

Help insure THE WORKER 1925!

Vol. 5. SHAW, BERENSON, KENNEDY, GIBSON, WELLS

OUR LENIN MEMORIAL SUNDAY

AS WE SEE IT By T. J. O'FLAHEARTY.

THE Chicago police are still hunting for the gunman who shot at Johnny Torrio, evidently with intent to kill. Torrio is reputed to be the General Foch of Chicago's bootleggers and vice barons, owning several city blocks almost entirely devoted to the business of prostitution. And yet his picture looks like that of a church deacon or a highly respectable lean shark. You never can tell. Evolution has materially affected the externals of our illegal business men.

THOSE who go to the movies occasionally (and who doesn't?) cannot fail to note that the screen banker, who rarely ever plays the role of villain, is well dressed, clean shaven and has a little fringe of gray around the head, to add respectability perhaps. When the banker appears upon the scene, your villain takes to his heels. Sin cannot stand up before aggressive virtue. A well tailored man, well shaved and well shined can rob an orphanage and get away with it until he steps on some competitor's corns. What is more natural than our Johnny Torrios should dress like bankers, shave like bankers, contribute to charity like bankers and rob like bankers?

THIS reminds us that the murderers of Dean O'Banion are still at large. If the newspapers offered a reward to their readers for the solution of the O'Banion murder mystery instead of driving them crazy with crossword puzzles perhaps the police would stop promising "to have the murderers within twenty-four hours." It should be noted that O'Banion was a friend of State's Attorney Crowe. This does not suggest that because of that Crowe would take out a shotgun and deposit a consignment of lead in Torrio's anatomy on suspicion that Torrio directed the shooting of O'Banion. Crowe is not that kind of a person.

O'BANION hustled votes for Crowe on election day. He was murdered a few days afterwards. The assassins were never apprehended. It is not likely they ever will be. As the DAILY WORKER so often declared, there is profit in the illegal sale of booze and in organized prostitution and because of that, protection can be purchased. While strikers and trade union leaders, who fight for their class are thrown into prison on the most trivial excuse, gunmen are practically immune from punishment. They do manage to get behind the bars, it is not for long. There is an alliance between the underworld that toes business illegally and the capitalists who need the gunmen to shoot and beat up strikers.

THE gunman, Torrio, is treated like a potentate, as he lies in a hospital. He has a suite of rooms, with several attendants and as many policemen as he needs to protect him. His life is precious. He is scheduled to serve nine months in jail for violating the prohibition law. He is given two days to set his business affairs in order. His business is prostitution and booze, according to the papers. While this type is granted extraordinary privileges under capitalism, the nation's jail are filled with radicals and union organizers; men of good character whose only crime is to have attempted to improve the conditions of the workers or in having advocated change of society. This is the unarguable sin under capitalism.

THE MORNING POST, the most stupid paper published in England perhaps in any country, recently tried a story to the effect that Bernard Shaw's famous play "Saint Joan" as banned in Russia because of the banian strictures on the Communist International. As a matter of fact (Continued on page 2)

LENIN—(1870-1924)



COME TO MADISON SQUARE GARDEN FEB. 1ST, WHERE THOUSANDS WILL GATHER TO HONOR MEMORY OF LENIN

By BEN GITLOW. (Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—The capitalist world was ushered in for the capitalists the period of capitalism's decline and collapse and for the workers the period of the proletarian revolution and the coming into power of the working class.

While the capitalist slaughter was going on the workers and peasants of Russia rose in their might, sending tottering into oblivion the whole political structure of the old order.

Russia Set Goal for Workers. The workers and peasants of Russia could never have successfully made the revolution if the capitalist war had not created the favorable conditions for it. The proletarian revolution in Russia did more than wipe out the old order in Russia. It set in motion the movement for the world proletarian revolution. This revolution of the working and exploited masses is now proceeding with more or less vigor and success in all countries. Its culmination will end with the abolition of capitalism the world over and the beginning of the Communist order of society. Like every important historical period this period of the proletarian revolution has produced in Lenin one of the world's greatest outstanding figures, a man who will live forever in the hearts of the exploited and oppressed masses everywhere.

Leninism Leads Workers. Among the exploited and oppressed masses Lenin does not exist only as the memory of a great and beloved man who died serving his class. Lenin to the millions who sweat and toil under the lash of the capitalist rulers and exploiters is not dead. Lenin for them still lives. For Lenin's spirit awakens the slumbering masses to defiance, spurs them into heroic action and fashions them into armies of steel, unyielding to slavery, victorious even in defeat and unconquerable.

The Communist International recognizing that Leninism is the guide that will lead the proletariat to victory in all countries has decided that all sections of the Communist International use the occasion of the first anniversary of the death of Nicolai Lenin for the holding of huge mass demonstrations of workers to commemorate his life and to spread his teachings. The

ECONOMY TALK HITS WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION

Scheme to Withhold Pay from Maimed Workers

(Special to The Daily Worker)

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 27.—The "taxpayers" (read Wall Street's) cry for economy in government has rendered inoperative even the measly Workmen's Compensation Act, which gives injured workers the munificent sum of from one-half to one-third of their starvation wages after seven days incapacity.

2,000 Injured Get No Pay.

This economy that is being rigorously applied to workers' agencies, but not at all to politicians' pork barrels and to strikebreaking and imperialist agencies such as the constabulary, militia, army and navy, has cut the force of the state labor department forty per cent, with the result that 2,000 injured workmen who have already been legally awarded compensation a year or eighteen months ago, are still awaiting payments of this pittance.

The situation is further complicated by the joker in the compensation act giving the private companies, who now carry the bulk of compensation insurance, the right of appeal from the awards of the labor department first to the industrial board, composed of three "prominent citizens," manufacturers and bankers appointed by the governor and then to the court of appeals. In both instances the labor department has no counsel to defend its awards thus spelling sure reversal and defeat.

From Bad to Worse.

A legislative committee, headed by Senator James L. Whitley, republican, of Rochester, will today begin investigating the workings of the compensation act with a view of relieving the situation, so they claim.

The result of this investigation may be forecast by the statement of Senator Whitley made last week declaring as quasi-socialistic and therefore unacceptable the mild proposal that the state take the compensation insurance out of the hands of private companies, and carry it by itself entirely as it now does in part, thus becoming both the judge and the insurer and obviate protracted and canceling appeals that render the act useless to starving families of crippled breadwinners.

Labor Fakers Mislead Again.

The senator's opinion is shared by Jim Holland and the rest of the labor fakers in the State Federation of Labor, whose strongest demand for relief in this situation is to take compensation out of politics since "there is no politics in a broken leg," as contrasted with the demand of the Workers Party for full pay and expense, directly, continuously and immediately for every moment of incapacity, recovery and recuperation from injuries or illness sustained on the job.

Actors Fear the Radio.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—The actors of New York, thru their union, the Actors Equity association, are launching a drive to organize the entire theatrical industry to resist the radio and to compete with moving pictures.

There was a time when actors did not consider themselves of the working class but now they do. This is a healthy step forward for them.

Their drive contains other demands. They demand the repeal of the tax on tickets, the legalizing of children's acting and the creation of a propaganda department for the spoken play.

Lenin and the Workers

What will the Lenin Memorial meeting of Sunday, Feb. 1 mean to the workers of New York City? What will the demonstration at Madison Square Garden on the first anniversary of Lenin's death mean to those who toil in the shops and factories of the Empire City? Why do these demonstrations take place in every large city, in every country in the world? What is the significance of Lenin to the working class?

He Pointed A Way Out.

Before the spirit of Lenin sprang like a guiding beacon light before the eyes of the international working class, the workers of the world struggled blindly against capitalist oppression, lost in the maze of the many problems which daily confronted them. Oftentimes they conflicted with each other. Oftentimes they fought against their own interests thru lack of understanding. But with the coming of Lenin, the entire class struggle took on a new phase. The Russian revolution stood as the mighty example to the working class of the world, as a guide to its future action. The principles of Leninism give it direction and leadership, and to that extent made the resistance of the workers, so much the more dangerous to the ruling class. Now for the first time, the workers saw the way, the common way, the way of solidarity and unity, the path of the entire working class, the path of Lenin and Leninism.

On to Madison Square Garden.

The Memorial meeting, to commemorate the first anniversary of the death of Nicolai Lenin, to be held on Sunday afternoon, February 1, at Madison Square Garden, therefore, takes on a particular significance for the workers of this city. From every portion of the city and from miles outside of the city, the workers will wend their way to the meeting to pay their respects to the man, who has been such a leader and such an inspiration for the international working class. Tickets are still on sale for the meeting at 208 E. 12th St., 153 E. Broadway, 1817 Pitkin Ave., 46 Ten Eyck St., and at the offices of all Workers Party branches and newspapers.

FEB. 1, MADISON SQUARE GARDEN AGAIN WILL RING WITH SLOGANS OF THE PROLETARIAN STRUGGLE

By ROSE PASTOR STOKES.

A year ago, in the Madison Square Garden there gathered fifteen thousand workers—with ten thousand on the outside for whom halls had to be procured.

The occasion was the Lenin Memorial meeting. For Comrade Lenin, the comrade of every worker and peasant in the world—had died.

As the meeting was opened and the vast mass responded to the name of Nikolai Lenin with a mighty cry of love and grief, one lone voice trailed after, with a cry of hate.

It was like a symbol: of the strength in our numbers—the weakness of the enemy: "We are many, they are few!"

To thousands of workers whose hearts loved and grieved for their dead Comrade, Lenin, there was one exploiter, one lickspittle retainer, one yellow "leader" who hated him, who was glad that Lenin, the beloved Comrade, the foremost leader, the clearest mind in the struggle of the world's working masses, lay dead.

For one who hated there were thousands of proletarian hearts that loved. There was literally not a remote corner of the earth where oppressed workers failed to note with grief Comrade Lenin's passing and whose class-consciousness and revolutionary will were not quickened by the loss. Their spite trailed behind the unnumbered thousands in Moscow who for many days in the bitter cold came, in a mighty stream that thrilled the world, to the House of the Unions where their dead leader lay.

But Leninism lives!

In the year since Lenin's passing, the world's conscious proletarian hosts have swelled. Hundreds of thousands of workers and peasants have joined the proletarian hosts marching under the Communist standard.

Capitalist Europe trembles, its governments totter before the swelling hosts of the revolutionary working-class. The imperialist powers are desperate before the revolting masses of India, Egypt, China.

In America, as elsewhere in the world, progress is recorded. With the aid of Leninism-consciousness, partial or complete, has flooded the mind of thousands of workers and farmers.

Everywhere, the first anniversary of Lenin's death finds the world movement of the workers—the Communist movement, intensely more alive. Len-

THE BRONX, N. Y., REJECTS SPEECH BY ABRAMOVICH

"Socialists" Try to Beat Up Opposition

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK CITY, Jan. 27.—The meeting arranged for the agent of the Second (socialist) International, Rafael Abramovich, in Hunt's Point Palace, the Bronx, again proved to be a huge demonstration for Soviet Russia.

Drunken gangsters brought in by the "socialists" beat up women and children, using knives and clubs on the workers in the audience.

Gangsters Wear "Socialist" Badges.

The hired gangsters wore socialist party badges. Abramovich could not be heard above the shouts for Soviet Russia, which filled the hall, and the fighting between the audience and the hired gunmen brought in by the socialists. Abe Cahon, editor of the Forward, tried to speak, but was greeted with shouts of "traitor."

One woman was seized by the throat and dragged thru the aisle, and when one of the workers who could not see such a spectacle without protest sought to save her from further injury, he was taken by one of the police and as he was hauled out, the battery of thugs each struck him heavy blows in the face and kicked him in the ribs.

Tries to Spread Lies.

The base and false statement made by Abramovich that the peasants are against the Bolsheviks drew loud protests and several of the audience were taken out via the route of the slugger who struck them one after the other as they were shoved out by the police.

That the enthusiasm evidenced is depressingly disappointing to his sponsors was clearly shown when less than half of the audience rose to their feet upon the appearance of Abramovich at the meeting. Thugs all along the aisles and police stationed in the building urged those who sat still to get up, but this was in vain and as the hall would have been more than half emptied if the disobedient ones had been put out they were not molested except in a few cases.

Here's the Roll Call.

On the platform were "Abe" Cahon, of the Forward, Jacob Panken, "so-

(Continued on page 2)

NEW YORK BUILDERS' CORNER

Conducted by KATTERFELD.

If you are one of the twenty-five thousand people to whom this issue of the DAILY WORKER is distributed free by the New York organization of the Workers Party, then please consider this an invitation to subscribe.

The DAILY WORKER celebrates its first anniversary with the establishment of a regular New York edition. From now on it will carry the live news of the New York labor movement that the capitalist press distorts or suppresses. Whether you agree with it or not, you will find it interesting and worth while.

Tear off the attached coupon, fill in your name and address, and send it with a two-dollar bill for a three month's trial subscription.

And if you should be a subscriber already, what better way could you honor the memory of Lenin during this Lenin Week than to send the DAILY WORKER, the establishment of which he encouraged, to some workingclass friend? Do it right now, while you think of it.

DAILY WORKER New York Agency, 208 East 12th Street, New York.

Send the DAILY WORKER, New York Edition, for the enclosed two dollars to the following address for three months:

Name _____ City _____ Street _____

SPEAKERS:

- Dunne, Ruthenberg, Olgin, Gitlow, Stachel. Russian and Oriental Speakers.

LENIN MEMORIAL MEETING

Sun. Afternoon, Feb. 1 Madison Square Garden at 2 P. M.

FULL SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

FREIHEIT CHORUS—400 VOICES

Admission 50 Cents

TICKETS ON SALE AT ALL WORKERS PARTY HEADQUARTERS

UNITED MINERS LEVY SPECIAL ASSESSMENT

Officials Say Treasury Needs Money

(Special to The Daily Worker)
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 27.—The executive board of the United Mine Workers of America, at its last meeting here, decided to assess every member of the organization \$1.00 additional dues for the months of February and March.

