

CHINESE WORKERS BEAT FASCISTI

DAILY NEWS, BRASS CHECKER WITHOUT BLUSH, CONTINUES TO PUBLISH LIES BY SPOLANSKY

By MANUEL GOMEZ.

Despite the conclusive proof in yesterday's DAILY WORKER that Jacob Spolansky, discharged federal fink, is either a perjurer or a liar, and probably both, the Chicago Daily News continues to print his poison-pen articles attacking the Communists, and to advertise him as a reliable authority on radicalism and radical activities.

Thus far the News might have pretended that it was taken in by the persuasive Spolansky and did not know it was printing lies. Now it shares complete moral and material responsibility. This should be an elementary school lesson to workers in the role and method of the capitalist press in the class struggle.

The only newspaper in Chicago where workers can expect to read the truth about themselves is the DAILY WORKER.

Spolansky's second article in the News is as illuminating as his first, which is another way of saying that it does not shed any light. Apparently he has made the transcendental discovery that Chicago, where the Workers Party has its national headquarters, is the center of the Communist movement in America. Everyone knew this before but it did not seem so mysterious. Our literary sleuth has also discovered that many workers became Communists when they lost their jobs in 1919. We can add the information—which the Daily News is at liberty to spread broadcast—that many workers who have lost their jobs are joining the Communist movement today, in the same spirit of disillusionment with the capitalist system.

One Genuine in Six.

And the rest is lies. Spolansky gives the names of six men who, he says, went to Russia from the United States following the Russian revolution and became leading figures in the Soviet Republic. One of them he refers to as "an anarchist who had butchered a family"; another as "a Chicagoan of dubious reputation,"—and so forth and so on. Of the six names mentioned, one is genuine. The other five have never been heard of. The story is on a par with the "rumors" which used to emanate at regular intervals from Helsingfors or Riga two or three years back, informing us, thru the capitalist press, of the murder of Trotsky by Lenin or the assassination of Lenin by Trotsky.

The entire article is sprinkled with casual statements which do no particular harm, but which reveal Spolansky as an ignoramus, utterly unfit to write intelligently about the revolutionary movement of the working class.

Russian bolshevism, he says, "dates back to 1907, when, at an international socialist congress in Germany, an upheaval took place in the socialists' ranks. The majority, under Lenin, decided upon the adoption of the principle that socialism, opposing warfare, should refuse recognition of international aspirations and agitate for a social revolution, and called themselves the 'bolsheviks,' which in Russian means 'the majority.'"

His History Mixed.

Everybody knows that the split between "bolsheviks" and "mensheviks" took place not in 1907, but in 1903, at a convention of the Russian Social-Democratic Labor Party. The division was over the questions of tactics, centralization and discipline, and the separate role of the proletariat in the Russian movement.

Which explains how absurd is the Daily News statement that Spolansky is an expert on Communism and that radicals are so afraid of him that they have many times threatened his life. Spolansky was a daily visitor at the last convention of the Workers Party, in Chicago. He sat thru all the sessions, undisturbed, and of course did not understand a word of what was going on.

Spolansky is insignificant. He is important only as an example of the (Continued on Page 6.)

One Grain of Truth; a Hundred Lies

By C. E. RUTHENBERG, Executive Secretary, Workers Party.

ONE gains the impression from chapters four and five of Jacob Spolansky's romance about the "reds" that this government spy was in China during the period of 1919-1920 in place of being in the pay of the government to get facts about the Communist movement.

There are just two statements which are true in the latest installment of his stories. One is that there was a Communist party organized in 1919 and the other that the government tried to destroy it at the end of 1919 and the beginning of 1920 thru arresting between three or four thousand of its members.

The rest of the story as told by Spolansky, or by the person who is writing the story for him, originated in either the imagination of the police spy or his journalistic agent. Some History.

Altho Spolansky testified at St.

Joseph that he attended a six-day Communist Party convention held in Smolny Hall, 1219 Blue Island Ave., from September 1 to September 6, 1919, at which the Communist Party organized, he has this convention taking place in the Machinists' Hall on Ashland Boulevard. He has Adolph Germer, who was then the secretary of the Socialist party and who was and is one of the bitterest right wing yellow socialist opponents of the Communists, as secretary of the Communist convention!

There were three conventions held in the early days of September, 1919. The socialist party convention from which a left wing group split away to form the Communist Labor Party and the convention of the Communist Party of America.

After the conventions of September the Communist Party of America and the Communist Labor Party functioned separately until the raid at the end of the year when efforts began to unite the two organizations. All that Spolansky tells about the Moscow agents which forced the two or-

ganizations to unite and the convention in the Forest Preserves is utter rot. No convention as described by Spolansky was held in the Forest Preserves and no representatives of the Communist International were present at the convention which organized the United Communist Party.

The whole story told by Spolansky in the third installment is a hoax. If any one of the cub reporters of the capitalist newspapers which are publishing these stories should write a similar story of his own imagination he would be just as near to the facts as Spolansky.

The Government Red Raid.

There is, however, a question which Spolansky raises which deserves further attention. "How the government reacted to the Communist activity, everyone knows," he writes.

If everyone knew how the government reacted it would be indeed a desirable thing. If everyone could read the senate investigations of Palmer's red raids in which Spolansky aided, they would get the story of the (Continued on Page 2.)

FORCES OF SUN YAT SEN UNDER RED FLAG INFLICT BIG DEFEAT ON ALLIES OF BRITISH BANKERS

(Special to The Daily Worker)

CANTON, China, Oct. 16.—Chinese workers, organized as a "Red Army" under the leadership of General Sun Yat Sen, have delivered a stunning defeat to the Fascisti forces under the leadership of the Chinese merchants backed by the British and United States governments.

At the end of a battle that raged thru the streets of this city for two days, the Chinese workers completely defeated the Fascisti opposition.

The Chinese workers fought under the Red Flag and made bayonet attacks on the enemy raising the cry of a "Soviet Republic." The demoralization of the Fascisti and their merchant backers is complete.

While fleeing from the Chinese red soldiers, the Fascisti brigades found time to set fire to hundreds of buildings. The red forces now have the fire under control and the task of mopping up the remainder of the black shirts is pursued with great vigor.

Chinese Attention to Detail.

The story from our Canton correspondent is the climax of a series of incidents beginning with the shipment of a consignment of arms to the Canton merchants from the British bank at Hong Kong. The ship was accompanied by a British warship which forced the Sun government under threat of immediate hostilities to allow the Canton merchants to receive the weapons.

The Canton workers however seized the arms and are now using them with telling effect on the enemy. According to other dispatches, the British and American forces are threatening to invade Canton and establish a joint protectorate over South China, the stronghold of Chinese radicalism.

The arming of the Chinese workers to fight for themselves against the capitalists is an event of historic significance. It is news that sounds bad to the ears of the bourgeoisie of the world.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Two American war ships, the Sacramento and Pantanga, have been ordered to Canton as the result of the defeat of the Fascisti by Dr. Sun Yat Sen's troops.

DAWES PLAN IS BRIDGE TO NEW WORLD CONFLICT

By JAY LOVESTONE (Ninth Article)

The Dawes plan is a bridge to the next world war. The Dawes scheme, heralded far and wide as leading to the crossroads of peace, leads straight to a new imperialist conflict.

All the commercial rivalries, all the struggles for the industrial and financial supremacy which gave rise to the last devastating catastrophe are only intensified by the Dawes proposals.

A thick pall of gloom is already hovering over many British industries which are paralleled in Germany. The fear of a revival of German competition from an economically revitalized Germany is already haunting France.

Germans of New World War.

Then it is obvious that the essential prerequisites for the success of the Dawes proposals demand a lowering of the standards of living of the German working masses. The immediate effect of this assault on the welfare of the working class of Germany will be a lowering of the standards of living among the French, British, and Belgian workers. The continuation of this degrading process is bound to engulf the workers of every country in the world in view of the international character of capitalist production and exchange.

Finally a grave menace confronts the workers of the United States and the other countries in the rise of America as the strongest imperialist power. The investments of the Yan-

(Continued on Page 5.)

DEFEAT POLICE BAN ON SPEECH IN SILK STRIKE

Communists Hold Right to Address Workers

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PATERSON, N. J., Oct. 16.—After three weeks of struggle to establish the right of Communists to talk to the silk strikers in Paterson, just three weeks to a day after Chief of Police Tracey had closed Pirolo's Turn Hall because of Communist speeches of H. M. Wicks, the hall was opened this morning and Wicks spoke before a packed meeting of strikers who staged a demonstration such as has seldom been witnessed in all the history of Paterson strikes.

Win Free Speech Fight.

The captulation of the police came after a free speech fight conducted by the Civil Liberties Union and after many prominent people had come to his city to establish the right of anyone to speak regardless of their political affiliations.

This morning Roger Baldwin and a number of his associates were here ready to carry the fight further, but it had already been won late yesterday afternoon.

Chief Tracey capitulated after a stormy conference including Tracey, Charles Pirolo, owner of Turn Hall, Comrades Louis Stein and Wicks. Wicks told Tracey that he was going to speak if he had to become a resident of Paterson in order to continue the fight. Wicks further said that if he had committed any crime it was the duty of the police to arrest him but warned Tracey that if he arrested him he had better make it good in a high court, otherwise he would be sued for false arrest. Tracey finally said he would order his men to permit the meeting and the Morning Call carried his statement.

Await Next Move.

The Evening News carried screaming headlines to the effect that Wicks would never be permitted to speak in the city of Paterson because he had betrayed the cause of the strikers into the hands of Communists under the direction of the Russian Soviet government.

It reprinted its entirety a manifesto issued by the Workers Party branch of Paterson assailing the police for their suppression of free speech and urging Paterson workers to vote for Foster and Gitlow.

Now that Wicks is again addressing the strike meeting, strikers are awaiting with interest the reaction of the kept press that has boasted that it won a great victory by excluding Wicks from the platforms of the city.

Journeymen Tailors In New York City Hold Meeting Monday

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—A meeting of the Journeymen Tailors' Union, Local No. 1, will be held Monday, Oct. 20, 8 p. m., at Maennerchor Hall, 56th street, between 2nd and 3rd avenue, New York City. Important matters are on the order of business and it is imperative that every member attend this meeting without fail.

On a Labor Faker's Trail

FARRINGTON IS TRIED FOR DEAL WITH DEMOCRAT

Coal Operators Save His Bacon

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY. (Article Five.)

In the preceding article Farrington was shown peddling the influence of his office as president of the Illinois Miners' Federation, for cash, to Colonel Frank L. Smith, banker and democratic politician. Having violated the constitution of his organization and fearing the wrath of the membership he fled to Seattle after having carefully planned to secure an invitation from one of his cronies in that city.

But the miners were not willing to let him get away with his corrupt and treacherous dealings with the democratic banker. But before I treat of the miners' move to punish this crooked faker, I will touch on his activities in getting elected president of the Illinois Miners' Union.

Wanted More Leeway.

The position of International Board member palmed on Farrington. It did not allow him sufficient scope for his ambitions. There were too many restrictions. The rich pickings of the great Illinois coal fields beckoned to him. The prospects of easy money (Continued on page 3)

Buried Alive in Cement. KENDALVILLE, Ind., Oct. 16.—Fred Halsey, 28, was buried alive in a cement bin of the Wabash Portland Cement company at Stroh, today, when a retaining wall gave way. He was shovelling cement from a bin into a conveyor when the accident occurred. A widow survives.

Bridge Collapses.

WHEELING, W. Va., Oct. 16.—At least one man was killed and it is feared the bodies of others may be found in the ruins of a section of the steel bridge over the Ohio river which collapsed here today.

NOTORIOUS BRITISH LABOR FAKER TO VISIT THE UNITED STATES

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—J. Havelock Wilson, president of the International Seafarers' Federation and president of the National Sailors' and Firemen's Union of Great Britain and Ireland, is newly arrived in the United States to study problems of American seamen. Other representatives of the Federation are accompanying Wilson and will discuss marine workers' problems with secretary of labor Davis in Washington. Wilson is interested in explaining to Americans the National Maritime Board of 48 members, ship-owners' representatives and union men, before which all questions of wages, hours, and conditions are brought. Wilson and his party will be visitors at the American Federation of Labor convention in El Paso in November. Wilson was employed as a rigger in the construction of the Brooklyn bridge.

DUNNE OPENS ILLINOIS COMMUNIST CAMPAIGN DOWNSTATE TONIGHT

William F. Dunne, candidate for governor of Illinois on the Communist ticket, makes his first downstate campaign speech tonight in West Frankfort, in Lithuanian Hall. Dunne will then tour the mining centers of southern Illinois, following which he speaks at a mass meeting in St. Louis, Mo., in Unity Hall, Grand and Page boulevards, Sunday, Oct. 19, at 8 p. m.

Dunne's complete list of dates is as follows:

Friday, Oct. 17, Christopher, Opera House.
Saturday, Oct. 18, Dowell.
Sunday, Oct. 19, at 2 p. m., Granite City, Labor Temple.
Sunday, Oct. 19, at 8 p. m., St. Louis, Mo., Unity Hall, corner Page and Grand boulevards.
Monday, Oct. 20, Belleville, Velles' Hall.
Tuesday, Oct. 21, Collinsville, City Hall.
Wednesday, Oct. 22, Springfield.

PATCH UP UNITY IN CONVENTION OF I. W. W. HERE

The public sessions of the 16th general convention of the Industrial Workers of the World got under way yesterday, after three days of patching up unity between the Rowan-Bowerman-Griffith and the Doyle-Fisher groups.

