

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY

RECEIVERSHIPS may not be beneficial to the small fry who own a few shares of stock in concerns that get into financial difficulties, but it is rarely that the big fellows behind the stricken corporations lose anything. Recently the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad was placed in receivership. And one of the receivers is none other than Harry E. Bryan, former president of the road.

THERE are two other receivers, Mark W. Potter, former United States interstate commerce commissioner and Edward J. Brundage, former attorney general of Illinois. This receivership business pays well. What will happen to the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul is something like this: The big bankers will lift out the little suckers and drop them into a convenient mudhole. Having gotten rid of this excess baggage, new bond and stock issues will be floated, backed up by the prestige of Wall Street and the business of making profit will proceed as usual. The C. M. and St. Paul, is still running. It is being run by the employes.

CALVIN COOLIDGE does not believe that he should change his mind so very suddenly on the question of recognition of the Soviet government. But Washington correspondents are not at all sure that Calvin's lips allow his thoughts to go forth unhindered. When he first stepped into Harding's slippers, he was in the habit of saying something about what the reporters were interested in. But now, he throws the news hounds off the scent. So, what he says about Soviet Russia, need not be taken so very seriously considering the fact that a banker's information service states that an unofficial commission is already at work preparing the way for recognition.

THE German socialists have made a deal with the democratic and catholic parties to support former chancellor Wilhelm Marx for the presidency in return for the premiership of Prussia. This is political trading with a vengeance. Like hucksters at a political bazaar, they possess neither personal nor political honesty, has been amply proven during the past few years.

THE German Communists will run Comrade Thaelmann again. He polled over 1,800,000 votes in the first election, a tremendous vote considering the fear of the masses that the monarchist candidate would win unless they voted for the social democrat. It is quite likely that many workers who voted the socialist ticket in the last elections will vote Communist in the next, there being no socialist candidate. How much the socialists received in return for leaving the field in favor of the catholics and the capitalists groups back of the Dawes plan will not be known until another Barbat scandal breaks.

A. PURCELL, leader of the British trade unions, made a neat retort to the criticism that the Russian government displayed unusual courtesy to the British trade union delegation while on its tour in that country. Purcell replied that it was quite true that the Russian workers and peasants treated them royally, but thought that was to the credit of the Russian workers. Capitalist governments, he said, receive capitalist representatives from other countries with honors, and why should not the Russian workers do the same to the envoys of labor? A pretty snappy comeback!

PHILIP SNOWDEN, former chancellor of his British majesty's exchequer made a vicious attack on the British Miners' Federation thru the columns of a capitalist newspaper. Phil and his wife Ethel, are two of the most loyal supporters of the royal family in the British Isles. Both are well known socialists. Philip is a staunch friend of Frank Hodges, the young man who was lord of his majesty's navy in Raymond MacDonalda's, and Sir Alexander Grant's government. Hodges was given the boot by the miners' union and J. A. Cook got his place.

COOK is carrying the "war into Africa." He makes Karl Marx look like a real scrapper and not the harmless pedagogue our socialists on (Continued on page 2.)

ARABS DEMAND FULL CONTROL OF PALESTINE

60,000 Arabs Strike Against Balfour Today

(Special to The Daily Worker.)
JERUSALEM, Palestine, April 1.—The six hundred thousand Arabs in Palestine, in answer to the speech of Lord Balfour today at the opening of the Hebrew University here, demand complete control of the country.

England has several times tried to throw a sop to the Arabs, but they have persisted in demanding all or nothing.

The latest attempts of English imperialism to bring the Arab population into subjection has been to cause racial antagonisms thru control of the Zionist movement. England has brot in 40,000 Jews since the war, making a total of only 95,000 Jews in the entire country, and has attempted to play the Jews against the Arabs.

This attempt however, made no headway with the Arabs, who continue to demand complete control of the country.

Balfour, who appropriately chose April fool's day on which to speak, was greeted by the general strike of the Arabs and black draped houses when he appeared this morning.

Balfour first made the enemy of the Arabs when, on behalf of English capitalists he issued the declaration in 1917, which announced England's cooperation with the Zionists as a means of suppressing the growing move of the Arabs for complete independence.

The Arabs are now boycotting the existing administration, having declined to participate in any way.

Russo-Japan Treaty Details Force U. S. to Speed Recognition

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 1.—The details of the Russo-Japanese treaty, which have for the first time been seen by officials of the Coolidge government show, according to these officials, that the United States must recognize Russia at an early date.

The treaty contains a clause compelling the Japanese government to expel counter-revolutionists against the Soviet regime from Saghalin. Japan receives 50 per cent of the oil fields of Saghalin, and the right to an equal share with other nations in the rest of the fields. Japan is also granted coal fields in Siberia and northern Saghalin.

State department officials declare that the treaty points to a Far Eastern alliance with the United States totally isolated, unless Russia is recognized in the very near future.

Extra! Ask Oil to Clean Up.
BOSTON, April 1.—Reporting to the legislature today on its investigation of the rapid rise in the price of gasoline the special commission on the necessities of life declared that if the oil industry "does not clean its own house, public opinion will demand that conditions in the industry be corrected by legislation."

J. BULL'S DIPLOMATS LICKED BY FRENCH IN TURK SQUABBLE

(Special to The Daily Worker.)
PARIS, April 1.—The French government has given Turkey a big slice of its Syrian mandate in return for Turkish support in France's anti-British diplomacy. Turkey's booty as a result of the treaty consists of: The free use of the port of Alexandretta; control of the Bagdad railway; the disposition of 150,000 Armenians and several districts of French Syria which contains hundreds of thousands of former Turkish subjects.

The Bagdad railway was one of the causes of the world war. Germany wanted possession of it. It is now in Turkey's control from Constantinople to Nisibin, which means under French control. Britain feels as comfortable with this railway in possession of her French enemy as a burglar who suddenly finds his gat in the hands of his intended victim.

27 KLUXERS FOUND GUILTY AT NILES, OHIO, LET OFF WITH FINES

WARREN, Ohio, April 1.—Twenty-seven members of the Ku Klux Klan, charged with various offenses in connection with the Niles rioting November 1, last, which resulted in the proclamation of martial law, were today found guilty by Judge James S. Thomas, in common pleas court here. In each case a fine of \$300 was imposed, \$250 of which was suspended upon their good behavior.

SOVIET FOES IN FAR EAST DISINTEGRATE AS LEADER MAKES PEACE

SHANGHAI, China, April 1.—Complete collapse of the anti-Soviet nest of counter-revolutionary Russians in the Far East, has been brot about by the return of Semenov to Vladivostok under an arrangement with the Soviet government.

The recent Russo-Japanese treaty ended the intrigues of the Japanese for control of Vladivostok, and Semenov, who was fighting Soviet Russia with the aid of Japanese imperialism, found himself without a backer, and made peace with the Soviet government, it is reported.

The Soviet government will hold Semenov's wife and children as hostages, while Semenov is permitted to re-enter Vladivostok, it is said.

The counter-revolutionary Russians in the Far East are the remnants of those expelled from Vladivostok, along with the Japanese after the Soviet government took control. It was Semenov who aided in the intervention of the United States and allied forces in Siberia in 1918. The United States soldiers were stationed near Archangel.

SMALL'S SOLONS HAND LABOR TWO HEFTY BRICKS

But Fakers Have Lots of Patience

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 1.—The "friends of labor" in the senate proved to be as helpless as usual when the injunctions limitation bill and the forty-eight hour bill were almost knocked out here yesterday.

The injunction limitation bill failed to pass by three votes and would have died right there and then, but for the action of its sponsor in moving indefinite postponement before the vote was announced.

Another Wallow.
The house industrial affairs committee followed this blow at the labor program by refusing to recommend the women's eight hour bill. The injunction bill is a mild protest against the hamstringing action of the courts. But the injunction is such an important weapon in the hands of the capitalists that they will not stand any tampering with it.

John H. Walker, the generalissimo of the A. F. of L. lobbyists is not daunted by the rebuffs given to his "reward and punish" policy. He has plenty of time and the wolf is nowhere within howling distance of his door.

Miners Celebrate the 8-Hour Anniversary Jobless and Starving

HAZLETON, Pa., April 1.—The 155,000 miners of the anthracite coal field are not working today, observing the anniversary of the inauguration of the eight-hour day. Under proclamations issued by their district officers only hoisting engineers, firemen, pump runners and watchmen will remain on duty. The celebration is general thruout the jurisdiction of the United Mine Workers of America.

However, unemployment among union miners is so general, that thruout the country this year, tens of thousands of union miners will not be working anyhow, and can regard the celebration without any joy. These are asking why the union should not dedicate the day of celebration of past attainment to the formulation of a fighting program to overcome the terrible miseries now overwhelming them.

Indiana's Suit to Revoke Bell Phone Charter Nears End

FRANKLIN, Ind., April 1.—Arguments in the hearing of the state's suit to revoke the corporate charter of the Indiana Bell Telephone Co. for alleged violation of state utilities laws, were to be completed at noon today when the case was to go to the jury.

FARM WORKERS STRIKE IN POLAND AGAINST PROPOSED WAGE SCALE

WARSAW, Poland, April 1.—Thousands of farm workers are on strike in many districts of Poland, against the wage scale proposed by the arbitration commission.

DEPORTATION MENACE MUST BE COMBATTED

Labor Defense Council Sounds Warning

The Labor Defense Council today issued a warning to all workers and workers' organizations against the deportation methods of the department of labor of the United States and particularly against the deportation bill which is now before the senate after having passed the house (House Bill No. 11796).

Recently the capitalist papers carried "news" based on the boast of the department of labor that some 5,000 had been deported in the last year. News also leaked out in labor papers of the underhanded "deportation" of some transport workers from New York City. These workers had disappeared and it was only when they wrote their friends from Ellis Island that the "shaughing" came to light.

Now however, the government intends with the aid of a carefully prepared "legal" and "democratic" deportation bill to systematically deport "undesirable" alien workers. Who are these undesirable and what is the purpose of the bill?

A Union Smashing Bill.
In calling upon the workers of New York City to attend a mass meeting of protest against the bill, to be held April 3 at Manhattan Lyceum, the New York division of the Labor Defense Council says "This bill threatens the whole working class in a manner unknown in this country. The purpose of the bill is clear. The United Mine Workers, the needle workers, and the textile workers are primarily foreign born workers. The unskilled workers on the railroads are foreign born; many of the building workers are aliens. When depression comes, followed by wage slashes and longer hours, the government will have a convenient weapon against the foreign born workers, viz., "deportation."

They point out that the most active trade unionists in this country are, in great part, foreign born workers. (Continued on page 2)

WEST VIRGINIA MINERS OF NON-UNION FIELDS CALLED ON STRIKE

(Special to The Daily Worker.)
FAIRMONT, W. Va., April 1.—Conflicting statements were issued regarding the possibilities of a general strike of coal miners in the northern West Virginia field, called for Wednesday by the United Mine Workers of America.

Phillip Murray, international vice-president of the Miners' Union, declared "every non-union coal miner" in the district "will suspend operations Wednesday and continue their suspension until the Baltimore agreement had been completely restored."

Strike Closes 18 Mines.
MORGANTOWN, W. Va., April 1.—Work was suspended in 18 union mines in this vicinity, and the miners, at a mass meeting here, celebrated the eight-hour day. This was the first day of the general strike called in the northern W. Va. coal fields, by the United Mine Workers, in an effort to force restoration of the Jacksonville wage agreement.

JOB SHARKS ROB CITY WORKERS, REFUSES REFUND

Chicago employment agencies are taking large fees from jobless workers, keeping the money three days or more, and making it difficult for the workers to get their money back, although they get no job.

D. Renkema, one of the victims of the employment sharks, was required to pay ten dollars in advance, when he tried to get a job thru the La Salle Employment agency, 406 S. Dearborn St. Renkema applied for a job as fireman, and was sent to several places, where he found the job already filled. Renkema then demanded his money back, and was told that he must wait three days. He is now penniless.

The employment agency treated Renkema gruffly when he demanded his money back and threatened to throw him into the street when he showed some of the other men waiting to get jobs how the company obtained the money under false promises. Renkema has been unable to get work for several weeks.

TEXTILE WORKERS MUST HAVE A UNITED FRONT AND CLASS SOLIDARITY OF ALL WORKERS

By J. W. JOHNSTONE

Assistant National Secretary, Trade Union Educational League.
The strike of the textile workers in Willimantic, Conn., again shows the willingness of the textile workers to resist the wage cuts being imposed upon them. It also emphasizes the great need for united action of the workers against the powerful textile barons. While President McMahon is busy warring on the "reds" and pleading with the bosses for arbitration, the employers are enforcing their wage cuts mill by mill.

The Trade Union Educational League presents the only solution that, if followed, would soon put an end to the present wage-slashing campaign. Meeting the employers over the conference table means defeat for the workers unless it is backed up by a powerful union and a solid unbroken strike line. It is only in and thru the struggle that the workers advance their interests.

For a United Front Conference
With most of the industry unorganized, and the small percentage that do belong to organized labor split into numerous weak, impotent unions, the one thing left for the workers to do is to call a united front conference of all textile unions and textile workers to work out a common program of action against the united front of the textile millionaires.

In the present strike the textile workers of Willimantic, as in all the other textile strikes, the Workers (Communist) Party, the Trade Union Educational League, and the DAILY WORKER have rendered invaluable assistance to the strikers, only to meet the opposition of the union officials who would rather see the workers lose a dozen strikes than to be labeled "reds."

Unity Despite Officials.
With or without the assistance of the McMahons, the textile workers must be welded together so as to be able not only to meet and defeat the present wage slashing campaign, but

LITTLE HOPE TO SAVE 38 BRITISH MINERS TRAPPED BY FLOOD

(Special to The Daily Worker.)
NEWCASTLE, England, April 1.—Slight hope remained today of rescuing the thirty-eight miners trapped yesterday by a sudden rush of water into the Montague Colliery at Scoobwood. A new pump was hurriedly rigged up yesterday afternoon as a last attempt to drain the flooded pit.

BANKERS PAID, KEEP CONTROL UNDER CAR BILL

No Provision for Employes' Control
The voters of Chicago will decide Tuesday whether or not the Dever traction ordinance shall be passed, thus costing the city millions of dollars to be paid the traction owners under the terms of the ordinance.

The Dever ordinance, written in cooperation with the bankers owning the traction stock, and backed by the Chicago Tribune, provides for a board of control of nine men, appointed for life, to have entire charge of the traction lines. These men cannot be impeached.

