

THE DAILY WORKER
RAISES THE STANDARD
FOR A WORKERS AND
FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

THE DAILY WORKER

Communist Candidates
For President:
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER.
For Vice-President:
BENJAMIN GITLOW.

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COMMUNIST TICKET IN 15 STATES

HEADQUARTERS OF THE BRITISH COMMUNIST PARTY RAIDED BY SOCIALIST-LABOR GOVERNMENT

By CHARLES ASHLEIGH.

(Special Cable to The Daily Worker.)

LONDON, August 6.—Scotland Yard's Police have just raided and searched the Communist Party headquarters. For three hours truckloads of documents were hauled out of the national office.

John Ross Campbell, acting editor of the "Workers Weekly," the official organ of the Communist Party of Great Britain, and formerly editor of the "Glasgow Worker" was arrested.

A charge of sedition has been filed against Campbell because of the articles appearing in the "Weekly Worker" issues of July 25th and August 1st, appealing to the British soldiers to refuse to serve in strikes against workingmen.

Appeal to World's Workers.

The Communist Party of Great Britain is issuing an appeal to the Communist and working class organizations of the world protesting vehemently against the terrorism of the MacDonald Labor government. It will be recalled that Premier MacDonald, Minister of the Exchequer, Phillip Snowden, and other prominent members of the present British Labor government are also among the leading figures of the Second International.

This attack on the Communist Party headquarters is looked upon by militant spokesmen of labor here as a very grave incident. MacDonald and his aides have for some time closely associated themselves with Messrs. Scheidemann and Noske who have committed numerous unutterable outrages against the German working class.

The raid occurs at an especially significant moment for the MacDonald Labor government. In the presence of the American Secretary of State, Hughes, Secretary of the Treasury of the United States Andrew W. Mellon, Thomas W. Lamont of J. P. Morgan & Company, and a swarm of other powerful Wall Street bankers, the so-called socialist government of England has completely knuckled under the pressure of the American financial interests demanding the adoption of the Dawes plan as a whole.

Comes at Peculiar Time.

This attack on the Communists, who have been waging an energetic campaign against the high-handed demands made by the British bankers in conference with the representatives of the Soviet government, is coincident with the formal breaking off of parleys between the spokesmen of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics and the British government.

It is the consensus of opinion among well informed observers here that the above events are significant straws pointing the direction in which the MacDonald government is rapidly traveling. It is said that the influence of the American bankers and government officials has done much to stiffen the backbone of the British imperialists in their attitude towards the labor party and that MacDonald and his aides are giving way still further. The Communist Party is organizing to fight back and is taking steps to thwart these reactionary policies of the so-called socialist government.

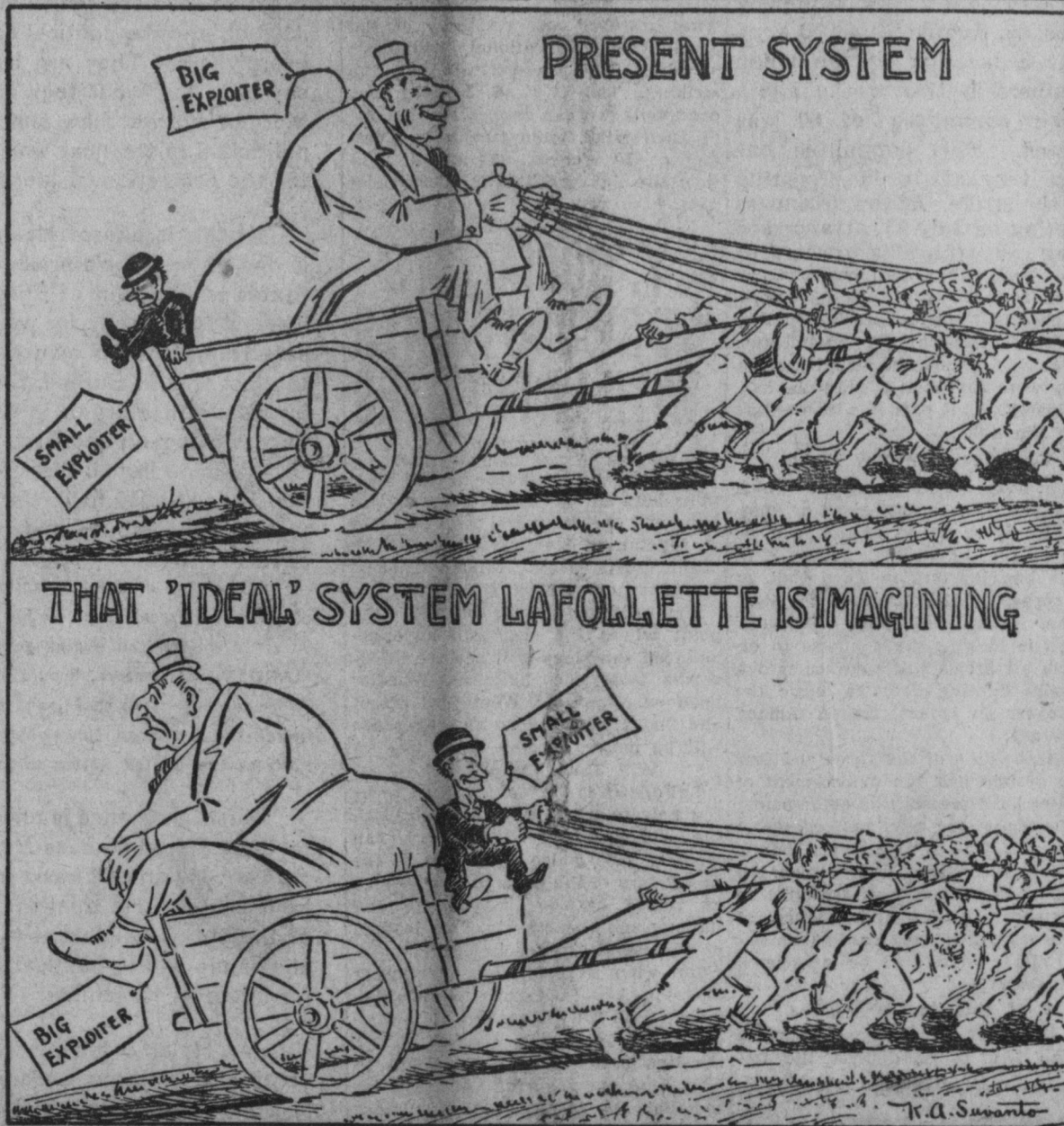
Beat Negro to Death.

MARSHALL, Ia., Aug. 5.—Four white men, Starr, Charles and Robert Green and Jim Holmes, are held under \$5,000 bond at Marshall for the death of Isaiah Sanders, a Negro, who died as a result of a flogging a week ago. The men charge that Sanders used abusive language to Charles Green.

DICKS CAN'T SEE WHAT MINERS SEE IN MORGAN ANTHRACITE MONOPOLY

(Special to The Daily Worker)
WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—An investigation of the anthracite coal industry by the Department of Justice has disclosed no grounds for criminal or civil prosecutions, Representative John Jacob Rodgers of Massachusetts announced. The anthracite fields are controlled by the railroads which in turn are owned by the Morgan banking interests and the industry is practically a monopoly.

SEE THE DIFFERENCE?



OR—You Bet There Is No Difference Between Them.

Scheidemann! MacDonald! LaFollette!

Statement by the Central Executive Committee of the Workers Party

THE British Labor government is showing itself in true colors. The news from London of the raid on the Communist Party headquarters and the arrest for sedition of John Ross Campbell, acting editor of the Workers Weekly, shows that the MacDonald government is ready to follow in the footsteps of Scheidemann and Noske in Germany in shooting down the workers in order to protect capitalism.

Scheidemann and Noske, who today are members of the Second International together with Ramsay MacDonald, answered the German workers with machine guns, hand grenades and poison gas when these workers made their effort to establish the workers' rule and end the oppression of the capitalists. Scheidemann and Noske, the murderers of Liebknecht and Luxemburg, pretending to represent the workers, actually used the power given them by the workers to put down their aspirations.

Ramsay MacDonald's labor government has been hailed as a new victory for labor by the supporters of the Second International. Now this government turns upon labor and fights for the capitalists—even as Scheidemann and Noske. For what is the "crime" of which the British Communists, whose offices are raided and their editor jailed, are accused of? The Workers Weekly, the British Communist organ, called upon soldiers not to serve against strikers! That is a crime in the eyes of this government of the Second International! That is sedition in the eyes of Ramsay MacDonald and his labor government!

There is no doubt that calling upon soldiers not to shoot down strikers is a crime and sedition. Crime and sedition against capitalism and the capitalist class. MacDonald, the leader of the Second International, MacDonald, the head of the labor government, rushes to the rescue of capitalism against the seditious Communist who doesn't want soldiers to shoot down strikers. MacDonald thereby shows the labor government, and the Second International in its true colors—the bulwark of capitalism against the revolutionary workers.

For American labor this event is a warning. The followers of LaFollette hail him as the Ramsay MacDonald of the United States. Let the workers of this country take warning from the German and British example showing the role of the Scheidemanns, the Ramsay MacDonalds, the Labor party, the Socialists, the supporters of the Second International. Do we need our Ramsay MacDonald in office to prove that he, too, will call the workers' struggle against capitalism a "crime" and "sedition"?

The Communists fought with the workers against the Noske-Scheidemann defenders of the capitalists. The Communists are espousing the cause of the British strikers against Ramsay MacDonald's soldiers. The Communists of the United States are fighting the struggle of the workers against its American betrayer—LaFollette.

Central Executive Committee,
Workers Party of America.
William Z. Foster, Chairman.
C. E. Ruthenberg,
Executive Secretary.

RIVERVIEW
RAIN OR SHINE
August 10th --- Sunday
Press Picnic Day

PUTTING THE WORKERS PARTY TICKET ON BALLOT IN SEVERAL IMPORTANT STATES HAS BEGUN

By C. E. RUTHENBERG

Executive Secretary, Workers Party.

The National and District organizations of the Workers Party are learning thru concrete experiences how the world-famous American "democracy" works.

This experience is being gained in the effort to place the Workers Party candidates on the ballot in the various states, so that the workers who support the revolutionary views of the Communists may have the opportunity to demonstrate that support by voting for Communist candidates.

It seems that the lawmakers in the various states have done their utmost to make it difficult for any other but the ruling capitalist parties to put their candidates on the ballot.

All sorts of obstacles, in the form of legal requirements are part of the election laws—obstacles which are intended to prevent minorities from expressing their will and to prevent them from fighting for the support of the voters during election campaigns.

\$10,000 Democracy in New York
In New York State the lawmakers have expressed their views of "democracy" in an election law which requires that a new party wishing to put candidates on the ballot must secure 12,000 signatures, 50 of which must come from each county in the state. Obliging businessmen who are engaged in the business of helping along "democracy" in an election law which requires that a new party wishing to put candidates on the ballot must secure 12,000 signatures, 50 of which must come from each county in the state. Obliging businessmen who are engaged in the business of helping along "democracy" in an election law which requires that a new party wishing to put candidates on the ballot must secure 12,000 signatures, 50 of which must come from each county in the state.

In the state of Ohio the law requires more than 20,000 signatures for a new party to place its candidates on the ballot. Another expression of the unexcelled American "democracy."

Fifteen States to Go Over.
In spite of all the difficulties put in the way of a new party entering the fight against the parties of the capitalist dictatorship, the Workers Party will be able to place its candidates on the ballot in a large number of states.

Work is now underway in Massachusetts and Rhode Island in the New England group of states and Foster and Gitlow, as well as the state tickets will go on the ballot in these states. In New York state, in spite of the almost insuperable obstacles, the party is throwing itself into the work and there is a good chance of winning out. In Connecticut and New Jersey the party candidates will be on the ballot.

Special Work in Pennsylvania
In Pennsylvania the Steel Trust is making an effort to drive the Workers Party underground through prosecutions under the sedition laws for membership in the party. To meet this situation an extraordinary effort will be made to put the party on the ballot in that state. Some 5,000 signatures are required to accomplish. Petitions are in circulation and both the eastern and western party district organization in the state are putting their energies into the work.

West Virginia makes it easy for a new party to nominate, requiring only a convention and the W. P. will go on in that reactionary state. The Ohio comrades have their petition out and are working hard for the 20,000 signatures in that state. Nominations in Michigan are assured, as the only requirement is a state convention.

In Indiana, Illinois and Wisconsin conventions have been held or are in process of organization and petitions will soon be in the field.

In the State of Minnesota the party is nominating presidential electors only, supporting the Farmer-Labor Party so far as the state and local ticket is concerned and the 2,000 signatures required will be secured. The Party will also have its state and national ticket in the field in North Dakota. Another agricultural state in which there will be a Communist column is Iowa where work has begun with good prospects of success. In the Rocky Mountain territory the W. P. will endeavor to be on the ballot in Colorado and on the Pacific slope in Washington and California.

