mills closed. In the discussion which followed, the workers asserted strong feeling and declared living conditions would not allow the cut to be accepted with self respect after the unanimous vote, which is immediately effective.

Jos. R. White, organizer for the United Textile Workers affiliated with American Federation of Labor, took charge and came out strong for orderliness and businesslike procedure. Until then he remained out of the discussion only outlining the action already taken to avert strike and reading various communications with the mill owners.

Greeks Try to Keep Calm While Waiting For Reply from Turks

ATHENS, Feb. 2.—Warlike sentiment still stirred a part of the capital today, although the government was endeavoring to maintain a calm attitude while awaiting a reply from Turkey to the Greek protest against expulsion of ecumenical patriarch from Constantinople.

Kemal Takes Charge.

ANGORA, Feb. 2.—Mustapha Kemal, president of the Turkish republic, today had taken personal charge of the Turkish end of the Greco-Turkish controversy.

It was understood that Turkey took the attitude that the expulsion of the patriarch was an internal question which Turkey alone could handle and that Greece had no right of intervention.

French Step In.

PARIS, Feb. 2.—The French endeavored today to bring about a friendly feeling between Greece and Turkey. Premier Herriot received separately the Greek minister and the Turkish minister. Herriot, it was officially announced, "strongly urged the necessity of reaching an agreement" on the question of Greece maintaining an ecumenical patriarch in Constantinople.

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READ THE DAILY WORKER

MAHONING VALLEY STEEL WORKERS AID FIGHT OF MICHIGAN DEFENDANTS

(Special to The Daily Worker)

YOUNGTOWN, O., Feb. 2.—The Labor Defense and Free Speech Council which handled the Farrell free speech cases is busy organizing an energetic campaign to be waged in behalf of the Michigan defendants.

The final outcome of the Michigan cases has a very important bearing upon the final outcome of the Pennsylvania sedition cases and realizing the seriousness of the situation the executive committee of the Labor Defense and Free Speech Council is calling upon all of its supporters to put their entire support in back of the Michigan defendants and the National Labor Defense Council in Chicago.

Readers of the DAILY WORKER and language papers in Mahoning valley desiring contribution lists and who desire speakers to appear before their organization or desire further information on the Michigan cases should communicate at once with the Labor Defense and Free Speech Council, P. O. Box 883, Youngstown, O.

MILITIA SLEEPS WHILE HERRIN MAN IS KILLED

Small's Aides Slumber Upstairs During Fight

(Special to The Daily Worker)

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 2.—Governor Len Small declared he has "no intention of declaring martial law in Herrin."

A little later, however, word came that Joseph Phillips, a stranger in Herrin, was killed in a gun fight with two Herrin policemen in the lobby of the Lyman hotel while Maj. Davis and two aides were in bed in the same hotel.

Black had said about the three guardsmen, "Major Robert Davis and lieutenants sent into the storm zone Sunday night, have reported the situation well in hand."

Black declared, "If Sheriff Galligan were sincere in his request for troops he would have come to see the governor here. The governor cannot declare martial law on the advice of a sheriff's representative." It is known that many of the guard militiamen are members of the Ku Klux Klan.

Phillips was killed by Policeman Rufus Whitson after Phillips had come to blows with Policeman Sim Stephens. The militiamen did not wake up. Galligan sent a wire that he could not come to Springfield as he was "unavoidably detained." Small has repeatedly declared his reluctance to send troops to Herrin to stop the rioting. Small was supported by Glenn Young in his last election campaign.

FORT DODGE TO HEAR BOLSHEVIKS FEBRUARY 10TH

Town of 300 Votes and No Members of Party

(Special to The Daily Worker)

FORT DODGE, Iowa, Feb. 2.—This town gave W. Z. Foster and the Workers Party over three hundred votes last November, in the face of an intensive LaFollette campaign, without so much as one speech or the distribution of literature.

In an effort to find the cause for this phenomenon the Workers Party will hold a mass meeting at the Labor Temple, third floor, Commercial National Bank building, 7th and Central avenue, on Tuesday evening, February 10, with J. E. Snyder and David Couets as speakers.

There are no Workers Party members in Fort Dodge and the socialist party has long since passed away, with the exception of a few who are still affiliated with the Italian federation of the S. P.

One Time Thriving Town.

Fort Dodge was, up to about five years ago, one of the liveliest little burgs in America. It was well organized with the gypsum miners and millmen as the backbone of the labor movement.

Then the big gypsum plaster and cement companies sought to reduce wages and precipitated a strike which lasted, in the case of the miners, over eighteen months, the millmen stood out even longer.

Moyer Knifed Strike.

The strike of the gypsum workers was unauthorized by their international, the Mill, Mine and Smelter Workers, and was against a change in their contract and a reduction of one dollar a day for fifteen months.

The United Gypsum company, the largest firm here, owns 40 mills and mines scattered in many states. Some of the other firms also have plants in other states. Yet, in spite of this competition with unorganized workers, Fort Dodge was the only locality with

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British Police Think They Have Stack's Assaultants

CAIRO, Feb. 2.—Two men attempting flight across the desert toward Tripoli, and disguised as Bedouins were captured by police today. It is believed they were implicated in the assassination of Sir Lee Stack.

Police adopting the same disguise held up the men with guns after they had boarded a train. All passengers were forced to alight and the two fugitives were taken from the crowd. The two pretended Bedouins were armed with automatics, whose cartridges were fitted with dum dum bullets. Police intimated the men might be the actual assassins of the British leader.

DEATH LIST NOW NINE IN FATAL FIRETRAP BLAZE

Coroner Blames Evil Housing Conditions

High rents and bad housing conditions were responsible for the fatal fire which Saturday killed nine people, Coroner Oscar Wolff said yesterday.

The high rents caused the crowding of almost 100 persons into 32 miniature "housekeeping apartments."

The apartments had originally been eight flats of seven rooms each. This caused the heavy loss of life, according to the coroner. Wolff demanded more stringent housing laws to prevent a duplication of the disaster.

Three more were added to the original death list of six when one of the injured died in the hospital and Libby Anderson and Laura Karzard, tenants of the building, were found to be missing.

City Council Probe Waits

The investigation to have been conducted by the schools, fire and civil service committee of the city council did not materialize yesterday.

Alderman Wiley Mills, of the 37th ward, who had declared his intention of starting an investigation as to whether or not the city ordinances had been observed, said he had not yet seen Dorsey Crowe, chairman of the committee, who is the one empowered to conduct such an investigation.

City Inefficient

"Everyone knows that none of the inspection dept. of the city are efficient, or can properly take care of their work," said Mills. "Every inspection department in the city hall is undermanned. There are not enough city inspectors. Not enough money is appropriated for the inspection department, and good use is not made of that money which is appropriated."

In the building department, there are barely enough inspectors to examine new buildings before giving permits to build. The old buildings are seldom looked at by the city inspectors. It is the same way in the board of health, the city fire department, and all other city departments."

Negro is Made the Goat

Notably Appleby, the negro, who was arrested after the fire, charged with starting the blaze by throwing a lighted cigarette into papers in the basement, was arrested on no other evidence but that he is a Negro. "I am not the janitor of the building at all," Appleby told the DAILY WORKER. "I am a pre-medical student attending Lewis Institute. I had a room in the basement for which I paid by doing odd jobs around the house such as tending the furnace. The janitor who is responsible for the care of the building is a white man. He was not arrested."

Appleby told how he was sleeping when the fire broke out. When he rushed to the street, the building was already in flames, but the basement did not burn.

Seventh Victim Dies

Mrs. Aleice Earle, 50, seventh victim of the fatal apartment house fire, died today.

Funeral arrangements for the other fire victims, with the exception of Dora Jones, had been completed. Miss Jones' body, remained unwept and unburied.

Fire in Burma

RANGOON, Burma, Feb. 2.—Five hundred were homeless today in the Kenmende district of Rangoon after a fire destroyed 100 homes.

MAHONEY LOSES IN ATTEMPT TO BAR COMMUNIST

Farmer-Labor Federation Stands Solid

(Special to the Daily Worker)

ST. PAUL, Minn., Feb. 2.—The Communists were seated in the farmer-labor federation. The attempt to bar Workers Party members failed to materialize.

No attempt was made to reject the credentials of Emme, Votaw, Wangerin and other Communists in the annual convention of the Ramsey county farmer-labor federation held last night.

Such an attempt was fully expected in view of a resolution adopted at a conference of farmer-labor leaders held on Jan. 17 in St. Paul, and in view of the general drive against the reds now going on in the Trades and Labor Assemblies of both Minneapolis and St. Paul.

Red Scare Collapsed.

Despite the red scare raised by William Mahoney and others, O. H. Wangerin was reelected secretary by a safe majority. Comrade Wangerin had been charged with disloyalty, double allegiance, and all the other bunk that Communists are charged with, but it just did not take. Comrade Emme in answering the red scare and double allegiance charges, quoted from the organ of the Minnesota bankers, showing that those attacking the Communists were serving the interests of the bosses. His talk silenced the labor fakers.

The reactionaries succeeded in electing their chairman, Fred Tillquist. They pulled a clever piece of sly stuff by having Tillquist at first decline, then they all proceeded to tell how impossible it would be to do without him. At the proper time Tillquist agreed to be a candidate and was elected by a small majority.

Condemn Mahoney's Betrayal. A resolution condemning Mahoney's pet "unity" conference was recommended for adoption by the executive board. Mahoney immediately introduced as a minority report a resolution in favor of his March 20 conference. He had taken care to have some of the farmer-labor politicians on hand in an attempt to spellbind the convention. The hour had grown late and a motion to table the March 20 proposition was carried to the evident chagrin of its sponsors, after which the meeting adjourned.

The move for the March 20 conference is a move to destroy the farmer-labor federation of Minnesota, the denial of Mahoney and others notwithstanding. The March 20 meeting is to be a get-together of all shades of "progressives" and is sponsored by Mahoney, chairman of the farmer-labor federation of Minnesota and Chairman Buckler of the legal farmer-labor party of the state at a meeting of selected individuals prominent in Minnesota politics, legislators and some members of the executive committee of both the legal party and the farmer-labor federation.

Attempt to Destroy Federation. The excuse offered is that the farmer-labor federation is not representative of all progressive elements and that there are other organizations such as the farmers' nonpartisan league that do not work harmoniously with the federation. An article in Mahoney's Union Advocate states that if the unity conference does what is anticipated, the federation will be liquidated, and this without the consent of its members.

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Report Sun Yat Sen Much Better, Tho Still Seriously Ill

PEKIN, Feb. 2.—Dr. Sun Yat-Sen, leader of the government of Southern China, who underwent an operation for cancer recently, passed a comfortable night and was not in pain this morning. His physicians pronounced his condition satisfactory.

Dr. Sun Yat-Sen was reported dead Tuesday in dispatches received at Tokyo by a Japanese news agency. The foregoing dispatch tends to indicate that surgeons attending Dr. Sun are more hopeful about his condition. After Dr. Sun was operated upon it was expected that his illness would prove fatal within ten days.

# N. P. LEAGUERS KILL CHILD LABOR LAW

## N. D. House Committee Buries Hail Tax Bill

(Special to The Daily Worker)  
BISMARCK, N. D., Feb. 2.—The child labor amendment lost out in the North Dakota state senate, the vote being 17 against 32. Whether it will come up for consideration in the house of representatives has not yet been determined, the general opinion among legislators being that it is useless to go any further with it since it is doomed to defeat in the senate anyhow. Some Leaguers Go Over to Capitalists.

Nine non-partisan league senators voted against this amendment, repudiating their own program pledge to support it. It seems that they were afraid that if the amendment was ratified it would take away the boys and girls from the farms who were valuable as workers.

The state hail insurance bill, introduced by A. C. Miller, the Communist, was indefinitely postponed by the house committee on insurance and simply means that it died in the committee. Representative Miller, speaking for the measure, said that "if this compulsory hail insurance bill does not pass, state hail insurance will soon be a thing of the past. Withdrawals are getting heavier each year, in 1924 but 29 per cent of the cropped land was insured and 71 per cent was withdrawn from the hail department."

"A lot of people," Miller said, "are against compulsory hail insurance, but they are mainly people who own a lot of land and are afraid they'll have to pay tax for someone else."

Rich Farmers Control N. P. League. Farmers generally are in favor of compulsory state hail insurance, but that does not make any difference to the leaguers who have been sent here to fight the farmers' battles. Instead of supporting the Miller bill, which is in line with what the farmers really want, the majority of the league legislators are getting back of Governor Sorlie's zoning proposition which will simply result in the progressive liquidation of state hail insurance in North Dakota.

This and many other actions on the part of the league representatives in the present legislature ought to convince the farmers that they must build up a fighting organization that is not afraid to fight in their interests. The only organization in the country that they can rely on to make an uncompromising fight in their behalf is the revolutionary Workers (Communist) Party.

Every struggling farmer who wants to see something done for himself should join this party and read its official organ, THE DAILY WORKER. Too long we've been fooled by old, worthless movements and organizations that will get us nowhere.

## Klan War Breaks Out Again in Niles, Ohio; Nobody Hurt

NILES, Ohio, Feb. 2.—The Klan war in Niles, recent scene of an all-day battle between kluxers and anti-kluxers, which resulted in the mobilization of several regiments of national guardsmen and placing the city under martial law, was resumed here when thirty shots were fired into the "K. of P." headquarters by the kluxers.

City police arrived on the scene following the shooting and no injuries are reported. Kluxers were driven back into the hall by the shooting which broke several windows in the entrance.

## Mahoney Loses Out In Attempt to Bar The Communists

(Continued from page 1)  
sent of the federation in convention. The real reason for this unity conference undoubtedly is that certain elements are dissatisfied with the federation because of the rank and file control exercised by the trade unions, farmers' organizations, co-operative societies and local units in the form of farmer-labor clubs. An organization that can be manipulated more easily from the top by self-appointed leaders is very much desired by said leaders.

