

Daily Worker Annual Subscription \$1.00  
In Advance  
GET IN ON IT!  
Price 3 Cents

Vol. II, No. 111. SUBSCRIPTION RATES: In Chicago, by mail, \$4.00 per year. Outside Chicago, by mail, \$5.00 per year.

### RAILWAY CONDUCTORS VOTE TO QUIT LAFOLETTE; WILL PEDDLE VOTES TO THE TWO OLD PARTIES

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., May 21.—The Order of Railway Conductors of America voted at its triennial convention here today to withdraw from the third party political movement and henceforth to remain a non-partisan political unit endorsing for office candidates friendly to labor, irrespective of political affiliation.

### AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

German monarchists are not letting the grass grow under their feet in their desire to wipe away the stain that was placed on the imperial standard when the Weimar constitution was substituted for the Kaiser's. Not that the German workers are for any improvement in their lot, but by the substitution of the Weimar constitution for the Kaiser's they have made contact with his enemies, the employers of the land. Since then his skull was cracked in the name of the republic, in behalf of the same capitalist class.

Only a few days ago all the premises of the German states set out to fulfill Hindenburg on his election. Their spokesman was Otto Braun, socialist premier of Prussia. Braun told Hindenburg that everybody in Germany, from the leader of the fascists to the head of the social democrats was as pleased as a cat, hatching in the sun, with the field marshal's election. Old Hindenburg is a patriot, the socialist said. Since he could not think of being the servant of any one class. But a few days ago, the socialists in the Reichstag made a vote of no confidence in the government and they were defeated.

Placed with their victory, the monarchists decided to take the ball on the hop and move the election to be appointed to fulminate the Weimar constitution and take the Reichstag poison out of it. The social democratic workers will have plenty of time to reason with themselves whether the dictatorship of Hindenburg and the fascist monarchists is preferable to the dictatorship of the workers and peasants. Hindenburg is a shameless slut, the socialist leaders have uses for her. They are the political stumps of the German working class.

The Wall Street bankers are not alone in coming to the conclusion that Hindenburg is all right as their show window figure in Germany. The New Leader, of New York, and the Milwaukee Leader of Wisconsin, one specifically and the other officially, have declared for the Kaiser's favorite butcher. Berger shows his hand by gazing a look at a British soldier in a paper, which eulogizes Hindenburg and sets him up as a kindly soul who would not hurt a fly even though he has no conscience and is slaughtering millions of human beings.

The United States government was forced to reduce its aid and unprecedented sentence and unprecedented Privates Crouch and Trumbull in Honolulu. The Milwaukee Leader is not behind in its sympathy for the soldiers, but because "the great United States government has fortunately" (Continued on page 2)

Wooden Cars Menace Life. NEW YORK, May 21.—One hundred and forty-seven wooden cars on the elevated lines of the Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit Co. and are a serious menace to life. Corporation Counsel Nicholas reports, following a wreck in which eight persons were injured. The company ignores the order of the Transit commission requiring 100 new steel cars, despite large profits.

### ONE MAN DYING, SIX WOUNDED WHEN DALLAS MOB STORMS JAIL TO LYNCH TWO NEGROES WHO AWAITED TRIAL

DALLAS, Texas, May 21.—One man is dying and six others were wounded early today when a mob of about 5,000 stormed the Dallas county jail in an effort to seize two Negroes, Frank and Lorenzo Noel, brothers, being held for the alleged murders of two white men and an assault on their woman companion.

The wounded are: Dwight Stewart, C. J. Tullenean, K. T. Swain, N. E. Duncan, J. J. Young and Tim Jollis, all said to live in Dallas. Stewart's injuries were believed to be of a fatal nature. About 100 of the mob would be lynched were arrested. The attacking party carried pistols and rifles, shot a volley against the jail building, where the two Negroes occupied cells. The volley was returned by police inside the jail. One dying, six wounded. Five hundred men, heavily armed, will guard the Dallas county jail tonight to protect Frank and Lorenzo Noel from mob violence. Sheriff Schuler is said to be in Dallas. Any group that attempts to approach the jail to take possession

### BRITISH PLUTES FEAR REBELLION AMONG COLONIES

LONDON, England, May 21.—The forced resignation of Vincent Allenby as high commissioner for Egypt, is the result of a number of indications among the subject races dominated by Great Britain is causing increasing worry to the Baldwin government.

Allenby's resignation came following the dissolution of the Egyptian parliament by the puppet premier, after it was found that Zagloul's anti-imperialist party had gained control. Wales Plays the Monkey. Allenby's withdrawal is said to be due to his failure to suppress the move of the Egyptians for independence from foreign domination, which was exemplified in the killing of Sir Leo Stack, governor general of the Sudan.

The price of Wales, now in South Africa, is kept busy hoping from one British colony to another, watching hula hula dances, playing polo, dancing and shaking hands, in order to impress the colonial people with England's "good will". However, the native South Africans cannot be impressed with that elusive commonwealth spirit which is exploited at starvation wages by British capitalists under the protection of the British government.

### Wales Makes Matters Worse in South Africa

Serious Revolt. The price of Wales' visits have already caused one serious revolt among the Orangemen, and several other disturbances and demonstrations against British imperialism.

The revolt of the Moroccans against Spanish and French imperialism has caused the British capitalists to be so great concern as to their hold on the colonies exploited by England.

### FACTS ON SPEED-UP TO BE GIVEN BY MILL UNIONS

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., May 21.—(AP)—Assembling of facts on the speed-up problem and the efforts of industrial engineers to introduce speed-up efficiency methods is to be done by the emergency committee of the executive council, American Federation of Textile Operatives. The union executive council decided that the propaganda of machinery manufacturers and over-zealous engineers must be combated by telling the facts from the point of view of the workers involved.

Several new unions organized at Hattiesburg, Vt., Bradford, Me., and Brattleboro, Vt., are active after meeting. The strike of voile weavers at Fall River, is active after four months' fight against a wage cut. The convention of the American Federation of Textile Operatives is scheduled for June 24-27 at Hattiesburg, Me., and all affiliated locals are being asked to send delegates.

### FINNISH WHITE GUARD GOVERNMENT ATTACKS LABOR ORGANIZATIONS

HELSINKI, Finland, May 21.—Finland's supreme court having declared the Finnish Communist Party's activities illegal, the party has been ordered by the government to obtain legal decrees, for the dissolution of ninety-seven other supposed Communist organizations.

### WORKERS MUST PUT AN END TO ZANKOV TERROR

Fascists Caused Sofia Bombings, Reds Show

(Special to The Daily Worker) MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., May 21.—The foreign delegation of the Bulgarian Communist Party issued the following declaration on recent happenings in Bulgaria, signed by Comrade Kolarov and Dimitroff:

"The Communist Party of Bulgaria had planned no armed intervention either for the 15th of April or for any other date. The statements of the government in Sofia are nothing but lies. The Central Committee had nothing whatever to do with the attempt on King Boris' life, nor with the rights and liberties of the working masses were restored. The government's calumnious campaign was only to serve the purpose of justifying the mass executions of the workers and peasants. The Central Committee had not considered the creation of a Soviet government in Bulgaria as its immediate aim. The Communist Party and the working class must carry on their struggle illegally only, because they were outlawed; but the party continually expanded the legalization of the workers' organizations, and repeatedly declared its readiness to return to legal methods as soon as the rights and liberties of the working masses were restored."