Three of these nine trustees are to be appointed by the traction bankers, and three by Mayor Dever. Those appointed by Dever must be approved by the bankers, but not by the city council or the voters. Three more trustees are to be picked by the first six trustees.

The board of control, which undoubtedly would play into the hands of the bankers, judging from Dever's service to the bankers in concocting the ordinance, has complete power to hire and discharge traction employes, fix wages, and provide for the price of fares and the finances.

The traction line owners participate in the operation of the lines until every dollar of the city's indebtedness is paid, which because of the large amount Dever has agreed to pay, will not be for at least sixty years.

The ordinance leaves the voters no alternative. They may merely register a negative protest against Dever's sell out to the bankers. No provision, such as the Workers (Communist) Party advocates, for the immediate confiscation of the traction lines, with the employes themselves exercising control thru union committees, has been allowed to come before the voters.

Jugo-Slavia Gets Morgan Gold.
LONDON, England, April 1.—The Blair Banking corporation here is about to negotiate a loan with American and English capital, to Jugo-Slavia, of \$100,000,000, to be placed on the New York and London stock exchanges.

FRANCE DOUSES CAL'S CONFAB WITH ICE WATER

Britain May Apply the Golden Screws

(Special to The Daily Worker.)
LONDON, April 1.—British official circles, even the staunchest supporters of the proposed second disarmament conference, were dismayed today by vague reports from Washington to the effect that France has rejected the conference proposal.

Officialdom was unwilling to comment while waiting confirmation or denial of the reports, but some believed the action was less a definite refusal than a display of French tactics.

If France definitely rejects the parley idea, a certain official faction here will do its utmost to have Great Britain close down on France, demand repayment of the French debt and otherwise turn the screws, probably by withholding from the proposed security pacts unless they are coupled with disarmament.

Taxpayers Uneasy.
Britain waits disarmament. Any competition in armament building means higher taxes and British taxpayers already are incensed by high taxes.

French rejection of the Washington conference plan would be a blow and it is reasonable to expect the administration will use all its efforts to force France to accept.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 1.—The state department confirmed dispatches which state that France has not notified this government, formally or officially, of its unwillingness to participate in a conference.

French diplomacy, it was explained, does not work that way. It works thru more subtle channels. What the French government aims to do, according to authorities here, is to kill the conference aborning, thus escaping the embarrassment of being invited, and then having to decide whether to accept or be put in the position of being an obstructionist to the furtherance of world peace.

Put It in Writing.
It was hinted in authoritative quarters that France is going to get a chance to put her objections to coming to Washington in writing, despite the disbelief expressed by the French foreign office that the United States will never place her in "such an embarrassing position."

No immediate decision on whether to issue invitations is in prospect. Coolidge, it was said today, will devote considerable study to the matter during his summer vacation, and probably make a decision before congress convenes. Meanwhile, the informal diplomatic battle will continue under cover, with the Americans and British seeking to break down France's opposition.

Japanese Diet Adjourns.
TOKIO, April 1.—The fifth session of the Japanese diet has adjourned.

Outstanding measures disposed of by the parliament just closed include the suffrage bill, giving the voting privilege to male citizens over 36 years of age, who earn a living, the peers "reform" bill, the alien land ownership bill; bill providing severe penalties for sedition, and the national budget bill.

ABRAMOVITCH PROMISED HOT RECEPTION BY THE SAN FRANCISCO WORKERS

(Special to The Daily Worker.)
SAN FRANCISCO, April 1.—The militant workers here have protested against the announcement that Raphael Abramovich, menshevik anti-Soviet spy, is scheduled to speak here.

The yellow socialist, Cameron King, has openly boasted that he will call in the capitalist police to spit the workers' heads if they don't like the slanders of Abramovich against the Soviet government.

Labor Unity, the San Francisco Communist paper, says of King's statement, "We urge the Communists to hold King to his statement. If the protests against the foul slanders of Abramovich do result in somebody being roughly handled by the police, King will be held responsible. If Abramovich is allowed to speak, then the shame will be on the local radicals."

"Our class is being tortured and murdered in the bastilles of Europe and you ask us to remain silent when the tool of their torturers and murderers comes here and jeers at them. Not on your life!"

FOUR HUNDRED WOMEN STRIKE WITH WEAVERS FOR WAGE INCREASE

(Special to The Daily Worker.)
AMSTERDAM, N. Y., April 1.—Four hundred women employed as setters in the weaving department of the Stephen Sanford & Sons Rug and Carpet Mills here left their work today, apparently in sympathy with sixty of the weavers who walked out last week when a demand for increased pay was denied. The plant was placed on a four days a week schedule last week.

to take the offensive and abolish the present speed-up system, child labor, and to reduce their working hours and raise their standard of living. This can only be done thru a united front.
On March 17, Wm. Simons, district organizer for the Workers Party, in (Continue on Page 2)

FEDERAL JUDGE HELPED BREAK '22 SHOP STRIKE

Disbarred Lawyer for Aiding Strikers

ST. LOUIS, April 1.—Federal Judge George W. English, being investigated here by a house committee, for corruption and tyranny, testified that he disbarred Attorney Charles A. Karch for "unnecessary demands for jury trials for the striking shopmen."

English revealed how he used the federal judgeship in an effort to break the shopmen's strike. He admitted he "used forcible language," in addressing officers and attorneys and sheriffs. He told the sheriffs, English testified, "To display nerve enough to control the situation or I would relieve them of their duties and substitute forces appointed thru my office."

English admitted that he "conversed with E. F. Ackerman of the Union Trust company about getting a place for my son Faris, and in the same conversation talked with Ackerman about increasing deposits in the Union Trust of bankruptcy funds," but claimed the two topics were unrelated.

'I'm Worthless,' Admits Wood, Son of the Dictator

TAMPA, Fla., April 1.—"I realize that I am worthless," Osborne Wood, son of the Philippine Islands dictator Gen. Leonard Wood, said upon his arrival on the West Cretac here.

Wood flung a fortune to the winds in Europe while his father's contabulary were shooting down impoverished peasants in the Philippines who had organized to try to secure a living wage from the American plantation owners.

Wood was clean shaven and dressed like a dandy. He flashed a large size bankroll.

New Administration in District 11 of the United Mine Workers

(Special to The Daily Worker.)
TERRE HAUTE, Ind., April 1.—A new administration took over the reins of District No. 11, United Mine Workers, today headed by Tyler G. Lawton, Bicknell, president. The new president succeeded John Hessler.

Ford Plans to Build.
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 1.—The Detroit, Toledo and Ironton railroad, owned by Henry Ford, was authorized by the interstate commerce commission today to issue \$1,181,000 of first mortgage 50-year five per cent gold bonds. The bonds will be sold at par, and the proceeds used for construction purposes.

SOCIALISTS NOW YELLOW, SAYS CHICAGO TRIBUNE

Victor Berger Totes Bourgeois Mentality

That capitalist writers who do not take their information concerning the revolutionary movement from the ink agencies are becoming convinced that the socialist parties of the world are no longer at war with the capitalist system, but on the contrary, are its strongest and most loyal supporters, is becoming more apparent every day. It is not often, however, that one of them, comes-out so openly as "Scrutator" the "radical" expert of the Chicago Tribune.

Writes to Suit. "Scrutator" is a renegade radical and while his slam at Marxism is about all that could be expected from a slimy creature who writes to suit his boss, his picture of the socialists in the role of conservatives is correct. In proportion as the yellow socialists turn to the right the masses, whose exploitation continues with greater intensity desert them and turn to the Communists. Scrutator's article in The Chicago Tribune of April 1, follows:

If any one had predicted ten years ago that the world's financial centers would feel reassured by an increase of the socialist vote in any country he would have thrown doubt upon his own sanity.

Yet the showing of the social democratic party in the German elections probably carries such reassurance, and a victory for the out and out conservatives would have caused alarm, as it would have been felt that the measure of European settlement already achieved would be imperiled.

Yes, the world changes—and so does socialism. Nothing has been more marked than the shift of German socialists from class consciousness to state consciousness, since they began to participate in power after the German revolution.

A German socialist today, like Victor Berger, mostly imagined that he is a socialist, while in fact he has a most respectable bourgeois mentality.

A complete socialist government of Germany probably would amount to nothing more radical than a socialist government in Milwaukee, which has long ago become a commonplace.

A political platform usually is the last place to look for a change in a party's mind. Usually the old slogans are carried in the preamble and resolutions long after the stuff is dead. Witness the democratic party of dry southern states reaffirming Jefferson and Jackson after eight years of Wilsonian federal autocracy that would have shocked Hamilton.

But the present program of the socialist party of Germany reveals a great change. Adopted in 1921 on the reuniting of the party after the war split, it is conspicuous for its abandonment of many pet Marxian dogmas, including the disappearance of the middle classes and the impoverishment and expropriation of the working classes. Even a faith so fanatical as that of Marx couldn't retain these old formulas in the face of years and years of history that showed that they were not true, and that they were becoming less true as time passed. If German socialism has been thus weakened and diluted despite national defeat, poverty, and reduction of living standards resulting from the war, need we be surprised that everywhere else it is becoming more and more practical and opportunist—"yellow" instead of "red."

At its present rate of progress toward reformism and away from revolution socialism will be politically less radical than the populist party of 1892 in a few years. And half or more of the "pop" stuff is now the law of the land.

But as insidious reformism, sapping the springs of individual enterprise, socialism may prove more dangerous to civilization than in its older form, in which it caused alarm and stiffened resistance.

Over Half Million Dollars Appropriated for State Army Camp

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 1.—The capitalist politicians in session here turned down the labor injunction bill and the forty-eight hour bill, the bill sponsored by the militarists to appropriate \$650,000 for the extension and improvement of Camp Grant west thru the senate appropriations committee like grape juice thru a prohibitionist.

Generals and officers appeared before the committee but their services were not required.

Railroads Absorb Buses. INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 1.—Indiana electric interurban railways companies spread farther into the field of bus transportation as a supplement to traction service with the announcement that the Interstate Public Service company will buy the J. & H. bus line between Indianapolis and Franklin.

Talk it up—your shopmate will subscribe!

URGES UNITED TEXTILE FRONT

(Continued from page 1)
a letter to the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and Railway Trainmen, drew attention of these organizations to the fact that 2,500 mill workers of the American Thread company were on strike resisting a 10 per cent wage cut, and that members of these organizations were pulling out cars from this company, thus helping to defeat the strike. On behalf of class solidarity he asked that this be stopped.

The Sanctity of Agreement. The answer to this appeal we print in full:
March 21, 1925.
Grand Office, Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, Cleveland, Ohio.
Warren S. Stone, President.
L. G. Griffing, Grand Chief Engineer.
Mr. William Simons, District Organizer, Workers Party of America, P. O. Box 183, Willimantic, Conn.

"Dear Sir and Brother:—We have your letter of the 17th wherein you explain the strike of 2,500 mill workers of the American Thread Co., which you state, is a protest against a 10 per cent cut and I note your reference to members of our organization pulling out cars with American Thread company product and asking what we are going to do regarding the matter. "In the first place, we have agreements with the railroad companies and pride ourselves on the fact that we have never yet broken a contract and do not intend after almost 65 years.

"Furthermore, the federal law demands that railroad employees shall transport all inter and intra state commerce and you can readily appreciate that if our members refuse to haul goods manufactured by a plant whose employees are out on strike, the railroads would be idle a great part of the time.

"Where we are advised of a legally organized strike called by a recognized labor organization, our members are notified to continue performing their usual duties but under no circumstances take the place of strikers or to do work formerly performed by those out on strike and if our mem-

bers follow these instructions, they are not violating their obligation. "We regret that you feel as you do toward our men who are simply carrying out the contract they have with the railroad company, but we have never ordered our men off their engines in similar cases and cannot consistently do so in this instance under the law.

"Fraternally yours,
"L. G. Griffing, G. C. E." (Seal)
Grand International Division Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

This is the typical attitude of the labor bureaucrats towards strikers. And this undoubtedly would be endorsed by President McMahon. Appeals to these people are useless. Labor's future fighting force must be developed from the bottom. Griffing, the grand chief engineer, like Stone, Lewis, McMahon, and the others, has been too long removed from contact with working class life until his position of labor leader has become a business, so that he feels a more harmonious relationship with the employers than with the workers. The letter above might have been written by the secretary of any chamber of commerce.

In spite of all handicaps and the lack of leadership, a united front is being slowly formed. The textile industry has been the scene of many bloody battles. Militant in the struggle, their main weakness has been their inability to hold their lines intact.

Men and women of the textile industry rally your forces to oppose wage cuts, and demand an increase in wages!
Instead of longer hours, shorter hours!
Abolish the speed-up system!
Abolish child labor!
Fight against the increasing unemployment!

Organize shop committees thruout the textile industry!
Away with your small craft unions. Amalgamate. An industrial union of workers against the industrial union of the bosses.
A united front of all textile workers against the united front of the textile barons.

Shipping Board Sells Ships for \$25,000,000 Less Than First Cost
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 1.—The shipping board has voted to sell the government's five ships in the San Francisco-Orient service, which cost thirty million dollars, for \$5,625,000.

The ships were voted sold at a price which is 25 million dollars less than their original cost and 15 millions less than it would cost to construct them at this time.

Farmer Worries Over Money. LINCOLN, Ill., April 1.—The body of Ervin A. Trefter, Logan county farmer, was found at his home near Pulaski today with a rifle bullet in the forehead. He was believed to have committed suicide since it was known he had been despondent over illness and financial difficulties.

Head-on Crash. ST. PAUL, Minn., April 1.—Two men and a woman were killed and another man and another woman critically injured here early today when their automobile traveling nearly 60 miles an hour crashed head-on into a street car at St. Paul-Minneapolis intercity limits.

Firetrap School Burns. Fire in the grade school in Brookfield endangered the lives of the 450 school children. The fire destroyed the third floor. Some of the children were hit by flying embers, although, miraculously, none were seriously injured.

German Building Burns. The German building, one of the last remaining landmarks of the world famous Chicago fair of 1892 was destroyed yesterday by fire of undetermined origin. The flames had gained great headway when firemen reached the scene.

