

FAT MEN MARCH ON GOOSE-STEP DAY

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

THE NEW YORK NATION fears the spread of German militarism among us. But why German militarism? Why not American militarism? However we are not concerned with the cock-eyed conception of militarism entertained by the political ostriches who edit that weekly collection of illusions, but with the confident hope expressed in the same paragraph of the Sept. 10 issue, which contains the above, that the moment Robert Marlon LaFollette takes office, Mars will park his sword in William Jennings Bryan's monkey house and international bankers will hire a private collecting agency to go after their debtors, instead of having the job performed by the United States army.

SUCH innocence might be excusable on the part of one of H. G. Wells's Martian visitors, but it would be straining credulity to believe that a man who has spent so many years among the editorial dens of Wall Street should be so naive as to expect the capitalist system to surrender its weapons the moment LaFollette takes office. It might be remarked that Mr. Villard was equally hopeful, when the great moutebank, Woodrow Wilson, moved into the White House and the Wisconsin senator never expressed so many harsh things about the money power as did the late Woodrow, and it must be confessed that Mr. Wilson delivered his indictment in flawless English.

MR. VILLARD'S scribe might be excused for his optimism, but we can hardly excuse him for the following comment on the actions of the British Labor government in view of what I have read in the London Daily Herald. "This is what the Nation says: '... we believe that active militarist propaganda would cease the minute he took office and that we should have in Washington the same spirit of amity in the conduct of our international affairs which so glorifies the ministry of Ramsay MacDonald and thru him has brot about a temporary solution of the political miseries of Europe.'" This matter has already been dealt with editorially in the DAILY WORKER and the reason for this added comment is the following news item in the London Daily Herald of August 16:

SEVERE fighting and more bombing of natives by the Royal Air Forces is reported by the Central News from Transjordan. Apparently bombing natives does not stain the pacifist purity of Ramsay MacDonald in the eyes of American liberals. What counts in his favor is, that he was more or less successful recently in maintaining peace between the big capitalist powers, so that they could go on peacefully exploiting the wage slaves in their own countries, the unfortunate peoples of their colonial empires and the countries that are nominally independent but cannot sneeze until the rulers of the capitalist powers take snuff. Ramsay MacDonald bombs Indian villages because the British imperialists must keep these people in subjection. Refusal on the part of MacDonald to protect their interests (Continued on page 6)

"No Cut," Say Textile Workers. NEW YORK, N. Y., Sept. 12.—A determined fight against attempts to cut wages in the textile industry is the outgrowth of a discussion in the convention of the United Textile Workers of America here, on the attempted cut of 10 per cent in wages by Rhode Island and North Carolina mills and affecting 10,000 workers. The executive board of the union was instructed to draw up resolutions expressing the union's flat refusal to accept the cut.

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY SUGAR WORKERS ARRESTED IN HAWAII; STRIKERS MAY TAKE NEW ACTION

By JOSEPH CATLIN
(Special to The Daily Worker)

HONOLULU, Sept. 12.—One hundred and thirty Filipinos, alleged to have been involved in Tuesday's massacre of the striking sugar workers by the police, in which 16 strikers and 4 policemen were killed, were brought into Kaula County court under a strong guard for a preliminary hearing.

The authorities, who are under the thumb of the American sugar interests, are preparing to file charges of murder, kidnaping and rioting against the suspects.

A full report has been sent to Governor General Wood of the Philippine Islands by the labor commissioner, and action is awaited.

In the meantime the situation, tho quiet, is filled with tense expectations from both sides, and it is predicted that if summary action is taken against the workers, a more serious outbreak of the striking laborers will be brought about.

CHARGE LABOR HEADS SOUGHT TO SHIELD KLAN

Urged Withdrawal of Anti-KKK Resolution

By KARL REEVE
(Staff Writer, Daily Worker)

PEORIA, Ill., Sept. 12.—Delegates Robert Speedie and Eli Lucas, of the Dowell Miners' Local Union, charged that Victor Olander and Frank Farrington asked them in the Jefferson hotel to withdraw the anti-Klan resolution introduced by the Dowell miners at the 42nd convention of the Illinois State Federation of Labor here.

Victor Olander, secretary of the state federation, had them called to the Jefferson hotel, the two Dowell miner delegates told the DAILY WORKER, and asked them if they would not withdraw the Klan resolution. They abruptly refused. Olander did not definitely state to them the reason for his request, they declare, after he found that they were hostile to withdrawing the resolution denouncing the Klan.

Farrington Shows Klan Letter.

"We met Farrington at the Jefferson hotel headquarters of the Federation," Lucas told the DAILY WORKER. "Farrington showed us a letter, evidently written by a Klansman, which declared Farrington would lose thousands of votes among the miners if he did not oppose our anti-Klan resolution."

Farrington then asked the Dowell delegates if they would object to the withdrawal of the resolution, if he had the resolution withdrawn they declared. They replied they certainly would. It is significant that Farrington was absent from the convention when the Klan resolution condemning the Klan passed.

The substitute motion resolution brought in by the resolutions committee, which passed the convention with less than 20 dissenting votes, while it condemned the Klan by name, left out that part of the Dowell resolution which "demands that the Federation of Labor promote a series of anti-Klan mass meetings and demonstrations thru-out the state."

The resolution condemning the Klan, which is the same as was adopted by the American Federation of Labor. (Continued on page 6)

NEW JERSEY LABOR CONDEMNS THE KLAN; FIGHTS INJUNCTIONS

PATERSON, N. J., Sept. 12.—The New Jersey Federation of Labor convention went on record condemning the Ku Klux Klan. This action follows soon after the Klan's effort to turn Labor Day at Trenton into a Klan demonstration day. The Klan's plans were opposed by local labor and the parade mustered only a few thousand—marching outside the city limits—instead of the 100,000 boastfully forecasted.

The convention also got behind a legislative program for the passage of a law legalizing peaceful picketing. President Arthur A. Quinn, in urging the legislative program, emphasized that the injunction against picketing had become the employers' accepted method of breaking strikes.

WORLD'S GREATEST AIR MURDER WEAPON BEING PREPARED FOR THE U. S.

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

FRIEDRICHSHAFEN, Germany, Sept. 12.—The world's greatest airplane, the Zeppelin Z R-3, built for the United States Navy set out today for her third and most severe trial flight.

The route lay over the Alps to Zurich and other Swiss towns. The Z R-3 sets off on her Trans-Atlantic flight to Lakehurst, N. J., about Sept. 23.

The air boat will probably be the most powerful weapon in the next world war for which the capitalist nations with the United States in the forefront, are now pushing towards for the purpose of redividing the resources and markets of the globe.

EXPOSE U. S. AS OPPRESSOR OF CHINESE LABOR

Workers Face National, International Foes

Editor's Note.—In view of the world interest that centers in the latest internal eruptions within the Chinese nation, the DAILY WORKER herewith publishes correspondence received from "Rosta," the Russian Official Telegraph Agency, giving the declarations of the Chinese delegation to the Fifth World Congress of the Communist International, on their national problem. It is as follows:

(By Rosta)

MOSCOW (By Mail).—The following is a declaration submitted by the Chinese delegation to the recent Fifth World Congress of the Third (Communist) International, in connection with the discussion of the national question:

"China is under the yoke of world imperialism, on the one hand, and home militarists, on the other," the declaration sets forth.

"Inasmuch as the militarists are subordinated to the influence of one imperialist power or the other, they are agents of the latter. Therefore, the national movement ought to be (Continued on Page 6.)

FEDERATION OF LABOR IN WASH. LOVES BOSSES

Short Wants Chamber of Commerce Affiliation

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

SEATTLE Wash., Sept. 12.—W. J. Miller, delegate to the State Federation of Labor convention from the Central Labor Council here, scored the policy of class collaboration laid down in that gathering, in his report which was accepted by the council.

Miller Fights Short.

"If the policy laid down by President Short, of the State Federation of Labor, is a sound one," said Miller in his report, "then I move that our unions should be disbanded, and all strike committees be abolished."

"We must how be in that state of bliss where the lion and the lamb lie down together. But Brother Short has not vouchsafed any information to show that struggle has been relegated to the garbage dump."

The president of the state federation has been instrumental in cementing close relations between the Chamber of Commerce of Olympia, Washington, and the central labor body there.

Auxiliary For Bosses.

These two bodies exchange delegates, with the result that the labor movement is made into a sort of labor auxiliary to the Chamber of Commerce.

Short declared to the convention that it was his purpose to establish the same kind of relations with the business interests thruout the state.

NO AID FOR JOBLESS FROM STATE LABOR

Olander-Walker Clique Worry Only About Len

By KARL REEVE
(Staff Writer, Daily Worker)

PEORIA, Ill., Sept. 12.—A small left wing stubbornly fought black reaction in the convention of the state federation of labor, and altho 107 votes in favor of the recognition of Soviet Russia were mustered, the resolution condemning the Defense Day was sugar-coated with flowery Fourth of July patriotism, Len Small and La Follette were indorsed after Walker had cut off left wing criticism by ruling Tom Parry of Divernon out of order.

Amalgamation Was Voted Down.

The report of the resolutions committee on the unemployment resolutions is typical of the attitude of Walker, Olander and their reactionary brethren toward the vital problems which now confront Illinois labor.

The report, which was passed by the convention, while it "thinks the unemployment problem should receive the attention of Illinois labor, we recommend the subject matter to the executive board with instructions to give such co-operation and helpfulness as their means and time will permit."