Zankov Cause Bombing. The Communist Party was always opposed to individual terror, always supporting by one form or another. The mass struggle of the workers and peasants. Only two months ago the Central Committee had criticized the practice of the campaign against the high cost of living, and had declared itself against the formation of partisan groups. The Communist Party was always opposed to foreign invasions from Yugoslavia. But the party repeatedly declared that the reign of terror of the military clique was the only way to bring about a new constitution, and that the party too they would fight on the side of the people.

Other mass explosions and other terrorist acts, are the inevitable result of the unparalleled governmental terror. The prisons are overcrowded with thousands of workers belonging to illegal organizations. The law-abiding workers and peasants who were shot or otherwise murdered, possessed no other means of defense than those dictated by the instinct of self-preservation. The Communist Party repeats emphatically that the country cannot be saved by this method. (Continued on page 3)

### ENTIRE ISLAND MAY BE TIED UP

(Special to The Daily Worker) DUBLIN, Ireland, May 21.—The railway workers of Ireland are threatened with a cut of five shillings a week. The men are organized in the Railway Transport Union which has its chief strength in England, and C. T. Cramp, the head of this union is now in Ireland fighting the case of the men before an arbitration board.

In the southern section particularly the men are threatening to take strike action the moment a wage cut is announced. The so-called "wage board" is made up of representatives from the chambers of commerce of both Belfast and Dublin, two congressmen and six members each from the union and the companies.

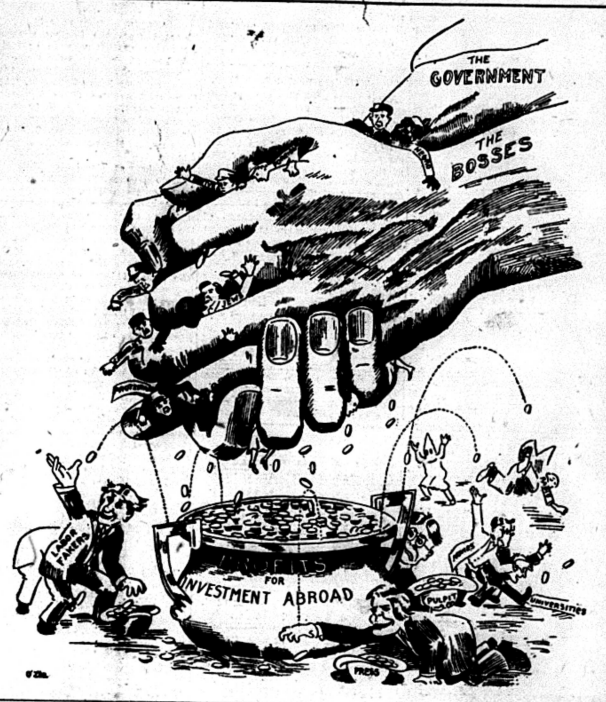
### Bribery and Jury Fixing Charged in Shepherd Trial

The Shepherd-McClintock tangle took a forward step today with the announcement that James Callan, the ward politician alleged to have attempted to influence a prospective juror had been found and that Arthur E. Byrne, Shepherd investigator, had changed his mind about testifying before the grand jury and was now awaiting only a call.

The trial thus far has been marked by kidnapping and disappearance of witnesses and charges of bribery and jury fixing.

\$2,400 for a Life. YORK, Pa., May 21.—Two thousand four hundred dollars, is the value placed on a human life by state Workmen's Compensation Board of Pennsylvania. In the case of Harry L. Saylor, salesman for the Gehley Car Co., drowned last year in Crislingport, Pa. while in the service of his company at an employer's picnic. The company fought the case.

### CREATING "OUR" NATIONAL WEALTH



### IRISH RAILWAY STRIKE LOOKS ON WAGE CUT

ROCKFORD, Ill., May 21.—George Steffen, 19, of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, was so badly crushed under the wheels of an Illinois Central train here today that he died on the way to the hospital. Steffen with Charles L. Vora, 17, East Cedar Rapids, spent last night in Rockford on their way home from Chicago, where they had been looking for work. They attempted to hop the west bound train to resume their trip, when Steffen miscalculated and went under the wheels.

### UNITY MOVEMENT MAKES PROGRESS ON CONTINENT

The current issue of Trade Union Unity, which is edited by A. A. Purcell, George Hicks and Ed. Fimmen, declares a list of organizations that have endorsed the international unity movement initiated by the British and Russian trade unions. The magazine calls attention to the failure of the socialist and official press on the continent to publish expressions of the rank and file in behalf of unity. The following are some of the unions that have endorsed the action of the British Trades Union Congress in entering into an agreement with the Soviet unions to further the cause of unity: GREAT BRITAIN—Both the Shop Assistants' Union and the National Union of Distributive and Allied Workers have received at their recent annual conferences, presidential addresses strongly urging trade union unity.

### Arrest Many Reds in Murder Drive of Zankov Terrorists

MANCHESTER AREA, Trade Union unanimously commended the British trade union delegation to Russia for its efforts on behalf of unity, and (Continued on page 5)

### Unemployed Boys Ride Train in Search for Jobs; One Killed

ROCKFORD, Ill., May 21.—George Steffen, 19, of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, was so badly crushed under the wheels of an Illinois Central train here today that he died on the way to the hospital. Steffen with Charles L. Vora, 17, East Cedar Rapids, spent last night in Rockford on their way home from Chicago, where they had been looking for work. They attempted to hop the west bound train to resume their trip, when Steffen miscalculated and went under the wheels.

### Social - Democrats Play Judas Role

The current issue of Trade Union Unity, which is edited by A. A. Purcell, George Hicks and Ed. Fimmen, declares a list of organizations that have endorsed the international unity movement initiated by the British and Russian trade unions. The magazine calls attention to the failure of the socialist and official press on the continent to publish expressions of the rank and file in behalf of unity. The following are some of the unions that have endorsed the action of the British Trades Union Congress in entering into an agreement with the Soviet unions to further the cause of unity: GREAT BRITAIN—Both the Shop Assistants' Union and the National Union of Distributive and Allied Workers have received at their recent annual conferences, presidential addresses strongly urging trade union unity.

### MORGAN FIRM IS READY TO FLOOD U. S. WITH POISON

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, D. C., May 21.—That the Ethyl Gas Corporation has little fear that the conference which the surgeon general Cummings of the public health service called to convene here on May 19, will bar the sale of "looney" tetra-ethyl gasoline, was seen in the announcement of that special motor which will be introduced to use the lead gasoline. The Ethyl Gasoline Corporation is a combination of the Standard Oil company, and the General Motors Corporation, a J. P. Morgan concern. U. S. Maxwell, sales manager for the "looney" gas corporation, declared that preparations are now being made to introduce special motors which are aimed to triple the mileage of ordinary gasoline.

The lead gasoline has already killed 11 workmen employed by the Standard Oil company and the Dupont Chemical company in manufacturing it, and has wrecked the health of many more. Doctors and universities investigating the sale of the gasoline, declare it to be a public menace. Surgeon general Cummings showed that he is anxious to aid the Morgan-K Rockefeller combination, when he announced upon the opening of the conference that "I sincerely hope it should be found that tetra-ethyl gas is deleterious to the public health, some substitute possessing the same efficiency will be developed."