The money is needed according to a circular letter sent out to the membership, from the international office, to meet the expenses of the organization. The letter is signed by John L. Lewis, president; Philip Murray, vice-president and Thomas Kennedy, secretary-treasurer.

Members Surprised.
SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 25.—Members of the United Mine Workers here are surprised to learn from the circular letter from international headquarters, that the international treasury needs replenishing, in view of the boom made by William Green at the last convention of District 12, on the strength of the treasury. Green stated that the treasury was very strong. What happened to the funds since then? Were they used up in printing fake ballots and employing thugs to insure that Lewis and company were properly counted in?

Money to Fight, Yes!
Militant miners are willing to pay the dollar assessment and can assure the international officers that the entire membership of the union will also pay it willingly if they know that the money will be used to fight the operators and not to strengthen the Lewis machine by placing another batch of patriots on the payroll. If the money is to be used to fight the operators who have violated the Jacksonville agreement, and to put on an organizing drive in the open shop territories there is no doubt but the members will be more than anxious to pay the assessment.

Walter Nesbit, secretary-treasurer, of District 12, has notified the locals that the old age pension plan, submitted to the membership in the recent elections was not carried by the necessary two-thirds vote in order to make it legally adopted in accordance with the provisions of the international constitution. Some stoolpigeons of the Farrington machine raised the question of the legality of levying the assessment and the international executive board decided that it could not be legally put into effect.

Make the Bosses Pay.
The Farrington machine decided to resubmit the matter to another vote, knowing quite well that they cannot get the necessary two-thirds vote as the members are more interested in a fighting program that will bring them better wages than a scheme for which they must pay out of their own pockets. The militants believe that the coal barons who have grown wealthy at the expense of the sweat of the miners should be made to pay for old age pensions and not the workers themselves. Farrington wants to get out of the old age pension plan so he got one of his henchmen to appeal to Lewis. He is a pastmaster of such tricks.

"The Bronx" Rejects Abramovich

(Continued from page 1)
cialist" judge, August Claessens, socialist clown and James Oneal, socialist petty boss.

Abramovich spoke for only a few minutes and had to stop abruptly. Morris Lunin, one of the members of the Workers Party, asked for the floor for ten minutes, to correct the false statements made by Abramovich, but was beaten and thrown out thru the fire escape.

The traitors to the working class with their renegade, Abramovich at the head, who came here with the purpose of spreading falsehood about Soviet Russia and the Communist movement received a hostile reception when they tried to speak. The hall was stormed with shouts for Soviet Russia and the audience refused to listen to Abramovich's lies. Although hundreds of people were attacked and many severely wounded, the workers fought for their lives and shouted "Down with the traitors!" in many corners of the hall there were pools of blood where gangsters had beaten up members of the audience, including women and children.

Near the ticket office were detectives and Forward officials who glanced over each ticket buyer, to see that no class conscious worker was allowed to enter the hall. After questions were asked them, "Why did you come to the meeting?" and after being examined they were admitted to the hall under the eye of gangsters, slugs and detectives.

The Forward clique had prepared themselves for real bloodshed. They had murderers and drunken bandits wearing badges of socialist committeemen. On one side of the hall is a large room. The underworld gunmen were here drinking and shouting that they would teach the Bolsheviks a lesson this time. As soon as the meeting opened, it could be seen that something was about to happen.

It could also be noticed that the gangsters were ready to start as soon as the orchestra started to play.

Traitors Welcomed with Hisses.
When the chairman, J. Boskin, general secretary of the Workmen's Circle, started speaking, at the same time, Abe Cahan, editor of the Forward, Abramovich and a few more yellow socialists came up on the plat-

form. They were welcomed by the audience with a big boo that raised the roof.

After that, the audience was divided into two battling camps. On one side the gunmen, with "socialist" badges, and thugs of the underworld and the police, and on the other side, the workers. The workers were shouting that they would not let a counter-revolutionist make his nest with the Jewish workers here.

Cahan is Hissed.
When the chairman introduced Abe Cahan, hisses and boos rang thru the hall for several minutes. The gangsters, armed with clubs and knives, and using their fists, attacked the audience. Chairs were flying, and the electric lights in the rear were turned out. The police filled the hall.

Many women got hysterical and fainted, and the yellow gang on the platform, fearing for their lives, sent for the police with a captain at their head.

"We'll Treat 'Em Rough."
The captain came and stood by the platform, and ordered the committeemen to get out. He said, "We will treat rough any disturber." But this helped very little. As soon as Abramovich started to talk, he was interrupted by shouts: "You are a traitor. You support the counter-revolution."

The meeting was repeatedly interrupted and one after another the yellows on the platform asked for mercy and asked the audience to quiet down. An answer came from the crowd. "Take out your hired slugs and slaughterers."

The mass boomed and shouted, rapping with their chairs, calling to Abramovich that he is Scheidemann's and Noske's friend. They shouted "Your hands are still filled with the blood of Karl Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg. You want to kill us like you did Liebknecht and Luxemburg." The crowd shouted. The hall was turned into a real battleground.

Scratched faces and black eyes were seen everywhere. The big crowd walked out of the hall in a mass demonstration for Soviet Russia. As they marched out they sang "The International." Shouts were heard, "Down with the traitors," "Long live the Soviet Republic," "Long live the Communist International."

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

(Continued from page 1)

the play is still running to crowded houses in Moscow. Izvestia, the official organ of the Soviet government published Shaw's letter in full, and took it quite mildly. The Russians think as much of Shaw as they ever did. That is, they think that as a Marxist he is a good vegetarian.

A FEW paragraphs that appeared in this column under date of Jan. 14, got under the hide of the editor of the Klan Courier, which is published in Washington. The paragraphs selected for the attention of the night shirt editor dealt with the amorous misadventures of a minister of the gospel, who happened to be of the female sex, and the husband of another woman, whom she seduced; the relations of a prohibition enforcement agent and a school teacher. Comment was made on these items not out of malice for those involved because they happened to be of the protestant faith but because of the growing efficiency of satan who seems to take a devilish delight in putting temptation in the way of his rival's earthly agents: clergymen and reformers.

THE Klan Courier assumed right off the reel that the writer gets his daily instructions by radio from the Vatican and cites as evidence in support of this contention (besides my Hibernian cognomen) the following argument: "It is regarded by real Americans of Chicago as passing strange that O'Flaherty's column contained no mention of a Roman Catholic priest who was shot and killed in the act of entering a house in Webster Groves, Mo., a suburb of St. Louis, some months ago. It is known that agents of the knights of Columbus forced an entrance to the morgue and stripped the skin from the finger of the dead priest in an attempt to prevent identification. The priest vanished mysteriously from Virduin, Ill., and positive identification was established by neighbors who had known him for many years."

THE DAILY WORKER has often stated that the ku klux klan was a collection of morons organized by unscrupulous money sharks. This organization is sometimes used by the employers wherever it serves their purpose. The above quotation is the craziest piece of rubbish ever conceived in the diseased brain of a religious fanatic. It is offered as proof of our contention that klanmen are psychopathic subjects.

See "The Beauty and the Bolshevik" at Ashland Auditorium Feb. 5.

CARPENTERS FOR SQUARE DEAL TO THEIR MEMBERS

Local 181 in Demand for Reinstatement

The members of Local No. 181 of the Carpenters' Union are determined that their brothers who were railroaded without trial by the local officials on the instructions of Harry Jen-son and "Czar" Hutcheson are going to have a square deal.

This was demonstrated at a meeting of the local last Monday night when a resolution signed by a majority of the members present protested against the expulsion of five members without trial and in violation of the constitution.

The resolution says in substance that the offense of the expelled members was in signing a resolution criticizing the Chicago agreement as being against the interests of the union and having it adopted by Local No. 181 and sent to the general convention in Indianapolis.

Illegally Ousted.
That the members were expelled over the protest of the membership who were denied a vote on the matter, the president first declaring them suspended and the records afterwards being doctored to read "expelled."

That the majority of the trial committee has signed an affidavit declaring that the report of the chairman of the trial committee submitted to the membership was not the same as the one agreed upon by the trial committee in session; that the report was a distortion of the facts, as the defendants did not plead guilty as reported by the chairman of the trial committee.

The resolution demands that the five members be immediately restored to full membership and given a working card, and that President Hutcheson be requested to compel the officers of the local to live to the constitution.

The five "expelled" members came to the local meeting last Monday and took their seats as usual. When the password was taken, and the announcement made that everything was in order to open the meeting, the chairman stated that there were five expelled members in the hall, and that the session could not open until they left.

One of the defendants asked if the decision of the international president on the matter was yet received. Hutcheson had this appeal for a month, but it appears he is too busy expelling members in Detroit, Philadelphia and other cities to have any time to spare in providing trade unionists who incur his anger, with working cards.

Another expelled member stated that the only thing in order was to proceed with a trial of the five members, who were never tried legally and never convicted. There was no reason why the five members should leave the meeting, he declared. They were never tried nor convicted. They were perfectly willing to leave if the members so decided.

Jensen Howled Down.
About this time Harry Jensen came running up to the front and shouted that this "is not a Bolshevik meeting" and ordering the chairman to either open the meeting or close it. The chairman, obeying Jensen's orders, meekly declared the meeting adjourned, but as he had not declared the meeting opened yet it was rather difficult for it to be adjourned. The membership howled Jensen and the chairman down.

An old-time member of the local and a former ex-president took the floor and said that while he was not in love with the defendants, he believed in everybody getting a fair trial. So far as he could see, this was a case of railroaded defendants and he was opposed to any such policy.

The resolution was signed willingly by the members present. The fight against the expulsion policy of Jensen and Hutcheson will be carried to other locals thru the country. What is taking place in Chicago, in Local 181, is but part of a policy of expulsion that is being put into effect by Hutcheson all over the country.

The members of Local 181 are determined that their officials must live up to the constitution and laws made by themselves. Until they do this the Jensen lackeys in Local 181 will find themselves confronted with the hostility of the membership.

Attack Germans in Jugo-Slavia.
BELGRADE, Jan. 27.—Assailants believed to be government supporters were sought by police today after an attack on Doctor Krotf, leader of the German Jugo-Slav Party. Krotf was seriously hurt, as were two friends who were accompanying him home from a political meeting.

European News Shows Socialists Active Wing of Capitalist Reaction

By J. LOUIS ENGDALH

TODAY, as always, murderers do not like to be confronted with their bloody deeds. That is one reason why the "socialists" howl so furiously when faced with the criminal deeds of Rafael Abramovich, whom they have brought into their midst. Abramovich, coming to the United States as the ally of American "socialists" clearly reveals the alliance of Hillquit and Cahan with the would-be hangmen of the successful bolshevik revolution of the Russian workers and peasants. Abramovich becomes the connecting link, if one is necessary, between the American "socialist" counter-revolution of words, and the European counter-revolution of deeds against the first workers' republic.

Abramovich is in the United States as the spokesman of the Second (socialist) International; the international of war ministers and capitalist jingoes poisoning the working class by their presence in its ranks.

The blood on the hands of these "socialists" was not only drawn from the veins of the working class to redden the battlefields of the world war; but it is also the blood of the Russian workers and peasants slain after the war in defending their revolution against world imperialism. It is the blood of the hundreds of thousands of martyrs in almost every land, of the world social revolution, victims of the international reaction.

Two items in the day's news unmask the "socialist" breed that has sent Abramovich to these shores, and that has received him and is sponsoring his meetings in the United States.

Readers of the DAILY WORKER are already familiar with the barbarous terror that was recently invoked against the Communists of Estonia, one of the Baltic states bordering Soviet Russia. "Socialists" are members of the Estonian government that arrested 149 Communists, many of them deputies elected by the workers and peasants; that ordered a state of siege in order the better to carry out its bloody tyranny and that later sent to the gallows some of the most prominent and self-sacrificing and therefore the most dangerous of the Communists. This was done against the protest of the Communist international and the Russian Soviet government.

This Second (socialist) International of Vandervelde, Noske, Ebert, MacDonald, Thomas and Scheidemann went thru the gesture of asking the Estonian "socialists" to account for their murderous alliance with Estonian capitalism, the agent of British-French imperialism. Here is the outspoken reply of the Estonian "socialists":

"WE DECLARE ALL THE ACTS OF THE GOVERNMENT TO BE JUSTIFIED, AND ALL MEASURES OF THE GOVERNMENT TO BE NECESSARY AND DICTATED FROM REASONS OF THE SAFETY OF THE REALM. FOR THE SAME REASONS WE VOTED FOR THE HANDING OVER OF POWER TO THE MILITARY AND ENTERED THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE PURPOSE OF HELPING IT IN ITS STRUGGLE AGAINST COMMUNISM."

Thus the Estonian "socialists," spawn of the Second (socialist) International, confess themselves the eager ally of the military fascist dictatorship that rules in Estonia only because of the support it receives from West European capitalism.

Similarly in Hungary under the fist of the Horthy terror. Even those socialists driven from their homes by the Horthy dictatorship, that has imprisoned and murdered tens of thousands of workers, are now raising their voices against the latest treason of the Hungarian "socialists." These exiles in Vienna, Austria, complained to their Second (socialist) International of the treason of the Hungarian "socialists" tolerated by the Horthy regime, who are freely working with Horthy's premier, Bethlen, and co-operating with the Horthy government.

It can be depended on that the Second (socialist) International, that sends the enemy of the Soviet Republic, Abramovich, to the United States; that condones the alliance of the "socialists" with the fascists in Estonia for the war on Communism, will also find a way of excusing the pact between the Hungarian "socialists" and Horthy, the hangman of the Hungarian working class.

But the workers in all of these countries will fight this alliance. They will overthrow it, just as they did in the Russia of Kerensky, to create the Russia of Lenin. Even America's workers will successfully combat this alliance. Not only Abramovich, the agent of the Second (socialist) International, will be repudiated, but all those responsible for bringing him here, including the Hillquits, the Cahans, the Weinbergs, the Pankens and all their breed.