None of the specific recommendations of the unemployment resolutions were acted on by the convention. The class conscious pleas of Henry Corbishley, of the Ziegler miners, and Thomas Parry, of the Divernon miners, for a helping hand to Soviet Russia in the name of International working class solidarity were instrumental in mustering the comparatively large vote for recognition of Soviet Russia.

The resolutions committee recommended non-concurrence with the resolution offered by the Dowell miners' local, "calling upon the American Federation of Labor to extend all efforts in order that the United States government shall give full and complete recognition to Soviet Russia."

Johannsen Stands Up.

Anton Johannsen, of the Chicago carpenters, and secretary of the resolutions committee, asked to be recorded as favoring the recognition of Soviet Russia, being the only member of the committee who dissented with the non-concurrence recommendation. Parry flayed the reactionaries in the convention who pretend to be progressive.

"Even the Ramsay MacDonald government of England recognized Soviet Russia," Parry declared, "and you sit here and vote against this resolution and try to call yourselves progressive. I am in favor of the recognition of Soviet Russia because it is a real working class government. In the name of international solidarity of the workers, we should favor the recognition of Russia."

"Capitalism, especially under the Dawes plan, is organized internationally, and it is up to the workers to (Continued on Page 2.)

OLANDER AND WALKER CONFESS THEY FAVORED THE WARS OF BIG EMPLOYERS

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PEORIA, Ill., Sept. 12.—In line with the reactionary policy of President John H. Walker and his companions who control the convention, Secretary Victor Olander declared to the delegates to the Illinois Federation of Labor that, "I regret that the resolution condemning Mobilization Day was introduced."

Olander made a lengthy, patriotic harrange declaring against mobilization day mainly because it was promoted by Cal Coolidge and Dawes. He made it very clear, however, that he is in favor of preparedness and also of capitalistic wars.

He bragged about the patriotism he had shown in the last capitalistic war and praised the soldiers who fought to establish American capitalism in Europe.

Olander was followed by Walker, who violently denied he was either a pacifist or was against preparedness. His remarks, altho his speech was incoherent and he rambled from the Bisbee deportation to a tirade on the

SECOND MEETING OF FOSTER AND GITLOW CONCLAVE TOMORROW

Comrade J. Costrell, secretary of the left wing committee of the Workmen's Circle, will report the progress of the Foster-Gitlow campaign in New York, to the conference of working class organizations that will be held Sunday, Sept. 14, at 10 a. m., at 3322 Douglas Park Boulevard.

Comrade Murtz will report the activities of the Chicago conference on the battle front here. All labor organizations are urgently invited.

CHANG TSO-LIN ADVANCING UPON CITY OF PEKING

Japs Refuse Permission to Use Trains

(By Cable to The Daily Worker)

PEKING, Sept. 12.—All available cars and locomotives have been seized by the government in a desperate move to check the advance of Gen. Chang Tso-lin upon Peking.

Newspapers have been suspended or placed under strict censorship and a number of editors are in jail.

Japs to Refuse Railway Use.

It is reliably reported that Japan will refuse the request of Gen. Chang Tso-lin, who has declared war against Wu Pei fu to use the South Manchurian railway for the movement of the troops. Troops are, however, arriving in Mukden from both Kirin to the north and Antung in the south-west. The Mukden regiments are ready to move on short notice.

The indications are that a major engagement will take place about 100 miles from Shanghai, at Tai Lake. Wounded arriving in Kashing, on the Shanghai railway, are being brought from Huchow and Kiemping. Both towns are in Chekiang province. Vigilance of foreign governments, whose embassy troops are under the central control of the American officer Loomis, has not ceased. They are looking after property interests very well, as usual.

Spain Faces Civil War by Losses in Moroccan Venture

LONDON, Sept. 12.—Spain is face to face with civil war today as a result of continued reverses on the Moroccan battlefield, according to dispatches received by the Daily Telegraph.

The correspondent declares the latest appeal to the nation from General Primo Rivera to stand by the directory was occasioned by a division in the ranks of the army.

The older generals demand a continuation of the Moroccan war to a bitter finish, while regimental officers and enlisted men are demanding withdrawal from Africa, adding:

"Whichever way the directory decides, it is bound to result in civil war all over Spain."

Tough Black Jack Quits.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—The Army is saying "good-bye" today to General John J. Pershing.

General Pershing will be succeeded by Maj. John L. Hines, who has been deputy chief of staff for several years.

BIGGEST FEATURE OF CHICAGO CELEBRATION IS BURNING OF 50 COPIES OF DAILY WORKER

"Defense Day—Selz Good Shoes!" "Defense Day—Balaban and Katz, movie producers!" "Defense Day!" Fat men marching behind the Selz banner. Fat men marching behind the Balaban and Katz flag.

A straggling line of the Boston Department Store employees. Another straggling line of Post Office clerks. A couple of drunks bringing up the rear.

The Kaiser Had 'Em.

An enterprising corporal with tight breeches shouts: "Hey, youse—trow yer chests out, will ya?" Laughter from the standard-bearers.

From the side-lines: "Aw, c'mon, let's beat it! C'mon, Madge, we gotta get those shoes before the sale is over."

No trouble at all to get room to stand. No trouble getting to the very front. A couple of policemen handling the whole gang that had turned to witness the much-heralded Chicago celebration of Defense Day.

Only Stores Flaunt Flags.

I counted rows and rows of houses without flags. One block, two blocks—almost three—but there's a small dingy one in a store window. Almost all of the flags are in store windows—but they are never placed in such a way as to obscure the window displays.

Here comes the parade making its way to the grandstand at Michigan Boulevard, the entrance to Grant Park. A few stragglers start up a faint cheer. It dies out quickly. Here's the flag. A few hats go off—not many.

Now comes the grand body of the parade.

An Opportunity to Advertise.

Defense Day—it pays to advertise. Here they come—the Illinois Merchants Trust company. Here they come—the department of constabulary, the Carson, Pirie, Scott company, the Marshall Field company, the Peoples' Gas, Light and Coke company, the Commonwealth Edison company, the Selz-Schwab Shoe company, the Federal Reserve bank, the Continental and Commercial bank, the Chicago State bank, the Boston Store, the John V. Farwell company, the Davis Dry Goods company, Mandel Bros., the Kiwanis Club, Dartmouth College, the Chicago Board of Trade, Balaban and Katz.

And here's "The Fair," another department store, purveyors of "Happy Home" dresses and shirts—prison-made goods.

Refreshments! The "crowd" goes quickly to the grounds where the Daughters of the American Revolution, beloved of Cal Coolidge, distribute bottles of milk and sandwiches. It is the only spontaneous move that the crowd has made so far. But the enthusiasm wears off quickly, for the milk is warm and curdled and the bread is stale and the ham and beef are fatty.

"Let's make Defense Day twice as big next year. And let's make every day in the year a Defense Day."

Colonel Thomas, chief of staff of the 65th Cavalry division, is shouting hoarsely from a make-shift grandstand in the park. The platform is almost empty, and the "crowd" apathetic, even when the speakers, try to form and obedient to orders, throw bull into the folds of an imaginary red flag.

The band tries the Star Spangled Banner, then. A few falsetto voices take it up.

Burn the "DAILY WORKER." "Is that all?" the crowd begins to ask.

That's all, except for a little bonfire that the khaki officers have started. It's the DAILY WORKER—the only working class newspaper in the United States, fifty copies of it, going up in smoke. News of the sugar strike in Hawaii. News of fight of the Workers' (Continued on Page 2.)

HERRIOT APPOINTS COMMITTEE ON SOVIET RUSSIA RECOGNITION

PARIS, Sept. 12.—Premier Herriot, of France, today took an important step looking toward the recognition of Soviet Russia when he appointed a committee to study the manner of re-establishing relations between France and Russia and the formula for recognizing the Soviet government.

Soviet recognition was one of the main planks in the platform on which Herriot was elected to office. The efforts of Charles Evans Hughes during his recent visit to Europe to organize a new drive against the Workers' Republic has obviously not been a pronounced success.

MILITANT MINER FLAYS BOOSTERS OF LAFOLLETTE

Wisconsin Senator Does Not 'Belong' with Labor

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

PEORIA, Ill., Sept. 12.—The left wing of the miners' union struck a fierce blow at the LaFollette and Len Small backers today when Walker and Olander in long speeches, tried to get the convention to buy bonds for the LaFollette campaign.

Olander splashed tears all over the convention in his plea to the delegates to buy bonds because LaFollette had such a lovable personality. Tom Parry, a militant miner, spoke after Olander. He said he is opposed to the convention buying bonds for the LaFollette campaign because LaFollette represented the small capitalists and this was a convention representing workers.

LaFollette for Capitalist System.

"LaFollette is in favor of continuing the capitalist system which enslaves the workers," he said.

"It is strange that our labor leaders, including Olander, when trying to work us into a frenzy in support of LaFollette always go backward. Olander points out the dark and dismal days of long ago, of the Seaman's union. But to the workers it is a question of what LaFollette is doing today and what he will do in the future."

He said the miners average \$3 a day when they worked. In his mine 700 men draw \$5,600 a day in wages. Every day they work they produce \$16,000 of wealth. How can they be expected to buy back what they produce?

System for Exploitation.