A half session was devoted to election of committees. The work of the convention will start at nine o'clock this morning with the reading of the minutes of the previous session, to be followed by the reports of committees.

Tabis Is Unseated.

A second delegate was unseated just before the convention opened to the public on the grounds that he was partial to the controversy. Caesar Tabis, of the General Construction Workers' Union, No. 310, was unseated because it was alleged he helped others circulate matter attacking those I. W. W. members who had accepted conditional commutation of their terms in prison. The other delegate who was unseated, is Mike Sapper, making one delegate from each faction to be denied credentials as a delegate.

Much comment was heard from the delegates relative to the report of the convention printed in the DAILY WORKER yesterday morning. Some delegates demanded that the DAILY WORKER print only the stories given them by the I. W. W. press committee, which has just been formed, of which (Continued on Page 2.)

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

It is suggested that John W. Davis take out sickness insurance on his campaign speakers, particularly those who "also ran" for the nomination. Williams Gibbs McAdoo announced shortly after the Madison Square Garden convention that he would make a speaking tour for Morgan's attorney. He started, but by taking an extended trip to Europe. On his return, he went to a hospital, and gave gravel in his bladder or gall stones or something like that as the excuse for his failure to fulfill his promise. He now claims that his doctor forbids him to take the platform.

WHETHER McAdoo has too much gall or too much gravel in the wrong part of his anatomy, we cannot say. But we know that he had plenty of gall when he demanded the support of the American workers and exploited farmers on the basis of his "hostility" to Wall Street, in view of his past record. His conduct now is gall and wormwood to John W. Davis. Mac may be sick but it does not take a very lively imagination to picture that cake-eater's smile on his phiz as he contemplates the dilemma Davis finds himself in.

GOVERNOR AL SMITH also promised Davis that he would take off his coat during the campaign. He did not explain at the time that he intended to disrobe in a sanitarium. But that is what has happened. Smith was about to start out campaigning for Davis when he was seized with a mysterious malady known as political paralysis. Al is now being wheeled around in a chair like Sam Gompers. Perhaps he learned the trick from Sam.

SMITH heard voices in the air. They did not come from heaven, but from a more "regular" voting district. Al was informed by those voices that if he forgot Davis considerably during the campaign, that he might be governor of the state of New York for a few more years. This news made him sick, but it is expected that he will recover.

THE capitalist politicians give Morgan and Co. many bad half hours. If it were only possible to have a Mussolini and sack the pesky politicians, or compel them to take orders under pain of death, things would be very much simplified for the big capitalists. But the capitalists and their servants in the government of the nation, states and cities are only united against the working class. Among themselves they fight like Kilkenny cats. Arthur Brisbane, the oracle of the Hearst press, forgets this illuminating fact when he starts out to prove that the workers can never free themselves because they do not know how to unite.

ARTHUR is crazy in the top story—but he is only foolish like a fox. He is crazy with a purpose. He wants to instill defeatist ideas into the heads of the workers; make them believe their cause is hopeless. But Arthur might look at Russia and change his mind. The workers of Russia have given the workers of the rest of the world a good object lesson in the art of achieving and winning their freedom. The lesson will have more effect on the workers than the alcoholic light-wine-and-beer vapors of Brisbane.

A Cleveland paper whose main business, like all capitalist papers, is to lie artistically in order to em-

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TEACHERS HAVE MC ANDREW ON THE DEFENSIVE

Show Up Irregularities in Recommendations

The teachers of Chicago have got Superintendent McAndrew on the defensive.

They are now openly challenging McAndrew to produce evidence on his statement that an anonymous teacher has voiced to him the sentiments of the teachers with regard to secret markings.

McAndrew Fails to Appear.

Twice Miss Margaret Haley, business agent of the Chicago Teachers' Federation, has appeared before the administration committee of the board of education to thrash out this question. Twice Superintendent McAndrew has failed to appear. At the first meeting Mrs. Lillian Heffernan, then in the chair, requested a few members on the committee to phone Mr. McAndrew to be present. The first part of the meeting was dragged out to give him a chance to appear. The superintendent did not show up and James Mullenbach, member of the committee, suggested that they postpone the matter until the next day, Wednesday, Oct. 15, and McAndrew be requested to appear.

The next day the meeting was called to order at 4 o'clock. Miss Haley was there, the teachers filled the seats in the rear of the hall some even standing, but McAndrew failed to show up. Mr. James Mullenbach again moved that the matter be deferred until the next meeting of the administration committee and the superintendent be informed that he is to appear at this meeting to take up the matter under discussion, secret markings.

Question Up Several Months.

The matter of secret markings has been before the board for several months. On June 19 of this year the Teachers' Federation, the teachers' union of Chicago, adopted a resolution asking the board of education to abolish the system of secret markings. They requested the board to give the teachers the same consideration shown the engineers in their examinations. The engineers' examination papers contain the name of the marker, thus enabling the owner of the paper to get further information about his marks if he desires them.

Teachers, on the other hand, have no redress if they feel that they have been given an unfair marking. A teacher may fail to pass an examination for a position of higher degree and never know why.

"Can there be any better and more efficient method of crushing the spirit of the teachers?" the militant members of the Teachers' Federation ask. The teachers know that the effort to keep their markings secret is a direct attempt to discriminate against those who have shown opposition to the numerous attacks upon them by the business board of education and the tool of this board, the superintendent of schools, William McAndrew.

In a report submitted by McAndrew to the board of education he said that he had received a letter from "a teacher." And this anonymous teacher reported to him as follows: "I represent the teachers in the federation and in the councils. The teachers are not opposed to secret markings."

Telling It to McAndrew.

In answer the Teachers' Federation has sent word to McAndrew that it does not conduct mysterious negotiations with nameless teachers. And at their regular meeting held in September, they ordered a protest sent to the board of education at its meeting of September 27. The report was turned over by committee to Superintendent McAndrew, and was never read at any of the meetings.

Protests of the teachers at their mass meeting at the Studebaker theater brot the superintendent's alibi that the teachers' communication arrived at five minutes of two and couldn't be put thru at that board meeting. Eventually the letter got before the board, and was referred to the school administration committee, which was scheduled to meet on Thursday, Oct. 9, but failed to get a quorum.

The matter is now to come up before the next meeting of the administration committee which will meet some day next week (day will be reported in the DAILY WORKER as soon as it is known) and Superintendent

The "Reds" Exposed

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ent McAndrew will be notified for the third time.

In addition to the question of secret markings a number of matters pertaining to rules which came up at Wednesday's meeting had to be deferred for the time when Superintendent McAndrew will be present. These rules all contain recommendations for changes in existing rules.

Miss Haley protested against the continuous changes that are being made in the rules for promotion by efficiency and credit. "As the matter now stands, teachers do not know what the regulations are. The board of examiners seem to have the power to make changes." Miss Haley said that the book of rules used by Mrs. Ella Flag Young when she was superintendent contained specific rules for the board of examiners' guidance and the teachers knew what rules were governing examinations.

Mr. James Mullenbach moved that the matter be deferred until the book of rules used by Mrs. Young be gone into by the committee and upon a suggestion of Attorney Frank S. Righeimer, the teachers were asked to submit their objection in writing before the next administration committee meeting.

Another change in the rules submitted by McAndrew was one hitting at the teachers' pensions. Mr. I. T. Greenacre, attorney for the pension board, took the floor and proved that the new rule regarding pensions for teachers was entirely worthless as it was not legal. The superintendent did not have the power to make any changes in the pension law. And the changes he suggests would only deprive the teachers of their pensions. "Let it alone and leave it to the legislature," was his recommendation to the committee.

The rules governing the receiving of notices by teachers did not get a hearing and was referred to the next administration committee meeting. This rule, under the pretense of keeping out all advertisements from the schools, is so worded that it would deprive the teachers of the right to receive any kind of notices other than those sent by the superintendent and principals. Notices of their union meetings would of course be forbidden under the new rules.

The next meeting of the administration committee will undoubtedly see another large attendance of teachers.

AMALGAMATED ON STRIKE; BOSSES BREAK CONTRACT

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—All workers employed in the Boys' Shirt and Waist Workers' Union of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers, declared a general strike yesterday. The strike was decided upon at a big mass meeting in Cooper Union Hall, Wednesday night.

The workers declare that the bosses violated the contract which they had signed with the union, reducing wages and establishing non-union conditions in the shop.

The Amalgamated struck for the old conditions and an additional increase in wages, registration of all contractors, and guarantee that union rules will be maintained in the shop. The workers answered the strike call 100 per cent, not a member of the union working yesterday. They declare they will remain out on strike until union conditions again prevail. The bosses have been trying to take advantage of the economic depression to smash the union, but the workers declare they will emerge from the strike stronger than ever.

YOWLS WILL HOLD REED MEMORIAL TOMORROW NIGHT

Comrades Pay Tribute
to Fearless Leader

Tomorrow is John Reed Memorial Day and the Young Workers' League invites you to come to its annual memorial meeting at Douglas Park Auditorium, 3202 Ogden Ave., (Kedzie and Ogden). The meeting which will be called for 8 in the evening has an interesting program in which is included speeches by J. Louis Engdahl, editor of the DAILY WORKER, Alexander Bittelman, editor of the DAILY WORKER magazine, and Max Shachtman, editor of the Young Worker. The Freiheit Singing Society will sing revolutionary songs in which the audience will join.

Come and swell the ranks of comrades who will pay tribute to the memory of our beloved Comrade John Reed. Always fearless, taking up the battle against the enemies of the working class, this revolutionary leader gave his life for Communism. The meeting starts at 8 o'clock sharp and tickets are 25 cents.

Miners Hunt Girl's Assaults. DUQUOIN, Ill., Oct. 16.—Posses of enraged miners were searching Perry county today for two swarthy men who late yesterday seriously wounded Margaret McGuire, 15-year-old daughter of Ralph McGuire, on a farm near here when she successfully resisted an attempt to assault her.

WORKERS PARTY—LOCAL CHICAGO
Branch Meetings

Friday, October 17.
Ukrainian No. 2, Ukrainian Educational Society, 10701 Stephenson Ave.
Polish North Side, 1302 W. Division St.
Lithuanian No. 5, 3142 S. Halsted St.
Greek Branch, 723 Blue Island Ave.

THE TRUTH IS LOST AMONG LIES

(Continued from page 1)

real activities of the government spies of Spolansky's type.

The senate investigation shows the utter disregard for law and constitution by Palmer spies and provocateurs. It showed effort to plant evidence. It showed thousands of illegal arrests. It showed that the men and women arrested were treated in the most brutal and inhuman manner by Palmer's red spies of the Spolansky type.

Assistant Secretary of Labor Post, who was compelled to handle most of the deportation cases arising out of the Palmer raids, has written a book telling the truth about Spolansky and his kind. It shows conclusively that the raid on the Communist Party was an effort to destroy an organization which, because of its propaganda, threatened the class rule, the class privileges of exploitation of the capitalists of the United States and that the government violated its own constitution a thousand times in carrying out this raid.

Not one person arrested in the Palmer red raid was accused of an act of violence. No Communist in the United States has ever been charged or indicted for an act of violence. What the government tried to do in 1919 was to destroy an organization because its members believed that history showed the correctness of a certain viewpoint in regard to the outcome of clashing social forces.

In spite of all the illegality and violence, the terrorism and third degree methods employed by government agents in 1919 in the arrests of the three or four thousand members of the Communist Party, the result showed that even by these methods the government was unable to make a case against the Communists. Out of the three thousand five hundred arrested, not even 500 were ultimately deported. That is the strongest indictment against the Spolansky and the higher-ups who engineered the raid against the Communists.

The Communists and Strikes. We are told by Spolansky that the reason for the government attack was because the Communists were responsible for the great strike of 1919.

According to this ridiculous story, the Communists brought about the strike of the half-million steel workers, the strike of the 500,000 miners and the threat of a strike of the railroad workers, all of which is part of the history of 1919.

The Communists would be glad to claim credit for initiating these struggles of the workers for a higher standard of life, if it were true that the honor of having done so belonged to them.

Of course, anyone who thinks at all knows that the strikes of 1919 had a

different origin. The government had been making great promises to the workers during the period of the war. A new and better life was to be the sequel of the war. The workers were to have a greater share of the products of industry. They were to have a greater share in the management of industry. It was propaganda of this kind thru which the government and the capitalists tricked the workers into giving their support to the war.

When the war was over this illusion was destroyed. In place of sharing in a better life, the workers found that they were to pay the cost of the destruction wrought by the war. They found that the capitalists who had amassed great wealth for themselves by looting the government, now intended that the workers should pay in a lower standard of life for the losses resulting from the destruction of wealth during the war. The strikes of 1919 were the result of the resistance of the workers to this program of the capitalist bosses and the workers' attempt to realize something of the glittering promises that had been made to them in order to trick them into the war.

The Communist Party. It is true that the Communists played their part in the strikes. The Communists play their part in every struggle of the workers. When the workers fight to secure a higher standard of life the Communists are in the forefront of the struggle fighting with them. The Communists have no other purpose than to stand side by side with the workers in their fight against their exploiters and oppressors and to lead and march with them until the struggle against the capitalist system is won. That was their part in the 1919 strikes and that is their part today.

The Communists March On. "But the raids did not halt the Communist movement," confesses Spolansky. No, they did not halt the Communist movement. It is not within the power of the Palmers and the Spolansky to halt the Communist movement.