Even the most humble worker and poor farmer will in time learn what these "socialists" really are; these "socialists" who so loudly protest when toilers from the rank and file dare interrupt their bloody and murderous program. The storm raised by workers at the Abramovich meetings is a healthy sign indicating that even American labor is on the right road to its final emancipation from capitalism and its "socialist" lackeys.

Forbes Prosecution Fears for Integrity Of Capitalist Rule

The trial of Charles R. Forbes for conspiracy and corruption while head of the United States veterans' bureau revealed a "seam of dirty intrigue seldom depicted before a jury," Ralph F. Potter, one of the government lawyers, told the jury yesterday. "It is an ugly picture of what went on in Washington in 1922," he said. "Thompson-Forbes-Mortimer! Corruption, bribery, Lanley booze! I tell you this case strikes at the foundations of the integrity of the nation."

No Help from Coolidge.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Commenting on the Chicago sewage situation a White House spokesman today announced President Coolidge's endorsement of the recent statement of secretary of war Weeks in which he charged every possible action to safeguard Chicago to comply immediately with the health of its population.

Earthquake in Norway.

OSLO, Norway, Jan. 27.—Many inhabitants of the Nummedal district of Norway fled their homes when two earthquake shocks were felt there, according to advices received today. The damage was inconsequential.

RUTHENBERG IS WELCOMED BACK FROM MICH. PEN.

Served Three Weeks; Out on Bail

C. E. Ruthenberg, national executive secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, was back at this desk in the national office of the party yesterday after serving three weeks of a three to twelve year sentence in Jackson, Michigan penitentiary.

Ruthenberg was released from Jackson prison at twelve o'clock, Monday, after the writ of supersedeas issued by Justice Louis Brandeis of the United States supreme court had gone thru the hands of the supreme court of Michigan.

George Maurer, secretary of the Labor Defense Council brot the order to release Comrade Ruthenberg signed by the clerk of the Michigan supreme court at Lansing, to Jackson. Comrade Ruthenberg was then released on \$7,500 bail pending an appeal to the United States supreme court.

Ruthenberg worked for nine days as a clerk in the aluminum shop. For his nine days work Comrade Ruthenberg was given \$2.49 as pay, which he has donated to the Labor Defense Council for the defense of the other Communists arrested in the raid on the Bridgeman convention in August 1922.

Donates "Wages" to Defense.

"As clerk in the aluminum shop I earned the sum of \$2.49 for my nine days work," Comrade Ruthenberg told the DAILY WORKER. "Since the state of Michigan has caused the Communists considerable expense it is but proper that I donate something for the defense of the Communists. Therefore I am turning this sum over to the Labor Defense Council to go toward the expenses of defending the other Communists arrested under the Michigan criminal syndicalism law."

All Day in Cell.

During the first week of imprisonment Comrade Ruthenberg was locked in his cell for 24 hours a day undergoing what is known as "quarantine," Comrade Ruthenberg told the DAILY WORKER. "During this period I was registered, given a number, finger printed, photographed, and innoculated for typhus," Comrade Ruthenberg said.

The convicts working under the Michigan state prison industries make sometimes as low as fifteen cents per day, Comrade Ruthenberg declared. The piece workers, by working a breakneck speed, sometimes make as high as two dollars per day.

THE CLASS IN ECONOMICS TO BEGIN TONIGHT

The class in elementary economics which has been one of the most successful classes started in Chicago, was temporarily postponed several weeks ago until such time as the work could be started again in full force. The resumption of the work of the class will take place this Wednesday evening, at the Hirsch Leckert branch 1923 Hirsch Blvd.

Due to the pressure of work, Comrade Browder, who conducted the class very successfully thus far will be unable to continue it, but Comrade Lerner, who has had many years experience in this work in various cities will take his place until the course is completed. Nothing will be allowed to interrupt the class from now on.

The class, under the new director will be conducted in the spirit in which Comrade Browder has conducted it. All the comrades who have attended the course are asked to be prepared with the work given them by Comrade Browder and ready to answer all questions in connection with the work taken up thus far.

Questions and answers in connection with future sessions of the class will be published as in the past, there being a great demand for this being done, not only on the part of those in the class, but also on the part of many who have been reading the DAILY WORKER and have become interested in the nature and progress of the course.

Find Footprints of Dinosaur.

BRIONI ISLAND, Italy, Jan. 27.—The footprints of a prehistoric animal said to be 3,000,000 years old were attracting interest here today. The prints of the gigantic beast, said to be of the Dinosaur family, measure twenty by fifteen inches. They have been found petrified in the mud in several parts of the islands.

When you buy, get an "Ad

WORKERS' BOOK WANTS

are quickly, accurately and satisfactorily filled at

Jimmy Higgins Book Shop

The book you want, (and often cannot get elsewhere) the paper you want to read, the magazine you would like to see or buy—can in most cases be shown you at once. And if we haven't what you want, we can get it quicker than the next one—because we like to please our customers.

OUR SPECIALTIES:

Radical and Communist Books, Pamphlets and Periodicals (of both the American and British labor movements)
Scientific, Historical & Philosophical Works
Modern Fiction and the Classics

Write us, phone us or visit us. No order too large, and none too small to receive our serious attention.

Jimmy Higgins Book Shop

127 University Place

(Just off Union Square at 14th Street)

New York City

Phone Stuyvesant 5015

(This book shop is a Workers Party institution.)

"He (Lenin) Lit Up with a Powerful Light the Whole of the Path Ahead of the Working Class."—N. Y. Memorial Meeting Next Sunday Afternoon at Madison Square Garden.

CHILD LABOR TO CRUSH UNIONS SAY BOSSES

Illinois Plutocrats Also Control Schools

The Illinois manufacturers, who are now engaged in bitterly fighting the proposed amendment to the constitution of the United States, which would permit congress to regulate child labor, are the very ones who own or control the Illinois colleges and universities, it was admitted by John M. Glenn, secretary of the Illinois Manufacturers' association.

Glenn's speech before the Illinois League of Women Voters showed that the manufacturers are fighting desperately to keep thousands of children of school age in Chicago and Illinois in the factories. At the same time the manufacturers control the schools and colleges.

"We Own The Schools" "Who are the manufacturers of the United States?" asked Glenn with amazing frankness. "Are they not the men who build and support the colleges and schools, who support the churches, who are back of almost every philanthropic movement that is inaugurated?"

"Where would the University of Chicago or the University of Illinois or Northwestern University, or Harvard, Yale and Princeton or hundreds of others be without the help of the manufacturers?"

Child Labor in Schools Glenn and the Illinois manufacturers association have been actively spreading propaganda for the industrializing of the schools, attempting to bring child labor into the grammar schools thru the so called platoon system. They have constantly advanced the propaganda that only the "intellectual superior" should go to high school and college.

The grip of the Illinois manufacturers association is upon toiling thousands of Illinois youth. A persistent effort is made by the manufacturers to force the young boys and girls of Illinois into the factories, where because of their extreme youth they must work at lower wages than are paid men for the same work.

The Illinois manufacturers association keeps in close touch with Superintendent of Schools McAndrew, as does the Illinois chamber of commerce. McAndrew often speaks at banquets featured him by these associations, and has more than once promised that the youth of Chicago will be brought up to serve interests of the exploiters and factory owners.

Fight Union Labor Glenn admitted that one of the principal reasons the Illinois manufacturers' association is fighting child labor is because it is "in the interests of union labor." The manufacturers of the state are banded together in a powerful organization of Illinois employers, and they have sworn to do all in their power to keep the workers from organizing. By trying to block the ratification of the amendment in Illinois, the manufacturers hope to keep down the standard of living of the workers.

Ten Children Killed. Meanwhile a report has been given out by the U. S. department of labor of ten children being killed and mutilated while illegally employed in factories, grain elevators, and stores. Two of the ten children were killed, and eight were severely injured.

The Workers (Communist) Party, local Chicago, is running candidates for alderman in the coming elections. These candidates demand that the workers have control of the industries, so that they can regulate the

SAILORS SUE BRITISH RUM SHIP FOR \$20,000 AFTER BEING SHANGHAIED IN N. Y.

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK CITY, Jan. 27.—Two seamen have filed suit in Newark against a vessel captured as a rum runner, asking \$10,000 damages each on the ground that they were shanghaied. They want the government to sell the ship, the Dorothy M. Smart, of British registry, in order to compensate them.

The sailors allege that they were held aboard against their will outside of the 15-mile limit, treated cruelly and kept on short rations of bread and water. Their names are Albert Burgo-master and Louis Coccolini.

From Church to Rum Fleet. They allege that they were shanghaied on Oct. 8, after they had signed to ship on the American ship Enterprise, thru the Labor Bureau of the Seamen's Church Institute at 25 South

Street. With other seamen, they say, they were taken aboard a motor boat out somewhere beyond the Ambrose Lightship and did not know the name of the vessel to which they were transferred until several days afterward.

Held Nearly a Month. When they found they were on a rum runner, they charge, they demanded that they be set ashore immediately. Then, so their complaint goes, they were threatened with death and put on bread and water. For twenty-four days they were compelled to work long hours and were roughly handled, they charge, while they were forced to shift cases of liquor from one boat to another.

The Dorothy M. Smart was seized by the coast patrol and is now at Port Newark.

industries to take care of the children of the workers. They demand that the domination of the schools by the Illinois chamber of commerce and the manufacturers' association be stopped, and that the workers be given control of the education of their children. They declare that the schools must be thrown open to all the children of the working class of the state, and that the children of school age must be maintained by the government while securing an education.

Many Fights in Legislature. The battle between those who are trying to abolish child labor, and the manufacturers and their bought and paid for solons, is now raging over the entire country. The lower house of Oklahoma has defeated ratification of the child labor amendment by a vote of 81 to 24. The senate postponed consideration of the amendment.

Ratification by the Arizona legislature was practically assured when the senate, sitting as a committee of the whole, unanimously recommended that the ratification resolution be passed. The house has passed the resolution ratifying the amendment by a vote of 41 to 3.

The constitutional amendment committee of the Texas senate, by a vote of five to one, voted to refuse to ratify the child labor amendment.

The resolution ratifying the amendment has been introduced in the Iowa legislature, and a hard fight is expected there.

In New York state Governor Al Smith is aiding the manufacturers who oppose the amendment, by trying to put the amendment to a referendum, which would mean a delay of many months.

Would Not Abolish Child Labor. The Workers (Communist) Party, points out that the child labor amendment does not mean that child labor would be abolished, but would only empower congress to regulate labor of children under 18 years of age. They declare that only the establishment of the control of industry and government by the working class will abolish child labor for all time. As long as the profit system exists, child labor will continue.

Wants Indian Childhood for Whites. NEW YORK.—"Our present system which (the child labor) amendment is aimed to remedy, permits a more brutal treatment of children than can be found anywhere in so-called savagery," declares Wilson D. Wallis, University of Minnesota, in a communication to the National Child Labor Committee, New York. "There is no oppressive child labor among American Indians, none among African Negro tribes, none in the islands of the Pacific. I would welcome a return to conditions in this country which would give to every American child as happy a life as the American Indian child could claim."

"The Beauty and the Bolshevik" is coming to Ashland Auditorium Feb. 5.



Federated Press Jingles. BY telegraphic news I seed how Daniel Gray Gogetter Reid has left the pirate ship's wet deck and handed in his tinplate check. He's left behind the light of day, not going the Rock Island way, and gone where there's eternal ban on manna served from trust-made cans. A lotta ailments too he took—most all that's in the doctor book. Diseases come quite thick and fast to ring old guys who have a past. A string of wives had shared his bed, but very quickly they was dead. As soon as one wuz in the grave his safe deposit boxes gave an opportunity to sate his passions with a brand new mate. Now Reid wuz just the kind you seen played up in pop'lar magazine. A young bank clerk he wuz at start, but being willing, bright and smart, he put his pennies under lock, and never, never, watched the clock. By this romantic tale you see how wealth doth

JAPAN WORKERS STRUGGLE WITH THEIR MASTERS

Agitation Grows For Labor Government

(Special to The Daily Worker)

TOKYO, Japan, Jan. 27.—Following the recognition of Soviet Russia by the imperialist government of Japan, the workers of Japan have inaugurated a mass movement for a labor government and for a working class party.

The government, in an attempt to beat down the growing demand for working class participation in politics and industry, is sending military officers throughout the country, and thru fascist societies, is trying to break up the move of the workers against their exploiters.

The Japanese workers, realizing that they are likely to receive the ballot in the near future, are attempting to form a workers party. The Japanese Sailors' union, with 50,000 members, and the government employees are taking the lead in the move to form this party.

The members of the political study association, a group of intellectual, petty bourgeois socialists, has also made a move for the formation of a labor party, under the leadership of Professor Ikuwo Oyama of Waseda university, Tokyo.

Militarizing Schools. The Japanese imperialist government is taking strenuous measures to stave off the growing class consciousness of the Japanese workers. The government is now placing a military officer in sympathy with the imperialist government in every public school in Japan.

Eleven educational organizations have passed resolutions condemning the military training in the public schools. They have asked the minister of education to resign. Yukio Ozaki, former minister of education, professors of universities, and other leading public intellectuals are protesting against the proposal to militarize the school children. Most of the magazines and newspapers are also condemning it.

Fascisti Fight Workers. The fascist organizations, including the national pillar society, the society for the prevention of radicalism, the patriotic students league, and veterans associations are spreading propaganda for the measure. They held a two day demonstration in favor of militarizing the schools, and prayed to their national god to protect the emperor and his country. They held meetings in 15 different Japanese cities.

Yukio Ozaki was attacked by the fascisti and barely escaped assassination. Comrade Stachel is the educational director, Comrade Zam assistant.

YOU MUST HELP!

Ruthenberg in prison! Thirty-one more trials ahead. Ten thousand dollars wanted by February 15. Volunteers wanted to help mail out tens of thousands of letters for the Michigan defense. Come during the day or phone State 5959 if you will come at night. Bring others. Labor Defense Council, 166 West Washington Street, Room 307.