Parry said he was against the capitalist system because as long as it continued, exploitation of the workers would continue and he was against LaFollette because he stood for the perpetuation of that system. Of exploitation of the workers.

"What is LaFollette doing on the unemployment question? I and thousands like me in the mining industry alone, have been out of work for many months and still LaFollette is silent on the unemployment question."

Must Have Workers' Party. "I know that there is no individual Moses who can lead the workers out of their present industrial and economic chaos. We will be compelled to organize into a clear cut political party."

All the time that Parry spoke there was the utmost confusion in the convention hall. Walker was continually rapping his gavel for order and the LaFollette supporters were shouting at the top of their voices while the left wing delegates demanded that Parry be given a chance to talk.

Condemn Convict Labor Products. The convict labor system, particularly as it applies to the marketing of prison-made goods in competition with the products of free labor, was discussed and generally condemned. Resolutions urging the prohibition of public marketing of all such material and recommending its use exclusively in state institutions were adopted.

The convention went on record as favoring legislation to provide compensation for those suffering from occupational diseases, and it urged the creation of a state division of labor statistics to study labor conditions.

AMALGAMATION IS DEFEATED IN STIFF BATTLE

Delegates Put Up Fight for Strong Declaration

(Special to The Daily Worker) PEORIA, Ill., Sept. 12.—A substitute for the Dowell amalgamation resolution was presented by the resolution committee and passed but not without a battle on the floor by several delegates who stood behind the original resolution.

The substitute resolution which was passed reads as follows: "It is neither the prerogative nor the desire of the State Federation of Labor to determine what form of organization shall be adopted in any given industry."

Resolution for Amalgamation. The Dowell resolution on Amalgamation reads as follows:

WHEREAS, Only a small percentage of the great working masses are as yet members of the trade unions, great numbers being still unorganized in nearly all the industries; and

WHEREAS, This state of affairs not only militates against the unorganized, who are helpless, but against the organized as well, who find themselves severely handicapped in their struggle for better conditions by the ever present army of unorganized;

WHEREAS, The approaching industrial crisis makes it all the more imperative that we bring these unorganized masses into the unions and thus enormously strengthen our ranks against the bitter onslaughts that are bound to come from the employers as soon as this industrial crisis becomes general. Therefore be it

RESOLVED, That the Illinois State Federation of Labor, in its forty-second annual convention, call upon the American Federation of Labor to unite all its affiliated organizations for a great organization drive in all localities and industries in order to finally bring within the protecting folds of organized labor the masses who still remain outside.

Delegates for Amalgamation.

Delegates Parry and Corbishley opposed this substitute vigorously. Parry, in speaking against the substitute, said: "The owning class is amalgamated 100 per cent." He showed how in the 1922 shopmen's strike the rest of the railroad crafts scabbed on the shopmen.

Delegate Corbishley made a strong plea for the original Dowell amalgamation resolution. He showed how today there is monopoly of industry by trusts which is detrimental to labor. He showed how the coal operators near Ziegler, his home town, are buying up coal mines and shutting them down to starve the miners into accepting a wage cut. He said:

"The trade union movement must keep pace with the development of industry or the movement will collapse because of the amalgamation of wealth."

He declared the miners at their last May convention in Peoria were instructed to fight for amalgamation in the federation convention.

Paul King, of the printers' union, declared for amalgamation.

Walker's Alibi—"Unconstitutional." "This discussion is taking place in every part of the labor movement. We'll want it and can't get it—funny, isn't it?"

Walker took the stand that the international unions must first request amalgamation before the federation, under the constitution has the right to lend its aid."

Delegate Wright of the typographical union, taking the hint from Walker, got up and declared the amalgamation resolution unconstitutional.

Four Days to Go! Put the Candidates Over!

All Districts Putting in Special Efforts This Week.

REPORTS from the districts are that members will be turning in hundreds of signatures each day from now on in an effort to put every Workers Party candidate in Illinois on the ballot. Many comrades are now turning in filled-out petitions to their captains, and by the time September 15 rolls around, we expect to have the Presidential Electors (Foster-Gitlow electors) and the State candidates and most of the Congressional candidates on the ballot. Then strong licks will be put in for a few extra days to get sufficient signatures for those who will lack the required number on September 15.

Comrade Bill Edwards of the N. S. English branch is setting a corking good example for every Party and League member by being on the job in a number of places. He has gone into various territories and has turned in lots of signatures for District 7, 8 and 9 and now is going after another batch in District 1. Comrade Mankoff of the Maplewood Y. W. L. turned in a bunch yesterday for the State and 7th district. Italian and Greek comrades send in word that they will turn in a large bunch of signatures in the next few days. Douglas Park Jewish, Mid City English and others announce that their membership will all be out next Sunday getting signatures. Good—but hurry, hurry up with your signatures!

The results to date are:

Table with columns: District, Candidate, Signatures obtained, Signatures necessary. Lists candidates for Districts 1-9 and Presidential Electors.

Comrades, faster and better work is needed from everyone. Many comrades are slacking and letting a few do all the work. In these remaining days, let every League and Party member get out with petitions and place the Communist candidates on the ballot.

CHILE SENATE WON'T LET PRESIDENT QUIT AFTER MILITARY COUP

(By Cable to The Daily Worker) SANTIAGO, Chile, Sept. 12.—The Chilean senate this evening declined to accept the resignation of Arturo Alessandri, president of the republic, which was tendered today at the request of the cabinet and the military group headed by Gen. Luis Altamirano. The vote was 16 to 11 against acceptance.

After the action of the senate this evening, Alessandri sent the cabinet a note insisting that he be permitted to resign. Meantime he remains a guest in the American embassy here, where he went early this morning after he resigned.

When Senor Alessandri quit the assumed the office of the vice-president and took over the duties of the chief executive.

TEXAS KLUXERS IN NEW WAR ON "MA" FERGUSON

Try to Block Her Way to Governorship

(Special to The Daily Worker) TEMPLE, Texas, Sept. 12.—The "fighting family Ferguson" was today preparing for another battle.

Veterans of copious writs and injunctions, Mrs. Miriam Ferguson, democratic nominee for governor and her husband, impeached Governor James E. Ferguson, summoned their counsel for the latest battle of statutes, the contest to prevent Mrs. Ferguson becoming a candidate in the November election when her victory is unquestioned.

Charles M. Dickson of San Antonio and Judge I. W. Stephens of Fort Worth have filed an application for temporary injunction seeking to enjoin the name of Mrs. Ferguson from appearing on the November ballots.

Mere Puppet, Says Klan. Their application charges that not only is the woman nominee for governor ineligible for the post under the Texas constitution because of her sex, but she is a "mere figurehead for governor in name only" and that "James E. Ferguson is the real candidate for governor for the purpose of circumventing and evading the force and effect of the impeachment decree."

Ferguson was denied a place on the ballot in the recent primaries because of his impeachment.

HARD TO SWALLOW, YET IT'S A DARNED GOOD FISH STORY

(Special to The Daily Worker.) LOS ANGELES, Cal., Sept. 12.—Capturing wild sea elephants, strange beasts said to weight themselves by swallowing rocks when they wish to descend to the levels of the ocean to feed, is an exciting sport, according to United States naval reservists who returned here today from a trip to Mexican waters.

Four of the elephants were captured in huge nets by the navy men off the Guadalupe Islands south of San Diego, Calif., one of the sea creatures will be shipped to New York City for exhibition.

UNITED FRONT MEE. TO HELP SILK WALKOUT

N. Y. Arranges Meeting on September 16

(Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—A monster mass meeting for the benefit of the Paterson silk strikers will be held at Webster Hall, 119 East 11th Street, near Third Avenue, next Tuesday, September 16, at 8 o'clock sharp. The principal speakers will be H. M. Wicks, of New York, and Adolph Lessing, of Paterson.

Wicks has long been prominent in the labor movement throught the United States and has been taking a leading part in the Paterson strike, and he has been made the target of the vilest abuse by the local kept press of Paterson.

His inspiring speeches day after day have aided materially in holding the lines intact in the present struggle, which is in many respects the most brilliant ever staged in Paterson.

Lessing a Noter Fighter. Adolph Lessing has long been recognized as a leader of the Paterson workers, a veteran of a whole series of labor struggles having been the secretary of the great strike of 1913, in which Bill Haywood, Gurley Flynn, and others played an important part and were imprisoned for their fight against the silk mill owners. Lessing was arrested with Haywood and Flynn for his part in the strike and as the organizer and leader of the present strike conducted by the Associated Silk Co. workers. In addition to these speakers, there will be a number of others prominent in the New York City labor movement. Other Paterson strikers will also be present, including women and children whose labor has contributed to build up the silk industry of Paterson.

The strike is now a month old and was called against the infamous four loom system, which has been imposed upon the workers in this industry during the past decade. There has been no marked change in the productive power of the loom for many years, the gradual speeding up from one loom to a worker to the two loom system and then the three and four loom system, forces the workers to exhaust every ounce of energy they possess. Vital statistics in this industry show a marked rise in the death rate since the introduction of the multiple loom system. So in the last analysis, these workers are fighting not merely for conditions, but for life itself.

Other demands include the 8-hour day and the 44-hour week, a raise in wages, recognition of the union, and the right of organizers to enter the mills on doing business.