LONDON, May 21.—An earthquake of moderate strength shook Cairo, Egypt, today, but without damaging the city, according to a Central News Dispatch.

### BRITISH AND RUSSIAN UNIONS ISSUE STATEMENTS ON PROGRESS OF INTERNATIONAL UNITY MOVE

LONDON, May 8.—(By Mail)—Today the London Daily Herald, official organ of the British trade union movement, published the following story giving the latest developments in the efforts being made by the Russian and British unions for a United Trade Union International. The progress of the joint effort is marked by the most cordial relations between the officials of both labor movements.

### FIERCE FIGHT RAGES ON DIFF-FRENCH FRONT Paris Suppresses All Casualty Lists

(Special to The Daily Worker) RABAT, French Morocco, May 21.—Fierce fighting is raging along the Blaine front, with the Rifian natives inflicting severe damage on the French invaders. The Moroccan forces have reinforced their western flank, a war communique issued by the French official press.

Gen. Colombar had great difficulty in bringing up supplies to his troops, and succeeded only after heavy fighting, in which artillery and airplanes took part. Several hand to hand battles in the Rif trenches took place. No statement as to the French losses has been made since the beginning of the French invasion of Northern Africa. Communists Dislose Heavy Losses

PARIS, France, May 21.—Newspapers opposed to the French invasion of Morocco are printing the news of heavy French losses which the Parisian government is attempting to suppress.

The Communist newspaper L'Humanite prints a dispatch from Morocco disclosing that one regiment of colonial infantry has had more than 400 men killed and wounded since operations began. The first battalion of the Young soldiers, who lost forty-nine men, the Communist paper reveals.

The guarded official communiques conceal the fact that the French have been forced to retreat.

Last week, according to war office statements, the fighting was all north of the Georgia river, but the latest communique mentions occupation of places south of the river, showing that the French line has been pushed back.

It is now a well known fact that the official statements of the French army and the news dispatches of the correspondents are grossly and systematically distorted. The organ of the left bloc, L'Humanite, is that one of the few newspapers that do not refrain from telling the truth about the official news or the unofficial news sent by correspondents, who are watched and censored by the French government. The Cri Maroc further reveals the heavy losses sustained by the French invading army. It tells of how the Young soldiers newly arrived from France march past long lines of caskets and graves on their way to the front. Afd-el-Krim's forces were within 12 miles of Fez, the Moroccan capital, and declares that the seriousness of the situation has not been allowed to become public.

Young soldiers who have had much bayonet fighting, it is now known, with severe losses which have not been reported in the official communiques.

Win Wage Increase. WILKES-BARRE, Pa., May 21.—The employees of the Knitting Mills of Wilkes-Barre, have received wage increases of 10 per cent.

### OPEN SHOPPER IN THE DEVER ADMINISTRATION GLASHES WITH UNIONS

Police and fire alarms in Chicago may break down owing to lack of repair, if the obstinate, open shop efforts of John T. Miller, city commissioner of gas and electricity, to defy the union truck drivers is not ceased. Work on \$400,000 worth of city lighting and the regular repair work was stopped when Miller's officials of the truck drivers because they obeyed the union rules instead of his orders in the matter of working overtime, which they refuse to do without pay. The absence of the drivers leaves 300 firemen and electricians out of work and hails maintenance and repair.

The Trades Union Congress headquarters yesterday issued statements dealing with the recent negotiations between the general council of the (Continued on page 2)



S. IMPERIALISM DASTS OF LABOR AND TRADE WAR

Washington, D. C., May 21.—The higher level of imperialism, superiority of tool equipment and management, said...

CHURCHES' MILLIONS INVESTED IN OPEN SHOP CORPORATIONS IS CHARGE; PENNY BONDS NAMED

By Art Shields (Federated Press Staff Correspondent) NEW YORK, May 21.—How can a Christian church conscientiously...

WORKERS MUST PUT AN END TO ZANKOV TERROR

Fascists Caused Sofia Bombing, Reds Show (Continued from page 1) liberated from the Zankov government...

Capitalist Hope Tries to Put rebellious Riffs in Class With Indians

By J. LOUIS ENDOHALL TODAY, American workers are blandly informed, thru the employers' press, that the trouble the Riffs are making...

NEGRO SLAVES ARE BEATEN IN FLORIDA CAMPS

Judges Sell Workers to Peonage Farms PENACOLA, Florida, May 21.—Negro victims of peonage told in the federal court here...

ORPHAN HOMES SEL CHILDREN INTO SLAVERY

Victims Sent South in Car Loads NEW YORK, May 21.—A traffic in child slaves was revealed at the Child Welfare Conference...

NORTHWESTERN LAYS OFF 3,000 MEN FROM SHOPS

Move to Cut Wages by Unemployment Lucille Wunsch, 15-year-old Thornton high school pupil, walked from the corner's inquest here...

Coroner's Jury Frees 15-Year-Old Vampire Killer

New Haven Carmen Want More Money NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 21.—The trolleyman of New Haven are seeking wage raises...

RED INTERNATIONAL OF LABOR UNIONS GREETS DANISH STRIKE

MOSCOW, May 21.—The executive bureau of the Red International of Labor Unions has directed the following appeal to the striking workers of Denmark:

City of Chicago Sells Valuable Land to Railroad Trust

The city council, by a vote of 26 to 1, passed an ordinance giving the Nickel Plate railroad 255 acres of submerged land...

Engineers Strike in N. Y. to Tie Up Ice Making Plants

(Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK.—(By Mail) —With union engineers ordered to quit their plants...

Farm Boys Worst Exploited

WASHINGTON, May 21.—Boys brought up on farms, where they are the only children...

54 MINES CLOSED IN PITTSBURGH DISTRICT; 11,000 OUT OF WORK

PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 21.—The last of the union mines of the Pittsburgh Coal Co. closed down at the mine at West Newton here...

Little Entente Presents Against Vienna, Austria

VIENNA, Austria, May 21.—The countries of the little entente, Czechoslovakia, Rumania, and Jugoslavia...

Workmen Killed On Job

Olaf Olson, a worker in the employ of the Bates & Rogers Construction company, Harvey, was struck by a steel beam...

Subjects to Price Fluctuation

WASHINGTON, May 21.—A wide States check and the situation appeared imminent today over Chicago grain market speculation...

Winter Defends Just Department

WASHINGTON, May 21.—Congressman Winter of Wyoming, where they are the only children...

German-Pole Dispute Continues

GENEVA, May 21.—Germany has appealed her dispute with Poland over the expropriation of the interstate commerce company...

Long Live International Solidarity!

"Long live the unity of the international trade union movement!"

Spring Dance in New York

NEW YORK, May 21.—The Young Workers' League of this city will hold its spring ball this coming Saturday, May 23, at the headquarters of the down town section, 126 Broadway St.



ESTHONIA AND THE WHITE HANGMANS

Military "Court" Gives Death to Workers

(Special to The Daily Worker)
REVAL, May 21.—(AP)—Esthonia the military court working without interruption. Nearly every day in Reval, Dorpat or Narva workers are tried. The number of the accused in every trial is 3 to 5 persons. One or two of them are always sentenced to death. Why does the Esthonian bourgeoisie not allow to be sentenced another trial of "146"? Because the officials cannot organize such a big trial without revealing the whole substance of which is here given, will shortly come up for discussion by the I. F. T. U. at Amsterdam.