3 Classics by Karl Marx

For the student of the revolutionary labor movement these three world famous books are indispensable. At a moderate price they should be in the hands of every thinking worker.

- Civil War in France. Written by Marx directly after the Paris Commune, analysing the struggle and reviewing its results for the working class movement. Issued as a manifesto of the International Workingmen's Association—the First International. Paper Cover—25 Cents.
- Revolution and Counter-Revolution. Letters sent to the New York Tribune by Karl Marx after his exile from Germany during the uprisings of 1848. These letters, collected and put into the present volume by his daughter, Eleanor, make a classic of historical analysis. Cloth Cover—60 Cents.
- The Eighteenth Brumaire of Louis Bonaparte. This brilliant little work embodies one of the best applications of the theory of historic materialism. It is a study of the social and economic forces involved in the French political struggles, the high lights of which were the revolution of 1848 and the subsequent coup of "Napoleon the Little." Cloth Cover—60 Cents.

Order from THE DAILY WORKER Literature Department 1113 W. Washington Blvd. Chicago, Illinois

THE N. Y. TIMES WARNS THE COAL MINERS IN AN EDITORIAL TO HEED THE "LAW" AND A MINER REPLIES

The following letter was sent by a miner to the New York Times, in reply to an editorial carried in the Jan. 20 issue. The Times did not print the letter. We do. Read it. Did they show it to your fellow workers? To The New York Times:

An answer to the editorial of Jan. 20, on the "Threatened Coal Strike," in which Cappellini is praised for his threat to revoke the charters of all those locals that "refuse to respect the laws and contracts" that have been foisted on the miners by the likes of traitors such as himself and John L. Lewis.

You speak of justice and warn the miners that they must "do justice if they expect justice." Will you please tell me of a single instance where a working man in America ever got the semblance of justice, without fighting like hell for it.

You warn them to observe the law, and to settle their disputes in a legal way. I fail to see the bosses breaking their necks to observe the law by putting up the safety devices in the mines that the law calls for. And I don't see the department of justice making any attempt, not even a bluff at it, to enforce that law.

You also "consider problematical" the outcome of "any strike that has not the backing of public opinion." A lot of sympathy any striker would ever get that depended on the kind of "public opinion" created by the of-fal that you fling out thru your columns.

Then there's your smug hypocrisy about "starving women and children" as a result of the strike. A hell of a lot you care about those same women and children. They'd be working 14 and 12 hours a day if the likes of you had your way.

O, you liars—you hypocrites—you parasites—who live off the flesh of the workers—it is the same way you deplore the "demoralizing of the young"—who will be forced to spend their leisure time on "street corners planning crimes and evil deeds" whenever an attempt is made to curb the exploitation of child labor.

There is one good thing to be extracted from your garbage, however, that is this: whenever a capitalist newspaper writes well of a union leader it is time for that union to look for another leader. And when you give your praise to Cappellini and Lewis, that means only one thing: Lewis and Cappellini are traitors to the miners' cause, they have been bought out by the bosses, and the sooner the miners get rid of such rats as these, the better it will be for the United Mine Workers of America.

Your writer made a dangerous break when he penned the following: "The American people are easy going to a fault, but they will not, forever, tolerate misgovernment." This was intended as a parting shot at the unruly miners. Evidently a threat to the miners that they must be docile, willing animals, and permit themselves to be bled to death in a quiet, unprotesting way, otherwise the "American people" will chastise them.

However, this same thing about "not forever tolerating misgovernment" lends itself to a variety of interpretations. For some day the "American people"—I mean the American workers—they comprise the bulk of the "American people"—will wake up and refuse any longer to "tolerate the misgovernment" of capitalist rule. When they do, it will be a sad day for the likes of you and the fat bourgeoisie whom you represent.

For you can rest assured that the American workers will not be "easy going to a fault" when they place the word "Soviet" before the U. S. and make it the Soviet United States of America.

This does not come from any "foreign-born Red," of whom you're so fond of prating, but a native son, who went to France and fought in "Morgan's war," and came back with a body half-crippled—and a belly full of American democracy.

Joseph Cahill. A Mite for Veteran Kin as Bonus NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—The bill in the New York legislature providing for a bonus for next of kin of war veterans has been reported out of committee by the senate finance committee and leaders say it will be passed. It provides for a bonus of \$10 a month to be paid to veterans' kins but no one will receive more than \$150.25, expressly stated in the bill.

The money will come from the original \$45,000,000 bond issue for bonuses, of which there may be about \$3,000,000 left, but it is said another bond issue will be made if necessary.

Marines Drown in Nicaragua WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Three American sailors and one marine are believed to have drowned when a small boat from the U. S. S. Tulsa caught fire in lake Managua, Nicaragua, said a dispatch to the navy department today. The victims were: James Burton, G. H. Hough, H. C. Cook of the navy, and private Willie Bowen of the marine corps.

Canadian Postmen also Need Raise. VANCOUVER, B. C.—Canadian civil servants have had their salaries cut twice during the last three years and today are finding it a problem to cope with living costs.

Patronize our advertisers.

BRITISH GOV'T. TO CONSCRIPT RAIL WORKERS

Starts Official Scab Army R. R. Service

(Special to The Daily Worker)

LONDON, Jan. 27.—British railworkers are up in arms against the attempt of the government to enroll railworkers in a new branch of the army known as the army supplementary reserve, transportation branch, intended as an armed strike breaking agency, subject to military discipline.

The four great railroad companies of Great Britain are collaborating with the war office in raising units for this service. Though inclined to be evasive regarding the use of these railwaymen's units, the war office admits that they would be used in "the gravest emergency" defining "emergency" thus:

A "Grave Emergency" Defined "If we had anything like civil war or something that would hold up the essential services of the state, the reserve might be called up and these railwaymen might be called up."

Remembering how the government turned London into an armed camp in 1921, in expectation of a Triple Alliance strike (incidentally luring starving unemployed workers into the army with recruiting posters on which "Plenty to Eat!" was displayed in large type), it is evident that railroad men who join these units will be used both as strikebreakers and as murderers of their fellow-workers.

The railworkers realize the sinister motive back of this move of the bosses and the war office, for they know that the bosses know that the National Union of Railwaymen is about to put forward a national demand for a wage increase, in an effort to win back something of what they have lost in the past years.

Feeling is running high among the men, and when army officers accompanied by a company representative tried to hold a recruiting meeting recently at the freight station of the London and North-Eastern Railway, the men jeered them angrily, and rushed them out to the street.

Women Workers in Ontario. TORONTO.—There are nearly 130,000 females employed in various trades in Ontario, according to the provincial minimum wage board. The largest group is 40,000, in offices, while saleswomen in retail stores number 39,942. Married women workers in Toronto number 2,750. Needle trades account for 1,270. There are 484 in restaurants; 460 in textiles; 346 in laundries; 209 in confectionery trades. More than forty per cent of all women workers in Toronto restaurants and laundries have husbands.

PITTSBURGH, PA. DR. RASNICK DENTIST Rendering Expert Dental Service for 20 Years. 845 SMITHFIELD ST., Near 7th Ave. 1527 CENTER AVE., Cor. Arthur St.

Opera for Everyone

Subscribe to a SEASON TICKET FOR 1925-6 OPERA For \$1, \$2 or \$3 through the Opera Savings Club (First Deposit Now Due) Amalgamated Trust & Savings Bank 371 West Jackson Boulevard Chicago

HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER WINS IN SOVIET GEORGIA

Lenin's Program Being Gradually Worked Out

By GERTRUDE HAESSLER.
(Federated Press Staff Correspondent.)
TIFLIS, Georgia (By Mail).—In less than a year the city of Tiflis, the capital of Georgia, which one always remembers in connection with lazy eastern bazaars and slow-plodding donkeys and camels, will have an up-to-date government power station.

Not only will Tiflis as well as the villages for miles around be lighted by this plant, but its industries will be completely electrified.

The conditions under which the men are working on the plant 12 miles from the city are as near model as temporary construction camps can be. The men work 8 hours a day in three shifts, about 1,000 men per shift. A hospital gives free medical and surgical aid, arranged on approved sanitary lines. Daily baths are provided for all. The general laundry arrangements are adequate and convenient. In fact, bathing and general cleanliness are a striking feature of the camp.

Wages compare favorably with any part of Russia. Co-operatives run by the union furnish food cheaply. At their union clubs the men organize entertainments or read in the libraries, attend classes and have opportunities for lectures on economic and political conditions.

The new machinery for the power house is set up and everything is awaiting completion of the huge dam which will convert 36,000 horsepower from the river.

The possibilities for technical progress in modernization which will be opened by the completion of this power plant are almost inconceivable. Where narrow wagon ruts serve as the only roads, there will be cement highways for automobiles and truck transport. The conservation of timber alone, which is being used exclusively now for fuel for factories, lighting and tramway power, and hauled to the city from the mountains on ox-carts, will be enormous. The industries will expand, transformation facilities perfected, the railway electrified, and the rich supplies of raw materials made more accessible.

The wealthy Caucasus districts are easily accessible only around their fringes from the Black Sea on the west and the railway on the south and north. The actual riches must be carried down to the civilized centers by water, buffalo and oxen. One reaches the larger and richer mines only on horseback.

But all these riches will be easily accessible thru the power plant. Lenin's general program for the electrification of the whole Union of Socialist Soviet Republics is being gradually realized.

BALTIMORE NOTES

BALTIMORE, Jan. 27.—The Liebknecht meeting arranged by the Young Workers' League as a part of a nation-wide campaign to commemorate the deaths of Rosa Luxemburg and Karl Liebknecht was a great success.

Comrade R. Baker, city secretary of Local Philadelphia, was the main speaker for the evening. Several comrades of the Young Workers' League recited and spoke. Collections were made for the Ruthenberg Defense and the DAILY WORKER. A resolution supporting the Ruthenberg Defense was carried. This resolution is a symbol of the solidarity of the workers of Baltimore. It is evidence that the workers of Baltimore are awakening to the fact that the well known leaders of the labor movement must be defended from capitalist "justice." It is evidence that the workers of Baltimore are aware of the importance of the Labor Defense Council. It is also evidence that the local comrades are on the job in attempting to organize the Labor Defense Council.

Karl Liebknecht said that he who has the youth has the army. This is very true. The Young Workers' League of Baltimore, realizing this fact, has started the organization of the Junior Young Workers' League. The prospects of having a branch in the near future are very good. We want these young comrades to become our active "army."

The English branch of the Workers' Party has been reorganized on a good working basis. A new secretary has been elected and the branch has started to function. The meetings of the English branch are to take place every Saturday, at 7:30 p. m. at the Progressive Labor Lyceum, Asquith and Lexington streets.

Res. 1632 S. Trumbull Ave.
Phone Rockwell 5050

MORDECAI SHULMAN
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
701 Association Building

19 S. La Salle Street CHICAGO
Dearborn 8657 Central 4946-4947

NEW YORK WORKERS MUST RALLY TO LABOR DEFENSE BAZAAR TO MAKE IT A ROUSING FINANCIAL SUCCESS

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—In spite of all endeavors of the Labor Defense Council to procure the release of Emanuel Viftauer, editor of the Obrana, the Czechoslovakian radical labor paper, he is still detained on Ellis Island. Well-Known Revolutionist.

Emanuel Viftauer is a well-known revolutionist. He was very active in the revolutionary movement of Czechoslovakia and came to this country in December, 1923. As a matter of course he immediately joined the revolutionary movement in this country, soon becoming the editor of the Obrana. Viftauer is an excellent speaker, and spoke at many meetings before workers of Czechoslovakian origin. At a meeting in Chicago, he defended the Soviet regime, and explained to the workers present the nature of the struggle that led to the overthrow of the czaristic regime and the Kerensky government. He showed the analogy between the struggle in Russia and that in other countries.

That was his "crime." On the basis of the evidence given by a spy, he was arrested and is held in Ellis Island for deportation.

The Labor Defense Council is conducting his case and also has in charge the case of John Lassen, editor of the Elore, the Hungarian labor paper. Lassen was arrested in November, 1924, for publishing a poem which he wrote. Lassen, too, is a well-known revolutionist, having been forced to flee from Hungary because of his activity. The Horthy government, which is a vassal of the French—and the American—government would like to lay hands on Lassen. The American government, it would appear, intends to do the Horthy fascist government that favor.

Horthy Hits At Workers.

Horthy's government is one of the vilest governments in existence. During his regime, Horthy has broken up all the labor organizations in the country. Workers' clubs, newspapers and trade unions have been suppressed. A campaign of terror was carried on against the labor movement, for Horthy can rule only if the workers are denied every right that even the "constitution" of Hungary "guarantees." These guarantees are the same as in Italy, Roumania and Yugoslavia. They are on paper, but the capitalist governments "interpret" them as they please.

This is similar to the "guarantees" of free speech, free assemblage and free press in the United States. One need only look at the coal fields of Pennsylvania and West Virginia, where miners' meetings are disrupted by the police, where the press is suppressed. The Lassen and Viftauer cases are the best evidence of "free speech and free press" in the United States.

U. S. Falls In Line.

One of the glowing examples of "free assemblage" in the United States is embodied in the case of Charles E. Ruthenberg, secretary of the Workers Party, who has been sentenced to three to 10 years in the Michigan penitentiary, for attending a convention of the now dissolved Communist Party, which was held in Bridgman, Michigan, in August, 1922. There was no evidence produced that any "crime" was perpetrated at the convention. Ruthenberg's conviction and the intended trial of the other 32 indicted for the same "crime" will require a big fund to conduct these cases and save these revolutionary workers for the labor movement. The Labor Defense Council together with the International Workers' Aid, has arranged a four days' joint bazaar, which will take place at the Lyceum, 86th St. and 3rd Ave., New York City, from Feb. 11 to 14. If all prognostications prove true, a large sum of money will be raised, thus ensuring proper defense of the accused.