If Plan Goes Thru. If the plans of those back of this unity conference go thru it will doubtless be the fulfillment of the predictions of the Minnesota comrades—that six months after the fall campaign there will be no farmer-labor federation.

An important decision of the Buckler-Mahoney conference of Jan. 17 was adoption of a resolution to bar all Communists from participation in the March 20 conference and in whatever grows out of it.

## AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

(Continued from page 1)

A. F. of L. bureaucrats who are leading in the expulsions. The extreme right wing however, does not trust the Wiggins-Cramer gang. The fact is that there is not room enough for both. The Paul Smith supporters (Smith is the A. F. of L. dis-organizer who has spent two years in Minneapolis trying to wreck the labor movement), want to be in a position to sell out the workers to the bosses, to eliminate all strikes and to show the capitalists that they can make more profits by unionizing their business than by running open shop. They want a monopoly on this business.

WHEN Cramer and McKillop, et al. saw that there was real danger of the A. F. of L. lifting the assembly's charter, they stole a march on Smith and preferred charges against Dan Stevens for "slandering A. F. of L. officials." The flakers were sore because the fake progressives got the jump on them. But what could they do? They had to be satisfied with Dan Stevens' head for the time being. But judging from a weekly sheet gotten out by Paul Smith's chief crony, Louis Hartill, former socialist and chief of police in Van Lear's cabinet, Cramer and company are also on the expulsion list. This stoolpigeon Hartill fills his rotten rag with the most pernicious propaganda against everybody who has the decency to speak a word in favor of a square deal for the radicals.

DELEGATE from the Teachers' Union make a speech in support of the veteran trade unionist, Dan Stevens. Stoolpigeon Hartill ran a big headline in his paper: "West high school instructor rallies to banner of Communism," and in smaller type: "Professor Dudley Parsons entering assembly as substitute delegate from Teachers' Union delivers maiden speech in eulogizing Dan Stevens and his 'magnificent work' for labor's cause." The flak editor then urges the parents of the children who attend the school where Parsons is employed to take steps towards removing him from his job. Can anything be more contemptible? Yet this is the usual policy of the labor fakers who cannot meet the radicals in a fair fight. They have to line up with the employers and rob their opponents of their bread and butter. A fine example of one hundred per cent Americanism!

ONE of the high spots at the Chicago Federation of Labor meeting last Sunday was a speech, or rather an outburst, delivered by Joseph Wise, formerly on the payroll of the DAILY WORKER Publishing company as a linotype operator, but now a scribbler for the A. F. of L. press service, presided over by the ex-socialist, Chester Wright. Like his boss, Wright, it seems that Wise is wise enough to scribble for anybody that will come across with the mazzina. Indeed, it is whispered that if the ku klux klan made him a better proposition than Wright, he would squirt out his ignorance for the hooded order. Wise accepted the dollars of the Communist Party thankfully before he secured a sinecure from Sam Gompers.

GOMPERS is now dead, but those whom he placed on the payroll still shed tears regularly over his bier. While the resolution condemning criminal syndicalism was being discussed Wise got up and raved against the Communists, particularly against the DAILY WORKER. He is sore on the daily because it showed the world what a buffoon he is and there is nothing an ignoramus hates more than to be exposed. He and Chester Wright make a good team, but the DAILY WORKER will miss no opportunity of exposing these buzzards who batten on the labor movement, to the rank and file. These per capita sharks would like to pose as militant trade unionists and get away with it. They are sore because the Communists turn the spotlight on them.

## Death List is Now Nine in Firetrap Blaze on the South Side

(Continued from page 1)  
claimed at a morgue and all efforts to find relatives had proved futile. Shows Overcrowding. Battalion Chief Horace McLane of the fire department who inspected the ruins of the fire, said, "There is inadequate inspection, both by the building city department and by the fire department's fire prevention bureau. The fire department knows that there are hundreds of overcrowded rooming houses, mere firetraps, but can do nothing about them, as there are no laws under which to act.

"This building was built for an eight apartment building, to hold four to a family, but it was holding one hundred persons instead of thirty-two. The building had been converted into a 36 kitchenette apartment building."

HAVE A HEART! Put Your Interest For Our COMMUNIST CHILDREN INTO ACTION. Come to The JUNIORS' DANCE FEB. 14, 1925 Workers' Lyceum ACT NOW AT ONCE

# BLUE LAW CRAZE HITS NEW YORK WITH VENGEANCE

## Fanatics Give Order for Sabbath Joy Killer

(Special to The Daily Worker)  
NEW YORK CITY, Feb. 2.—The blue law threats that have hitherto been considered merely as a joke took on definite form when a bill formulated by a Lord's Day Alliance was introduced into the New York legislature which would change the present penal code and close up everything on Sunday except churches.

Cuts Off Amusements. Cutting off every avenue of amusement, recreation and education for the workers who have no other day free from labor the new law would tie the slave to his job with merciless chains and grant him no privilege on Sunday except to go to church and hear his master's preacher tell him to obey the employer and be content with his lot while he hopes for reward in heaven.

That the bill is fattered by the employing class and handed to fanatics to be pushed is clearly indicated in the restrictions which would effect labor more than the idle rich who may play all week and to whom a day of quiet is desirable, when no working-class meetings or amusements may disturb them.

Padlocks and Bibles. Fines, jail sentences, injunctions and the padlocks on the doorway would be metted out to Sabbath breakers.

From midnight Saturday to midnight Sunday the proposed new law would close all motion picture houses, all concerts, garages, barber shops, hairdressers' shops, all golf links, tennis courts or ball parks where a fee is charged or attendants are employed, public debates and all places of dancing where a fee is paid either directly or indirectly.

The proposed law would prohibit all public traffic on Sunday, all reduced fare excursions, ice cream, sodas and "all noise unreasonably disturbing to the peace."

Funerals Would Be Silent. It would permit only funerals, and without music unless it be the funeral of a soldier or veteran or member of a fraternal society, and then the proposed law would prohibit the playing of the music within a block of any church, and stipulates that "there shall be no fireworks."

Then the proposed law proceeds to bring under the penal code by name the activities which have managed previously to argue themselves to Sunday freedom thru the courts. Moreover the proposed law doubles the penalties and makes the first Sabbath offender subject to a fine of \$10 and \$50, second offender not less than \$20, third offender not less than \$25 or ten days in jail or both, and after that the offender would be enjoined by the court as a public nuisance and a padlock placed on the establishment where the nuisance was committed.

The law provides liberty for those who observe another day than Sunday as their Sabbath as follows: "Any person, who from conscience or conviction, observes another day of the week as a Sabbath and who habitually does not labor any part of such day, may not be prosecuted for any individual work or labor on the first day of the week, but may not conduct any business which is in violation of any provision of this article."

## WORKER PINNED UNDER BOULDER GROWS WEAKER

## Imprisoned in Sand Cave Since Friday

CAVE CITY, Ky., Feb. 2.—Floyd Collins, who was pinned under a huge boulder in Sand Cave Friday night, 800 feet below the mouth of the cave, was still imprisoned today. Rescuers were tapping at the rock with a portable automatic drill brought from Louisville.

Collins after his long imprisonment, became weaker today, and for a time lost consciousness. He was able to make only faint gestures today.

Rescuers wriggled thru the narrow opening soaked with icy water seeping in from melting snows, and brought Collins food. Collins was pinned under the rock for 24 hours before he was found.

330 Ships Used for Smuggling. WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—More than 330 foreign vessels engaged in the "business of smuggling liquor into the United States during the past year." Attorney General Stone declared today.

## Big Call for Movie Tickets Is Reported By Council Delegates

At the meeting of the Chicago Labor Defense Council last Saturday every delegate reported that there was an unprecedented demand for tickets for the coming show at Ashland Auditorium, this Thursday, Feb. 5th, from 7 to 11 p. m. The program will consist of "The Beauty and the Bolshevik" and "Russia in Overalls," both of which have delighted big audiences in many eastern cities and will undoubtedly do likewise for Chicago's workers.

The Young Workers League orchestra will play, and the Freiheit Mandolin orchestra is expected to give several numbers. The South Slavic and Lettish orchestras are also expected to contribute.

Dime Admission for Children. Under a city ordinance every child must have a ticket, but the committee in charge wants no one to stay away on account the high cost of upkeep for children under capitalism. Admission for all under 12 will be only ten cents.

A large committee will be needed to handle the detail arrangements and everyone who can and will help is urged to be at the hall at six o'clock. At least forty committee members are needed.

## ABRAMOVICH IS PLANNING TALK TO STEEL LABOR

(Special to The Daily Worker)  
YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, Feb. 2.—According to word given out by leading socialists of the New York Forward's type, the notorious agent of the Second International, Rafael Abramovich will be secured for a meeting in the Youngstown steel district to offset the increasing sentiment for the first workers' republic.

The steel workers know how to handle men of the Abramovich type and the DAILY WORKER and the party language press, the steel workers wish to assure Abe Cahan & Co., that there will be several meetings in Youngstown when Abramovich arrives to do his dirty work.

Anarchists, yellow socialists and so-called progressives who have formed a united front to misrepresent and cowardly lie about the first workers' republic by importing Abramovich can feel assured of a warm reception.

Plan to Get Big Hall. The large Communist organization amongst the steel workers is offered by workers who have the courage of their convictions. The white guards have been advised to secure the largest hall in Youngstown to hold the steel workers who will greet Abramovich and his slugs.

## Fort Dodge, Iowa, to Hear Communist Talk on Feb. 20

(Continued from page 1)  
any real union—they built up conditions and had good job control.

The strike had been on but a few weeks when an "open shop" drive was started. Nearly every business man in the town signed the declaration and posted the cards in his shop or office. Building workers and contractors were brought in from other cities and the fight was on in earnest.

Wages Reduced About Half. Prior to the open shop drive, the gypsum miners received \$6.50 for eight hours, and all overtime wages was forfeited to the union. The millmen received 65 cents per hour for day work. Loaders of rock received 33 cents per ton and averaged \$8.00 a day with their overtime.

The miners now have to break the rock and build their own tracks, while many of them now work in water up to their knees. They get the same rate for double the work.

The millmen have been reduced from 65 cents to 35 cents per hour for day work, while loaders get 18 instead of the former 23 cents per ton. Loaders were limited to 12 cars, about 27 tons, by the union; now they load 50 tons, the company gets the difference—23 tons loaded for nine cents.

Good Rock; Big Investment. The reason for the miners and millmen getting improvements was their union, and because of the quality and quantity of the gypsum rock. Also because of the large investment involved. One company paid one thousand dollars an acre and owned a whole section with the exception of 160 acres.

The rock is not only clean, and has good top and bottom, but it ranges in thickness from 12 to 35 feet. This makes it possible to blast as much as 75 tons at once. Gypsum to be good for plaster must be absolutely free from clay or grit. Only Fort Dodge has that kind in any great quantity.

Little Business Now Squirms. With the reduction in the wages of the thousand gypsum mine and mill workers, followed by unemployment and bank failures, little business in Fort Dodge is being hit hard. They have long since repented of their debacle with the "open shop" drive and a number insist upon union and Fort Dodge labor on all their jobs. Not only the labor movement, but the busy little town has been paralyzed.

# Bohn, Renegade, Offers Solution For Farmers' Woes Under Capitalism

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL

TODAY, Frank Bohn marches to the front, thru an article in "The Forum," and gives his version of the cause and cure of "The Great Farm Rebellion." He childishly speaks his little piece tuned for bourgeois applause.

It is interesting to note that Bohn confesses he changed the first few paragraphs of his article after reading a contribution in last October's "Forum" entitled "The Politics of Wheat." That is supposed to have brought his offering into harmony with the policy of this organ of intellectual New England.

A perusal of the opening paragraphs indicates that Bohn takes violent objection to the wives of wheat farmers in the Saskatchewan country in western Canada buying California cherries. Evidently Bohn, nestling among the codfish aristocrats of the efete East, has decided that western farmers are not entitled to eat cherries. He becomes an outspoken apostle of Coolidge "economy."

Bohn was a "socialist" in the days before the war. He was active on the editorial side of the International Socialist Review, with strong leanings toward the Industrial Workers of the World. But the war ended all of Bohn's radical and revolutionary connections. He was sent to Europe by the ultra-respectable capitalist sheet, the New York Evening Post, while the Times later used him in Mexico. But he was born on a farm and that makes him an expert on agricultural problems.

Bohn doesn't talk about revolution the way he once did. He went the way of John Spargo, William English Walling, Chester M. Wright, A. M. Simons and the rest. Bohn now advances the alternative that the nation's crops must be grown either by individual free farmers, "who own the land they work, or by powerful organizations of capital which employ a seasonal class of wage-laborers."

He can see nothing outside the individualism of the small landholder or capitalist exploitation applied directly to the land. And he shows his tremendous ignorance when he speaks of Soviet Russia, charging that, "with markets shut off, the farmers (of Russia) surrendered the pure gold of their great co-operative for the dross of the Bolshevik government monopoly."

In this he exposes himself in conflict with the views of nonpartisan observers, who have actually visited Soviet Russia and studied the conditions there, especially of the co-operatives, like Senator Brookhart, of Iowa, who reports that there is the greatest harmony of action between the Soviet government and the co-operative movement.

Bohn urges various co-operative schemes as a panacea under capitalism, getting as enthusiastic about them as labor leaders who urge banking as a means of taking over the whole capitalist system. He urges as the greatest virtue of the capitalist state, that it be "inoffensive and weak, that it may not play the tyrant," concluding that, "Our political parties, our state and federal legislatures are mostly chattering, gossiping, harebrained affairs."

But it is this capitalist state that is the instrument of oppression wielded against the city workers and poor farmers alike.

