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DETROIT CARPENTERS REFUSE TO SIGN YELLOW DOG CONTRACT OF HUTCHESON; PROGRESSIVE FIGHT

(Special to The Daily Worker)
DETROIT, Mich., June 11.—Hutcheson has at last succeeded in what apparently has his design ever since last January, namely, the wrecking of the carpenters' movement in Detroit. Starting with the illegal expulsion of William Reynolds, vice-president of the illegal expulsion of William Reynolds, the use of plug-uglies, police violence, and confronting with the union in constant turmoil and rendered it incapable of functioning. As a result, the carpenters of Detroit are working for \$1.15 per hour instead of \$1.25 as voted for by the membership.

There has been no district council functioning for the last three months, and during the last two months four locals have been in a state of temporary or permanent suspension for refusal to bow to the will of czar Hutcheson. As the carpenters locally must fight for this fight in terms of working conditions and wages while Hutcheson sits back and fights the rank and file at \$7.50 per plus expense, he had decided to accept Hutcheson's bullying terms and the trouble was on the verge of being settled, when Hutcheson came forward with a proposition that every member of the four suspended local unions must sign a "yellow dog pledge," which for bullying arrogance beats anything that the blackest open shoppers have ever tried to cram down the throats of unorganized workers.

AS WE SEE IT By T. J. O'NEAL

THE revelations of the queen of Rumania are a keen disappointment. If the first article can be taken as an example of what is to follow, Eren Elmor Glyn's advice to the lover managers to stow away a little kick. The queen is getting money under false pretenses. When the one time Mrs. Peck, who won for Woodrow Wilson the title of "Peck's Bad Boy" turned her back to the pages of a popular magazine, the habit she expected a treat. But the gastric juices conjured up by visions of a salad course had nothing to do with Mrs. Peck simply did not deliver the goods, neither did she remove a lively deed created in the public mind that had a good story to tell.

IT looks as if our present-day Madame Pompadour are playing the confidence game in a new and original manner. But let them set us to rest. There is a limit to public patience and while our rotary politicians may stand for a lot of inconvincible in getting their hooks into the Irish family, they will not insist on getting their sex stuff served up the necessary wire netting for the sake of their money. But there must be something inside the screen which sides stern virtue. The queen had better look out.

THE Irish Free State government has let the feline out of the sack. While that government has appropriated money for famine relief, it still maintains that there is a famine. What the big idea? One of the reasons was given by Patrick McGilgan, Irish minister of commerce, when he told newspaper reporters that stories of the Irish famine circulated in America were injuring the tourist trade. He told owners and resort keepers called on the minister to make suggestions to counter the famine propaganda. He did. But at the same time his government appropriated nearly half a million dollars for famine relief. This shows how little credence can be placed in the statements of capitalist governments.

ALEXANDER P. MOORE, United States ambassador to Spain, gave a dinner and ball in Madrid in honor of King Alfonso and the royal family. This is the ambassador that William R. Hearst is conducting a campaign in behalf of keeping him in Madrid. Some Pennsylvania politicians want to recall Moore. Hearst staged a pyrrhic dance recently in a New York hotel in honor of Moore's return to America. Moore is the great admirer of Alfonso and the fascist dictator Primo de Rivera. So is Hearst. Both are typical fascists.

BRITAIN framed a security pact designed to satisfy France and Germany. It satisfies neither. Britain is not particularly anxious to bring about peace between Germany and France. England has always played off European nations against one another. The old balance of power which (Continued on Page 5)

Postpone Fare Raising Hearing.
Representatives of more than fifty towns and villages near Chicago succeeded in postponing the hearing of the application of the fifteen railroads supplying suburban service. Increase of 20 per cent in the fare, before the Illinois commerce commission.

Distribute a bundle every day during Red Week of June 15 to 21.

FRUNZE, SOVIET RED ARMY CHIEF, REPORTS TO RUSSIAN CONGRESS



M. V. FRUNZE.

(Special to The Daily Worker)
MOSCOW.—At the Third All-Russian Congress of the Soviets which just closed its sessions in Moscow, Comrade M. V. Frunze, head of the military forces of the Soviet Union, gave a report on the operations of the enemies of the Soviets on the so-called "red imperialism," he brought up some interesting figures and comparisons. For instance:

For every 10,000 people in the Soviet Union there are 41 soldiers. In Rumania and in France (without the colonies) 200 soldiers for every 10,000 of the population. In some of the western European countries the armies are proportionately between three and five times bigger than in the Soviet Union.

There are now 552,000 soldiers in the Soviet Union instead of 1,129,000 of the pre-war czarist army. The countries of the victors who won the war "to end all wars" have increased their armies by 1,183,000 since the war.

The upkeep of a soldier in the Soviet Union costs every citizen less than three rubles. In the Baltic states up to seven rubles, in Poland up to 11 rubles and in France up to 14 rubles.

Save Balloonist From Sea.
PARIS, June 11.—Pilot Venstra of the lone remaining balloon racer Prince Leopold in the Gordon Bennett race was reported picked up in the last stages of exhaustion by a Spanish steamer off Vigo, Spain, in dispatches today from Madrid to Le Liberte.

VOLUNTEERS WANTED TO MAKE N. Y. WORKERS PARTY PICNIC SUCCESS

NEW YORK, June 11.—One hundred active members of the Workers (Communist) Party, New York section, are wanted here to work at the party picnic to be held June 21.

On Monday, June 15, 8 p. m., in the district office a conference will be held where work for the picnic will be assigned and it is up to the comrades to attend this conference and make the picnic a gigantic success.

DUMMY WORKMEN HIRED BY ST. PAUL OPEN SHOP CONCERN TO FOOL CUSTOMERS AT FETE

(Special to The Daily Worker)
ST. PAUL, June 11.—On Friday evening, June 5, the United States Bedding company in St. Paul, one of the largest manufacturers of bedding supplies in the country, held a concert and banquet in order to celebrate the 30th anniversary of the founding of the company and to advertise its business. It was also the 60th anniversary of Samuel Broustain, who is the founder of the company. Broustain has associated with him his four sons in the business. All of them act in official capacity as president, superintendent and so on.

At this affair, the sales force and many of those who have done business with the company were present. Great stress was laid on the wonder-

NO MOBILIZATION FOR IMPERIALISM!

THE president of the United States has issued the call for a nationwide mobilization of military forces on July 4.

JUNE 29 TO JULY 4 IS ANTI-IMPERIALIST WEEK!

PROCLAMATION OF THE ALL-AMERICAN ANTI-IMPERIALIST LEAGUE.

mobilization for July 4, the American secretary of state made a public confession of faith in "the two fundamental" of American foreign policy: the Monroe doctrine in Latin America and the "open door" policy in the Far East. If the secretary had mentioned a third "fundamental"—the Dawes plan in Europe—his analysis would have been complete.