Altogether the prospects are bright for the Workers Party ticket going over, so far as representation on the ballot is concerned in fifteen of the most important states of the union, which will be no mean achievement for a first effort to place a national ticket in the field.

ANGLO-SOVIET PACT REACHED BY CONFERENCE

Britain Surrendered to Moscow

(Special to The Daily Worker.)

LONDON, August 6.—M. Rakovsky, head of the Soviet Russian delegation to the Anglo-Russian conference, informed the DAILY WORKER'S news service this afternoon that an agreement between Russia and England has been signed.

Formal announcement had been made Tuesday that the Anglo-Russian conference had broken down and that the Russians were returning to Moscow immediately.

This afternoon, in the House of Commons, John Robert Clynes, Lord Privy Seal, and leader of the House of Commons, made an announcement which seemed to indicate that an agreement had been reached between the Russians and British and that a treaty had been signed.

Foreign office officials were then consulted, but they denied that a treaty had been signed.

Later, M. Rakovsky admitted that an agreement had been reached and signed.

Editor's Note:—The above news was received at press time. Earlier news of the Anglo-Soviet negotiations on Page two. An editorial written after the apparent break yesterday, on Page six.

ATTORNEY GENERAL PLAYS MORGAN GAME IN ANTHRACITE PROBE

(By The Federated Press)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Attorney General Stone, identified as a Morgan lawyer when he took charge of the department of justice last spring, has shown his hand in the anthracite coal situation. He has notified Congressman John J. Rogers of Massachusetts that, after a careful examination, he finds no evidence that the anthracite coal industry is being conducted in violation of the anti-trust or other federal laws.

Massachusetts republicans have protested the price gouge and artificial shortage of anthracite which has been handed to New England, winter after winter, by the Morgan combine which controls this industry.

Investigations by the Federal Trade Commission and by committees of the Senate have shown that from \$3 to \$5 per ton in excess of a reasonable price is taken from the pockets of the consumers. In a pinch, the Morgan companies take much more than this. Now Stone says they are within the law, and there's nothing Massachusetts can do about it.

Send in that Subscription Today.

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BOOST COMMUNIST PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN BY GETTING NEW SUBS FOR "THE DAILY WORKER"

See Page
Three

BRITISH READY TO COMPROMISE WITH SOVIETS

Signing of a Treaty Grows More Likely

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)
 LONDON, August 6.—M. Raskovsky, Soviet representative at London, will not return to Moscow for the present.

Ramsay MacDonald and A. A. W. H. Ponsonby, who have been conducting the British side of the Anglo-Russian treaty negotiations, declare the case is not closed and that they are hopeful of offering the Russians a compromise which they can accept.

Late this afternoon the draft of a tentative treaty was said to be in the final stages for submission to the respective governments. Russian representatives are holding fast to their stand against recognizing any of the credits of the czar or Kerensky unless the British recognize their obligation to pay for damages caused by counter-revolutionary activities they supported. Likewise, the Russians flatly oppose any suggestion calling for the revocation of nationalization of land and industry.

RAIN FAILS TO QUENCH STRIKE AT HEGEWISCH

Hogan Will Speak at Big Meeting Today

The strike against the Western Steel Car and Foundry company at Hegewisch is still going at full blast, the men reporting that the plant is completely tied up so far as production of cars is concerned. A meeting of the strikers, which could not be held yesterday because of the terrific rain, will be held this morning, at which Edmond Hogan, organizer for the Brotherhood of Railway Carmen, and others, will speak.

The work of organizing the men into the union is proceeding systematically and the drive is being spread thru the Calumet territory. The spirit of the men remains unbroken, as was indicated by an incident in front of the shop yesterday. A few of the men who attempted to return to work on the grounds that they could no longer keep up their families, were persuaded by the militant strikers to remain out until the employers had fulfilled the demands of the men for a living wage and human conditions.

Edmond Hogan, who is in charge of the strike for the Brotherhood of Railway Carmen, maintains that the organizational results will soon be evident.

Outcast Russian Pauper "Prince" Picks Petty Prize

LONDON, Aug. 6.—Miss Alice Astor, 21 year old daughter of the late John Jacob Astor, and Prince Obolensky Neledinsky-Meletsky, dashing Russian exile, were married today in a register's office followed by a brilliant wedding in St. Phillip's Russian church.

Miss Astor recently came into a fortune estimated between \$5,000,000 and \$10,000,000. The prince has been married before, securing a decree of divorce from Princess Catherine Obolensky having been made absolute just a month ago.

HERE'S WAY TO SHOW YOUR ENTHUSIASM FOR FOSTER-GITLOW RACE

(Special to The Daily Worker)
 RURAL RIDGE, Pa., Aug. 6.—The workers of this vicinity sent \$75 to the Workers Party campaign for Foster and Gitlow and \$25 to the local office from the profits of a big picnic held here recently. The workers had anticipated having a good outside speaker come to the picnic but when none appeared they discussed the party's political campaign and the industrial program among themselves. The picnic was a great success socially and financially.

I. W. W. WON'T PERMIT SPLIT, STATES DOYLE

Says Membership Will Check Disruption

(By The Federated Press.)
 That no split in the ranks of the Industrial Workers of the World will follow the temporary disagreement between the two groups at the headquarters is the statement of general secretary-treasurer Tom Doyle of the organization. "The members will not stand for the disruption of our union," Doyle said, "and if we are let alone the little furry will soon blow over."

The furry was the suspension and subsequent ejection from the headquarters of five members of the general executive board on charges of disruption. The suspended five refused to appear to answer charges. There have been informal negotiations looking toward reconciliation.

The ousted members will remain expelled until the 1926 convention unless the rank and file call a special convention or peace is patched up otherwise.

Pullman Party
 The city central committee of the Pullman section of the Workers Party will meet tonight and every first and third Thursday night of the month at 8 p. m. at 10701 Stephenson Ave.

Send in that Subscription Today.

BIG SILK STRIKE IS SLATED FOR NEXT TUESDAY

T. U. E. L. Calls for United Support

(Special to The Daily Worker.)
 NEW YORK CITY, Aug. 6.—The Associated Silk Workers' Union is calling all broad silk workers on strike beginning Tuesday, August 12, at 10 a. m.

At a meeting of the union membership two weeks ago a strike committee of 30 was elected. This committee has been very active in preparing for the strike. At the first mass meeting on July 31, arranged to bring out the silk workers of New York City and environs, an enthusiastic crowd of over 1,500 workers cheered the speakers who put up a strong argument for organization and a fight against the manufacturers. Many were unable to get into the hall, so closely was it packed with workers from the mills.

Big Meeting Friday Night.
 The next big meeting at which every silk worker, organized or unorganized, is urged to attend, will be held at 8 p. m. Friday, August 8, at strike headquarters in Turn Hall, at the corner of Allison and Gross sts.

The Associated Silk Workers' Union is making great efforts to organize all broad silk weavers into a compact fighting body to battle the employers on several issues. Among these are:

The abolition of the three and four loom system and the enforcement of the two loom system, the enforcement of the eight-hour day, an increase of fifteen per cent in wages over the old schedule, recognition of the union, the right of the union representative to enter shops to take up grievances of the workers, a one-year agreement with either individual or associated employers.

T. U. E. L. Backs Strikers.
 In this fight against the silk bosses in the New York district the left

Wing workers and members of the Trade Union Educational League are standing 100 per cent behind the strikers. The T. U. E. L. asks that every silk worker respond to the call of the strike committee next Tuesday at 10 o'clock, and stand solid thru the fight until every demand is won.

Will Take Their Dough.
 LaFollette is perfectly willing to be the heir to whatever voting strength the renegade socialist party can muster. He is also willing to be the beneficiary of the collections that may be raised by the Schlesingers and Cahans and the other yellow leaders of the needle trades unions.

But when it comes to a question of allowing his candidacy to be "politened" with the suggestion of "socialism," the Wisconsin senator draws the line pretty hard. His friends in New York are not willing to allow the socialists to get away with a clear road for the governorship in that state.

Send in that Subscription Today.

BRITISH LABOR PARTY READY TO CRUSH THE COMING HINDO REVOLT

CALCUTTA, Aug. 6.—A warning against an impending revolution in India was sounded today by the Earl of Lytton, Governor of Bengal, in a public speech.

"An exceptionally difficult and anxious time is ahead," said the governor. "But we are quite strong enough to deal with the revolutionary movement. We shall not shrink from using fearlessly and unhesitatingly all the weapons necessary for its defeat."

The Earl stated he was speaking officially for the British Socialist government.

N. Y. SOCIALISTS AT SWORD POINTS WITH LA FOLLITES

(Special to The Daily Worker)
 NEW YORK, August 6.—The relations between the LaFollette regulars here and the socialist party are not as regular as could be desired. The latter nominated Dr. Norman Thomas for governor of New York State.

This difference has reached the point where the socialists have announced that they will remove themselves from the LaFollette-Wheeler headquarters at 25 West 43rd Street and find a place where their presence will be more welcome.

CHARGED WITH TRICKERY

The Tammany crowd in the New York C. P. A. are charging the socialists with doing the very thing they accused the Communists of trying to do, that is, run the whole show. Of course, the Tammanyites are justified in their criticism. The New Leader, weekly organ of the socialists, frequently boasted that, with their superior machinery and propaganda ability, the socialists would capture the C. P. A. and control it just as the Independent Labor Party in England secured control of the British Labor Party.

Tammany's labor leaders will not tolerate any such sharp practice on the part of the socialist hucksters in New York. Thinking that having a candidate for governor in the field would compel the C. P. A. to endorse their man, the socialists were jubilant and thought they had put one over on their friends, but they reckoned without their host or counted the chickens before they were hatched. They were warned that the socialists would not be allowed to speak for the C. P. A. in New York and get all the publicity, and as a first installment of the medicine which is coming to them before this campaign is over, they were summarily kicked out of the LaFollette-Wheeler headquarters as they were bounced from the C. P. A. conference of New York last fall.

Worst Yet to Come.
 The Gompers endorsement of LaFollette does not improve matters for the socialists. Gompers hates the very name of "socialism" and even the thing is now scarcely recognizable due to the punishment it has received at the hands of the socialist party, nothing short of its decapitation will satisfy the irreconcilable Sammy.

Rumors of bad feeling between the socialists and the Tammany labor chiefs became so widespread that Hillquit got Norman Thomas to issue a public statement, which shows that the apple of discord is doing its fell work. The Reverend gentleman says:

"To set at rest unfounded rumors, I desire to state with all emphasis that no single group is trying to run the whole LaFollette campaign nationally or in this state. Still less are any of the elements seeking unfair advantage over any other group in the progressive rank. We are all co-operating enthusiastically in the campaign to elect LaFollette and Wheeler."

"It is the general policy of the Progressive National Committee not to extend its endorsement to state tickets. It has enough to do in federal matters."

Such is the position the socialist party finds itself in after betraying the workers in order to win temporary gain. But it seems about the thing it has accomplished is to sned its death.

Hylan Shows August Days of Political Lapdogs Are Here

By J. LOUIS ENGDALH.

TODAY, Mayor Hylan, of New York City, offers the startling information that the United States government will not guarantee the proposed loan to Germany under the Morgan-Dawes plan. "Hardly," says Mr. Hylan.

But then we remember that these are the dog days of August, and the political dogs of capitalism are running wild everywhere. They are irresponsible. It is not what they say now, but what they do after election day in November. Morgan knows that, and he knows that every old party politician, in the next war as in the last, will be out barking for the protection of Morgan's loans.

Hylan is one of Hearst's political lapdogs, and Hearst is one of America's prize jingoes. Hearst wants the United States to keep out of Europe, to avoid entangling alliances, but is always ready for war upon Mexico, or Japan, from the safe retreat of his own editorial sanctums. Hearst fought the last war in Europe, thru his papers, and he will be side by side with Morgan in the next European war, strings of flags waving on the first pages of all his sheets.

Considering all these facts, we cannot but conclude that Mr. Hylan must have the political rabies, or he wouldn't froth at the mouth and emit nonsense to the following effect:

"The plan of the international bankers appears to shift the burden of German reparation collection to the shoulders of American investors."

"Is the United States government to guarantee such repayment? HARDLY. Therefore, would it not be advisable to publicly advise American investors that loans advanced thru the international bankers under the proposed Dawes-Morgan plan will not have the army and navy of the United States to insure the collection of such loans."

Such innocence is unbecoming in one who lives as close to Wall Street as does Mr. Hylan. But we do not believe that Mr. Hylan still has a knee-pants brain. He knows what he is saying. He thinks it is good dope to poison the minds of the voters who want to be duped into maintaining their allegiance to the political parties of capitalism, and to vote for them in November.