DEPORTATION MENACE MUST BE COMBATED

Labor Defense Council Sounds Warning

(Continued from Page 1)
and cite ex-representative Chandler, speaking in New York, who said "alien Reds must be told that Russia is their normal abode. American Reds must be told that Leavenworth or Atlanta is a better living place for them than New York City." And "Reds" of course, are all workers who fight against reaction, wage cuts, longer hours, open shop, company unions, and for better conditions, strengthening of unions thru amalgamation, etc.

Want Docile Slaves. What the government and the bosses want is docile wage slaves. How do the bosses get around the immigration quota regulations when they want cheap labor in quantities in certain sections? Why, there is a convenient arrangement under which Mexican and other workers are brought into the United States under the contract system, and supposedly shipped back when the job is done.

Not so long ago the American Civil Liberties Union reported "The fear of radicalism has very largely abated as a result of the sweeping conservative victory in the campaign and there will be less interference with their propaganda." In relation to this statement a religious weekly (!) asked "Are we to judge that the failure of their cause is the only way to insure free speech for 'pink lips'?" But evidently the cause has not failed, and there will be continued interference in spite of the Civil Liberties Union's statement. The government now aims to divide the workers, and hopes to break this resistance by centering the attack on the foreign born. So the fight must and will go on.

Dropped One Case. Only recently the Labor Defense Council has had to take up the cases of John Schedel, Blais Kuush, Thomas Klein, E. Vajtauer, John Lassen and the three Young Workers in New York City, all of whom are involved under existing deportation laws. On direct appeal to the Secretary of Labor, deportation proceedings against Klein were abandoned, due principally to the fact that Klein has a dependent wife and seven children in this country. It is hoped that the Schedel case, where the situation is similar to that of Klein, will also be dropped. After long and unsuccessful efforts in the courts the defense was only able to get permission for Kuush to voluntarily deport himself to Russia. Kuush and his wife left New York on February 28. Vajtauer and Lassen were both active editors of Communist language dailies and it looks as tho they were deliberately "selected" for deportation. Evidence against them was taken from their writings in these papers. Vajtauer is still held on Ellis Island; the Lassen case is pending.

Also recently the proceedings against A. V. Severino, active Communist in the labor movement of Cleveland were renewed. Severino is a naturalized citizen of Italian birth, but the department of justice is moving to take away his citizenship papers and then have him deported. Another case of "selective" deportation. Severino is too active in the labor movement. He is a "Red." The technical (open) argument of the government seems to be: If you are a Red now you must have been when you entered the country; for Redness is a foreign disease, it doesn't have its birth or growth here; therefore you must have misrepresented yourself when you asked for citizenship.

So not only alien workers are menaced but also naturalized workers. All of the workers of America must unite in a fight against the deportation methods and bills of the bosses, for the sake of working class strength, resistance, and solidarity.

Search for Lost Airmen. SEBRING, Fla., April 1.—Stuart Moir, southeastern representative of the Fairchild Flying corporation, passed thru here early today enroute to West Palm Beach, where he will take charge of the search for two airmen of that corporation who have been missing since Friday.

Forest Fire Sweeps Yellowstone. LIVINGSTON, Mont., April 1.—Damage of from \$600,000 to \$1,000,000 was the toll of the forest fire which swept Mammoth Springs in Yellowstone National Park yesterday, according to estimates today of Superintendent F. E. Kammermeyer. In addition to houses, repair shops and garages, ninety-seven passenger auto buses were destroyed by the conflagration.

Fix Rates on Stone. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 31.—The Illinois commerce commission today authorized the Chicago and Eastern railway to effect a rate of 76 cents a ton on crushed stone and other articles accepted at the same rate from Thornton to Champaign and Urbana.

Prosecute Negro Boy. SHELBYVILLE, Ill., April 1.—Trial of John Howard Thomas, 17, Negro charged with the murder of William Funkhouser, Mattoon, Ill. newspaper employe, slowly dragged nearer today as final efforts were made to obtain four more jurors.

The Negro's attorneys declare that while he had a part in the slaying, Thomas was not guilty because of feeble mindedness which has afflicted him since birth.

Join the Workers Party!

WAR ON DANGER THAT THREATENS FOREIGN-BORN

Mass Meeting in New York Friday Night

(Special to The Daily Worker.)
NEW YORK, April 1.—Every foreign-born worker in the United States is in danger owing to a new law. The House of representatives has passed Bill No. 11,796 which makes it possible to deport any worker accused of a crime. This is a new step in American "democracy." To be sure there is a constitution, to be sure every American capitalist is proud of the Declaration of Independence, to be sure we—especially the capitalists—have welcomed every foreign-born worker who came to this country.

But things are different now. The country faces severe labor struggles. The decline of industry, the farming crisis, the increasing competition of foreign countries, the surplus production in American industry, all of these things indicate without a doubt that the workers will be compelled to fight against the coming wage cuts, longer hours and worse conditions. The workers are not likely to submit.

Hence the government is forging a weapon to use against a large part of the working class of the country when the time comes. The foreign born are among the best militants of the country—both among the organized and unorganized workers. They are not afraid of a fight—and will not stand back when the struggle is on. They are a menace to capitalist power. The new law will make it possible for the government to hand any obstreperous foreign-born worker over to the immigration authorities—and he will immediately be deported.

Do the workers intend to stand this? Does the entire working class of the United States contemplate accepting these new conditions—which mean a splitting of the labor movement—something that the capitalists always plan and bring about? The workers must show their colors. The Labor Defense Council has called a meeting at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St., on Friday, April 3, at 8 p. m. The speakers will be Comrades Weinstein, Amter, Baron, Wexler, M. Epstein, Zam. Workers come and protest against the new law. Organize to protect yourselves against the new terroristic methods of the United States government.

AS WE SEE IT
By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.
(Continued from page 1)

both sides of the Atlantic make him out to be. Perhaps Cook cannot quite the father of modern socialism as glibly as an American S. L. P.'er for instance, but the coal barons of Britain would rather see a battalion of Snowdens, Hodges and MacDonald's than a glimpse of Cook's moustache. Cook accused Hodges of playing the employers' game. Snowden jumped into the fray—in the columns of the capitalist press.

THINGS are happening in England. Events that should be followed with close attention by the American workers, particularly those who have an international vision, and who realize that the world does not end at the statue of liberty. The policies that are considered cause for expulsion from the American trade union movement, by our fakery are accepted by some of the leading figures in the ranks of labor in Britain. Two new weeklies have come into existence there and one monthly. One weekly is edited by George Lansbury. The other is a Sunday paper, Cook and Kirkwood and other progressives are on the editorial staff.

BECAUSE the organs of the Amsterdam International are closed to the trade union leaders who favor one unified international, Purcell, Hicks and Fimmen are getting out a monthly called: "Trade Union Unity." This magazine will fight the saboteurs of Amsterdam and the yellow socialists who are opposing every effort to bring the trade unions of all countries into one international. Honest British trade unionists now admit openly that the Red International of Labor Unions represented in the United States by the T. U. E. L., is the greatest force in the world for labor unity.

Bosses Use Masons to Fight the Reds
NEW YORK, April 1.—That the masonic order is used chiefly as a tool of the employers to fight Communism was admitted at a meeting of the second masonic district association of Manhattan, in the Hotel Commodore.

Charles Johnson, senior game warden, declared in addressing the meeting that it was the duty of the masons "to combat the spread of Communism." Johnson objected to the recent meeting of the Communists in Madison Square Garden to celebrate the 54th anniversary of the Paris Commune.

Get A Sub And Give One!

Workers Seeking Power Are Today's Victims of Class That Oppresses

By J. LOUIS ENGDAAHL

TODAY, workers may well interest themselves in the activities of the state's attorney's office in the so-called Shepherd case. It is just an incident that the same terroristic methods are being used by Crowe's frame-up gang in this case, that feature every attack on labor.

There is this difference, however. William D. Shepherd has a million to back his fight. The newspapers are alternately friendly to him and to the state's attorney's office. Shepherd's case gets before "the public" without prejudice, in fact, the Hearst press is pretty much on his side. Shepherd's case will get before the jury, without prejudice, in the promised murder trial. All of which is denied workers who threaten the employer's power.

This sensational murder case has developed into open warfare over witnesses who say they can "blow the whole Shepherd case out of the water." There is an Earl Clark who made an affidavit that he "had never seen any germs of any nature in Faiman's school." He is promptly arrested by Crowe's office. Then there is a Mrs. Luella Rhuebell, another former attache of Faiman's school, who claims she had "never seen a letter written by Shepherd" that Faiman said was sent to him inquiring about a course in bacteriology. Crowe's police are immediately put on her trail, but she eludes capture at her apartment by getting away via the fire escape.

All of which will no doubt develop interesting clashes at the trial. But no one will get hurt.

It is different when a worker, like Salsedo, held captive in the federal offices of the capitalist state on a top floor of a New York skyscraper, is driven mad by the persecution to which he is subjected, and leaps from the window of his prison, being crushed to death on the pavement far below. That was during one of the "red raids" that had the endorsement, if not the actual participation, of both the Shepherds and the Crowes. In the Salsedo case, for instance, the kept press of the metropolis was all on one side, on the side of capitalist prosecutors.

But the piffle writers of the yellow dailies are also at liberty to expatiate at great length on the murder, by John Bircher, aged 73, of his wife, after which he committed suicide. Bircher had prayed publicly for the conversion of his wife to his religious views. When she refused to be converted he murdered her. None other than Arthur Brisbane, again of the Hearst press, finds comfort in the fact that:

"There was a time, not long ago, when nations and organized religions within the nations did on a gigantic scale exactly what this half-crazy man in Ohio did to his wife."

Which raises the question whether Bircher or Brisbane is insane; no doubt both. Bircher is a survival of the religious intolerance that is dying out, because religion feels itself powerful enough to get along without crucifying its opponents. One of the highest points in Chicago is the tip of a cross on top of a "loop" skyscraper owned by a church. All religious sects are backing one creed in New York City today in the building of a \$15,000,000 cathedral. The church feels secure in its place under capitalism and it can afford to be tolerant of its enemies, at least for the time being. Not so the capitalist state that protects it.

When the Brisbane-Hearst outfit called for the blood of Mooney and Billings, in California, as it did, it was not much different from Bircher, the religious fanatic turned murderer in Ohio.

It wasn't the catholic church in Poland that sought the blood of Stanislaw Lanzutsky. But it was the church's best protector, the Polish capitalist state. It is capitalism that fears for its life today. It murders and throws into prison by the tens and hundreds of thousands the political dissenters of today, the Communists, just as surely as the Roman Caesars threw Christians to the lions in the arena twenty centuries ago, or the British church in the early 17th century drove dissenters across the Atlantic to find new homes on the unsettled shores of the American continent.

Brisbane isn't a Nero. But he would like to be one. He is just a little scribbler for the great capitalist Neroes of this day, who send workers to the gallows, or to prison, when they protest against the torture of labor today in the world's great industries of this century.

It is the dread of the destruction of this insane capitalist system that unites myriads of madmen like Brisbane, the journalist; Shepherd, the little capitalist; Mundelein, the churchman; Crowe, the prosecutor, in support of the capitalist state with its nominal heads like Coolidge, in the United States; Mussolini, in Italy; Horthy, in Hungary, or Grabski, in Poland. In the war against Communism all these defenders of capitalism are no more sane than Bircher, the Ohio murderer, crazed in defense of his religion. Every oppressing class breeds its own brand of madmen. Communism comes to rid the world of all oppressors. It comes to bring sanity to this earth.

TRAIN SHOPS IN STORM AREA NOT TO BE REBUILT

READING, Pa., April 1.—A most interesting and timely lecture on "The Awakening of American Labor" is arranged by local Reading Workers Party for Friday, April 3, 8 p. m., at the R. V. F. Hall, 612 Franklin St. Comrade H. M. Wicks of New York will be the lecturer.

Comrade Wicks is well-known in the American labor movement as a Marxist student and splendid lecturer and orator. He was formerly a member of the central executive committee of the Workers Party and editor of the Soviet Russia Pictorial. He is an active member of the Typographical Union and is thoroughly acquainted with the American as well as European labor movement.

Admission is free and all workers are invited to attend. This is the first of a series of lectures to be arranged by the Reading local of the Workers Party, dealing with the American and International labor movement.

Killed in Destroyer Blast. WILHELMSHAVEN, Ger., April 1.—Four men were killed today when a boiler exploded aboard a destroyer in the harbor here.

SECTION OF THE TRADE UNION EDUCATIONAL LEAGUE

LOSOVSKY WRITES ON REFORMISM IN PRE-WAR UNIONS

The Third Kind of Union Ideology

By A. LOSOVSKY.
General Secretary of the Red International of Labor Unions.

Finally, we have the third movement, the social-democratic trade union movement, the most representative of which has been the German and Austrian trade unions. What are the characteristics of this type of trade union organization? It has to a certain degree been between trade unionism and anarcho-syndicalism. In theory, the social-democratic trade union movement arose from the necessity of creating a new social order. Therefore, it has been different than the pure trade unionism in that it had as its aim the problem of creating a new society, or the destruction—under certain conditions—of capitalism. It was socialistic in the sense that it had socialistic ideas. But we would be greatly mistaken if we would mix the socialist ideas, or in other words the socialist theory and resolutions about socialism, with the everyday practice—with the preparation of the coming of socialism.

The characteristic of the pre-war social-democratic trade union movement was the thought of the possibility of arriving at the new society by gradual transition, separate victories and separate changes of society. In this way, the overthrow of capitalism was not the aim of these unions, but the gradual change of society. And this development of socialist from a capitalist society they envisioned as a developed form of democracy, a developed democratic society which spreads its democracy to the maximum. It is the development from political democracy, gradually becoming an economic and social democracy.

This is the basis of the theory of the social-democratic trade union movement. Socialism, from their point of view, is the legal son of democracy. It should gradually grow out of the development of democratic forms.

Reformism and its Alliances. And now we see that the characteristic of the social-democratic trade union movement which differentiates it is what we call "graduation" or slow evolutionary steps from one form into another. This idea has different names in different countries, but in general and more correctly it may be understood as "reformism," which means the idea of gradual change of society by means of reforms.

In France that which we call "graduation" has had the name of "possibilism." In England the same thing has been called "Fabianism," adopted by the so-called Socialists who are for a slow, gradual transition from one system into another.

"General Strike is Party Business." The social-democratic trade union movement stands separate from the social-democratic party. It believes somewhat in a division of function: The party has to do with politics, we, the trade unions, have to do with economics. The general problems of the labor movement are under the jurisdiction of the party, but we, the trade unions, should only have to deal with economics.