Bohn's efforts to turn the farmers from their attack on this capitalist state will prove abortive. In the first place the poor farmers do not read "The Forum." The food speculators, who are today reaping enormous winnings on the boards of trade, might circulate a few free copies among the discontented, if they chose to spend some of their profits. Which they won't. And if they did, it is doubtful if any poor farmers could be duped into absorbing any of Bohn's nostrum. They have been presented with such piffle too often before.

The poor farmers, in daily increasing numbers, are learning that the solution of their problems can only be achieved thru the overthrow of the capitalist state. The co-operative tilling of the soil and the distribution of its products can only be achieved, for the benefit of all, under a Communist society.

## MAYOR TIED TO BANKS-BRENNAN TRACTION DEAL

The political boss of Chicago, George Brennan, has announced his approval of Mayor Dever's traction ordinance. Brennan said he is opposed to government ownership, but does not see anything about municipal ownership in Dever's plan, which merely puts the traction lines more securely in the hands of the bankers and gives them a long and favorable franchise. The city, according to the mayor's traction ordinance, does nothing but take the risks of financing off the shoulders of the bankers.

The officers of the Chicago Federation of Labor, John Fitzpatrick, Victor Olander and Ed. Nockels, a few days ago were loudly declaring their anger at the speed with which the ordinance was being railroaded thru the transportation committee and the city council. Now, however, after the threat of Brennan and Dever that support of the democratic party would be withdrawn from Oscar Nelson, up for re-election in the aldermanic races, the federation officers are showing more signs of co-operation with Dever.

Confer With Mayor. Olander, Fitzpatrick and Nockels had a two-hour conference with Mayor Dever Saturday, during which they urged that Nelson be forgiven for opposing the traction or reroading of the traction ordinance, and that he be taken back into the democratic fold. The three labor fakers said they would ask the transportation committee for more time in which to prepare and present their views.

## MAY WHEAT CONTINUES TO HOVER AROUND THE TWO DOLLAR MARK

May wheat continued to hover around the \$2.00 per bushel mark on the Chicago board of trade yesterday. Bulletins from Liverpool showed May wheat had dropped off 2 1/2 to 2 3/4 pence and from Winnipeg reports were that wheat had dropped 4 to 6 cents. This brought the price of May wheat to \$1.99 but the commission men threw selling orders on the market and wheat again rallied.

55,948,000 bushels of wheat is reported in ships on the way to Europe.

## Devers Traction Ordinance Plans Fluctuating Fare

The Dever traction ordinance, which puts the traction lines in the hands of the bankers until every dollar of the securities are bought by the city, will be presented to the city council on Feb. 13, it is announced.

An amendment has been proposed which changes the fare one cent each six months, according to the earnings of the traction lines after all charges are paid. It is not stated whether the city or the bankers will handle the finances.

NOTICE, SOUTH SIDERS! The South Side English Branch meets on Wednesday, Feb. 4, this week, because of the showing of The Beauty and the Bolshevik on Thursday, at the Ashland Auditorium. The meeting will take place at the regular time and place.

# THOUSANDS HEAR RUTHENBERG AT N. Y. LENIN MEET

## Garden Overflows with New York's Workers

(Special to The Daily Worker)  
NEW YORK CITY, Feb. 2.—Fifteen thousand workers packed Madison Square Garden and cheered the Communist speakers at the Lenin Memorial meeting.

C. E. Ruthenberg, executive secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, released from prison at Jackson, Mich., last week, received a tremendous ovation as he told the workers what Leninism means to America's toiling masses.

Rebuke to Abramovich. Thousands of other workers were turned away from the doors, unable to gain entrance to the packed hall. The meeting was considered a stern rebuke to the mission of Raphael Abramovich, tool of the Second International, who is trying to create counter-revolutionary sentiment against Soviet Russia.

"Prisons only steel the workers in their fight for the overthrow of the exploiters and the establishment of the dictatorship of the workers," Comrade Ruthenberg declared amid storms of applause. "Lenin showed the militant workers of the world that they must organize on the basis of the everyday struggle of the working class, allying themselves with the toilers in the factories and on the farms."

Tells of Leninism. Ruthenberg told the workers that they must replace the rule of the bosses with the rule of the workers, and that the working class must take over the industries and the state power and run them for their own use, and not for the profit of a few employers and bankers.

Two hundred and fifty policemen and detectives and 20 mounted police were distributed in and around the Garden, but did not interfere with the crowds.

The speakers included Ben Gitlow, well known leader of the garment workers, K. Radzi, the noted Russian speaker who spoke last year at the Garden; Jack Stachel, district organizer of the Young Workers' League; M. J. Olgin, the famous Jewish writer and speaker; Y. Nishimura, a leading comrade among the Oriental Communists, and Charles Krumbelt, district organizer of the Workers Party.

The musical program was one of the finest ever gotten together in the historical Garden. It included numbers by the well known Freiheit Singing Society and the combined Freiheit and Hungarian Workers' Symphony Orchestra. The chorus included hundreds of well-trained voices and the orchestra, a fine organization of 100 of the finest musicians in New York City.

These were aided by Nina Gussieva the famous dramatic soprano. The musical program included the following numbers: The International, the Russian Funeral March, La Forza del Destino by Verdi, Aria Liza from opera "Pique Dame" by Tchaikowski, Ase's Tod by Grieg, Serp and Hame; by Kochotoff, Arbeiter Brider by Shaeffer, Tosca by Puccini, Gioconda by Poncelllo.

The chorus was conducted by Lazar Weiner and the orchestra was under the direction of Arnold Powell, both of whom are well-known in the field of musical art.

## SMALL DELAYS CHILD LABOR RATIFICATION

(Special to The Daily Worker)  
SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 2.—Legislators who professed to speak for Governor Small, said here today that Small will not introduce the ratification of the child labor amendment into the present session of the Illinois legislature.

Small, who during the campaign, posed as a "friend of labor" and who was backed for re-election by the leading labor fakers of the state, has been postponing presentation of the resolution from week to week. One Chicago representative said that "Since enough states have refused to ratify it to insure its defeat, there is no particular need for immediate consideration in Illinois."

Small has not helped the child labor amendment during the campaign, altho the officials of the labor unions, who helped elect him to office, are working for the amendment.

Zogu to Rule Albania. ROME, Feb. 2.—The Albanian constituent assembly, according to advice from Tirana, has unanimously elected Ahmed Zogu president of the republic for seven years. Ahmed Zogu headed the recent revolt.

"The Beauty and the Bolshevik" is coming to Ashland Auditorium Feb. 5.

# TRADE UNION EDUCATIONAL LEAGUE WEEKLY SECTION

## ALL DETROIT CARPENTERS "IN CONTEMPT"

### Everyone Defies Injunction of Hutch

President Hutchison is having an awful time trying to convince the carpenters of Detroit that the T. U. E. L. is a dual union. In order to show the terrible nature of this crime, Hutchison thru his spineless agents got out an injunction to restrain Wm. Reynolds from attending his local union meetings and to stop any local from allowing him the floor or to taking any action on the matter until it was settled by a capitalist court.

### Local Ignores Injunction.

At the meeting of Local 420, January 30, Botterill, Hutchison's general dis-organizer, warned the local that if they allowed Reynolds the floor or acted upon his case they would be in contempt of court. The local promptly told the doddering Botterill and the court to go to the devil.

The local, to show how much the injunction restrained them, passed a motion unanimously condemning the officials of the district for getting out an injunction and, in order to make their proposition clear, passed the following resolution by unanimous vote:

### Local 420 Has Resolution.

"WHEREAS, Brother William Reynolds of Local Union 2140, has been expelled by the general executive board without being given a fair trial as provided for in section 55 of the constitution, Brother Reynolds having been given no opportunity to defend himself or answer charges, and

"WHEREAS, Local Union 2140, being notified of this expulsion by the G. E. B., have taken action unanimously to repudiate this action of the G. E. B., and sustained Brother Reynolds in all his rights and privileges of membership and as president of Local Union 2140 until such time as charges are brought before the local union in a regular, constitutional manner, be it therefore

"RESOLVED, that Local Union 420 sustains the action of Local Union 2140 in protecting Brother Reynolds in his rights of membership, and be it further

"RESOLVED, that Local Union 420 condemns the policy of expulsions being carried on by the G. E. B. in Chicago, Los Angeles, Philadelphia and Detroit as a policy which, if followed, can only result in the wrecking of the organization, and be it further

"RESOLVED, that a copy of this resolution be sent to the G. E. B., and to the official journal, the Carpenter, for publication."

### What Local 19 Calls "Shipwreck."

Local 19, carpenters, the largest and oldest local in Detroit, at its meeting held January 26, elected Jack Welch, the left wing candidate for business agent by a vote of 88 to 33 cast for William Shipp. Shipp was former business agent and is now chairman of the district executive board. The election was on the issue of expulsions. Shipp stated that no goddamned radical was going to run this town. Well Shippy, old sock, we will assure you that if you do any running it will be out of town.

To make sure that Shippy knew just why he was defeated the local went on record unanimously against the injunction gotten out by President Hutchison in the name of the district council. Censuring District President Sharrock and Secretary (Jelly) Fish for signing the injunction. They also went on record unanimously to refuse to recognize the expulsion of Reynolds.

### Condemn General Office? Sure!

Local 1805, Detroit, at their meeting January 27, passed a motion condemning the injunction and ordered Sharrock, who is also president of this local, to have it lifted.

At the meeting of the Carpenter's District Council of Detroit, held January 29, the expulsion of Reynolds and the injunction gotten out by Hutchison and signed by the president and secretary of the council was condemned categorically by almost every delegate. Sharrock refused to entertain a motion to withdraw the injunction pleading that he had applied for it by instruction from the general office.

The council, however, in spite of the opposition of Sharrock, Fish and Botterill, by an almost unanimous vote condemned the general office for getting out an injunction, and in another motion demanded that Reynolds be given a fair trial. Sharrock refused to withdraw his name from the injunction and fined one delegate twice for saying what he thought of it.

### Bring On Your Jails—Lawyer!

This means that the district council and all the locals of Detroit have gone on record to support Reynolds against Hutchison's expulsion policy. They have all defied the injunction and legally stand in contempt of court. Hutchison had a lawyer attend the council meeting to justify his action. He tried to scare the delegates not to violate the injunction. The meeting lasted until midnight discussing the case.

## CENTRAL DISTRICT

### COUNCIL BLUFFS UNIONS ENTER UNITED FRONT

### Militants Get Special Child Labor Action

(Special to The Daily Worker)  
COUNCIL BLUFFS, Ia.—The last meeting of the Council Bluffs Central Labor Union was visited by David Coutts and J. E. Snyder who spoke on the campaign for ratification of the child labor amendment. They sat thru the entire business session and heard the reading of a mild resolution requesting the legislature of Iowa to ratify the amendment, two communications from the A. F. of L. and one from the T. U. E. L. on the child labor amendment were filed without being read.

### Good and Welfare—Right!

Good and welfare arrived with it the opportunity of the visiting militants. David Coutts opened up with a barrage on the apathy of the trade unions toward this vital question and mentioned some of the tricks of the forces of reaction opposing the amendment. He stated that he was well acquainted with the labor movement in Council Bluffs and knew it to be progressive in the past but that now the central body had given up leadership thru carelessness or failure to recognize the importance of this question.

He then urged that a special committee be appointed to get together the trade unions and organizations in favor of the amendment into an association to carry on a campaign, a campaign strong enough to be heard at Des Moines and elsewhere.

### Only T. U. E. L. in Action.

Then J. E. Snyder, district organizer of the Workers Party, gave some facts as to the power of the opposition and the danger of defeat of the amendment thru lack of action upon the part of the labor unions. He had visited a farmers' convention at Des Moines last summer and had seen the propaganda of the opposition at work even then, while there was no counter-education carried on by the A. F. of L. to support the amendment. Only the T. U. E. L. had worked for it.

The unions should have gone into action on this months ago but it was not yet too late to save the name of the local and state labor organizations by getting into the fight now.

### Real Work Ahead.

Two militants in the central body in Council Bluffs came into the room at this time. They had been auditing the books of the organization. There was no opposition to their motion to appoint a committee, which was done. One militant was appointed, which assures us that some real effort will be made to stir up the fighting spirit and make the conservatives and politicians take notice.

This is another feather in the cap of the Omaha T. U. E. L. Any issue upon which we can make the unions help will make them more militant and give opportunities for presenting to them a more advanced program.

### When is a Left Winger Not a Left Winger?

We have received four letters from members of Local 82, Machinists of Detroit, giving the results of the vote cast for the left wing slate. Each correspondent asked that their name should not be published. Dennis Batt was not amongst those sending in the report.

It was a straight fight between the left wing slate headed by Julius Emme and the Johnston administration ticket. This is Dennis Batt's balliwick and when the smoke of battle cleared Emme had defeated Johnston by a vote of 35 to 30, McNamara defeating McMahon by the same score while the Johnston forces nosed out a victory on the remaining vice-presidents by a 33 to 30 vote. Overgaard was defeated by seven votes and Tim Buck by 14.

In the election of a delegate to the Michigan Federation of Labor, Alfred E. Goetz, the left wing candidate, was defeated by the reactionary, James Carroll, by the close vote of 40 to 39. If the left wingers had attended the meeting it would have been a complete victory for the left wing. Moral: Left wingers only have the right to call themselves left when they participate in the left wing movement, at their union meetings, and help to defeat the rights by supporting the lefts.

### Strikes Double Blow

At a special meeting of Lodge 478, of the Machinists, in Chicago, the left wing scored another victory. At their last meeting they turned down the B. & O. plan, at this meeting they nominated Julius Emme for president, Tim Buck for secretary and P. Jensen and McNamara for vice-presidents.

## MINN. UNIONISTS GATHER TO HEAR LEFT WING CASE

### Good Spirit and Good Support Shown

By CARL SKOGLUND.  
(Special to The Daily Worker)  
MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Feb. 2.—A big mass meeting was held in the Unitarian church here Friday. About 200 trade unionists responded to the call to hear explanations made on the campaign that is going on in the local labor movement to exclude the Communists.