Open Shop is the Goal.

If these workers are sent to prison, the capitalists of this country will be encouraged to carry on their open shop campaign against the whole organized labor movement. Hence it becomes the duty of the trade unions to support the defense of these victimized workers will all energy. If there is not complete solidarity of all workers today, the entire labor movement of this country will be demoralized and crushed. The wage cuts that are being imposed on the textile workers and miners are indications of what faces the labor movement. There must be an "all-together" in defense of working class interests.

Joint Discussion on Last Elections by S. P. And W. P. in Milwaukee

MILWAUKEE, Wisc., Jan. 27.—The workers of Milwaukee will have an exceptional opportunity to attend an interesting discussion between the socialist party and Workers Party on the subject of "The Results of Last Presidential Elections."

The Workers Party will be represented by G. S. Shklar, Local Milwaukee organizer and the socialist party by L. Wolfson, associated with the Milwaukee Leader.

The discussion will take place on Friday, Feb. 5 at Labor Lyceum, corner 8th and Garfield, and will start at 8 o'clock sharp. Admission free everybody welcome.

Trying to Fight Dope.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—A new extradition treaty with Canada, tightening the government's barriers against the illegal narcotic trade, was favorably reported today by the senate foreign relations committee.

DELEGATION OF SOVIET RUSSIA ENGINEERS HERE

To Study Metal Industry and Buy Machinery

NEW YORK CITY, Jan. 27.—Representatives of the Soviet Union ore-mining and metal industries recently arrived in this country will spend here about three months studying methods of production with a view toward placing orders for equipment. They have established their headquarters in the offices of the Amtorg Trading Corporation at 136 Liberty street, thru which all their orders will be placed. Among the arrivals are Messrs. Alexis Smolnikoff, president and Peter Drozhshiloff, member of the board of directors of the Consolidated Platinum Industry known as the Uralplatina. Messrs. Nikolai Kuzmin and Alexander Strkhin representing the Machinery Construction Trust of Leningrad, and Mr. Serge Podiakonoff, representative of Supreme Council of Public Economy, director of the state ore industry, and collaboration of the State Planning Commission.

Will Inspect Works Here.

The primary purpose of the arrived representatives all of whom are engineers specialized in the respective industries is to inspect some of the larger works in this country where dredges and other mining equipment are constructed which might be introduced in the platinum fields in the Urals. In addition considerable orders are contemplated for the needs of the rehabilitated heavy industries and for re-equipment of the factories. In this connection it was pointed out by the members of the delegation that during the past year the Soviet industries have shown a gain in production of over 50 per cent above the production of the preceding year. The industries have been working at 40 per cent of the normal pre-war level. Particular gains have been made in the production of pig iron, the output in the fiscal year 1923-1924 by 110 per cent. The output of steel increased by 80 per cent over the preceding year. The industries are advancing with rapid strides toward attaining the pre-war level. The average productivity of individual factories and works has already been brought up to 90 per cent of the pre-war normal. In the Urals the process of consolidating the works in fewer plants so as to eliminate economic waste has been practically completed and the plants working at present are constantly increasing their output. At the same time work on a large scale has begun to re-equip the existing plants along the most modern and efficient lines.

Progress in Metal Industry.

An important factor in the reconstruction of the metal industries is the increased consumption on the internal markets. Thanks to the economic measures adopted during the past year it became possible to lower considerably the prices for the finished products. On the other hand the increased prosperity of the population created a larger demand for industrial products. Large orders have been coming in from the co-operatives and individual communities. The Urals industries are now provided with orders for all their ready supplies as well as for their total output during the year 1925 which is to be increased by 50 per cent against the output of the past year.

During the three-months' stay in this country, the delegation will visit the largest centers of the metal industries and the most important ore mining centers and gold and platinum fields.

Correction to the Correction.

In the January 23 issue there appeared the following under the caption of Correction: "The vote of the New York membership meeting of the Y. W. L. was as follows: N. E. C. majority 74, statement of the district executive committee 83 (the statement of Comrade Kaplan was not presented and the vote of 83 was in support of statement drawn up by group of the New York district executive committee.) Third position under the leadership of Comrade Class 11. The latter votes were in favor of the N. E. C. statement dealing with organization."

I want to make the following corrections to the correction. 1. The vote was N. E. C. majority 73, and the statement of the D. E. C. 84. 2. The statement of the D. E. C. was an endorsement of the theses submitted by Comrades Ruthenberg, Bedacht and Lovestone for the minority of the C. C. and by Comrade Kaplan for the minority of the N. E. C. 3. The statement of the New York district executive was not drawn up by a group of the D. E. C. but was accepted by all but two votes of the D. E. C. at one of its regular meetings.—Herbert Zam, secretary at the membership meeting.

GLEISSER, TRANSLATOR OF EPSTEIN'S ARTICLES "LENIN AS I SAW HIM"

In publishing the articles "Lenin as I Saw Him" by Schachno Epstein, editor of the Freiheit, we failed to give credit to the translator, Leo Gleisser. This was due to an oversight on our part that we greatly regret.

SENATE THROWS STONE BACK AT ITS COMMITTEE

Secret Session Acts to Stop Scandal

(Special to The Daily Worker)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—In an effort to avert a public scandal over presidential appointments the senate this afternoon returned the nomination of Harlan F. Stone, as an associate justice of the supreme court, to the judiciary committee for further investigation.

Puts Over Motion in Secrecy.

This action was taken in secret session to avoid a fight on the floor of the senate over charges that Stone is persecuting Senator Burton K. Wheeler, democrat, of Montana, by attempting to indict him in the District of Columbia while another indictment awaits trial in the Montana federal court. Warren Waits on Stone Promotion.

The nomination of Charles B. Warren, of Detroit, as attorney general was "shelved" today by the senate judiciary committee to await the outcome of a fight against confirmation of the promotion of Attorney General Harlan F. Stone to the supreme court of the United States.

The committee "indefinitely postponed" consideration of Warren's nomination after a sub-committee headed by Senator Borah, republican of Idaho, reported it could not approve the appointment.

The Borah committee investigated Warren's record for a week and its report was filed "without recommendation."

Four Workers Die on Foundation Job for 32-Story Skyscraper

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 27.—Four men were killed here today while working on the foundation of the proposed 32-story American Insurance Union skyscraper, West Broad street. They were asphyxiated. The dead include: John Smith, home believed to be in New York.

A. Boen, address unknown. John McCarthy, Columbus, foreman. Unidentified man.

The tragedy occurred when two of the men fell off a ladder into a 120-foot foundation shaft. The third worker sought to rescue his companions, but died in the attempt. The fourth man then went down into the shaft, and he, too, was overcome by the deadly gas, and died.

St. Louis, Mo., Lenin Memorial Meet Next Sunday

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 27.—A Lenin Memorial meeting will be held here Sunday evening, February 1, at the Labor Lyceum, 1243 Garrison St. Comrade Mihelik, sub district organizer of district 8 of the Workers Party will be the principal speaker.

There will also be speakers in foreign languages.

Chicago Painters Back Labor Defense

Painters' Local Union No. 637 at its regular meeting held Jan. 23rd, 1925 discussed the "criminal syndicalism" laws in the various states of this country, and the sentence of C. E. Ruthenberg by the Michigan state supreme court. After the discussion a resolution for adoption was introduced by the following members of the local, Hans Johnson, O. A. Sandine and Harry Granat. The resolution was adopted with only one vote registered against.

ALAMEDA COUNTY, California.—Majority 70; Minority 3; Joseph D. Brady J.

COMMUNIST CHILDREN'S COLUMN

THE JUNIOR "RED" STARS OUTSHINE ALL VOLUNTEERS

Stick on the Job Four Days at Bazaar

The first activity of the new working unit of our Labor Defence forces, "The Red Star Volunteers," proved that these active spirits are an inspiring and essential help to our cause. Recruited largely at the Lenin memorial meeting, they got on the job very next day at the Bazaar of the Jewish Workers Relief Committee, and for four days kept the Ruthenberg appeal before the thousands of workers who attended, as well as collected substantial sums to help finance the Michigan cases.

Juniors Most Active.

Most active were the youngest "volunteers," members of the Junior Young Workers League. These boys and girls waited their turn to don the striped prisoners jackets with which our collectors were furnished, and there were few present who were overlooked in these youngsters' tireless activity. When they came to some loyal comrade who had already given and bought beyond his powers they invited participation "in spirit anyway" by suggesting that all pennies in their "customer's" pockets to put into the collection box. Party and Y. W. L. members, young and old, also took their turns at this work.

Volunteers Wear Prison Suits.

At the Bazaar run by the Lettish branch for the benefit of the DAILY WORKER, a special defense collection was taken up, amounting to \$21.00. The striped suits of the "Volunteers" centered attention on the new raids made by our capitalist enemies on the Communists, as the vanguard of the militant workers. Some old-timers told stories, later, of the "red volunteers" in Latvia and Russia, who volunteered even to take the place of active revolutionary leaders who were sent to prison.

Work is Lots of Fun.

Our "Red Star Volunteers" are not called upon for such heroic service—yet. Their work is easy, and enjoyable. It consists of attending school and other affairs arranged by working class organizations, and there collecting funds and arousing sentiment on behalf of our party's and other class war prisoners. Anyone, young or old, party member or sympathizer, who offer even one night a week, or even a few hours during the day, for service in this fight to beat back the capitalist jai-lors, should communicate with the local Labor Defense, 19 S. Lincoln St., Chicago. Many more volunteers are needed, literally hundreds of them. Last Saturday at least a fifty dollar collection was lost by lack of sufficient forces to cover, simultaneously, all running affairs. The army behind the Labor Defence—the Red Star Volunteers—needs YOUR help.

Sun Yat Sen Seriously Ill.

PEKING, China, Jan. 27.—Dr. Sun Yat Sen, head of the South China Republic, was taken to the hospital to be operated on for an abscess on the liver, a dispatch states. His condition is said to be serious. Dr. Sun Yat Sen was one of the leaders in the formation of the Chinese republic.

West Allis Juniors Hold Lenin Memorial

MILWAUKEE, Wisc., Jan. 27.—The West Allis Junior groups held a Lenin memorial meeting, Sunday morning at their headquarters, 55th and National Aves.

Among other numbers on the program, Comrade Shklar, district organizer for the party here, spoke on Lenin's life. He pointed out to the Juniors that among the great lessons that Lenin's life taught us, the following were what the Juniors should take special care to learn:

First: To study the class struggle well.

Second: To learn to understand the people and know what the workers want.

Third: To learn to speak so that we can tell the workers the things that we have learned, in a way that they will understand.

And last but not least, devotion and love for the workers and hate for the capitalists or oppressors of the workers.

In commemoration of our great leader, the West Allis Juniors changed their name and will be known after this as "Comrade Lenin's Students."

This group has now over seventy members and each meeting sees them growing in numbers and spirit. And their slogan is "Always Ready!"

AN APPEAL.

Can anyone help the Marshfield Junior group out of their difficulty? The Marshfield Junior group is one of the most active groups in the city, the composed mainly of children whose parents are not Communists. Only one member of this group comes from a Communist home and that home is too small and crowded to hold 15 children.

These fifteen children have been denied admission to any hall in their territory which is Paulina to Robey east-west; Roosevelt to Polk, north-south.

Does anyone know of a meeting hall or home within the above territory where this group can meet one night each week. (If meeting hall it must be rent free.)

Telephone, THE DAILY WORKER, Editorial Room, Monroe 4712 and ask for Editor Junior Column.

Secure The Daily Worker for 1925

A Brilliant Book by Leon Trotsky "DICTATORSHIP VS. DEMOCRACY"

In which Trotsky explodes the sham pretenses of so-called bourgeois democracy and explains the character of the dictatorship of the working class.

Kautsky and the later social-democratic school come in for warm criticism at the hands of this most brilliant writer in the international working class movement.

Paper, 50 Cents Cloth, \$1.00

Order from THE DAILY WORKER Literature Department

1113 W. Washington Blvd. Chicago, Illinois

GARY WORKERS HOLD MEMORIAL LENIN MEETING

Interesting Speaker Gets Two Encores

GARY, Ind., Jan. 27.—The Lenin memorial meeting in Gary Indiana, didn't have many people in attendance, a half hundred or so, but it was a real meeting. Comrade Thurber Lewis, of Chicago, was the speaker. He gave a short biographical sketch of Lenin, a review of Lenin's pre-revolutionary activities, an account of Lenin's role in the revolution and a resume of the great leader's contributions to working-class thought. When he finished, the crowd didn't show any inclination to go away.

Liked His Stuff.

The embarrassing condition of indecision that pervaded the hall while the crowd sat there and the meeting was presumably over was broken by a comrade who arose and suggested that Lewis make another speech dwelling more at length with the movement in this country.

Comrade Lewis rose and made speech number two. At the conclusion of the second speech much the same disinclination to leave gripped the audience.

Third and Last.

Another comrade arose and asked that the Trotsky controversy in Russia be given a few moments of explanation by the speaker. Comrade Lewis began speech number three about the movement for a re-orientation of the policies of the Russian Communist Party of which Trotsky is the spokesman. At the conclusion of the third address the crowd finally consented to leave.

LENIN MEMORIAL MEETING IN LOS ANGELES SUCCESS

By SAM GLOBERMAN.

(Special to The Daily Worker)
LOS ANGELES, Cal., Jan. 27.—The Lenin Memorial meeting here was a success, one hundred and fifteen dollars being contributed for the Michigan defense by the audience which enthusiastically greeted the speakers. Comrade Dolson came from San Francisco to deliver the principal speech.

The other speakers were Comrade Rudic of the Russian branch, Comrade Schneiderman of the Young Workers League, Comrade May Globerman of the junior section of the league, and Comrade Busch, who acted as chairman.



The Tool Box
of a Builder of the Labor Movement

Containing all the necessary implements and the by-laws of the trade

Have Another!