Mighty Nation Is Breaking Shackles of Imperialists

GENERAL STRIKE TO FORCE ALL FOREIGN POWERS TO WITHDRAW ARMED FORCES FROM SHANGHAI

(Special to The Daily Worker)
SHANGHAI, China, June 11.—China, the vast nation of the Orient with its 400,000,000 population, is seething with revolt against foreign imperialism and is gathering its forces to strike off its shackles of foreign domination and assert its right to determine its own destiny.

This was shown by the sharp demands of the Chinese government today upon the foreign powers to withdraw their armed forces from Shanghai, the expected arrival here of 2,000 Chinese troops, the seamen's strike here spreading to Hong Kong and are granted by a great national strike unless all Chinese demands.

A threat to call a national general strike in all industries, shops and schools unless a satisfactory settlement for the murder (Continued on page 2)

The Oppressed Nation Demands

PEKING, June 11.—The Chinese foreign office, in a strong note to the powers today demanded that the Shanghai authorities spontaneously lift martial law, re-embark foreign mail, disarm the foreign regular and volunteer police, and release the rioting students from jail. The note asserted that the Chinese government can not share the foreign view as to the shooting of ten students in the street demonstrations that preceded the present general strike. The note insisted that responsibility for the shooting falls on those foreigners in authority in the international connection.

The Imperialist Nation Tries to Reject

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Regardless of the Chinese demands made to foreign diplomats at Peking, American military forces will not be withdrawn from Shanghai and Canton so long as state and navy department representatives in the Far East believe they are needed for the "protection of American lives and interests," it was learned here this afternoon.

Disaster to German Industry Looms as Bankruptcy of Big Firms Threatens Dawes Plan

(Special to The Daily Worker)
BERLIN, June 11.—The menacing clouds of economic and industrial disruption hung over the Ruhr today, threatening disaster not only in that rich basin but all industrial Germany. The infamous Dawes plan is proving to be full of large and dangerous defects.

It was announced 165,000 workers and miners and 800 office employees of one of the most important industrial concerns in the Ruhr would be dismissed June 15.

The industrial storm has been brewing for weeks. It was foreshadowed a fortnight before the international feud, reorganization and division of the Stinnes interests, pointed to a possible disintegration of the great structure reared by the late Hugo Stinnes. The development today indicated that Germany is in the midst of one of the most serious crisis she has faced since occupation of the Ruhr.

According to reliable information, the Stinnes liabilities total 155,000,000 gold marks (\$31,000,000), of which 110,000,000 marks are due July 1.

Strenuous efforts are being made by the Reichsbank and by private banks to "salvage" the Stinnes structure to prevent further partial breakdowns.

May Cause Catastrophic Ruin.
Further trouble in this huge chain of industries would rock the already shaky German industrial world.

Less than a week ago the Stinnes reorganization was made public. Three days later it was reported the situation at the Thyssen works was critical, threatening at least a partial shut-down.

The great Krupp works previously had announced the dismissal of 9,000 workers July 1 and wage cuts for those remaining on the payroll.

Even Socialists Howl.
BERLIN.—Socialist trade unions at Essen, one of Germany's chief industrial cities, today urged the central committee of the unions to enter a protest with the allies against the disarmament note, especially against the destruction of machinery which would, the unions declared, cause additional unemployment and misery.

'TWO-IN-ONE' CONTEST FOR WORKER CORRESPONDENTS IS ANNOUNCED

Read Rules Carefully—Then Get Busy!

By WILLIAM F. DUNNE

THE DAILY WORKER, to stimulate interest in the work of its worker correspondents among our readers and to give additional incentive for good work by the correspondents themselves, has decided to begin a series of friendly competitions, in which the winner will be determined solely by the quality of his work.

The rules for these contests—which will be carried (Continued on page 4)

By MORITZ J. LOEB

Side by side with the contest of worker correspondents, THE DAILY WORKER will conduct a competition among the worker distributors, those who circulate the DAILY WORKER in the shops and unions about which worker correspondents are being printed. Prizes of \$5.00 worth of literature will be given to the individual or group which, using a worker correspondence story as a basis for work (Continued on Page 4)

MINNEAPOLIS LABOR FAKERS AIDED BOSSES

Treason Ruins Work of Years

(Special to The Daily Worker)
MINNEAPOLIS, June 11.—After four years of labor control of the Minneapolis city council, the conservative forces yesterday were returned to power by an overwhelming vote. With seven socialist and labor allies up for re-election, only one, John Peterson of the sixth ward, was re-elected. He was the most conservative of the labor representatives and had the support of reactionary elements.

The vote on aldermen follows:
First Ward—Dunaway, (labor), 1,224; Ryan, 1,588; (three precincts missing).
Third Ward—Lindstedt, (labor), 4,523; Sweeney, 4,682; (complete).
Sixth Ward—Peterson, (labor), 1,146; Herkal, 426; (complete).
Ninth Ward—Vosker, (labor), 2,872; Pearson, 4,004; (complete).
Tenth Ward—Gulder, (labor), 2,982; Glenhain, 3,092; (one precinct missing).
Eleventh Ward—Beneke, (labor), 1,676; Benson, 2,021; (one precinct missing).
Twelfth Ward—Jenson, (labor), 4,751; Ekberg, 4,752; (complete).

In the second, fourth, fifth, seventh, eighth, and thirteenth wards no labor candidates were running, all of them being conservative wards. Conservative Labor Supported Leach. In the majority fight, George E. Leach, the present republican incumbent was re-elected over his republican opponent James T. Etwell, by a seven thousand majority, the vote (Continued on page 5)

DEMONSTRATE! AGITATE!

Greek Cabinet Resigns.
ATHENS, Greece, June 11.—The Greek cabinet has resigned. The cabinet, headed by Premier H. Nikoalopoulos, was formed Oct. 4, 1924.

been gutted. Mexico has been assaulted again and again. All Central America has been reduced to abject slavery, for under the United Fruit Company and the National City Bank of New York. These are only the more obvious outrages of American imperialism. Sometimes the American financial oligarchy has set one Latin-American nation against another, as in the case of Chile and Peru. Sometimes bribery and cajolery have been resorted to. Where it suits the interests of Wall Street, the (Continued on page 2)

the United States was assumed control of customs houses, appointed "financial advisers" and by systematic application of the many subtle devices of imperialism has worked itself into a dominant position in the affairs of Latin America. Cuba has been bound and feet to the American sugar hand, tobacco lords and shipping trust magnates, under the guise of the so-called Platt amendment. Colombia has been robbed and Panama turned into a straggle of American naval lieutenants. Haiti and Santo Domingo have

PAID DEBTS OR WE BREAK YOU! CAL TO FRANCE

Threaten to Withhold Morgan Credits

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., 11.—Speaking on behalf of the Coolidge administration, as the recipient of the J. P. Morgan bankers, Senator Upton Pask...