Police and Injunctions. Though this strike has been the most peaceful ever conducted in Paterson, still there has been considerable police terrorism and the use of the infamous injunction. On one occasion 107 pickets were arrested while picketing one mill. So effective has been the strike that the mill owners finally resorted to the ancient weapon, the injunction. The first injunction against the strikers was obtained last Monday by Rosenstein Bros. Immediately steps were taken by the union to fight this injunction and no sooner had the fight begun than a number of other firms including Kaufman Bros., Haenchen Bros., Samuel J. Aransohn, and the notorious Gilt Edge concern, before whose plant the 107 were arrested, secured a blanket injunction against the organization, naming specifically Adolph Lessing, Fred Hoelscher, the secretary of the union, H. M. Wicks, and others.

This injunction follows closely the language used by Harry M. Daugherty, a now discredited member of the Harding-Coolidge oil cabinet in his injunction against the striking shop men in 1922. At the Webster Hall meeting, the speakers will inform the audience regarding tactics to be pursued in fighting this injunction. The purpose of this meeting is to organize a united front of all sympathetic labor organizations for the purpose of aiding the Paterson strikers in their present struggle. Admission will be free. All militant workers of New York should make it a point to be at this meeting and show the Paterson strikers that labor elsewhere is opposed to the mill slaves of Paterson, being reduced to the economic condition of Chinese coolies.

WORKERS PARTY STREET MEETINGS IN CHICAGO

Saturday, Sept. 13th. North Ave. & Orchard St.—auspices Ger. man-Hungarian branches. Speakers, John Edwards, H. Gannan, P. Buckley, 114th Pl. and Michigan—auspices Pullman branches. Speakers, M. Shachtman and others.

30th & State Sts.—auspices So. Side br. Speakers, Gordon Owens, Jos. Manley, Division and Washenaw—auspices N. W. Jewish branch. Speakers, Gornetz, P. Herd, and Jewish comrade.

Roosevelt & St. Louis—auspices D. P. Jewish branch. Speakers, D. Earley, Dzenberger, Siegel.

Milwaukee & Paulina—auspices Polish branch. Speakers, Maurer, and Polish comrade.

Sunday Evening—Sept. 14. Washington Park "Open Forum"—Speaker for Workers Party—D. B. Earlv.

WORLD IS IN HELLUVA FIX WITH REVOLT, WAR AND PILLAGE POPPING

ALLAHABAD, India, Sept. 12.—Fifteen persons have been killed in rioting between Hindus and Mohammedans within the past 24 hours. The police are in full control today. Part of the Hindu quarter was burned.

ATHENS, Sept. 12.—Generals Tseroulis and Panayotopoulos were arrested today on a charge of attempting to foment a military revolt to overthrow the present regime.

MILAN, Italy, Sept. 12.—Armando Casalini, a Fascist member of the Chamber of Deputies, was shot and mortally wounded by a private guard on his villa estate today.

He was shot by Giovanni Corvi, a worker, who, when arrested, told the fascist militiamen that he had fired upon Casalini to avenge the late Giacomo Matteotti, murdered by Mussolini's black shirts.

Casalini died without regaining consciousness.

MADRID, Sept. 12.—Ex-Minister Ossorio Gamjardo was imprisoned today at the disposition of the military courts for spreading rumors prejudicial to the discipline of the army.

CAIRO, Egypt, Sept. 12.—Wahabi (Arab) tribesmen who are on the warpath against Trans-Jordan, Hedjaz, and Irak, have captured, pillaged and burned the town of Taif, according to word received here today. It had 10,000 population.

State Labor Body Decides Against Aid for the Jobless

(Continued from page 1) ganize internationally to combat the employers and exploiters of labor.

Dictatorship of Workers. "You may be against Russia because it is a dictatorship, but it is a dictatorship of the working class. Did not the United States government recognize the capitalist dictatorship of Italy, Spain and Poland.

"We have a dictatorship of capitalism in our own country. An example of this is to be found in the steel industry where one man, Judge Elbert H. Gary, dictates how thousands of exploited steel workers shall live."

Corbishley told how the miners of Ziegler had the spirit of international solidarity. He told how they had been shipping mining tools and supplies to their fellow miners in Russia, who because of their suffering during the world war are badly impoverished.

Tells of Persecution. Corbishley recounted the history of persecution of the workers of Russia by the imperialist Czar. He related their sufferings during the world war and afterwards, thru civil war and famine, and blockade by foreign capitalist nations including the United States. "And on top of that," Corbishley declared, "the convention of workers here is asked by the resolutions committee to ignore the only working class government in the world.

"We, as working men and women, and as trade unionists, should extend a fraternal hand to the working class government of Soviet Russia when capitalist governments are trying to strangle the workers there and put a Czar back on the throne. If Russia has a better form of government, should we even be afraid to investigate it? We don't expect the Morgans and Rockefeller to favor recognition of the workers' and farmers' republic, but we expect a labor body such as this to favor recognition. There is no room there for the capitalists."

Postal Clerk for Russia. Delegatea William F. Stelzer, Local No. 1, of the National Federation of Post Office Clerks, declared in favor of recognition of Soviet Russia.

"Just because we don't agree with their ideas are we going to be against them and try to keep their people down?" he asked. "Russia has been satisfied with her form of government for six years now and it seems to me we ought to allow her to have the form of government the people there have indorsed."

Not one person voted, spoke against recognition. Altho 255 voted in favor of the committee's report against the recognition resolution, not one out of those 255 stood on his feet and gave a single reason against Soviet Russian recognition.

Anton Johannsen told the DAILY WORKER he is for recognition of Soviet Russia because he believes in freedom of the peoples of each country to determine its own form of government.

The resolutions offered on unemployment demanded immediate formation of unemployment councils, the calling of conferences to devise unemployment relief, especially for the miners, agitation for unemployment benefits, to be paid by the state and demands that the industry take care of its own unemployed. None of these recommendations were indorsed by the convention.

NOTICE! CLEVELAND READERS! The DAILY WORKER is sold daily at Schroeder's News Stand on E. Superior, opposite the Post Office.

Laugh with Sid Smith at Race of Andy Gump for the White House

By J. LOUIS ENGDHAL.

TODAY, the business of electing a president of the United States has become a comedy, insofar as the capitalist candidates are concerned. It is the sport of the comic strip artists, who enter their own ludicrous characters in the race for the White House. They have the nation laughing at what the 100 per cent patrioters excitedly refer to as "the highest office in the land."

It is dangerous to set the millions laughing at something that is supposed to be serious; especially such an important bulwark of the American capitalist system as the presidential pillar, long held up as the desired and possible achievement of every American youth.

"Bud" Fisher, the creator of "Mutt and Jeff," only indulges the performing creatures of his pen with sporadic spurts for the White House. Between having them act alternately as presidential candidates, he uses them as sparring partners for Dempsey, boon companions of the Prince of Wales, or outstripping the world fliers with their paper feats in the air.

Before "Silent Cal" Coolidge can work up enough exertion to take offense at Fisher's comic slurs at his job, Mutt and Jeff are turned loose on new exploits. Even to preach the doctrine of servile labor, either of Jeff serving Mutt, or the other way around. Perhaps that is Fisher's way of "covering-up."

But Sidney Smith, who has given "Andy Gump," "Chester" and "Min" to the World, has hurled his hero "Andy" into the presidential ring with more seriousness than any comic artist has yet attempted.

There is almost a whole page of stuff in the Chicago Tribune, in which not only "Sid" and his hilarious friends, but also the staid Tribune itself, in pictures and news articles, all join in laughing at this exalted job called "The Presidency."

The story is told of the great celebration when Sidney Smith invited all his friends to the unveiling of a "bronze statue" of "his candidate," heralded by none other than former Judge Adolor J. Pettit, of Chicago, as "more silent than Cal."

The unveiling ceremonies were held at the estate of the comic artist, on the shores of Lake Geneva, near the border line between Illinois and Wisconsin. It pays to be a comic artist for the capitalist press. Radical and revolutionary artists do not have beautiful lake shore villas. They usually have a hard time finding where the next meal comes from.

But the space given the unveiling of the bronze statue of "Andy Gump" must now take its place with the wide publicity extended to the recently conducted, cross-country race participated in by Barney Google's "Spark Plug," the premier attraction of the Hearst comic pages.

It was appropriate that Richard Henry "Dick" Little, the humorous paragrapher, should explain Gump's platform to the friends of his creator. One of "Dick" Little's greatest newspaper achievements, on behalf of his class, in the service of William Randolph Hearst, was sending to Chicago the most perverted and false accounts of the great strike of the Michigan copper miners some years ago.

This making fun of the esteemed things in the capitalist social order, indicates a rotting way at the foundation of this passing system of society.

Leonid Andreyev, the Russian dramatist, in his play, "He Who Gets Slapped," must have had something like this in mind when he has Briquet, the manager of the circus protest to "He," the clown, against the liberties the clown is taking with his audiences.

"But they laughed, nevertheless," protests "He." "But without pleasure, without pleasure," returns Briquet. "It's not the right game—they won't like you."

Someone else interjects with, "The orchestra did not laugh." "Because they were getting it," puts in Jackson, an older clown, "but the galleries did, because they were looking at the orchestra getting slapped."

Later Jackson adds, "He had already begun to make them angry."

The clown "He" was getting under the skins of the respectables in the high-priced orchestra seats with his cynical humor. They were the butt of his shafts of wit. Andreyev's clown, "He," was an intellectual from this same "upper class," driven by his own domestic troubles to assume the role of mirth provoker in the sawdust arena. And he knew his own class and could therefore the better poke fun at it.