Of the thousands of Tool Boxes in circulation many have, no doubt, begun to show signs of wear and "tear," so to speak.

In that case—"have another!"

Tool Boxes don't come under the 18th amendment. There is no prohibition on the number you can have—if you want them for workers.

Or if you have a Tool Box that shows "tear"—it's alright—"this one will be on us!"

Have Another!

Send for it to

The Daily Worker

1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

FAKERS GET AN INJUNCTION TO STOP REYNOLDS

Forbid Union Member Attending Meetings

(Special to the Daily Worker)
 DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 27.—Local Union 2140 gave a ringing answer to Hutcheson and his payroll gang as to their attitude toward the expulsion of William Reynolds, president of their local. After General Organizer Botterill had spent over a half hour trying to alibi the action, the local voted that he keep his seat for the rest of the evening.

After an hour's discussion including a statement from a member in Los Angeles regarding the railroading there and a recapitulation of the expulsion proceedings by Reynolds, the local voted unanimously to sustain Reynolds in his membership and all rights and privileges until such time as he stood convicted by his local.

Union Officials Get Injunction
 At 3 o'clock next afternoon, Sharrock, renegade head of the District Council located Reynolds on the phone at the House of the Masses and 20 minutes later "Jelly" Fish, secretary of the District Council, arrived at the House and pointed Reynolds out to a deputy who served an injunction restraining Reynolds from attending any meetings of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners in the Wayne county district.

The injunction was issued by Judge Hunt of the circuit court and made returnable February 20th. After locating Reynolds for the deputy, stool pigeon Fish turned and ran down the stairs, but not before he had been spoken to by two members of Carpenters' Local Union 420.

Bankrupt Autocracy
 The resort to injunction proceedings by the agents of the G. E. B. in Detroit is the best evidence of the bankruptcy of Botterill's case against Reynolds. During the past week, the

TRY TO FORGE TRINITY CHURCH IN N. Y. TO DISGORGE 10 MILLION

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—A suit to force Trinity church to give up the \$10,000,000 worth of property it owns and leases in downtown New York, was instituted in federal court today by Wesley J. Edwards, of Los Angeles, and Arthur J. Edwards, of Guilford county, North Carolina.

They are descendants of Robert Edwards, who died in 1867, and claim to be the rightful heirs to his estate. He died without making a will.

The descendants claim the Trinity church acquired the property thru an assignment of an unexpired lease which stopped being binding on the estate of Robert Edwards on May 1, 1866.

sentiment against the expulsion has crystallized to such an extent that the entire carpenters' movement is seething with revolt.

Last Monday evening, Local 19, the oldest, largest, and most influential local in the district, was bitter in its denunciation of the tyrannical action of Botterill. Only the arbitrary ruling of a reactionary president prevented the local from repudiating the expulsion.

Every Local Opposes Expulsion.
 On the same evening, Local 1191 adopted a resolution unanimously repudiating the expulsion. On Tuesday evening, President Sharrock of Local 1895, also president of the District Council, refused to open the meeting while Reynolds was present. The discussion was so prolonged that it occupied the meeting until 10:30.

Wednesday evening, Local 1102 unanimously adopted a motion demanding a fair trial for Reynolds in accordance with the constitution. Thursday evening, the fight at the District Council expressed itself in a fight against Botterill, which culminated in a motion to oust him from the district being adopted by a more than three to one vote.

If Hutcheson needs any further proof that he has rendered a "slightly" unpopular decision, the carpenters in this district are determined to spread the revolt thruout the entire length and breath of the Brotherhood.

CALLES PROVES HIS WORTH TO WALL STREET

Gives Away Railroad and Snubs Britain

(Special to The Daily Worker)

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 27.—Plutarco Calles, labor party president of Mexico, besides his suppressive measures against the workers and peasants is showing complete subservience to American capitalist imperialism in foreign affairs. This is evident in his haughty remarks against Great Britain, given in an interview yesterday.

Relations between Mexico and England have been severed since the Obregon-Calles group, acting for and in the interests of Wall Street imperialists, crushed the British oil-backed fascist counter-revolution of De la Huerta. Britain took the chance of using the murder of a British subject, Rosalie Evans, as an excuse to withdraw its consul, A. Cunard Cummins and cease all diplomatic relations.

Britain Must Act First.

"The resumption of relations with Great Britain," said President Calles, "will have to be the product of a spontaneous act on the part of that government. The Mexican government can in no manner accept conditional friendship born of the previous conditions."

To Return Railroads to Capitalists
 In still another subject Calles showed his surrender of Mexican resources to the bankers of New York. That is, the handing back, under the excuse that they are not paying, the government owned railroad to private exploitation.

President Calles said that an inventory was being taken of the national railways and mines. The receipts and expenses were being studied and the condition of the railway tracks was being reported upon for comparison with their condition when the government took over the railroads in 1914.

The president did not deny that all this would probably lead to the return of the lines to private management at a not to distant date should that be convenient for the government.

The return of the railways to private management was one of the clauses of the Lamont-De la Huerta agreement.

U. S. SUPREME COURT BACKS RIGHT TO TAKE PROPERTY OF AN ENEMY

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—The United States supreme court today sustained the right of belligerents in time of war to capture and dispose of enemy property as evidenced in duly endorsed stock certificates.

English and German authorities and the United States Steel corporation joined in a suit appealed to the United States supreme court for the decision.

More than \$100,000,000 in capital stock of the steel corporation and other American industries, seized in England during war time, was said to be involved in the decision.

RUMORS REVEAL TAFT SHIELDED BOOTLEG TRADE

Gaston Means' Trial Springs Some Leaks

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—"Among the bootleg crowd it is rumored that Attorney Wickersham can reach Chief Justice Taft because of connections that he is supposed to have," was something in a letter offered in evidence here in the trial of Gaston B. Means, former government agent, and Col. Thomas B. Felder.

The letter was alleged to have been written by Elmer W. Jarnecke, who was indicted with Means and Felder on a charge of conspiring to obstruct justice. He was on the stand as a witness for the prosecution, when Hiram C. Todd, special government prosecutor, introduced the letter. Jarnecke denied having written it and said it was a fabrication.

The letter was alleged to have been sent to Col. Felder.

The matter came up in the examination of Jarnecke about an alleged arrangement by the defendants to use the mails for selling stock in a glass casked concern. It was alleged that \$65,000 had been collected to be used in preventing prosecution.

Jarnecke, with Means was convicted of violation of the liquor law July 1. He was sentenced to two years in prison and to pay a fine of \$5,000. He was held on \$25,000 bail, pending appeal. He said he has been receiving \$11 a day from the government, \$7 for services and \$4 for expenses.

Your Union Meeting

Fourth Wednesday, Jan. 28, 1925.

- | No. | Name of Local | Place of Meeting |
|-------|--|------------------|
| | Blacksmiths' District Council, 119 S. Third St. | |
| 1 | Bolier Makers, Monroe and Racine. | |
| 10 | Carpenters, 12 Garfield Blvd. | |
| 21 | Carpenters, Western and Lexington. | |
| 242 | Carpenters, 5443 S. Ashland Ave. | |
| 1784 | Carpenters, 1638 N. Halsted St. | |
| | H. Fehling, Rec. Sec'y., 2253 Grace St. Irving 7597. | |
| 1922 | Carpenters, 6414 S. Halsted St. | |
| 2507 | Carpenters, 1581 Maple Ave., Evanston, Ill. | |
| 181 | Coopers, 8901 Escanaba Ave. | |
| 3 | Hod Carriers, 1352 W. Division St. | |
| 582 | Hod Carriers, 810 W. Harrison St. | |
| 4 | Jewelry Workers, 19 W. Adams St. | |
| 104 | Ladies' Garment Workers, 328 W. Van Buren Street. | |
| | Marine Cooks, 357 N. Clark St. | |
| 126 | Machinists, 113 S. Ashland Blvd. | |
| 524 | Machinists, 735 N. Cicero Ave. | |
| 375 | Maintenance of Way, 426 W. 63rd St. | |
| 54 | Painters, Sherman & Main Sts., Evanston, Ill. | |
| 5 | Plasterers, 910 W. Monroe St. Railway Carmen Dist. Council, 5445 S. Ashland Ave. | |
| 697 | Railway Carmen, 5444 Wentworth | |
| 1340 | Railway Carmen, 5445 Ashland Ave. | |
| 219 | Railway Trainmen, 426 W. 63rd St., 7:30 p. m. | |
| 11 | Roofers, 777 W. Adams St. | |
| 73 | Sheet Metal, 714 W. Harrison St. | |
| 485 | Sheet Metal, 5324 S. Halsted St., 7:30 p. m. | |
| 753 | Teamsters, 175 W. Washington St. | |
| 759 | Teamsters (Meat), 220 S. Ashland Blvd. | |
| 769 | Teamsters (Bone), 6959 S. Halsted Street. | |
| 13046 | Tunnel and Subway Workers, 914 W. Harrison St. | |
- Note—Unless otherwise stated all meetings are at 8 p. m.)

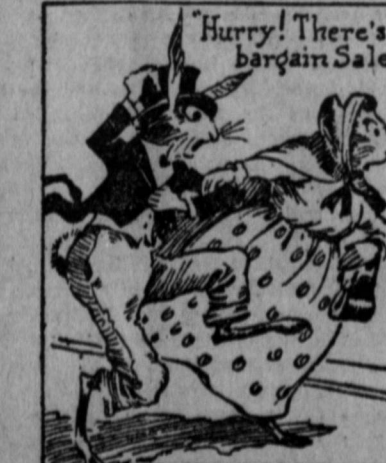
Brookhart Threatens to Fight.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Senator Smith W. Brookhart, the Iowa insurgent republican today declared himself ready for a "finish fight" with the republican state committee of Iowa, which declared his seat vacant last week.

Big Sum for Buildings.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—An omnibus public buildings bill, appropriating \$150,000,000 for the construction of federal buildings thruout the country, was reported favorably to the house today by the public buildings and grounds committee.

UNCLE WIGGILY'S TRICKS



YOUTH MUST HAVE ITS FLING—EVEN IN HARTFORD, CONN.!

To put it in other words: youth will not be denied—at least it won't when it's in the Young Workers' League. A group of these young "Johnny Reds" of Hartford, Conn. got a list of several hundred sympathizers and from then on things began to hum.

The wanted and they got: sample copies of the DAILY WORKER, Workers' Monthly, a load of tool boxes and other supplies for five couples to work with. And that they just began their good work in a house to house canvass they have already sent in about a dozen subs. We look for a substantial increase each day.

Comrade Aaron H. Wolfson, organizer of these little builders writes: "We will do all that we can to build the DAILY WORKER and started by buying a ten dollar policy from the local DAILY WORKER agent."

It's a good beginning with a promise of results for the near future. Just watch youth have its fling—yea, why not—even in Hartford, Conn. It's a pleasure when it's a fling at the bosses!

THEY ALL FOLLOW ONE GIRL IN PHILADELPHIA!

It's not a bit surprising that they do. The one girl comrade is the newly elected DAILY WORKER agent, Lena Rosenberg, and the energetic manner in which she has taken hold of things makes many willing to follow. These comrades have formed part of that following that is making sleepy Philadelphia wake up:

Stemple (Ukrainian branch) turned in 6 subs.
 Leon Goodman (English Y. W. L.) turned in 3 subs.
 Jas. Shainfein (C. English) turned in 3 subs.

B. Gittleman (Strawberry Mansion Jewish Y. W. L.) turned in 2 subs.

In addition to the support Comrade Rosenberg has already managed to marshal, she begs for supplies and this includes more tool boxes and agents' books to put more workers on the job of building. We are holding our breath in anticipation and we prophecy that you will often see Philadelphia mentioned in this column. It's easy to see why they all follow only one girl in that town!

TO FIGHT BOSSES WEAVERS FIRST FIGHT OFFICIALS

(Special to The Daily Worker)
 NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Jan. 27.—United States Senator William Morgan Butler has a strike on his hands at the Butler mills where weavers and loomfixers on the night shift walked out against the ten percent wage cut. Weavers' strikes in several New Bedford mills are all supported by the weavers' local union.

The Weavers' Union will ask the textile council to revise the paralyzing two thirds rule that thwarted the wishes of the workers for a general strike. The more than two thirds of all the workers voting called for a strike they were blocked by the textile council's rules requiring a two thirds vote in each local and two thirds of all the locals. The weavers, largest local in town, voted four to one for the general strike.

Six More Negroes Jailed for Houston Riots Are Released

(By The Federated Press)
 NEW YORK.—Six more Houston martyrs, former members of the 24th infantry, imprisoned for their alleged share in the Houston riot of 1917, are released, announces the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People. The total number of men still in prison is 29. The association's activities on behalf of these Negro prisoners have been responsible for the release of 26 since its petition of 125,000 names in February 1924.

Of the ten men originally sentenced to death, whose sentences were commuted to life imprisonment, six have been paroled. Warden W. I. Biddle of Leavenworth, in a letter to James Weldon, secretary N. A. A. C. P., commends the conduct of the men. There were 67 Houston martyrs in all.

MINE STRIKE ZONE IN W. VA. AN ARMED CAMP

The Anna Mine Is Destroyed by Fire

(Special to The Daily Worker)
 LOWSVILLE, West Va., Jan. 27.—The tippie of the Anna May mine of the Francois Coal company, near Lowville, in the Monongalia county, was destroyed by fire. The fire had made a considerable headway before it was discovered by the stable boss, M. E. Watkins. There was no chance to check the flames. The tippie had been saturated with oil before it had been fired. It was burned down in one hour. There were 125 men employed at the mine and the production was 600 tons of coal a day.

Call Cossaks

The state police from the Lowville headquarters are in charge of the investigation. Two men were arrested but there is no way to prove that these had anything to do with this fire. The loss is said to be between \$8,000 and \$10,000 fully covered by insurance.

Scab Mine

A temporary tippie will be erected and the mine will be working within a few days. It would take a month to replace the tippie that was destroyed.