Yves included in his address a declaration that "we are hopeful that under the leadership of President Coolidge we may have another conference to get armies what was done by the Washington conference for the sailors."

NEW YORK HAT WORKERS VOTE FOR A STRIKE

Demand Wage Raise of 15 Per Cent

NEW YORK, June 11.—Local 8 of the United Hatters of North America held a well attended mass meeting in Beethoven Hall decided by a vote of 643 to 73 in favor of calling an immediate strike in order to compel the bosses to grant their demand for a wage increase of 15 per cent.

The demand of a wage increase was one other point to the bosses some time ago. To date the bosses have refused their willingness to even consider the matter of an increase in wages despite the fact that the bosses have been piling up huge profits, and the mail cannot get along on the old wages.

RED WEEK—June 15 to 21.

THE FIRST RED ATHLETIC CARNIVAL AND PICNIC this season at PLEASANT BAY PARK BRONX, N. Y. Spacious, shady, green groves overlooking Long Island Sound SUNDAY, JUNE 21, 1925. Gates Open at 10 A. M. ADMISSION 35 CENTS.

Young Workers to Hold Hike in New York on Sunday

NEW YORK, June 11.—All members of the Young Workers Party and their friends and sympathizers will meet at 123rd St. and 3rd Ave. at 8 a. m. sharp this Sunday June 14 where they will go to Silver Lake on a hike.

There will be games, entertainment, an educational program and also a surprise attraction which will not be publicly released, and indicated that Morgan would withhold further credits from France unless negotiations are completed by the end of the month.

MEMBERSHIP MEET IN YOUNGSTOWN SUNDAY, JUNE 21

'Hands Off China' Mass Meeting at Nite

YOUNGSTOWN, June 11.—A general membership meeting of all Workers Party branches in the Youngstown steel sub-district will be held Sunday, June 21, at the Hungarian Hall, 233 1/2 West Federal St., top floor, starting at 10 a. m. sharp. Steel workers from the Pittsburgh district and the Youngstown sub-district will meet with Comrade William F. Dunne of the central office...

Mass Meeting at Nite

In the evening on the same date at the Ukrainian Hall, 825 1/2 West Rayen Ave., at 8 p. m. prompt a mass party meeting against imperialism in connection with the mass meeting and bring along their worker sympathizers to the meeting.

New Treasury Loan

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The government's offering of \$120,000,000 in three per cent certificates of indebtedness was oversubscribed three times.

Another Investigation

WASHINGTON, June 11.—J. P. White chief of the Coal division, commerce department, will leave tomorrow for Toledo, Ohio, and Chicago, to investigate the serious depression in the bituminous coal industry. It was announced today.

'TO-NONE' CONTEST FOR WORKER CORRESPONDENTS IS ANNOUNCED

Read Rules Carefully—Then Get Busy!

(Continued from page 1) BY WILLIAM F. DUNNE on for a two week period—make it possible for workers who have never written a news story in their lives, those who are just beginning to write and those who have had considerable experience, to compete on an equal footing.

These rules have been carefully worked out and they make it easy for everyone except the judges—Comrades Loeb, Engelhard and the writer. They will have to consider the material as it is submitted, not after it is edited and published.

A few words now to the workers who will take part in this contest. You will note that Rule 6 states: "Stories are not limited in length but those of 500 words and less will receive preference." Keep this in mind. It is quite plain that stories of 500 and less have much more chance of being read than those longer contributions. One of the main purposes of these competitions will have been overlooked if the contestants do not take advantage of the opportunity to write clearly—and briefly. Remember the complaint of Lenin after reading the long and wandering submissions of the very revolutionary journalists:

"Why," he said, "it is not possible to read the 15 to 20 lines instead of 200 or 400 of things with which the workers are familiar?" The 15 words of literature that is to be read in the contest is the best story can be selected from any of the publications handled by the DAILY WORKER.

Send in your stories.

Rules of Workers Correspondent's Contest

Every two weeks the DAILY WORKER will give a prize of \$5.00 to the author of the best story which sends in the best Worker Correspondent story during that period. This prize may be selected from any books or pamphlets in the catalogue of the Daily Worker Publishing Company or may be applied to DAILY WORKER or Workers Monthly subscription.

The first contest will commence June 15 and end June 27. New contests will be closed every second Saturday thereafter.

The contest is open to everyone with the exception of paid employees of the DAILY WORKER and of the Workers Monthly subscription.

2. Manuscripts received up until June 27 will be entered in the first contest. Stories received subsequently will be considered during the next contest.

4. The stories must deal with actual events affecting workers. For instance, if a story is printed in the DAILY WORKER on one side of paper, with one-half inch between lines if in handwriting. Type written copy is preferred.

6. Stories are not limited as to length but those of 500 words or less will receive preference. That is those dealing with what has happened or what is about to happen will be considered.

8. Subject matter is limited only to that of a working class nature, but stories dealing with events and struggles of workers in places of employment and in and labor unions will be given preference.

9. While literary merit in the stories is not desirable, it will be considered in determination of the best story. Those who have had little school education or no experience in writing will be given an equal chance with experienced writers. The story which best meets the following requirements will be declared the winner.

(a) Is the story of interest to the working class, either locally or nationally or both?

(b) Has the writer done a good job in gathering the essential facts?

(c) Will the printing of the story secure benefit to the working class?

(d) Has the writer done a good job in presenting the story in an interesting and emphasize the most important facts?

(e) Will the printing of the story increase the effectiveness of the DAILY WORKER or the Workers Party or the left wing in general?

(Continued from page 1) BY MORITZ J. LOEB in the shop or locality concerned, develops the best DAILY WORKER correspondent. Worker Correspondents can enter the distribution contest and vice versa.

It is of course understood that the reason for encouraging the writing of worker correspondence is not merely to give the militants an opportunity to express themselves and the experience so that they may write conscientiously. The reason for the creation of a worker correspondence system is so that the DAILY WORKER may not only become the organ of the militant working class in its ultimate goal but also that the DAILY WORKER may become the organ of all of the working class in its broad political and industrial struggles and in the every-day struggles in the shops and the unions as well.

For this it is necessary for the DAILY WORKER to be distributed particularly in the shops and unions about which Workers Correspondence Offices are written. Worker Correspondence avails little unless it is directly connected up with distribution. But Worker Correspondence in the DAILY WORKER is followed up conscientiously and energetically with the sale of the DAILY WORKER will yield results for the Communist Party and the Communist movement which are beyond measurement.