And it is interesting that there were many cases where the trade unions of Germany refused to consider the question of a general strike under the pretext that it was not under their jurisdiction, that it was the business of the party.

The Three Main Streams of Thought. We have, therefore, three ideological factions in the world's trade union movement, which, before the war, were often in conflict with each other. These conflicts were mostly conflicts of leaders of different countries, notwithstanding the fact that these factions existed in every country. In Germany, where the socialist movement was most influential, the anarcho-syndicalist movement was very weak and mostly in so-called "local unions."

In France, where the anarcho-syndicalist movement was the stronger, alongside with it there existed a powerful reformist trade union movement of pure German type. In America, and England where they have a specific type of trade union movement, other forms of the trade union movement also existed.

The above is an excerpt from Losovsky's famous book entitled, "The World's Trade Union Movement," a book of 125 pages which is invaluable to all who wish to understand the labor movement. It can be obtained for 50 cents; postpaid, from the T. U. E. L., 1113 Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

Carpet Weavers on Strike for More Pay

AMSTERDAM, N. Y.—The weavers of axminster carpets in the firm of Sanford and Sons here, are out on strike for an increase in wages.

"COME INTO MY PARLOR," SAYS THE OPEN SHOPPER SPIDER TO THE TEXTILE WORKER FLIES

By WILLIAM SIMONS.
WILLIMANTIC, Conn., March 31.—A committee of prominent people, the best in the city, have finally stepped forward to make a gesture at settling the strike, 18 days after it started. On Friday, March 13, the first week of the strike, I asked Acting Mayor Hickey what the city was doing about the strike, to which he responded, "The city can't do anything." Which was natural for a city council owned body and mind by the American Thread Co. But there's nothing like throwing a bluff. And the "red menace" must be met. To continue to do nothing would be simply adding fuel to the red propaganda, which has thrown Willimantic into a feverish state.

City Fathers Not Concerned
On March 21st, an alderman wrote to His Honor, asking for a meeting of the common council "for the purpose of discussing the strike situation." On the 23rd, the acting mayor replied that he had submitted the question to every council member, whose unanimous opinion was that "The matter did not come under their consideration." In reply, the lone alderman took a dig at his fellow politicians: "No one can be honest in politics, even in this small city, attested to by the thirty or forty places that are daily selling liquor in the city, because a board of alderman does not feel, as in the present strike situation, that the enforcement of law comes within their jurisdiction."

Open Shoppers Appointed
The common council has not dealt with the strike, for the American Thread Co., does not wish it to. Acting Mayor Hickey, on his own initiative, appointed a committee, consisting of the following elite: George W. Hickey, acting mayor; James P. Bath, president of the chamber of commerce; Harry W. Standish, president of the rotary club; T. Frank Cunningham, president of the businessmen's association; Russell A. Andrews, first selectman; John R. Pickett, assessor; James J. Lee, alderman; Charles A. Gates, county sheriff; last and not least, H. N. Bullard of the Chronicle. Before this honorable guard of capital, the strikers committee appeared yesterday afternoon to state their side of the case, as tho it needed further explanation.

The businessmen in town hate to see their profits diminish. They are losing money, since the strikers buy only absolute necessities. They want the strike settled, but they are not concerned with the justice or injustice of the worker's fight. Whether the workers get 5 or 10 per cent or nothing, is not the vital matter with them. They want the strike to be settled, the quicker the better. The American Thread company has been shut up like a clam, since the strike began. The company hopes to starve the workers into submission. Only the workers have expressed a desire to meet with the mayor's committee, and naturally, the strikers will be asked to be "reasonable," etc.

Rely Upon Yourselves
This reliance on mediation will do the workers little good. When President McMahon were here on March 18th, he advised the strike committee to go before the exchange club and tell them the strikers' side of the conflict. This went against the grain of one committee member, but they all went. The exchange club is a businessmen's organization, similar to the rotary club, containing members of the chamber of commerce. Yet the strike committee representatives appeared before them.

The strikers must remember that if the mills remain shut down, and no workers enter the mills to work, then the strike is won, and the ten per cent restored. The strike will be won more quickly, if more workers can be thrown into the conflict, if the Fall River and Holyoke plants are pulled out; and if the movement can be spread to the seventeen plants in England of the English Sewing Cotton company, limited.

All Others Are Enemies
Labor can only rely on itself. The role of those not a part of the working class is to settle the strike at all costs, whether the strikers win or not. The working class has only itself to fall back upon; that the textile workers will learn before many moons are over.

GET A SUB AND GIVE ONE! Six Months Jail for Organizing Workers

WESTWOOD, Cal.—Charles B. Griswold, I. W. W. organizer, was arrested in Westwood for violation of the Busick anti-I. W. W. injunction, the specific charge being the enrollment of new members (loggers) into the organization. This is the first arrest under the injunction in this part of California. Griswold demanded a jury trial, which was granted, the jury of lumber company employes bringing in a verdict of guilty in ten minutes. He was sentenced to six months in the county jail.

The Worst Sunday Toll
ROCHESTER, N. Y., April 1.—Three dead and 13 hurt in trolley and automobile accidents was the Sunday toll here, the worst since the opening of spring road traffic.

ONE NIGHT STAND D R A M A. PLAYED BY INQUISITION

Villain Runs Away with Audience

(Special to The Daily Worker.)
DETROIT, Mich.—Acting on the suggestion of William Reynolds, expelled member of the carpenters' union, that any dirty work against the carpenters should be arranged for in the Hotel Statler and not in a regular meeting hall, the inquisitors led by Cosgrove and Duffy arranged for a star chamber session of the district council in that place for Friday evening, March 27.

When the delegates, including Reynolds, having been notified by telephone or telegraph, had arrived in the lobby, Reynolds was advised by Cosgrove that the "evidence" would be submitted to the delegates, a statement would be made by the committee and the delegates would get a chance to "justify their action."

Reynolds, so Cosgrove intimated, would not be present as the committee must be "consistent" with the attitude of the general office which "did not recognize Reynolds as a member, but he would be told "in brief" what had happened afterwards and would be allowed to make a statement and be given a hearing.

When the delegates marched into the parlor, Reynolds marched with them, although again advised by Cosgrove that he "could not." When all had been seated, the following little drama occurred:

Act One—Scene One
Cosgrove (in the chair): "This meeting cannot go on until all those not recognized by the general office as members are removed."

Reynolds: "Brother Cosgrove."
Cosgrove: "I want no statements from any non-members."

Reynolds: "I have stated that I would never again leave a meeting of the district council unless forced to do so. However, if you wish to present any evidence against me and make statements and allow me to answer them and assure me that my case will not be discussed further, I will leave, then, so that any other business might be taken up."

Cosgrove: "We are giving no assurance to any non-members."
Reynolds: "I am giving most emphatic assurances that I will not leave. Now do your stuff."

Cosgrove: "Reynolds, you must leave!"
Reynolds: "Cosgrove, I am here!"
A delegate: "A point of information."

Cosgrove: "I will answer nothing while Reynolds is here."
A delegate: "We had enough czars. Come on, fellows, let's go." Business of walking out amid general laughter.

Five delegates for Local Union 1805 remained with the whitewash committee from the executive board and the injunctionites Botterill, Sharrock, and Fish.

Even with this "select" group, a strong fight, not for Reynolds but against the method of procedure of the general executive board and against their stupid conduct in Detroit, developed. Fish, the district council secretary who was forced by Botterill to sign the injunction, was especially bitter against that fossilized autocrat.

A Great Bellyache Develops
The inquisitorial mission has learned during its brief visit that even those few who nominally support them are very sick of what they must support. The great majority are openly opposed to the bullheadedness of Hutchinson and his coterie of autocratic associates and parasitic appointees. They have made it manifest to these plump parasites that Detroit is no parking place for old dotards with the temperaments of retired rear admirals.

Sharrock, whose reputation as a progressive and career as a labor leader has been broken in a vain effort to uphold the G. E. B.'s miscarriage of justice, sat thru the meetings Thursday and Friday with a smile which said, "This is the bed you made for me. How do you like it?"

"Choose Your Exit Now"
The "five crooked axes" as one delegate called them to their faces, have returned to Indiana with food for some long, long thoughts. We hope that their actions in the future will prove them chastened and wiser.

Part Time Work to Starve Workers Into Accepting Wage Cuts

WOONSOCKET, R. I.—Attempt to cut wages of woolen goods workers will be met by a strike. Curtailment of operations, with part time work, is seen by the union as an attempt of company management to get the workers so hungry that they will accept a wage cut when it is offered. So far no general attempt has been made to cut woolen workers wages, as has been done in the cotton industry.

PROMISES OF TEXTILE BARONS TO MILL WORKERS ARE BROKEN AS WAGES FALL AND JOBS MOVE

By LELAND OLDS
(Federated Press Industrial Editor)

The fraud Senator Butler and his textile associates put over on New England cotton mill operatives when he promised better earnings and ability to compete with the south as a result of wage cuts is appearing in the statistics of the industry. Wages of cotton mill workers in Massachusetts in February averaged \$19.76 a week compared with \$20.05 a year ago and the number on the payrolls remained 12½ per cent below 1922. New England mills averaged only 150 hours a per spindle while southern mills averaged 274.

Increasing Production.
Cotton mills thruout the country are averaging 208 hours of operation per spindle, compared with 194 hours in February, 1924. But Secy. C. S. Green of the Southern Yarn Spinners Assn. says: "Mills will soon reduce operations by a cut of approximately 25 per cent."

The sharp contrast between average hours in New England and the south during February is shown in the department of commerce figures: February cotton mill operation spindle

Maine	187
New Hampshire	154
Massachusetts	138
Rhode Island	171
Connecticut	177
Alabama	259
Georgia	270
South Carolina	289
North Carolina	283
Virginia	204

Southern states with 17,420,952 spindles reported 4,780,000,000 spindle hours operation while New England with a million more spindles reported only 2,770,000,000 spindle hours, about two million less. In 1924 New England lost nearly 400,000 spindles while southern states gained 570,000.

Better Move the Union Along.
What this means is revealed in the annual report of the New England Southern Mills, a Massachusetts corporation. It says: "A year ago we had under way the moving of 35,000 spinning spindles and 15,000 twist spindles from Lowell, LeRoy and Newburyport plants to a new building under construction at Hogansville, Ga. At Tucapau, S. C. we have installed the necessary machinery for the manufacture of crash toweling. These crashees were formerly made at the old Stark Mills in Manchester, N. H."

The Manufacturers' Record reports that the equipment of the new Worth mills of Fort Worth, Tex., consisting of 16,000 spindles was moved from the Fairhaven mills of New Bedford, Mass. The company's statement describes this as the transplanting of a mill to a place of lower wage costs and gloats over the fact that 2,000 workers applied for the 350 jobs available when the mill opened.

California Sticks to 'Criminal Syndicalism'

SACRAMENTO, Cal.—(FP)—Assemblyman Hornblower's bill to repeal the California criminal syndicalism law was unanimously killed in committee. Hornblower and two representatives of the State Federation of Labor defended the bill, pointing out its injustice to innocent men, and characterizing it as an example of "post war hysteria."

Urges Combine Against Reds.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, April 1.—That the democratic and republican parties are both parties of capitalism was shown in the speech here of Governor William Brandon of Alabama, who urged the two parties to combine to fight the Communists. Brandon suggested a conference of both parties in Washington.

WORKERS FIGHT INJUNCTION IN ILLINOIS HOUSE

Employers Lobby for Court Power

The Illinois Manufacturers' Association in a private letter sent only to members of the organization, reveals the employers' reliance on the courts to suppress unionism and aid in breaking strikes.

The letter is headed, "Anti-Injunction Menace," and declares: "Bosses Fight Unionism."

"Labor union leaders are planning to force a vote in the house of the Illinois general assembly on the anti-injunction bill (H. B. 28) Tuesday, March 31.

"Unless a herculean effort is made on the part of manufacturers and property owners generally, this proposed legislation will pass the house. It is a vicious measure in every particular in that it deprives the courts of the right to protect life and property and is for the purpose of aiding the extension of the most radical kind of unionism."

The anti-injunction bill, which aims to prevent court interference with the right of workers to strike, came up on the floor of the house today and a bitter debate began immediately.

"Labor is in danger" from this power of injunction," one representative said. "And the menace is even greater in Illinois than elsewhere. Labor is asking to be relieved of the type of employer who wants to rule by injunction."

Witnesses to Prove Gompers Was Sane Included LaFollette

WASHINGTON, D. C.—It appears that when the widow of Sam Gompers last week gave up her fight to get more from his estate than the legal minimum which he left her in his will, made just before he started to Mexico, some interesting developments were lost to mankind.

Samuel Junior, who got the bulk of the estate, was prepared to bring witnesses to prove that Samuel, Senior, was in his right mind when he made the will. Among others, these witnesses included Senator LaFollette.

Samuel Junior, has even been getting along famously as a government pleader under the republican administration of both Harding and Coolidge. He is chief clerk in the U. S. department of labor, the chief function of which is to betray strikes with so-called "mediation," to prevent any "radicals" from getting into the country, and to deport them without trial if they get radical after they work for Judge Gary and the other open shoppers.

Samuel, Senior, leaves a \$25,000 home in Washington, among other legacies, including bonds in some investment not revealed.

Give your shopmate this copy of the DAILY WORKER—but be sure to see him the next day to get his subscription.

Seen on a Street Car

By A WORKER.

A young man with a copy of a capitalist paper in his hands (judging from appearance—an office worker of \$15-20 per) is about to take an unoccupied seat in the street car. He glances at a copy of the DAILY WORKER which happened to be lying on the seat. He throws it on the floor, settles down and reads the capitalist sheet.

The majority of us, like this young man, neglect to read our own paper. Why? Our paper brings to us our class problems. It enlightens us on the exploitation of the workers by the capitalist class in power. It points out for us how injunctions, the army, the police, thugs and dicks are used by the capitalists to break our backbones in strikes for better living conditions.

The DAILY WORKER teaches us that thru the establishment of workers' control, unemployment, child labor, race discrimination, unsanitary housing and working conditions and bloody wars will be abolished.

Workers, the capitalist press misleads you. It tells you you are free and promises you a heaven beyond the grave as a reward for your suffering on earth.

Workers, do not let the capitalists mock at you because of your ignorance. Read your own paper, the DAILY WORKER, not the capitalist sheets.

Patronize our advertisers.