This mine has been operating on an open shop basis since May 1924.

It is said that besides the mine at Anna May, near Lowville, that the company has holdings in the Norwood section in Clarksburg.

Vincent E. Goeke, of Clarksburg, West Virginia, is general manager and principal stockholder of the company. Charles E. Goeke of Fairmont, West Virginia is superintendent of the mine.

Company Guards

New England Transportation and Fuel company is operating on open shop basis. The United Mine Workers of America have built shanties to shelter the strikers that have been evicted from the company houses at Everettville, Lowville and Brady, West Virginia.

Union men are situated on a hill and on the opposite hills the non-union men live. The union shanties are guarded by the union guards and the non-union shanties are guarded by the company guards.

Daugherty to Take Stand.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—William J. Burns, former chief of the department of justice bureau of investigation, took the stand for the defense today in the trial of Thomas B. Felder, a lawyer, and the latter's client, Gaston B. Means. Means at one time worked in the bureau for Burns.

Harry Daugherty, formerly United States attorney general, was scheduled to arrive in New York to testify.

LENIN MEMORIAL MEETINGS

- January 28.
 Bellaire, Ohio. Speaker: Robert Minor. 7 p. m.
- January 29.
 Powhatan Point, Ohio. Speaker: Robert Minor. 7 p. m.
- January 30.
 Neffs, Ohio. Speaker: Robert Minor. 7 p. m.
- January 31.
 Christopher, Ill., French Club, at 7 p. m. Speaker: John Mihelle.
- Sunday, Feb. 1.
 New York, N. Y., at 2 p. m., Madison Square Garden. Speakers: Foster and Ruthenberg.
- New Haven, Conn., Herrmann's Hall, 158 Crown St., at 8 p. m. Speaker, Rose Pastor Stokes.
- Buffalo, N. Y., at 8 p. m., Labor Lyceum, 276 William St. Speaker, Benjamin Gitlow.
- Portland, Ore., 227 Yamhill St., at 8 p. m. Speaker: Stanley Clark.
- Elizabeth, N. J., Sunday, Feb. 8, 7:30

- p. m., Turn Hall, 725 High street.
 Erie, Pa., Russian Hall, 156 E. 3rd St. Speaker: Benjamin Gitlow. 2:30 p. m.
- Waukegan, Ill., Slavonic National House, Cor. 10th St. and McAllister Ave. Speaker, Peter Herd.
- Sunday, Feb. 10.
 Baltimore, Md. Hall to be announced. Speaker, Joseph Manley.

Bandit Gets Miners' Payroll.
 COLLINSVILLE, Ill., Jan. 27.—A sack of first class mail, believed to contain a \$15,000 payroll for the Lunagh Coal company, was seized by two bandits who help up William Mathies, 64, mail messenger, early today as he was returning from the depot with the mail.

When you buy, get an "Ad" for the DAILY WORKER.

Forbes Obtained False Bank Notes Is State's Charge

Ralph E. Potter, special assistant attorney general, in his closing speech here in the Forbes-Thompson case in the federal court, attacked exhibits offered by the defense.

Three notes obtained from the Union Trust Co. were shown the jury by Potter, who charged that they were part of the conspiracy to defraud the government on hospital contracts awarded by the veterans' bureau of which Col. Charles R. Forbes formerly was the head.

Only one of them, a note for \$1,000, given to Elias H. Mortimer by A. M. McDonald, ship builder, was honest and in pay for services rendered, Potter declared.

After attorneys for the defense speak, John W. H. Crim will close for the government and the case probably will go to the jury Wednesday, after ten weeks' trial.

Wall Street Stays Cautious and Cool On French Loans

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—Wall Street is not negotiating just now for loans on French industrial and municipal bonds, because of the recent French attitude towards France's debt to the U. S. The recent statement by deputy Louis Marin in France as to the desire of France to have her sacrifices during the war, considered as well as loans made to her, has caused a new view by American bankers and by the government.

There are reports, too, that the government here has declared for withholding from the market pending French loans. Bankers, who have signed contracts for new issues declared this "good business," and they say the market for French bonds has been injured and French credit impaired by the debt discussion.

They think, however, that the situation is temporary and that the discussion will be freer and lead to other and ameliorating conditions.

Bankers Work Free Propaganda.

NEW YORK.—Bankers not only monopolize credit, boom or strangle industry but they know how to work the newspapers to give free propaganda for their purposes.

The American Press, a journal that circulates among newspapers, brags of the lot of free reading matter the bankers are able to slip into the weeklies of the country.

"The American Bankers' Assn. appears to be highly successful in landing free publicity in the weekly press," the American Press writes. "Releases sent out include propaganda stories opposing government ownership of railroads. Approximately 2,000 weeklies use the publicity and so far as understood in not a single case has it been found necessary to approach the public through advertising."

OUR DAILY PATTERNS

A NEW SET FOR MISS DOLLY.



3061. This attractive group comprises a simple dress, good for lawn, batiste, silk or dimity, a stylish cape that may be developed in satin, flannel, velvet or silk, and a bonnet to match the cape or to be of lawn, velvet, or embroidery.

The pattern for this set is cut in 5 sizes for dolls: 16, 18, 20, 22 and 24 inches in height. Size 18 will require 3/4 yard of 40 inch material for the cape and 1/2 yard of 20 inch material for the bonnet.

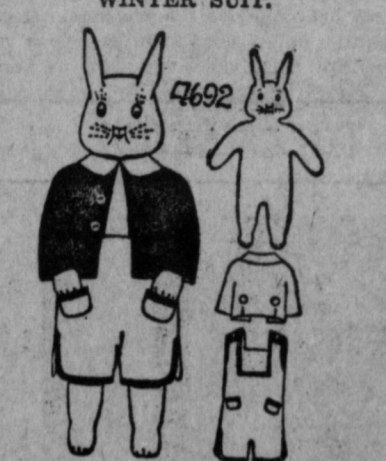
Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 12c in silver or stamps.

Send 12c in silver or stamps for our UP-TO-DATE SPRING & SUMMER 1925 BOOK OF FASHIONS.

Daily Worker Insurance Policies #10-#5-#1

When you buy, get an "Ad" for the DAILY WORKER.

"PETER RABBIT" AND HIS WINTER SUIT.



4692. Here is a well known nursery friend, with a new jacket and overalls. One could make the jacket of satin or velvet, and the overalls of flannel, jersey or linen.

The pattern includes the "doll" and the garments. It is cut in 3 sizes: Small 12, medium 16, large 20 inches in length. A 12 inch size requires 1/2 yard for the "doll" and 3/4 yard for the jacket and overalls.

To make as illustrated will require 3/4 yard of 27 inch material for the jacket and 3/4 yard for the overalls.

Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 12c in silver or stamps.

Send 12c in silver or stamps for our UP-TO-DATE SPRING & SUMMER 1925 BOOK OF FASHIONS.

Address: The DAILY WORKER, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.
 NOTICE TO PATTERN BUYERS—The patterns being sold thru the DAILY WORKER pattern department are furnished by a New York firm of pattern manufacturers. Orders are forwarded by the DAILY WORKER every day as received, and they are mailed by the manufacturer direct to the customer. The DAILY WORKER does not keep a stock of patterns on hand. Delivery of patterns ordinarily will take at least 10 days from the date of mailing the order. Do not become impatient if your pattern is delayed.

THESE HANDS ASK YOUR HELP



Joint Bazaar

LYCEUM, 86th Street and 3rd Avenue
 FEBRUARY 11-12-13-14

International Workers' Aid Labor Defense Council
 Send Contributions to 208 E. 12th Street, New York City.

A LAUGH FOR THE CHILDREN



THE DAILY WORKER

Published by the DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING CO. 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill. (Phone: Monroe 4712)

SUBSCRIPTION RATES By mail: \$6.00 per year \$3.50...6 months \$2.00...3 months By mail (In Chicago only): \$8.00 per year \$4.50...6 months \$2.50...3 months

Address all mail and make out checks to THE DAILY WORKER 1113 W. Washington Blvd. Chicago, Illinois

J. LOUIS ENGBAHL (Editors) WILLIAM F. DUNNE (Business Manager) MORITZ J. LOEB

Entered as second-class mail Sept. 21, 1923, at the Post-Office at Chicago, Ill., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates on application

Gary's Benevolence

Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the United States Steel corporation, announced that the employees of the trust would be allowed to subscribe to a specified number of shares of stock in the corporation during the month of February, at the rate of \$125.00 per share.

The slaves of the steel trust should remember the old adage about Greeks bearing gifts. Gary's annual exhibition of generosity will be featured by the capitalist press as further evidence of the tendency on the part of American capitalists to share the profits of their businesses with their employees.

The steel trust offers one hundred thousand shares of its stock to its employees with a great flourish of benevolence. Some of the slaves may believe that they are getting something. But let us examine this gift horse in the mouth, and see what we can see.

The stock that Gary offers to his slaves for \$125.00 per share could be purchased in the open market last Saturday for \$104. When United States Steel was originally placed on the market it could be purchased for less than twenty-five dollars per share. So the generous Mr. Gary is actually swindling his slaves thru a stock transaction, not being satisfied with swindling them at the point of production.

The main object of the trust in selling the stock to its employees is not so much because of the profits made in swindling them thru an inflated price, but in order to give them the feeling that they are shareholders in the corporation. This idea would have a tendency to make them work harder and turn a deaf ear to the trade union organizer. Gary knows what he is about.

The steel workers must not allow themselves to be deceived by this spurious generosity. They have it in their power to force the steel trust to give them more of the product of their toil by proper organization and ultimately to take over the mighty industrial machine which is the product of the brain and brawn of the workers. No class collaboration! No profit sharing swindles!

Outlawing War

President Coolidge, chairman of the executive committee of American capitalism, known as the United States government, in a speech delivered before a delegation of women attending the conference on the cause and cure of war, urged the women to continue the agitation for "no more" while the wounds of the last great conflict were still fresh in the minds of the people. Not so very long ago, the peace-loving Coolidge signed a bill appropriating \$110,000,000 for the building of more warships to "make more war."

It is not impossible to outlaw war. But the only way to do the trick is to outlaw capitalism. War is as inseparable from capitalism as hypocrisy is from a preacher. Wars are not caused by "bad men" and peace is not maintained by "good men." The conflicting interests of capitalist groups bring about wars. All modern wars are gigantic commercial enterprises. The road to peace lies over the dead body of the capitalist system.

The capitalist class of America prefer peace to war. They do not object to punitive expeditions against weak South American republics. Neither do the pacifists, it seems. The latter did not seem to care when their idol, Ramsay MacDonald, dropped bombs on Indian villages and slaughtered the natives of Mesopotamia, all for the profit of the British capitalists. The pacifists are agast over the prospect of another world war. As the most far-visions of the bourgeoisie point out, another world war will most likely mean the end of capitalist rule and the coming to power of the working class. That is one very good reason why the capitalists don't want war, if they can avoid it.

But when their interests clash, they can find many pretexts for calling on the workers to put on their uniforms again as they did in 1917. And the pacifist leaders who now shout "no more war" will discover that the United States is defending some pacifist principle such as "democracy." Wall Street's man, Coolidge, is following a wise policy. His pacifist camouflage is well done.

J. H. Thomas, former colonial secretary in the MacDonald cabinet, speaking in Jamaica recently said that he was a free trader the labor party was not tied to any economic fetish. Least of all to socialism. A local capitalist paper, commenting on his speech, said that business had far less to fear from laborites than from the older liberals. Some compliment!

New York's Lenin Memorial

The Lenin memorial which will be held on Sunday, February 1, in Madison Square Garden, New York, promises to be one of the most impressive demonstrations ever held in the United States. It will be in commemoration of the greatest leader the revolutionary proletariat ever produced, if not indeed the most outstanding figure in human history.

Lenin was the acknowledged leader in translating into action the aims of the working class, since Marx first took the class struggle out of the clouds of Utopia and laid the theoretical basis for the world movement which today threatens the power of capitalism all over the world and which has nailed the Communist banner to the mast over territory comprising one-sixth of the earth's surface.

It is significant that, while the revolutionary workers of New York are preparing to fittingly honor the memory of the working class leader, Lenin, by filling the biggest meeting place in New York with members of the class which he lived to see on the threshold of final victory over their masters, another leader, but a traitor to his class, should be meeting with jeers and hisses whenever he attempts to address an audience of workers.

This traitor is Rafael Abramovich, once a trusted leader of the workers, but now a spy of the czarist counter-revolutionists and an enemy of the first workers' government in history.

The workers of New York have an excellent opportunity on next Sunday to show Abramovich and his yellow socialist backers that Lenin still lives in the hearts of the American working class, that Leninism is the guiding light on the road to victory for the exploited masses and that the Workers (Communist) Party is the leader of the revolutionary forces in America under the banner of the Communist International.

The Syndicalist Laws

Owing to a recent decision of the supreme court of Idaho, the criminal syndicalist law of that state is of little use to the capitalists in its present form. It was enacted in order to give the employers a weapon to use against the radicals and the unions, but evidently the framers of the statute did not know their business and the supreme court having a well-merited contempt for slyly work, delivered a decision that freed a few members of the I. W. W. who were held under its provisions. The decision proved the law would not serve the purpose for which it was intended.

The employers decided to enact another law, with "teeth in it." Under the definition of sabotage given in this bill, a worker who makes a mistake in solving a cross word puzzle is liable to be arrested under the syndicalist law. According to the bill sabotage means "damage, injury or destruction of real or personal property, work done in an improper manner, tampering with or destruction of machinery, improper use of machinery, slowing down of production, slackening on work, scamping on work, waste of products, publishing of trade secrets if done willfully or maliciously."

The employers declare there is an emergency and the bill is expected to be rushed thru and enacted into law.