In some places, and to a small degree, this section has been made. In order to make the distribution of the DAILY WORKER an integral part of the system of worker correspondence in the other part, the DAILY WORKER announces the contest between Worker Correspondents in the DAILY WORKER held at the same time as the other contests mentioned above. The conditions which they must face will be decided by the winners.

Workers Correspondent's Distribution Contest

At the same time as the Worker Correspondent's contest, another contest will be conducted to develop the distribution of the DAILY WORKER in the cities and shops about which the Worker Correspondents are writing. Prizes of \$5 worth of literature will be given the winners.

1. The first contest will end on July 4 and a new contest will thereupon be started immediately end two weeks later. These contests will be continued every two weeks during the summer at least.

2. The contest is open to everyone with the exception of paid employees of the Workers Party and its sections and professional writer.

3. The prize will be awarded to the individual or group of individual which accomplishes the best result toward increasing the circulation of the DAILY WORKER on the basis of a Worker Correspondent story appearing in the DAILY WORKER.

4. The results secured will be measured in the light of the special circumstances; that is what advantages are taken of the opportunities for securing new readers for the DAILY WORKER by reason of the Worker Correspondent stories. For instance, if a story is printed in the DAILY WORKER concerning a shop which has 1000 employees and on the basis of the story 100 copies of the DAILY WORKER are sold and 5 new subscribers secured while in another shop which employed 100 workers 50 copies of the paper are sold and 10 new subs secured, it would be considered that the comrades in the smaller shop were more successful than those in the larger shop.

5. It is not necessary for the contestant in this contest to write the Worker Correspondence himself. He may prepare on the basis of a story written by someone else in his shop or union or he may work in cooperation with a Worker Correspondent.

6. Entry into the contest must be made at the time an article of Worker Correspondence is sent into the DAILY WORKER. This is to be done by sending along with the story an order for copies of the issue in which the story is to appear which are to be paid for in advance at the rate of 2 cents a copy for the week day issues and 3 1/2 cents a copy for Saturday issues.

7. Within one week after the appearance of the Worker Correspondence story in the DAILY WORKER, the entrant must write his report on his experiences and the results of his distribution.

FIVE THOUSAND WORKERS WAITED ON JULY FOURTH

Men, Women and Even Children Welcome

This year, July 4 will be officially taken over by the Negroes and war mongers. The Coolidge administration has set the seal of official approval on a day which July 4, has not always been used to bolster up the prestige of American capitalism. It has, but the ruling class is becoming bolder and bolder.

In a few places July 4 will be observed, not as the bourgeoisie observe it now or in the past. It will be observed as a day when the class conscious workers take advantage, to secure needed recreation and make a little money to carry on the work of spreading enlightenment among the masses. Bayers Grove, Chicago will be one of those places.

Big Crowd Wanted

The affair will be a Workers' Party picnic. There are approximately 1,500 members of the party living in this city and it does not take an expert at figures to show that if each one of our members brings another worker to the picnic we will have 3,000 people at Bayers Grove, on July 4. And that makes quite a crowd! The more the reason why we should not have 5,000.

Cannon To Speak

One of the attractions at the picnic will be a speech by James P. Cannon, member of the central executive committee of the Workers (Communist) Party. Comrade Cannon attended the annual convention of the Communist International in Moscow and is able to tell a story in a way that is pleasing to the ear and instructive.

The usual features common to picnics will be in evidence. Games will be included in and those who like to trip the light fantastic can do so aided by snappy music and supported in the torch-bearing effort by attractive partners.

All other party units are advised that rival picnics will be verboten on that day. There will be a united front at Bayers Grove. In order to get there take a California avenue car to the end of the line. The damages at the gates are fifty cents. Inside what you spend will be at your own discretion. The less discretion you use the better.

New Crisis in Norway

OSLO, Norway, June 11.—The Norwegian cabinet was defeated in parliament on the trivial matter of free postage for state officials, and the government fell as a serious crisis. It is that that the agrarian party will form a coalition cabinet with the support of the communists, to drive the Communists out of parliament.

TAKE NOTICE!

The Workers Union has arranged picnics for the following dates: June 28 and August 9, at William Rimek Grove, Lyon, Ill. All friendly organizations are requested not to arrange other affairs on those dates.

Get a sub—make another Communist!

COMMUNISTS MOURN M. EGAVIAN

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—The American industrial system has claimed another victim in its moribund grind for profits when two workers at the plant of the American Motor Body Corporation were instantly killed by an exposed electric wire.

M. Egavian member of the Armenian branch Workers Party and his foreman J. Grabian a close sympathizer of the Communist movement were the two victims of the companies greed for profits which neglected to safeguard the machinery used for the production of automobile bodies.

Comrade Egavian was using a portable grinding machine and in the process came in contact with the badly insulated 220 volt wire which caused his instant death. His friend and foreman J. Grabian came to his assistance and was likewise killed instantly.

The story given to the local press by the company was an example of shifting the blame for the companies gross negligence to the alleged inexperience of the workers and stated that Comrade Egavian had worked in the plant but a few days when as a matter of fact he has been employed for over six weeks.

Comrade Egavian has been a charter member of the Workers Party and one of the leading figures in the Armenian branch. Comrade Egavian set an example of what a disciplined Communist can do. In all the party activities he stood in the forefront among the Philadelphia members. His recent election as a DAILY WORKER Agent brought immediate and satisfactory results with the result that the Armenian branch leads in the Daily Worker subscription campaign.

In the demonstrations of the Armenian comrades against the Armenian social-democrats Comrade Egavian took an active and leading part with the result that the Armenian workers in Philadelphia are looking to the Armenian Communists for guidance and leadership.

The Armenian branch has lost one of its most active and influential workers, a comrade upon whom they could always rely to carry out the most difficult and unpleasant tasks and who never yet has failed to comply with the instructions and discipline of the party.

The entire membership of the Armenian branch will lay down tools and participate in Comrade Egavian funeral as a last demonstration of their Communist solidarity to a comrade who has fallen a victim to the pitiless struggle for existence, a victim of the greedy and mercenary capitalist system that he has so ably and fearlessly fought side by side with them for over four years.

DEMONSTRATE SUNDAY AT CHICAGO PICNIC IN 'HANDS OFF CHINA' DRIVE

The first "Hands Off China" demonstration will be held in Chicago this Sunday, June 14, at the park of the Russian, Polish and Ukrainian branches of the Workers Party.

The world imperialists are now trying to divert the avers of the Shanghai workers and students. The murder of Chinese strikers by the foreign troops and white guards spread the revolt all over China!

"It's the Bolsheviks!" cries the prostituted press the world over. No, not yet—do we reply—But Bolshevism is surely coming there. The Chinese workers and peasants and government are already beginning to see in the Bolsheviks their only friends.

The demonstration against the murder of the innocent workers and students in Shanghai is called by the Bolsheviks of Chicago.