Women's Eight Hour Bill Side-Tracked By House Committee

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 1.—The bill limiting the work of Illinois women to eight hours a day and six days a week, has been reported out of the committee on industrial affairs with no recommendation, and consequently will not be placed on the house calendar.

The industrial affairs committee claims to have committed an oversight, but the proponents of the bill declare that it was purposely shunted to one side.

The Little Red Library

The first two numbers of this little pocket-size library, destined to become the most popular of any working class publications ever issued in this country, are now being sold by all Daily Worker's Agents thruout the country.

No. 1
Trade Unions in America
By Wm. Z. Foster, James P. Cannon and Earl R. Browder
Is, with a brief statement of the American trade union movement, a history of the development of the left wing and an explanation of the structure and program of its guiding spirit—the Trade Union Educational League.



No. 2
Class Struggle vs. Class Collaboration
By Earl R. Browder
Is a splendid study of the methods of labor bureaucracy to divert the workers from militant struggle thru the E. & O. plan, insurance schemes and workers' education. A most valuable number for the thinking worker.

If you have not as yet seen a copy of this splendid little propaganda giant, and have not enjoyed the valuable reading in each, be sure to ask your local Daily Worker Agent for a copy—or a dozen copies. (They are twelve for \$1.00.)

10 CENTS EACH

They can also be had by mail from

THE DAILY WORKER

1113 W. WASHINGTON BLVD.

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

FEDERAL OFFICER PROPAGANDIZES AGAINST NEGROES

Government Backing Rouses Protest

(Special to The Daily Worker)
 NEW YORK, April 1.—Use of the department of labor's privilege of free mailing (franking) for the purpose of spreading vicious anti-Negro propaganda has aroused vigorous protest and a demand for the dismissal of the department agent involved.

W. A. Flecker, the culprit, is a Virginian, and has been using his government franking privileges to distribute free of charge a pamphlet entitled "Eugenics in Relation to the New Family and the Law on Racial Integrity" of which he is co-author and which describes our black fellow workers as members of a lower race who must be treated as inferior.

"Dr. Flecker is an avowed anti-Negro propagandist," says the protest to U. S. Secretary of Labor Davis. "What he has to say is insulting to all colored American citizens, but when as an official of the United States department of labor he sends this matter out under government frank and at the expense of the common tax payers, his actions become a public outrage."

Classical Dancing, Workers' Athletics at Cleveland Dance

CLEVELAND, O., April 1.—April 5, Grindina's Hall will be the scene of Cleveland's liveliest, most hilarious, most riotous Communist entertainment ever staged in the history of the local. Fifty Finnish comrades of the Finnish Athletic club will demonstrate with parallel bars and bar-bells the meaning of workers' sport activity. Double cut-offs, single backward cut-offs, hand-stands and shoulder rolls will be part of the program of athletic feats which will entertain the audience of workers who will also participate in the international costume ball, one of the evening's festivities.

The leading feature of the evening will be the number by Lillian Krestan, popular, youthful ballet dancer of Cleveland radical circles. The climax of her performance will be the revolutionary dance for which Isadora Duncan was barred from Boston auditoriums.

Supper will be served at 6:00 p. m. Admission in advance is thirty-five cents; at the door, forty-five cents. The doors open at 2:00 p. m.

Anti-Nationalistic Concert and Spring Fever Dance in Bronx

BRONX, N. Y., April 1.—All the young folks and all the folks who feel young are invited to attend the Spring Fever Costume Dance of the Young Workers League, Bronx English branch on Saturday, April 4 at 1347 Boston road, Bronx. This appropriate affair promises many novel features and a good time for all. The spring fever inoculation costs only 50 cents and includes admission to all the fun.

On April 11th the Bronx English Branch No. 1 W. P. has arranged an original international anti-nationalistic concert and ball. This will also be held at 1347 Boston road, and tickets cost 50c.

DANCE FOR BENEFIT OF WHITE RUSSIAN PRISONERS IN POLAND

The Workers' Home, together with the White Russian Peoples' Society will give a concert and dance this Sunday, April 5, at Schoenhofen Hall, corner Milwaukee and Ashland avenues, for the benefit of the political prisoners in Poland. Many of the White Russians who are fighting for the liberation of the territory forcibly annexed by Poland and which is in fact part of the Soviet Republic of White Russia, are suffering in the jails of Poland. Only a few days ago, the capitalist press reported how two of such prisoners who were on their way to be exchanged for Polish prisoners in Soviet Russia, were shot down by the Polish chief of police.

All who are in sympathy with the liberation movement in Poland are invited to attend this affair and thereby help the victims of the Polish bourgeoisie. The concert will start at 4 p. m.

WITH THE YOUNG WORKERS

DUNNE ADDRESSES YOUNG WORKERS ON ROLE OF NEGRO IN CLASS WAR

With an attendance of more than 30 young workers, nearly half of whom were Negroes, Branch No. 3 of the Chicago Young Workers League, held its first meeting last Friday, in its new hall at 3201 S. Wabash Ave.

Comrade Bill Dunne spoke on the role of the Negro workers in the class struggle in America, with particular emphasis on the importance of winning the Negro youth. Comrade Dunne's speech was listened to attentively and was followed by questions and discussion which served to bring out additional points of interest.

In the future it is planned to adhere to the educational program of the city central committee, but to have as many special lectures as possible.

The Negro question in particular will be closely studied, as the branch is located in the heart of the Chicago so-called "black belt," and prospects of organizing large numbers of young Negro workers seem very favorable.

In view of the splendid success of the mass social and get-together held recently in conjunction with the South Side Branch of the Workers Party it has been decided to give another one on the last Saturday in April. However greater emphasis will be laid on the propaganda and organizational features of this affair.

Organizing Shop Nuclei.

On the industrial field the branch is engaged in building nuclei at the Pullman car shops and the Chicago Mail Order house. Efforts are being made to connect members of this branch with members of the Pullman branch who are also employed in the car shops. When this is accomplished a real live nucleus will start functioning in this important plant employing thousands of young industrial workers.

The campaign at the Chicago Mail Order house is being carried on thru the medium of a semi-weekly mimeographed organ, The C. M. O. C. Workers Bulletin. This bulletin is received with great favor by the young workers and several of them have come down to branch meetings and expressed a desire to participate in the work which the league is carrying on. The next issue of the bulletin which will be out Friday will be a special organizational one and will carry an appeal to the young workers to attend the next meeting of the branch to deal with conditions at the Chicago Mail Order house. A special program of entertainment and speaking has been prepared for the evening in expectation of a good turnout from the young mail order house workers.

Los Angeles Juniors Promise Big Program for Annual Festival

LOS ANGELES, Cal., April 1.—The Junior section of the Young Workers League of Los Angeles have been very busy for the past two months preparing themselves for their second anniversary. The date of the celebration is April 12, the place, Co-operative Centre, 2706 Brooklyn Ave.

The rumors are that this year's concert will be even better than last year's, and that is saying a lot—for those who were to the first anniversary concert of the Juniors last April still remember the wonderful program offered by the Juniors, and will turn out 100 per cent strong this year.

It would take too much space to enumerate all things on the program; but a few of the numbers are: "Happy Prince," play in three scenes; "Labor Defense," operetta in four scenes; "Spirit of Communism," ballet. Close to 75 children will partake in the program.

This is the event of the year. We advise you not to miss it. Get your ticket beforehand to assure your securing a seat. Tickets can be gotten at the Co-operative Centre any evening from 7 p. m.

The Junior section of the Young Workers League of L. A. meets every Tuesday and Wednesday night from 7 p. m. to 8:30, at the Co-operative Centre. We urge all parents to send their children to this organization, as it is the only children's organization of its kind. We invite all children to visit our group meetings.

Dance for Relief of Irish Famine Victims Planned for Cleveland

CLEVELAND, March 31.—The Cleveland branch of the Irish Workers' and Peasants' Relief committee has arranged a benefit dance to raise funds for the relief of the Irish famine sufferers, to be held Saturday, April 4, at Gordon Square Market hall, West 55th and Detroit Ave.

The Uncle Sam and Terence McSwiney clubs of the Irish Republican organization have donated the hall for the evening. There will be Irish and American dancing at this popular west side hall. Admission is 50 cents.

Circulating Donation Lists.

The committee is arranging for a public mass meeting in April to be addressed by a prominent Irish speaker and contribution lists are being circulated among the workers of Cleveland.

All those who are able to assist in this work by selling tickets for the dance or circulating contribution lists, should get in touch at once with the secretary of the committee, John Fromholz, Room 13, 5927 Euclid Ave., phone Randolph 4065.

Scandinavian Reds Have Benefit Party Next Saturday Eve.

Workers on the northwest side of the city will have an opportunity to spend an enjoyable evening as paying guests of the Karl Marx branch of the Workers Party, at a benefit dance and surprise party which will be held in the Workers' Lyceum, 2733 Hirsch Boulevard, next Saturday evening, April 4. One of the best orchestras in town is engaged for the occasion. There is no objection to visitors from any other part of the city.

Stamford Y. W. L. Reorganizes

STAMFORD, Conn., Apr. 1.—Branch 164 of the Stamford, Conn. Young Workers League has been reorganized with all the old members attending and new ones added. Every member has pledged himself to greater activity to make the branch forge ahead in real Communist activities. The co-operation of other branches will be appreciated.

Harlem Forum to Discuss Religion Next Sunday Nite

(Special to The Daily Worker)
 NEW YORK, April 1.—Harlem Open Forum will tackle the subject of religion this coming Sunday evening, April 5, at the Harlem section headquarters, Workers Party, Local New York, 64 East 104th street. The discussion will be led by H. Bourgin, former editor of the Noyv Mir, well-known as a writer and lecturer on Communism. Comrade Bourgin, who has written on the subject of religion, will speak on the topic: "Religion as an Instrument of Capitalism." Especially at this time when a campaign is being conducted to introduce religious instruction in the schools, the discussion at the forum will be highly interesting and valuable.

There will be three more sessions of the Harlem Open Forum: Sunday, April 12—The Family—Jeannette Pearl leading the discussion; Sunday, April 19—The Capitalist, Labor and Communist Press—Ludwig Lore; Sunday, April 26—Proletcult—Ell Jacobson.

Ragozin to Teach Class in Harlem

NEW YORK, April 1.—Ray Ragozin, one of the founders of the Communist Party, and an expert teacher has been secured as teacher of a class in Fundamentals of Communism, for the Harlem section of the Workers Party, Local New York. She will conduct the class every Friday evening at the Harlem headquarters, 64 East 104th St.

MOISSAYE OLGIN TO SPEAK IN RUSSIAN IN CHICAGO, APRIL 17

What promises to be one of the most interesting lectures given in Chicago in the Russian language is the lecture to be given by Comrade Moissaye Olgin, co-editor of the Russian Communist daily, Noyv Mir. He will speak at the Workers' Home (formerly the Soviet School), 1902 W. Division St., on Friday, April 17, at 8 p. m., on "What did the Russian Revolution Give to the Workers and Peasants?"

Comrade Olgin was in Russia a few times during the revolution as delegate to the Comintern. He is the author of "The Soul of the Russian Revolution," and other works about the revolution. He is an excellent speaker and it is expected that he will draw a big crowd of those who understand the Russian language. Admission is only 25 cents.



BUILDERS AT WORK

MAKE IT A COMMUNIST SUMMER!

By TOM MATTHEWS.

THE first warm days of summer will soon be here. The Young Workers Leaguers, like the live-wires that they are, will set out across the country on their annual hikes, many of them from coast-to-coast. The building tradesmen in the Workers Party and Trade Union Educational League will move about from town to town as their work may dictate. The agricultural workers will be out in the fields. Party members engaged in winter-season occupations will take their flivvers out on vacation trips.

All of these will have the opportunity of their life to do pioneer work in building and extending the lines of the Communist movement in this country. Along with every tool box and every knapsack must go the DAILY WORKER—the tools of Communist BUILDERS. Every small town factory or railroad shop, every farmer's door or mail box must be visited with the DAILY WORKER. Every group of agricultural workers in the fields or orchards must be made acquainted with the DAILY WORKER.

If you are so fortunate as to possess an automobile, then LOAD IT UP WITH THE DAILY WORKER. You needn't wait for that cross-country trip, but go out to those near-by towns or factories on your Saturday afternoons or Sundays with your bundle of the DAILY WORKER. Whether you sell them or give them away, see to it that they are placed into the hands of new readers whom you will find glad to make the acquaintance of a fighting labor daily.

Young Communists and Juniors should make their hikes, whether week-end or cross-country, into DAILY WORKER HIKES. If a week-end, make your destination some near-by town or factory. Take along enough DAILIES to supply the autoists and farmers along the way.

THIS SUMMER SHOULD WITNESS NOT A SLUMP BUT A GREAT IMPETUS TO THE COMMUNIST MOVEMENT IN THIS COUNTRY.

MAKE IT A DAILY WORKER SUMMER!

Comrade Matthews suggests splendid action in the article above and his slogan is an action builder... we suggest it becomes a slogan of yours. But if you have any other suggestions on how to "Build the DAILY WORKER"—and especially if you are putting them into practice now—write them up and send your article to this column.

ON MARCH 31

these Communist BUILDERS sent in NEW subs in the Second Annual Sub Campaign. Take notice that local Detroit sends in 15 NEW SUBS.

DETROIT, MICH.—N. Stoyanoff, 9; A. E. Goetz, 6.

NEW YORK CITY—Peter Karklin; Philip Rifkin.

CHICAGO, ILL.—Helen Judd; C. Schwartz.

MONESSEN, PA.—Leo Kaupilla.

KANSAS CITY, MO.—J. E. Snyder.

ST. LOUIS, MO.—F. Weber.

JOHNSTOWN, PA.—L. R. Suto.

NOTE.

These subs sent in by comrades whose names we publish are NEW subs—or renewals obtained by visiting expiring subscriptions. Hundreds of special short term subs and subs sent in renewal by comrades for themselves are NOT included.

MUNICIPAL CAMPAIGN ENDS IN ST. LOUIS AT SUNDAY MEETING

(Special to The Daily Worker)
 ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 1.—Communist here will wind up their municipal campaign with a mass meeting this Sunday night, April 5, at 8 o'clock, at Unity Hall, Grand Ave. and Page Blvd. This meeting had previously been announced thru an error, for Thursday night.

Among the speakers will be J. Louis Engdhal, editor of the DAILY WORKER; John Braun, Communist candidate for mayor of St. Louis, and John Mihello, sub-district organizer, Workers Party, District No. 8.