C. A. Hathway explained at length the program of the T. U. E. L. and showed that the Communists are not in the trade union movement for the purpose of destroying the labor unions, but for the purpose of building and strengthening them.

### Can Build Unions Only by Struggle.

He also showed that in order to build the labor movement, to fight in the interest of the working class, this movement must be built on a class struggle basis and not on a collaboration policy.

Walter Frank explained the condition of the building trades union. He showed that the reason for the inability and disintegration of the unions was due to the inability of the leaders to fight a militant battle in the interest of the workers, and not as the labor fakers wish to convey that the Communists are the destroyers of the labor movement.

### Stevens Proves Case with Documents.

Dan W. Stevens, expelled member from the assembly, explained the charges that he made before the assembly at the time of his expulsion against the officials of the American Federation of Labor.

He proved by documents that what he stated was correct and the reason for the complaints were not because they were lies but on the contrary they were helping to expose the aim and workings of the leaders who wish to betray the workers.

### Enthusiasm and Support.

All the workers present received speeches with great enthusiasm and manifested a great desire to stand behind and support the Communists in their local fight.

More meetings of this kind will be arranged in the near future to make it possible for the workers of Minneapolis to know the facts about the fight from time to time.

### I. A. M. Helpers No. 915 Helps the Left Wing

At the last meeting of the Machinists' Helpers, 915 of Chicago, the B. & O. plan was voted down unanimously. Due to the activities of the T. U. E. L. this class collaboration baby of Bill Johnston's is not popular. One of the grand lodge auditors was present and was asked to explain the B. & O. plan and he said that he did not know a thing about it. Overgaard and others spoke against it.

### Many Locals Support Expelled Men.

The expelled members and sympathizers have been visiting the other locals explaining their case. They have been well received by the membership. In Local No. 1, members took the floor and supported the expelled, the opinion expressed being that with such an expulsion policy no member was safe if he could be expelled without a trial. A motion was made to write to the general office and demand a speedy decision on the matter. Locals 242 and 13 took similar action.

## JINGLE JANGLE

By SAMMY GAY.

### THE RISING TIDE

"MILITANTS," what can that mean? Does no one really know? Perhaps it is some daring scheme, something that is off' unseen until it strikes a blow. Czars are bold when all is well, their power becomes a whip; force is used to sound the knell, democracy must say farewell; and then—a scuttled ship. Stolen crowns are hard to keep, they're mostly made of brass; their gilding never very deep, the acid test will find them cheap, and then the czar must pass. T. U. E. L. has got their goat, the scuttlers now must pay; although they cry: "Don't rock the boat, our craft and flag must keep afloat;" just hear those fakers pray. So like a whippet after rats those militants are taken; they hit the crook right in the slats and make him show some acrobats, until his tricks are seen. Progressives now within the mine, though beaten back for years; Czar Lewis at them spewing slime and using every trick and crime, his finish now he fears. The carpenters have Hutchison, a czar resourceful, too; there, militants have just begun and soon will have him on the run, though votes will not go through. Ha, ha! You simple democrat, your referendum law; with ballots in a trickster's hat, and sleight-of-hand with him quite pat, what do you think he'll draw? And shop committees, when a fact, you'll make them stand true blue; through them you'll make the local act, no crooked deal or bribing pact can then escape from you. Plute politics has been our curse, the pie cards have been won by crooks the bosses reimburse; while locals go from bad to worse, that's how our czars begin. So ditch the czars by starting right, the job's where you begin; then to the local take the fight, and carry on with zeal and might, for only fighters win.

## LEFT WING HIT HUTCHESON HARD IN CARPENTERS

### Brown Makes Noise Like Tame Clam

In spite of the rigid control of the union machinery and flagrant stealing of ballots, President Hutchison had to count nearly 35,000 votes against him. This is a remarkable showing, and without question is the real reason why Hutchison, following the lead and advice of his pal, John L. Lewis, is starting out on an expulsion campaign against the leaders of those who led the fight against him. The official vote given out is as follows:

For President, Wm. L. Hutchison, 77,985.

For President, Willis K. Brown 34,308.

For President, Morris Rosen, 9,014.

This is very encouraging to the progressive carpenters, with a very weak machinery, running for the first time a candidate upon a definite left wing program. Morris Rosen's vote was undoubtedly over 20,000. The outstanding fact is, that Hutchison had to count 9,000 of these votes.

Again Willis K. Brown, paraded as a progressive, was accepted by many progressives on the rather weak grounds that Rosen had no chance to win. This is rather popular but falls a little short of the main objective is to beat Hutchison by supporting any opponent no matter how reactionary he may be.

The vote cast for Brown, generally speaking, is a progressive vote, and has thrown Hutchison into a panic. He is now investigating F. W. Burgess, Brown's manager, who is an undoubtedly slated for expulsion. So far none of the candidates who opposed Hutchison has been threatened with expulsion. Brown, if he retains characteristic Coolidge silent opposition will not be touched. However, we prophesy that Morris Rosen or his campaign manager is next in line.

### No. 181 Members Give Fakers Warm Time

Local 181 of the Carpenters' Union, Chicago, did not have any meeting Monday, January 26. The five expelled members with the support of the membership refused to leave the hall and the officials refused to open the meeting.

### A Pleasant Time Had By All.

However, the night was not a dull one, the expelled members and the members generally in numerous speeches told what they thought of the Hutchison-Jensen expulsion policy. This finally got under the hide of Harry Jensen and he tried to get the floor, but the membership howled him down and told him to open the meeting and discuss the expulsions officially.

A resolution demanding the immediate reinstatement to full membership, the giving of the expelled members a working card, and calling upon President Hutchison to compel the local officials to live up to the constitution was endorsed and signed by 51 members.

### Many Locals Support Expelled Men.

The expelled members and sympathizers have been visiting the other locals explaining their case. They have been well received by the membership. In Local No. 1, members took the floor and supported the expelled, the opinion expressed being that with such an expulsion policy no member was safe if he could be expelled without a trial. A motion was made to write to the general office and demand a speedy decision on the matter. Locals 242 and 13 took similar action.

## EASTERN DISTRICT

### TEXTILE BARONS TO BEGIN USING STRIKEBREAKERS

### Unanimous Strike Vote in Rhode Island Mill

PAWTUCKET, R. I.—The Pawtucket Hosiery Co. announces that strikebreakers will be imported to take the places of operatives who refuse to accept the wage reduction of 10 per cent made by the company last week. This is the first instance in New England where a mill owner announced that strikebreakers will be used. The 200 employees walked out last Tuesday in protest against the wage reduction.

At the same time the 400 workers at the Greenhail Mills of Pawtucket voted almost unanimously to strike unless the order reducing wages 10 per cent is rescinded. This company is also reported as planning to import strikebreakers.

Fifty weavers of the Manville mill of the Manville Jencks Co. are on strike. The strikers asked for increased pay, a cut in the number of looms operated by each weaver and modification of a fining system for spoiled cloth. The strike affects 1,000 looms.

### Newport, R. I., Gives Vote to Left Wing

NEWPORT, R. I.—At the last meeting of Lodge 119, I. A. M., the following left wing candidates were nominated:

For president, J. Emme.

Secy-treas., Tim Buck.

For vice-presidents, P. Jensen, John Otis, H. Garner, Alfred E. Goetz, McGovern and Slavens.

McGovern and Slavens are not on the left wing slate, but are progressive. Slavens supported all the progressive measures proposed by the left wing in the Detroit convention.

### Pittsburgh Machinists Give All to Left Wing

The Pittsburgh militants were on the job at the last meeting of Local 671, I. A. M., the result being that the entire left wing slate headed by Julius Emme was nominated.

### Ship and railway tickets on the promise of good jobs at high wages.

The plight of many of these people, especially men with families, is pathetic

## CANADIAN DISTRICT

### UNEMPLOYMENT BIG PROBLEM IN VANCOUVER

### Jobless Made to Work for a Dollar a Day

VANCOUVER, Can.—The wages and working conditions maintained by the building and metal trades unions of Vancouver are being seriously threatened by the employment of jobless men below the union scale.

Unemployed men are set to work as a relief measure doing the preliminary work in the building and metal trades at \$2 a day for married men, while single unemployed workers are offered \$1 a day for clearing land or breaking rock.

### Waterfront Now Scabby.

Last winter unemployed stranded British harvesters broke the longshoremen's strike. The Vancouver waterfront is now open shop and wages and working conditions are determined by the master stevedores. Many unionists believe that the contemplated building program for the spring will only be attempted on a nonunion wage scale and that the unemployed of the city are being used to introduce the cut.

Schemes to beat down wages usually paid for clearing land fell thru when the young jobless workers informed the city council that they would not clear land or do chain-work for \$1 a day and maintain themselves. The men declared that for working outside in the inclement weather clearing land or breaking rock, 35c an hour should be paid.

### Jobless Fight Back.

The council is threatening to arrest all men who refuse to work under its proposed relief scheme but the unemployed are being drilled and disciplined and are making the public aware of their position. Next week they will appear before the council and make a formal demand for a living wage.

The unemployment situation is aggravated by every westbound train bringing dozens of English immigrants who have been duped into paying what little money they had for steam

### A Textile Worker Urges Amalgamation

By A Textile Worker.  
CLIFTON, N. J.—"The Amalgamated Textile Workers of America does not exist any more," so wrote the general secretary of that union, Russell Palmer, to one of the locals and also to a member of the general executive board.

The leaders were known to some members, but the rest did as the general secretary-treasurer-editor desired. In the convention of May, 1924, about 19 candidates were nominated for the executive board. Six or seven were elected thru referendum vote. The general executive board should meet every three months, but none was held.

Mr. Russell Palmer and Mr. Derrick the general organizer, did everything so they did what they wished with the locals, the money, furniture and the union.

In the convention of 1923 and 1924 also, efforts were made to get started with amalgamation—"One Union for all Textile Workers"—but the leaders fixed it so that resolution would be killed. Nevertheless, amalgamation is coming anyhow.

The leaders may see it coming and therefore destroy the union rather than permit amalgamation. Fellow workers, the only way to make some real success in our struggle is to have a union of all the textile workers. Therefore, push the leaders in your local for amalgamation—no worker is against it.

### T. U. E. L. Reports Labor Lyceum Work

The militants more and more are beginning to understand the necessity of working where the masses are. In the shop, unions, Workers' Circles, etc. The T. U. E. L. of Pittsburgh reports that two Communists were elected to the board of directors of the Labor Lyceum which is the home of the organized Jewish workers of that city.

### Pittsburgh A. C. W. Left Wing Very Much Alive

Local 68 of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of Pittsburgh, Pa., still retains its traditional left wing policy. In the recent local election it elected a majority of the left wing ticket. The T. U. E. L. militants are on the job. This local is also affiliated with the Labor Defense Council.

### Contradictory Revolutionism.

And the revolutionary but foolish "left" stand around, crying, "the masses! the masses!"—and refuse to work in the trade unions.

### Exceptions Granted Make 8-Hour Day a Joke in Canada

VICTORIA, Can.—Exemptions from the eight-hour law have been granted to all the principal industries of British Columbia. More are to be granted. The metal trades and the timber industries are attempting whole or partial exemption from the act.

Labor's "representative" on the board administering the act is an obscure liberal party henchman from the interior of the province.

### Windsor and Toronto Give Left Wing Vote

The Welling Lodge of the I. A. O. M. and Lodge 792, at Windsor, Ontario, decided that they had had enough of Bill Johnston and his class collaboration policy and nominated the complete left wing slate.

Lodge 225 of Toronto, Ontario, nominated Tim Buck for secretary-treasurer and P. Jensen and McNamara for vice-presidents. A tie vote resulted for editor of the Journal, the president casting the deciding vote against Overgaard, the left wing candidate.

### Welland Machinists Want No More Wm. H.

The machinists' lodge of Welland, Ontario, at its last meeting decided that they wanted no more of Bill Johnston and nominated the left wing slate.

## "WORK WITHIN REACTIONARY UNIONS," LENIN

### No Separation of Revolution from Mass

By N. Lenin, April 27, 1920.

To refuse to work within reactionary trade unions means to leave the backward or insufficiently developed working masses to the influence of the reactionary leaders, the agents of the bourgeoisie, the "aristocrats of labor," and the "bourgeoisified" workers.

It is just this absurd theory of non-participation by Communists in reactionary trade unions that most clearly shows how light-headedly the "left" Communists regard the problem of influencing the "masses," how they contradict their own outcries about the "masses."

### Qualities of Mass Leadership.

In order to be able to help the masses, and to win the sympathy, confidence and support of the "masses," it is essential to be fearless in the face of difficulties, to fear neither clean-cut opposition, insult or persecution at the hands of the "leaders" (who being opportunists and social chauvinists, in the majority of cases have direct or indirect connections with the bourgeoisie and the police), and to work by every possible means wherever the masses are.

Great sacrifices must be made, all obstacles overcome, in order to carry on systematically, stubbornly, insistently, patiently, agitation and propaganda in all those institutions, societies and unions, even the completely reactionary in which are grouped proletarian or semi-proletarian masses.

### Where are these Masses?

And trade unions and co-operatives (the latter at least in some cases) are just organizations where the masses are to be found.

In England, according to figures given by the Swedish paper, Folkets Dagen Politiken, (March 10, 1919), the trade union membership, from the end of 1917 to the end of 1918 rose from 5.5 millions to 6.6 millions, that is, an increase of 19 per cent. Towards the end of 1919 this number reached 7.5 millions. I have not the corresponding figures at hand in regard to France and Germany, but generally known and incontestable facts testify to an immense growth in membership in the trade unions of these countries also.