Come and make it a mass demonstration! Let the Chinese workers and peasants see that they have friends here, in Chicago, who demand justice and "Hands Off China!"

Make this demand heard all over the country. Don't forget, Sunday, June 14, at Marvill Inn Grove, at the end of Milwaukee Ave.

8. Come and make it a mass demonstration! Let the Chinese workers and peasants see that they have friends here, in Chicago, who demand justice and "Hands Off China!"

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These Are the Facts--

Whether or not you are a Communist, you need the DAILY WORKER to keep informed of the developments in the world of labor—and particularly of the progress of the Communist driving force within it.

If you are a convinced Communist—one who understands the importance of the DAILY WORKER to the American Communist movement—

And the necessity of closely following Communist action and theory thru the pages of the DAILY WORKER—

Surely no argument is necessary to convince you that you should subscribe.

A Six-Month Sub to the Workers Monthly Mark Your Choice with a Cross

Will be sent you without charge if you make your subscription to the DAILY WORKER for one year.

A Loose-Leaf Leather Binder Will be sent to you with a year's sub to the DAILY WORKER if you prefer it to a six month sub to the WORKERS MONTHLY.

RATES Outside of Chicago \$6.00 a Year \$3.50 Six Months \$2.00 Three Months In Chicago \$6.00 a Year \$4.50 Six Months \$2.50 Three Months THE DAILY WORKER 1115 W. Washington Blvd. Chicago, Ill. For enclosed \$ send the Daily Worker for mos. to: Name Street City State

DUMMY TOILERS USED TO FOOL HOLIDAY TRADE

St. Paul 'Open Shopper' Has New Stunt

(Continued from page 1.) The achievement of the company and in paying the founder and the management...

Carpenters Fight Yellow Dog Contract

(Continued from page 1) are given until June 25, to sign the pledge, failing to do which they will forfeit their membership...

I will in no way affiliate with or give support, assistance or comfort to the Trade Union Educational League...

"Hutchinson fears the awakening and enlightenment of those from whom he will live in master class style and splendor...

There can be little doubt that when the carpenters of America become fully acquainted with the carism practiced by Hutchinson and his flunkys in Detroit...

The defeat result of the labor forces in this election is due to the betrayal that have taken place within the labor movement...

MINNEAPOLIS LABOR FAKERS AIDED BOSSES

Treason Ruins Work of Years

(Continued from Page 1) standing, Leach, 60,886; Elwell, 42,084; with only 10 precincts yet to be heard from...

Two years ago the first break took place when labor was deliberately republican for mayor. The rank and file insisted on a labor candidate in opposition to the views of the majority...



BUILDERS AT WORK

MANY LOCALS RESPOND

Red Week Looms Big

EVERY mail brings an ever increasing response to Red Week. Local and individuals are sending in orders for bundles to be distributed...

These Are Red Week Pledges:

- English Branch, Portland, Oregon, \$50
English Branch, Los Angeles, Cal., \$50
South Slavic Branch, Export, Pa., \$10
Finnish Branch, Avella, Pa., \$10
Y. W. L., Monessen, Pa., \$10
Jewish Branch, Revere, Mass., \$10
Italian Branch, Woonsocket, R. I., \$10
English Branch, Youngstown, O., \$20
English Branch, Clear, Ill., \$20
Finnish Branch, Chicago, Ill., \$18
North Side English, Chicago, Ill., \$18
Shop Nucleus 5, Chicago, Ill., \$15
English Branch, Kansas City, Mo., \$10
Russian No. 2, Hamtramck, Mich., \$10

In the Second Annual Sub Campaign

- New York, Adelle Jager (3); Katterfeld (3); Harry Fox (2).
BARTON, O.—Louis Elie.
BRIDGEPORT, CONN.—Simon Feldman (2).
PITTSBURGH, PA.—Arne Swoback (2).
ST. PAUL, MINN.—O. Johnson (2).
WEST ALLIS, WIS.—St. Korade (2).
COROAPLIS, PA.—Niek Pentak.
BOSTON, MASS.—Albert Weisbad (2).
CANONSBURG, PA.—John Stone (2).
CHICAGO, ILL.—M. S. Rajkovic.

AS WE SEE IT -- By T. J. O'Flaherty

(Continued from Page 1) the war was supposed to knock out forever is very much alive; much more so than Woodrow Wilson's rooster for capitalism...

ONE of those clouds is in China, the other in Morocco. Those who are incited to get pessimistic...

The worst enemies of the working class are none other than former "socialist" leaders. Van Lear and Harthill. Van Lear thru the Minneapolis Daily Star...

Foreign Exchange

NEW YORK, June 11.—Great Britain, pound sterling, demand 4.85 9/16; cable 4.86 1/16. France, franc, demand 1.65 3/4; cable 1.67 1/2.

Philadelphia, Attention!

For best Union Made OVERALLS and Work Clothes see ABE GREENBERG, 804 Vine St.

Your Union Meeting

Table with columns: No., Name of Local and Place of Meeting. Lists various unions and their meeting locations.

Get a sub for the DAILY WORKER from your shop and you will make another member for your branch.

D.S. AMERICAN DENTIST advertisement with logo and contact information.

MY NEW LOCATION

Advertisement for dental services, mentioning X-Ray and Gas Ovens.

THE THEORY AND PRACTICE OF LENINISM

By I. STALIN. An important work on Communist theory and practice during the period that Lenin lived and led the period of Capitalist Imperialism.

THE DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING CO.

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OUR DAILY PATTERNS

A PRETTY FROCK FOR A LITTLE MISS

4906. Figured or dotted prints, wash silk, or batiste would be pleasing for this style.

A COMFORTABLE DANCE FROCK

5151. Fallie, crepe, satin or metal brocades could be used for this smart style.

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British Company Gets Soviet Gold Mine Concession

MOSCOW (By Mail).—The Soviet government has ratified the concession contract signed by the supreme concessions committee with the British company, the Aryan corporation, Ltd., providing for the concession lease for a period of 36 years of a gold mine and impure gold in the Kamschatka province.

According to the terms of the contract, the government has the right to purchase all the gold produced in excess of the concessionaires' requirements...

GET IT!

The June Issue of THE WORKERS MONTHLY Now On Sale

Philadelphia, Attention!

For best Union Made OVERALLS and Work Clothes see ABE GREENBERG, 804 Vine St.

So many fine articles, covering both the field of labor and of proletarian art...

So many splendid cartoons, photographs, poems—and other features—

Are included in the June issue—

That you are depriving yourself of real pleasure if you are not subscribing to

The Workers Monthly

"A Communist Magazine" 25 CENTS A COPY

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J. LOUIS ENDOHAHL Editor
WILLIAM F. DONNE Business Manager
MORITZ J. LOEB Editor

Entered as second-class mail September 21, 1923, at the post-office at Chicago, Ill., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates on application

China on the March

From Canton to Peking the Chinese nation has risen against imperialism.