"Communism" is the answer which cries out to the workers in response to the experiences of their lives as wage slaves under the capitalist system. The hardships, the misery, the suffering, the scanty lives the workers live under the capitalist system can be altered by only one method. The workers must organize their strength. They must unite as a class to fight against their class enemy, the capitalists. Thru their daily experiences the workers are being forced into the class struggle against the capitalists. The end of that struggle is Communism. The Communist movement cannot be destroyed because it is the workers' struggle that compels them to take the road toward Communism.

They Label the Effort to Abolish Slavery of Children as Bolshevik

By J. LOUIS ENGDahl.

TODAY, we find two issues among others being pressed to the front in the election campaign. The proposed anti-child labor amendment to the constitution and the abolition of the supreme court veto of congressional legislation have both aroused the fury of the vested interests.

Both of these issues are hailed as importations from Soviet Russia, as "Bolshevism" and "Communist."

The Roman hierarchy joins the oligarchy of great wealth in an effort to show that the Communists are trying to "break up the home" thru taking the children out of the factories, the mills and the workshops.

To deprive the black-robed judges of the U. S. supreme court the right to rule the country, instead of congress, is hailed as an attempt to blow up the constitution, and shatter the "American form of government," claimed as "the best upon earth."

It is true that in Soviet Russia there is no judicial clique to over-rule the decisions of the All-Russian Soviet. It is true that in Soviet Russia children are sent into the schools instead of into industry. But this has been achieved, not by tinkering with the czarist regime that went before, but by abolishing the rule of the bankers, the landlords and the great industrialists, and by establishing Workers' Rule in its place.

While Communists heartily join in the fight to restrict child labor, nevertheless, they do not believe that children will ever have a chance under capitalism.

It is the worst form of hypocrisy for Catholic churchmen and politicians to claim that fathers and mothers, not congress, should have the right to say whether their children should go into industry. They know that it is the lash of necessity that makes wage workers of children. This is an echo of the age-old war between the church and the state, showing how Rome sacrifices even the children in its effort to maintain its own power.

It may happen that the veto power of Taft's court may be abolished, but the Fascist rule of big business in congress will remain in power, just the same. The blow to its high court will not even stagger capitalism.

There is no supreme court to hamper capitalism's parliamentary rule in Western Europe. Yet Mussolini maintains his bloody sway equally well without it. Herriot, in France, Ebert, in Germany, and MacDonald, in England, help maintain the dictatorship of capitalism in their respective lands, without the aid of a supreme court. Horthy established his murderous rule in Hungary without the aid of a black-shirted judicial Fascist.

Morgan would rule the United States just as effectively, with results equally beneficial to himself, even tho LaFollette should be able to place the most extreme restrictions upon its judicial pet. The supreme court would still remain a capitalist cat, dedicated to the protection of property rights instead of human rights.

The fight that is being made for the Supreme Court, however, shows how bitterly capitalism will contest the attack upon even the least of its privileges.

D. H. Barger, president of the Virginia Farm Bureau, is the latest capitalist lackey to have his utterances exploited against the anti-child labor amendment. He loudly proclaims opposition to "Bolshevism, Communism and Sovietism in any and every form. The proposed amendment (anti-child labor amendment) if ratified by the states, would land us in that chaotic condition and Russia would have gained her point thru America's reds and opponents to our republican form of government."

This is only one of four reasons given by Barger to his attack on the anti-child labor amendment in a letter to Frank C. Louthan, secretary of the Virginia Manufacturers' Association, who has had the correspondence published in the Manufacturers' Record, for Oct. 9. This is in the state of Thomas Jefferson, whom LaFollette so loudly acclaims.

Barger's clinching argument is that, "I am now 67 years old, stand six feet five inches, weigh 245 pounds, and am in perfect health. I inherited poverty when born, and worked as a child, youth and man. Today I am considered a man of more than ordinary means; hence I wish to leave to posterity the same chance that I enjoyed under our splendid form of overnment."

Barger's stuff might prove more convincing if he had submitted to a mental test administered by an alienist, and showed some favorable reactions, instead of giving us the proportions of his physical make-up. The biggest hulk of a body may carry the puniest brain, and Barger confesses himself, thru his arguments, exceedingly stunted from the ears up. He reminds us of the cartoonist's conception of the American ideal of a human being—all body and no head.

Capitalism's ambition is the continuous reproduction of new generations of human work horses.

Communism's ideal is the development of human beings, with minds and bodies liberated from the shackles of past traditions, customs and institutions, freed from capitalism.

There is a clash between these two social orders. The one is the deadly enemy of the other. There can be no compromise. The one must go to make room for the other. Capitalism dies with the birth of the Communist era. With capitalism, and only then, dies its institutions, the tyranny of the courts, child slavery, and all those other tentacles thru which it holds the toiling masses in subjection.

Patch Up Unity in Convention Here of Two I.W.W. Elements

(Continued from page 1)
fellow worker Delaney is a member. Some objected to the statement that the "sixteen demands of the Rowan Bowerman group were lengthy and varied." They declared "demands" to be too harsh a word, and that "mild suggestions" would have been much better. Others objected to the printing in the DAILY WORKER of remarks made by Tom Doyle to the DAILY WORKER declaring the delegates who had held out at 180 W. Washington St., had come to the convention to filibuster. They declared that this statement must be corrected a once, as it is not true.

Press Committee Is Silent.
The press committee had no statement of any kind to give the DAILY WORKER, Delaney declaring that his reports to the press must first be approved by the convention.
The DAILY WORKER will be glad to print any communication coming from the I. W. W. members which they believe will be of interest or profit to the working class. The DAILY WORKER cannot however, be responsible for the declarations of opposing officials of the I. W. W., nor can it print only the news which certain delegates of the I. W. W. wish printed.

Wobblers Read DAILY WORKER.
Thousands of members of the I. W. W. thruout the country look to the DAILY WORKER as the only source of information as to what is transpiring from day to day in the I. W. W. deliberations. Many of them have written this office commending us for printing all the obtainable facts. The position of the Workers Party on the I. W. W. faction fights was given in yesterday's leading editorial. The DAILY WORKER will continue to take this position in spite of the difficulty in obtaining news owing to the veil of secrecy which the I. W. W. has so far thrown over its deliberations.

I. W. W. LEADERS?

FOR many years the I. W. W. of the old days had no foolish notions against its own self-developed proletarian leaders. It did, of course, with complete justification, attack the corrupt labor fakers and yellow reformist leaders of the socialists. But the stratum of sincere, fighting leadership, necessary to efficient conduct of the struggle, was accepted as a matter of course. Of late years, however, an almost steady campaign has been waged against the theory of leadership. Rules are made compelling officials to retire almost as soon as they become conversant with the routine of their office. Continuity of policy is impossible, and ability to forward the interests of the organization is become ground for suspicion.

How this has led the I. W. W. into bad leadership rather than none at all, and how the whole theory of "down with leaders" is illustrated by current editorial policy of an I. W. W. paper, is explained in a brilliant polemical article, "A 'New Volapuker' as I. W. W. Editor" by Harrison George, to be published in tomorrow's DAILY WORKER.

Workers Party Starts Sunday Open Forum at Ashland Auditorium

The Educational Committee of the Workers Party of Chicago has planned a well-rounded program of activities for the next few months. There are three study classes now going on. But while these are important, one of the popular methods of education, open to everybody who cares to come, is the OPEN FORUM.

The OPEN FORUM is to start next Sunday night at 8 p. m., at the Lodge Room in the Ashland Auditorium. The forum will be opened by C. E. Ruthenberg, executive secretary of the Workers Party with a lecture on "Political Forces in the Election." Questions and discussion will follow.

A great number of the most prominent speakers of the American labor movement are scheduled to appear on the platform of the OPEN FORUM this season. Every Sunday night a lecture. While next Sunday is expected to draw a crowd to hear C. E. Ruthenberg, the throng probably will grow steadily. On the Sunday following Oct. 26, J. Louis Engdahl, editor of the DAILY WORKER will speak on "Wall Street and Us."

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FIRST MEETINGS OF THE WORKING AREA BRANCHES OF THE YOUNG WORKERS LEAGUE

TO-NIGHT!

AREA BRANCH No. 1
meets at
180 WEST WASHINGTON ST.
tonight at 8 p. m.

AREA BRANCH No. 2
meets at
722 BLUE ISLAND AVENUE
tonight at 8 p. m.

AREA BRANCH No. 3
meets at
3142 SO. HALSTED STREET
tonight at 8 p. m.

AREA BRANCH No. 4
meets at
3322 DOUGLAS BOULEVARD
tonight at 8 p. m.

AREA BRANCH No. 5
meets at
947 WEST GRAND AVENUE
tonight at 8 p. m.

AREA BRANCH No. 6
meets at
2613 HIRSCH BOULEVARD
tonight at 8 p. m.

ALL LEAGUE MEMBERS, ATTEND!

YOUNG WORKERS LEAGUE, LOCAL CHICAGO

SMELL HUGHES' AID TO ENEMY SHIP OWNERS

\$400,000 Boat Knocked Down for \$60,000

(By The Federated Press)
WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Discussion of the sale of the former Austrian vessel Martha Washington, seized in an American port during the war—and used by the shipping board until 1922, until she was returned to the original owners on payment of \$60,000 to the shipping board, has been revived.

Secretary of State Hughes, who was counsel for the former Austrian company—which became an Italian company after the war—is trying to prove that he had nothing to do with selling the ship to his client.

He offers an affidavit from William Phillips, who was acting secretary at the time of the sale, showing that Hughes had become secretary after the negotiations had been under way a long time, and that Hughes requested that the case be disposed of without his having further knowledge of it. This ship was worth \$400,000 or more when the ex-Austrian company got her back for \$60,000, under plea that the company was Italian and was entitled to compensation amounting to \$2,000,000 for her use during five years.

The state department recommended to the shipping board that the \$60,000 offer of settlement and sale be accepted, in view of the failure of the senate to ratify the peace treaties negotiated by President Wilson. The board followed this advice.

Farrington Is Tried for Deal With Democrat

(Continued from page 1)
trading the votes of the miners for the coin of the capitalists appealed to him and he laid his plans for succeeding president Pope, then head of the District 12.

Prior to the elections in District 12, he returned to Springfield to attend a convention of the Illinois Federation of Labor. Fearing that he might be exposed at the convention for wearing non-union made clothes, he called at a clothing store and demanded union labor goods to wear at the convention. Thus rigged out he considered himself thoroughly qualified for any office in the power of the workers to give him. His unionism was just about as deep as the label he wore on his hat.

Was Good at Figures.
In the contest for the presidency between himself and Adolph Germer, the tellers found Farrington elected by some nine hundred votes. It was discovered later however that at least two thousand of the votes were stolen, but it was then too late to file a contest. The miners of District 12 should bear this in mind, when the ballots in the next election are counted. Farrington got into the president's office by stealing votes and it is not likely that he will leave it as long as he can count the ballots.

A Family Man.
After his election he brot his relatives from Streator and put some of them on the miners' payroll, and they have been in clover ever since. No doubt he takes the maxim "charity begins at home" seriously and gives it a narrow interpretation. As evidence of his sudden good fortune, he purchased a home in Springfield and paid more money for it than he received in salary and padded expenses during the time he had been in office as an official of the United Mine Workers of America. Where did he get the money? Colonel Frank L. Smith no doubt would be able to shed some light on it and the striking miners of Vancouver might have a suspicion that the funds appropri-

ated by the International office for their relief, which they never received might be given in exchange for the handsome residence of fater Farrington.

They Were Gold-diggers.
The Farrington family now began to sport new automobiles and no expense was spared in catering to the comfort of the lucky family. The miners paid the bill of course.

After the automobiles and the handsome residence came the orange groves in Alabama. This will be treated in another article. We will now deal with efforts of the miners to bring Farrington to justice, within the union, for his selling out to Colonel Frank L. Smith, the banker democrat.

When Farrington was found guilty of taking Smith's money the miners decided to get rid of this sort of thing and acting under the provisions of the constitution they called a special convention to try him and remove him from office.

Bosses With Farrington.
But the coal operators nobly rallied to Farrington's defense. They button-holed the delegates in the interests of Farrington and one of them boasted that he had paid as much as any other coal operator to save his good friend the president of the coal diggers' union, from the well merited punishment which the rank and file members were ready to inflict on him.

Confronted with his crime, Farrington at first denied having received any money for the job but later, on admitted that he got one thousand dol-

lars from Colonel Smith for his endorsement.

The following is a copy of the document sent to all the members in District 12, and which resulted in the calling of a special convention for the purpose of throwing Farrington out of office:

"To All the Members of the United Mine Workers of America, District 12.

"Whereas, it has come to our notice, that District President Farrington sent the following telegrams at the expense of the Illinois Miners:

"July 15, 1916.
"To Samuel Gompers, President American Federation of Labor, Washington, D. C.

"Refer to my letter of July 1st in strike concerning Pullman car rebate. Can you supply me with any information in this connection?"

"Frank Farrington, President, Illinois Mine Workers.

"Charge To Mine Workers.

"July 18, 1922.
"John Keegan c.o. W. B. Wilson, Department of Labor, Washington, D. C.

"Have you discussed with Washington party matter we talked of in St. Louis?"

"Frank Farrington.

"Charge To Mine Workers.

"July 22, 1916.
"John Keegan, c. o. W. B. Wilson, Department of Labor, Washington, D. C.

"Can you supply me with information concerning matter discussed in St. Louis?"

"Frank Farrington.

"Charge To Mine Workers."