These facts speak with the uttermost clearness of a phenomenon confirmed by a thousand other indications: the growth of class consciousness and the driving force towards organization existing among the proletarian masses, the "lowest level," the backward. Millions of workers in England, France and Germany are for the first time passing from a complete lack of organization to the most elementary lowest, the simplest, and (for those still imbued with bourgeois prejudices) the most accessible form of organization, the trade union.

### Contradictory Revolutionism.

And the revolutionary but foolish "left" stand around, crying, "the masses! the masses!"—and refuse to work in the trade unions.

They refuse on the pretext of the "reactionary character" of these unions! And then they invent nice, brand new, pure little "Workers' Unions," which are free from bourgeois democratic prejudices, guiltless of the sins of trade and craft narrowness, and which, they claim, are to be (are to be!) broad, and for participation in which the only (only!) requirement is to be "the acceptance of the Soviet system and the dictatorship!"

### No Conditions to Bar Out Members.

Anything more idiotic, more harmful to the revolution than this attitude of the "left" Communists cannot be imagined. Why, if now in Russia, after two and a half years of unparalleled victories over the bourgeoisie of Russia and the entente, we had demanded that entrance into the trade unions be conditional upon "acceptance of the dictatorship" we should have committed an unpardonable piece of stupidity, impaired our influence with the masses, and given aid and comfort to the mensheviks.

For the whole task of the Communists is just this—to be able to convince the backward, to be able to work among them, and not fence ourselves off from them by manufactured, infantile, left slogans.

### EDITOR'S NOTE

Material sent in for the T. U. E. L. section not appearing in this page will be printed in tomorrow's issue.

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# WORKERS RALLY TO THE DEFENSE OF COMMUNISTS

## Labor Bodies Donate to Defense Council

The Labor Defense Council is receiving many reports from its locals and from Workers Party units on work done or being done for the Michigan defense.

Detroit reports the reorganization and strengthening of the local defense and at their January 26 meeting over \$120 had already been received.

The Finnish W. P. branch stated that proceeds of their Lenin Memorial meeting would go to the labor defense, the Greek branch announced \$16.00 already collected on lists, and the Bulgarian, Roumanian and South Slavic reported that they would hold an entertainment on February 1, for the defense.

**Big Defense Bazaar.**  
The Labor Defense Council local and party branches of Detroit are solidly behind the big defense bazaar arranged by the Detroit Federation of Working Women. It is to be held on Sunday, March 8, at the House of the Masses, 2201 Gratiot Ave., and the comrades are determined to raise \$500.00 to \$1,000.00 by it. At the time of their next meeting, February 11, the Detroit Labor Defense Council expects to report much more.

**Portland Meeting.**  
Portland is to have a united front defense mass meeting in February at a large theater, with many workers' organizations participating.

The Revere, Mass., W. P. branch sends \$25.00 and says "Hold the fort; we are on the job, having a house to house collection next Sunday."

Other Workers Party units have remitted as follows: Russian branch, Cleveland, \$20.00; Bulgarian, Pontiac, Mich., \$11.20; Italian, Philadelphia, \$10.00; Englewood, Chicago, \$7.50; N. S. English, Chicago, \$10.66.

Workers' organizations all over, are responding to the call for a united front defense in Michigan. The Workmen's Sick & Benefit Fund No. 102, San Francisco, which only recently sent a donation, forwards another check for \$10.00 with information that they passed a resolution against criminal syndicalism laws and the Michigan attack, and have forwarded it to the governor of Michigan.

The Slovak Workers' Society, No. 44, Uniontown, Pa., donated \$21.20, the S. W. S. No. 51, Glassmere, Pa., \$5.00, the "Eloro" Hungarian Workers' Singing Association of Akron, O., \$11.60, and Lithuanian Alliance, \$48.00.

**Try Once More to Force Voting Machines in N. Y.**

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—Attorney General Ottinger will ask the supreme court of the state of New York, February 9, for an order peremptorily directing the N. Y. city board of education to buy voting machines and do away with paper ballots for elections.

Ottinger made a formal demand on the board of education to convene and select a type of voting machine, but several members disapproved of the machines and nothing has been done. The politicians have always been able to keep out the voting machines in New York state as it might register too well the voices of the people, and they are anxious to control them in a safer way.

**Value Electric at \$4 millions**  
WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—For rate making purposes, Interstate commerce commission today placed a final valuation of \$34,660,000 on the properties owned and used by the Elgin-Joliet and eastern railroad.

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# Leninism or Trotskyism

(Continued from last issue)

1. The Period of Re-Organization of the Party (March-April).  
The fundamental facts of this period are: a, the fall of czarism; b, the formation of the provisional government (dictatorship of the bourgeoisie); c, the rise of soldiers' and workmen's soviets (dictatorship of the proletariat and the peasantry); d, the double government; e, the April demonstration; f, the first crisis of power.

The characteristic feature of this period is the fact that side by side, concurrently and simultaneously, there exist both the dictatorship of the bourgeoisie and that of the proletariat and the peasantry, the latter showing confidence in the former, believing in its efforts for peace, voluntarily conferring the power on the bourgeoisie and thus turning itself into its appendage. Serious conflicts between the two dictatorships had not yet arisen. Instead of this there was a "contact commission."

This was the greatest change in the history of Russia and a hitherto unexperienced turn in the history of our party. The old pre-revolutionary platform of the direct overthrow of the government was clear and definite, but was no longer suited to the new conditions of the fight. It was now impossible to aim directly at the overthrow of the government, for it was bound up with the Soviets which were under the influence of the social patriots, and the party would have had to carry on an unbearable fight against both the government and the Soviets. But it was also impossible to carry out a policy for the support of the provisional government for this was a government of imperialism.

A re-orientation of the party under the new conditions of the fight was necessary. The party (its majority) approached this re-orientation very cautiously. It adopted the policy of a pressure of the Soviets on the provisional government in the question of peace, but did not at once make up its mind to take the further step from the old slogan of the dictatorship of the proletariat and the peasantry to the new slogan of the power of the Soviets. This double-faced policy was calculated to convince the Soviets thru the concrete questions of peace of the genuinely imperialistic nature of the provisional government, and thus to tear them away from the latter. This was an entirely mistaken policy; for it produced pacifist illusions, supplied water to the mills of social patriotism and rendered the revolutionary education of the masses difficult. This mistaken attitude I shared at that time with other members of the party, and I only renounced it altogether in the middle of April after I had subscribed to Lenin's theses.

A re-orientation was necessary. This re-orientation was given to the party by Lenin in his famous theses of April. I will not enter into detail as to these theses, as they are known to everyone. Were there at that time differences of opinion between the party and Lenin? Yes, there were. How long did these differences of opinion last? Not more than a fortnight. The conference of the organization of the whole town of Petrograd (second half of April), which accepted Lenin's theses, was a turning point in the development of our party. The state conference at the end of April only completed the work of the Petrograd conference in a measure appropriate to the state gathering, by the united attitude of the party, nine-tenths of the party round itself.

Now, after seven years, Comrade Trotsky shows malicious joy at long passed differences of opinion among the Bolsheviks, by representing these differences of opinion almost as a fight of two parties within Bolshevism. But first of all, Comrade Trotsky exaggerates in an outrageous manner and inflates the whole subject; for the Bolshevik Party has outlived these differences of opinion without being in the least shaken. In the second place our party would be a caste and not a revolutionary party if it did not admit different shades of opinion in its midst, but it is well-known that there were differences of opinion

\*It is well-known that Comrade Zinoviev, whom Comrade Trotsky would like to turn into an "adherent of Hilferding" entirely shared Lenin's point of view.

The so-called editor of Trotsky's works, Comrade Lenzner, maintains that the American letters of Comrade Trotsky (March) "completely anticipate" Lenin's "Letters from Abroad" (March) which form the foundations of Lenin's April theses. He writes verbatim: "completely anticipate." Comrade Trotsky makes no objection to this analogy, so evidently accepts it with thanks. But first of all, Comrade Trotsky's letters "in no way resemble" Lenin's letters, either in spirit or in their conclusions, for they fully reflect Comrade Trotsky's anti-Bolshevik slogan: "No czar, but a labor government," a slogan which means the revolution without the peasantry. It is only necessary to look thru these two groups of letters to convince oneself of this fact. Second, how can it be explained in this case that Lenin that it necessary two days after his return from abroad to draw a line of separation between himself and Trotsky?

Who does not know of Lenin's repeated declarations, that Trotsky's slogan "No czar, but a labor government" is an attempt to "overlook the peasant movement which is not yet out of date," that this slogan is playing with the seizure of power by the labor government? What can Lenin's Bolshevik theses have in common with the anti-Bolshevik scheme of Comrade Trotsky, with his "playing with the seizure of power"? And where do these people get the passion with which they compare a miserable hovel with Mont Blanc? Why did Comrade Lenzner have to add, to the

## 64-PAGE PAMPHLET ON LENINISM OR TROTSKYISM NOW IN PREPARATION

This installment is part of a pamphlet "Leninism or Trotskyism" now in preparation. It includes articles by three outstanding figures in the Russian Communist Party: G. Zinoviev, I. Stalin and G. Kameniev, to form a most timely and important contribution to a discussion of world interest. The pamphlet will be of 64 pages, selling at 20 cents and will be ready at the conclusion of this serial publication.

amongst us also in the past, thus for instance in the period of the third Duma, which however, did not interfere with the unity of our party. Thirdly it will not be superfluous to ask what was Comrade Trotsky's attitude at that time, he who now takes malicious pleasure in long past differences of opinion.

2. The period of the revolutionary mobilization of the masses (May-August). Fundamental facts of this period: a. The April demonstration in Petrograd and the formation of a coalition government with the participation of the "socialists"; b, the demonstration on May 1, in the most important centers of Russia with the slogan of the "democratic peace"; c, the June demonstration in Petrograd with the chief slogan: "Down with the capitalist ministers!"; d, the June offensive on the front and the failures of the Russian army; e, the armed July demonstration in Petrograd and the resignation of the ministers of the cabinet from the government; f, the bringing up of counter-revolutionary troops from the front, the destruction of the editorial office of the "Pravda," the fight of the counter-revolution against the Soviets and the formation of a new coalition government with Kerenski at its head; g, the sixth party session at which was given the slogan for the preparation of an armed insurrection; h, the counter-revolutionary imperial council and the general strike in Moscow; i, the unfortunate attack of Kornilov on Petrograd, the revival of the Soviets, resignation of the cadets and formation of the "directorium."

As the characteristic feature of this period we must regard the sharpening of the crisis and the destruction of that unstable equilibrium between the Soviets and the provisional government, for better or worse, continued to exist. The double rule was unbearable for both sides. The fragile construction of the "contact commission" saw its last days. The "crisis of power" and the "ministerial leap frog" were at that time the most fashionable expressions. The crisis at the front and the disintegration behind the front did their work in that they strengthened the extreme wings and wedged in the social compromisers and social patriots on both sides. The revolution was mobilized, which brot about the mobilization of the counter-revolution. The counter-revolution on the other hand fanned the flame of the revolution by intensifying the revolutionary conflagration. The question of the transference of power to a new class became the question of the day.

Were there at that time differences of opinion in our party? There were. But, contrary to the statements of Comrade Trotsky who attempted to discover a "right" and a "left" wing of the party they were of a purely objective nature. That is to say, they were differences of opinion of a kind without which no active party life and no real party work can exist.

Comrade Trotsky is wrong when he maintains that the April demonstration in Petrograd brought about differences of opinion within the C. C. The C. C. was in this question absolutely unanimous and condemned the attempt of a group of comrades, to arrest the "provisional government"

\*See Lenin's works, vol. XIV, page 31-32 (Russian edition). See also the reports at the conference of the whole of Petrograd and at the Imperial conference of the R. C. P. (Middle and end of April, 1917).

\*\*We must consider as one of these legends the wide-spread view that Comrade Trotsky was the "only" or "chief organizer" of the victories at the fronts in the civil war. In the interest of truth, comrades, I must declare that this version is absolutely contrary to the truth. I am far from denying the important part played by Comrade Trotsky in the civil war. I must, however, declare with all firmness, that the honor of being the organizer of our victories falls on no individual but on the great community of the advanced workers of our country, the Russian Communist Party. Perhaps it will not be superfluous to quote a few examples. You know that Koltchak and Denikin were regarded as the chief enemies of the Soviet republic. You know that our country only breathed freely after the victory over these enemies. And history says that our troops defeated these two enemies, Koltchak as well as Denikin in opposition to Trotsky's plans. Judge for yourselves!

1. Re. Koltchak. It was in the summer of 1919. Our troops attacked Koltchak and operated before Ufa. Meeting of the C. C. Comrade Trotsky proposed to stop the attack on the line of the Bjajala river (before Ufa), to leave the Ural in Koltchak's hands, to remove part of our troops

at the moment when the Bolsheviks were in the minority both in the Soviets and in the army. Comrade Trotsky had not written his "history" of October according to Suchanow's material but on the basis of the actual documents, he could easily have convinced himself of the incorrectness of his assertion.

Comrade Trotsky is undoubtedly wrong when he asserts that the "right" members of the C. C. designated as an "adventure" the attempt, at "Lenin's initiative" to organize a demonstration on June 9. If Comrade Trotsky had not written in accordance with Suchanow's information, he would certainly have known that the demonstration of July 9 was postponed in complete agreement with Lenin and that that Lenin defended the postponement in an important speech at the well-known meeting of the Petrograd committee (see minutes of the Petrograd committee).

Comrade Trotsky is, entirely in the wrong when he speaks of the "tragic" differences of opinion within the C. C. in connection with the armed July demonstration. Comrade Trotsky is simply using his imagination when he assumes that some members of the leading group of the C. C. "must have regarded the July episode as a harmful adventure." Comrade Trotsky, who at that time was not yet a member of the C. C. but only our Soviet representative in parliament, could not of course know that the C. C. only regarded the July demonstration as a means for getting information about the opponent, that the C. C. (and Lenin) did not wish to turn nor think of turning the demonstration into an insurrection at a moment when the Soviets of the chief towns were still in favor of the social patriots. It is quite possible that some of the Bolsheviks actually pulled long faces in connection with the July defeat. I know for instance that some of the Bolsheviks who were arrested were even ready to leave our ranks. But to draw conclusions from this against some who are said to have been "rights," to have been members of the C. C., is to distort history in a reckless manner.