Mr. Hylan is a democrat. The national democratic convention in Madison Square Garden endorsed the League of Nations and the Dawes plan. Morgan's attorney, Mr. Davis, is the democratic candidate for president.

The League of Nations plank in the democratic platform was written by Owen D. Young, co-partner with "Hell 'n Maria" Dawes, republican vice-presidential candidate, in drawing up the Dawes plan.

Mr. Young is to be general reparations agent, that is, go-between for Germany in handing over the loot demanded of her by France and the other "victorious" nations in the last war. And Young is Morgan's man.

Coolidge is openly in favor of the Morgan-Dawes plan. Doesn't Mr. Hylan even read the daily papers?

Coolidge is openly in favor of Mr. Morgan selling several hundred million dollars worth of German bonds to American investors, at a good commission, and Coolidge knows that the main purpose of the U. S. army and navy is to make good on those Morgan loans.

Hylan spills the beans completely and makes himself look as ridiculous as one of Hearst's craziest comics when he says:

"If I remember correctly President Wilson, during the early part of his first term, notified certain international bankers that if a loan of some \$50,000,000 were made to one of the foreign governments, the employment of the army and navy of the United States would not be permitted under any circumstances to enforce ultimate collection."

But, if Mr. Hylan will take the trouble to recall, it was in the early part of his second administration that President Wilson led the U. S. army and navy, under Morgan's dollar flag, across the Atlantic Ocean to fight for the loans of Wall Street, especially those made to the British and French governments.

There was one loan, however, that Morgan has never been able to collect. That was Morgan's loan made to the last Russian czar. Morgan will not collect that loan because a Workers' and Farmers' Republic rules over all the Russias.

We take this opportunity of informing Mr. Hylan, and all the political fakery allied with him, if they do not know it already, that only a Red Army and a Red Navy of an American Workers' Republic will refuse to advance against a foreign nation in order to collect the loans of J. Pierpont Morgan and other Wall Street financiers.

Just as long as capitalism lasts in the United States, and a capitalist government sits enthroned in Washington, just so long will the army and navy of the United States government, of which the president is the commander-in-chief, be used to uphold the pillars of capitalism. These pillars stand on pretty weak foundations right now thru the inability of Western European capitalism to pay its debts to American capitalism.

The Dawes plan means that American millionaire investors, not the workers, are to make possible a loan of several hundred millions of dollars to Germany, so that Germany can meet her reparations obligations to France, so that French capitalism can be stabilized, and perhaps pay some of the billions of dollars of debt the French owe to the U. S. treasury at Washington, and to the House of Morgan.

It is capitalism's last chance. It is a vicious circle of crazy diplomats and financiers now meeting in London and trying to save capitalism from the chaos of the last war.

It is inconceivable that the workers of Western Europe will much longer endure their agonies under this insane scheme of madmen. Western European labor will lift itself out of its despair and thru its own strength establish its own rule. In that hour America's workers must not allow the U. S. army and navy to be used in an effort to keep the workers of Western Europe longer enslaved to the House of Morgan.

MILLIONAIRE BOY MURDERERS SCORN WORKERS

Selfish Slayers' Only Interest Is Ego

Nathan Leopold, Jr., and Richard Loeb, slayers of the Franks boy, have never worked for a wage, and are not interested in "social uplift," as Leopold termed Communism, they told the DAILY WORKER reporter yesterday in an exclusive interview in the Cook county jail.

Leopold believes in the Samurial philosophy, which combines a disdain for women with a hedonistic pleasure-seeking, he told the DAILY WORKER. "Socialism is in conflict with my philosophy," Leopold said, "and I am not interested in it. Economics is not in my line. I took one minor course in economics at the University, but am not at all interested in it."

When asked if he did not think it unfair that his father's employes are working under trying conditions for \$12 and \$15 a week in the Leopold Paper mill in Morris, Illinois, while the Leopold family is squandering the wealth piled up by these employes, Leopold replied, "I refuse to answer on advice of counsel, but I assure you I am not at all interested in social uplift. I believe that each individual should take care of himself."

Leopold took great pleasure in talking about his own education and intellectual attainments, but when the conversation shifted to the economic structure of society Leopold invariably answered, "I am not interested, that's not my line."

Richard Loeb admitted that "I may have done a little work occasionally, but I never had a regular job. I never worked for wages."

Loeb and Leopold meet the reporters in the morning in the "bull pen" or exercise yard. This is an inner room with a cement floor. The prisoners walk around in a small circle, double file, getting their morning exercise. Loeb was dressed in his usual jail attire with a sleeveless undershirt. Leopold wore no coat and wore a cap with the peak turned to the back. The air of both boys is one of flippant bravado. Despite their freakish attire Loeb and Leopold appear much less forlorn than the regular prisoners.

The reporters for the Chicago capitalist papers were afraid that the DAILY WORKER reporter would "crab" the morning interview. They insisted that he see Leopold first. "We are just after feature stuff," one capitalist reporter said. "Leopold probably has a grudge against the DAILY WORKER and if we go in with you Leopold may get sore and refuse to talk. We just want to kid with the boys."

The slayers are highly pleased at all the attention they are getting. Their cells are littered with newspapers. "The DAILY WORKER is that radical newspaper, isn't it?" Leopold asked. "Do they say anything about us?"

"New Angle."
 Leopold asked what the DAILY WORKER thought of him. When told that it considered him as a representative of the idle rich, born into a family of labor exploiters, he said, "Well, that's all right, that's a new angle on the case. Send me some of the papers, will you. The other papers have not touched on that phase yet."

Loeb and Leopold seemed so taken up with themselves—gloried in their childish philosophies and the glamour of the publicity accorded them, that they could not consider the case except as it feeds their selfish egos. "The individual is the most important thing in the world to himself," said Leopold. Then, evidently anxious to create a favorable impression for his case, he added, "Of course there are certain laws of society which the individual must obey or society will decay." Leopold smiled as he said this, seeming to take a delight in his absurd inconsistency.

He spoke of a book by Wasserman which described the capitalist class. "You ought to be interested in that," Leopold said.

"But what's your point. What moral do you draw from the story of the class nature of society?" he was asked. Leopold again avoided discussion of economics by smilingly answering, "Am I the one to draw a moral? I never draw morals." Leopold said this with the same grandiose air of the meretricious soldier in Shaw's play "Arms and the Man." He considers his "superior" intellect above all inconsistencies, moralities and laws of evolution and revolution.

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

(Continued from page 1)

the sea. And if a Czar is crazy enough to risk his head in a counter-revolution it will mean another perfectly good head gone bad.

Frank Harris is writing rubbish against Soviet Russia for Hagedemann-Julius weekly from "somewhere in Europe." Harris is a disappointed egotist whose undoubted literary ability did not bring him the desired reward either in honor or money. He liked both very well. When the Bolsheviks seized power Harris in 1917 regretted that there were no men of ability among them like Woodrow Wilson; that Lenin and Trotsky were mediocre. That Mr. Harris' judgment was poor has been proven by time. Wilson is today looked upon as a traitor to his principles, such as they were, and as a failure even in his chosen field of treachery. Lenin on the other hand is looked upon as the greatest revolutionary leader in history by millions of exploited and subject peoples thru the world and an inspiration to the working class in their fight to free the workers from slavery. Harris is only concerned with his own fortunes, his pleasures and the satisfaction of his epicurean desires.


A few years ago, Harris thought he made a great discovery when some

wag informed him that Lenin, was really a man with luxurious physical tastes and actually wore silk pajamas. "A man after my own heart" that Harris. But Max Eastman had a little fun at Harris' expense in the Liberator, and the editor of Pearson's expressed chagrin that another editor should reply to his silly article without first consulting him. It is said that the principal reason for Harris' wrath against the Soviet government was Tchitcherin's coldness to him at Genoa. The Soviet diplomat was too busy with important matters to bother with the befuddled wine bibbler. Brisbane and Harris are suffering from a severe case of "sour grapes."

William (Pussyfoot) Johnson is on his way abroad again. He sailed on the Leviathan a few days ago with such celebrities as William J. Burns, ousted head of the bureau of investigation of the department of justice, Countess Von Bernstoff, the American daughter-in-law of the former German ambassador to this country, and many other men and women of wealth. Pussyfoot will try to convert the Moslems from their predilection to whiskey. While the "Pussyfoot" was sailing over the ocean on his dry errand, the prohibition agents in "dry" America were raiding the home of a relative by marriage, of William Howard Taft. The agents found whiskey galore, but they made the mistake of their lives and the man who led the raid lost his job over it. Had he broken into the house of a workingman and captured some moonshine, he would be in line for promotion, but think of bringing discredit on one of our best families! "Another instance of class rule" do you say?

Another story of violence connected with the Ku Klux Klan comes from Niles, Ohio. The night shirt knights are very brave when they are alone with a helpless victim or number ten to one against their foes. But in this case they were met by an equal number of Knights of the Flaming Circle, another secret society organized to combat the Klan and give them their own medicine. It is unfortunate that workingmen should be arrayed against each other in these rival organizations. It is also significant that while the labor fakery, the government and the socialist traitors babble about force and violence and assail Communists on that charge, that the Ku Klux Klan follows the violent tenor of its ways practically untouched by law and unawed by governmental force. Perhaps the big fellows feel that some day they may be able to find use for the morons of the Ku Klux Klan on a national scale as the industrialists of Italy found for Mussolini's Fascist.

CHARLES W. BRYAN



This fellow will ride the Democratic donkey in the presidential stepple chase. He is harmless when left alone and would be completely so but for his misfortune in being Bill J. Bryan's brother.

The Democratic vice-presidential candidate will appear at the DAILY WORKER picnic next Sunday, when the comrades will have the opportunity in casting bullets for him.

RIVERVIEW
 RAIN OR SHINE
 August 10th — Sunday
 Press Picnic Day

GERMAN RULERS PLEDGE FEALTY TO DAWES PLAN

Bow to Morgan Yoke at London Meet

(Special to The DAILY WORKER) LONDON, August 6.—Chancellor Marx pledged the inter-allied conference today that the German government intended to carry out all provisions of the Dawes plan.

A still stronger statement was made by Herr Specker, acting as spokesman for the German delegation of 40:

"We have come to London," proclaimed Herr Specker, "with a sincere desire to assist in finding a method for putting the Dawes plan into action WITHOUT ALTERATION."

Premier Ramsay MacDonald, in welcoming the Germans said that the conference was strictly limited to application of the Dawes report. The allies, he added, were most anxious that the plan be put into effect as soon as possible.

Germans will throw their weight into the argument against French occupation of the Ruhr. They will plead the difficulty of paying the required tribute unless alien armies are removed. The Germans will also emphasize the growth of revolutionary Communism in their country and the need of international support in resisting this movement.

The inter-allied conference may end this week.

Coolidge Pleased. WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—President Coolidge is highly pleased by the agreement reached by the allied conference in London for putting the Dawes reparation plan into operation, it was declared officially at the White House this afternoon.

These Petty Graft Hounds Got Caught Cheating Indiana

(Special to the DAILY WORKER) INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 6.—Perjury and the presenting of a false claim to the county, were charged in indictments returned against George Weaver and Windsor J. Weaver of the firm of George Weaver & Son, Contractors, by the Marion County grand jury today in connection with the erection of buildings at the Julietta hospital for the insane near here.

The perjury indictment had as its basis the payment of premium on the contract bond guaranteeing faithful performance. False claim was made, the other indictment charged, when fifteen per cent of the contract price was collected at a time when the Weavers' knew their work did not comply with the contract.

Send in that Subscription Today.



CHILDREN'S TOWN.

Do you know that in Soviet Russia there is a Children's Town? It is near Moscow. Five hundred boys and girls live in Children's Town. Some of the children are no more than three years old. None of them are older than fifteen years.

The children live in big homes. Thirty to fifty (can you count that many) children live in each home. Of course, there are a few grown-up people to help the children in their homes and in their town.

The children are all Young Pioneers. If you were in Soviet Russia you would be in a Young Pioneer group instead of a Junior Section of the Young Workers League. The Juniors in America are like the Pioneers of Soviet Russia.

The Pioneers rule themselves. The children decide themselves what each must do as his share of the work. If some one does not do what he should, the children tell him what his punishment will be. They often will not let the "bad" child play with them, or make him do a little more work until he is willing to do his own task as he should.

The children have schools where they are free to draw and paint and build models of boats, farms, shops, or anything they please. They model clay

WILL UNITED STATES WAR NEXT WITH JAPAN OVER MARKETS OF CHINA? BOTH NATIONS PREPARING

By PETER HERD.

An Associated Press despatch from London reveals the fact that the International firm of munition manufacturers, Vickers, is engaged in the production of 140,000 machine guns for Japan. The same despatch points out the fact that the Scrutton company is executing a large order for a special type of tractor lorry, used for heavy long-distance cannon, to be shipped at an early date.