The Endorsement.
"And whereas, it developed that these telegrams were sent to get material for a letter that President Farrington intended to write and later did write endorsing Col. Frank L. Smith, of Dwight, Ill. as candidate for governor, and,

"Whereas, Frank Farrington sent the following telegram to Col. Frank Smith at our expense: (telegram published in yesterday's installment of this series)

"And Whereas, in the said telegram, Frank Farrington asked for money from Colonel Frank Smith, who is a banker and real estate dealer, and,

"Whereas, following this, Farrington did issue a letter of endorsement of Col. Frank L. Smith, on the official letterhead and signed such endorsement as president of the organization, which is a clear violation of section 3, Article 14, of the District constitution which reads as follows: 'Local unions, individual members and all other persons are hereby prohibited from using the name of our organization for the purpose of furthering the interests of any political party or an aspirant for political office, except for such legislative offices as are provided for in the international constitution' and

"Whereas, Frank Farrington sent the following telegram at our expense: 'July 29, 1916

"Robt H. Harlin, c.o. Grand Union Hotel, Seattle, Wash.

"Would like to get wire from you urging me to attend your joint con-

ference.

"Frank Farrington.

"Charge To Mine Workers.

"And whereas, a trip to Washington is quite expensive and can serve no good purpose to the organization, and

"Whereas, we have further learned that Frank Farrington and some coal operators entered into land deals in Ala., as the enclosed will show, and took the Interstate Conference to Mobile, Alabama, which is near their land, and

"Whereas, we believe that those matters are of a very important and grave nature and demand action by the organization, therefore be it

"Resolved, that we demand a special convention at the earliest possible date to consider this flagrant violation of the constitution and the other questionable acts revealed by the documents herein contained, and be it further,

"Resolved, that we call upon all locals to endorse this or pass resolutions demanding a special District Convention and send such resolutions to District Secretary-Treasurer Duncan McDonald, Springfield, Illinois.

Walker Saved Frank

When the special convention met it was evident that in certain places money had been spent in securing the right sort of delegates and again Farrington was saved by his friend Walker who promised to go there to clean up Farrington, but instead made an emotional speech, watered with tears, and succeeded in persuading the delegates to let him down easy.

"Honest John" has now lost the confidence he once enjoyed among the miners. He is tarred with the same brush as Farrington, and no job that the capitalists want him to do is too dirty for him.

The next article will bring the history of the coal operators' handy man more up-to-date. When this series is ended the miners of Illinois will not be surprised at Farrington's present relations with the unspeakable Small, and his allies General Dawes and Calvin Coolidge.

FOREIGN BORN WORKERS LEARN ENGLISH NOW

Class Every Wednesday at 722 Blue Island Ave.

Foreign born workers who wish to learn English have now an opportunity of doing so without drinking in capitalist propaganda, or listening to childish "bedtime stories" at the same time. An excellent course in English is being given under the auspices of the Workers Party, local Chicago. The class meets every Wednesday in the hall of the Greek Federation of the Workers Party, 722 Blue Island Ave.

The instructor, Andrew Shelley, is a comrade who is thoroughly experienced in this line of work, having taught classes both in England and this country. Those who are attending Comrade Shelley's class are enthusiastic. Altho the course began only a few weeks ago, they are learning rapidly.

The probability is that, if there is sufficient demand, Comrade Shelley will teach two classes; one for advanced comrades and one for comrades who do not speak any English at all.

Here is a chance to learn the language of the country which all comrades anxious to increase their effectiveness in the trade unions and in all forms of party activity should take advantage of without delay. The enrollment fee for the entire course is \$2. Those interested should communicate with Manuel Gomez, educational director of the W. P., 166 W. Washington St., or they can go directly to the Greek Hall, 722 Blue Island Ave., any Wednesday night, where they can talk to Comrade Shelley.

Swedish Cabinet Resigns.
COPENHAGEN, Oct. 16.—The Swedish cabinet resigned today, according to a message from Stockholm.

You're Hired! Until Nov. 7,

SHOE WORKERS OF LYNN, MASS., ARE FOR AMALGAMATION OF INDEPENDENT UNIONS INTO ONE INDUSTRIAL UNION

By M. SHARAF.
(Special to The Daily Worker)

The latest returns of the referendum vote taken by the locals of the Amalgamated Shoe Workers of America shows that it will cease to function as a national organization.

The militants were divided on the question whether or not it would be advisable to turn over a national organization into a district organization.

It was pointed out by some militants that a district organization has outlived its usefulness, and the only way the workers could ever acquire anything is only thru an organization that is built on an industrial line, and the time is rotten ripe for such a movement. While the Amalgamated had a constitution for a national organization, yet it never functioned as such and violated every progressive measure the constitution provided for.

In fact the general officials entered into an agreement with the state board of arbitration on Dec. 10, 1923 for a 15 per cent reduction at a time the agreement with the Manufacturers' Assn. was to be effective until April 30, 1924.

The constitution provided for the national office to have its headquar-

ters in Boston, but the general officials never carried it out, and kept their office in Lynn, and any time trouble arose in a shop the officials would bar the local authority which was provided in the constitution and take the matter in their hands. It will be enuf to show two instances which prove where they stand. Last August the nine ironers of the Conway and McLaughlin Shoe Co. refused to do any more work on a certain shoe unless the firm at least will agree to pay the state board's prices. The firm fired them, and before the day was over the national office filled their places with "union" scabs. On Sept. 5, a decision was rendered by the state board to the vampsers of the J. R. Donovan Shoe Co. on a certain shoe which the superintendent of the firm has admitted to the writer of these lines that the decision was not a fair one to the workers. Yet when the vampsers protested, the general president told the firm to "fire them" and made a statement in the Lynn Press that the vampsers did not act like men, and any decision handed down by the state board, that he will see to it that it is lived up to.

When the Amalgamated came to Lynn twenty-one months ago there was only one open shop in Lynn out of seventy. Today you find twenty-seven open shops out of sixty.

Under such conditions something had to be done, so we tried to merge with the Haverhill Shoe Workers' Protective Union. Those officials did all there was in their power to crush the movement. The result was that the 1,200 members of the Amalgamated had in Brooklyn, N. Y., have turned over to the Haverhill Protective Union, and three locals out of nine in Lynn have seceded from the Amalgamated and are functioning as independent unions until there will be a chance to merge with an organization that will work for the benefit of the workers and not with an organization that turned its headquarters into a scab agency.

Knowing all that the rank and file overwhelmingly voted for the doing away with the general office. The new organization will start to function on Jan. 1, 1925. The local unions will remain at present, the joint council and general council will be done away with and a district council, composed of two delegates from each local will take its place. A general agent will be elected for the purpose of carrying out the decisions made by the district council. The Boston Stonhan and Chicago locals may remain in the Lynn district union.

The militants are drawing their forces together more now than ever before for the Amalgamation of all independent shoe unions into one big organization.

Open Forum, Sunday Night, Lodge Room, Ashland Auditorium.

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OF THE WORKERS MONTHLY

Combining The Liberator, Labor Herald and Soviet Russia Pictorial

EDITED BY EARL R. BROWDER.

Timely, live articles and pictures of the American class struggle will be a feature of each issue. The November number (out November first) will include—

"Paterson—Field of Battle" By Rebecca Grecht

A story of the silk workers' strike in Paterson, the background of the past struggles, the economic issues, the present strike and its significance—with photographs of the workers in action.

Other features of the first issue: "The History of the Russian Communist Party" By Gregory Zinoviev

"Seven Years of Workers' Rule" By Moissaye J. Olgin.

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" Lithuania	"	200
" Latvia	"	500
" Finland	"	1,200
" Poland	"	12,000
" Hungary	"	70,000
" India	"	253,000
" Roumania	"	3,000

They are in for us who are out

Their wives are blacklisted. They can get no work. Their children need help. Winter is coming.

The class war knows no geographical boundaries. Today the workers of Europe need OUR help. Tomorrow we may need THEIR help.

GIVE

in the spirit of Self Help and International Class Solidarity and get others to

GIVE

Our Aim
To give aid to all needy workers and class war victims of the laboring masses without conditions, discrimination, whenever and wherever the existence of a working class is menaced by economic or natural catastrophe or by political oppression.

International Workers' Aid, 19 So. Lincoln Street, Chicago, Ill.
Here is my contribution to help the prisoners of..... and their families.
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Trade or profession.....

INTERNATIONAL WORKERS' AID

What Will the Decision Be?

Michigan Supreme Court hears argument in appeal of Ruthenberg TODAY. Decision will be given out later.

BUY DEFENSE STAMPS EXTRA ONES!
Send Contributions to Labor Defense Council
166 W. WASHINGTON STREET, CHICAGO, ILL.

Stir the Shops!

The very best place to carry on a working class campaign is in the shops and factories where the workers gather to earn their living. It is there that minds are open to the measures, parties and candidates that stand for concrete solutions of the problems of bread and butter facing the working class. It is in the shops that the workers will see most clearly, for example, the difference between Foster, the union organizer and fighter for the workers, and LaFollette, the lawyer and fighter for the middle class. (Editorial Daily Worker.)

THE ABOVE "HITS THE NAIL" on the head. Nothing could be added to that. It's up to you reader, to do everything physically possible to place

THESE PAMPHLETS in the hands of the workers you work together with in shops and factories. Sell them everywhere. Now is the time.

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- Parties and Issues in the Election Campaign—By Alexander Bittelman. Questions and answers, how the different parties view the conditions affecting the working class. It's a gem. No worker should go to the polls this year without first reading this pamphlet.....10c
- Unemployment—Why It Occurs and How to Fight It, by Earl R. Browder. This pamphlet deals with the most important issue before the workers today. 5c in lots of 5 or more at 35 per cent discount. Place your orders at once.

LITERATURE DEPARTMENT
Workers Party of America
1113 Washington Blvd. Chicago, Ill.

NEGROES LOOK TO COMMUNISM FOR EQUALITY

Communists Offer Only Race Problem Solution

(Special to The Daily Worker)
CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 16.—

The Negroes of Cleveland, along with those of other parts of the country, are rapidly awakening to the fact that their support of the republican party is the worst political policy the Negro race can pursue.

The colored voters are coming to realize that the benefits of their republicanism are entirely one-sided.

The gratitude felt by the Negroes to the republican party for their release from chattel slavery is not paid back by any feeling of gratitude on the part of the republican politicians who get the support of the colored voters. The republican politicians merely utilize the Negro vote for the benefit of themselves and their capitalist backers and masters. Of course a few republican party tools among the Negroes are fed at the political pie-counter for their work in keeping their brothers lined up in the grand old party, but these Negroes are among the worst enemies of their race.

Republican "Gerrymandering"

One of the political tricks to exploit the Negro vote is to "gerrymander" the election districts. For the benefit of the new voters, we will state that to "gerrymander" is to fix the boundaries of the election districts in such a manner as to include enuf territory in which the ruling party is strong, to overcome other territory in which it is weak or doubtful. "Gerrymandering" results in election districts of the most fantastic and unreasonable shapes. One of the best (or worst) examples to be found anywhere is the 22nd congressional district in Ohio, including Cuyahoga county outside of Cleveland; Lake and Geauga counties, and part of the east side of Cleveland.

The western boundary of this 22nd district was fixed by the republican controlled Ohio legislature, so as to take in most of the colored population of Cleveland. The western boundary is Lakeview Ave. from the lake to Wade Park Ave., and E. 140th St. from Woodland Ave., South, but instead of the line going straight across between these corners, it is carried West along Wade Park, and other streets clear to E. 30th St., then East along Scoville, Quincy and Woodland to E. 140th. The boundary of this strip is so irregular that it turns 20 street corners in proceeding from Lakeview and Wade Park to Woodland and E. 140th. Such a crazy-quilt method of districting is solely for the purpose of insuring republican control of the Negro votes, which are considered by the republican politicians to be permanently in their vest pocket.

After Election Forget Promise.

In return for keeping Theodore Burton in congress from the 22nd district many years, what have the Negro voters secured? Has Burton fought for anti-lynching laws, or other laws to end discrimination against the colored people? Have the Negroes escaped widespread unemployment or have they been able to get wage increases by the efforts of Old Man Burton? Of course not; in voting for Burton they do not advance their interests as Negroes and as workers, but merely express their habits and traditions. But to the credit of the Negro workers, they are fast coming to the realization that the only road to salvation lies along the road of self-dependence and not upon pretended "friends" among the politicians and capitalists whose real aim is to exploit them.

Rally to Communism.

The Workers Party and the DAILY WORKER have found among the Cleveland Negroes a lively interest in Communism as the solution for the race problem. The stand of the Workers Party as expressed in its program, gets to the very root of what is a class problem more deeply than a race problem. The program states:

THE NEGRO WORKER

The Negro workers of this country are exploited and oppressed more ruthlessly than any other group. The history of the Southern Negro is the history of brutal terrorism, of persecution and murder.

During the war tens of thousands of Southern Negroes were brot to the industrial centers of the North to supply the needs of the employers for cheap labor. In the Northern industrial cities the Negro has found the same bitter discrimination as in the South. The attack upon the Negroes of East St. Louis, Illinois, the riot in Chicago are examples of the additional burden of oppression which is the lot of the Negro workers.

Workers Party Embraces All Workers.

Altho the influx of Negro workers in the Northern industrial centers has laid the foundation for a mass move-

ON THE WAY TO A RED WEEK FOR THREE MILLION WORKERS

Money Pouring Into National Office of Workers Party for Campaign Literature—Two Days' Sales Reported Are Record—Big Mobilization On.

THE record in the sale of party literature for any two days in the history of the party has been smashed. The record in number of literature orders received during any two days in the party history has been so far outdistanced that the old record is a mere shadow of its former self.