Furthermore the coalition government in which Social Democrats participate, tries to hide in smaller trials the terror of the bourgeois rule. By showing the workers and peasants in smaller groups the bourgeoisie believes it can be done unnoticed. This "legal" and systematic murder of the workers and peasants is the greatest terror in present Esthonia.

About one of these trials in which Comrade Weik and Ulguekitt, representatives of the military court, were sentenced to death, the bourgeois press writes laconically:

"The trial is opened at 10:30 p. m. under the presidency of the court marshal, Colonel Halka, assessors are Major Alinson and Colonel Eln. The assistant of the military court is Major Karkov. He represents the prosecution. The lawyers Erik and Lif have been assigned to the defense on a decision of the court."

"In democratic Esthonia colonies and malaps are always playing the most important role. The accusation is the following:

"Long before the December revolt John Weik was known to the secret police as one of the most active members of the labor movement. In 1924 he joined the United Front of the Workers, participated in the demonstration against the war on August 3rd and during all this time energetically worked by means of carrying on agitation and collecting arms."

"The same accusation was raised against the other accused, the assistant of the trial, Ulguekitt, who was the possessor of the Isle of Oesel, Ulguekitt, Comrade Weik did not declare himself guilty."

"The trial examines the 'witnesses' who, as even bourgeois papers admit, are all agents of the police. They naturally all affirmed that they had seen and talked with the accused in the barracks where the conflicts between armed workers and military took place. Comrade Weik did not deny his witness. The chairman of the court asks the police agents what is the political tendency of these witnesses. The answers were: 'Socialist', 'Communist'. The defense asks how the police agents know that. They state that these witnesses have formed in their district a branch of the 'United Front'."

"Therefore the statements of Weik's witnesses are not taken into consideration. After a conference of five minutes the court reads the sentence: John Weik, 27 years of age, the son of a 23 years old are sentenced to death. Comrade Weik was born in 1886. His father was an agricultural worker on a land estate. In 1919 Weik was an ex-soldier received a piece of land on which he worked with his father, maintaining all the time a close connection with the labor movement. Since 1920 he worked among the peasants of the district of Perion and later on in the district of Pöllin. In the elections of 1922 he was appointed by two electoral districts as a candidate on the list of the 'United Front of the Workers and Peasants'. In the beginning of 1924 the peasant minority fraction of the 'United Front' was arrested, Comrade Weik entered the police in the district of the arrested comrades and continued energetically their revolutionary activity till his arrest in December 1924."

"Comrade Ulguekitt, also a peasant, is one of the most popular workers among the small peasants of the Isle of Oesel. He was born in 1892. The revolutionary ideas found a strong response among the working peasants of the Isle of Oesel. The overwhelming majority are small peasants who live under the most difficult conditions. In order to live and to pay their taxes, the peasants look for work in other districts during the winter season. At the time of the revolt Comrade Ulguekitt was in Reval. After the revolt he returned to Oesel where he was arrested and transported to Reval as a 'participant in the revolt'. Comrade Ulguekitt's father Comrade Weik was a candidate for parliament of the district of Oesel for the 'United Front'. This demonstration alone was enough to condemn him to death."

BRITISH AND RUSSIAN UNIONS ISSUE STATEMENT ON UNITY

(Continued from page 1)
T. U. C. and the delegates to the All-Russian Central Council of Trade Unions.

The conference, it will be remembered, discussed questions of the possible addition of the Russian trade union movement to the International Federation of Trade Unions. The statements by each side, the substance of which is here given, will shortly come up for discussion by the I. F. T. U. at Amsterdam.

The British Statement.
The British statement, after preliminary remarks, said as follows:
(1) It is suggested that the Russian movement should consider a reply to the Amsterdam resolution to the effect that in the interest of international unity they are prepared to discuss the possibility of an International Federation of Trade Unions which would include among its objects those enumerated in the Preamble of the International and a constitution, in general outline, not essentially different from that of the Amsterdam International.

As the present rules of the International Federation were drafted to meet the requirements of the countries of the West, it is suggested that any supplementary revision may fall to meet legitimate requirements of the Russian trade union movement. The Russian trade union movement, it is stated, is a movement of workers of all nationalities and all their requirements are absolutely necessary. The object of such conversations would be to facilitate the development of the existing International Federation so as to facilitate the inclusion of the Russian and all other trade union organizations.

Conference Proposal.
(2) The British section will undertake to submit to the Amsterdam International that this, in principle, complies with their conditions for the inclusion of the Russian and all other nationalities, and will urge that full consideration must be given to those special difficulties confronting the Russian trade union movement, representing a country with a great variety of very distinct nationalities.

The British section will declare that the Russian trade union movement, inclusive character cannot be fully developed except by making full provision for variations in tradition, history and conditions of the various countries.

The British section will also affirm that the differences between the Russian and all other nationalities, and the International Federation of Trade Unions can be most successfully dealt with by an informal conference.

(3) Subject to joint agreement on the part of the Russian and British sections, the British section will submit to the International Federation of Trade Unions the following proposals:

(a) The Bureau of the International Federation of Trade Unions to call an immediate conference, with the representative of the All-Russian Council of Trade Unions for the purpose of considering the position arising from the decision of the General Council of the International Federation on the 14th and 15th of February, 1925, and also the conclusions of the joint discussion of the conference.

If such a conference be convened, the Russian and British sections will secure the fullest co-operation of all parties concerned.

(b) In the event of the Bureau of the International Federation of Trade Unions deciding that they are unable to convene a conference as proposed above, the British Trade Union Council of the International Federation to convene a conference and endeavor to promote international unity by using its mediatory influence as far as possible in this direction.

(c) In this capacity the British Trade Union Council of the International Federation to be inspired by a full appreciation of existing difficulties and a desire to create a united industrial international organization capable of efficiency

Letter From a Russian Railway Worker

To keep up your energy which you need in the continuous struggle against the capitalist exploiters, I will tell you something about our life, the life of the working class in the U. S. S. R. and I can vouch for the veracity of the facts.
Comrades, I am a railwayman and the assistant of the station master in "Savinsky" on the Donets Railway. We work in four shifts, the number of hours per month is 135 hours. The monthly wage is 35 roubles which is gradually increasing in accordance with the increase of the productivity of labor. It is true that the housing crisis here is very acute, but the housing co-operative societies are already being organized in this district, and new workers' settlements spring up as the result of every building season. Social insurance is on a satisfactory basis; on the birth of a child the local insurance fund gives to the mother 13 roubles and 60 copecks (prior to the 9 roubles) and 3 roubles per month. The mother employed members of trade unions receives 5 to 10 roubles a month according to length of service. This is a considerable help. We get regular

NEW YORK FOOD WORKERS BUILD UP THEIR UNION

Unorganized Voice a Readiness to Fight

By Arthur Smith
NEW YORK CITY, May 20.—An impressive demonstration of the willingness of unorganized workers to fight for the betterment of their conditions was given at the Bryant Hall meeting last Thursday by the hundreds of unorganized workers of the Hotel and Culinary Industry. They gathered to listen to the words of the speakers, most of them participants of our past struggles. The first call to action was given by the Hotel Workers Branch who responded to the non-union workers with an unexpected good line-up.

On Bryant Hall mute witness to many a great struggle of the hotel and culinary workers, was filled almost to capacity. Union and non-union workers cheered and sang loudly whenever the occasion called for it. Comrade Gitz uttered a brief opening address as the first speaker.