During the last session of the United States Congress two "insignificant" bills were passed. allotting millions of dollars to the Army, Navy and Aircraft departments of the United States government. This money is to be used to modernize the equipment of the navy; to replace coal-burners with oil-burners in the battleships of the navy; to provide a larger number of powerful airships; to purchase rifles and cannon for the army; and to finance the Citizens' Military Training Camps, in order that these camps may efficiently train hundreds of thousands of young workers for the next war.

Money Bags' Politics.

The same session of Congress passed what is known as the Japanese Exclusion Bill. The result of this bill has been the creation of a powerful feeling on the part of Japan, for war against America. The bill, excluding Japanese immigrants from the United States, has served its apparent purpose. It has given the excuse for a protest, upon the part of Japanese Capitalists, against the United States, and an excuse, on the part of the Money Bags of America, for war against Japan.

War For Markets.

Foreign markets have become essential to the continuance of the Capitalist system. Without foreign markets the large surplus of goods produced by the various capitalist countries, cannot be disposed of. And both Japan and the United States today have these large surpluses of goods to dispose of.

Japan today controls both her own country and China, so far as the production and sale of commodities is concerned. Japanese competition with American-made goods in China is successful, due to the fact that the low wages paid the Japanese workers enables Japanese capitalists to sell at a lower price than American capitalists can sell. To defeat Japan, therefore, America must resort to war.

Both Japan and America are preparing for war at the same time. And this, together with other international complications, are paving the way for a new and more terrible world war.

Idaho Political is Free.

BOISE, Ida., August 6.—H. E. Herd, who served his full term for criminal syndicalism in the Idaho state penitentiary, was released July 15. His offense was membership of the Industrial Workers of the World. He had been in prison since 1917. An I. W. W. picnic and celebration at Boise Riverside park signaled the political's release.

IOWA WORKERS PLAN TO BACK FOSTER'S RACE

Convention Sunday in Des Moines

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Ia., August 6.—The Workers Party membership of Iowa will meet in Des Moines on Sunday, August 10, afternoon and night, to place electors on the ballot for the fall election for Wm. Z. Foster for President and Ben Gitlow for Vice-President. The question of a state ticket will be taken up at the convention also.

The place of meeting will be the Macabee Hall, formerly known as the Gibson Hall, 611 Locust street. Speaking will be part of the program at the evening session.

Circulation Petitions.

Petitions will be given the delegates attending the convention to circulate and secure five hundred signatures, the number required to place the electors at large on the ballot. Each district elector must have twenty-five signatures to have a place on the ballot. A number of the surrounding communities plan automobile trips to the convention. Sioux City, Centerville, Albia, Hiteaman, Woodward, Avery and others are expected to come that way.

J. E. Snyder, district organizer, with headquarters at 206 Crouse Block, Omaha, Neb., has charge of the arrangements and will be in Des Moines at the New Lloyd Hotel from Thursday, August 7 to Aug. 11.

Mathews' Tour.

Tom Mathews, who has just resigned from the "Mid-West News" of Omaha, will take the "soap-box" for a speaking and organizing tour of Iowa. He will attend the convention and then is engaged for a week at Sioux City. Comrades desiring him to work in their community can either take it up with Snyder and Mathews at the convention or else write to 206 Crouse Block, Omaha, Nebraska.

The organizing campaign will be connected directly with the Foster campaign in Kansas, Nebraska and Iowa and all comrades in these states are requested to get in touch with the Omaha headquarters at once. Help build the party, its press and make Foster votes.

This week Snyder will be at Centerville, at Des Moines from August 7 to 11, at Iowa City on August 13. Plans are under way for meetings at Cedar Rapids, Davenport, Muscatine, Woodward, Madrid and a number of the mining camps around Des Moines, Albia and Centerville.

New York on Edge For Big Picnic of Sunday, August 10

Present indications point to one of the most successful picnics that Local New York has ever arranged. Sunday, August 10, promises to be a great day for the thousands of Workers Party members and friends who will gather in Pleasant Bay Park, Bronx.

The whole party membership of Local New York as well as the Young Workers' League and Junior Section are mobilizing their forces for the athletic events—with just two weeks left to the picnic, close to 100 entries have already been received. Keen rivalry is also being displayed by the Finnish, Checko-Slovak branches, etc. Entries are coming in daily.

Among others there is a sack race for both Juniors and members of the Y. W. U., a three-legged race open to all members besides various other races. Special races have been worked out for women comrades. Beautiful silver and bronze medals with the Hammer and Sickle engraved will be awarded the winners. A base ball game between the Y. W. L. and the party has been arranged. Ben Gitlow, vice-presidential candidate will play for the Workers Party. Harry Winitzky, who umpired many games during his vacation in Sing Sing will act as umpire. The Y. W. L. is making great efforts to organize a team that will beat the party and incidentally gain the silk pennant which will be awarded the winner.

Entries can be sent in until Saturday, August 2nd. No comrade can enter more than three events. No entries will be accepted after that date.

Stop Convict Competition. HARRISBURG, Pa., Aug. 6.—Convict competition with free labor in the printing trades in Pennsylvania will be discontinued by the state, following a recommendation by an investigating commission. For their short working day the convicts, not one of whom was a printer in civil life, received 25c to 50c a day.

Send in that Subscription Today.

TEAPOT TEDDY ROOSEVELT, S WAGES RAISED

Cal Boosts Henchman's Pay, Cuts Workers

(By Federated Press.)

(Special to the DAILY WORKER) WASHINGTON, August 6.—While most of the 500,000 employees of the federal government, affected by the Coolidge reclassification of the civil service, get no increase in pay, and indeed many suffer a cut in wages that are already miserably inadequate, the higher-ups are being given comfortable cushions from which to survey the common herd.

In the navy department, young Theodore Roosevelt, who was frightened so badly by the Teapot Dome expose, is boosted from \$5,000 to \$7,500 a year. In the treasury, Assistant Secretary Wadsworth gets the same raise, and the chief clerk is promoted from \$4,000 to \$5,200. In the interior department, "Faithful" Finney, assistant secretary and one of the deferential aids to Albert Fall in the oil deal, gets \$7,500 in place of \$5,000, while the second assistant, who has drawn \$4,500, likewise gets \$7,500.

The increase from \$5,000 to \$7,500 goes also to First Assistant Postmaster General Bartlett, who has been hammering down the pay of the 300,000 postoffice workers; to the other two assistant postmasters general; to three assistant secretaries of state, and two assistant secretaries of labor. In all, 20 salaries were shoved up to \$7,500, which is all a senator or congressman receives. And some 35 or 40 went up from \$5,000 to \$6,000. A lot of others were raised from \$4,000 to \$5,200.

Opium Conference.

GENEVA, Aug. 6.—The opium commission of the league of nations met in its sixth session to outline a program for the international conference to be held here in November. Holland is representative chairman and stands with France for rigid control of opium distribution. The United States and Great Britain, the latter the chief producer of opium, want production limited. This would of course increase the price.

Send in that Subscription Today.

14-HOUR NIGHT SHIFT ROLLED UP PROFITS FOR MILLIONAIRE PARENTS OF SLAYER LEOPOLD

(Special to The Daily Worker)

MORRIS, Ill., Aug. 6.—Many strikes have occurred in the plant of Nathan Leopold, who has systematically crushed unionism in his paper mill here, it was revealed to the DAILY WORKER by Joe Harrington, 606 East Jackson Street, who was discharged by the father of the Franks slayer for leading a strike in the caddie department two weeks ago.

Leopold, taking over the factory when it paid good wages, installed the speed-up piece work system, and soon reduced the piece work rate. The plant has been kept on long shifts, with low wages, and at every attempt to form a union the workers were ruthlessly brought to terms by Leopold. "We ought to have a union here," said Harrington. "We have had many strikes, but they have never been won because we had no organization behind us and Leopold starved us out. There was a strike in the Leopold factory about five years ago, when wages were reduced and the piece-work bonus taken away from us."

"Last spring," Harrington continued, "the night shift went on strike. The night shift had been working fourteen hours a day and had been receiving the same \$3.00 and \$3.50 a day as the day men received for working ten hours. The night shift in the box factory went on strike for the same rate as the day men. How could they know that Leopold had decided to cut out the night shift in the box department and run it only in the Paper manufacturing department? Leopold fired everyone who went on strike, and stopped the night shift. He just froze the men out without the slightest consideration for them or their families."

Night Shift Grievances.

"The night shift in the paper mill is at present one of the worst grievances the men have," Harrington told the DAILY WORKER. "In the paper mill the men work from 5:30 at night until seven o'clock in the morning and their highest rate of pay is four dollars a day."

"I was fired in the last strike in the caddie department because I suggested to the men that they form a union. I could not doubt go back to work if I promised to be a good little boy in the future, but I prefer to look for another job."

\$15 for Pressmen.

The DAILY WORKER talked to a

lad weighing not more than 90 pounds. "I am sixteen years old," he said. "I run a Gordon press for 15 dollars a week. There are a lot of fellows running presses and machines in the plant who are much smaller than me. I know Donald Steele, the boy who had his leg crushed last week. He is in his second year of high school but had planned not to go back to school this fall."

This lad described the processes of making the paper boxes. After the cardboard comes from the adjoining paper mill in appropriate sizes, girls and young men tending the machines print the labels on the cardboard, cut it to correct size, stitch the cardboard, fold it, wrap it and tie it. The presses are the most modern, there being automatic cylinder presses, Duplex presses, and Gordon presses. Some of the machines complete two processes at once. The work is turned out at a very rapid rate and the youngsters have to work at top speed to keep up to the machines. It was this extreme speed required that was the cause of the crippling of Donald Steele, in the opinion of his fellow-workers.

Leopold Speed System.

Another worker described the systematic way in which Nathan Leopold has reduced the wages of his employes and increased their output. When Nathan Leopold took over the factory less than a decade ago, he found piece work rates too high for his liking. But Leopold established the bonus system. The workers speeded up and received bonuses. Then Leopold wiped away the bonus, and reduced the piece work rate gradually, which meant that the employes had to work for ten hours at break neck speed to get an existing wage.

Send in that Subscription Today.

KU KLUX RAIDS ON JAPANESE IN HOP FIELDS

Armed Men Assail Brown Workers

By MIRIAM ALLEN DEFORD

(Federated Press Staff Correspondent.) HOPLAND, Cal., Aug. 6.—Attacks on Japanese laborers on ranches near Hopland have culminated in the posting of a sign on a packing plant reading: Fire Warning: Oust the Japanese. Ku Klux Klan.

Three raids had been made previously, two automobiles full of armed men having driven to ranches and demanded that Japanese employes leave. Although promised protection, the Japanese disappeared in two of the places, soon after. One of the ranches was owned by a Japanese, but he was not threatened. At one time the raiding party fired several times in the air, then vanished at the approach of a deputy sheriff.

These raids are the reason for recent cables from Tokio, protesting against attacks on Japanese in the Santa Rosa district of California. Hopland, which is in another county from Santa Rosa and some distance north, was the scene of the labor troubles in the hop fields in 1914, which culminated in the Wheatland riot resulting in the life imprisonment of Richard Ford and Herman Suhr. It is now given over to fruit ranches as well as hop fields, and the labor is largely Japanese.

Klan Violence.

BRIDGEPORT, N. J., Aug. 6.—A mob of robed Ku Klux Klan attempted to take Ephraim Cuff, a Negro, from the jail at Bridgeport on June 27, but were prevented by Patrolman Betcher. Cuff had been sentenced on a charge of driving a car while intoxicated.

Wobbly Trial Nov. 3.

SACRAMENTO, Calif., Aug. 6.—The trial of the fourteen I. W. W. (H. E. Hartline et al) arrested in a raid on the organization headquarters in Feb. 1924, resulted in a hung jury on June 30. November 3 has been set for re-trial.

Advertisement for Foster for President, featuring a photograph of Foster and the slogan 'VOTE and WORK FOR FOSTER for PRESIDENT'. Includes a coupon for a 4-month special election campaign subscription for \$2.00.

FOSTER INVADES MAHONING STEEL VALLEY AUG. 24

To Show Up Fake Labor Leaders and Bob LaF.

(Special to The Daily Worker)
 YOUNGSTOWN, O., Aug. 6.—The complete collapse of the last attempt of the American Federation of Labor to organize even a small section of the steel workers, and its criminal waste of the \$75,000 fund turned over to it by William Z. Foster, in his former capacity of Secretary of the Organizing Committee, has made it the laughing stock of the steel workers of Youngstown and of the country and has destroyed all fear that Judge Gary might once have held for the former militant effort led by William Z. Foster.

This is nowhere more plain than in Youngstown and the Mahoning Valley. At the beginning of the latest effort led by Mike Tighe, great promises were made that a corps of organizers would swoop down on Youngstown and "do a real job this time". The local "labor leader" said: "This time the 'Foster idea' will not be followed". The campaign did not materialize and the Youngstown labor leaders were left high and dry.