Comrade Trotsky is wrong when he declares that in the Kornilov days, some of the heads of the party showed a tendency to form a block with the social patriots in order to support the provisional government. Of course the same so-called "rights" are meant, the comrades who disturb Trotsky's sleep. Trotsky is wrong; documents exist, such as the central organ of the party at that time, which upset Comrade Trotsky's statements. Comrade Trotsky refers to a letter of Lenin's to the C. C. with a warning against supporting Kerenski. But Comrade Trotsky fails to understand Lenin's letters, their significance, their object. Sometimes Lenin purposely anticipates in his letters and places in the foreground those possible mistakes which might occur, criticizes them in advance, so as to warn the party and deter it from mistakes, or he sometimes exaggerates a "trifle" and "makes a mountain out of a molehill" for the same educational purpose.

A party leader, especially when he is in an illegal position cannot act otherwise, for he must see further than his companions and it is his duty to warn against every possible mistake, even "trifles." But to draw a conclusion as to "tragic" differences of opinion from these letters of Lenin (and there are plenty of such letters) and to blazon it forth, shows a lack of understanding of Lenin's letters, a lack of knowledge of Lenin. This no doubt explains the fact that Comrade Trotsky sometimes entirely fails to hit the mark. To resume: There were in the days of Kornilov's advance, as a matter of fact, absolute no differences of opinion in the C. C.

(To be Continued)

them on to the southern front. Heated debates took place. The C. C. did not agree with Comrade Trotsky and found that the Urals with their works, their network of railways, should not be left in Koltchak's hands, because he could there easily bring his troops into order, collect large farmers round him and advance to the Volga, but that first of all Koltchak should be driven back over the ridge of the Urals into the Siberian steps, and that only then should the transference of troops to the south be proceeded with. The C. C. declined Comrade Trotsky's plan. The latter resigned. The C. C. did not accept his resignation. The commander in chief, Wazatis, a partisan of Comrade Trotsky's plan, retired. His place was taken by a new commander in chief, Comrade Kameniev. From this moment onward, Comrade Trotsky declined any direct participation in the transactions on the eastern front.

2. Re. Denikin. The affair took place in autumn, 1919. The attack against Denikin failed. The "steel ring" round Mamontow, (the storming of Mamontow) was an obvious failure. Denikin took Kursk. Denikin approaches Orel. Comrade Trotsky was called from the southern front to a meeting of the C. C. The C. C. declared the situation to be disquieting and resolved to send new military functionaries to the southern front and to recall Comrade Trotsky. These functionaries demanded "non-interference" on the part of Comrade Trotsky on the southern front. Comrade Trotsky withdrew from immediate participation in the action on the southern front. The operations on the southern front, up to the taking of Rostow on the Don and of Odessa by our troops, proceeded without Comrade Trotsky.

# SIMMONS LOSING KLAN JOB FORMS RIVAL SOCIETY

## Founded K. K. K. Then Lost Fat Salary

(Special to the Daily Worker)  
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 2.—A rival organization to the Ku Klux Klan has been started by the founder of the Klan, Col. William Joseph Simmons. Simmons established the Klan and made himself "Imperial Wizard" at a fat salary. When money to pay his salary and expenses stopped coming in, Simmons hired Edward Young Clarke as publicity agent for the Klan.

**Get Publicity.**  
A few murders of defenseless Negroes gave the Klan the needed advertisement, and the support of the employers who were anxious to keep the Negroes in subjection.

The Klan then launched into an active anti-union campaign. In southern Illinois the Klan made an unsuccessful attempt to gain control of the Illinois miners' union. A gun fight between the union miners and the Klan disrupters was narrowly averted in Ziegler, Illinois, when the klansmen broke up several union meetings.

They were finally defeated in the miners' elections, however. In Oklahoma the Klan has been in control of the miners' union for many months, and has done much to disrupt and disorganize the miners of that state.

**Simmons Kicked Out.**  
Simmons, however, was dispossessed of his job of "Imperial Wizard," by Dr. H. M. Evans, of Dallas, Texas, who, backed by a different gang of grafters, succeeded in gaining control of the Klan and its finances.

Now Simmons is trying to build up another organization, the "Knights of the Flaming Sword," which is to be a section of "The Hidden Host." This organization is to have the same purposes as the Klan, it is announced, but Simmons is to be its leader.

**Leginska Lost Her Memory.**  
NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—Evel Leginska, pianiste, who disappeared mysteriously a week ago, was reported today to be staying with friends, "Some where near New York," and recovering from loss of memory.

**Earth Trembles in Britain**  
LONDON, Feb. 2.—Earth tremors were felt in Cornwall and Jersey today. There was no damage.

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## BUILDERS AT WORK

Every day under this head you will learn not only what BUILDERS thruout the country are doing to build a greater newspaper, but also practical suggestions to accomplish more for OUR paper. Tell us what YOU are doing—and we will "tell the world."

### 'LEVEN LIVE LEAGUERS

YOU might suspect us of "local patriotism." But we are only looking for efficient propaganda methods to "Build the DAILY WORKER"—which of course will build our party.

In this column, in the Saturday issue, we brought to your attention the activities of the North Side Branch of Chicago in selling literature. And looking for efficient BUILDING we must point out another Chicago branch. This time it is a branch of the "Flaming Youth"—and the flame is revolutionary fervor in Area Branch No. 5 of the Young Workers League.

A squad of eleven live Leaguers under the direction of Literature Agent Natalie Gomez, during the month of January sold over thirty dollars worth of literature at union and other meetings. This did not include pamphlets sold at factory gates when the Y. W. L. had a drive.

"To the masses" is a slogan that actually is put into practice by these comrades who are going to the shops, union halls and every meeting where workers gather in the group all with the exception of two are girl comrades—most of them working in the National and DAILY WORKER offices. The fact that our comrades are "easy to look at" is not the only factor in their success. They have fully realized the importance of this pioneer organizational work and have built up their sales by persistently attending union halls, selling, talking, convincing—until at many local union meetings a session is incomplete when they do not attend.

And the comrades are ambitious. This squad, together with the live-wires in the North Side Branch, are actually giving the City DAILY WORKER agent comrade Thurber Lewis no peace. They want a meeting held to map out a plan to cover ALL of the union meetings in town and to drag in willy-nilly the non-active groups in the local.

We are giving this tip to the DAILY WORKER agents thruout the country: if there are any Young Workers League members in your local, get them in your work and prepare for a busy season.

### Teachers Won't Get Wage Boost from New Property Appraisals

Albert H. Wetten, chairman of appraisals for the board of education starts work on Feb. 8, on revaluation of property in the loop and near loop districts known as school fund property.

This property provides revenue only for teachers' salaries. Nevertheless, John E. Byrnes, business manager of the board of education, said that the teachers may expect no increases in pay when the revaluations of school property owned by the board of education boost rentals and increases the revenue.

### Movies for Workers

"Beauty and the Bolshevik" and "Russia in Overalls" will be shown at the following places:

- Chicago, Ashland Auditorium, Feb. 5.
  - Pittsburgh, Pa., N. S. Carnegie Music Hall, Feb. 7.
  - South Bend, Ind.—White Eagle Theater, 1125 W. Division St., Feb. 11.
  - St. Paul, Minn.—444 Rice St., Feb. 20.
  - Milwaukee, Wis.—Pabst Theater, March 7.
  - San Francisco, March 21.
- Open Forum, Sunday Night, Lodge Room, Ashland Auditorium.

**Ready!**  
The February issue of  
**The Workers Monthly**  
Edited by EARL R. BROWDER  
Including:

**"The Left Wing in Trade Union Elections"**  
By WM. Z. FOSTER.  
A vital and timely pen picture of today's struggles of the trade union militants.

**"From Anarchism to Communism"**  
By JAY FOX.  
A most interesting article by a leader of the American anarchist movement for thirty years.

and another generous installment of that Communist classic  
**The History of the Russian Communist Party**  
By GREGORY ZINOVIEV,  
President of the Communist International.

Other splendid contributions by:  
Chas. E. Johnson, Bertram Wolfe, Joseph Manley, Robert Minor, Alexander Bittelman, Louis Zoobock, T. J. O'Flaherty, J. W. Johnstone, Thurber Lewis.  
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# ADLER RESIGNS POST IN SECOND INTERNATIONAL

## Apologizes for Collapse of Socialists

Friedrich Adler, secretary of the Socialist and Labor International (the second international), has resigned from his post, thoroughly tired out and disappointed.

Yielding to pressure from his social democratic colleagues, he finally agreed to continue in office temporarily, for the purpose of completing arrangements for the forthcoming congress of the Second International.

Adler an Emotionalist. It is a tortuous road "Fritz" Adler has traveled, since October 22, 1916, when he shot and killed Count Sturgkh, the Austrian prime minister.

### Becomes Opportunist.

He has attacked the Russian revolution bitterly, while at the same time endorsing the worst crimes of Scheide-

mann, Noske, Gessler and Renner against the German and Austrian workers.

Adler accompanies his resignation with a letter in which he tries to excuse the social democratic leaders from responsibility for the betrayal of the workers in the world war.

Evades Responsibility for Crash. "From the Marxian point of view, I consider that the collapse of the international thru the policy of various socialist parties during the war was one of the gravest of calamities. I never saw one of those who adopts the superficial excuse that all the evil was he result of treachery on the part of the leaders."

Adler goes on to complain of the recent tendencies among the workers, and closes with the lament that "Marxism is receding in the labor movement."

### Verily, Lenin appears to have known

that he was talking about when he spoke of the lack of stamina of the Austrian school of social democracy.

Freight Rate on Newspaper. WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—Railroads were ordered by the interstate commerce commission today to establish a rate of 39 cents a 100 pounds on shipments of news print paper in carloads from Alexandria, Indiana, to Omaha, and Kansas City. This action was taken if the complaint filed by the Western Newspaper Union alleging that the recent rate was unreasonable.

# WALL STREET'S SCRUB WOMEN MAINTAINED BY CHARITY—CHILDREN LABOR

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—The poor who work on the fringe of the richest financial section in the world—the scrub women, janitors and cleaners of Wall Street, are paid such small wages that they and their families must be maintained by charity.

The "Bowling Green neighborhood association" has just announced that thirty downtown business men have donated \$1,000 each year for three years, toward the upkeep of a home for the downtown poor. The Wall Street business men hire non-union labor at starvation wages, and the children of these Wall Street workers fill the downtown homes, working far into the night making artificial flowers, sewing pants, and making stockings.

# CONTINUE FIGHT ON CHILD LABOR, SAYS COMMITTEE

## Butler Wants Slavery of Children to Stay

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 2.—Representatives of twenty-six organizations connected with the national child labor committee meeting here, announced that the fight to secure ratification of the federal child labor amendment by 36 state legislatures will continue. The organizations sending delegates were mostly women's clubs, and liberal and pacifist organizations.

Mrs. C. A. Watkins, of the national parents' and teachers' association, declared that the present misrepresenting situation. She said that only eight states have rejected ratification of the proposed amendment, and these states may reconsider.

Nicholas Murray Butler, an ardent supporter of child labor, has issued a statement setting forth his pleasure that child labor can continue in America.

Senator Thomas Walsh of Montana, will speak to members of the children's welfare association of New York, Friday night, at a dinner at the Waldorf Astoria hotel. Walsh is in favor of the amendment which gives congress power to regulate and prohibit child labor.

### Refuse Freight Rate Increase

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The interstate commerce commission today refused to permit the Chicago and Eastern Illinois railroad to increase the freight rate on bituminous coal in carloads from Evansville, Ind., to stations in Illinois on that road.

### Teachers' Leader Dies

LONDON, Feb. 2.—Sir James Henry Foxall, general secretary of the National Union of Teachers, and author of many books on collecting, as well as other works, died here today. He was 67 years old.

"The Beauty and the Bolshevik" is coming to Ashland Auditorium Feb. 5.

# GIFTED ARTISTS AT BAZAAR OF LABOR DEFENSE

## Children Planning to Give Performance

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK CITY, Feb. 2.—The joint bazaar of the International Workers' Aid and the Labor Defense Council will furnish four evenings of the best enjoyment.

The greatest efforts have been made to secure the co-operation of high-class talent and the committee has succeeded.

The Freiheit Singing Society, famous thruout the east for its splendid singing, will be at the bazaar and will present a fine program. If there were no other entertainment but the Freiheit Singing Society at the bazaar, it would of itself attract thousands of friends not only of the art, but also of the movement.

Finnish Athletes. Then come the Finnish gymnastic and choral societies. The Finnish comrades are well-known for their athletic ability and will present some of their best numbers.

The Finnish Choral Society—well it is unnecessary to talk about the Finns as singers—they are known thruout Europe for their wonderful, melodious voices. And then finally the Finnish orchestra, which will play some classical selections. Not to forget the Finnish Junior group, who will assist in the athletic performances.

### Hungarian Orchestras.

Then come the Hungarian orchestral and Singing Societies. Hungarian music is famous and popular the world over. It became so because Hungarian orchestras and singers were able to take this music to every quarter of the world, revealing the great creative genius of the Hungarians.

And the soloists! They are friends of the revolutionary movement who are ever ready when a worthy cause such as the defense and relief of political prisoners is involved. And they have responded in a splendid way this time.

### Children have Program.

And the children! Saturday, February 14, in the afternoon, the children of the revolutionary and radical worker of New York will do their very best and will demonstrate what the children of the proletariat can do. The children of the Modern School will dance—60 strong. An orchestra of 25 children will perform some classical selections. And finally the Junior groups of the Young Workers' League. They were the hit of the Liebknecht-Luxemburg memorial meeting. They will perform a little play, give some tableaux and dances. This will be a wonderful afternoon for the children and all of them must be there.