Voices From the Kitchens
Obermeyer is a waiter by trade and one of the old and loyal fighters of our union. His description of the conditions in the hotel and restaurant industry made all feel the injustice of it.

At the meeting progressed groups of workers were still pouring in. The small of un-ventilated kitchens and dining rooms was still lingering about them, giving them a feeling of the conditions of Comrade Mobilie, describing the merciless exploitation of the workers in the culinary industry.

Rank and File Ready to Fight
There were speeches in Italian, and some more in English. But what marked the climax of the meeting were the words of the speakers, some workers of various open-shop hotels and restaurants. "Are we to endure for the rest of our lives every twelve hours of labor, with no more than rigid supervision and unbearable working conditions? Shall the bosses and their parasites and hoodlums continue to suck out every ounce of our strength and energy every day? No! No! is our chance. If we only stick together and stand firm, we will be the essence of the words of all of them. They pointed out that conditions have changed and today the workers in the open-shops are willing to fight.

This sentiment expressed by representatives of the unorganized masses carried a message to the workers. It was a declaration of war against the open-shop bosses.

The Demands of the Workers Are:
"Eight hours work, straight watch; our minimum weekly wage scale: \$50 for cooks and waiters; \$35 for combs; \$30 for busboys and blue jackets.

Entire Families Work 14 Hours Daily Under Dawes Plan in Germany
BERLIN, May 21.—German home workers in the toy, artificial flowers and clothing industries and their compensation was the subject of talk delivered by Professor Heyde, president of the Society of Social Reformers at an exhibition of home work products. The exhibition comprised all those trades and industries which in the rural sections of Germany employ entire villages and larger communities in the making of toys, labels, feathers, flowers and embroideries.

Wages are so low that wooden box-makers are paid at 2 1/2 pfennigs an hour. The average in the clothing industry is 1 1/2 pfennigs. The homes of these workers were described as shacks that are little more than heaps of ill-remembered bricks comprising the room in which they work, sleep and live. Conditions in Thuringia are so bad that workers with their wives and children have to put in 14 hours of hard work each day in order to avoid starvation.

Wage Slaves Amuse Clothing Bosses
The convention of the International Association of Garment Manufacturers, now meeting in the Hotel La Salle, made their employees put on a style show for the amusement of the bosses present and awarded certificates of merit to the employees displaying the most blatant clothing covering. Our main slogan is: "Down with everything that now is, and make way for everything that is healthy."

Getting a DAILY WORKER subscription will make a better Communist of you.

POLISH WHITE TERROR TORTURES SOLDIERS, JAILS WORKERS AND PERSECUTES SCHOOL CHILDREN

WARSAW, Poland, May 21.—The police of the districts near the frontier continues to undertake mass arrests among the local population. According to the latest news 20 persons have been arrested in Grodno and ten workers in the tobacco factory. The hall of the tobacco workers has been closed by the police.

According to news from Bialostok, in Bolog and Bolowok the authorities have arrested 20 persons for membership in a militant organization. The purpose of this arrest is the organization on a new anti-Bolshevik trial.

For the same purpose in Pinsk and Kobryna 80 persons have been arrested. Children are not allowed to receive instruction in their mothers language. The population of the village Prud of the district Blomni established their own White Russian school. This did not please the local authorities. The police called the teacher Rospokitch to the office and demanded from him a written promise that he would give the children no instruction in the White Russian language. For refusal of this demand the teacher was arrested.

Sentences Against Labor Editors.
The district court in Warsaw sentenced the editor of the Na Prolom, Marian Kozmicki, to two years of prison for publication of an "anti-state" article with a criticism of the content of the Polish bourgeois press at the occasion of the protest movement of the state officials of Poland against white terror.

At a meeting in Warsaw reached by the district court in Sosnowitz sentenced the former editor of the radical organ Molot, Sawadsky, to four years of prison for publishing an article the sentence more "convincing" the editor was furthermore accused of distribution of Communist leaflets in the coal mines of Sosnowitz and of membership in the local relief committee for the support of the starved workers of the district. For refusal of this trial a number of police agents and spies appeared as witnesses.

Soldiers Brutally Maltreated.
Under this impressive title we read in the paper "Pravda" that the 1st battalion Colonel Schuster the soldiers are brutally maltreated. For the least offense they are sentenced to heavy floggings, beaten, are beaten in their faces, etc. In the letters of the soldiers to their families facts are mentioned which are unduly cruel. Some soldiers have been driven to such despair that they have committed suicide.

Subscribe for the DAILY WORKER!

THE COMMUNIST CHILDREN COLUMN

Los Angeles Juniors Force Public Schools to Recognize May Day
By WM. SCHNEIDERMAN.
LOS ANGELES, Calif., May 21.—The Juniors of Los Angeles are habitually the most militant and active when they forced the school authorities to recognize May Day as a legitimate holiday for working class children. Last year over 400 Juniors had observed May Day by staying out of school and celebrating with a big outing. Two schools especially, where the Juniors are well organized, attempted to severely punish the children and refused to recognize their parents' request that they observe May Day.

In the Hollenbeck High School, 29 children were given severe punishments which included the sending of school detention, demerits, etc. Immediately the Young Workers League got busy and organized a parents' protest meeting, and a parents' committee went to the principal of the school and presented a resolution demanding the withdrawal of the punishment and that there be no issue of it in the coming election campaign. The principal informed them that the matter was in the hands of the board of education, thereby admitting that he was merely acting as a tool of the capitalist politicians who control the schools of the workers' children.

Admitted to the committee that these twenty-nine Juniors who were being punished for their courageous and patriotic stand were the brightest students in the school. Evidently the principal was impressed by his own stand in the working class solidarity, for the next day the punishments were completely withdrawn. The parents and the Young Workers League were informed of their victory just as they were preparing to present protest resolutions to every local union in the city which they recognized May Day.

In the Malabar School, over 45 children had stayed away on May Day, and the principal had issued demerits and threats. The principal of this school had gone into a rage, threatened the Juniors with dire personal attacks and threatened to punish the children that they all ought to be shipped to Russia. But the Juniors stood their ground and when the parents' committee visited the principal with the same protest resolution and the same demands, he had to sing a different tune. After a conference

WORKERS OF CHICAGO CONDEMN BALKAN WHITE TERROR IN RESOLUTION

A mass meeting of several hundred workers met in Hodesavsky Hall and listened to speeches in English, Croatian, Greek and Bulgarian. The story of the terrible white terror that is sweeping over the Balkans. Most of the workers were representatives of the various Balkan nationalities. The following resolution was passed unanimously:

WHEREAS the oppressive conditions of the Balkan workers, who, with exception, suffered to endure governments nothing about of dictatorships of military, who are the tools of the imperialist system of the greater powers, the west.

WHEREAS, the military and fascist dictators of the Balkan countries serve the purpose of the latter state, against the Workers and Peasants Republic of Soviet Russia and constitute grave dangers as counter-revolutionary forces.

WHEREAS, there is no place in Europe where the working class are more oppressed and economically deprived than in the Balkans where the cruellest exploitation is in the form of heavy jail sentences and in the enslavement of the Balkan people; and

WHEREAS, in every country in Europe where the working class are more oppressed and economically deprived than in the Balkans where the cruellest exploitation is in the form of heavy jail sentences and in the enslavement of the Balkan people; and

WHEREAS, the military and fascist dictators of the Balkan countries serve the purpose of the latter state, against the Workers and Peasants Republic of Soviet Russia and constitute grave dangers as counter-revolutionary forces.