Bob Let Workers Die.
 However a saviour has appeared on the scene in the guise of Robert M. LaFollette—the same LaFollette, who in the great steel strike of 1919, kept mum on the ruthless treatment of the strikers by the steel corporation and its lackeys. LaFollette was then running to cover against the charge of being opposed to the war. The same labor leaders who are now looking upon him as a saviour, were busy whooping it up to "win the war for democracy". They, no more than LaFollette, entered any protest against the eight lives that were lost in the strike of 1919 in the Mahoning Valley.

Today the alliance between LaFollette, pseudo-Socialists, and the Youngstown fake labor leaders, with the Scripps-Howard newspaper editor and reporters, forms an aggregation known as the Mahoning Valley C.P.A. The Scripps paper has always posed as a champion of "free speech, press and assemblage". Yet Wallace T. Metcalfe, Secretary of the Labor Defense and Free Speech Council of Western Ohio now points out that at the trial of Comrade Andy Kovachovich of Farrell, Pa., charged with violation of the sedition law, the prosecutors in glowing words cited the attack by LaFollette upon the Communists, and expressed the opinion that even this great champion of free speech drew the line at the terrible communists.

Two Big Meetings
 This has not helped LaFollette with the steel workers, and his alliance with the labor leaders who deserted men in the mills is the last straw.

Among the Youngstown "labor leaders" much fear is felt because of the announcement that William Z. Foster will speak, as Workers Party candidate for President, in Youngstown on August 24th. To accommodate the day and night shifts he will address two meetings—one in the afternoon, a big open air demonstration of steel workers to be held at Avon Park; and the other at night in Ukrainian Hall, 525 1/2 West Rayen Avenue. The steel workers of the Mahoning Valley will attend both of these meetings. The Youngstown "labor leaders" will be challenged to show their proof of LaFollette's friendship for the steel workers.

PHILADELPHIA PARTY ACTIVITIES

Street Meetings.
 The enlarged open air committee of Philadelphia C. P. has outlined a series of street meetings for the duration of the campaign. The meetings will be held in all sections of the city and speakers in all languages will address them.
 The committee announces the first meetings of the series:
 Friday, August 7, from 8 p. m. to 11 p. m. Northwest corner Girard Ave. and Marshall Street.
 Saturday, August 8, from 8 p. m. to 11 p. m. Northwest corner Front and Dauphin Streets.

RIVERVIEW—RAIN OR SHINE
 AUGUST 10th—SUNDAY
 PRESS PICNIC DAY

THE WORKERS PARTY

Press Picnic

RAIN OR SHINE will be held at

Riverview Park

August 10th, SUNDAY, Admission 35 cents

The ticket also entitles holder to reduced rates on all the amusements.

Support the

Communist Press

Auspices: Workers Party, Local Chicago.
 All profits for the DAILY WORKER and other party papers.

ONE MINER TELLS ANOTHER THAT CAPITALISM MAKES THE TROUBLE; JOIN WORKERS PARTY TO END IT

John J. Watt, secretary-treasurer, sub-district No. 4 of Illinois, United Mine Workers of America, has sent us the following letters. The first was published in the Illinois Miner, the pathetic plea of an old scrapped worker who has not yet "found the way." The second is Watt's answer to Brother Schrock and ends with the moral: JOIN THE WORKERS PARTY which the DAILY WORKER adds a "second" and a "third" even, so that all the J. C. Schrock's will get it.

Schrock's letter is in part:
 No Work for Old Men.
 Editor Illinois Miner: Where are we going and what are we coming up against? While some are working themselves to death, working time and half and double time, their brothers are idle, can't get a job and are on starvation. Now if you call that unionism I have another name for such workers. Talk about task masters of old. Pharaoh was not in it to the side of some of our task masters of today.

I am sixty years old, haven't had a job for over a year. I am too old, so they say. Can you tell me what to do? They have talked old age pensions but I guess when our old fellows get a pension it will be when we are asleep with our toes sticking straight up. We have had our religious ranters for nineteen hundred years and we have the K. K. K. and what have they done to relieve suffering humanity? Nothing but to antagonize.

I have been in the U. M. W. of A. as a charter member when it first started in Illinois, have dug coal about 35 years. Now what am I to do? Go down to defeat? I see no other way out. For God's sake let some brother say or do something that would keep us from becoming public vagrants and vagabonds.

Yours in fraternalism,
 J. C. SCHROCK,
 Virden, Illinois.
 Watt's answer follows:
 Many Like You, Brother.
 Mr. J. C. Schrock,
 Virden, Illinois.
 Dear Sir and Brother:

The article written by yourself that appeared in the Illinois Miner, issue of July 5th, has just been brought to my attention and your statements are true in regards to the conditions that are existing, not only in the Mining Industries but in many other industries, the facts are that in the Factories of this State, not including mines or other trades, but in the Manufacturing plants alone in this State, there are at the present time over 80,000 workers thrown out of work and conditions at the present time look as though many thousands more will be thrown out before this so-called "Stabilization" period is reached.

Now Brother Schrock, what is the fundamental thing that is wrong whereby not only the man past 60 years of age cannot secure work, but many young, strong, stalwart men cannot find employment? You ask that some one show the way out. I am not going to tickle you by suggesting "super-power," "Stabilization" etc., for they can only at their best just patch up this breaking down system of society and make it just perhaps a little more bearable for a few days.

Capitalism to Blame.
 I say to you that the system known as "Capitalism" can no longer give the workers employment, if not why are you and the other millions of idle workers not employed? Then if it is the "system" that is wrong and we know that not only we but our children are going to suffer much more than we, is it not the right thing to battle to correct the fundamental evil?

"Capitalism" which means the private ownership of the means of production (the machinery) can at any time tell you whether you will work or starve, that being true should we as workers, who are depending upon "machinery" for our bread and butter, allow a few individuals to own that machinery and operate it for profits for themselves, or should all the people own the machinery that produces the necessities of life and operate for their own use when necessary?

The problem of producing the necessities of life has been solved; proof: there is an abundance of everything we need right in front of our eyes, plenty of bread, plenty of shoes and clothing, plenty of everything piled up in piles, and all produced by the workers. Let us claim the right to the goods we have produced, and let us further claim the right to "distribute" those goods to the ones that have produced them. Isn't it funny Brother Schrock, that many of us have for years been voting for a system of society that builds poor houses for the WORKERS, that cannot employ the workers, that takes every thing that the worker produces away from him, after allowing him a morsel with which to keep the bare threads of life together. Isn't it funny we have been doing that for years and years?

Now if we are sincere let's change our ways of doing things: let's supplant this system by a new system whereby the workers shall own, operate and control, the Machines of production and distribution and make goods and distribute the goods for use and happiness instead of allowing private ownership of those things on which our lives depend. The workers can change this system when they make up their minds to do so. This, however, cannot be done at once as the workers have so been divided in their unions, in their religious beliefs, in their fraternal beliefs and in their economic beliefs that it is going to take a little time yet to make the move, BUT THAT MOVEMENT MUST COME ABOUT AND IF THE PRINCIPLE IS RIGHT, THEN LET'S KEEP HAMMERING FOR THE PRINCIPLE.

There are millions of workers out of work now, because our present system cannot hire them. Each piece of machinery that is from now on invented will produce more goods and displace more workers, than the machines it displaces. (This applies to Farrington's Super-Power Idea too.) That being true will not many more thousand be on the verge of starvation and out of work, one, two, three and four years from now? Then what will they do? Will they start thinking that the ownership of the things of life are in the wrong hands, and if they owned the things they produced, would they starve?

WORKERS REJECT COMPANY UNION PLEA OF INSULL

Electrical Workers Fight Big Boss

Beware of Insull.
 EDITOR'S NOTE:—The circular letter which the correspondent enclosed is from the office of the president of the Northern Indiana Gas and Electric Company and is concluded with the name of Samuel Insull. The notorious open-shop, anti-labor, company-union plants which the letter cites as examples are: International Harvester (the foul functioning of its company union has been exposed in the DAILY WORKER); the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company; Bethlehem Steel; Standard Oil of Indiana; Goodrich Tire & Rubber Company; Public Service Company of Northern Illinois; Commonwealth Edison and Peoples Gas, Light and Coke Company.

Samuel Insull is president of the last three companies named and is also president of the Middle West Utilities Company. He is chairman of the board of directors of the Chicago and Interurban Traction Company and of the Chicago, North Shore and Milwaukee Railroad; chairman of the executive committee of the Chicago Elevated Railways; and is a director in Chicago City and Connecting Railways Colateral Trust.

Holding Up Chicago.
 As head of the "L" lines in Chicago, Insull has been holding out his lines from city purchase for an altogether unreasonable sum. Mayor Dever has just passed the buck to the city council to let them take the responsibility for paying Insull's fancy price or—but they won't dare—using their power of confiscation of property for city use. Samuel Insull is "getting pretty" and is making a determined effort to enforce the open-shop throughout all the public utilities which he controls. We are glad to see the workers fight this move of his in Hammond, Whiting and Michigan City, but they'll have to keep up the fight and organize so that foxy Insull won't be able to slip his boss-controlled company-union plan over on them when they aren't prepared.

HAMMOND, Ind., Aug. 6.—To the Daily Worker: The enclosed is a copy of a letter which was sent out by the Northern Indiana Gas and Electric Co., to the employees of the company. This company supplies gas and electricity for Hammond, East Chicago, Whiting, Indiana Harbor, Gary, South Bend and many other Northern Indiana towns.

The electrical workers are organized in the Chicago local. If I am correctly informed there has been no written agreement between the company and the union, but grievances and the matter of wages, hours and working conditions have been settled thru the representative of the Chicago local.

Workers Reject Company Union.
 Now, that industrial depression is with us again it seems that the N. I. G. and E. Co., are trying to take advantage of the situation and break completely with the union by offering a form the employees' representation or company union, and all the good old bunk of co-operation between the master and the slave. It will be noted that the circular letter calls attention to several well-known open shop laboring corporations to show how nicely this proposed plan is working in those plants.

However, the workers in Hammond held a meeting and voted to have nothing to do with this proposition.
 Remember Betrayal
 Also a vote was taken recently on the Indiana Harbor Belt R. R. to determine whether or not the employees wanted a company union.

The employees working in the shops at Gibson voted for a company union as against regular trade unions, while the freight handlers and clerks at the L. C. L. transfer voted to continue with the Brotherhood of Railroad Clerks.
 This is quite natural as it will be remembered that the Gibson shops were affected by the calling off of the strike on the I. H. B. by the Railway Employees Dept. of A. F. of L. last winter without having received any concessions from the company, and leaving the shops operating with strike-breakers. They would vote against the regular trade unions as a matter of course. While the freight handlers and clerks are organized in their regular union and the ballots show that they are not in favor of giving it up for any company union.

H. W. GARNER.
 French N. P. Treaty.
 WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Formal exchange of ratifications between the United States and France on the treaty between the two countries concerning the Syrian mandate has been made in Paris, according to word received by the State Department today from ambassador Myron T. Herrick. The Treaty was signed and ratified by the American congress sometime ago.

CANADIAN WHEAT FARMERS LEARN TO FIGHT WITH WORKERS TO END ALL CAPITALIST DICTATORSHIP

By H. M. BARTHOLOMEW (Communist Party of Canada)

EDMONTON, Alta., Aug. 6.—The agrarian crisis in Canada is becoming acute. It must be remembered that the farmers of the Northwest are dependent upon one crop—wheat. This very dependence upon wheat makes the lot of the tillers of the soil even more servile and destitute than that of his confreres "south of the line."

The past five years has witnessed the proletarianization of the farmers at an alarming rate. Mortgages and debts have increased at a tremendous rate so that the majority of the farmers are completely divorced from the soil they till. 'Tis true that the farmers are still chloroformed by the poison of "private ownership" but the rapid growth of debts and mortgages is tearing the mask of ownership from off the face of the farmers. The western farmers are landless peasants masquerading in the role of a propertied employer of labor.

This rapid pauperization of the farmer is due, to a large degree, to the increasing gulf between the prices of industrial and agricultural products. Thus we find that the prices of what the farmer buys have increased about one hundred and twenty per cent in ten years, whilst the prices of farm products have actually been reduced. It requires no great knowledge of economics to realize that the farmers are yearly becoming poorer.

Increasing Mortgages.
 The pauperization process takes the form of mortgages and debts. The divorcee from ownership is concealed in this manner from the eyes of the tillers of the soil. He is only dimly aware of the developments proceeding under his very eyes.

In the three prairie provinces the farm debts total in excess of one billion dollars. The average indebtedness is about five thousand dollars per half-section of land, and it must be remembered that ninety-four per cent of the farms carry a mortgage.