Don't forget the time and place: February 11, 12, 13, 14—Lyceum, 86th St. and 3rd Ave.

### New Grade Crossing Death

DELONG, Ind., Feb. 2.—One person was killed and one probably fatally injured within the last 24 hours at a grade crossing here. Mrs. William McCoy, 68, of Kewanna, Ind., was killed instantly when the McCoy automobile was struck by a southbound Pennsylvania train. McCoy is believed dying in a Kewanna hospital.

### Meat Prices Drop in Europe

HAVRE, Feb. 2.—A drop in the price of meat, 60 centimes a kilo, followed the arrival here today of a shipment of 421 head of cattle from Argentina.

# POLITICS

is a most interesting game . . . and labor politics is more so. You will learn many angles of it from

## "A Conference of Progressive Reactionaries"

by Alexander Bittelman in the February issue of the Workers Monthly. If you don't subscribe—you surely will after reading this article in order to get others of such interest.

awfully good KRAFT CHEESE

# BRONX PARTY NOTES

The Bronx Section affair will be held Saturday night, Feb. 29th, at Workers Hall, 1347 Boston Road, Bronx. A good musical program has been arranged; there will be eats and dancing galore; and it is whispered in Bronx circles, by those who know, that this is going to be the best affair the Bronx has yet pulled off.

The funds raised will go toward the establishment of a reading room and library at the headquarters. Now all together, comrades, and lets make this affair a big thing.

### Section Classes.

The class in the A. B. C. of Communism, which has been temporarily discontinued, due to the illness of the instructor, Dr. I. Stamler, will be resumed Tuesday, Feb. 3rd, 1924, at 1347 Boston Road, Bronx, N. Y. City, at 8 P. M. and will continue every Tuesday thereafter. Dr. Stamler is eminently fitted to conduct a class in the elements of Communism, and those who attend his classes are assured of an instructive and interesting time.

Mondays: English, Elementary English, Mrs. Anna Jacobus, at 511 East 173rd Street. Mrs. Jacobus is a school teacher, and well prepared to teach the subject.

Saturdays, 2 to 4 P. M., Advanced English, at 511 East 173rd Street, with Ely Jacobson as instructor. Mr. Jacobson is eminently fitted to teach his subject.

### Section Lectures

Section lectures are held every Sunday evening, at 1347 Boston Road, at 8 P. M.

On Sunday, Feb. 8th, Benjamin Gitlow will lecture on "The Capitalist Offensive and the Communist International." Comrade Gitlow needs no introduction to the comrades of the Bronx. You are urged to attend this lecture en masse.

### Bronx English Branch activities

Lectures: After each meeting the branch has decided, that there will be a lecture by some well known comrade, and discussion to follow. The following is the schedule of lectures arranged by the education committee.

Feb. 5, Trotsky—by Israel Amer. Feb. 12, Mussolini and the State—by Dr. I. Stamler.

Feb. 12, Ernest Toller—by Ely Jacobson.

Feb. 26, Green, Gompersism and the Left Wing—by Jos. Manley.

March 5, The S. P. and C. P.—by H. Bourgin.

The English Branch meets every Thursday night at 1347 Boston Road. Sympathizers and non-party members are urged to attend these meetings and lectures, and take part in the discussion.

# BISHOP BROWN APPEALS HERESY CASE TO BISHOPS

## Declines to Recant, Uses Lawyer

GALION, O., Feb. 2.—Spurning the decision of eight episcopal bishops to unfrock him, Bishop William Montgomery Brown, author of the radical book, Christianity and Communism, is preparing for his last appeal to the house of bishops next December.

He was convicted of heresy in May 1924, for his attacks on the dogmas of the protestant episcopal church and the conviction was upheld by an appellate court of bishops in Cleveland recently.

Represented by his attorney, Joseph W. Sharts, Brown declined to recant his doctrines summed up in the motto on the cover of the book: "Banish Gods from the Skies and Capitalists from the Earth."

# Why Rack Your Brains Solving Cross Word Puzzles?

Aren't the workers crazy enough already? If you have any ideas use them in bringing customers to the Red Revel Ball, Feb. 28, at 37 S. Ashland Avenue

# Refusal to Enter Dail

DUBLIN, Feb. 2.—Republican members of Dail Eirean, have voted 21 to 20 against entering the Dail, it was learned here today.

# "Worker Has No Chance for Compensation by Compensation Law"

ALBANY, N. Y.—A workman now stands in the compensation court practically as defenseless as he was under the old employers' liability law. John M. O'Hanlon, representing the New York State Federation of Labor told the joint state legislative committee investigating why injured workers have to wait so long for compensation.

# CHILD LABOR AMENDMENT LOSS PLEASES BUTLER

## Bosses Can Continue to Exploit Kids

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—Nicholas Murray the Butler, president of Columbia University, has issued a statement hailing the defeat of the child labor amendment as a victory for the people and vindication of the nation's capacity for citizenship.

The Butler runs a university solely for the purpose of turning out bourgeois mediocrities as a machine turns out sausages.

These mediocrities are to work for capitalistic concerns and capitalism and any instructor or professor in the Butler's show is asked to resign if he dares do any original thinking or becomes "radical."

President Butler isn't satisfied with his presidency of a college. He wants to be president of the U. S. and thinks he will make a super-Wilson. He throws out this bait to capitalism to show he's a safe man to be nominated.

Butler says in his statement: "The prompt and overwhelming defeat of the proposal to ratify the so-called child-labor amendment to the constitution of the United States is a new and heartening declaration of independence by the American people. It serves notice on the congress at Washington that we shall be much obliged if that body will attend with more intelligence and more competence to the business that we have confided to it and leave us alone to manage our own private, local and state affairs."

What Hypocrisy. Fineness, decency and gentle instincts are so foreign to this snob professor that in his rage at even an attempt to prevent the exploitation of children by the capitalists he sneers at all those who are discouraged, disheartened and revolted by the cruel atrocious indifference to the exploitation of children, by referring to them as follows:

"Every parent, and every lover of childhood who is not a parent, should rejoice at the defeat of this amendment. It aimed at childhood the heaviest blow ever contemplated anywhere by anybody."

Butler says in another place: "Had the amendment been adopted more than 40,000,000 of young Americans would have been legally handed over to the tender mercies of the American congress."

This man would rather have the children in the hands of exploiting capitalists, who can, as Butler does in his university, keep the children more completely under their control, than if the people had a say about them. Butler trembles lest the people themselves have something to say about the education of their children. They are safe in capitalistic universities, sweat shops and factories and he and the opponents of child labor want them in such "safe" places.

Their Joy Short Lived. President Butler and his ilk, capitalists and all its soul-rotten worshippers are rejoicing in glee today at the defeat of the child labor amendment. They can look with great joy now on the continued exploitation of a million and a half children working for the capitalist exploiters, grinding out for these ghouls, profits, profits—more profits. Nicholas Murray, the Butler and all the rest will wear their brutal smiles while children in South Carolina work 12 hours a day, the children to replace them getting out of their beds to take their places when the others are given permission to stop work and go to bed. Thus the beds are never cold. And Butler and capitalism rejoices.

# UNCLE WIGGILY'S TRICKS

"How are you going to crack it?" "Well, I cracked something then!" "What are you going to do?" "I thought the foot of the stairs could crack it!"

# YOUNG COMRADE FIRST TO BE FIRED IN SHOP NUCLEI DRIVE IN N. Y.

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—Branch 12 of the Y. W. L. can now record two members being fired in one week for Communist activity. Saturday another member of the Y. W. L. was fired because he took a leading part in lining up all the young workers who as a body asked for a raise.

Suspecting that this was due to Comrade Kramer who was only employed for a short time, and has brot about such militancy among the young workers, the boss after a few questions fired Kramer.

But the boss did not realize what this discharge resulted in. The same afternoon six young workers were brot to the district office by Kramer and they were organized into a shop nucleus.

A program of work, including the unionization of the shop was adopted by the newly organized nucleus which will start its work immediately.

Comrade Kramer will be attached to this shop nucleus as an unemployed worker until he gets another job.

# G. O. P. CROOK WHO STOLE W. P. VOTES IS PUT IN TOMBS

## But Republican Leaders Are Whitewashed

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—George Rosken, when put in the Tombs here under indictment by the grand jury for election fraud, declared "I merely did the bidding of others. I exposed the conspiracy in my election district and in return for it I alone am indicted."

Rosken confessed to fraud in the contest in the 23rd election district of the 8th assembly district, where he testified, he was switched in as a tally clerk by "a leading republican politician," in order to steal evn votes to declare Representative Nathan D. Perlman elected. Dr. William I. Sirovich, democrat, is now contesting the seat of the republican.

The grand jury's inspection of the ballots showed that Rosken stole six votes from Comrade Lore, Communist candidate, in that one election district transferring them to his republican employers.

Oil Up Again. PITTSBURGH, Pa., Feb. 2.—The J. O. Seep Agency, buyers for the Standard Oil Co., here announced increases in the price of crude oil of from 15 to 25 cents a barrel.

# Subscribe for "Your Daily," for the DAILY WORKER.

# On the Press Now!

The visit of Abramovich and a horde of other counter-revolutionists to stem the rising tide of sentiment for the recognition of Soviet Russia makes

# "The White Terrorists Cry For Mercy"

By MAX BEDACHT a pamphlet of great interest. The treasonable activities of "socialists" as chief aids to capitalism are exposed by this splendid pamphlet—

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4988. Charmeen in brown or blue with trimming of braid, will be suitable and attractive for this model; or, a could choose faille or taffeta. The Pattern is cut in 3 Sizes: 16, 18 and 20 years. An 18 year size requires 4 1/2 yards of 40 inch material. The width at the foot is 1 1/4 yards. Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 12c in silver or stamps. Address: The DAILY WORKER, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

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THE DAILY WORKER

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Advertising rates on application

Greece and Turkey

The Most Reverend Constantinos, uemincial patriarch of the Greek catholic church, was peremptorily ordered to leave Constantinople by the Turkish government. The Greek capitalists are sore.

London and Paris are also discussing the latest Greeco-Turkish rupture. Well, they might. It is part of the Franco-British struggle.

Looking at things impartially, one would say that the Greeks have no kick coming over the expulsion of their patriarch. The Turks kicked out their own sultan who had more dependents than the patriarch.

Judging from the size of the headlines in the capitalist press, another war between Greece and Turkey is possible. But it is not probable.

Who Is Crazy?

"Our greatest needs now are shoes and stockings for children from 6 to 12 years old and money to keep some of the people here in coal."

The coal lies at the pit mouth—hundreds of tons of it—that the labor of the miners brought to the surface. They dug the coal, but it "belongs" to somebody else.

The whole thing sounds like something from Alice in Wonderland, but in one form or another this is an everyday event under capitalism.

It is not the Communists who strive to wipe out this system that are crazy. It is those who suffer from it, but still support it, that are insane.

Being Mayor Is Hard Work

Running New York is such a big job that Mayor Hylan commutes between the metropolis and Palm Beach. One of the flies in Hylan's ointment is Controller Charles L. Craig.

This man Craig almost delayed his honor in getting away to Florida a few days ago. The two statesmen do not like each other, and in their debates, which are frequent and acrimonious, they sometimes tell the truth about each other.

Last Thursday the mayor was getting ready for his fourth vacation in six months and he was in a hurry. He wanted some matter disposed of before he went away. The controller was stalling.

In sunny Palm Beach his honor will not be bothered with thoughts of the thousands of New York workers who are unemployed and suffering from cold and hunger.

"He was not what you might call a religious man," said the only non-klan preacher in Herrin, while officiating at the funeral of Ora Thomas, who was recently murdered by klan gunmen.

"One of the most christian things I have observed about organized christianity is the missionary spirit which pervades it," said President Coolidge to 5,000 alleged christians a few days ago.

Aw, It Isn't As Bad As That

War is not the horrible thing it has been represented to be by pacifists and press agents for the chemical section of the war department.

According to poison gas experts, new chemicals have been invented that would destroy whole countries and annihilate millions who succeeded in dodging the draft.

The war department of the capitalist government began to sniff danger. The capitalists were beginning to get frightened. This kind of propaganda was more dangerous than the most platitudinous piffle the pacifists could put out.

Scenting danger, Secretary Wilbur proceeded to inject a little hop into the public. He said: "The writers who seek to terrorize the people by the statement of the awful calamities of the 'next war' overlook the one fundamental principle of war that to have war one must have a defense and that the means of defense should be commensurate with the offense."

"If poison gas can be used on one side it can be used on the other, as Germany found out to her sorrow. If disease germs can be used on one side they can be used on the other."

"Moreover, the nations using disease germs as a means of offense cannot confine the effects to one side of the fighting line. You can't keep small pox or any other disease on one side of a given line and what will make the soldiers on one side of the line immune to disease will make the soldiers on the other side of the line immune."

This proves conclusively that war is a game two can play at; in fact there can be no war unless at least two nations are willing to fight. Having made his point, the intellectual secretary of the navy drops the following spongel of dishwater on the heads of those who paint war in colors so black that war's best customers are being frightened away.

"First, treaties have been made prohibiting the use of poison gas in the next war." His second reason was not forthcoming. Perhaps one is enough.

One is tempted to ask the honorable secretary of the navy this question: If the use of poison gas is prohibited by treaty in the next war, why are all the capitalist governments spending millions of dollars perfecting already existing gases and discovering new ones?

The secretary of the navy knows very well that treaties can no more prevent the use of gas or any other lethal weapon in war than they can prevent war. His clean bill of health is not convincing. The next war will be more horrible than the last, and the only hope for the human race is that the workers of the world take steps to make the next war the last by stepping in and getting rid of the capitalist system that is at the bottom of all modern wars.