WHEREAS, there is no place in Europe where the working class are more oppressed and economically deprived than in the Balkans where the cruellest exploitation is in the form of heavy jail sentences and in the enslavement of the Balkan people; and

WHEREAS, the military and fascist dictators of the Balkan countries serve the purpose of the latter state, against the Workers and Peasants Republic of Soviet Russia and constitute grave dangers as counter-revolutionary forces.

WHEREAS, there is no place in Europe where the working class are more oppressed and economically deprived than in the Balkans where the cruellest exploitation is in the form of heavy jail sentences and in the enslavement of the Balkan people; and

WHEREAS, the military and fascist dictators of the Balkan countries serve the purpose of the latter state, against the Workers and Peasants Republic of Soviet Russia and constitute grave dangers as counter-revolutionary forces.

WHEREAS, there is no place in Europe where the working class are more oppressed and economically deprived than in the Balkans where the cruellest exploitation is in the form of heavy jail sentences and in the enslavement of the Balkan people; and

WHEREAS, the military and fascist dictators of the Balkan countries serve the purpose of the latter state, against the Workers and Peasants Republic of Soviet Russia and constitute grave dangers as counter-revolutionary forces.

WHEREAS, there is no place in Europe where the working class are more oppressed and economically deprived than in the Balkans where the cruellest exploitation is in the form of heavy jail sentences and in the enslavement of the Balkan people; and

WHEREAS, the military and fascist dictators of the Balkan countries serve the purpose of the latter state, against the Workers and Peasants Republic of Soviet Russia and constitute grave dangers as counter-revolutionary forces.

WHEREAS, there is no place in Europe where the working class are more oppressed and economically deprived than in the Balkans where the cruellest exploitation is in the form of heavy jail sentences and in the enslavement of the Balkan people; and

WHEREAS, the military and fascist dictators of the Balkan countries serve the purpose of the latter state, against the Workers and Peasants Republic of Soviet Russia and constitute grave dangers as counter-revolutionary forces.

WHEREAS, there is no place in Europe where the working class are more oppressed and economically deprived than in the Balkans where the cruellest exploitation is in the form of heavy jail sentences and in the enslavement of the Balkan people; and

WHEREAS, the military and fascist dictators of the Balkan countries serve the purpose of the latter state, against the Workers and Peasants Republic of Soviet Russia and constitute grave dangers as counter-revolutionary forces.

SCOPE HELD FOR THE GRAND JURY ON CHARGE OF TEACHING SCIENCE

DAYTON, Tenn., May 21.—A special session of the Rhea county grand jury was called for Monday to indict J. T. Scopes, teacher in the local high school, for violation of the state law prohibiting the teaching of evolution. Following his plea of not guilty in Justice's court here, Scopes was bound over for action by the grand jury.

Women Workers Protest Against Persecution of the Foreign-Born

NEW YORK, May 21.—A protest mass meeting will be held on Friday, May 29, at 8 p. m., at the Workmen's Circle Building, 405 E. 12th St., to discuss the district court in Sosnowitz sentenced the former editor of the radical organ Molot, Sawadsky, to four years of prison for publishing an article the sentence more "convincing" the editor was furthermore accused of distribution of Communist leaflets in the coal mines of Sosnowitz and of membership in the local relief committee for the support of the starved workers of the district. For refusal of this trial a number of police agents and spies appeared as witnesses.

It is in the interest of all men and women workers to see to it that this mass meeting is well attended. The speakers will address the meeting in English and Yiddish. They will be William Weinstein, of the International Workers Order of America, Kate Gilt, of the Freshet and Workers Party of America, Rose Nevin, the well-known worker in the labor movement; Kate Gilt, of the United Council of Working Class Women; and Lydia Diamond, member of the executive committee of the United Council of Working Class Women; will preside.

This meeting is one of a series of meetings arranged by the United Council of Working Class Women.

REBELS, that we have, workers of the class who meet meeting assembled, pronounce our most emphatic condemnation of the infamous methods of the bourgeois terrorists not only in England but the world over, declare our sympathy with all fascist dictators who are the tools of the imperialist system of the greater powers, the west.

WHEREAS, the military and fascist dictators of the Balkan countries serve the purpose of the latter state, against the Workers and Peasants Republic of Soviet Russia and constitute grave dangers as counter-revolutionary forces.

WHEREAS, there is no place in Europe where the working class are more oppressed and economically deprived than in the Balkans where the cruellest exploitation is in the form of heavy jail sentences and in the enslavement of the Balkan people; and

WHEREAS, the military and fascist dictators of the Balkan countries serve the purpose of the latter state, against the Workers and Peasants Republic of Soviet Russia and constitute grave dangers as counter-revolutionary forces.

WHEREAS, there is no place in Europe where the working class are more oppressed and economically deprived than in the Balkans where the cruellest exploitation is in the form of heavy jail sentences and in the enslavement of the Balkan people; and

WHEREAS, the military and fascist dictators of the Balkan countries serve the purpose of the latter state, against the Workers and Peasants Republic of Soviet Russia and constitute grave dangers as counter-revolutionary forces.

WHEREAS, there is no place in Europe where the working class are more oppressed and economically deprived than in the Balkans where the cruellest exploitation is in the form of heavy jail sentences and in the enslavement of the Balkan people; and

WHEREAS, the military and fascist dictators of the Balkan countries serve the purpose of the latter state, against the Workers and Peasants Republic of Soviet Russia and constitute grave dangers as counter-revolutionary forces.

WHEREAS, there is no place in Europe where the working class are more oppressed and economically deprived than in the Balkans where the cruellest exploitation is in the form of heavy jail sentences and in the enslavement of the Balkan people; and

WHEREAS, the military and fascist dictators of the Balkan countries serve the purpose of the latter state, against the Workers and Peasants Republic of Soviet Russia and constitute grave dangers as counter-revolutionary forces.

WHEREAS, there is no place in Europe where the working class are more oppressed and economically deprived than in the Balkans where the cruellest exploitation is in the form of heavy jail sentences and in the enslavement of the Balkan people; and

Ready Soon!

Fairy Tales for Workers Children

A beautiful collection of stories for children from a working class view-point—with four splendid full page two-color drawings and cover design by LYDIA GIBSON

And many smaller drawings from the original German edition.

Story book size 9x12 inches, with large, clear type and a durable leather-like cover in color.

75 CENTS with durable cover. 1113 W. Washington Blvd. Chicago, Ill.

Subscribe!











THE DAILY WORKER

Published by the DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING CO. 1115 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill. (Phone: Monroe 4713)

Subscription Rates: By mail: 12.00 3 months, 36.00 6 months, 60.00 per year

THE DAILY WORKER Chicago, Illinois

W. LOUIS ENOCHASH Editor

WILLIAM F. DUNNE Business Manager

1115 W. Washington Blvd. Chicago, Illinois

Advertising rates on application

The Kannasto Case

The arrest of Mrs. Sanna Kannasto in Hibbing where she is held under \$10,000 bail, after she has been in this country for twenty years, on a charge of illegal entry from Canada, is an instance of despicable persecution of foreign-born workers that is made possible by the immigration restriction act.