These debts and mortgages are on the increase. Last year the Canadian "farmers" enjoyed the largest crop in the history of the country. But the total net proceeds of that crop fell seventy million dollars in comparison with the proceeds of the much smaller crop of the previous year. Moreover, the average price received for the wheat crop was sixty-seven cents per bushel—or thirty-three cents below the minimum costs of production.

Small wonder that thousands of farmers are forced to leave the farms—to swell the ranks of the unemployed in the cities! Small wonder that tens of thousands of farmers are face to face with bankruptcy right at this moment.

An Acute Crisis.
 The writer has just completed a tour of the three prairie provinces. He knows that tens of thousands of farmers are faced with utter destitution. They are menaced with foreclosures, with seizures of crops. The sheriff of the implement and mortgage corporations looms large and ugly.

The situation is rendered more acute by the prolonged drought which has prevailed over large tracts of wheat lands. The crop yield has not only been greatly reduced in many districts but has been completely wiped out over huge tracts of land. The drought stricken farmer, already heavily mortgaged and indebted, has no money, no crops, no feed for his stock—is confronted with utter destitution.

Nor should we forget that the industrial crisis which the banking barons have tried to foreshadow, is hitting the productive machinery of the cities and towns. Steel, iron, textiles, coal, lumber and a host of other industries report reduced production. The ranks of the "bread line" are increasing daily. In some towns "the city fathers" have been forced to increase the number of families on unemployed relief—in the month of July mark you!

The international prospect is by no means rosy—despite the frantic efforts of Morgan et al to rehabilitate European capitalism. It is becoming increasingly apparent that an acute agrarian and industrial crisis on a world scale is upon us.

Destitute Farmers.
 The dependence of the farmers of the Northwest on the wheat market

NEW YORK CITY Party Activities

House "Cooling."
 The West Side Branch has opened its headquarters at 345 West 39th Street, where the Greek Branch is located. Since it won't do to celebrate this event with a "house warming" in August, we'll make it an ice cream party, coming Friday, August 8. All will be able to enjoy dancing—actively as well as passively—since the Young Workers League will send some of its stars to perform for us. If you won't be cool it'll be your fault. Come and celebrate with us the beginning of the campaign to put the Irish West Side on the Communist map.
 OPEN AIR MEETINGS.
 Saturday, August 9.
 Section 1—Oliver and Madison Sts.—Speaker: Ettlinger.
 Section 2—163rd St. and So. Blvd.—Speaker: Rebecca Grecht.
 Section 3—Grand Street Extension.—Speakers: Rose P. Stokes and George Primoff.
 Section 4—Stone and Pitkin Ave.—Joe Brady.
 Section 5—25th St. and Mermaid Ave.—Speakers to be announced.
 Union Hill, New Jersey.
 Tuesday, August 5—14th St. and Bergen Ave.—Speaker: Sam Darcy.
 Saturday, August 9—Speakers to be announced.

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MICHIGAN MEET STIRS WORKERS AGAINST WARS

Speakers at Hamtramck Loudly Cheered

By E. CONSTANTINE. (Special to The Daily Worker.)
 DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 6.—Several hundred workers of various nationalities gathered Wednesday night at the International Workers Home in Hamtramck, at a meeting of protest held under the auspices of the Workers Party and the Young Workers League. In spite of the extremely hot evening the meeting was a successful one in every way.

E. H. Mody, an active member of the Y. W. L., presided. Speakers of the evening were: Comrade Owens, speaking in English; Comrade Elezszuk, in Russian; Comrade B. K. Gebert, in Polish; and Comrade Kuznir, in Ukrainian.

They called the attention of the audience to the fact that all imperialistic wars are waged in the interest of the capitalist and that the oppressors of the working class are already mobilizing their forces for another slaughter of the working masses, although it's only ten years since the world war started, during which over 20 millions people lost their lives. To prevent such further wars—the speakers pointed out—workers of the world must prepare themselves for class war against the capitalists of the world to end all wars.

The audience applauded the speakers enthusiastically and unanimously accepted the proposed resolution condemning capitalist conspiracies for future slaughters of the working class and calling the workers of the world to declare a war that will end all wars by abolishing the present capitalist dictatorship and building up a proletarian state governed by the dictatorship of the working class.

Mobilization Day Becomes Political Issue for Coolidge

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Now that both the Bryan brothers and John W. Davis have joined in protest against Coolidge's Mobilization day scheme, and Gov. Sweet of Colorado has declared against it, the Coolidge administration discovers that "adequate national defense" is a campaign issue. The Coolidge press is assailing the Foster-Gitlow ticket as anti-militaristic, and also in classing the LaFollette-Wheeler movement as opposed to the plans and ambitions of the general staff and Secretary Weeks.

Two-thirds of the Democrats in both branches of congress are militarist, just as are two-thirds of the Republican members.

Filers in Iceland.
 HORNAPFJORD, Iceland, Aug. 6.—Lt. Lowell Smith and Lt. Eric Nelson, United States Army round-the-world aviators departed at 9:15 o'clock this morning for Reykjavik. From Reykjavik the flyers will jump off for Greenland.

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PICKETS DEFY SLUGGING COPS IN BALTIMORE

(By The Federated Press) BALTIMORE, Aug. 6.—Police are beating up pickets in the International Ladies Garment Strike in Baltimore. But despite violence on the part of police and strikebreakers the strike, which began July 23, has grown until it has tied up the industry. Citizens who are disgusted with the authorities' invasion of the rights of strikers and who realize for the first time the sweat shop conditions in the Baltimore clothing market, propose that Governor Ritchie appoint a mediation commission to settle the conflict along the lines laid down by Governor Smith's commission in the similar struggle in New York City.

Teachers Advised to Follow Miners Plan and Organize

SEATTLE, Aug. 6.—Coal miners can give school teachers valuable lessons in protection against arbitrary bosses, declares the University Journal, organ of the University of Washington department of journalism. Teachers are described by the journal as underpaid and overworked. Miners are also underpaid—"but the miners know that better wages will not be forthcoming unless they fight and bring pressure to bear." The editorial reminds teachers that "educators may hold meeting after meeting, talk, even rave about their inadequate salaries, but until they organize and learn to wield the big stick, their verbal wallings will sound as tinkling cymbals."

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SINGLE PLUTOCRATS GETTING AS MUCH AS 35,000 ORDINARY FAMILIES, TAX RECORDS SHOW

By LELAND OLDS (Federated Press Industrial Editor)

The combined personal income received during 1922 by the country's 4 super-multimillionaires would provide for over 35,000 families at the average 1922 wage, according to figures in the 1924 preliminary report of the U. S. internal revenue. Similarly the 15 individuals who received personal incomes of more than \$2,000,000 could support over 78,000 families on the same basis.

The four men who lead America's caste of wealth, with incomes in excess of \$5,000,000, received in 1922 a total of \$45,890,939 giving each an average income of \$11,472,735. They received between them \$29,948,839 in dividends alone and \$15,562,709 in what is termed capital net gain (profits from assets sold after two years). Less than 1 per cent of their receipts represented return for service to the community. In 1920 there were also 4 men with incomes in excess of \$5,000,000 but in that year they received only \$41,455,173 or \$10,363,793 per capita.

The combined personal income of the 19 individuals receiving more than \$2,000,000 each was \$95,507,638 of which \$51,822,481 was derived from dividends and \$33,105,923 from capital net gain. In 1920, the last year of prosperity before the depression, there were only 11 individuals listed with incomes in excess of \$2,000,000. In that year the total income of this group was \$68,712,373.

Absentee Ownership. The extent to which absentee ownership of property is the chief source of these huge personal incomes is revealed by the internal revenue statistics. They show a steady decrease in the proportion of income for personal service, from 69.9 per cent in the case of incomes between \$1,000 and \$2,000 down to 0.6 per cent in the case of the 4 largest incomes.

The table shows for each income group the percentage of total income derived from wages and salaries, from business and partnerships, and from property:

Table with columns: INCOME CLASS 1922, Pct. Property, Pct. Property. Rows include income brackets from \$1,000 to \$5,000,000 and over.

Unearned Income. Unearned income predominates in incomes of \$50,000 or over. And this unearned income, paid simply for the ownership of the country's natural resources and machinery, looms larger in the internal revenue report than in any previous year. The receipts of property owners from rents, royalties, interest and dividends as reported to

ANOTHER SPY AGAINST LABOR IS UNCOVERED

Pittsburgh Bosses and D. of J. Paid Him

(Special to the Daily Worker.) PITTSBURGH, Aug. 6.—Another labor spy leech has been discovered working in this district. He is at present located in the Penn building on Penn ave. where the business agents of the Machinists, Molders, and Patternmakers unions of the metal trades council have their offices. He is masquerading as a "realtor" and does a little bootlegging on the side.

The dick has used various names: L. M. Walsh, L. M. Wendall, C. H. Wentzell, J. F. Conrad, Ed Williams and is familiarly hailed by his fellow spies and the members of the Employers' Association as "Comrade." Spied on Radicals. This "Comrade" has had the task of posing as a radical and reporting the activities of radical workers among the metal workers especially. He arranged to be "arrested" during the 1919 Steel Strike and of course was soon released.

It has been falsely stated that "Comrade" dined William Z. Foster, Workers Party candidate for president, who was active in the Steel Strike. Foster declares that this is a lie and that he has never seen the man, so far as he knows. "Comrade" first worked as an "undercover" man for the Otis Elevator Company of Cleveland, Ohio, his native state. Later he worked for the Mintz Detective Agency in that city.

He was assigned to the Pittsburgh office of the Department of Justice's bureau of investigation and was greeted by another special agent named Arthur Burgoyne. This Burgoyne is in the employ of the Carnegie Steel Company and has ambitions to become agent in charge of the Pittsburgh office of the bureau of investigation. "Comrade" took an office in the same suite occupied by the Employers' Association in the Oliver Bldg. His reports remained in the files of the employers' organization and the information he gathered was published in the bulletin of that gang of exploiters. His reports remained in their files long after the D. of J. gave him the gate, because "Comrade" just fell in to the arms of the bosses' association and took his pay direct from them when Burns cut him off.

Bosses' Aid. Only a few months ago, "Comrade" moved, fearing that the Employers' bulletins would disclose his connection with the bosses if he remained in the Oliver Bldg. There is nothing to prove that the dick is not still in the employ of the employers, however.

His checks from the bosses were made out to J. F. Conrad and were deposited to the credit of Ed Williams. He is supposed to live in a Pittsburgh suburb and have a phone under the name of Williams. (Editor's Note: Anyone who has further information on this labor spy or on any other dick spying on labor and radical activities is urgently requested to assist the Labor Defense Council, 166 W. Washington Blvd., by supplying that data at once for their special "spy encyclopedia.")

Poland is Stricken by Unemployment; Many Bankruptcies

WARSAW, Poland, Aug. 6.—Unemployment is stalking thru Poland since the attempted stabilization of the currency. Just as in Germany, Austria, Czechoslovakia and other countries, the minute stabilization takes place, many businesses that kidded themselves they were making money when they took in worthless paper are going bankrupt. The industries of Poland are working only part-time, if at all. Of 300,000 workers in industry, 22 per cent are working 6 days a week, 32 per cent 5 days, 27 per cent 4 days, the rest only 3 days and less.

Send in that Subscription Today.

CAL'S AGRICULTURAL SECRETARY ADMITS "BILLION DOLLAR" WHEAT FARMERS' "PROSPERITY" IS FAKE

By LAURENCE TODD (Federated Press Staff Correspondent)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Whether Coolidge and reaction shall march back to power over a highway built of lies, is the issue raised by discovery that the "billion-dollar prosperity of the western wheat farmer" is a myth. The first big campaign fake, circulated by the Associated Press and accepted by the tory press as gospel, is officially discredited by no less authority than the United States department of agriculture. Meanwhile, the primaries in Texas, Kentucky, Kansas, Missouri, Oklahoma, Virginia and Tennessee, affecting the reactionary or progressive character of the next congress, have been materially influenced by this wholesale deception.

What are the facts as to this "prosperity," which the Associated Press announced was "making many farmers wealthy," and was adding over a billion dollars to the assets of the wheat farmers and corn growers? "It is possible," says Secretary Wallace's statement, "that American wheat growers will get from \$100,000,000 to \$200,000,000 more for their wheat this year than last, assuming that they sell something over 500,000,000 bushels." This is the situation disclosed in the department's monthly review of crop conditions. "This is considerably less than the \$1,000,000,000 increase estimated in some quarters, but bespeaks an increased ability to pay off debts and a general improvement in financial conditions in the wheat country.

Corn Growers Badly Off. "On the other hand, the corn situation is by no means good. Stands are extremely spotted, many fields full of weeds, and much of the crop is so far behind that it will need something approaching a frostless fall to mature. Corn is a feed crop and high prices add mainly to the cost of livestock production." After showing that expensive corn this fall will presumably force stock men to continue to sell their breeding animals, and that hogs and high-grade cattle will be higher in price next year, the review admits that "The South is considered to be going thru critical days now," altho cotton may bring in more money than in 1923.