Large amounts of literature are being distributed, and other means taken of carrying on an effective campaign.

Monopolies Make Identical Bids for School Contracts

School supply companies, coal companies, and other Chicago industries are, by means of monopolies, keeping a fixed high price on their products in Chicago, J. Lewis Coath, trustee of the board of education, charged.

The coal companies and school supply companies meet and fix identical bids for city school contracts, Coath charged.

Fredrick Alt, sent to Chicago by Attorney General Sargent to investigate monopolies in Chicago, may consume at least a year on probing this state of affairs.

School officials are inclined to look on Alt's visit as a means of keeping one of the department of justice employes busy. No results are expected and prices will be kept as high as ever by the monopolies.

Only Super-Persons Entitled to Families, Conference Decides

NEW YORK, April 1.—The last meeting of the sixth international neo-malthusian and birth control conference was given to the discussion of eugenics with the final adoption of a resolution encouraging large families among "super persons."

However, the question raised by Dr. Aleta Jacobs of the Hague, founder of the first birth control clinic in the world, who wanted to know who and what was to determine the superior qualities of accepted parents was left unanswered.

An international birth control committee was appointed, with England, Scandinavia, Austria, Hungary, Holland, Germany, Japan, China, Mexico, Switzerland and America represented. The conference voted to raise a fund to pay the fine of 37,000 francs to save Eugene Humbert and his wife from further imprisonment in France for distributing birth control pamphlets.

The next international conference will be held in Geneva next August.

Recommend Taking \$900,000 from School Funds for Building

A building budget carrying an appropriation of \$15,500,000 was approved by the finance committee of the board of education and will be submitted for final approval to the board at its next regular meeting. This move will necessitate adding \$900,000 or the price of two additional elementary buildings to the construction program. The amount will be deducted from the maintenance budget.

The committee took this action upon a recommendation from the firm of Griffenhagen & Associates who undertook to prove that the increase represented an actual saving and that it had the added feature of adding seating facilities for the school children.

Sorbonne Student Gets 15 Days for Anti-Herriot Scene

PARIS, France, March 31.—One of the students who participated in the demonstration against Dr. George Scelle, who made a futile attempt to lecture at the Sorbonne law school, has been sentenced to a fine of 50 francs, and fifteen days in jail for "violence and rebellion."

The demonstration was begun by royalists who objected to the appointment of the Herriot supporter to a professorship in international law. Communists, however, took an active part in a counter demonstration, during which they made Communist speeches and sang the International.

Sorbonne Closed.

PARIS, France April 1.—Minister of Education Albert has suspended Dr. Barthelmy, dean of the Sorbonne law faculty, and closed the law school as a result of the demonstration by students against a professor appointed by Herriot.

Spanish Ambassador Resigns.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 1.—The resignation of ambassador to Spain, Alexander P. Moore, which has been laid before President Coolidge, will be accepted, it was announced today. A Kingsley Macomber, Connecticut horse breeder, is the most probable successor, it was said.

Tools Are Important

Like an expert craftsman, a thor' Communist is very critical very careful in the choice of the tools he must work with.

He views closely every method that will better build the revolutionary movement. And for him, in addition to correct principles and practice, the means of their most efficient promotion is essential.

Carefully, closely, the Communist calculates every little item that aids to build for working class power.

The DAILY WORKER contributes to the Communist revolutionary craftsman a small tool that well serves his purpose—a small leather binder.

Snuggly fitting your pocket, you may find in this binder the book for your shop-mate (perhaps the clinching argument to "make another Communist"); a descriptive catalogue of every Communist book and pamphlet; all Communist publications (in all languages)—more useful information and note paper for your convenience.

This is an important tool for a Communist. The DAILY WORKER gladly gives one to every worker who secures a NEW yearly sub—or \$6.00 worth of subs (\$8.00 worth in Chicago).

The DAILY WORKER gladly makes this offer to stimulate interest in the Second Annual Sub Campaign and for more efficient promotion of Communist activity.

RATES

\$5.00 a year \$3.50—6 months \$2.00 3 months
 IN CHICAGO—\$8.00 a year \$4.50 6 months \$2.50 3 months

THE NEW SUBSCRIPTION TO BUILD THE DAILY WORKER

NAME _____

STREET _____

CITY _____ STATE _____

RATES

\$5.00 a year \$3.50—6 months \$2.00 3 months
 IN CHICAGO—\$8.00 a year \$4.50 6 months \$2.50 3 months

Send this PROPAGANDA SUB to a worker to "Make Another Communist"

NAME _____

STREET _____

CITY _____ STATE _____

BOSSSES' CHARITY SOON TO DESERT JOBLESS MINERS

Storm Victims Must Seek Workers' Aid

MURPHYSBORO, April 1.—The red cross and other capitalist relief workers are preparing to leave here within a few days, it is announced.

Where Was Red Cross? The man, who gave his name as John Skelly, declared, "After the tornado hit Murphysboro, I struggled thru the wreckage to find my home in ruins, and my wife, Mary, and daughter, Dorothy, dead among the debris."

Griffin Still Suffers Word from Griffin, Indiana, states that 49 storm victims are still receiving medical treatment. Many families are still living in tents here.

New York Protest Meeting Against New Deportation Law

NEW YORK, April 1—Friday night, April 3, at 8 o'clock, at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 East 4th street, the workers of New York City will demonstrate what they think about the new deportation law.

Dr. A. Moskalik DENTIST S. W. Corner 7th and Mifflin Sts. PHILADELPHIA, PA.

CAPITALISTS EXPLOIT NEGRO SCHOOLS, ENFORCING RIGID RULES AND SPYING ON REDS

The revolt of the student body of Fisk university for Negroes, in Nashville, Tennessee, against the tyranny imposed on them by a white president of southern ideas and a board of trustees composed of white business men and lawyers, culminated in a school strike in which over five hundred of the students took part.

The trouble at the Negro university began last November, when a group of students who appeared before the officials of the university with a petition asking for student self-government and a relaxation of the stiff rules of conduct, were seized by southern police who had been called in by the school heads.

Rigid Rules Imposed. Now comes the news that the entire senior class and a large number of other students at Fisk university have left the school with the intention of entering other and more liberal universities in the north—if they can get in.

Superficially, the revolt of these colored men and women may appear unimportant. And the officials of the university, using the white capitalist press and some of the more reactionary of the colored newspapers as their mouth-piece, have been doing all in their power to make it appear that the rebellion is based entirely on a desire of the girls to wear clothing more unconventional than the stringent rules of the school permit, or a desire of the men to read or write later than 10 o'clock on one or two evenings a week, at least.

No one can deny that the rules of the university, written and enforced on a group of colored men and women by a handful of white business men, are ridiculously rigid. Students may not gather in groups of more than three, excepting for classes. No man student may even speak to any girl student unless an older person is near to listen to the conversation.

Negro Schools Exploited. No one can deny that these rules alone would bring on rebellion in any student group. But the primary cause for the revolt at Fisk lies deeper. How can a handful of people impose upon a large student body rules calculated to reduce men and women to the social status of disobedient children, and of very inferior children at that?

Negro schools and universities have long been a happy hunting-ground for white business men seeking, thru the medium of so-called higher education, to "teach the Negro his proper place" and to make him, either a docile wage-worker or else a missionary of the petty-bourgeoisie to drive from the minds of his own race all thots of social rebellion. They have been able to do this by means of large gifts of money to Negro educational institutions, thru which they automatically receive the privilege of appointing to the ruling board of the school one or more trustees of their own turn of mind.

No Inter-Racial Harmony. A deceptive feature of the trouble at Nashville is that Fisk university is the only place in the south in

Writes About Negroes



Lovett Fort-Whiteman.

which both white and colored teachers have places on the faculty. This seeming interracial harmony means nothing. All teachers must meet with the approval of a group of white aristocrats, out of whose pockets the money for the schools is taken.

The man against whom most of the fury of the colored students is at present directed is Fayette McKenzie, the white president of the university. McKenzie has never made any secret of his desire to please the southern aristocracy by keeping the Negro students in his charge strictly segregated and under iron-clad rules of conduct. He has created in the school an elaborate detective system, which spies out and reports students and instructors who show the slightest sympathy with more advanced ideas. He has made it a strict rule that no colored speakers may appear before the student body. It was the attempt to enforce this rule that started the rebellion in the oldest class five months ago.

McKenzie Negro Hater. McKenzie is a prominent member of the "Commercial Club" of Nashville, an association of the white business aristocracy of the city. The president of Fisk university voted with the club when last year it went on record against a theater company to the front entrance, instead of forcing them to use a back door.

Wholeheartedly behind the policy of the white president in his efforts to keep Fisk university a servile institution, stand the black and white business men of the board of trustees. Paul Cravath, an attorney for Morgan interests and one of New York's biggest corporation lawyers, is the president of this board. Its vice-president is Hollingsworth Wood, head of the National Urban League, an institution organized ostensibly for the purpose of improving the condition of the Negro in large industrial centers, but making it a practice to supply Negro nonunion labor to employers whenever there is a strike. It is from the Urban League that the Chicago meat packers have drawn their scab labor during strike periods.

Capitalists Control School. Another board member at Fisk is Luke Lee, former senator from the state of Tennessee and present owner of the most important paper in Nashville. Lee has time and again been outspoken in his opposition to the granting of the ballot of Negroes. President McKenzie received his social training as a government agent among the few Indians left in the United States. The Indian policy of the government has always been to enforce the strictest territorial segregation. McKenzie has evidently resolved to apply to the Negroes under his care the methods learned in previous jobs.

Spain Takes Fortifications. MADRID, Spain, April 1—Alquazar-Seguer, Morocco, across the strait from Gibraltar, has been taken by Spanish forces to blockade the Moroccan fighting against Spanish imperialism.

PITTSBURGH, PA. To those who work hard for their money, I will save 50 per cent on all their dental work. DR. RASNICK DENTIST 645 Smithfield Street.

IRISH WORKERS AND PEASANTS IN DIRE NEED

Driven to Live on Dried Leaves

NEW YORK, April 1—"The workers and peasants are living on what they can find and are eating even dried leaves," said Colonel George O'Callaghan Westropp, reporting at a conference in Belfast a few days ago. "The cattle are dying by the wholesale, 426 head having succumbed in two months in one district. All the sheep are already dead, and there is no livestock left in two large townlands. In two other townlands covering an area thirty miles long by ten miles wide, the people have lost 80 per cent of their livestock. A traveler cannot journey along the roads without meeting two or three funerals daily."

The capitalist press of this country and of Ireland denies that there is any famine in Ireland. This picture of the misery and starvation of the Irish workers and peasants by a man who is not a radical, not a Bolshevik but a colonel and a leader of the Irish Farmers' Union, and at last reported in the capitalist press, demonstrates that the situation is very critical.

God Save the Capitalists. "The people are seeing black," said Colonel Westropp. "Tomorrow they may see red, and then god help Ireland." In other words, the workers and peasants who are suffering hunger, see on all sides the rich in luxury and splendor, while their wives and children starve and become the prey of every kind of disease. Yes, tomorrow they may see red—and then god help the landlords, capitalists and exploiters of Ireland. Then Ireland will throw off the yoke of British imperialism, the yoke of the landlords and capitalists who suck the very life-blood of the workers and peasants; who are now eating the best that the world can provide, while 750,000 workers and peasants, the producers of Irish wealth, are starving.

The workers of America must help the Irish workers and peasants. American workers aided the Russian and the German workers when famine appeared in their countries. The American workers will not allow their Irish brothers and sisters to suffer. Agitate in all organizations. Collect funds and send them to the Irish Workers and Peasants' Famine Relief Committee, 19 S. Lincoln St., Chicago, Ill.

New York Public School Teachers Get Wage Increase

ALBANY, N. Y., April 1—The N. Y. legislature passed the Kleinfeld-Ricca Teachers' salary bill sponsored by the joint salary committee of the teachers' associations of New York City, with which the Teachers' Union is affiliated. The campaign was carried on in a half-hearted fashion, the bill appeared certain of being strangled in committee, and then was passed unanimously in what appeared to be an effort of the republican legislature to embarrass Governor Alfred E. Smith, "the friend of the teachers."

The teachers as a whole consider the provisions of the bill as generous. In reality the younger teachers, the initial salary of the K-g-6B group being raised by the pitiable sum of \$25.00 from \$1,500 to \$1,525. President Lincolnville offers the weak reason that "the numerical preponderance of elementary school teachers stands in the way of their getting a larger income."

The increases in the maximum salaries for classroom teachers in the elementary and high schools range from \$450 to \$600 per year. The supervisors and principals come in for the gravy receiving increases ranging from \$1,000 to \$5,000. The annual cost of the increases provided in this bill for 30,000 teachers is about \$11,000,000.

Despite the discriminations against the classroom teachers, labor in New York state and city should come to the support of the teachers in their effort to gain even these inadequate schedules.

Clergymen Endorse Birth Control. NEW YORK, April 1—the birth control movement was wrapped in a mantle of respectability when clergymen of five different denominations called it a force "for the betterment of the human race." The ministerial endorsement was voiced at the birth control conference in the Hotel McAlpin. They drew up a resolution calling upon the churches of the world to lend their support to the movement. The clergymen were Rabbi Stephen S. Wise of the Free Synagogue, Rev. Dr. Charles Francis Potter, pastor of the West Side Unitarian church; Dr. Harry Elmer Barnes; Dr. W. F. Robie and Dr. William F. Ogburn.

Give your shopmate this copy of the DAILY WORKER—but be sure to see him the next day to get his subscription.