Tuesday and Wednesday were Red Days in the national office, Red Days which laid a foundation for Red Week. Orders for election campaign literature were received from all sections of the country and in all amounts, all the way from a \$200 order from the Detroit Finnish branch to orders from an individual sympathizer or two for a single fifty-cent unit.

Emphasis must be laid upon the fact that ORDERS WERE OBEYED AND THEREFORE ORDERS ARE BEING RECEIVED.

Orders are being received in handful in each mail. This speaks well for our party branches. It attests their responsiveness to decisions from headquarters. It proves that we have an organization, that we have discipline in our joint work of reaching the workers with Communist literature.

Branches that have not yet placed their order for Red Week, the week during which the party will distribute three million pieces of campaign literature, should do so in the next three days. Every party member is called upon to distribute a 137-piece literature unit during the week of Oct. 26 to Nov. 2.

The advance guard in the task of literature distribution appears below. Add your city to the list. Place your order for one fifty-cent unit for each branch member at once. Make it a COMPLETE MOBILIZATION. Our total of 25,000 members in a nation-wide distribution of three million pieces of Communist literature to three million workers during the last week of the election campaign, is our objective. ENLIST!

(The remittances below are from individual party branches. The names of the branches are not given because in many instances they did not appear upon the order.)

Detroit, Finnish	\$200.00	Yorkville, Ohio	3.00
Big Sady, Mont.	.50	Houston, Pa.	5.70
Niagara Falls, N. Y.	5.00	N. S. Pittsburgh, Pa.	5.00
Gary, Ind.	1.00	Harmarville, Pa.	4.00
Garfield, N. J.	2.00	Bentleyville, Pa.	10.00
Gary, Ind.	5.00	Collinsville, Ill.	3.50
Kansas City, Mo.	6.50	Hartford, Conn.	4.00
St. Paul, Minn.	3.00	Chicago, Ill.	5.00
Chicago, Ill.	15.00	Cleveland, Ohio	8.50
Albany, N. Y.	2.00	O. S. Pittsburgh, Pa.	14.00
Glen Allen, Va.	2.00	West Frankfort, Ill.	6.00
Chicago, Ill.	5.50	Pittsburgh, Pa.	8.00
Chicago, Ill.	10.00	Jersey Co., N. J.	7.50
Chicago, Ill.	2.50	Detroit, Mich.	20.00
Flint, Mich.	4.00	West Brownsville, Pa.	10.00
Detroit, Mich.	8.50	Cheswick, Pa.	10.00
Chicago, Ill.	7.50	Dowell, Ill.	5.00
Milwaukee, Wisc.	9.00	Masillon, Ohio	3.00
Akron, Ohio	7.00	Toledo, Ohio	14.00
Alliance, Ohio	4.00	Westchester, Pa.	1.00
Racine, Wisc.	4.00	West Frankfort, Ill.	4.50
Pelphs, Wisc.	1.00	Endicott, N. Y.	4.00
Gary, Ind.	7.00	Williston, N. D.	.50
Niagara Falls, N. Y.	4.00	Chicago, Ill.	12.00
Bridgeport, Conn.	2.00	Haverhill, Mass.	3.50
Detroit, Mich.	12.00	Williamsburg Section, 64 Graham Ave., Brooklyn.	6.00
Battle Creek, Mich.	2.00	Hartford, Conn.	17.00
Red Granite, Wisc.	10.00	South Bend, Ind.	1.00
Chicago, Ill.	3.00	St. Louis, Mo.	6.50
Racine, Wisc.	2.00	Richmond, Va.	4.00
Chicago, Ill.	5.00	Boston, Mass.	11.00
Detroit, Mich.	20.00	New York, N. Y.	2.00
St. Louis, Mo.	7.00	Cleveland, Ohio	18.50
Utica, N. Y.	3.00	Kenosha, Wisc.	6.50
St. Paul, Minn.	3.00	Chicago, Ill.	2.00
Racine, Wisc.	9.00	Endicott, N. Y.	3.50
Pueblo, Colo.	4.50	Hartford, Conn.	2.50
Chester, Pa.	4.50	Hartford, Conn.	9.50
Pueblo, Colo.	4.50	Catfish, Pa.	2.50
Milwaukee, Wisc.	5.50	Cannonsburg, Pa.	2.00
Duluth, Minn.	5.00	Kansas City, Kansas	6.50
Chicago, Ill.	3.00	Rochester, Minn.	2.50
Wilkes Barre, Pa.	3.00	Detroit, Mich.	21.00
St. Louis, Mo.	5.00	Bulger, Pa.	3.00
Canton, Ohio	5.50	Meadowlands, Pa.	9.00
Uniontown, Pa.	3.50	Elizabeth, N. J.	3.00
Cannonsburg, Pa.	2.50	New York Mills, Minn.	.50
West New York, N. J.	6.00	Springfield, Ill.	5.50
Pittsburgh, Pa.	4.50	Davenport, Iowa	1.00

SALES OF THE DAILY WORKER ARE CLIMBING FAST AT GARY, IND.

GARY, Ind., Oct. 16.—The subscription list of the DAILY WORKER in Gary has more than doubled since the start of the drive to increase the circulation of the workers' daily here. The circulation drive is now in full swing.

A well-organized plan of action has been instituted, and before the campaign is over, every house in Gary will have received a sample copy of the DAILY WORKER. The distribution of the DAILY WORKER will be followed up by a house to house visit, John Heinrichson announces. Many homes of Gary workers have already been visited.

The sale of the DAILY WORKER in front of the steel mills is daily climbing. Jacob Rusak, DAILY WORKER agent in Gary, is now selling regularly two hundred copies a day in front of the mills, and many hundred a day more could be sold if the necessary volunteers could be obtained.

Posters advertising the DAILY WORKER have been pasted up throughout the town, and a number of regular customers are having the paper delivered to their homes by the DAILY WORKER agent.

Subscribe for "Your Daily," the DAILY WORKER.

SHERIFF WHO SHOT UP COAL MINERS GOES TO PRISON AS BOOTLEGGER

(Special to The Daily Worker)

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Oct. 16.—Don Chafin, sheriff of Logan County, who headed the coal operators' "army" which opposed the armed march of union miners from Charleston to Williamson, W. Va., in 1921, was today found guilty of violating the federal prohibition laws and sentenced to two years in Atlanta prison by Judge George W. McClintic, in federal court here. In addition a fine of \$10,000 was imposed.

NEW YORK LAYS PLANS FOR TAG DAY OCT. 25-26

Tag Day for Campaign Funds Well Under Way

NEW YORK, N. Y., Oct. 16.—Extensive and effective plans were made at the Tag Day Conference of Branch Secretaries to hold a Tag Day on Oct. 25 and 26 in order to raise funds to carry out the full program of the campaign committee of the Workers Party.

All branches will be requested to run socials or affairs for the benefit of the Tag Day on Saturday night, Oct. 25. The conference also voted that each branch be called upon to raise a certain sum as its quota of the total, and that this quota be based on the per capita of the branch.

The conference was of the opinion that since the need for funds was very pressing, the branches be instructed to discipline their members who fail to volunteer their services in this Tag Day. The Harlem Section with a membership of more than 1200 voted to fine each member who fails to act as a volunteer in this Tag Day the sum of \$3.

Meet Again Oct. 17.

The delegates at this conference urged the need of calling a second conference to complete the details of the Tag Day and create sentiment for a forceful and enthusiastic response. This second and final conference will be held Friday, October 17, at 8:30 p. m., at the campaign headquarters. Every Tag Day Secretary should make it his business to be present. Each secretary should be in a position to give an estimate of the number of volunteers he will be able to recruit, and the number of Tag Day boxes and other material that he needs.

The conference decided to allot districts or territories to each headquarters. So far the Tag Day Committee has received an incomplete list of the Tag Day headquarters as follows: Main station at Campaign Headquarters, 210 East 12th St., N. Y. C. Greek Home, 345 West 39th St. Hungarian Workers' Home, 350 East 81 Street.

Harlem Section, 64 E. 104th street. Bronx Section Headquarters, 1347 Boston Road. Russian Williamsburg Headquarters, 319 Grand Ave., Brooklyn. Williamsburg Section, 64 Graham Ave., Brooklyn. Brownsville Section, 1844 Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn. South Brooklyn Section, 764-40th Street, Brooklyn.

All comrades and sympathizers are urged to register in advance, so that the committee will be in a position to gauge the supply of Tag Day material. Comrades should make every effort to obtain volunteers at open air meetings, thru speakers' announcements, at affairs, meetings and by personal approach. If there are lists available from former Tag Day volunteers, the secretaries should use every means to get these people for volunteers in this Tag Day.

Success depends upon the number of volunteers that we can recruit to do this work. More pep, comrades. We must make this Tag Day the big money raiser in the campaign.

Urge Building of Campaign Fund of N. Y. Workers Party

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—Placing a new party on the ballot in New York is a complicated job that required unending patience and time. It is a laborious, costly proceeding, but the successful completion of the task justifies every sacrifice made, for we are now in a position to reach masses of workers with our message, who would otherwise have given us no consideration.

In order to take advantage of the opportunity presented to us we must have money to pay for literature for free distribution. We must have money to tour speakers. Money is needed to pay the hall rents for meetings. Signs and posters must be gotten out at once. It is estimated that the cost of this job will amount to five thousand dollars. Nothing can be done unless the necessary funds are obtained, and these are needed at once, if we are to take advantage of our opportunity.

Forward your dollars and those of your friends to the headquarters of the Workers Party Campaign Committee, 210 East 12th Street, New York City. Make checks payable to Charles Krumbien, Treasurer.

Starts Fire With Kerosene.

DANVILLE, Ill., Oct. 16.—"Accidental" death due to her own thoughtlessness was the verdict returned by a coroner's jury in the case of Mrs. William Yarborough, of Hoopston, who died in a local hospital Sunday, 12 hours after she had been seriously burned while attempting to start a fire with kerosene. The accident occurred on the closing day of "fire prevention week."

Disturb Pope's "Sleep."

ROME, Oct. 16.—The coffin containing the body of Pope Leo XII, will be removed the night of Oct. 30 from St. Peter's to the chapel of St. John, according to Rome newspapers.

THE POWER COLUMN

Twice every week—this column uncovers to your view the motive power behind the DAILY WORKER. Here for the interest and inspiration of every reader—and especially the DAILY WORKER agents and committees—are tried and proven suggestions and accomplishments to drive the DAILY WORKER to further conquests.

Here is POWER—the power of brain and effort of men and women of the working class who not only believe—but ACT!

THOSE NEW YORKERS!

FRANKLY, we don't want to talk about them. We have done it so often it sounds like repetition. We have bragged, boasted and boosted these live-wires under the leadership of the City DAILY WORKER agent (and business agent for the D. W. B. U.), L. E. Katterfeld, almost too often. But at this moment the most concentrated POWER is being used to drive the DAILY WORKER forward in that city.

Over 900 hustlers with sub card folders (five subs in each) have already secured over 500 new subscriptions. The branch getting most subs will be awarded a beautiful silk banner by William Z. Foster at the monster campaign meeting that will be held for him at Arcadia Hall, 918 Halsey St., Brooklyn.

If you are "one of those New Yorkers"—get into the 3 days of intensified effort to wind up the Banner award sub campaign. Get your subs—and get them to L. E. Katterfeld before 8 p. m. at the meeting hall.

And now for the other hustling members of the D. W. B. U. who in the three days of Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday have "heaved back" bricks to "Build the DAILY WORKER."

The D. W. B. U.

LOCAL NEW YORK—Bus. Agt. L. E. Katterfeld (87).....	113
Eva Bimba, "Eloere," G. Freeman, Hirschman (English Harlem) 5, L. Hurwitz (2), Kah (Downton Jew. Br. No. 1), Chas. Musil ("Obrana") 5, Pollack (Bronx Eng. No. 1), Schwartz (Harlem Jew.) 2, Toplensky (Yorkville Eng.) 3, Frank J. Von Praet, Elsie Miller, C. O. Peterson (Brooklyn).....	28
LOCAL CHICAGO—Bus. Agt. John Heinrichson (3).....	28
Geo. E. Pasha (2), H. P. Clausen, Chas. Erdman, Harrison George, Sam Hammersmark, Jas. Kutny, E. M. Methé.....	24
LOCAL HANNA, WYO.—Bus. Agt. Fred. Williams (8).....	19
LOCAL DETROIT—Bus. Agt. Edgar Owens (4).....	19
Ph. Thavis.....	11
LOCAL WORCESTER, MASS.—Bus. Agt. Michael Ziepler.....	11
Eteenpan Co-op. Society (2).....	8
LOCAL MINNEAPOLIS—Bus. Agt. Walter Frank.....	8
LOCAL CLEVELAND—Bus. Agt. J. Hamilton.....	7
LOCAL PHILADELPHIA—Bus. Agt. John Lyman (1).....	7
John W. Reedy, Augustus Schnebelen.....	5
LOCAL BALTIMORE—Bus. Agt. S. Cohan (2).....	5
LOCAL MILWAUKEE—Bus. Agt. J. C. Gibson (1).....	5
LOCAL GARY, IND.—Bus. Agt. John Rusak.....	5
LOCAL SUPERIOR, WIS.—Bus. Agt. Hel. Heinonen.....	4
Joe Polin.....	4
LOCAL WEST CONCORD, N. H.—Bus. Agt. M. H. Bjorbacka (1).....	4
LOCAL TOLEDO—Bus. Agt. S. Harvitt.....	3
LOCAL FINDLAY, MASS.—Bus. Agt. Elsie Pultur.....	3
LOCAL DILLONVALE, O.—Bus. Agt. Joe Kobylak, Jr. (1).....	2
F. Blahovic.....	2
LOCAL PORTLAND, Bus. Agt. C. Gibbons.....	2
LOCAL VANCOUVER, B. C.—Bus. Agt. Al. T. Padgham.....	2