It winds up with this statement: The index of purchasing power of farm products is slowly rising, moving up to 79 in June (relative to the year 1913 taken as 100) or 10 per cent higher than any other June in four years.

All It Amounts To. So the billion-dollar wheat prosperity and the two-billion-dollar farmer opulence which has been touted by Brisbane, the Curtis Publishing Co. and the A. P. comes down to a 10 per cent recovery from extreme deflation, and to warnings that the cost of feed for hogs and cattle is going up. Most of the voters in the states whose primary elections take place before the middle of August will not know that they have been victimized by a colossal lie.

Send in that Subscription Today.

BIG AUSTRALIAN UNION RUNS 3 STRONG PAPERS

Industrial Organization Has Flourishing Press

(By The Federated Press.) SYDNEY, N. S. W., Aug. 6.—Labor dailies in Australia are generally having a hard time of it. Two have recently suspended. They were The World of Hobart, Tasmania and The Daily Herald of Adelaide, South Australia. A third The Labor Daily of Sydney is in a bad way financially.

The only Labor daily in Australia that is proving a success is the Daily Standard of Brisbane, Queensland and the success of this daily is largely due to the fact that it exists in a state where Labor has ruled for the past 10 years. In a totally different position are the weekly Labor newspaper in Australia. The Australian Worker of Sydney, the leading Labor organ in Australia, has a circulation of nearly 100,000 and is in an exceedingly healthy financial condition. The Queensland Worker of Brisbane comes next with a circulation of 30,000. The Western Australian Worker of Perth, Western Australia, 20,000 subscribers. All three papers are owned by the Australian Workers' Union, the largest industrial union in Australia. There are other weekly Labor organs in Australia, but not in the same flourishing condition.

OLYMPIA, Aug. 6.—Speaking before the convention of the Washington State Federation of Labor, A. D. Goss, of the farmers' State Grange said that butter substitutes had put 23,000 dairy cows out of business and had thrown 15,000 men in dairying out of a job.

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4836. Figured foulard with facings of satin was used for this design. It is also a good model for linen, crepe or English broadcloth. The skirt is joined to bodice or underbody portions. The blouse may be finished with very short sleeve portions or with the added long bell portion. The pattern is cut in 7 sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. To make as illustrated for a 38-inch size will require 1 yard of 36-inch lining for the underbody, 3/4 yards of 40-inch figured material and 1/2 yard of plain material. The width of the skirt at the foot is 3 1/2 yards, with plaits extended. Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 12c in silver or stamps. Send 12c in silver or stamps for our UP-TO-DATE FALL AND WINTER 1924-1925 BOOK OF FASHIONS.



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Flat Janitors' Union Head Indicted Second Time for "Conspiracy"

William E. Quesse, president of the Flat Janitors' Union, has been indicted again with three union men and on charges of a "general conspiracy to boycott and intimidate." Three years ago Quesse and ten others were indicted and after many delays convicted of extortion. Governor Len Small saved Quesse from going to prison this spring when the Janitors' Union men were active Small supporters in the primary election campaign.

The present indictment was brought about chiefly by testimony of Dr. A. J. Alcorn, one of the owners of the Farwell Beach Hotel, who claimed that Claude Lagey, one of Quesse's associates, ordered his janitor off the job and attempted to put in a union man. Dr. Alcorn alleged that the Janitors' Union held up deliveries to the hotel when he refused to deal with them. Peter Lagey and Gus Van Heck are the other men named in the indictments.

St. Louis Council Just as Scabby as Mayor Stephen

EAST ST. LOUIS, Ill., Aug. 6.—The city council indorses Mayor Stephen's strike-breaking tactics against the striking street paving workers. The Keeley construction Co. replaced the strikers and the mayor complied with the contractor's request for police protection. The city council approves of the mayor's municipal strike-breaking agency. AUGUST 10th—SUNDAY PRESS PICNIC DAY RIVERVIEW—RAIN OR SHINE AUGUST 10th—SUNDAY PRESS PICNIC DAY Send in that Subscription Today.

Uncle Wiggily's Tricks



Gary Wonders if It's Worth While Obeying the Law

NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—Judge Gary and the steel trust may defy the decision of the federal trade commission ordering the U. S. Steel Corporation to cease its so-called Pittsburgh plus by which it illegally increases its profits. The steel trust directorate meeting in New York, instead of accepting the decision adjourned for three weeks to await advice of counsel.

Japanese Fishers Strike

SAN PEDRO, Cal., Aug. 6.—The striking fishermen, most of them Japanese, are attempting to prevent a cut of \$70 a ton on white tuna fish, or albacore. The strike has lasted nearly two weeks and has about 8,000 men out of work and tied up 1200 fishing boats. The packers offer only \$150 a ton now as against the \$220 offered at the beginning of the season. They have suggested a compromise of \$175 but the fishermen are holding out for a sum nearer the first figure.

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A LAUGH FOR THE CHILDREN. What's the matter with this? You can't park here! Where can we park? Can't get in here!

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The Anglo-Russian Break

It is significant that the key question over which the reported breakdown of Anglo-Russian negotiations took place was the demand of the "labor" government of imperialist Britain that the Workers' Soviet Republic renounce its right to nationalize the industries in Russia which had been gobbled up by foreign capitalists during the Czarist tyranny.

At the same time it is announced that the "radical socialist" Premier Herriot, of France, "is known to have become lukewarm recently toward Russian negotiations." The Wall Street press slyly notes that Morgan's whiskered messenger boy, Secretary Hughes, beat the Soviet emissary, Comrade Kameneff, to Paris.

Hughes is bludgeoning Europe into line for Morgan. The prize spokesmen of American imperialism, the New York Times, gloats over the end of "American isolation" and gleefully remarks that however "unofficial" is the visit of Secretary Hughes to the capitals of Europe, "all Europe is thanking God (read, thank Morgan) while America (read, Morgan) stands by openly rejoicing."

"We" are in Europe! In Europe to stop the westward course of Bolshevism. Hughes frankly acknowledges that if Europe wants American help it must fight Bolshevism. The MacDonald insult and the Herriot "lukewarmness" toward the Soviets are the result. If Hughes can do so, it will be again the inhuman blockade, Vorovsky assassinations, "libertarian" attentats within Russia and, perhaps, war against the first Workers' and Farmers' Republic. War marches on the heels of Hughes.

In this conflict between American imperialism and Leninism, the revolutionary workers of America stand behind Trotsky in his challenge to the expansion of murderous Morganism. And Hughes, he is so little welcomed as the "savior of Europe" that in Berlin he dares not go upon the street except under heavy guard.

The Flag Follows Oil

By virtue of the American government's grabbing another strip of land from the weak republic of Panama the area of the United States is now larger by twenty-two miles.

The announcement of this land-grab was given practically no publicity by the press. Even the financial papers saw fit to give very little publicity to this incident. Following the terms of the treaty of February 26, 1904 and in the path of the revolution engineered in Panama by Roosevelt, President Coolidge went ahead and issued an executive order adding this territory to the Canal Zone.

Why the secrecy about this sudden awakening as to this need for more land in the Canal Zone? Merely to put this question is to answer it. Recent months have seen several big American oil firms acquiring an extensive acreage of land in Panama. These companies are drilling for oil. It is said that this little republic has large oil tracts of high merit.

The steal just perpetrated by the President of the United States is of two-fold import. Commercially it would be of tremendous advantage to the American capitalists to have oil close at hand in Panama. Such oil will be particularly economical in supplying fuel for the steamships passing thru the Canal. The establishment of American refineries on the west coast of South and Central America will be of invaluable aid to Yankee business men in their transactions with the Latin-American countries.

Then there is the military and naval advantage that will accrue to the United States from this land grab. In time of war American military forces stationed at the Canal would not be imperilled by the possible misfortune that might overcome tankers bringing them fuel from the outside. Oil within the pipe-line reach of the Canal Zone will release for her the warship convoy that would be necessary for the protection of these tankers.

The American flag is beginning to drip oil from every one of its corners, from every fringe and thread of its fabric in Persia, in Sakhalien, in Venezuela, in the near and far east, and in Panama. The Sinclair Consolidated owns more than a million and a quarter acres here. The Gulf Oil Co., the Texas Co., and the Standard Oil of California also own great acres of oil land in the Darien region of Panama. The Royal Dutch Shell is here to contest their inroads. Now the American flag is here, following the Yankee oil prospectors, and warning the British interests to get out. Our flag does follow oil.

Reaping the Whirlwind

Mrs. Rosalie Evans, an American citizen by birth and a British subject thru marriage, has just met with death in Mexico.

This incident may bring about a situation fraught with great dangers for the struggling Mexican republic. The death of Mrs. Evans will undoubtedly be seized upon by the British imperialist government as a further cause for demanding that the International Bankers' Committee tighten up on Mexico. Our own capitalists, being close partnership with the English financiers in Europe, may yield to such pressure.

For some time Mrs. Evans, who was a wealthy landowner in Mexico, was resisting the supreme law of the land. Mrs. Evans was violating the Mexican constitutional provision as to land. Mrs. Evans refused to carry out the law which provided for turning over to the workers of the land all acreage over the fixed limits. More than that, Mrs. Evans totally disregarded all the provisions of the constitution dealing with working conditions.

It is this flagrant disregard of the highest law of the Mexican Republic that proved a source of serious difficulties for Mrs. Evans. As a matter of fact, Mrs. Evans even went so far as to hire private armed men to defend her hacienda and herself in the violation of the constitution. Under such circumstances, with Mrs. Evans waging private war against the Mexican workers and the constitution of the republic, it was inevitable that serious consequences should ensue. Mrs. Evans is simply reaping the whirlwind she herself has sown.

For scores of years the Mexican working and farming masses have been giving away their lives and spilling their best blood on account of the manipulations of the foreign and native capitalist exploiters and landowners. After ten years of continuous revolution the masses forced the adoption of certain constitutional provisions guaranteeing them a few elemental rights. Mrs. Evans was attempting to rob the workers and peasants of Mexico of these hard-earned elementary rights.

The numerous years of bloodshed for the Mexican masses has never brought a wail from our imperialist kept press. These defenders of the capitalist faith cry only when the profit system, when an exploiter is in danger or meets with defeat and disaster.

The American Okhrana

The Civil Liberties Union has done a service by issuing a pamphlet exposing the enormous growth of the government's secret, political police. This arm of the capitalist dictatorship goes under the name of the Bureau of Investigation of the Department of Justice.

This bureau did not exist until 1908. Nothing challenged capitalist rule. They didn't need it. But in 1924 it confesses to employ 700 spies engaged in spying on labor unions, workers' political parties and "radicals" of any real or pretended sort. If a union man arises in his local meeting and speaks against capitalist profits, the fact is duly entered on a card in Washington. The graft has been good. Nearly six times as much money is being spent this year than ten years ago. This year's bill will be \$2,283,863.

The excuse given that these huge sums are to "catch criminals" falls flat. There has been only six and two-tenths per cent increase in cases prosecuted in the last ten years in federal courts, and actually less convictions obtained. But six times the money is used.

Aside from the card file of 200,000 workers and "radicals" the government illegally used money to practically bribe state and local officials to "raid the reds" and try them for "criminal syndicalism," as in Michigan. Upon occasion its agents commit crimes and cinch their jobs "searching for the criminals."

In a foreword the Civil Liberties Union hopefully states, "It looks like this spy system was about to be rooted out by the new Attorney-General, Harlan F. Stone." Piffle! Do you think the capitalist dictatorship is going to throw away all those nice cards with our names and doings recorded, and abandon the system? We know all will be on hand in a "pinch," with new dope and dopsters.

If we had no other evidence we would merely take the fact that before the Bolshevik revolution in 1917, "investigation" cost Uncle Sam only \$617,534, but after the Soviets seized power in Russia in the name of the world proletariat, it needed \$1,748,226 to "investigate" in 1918. And the sum since has been rising, just as has the Soviet "menace."

Col. James A. Logan, the American delegate to the London Conference, declares that this gathering "is the most successful one since the treaty of Versailles." Stocks rose at once on the Wall Street market. But we cannot forget that Versailles was so "successful" that this Conference had to meet to dodge the danger of immediate war between and among the Allies themselves.

After peddling a swarm of lies about the "failure" of the Soviet officials to preserve the body of Lenin, boasting that some enemy had destroyed it, and getting indignant because this mythical enemy had been shot by the Cheka, the plute press has to publish the fact that the embalmers performed a miracle of life-like restoration.

The papers are full of tosh about how Tweedledee Coolidge spent the week-end yachting while Tweedledee Davis passed Sunday on the links. The workers will remember that these parasites pass their lives this way, while workers sweats in the slums and farmers sweat in the harvest sun. It's a nice world!