Your Union Meeting

- First Thursday, April 2, 1925. Name of Local and Place of Meeting. Allied Printing Trades Council, 59 E. Van Buren St., 6:30 p. m. 271 Amal. Clothing Workers, 409 S. 227 Boiler Makers, 2040 W. North Ave. 93 Boot and Shoe, 1939 Milwaukee Avenue. 499 Boot and Shoe Wkrs., 10256 Michigan Ave. 14 Brick and Clay, Shermanville, Ill. 188 Brick and Clay, Glenview, Ill. 13 Carpenters, 113 S. Ashland Blvd. 82 Carpenters, 6416 S. Halsted St. 341 Carpenters, 1440 Emma St. 434 Carpenters, South Chicago 11037 Michigan Ave. 504 Carpenters, Ogden and Kedzie. 2103 Carpenters, 758 W. North Ave. 180 Drug Clerks, 431 S. Dearborn St., Room 1327. 134 Electricians, 1507 Ogden Ave. 785 Electricians, 7475 Dante Ave. 115 Electricians, 2223 Houston Ave. 16432 Field Assessors, Victoria Hotel. 429 Firemen and Engineemen, 38th and 26th Sts. 269 Hod Carriers, South Chicago, 3101 E. 82nd St. 25 Janitors, 59 E. Van Buren St. 60 Janitresses, City Hall, Hearing Room. 18 Ladies' Garment Workers, 328 W. Van Buren St. 84 Ladies' Garment Workers, 1214 N. Ashland Ave. 100 Ladies' Garment Workers, 328 W. Van Buren St. 12 Leather Workers, 810 W. Harrison Street. 233 Molders, 119 S. Throop St. Painters District Council, 1446 W. Adams St. 371 Painters, Dutt's Hall, Chicago Hts. Piano and Organ Workers, 190 W. 2. Washington. 689 Plumbers, Monroe and Peoria Sts. 281 Plumbers (Railway), Monroe and Peoria. 516 Railway Carmen, 1259 Cornell St. 724 Railway Carmen, 78th and Drexel Avenue. 1082 Railway Carmen, 1900 W. 17th St. 278 Railway Clerks, 549 W. Washington. 504 Railway Clerks, 8138 Commercial Avenue. 14872 Sign Hangers, 810 W. Harrison St. 38 Signmen, 6235 Princeton Ave. 12 Slate, Tile Roofers, 1224 Milwaukee. 110 Stage Employees, Masonic Temple, 1230 N. Dearborn St. Stone Cutters, 180 W. Washington Street. 742 Teamsters, 9206 Houston Ave. 754 Teamsters (Dairy), 220 S. Ashland. 755 Teamsters, 30 E. 8th St. 110 Upholsters, 180 W. Washington Street. 17816 Warehouse Emp., 168 W. Washington. (Note—Unless otherwise stated all meetings are at 8 p. m.)

SICK AND DEATH BENEFIT SOCIETIES

Frauen-Kranken-Unterstützungs Verein Fortschritt Meets every 1st & 3rd Thursday, Wicker Park Hall, 2040 W. North Avenue. Secretary.

awfully good KRAFT CHEESE

Eat at the GLOBE CAFETERIA Best Foods at Moderate Prices. 14th STREET, COR. IRVING PLACE (Opposite New York Party Headquarters)

E. W. RIECK LUNCH ROOMS Seven Places 62 W. Van Buren 42 W. Harrison 169 N. Clark 118 S. Clark 66 W. Washington 167 N. State 234 S. Halsted PHONES, HARRISON 8616-7 Specialties: E. W. Rieck Boston Baked Beans and Brown Bread, Fine Soups and Fresh Made Coffee, Commensary and Bakery; 1612 Fulton St. Phone West 2549

Price with case \$60 Remington Portable

The little typewriter which has all the big-machine advantages, including the one and only standard keyboard, and fits in a case only four inches high. Easy payment terms can be arranged when you Order from The Daily Worker 1113 W. Washington Blvd., CHICAGO, ILL.

New York Readers, Attention! ALL REVOLUTIONARY WORKERS will celebrate the THIRD JUBILEE of the FREIHEIT SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 4, 1925 at CARNEGIE HALL, 57th Street and 7th Avenue. Only First Class Artists Will Participate I. CARMELLA PONSELLE Mezzo Soprano of the Metropolitan Opera House. II. MARMEINS Miriam - Irene - Phyllis. III. THE STRINGWOOD ENSEMBLE Joseph Stopak, First Violin. Samuel Ruskin, Second Violin. Michael Chores, Viola. Simeon Billison, Clarinet. Abram Dorodkin, Cello. Arthur Leosser, Piano. SPEAKERS: Moissaye J. Olgin Shachno Epstein. Auspices Executive Committee of the Jewish Federation Workers Party.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., ATTENTION! CO-OPERATIVE BAKERY Meat Market Restaurant IN THE SERVICE OF THE CONSUMER. Bakery deliveries made to your home. FINNISH CO-OPERATIVE TRADING ASSOCIATION, Inc. (Workers organized as consumers) 4301 8th Ave. Brooklyn, N. Y.

Help Fight the Criminal Syndicalist Laws! Defend Labor's Militant Leaders! by attending Philadelphia Labor Defense Council Bazaar Friday and Saturday, April 3rd and 4th, 1925 NEW TRAYMORE HALL, Franklin St. & Columbia Ave. Concert and Dance both Evenings—Dancing Friday until 1 A. M. Varied Musical Program. Union Orchestra. Admission 60c for both evenings. Single admission 50c at the door. Wardrobe Free. Auspices, Phila. Labor Defense Council Arrangements Committee.

LOS ANGELES NOTICE RUSSIAN ART FILMS: Presents "The Beauty and the Bolshevik" The First Great Feature Film Made in Soviet Russia and Produced by the World Famous Moscow Art Theatre An Added Attraction: "Russia in Overalls" A Three Reel Survey of Economic Life in Soviet-land. One evening only. — at the — Philharmonic Auditorium Fifth and Olive Streets. Monday, April 6th, at 8 P. M. Reserved Seats on Sale at Box Office—50c, 75c and \$1.00.

A Most Important Publication from England! A Descriptive Summary of The Report of the British Trade Union Delegation to Russia and International Trade Union Unity. With Preface by A. A. Purcell. A full account of all facts on world trade union unity between Amsterdam and the Red International of Labor Unions . . . one of the most important pamphlets in years. A pamphlet of the Labor Research Department of England, containing indispensable material for the intelligent worker on the latest developments in the world of labor. 10 CENTS EACH. IN BUNDLES OF TEN OR MORE—7 CENTS EACH. THE DAILY WORKER, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill. For the enclosed \$..... send copies of the BRITISH DELEGATION TO RUSSIA SUMMARY pamphlet to: Name Address City State

OUR DAILY PATTERNS

A CHARMING "FROCK"



5074. Printed and plain silk are combined in this model. One could have this in crepe or linen with suitable contrasting material, or two colors of onem material.

The Pattern is cut in 7 Sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. A 38 inch size if made of one material requires 4 1/2 yards 40 inches wide. If made as illustrated it will require 3 1/2 yards of plain material and 1/2 yard of figured material.

FASHION BOOK NOTICE! Send 12c in silver or stamps for our up-to-date Spring and Summer 1925 Book of Fashions, showing color plates and containing 500 designs of ladies' dresses, and children's patterns, a concise and comprehensive article on dress-making, also some points for the needle illustrating 30 of the various simple stitches, all valuable hints to the home dressmaker.

FOR THE GROWING GIRL.



5089. Any of the new prints will be good for this design. It could also be developed in cotton or silk broad cloth, rep or linen.

The Pattern is cut in 4 Sizes: 6, 8, 10 and 12 years. A 10 year size requires 2 1/2 yards of figured material and 1/4 yard of plain material 36 inches wide, if made as illustrated. If made of one material 36 inches wide, 2 1/2 yards are required.

Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 12c in silver or stamps. Address: THE DAILY WORKER, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

NOTICE TO PATTERN BUYERS—The patterns being sold thru the DAILY WORKER pattern department are furnished by a New York firm of pattern manufacturers. Orders are forwarded by the DAILY WORKER every day as received, and they are mailed by the manufacturer direct to the customer. The DAILY WORKER does not keep a stock of patterns on hand. Delivery of patterns ordinarily will take at least 10 days from the date of mailing the order. Do not become impatient if your pattern is delayed.

Get a sub for the DAILY WORKER from your shopmate and you will make another member for your branch.

THE DAILY WORKER

Published by the DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING CO.
1118 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.
(Phone: Monroe 4712)

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
By mail:
\$6.00 per year / \$3.50...6 months / \$2.00...3 months
By mail (in Chicago only):
\$5.00 per year / \$4.50...6 months / \$2.50...3 months

Address all mail and make out checks to
THE DAILY WORKER
1118 W. Washington Blvd. Chicago, Illinois

J. LOUIS ENGBAHL Editors
WILLIAM F. DUNNE Business Manager
MORITZ J. LOEB

Entered as second-class mail Sept. 21, 1923, at the Post-Office at Chicago, Ill., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates on application

Towards World Trade Union Unity

The question of unity of the working class organizations against the powerful attacks of European and American capitalism has become of pressing importance. It is more than important: it is fateful for the future of our movement and the movement of the organized workers of the world.

In the last few months the prospect of securing that unity has definitely come nearer. But unity will not be achieved unless the representatives of the trade unions (head offices, districts and branches) and the mass of the workers themselves are fully aware of the urgency of the question and the need of giving it our strongest backing. In this country one of our great difficulties in the past... has been... lack of the necessary news of what was going on in each separate country... The so-called socialist press in continental countries cannot be relied upon at the present time (as I know from my personal experience all the time we were in Russia and also in Amsterdam) to give an unbiased presentation of facts.

The above are extracts from the preface written by A. A. Purcell, president of the International Federation of Trade Unions, to the first issue of the special supplement, devoted to international trade union unity, to the Monthly Circular of the labor research department of the British Trades Union Congress.

The publication of this bulletin has been made necessary by the sabotage of the unity drive by the right wing of Amsterdam and by the Second International.

Purcell sets forth in some detail the betrayal of unity by the Amsterdammers and considering the habitually restrained expressions of our British brothers, his statements are doubly damning. He says:

... the conduct of official representatives of the other trade union movements (with certain laudable exceptions) has been one of extreme hostility to proposals emanating from the General Council of our Trade Union Congress and that this hostility has led them into acts of trickery—it is best to speak plainly—towards our own trade union movement cannot be doubted. To see this it is only necessary to read some of the statements they made succeeding our I. F. T. U. meeting at Amsterdam this month. Both Oudegeest and Jouhaux (not to speak of Vorwärts) have made it plain that they regard the so-called "compromise" motion carried there as a smart piece of work that defeats our nine months' endeavor to attain international unity thru the medium of an "immediate unconditional conference."

Last week we said that the report of the British trade union delegates to Soviet Russia marked the beginning of the sweep of the influence of the Russian revolution into the Anglo-Saxon countries—countries where for certain reasons its effect has been less marked than on the European continent and the Far East. The drive for unity of the world trade union movement started by the Red International of Labor Unions has been greatly strengthened by the official report of the British delegation. It has blown away the fog of lies and half-truths with which the social-democracy and the capitalists had concealed the great events taking place in Russia. The publication of the report is coincident with the launching of an intensive campaign for unity by the British trade unions marked by the establishment of a press devoted solely to the end of exposing the Amsterdam and socialist traitors.

In addition to the special supplement to the Monthly Circular of the labor research department the British labor movement is now publishing Trade Union Unity—whose name declares its purpose—with an editorial board composed of A. A. Purcell, Edo Fimmen and George Hicks.

Things are moving in the labor movement of the world. The agents of world capitalism are on the defensive.

The task of the Workers (Communist) Party and Trade Union Educational League is to bring the best elements of the American labor movement into step with the world swing to unity.

We begin tomorrow the publication in serial form of the special supplement on International Trade Union Unity from which we have quoted. From now on we shall devote much space to extracts from all publications favorable to world trade union unity. In addition we will publish quotations from the report of the British trade union delegation and endeavor to give the American workers a clear impression of the immense importance of the relations established between the All-Russian and British trade unions—the most important international event since the signing of the Russian-Chinese treaty.

Every day get a "sub" for the DAILY WORKER and a member for the Workers Party.

More Polish Capitalist Brutality

The Polish government by shooting on their way to Soviet Russia two Communist prisoners who were to be exchanged has set the world a new precedent in studied brutality and disregard of all international agreements.

The theory of the Polish government seems to be that with the backing of France and America it can bathe in the blood of the workers to its heart's content. This theory may have some basis in fact as it is certainly true that Soviet Russia will not make war on Poland even to save the lives of devoted revolutionists.

But there are other matters that the Polish government would do well to consider, such as the former rather friendly attitude of the masses outside of Poland to her desire for national freedom, the interest with which her attempts to restore national unity were watched, the toleration with which the bloody excesses of her government were at first received. Even when she started war on Soviet Russia at the behest of allied imperialism she had the sympathy of millions of workers who knew nothing of the sinister forces backing Poland.

All this is changed. The Polish workers altho a rigid censorship exists and the jails are filled with trade unionists and revolutionists, have succeeded thru the Communist International, in getting the ear of millions of their fellow workers. It is a hopelessly ignorant worker who does not know today that the Polish government is a government of murderers, grafters and degenerates that first betrayed the Polish masses to the allied imperialists, slaughtered thousands in a counter-revolutionary war and that now crushes mercilessly trade unions and revolts alike.

Poland is caught between Germany and Russia. Her natural resources and factories are being plundered by French adventurers who plan on the existence of Poland for ten years only. The masses are poverty-stricken, but the landlords and capitalists have greatly enriched themselves. Economically, Poland cannot survive as a national entity. Politically she will go down beneath the feet of her working class when they can bear no more.

When that day comes the Polish ruling class will pay for every broken strike, for every torture, for every murdered worker and for such bloody brutalities as that of shooting working class prisoners on their way to be exchanged.

Get a member for the Workers Party and a new subscription for the DAILY WORKER.

Social-Democracy and the Vatican

The news from Germany following the indecisive election returns indicates clearly the hopeless bankruptcy of the social-democracy. The socialist press echoes the liberal press and announces its willingness to support a candidate of the catholic center party to defeat the nationalists and monarchists.

The Communist Party candidate, Comrade Thaelmann, will be in the finals and if the social-democracy makes the proposed coalition, great numbers of those who voted for their candidate, Braun, will support the Communist Party.

The situation in Germany, the manner in which the social-democrats run around seeking a way out like rats whose burrows have been closed, is a great lesson to the workers who still have faith in parliaments and capitalist democracy.

There is no freedom for the masses in Germany and there has been a progressive decline in the number of their privileges ever since the overthrow of the monarchy that was to have been the first step towards liberation. Germany is still in the Kerensky period and the social-democrats seek to preserve merely the outward forms of democratic procedure. The bogeyman of the monarchy has been used by the social-democracy to frighten the masses into making concession after concession to the industrial lords and their puppet government. It is the logical outcome of a counter-revolutionary policy that now places the social-democracy in the position of looking to the party of the vatican as an ally.