We do not doubt that Coolidge, Davis and La Follette suffer mental twitches of agony at being entered in the presidential race with Andy Gump, with Mutt and Jeff, and no doubt also with Barney Google before this campaign is over. Yet why should they? Gump, Mutt, Jeff, Google and "Tillie the Toiler" are as much a part of this social system as the presidency to which Cal, John Wall Street and "Bobcat Bob" aspire.

Imagine the workers and peasants of Soviet Russia refusing to take seriously the high offices in the Workers' Republic. Such a thing could never be. Imagine the revolutionary artists under Soviet Rule poking fun at the men and women who occupy the most important positions in the land. That could never happen. In Soviet Russia the whole struggle of the multitudes is in building the new order. It is a serious business, from the most prominent to those who serve the least, because of their limited abilities.

In the United States, in the period of the decadence of capitalism, artists and writers use their best brains poking fun at the nation's popular idols. The most active press workers at the conventions of the capitalist parties were the jokesmiths, the funny columnists and the humorous sketch artists.

There is only one candidacy that is being taken seriously in this presidential struggle. That is the candidacy of the Communists—the only menace to the doddering capitalist order.

Workers' and farmers, while giving their most intense efforts in aid of the Communist ticket in this campaign, may well laugh with Sydney Smith in his offering of "Andy Gump" as an opponent of the capitalist candidates racing for the White House.

When the whole working class begins to look upon Wall Street's government as a grim joke perpetrated upon them, the end of the days of capitalism in these United States will draw rapidly nearer.

Even humorists may help as the hangmen of Morgan's capitalist social order.

HAD HARD TIME TRYING TO GET "CHESTS OUT!"

But the Chesty Corporal Tried to Do His Best

(Continued from Page 1.) ers Party and the Young Workers League for decent living conditions among the slaves of the National Biscuit company. News of the union meetings all over the country. Not a single union represented in the "parade" to put a stop to the destruction of the DAILY WORKER.

The fifty papers had been torn from the hands of a Workers Party member who had attempted to distribute them at the end of the "celebration." The "khaki" officers fell on the girl with the papers, pushed her, mawled her, punched her, and tore the papers from her hands.

"Damn Bolshevik," shrieks a ten-year-old boy.

"G'wan back to Rooshy!" yells a fat man.

Police Grab Girl Communist. Two police escorted the girl towards Wabash avenue. The patriots followed. A guard whipped out his pistol. "If you come a step nearer, I'll shoot."

The patriots fall back. Dare a pistol shot to get at the enemy? Never! The police hurry the girl into a Yellow scab taxi, with two little flags in front.

All the Yellow scab taxis carried two little flags in front on Defense Day.

Later the DAILY WORKER booster arrived at our office to tell her story.

Hoodlums Fails to Break Up Communist Meet in Pittsburgh

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 12.—While a terrified and cowardly representative of "law and order" watched from behind a telephone pole, a drunken crew of hoodlums attempted to break up a street meeting held by the Workers Party at the corner of 28th and Penn Ave., the heart of the Pittsburgh foreign district.

The meeting was addressed by Comrades Pat H. Toohy in English, and Kowalski in Polish. Both speakers exposed the LaFollette illusion, the war schemes of the American imperialists and the unemployment issue. The rowdy element tried everything in their bag of tricks to break up the meeting, finally assaulting a Party member who was selling literature. A large and attentive crowd listened to Toohy and larger yet to Kowalski, who spoke in Polish, after the rowdies were disposed of.

Open Air Meeting Tonight. Gordon Owens, a Negro, Communist candidate for congress, in the first district and Joseph Manley, campaign manager of the Workers Party, will speak at 30th and So. State streets at 8 p. m. Regular weekly meetings at that corner are attracting hundreds of Negro workers and many of them are joining the So. Side Branch of the Workers Party.

Be on hand to distribute literature.

Fakers Flop For Faker. SPRINGFIELD, Ohio, Sept. 12.—The Ohio Federation of Labor here today endorsed the candidacies of Senator Robert M. LaFollette for president, and Senator Burton K. Wheeler for vice-president.

NEW YORK T. U. E. L. TO HELP RAISE FUNDS FOR WORKERS PARTY TICKET

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—Members of the Trade Educational League in New York City are preparing to carry on a two-week campaign in the shops for the purpose of raising funds for the Election Campaign Fund of the Workers Party.

During the period from September 14 to September 28, many shops will be visited. Workers are urged to be prepared to contribute and prepare their fellow workers to help out in the work of raising funds to carry on the campaign and thus co-operate in reaching the masses of workers in this country with the message of Communism.

The Trade Union Educational League which is solidly behind this political effort of the Workers Party, is working out the detailed plans for the great Shop Collection Campaign Drive. At its conference to be held Friday, Sept. 12, these plans will be finally approved and put into operation.

Militants are preparing to take part in the celebration of the opening of the Shop Collection Campaign at the Proletarian Banquet that is being given in honor of Wm. Z. Foster, the candidate for president on the Workers Party ticket, at Webster Hall, 11th St. and Third Ave., Sunday evening, Sept. 14. The banquet is being held under the auspices of the Needle Trades Section of the T. U. E. L.

MARTIAL MAYOR CALLS OFF HIS DEFENSE BLUFF

Wanted to Wake People Up, Is His Alibi

(By The Federated Press)

BERGENFIELD, N. J., Sept. 12.—Local militarists' plans for conscription for Defense Day went awry. Mayor Charles B. Warren admits the city was just bluffing when Chief of Police Scott Coombs threatened that any citizen who failed to register for Defense Day and who was found taking the air while demonstrations were going on would be thrown into a cell. Chief Coombs backs down also:

"That was just printed to wake people up," said Chief Coombs when indignant protests came streaming into his office. "Of course we would be foolish to try to arrest citizens."

Threats of Arrests. The mayor's original proclamation ordered "every able-bodied male citizen of Bergenfield between eighteen and forty-five" to enroll for the Defense Day exercises. Blue registration cards were issued. Chief Coombs backed this with his arrest threats.

The mayor's order got indifferent response. Too many of the eligible males had been "Over There" and gotten fed up with mobilizations.

Backing up the objectors was the pledge of the American Civil Liberties Union to put its legal staff at the disposal of all persons arrested for refusing to accept this compulsory military service.

Arrogant Nonsense. In a sharp letter to Mayor Warren the Union denounced his act as "arrogant nonsense," and assurance was given that legal defense would be furnished objectors and suits would be financed against the officials responsible for interference with liberty.

They'll Do It Every Time.

LONDON.—Rumors are circulating at Tangier that a British company has advanced Albel Krim, leader of the Moroccan rebels \$1,500,000 to assist his campaign against the Spanish in return for commercial concessions, said a Tangier despatch of the Times today.

IT IS GOING TO BE TOUGH ON THE IDLE RICH; TO KEEP THEM OUT OF MURDER THEY MUST WORK

(Special to The Daily Worker)

CHARLEVOIX, Mich., Sept. 12.—Dickie Loeb, slayer of Robert Franks, will be the last of the Loebes to lead a life of idleness. Never again, his parents have determined, shall the family include a member of "the idle rich" and it became known today that they already have carried this determination to the point of placing their youngest son, Thomas, 12, at work on their 1,500 acre estate here.

Thomas, under the new plan, must rise at dawn and report at the model dairy where, before breakfast he must carry milk from the stables to the churnery and do whatever other tasks the superintendent may assign. This work done, he goes to breakfast and then reports to the farm where he works with the other hands digging potatoes, husking corn, pitching hay or doing whatever may be required.

TEAPOT DUM TUCHUN CHARLEE WUN LUNG BEHIND CHINESE WAR

If language means anything, William Hale Thompson is more interested in the Chinese civil war, than in the smothered battle between Fred Lundin and himself for the political affections of Len Small.

When asked by a reporter if there was any truth in the story that the ex-mayor and the governor had buried the political hatchet, Mr. Thompson began to talk like a military expert.

"I hear Woo Foo Tung has Shang Hang Lung on the run," said the noted politician and naturalist. That he was a military strategist was made plain for the first time, when he succeeded in showing that he had a powerful grasp on the Chinese situation which has puzzled the brains of some of the best Chinese experts in Chicago.

"Charles Wun Lung Hu is Mum dictator of the Teapot Dum government is the power behind the civil war," said Mr. Thompson emphatically. "My knowledge of the real estate business gave me the clue. When Charles was in Europe recently, he had a conference with me too, the tuchun of Lun Dun, with the result that a conspiracy was hatched between them to get behind Wu Pei Fu, provided that gentleman had generous intentions."

At this point in the interview, Mr. Thompson's attention was called to a ringing telephone. As he returned he said, "The interview is off for the present. I am arranging a banquet which will be attended by 2,500 hungry politicians and it is some job to get enough grub together to feed them. I am hopeful however, that the task can be accomplished. The Wilson Co., packers, are again buying hogs and according to General Dawes, the crops are excellent in the state of Maine. So long."

POSTAL CLERKS' NEW WAGE BILL UP FOR ACTION

Post Office Employees Plan to Get Action

(Special to The Daily Worker.)

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Sept. 12.—The dominating issue before the convention of post office clerks and postal supervisors in session here, which is to be followed by a convention Sept. 15, of the National Federation of Rural Letter Carriers, is consideration of the new postal clerks' bill, which was approved by congress and then voted by President Coolidge.