That we are learning, thru the unsatisfactory medium of capitalist press correspondents, of a great historical event—a drive for complete freedom from foreign capitalist dominations on the part of the largest single nation in the world—cannot be doubted.

The Peking government demands the disarming of all troops of the imperialist powers and the withdrawal of their gunboats, the students and workers of Shanghai, in a meeting where 50,000 assembled, adopt a resolution for a general and nationwide strike if the murderers of their comrades are not punished, the Chinese seamen strike and tie up all foreign shipping.

The Chinese people, 443,000,000 strong, are on the march. Behind them stand the 160,000,000 workers and peasants of Soviet Russia.

Since the Russian revolution in 1917 there has been no event of such supreme importance to the hundreds of millions of enslaved colonial peoples and to the world's working class. We can, however, without any exaggeration, say that the beginning of the end of imperialism in the Far East is in sight.

The immediate question is: Can the imperialist powers reconcile their bitter antagonisms and present a united military front to the Chinese liberation movement?

It is to be peace in the Pacific or war?

The Rifian Advance

The Rifians are attacking the French expeditionary forces in Morocco along a sixty mile front as Penier Painleve arrives on a tour of inspection. The French have been forced out of a number of their strongholds and are evidently retiring in many sectors.

The remarks of Painleve, quoted in dispatches, shed much light on the attitude of French imperialism. He said:

The day that the Rifians renounce their proclaimed intention of taking Fez and so forth an honest peace with normal economic relations... France will be ready to make these enemies our collaborators.

This is quite clear to us and the sturdy fight the Rifians are putting up shows that they too are clear on the matter. It means that if the Rifians will surrender their country to the French exploiters "normal economic relations," that is, the unhampered robbery of them, will continue. They will be "allowed" to submit to any kind of servitude the French imperialists desire to enforce. This is what is meant by accepting the Rifians as "collaborators."

The Rifians have had plenty of experience with the concrete application of this policy, first by Spain and then by France. They are fed up with it and while probably having no knowledge of "the role of colonial peoples in final stage of capitalism" from the theoretical standpoint, they are damned good shots and have very definite ideas as to who the enemy is.

These hard riding, close shooting, Koran reading dark-skinned tribesmen are giving French imperialism the fight of its life and we are for them.

New Light on Centralia

The recent affidavit signed in behalf of the I. W. W. by two residents of Centralia, detailing the part played by Judge Wilson, who tried the defendants in the famous case, in the conspiracy of businessmen and the lumber barons preceding the raid on the I. W. W. hall, would, under ordinary circumstances, entitle the convicted men now in Walla Walla penitentiary to a new trial. But in the present state of affairs, with the lumber interests in control, only mass pressure can get results.

The affidavit states plainly that Judge Wilson openly invited violence against "radicals" and that "he expressed himself to the I. W. W."

This was the man who administered "impartial" justice in the Montezano case to the workers who defended themselves and their hall from an armistice day mob led by chamber of commerce henchmen.

It is almost six years since the Centralia defendants were arrested. They have been in jail all of this time. In labor circles there has never been any doubt of their innocence: a labor jury selected by the Seattle labor movement attended the trial and branded it as a frame-up. The cases of these workers, legally under the jurisdiction of the state of Washington, is actually a case of national importance. The late President Harding evidently thought so because he made a special journey to Centralia and laid a wreath on the graves of the lumber trust tools whom his masters sent to their deaths.

Surely there is some way by which national interest can be aroused in and focused on this crime of Washington capitalism and these working class fighters released.

The signing of this affidavit indicates a revival of the effort on behalf of the Centralia defendants and the DAILY WORKER can be depended upon to give the campaign all the publicity possible.

Brookwood college is to have a class in discussion on the topic "The Labor Movement as a Career for Students."

This gives a valuable slant on the contribution of this institution, run by as choice a collection of mush-and-mill liberals as was ever collected on one spot, to labor thought. If there is one thing the labor-movement does NOT need it is young men who are looking for careers.

The Landis award gang and their handpicked crew of union wreckers are on their last legs in Chicago. This is the meaning of the decision of the building trades unions to refuse to work with non-union workers furnished by the employment board of the bosses.

"Oil Industry Cheered By Drop in Crude Output"—Headline in capitalist press.

Capitalism has to sabotage its own productive machinery it appears.

Get a member for the Workers Party and a new subscription for the DAILY WORKER.

The enslavement of China

By Wm. F. Dunne

ARTICLE V.
THE war of 1914 was brought to Asia and made a world war for two reasons:

1. Great Britain was determined to crush Germany—wiper her out as a great power. This could not be done without taking from Germany her colonial possessions.

2. Japan, ally aside from her interests as an ally of Great Britain, desired to remove Germany as a most active, efficient and therefore, most dangerous commercial competitor, Germany's semi-imperial alliance with China gave Japan an additional incentive.

The conflict over fixing the blame for the beginning of hostilities in China has raged all over the world. Some authorities denounce Great Britain, others Japan. The truth is that it was a joint enterprise of two thieves who had to get rid of a potsherd on their field of enterprise before they could settle the major question of which should be the superior of the two.

IN view of the hostility of the British dominions towards the Anglo-Japanese alliance, the arrangement has always been a dangerous one for Great Britain. Only the emergency of the great war made possible for the purpose of the alliance to be filled without an inter-imperial crisis.

Let us look at a few moments. On August 24, at this time Japan came into the conflict as correspondents urged in the London Times that British commercial interests should be taken into account in any arrangement which may present itself for diverting German commerce to our advantage.

BARON KATO, Japanese minister for foreign affairs, speaking in the Diet on September 4, said:

Early in August the British government had proposed to us a plan for assistance under the terms of the Anglo-Japanese alliance. The Japanese government therefore requested, and it was possible for request, and if necessary to open hostilities against Germany.

WEST VIRGINIA TAILOR STRIKE IS EXCEPTIONAL

American Women Fight Bravely for Rights

NEW YORK, June 11.—(AP)—A bitter fight among members of Journeyman Tailors Union No. 10 against the National Woolen Mills of Parkersburg, West Virginia, is being brought to the attention of unionists all over the country.

Emmanuel Jacobs, general organizer of the tailors in New York, says that the company organized for years ago and asked the union to organize its plant. For 15 years the business grew until the concern was valued at \$1,000,000 and had retail stores in many cities.

An All American Strike Suddenly on January 24, 1925 the firm locked out the union and declared that those who wished to return would have to come back to an open shop. The remarkable thing about the lockout, which is now a strike, is that the majority of the workers are native Americans, 75 per cent of them women. Jacobs asserts, and they were remained out over 18 weeks without a cent of pay in their hands.