That the vatican and its followers in Germany will exact important concessions in return for entry into a coalition with the social-democrats goes without saying. Bavaria is a catholic state and the vatican has long dreamed of a new catholic empire, to replace Austria, with Bavaria as its center. Bavaria is largely agricultural and the peasantry is the bulwark of reaction of every character. Large numbers of the special terrorist police, the "green" police, are recruited from the rural districts of this province. "Republicanism" that depends for its existence on such elements simply commits suicide. Any president elected by the proposed coalition would be a dictator of the most ruthless type, an emperor in all but name.

Catholicism is a survival of feudalism, its outlook is that of the middle ages. The German social-democracy, it seems, has not yet reached the full depth of betrayal. It is willing to aid and accept the aid of the most reactionary force in Europe to maintain its bureaucrats in office.

It is evident that the German working class has a bitter struggle ahead of it, a struggle to which all its previous ones have been mere child's play.

Only one party in Germany tells the masses the truth—that freedom lies thru struggle and not thru continual compromise which drives the workers ever backward. The Communist Party fights bravely every kind of reaction, but its main task is to break entirely the hold of the social-democrats upon the masses.

Tradition of social-democratic leadership is strong in Germany, but its constant treacheries, the proposed coalition with the vatican most of all, make it easier to point out to the working class its real role—that of an agent of reaction and counter-revolution.

AMERICAN TRADE IN CHINA GOES STEADILY DOWN

Russia and Japan Cut Out U. S.

SHANGHAI, April 1.—Although the United States shipping interests are gradually gaining control of the commerce sent out from here, the largest port in China, American business firms are losing their hold on manufacture and trade within China.

The figures show that in 1922 American ships handled 48 per cent of the shipping out of Shanghai to the United States, and this figure was increased to 50 per cent two years ago and 54 per cent last year.

On the other hand, the participation of American merchants in Chinese trade to the United States fell off from 35 per cent in 1922 to less than 30 per cent last year. These figures are based on the percentage of exports from Shanghai to the United States handled by American firms.

The reason for this slump, according to American Consul Cunningham, is the more active participation of other foreign firms in Chinese trade.

Coolidge is finding it difficult to appoint someone to the vacant post of American ambassador to China, as American imperialism has received heavy blows in the far east recently, and the post has grown important to Wall Street.

Japan and Russia have closer contact with China than ever before and the United States capitalists are growing desperate.

MUSIC.

By ALFRED V. FRANKENSTEIN.

EDWARD COLLINS, one of the best of the local pianists, was soloist with the Chicago Symphony orchestra at Orchestra Hall. He gave the first performance of his own piano concerto. Of this the first movement is terrible and should be destroyed in some painless manner. In the last two sections Collins has done a big job and done it well. His slow section is somewhat in the nature of a modernized Chopin nocturne. His last movement is called "Allegro Ritmico (All Americana)" which in jazz style. True, the jazz of the movement is as far removed from the real thing as Orchestra Hall is removed from a cabaret, but nevertheless it is jazz, and revitalizes the too often dead and boring concerto form.

There were other soloists on the program as well. Alfred Quensel and Vaclav Jiskra, first flute and principal bass, respectively of the orchestra, did some excellent teamwork in the Bach suite for strings and flutes which preceded the Collins' concerto.

Another soloist shone forth later in the performance of the Brahms fourth symphony, Robert Lindemann, the first clarinet of the orchestra, who had the extended solo in the second movement of that monumental work. This symphony of Brahms, his last and greatest, illustrates the composer at his best and his worst. He had inspiration and material for three wonderful and unsurpassed movements, but, being afraid to fly in the face of tradition and write a symphony in less than four movements, he tacks on thirty-two variations on a tiny theme that was not worth writing in the first place, much less varying. The result is a movement full of sound and fury signifying not much of anything.

(And now having written the above I expect somebody to rise in wrath and denounce me. About a year I panned the Brahms fourth symphony something awful from beginning to end. This review proves several things, the main one being that if one must report musical affairs, one must be either dishonest or inconsistent.)

THE Civic orchestra wound up its season at Orchestra Hall with the customary program of light, popular stuff. The program opened with the time honored overture "The Dumb Girl of Portici," by a man whose name I love to write, Daniel Francois Esprit Auber. A theme in this overture is almost invariably used to accompany the furious riding episode of the western movie.

In memory of Moritz Moszkowski, who died some weeks ago, the orchestra played two movements from one of his finest works, the suite, "From Foreign Parts" (not an exactly accurate translation of "Aus aller Herren Laender.") The German and Hungarian movements were played.

Raymond Koch, the soloist gave a masterful performance of the prolog to "Pagliacci," and was forced to encore with the aria "Dio Possente" from Faust.

There was another soloist in the orchestra, Myron Russell, one of the best English horn players I have ever heard. He starred in the second movement of Ippolitov-Ivanov's Caucasian suite, called "Evening in the Village."

Other works on the program were the scherzo of Mendelssohn's "Midsummer Night's Dream" music, the Norwegian rhapsody of Eduard Lalo, and the march that introduces the second act of "Tannhauser."

CLARITY IN THE KAROLYI FRAUD

By JOHN LASSEN (Editor, Uj Elore)
It should be of interest to the American workers to find out some details about the role played by Count Michael Karolyi during his presidency in Hungary.

The first Hungarian republican government differed in no way from the Ebert-Scheidemann-Noske government. It contained social-democrats, liberals of the old middle class school and small peasants. The storm of the revolution swept together this government which, it was hoped by the great working masses, would represent the interests of the working class and the peasantry. Soon enuf it became clear that this was out of the question, that this government too was being utilized by the capitalists, and that the working class could depend only on itself. The employing class used the Karolyi government simply for keeping the rebellious masses quiet, for "calming" them.

Objectively considered President Karolyi and his government were just as much hostile to labor as the government in Washington. A few of the anti-labor acts of the Karolyi government are taken from the wealth of facts and reported here in order to serve the rich store of facts.

A spontaneous movement of discontented miners arose in Salgotarjan. This movement which was directed against the inhuman dealings of the coal mine bosses there, was quenched in the blood of the miners by Peyer, on the order of the Karolyi government. Peyer came with machine guns into the city, and fired at the innocent miners.

The Karolyi government—like all capitalist governments—worked with spies, whom it sent into the Communist Party in order to get information on the activities of the Communists. The Karolyi government organized a so-called "civilian guard," whose sole task was the combating of the revolutionary movement.

In the various strikes the soldiers and police were almost always "on the spot." Thus, for instance, a tremendous mass strike movement was suppressed in the Oeckert & Homolka factories.

Under the Karolyi government the single Communist newspaper, Voros Ujsag, could appear only illegally. And even this illegal existence they tried with the greatest craftiness to make impossible.

But the Karolyi reaction reached its high point when the unemployed took by storm the editorial office of the treacherous Hungarian Social Democratic Nepszava. The demonstrators were attacked by the civilian guard and the police from both sides, and as the battle lasted into the night the civilian guards and police shot at each other in the dark and some of them fell in that way.

The next day the leaders of the Communists were arrested. Bela Kun was beaten almost to death, and a number of other Communists were brutally mishandled. The whole

party was made absolutely illegal. The Karolyi government took an open anti-labor stand. But Karolyi & Co. made a mistake. Their methods of persecution produced an effect which they had not expected. There were protests against the persecutions of Communists by the government. The masses of workers began to recognize the treacherous role which this half bourgeois, half social democratic government was playing, and the masses streamed to the Communists. No one believed any longer that either Karolyi or the social democrats represented the working masses.

This recognition gave the basis for the dictatorship of the Hungarian proletariat. Michael Karolyi might personally be the most honest and most agreeable man in the world, but his policy was nothing else than the policy of Scheidemann-Noske-Ebert. Karolyi himself was dragged—perhaps against his will—into a swamp; into the capitalist terror, imprisonment of workers, suppression of newspapers, the shedding of innocent blood of workers. Karolyi and "Karolyism" sacrificed the blood of the working class to capitalism.

Cal Speeds War-Plans.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—President Coolidge has instructed the war department to hold all national guard armory drills required by law.

The president recently held up an appropriation of \$1,332,000 for guard drill pay. The war department was authorized to draw on the appropriation to pay for the required drilling by guardsmen.



B-F-F! He eats 'em alive! That's a Bolshevik; as represented in the capitalist press. But do you know how a Bolshevik really looks? Come and see "Beauty and the Bolshevik," Wednesday, April 15, from 6 to 11 p. m., at Wicker Park Theater, 1739 Milwaukee Ave., near Robey St. Benefit of the International Workers' Aid and the Communist press.

SICK CHILDREN, 14 AND 15, MUST WORK FOR LIVING

(Special to The Daily Worker.)

NEW YORK, April 1.—A statement on the Health of working children issued by the New York State Industrial Commission points out that nearly half of the working children between the ages of 14 and 15 were found to have physical defects which were aggravated by the work they were doing.

The study included 412 working boys and girls under 16 years of age in New York City, and was conducted at the city's two continuation schools. "The children entered industry because money was needed at home," says the statement.

"The desire which many of these children have for more education is emphasized by the fact that in addition to working every day almost one-eighth of the children attended night school. Wages centered at about \$12, and only 3 per cent of the children received less than \$10. Half of the children worked forty-four hours, the 6 per cent, contrary to the law, worked more than forty-eight hours. Boys had the active, girls the sedentary jobs. One-third of the boys were on their feet the entire workday; one-quarter of the girls sat the whole of their workday. One-fourth of the children were provided with wholly inadequate chairs, in most cases stools.

"On the health side the number of physical defects for each child averaged 2.4. Almost one-fifth of the children had some visual defect, one-third had dental defects, one-eighth had enlarged tonsils, 5 per cent of the girls had thyroid enlargement, and 4 per cent of the children had heart affections. Tuberculosis was found in 1 per cent, with lung abnormality in 3 per cent.

"Half of the children with a flat-foot condition had to be on their feet the greater part of their workday; one-quarter of the children with defective eyesight worked under eye strain; more than one-half of the children with heart affections worked under an excessive nerve strain."

O. K. Van Sweringen Merges.

RICHMOND, Va., April 1.—The merger of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway into the Nickle Plate System, being promoted by the Van Sweringen brothers at Cleveland, apparently has been approved. It was announced here today after an all-night count of the ballots cast yesterday.

Formal announcement of a result is being held up because of uncertainty as to whether a two-thirds of the total vote cast or two-thirds of the total outstanding shares are necessary to approve the merger.

English Takes Stand.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 1.—Teethmony of tyranny, improbity, financial corruption and graft against Federal Judge George W. English, was finished today. Judge English testified in his own behalf, and declared he disbarred Charles A. Karch, attorney, because Karch "sat in court in a menacing attitude."

The congressional committee is hearing evidence on which is based a plea for impeachment of English, who is charged with conducting a bankruptcy ring.

Wheeler Charges Booze.

CHICAGO, April 1.—Booze was used by government agents in Washington to debauch witnesses called before the grand jury which indicted him, Senator Burton K. Wheeler of Montana charged. He will go on trial April 16 on an indictment alleging that he represented a client before a federal bureau after he was elected senator.

It is no exaggeration to say that there has never appeared in this country such an important journal of information and theory—when you can find articles by Gregory Zinoviev, Wm. Z. Foster, I. Stalin, Earl R. Browder, Wm. F. Dunne, Alexander Bittelman and other well known writers in one number—as you will in the April issue of THE WORKERS MONTHLY which has just come off the press.

Support the Work of International Red Aid!

Editor's Note.—One of the resolutions adopted by the recent tremendous Paris Commune demonstration in New York City urged support of the International Red Aid. It can be made the basis of similar declarations to be adopted elsewhere. It follows:

THE imperialists of the world during the past seven years have carried on a campaign of the most vicious terror against the working class. Capitalist governments acting either as open dictatorships or so-called "democratic" states, have all alike resorted to the foulest measures against the working class. In the fascist-ridden states of Mussolini, Horthy and de Rivera, in the imperialist vassal states of Roumania, Poland, Finland, Greece and Jugoslavia, etc., hundreds of thousands of workers and peasants have been the victims of the murderous white terror. In Germany at this moment 7,000 workers are languishing in prison. In India, 25,000 revolutionaries are imprisoned. In China, Korea and other suppressed colonial countries, the victims of imperialist suppression have been thrown in the foulest of dungeons. And obtaining its climax, 1,000 workers of Estonia and the Baltic states have been shot in cold blood. Those in prison have been subjected to torture, the like of which can be found only in the annals of the Inquisition. The so-called democratic countries of England, France

and the United States have likewise treated the workers to mass arrests, wholesale deportation and brutal mistreatment.

The terror in all countries increases day by day. And each day sees more severe laws, more desperate devices to crush the revolutionary movement and particularly of Communists. The bourgeoisie resorts to these measures to suppress the revolutionary Communist movement so as to force upon the working class unhampered exploitation, to wipe out their organizations, to drive down their wages and to make the lot of the exploited that of miserable, helpless slaves.

In view of these facts, the workers of New York in mighty demonstration in Madison Square Garden assembled on Sunday, March 15, express their determined protest against this murderous white terror raging in capitalist countries throughout the world. The meeting appeals to all workers in America to come to the immediate assistance of their imprisoned comrades. It calls upon the workers to do everything in their power to hasten their liberation from the capitalist dungeons. The workers here assembled recognize that only by supporting the campaign of the International Workers' Aid the world wide Red Aid organization for proletarian prisoners in capitalist countries, can relief be brot to our imprisoned fellow workers. At the same time, the meeting declares that the recent formation of a

new committee ostensibly to help proletarian prisoners can only result in dividing the forces of the workers in America, and prevent a united front to accomplish real proletarian relief. In view of the fact that the International Workers' Aid invites active cooperation from all friends of the imprisoned workers and peasants in capitalist countries and in those lands groaning under the iron heel of international exploitation, the meeting sees no need for the existence of another committee.

The Madison Square Garden meeting especially voices its indignation and unqualified protest against the use of the appeal for political prisoners to attack Soviet Russia, the only country striving to end exploitation and suppression of the masses. The presence of open enemies of Soviet Russia on this new committee justifies the conclusion that his committee will serve as a cloak behind which a dastardly counter-revolutionary campaign against Soviet Russia now being conducted can be furthered. The meeting pledges itself to conduct a vigorous campaign for International Red Aid and to unmask these counter-revolutionist socialists in this latest and most brazen attack upon the first workers' republic.

Long live the fighters for freedom of the working class!
Long live the international working class solidarity!
Long live the International Red Aid!