The bill calls for an increase in wages and changes in pension requirements. About 300,000 employees in positions requiring the passing of civil service examinations, which includes the men who work inside the post offices, railway mail clerks, rural free delivery carriers, city letter carriers and also fourth class post office clerks are affected by the requirements of this bill.

The bill would bring up the salaries of the postal clerks, which at present are from \$1400 to \$1800 a year, \$300 a year. The changes in pension requirements calls for \$100 a month pension instead of the present \$65 and the requirement of 25 years of service to take the place of age limits at present stipulated.

Our Candidates

FOSTER'S DATES
Paterson, N. J.—Halvilita Hall, 56 Van Houton Street, Saturday, September 13, 8 p. m.
BUTTE, Mont.—Sunday, September 21st, 2:00 p. m.
SPOKANE, Wash.—Monday, September 22nd, 8:00 p. m.
SEATTLE, Wash.—Masonic Temple, Tuesday, September 23rd, 8:00 p. m.
TACOMA, Wash.—Eagles' Hall, Wednesday, September 24th, 8:00 p. m.
ASTONIA, Ore.—Saturday, September 27th, 8:00 p. m.
PORTLAND, Ore.—I. O. O. F. Auditorium, 10th and Salmon Sts., Sunday, September 28th, 8:00 p. m.
BERKELEY, Cal.—High School Auditorium, Tuesday, September 30th, 8:00 p. m.
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—California Hall, Turk and Larkin Sts., Wednesday, October 1st, 8:00 p. m.
LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Friday, October 3rd, 8:00 p. m.
SALT LAKE CITY, Utah.—Unlty Hall, 138 So. 2 East, Sunday, October 5th, 8:00 p. m.
DENVER, Colo.—Auditorium, Curtis and 14th St., Tuesday, October 7th, 8:00 p. m.

GITLOW'S DATES
Comrade Gitlow, candidate for vice-president, will address meetings at the following places:
BOSTON, Mass.—Scenic Auditorium, corner Berkeley and Warren Sts., Sunday, September 14th, 2:30 p. m.
NORWOOD, Mass.—Sunday, September 14th, 8:00 p. m.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—A. C. A. Hall, 1753 Westminster St., Monday, September 15th, 8:00 p. m.
MAYNARD, Mass.—Tuesday, September 16th, 8:00 p. m.
GARDNER, Mass.—Wednesday, September 17th, 8:00 p. m.
WORCESTER, Mass.—A. O. H. Hall, Trumbull St., Thursday, September 18th, 8:00 p. m.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Hermanson's Hall, 158 Crown St., Friday, September 19th, 8:00 p. m.
HARTFORD, Conn.—Educational Alliance, 287 Windsor Ave., Saturday, September 20th, 8:00 p. m.

Anti-Meetings Injunctions.
WEST VIRGINIA, Sept. 11.—Following announcement by Attorney General Egdland that eviction of striking miners from company-owned houses without court proceedings was illegal, ten coal operators filed a petition asking an injunction to restrain the United Mine Workers from giving relief to miners and holding mass meetings.

Subscribe for "Your Daily," THE DAILY WORKER.

Young Workers League Plans Sunday Hike to Milwaukee Woods
Sunday, Sept. 14, the Chicago Young Workers League is going on an organized hike to the Milwaukee Woods near Niles, Illinois. Young comrades all over the city will gather at the following points and proceed in jolly bunches to the Milwaukee car line:

On the North Side they will gather at Fullerton and Halsted at 9 a. m.
On the Northwest Side at the Workers Lyceum, 2733 Hirsch Blvd., at 9 a. m.
On the West Side at 3322 Douglas Blvd. at 9 a. m.
From there the comrades will proceed to the end of the first Milwaukee car line and await till all the forces gather and then hike to the woods.

The program for the day is: "Bishop of Cantaloupe" will speak on "DON'T EAT NOW, WAIT TILL YOU DIE."
Hot dogs will be served to those who won't wait. Baseball games—Soccer Ball Games—Football—Races.
With the fine brisk fall weather promised us for Sunday a great gathering of young folks is expected at this last outing of the season.

JAP PACIFISTS OBSERVE PEACE DAY AGAINST U. S. "DEFENSE DAY"
(Special to The Daily Worker)
TOKIO, Sept. 12.—The Japanese Educational Society here today observed "Peace Day" in opposition to America's defense day tomorrow. Speakers condemned "Defense Day" ideas as harmful.

MODERWELL IS FOR SCAB MINES, SCAB SCHOOLS

Fears the Discussion of Wages and Hours

"Questions of higher wages and shorter hours, which the teachers councils discuss, are not of enough importance to justify their taking five hours of school time during the year."

That is how Charles M. Moderwell, president of Chicago's school board, dismisses the controversy between Superintendent of Schools William McAndrew and the Teachers' Councils.

He Likes Farrington. Regrettable as the fact may be, the teachers' councils do not discuss questions of higher wages and shorter hours. Mary O'Connor, organizer for the Chicago Teachers' Federation, assures the DAILY WORKER that such matter never come up in the sessions of the councils.

Charles M. Moderwell has had plenty of experience in dealing with "union" labor, he told the DAILY WORKER yesterday. "I ought not to be having any trouble," says Moderwell. "I operated in Illinois back in 1917, and Frank Farrington and I always got along fine."

He's Scab Mine Owner. Mr. Moderwell isn't dealing with union labor at present. The Mordue Collieries company, in West Virginia, of which Moderwell is president, is a strictly non-union concern.

"Not a union man in it," announced Moderwell.

Moderwell was one of those who voted at the meeting of the board of education to put off the voting on the measure proposed by J. Lewis Coath, directing the school board to instruct Superintendent William McAndrew to call the teachers' councils together. The council meets next week. It was pointed out to Moderwell that if the board fails to take action this week, the proper time for the council meeting will have passed. In spite of this fact, and in spite of the fact that members of the board denounced Mr. McAndrew as lacking in tact, discretion and leadership, Moderwell helped to get the decision put off.

Passes Buck to McAndrew. That the technical question of whether the teachers are to meet on their own time or on school time merely provides the entering wedge which will lead to a complete reorganization of the school council is shown in the statement which Mr. Moderwell made to the DAILY WORKER yesterday.

"I am heartily in favor of permitting Superintendent McAndrew to do as he sees fit in this case," said Mr. Moderwell. "I think that Superintendent McAndrew should be permitted to reorganize these councils so that there will be school principals present, if he so desires."

Object To Principals. The presence of school principals at the teachers' meetings was the very thing so bitterly fought by Ella Flagg Young, when she was the driving force behind these councils, because she realized that the principals would serve only to gag the "rank and file," and prevent them from expressing their opinions.

The injunction which parents of the children who have been transferred from the Harper school have been seeking, was denied yesterday by the Circuit Court on the ground that the court had no jurisdiction over the matter.

Protect Russian Crops.
MOSCOW.—The Council of Labor and Defense has requested the People's Commissariat of Foreign Affairs to enter negotiations with the governments of Persia, Afghanistan and China ament the adoption of measures against the crop-damaging insects, and in particular the locusts, which come mostly from Persia and West of China regions contiguous upon the U. S. S. R.

FORMER GOVERNOR McCRAY, OF INDIANA, WHO ROBBED BANKERS IS GIVING FISCAL COURSE IN JAIL

(Special to The Daily Worker)

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Sept. 12.—Former Governor Warren T. McCray, an honor convict at the Atlanta federal penitentiary where he was sentenced on charges of violation of the national postal law and embezzlement, is teaching a Sunday school class regularly at the prison, according to word received from John Reese, former Terre Haute deputy sheriff serving sentence for alleged protection of bootleggers.

U. S. AND J. BULL CHINESE NOTES WORRY THE JAPS

Hint Tokyo May Back Manchurian War Lord

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PEKING, Sept. 12.—Japan is reported to be alarmed over the exchange of notes between London and Washington on the Chinese situation. The Tokyo government, in a semi-official dispatch diplomatically objects to being left out in the cold and just as diplomatically hints that if Charles Evans Hughes and Ramsay MacDonald find it to their advantage to back Wu Pei Fu, general in command of the central government forces, the Mikado might feel it good business to offer General Chang, war lord of Manchuria, a satchel full of gold yen.

Rain Holds Up Fighting. The military competition between the rival Chinese tuchuns for the favor of the capitalist powers are held up owing to the rain. A significant sidelight on the character of the Chinese rulers can be seen from the fact that the bandit chiefs are well supplied with funds while the only outstanding Chinese leader who has the welfare of his people at heart, Dr. Sun Yat Sen, hasn't enough funds to treat his troops to a rice soup-breakfast. The armies of the other bandits march on their stomach, but so far as the bankers are concerned, Sun's troops must live on their nerves.

The rival generals are taking advantage of the lull in fighting due to the rain, to visit the fighting fronts. Like their Occidental co-workers in the field of organized murder for profit, the Chinese generals are to be found where the communiques fly thickest and they only visit the front when the enemy is all out of shot. Chinese generals are good insurance risks.

Fu Has Long Finger. The Peking government is now in the hands of a military council. This is believed to be a development of the Hughes and MacDonald policy. The minister of finance is endeavoring to raise funds for military purposes. Funds will not be lacking if Wu Pei Fu carries out his part of the bargain, and there being no richer capitalist countries than the United States and England, it is likely that he will.