Members at Large

These busy builders have secured NEW subs sent in Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of this week:
ALAMEDA, CAL.—M. J. Inglis.
OAKLAND, CAL.—C. A. Whiting.
HARTFORD, CONN.—D. Lipschitz.
CHRISTOPHER, ILL.—Arley Staples.
GRANITE CITY, ILL.—M. Asadourian (2).
MAYWOOD, ILL.—H. Jacobson (2).
ROCKFORD, ILL.—Anton Coleski (2).
SPRINGFIELD, ILL.—A. E. Vidor.
SOUTH BEND, ILL.—A. E. Kirk.
TERRE HAUTE, IND.—M. F. Schuhardt.
MYSTIC, IOWA—Tony Stamf.
CHICAGO CITY, MINN.—A. Schlemmer.
ST. PAUL, MINN.—Otto Lettenmaier.
ST. LOUIS, MO.—C. Terzi.
NEWARK, N. J.—Abe Pomerantz (2).
NORTH BERGEN, N. J.—Frank Hrbek.
PASSAIC, N. J.—Y. W. L. Jewish Branch.
UNION HILL, N. J.—W. Skripek.
TRUMANSBURG, N. Y.—John Ronay.
CONNEAUT, O.—Mrs. T. Nurmi (2).
PORTSMOUTH, O.—Julius Bugang (4)—He's A BRICKLAYER!
ADAH, PA.—N. Stakish.
BELLE VERNON, PA.—John Indof.
COVERDALE, PA.—Mary Kine.
McKEES ROCKS, PA.—Anthony J. Vrawich.
PLAINS, PA.—Peter Gallia.
SMITHTON, PA.—Jos. Viale (2).
VESTABURG, PA.—John Turkovich (2).
YUKON, PA.—Nick M. Spear.
FREDERICK, S. D.—R. Backman.
RICHMOND, VA.—B. A. Hawley (4)—Score 5 for this bricklayer!
MADISON, WIS.—Francis Swantz.
RACINE, WIS.—Emil Lemponen.

And Here Goes Toledo!

A. E. Harvitt, agent for Toledo, is one of those who in the last drive to "Build the DAILY WORKER" proved one of the leading lights. To show that the old spirit is still there he writes:

"Find enclosed check for \$9.20 to pay for one sub for 12 months for the Workers Monthly, one "brick" to help knock the exploiters' head off and three renewals—one for six months and two for a period of 3 months each.

"I hope you will soon see some more "bricks" flying from Toledo, as I distributed the ones I had with instructions to let them fly without further delay."

He certainly has the secret! Without much ado "let them fly without further delay"—in other words, "Heave That Brick Back" to the DAILY WORKER!

Party Forces Plan Membership Drive At Superior, Wis.

(Special to the DAILY WORKER)
SUPERIOR, Wis., Oct. 16.—We're going to have a grand and glorious time at the social and entertainment that's going to be held at the Terminal Hall (Co-op. Exchange Bldg.), Friday, Oct. 17, under the auspices of the English Workers Party branch and the Superior Y. W. L. and Junior group. This will mark the opening of the membership drive that we are going to conduct, and a grand opening it will be. For, in addition to a snappy to the point, and well prepared program, there will be dancing to the strains of "sole" inspiring music, and palate tickling refreshments will be served at just the right moment. There will be no admission to make you lose your inspiration or appetite. COME ONE! COME ALL! AND BRING YOUR FRIENDS!

Building Bolsheviks—the D. W. B. U.

Join the Workers Party!

READ THE NEXT ISSUE OF

The DAILY WORKER Magazine Section

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 18

1. Prospects of War and Revolution.....By L. Trotsky
2. Youth Day in Russia.....By Anna Porter
3. Communism versus LaFolletteism.....By Alexander Bittelman
4. Herlock Sholmes Catches Reds.....By Donan Coyle
5. What Does Your Boss Look Like?.....By T. J. O'Flaherty
6. Marx to Engels on the First International.....By Harrison George
7. Ibanez Starts a Bourgeois Revolution.....By Harrison George

And Other Interesting Articles

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1113 W. Washington Blvd. Chicago, Illinois

BRITISH SHOW HOSTILITY TO SUN YAT SEN

Threaten Intervention Against Canton Rule

(By Rosta News Agency.)

CANTON, Oct. 16.—Mr. Chen Lin-pak, comrade of the Hongkong-Shanghai Banking corporation, the head of the fascist armed force which has revolted against Dr. Sun Yat-Sen, who personally directs the "tigers'" movement and whose property, situated in Chinese territory, is under the protection of British Hindu soldiers, is now being openly supported by all the British forces available at Canton.

It thus happens that Dr. Sun's efforts to suppress the revolt of an agent of imperialism is broken by the threat of armed intervention by Britain.

Further, British Consul Giles has sent an ultimatum to the Canton government, intimating that should the Chinese authorities adopt any forcible measures to squash the insurgent movement, immediate action will be taken against the Cantonese authorities by all the British naval forces available.

It then becomes evident that the merchant's strike and the use of Fascist "tigers" against the government is no longer a question between Dr. Sun and the merchants of Canton. It is now a question whether Kwangtung is to be under the rule of a Chinese government or whether it is to be under the sway of agents of British imperialism as part of the British colony of Hongkong.

Plan Membership Meeting of All Jewish Y. W. L. Branches Here

A joint membership meeting of all members of the three Young Workers League Jewish Branches, John Reed, Hersch Lekert and the Rosa Luxemburg, will be held next Sunday afternoon in the Polakoff Hall, 1910 W. Roosevelt Road, at 3 p. m.

This meeting will take up the immediate problems before the Chicago membership as a result of the reorganization of the Y. W. L. upon the basis of work instead of the old social-democratic territorial branches.

This meeting is very important for all members of the former Jewish Y. W. L. branches and every member should be sure to attend. Previous to the membership meeting the Rosa Luxemburg branch will hold its last constituted meeting as a Jewish branch in the same hall (headquarters of Luxemburg branch) at 2 p. m.

New York Comrades Mourn the Death of Sarah Rosenberg

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—On October 12, early Sunday morning, a beloved comrade passed away. Sarah Rosenberg, a member of the Downtown English Branch, Workers Party Local New York, died at the age of twenty-two. Altho known only to a small circle of comrades, she was respected for her sincerity to the Communist cause. She won her way into the hearts of all she came in contact with, with a sweet, charming and winsome personality. It was of such as she that Gray said in his Elegy: "Full many a flower is born to blush unseen, And waste its sweetness on the desert air."



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The World of Labor • Industry & Agriculture

CALL ON GREEK LABOR TO FIGHT DEMOCRAT RULE

Fear Fascisti Will Be Next to Seize Power

(Special to The Daily Worker)

ATHENS, Oct. 16.—A manifesto to all of the workers of Greece to prepare to fight the new government which has been formed under the leadership of the democratic premier, Michalacopoulos has been sent out by the pan-Hellenic conference, an organization in which all of the labor bodies of Greece are represented.

The conference, which is being held in Salonica this week, has exposed the treachery of the government in its policy towards the large groups of workers recently on strike—the railroad workers, the printers, the bakers and a section of the sailors.

The former government, headed by Sofoulis, had agreed to accede to the demands which the General Confederation of Labor had made for the strikers. The Michalacopoulos government, on coming into power, has definitely refused to carry out the agreements.

Predict Fascist Rule.

The general conviction prevails among the workers that the present government is the last parliamentary government that Greece will have—that a rule of Fascism is at hand. Within the Fascist ranks, the royalist Metaxas and General Kondyles, who now holds the position of minister of the interior, are struggling for absolute control of the Fascist movement. Their avowed purpose is to "save Greece from the Communists."

An important factor in the Communist propaganda feared by the Fascists of Greece is the formation of Communist nuclei within the ranks of the university students, a great many of whom are members of the Communist Party or are sympathetic to it. The students are sent from one city to another to speak to the workers. That the government is watching closely activities of these students is evidenced by the fact that police all over the country have been instructed to watch for them.

Communists Appeal to the Workers.

The Communists are now agitating among the workers to refuse support of the government in case of war between Bulgaria and Greece.

Dawes Plan Is Bridge to New Conflicts

(Continued from page 1)

keep capitalists are the seeds and the haughty American financiers are the sowers of the coming world war which will be waged to maintain and extend the supremacy of our ruling class and the safety of these same investments.

The last imperialist world war grew out of the intense commercial rivalries, out of the fierce struggle for new markets, for greater spheres of investment and influence, for wider areas of the control of the natural resources of economically under developed countries among the leading national capitalist groups. The war was fought to decide issues arising out of these disputes. The war was won by the allied imperialists to crush the German capitalist class as an effective competitor in the international market and in the race for imperialist supremacy. Today, the Dawes plan, proposed as the best scheme to guarantee the fruits of this imperialist victory, has within itself the germs for the undoing of this victory, for the obliteration of the very purpose for which the war was fought by the Entente employing classes.

French Capitalists Fear Competition.

France is looking askance at the return of Germany as an effective competitor in the international market. Yet, the sole chance of success in the operation of the Dawes plan is the ability of the German economic system to produce a sufficient excess of exports.

France will get a maximum of 25

billion francs under the Dawes program. At the same time France owes England and the United States more than thirty billion francs exclusive of another five billion commercial debts. The Dawes proposal will not assure France the payment of interest and amortization on this huge sum.

Under these conditions French capitalists dread a restored Germany. Their government is now busily at work organizing a National Economic Council to help the industrialists and financiers of the Quay d'Orsay meet the keener international commercial competition.

Britain Dreads German Revival.

"The dark cloud of revitalized German competition" is also irritating the British imperialists. Recently Great Britain re-imposed a duty of 26 per cent on German goods, because of the apprehension of the British capitalists of the probable severity of the approaching German competition even in the home market.

The British Colonial Corporation Ltd., one of the biggest banks in England, declared in its weekly circular of September 13, 1924 that it will not subscribe to the Dawes loan because of its fear that the industrial recovery of Germany "might inflict serious hardships on English trading interests."

Chancellor of the Exchequer Philip Snowden has talked of the Dawes' agreement as "a trade menace to Great Britain of a most serious character." Prime Minister MacDonald has even appointed a special committee con-

also one of fair Harvard's overseers, consisting of the spokesmen of the steel, coal, dyes, textile and pharmaceutical corporations to advise the foreign office of the likely effects of the London agreement on foreign trade.

Bitter Conflict Looming.

A source of even greater danger of war than the British fear of German commercial rivalry is the British fear of a Franco-German commercial accord in which, France will have a dominating economic position on the continent. Since the world war the British capitalists have shuddered at the probability of a union of German coal with French iron interests as the preparatory step for the organization of the world's most powerful steel corporation. In many quarters it is declared that the formation of such a giant trust would result in the control not only of the Ruhr and Lorraine but many other important sections in Central Europe and along the Danube.

France must have Ruhr coke for her furnaces. Germany must have the Lorraine iron. The leading capitalists of both countries are now working toward an agreement to operate these resources jointly in order to dominate the industrial life of the continent. The British coal and iron interests have great apprehension of such a union which would effectively undermine their hitherto strong position on the continent. Thus, commenting on the concern which this likelihood of a Franco-German accord has already brought to the British ruling class, Chancellor of the Exchequer Snowden frankly declared:

"French industrialists, of whom Louis Loucheur is the guiding spirit, have designs on the economic control of certain German industries which they make no effort to conceal. There is a very real danger and political means will be used to advance these aims. The proposed Franco-German commercial agreement is one method by which the project may be advanced."

That accounts for the increasing opinion that the coming struggle will be more a struggle for favorable commercial arrangements with Germany than for the collection of reparations. That explains the great dispatch with

which British capitalists recently concluded an Anglo-German electrical trade agreement on a vast scale.

The Dollar Must Be Safe!

Another serious danger of war lies in the increasingly heavy American investments in European industries and resources. These investments are made on the basis of securing handsome profits. Such profits can be secured only thru lowering the wages, lengthening the hours of labor and in general lowering the standards of living among the German and other European masses. These working masses may revolt against such degrading conditions of life and employment. Such a revolt will endanger the security and safety of the American capitalist investments. Herein we have the cause for military and naval invasion of Europe on the heels of the dollar invasion.

This is the full meaning of the difficulty of the American financial interests getting adequate guarantees for their investments. In this light the following declaration was recently made by Mr. Charles E. Mitchell of the National City Bank apropos of American participation in the first Dawes loan: "We have taken the precautions that were necessary. It was necessary that the atmosphere should be favorable. Our responsibility is enormous and once we assume direction of the operations we must guarantee success." The fact that the Ruhr, so close to France from a military and economic point of view, holds the bulk of the security of the first German loan is indicative of the especially grave war menace involved in the transaction.

Of course, in view of the extent to which the American government has gone in helping put over the Dawes plan, there is every reason on earth to conclude that the Washington administration will consider the protection of Yankee capitalist investments not only as a legitimate preoccupation but as a matter of paramount duty.

Standards of Living Endangered.

Last but not least we should reckon with the effects of intensified international capitalist competition on the standards of living of the workers of every country. In order to help safe-

guard their profits against inroads of intensified competition, the various national capitalist groups will resort to wage cuts and lengthening of the hours of labor. The payment of reparations in coal or in any other form of kind is bound to have an unfavorable effect on the workers employed in the industries concerned in the other countries.