Famine in Ireland

Ireland is in the grip of a very serious famine, according to news dispatches. Not only has the potato crop failed, but the peat, on which the poor peasants have depended for their fuel supply, is flooded with water, due to the continual downpour of rain which prevailed last summer.

The famine is not confined to the western seaboard where a chronic state of semi-famine exists. In many inland towns the people have not tasted potatoes since last November. Unemployment is widespread and the workers and peasants are dying of disease caused by malnutrition.

In addition, plagues have broken out among the sheep and cattle, adding to the horror. It is regrettable that in face of this horror the trade union movement should be torn by civil strife, ignoring a splendid opportunity to take the lead in bringing relief to the suffering people, all of whom are workers and poor peasants.

That poverty and misery can flourish even under a native government, is now being amply demonstrated to the Irish people. In "black '47," when over 1,250,000 people died of hunger or were driven into exile because of the famine, enough corn was exported to feed three times the population. The money was needed to pay the landlord his rent. That was under British rule.

Today Ireland is under native rule, but the condition of the workers and peasants is as bad as ever. There was only an exchange of masters or more correct a change of slave drivers. The present Free State government is but the agent of the same ruling class that once ruled from Dublin castle. Famine and pestilence will be the lot of the Irish workers and peasants until they have a change of economic systems as well as a change of masters.

'OUR LEADER,' SAYS BERGER OF LA FOLLETTE

Declares Bob Keeps Up Fight, Scolds Frear

(By The Federated Press)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—Formal expulsion of the LaFollette republicans from the republican party in the house is to be attempted. The first blow was struck by William Wood of Indiana, chairman of the G. O. P. caucus, when he issued, on Jan. 29, a call for a party caucus on Feb. 27, and omitted from the list of invitations the names of the ten members from Wisconsin and representatives Keller of Minnesota, Sinclair of North Dakota and LaGuardia of New York.

"We Are Good Republicans," Says Frear.

To this declaration of war Rep. Frear of Wisconsin replied with a speech in which he reviewed the history of the party, showing that Lincoln opposed the Mexican war, and Roosevelt bolted the party when he felt that it had come under the control of corrupt special interests, but that Roosevelt was welcomed back and died a good republican.

He eulogized Rep. Cooper of Wisconsin, who has a longer record of service than any other republican in the house. He declared that the Wisconsin republicans are good republicans, and that nobody can read them out of their party.

"Our Leader, LaFollette," Says Berger

To these defiant remarks Rep. Victor Berger, socialist, interposed a number of questions, calling attention to the fact that "our leader, Senator LaFollette," had declared that the new political movement of 1924 must go forward; and hinting that Frear was now trying to run away from the battle.

Frear replied that he was re-elected last fall without republican opposition, by 30,000 votes, whereas Berger came back by a margin of only 2,000-odd. Vic Will Discuss Progressive "Retreat."

"That is because I honestly declared myself, and did not run under false colors," Berger shot back, while stand-pat republicans and democrats laughed at Frear. The socialist member gave notice that he would discuss the retreat of the Wisconsin progressives in a special speech to the house at the first opportunity.

Nick Longworth, G. O. P. floor leader, joined in the derisive questioning of Frear on the regularity of his republicanism. He had announced in November that the LaFollette element should never be permitted to enter another party caucus.

Pavlova's Don Quixote Beats All Others in Originality and Beauty

Admirers of Anna Pavlova's dancing are never disappointed after attending one of her performances, for she always embodies in her program a few of the favorite pieces that have brought her the tribute she so fully deserves.

The audience who saw her dance Saturday night at the Auditorium again brought down the house with applause in appreciation of her rendition of "The Swan," which she so truly portrays. She is none the less wonderful and bewitching in the Syrian dance in which she is accompanied by Laurant Novikov.

This program included her original pantomime dancing program of the Spanish comedy, Don Quixote, in two acts and a prologue.

The prologue introduces us to Don Quixote in his own home and we witness him preparing to go on a knightly expedition. Markowski was splendid in the comic role of Sancho-Panxo, Don Quixote's good natured simple servant. Dmoslawski makes a very dignified and stiff jointed Don Quixote who loosens up only in spots and then very self-consciously.

I have seen Don Quixote done in pantomime a number of times, but this exceeds them all for originality in colorful setting, richness in cast and super dancing. Pavlova as Kitty the innkeeper's daughter and as Dulcinea is of course, marvelous. She does a generous amount of dancing appearing several times and in most of them she is accompanied by Novikov with whom she dances so harmoniously.

These performances which we are informed, is her farewell tour, will be given only until the end of this week.

Our Kids Are Having ONE BIG JOB Carrying Their Communist Message To the Children of THE WORKING CLASS SUPPORT THEIR MOVEMENT Come to the JUNIORS' DANCE SAT., FEB. 14, 1925 Workers' Lyceum

See "The Beauty and the Bolshevik" at Ashland Auditorium Feb. 5.

CHICAGO LABOR DEFENSE COUNCIL FORMS SLAV WORKERS' CONFERENCE

The urgent need for mobilization of all working class elements against the renewed Michigan prosecutions as expressed in the falling of C. E. Ruthenberg and the calling to immediate trial of Robert Minor, has closed the ranks between the workers' organizations of three Slavic languages, and has resulted in the formation of a united Slavic Conference for Labor Defense.

The three languages are the Jugo-Slavs, the Slovaks and the Czechs. Three representatives of each of these groups met last Friday at the South-Slavic book store, 1806 S. Racine Ave., and considered ways and means of combining their resources for the benefit of the Labor Defense campaign.

PARTY ACTIVITIES

Philadelphia Activities

The city central committee of Philadelphia has outlined a campaign of activities that will not close until the two thousand workers who cheered the Communist speakers at the great Lenin meeting are brought into the Workers Party.

The first step towards this goal is the campaign to increase the circulation of the DAILY WORKER and in connection with that, the first annual DAILY WORKER ball which will be held Friday February 27, at the New Traymore Hall. Daily Worker agents from 17 branches are busy making preparations, distributing tickets and securing admts. for the DAILY WORKER ball souvenir program.

The enthusiasm and activity of our comrades assures us that the ball will be the greatest event of the year and an additional milestone indicating the growth of the influence of the party in Philadelphia. The first meeting of the Labor Defense Council has laid down plans for an intensive campaign against the criminal syndicalist law and the raising of a defense fund to help the legal battles to free our comrades involved in the Michigan cases.

25 new members were taken into the party during the month of January and several new branches are being formed. The open forum conducted by the city central committee every Sunday evening at the Grand Fraternity Hall, 1623 Arch St., is growing in size and influence. It is the only center where the every day problems and the burning issues of the workers are presented and discussed from the Communist point of view.

The Carlson series of lectures on the elements of Communism are attracting wide attention and the growing attendance of party members is another healthy sign displayed by the party in this city.

The industrial department has shown great improvement during the last few months and is steadily bringing the party into closer contact with labor movement. The trade union class which meets every Sunday morning at 11 in the party headquarters discusses the many tactical problems that confront our comrades in the unions. First steps have been taken to reorganize the party on the shop nuclei basis. The industrial department has given special attention to this matter and some results will soon be forthcoming.

The close co-operation of the Young Workers League in all the above work has aided greatly to the influence and growth of the party.

Cleveland Activities.

West Side English Branch Holds Red Revel

The west side English branch of the Workers Party in Cleveland finds it self up against it for funds. After scratching our heads for a considerable time as to how we might lay our hands on some ready cash it was decided that something different and attractive must be done. So, it finally developed that a Red Revel should be held. Too much information can not be given at this writing, but merely just enough to make you itch for the night. A few of the things to be "pulled off" will be an expose of the "Michigan Spinach Law" a Soviet Court, the Cheekia who will bring all offenders to the Soviet Court to be fined and numerous other attractions.

Never before has anything like this been "pulled off" in this city and every member of the branch has his hands full making the arrangements. The date will be Saturday evening March 7th, at 7:00 P. M. The place is the Hungarian Workers Home, 4309 Lorain Ave.

For additional information ask a member of the west side English branch and also watch this column.

CARL HACKER, Branch Organizer.

Washington Hears Of Chinese Conference On Rehabilitation

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—A rehabilitation conference at which it is hoped a plan for the unification of China will be evolved, has opened in Peking, according to dispatches received by the state department today, from Dr. Jacob Gould Schurman, the American minister.

Seaplane Falls—Kills Two ROME, Feb. 2.—A seaplane being flown by the aviator Mattel fell at Perugia, Umbria, today killing both Mattel and a pupil who was with him.

HEFLIN DEFENDS DOWNTRODDEN MILLIONAIRES

But Has No Objection to Labor Baiting

(By The Federated Press)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—Sen. Tom Heflin of Alabama, whose persistent campaign led to the rejection by the senate of the renomination of W. G. F. Harding as governor of the federal reserve board, has undertaken to prevent Atty. Gen. Stone from mounting the bench of the supreme court.

His latest triumph is to win the hostility to himself of Ned McLean's Washington Post, apologist of Daugherty, Fall, Sinclair, Doheny and other notables of the Harding-Coolidge regime.

When a Millionaire is Gyped—O! My!

Replying to what he termed "this hiring sheet," and "this filthy rag," Heflin told the senate that his opposition to Stone was based on the admitted fact that Stone argued and won before the supreme court, the suit brought in Delaware under an obsolete and barbarous law, by which Col. Ownbey, a pioneer mining man of Colorado, was stripped of a million dollars worth of property without getting even a chance to be heard in court.

The senior J. P. Morgan was Ownbey's partner in some mining enterprises. When Morgan died, his heirs tried to throw the companies into receivership, after Ownbey had refused to sell out to them for \$1,250,000. The receivership tied up the mines the stock rapidly fell in value, and when suit was brought in the Delaware court the ancient law which Stone's firm had invoked made it necessary for Ownbey to put up a bond of \$200,000. He had nothing with which to secure such a bond. Stone argued before the supreme court that he must put up bond or lose the property. The court upheld Stone.

No Objection to Persecuting Workers Heflin told the senate that the country is entitled to know the character of a man placed for life upon the supreme court. Every senator is in his own right bound to resist the confirmation of that powerful position of any man who would deprive a citizen of the equal protection of the laws. He points to Stone as a man who has helped to rob a fellow citizen as lawyer for the Morgan estate.

No Defense Council Meeting on Saturday There will be no meeting of the Chicago Defense Council this Saturday, Feb. 7, but there will be one held the following Saturday. All delegates should be prepared to settle tickets and advertising at that time. Complete settlements should be made if possible, but all available cash should be turned in.

Take Another Rest. WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The United States supreme court recessed today until March 2.

Great Britain and Canada Take Most Of Exports from U. S.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—Great Britain and Canada proved the best customers of the United States in 1924 taking \$1,800,000,000 of the total exports of \$4,536,000,000.

Germany came second with \$440,500,000, France, third, \$281,663,000; Japan fourth, \$250,320,000; Cuba, fifth, \$199,779,000.

United States bought goods valued at more than \$900,000,000 from the United Kingdom and Canada; from Japan, \$340,663,000; from Brazil, \$179,334,000; from France \$174,363,000; from Germany \$139,257,000.

Take Up Ancient Claims. WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The senate voted 45 to 34 to consider at once the French claims bill. The claim have been pending since 1801.

ELEMENTARY MARXIAN ECONOMICS

CLASS in elementary economic meets Wednesday night, 8 p. m. at 722 Blue Island avenue. Max Lerner, instructor. Class has resumed work again last Wednesday but due to former meeting place being locked did not meet as scheduled. Note change of address to 722 Blue Island Ave. All comrades entered in this class which was formerly conducted by Earl R. Browder are required and urged to be present this week. First four chapters of People's Marx will be reviewed. New applicants for rest of course will be considered but not admitted unless already sufficiently advanced to keep up with rest of class.

Text for review, People's Marx, 1921 edition, chapters 1, 2, 3 and 4. Text for this week's lesson, People's Marx, chapters 5, 6, 7 and 8.

Answer the following questions with material from the eight chapters but in your own words.

Some review questions on first four chapters and other works taken up during course.

1. What is wealth in capitalist society?

2. What is the capitalist mode of production based upon?

3. Has the capitalist mode of production existed for all time?

4. What is a commodity?

5. From what twofold point of view does a commodity present itself?

6. How then do we make an approach at deriving the value of a commodity—is value something concrete or is it something social?

7. Show briefly why "labor time" is the only possible basis of measurement of value and how this "labor time" must be understood as "socially necessary labor time."

8. Show why labor power is a "peculiar" commodity and what conditions must first exist historically before the worker offers his labor power as a commodity on the market.

vested in labor power on the other hand.

Note—The answers to the above review questions will be published next week either in the form given or in the form of a brief summary if possible.

Further Questions on Chapters 5, 6, 7 and 8.

1. Does the capitalist produce value in use for his own sake. What is the essential driving force that actuates the capitalist in producing useful things?

2. Explain how the capitalist follows the law of exchange of equal values for equal values, in the purchase of all things necessary for production and yet, after employing these commodities in production find himself with a greater value than he expended.

3. Point out why the making of profit cannot be explained away by saying that commodities are sold below or above their values, or are sold by one capitalist cheating another.

4. Explain the process whereby surplus value is extracted.

5. What is constant and variable capital? In what way do the categories of fixed and variable capital which the capitalist understands conceal the source of surplus value?

6. Explain how a uniform profit obtained in capitalist production why here again the underlying source of profit is obscured. Define price of production and cost price. Is the price of production of a commodity its value or is it something social?

7. In what ways does the capitalist strive to increase surplus value; what is relative surplus value, what is absolute surplus value?

8. In order to obtain a relative increase of surplus value can capital simply take over the labor process the form which has been historically handed down or must there be a complete revolutionization of the mode of production? In what branches of production would such a revolutionization of the production start if such were necessary? How would it affect other branches?