Strike benefits of \$6 to \$7 cannot support them but their solidarity is exemplary. Jacobs says. Even a severe lockout cannot picketing and all strike activities has not averted the college.

College Training and Union Label The president of the company committed suicide recently, during the strike and possibly because of it, according to the strikers. Strikers also say that the president's son returned from college with 100 per cent plus Americanism in an open shop which he immediately attempted to put into effect in the union shop.

The company is now sending out letters to its stores that it will have the label of the United Garment Workers on its clothes soon, Jacobs states. Work is being sent out from Parkersburg to independent shops in Baltimore where the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union refused to accept work from the National Woolen Mills because of the tailors' strike.

The Journeymen Tailors, Local No. 1, is conducting a vigorous organization drive in New York. About 75 per cent of the tailors in Italy, so three Italian organizers are kept busy in addition to Jacobs.

"MOTHER" BLOOR BLAZING RED TRAIL THRU MORMON TERRITORY

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, June 11.—Ella Reeve Bloor, veteran Communist, who is making a coast to coast tour in behalf of the DAILY WORKER arrived here yesterday and is to address a mass meeting tomorrow in the Labor Temple.

Bloor will be in Ogden on Friday and in Rock Springs on Saturday.

TWO weeks before Baron Kato had made the statement quoted above, the London Times had said:

It should be said at once that the Japanese intervention has not taken place without full consultation with Great Britain.

Five weeks later (September 25) the Times stated further:

We appealed to our ally in the terms of the treaty, and she has not only agreed to support us actively we have learned to expect her. Japan had no desire to enter the war. She has done so, the emperor and his ministers are most anxious for the return of peace. CAUSE SHE COULD NOT BREAK HER PROMISES. (Emphasis ours).

BUT according to a diplomat, author of "The Fall of Tsingtau" under the pen name of Jefferson Jones, who was in Tokio at the time and in possession of the facts, Japan on August 2, told the British government that she was willing to put in force the Anglo-Japanese alliance.

Five days later, August 7, the British ambassador in Tokio handed to the foreign office of Tokio a request that Japan join in the European war.

So far the record shows that the Japanese did not wait for Great Britain and Japan. One was ready to ask aid; the other was waiting anxiously for the return of peace.

BUT there are other references whose evidence is still stronger in support of the contention that the decision to proceed against Germany was made on Germany by Japan and the seizure of German leased territory by military measures which violated every known rule of international law. A joint conspiracy on the part of Great Britain and China, directed at both Germany and China.

K. K. Kawakami, himself a Japanese and founder of Japanese foreign policy, writing in the Atlantic Monthly for November, 1914, said:

What caused the British Street to invite Japanese co-operation is not clearly known to the outside world. The Japanese press is in all probability, rightly or wrongly, waiting anxiously that she asked to be asked.

Bodies of Japanese troops made detours, occupying cities and towns of the province wide of the direct line of march. Wherever they went, the Japanese assumed control of the country, means of communication, posts and telegraphs; and subjected the Chinese population to many hardships, indignities and deprivations, which were observed and reported by American and British missionaries in that region. (Thomas F. Millard, "Our Eastern Question," Page 107.)

Japan then, made war on China as well as on Germany; made war on a neutral power, the United States, in the case of Belgium and in co-operation with the troops of the same government that made the violation of Belgium neutrality a pretext for war on Germany.

WRITING IN THE NEW REPUBLIC

March 8, 1920 John Dewey says: Japanese troops were ordered to advance before they made any serious attempt to capture Tsingtau. It is fully admitted that the Japanese carried out this scheme as would still have enjoyed, in virtue of Article Five of the Kiaochow convention of 1915, the privilege of occupying in some future time "a more suitable territory" in China. This was exactly the condition which the allies did not want to see established in China. If, on the other hand, Germany was forced to abandon Kiaochow by the fulfillment of the sword, China would no longer be under obligation to "cede to Germany a more suitable place."

JUST some of our readers get the mistaken impression from the last issue quoted that Japan took Kiaochow so that China would be relieved of the necessity of ceding to Germany "a more suitable territory," in other words, that Great Britain and Japan went to war on Germany in China for China's good, let us see what Japan actually did.

To attack Tsingtau the Japanese landed troops at Langkow—not a British or German but a Chinese port and marched them 150 miles across Shantung peninsula—Chinese territory.

Bodies of Japanese troops made detours, occupying cities and towns of the province wide of the direct line of march. Wherever they went, the Japanese assumed control of the country, means of communication, posts and telegraphs; and subjected the Chinese population to many hardships, indignities and deprivations, which were observed and reported by American and British missionaries in that region. (Thomas F. Millard, "Our Eastern Question," Page 107.)

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From an impartial standpoint the slogan of Tsingtau will always stand out as remarkably free from hatred. During the operations, Japanese officers sent many messages in the Tsingtau wireless, wishing their German friends and former troops luck and safety during the long and costly campaign. The message, instead of indulging in crimination such as usually goes on between the German and British wireless, was couched in friendly terms and his officers did not desire to humiliate the defeated German officer. The message that were interchanged during the siege and after-

wards were couched in the most courteous language. (Jefferson Jones, "The Fall of Tsingtau," Page 67.)

AS late as December 1, 1921, the seizure of Shantung was defended by K. K. Kawakami. Written at the time of the Washington conference, and published as part of "Japan's Pacific Policy," the article entitled "The Shantung Disputa," says:

It is to establish her claim to Kiaochow, China should not only have declared war, but should have taken it from Germany by force of arms. But as China was neither capable nor willing to drive Germany from Kiaochow, Japan had to undertake that task. Had China been actively engaged on the side of the allies, there might have been some force in the plea that she preferred to resume the German rights for herself. But China never did this and an Great Britain attacked and took the German colony. China's rights were never restored. The railway was totally destroyed when on May 20, 1920, the Berlin government notified Peking that by virtue of the German capitulation at Versailles, the railway was placed in German hands as well as all other German interests. China was plainly told by Germany that she must negotiate with Japan if she wanted to recover those rights.

JAPAN had taken Germany's former leasehold by force and in violation of the elementary rights of the world. She had never been satisfied and she would not be satisfied until the richest sections of Chinese territory were subjugated as a result of the war.

She proceeded to consolidate her new holdings and the manner in which she did it, without any hindrance, was a gross violation of democracy in the western world is another interesting chapter—interesting to American workers because of the part played by the Japanese in the movement of students, workers and peasants with which Japan came in contact as well as which she had not reckoned.

The next article will deal with these events.