What Wall Street Thinks of Davis

By JAY LOVESTONE WHAT does Wall Street think of John W. Davis, the Democratic nominee for President?

Here are some of the opinions taken from authoritative, recognized, spokesmen of the biggest business interests in the country. We present the expressions from seven widely recognized organs of the most powerful financial industrial groups of the country.

Wall Street Journal Mr. Candor of the Washington Staff of the Wall Street Journal, which has the largest circulation of American financial newspapers, said the following about the nomination of Davis in the issue of July 10th 1924:

"The Democratic national convention has reached the best possible solution of an almost impossible situation, with the nomination of John W. Davis of West Virginia and New York, for President of the United States."

"From the strictly non-partisan point of view, the Davis nomination insures a clean campaign conducted on thoroughly national issues...."

"This writer knows many men of both parties who served in the Congress with Davis, and he has yet to hear one say that the new Democratic candidate is anything but able and clear-sighted. Supreme Court Justices have said that Davis, as Solicitor General, was the most able government lawyer who ever appeared before the high court. His record as Ambassador to the Court of St. James is one of the outstanding bright spots of the Wilson administration."

Coal Age "The July 17th Weekly Review issued by the Coal Age organ of the strongest coal magnates sums up the nomination of Davis in this significant fashion:

"Clutching any straw within reach, the coal industry rejoices that the long, drawn out convention of the democrats has finally come to an

end and heaves a sigh of relief that the choice of a candidate fell to one not likely to indulge in rampages for regulation if his campaign for election should prove successful. Whether this is the herald of the early approach of the long hoped-for upturn in business, or not, it marks the passing of what, in some quarters, has been regarded as one of the obstacles in the path of business resumption."

The New York Commercial "This oldest of our financial newspapers, which prides itself on being called "The National Business Newspaper," made the following observations of the Democratic nominee in its issue of July 10th:

"In nominating John W. Davis for the Presidency, the Democratic Party has assured the country that it has neither trade nor parity with that species of radicalism which has acclaimed itself "progressive," while it is really destructive.

"Mr. Davis is sane, normal, intelligent, capable, efficient, and experienced. He stands with his feet on the ground, not with his head in the clouds. He has a knowledge of the needs of the country and his record as a diplomat in the Court of St. James proves him a wise man so far as the nation's foreign relationships are concerned.

"Mr. Davis, like Mr. Coolidge, is entirely competent to fill the great office of President of the United States. In the election of either man the country has nothing to fear. It is inconceivable that selfish blocs or associations should, in the mad pursuit of government aid, get any encouragement in the White House, when it is tenanted by either Coolidge or Davis—and since one of the two is to be chosen at the polls in November, it is something of a pleasure to give that assurance to Commercial readers.

"The outcome of the long drawn-out strife of the convention in Madison Square Garden is encouraging. If Mr. Davis does not amalgamate all sane divisions of his party it will not be because he is not all right but the other way around.

"Whatever of apprehension business men the country over have been experiencing, because of the political outlook, can now be dismissed. The nomination of John W. Davis has, we believe, restored to the commercial and financial world that feeling of confidence in the future which is so necessary for the free and untrammeled progress of what we all know under the general head of business."

The National Republican "Even the National Republican, the official mouthpiece of the most reactionary section of the Republican party, could not desist from praising Mr. Davis. In its issue of July 19th it declared:

"John W. Davis of West Virginia, is perhaps second in ability to no public man of the period. A scholar and gentleman of high personal character, wide and successful experience in public affairs and of proven capacity in his profession and in public life, his fortuitous nomination by a convention worn out with fruitless effort to nominate someone else, puts at the forefront of the Democratic campaign the most creditable candidate, personally, perhaps, who has carried the standard of his party since the Civil War.

"John W. Davis is a man of great ability and high character, who if elected, would make a capable president."

Barron's Weekly Mr. C. W. Barron, the editor of this national financial weekly, appearing in New York, Boston, and Philadelphia, was rather generous in his opinions of Mr. Davis, as can be seen from the following excerpt from an article of his appearing in his organ under date of July 21st, and purporting to be a summary of the views held in financial circles:

"Mr. Davis stands very high as a lawyer and adviser in the financial, business, and the political world. Indeed he is ranked by certain of his admirers along with Choate and Root. He is sound in every way as a man and professionally, and the wonder is that he could come forth as a presi-

dential candidate from such a convention as that which for so many days held the attention and something of the interest of the American people. "Nobody can question the standing of Davis. He stands for stalwart Americanism. The Democratic party made its best possible play to redeem the convention fiasco by naming such a man."

St. Louis Liberty Central Trust Co. Monthly Review

President J. L. Johnston, of the Liberty Central Trust Company of St. Louis, expressed the attitude of Western bankers towards Mr. Davis in his last monthly Business Review, when he said:

"From the standpoint of all who desire to see our national affairs conducted on a sensible basis, with no compromise offered to destructive and unproductive forces, the outcome of the two great political conventions is highly satisfactory. The individual will prefer one nominee or the other; in any event he should rest assured that the next Chief Executive will do all in his power to keep the business, industrial, and agricultural life of the nation on an even keel."

The Commercial and Financial Chronicle

In its July 12th issue, this spokesman of the most important industrial and banking interests of the country, strongly endorsed Mr. Davis. In its lavish praise of the Democratic nominee the Chronicle declared:

"The whole business world has reason to feel gratified over the outcome of the Democratic National convention. In the turmoil through which this convention passed during the last two weeks, hardly any one had dared to hope for the selection as the nominee for President of a man of the calibre of John W. Davis. It can be said without reservation that Mr. Davis is qualified in every way to fill the Presidential Office should the choice of the electorate fall upon him.

"Mr. Davis commands the support of all the different elements of the party. There is in that circumstance occasion for the greatest rejoicing."

"BOYCOTT FINNISH PRODUCTS," PLEAD OPPRESSED POLITICAL PRISONERS OF "BUTCHER" LAND

WORKERS OF ALL THE WORLD! The political victims of Black Finland appeal to your class solidarity.

Hear the cry of your brothers suffering in prison hells. "Fully normal conditions prevail in Finland." This is what the representatives of White Finland state in foreign lands in order to cleanse the "innocent" blue-white flag of their country of the blood stains of the White Terror. "Finland is a constitutional state," they blazon forth, "it is the bulwark of western culture against the barbarism of the east. Finland is a civilized state."

Yes it is! Just the same as all other "civilized states" which are based on treachery, falsehood, injustice, deception and reckless violence. Bayonets, the army, and a special class-army, the weapons of the executioners of a hundred or so defense guard companies, that is what this "civilized state" rests on. Its soil is still drenched with the blood of tens of thousands of fallen, shot, mutilated and famished workers. Its prisons are still crammed full of political prisoners and its "impartial" courts hardly find time to sentence all the "criminals."

COMRADES! WORKERS OF ALL THE WORLD! Little Finland has over one thousand political prisoners according to official information. A great portion of us are those who were still left alive after the great butchery that occurred six years ago, but who have since then been confined in prison dungeons. In addition there are several hundred who have been thrown behind the bars since 1918, several hundred who have dared—not to take up arms, not to revolt—but to aid the widows and orphans of their murdered comrades, to organize labor organizations and work in them, to read Communist literature, to admit being Communists.

Even for our opinions we have been sentenced! And recently nearly two hundred comrades were sentenced to the penitentiary for many years merely for the reason of having belonged to a labor party, which has been sympathetic toward the Communist International, not affiliated with it. In this manner prisons here gain occupants, in this manner White Finland defends "western culture and legal procedure."

Torture System of our Prison Hells. In other parts of the world political prisoners have at least partial privileges compared to common criminals. How about White Finland? Nearly to the contrary. Only a few of us may enjoy the so-called "political" privileges," read bourgeois newspapers and receive a portion of the food delivered by our relatives. These "political" privileges are remnants of the "conciliatory efforts" of the class war, by which the bourgeoisie attempted to plaster the bleeding wounds of the proletariat. Even these "privileges," as said, are enjoyed by a few, and they are being diminished from day to day. One comrade after another, who is suspected of being an "agitator," is transferred, on the basis of mere suspicion, into the same prisons with individual criminals. The greater portion of the political prisoners is therefore without any privileges and in many respects in a more wretched condition than common criminals.

We are compelled to live in cold, drafty holes, where the roofs leak and where the only properly built portions are the iron bars. We are compelled to perform our compulsory labor in crowded, dusty, stuffy shops, which lack the most elementary requirements from the viewpoint of health. In case of illness we receive no care, even the unable to rise from our beds, and when epidemics rage we are allowed to die for lack of care in the corners of our dungeons. The "care of the sick" provided by the prisons is only an imposition upon us and mockery at the expense of the lives of the prisoners.

Cannot Write In Prison. All means are used to suppress our efforts to educate ourselves. We are not allowed to loan books to one another. Even a great portion of the pure bourgeois books of general knowledge, not speaking of any labor literature, have been included in the list of "forbidden literature." We are not allowed to make memorandum notes from all of the "permitted works," especially those of a social nature, and all original writing is forbidden under threat of punishment. Literacy is general in Finland, but we are not allowed to take advantage of it. Such are the educational pursuits of our "civilized state!"

Disciplinary punishment is frequently imposed. Bread-and-water and the dark cell are handed down every day and arbitrarily. Guards lacking all morals may punish any one without cause, and complaints are followed by additional punishment. When some "guilty one" can not be discovered, the entire working group is punished. The prisoners must make compensation for property lost from the prison, even tho it cannot be proven that the prisoners are guilty of the thefts often committed by the guards.

fined in prison, we appeal to you, our brothers; we appeal to your class-consciousness, your class might, your international solidarity; we ask: Do something in our behalf! We no longer have any faith in the amnesty humbug of our diet, we do not expect any mercy nor pity from our class enemies, and we do not appeal to them. But you, comrades, you can help us, you can at least alleviate a little the unfortunate fate of us and the entire oppressed and enslaved Finnish proletariat. You can at least brand the white executioners of Finland with the burning mark of shame, you can have them despised before the entire civilized world, you can show the foreign representatives of our country that the world does not consider Finland a civilized state. With the aid of an economic boycott you can compel Finland to free its political prisoners and cease its political oppression. You can save us and again show in a practical way the gigantic power of the united forces of labor.

Comrades! Brothers! Do not allow our cry to echo in vain, do not consider this indifferently and allow the working class of Finland to sink down into deeper slavery, do not betray the holy commandment of class brotherhood! Act, brothers, act, and you shall receive the undivided gratefulness of the entire working class of Finland! Trusting in you, we shall keep up our fighting spirit even in these prison hells, and we extend you our hand in firm brotherhood thru our prison bars.

Down with the butcher executioners of Finland! Long live the international brotherhood of labor! Long live the firm unyielding class struggle! Long live the Soviet Republic of the Workers of the World! Tammsaari Institution of Penal Servitude, June, 1924. Political Prisoners of Butcher Finland.

RIVERVIEW—RAIN OR SHINE, AUGUST 10th—SUNDAY PRESS PICNIC DAY

PROSPERITY IS DOWN AT HEELS IN CAL'S STATE

150,000 Fewer Jobs Than Last Year

BOSTON, Aug. 6.—The prolonged depression in Massachusetts industries which began in March, 1923, continued thru June, 1924, bringing employment to a level 19.7 per cent below June, 1923, and 22.2 per cent below the high mark of last year. Approximately 150,000 factory workers who had a job in March, 1923, are out of work today.

The average weekly pay has also been shrinking. In June it amounted to \$22.79 as compared with \$23.10 in May and \$24.72 a year ago. Approximately \$4,000,000 has been cut from the weekly pay of factory workers in the state, nearly 25 per cent. In June as compared with May there were decreases in the number employed in 27 of the 36 industries. Compared with a year ago every one of the 9 major industries shows a marked decrease in the number on payroll. In 5 the number fell off more than 20 per cent: cotton 26.4 per cent, boots and shoes 31.5 per cent, foodstuffs and machine shops 22.9 per cent, rubber products 34.4 per cent and electrical machinery and apparatus 28.4 per cent.

Only 28.2 per cent of the manufacturing establishments were operating full-time full-capacity during the month. In the shoe industry only 10 out of 121 plants were operating normally, in the cotton goods 6 out of 48 and in woolen goods 7 out of 38. Brockton had only 5 of 34 plants operating normally, Haverhill 2 of 34, Holyoke 1 of 11, Lynn 4 of 33, New Bedford 4 of 28.

Send in that Subscription Today.

JOHN W. DAVIS. This fellow is good looking, witty, eloquent and wealthy. It is well for him, because he is going to be the donkey's hips in the coming election. It is reported that even Morgan may not vote for him. Therefore, in the interests of the poor and down trodden lackey of the House of Morgan, it is regrettable that the DAILY WORKER press picnic committee had to pick on Davis in order to turn his misfortune into money. You will see his image on the firing line at Riverview Park next Sunday.