Mrs. Kannasto was arrested on information sworn to by a counter-revolutionary Finnish immigrant, in all probability an agent of the bloody Finnish government, before the overthrow of the Finnish workers' and peasants' government by the army of the German General Mannerheim.

By virtue of the exceptional clauses contained in the immigration act, which places a premium on stogolpignos and their filthy activities, the American government has become an agent for every counter-revolutionary government in the world. All of them maintain spy agencies in the United States and they keep their governments informed of the aid given to labor and revolutionary movements in the old countries by foreign-born workers here.

Whenever they feel it advisable these foreign governments call for aid from the American department of labor and justice in persecuting some worker whom they want to jail in order to hamper the relief movements.

If this practice is to be stopped, it must be done first by fighting every one of such cases as that of Mrs. Kannasto by all available legal means and secondly by the enactment on a campaign of publicity and agitation the laws under which such persecutions are carried out.

Surely the American workers, when they understand the real meaning of such cases, will not allow the agents of other governments to jail foreign-born workers without protest and action because they fight for the workers in the old countries, take an active part in the class struggle in America and thus give a badly needed international character to the American labor movement.

The Hangmen's Central Committee

We are publishing these days column after column of news of the white terror in various countries and some of our readers may wonder if there is no other news obtainable. It is probable that some of them may ask if the amount of attention and space we are giving to news of this kind is necessary and we reply that because of the small size of our paper this news may over-balance other stories, but it is necessary that the American working class, and first of all our readers, the most advanced group of the American working class, be made thoroughly familiar with the almost unbelievable conditions of oppression under which the labor and revolutionary movement of many European countries has to struggle.

This is the more necessary in that the bloody hand of American imperialism is a hand filled with gold that is distributed to the murder governments of Poland, Estonia and Bulgaria, is to be seen in every one of the attacks upon the working class of these nations. We must know exactly what the American ruling class is doing to our comrades in other nations that we may be steered for the fight against it that we must carry on.

The United States is the center of world reaction and we must make it plain that here is located the central committee of hangmen of the world's workers.

Small Strikes

Tailors are proverbially peevish people, but when the interests of the bosses and the workers clash, as told in our story of yesterday from Los Angeles, the profession loses all of its peaceful character.

The Los Angeles tailors' strike is a small one. Only two hundred workers are directly affected, but in miniature the whole panorama of the American class struggle passes in review. The bosses import scabs and gunmen, strikers are slugged and the police protect the scabs.

All of the above is important. It shows that even in the petty industries where competition has not as yet been wiped out entirely the class differences are acute and that the police power of the capitalist state agencies find no conflict between workers and capitalists so small as to call for neutrality.

Our class must adopt the same attitude. No struggle of our fellow workers must be considered, because of its small number involved or of its minor nature of the industry, as unimportant. In this we can learn from the capitalist class.

And so the allied imperialist governments and their puppet states are going to demand that the Soviet government suppress the Communist International! We have no wish to advise the workers' and peasants' government of Russia, but it would be a demand for the suppression of the House of Morgan by Great Britain, France and the United States.

The bureaucrats of the city of Chicago have opened war on the Electrical Workers' Union. 26 men have been discharged because they insisted on the enforcement of the union rule for payment for overtime. All of the discharged men are citizens, but first of all they are wage slaves, as is this incident proves.

100 per cent Americans, please notice.

No Charge for Ladies at Italian Comrades' Grand Ball on Saturday

Our Italian comrades are giving a grand ball Saturday evening, May 23, the Greeg Hall, 722 Blue Island Ave., the proceeds of which will go to the fund for making the Italian Communist paper, "Il Lavoratore," a daily newspaper again. Il Lavoratore has been forced to become a weekly after a long financial struggle as a daily newspaper.

As a daily, going into homes of Italian workers throughout the country, Il Lavoratore can function far more effectively for Communism and the Italian comrades are putting up a determined fight to put their paper on a daily basis again. This is an important step to this ball if only to lend our encouragement to these ardent Italian workers. Their ardent charge for the ladies. Music is furnished by the Gulespse Verdi Orchestra and the ball starts promptly at 8 p.m.

William F. Dunne to Speak Before Y. W. L. Area Branch

William F. Dunne, editor of THE DAILY WORKER, will deliver a lecture on "The American New Workers' and the World Revolutionary Movement" tonight at 8 p.m. at the meeting of Area Branch No. 5, of the Y. W. L.

Over league and party comrades not having another meeting tonight in Chicago, are invited to attend this meeting. A lively discussion is expected. The branch meets at the local office, 19 S. Lincoln St.

Chramov and Cannon will Speak Sunday at Lenin Evening

James P. Cannon, who recently returned from Europe, will speak at the Lenin evening to be held this Sunday, May 21, at the Workers' Home, 1902 W. Division St., York will speak on Lenin. The voices of Lenin, Lunacharsky and other active comrades of the Russian revolution are heard from phonograph records. Beginning at 7 p.m. Admission 35 cents.

Philippines for Independence

MANILA, May 21.—The next Philippine general elections with 850,000 electors qualified to vote, will take place June 28 in the entire country. About half of the senate, provincial governors and minor officials are to be chosen. The national business of the present legislature and the democratic party are the two major factions in the field. All candidates of both parties have declared their complete and immediate independence of the Philippine Islands from the United States.

New York Italian Dance

The workers of the Italian Harlem Branch are giving a red dance for the benefit of Il Lavoratore. Do not forget it!

Storm Hits Findlay, Ohio

FINDLAY, Ohio, May 21.—A heavy storm struck Findlay late this afternoon, doing considerable damage but no loss of life.

Reports that the town had been wiped out telephoned to Lima and other cities were without foundation.

AS WE SEE IT -- By T. J. O'Flaherty

(Continued from page 1) elected to save itself from becoming a laughing stock on account of its absurd fear of a couple of not very important or able men." That's the idea. The capitalist goes down on his hands and knees and prostrates himself. "Probably they were gully and foolish," says the Leader. Well, what's the use?

It is not impossible that another world war may develop out of the French war in Morocco. This is the key to immense wealth in Africa and France has troops enough to give John Bull credit for the Moroccan prize. The imperialist buzzards are watching the French operations in Morocco with an anxious eye. England is standing on the Gibraltar and the telescope. Spain can't do very much, but what she can do will not be to the interest of France. Italy would like a share of the Moroccan prize. Wall Street could find some room for its millions of idle hands.

The enlarged executive of the Communist International stated that capitalism had been able to reach a certain degree of stabilization. But it was careful to add that there could be no permanent stabilization. Things did not look so dark for capitalism when a Serbian student

Shop Nuclei Active in May Day Campaign

NEW YORK.—Last week a meeting was held of the organizers of the May 1st campaign in New York City. The meeting opened with reports on activities in the May 1st campaign and the general work of the organizers. The organizers showed the wonderful possibilities for shop nuclei work in this country.

SHOP NUCLEUS No. 9 reported the distribution of 400 leaflets and were sold for the party May 1 meeting. Three subscribers were obtained for the DAILY WORKER and one for the party. One of the chief speakers at the Union May 1 banquet. All the workers quit on May 1 and in accordance with the plan, it was reported that the shop nuclei were active.

SHOP NUCLEUS No. 6 reported the distribution of 1400 leaflets. Two sympathizers helped in the party. The shop nuclei were active in the shop in the last five years this year. The shop nuclei were active in the shop in the last five years this year. The shop nuclei were active in the shop in the last five years this year.