This law is not aimed at radicals only. It is primarily directed against trade unions. The fight against the criminal syndicalist law is of the most vital concern to the workers. If they think that the capitalists are only concerned with using it against Communists, they will soon learn their mistake. It is true that the employers go after the Communists first, but the proposed syndicalist law of Idaho proves conclusively that they are out to get anybody who interferes in the slightest degree with their ability to make all the profit they can out of the exploitation of the workers.

Sabotaging a Strike

Thruout the mill districts of New England, the employees of the textile barons are fighting against the wage cuts that their masters have forced upon them as part of their reward for sending Calvin Coolidge, the favorite son of Wall Street and the mill owners, to the White House for four more years.

But, in waging this struggle the textile workers find themselves confronted with two foes. The first is the millionaire mill operators with all the power of city, state and national governments at their beck and call. This enemy is powerful enough to challenge the united power of a well organized working class. But when the workers are confronted with the task of having to fight crooked labor officials who set up every obstacle in the way of a militant struggle, it must be admitted that they are handicapped.

In the midst of this battle we find one of the unions involved, the Federation of Textile Operatives, digging up an outworn provision that requires a two-thirds vote of each local involved and a two-thirds vote of all the locals in the organization before a strike can be sanctioned. To follow such a policy during a strike is nothing short of sabotage. It may be worse. But whatever may be the motives of those responsible for seeking to prevent a united front of the textile operatives in this strike the conclusion is inescapable that the effect of such tactics is to aid the bosses and defeat the workers.

It is regrettable, but nevertheless necessary that the workers in order to win their strike must fight union fakers who insist on creating division instead of unity in the midst of a strike.

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN, FEB. 1st TO VIBRATE WITH SPIRIT OF LENIN, MOST BELOVED LEADER OF WORKERS

By ISRAEL AMTER.

"He would walk up and down in the Kremlin, with his hands behind him. Sometimes he would walk quickly, then stop short in reflection."

"Once we found him on a dark, stormy night out in the rain, walking up and down, unheeding. He was deep in thought—and then suddenly stopped. He had found a solution to the problem."

The Task Before Lenin. This was Lenin—the man of the workers and peasants of Soviet Russia—always deep in thought on the question that ever concerned him: what could he advise for the consolidation of the power of the Soviet government; what could he propose to improve the condition of the workers and peasants.

Lenin was not a politician in the capitalist sense of the word. He did not devise ways and means that would win him votes. His was the serious task of building up the state—and thru practical results proving to the workers and peasants that only the Soviet government could benefit them.

Lenin had even a more difficult task than that: he had to deal with the international situation as well. The lone Soviet government has a difficult struggle against the massed counter-revolution outside the country—it has a tremendous battle to keep off the attempted invasions by the world imperialists. Soviet Russia was and still is a primarily agrarian state—a country dependent to a great degree on the industrial countries for the supply of manufactured products. In this industrial era, when economic life depends in the main on industry, it is an almost insurmountable task to find ways and means of maintaining workers' and peasants' control, when the mainstay of the economic life of the country is agriculture.

Hence consideration of the situation in Soviet Russia was inevitably linked up with the international situation—and, above all, with the relations of Soviet Russia to the capitalist countries. What statesman has had to face this task before? What leader has been compelled to consider such gigantic

issues? What man has ever had such responsibilities resting upon his shoulders—the fate of 150,000,000 workers and peasants—the fate of the Russian proletarian revolution—the fate of the world proletarian revolution? Life Dedicated to Workers. When not at sessions of the Central Committee of the Communist Party, or the Executive Committee of the All-Russian Soviet, or the Executive Committee of the Communist International; when not at a meeting of workers or peasants; when not receiving a delegation of workers or peasants who came with their grievances and doubts that he had to smooth out; when not out in the garden or in the Kremlin working out his plans; when not suddenly sitting down on a doorstep to write the outline of a thesis or resolution—Lenin was to be found in his study till late in the night. When all others were asleep the light shone in his room—out into the night.

He was sitting at his desk—thinking, writing. The word of a worker—the suggestion of a peasant—this rankled in his mind till he found the solution to the problem that they propounded. Here was a man whose ear was close to the minds of the people. Here was a man whose thoughts dwelt entirely upon the lives and welfare of the workers and peasants. Here was a man who thought only of the development of the Soviet state, the strengthening of the Communist vanguard—the growth of the world revolution.

With the weight of the revolutionary movement resting upon him, it was little wonder that his strength broke down. Lenin was a rugged man, one who could endure great hardships. But the seven years of travail

core into his vitals—till he was laid low.

Three pictures of Lenin will forever live in the minds of the workers of the world: Lenin before the factories where the workers produce; Lenin before the masses, telling them of the tasks of the revolutionary workers and peasants; and Lenin in his study elaborating the problems and the solution of the proletarian revolution.

Proletarian Revolution Still On.

Lenin lies in the mausoleum on the Red Square, on which is inscribed in bold letters the word LENIN. He lies there—while the world proletarian revolution that he led still rages. Only in Soviet Russia have the workers and peasants seized power; the workers and poor peasants in the capitalist countries are still under the oppression of the capitalist class; the colonies are still held by the armed forces of the imperialists.

Lenin is in his tomb—But LENINISM, the embodiment of his revolutionary policies and methods lives in the Communist Parties, in the lives of the revolutionary workers and peasants of the world. Leninism, Bolshevism, Revolution!

This will be the message to the hundreds of thousands of workers who will attend the memorial meetings arranged by the Workers (Communist) Party. Lenin, Soviet Russia, World Revolution with a Soviet government in the United States will be slogan to the workers who will assemble in Madison Square Garden on Feb. 1. Lenin is alive in the hearts of the Communist workers, in the ranks of the Workers (Communist) Party of America.

Washington, D. C., Notes. WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 27.—Senior Vicept G. Bunuan, director of the Philippine Press Bureau, will address the Workers Party of Washington on "The Labor Movement in the Philippines," Thursday, January 29, 8 p. m.

Pianiste Disappears. NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—Ethel Leginska, pianiste, was missing from her home today, following her mysterious disappearance last night on her way to give a concert recital.

Build the DAILY WORKER!

CZARISTS FLOCK TO AMERICA AFTER BEING REPUDIATED BY EUROPE

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—The counter-revolutionists and czarists who have been busy in Europe trying to stir up sentiment against the Russian Soviet government, are now pouring into the United States hoping to find a more friendly atmosphere for their czarist propaganda. Baroness Olga Wrangel, wife of the paid lackey of the allies who attempted to overthrow Soviet rule, has entered the United States close on the heels of the agent of the Second International, Raphael Abramovich.

Repudiated and discredited in Europe by the wholesale recognitions of Russia by the European countries, Grand Duke Cyril, and Grand Duchess Feodorovna, Abramovich, and now Baroness Wrangel are flocking to the United States to reside under the protecting wing of the Coolidge government.

They declare with regret that the United States seems to be the only country in the world where a czarist can get his picture printed in the newspapers.

Chicago Young Workers Elect City Executive

A new city executive committee consisting of comrades who have been carrying on constructive activity in the past and who by their work have won the confidence of the membership was elected as follows:

Organizer—Valeria Meltz. Industrial Organizer—John Harvey. Secretary-Treasurer—Natalie Gomez. Educational Director—Peter Herd. Literature Agent—John Hecker. Children's Director—Gilbert Greenberg.

Sports Director—A. Harris. Social Director—Al Meltz. From now on all communications and remittances for Local Chicago Y. W. L. should be addressed to: Natalie Gomez, 1113 W. Washington Blvd.

Another Look at Abramovich

More About Abramovich.

To the DAILY WORKER: I was very sorry to notice the attitude of approval you have taken in regard to the riot staged upon the first public appearance of the menshevik, Abramovich.

We, who always oppose the tactics of the American legion or the ku klux klan in dealing with their opponents, should not approve of similar methods and means in dealing with our opponents or enemies.

Regardless of Abramovich's past records, which is certainly one that cannot bring anyone the least bit of credit, violent means of opposition should not be employed. Propaganda thru the press and platform, a challenge to a debate (he is willing to take that) are by far more effective to establish his wrong, than a riot and hisses to establish our right.

It is not a bourgeois tendency to attempt to infuse esthetics in dealing with opponents. Calling people "morons" just because they go to listen to a Sousa band concert, or labeling an opponent a "dog" and his opinions "vomiting" does not bring about the desired result.

I personally, doubt whether such an extensive use of vulgar slang is necessary in order that the worker may properly understand his press. It merely creates an atmosphere of aversion instead of attention.

With best wishes, M. Alper 2444 Haddon Avenue.

Reply.—It is regrettable that the struggle between the capitalists and their chief agents on one side and the workers on the other is accompanied by so much bitterness, some times going beyond even explosive words and graphic epithets. But such is the case, and much that we sympathize with the wounded feelings of our over-sensitive correspondent, because of the DAILY WORKER'S attitude towards the traitor, Abramovich, we do not intend to don the sackcloth.

Communists are not interested in free speech for the capitalists or for their servants. Whatever class has political power—so long as class rule exists—will determine how much free speech the subject classes may enjoy. In capitalist countries, the workers are allowed only as much free speech as the capitalists feel is consistent with their own security. In Russia, where the workers have political power, the capitalists and the enemies of the Soviets are limited in their powers to overthrow the workers' government and bring back the robber rule of capitalism. In fact, their ability to do harm is limited to zero.

Class rule means rule by force. The main difference between class rule in America and class rule in Russia, is that in Russia the class that now rules is the majority, the only useful class and the only producing class, while here the reverse is the truth. Furthermore, the working class dictator-

ship will only last until Communism is established and all classes abolished. The present dictatorship in Russia is only a transition period between capitalism and socialism.

To Be Expected. The Communists realize that the capitalists will not grant the workers free speech, free press or the right of assembly, the constitution notwithstanding, when they think that the exercise of this constitutional right might endanger capitalist rule. This is to be expected and the capitalists know would be very peculiar burglars if they did not do so. We know that the capitalists will not grant us free speech. Note how they cling to their unconstitutional syndicalist laws. But in free speech fights we show the workers what a sham capitalist democracy is and what a sham constitutional rights are under the rule of capitalism. The klan and the legion are tools of capitalism. They don't bother about free speech. They believe in the use of force to suppress the workers. It works just as long as the workers feel that they can emancipate themselves without a struggle. But when the workers realize that force must be met by force, then the thugs of the capitalist class will have their hands full.

The class struggle is a war and nothing else. Sometimes the struggle is only over wages. Sometimes it develops political aspects. That is its status in most European countries at the present time. There the struggle is in its final stage. The leader of the workers in this struggle—and the capitalists on the other side—whatever tactics are best suited to gain the strategic objective.

The main purpose of Communist tactics is to organize the workers for the struggle against the capitalists for the ultimate aim of overthrowing capitalist rule and establishing the rule of the workers and exploited farmers. By getting the workers to fight for free speech, against the open shop, etc., their class feeling is aroused and their class hatred intensified. The worker who sees in the revolutionary movement only a protest against the METHODS of capitalism and not a means by which to abolish capitalism, is not a revolutionist but a pacifist.

Same as Capitalists. The Abramoviches come under the same heading as the capitalists. They are the enemies of the workers. Had their clique won in Russia, Lenin and Trotsky would meet the same fate that Liebknecht and Luxemburg did in Germany. The czar would be very much alive and the Russian workers would have no say in the running of their industries. There would be free speech in Russia for the capitalists but none for the workers. If our gentle-souled correspondent does not believe this, we invite him to study

the situation in Poland, Germany, Estonia, Hungary and other countries where social democracy rules or ruled until their services were no longer necessary to the capitalists, for the time being.

Save Your Tears. If our correspondent has any tears to shed he might let them run in memory of the gallant fighters who were murdered by the prototypes of Abramovich, and the thousands of Russian workers and peasants who were killed in battle or starved by famine thru the plots of the menshevik conspirators acting under the instructions and in the pay of the capitalist governments of Europe. Those who can have patience with such a "dog" (yes, dog, with apologies to the canine species) and insist on using nursery rhymes in speaking of him may be material for the young women's christian association, but they do not belong in the revolutionary movement until they get more iron in their systems.

Read Up on Lenin. As to the use of billingstare and "strong language" in general, I believe that M. Alper could read Lenin's "Kautsky the Renegade," with considerable benefit. Lenin was no Sunday school teacher in the use of language, but the workers understood him and so did the bourgeoisie. "Stang" is not vulgar when effective. Only a conventional pinhead whose mind is fettered by bourgeois etiquette would condemn the use of the words placed on the index expurgatorius by M. Alper, and if he knows anything about the working class, he would know that they believe in strong and forceful language and inwardly vomit at the anaemic hasheesh that comes from the pens of our holier-than-thou liberals.

If Abramovich honestly differed with the Communists as to the best means of accomplishing the overthrow of capitalism, then we would be as patient with him as we are with the working class who are still under the influence of capitalist leaders and the labor lieutenants of capitalism. But towards Abramoviches the stoolpigeons of capitalism, we have a different attitude. We have the same feeling towards him as we have towards Wrangel, Semenoff, Grand Duke Cyril and the other czarists who were or are now carrying on conspiracies against the Soviet government. Perhaps Abramovich is willing to accept a debate with the Communists. M. Alper seems to know! But there is little likelihood of a Communist debating with him as there is of a skunk being received as an honored guest at a garden party.

The DAILY WORKER is not interested in teaching the workers etiquette or "infusing esthetics in dealing with opponents." We are interested in getting them into the frame of mind to fight the capitalists, teaching them how to fight and organizing them for the struggle. Our goal is the workers' and farmers' government and a classless society, not a profaned vocabulary.

WHY THEY GO TO AMERICA



(By Boris Eftimov, in Moscow Izvestia.) Fascist Santa Claus Stopped at Russian Border.

"THE Bourgeoisie Can As Yet Maltreat and Inevitable and—from the Point of View of the Revolutionary Proletariat."—LENIN. New York, Sunday Afternoon, February 1.

Kill with Impunity. But It Cannot Stop the World History—Not Far Distant Triumph Memorial Meeting, Madison Square Garden,