This explains why the British Miners' Federation has declared that the Dawes plan is against the welfare of the mine workers. That is why even so reactionary a labor leader as Frank Hodges, civil lord of the admiralty, has been compelled to speak of the Dawes plan in this fashion: "Now that the German workers have succumbed, our own capitalists whine and squeal that the hours of the British worker must be lengthened, and his wages lowered in order that he might successfully compete with the German markets of the world."

"In a very short time from now we shall witness the launching of a great offensive in countries outside Germany against the established conditions of the working class. Such is the implacable logic of reparations."

Unite Against Soviet Russia.

Should the workers of any one country or groups of countries resist effectively, to the point of revolt, these encroachments on their living and employment conditions, such resistance would be a signal for a unified imperialist attack against the working class. The moment the onslaught on the working masses by the capitalists takes on such a form, there will be precipitated another world war. Worse than that. Once the international capitalist imperialists even believe with some degree of sureness that they have succeeded in unifying their ranks, then there is every likelihood of a renewal of the dastardly campaigns of yesterday against Soviet Russia.

But the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, where the working and poor farming masses under the leadership of the Communist Party, have established their own government, will never allow itself to be turned into a coolie colony of the international capitalists.

BRITISH KILL TWO CHINESE UNION HEADS

Official Protests Made No Impression

(By Federated Press.)

SHANGHAI, China, Oct. 16.—A sample of the kind of British justice that obtains in China at the present time was illustrated in connection with the death of Edwin C. Hawley, an American citizen, last June.

On the evening of June 19, 1924, Hawley was pulled aboard a British gunboat at Wan-Hsieh in a state of collapse, and died soon afterwards.

No Investigation

It was assumed, without any investigation into the matter, that he had been beaten by Chinese junkmen and thrown into the water.

On this assumption the commander of the British gunboat sent an ultimatum to the Chinese authorities that unless two of the junkmen's union officials were promptly executed on the waterfront, he would blow the town to pieces. In the face of this display of force, the Chinese authorities had to consent.

After a futile protest on the part of the Chinese magistrates, two union leaders were taken to the beach and publicly beheaded. The British commander defended his action by contending that it was necessary to make an example of these men. For his action he was thanked by the American organizations in China.

On July 3, a circular telegram was issued by 76 members of the Peking parliament denouncing the atrocious action of the British gunboat commander. It was stated in the telegram that inquiries proved that Hawley had fallen into the water while trying to board the China Steam Navigation Co.'s vessel Wan-Liu and had not been beaten by Junkmen. The telegram concluded:

Merits Condemnation

"Such high-handed policy as this merits the just condemnation of the Chinese people, and arouses the whole nation to anger. Great Britain and the United States have recently seen fit to browbeat China, they have now gone to the limit when the captain of a British gunboat threatened to bombard a Chinese city and demand the instant execution of two innocent citizens. We denounce this lawless and barbarous conduct, and we should, one and all, rise in vigorous protest against this lawlessness."

The outstanding points are that two men who had no connection with the affair were publicly executed; the deceased was not a British subject, and the British commander went beyond his rights and all the precepts of international law in creating himself judge and jury; no attempts was made by the officer to inquire into the rights or wrongs of the affair, and no attempt was made to bring the alleged culprits to justice. It is not even alleged that the men executed had anything to do with the affair, yet they paid with their lives.

Anatole France Is Dead.

TOURS, France, Oct. 16.—Hundreds of messages of condolence were received today over the death of Anatole France, famous French essayist and novelist. He had been ill for a year and had been sinking for two weeks so his death was not unexpected.

M. France was in his 81st year. His funeral probably will be Wednesday or Thursday. It is expected that public ceremonies will be conducted in Paris later.

Worker Dies in Fire.

MONTREAL, Oct. 16.—Damage estimated at \$200,000 was done today by fire in the Montreal abattoirs. One employe was injured leaping from a third story window.

OWNERS OF GREATEST COTTON MILL CHANGE MINDS ON WAGE REDUCTION

By ESTHER LOWELL

(Federated Press Staff Correspondent)

MANCHESTER, N. H., Oct. 16.—The Amoskeag Manufacturing company officials have decided against giving their workers the 10 per cent wage cut which the company union representatives voted to accept recently after two and a half days' arguing.

Whether the change of mind in the directors of the world's greatest cotton mills is due to pre-election strategy or to the Manchester Textile Council's denunciation of the proposed wage cut is uncertain, according to Edgar D. Mank, vice-president of the Textile Council and president of cloth-finishers' local 1137 of the United Textile Workers' Union.

Dividend "Undisturbed."

Agent W. Parker Straw of Amoskeag claims that the wage cut will not help the concern to reduce prices enough to get more orders. The annual report of the company, just out, shows a loss of \$2,851,131 during the fiscal year ending May 31, 1924. But the assets of the company are exceptionally good: Fourth Liberty Loan bonds to the extent of \$32,640,000 which are listed at five million less; and other assets completing the \$41,782,045 total. With only \$14,750,000 current liabilities of Amoskeag, the Boston News Bureau predicts that the annual dividend of \$3 "will be undisturbed"; in other words the stockholders will get theirs!

"No business" was the constantly repeated phrase with which Agent Straw sought to impress me of the company's poverty. He remarked that "the \$14,000,000 we've made in the last few years was all made during the war. The government would buy anything." There wasn't much business in the spacious old-fashioned offices of Amoskeag where the young men were discussing radio and the old were gazing out of the window, but there was plenty of work for the bent and worn workers tending the great deafening machines in the mills which I went thru.

Only Half Workers Employed.

The mills are not all running and only about half of the workers are employed. From day to day the Amoskeag workers do not know when they will be asked—permitted—to grind out ten or eleven hours daily toll over the many monstrous machines which each must tend. The company did not recover from the 1922 strike, Mank says, but the company can afford to mark time while the workers cannot.

The Coolidge mill of Amoskeag is called "poorhouse" by the workers because in the 1922 strike it was the first opened for workers to straggle into. It is named for Thomas Jefferson Coolidge, one of the oldest Amoskeag directors, who is no longer so active in the company but retains a place on the directory of Old Colony Trust and of Manchester Electric company.

Many Financial Connections.

Frederick C. Dumaine, treasurer of Amoskeag and president of Waltham Watch company, is also a director of Old Colony Trust, United Drug company (Standard Oil subsidiary), Eastern Steamship Lines, etc. Other directors of Amoskeag are connected with Kidder Peabody Acceptance corporation (Morgan of New England); Boston Elevated; Daniel Greene Felt Shoe company; E. Howard Clock; Massachusetts Gas companies; New England Coal and Coke; Pere Marquette Railway; Union Mills; United States Steel corporation (of Mr. Elbert H. Gary); United Worsted company; various southern railroads; American Sugar Refining company (sugar trust); American Telephone and Telegraph Co.; General Electric; Champion Copper; and too many other industrial, finance, insurance, cultural and philanthropic concerns to mention. Charles Francis Adams, one of Amoskeag's directors, is treasurer and member of the board of overseers of Harvard University and George Wigglesworth, president of Amoskeag, is also one of fair Harvard's overseers.

Your Union Meeting

THIRD FRIDAY, OCT. 17, 1924.

- | No. | Name of Local and Place of Meeting. |
|------|---|
| 237 | Bakers and Confr., 3420 W. Roosevelt. |
| 8 | Bookbinders, 175 W. Washington St., 6 p. m. |
| 29 | Broom Makers, 810 W. Harrison St. |
| 1 | Carpenters, 175 W. Washington St. |
| 70 | Carpenters, 2705 W. 35th St. |
| 1 | Building Trades Council, 180 W. Washington. |
| 548 | Carpenters' Dis. Council, 505 S. State St. |
| 2200 | Carpenters, 4339 S. Halsted St. |
| 9 | Electricians, 2901 W. Monroe St. |
| 214 | Electricians, 4141 W. Lake St. |
| 779 | Electricians, R. R., 5324 S. Halsted |
| 564 | Ramen and Enginemen, 5435 S. Halsted St. |
| 84 | Glass Workers, Emily and Marshall. |
| 225 | Hod Carriers, Monroe and Peoria Sts. |
| 1 | Ladies' Garment Workers, Joint Board, 328 W. Van Buren St. |
| 83 | Machinists, 173 S. Ashland Blvd. |
| 113 | Machinists, 113 S. Ashland Blvd. |
| 273 | Painters, 2345 So. Kedzie Ave. |
| 637 | Painters, School and Sheffield Ave. |
| 883 | Painters, 3140 Indiana Ave. |
| 1332 | Painters, 3140 Indiana Ave. |
| 1 | Pattern Makers, 119 S. Throop St. |
| 612 | Plumbers, 9251 S. Chicago Ave. |
| 348 | Ramen and Enginemen, Village Hall, Kolzie, Ill. |
| 376 | Railway Carmen, Village Hall, Kolzie, Ill. |
| 998 | Railway Carmen, 5445 S. Ashland Ave. |
| 328 | Railway Clerks, 20 W. Randolph St. |
| 679 | Railway Clerks, 9 S. Clinton St. |
| 1356 | Railway Clerks, Ft. Dearborn Hotel. |
| 4 | Railroad Trainmen, 1536 E. 64th St. |
| 119 | Ramen and Enginemen, 3348 North Ave. |
| 198 | Railroad Trainmen, 9120 Commercial Ave. |
| 367 | Sheet Metal Workers, Ashland and Van Buren. |
| 1 | South Chicago Trades and Labor Assembly, 9139 Commercial Ave. |
| 2 | Stage Hands, 412 Capitol Bldg. |
| 12 | Stove Mounters, 3509 Wolfram Ave. |
| 3 | Teachers (Women), Women's City Club Rooms, 430 p. m. Telegraphers (Com.) 312 S. Clark St. |
| 484 | Waitresses, 19 W. Adams St., 8 p. m. |
| 1 | Women's Union Label League 220 S. Ashland Blvd. |
- (Note—Unless otherwise stated all meetings are at 8 p. m.)

Vote Communist This Time!

THE CAMPAIGN FUND CAMPAIGN!
Ten dollars from you means leaflets to 5,000 workers.

CURLEY, GOMPERS' MAYOR OF BOSTON, MASS., JOINS WAR ON CHILDREN

(By The Federated Press)

BOSTON, Oct. 16.—Officers of the Boston Central Union, following the lead of the American Federation of Labor in its educational campaign for the child labor amendment, are amazed at the storm of opposition. Opposition of Alvin T. Fuller, republican candidate for governor, came as a matter of course, but labor was not prepared for the attack which James M. Curley, mayor of Boston and supposed labor sympathizer, launched in his candidacy for governor of Massachusetts.

Curley had previously endorsed the child labor amendment. Now he comes out against it, his main argument being that Florence Kelley, whom he charges with having translated something from Karl Marx, had a hand in drawing up the amendment. He says he considers the child labor amendment would lead to Sovietism.

Lines up with Catholics.

The Boston mayor's turnabout on the amendment came close on the heels of its denunciation by the Catholic hierarchy of this diocese. Cardinal O'Connell, who led the Catholic fight on the amendment used the term Sovietism. He says he believes in state laws regulating the labor of children but fears a proposal to give the national government authority to pass anti-child labor laws might lead to the invasion of homes to see whether the children were working, even doing chores.

"For the parental control of children," says the alarmed cardinal, "it would substitute the will of congress and the dictates of a centralized bureaucracy, more in keeping with Soviet Russia than with the fundamental principles of American government."

Would Abolish Child Labor.

Answering the allegation of Sovietism the Massachusetts child labor committee says the real issue is the solution of child labor in the United States within a reasonable time.

THE CAMPAIGN FUND CAMPAIGN!
Two hundred and fifty major campaign rallies if you'll help finance them.

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4886. House and home duties will be pleasant in a frock such as is here portrayed. It will make a splendid business dress in wool crepe or silk poplin, or a trim and pleasing morning dress in printed crepe or gingham with contrasting material for the bosom, collar, cuffs and pockets.

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Join the Workers Party!

A LAUGH FOR THE CHILDREN



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J. LOUIS ENGBAHL | Editors
WILLIAM F. DUNNE |
MORITZ J. LOEB | Business Manager

Entered as second-class mail Sept. 21, 1923, at the Post-Office at Chicago, Ill., under the act of March 3, 1879.

290 Advertising rates on application

The ZR-3

There is rejoicing among the bourgeoisie of Germany over the feat of the great airship that sailed from that country to the United States in 81 hours. But there is also gnashing of teeth.

While the building of the monster airship is a great mechanical feat that reflects credit on the industrial prowess of Germany, the fact that this ship, which bears the once mighty name of Zeppelin, is now in the hands of the power that humbled the mighty empire of the Hohenzollerns in the dust, is bitter gall to the militant nationalists of Germany.

In a world freed from the curse of capitalism, the breeder of wars, the accomplishment of the ZR-3 would be hailed with unalloyed joy. But to the class-conscious section of the American working class the flight brings forth visions of dropping bombs and burning cities, of mangled bodies and devastated countryside, of the horrors of another capitalist war in which the ingenuity of mankind will be taxed in the mania for destruction.

The ZR-3, made in Germany but paid for by United States dollars, is a symbol of American capitalist might. There is no glory here for the American working class out of whose weary bodies the dollars were wrung. There is no glory for the German workers who toiled to produce this modern air monster. The honor and the glory are for the American ruling class.

Today American capitalism sits on the top of the world. But a mightier power than organized capitalism is arising. It will wring the sceptre of power from the hands of our ruling class. It is the power of the awakening giant of labor.