10,000 JERSEY PAINTERS FIGHT AGAINST POISON

Spraying Machines and Bad Scaffolds to Go

By ARTHUR SHIELDS, (Federated Press Staff Correspondent)

NEW YORK, June 11.—Ten thousand and union painters of New Jersey have launched a campaign against poisonous materials. The men using the spraying machine had bad scaffolds.

The first health agreement is likely to be signed by District Council No. 19, comprising the painters in Bergen and Passaic counties and will be similar to agreements drafted by the health bureau and in force between the painters' union and the master painters' associations in New York City and Rochester.

The spraying machine must go, say the health bureau. Abolition of regulation is the union's program in the advice of scientific experts of the health bureau who have shown that the use of this method does not in practice safeguard the painters. The spray machine, now coming into wider use, is used by emulating the power of the hand. The paint is literally sprayed and the air is filled with flying particles of paint materials for many feet around the machine. In the case of hand painting it has been found that the air in the vicinity of the spraying machine contains 27 to 87 times as much lead as would poison a man.

An important phase of the present campaign is the education of the union members in health and safety matters. Leaflets explain dangerous conditions and symptoms of poisoning and union members receive forms for reporting accidents and suspicious work materials, as well as medical forms to be given to physicians to assist in proving an occupational disease. Workers are assisted in making practical steps needed to get what is coming to them under the compensation law and are specifically instructed that the New Jersey Occupational Disease law went into effect July, 1924, allows actual compensation for lead, wood alcohol and benzol poisoning.

Monthly conferences are held between the union and the health committee of the New Jersey Painters' State conference. The New Jersey health campaign represents a union of coastal health experts and organized workers and promises substantial gains in health and safety for painters.

Heat Wave Hits London. LONDON, June 11.—The heat wave which brought suffering to New York and other American cities last week continued on London today.

TELLS OF SHANGHAI CONSULAR BODY'S AUTOCRATIC BEHAVIOR BEFORE PRESENT STRIKE BEGAN

By SHIMBAD

SHANGHAI, China.—(By Mail)—The consular body of Shanghai has again felt the necessity for the sending of an urgent telegram to the diplomatic body of Peking informing it that "lives and property of foreigners" in Shanghai have again been endangered.

A foreign launch was proceeding up the river Sunday night which was suddenly beset by the Chinese. One of the Chinese challenged it, thinking that the launch was a gunboat. The boat ignored the command and attempted to proceed on its way. The crew of the gunboat convinced of its suspicious opened fire immediately with the result that the launch was well-riddled with bullets and one of the party on board, a Briton, was wounded.

This was the incident which occasioned the alarm on the part of the local consular body.

There are several aspects of the case which it would be in order to mention here. In the first place it is obvious from the above narrative on the question of military or naval law that the British launch was in the wrong. Since the Whangpoo river is, at least

nominal, Chinese territory, the Chinese gunboat had full jurisdiction over this area; hence, the launch should have been a vessel of coastal waters and its identity. Failing in this important measure the boat was, naturally, fired on with the resulting injury to one of its passengers.

Another interesting fact is that there are no less than 18 battleships, British, American, Japanese, Italian and French straggled up and down the river the presence of which makes any appreciation for the "safety" of foreign lives and property, absurd.

Living Newspaper Composed by New York Young Workers

NEW YORK, June 11.—The Young Workers League of District New York has arranged a living newspaper for Friday June 12th at 105 Eldridge St., to begin at 8 p. m. sharp.

This is the first time in the country that any unit of the League has arranged such a rich educational program of Leninism. Below is a list of the subjects to be read, discussed, and acted upon: Lenin and Imperialism; The National and Peasant Questions by Jack Stachel; Lenin and the Party by Will Rosenberg; Lenin and the Communist by S. Danc; Lenin and the Trade Union by J. Rubin; Lenin the Russian Revolution by H. Fox; Lenin and the Youth by Herbert Zant.—Editor Herbert Zant.

All workers are invited to attend this reading of the living newspaper and to discuss the same with the teachings of the greatest leader of the World Revolution, with Leninism.

Every sub you get during Red Week of June 15 to 21 is a sub to "make another Communist."

NORWAY HOPES FOR U. S. AID IN ARCTIC SEARCH

OSLO, Norway, June 11.—Norwegian friends of Captain Roald Amundsen still were hopeful today that the United States will aid in the search in the polar region for the missing Amundsen-Ellsworth North Pole flyers.

There is a possibility of a sea expedition to the north pole which will remain all winter in the Arctic and be equipped with sledges to search for Amundsen. It would be desirable that the flyers be included for reconnoitering.

This was brought out today in comment of the Norwegian newspaper "Tidens," which discussed the refusal of Secretary of the Navy Wilbur to allow air craft to join the several relief expeditions.

CHICAGO LABOR DEFENSE FORCES TO MEET FRIDAY

The Chicago conference for Labor Defense and Relief will meet Friday, June 12, (today) at Greek Workers' Hall, 722 Blue Island Ave., 8 p. m. sharp.

Arrangements will be made for a monster mass meeting to wind up the national campaign for the defense of labor. Defense organizations on June 23th, Temple Hall has been secured and Bishop William Montgomery Brown, Chicago, will attend and present the program, as well as William Z. Foster and C. E. Ruthenberg will be the speakers.

In addition there is the matter of getting full returns on the new defense coupons just sent to all branches.

All delegates are expected to bring in the names, addresses and former military unit of all ex-servicemen in or friendly to our movement for the fortification of the Crouch-Trumbull agitation. Settlements of all outstanding accounts are also urged.

Art Shields Will Address New York Worker Correspondents

NEW YORK.—Art Shields of the Federated Press will speak this Saturday evening June 12th at the meeting of New York Workers Correspondents at 105 East 14th street on the subject: "The Fugitived Press and How to Report Labor News." Admission is free. The class begins at seven o'clock.

Five thousand subs for Red Week. Red Week of June 15 to 21.

BURNED BODIES OF 17 MINERS BROUGHT FROM WRECKED WORKINGS

STURGIS, Ky.—Seventeen bodies of the miners who were killed by the explosion which wrecked the shaft of the Kentucky Coal company's mine No. 9 were found at the four hundred foot level of the mine. The bodies were taken to the surface and brought to the surface. The bodies were terribly burned.

The cause of the explosion was a gas leak from the same mine killed 62 men eight years ago.

union members in health and safety matters. Leaflets explain dangerous conditions and symptoms of poisoning and union members receive forms for reporting accidents and suspicious work materials, as well as medical forms to be given to physicians to assist in proving an occupational disease. Workers are assisted in making practical steps needed to get what is coming to them under the compensation law and are specifically instructed that the New Jersey Occupational Disease law went into effect July, 1924, allows actual compensation for lead, wood alcohol and benzol poisoning.

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Tells of Shanghai Consular Body's Autocratic Behavior Before Present Strike Began

By SHIMBAD

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