SHOP NUCLEUS No. 11 called a meeting on the question of working May 1. This shop had been working on this day for the last three years. The shop meeting was held on this day. When the boss received word about this decision he frantically appealed to the secretary of the shop. However the workers of the shop came down in a body to the union meeting and demanded that the entire trade union be organized. This was not carried, and although the secretary ordered the workers in this shop not to stop work, when May 1 came not one worker failed to show up for duty.

Every comrade in this nucleus is a subscriber to the DAILY WORKER. The shop nuclei were active in the shop in the last five years this year. The shop nuclei were active in the shop in the last five years this year. The shop nuclei were active in the shop in the last five years this year.

The nucleus is planning an organization campaign to organize the female workers in the shop. More will be heard from them in the near future.

SHOP NUCLEUS No. 11 distributed over 1000 leaflets and newspapers. Wherever two workers met, they were able this time to concern itself with the concrete method of the work of the Youth Leagues in the factories. On this occasion the platform pointed with special emphasis to the partial demands and to the necessity of combining our daily work with the outlook of the Youth League in the working class over the bourgeoisie.

The second question on which the nucleus threw the light was the suggestion, is the struggle to win over the youth of the rural population. Up to now the minority of our groups has only done quite insignificant work among the peasant youth. The nucleus pointed out the necessity of developing an energetic campaign of rural youth and the poorest members of the peasant youth, but at the same time laid emphasis on the class character of the Youth League class under all circumstances, of preventing a firm proletarian leadership will be realized by the proletarian work of the Youth League in the factories. For this reason the Youth League in the rural areas should not be organized in the form of a peasant organization, but as a part of the Youth League in the working class over the bourgeoisie.

The second question on which the nucleus threw the light was the suggestion, is the struggle to win over the youth of the rural population. Up to now the minority of our groups has only done quite insignificant work among the peasant youth. The nucleus pointed out the necessity of developing an energetic campaign of rural youth and the poorest members of the peasant youth, but at the same time laid emphasis on the class character of the Youth League class under all circumstances, of preventing a firm proletarian leadership will be realized by the proletarian work of the Youth League in the factories. For this reason the Youth League in the rural areas should not be organized in the form of a peasant organization, but as a part of the Youth League in the working class over the bourgeoisie.

Soviet Union Sends Protest to China Against Troop Draft

PEKING, China, May 21.—Karakhan, ambassador to China, for the Soviet Union, has registered a vigorous protest against the Chinese foreign office against the practice of the troops under Chang Tso-lin, who has been raising a new army by selling military passes. The Manchurian general has been policing the railroad.

Chang Tso-lin's troops are now occupying Peking and the Chinese foreign office has withdrawn to the northwestern front.

Chang Tso-lin's troops are now occupying Peking and the Chinese foreign office has withdrawn to the northwestern front.

Chang Tso-lin's troops are now occupying Peking and the Chinese foreign office has withdrawn to the northwestern front.

Chang Tso-lin's troops are now occupying Peking and the Chinese foreign office has withdrawn to the northwestern front.

YOUNG WORKERS LEAGUE ACTIVITIES LOCAL CHICAGO

Friday, May 22, Branch No. 1, 508, 165 W. Washington St., Branch No. 2, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 3, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 4, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 5, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 6, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 7, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 8, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 9, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 10, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 11, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 12, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 13, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 14, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 15, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 16, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 17, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 18, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 19, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 20, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 21, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 22, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 23, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 24, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 25, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 26, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 27, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 28, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 29, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 30, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 31, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 32, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 33, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 34, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 35, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 36, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 37, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 38, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 39, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 40, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 41, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 42, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 43, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 44, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 45, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 46, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 47, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 48, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 49, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 50, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 51, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 52, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 53, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 54, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 55, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 56, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 57, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 58, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 59, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 60, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 61, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 62, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 63, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 64, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 65, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 66, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 67, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 68, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 69, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 70, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 71, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 72, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 73, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 74, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 75, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 76, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 77, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 78, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 79, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 80, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 81, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 82, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 83, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 84, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 85, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 86, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 87, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 88, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 89, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 90, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 91, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 92, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 93, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 94, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 95, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 96, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 97, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 98, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 99, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 100, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 101, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 102, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 103, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 104, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 105, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 106, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 107, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 108, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 109, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 110, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 111, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 112, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 113, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 114, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 115, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 116, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 117, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 118, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 119, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 120, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 121, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 122, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 123, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 124, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 125, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 126, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 127, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 128, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 129, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 130, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 131, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 132, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 133, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 134, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 135, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 136, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 137, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 138, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 139, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 140, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 141, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 142, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 143, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 144, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 145, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 146, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 147, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 148, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 149, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 150, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 151, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 152, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 153, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 154, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 155, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 156, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 157, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 158, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 159, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 160, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 161, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 162, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 163, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 164, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 165, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 166, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 167, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 168, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 169, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 170, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 171, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 172, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 173, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 174, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 175, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 176, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 177, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 178, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 179, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 180, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 181, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 182, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 183, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 184, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 185, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 186, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 187, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 188, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 189, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 190, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 191, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 192, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 193, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 194, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 195, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 196, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 197, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 198, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 199, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 200, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 201, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 202, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 203, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 204, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 205, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 206, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 207, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 208, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 209, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 210, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 211, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 212, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 213, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 214, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 215, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 216, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 217, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 218, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 219, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 220, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 221, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 222, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 223, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 224, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 225, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 226, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 227, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 228, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 229, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 230, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 231, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 232, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 233, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 234, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 235, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 236, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 237, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 238, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 239, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 240, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 241, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 242, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 243, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 244, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 245, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 246, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 247, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 248, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 249, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 250, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 251, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 252, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 253, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 254, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 255, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 256, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 257, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 258, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 259, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 260, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 261, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 262, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 263, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 264, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 265, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 266, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 267, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 268, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 269, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 270, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 271, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 272, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 273, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 274, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 275, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 276, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 277, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 278, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 279, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 280, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 281, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 282, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 283, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 284, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 285, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 286, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 287, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 288, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 289, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 290, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 291, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 292, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 293, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 294, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 295, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 296, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 297, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 298, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 299, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 300, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 301, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 302, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 303, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 304, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 305, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 306, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 307, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 308, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 309, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 310, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 311, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 312, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 313, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 314, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 315, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 316, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 317, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 318, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 319, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 320, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 321, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 322, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 323, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 324, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 325, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 326, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 327, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 328, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 329, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 330, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 331, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 332, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 333, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 334, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 335, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 336, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 337, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 338, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 339, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 340, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 341, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 342, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 343, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 344, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 345, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 346, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 347, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 348, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 349, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 350, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 351, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 352, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 353, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 354, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 355, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 356, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 357, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 358, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 359, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 360, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 361, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 362, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 363, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 364, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 365, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 366, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 367, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 368, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 369, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 370, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 371, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 372, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 373, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 374, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 375, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 376, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 377, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 378, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 379, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 380, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 381, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 382, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 383, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 384, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 385, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 386, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 387, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 388, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 389, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 390, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 391, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 392, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 393, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 394, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 395, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 396, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 397, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 398, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 399, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 400, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 401, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 402, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 403, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 404, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 405, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 406, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 407, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 408, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 409, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 410, 1115 W. Washington St., Branch No. 4