Thugs Employed to Shoot. One of the thugs employed to do the shooting is alleged to have been sentenced less than a year ago to the penitentiary for twenty-five years on a charge of murder, but he was pardoned after serving a few months of his sentence.

Was to Be Made President. It is known that Stilnick's active participation in his union has been a bone in the throat of certain elements in his union. When his election as president of his local was imminent, they became desperate. They sent all kinds of warnings to him to keep away from the election meeting. As late as an hour before he left his home he received a telephone call saying he would surely meet his death if he attended the meeting.

Officials of the executive council of the Hod Carriers' and Building Laborers' Union professed absolute ignorance of the cause for the shooting of Fred R. Stilnick, an active member of the Hod Carriers' Union, who was shot in the thigh as he was about to enter the hall of his union meeting at Noble and Division streets, where he was to be elected president. They knew nothing other than that which had appeared in the morning newspapers, the fact that he had been shot.

Keeping His Toe Held. GIBRALTAR.—General Primo Rivera, head of the Spanish directory, and his staff are remaining at Tetuan, on the western end of the Moroccan battle zone, despite the advances of the enemy in that direction, said advices from Melilla today.

CASHIER WALKS OFF WITH \$700,000 AND BANK GOES TO DEVIL
(Special to The Daily Worker)
PUTNAM, Conn., Sept. 12.—The First National Bank of Putnam, closed after its cashier, G. Harold Gilpatrick, former state treasurer, attempted to commit suicide, is short \$700,000 in its accounts as a result of the cashier's embezzlement, a representative of the comptroller of the currency made known tonight. The representative has been sent here to investigate the affairs of the wrecked institution. Many depositors and stockholders are greatly disappointed at the amount of the shortage it being in excess of their expectations.

LIBERTIES UNION HITS ARRESTS IN PATERSON STRIKE

Nabbing of 107 Pickets Held Illegal

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—The action of the Paterson police in arresting 107 pickets of the striking silk workers, was scored yesterday by the American Civil Liberties Union in a letter to Mayor C. M. McLean as an "unwarranted invasion of the established right of peaceful picketing." The Union called on the Mayor to protect the rights of the strikers, which have been exercised for over four weeks without interference. Lawyers representing the Civil Liberties Union will be in court when the cases come to trial. The Union was appealed to by the Associated Silk Workers, who are conducting the strike for an eight-hour day and a maximum of two looms per worker. The Union says the picketing cases will be appealed, if necessary, to establish the strikers' rights.

More than 700 strikers were picketing in front of the Gilt Edge Plant last Thursday when the police ordered them to disperse. When the crowd continued to parade in silence, the police stepped in and arrested 99 men and 8 women. There was no disorder, according to the Civil Liberties Union, except in the case of one striker who struck a policeman with his fist. The men were all released under \$50.00 bail each, and the women under \$20.00.

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Jewish People's Institute
2528 W. Taylor St.

Sunday, September 21, 1924
3:30 p. m.

PERFORMANCE AND DANCE
The Russian Dramatic Actors of the Society "ZVUKI RODINY" will present
"THE THOUGHT" IN 6 ACTS
BY L. ANDREEFF
Dancing After the Performance Music by C. Kissin Union Orchestra

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Full line of Sociological and Labor Literature.
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1053 W. Madison St. Chicago
Tel. Monroe 2841

JAP PACIFISTS OBSERVE PEACE DAY AGAINST U. S. "DEFENSE DAY"
(Special to The Daily Worker)
TOKIO, Sept. 12.—The Japanese Educational Society here today observed "Peace Day" in opposition to America's defense day tomorrow. Speakers condemned "Defense Day" ideas as harmful.

Amalgamated Food Workers
GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
81 East 10th Street, New York, N. Y.
THIS IS OUR

EMBLEM
An Industrial Organization For All Workers in the Food Industry

HOT FROM THE PRESS!
The New and Vital Pamphlet Everyone Is Talking About
RUSSIA IN 1924
By WM. Z. FOSTER
Chairman of the Workers Party, Secretary of the T. U. E. L., and
Communist Candidate For President
The Capitalist Press and All the Enemies of the Workers Have Been Spreading the Lie That the Russian Revolution "Has Failed!"
FOSTER SPENT FOUR MONTHS IN RUSSIA IN 1921 SIX WEEKS IN RUSSIA THIS YEAR
In This Pamphlet He Tells the Story of How the Russian Workers Have Fought Their Way Through All Obstacles to Victory! How They Have Succeeded in Government and Industry! How They Are Free!
32 pages, paper cover, 10 cents—Bundles of ten or more, 7 cents.
TRADE UNION EDUCATIONAL LEAGUE
1113 W. Washington Blvd. Chicago, Illinois

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J. LOUIS ENGDALH Editors WILLIAM F. DUNNE MORRIS J. LOEB Business Manager

Entered as second-class mail Sept. 21, 1923, at the Post Office at Chicago, Ill., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates on application

Dawes in Milwaukee

The windy armchair general who has taken the silence out of the republican party election campaign, paid a visit to the city that was once made famous by Schlitz beer and perverted socialism.

There is an old saying, "It takes a thief to catch a thief." It is quite obvious that one acquainted with the profession of thievery should be better fitted to track people following this line of business than one who was never in the game.

In his Milwaukee speech Dawes followed his usual line of attack. LaFollette was trying to undermine the constitution; he was wrapped in the red flag; he was the leader of the "forces of disorder" ad nauseum.

Between LaFollette and Dawes the American workers have only a choice of two evils. Dawes appeals for the support of the American workers on the grounds that the republican party, political organ of the dominant faction of American capitalism, will keep their dinner pails full.

The Workers Party alone of all the parties contesting the election, thru its candidates William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, tells the workers that they can even make a beginning to solve their problems they must abolish the capitalist system, the capitalist government and establish a workers' and farmers' government in the United States.

Burning the Ships

News that \$265,000,000 worth of wooden ships, built by the government during the war but never used, are to be burned to recover the few thousand dollars worth of metal used to hold them together.

Capitalism is continually burning its ships, however, and the incidents of war waste and corruption have a much more general significance than merely to illustrate the evils of imperialist wars.

For the capitalist system has passed beyond the point where it is constructive, where it builds and develops the machinery of production as a whole. It stands now as a fetter upon the development of world economy.

The reason for this is that capitalism is built upon profits and not production. If profits can be increased by a curtailment of the volume of commodities produced, then capitalism immediately shuts down on production.

Get a member for the Workers Party and a new subscription for the DAILY WORKER.

The Slave Mind

That the American Negro is going thru an awakening process is evidenced by the number of organizations that have sprung up in recent years, designed to give expression to the volume of discontent that is rapidly growing among that most exploited and persecuted people.

Among the Negro workers there is a rapidly developing sentiment that the progress of the Negro toilers toward freedom from industrial slavery—the same kind which their white comrades suffer from—and from comparative social ostracism, depends on their ability to organize themselves on a class rather than on a racial basis and to throw in their lot with their white fellow workers in assailing the power of their only enemy, capitalism.

Capitalism is the real enemy of the black man as it is of the white man. Negro editors who try to arouse the hatred of the black workers for the white workers are not serving the cause of their own people.

The subserviency to the American ruling class which finds expression in editorial whining in some Negro papers is disgustingly advertised in the current issue of the Chicago Defender, a Negro weekly published in Chicago.

The Chicago Defender hopes that by thus groveling in the mud before the military army of the American capitalist class, which is the government, that the masters will deal more leniently with the Negro.

The Chinese delegation to the Fifth Congress of the Communist International has given us just a few of those excellent doings of the foreign governments in China with which the history of world imperialism is replete. Listen to it:

The Chinese Tell a Story

Just listen to the Chinese for a while. Let them tell you the story of what is going on in their country. It will be a different tale altogether from what you are accustomed to find in your home newspapers, in the organs of the capitalist press.

The Chinese delegation to the Fifth Congress of the Communist International has given us just a few of those excellent doings of the foreign governments in China with which the history of world imperialism is replete. Listen to it:

For an attempt to search an American merchant at Kalgan, who was suspected of carrying on illegitimate business and who resisted the Chinese authorities, the American government demands payment of fifty thousand dollars of "compensation" and punishment of the "guilty" officials. Guilty of what? Nobody knows.

Chinese textile operatives at Hankow, employed by an English cotton mill, declare a strike in protest against the dismissal of some of their fellow workers for joining a union. A street demonstration takes place. Whereupon the English soldiers stationed at Hankow attack the strikers, disperse the demonstration, wound some of the participants and have a number of them arrested and given jail sentences.

Examples of this sort could be related without end. We listen to the story told by the Chinese themselves and we get the true flavor of imperialist rule in China. And we ask again: How long are the workers of America, England, France and Japan going to keep quiet about it?

Luckily for China and for ourselves, the Chinese masses themselves are beginning to move. Just a few weeks ago there was formed in Peking, China, a new organization that calls itself "The Society for Combatting Imperialism." And the first public act of this new organization was to send a letter of greetings to Comrade Trotsky, expressing recognition and gratitude to the Soviet government for its humane, sympathetic and brotherly attitude towards the sufferings of the Chinese masses.

"During the last few years," said Sidney Webb, a leader in the British Labor Party, "this party (Labor Party) has enrolled bishops, and peers, landowners, a banker or two and not a few manufacturers and other employers of labor." Is it surprising that LaFollette should favor a party of that composition here, minus the name?