The New York Campaign

The Foster meeting in New York on Sunday, October 19, will mark a high spot in one of the most vigorous campaigns ever waged in New York by any working class political party. Comrade Foster will address two meetings on that date, one in New York and one in Brooklyn.

The New York Communists deserve credit for the energy which they injected into the campaign from the beginning. Needless to say, it is not a vote-catching campaign such as was indulged in by the socialist party, before it became part of the ingredients that go to make up the LaFollette chop suey.

Besides putting forward the Communist program, our comrades also made very effective use of the campaign for bringing in new members to the party and securing subscriptions for THE DAILY WORKER.

One of the most interesting items on Comrade Foster's New York program is the presentation of a red silk Bolshevik banner to the branch that makes the best record.

That the conglomeration of camouflaged capitalist lackeys sailing under the LaFollette colors are incensed at the success of the campaign waged by the New York Communists is proven by the arrest of one of our comrades, at the instigation of the fake progressive Congressman LaGuardia. These acts of desperation, instead of dampening the ardor of the Communists only encourage them to increased efforts.

Workers of New York and Brooklyn should not miss the opportunity of hearing William Z. Foster, the only revolutionary candidate for president of the United States, speak on Sunday, Oct. 19, at the New Star Casino, 107th street and Park avenue, Manhattan, at 2 p. m., and at 8 p. m. on the same day at Arcadia Hall, Brooklyn.

The Youth to the Factories

The aim of all Communist organizations is to be based on units organized in the factories, mines and fields for the purpose of political organization, education and activity. In the endeavors to reorganize on this basis of shop nuclei, the Young Workers League has been in the forefront.

Following out its national program of action, the Chicago unit of the league has taken the first step toward its reformation into the shop nucleus basis.

It is an excellent sign of the invasion by the young Communists of the industries where the youthful toilers feel the bitter lash of exploitation, and where the league members, with their program of economic and political demands, can rally the young workers to the standards of Communism.

The factory youth will form the backbone of a powerful young Communist movement. The young Communist movement will be, more than ever before, one of the strongest arms of the American revolutionary movement.

All success to the young reds. Let the area branch meetings tonight have an unprecedented attendance!

Anticipation—Not Anxiety

There have been many heart-rendering pangs at the passing from the field of revolutionary magazines of the Labor Herald, the Liberator, and the Soviet Russia Pictorial. Each one of these printed expressions of distinct revolutionary currents had its field, and its friends, thousands of them. Today, with the announcement that the three are to be combined into one great periodical, the WORKERS MONTHLY, these partisan hosts of the one or the other are suffering some anxiety.

We counsel them, one and all, to be glad and make merry, for the new magazine, the WORKERS MONTHLY, is going to do more than merely take the place of the lost one. The WORKERS MONTHLY is a synthesis of all the best of the three magazines it supersedes—and a great deal more.

It would not be fair to tell you what is going into the first issue of the WORKERS MONTHLY. Nor could you form any idea of what it will look like if we told you the table of contents. There is something added to any magazine, some sort of a personal quality, the sense of which you get only when you hold a copy in your hand. So it would be damning with faint praise to tell you its contents.

Sufficient it will be to say that the American labor movement, at no time in its history, has had a magazine of such surpassing excellence. In one way or another, even the best of them have been—naturally, no doubt—a little one-sided, devoted to one or another phase of the world-wide and all pervading revolutionary struggle. Now we are to have a comprehensive magazine.

Some people, even some revolutionists, are serious minded. There will be roast beef for them. But humor, especially the graphic sort, is a rich element of the class struggle. The editor of the WORKERS MONTHLY will feed the grapes to the wine press and the foaming, sparkling vintage will be yours. Poetry, too, is the crystallized song of life. If they are songs of the workers, they, too, will find a place in the pages of the WORKERS MONTHLY. Politics, national and international, is the vital force of the whole struggle. We shall find keen political analysis and guidance in the WORKERS MONTHLY. Stories of industry, the contact point of the classes, written by that marvelous conjuncture, workers who are writers, will have their place in the WORKERS MONTHLY. And all the new life of great Russia, the first working class republic, the land of the soviets, will be told in both word and picture. For there will be profuse illustrations, by photo and pen.

We told you that there would be something else added to all the contents. Yes, that is true. For in addition to the body of the magazine, the something that you hold in your hand and may weigh upon the scale, you will have in the WORKERS MONTHLY the revolutionary spirit of LENINISM. What more could a worker ask for?

The British Fascisti

The news that the membership of the black-shirt organization in Great Britain has reached the figure of one hundred thousand may come as a shock to those who hug the delusion that England is so crazy about constitutionalism, since Cromwell chopped the head off King Charles, that the transition from capitalism to socialism will take place without even the king having to chop wood for his breakfast.

But the bourgeoisie of England are no happier over the prospect of losing their graft than their contemporaries in other countries. Regardless of the failure of Fascism in Italy and Spain the "boys of the bulldog" breed have an idea that where the Latins failed the Anglo-Saxons will be successful.

The British ruling class have no intention of surrendering their power without a struggle and unless they break their necks in a quarrel with their American competitors, they will wreck them in a civil war with the British working class.

For the moment the services of the British socialists are accepted as a necessary evil, but however implicit may be the faith of the bourgeoisie in the loyalty of the MacDonalds, Snowdens and Thomases, they have a wholesome dread of the masses behind these traitors who have not had their eyes opened yet to their perfidy.

The British Fascisti, like their tribe in every other country, make no secret of their intentions to employ extra legal force against the workers. They are armed to the teeth, equipped with modern appurtenances of war and ready to answer the call to action at a moment's notice. They are financed by the tory landowners and the big capitalists.

The British labor party government that has arrested Communists for alleged seditious articles in the Communist press, raided their homes and spied on their meetings, has tolerated the Fascisti in their midst even tho this element has openly violated the law.

What does this prove? Simply that the British labor party is a governing organ of capitalism; that it looks on the Fascisti as a possible successor, when the condition of the British Empire becomes such that parliamentary democracy must go by the board.

The British Fascisti are using violence to uphold the robber capitalist system. The British Communists are avowedly out to overthrow it. There is the difference, and like the social-democrats of Germany, the British socialist government is ready to shoot the Communists while paving the way for the Fascisti's coming to power.

It is possible the British Fascisti may have come too late, but there is no telling what may happen these days. In any event it looks as if the British love for "law and order" is going to be put to the test.

Daily News Unblushingly Continues to Publish Lies

(Continued from page 1)

"underworld" in the machinery of government on which the decadent capitalist power rests. Framing up labor men, for instance, is engineered by these underworld characters, but paid for by their employers. Sometimes the employers are double-crossed. Sometimes they pay for extravagant "investigation" where no investigations are really needed. But the fact that there is a place in the government for these flunks, and that daily newspapers give prominent space to their bleary-eyed fiction, proves that capitalism consciously and deliberately uses this method to combat the struggles of the working class to free

itself from wage slavery. Burns milks U. S. Treasury. That is how William J. Burns was able to get a stranglehold on the federal department of justice, long before he had any official connection with it. Burns milked the government treasury, and he made use of the secret service organization to further his own private detective business, but he returned value received to the Wall Street-owned government, nevertheless. The Labor Defense Council has looked into the career of Burns pretty thoroughly. It was as a Burns client that Warren G. Harding took office as president of the United States. In 1919, he had bought spurious "anti-red" stories from Burns for his paper at

Marion, Ohio. Burns is an old friend of Daugherty's. He has worked in close association with the "Ohio crowd" for years. He boasted, even before the 1920 election, that if Harding should be elected president he, Burns, would be made boss of the secret service, under Daugherty. Espionage is organized. One of the first things Burns did when he got the job was to organize a widespread system of industrial espionage. He established the "bureau of identification," which (incidentally) served him excellently for his own international business. He took people like Spolansky into the secret service in droves, making that branch of the government an even more vicious adjunct of capitalist rule than it had

been in the days of Wilson and A. Mitchell Palmer. As I have hinted once or twice before, Burns did not give up the active direction of his private detective agency when he went to work for the government. Altho nominally operated by other members of the Burns family during this time, William J. exercised personal supervision over the business. In a subsequent article prepared thru the co-operation of the Labor Defense Council, the DAILY WORKER will go into all the details of the Wall Street bomb explosion of 1919, advertised for "exposure" by Spolansky in the Daily News. The DAILY WORKER will show how Burns used the government in this case in attempting to frame up radicals so that the William J. Burns International Detective agency could secure the profitable employment of rounding them up. Labor Defense Council Active.

"BILL" HEARST MADE BID FOR "JAKEY'S" BUNK

Randolph Gagged at Price of Hokum

What's the prevailing market rate for "red" scares? It seems to be high. William Randolph Hearst, owner of a string of newspapers thruout the country which exist only on scares and scandals, failed to outbid the Chicago Daily News for the series of articles by Jacob Spolansky, which the News is now running.

And while Hearst's pockets seem to be sewed up tight when it comes to paying his reporters a living wage, he is quick to come across when he can pull a "stunt" that will send up the circulation of the papers. His Price was High.

But Hearst wouldn't have Spolansky's "red" stories—at least, not at the price at which Spolansky was peddling them. Spolansky has told the DAILY WORKER how he let the capitalist newspapers, one after the other send the price for the "red" scares higher and higher. In the end the Daily News outbid Hearst, and the Daily News forked up—the money has already been paid—and the Daily News is now running the articles.

Jake Got the Dough. "What good does the publishing of these articles do me?" said Spolansky last night in answer to a question from the DAILY WORKER. "I've been paid good money for them. And what good does it do the News? Well, they predict that the circulation will go up immediately."

I talked yesterday with the news editor of the Daily News—a small frightened-looking man by the name of Chapell. Chapell reminds you of nothing in the world excepting the smaller end of a worm that has been cut in two. But Chapell has a bull's voice. And he shouted wildly when he found that a DAILY WORKER reporter had come to see him.

The rest of the editors were "busy." Their office boys said so. Their private secretaries said so. Their stenographers said so. As one of the guards explained: "Five minutes is a good bit of time for those people."

Hard Working Editors. The staff of the Daily News was busy. A large part of it was sitting around the tables playing poker. And five minutes is a great deal of time. In the five minutes which you might give for a courteous answer to a reporter, your opponent might bluff a royal flush with a pair of deuces.

There is a general impression among the staff of the Daily News that the man really responsible for the Spolansky articles is "Bill" Forte. Whenever I asked for an interview with the person in charge of the "red" stories, I was promptly referred to "Bill" Forte. But Forte claims to know nothing about the matter. He says he is only a reporter.

"Bill" Fumigates the Offal. Is it "Bill" Forte who is writing up Spolansky's articles in literate form? On one thing the editors were agreed—that they would print no letters or stories sent in to them making corrections in the Spolansky stories.

I explained that Spolansky had been thrown out of the department of justice at the same time as Burns. I showed that his technique was even too crude for the government in these days of loudly smelling oil pots. The reply came quickly: "But he'll do for us."

But how much more sensational these "exposures" could be! Spolansky says that we meet in groups, that we spread literature, that we form a party. And he expects his readers to be startled.

Jakey Missed Something. Spolansky doesn't seem to know the half of it. He doesn't know about the junior groups of Bolsheviks which the Workers Party has formed in the public schools. He tells nothing of our great daily press. He applies superlative adjectives to the most innocent and least "damning" expressions of Communism.

Again we Communists have been arrested for political murder. And brot to trial, we are charged with nothing more than political Sabbath-breaking.

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

(Continued from Page 1.)

bellish the advertising and preserve the system of society on which the advertisers thrive—makes the following statement in an editorial: "Merely to be here with a chance to work for American wages and an American living, is the happiest hope of many a man, woman and child over there," referring to Europe. We note that the Prince of Wales is not one of the Europeans whose fondest hope is to work for an American wage. It would be interesting to learn what the five or six millions of unemployed American workers think of this journalistic vomit!

The fall of the Spanish dictator as a result of the Morocco fiasco may result in liberating the 23,000 workers who are in Spanish dungeons. Strange is it not that our great American lovers of democracy will shake the hand of a black shirt dictator, who governs the many with

the swords of the few, but they will not even touch the hem of the garments of the representatives of the workers of Russia whose dictatorship is of the many, by the many and for the many.

UNITED STATES Ambassador Moore, Morgan's chief agent in Spain likes King Alfonso very much. He calls Alfy "Chief." I suppose our Italian ambassador calls Mussolini "Benny." Perhaps they "shoot craps together when "Benny" is not busy murdering some Italian workers. But the black shirt dictatorships have fallen on evil days. Even the cowardly liberals are now gunning for them in Italy and Spain. But the liberals have not a word to say about the thousands of workers who are rotting in prison. The workers must not depend on the liberals. They must take on the task of freeing themselves.

Join the Workers Party!

Born of a Wish



and of the needs and desires of the working class, the Daily Worker—with the aid of the meager funds and the untiring efforts of those who must labor to live—has in the ten months of its existence established itself as "The National Labor Daily." It is here to stay. The future size of the Daily Worker and its ability to better fight the worker's battles rests entirely in your hands. If your interest in the labor movement is real—if it is earnest—you will unite your efforts with the efforts of thousands of workers who until November 7 are joined in an enthusiastic "Daily Worker Bricklayers' Union" to build a greater working class newspaper. You can begin by sending this brick to

THE DAILY WORKER
1113 W. Washington Blvd.,
Chicago, Ill.

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\$6.00 a year \$3.50-6 months \$2.00 3 months
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