AS WE SEE IT

(Continued from page 1.) Calvin Coolidge for "two excellent things since the beginning of his campaign for which he is entitled to all praise," namely his approval of the nomination of a colored man in New York on the socialist ticket and his refusal to come out for the elevation of the guns on American battleships in order to bring the fighting efficiency of the United States navy up to the British standard.

THE NATION also congratulates Calvin Coolidge for "two excellent things since the beginning of his campaign for which he is entitled to all praise," namely his approval of the nomination of a colored man in New York on the socialist ticket and his refusal to come out for the elevation of the guns on American battleships in order to bring the fighting efficiency of the United States navy up to the British standard.

THIS seems to fit the leaders of the movement that now finds in LaFollette its modern Moses. "They are staunch upholders of the existing order of social inequalities." They are selling their gifts, knowledge and efforts to the capitalist class. This is just as true of the socialists as it is

else," he said, "he could smoke a good pipe of tobacco."

THE socialist party was afflicted with a set of principles as recently as the year 1920. Since then it has reorganized and listed its 1920 declaration of principles under the general heading of "unrealizable liabilities." Many socialists who have forgotten all about their principles may be interested to read paragraph five of the 1920 declaration of principles: "Around and about the capitalist class cluster the numerous and varied groups of the population, generally known as the 'middle classes.' They consist of farm owners, small merchants and manufacturers, professional and better paid employees. Their economic status is often precarious. They live in hope of being lifted into the charmed sphere of the ruling classes. Their social psychology is that of the retainers of the wealthy. As a rule they sell their gifts, knowledge and efforts to the capitalist interests. They are staunch upholders of the existing order of social inequalities."

THE state convention of the New Jersey State Federation of Labor adjourned sine die after a resolution endorsing the LaFollette-Wheeler ticket, was tabled by a vote of 206 to 95. The New Jersey labor fakery for Davis and for open booze openly arrived at. While Bryan, the missing link on the democratic ticket is as dry as the lone proverbial Scotchman in a saloon, Davis is judiciously wet. The labor leaders of the Mosquito State are as corrupt as Chinese tuchuns. So are the reactionary labor leaders of the other states.

of Gompers, the chief American labor faker, Warren S. Stone, the labor banker, and non-union mine operator; Rudolph Spreckles, the sugar magnate and the hundreds of other disgruntled capitalist retainers who are trying to boost their sale price by shaking the LaFollette club at the heads of the master class. The socialist party has as little stomach for the exhuming of its past class declarations of policy as the British government would have for the publication of the skeletons in the war department closets.

SOVIET RUSSIA shipped abroad during the first half of the current fiscal year, 758,000 tons of oil, which is more than 80 per cent of the total exports for 1913. Russian petroleum is again competing with American in the European market. A capitalist editor commenting on the

remarkable progress made by the Communist government in bringing its oil industry up to within twenty per cent of the pre-war production, assumes that Russian peasants are going without oil. As a drowning man will grasp at a straw the enemies of the Workers Republic readily grasp every possible assumption that would minimize the victories of the Russian Communist government on the economic front.

A GENTLEMAN who styles himself state president of Georgia (not the state that cast its solid vote for MacAdoo at the Democratic convention but Soviet Georgia, a contented member republic in the United Socialist Soviet Republic) had better secure the services of an alienist, or else go on a tomato and lettuce diet. He is rambling about Europe telling strange tales of revolutions in Georgia, cities captured, Soviet troops revolting, etc. The gentleman has written a letter to Rykov, Soviet premier offering Russia a "most favored nations" commercial treaty in Georgia, provided Rykov recognizes the independence of that country. But the gentleman is rather late with his offer. The Georgian workers and peasants are under the impression that they are already free and independent and are heartily enjoying their status in the great Union of Socialist Republics with headquarters in Moscow. Another case of defective pineal glands.

Expose U. S. As Oppressor of China

(Continued from page 1) directed against imperialists and their agents.

Cites Imperialist Oppressions. "A number of outrageous events have occurred during this last year are an evidence of imperialistic, arbitrary and oppressive action in China. The following are but a few instances thereof:

(1.) The case of the American merchant at Kalgan, who, when searched by the Chinese authorities, resisted and was wounded—whereupon the American authorities demanded \$50,000 compensation, apologies and the punishment of the local officials, and the Chinese authorities had to submit to these conditions.

English Break Strike. (2.) The strike of the Hankow textile workers, following the dismissal by an English cotton mill of 300 Chinese operatives, as a reprisal against their attempt to form a union. The ejected workers arranged a demonstration, which was however dispersed by English armed force, many of the workers being wounded in the affair. Thirty-three of them were arrested and five were sentenced to five months and the rest to two months in prison by the British consul.

(3.) The Gold Franc question. As is known, the French government, owing to the fall of the franc, demands payment of the French part of the Boxer indemnity in gold, instead of paper francs, which means a loss of some 55 millions taels to the Chinese people.

Japan Gets In An Oar. (4.) The Port Arthur and Dairen leases. Altho the term of lease for which these areas were handed over to Japan after the Russo-Japanese war expired last year, Japan is still refusing to restore them to China.

(5.) The Lincheng affair. After the attack of the bandits on the express near Lincheng, in which about 100 Chinese and 20 foreigners were robbed and made prisoners, the diplomatic corps demanded \$8,700 compensation for every robbed foreigner, the organization of railway protection control of foreign chiefs and the dismissal of a number of officials. These demands were complied with.

(6.) Cotton exports. The diplomatic corps demanded that the prohibition to export cotton be lifted, and, in spite of the protests of Chinese merchants, the government submitted to this demand.

Dodge \$200,000,000 in Taxes.

(7.) Tobacco taxes. The British-American Tobacco Company in China is exempted from paying the tobacco tax, which means a loss to the country of some \$200,000,000 yearly.

(8.) The Canton duties. When the Kuomintang government of the south of China decided not to hand over the revenue from levying of cus-

oms duties to the Peking government—or, in other words, due to certain circumstances to the control of foreign powers—twenty foreign warships were despatched to Canton, to force the authorities there to reconsider their decision.

Demand Naval Squadron. (9.) Foreign fleet. The imperialistic powers have an agreement be-

tween them regarding the formation of a joint naval squadron on the river Yang-tze-kiang, and are making efforts to have the Chinese government agree to this plan.

"The list of such examples," the authors of the Chinese declaration continue, "could be prolonged indefinitely. The government is under the influence of imperialists, but in response to the arbitrary conduct of foreigners, the national movement in China is growing, in which the Kuomintang influence is steadily growing.

Organize Revolutionary Movement. "We consider necessary to create such a national revolutionary movement, under the direction of a strong centralized party, which could draw broad masses to the movement.

"The national congress of the Kuomintang adopted the party program, demanding the abolition of all oppressive agreements of exploitation, concluded with foreigners, regarding concessions, consular rights, foreign control of customs, and also the repudiation of all loans contracted by irresponsible governments. In the field of home policy, the party demands general suffrage, freedom of speech and meetings, the enactment of labor legislation and the protection of labor organizations, the reorganization of the agrarian system and nationalization of means of communication.

"After this congress, the Kuomintang entered into a new phase. Many laborers and intellectuals have now joined the party.

Hold May Day Demonstrations. "A number of big demonstrations in various towns were arranged on May Day under our direction. When the Chinese government at first broke up the agreement with the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the Kuomintang arranged a demonstration in Peking, which was dispersed by the police.

"Today, the Peking government is beginning to persecute the Kuomintang. Thus, five members of the party were arrested at Hankow on May 1st, and then executed, while five other Kuomintang members were apprehended in Peking and jailed without court judgment.

The authors of the reported declaration conclude by stating that their party is still small in China. They state that it is the party's program, in accordance with the resolution of the Fourth World Congress of the Third (Communist) International, to direct the labor and participate in the national movement in China.

THE SIGNIFICANCE OF DEFENSE DAY



Charge Labor Heads Sought to Shield Klan

(Continued from Page 1) the Ku Klux Klan seeks to deny and destroy. "The trade union movement for itself has always sought to keep its own

the Ku Klux Klan seeks to deny and destroy.

"The trade union movement for itself has always sought to keep its own

councils free from either religious or racial bigotry, intolerance. We have the highest regard for legitimate fraternal organizations, and we pay the highest tribute to them for their good works. But the K. K. K. seeks to overthrow laws and deny constitutional rights which we prize above everything because they constitute the breath of life itself to free men and women.

WORKERS' STRAW VOTE

THE DAILY WORKER, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill. The workers employed in the shop of..... have taken a straw vote on the presidential candidates, and the vote was as follows: WM. Z. FOSTER..... votes; LaFOLLETTE..... votes; Workers Party..... No Party..... DAVIS..... votes; COOLIDGE..... votes. Democratic Party..... Republican Party..... I certify that this report is correct: Name:..... Address:.....

Condemn "Invisible Empire." "We condemn this secret conspiracy, this hideous and sinister movement that proudly calls itself 'the invisible empire,' cloaking itself in masks and mumery while it eats at the hearts of our institutions. We call upon America in general, and trade unionists in particular, to beware of this menace and to conduct themselves in the open under the law. It is the trade unionist's duty of the highest order to shun this conspiracy." Reverence for democracy as it is constituted today in the United States was woven into the resolution which denounces the Klan.